# 八九中國民運報章頭版專輯

.....*Newspaper Front Pages*
on the Democratic Movement of China '89 .....

On the occasion of 4th June 2006

# Give the Chinese students their history back!

This document can be downloaded for free at
http://www.aidoh.dk/4june89

It is a part of a comprehensive documentation about the Tiananmen massacre collected by the Hong Kong Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movements of China.

The Internet edition and the campaign for world distribution of the documents is a co-operation between the HK Alliance and Danish sculptor Jens Galschiot who has put up an 8 metre high Pillar of Shame in Hong Kong to commemorate the Tiananmen massacre.

We call on everybody to support this initiative and to mail this appeal to institutions of education where there are Chinese students or others who might be interested in preserving and distributing the knowledge about the Tiananmen massacre.

So we can make a common effort to give the Chinese students their history back!

## For more information

**The documents about Tiananmen:** http://www.aidoh.dk/4june89

**The democracy movement in Hong Kong:**
HK Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movements of China
Inquiry phone number: 852-2782-6111, Fax number: 852-2770-6083
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Website: http://www.alliance.org.hk

**About human Rights in China:**
http://www.aidoh.dk/China

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# 八九中國民運報章頭版專輯

香港市民支援北京愛國民主運動聯合會
中國民主運動資料中心

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# 編輯前言

這一代的中國人永遠不會忘記八九年六月四日。他們承受了四月十五日起差不多兩個月的衝擊。有些人變得呆了，因爲他們看到了萬料不到的事；有些人學乖了，因爲他們看到現實的千變萬化。很多人却敢怒不敢言，因爲他們看到當權者睜着眼睛說瞎話。

這本「報章頭版」將這段時期的八份香港報紙及北京的人民日報的頭版縮影成一本册子，希望後世的中華兒女了解中華民族的血和淚、黑暗與曙光。

選取八份本地報章的準則是將一向公認爲屬於中間、左傾、右傾的代表性報章及兩份英文報章都採用，另加一份北京官方報。日期方面，是將五月十四日至六月十四日這段時期的報紙每天都取用了，此外，根據報紙頭條報導學運事件的日子而取用，即四月十六日至二十日，廿二日至廿八日，五月一日、三日至五日、五月十日、六月十七至十九日、六月廿二日及廿三日、六月廿五日及六月廿九日，共五十六份。

近十位編輯工作人員熱心地義務獻出近兩個月的時間與心思，使這本册子能面世，是值得我們感激的。我們也一併感謝各報館及有心人士的慷慨捐贈。

香港市民支援北京愛國民主運動聯合會
中國民主運動資料中心

麥海華　夏其龍

一九八九年十月

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（四月十五日至六月三十日）

# 歷史將會驗證

朱　立

天安門廣場對人羣是不陌生的；北京的中共政權對人羣也是熟悉的；不過，他們對今年四、五月出現的人羣却有些陌生、不那麼熟悉。人羣自發而有秩序地來到天安門廣場，悼念剛去世的前中共總書記胡耀邦，他們要求打倒官僚、貪污、腐敗、獨裁，他們要求自由與民主，他們用傷害自己的「絕食」來喚醒民衆，他們是成萬、成十萬、成百萬而來的！他們所叫的口號，人們並不陌生，但他們在天安門廣場停留了五十天，行動和平而理性，嚴肅中亦不失幽默，這些却是史無前例的。

雖然四月廿六日《人民日報》的社論說這是一場「動亂」，雖然中共官方不肯和學生代表「平起平坐」地對話，雖然學生與北京市民小有衝突，雖然五月十九日晚李鵬和楊尚昆說「動亂」已演變成了「暴亂」，雖然軍事戒嚴下軍隊在大肆調動，人們，尤其是關心中國前途的人們，在這一切發展中見到了希望；但是，在中南海裏的一些八十多歲的老人，却在人們的希望中見到了「絕望」，「我們不能再讓步了，再讓就沒有退路了！」於是，六月四日的槍聲響了，坦克車隆隆地飛馳而過，天安門廣場流血了！槍聲改變了一切，人羣不見了，希望也破滅了！

——愛國的民運成了「反革命暴亂」；

——獲得男女老幼支持的上百萬羣衆成了「一小撮」、「極少數、極少數」；

——和平請願的青年學生成了沒有人性的「暴徒」；

——開槍殺人的軍警人員成了「烈士」；

——天安門廣場有人中槍、有人血流披面、有人傷重而死，但官方發言人却說「沒有一個人被打死、軋死」；

——海外的傳媒說「六・四天安門事件」是「血腥屠殺」，但官方的傳媒却說這是「造謠」！

說眞話是做人的起碼標準，說眞話也是傳媒報導新聞最起碼的準繩，要求「說眞話」是沒有意識型態之分的，資本主義和社會主義的社會都同樣如此要求。毛澤東曾說過：「愛講假話的人，一害人民，二害自己，總是吃虧。」列寧也說過：「我們的力量在於說眞話！」「新聞要講眞話」是這次民運中的一個口號，「我們想說眞話！別逼我們造謠！」更是五月四日五百多名北京新聞工作者所打出的旗號。誰都支持「說眞話」，但究竟「誰」說了眞話呢？

以中國十億人而言，以全世界的人口而言，能親眼目睹今年四、五月北京民運的人畢竟是少數，就算能夠目睹，他們也不易窺其全貌，因爲天安門的範圍太廣、太大了，而整個民運的參與者又太多、時間也太長了。就像我們認識其他的事件一樣，傳媒成了我們「耳與目」的延伸，替我們聽、替我們看。不過，傳媒是由人來運作的，要聽要看得清楚與全面，我們絕不能將耳朵摀住、絕不能將眼睛摭住。要傳媒說眞話，首先便得讓傳媒能自由地聽、自由地看，否則，在看不清、聽不清的情況下，傳播便可能說錯話了。因此，讓傳媒享有自由是讓傳媒說眞話的先決條件。

事件太複雜或由於個人能力有限，任何社會裏的傳媒都可能因觀察錯誤而說錯話。在傳媒享有自由的社會，這種錯話容易糾正，因爲時間的演進可以容許傳媒看清楚而做出更正。就算有些傳媒或個人「別有用心」而誇大或歪曲事實，說了錯話或假話，但在法律的監察下，在讀者的比對下，說錯話或說假話的傳媒，遲早會在說眞話的傳媒前「露出原形」的。不過，在傳媒不能享有自由的社會，傳媒的耳朵和眼睛給摀住了，甚至被迫說一些和事實完全相反的假話，或是被迫以偏概全或將時序顚倒，於是我們便聽不到、看不見眞相和全貌了。

在報導天安門事件中，香港的傳媒當然並非無懈可擊，「李鵬中槍」、「李鵬下台」、「鄧小平去世」、「共軍內戰」等等都是香港傳媒輕信謠言、查證不週與判斷錯誤下所說過的錯話，但這些錯話却也是傳媒在新聞封鎖，也就是傳媒的耳與眼被摀住的情況下所出現的。在發現錯誤後，香港的傳媒也都迅速地更正了這些錯誤。在報導天安門事件中，香港傳媒可能說了錯話，但却從來沒有刻意去說假話。

在大陸，傳媒的制度不同於香港，它們不必爭分奪秒地去搶發消息，照理它們說錯話的情況要少得多，但大陸的傳媒却必須「絕對而無條件地服從中共黨中央的政策和路線」，當黨中央說天安門事件是「暴動」、「暴亂」或「反革命暴亂」時，傳媒便沒有任何選擇，也就只能說天安門事件是動亂、暴亂、反革命暴亂。當然，傳媒也可能違反中共中央的決定，中共中央也可能不去或無法執行它的政策，否則的話，傳媒是沒有任何選擇的。黨中央如果錯了，傳媒便跟着錯了；黨中央如果對了，傳媒也就跟着對了。

黨中央會不會犯錯呢？黨中央會不會說假話呢？歷史告訴我們，這是存在的。五十年代末期的大躍進，明明減產、明明餓死人，但大陸的傳媒却說處處增產、人人可以敞開肚子大吃！六十年代的文化大革命，明明是大亂、明明是民不潦生，但大陸的傳媒却說是形勢大好、人人生活在幸福之中。

一九七六年四月五日清明節前後也有一次天安門事件，人們自發地追悼周恩來，但當時大陸的傳媒却說那是「反對毛主席」、「反對社會主義」、「反對中央首長」；而各地參加悼念活動的人們則成了「階級敵人」、「壞人」、「壞傢伙」、「暴徒」、「反革命份子」。就在這一年九月九日，毛澤東逝世，十月初「四人幫」被捕，一九七八年底，天安門事件得到了平反。

一九七六年天安門事件後三日，四月八日《人民日報》刊登了一篇〈天安門廣場的反革命政治事件〉的報導，天安門事件平反後，新的領導人便指控它「造謠惑衆」，爲了掩蓋眞相而「極盡顚倒黑白、混淆是非之能事」，「斷章取義，惡意歪曲事實，再給羣衆加上種種莫須有的罪名」。一九八九年四月十六日，人民自發追悼胡耀邦。十七日後，北京的大學生由遊行而靜坐，學運逐步升級爲民運，而且由北京蔓延至全國各大城市。四月二十六日，《人民日報》發表〈必須旗幟鮮明地反對動亂〉的社論，說學運是「別有用心的人」及部份高等院校「非法組織」煽動起來的，「是一場有計劃的陰謀，是一次動亂」。

這篇社論並沒有使學運退縮，相反地，它使學運演變成了全民民主運動，工人、老人、知識分子等都參加了。五月二十日，李鵬宣佈北京戒嚴，調二十萬大軍圍困北京；並且宣佈軍隊不是用來對付學生和市民的。六月四日，在坦克車掩護下，軍隊手持機槍、衝鋒槍，清理了天安門廣場，鎭壓了這一場歷時五十天的民運。直到現在，軍隊仍然駐紮在天安門廣場，北京當局仍然在追捕學生領袖及支持學運的知識分子，而原任總書記趙紫陽則被指控爲「分裂黨」，「發動」學生想「篡黨奪權」。

文革的時候，劉少奇是「國家主席」，但他却被指爲「工賊、叛徒、特務」；文革後，新的中共領導說這些指控錯了。文革時，江青、王洪文、張春橋、姚文元是「國家和黨的領導人」，但文革後他們成了「篡黨奪權」的「四人幫」。文革時，鄧小平是「走資派」；一九七六年天安門事件後，鄧小平更成了「謠言公司的總經理」、「天安門廣場事件的總根子」，「就是這次反革命事件的總後台」。但後來，鄧小平又成了黨國的「最高領導人」、改革開放的「總設計師」。現在北京的領導人也說趙紫陽等人是這場「暴亂」的「後台」、「幕後的黑手」。

歷史曾經重演過，歷史會不會再重演呢？

白紙上所寫下的黑字是抹不掉的，香港的傳媒和大陸的傳媒，以及全世界報導過大陸民運和六・四屠殺的傳媒，都已經給放到了歷史的天秤上。和過去一樣，歷史的發展將會告訴我們誰說了眞話、誰說了假話。

將報紙複印選輯成集的機會不多，但四、五月發生在神州大地的一連串事情却太重要了，這本選集肯定會成爲歷史的見證，幫助我們判斷那些是血染的風采、那些是墨寫的謊言！

一九八九年六月十九日於香江瞥未居

八九年四月

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14890期 （代号1—7）

1989年4月16日 星期日 己巳年三月十一 北京地区天气预报 白天 晴间多云 风向 偏北 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 偏北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 20℃ 最低 8℃

人民日报社出版


# 李鹏总理访问冈山福冈受到各界人士热情欢迎

新华社冈山4月15日电 （记者张可喜）李鹏总理今天上午乘飞机离开东京抵达冈山县，参观闻名世界的濑户大桥，受到冈山县各界人士的热情欢迎。

冈山县地处本州西部的“中国地方”，自古以来就同中国有着友好交流。今天中午，冈山县、冈山市、仓敷市和冈山工商界在濑户大桥北端、风景秀丽的鹫羽山山顶的儿岛饭店举行盛大宴会，欢迎李鹏总理一行。

冈山县知事长野士郎代表冈山县各界在宴会上致词欢迎李鹏总理。他介绍了近年来冈山县同西安、洛阳、南昌等中国几座城市进行友好交流的情况。他祝愿李鹏总理访日获得圆满成功。

外交部长钱其琛代表李鹏总理致答词说：“今天，李鹏总理一行抵达冈山机场后，立即驱车前往濑户大桥参观。这一宏伟工程给我们留下了深刻印象。勤劳、智慧的日本人民通过自己的辛勤劳动，跨海架桥，把四国同本州联接起来，终于使千百年来的梦想变为现实。这充分显示了先进的科学技术用于和平建设，就能够创造出奇迹，造福人类。”他希望冈山县的朋友们再接再厉，为在中日间建立起一座如同濑户大桥一样坚固的友好大桥而继续做出不懈的努力。

宾主双方在致词中不约而同地谈到了1200年前出生在冈山县的一位古人——吉备真备，他曾二次赴唐朝学习，为促进中日古代的友好交流，推动日本的发展做出了巨大贡献，是中日千年友好交流史上的一位杰出人物。宾主双方都表示，这位历史人物将继续鼓励人们去开辟两国关系的更加美好的未来。

冈山市市长松本一、仓敷市市长波多又夫、冈山商工联合会会长伊原木一卫等当地各界人士200余人出席了午宴。

出生于冈山县的友好人士冈崎嘉平太先生今天也特地陪同李鹏总理同机到达冈山。

宴会结束后，李鹏总理和在冈山县的中国留学生和研修生合影留念。

新华社福冈4月15日电 （记者张可喜）日本福冈县各界人士今晚举行宴会，热情欢迎来自邻邦的友好使者——李鹏总理一行。

宴会在李鹏一行下榻的博多新大谷饭店举行。晚7时许，“飞翔厅”中灯火辉煌，墙上高悬中日两国国旗和写有“热烈欢迎中华人民共和国李鹏总理阁下及夫人一行”的中文大字横幅。

福冈古称博多，现在是日本九州地区最大的城市和经济中心，与中国大陆仅有一海之隔，这里自古以来就是日本对外交流的门户，同中国的友好交流历史可以追溯到两千年前的东汉时代。

福冈县知事奥田八二代表各界人士在晚宴上讲话。他说，九州距离中国非常近，在长达两千多年的日中两国交流中，九州作为一个窗口，在日本历史上起了重要作用。现在，福冈县和九州地区的许多地方，都和中国缔立了友好城市关系，在经济、学术、文化等方面展开了日益频繁的交流，中国和福冈县之间的交流已经打下了稳固的基础，这对热切希望扩大和发展与中国的友好关系的福冈县人民来说，是无比喜悦的事情。

钱其琛外长代表李鹏总理在宴会上讲话。他说：“九州与中国仅一水相隔，在中日两国人民漫长的友好交流史上，福冈和九州地区占有十分重要的位置。中日邦交正常化后，福冈和九州地区同中国的友好交流又不断发展，经贸往来日趋活跃。”

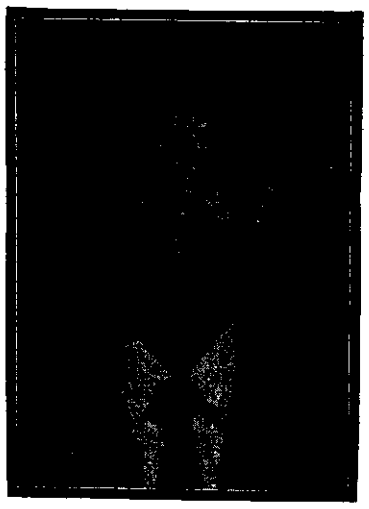
钱外长还向东道主介绍了李鹏一行在东京的活动情况。他说，李鹏总理这次访问“内容是充实的，进展是顺利的。它增强了中日之间的了解和友谊，为推动两国关系更加健康地向前发展发挥了重要的作用”。

主办今晚欢迎宴会的共有10个单位，它们是：福冈县、福冈市、北九州市、大牟田市、久留米市以及九州山口经济联合会、福冈经济同友会、福冈商工会议所联合会、福冈县日中友好协会和西日本日中贸易中心。

九州地区长崎县知事和佐贺、大分两县副知事及各界代表约150人出席了晚宴。

我国驻福冈总领事馆总领事郭嘉、驻长崎总领事馆总领事顾万荣也应邀出席了宴会。

李鹏及其随行人员是今天下午乘新干线高速列车从冈山抵达福冈的，在车站月台上，受到了福冈县知事奥田八二和数百名群众的热烈欢迎。



新华社北京4月15日电 中国共产党中央委员会讣告

中国共产党中央委员会沉痛宣告，久经考验的忠诚的共产主义战士，伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家，我军杰出的政治工作者，长期担任党的重要领导职务的卓越领导人胡耀邦同志，1989年4月8日在出席中央政治局会议时，突发大面积急性心肌梗塞，经全力抢救，不幸逝世，于1989年4月15日晨7时58分逝世，享年73岁。

胡耀邦同志的一生是光辉的一生，为党和人民立下了不朽的功勋。他在青少年时期就投身于中国共产党领导的土地革命，参加了著名的二万五千里长征。1939年至1945年任中央军委总政治部组织部长。1946年至1949年任冀热辽军区代理政治部主任，中国人民解放军第三、第四野战军政治委员。1954年后政治部主任。建国后，他历任中共川北区党委书记兼行署主任，晋绥团中央第一书记，中共陕西省委第一书记，中共西北局第二书记。在“文化大革命”期间，他不顾个人安危，同林彪、江青反革命集团进行了不懈的斗争。1978年他担任中共中央组织部长，为拨乱反正、平反冤假错案，落实干部政策做了大量的工作，表现出非凡的实事求是的胆略和勇气，立下了不可磨灭的功绩。在社会主义建设新的历史时期，他坚持党的十一届三中全会以来的路线，为推进现代化建设和改革开放做出了重大的贡献。

胡耀邦同志是中国共产党第八、十一、十二、十三届中央委员会委员。他曾担任过中央党校副校长、中央纪律检查委员会第三书记、中央顾问委员会常务委员。他在十一届三中全会上被增选为中央政治局委员。在十一届六中全会上被选为中央委员会主席。他是十二届中央政治局委员、常委，1983年6月至1987年1月担任中央委员会总书记。他是十三届中央政治局委员。

胡耀邦同志的逝世，是我党和我国人民的巨大损失。我们要化悲痛为力量，学习他忠诚党的事业、鞠躬尽瘁、为共产主义奋斗的献身精神；学习他密切联系群众，全心全意为人民服务的优良作风；学习他谦虚好学、顾全大局、艰苦朴素的高贵品德，在党中央的领导下，沿着建设有中国特色的社会主义道路继续前进。

伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！

# 胡耀邦同志逝世

## 中国共产党中央委员会沉痛宣告

逝世，是我党和我国人民的巨大损失

务的卓越领导人，一生为党和人民立下了不朽的功勋。胡耀邦同志的

革命家、政治家，我军杰出的政治工作者，长期担任党的重要领导职

胡耀邦同志是久经考验的忠诚的共产主义战士，伟大的无产阶级

## 中共中央就胡耀邦同志治丧活动发表公告

新华社北京4月15日电 中共中央今天就胡耀邦同志治丧活动发表公告，全文如下：

公告

一、胡耀邦同志的治丧活动，由中国共产党中央委员会主持，设治丧办公室负责办理具体事项。

二、在北京人民大会堂举行隆重追悼大会。并同时向遗体告别。

三、追悼会当天，首都天安门、新华门、外交部，各省、自治区、直辖市党委和政府所在地，边境口岸、对外海空港和驻外使领馆下半旗志哀。

中共中央 1989年4月15日

## 公安部和全国妇联座谈会强调

# 齐抓共管消除社会丑恶现象

### 严厉打击拐卖妇女儿童和卖淫嫖娼活动

本报北京4月15日讯 本报记者徐如俊、新华社实习生张春柳报道：在新中国已经绝迹多年的拐卖妇女儿童犯罪活动和卖淫嫖娼的丑恶现象，近几年又在我国一些地区重新滋生。中共中央书记处书记胡锦涛日前在公安部和全国妇联举行的座谈会上，要求这些地区动员全社会力量齐抓共管，采取切实措施，增强全民的法制观念，逐步消除这些社会丑恶现象。

公安部副部长俞雷在会上通报了公安机关打击拐卖妇女儿童犯罪，查禁取缔卖淫嫖娼活动的情况和工作意见。

参加座谈会的15省、市、自治区政法、公安和妇联等部门负责同志反映，一些地方拐卖妇女儿童犯罪活动增多，给许多家庭带来了不幸。一些妇女被拐卖后遭到各种迫害。

与会者认为，实施取缔活动近几年在一些地区，也有日趋严重的势头，如果不对这种社会丑恶现象严加查禁、取缔，势必败坏社会风气，扰乱社会治安，危及广大群众和子孙后代的身心健康。

国务委员、公安部长王芳在座谈会上指出，拐卖妇女儿童犯罪和卖淫嫖娼活动重新滋生，主要是我们有些同志，包括一些领导同志，对这类社会丑恶现象和犯罪活动的严重性、危害性认识不足，重视不够，组织查禁取缔和打击措施不力，综合治理措施不落实。他指出，要制止并最终消除拐卖妇女儿童犯罪和卖淫嫖娼活动必须依靠全社会的力量，实行综合治理，并着眼于提高公民的素质。

王芳要求各部门狠抓综合治理各项具体措施的落实。公安机关和政法各部门要密切配合，充分发挥专门机关的职能作用，要继续贯彻依法从重从快的方针，严厉打击拐卖妇女儿童的犯罪行为，坚决查禁取缔卖淫嫖娼活动，务必刹住这两股恶风。

## 江苏耕地连年锐减

### 一年所减相当于一个县

新华社南京4月15日电 （记者孙小林）记者从正在大连召开的全国产品质量跟踪站工作会议获悉，我国已在38个大中城市建立了46个产品质量跟踪站，这些跟踪站在维护消费者利益、监督产品质量方面起到了良好作用。

仅据35个跟踪站的统计，去年接受用户投诉近1.1万次，处理问题平均达68.4%。

新华社南京4月15日电 （记者孙小林）一种令人担忧的现象映射着江苏省的未来：这个省的人口正以每年一个县的规模猛增，而耕地却以每年一个县的规模锐减。

江苏省统计局新近提供的数字表明：人多地少的江苏省从1957年到1987年，耕地平均每年减少60多万亩，1988年又减少耕地近84万亩，超过了南京附近江浦县的全部耕地面积；同时净增人口90万，相当于多出一个中等县的人口。

据江苏省人口普查办公室预测，到2000年，江苏人口将达到7255万，比1988年净增617万。若想到那时能保持人均占有粮食500公斤的水平，需要增加40多亿公斤粮食，这就需增加耕地530多万亩。但现在耕地却年年减少，如此下去，到本世纪末人均占有耕地将从目前1.98亩下降为0.8亩左右。

但是，耕地减少现象至今还未引起人们足够的重视。盲占乱用耕地事件还时有发生。去年江苏省各级土地管理部门收集到的违章占地案件就有1.4万起之多。

## 四川省一批高校招收农民自费生

新华社成都4月15日电 （通讯员何智勇、记者杨为）最近，四川省教委、招生委员会作出一项决定，在今年的成人高校招生中，一批高等院校要面向农村招收农民自费大学生。

这批首次招收农民自费生的主要是普通农、林高等学校和职工大学。四川省规定，各地的农民通过成人高校招生统一考试后，方可到自己选择的学校及专业读书。这两类高校将拿出占各校成人招生计划数百分之五至十的指标专门用于招收农民自费生。这类自费生毕业时国家不包分配。

## 制止评比活动中不正之风

# 轻工部颁布评优新规定

### 以产品质量分级检测数据为主要依据

本报讯 为制止当前评优活动中不正之风和克服评比缺乏科学依据的现象，轻工业部近日颁布新规定，按照分类、分级通过仪器检测评定产品质量，实行扶优限劣和产业倾斜政策。据悉，改革传统的评优办法，轻工业部尚属第一家。

经济参考的报道说，轻工业部颁布的“优质产品评选和管理办法”中规定，产品评优的主要依据是产品质量分级检测数据，凡参加全国轻工评优的产品，必须经全国行业产品质量检测中心检测，按国际标准将产品质量指标划分为A B C D四个等级，分级评定质量，按级优中选优，并结合产品投放市场两年以上、企业获全面质量管理合格证书。上年无重大质量事故及售后服务用户反映等10项条件确定部优产品命名。检测的产品范围包括：部下达的部优评选计划产品、独家生产的产品和新产品。部下达给各检测中心的全年分季检测计划产品。检测的方法是，在事先不通知的情况下，随时到商业、外贸部门或企业抽样，并立即包装、贴封带走。评优不能只看一次性的全国检测结果，还要看近两年产品抽检的质量水平。

“评优管理办法”废除了过去执行的部优产品有效期三年的规定，改为经常性的质量分级检测，对于质量明显下降、严重次无故或发生重大质量事故者，轻工业部将随时宣布取消该产品部优称号。质量分级检测结果由新闻单位及时公布。

我国第一艘原油船舍处理船——“勘探友谊号”在上海沪东造船厂完工。

李少华摄（新华社稿）

# 科技可以兴农

本报评论员

“一靠政策，二靠科技，三靠增加投入”，这是对我国几十年农业发展经验的科学概括。三个方面，就像鼎的农业发展的三只脚子，缺一不可，不稳当，缺一不行。

但相比之下，在相当一段时间里，人们对政策、投入的重视与调承程度超过了科技。农业科技的应用与推广工作，成了农业发展“三靠”链条中最薄弱的一环。这种不协调，制约着我国农业的健康发展。

中外无数实践已经证明，在正确的政策环境中，有相应的投入保证，科技是兴农的重要因素。美、日等发达国家农业增长值中，60%—80%得力于先进科学技术的应用。近10年来，我国农业科技在农业增长值中的作用，也由27%上升到40%左右。仅据广西农业专家表决评培育的高产杂交水稻一项，12年就增产粮食800多亿公斤，相当于1.5亿人一年的口粮。科技，对现代农业的发展与进步至关重要；而随着农业生产水平的不断提高，这种作用会愈显明显。

由于思想认识、物资取舍等方面的原因，我国农业科技应用与推广状况不够理想。尽管科研、推广部门做了大量工作，也取得了很大成绩，目前仍有相当数量的科技成果没有真正得到推广，或是推广速度缓慢，使很多成熟先进生产力的先进科技成果没能及时得到转化。仍以杂交水稻为例，使用这一品种，水稻亩产至少可增加50公斤，而推广10年，我国目前的年种植面积还不到2亿亩，不及年水稻种植总面积4.8亿亩的一半。杂交玉米也是如此，尽管它可使每亩增产上百公斤，但全国2.8亿亩玉米中，仍有8000万亩用的是一般品种。又如配方施肥技术，不用多花钱，只要改变传统的施肥办法，就可以少用20%—30%的化肥而同样增产。但实际推广面也还不大。种种事实表明，农业科技方面的增产潜力非常之大。科技兴农不仅是农业发展的长期战略，而且是宏观调控的当务之急。只要认真实施，许多投资少、效益高的先进技术，在快现能在农业增长方面发挥出巨大威力。

我国农业正处于由产品经济向商品经济转换时期，农业科技推广工作要适应这种新形势，实行相应的改革。从已有的经验看，以下措施可资参考借鉴：一、配备科技副县长、副乡长。现在全国已有780个县配备了科技副县长，专门负责农技推广，效果很好。二、在个人举项技术承包的基础上，实行大规模集团承包。去年河北组织4万多名科技人员承包了全省39%的农作物面积和52%的果树面积，累计推广科研成果2390项，经济效益达11.9亿元。三、在家庭经营的基础上，以农村能人为核心，建立不同层次、不同形式、不同专业的农民技术组织，像养鸡协会、蔬菜研究会、麻鸭联合体，等等。通过这种方式，广泛动员民间力量，开展产前、产中、产后服务，把农户与市场、生产与技术紧密联合起来，促进农业科技水平提高。四、把农村科技推广活动直接与经营性经营组织，实行有偿服务、技物结合。有关部门应当按照国务院关于农业生产资料专营的决定，为科技推广及时提供必要的物资。

可以相信，只要从上到下都来重视农业科技的应用与推广工作，科技就一定可以为农业科技兴作出特殊的贡献。

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# 胡耀邦昨病逝北京

## 中共按元帥級追悼

### 醫院搶救時趙紫陽等趕往探望

胡耀邦照遺照

【本報記者雷鼎鳴北京十五日專電】中共中央政治局委員胡耀邦因患大面積急性心肌梗塞，搶救無效，於今晨七時五十三分逝世，享年七十三歲。遵遺囑，中共決定將按照元帥級規格，舉行追悼活動。

【新華社北京十五日電】中共中央、國務院、中央軍委今天發出訃告，沉痛宣告：久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士、偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家，我黨傑出的政治工作者、長期擔任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人胡耀邦同志，一九八九年四月八日在出席中央政治局會議時，突發大面積急性心肌梗塞，經全力搶救，未能挽救，於一九八九年四月十五日晨七時五十三分逝世，享年七十三歲。

遺囑，中共決定將按照元帥級規格，舉行追悼活動。

【新華社北京十五日電】中國共產黨中央委員會訃告

中國共產黨中央委員會沉痛宣告：久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士、偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家，我黨傑出的政治工作者，長期擔任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人胡耀邦同志，一九八九年四月八日在出席中央政治局會議時，突發大面積急性心肌梗塞，經全力搶救，未能挽救，於一九八九年四月十五日晨七時五十三分逝世，享年七十三歲。

胡耀邦同志的一生，為五千里長征、一九三五年至一九四五年任中央軍委總政治部主任、第三、第四屆人民解放軍總政治部主任、總參謀長，一九四六年至一九四九年任第二野戰軍政治委員，參加了著名的二萬里長征、一九三五年至一九四五年任中央軍委總政治部主任、中國

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星期日 16 四月 一九八九
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# 胡耀邦昨晨病逝北京

## 胡氏心臟病發 終年七十三歲

## 中央訃告予高度評價 推進改革開放貢獻大

### 訃告稱他爲久經考驗共產主義戰士、偉大無產階級革命家、政治家

胡耀邦遺照

【新華社北京十五日電】中國共產黨中央委員會訃告：

中國共產黨中央委員會沉痛宣告，久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士、偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家，我黨傑出的政治工作者，長期担任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人胡耀邦同志，一九八九年四月八日在出席中央政治局會議時，突發大面積急性心肌梗塞，搶救無效，於一九八九年四月十五日晨七時五十三分逝世，享年七十三歲。

胡耀邦同志的一生是光輝的一生，為黨和人民立下了不朽的功勳。他在青年時期就投身於反帝反封建的革命運動，一九三五年在中學學生運動中就是一個活躍的領導人。一九三六年加入中國共產黨。一九三七年抗日戰爭爆發後，他在陝北公學學習和工作，後任中共陝甘寧邊區黨委青年工作部部長、團中央書記處書記。一九四五年在中共七大上當選為中央委員。一九四九年建國後，他歷任中共中央組織部部長、中共中央書記處書記、中央委員會總書記、中共中央主席、中央軍事委員會主席。他是十二屆中央政治局常委、一九八二年九月至一九八七年一月担任中共中央委員會總書記。他是十三屆中央政治局委員。

胡耀邦同志的逝世，是我黨我國人民的巨大損失。我們要化悲痛為力量，學習他忠於黨的事業、執著追求真理、為共產主義奮鬥終身的崇高精神，學習他密切聯系群眾、全心全意為人民服務的優良作風，學習他光明磊落、襟懷坦白、嚴以律己、寬以待人的高尚品德，學習他堅持原則、堅持真理、堅持改革開放、堅持獨立自主的偉大勇氣，學習他為了黨和人民的利益，不計個人得失、不顧個人安危、同歪風邪氣作鬥爭的無畏精神，學習他謙虛謹慎、平易近人、艱苦樸素、密切聯系群眾的優良作風。學習他的革命風範，學習他的崇高品德，學習他的偉大精神，繼承他的遺志，把我們的事業繼續推向前進。

中國共產黨中央委員會相信，在胡耀邦同志的親密戰友、我黨我國人民的傑出領導人鄧小平同志的領導下，在黨中央的領導下，堅持建設有中國特色的社會主義道路，堅持改革開放，我們一定能夠繼承胡耀邦同志的遺志，把我們的事業繼續推向前進。

偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！

## 最後的照片

圖為胡耀邦於病發送院前三天（即本月五日）在家中留影，也是他逝世前最後所拍的照片。（本報記者北京攝贈）

## 英國球賽大悲劇 近百人踐踏慘死

（國文刊第三、九版）

## 撥亂反正平反冤案 胡氏表現非凡胆略

### 文革期間亦曾與林彪江青作鬥爭

一九七八年他担任中共中央組織部長，為撥亂反正、平反冤假錯案、落實幹部政策做了大量的工作，表現出非凡的實事求是的胆略和勇氣，立下了不可磨滅的功績。

在社會主義建設新的歷史時期，他堅持以來的路線，為推進現代化建設和改革開放做出了巨大的貢獻。

胡耀邦同志是中國共產黨第八、十一、十二、十三屆中央委員會委員，前總書記胡耀邦今晨七時，胡耀邦醒來後，躺在病床上喝水、吃西瓜、準備接受排在上午的理療會診，吃完西瓜後，胡耀邦就下床去洗手間大解，但被醫生制止，只得在病床上大解，因用力解，致使左胸部血管大面積破裂，出現大面積心肌梗塞，經醫生搶救無效，於十分鐘後，即七點五十三分停止呼吸。

胡耀邦今晨發病時，身邊有其女兒胡德華及二兒媳在場，七點四十五分，其夫人李昭趕至現場，剛好趕上與胡耀邦見上最後一面。

中共中央政治局委員、前總書記胡耀邦今晨在京病逝，知情人士向本報記者介紹了胡氏發病及搶救的有關情況。

## 發病·搶救·不治

### ——胡耀邦的最後日子

本報記者組

胡耀邦最後一次在公共場合露面，是在今次人大會場上。人們發現，胡耀邦較常明顯地消瘦了。

今年春節期間，胡耀邦離京去湖南，在湖南休假期間，從未犯過心臟病的胡耀邦曾因感冒致心臟病發作，他的夫人李昭曾意感到很沙啞。

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### 在湖南患上心臟病

今年春節期間，胡耀邦離京去湖南，在湖南休假期間，從未犯過心臟病的胡耀邦曾因感冒致心臟病發作，他的夫人李昭曾意感到很沙啞。

### 政治局會議上病發

本月八日上午九點，胡耀邦參加了在中南海懷仁堂舉行的中央政治局會議，該次會議主要研究教育工作問題。

四十分鐘後，胡耀邦突然感到不適，頭暈，會議主持人趙紫陽立即宣佈休會，並通知在場的中央保健局醫生為胡耀邦診治。

事後說，「你怎麼又發病啦？」胡答曰：「沒內外部關心你嘛，那麼多記者跟著我，怎好一點不緊。」

胡耀邦被送回中南海住處後，經醫生診斷，胡耀邦患上心肌梗塞，須立即送院治療。

### 追悼會已定 規格更高

### 將爲元帥級

胡耀邦逝世消息傳出後，中共中央政治局委員、國務院總理李鵬，中共中央政治局委員、國務院副總理姚依林，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、國家主席楊尚昆，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、國防部部長秦基偉，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、總參謀長遲浩田，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理劉華清，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理張震，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、國家計劃委員會主任、黨組書記邹家華，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、國家經濟體制改革委員會主任、黨組書記李鐵映，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、國家教育委員會主任、黨組書記李嵐清，中共中央政治局委員、中央書記處書記、中央軍委副主席、國務院副總理、中國人民銀行行長、黨組書記李貴鮮

# 快報 EXPRESS

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## 北大師生張貼大字報悼念胡耀邦病逝

# 「天安門事件」會重演？

## 英大塲波騷亂死近百人

（快報消息）英國足總盃準決賽利物浦對諾定咸森林，巴洛球場，引起了觀衆席的擠擁，一幅圍牆塌下，各人的球賽，因球迷騷亂而腰斬。騷亂引致九十五人死亡，爭相走避，數百人被踐踏受傷，今凌晨一時（本港時間）傷者超過二百人。已知九十五人死亡，球賽因此開賽後六分鐘腰斬，周三騷亂是因大批沒球票的球迷擁擠進入錫菲特的希斯 重賽。（詳情刊第六版）

## 北京肯定胡耀邦功績 訃告未提下台與反資 大陸政局料無即時影響

胡耀邦 昨晨在北京病逝。

（快報消息）北京消息說，中共新聞媒體委以胡耀邦一職頗實職，因爲胡氏是十九位政治局委員中唯一沒實職的，而他本人也要求相任實際工作，故他會成爲第二的機會在他死前仍未完全消失。

胡耀邦病逝和趙紫陽近期的低姿態，令到總理李鵬成爲鄧小平權力的機會更濃。

法新社引述北京分析家的意見說，中共高層會記相紫陽是經濟改革手，而他在政治上的態度更是出名的開明及開通，但在一定程度上，却引致學生要求民主運動。

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胡耀邦昨晨在北京病逝。

（快報消息）中共中央總書記胡耀邦昨晨在北京病逝，終年七十三歲。

胡耀邦一生在政治上的最大貢獻，是在文革後期，中共面臨嚴重的政治危機，人心思變，他在中共中央委員會的支持下，大膽地糾正了文革的錯誤，爲中國的改革開放，奠定了基礎。

胡耀邦在一九八七年一月，因爲在學生運動問題上的處理不當，被迫辭去中共中央總書記職務，但他仍然是中共中央政治局委員和中央書記處書記，繼續在黨內發揮影響力。

胡耀邦的逝世，在中國引起了巨大的震動，各地學生紛紛舉行悼念活動，要求爲胡耀邦平反，並重新評價他的歷史地位

# 胡耀邦心肌梗塞病逝北京

## 大 因下台已久 料中對國政局影響不

胡耀邦生前照片。

（本報訊）據隔人大代表指出四民表示，及關然過去兩年都沒有胡耀邦足面，但從他的兒子及友根據時了解，胡一直密心當國對政治，經濟仔在的問題很關心，他可以算是當年改革開放的一位重要領導人。

他說，胡耀邦病逝北京北京醫院後，中央政治局委員立即前往醫院探病，但未能見到胡耀邦最後一面。

胡耀邦因急性心肌梗塞於昨晨七時五十三分病逝北京醫院，享年七十三歲。

胡耀邦的遺體將於今天（十六日）在北京八寶山革命公墓舉行追悼會，中共中央政治局委員及中央書記處書記將參加。

胡耀邦去年十月離北京赴南方休假，曾參加全國人大七屆二次會議而於三月十六日從西返回北京。

在湖南休假期間，從未犯過心臟病的胡耀邦曾因感冒就醫作，他的夫人李淑賢說當時多方檢查結果情況已經穩定，且從容往廣西桂林休息。

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四月八日，胡耀邦出於對中國政治的關心，不顧醫生勸阻，堅持回京，並立即往中央政治局常委會報告。

胡耀邦回京後連續開會，討論中共十三大報告的問題。

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胡耀邦一位政治局委員立即隨侍身旁，搶救搶救情況穩定，且從容往廣西桂林休息。

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# 北大師生校園夜悼胡耀邦

## 中共訃告稱許是卓越領導人
## 胡耀邦病逝北京
### 長子抵辦公室方知噩耗

■新華社傳真照

【本報北京十五日電】中共中央政治局委員、前中共中央總書記胡耀邦，因患嚴重心肌梗塞，經全力搶救未能挽救，於四月十五日零時四十五分逝世。

中共中央昨日發出胡耀邦逝世訃告，給予胡耀邦極高的評價，訃告稱胡耀邦為「久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士、偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家、中國人民傑出的政治工作者、共產黨和人民的卓越領導人」。

訃告披露，胡耀邦是四月八日在出席中共中央政治局會議時，突發大面積急性心肌梗塞，經全力搶救未能挽救。於四月十五日零時四十五分逝世的。

本報日前已報道，四月八日上午，胡耀邦出席在中南海的政治局會議時，突然感到胸部劇痛，隨後被送往醫院。當時，胡耀邦的家屬和醫護人員已預感到情況不妙，但仍全力搶救。

胡耀邦的逝世，令中國人民失去了一位傑出的領導人，中國的現代化建設事業失去了一位卓越的組織者和指揮者。

胡耀邦，原名滋國，一九一五年出生於湖南省瀏陽縣一個貧農家庭。一九三三年參加中國工農紅軍，一九三五年加入中國共產黨。一九三六年畢業於中國工農紅軍大學政治部。

胡耀邦曾任中共中央組織部部長、中共中央秘書長、中共中央委員會總書記、中共中央政治局常務委員、中共中央軍事委員會副主席、中共中央黨校校長等職。

胡耀邦在中國人民解放軍中曾任團政治委員、師政治部主任、軍政治部副主任、軍委總政治部副主任。一九五五年被授予中將軍銜。一九五六年當選為中共第八屆中央委員會候補委員。一九五八年當選為中共第八屆中央委員會委員。一九六六年文化大革命開始後，胡耀邦被打成「反革命」，受到殘酷迫害。一九七三年恢復工作，任中共中央組織部副部長。一九七五年任中共中央副主席。一九七六年粉碎「四人幫」後，胡耀邦任中共中央組織部部長。一九七七年七月，胡耀邦恢復中共中央委員、政治局委員、中共中央副主席職務。一九七八年十二月，胡耀邦當選為中共中央政治局常務委員、中共中央委員會總書記。一九八〇年九月，胡耀邦兼任中共中央軍事委員會主席。一九八一年六月，胡耀邦辭去中共中央主席職務，繼續擔任中共中央委員會總書記。一九八二年九月，胡耀邦當選為中共第十二屆中央委員會政治局常務委員會委員、中共中央委員會總書記。一九八七年一月，胡耀邦辭去中共中央總書記職務，繼續擔任中共中央政治局常務委員。一九八七年十一月，胡耀邦當選為中共第十三屆中央委員會政治局常務委員。一九八八年九月，胡耀邦辭去中共中央政治局常務委員職務，繼續擔任中共中央委員。

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EIGHT PAGES OF COLOUR COMICS

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# 95 die in soccer disaster

## Horrified PM orders probe into carnage

AT least 95 British soccer fans were crushed to death minutes after the start of the FA Cup semi-final match between Liverpool and Nottingham Forest at Sheffield yesterday.

Hundreds more were being treated in hospitals for injuries after one of the worst disasters in sporting history. Witnesses described the pitch as a hospital ward.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, who watched the aftermath of the incident on television, demanded an urgent report on the facts and said she "shared everyone's disbelief as the mounting horror unfolded".

The Archbishop of Canterbury, Robert Runcie, said: "My heart goes out in sympathy and prayer for victims and their families, for the police and hospital teams."

The game was six minutes old when a policeman ran on to the field to have the match stopped as fans in the tightly-packed Liverpool end began to spill on to the pitch.

Within seconds hundreds of fans were climbing over security barriers and spilling on to the pitch as they tried desperately to avoid the terrifying scenes.

Dozens were crushed as others frantically tried to free themselves from the confusion.

Ambulances were driven on to the field to take away the most seriously injured and first aid officials were forced to break up advertising hoardings to use as stretchers to carry away the injured.

Police and St John Ambulance men laid injured fans on the grass pitch and could be seen frantically pumping chests to revive unconscious fans.

People clambered over advertising boards to escape and fans in the grandstand lifted others stranded in the terraces seeking refuge from the overspill.

One doctor described the scene on the pitch as "sheer mayhem" while emergency services rushed to free crushed spectators.

"There was one chap I went to who was clinically dead," doctor Glyn Phillips told reporters.

"He had no heartbeat. We resuscitated him for about 10 minutes. We were just about to give up when we got his heart beating, but I don't know what the state of his brain is going to be."

He angrily attacked the police for the crush.

"The police allowed people to jam in. They lost control completely. No one could move to get out," said Dr Phillips, who climbed over a fence to escape the melee.

Police laid bodies by one of the goal posts as the rescue services rushed to help the injured.

Spectators, with their faces covered by blankets, were carried off on stretchers and advertising hoardings ripped from their fittings.

The stadium's gymnasium was turned into a temporary mortuary as the death toll mounted.

Dazed supporters wandered around the field, distraught and crying, looking for friends and relatives.

Kitchen staff in the stadium brought up pots of water to treat the scores of fans sprawled over the pitch. Other injured were taken into the dressing room area to be treated.

Police had to clamber over the fences surrounding the pitch to help people trapped in the melee. Others were hauled to safety in the stands.

Ambulance crews and firemen worked frantically to pull the casualties from piles of crumpled bodies, but for almost an hour the scope of the disaster was not fully realised by the crowd of more than 50,000 at the stadium.

An ambulance official said there were hundreds of casualties and hospitals were "saturated" with injured.

Live satellite pictures brought the horror into Hongkong homes as local soccer fans gathered around television sets to watch the two soccer giants clash.

They witnessed police clambering on to security fences surrounding the pitch in a desperate attempt to help people trapped in the melee escape. Other fans were hauled up to safety in the stands above.

The referee, Mr Ray Lewis, suspended play on instructions from the police and the teams left the pitch.

First confirmation of the horrific death toll came from a South Yorkshire police spokeswoman. A hospital spokesman said: "We can confirm a report of 84 dead at the site."

The police spokeswoman described the scene at Hillsborough stadium in Sheffield as "sheer pandemonium".

The accident apparently occurred when spectators standing on the packed terrace occupied by Liverpool fans pushed forward for a view as the match began.

A surge sent them stumbling downwards, also pushing those in front until the human tidal wave was halted by crush barriers where many were pinioned or trampled underfoot. Others spilt on to the pitch.

Shirts were draped over the faces of the dead as they were carried out.

Initial reports suggested the disaster was sparked by hundreds of spectators entered the packed end of the ground reserved for Liverpool fans, possibly without tickets or with forged tickets.

Football Association officials said many of the Liverpool backers had entered the section without tickets through a gate that was either broken or deliberately opened, swelling the section allocated for its fans beyond the permitted capacity.

Ground engineer Bill Eastwood said one of the Hillsborough crush barriers, designed to stop the crowd falling forward, was "bent like a pipe cleaner".

Football Association chief executive Graham Kelly said: "I am deeply sorry that the day has ended this way. We had six minutes of football and one and a half hours of absolute bedlam.

"One version is that the door, or doors, were forced down. The second version is that doors were opened by someone in authority.

"Whatever it was, there was a lack of proper control at that end of the ground."

Dozens of ambulances rushed to the scene and ferried away the injured. Others were treated on the spot as they lay spreadeagled on the grass.

Ambulance crews gave artificial respiration to stricken men and women.

One fan told BBC television: "There are people lying dead out there on the floor."

The cameras showed several people being carried away, apparently dead with their faces covered.

There did not appear to have been any fighting on the terrace before the incident occurred.

Former Liverpool captain Emlyn Hughes, who was at the match, shook his head in disbelief and remarked: "God. It's not Heysel, is it?"

Thirty-nine people were killed at Brussels' Heysel Stadium in the 1985 European Cup final between Liverpool and Juventus of Italy. Most of them were crushed to death when a wall collapsed after a crowd surge caused by fighting among the fans.

English clubs were banned from European competition as a result of the Heysel disaster but the European Football Union said this week they could be readmitted in the 1990-91 season.

● Continued Page 2

☐ Fans look on as a policeman checks the body of a victim at Hillsborough soccer stadium in Sheffield yesterday.

☐ Dr Glyn Phillips who treated fans.

# Student protests follow Hu's death

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

STUDENTS at Beijing University last night plastered notice boards with posters calling for more democracy in China, after the death of former Communist Party chief, Mr Hu Yaobang.

Mr Hu, seen as a champion of the reform movement, died early yesterday after suffering a heart attack. He was 73.

The posters described Mr Hu – who was sacked as general secretary of the party in January 1987 after being blamed for not taking strong enough action against student demonstrations – as an heroic "fighter for democracy".

Students said Mr Hu's death could prompt fresh pro-democracy protests.

At the same time China's leadership honoured Mr Hu as a great revolutionary and leader.

The Communist Party Central Committee, in a statement read over the national television's nightly news and released through the New China News Agency, praised Mr Hu as a "long-tested loyal communist fighter, great proletarian revolutionary, statesman" and an "outstanding leader".

It said Mr Hu, a Long March veteran, made "everlasting merits for the party and the people".

Both before and after an announcer read the statement on television, a photo of Mr Hu trimmed in black appeared on the screen while sombre music played for about a minute.

This was followed by a program showing film of a trip by Mr Hu to western China in the early 1980s in which he revisited sites he passed through during the Red Army's 1934-35 epic flight from Nationalist forces.

☐ Mr Hu Yaobang

China's national radio said his death was "a great loss for the party and the people".

"He was a great proletarian revolutionary and politician. May he rest in peace," said the radio in its main item on the evening news.

It added that Mr Hu had made great contributions to China's reforms.

Mr Hu made his last public appearance on the opening day of the National People's Congress on March 20.

National newspapers gave prominent coverage to the occasion with pictures of him chatting amiably with Mr Zhao, the man who replaced him as general secretary.

Calls were made for his return during the last session of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, held in conjunction with a parliament meeting that ended on April 4.

The New China News Agency reported that Mr Hu died at 7.53 am after extensive cardiac infarction, which is caused by clogging of the arteries in the heart.

Mr Hu suffered his first heart attack earlier this month, with a second seizure just hours before his death. He was given all possible medical attention "but to no avail", according to the official media.

China's official media yesterday confirmed a *South China Morning Post* report that Mr Hu first became ill and collapsed during a Politburo meeting on April 8.

Sources said yesterday that Mr Hu's condition, which had improved in the days after the collapse, worsened sharply just after midnight yesterday.

Senior leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, was not among the top leaders who visited Mr Hu's bedside in the past week, one source said.

The Prime Minister, Mr Li Peng, visited Mr Hu in hospital on April 9, saying later that his condition had improved.

Soon after Mr Hu's death more than 30 memorial posters appeared at Beijing University.

"A true man has died, false men are still living . . . you were an authority, a reformer . . . does China still have any hope?" read one.

"Mr Hu, your death is a great blow against the struggle of the people of China for democracy and freedom," another read.

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# Leung pulls LRT chiefs into line

By DEAN NELSON and DAVID CONNETT

TRANSPORT Secretary Mr Michael Leung has stepped into the Kowloon Canton Railway row by ordering rail chiefs to "change their conduct" as a new spate of leaks revealed the extent of the boardroom war raging inside the embattled corporation.

He called on corporation executives to improve the "conduct of management" and for changes in boardroom rules, chairman Mr Gerry Forsgate revealed.

Despite Mr Leung's call, a new war of words broke out this weekend when the corporation's controversial chairman branded rebel directors "gutless cowards" after further leaks of confidential boardroom documents.

Their problems worsened last night after three people were injured when an LRT train collided with a lorry. The driver, a 21-year-old woman passenger and a one-month-old baby boy were taken to hospital for treatment. Police are investigating the cause of the accident, which happened at the junction of Ma Miu Road and Castle Peak Road, Yuen Long.

One of the documents leaked to the *Sunday Morning Post* – a letter to Mr Leung – revealed that dumped director Mr Felix Chow was shunted from his job shortly after managing director Mr Peter Quick sent him on a management course to the US last summer.

A *Sunday Morning Post* investigation has revealed bitter struggles inside the KCRC.

One board member is boycotting board meetings in protest against management conduct and lack of translation services for non-English speakers.

Mr Lau Wong-fat, chairman of Tuen Mun District Board, criticised the lack of information for board members.

KCRC bosses have delayed this month's board meeting until tomorrow week to allow time for simultaneous translation equipment to be fitted in their Bond Centre boardroom.

Several directors accuse Mr Forsgate of being a "colonialist", but the KCRC chairman hit back at them, describing the rebels as "gutless" and "cowards".

Senior corporation bosses said they also were appalled to discover disgruntled board members were circulating their own newsletters because they claim they do not get enough information from the corporation.

"It is absolutely appalling that they are doing this," said finance and corporate affairs director Mr John Trafford.

The newsletters catalogue examples of alleged management cover-ups and "attempts to railroad the board". They also highlight the extent of divisions within the board itself.

Another accuses Mr Quick and Mr Trafford of engineering the management reorganisation which ousted Mr Chow and Light Rail Transit director Mr Joe Wade last December.

Board members agreed with Mr Wade's departure but are angry over the treatment of Mr Chow, former director of the KCR itself.

One director said Mr Quick canvassed board members for a management overhaul in the second week of December.

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● Boardroom battles Spectrum

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Today will be mainly cloudy with light rain. Maximum temperature will be around 23 degrees.

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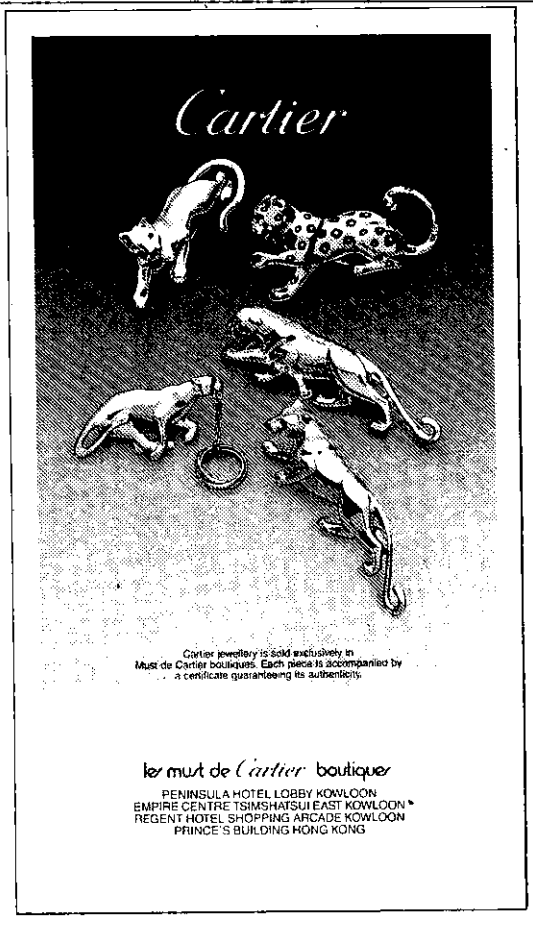

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# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

April 16, 1989 $3.00


# 95 die in FA Cup carnage

From Antony Cheesewright in London

NINETY-FIVE soccer fans were crushed to death and more than 200 injured yesterday in the worst disaster in British football history.

Spectators were trapped between the crowd barriers and the press of bodies in a packed Hillsborough stadium in Sheffield as League champions Liverpool met League Cup champions Nottingham Forest in the Football Association Cup semi-final.

The match was underway just six minutes before a gate collapsed under the weight of Liverpool supporters at the Leopards Lane end of the stadium.

Spectators spilled from the terraces onto the pitch, literally forced over the wire mesh barriers by the surging crowd. Behind them, scores of fans were pulled to safety by others in the grandstand but many were unable to escape despite rescuers' attempts to tear down the fence to reach the injured and dying.

Police reinforcements were rushed to the scene from around the ground as the full horror dawned on the capacity crowd of more than 50,000.

The chanting of the Nottingham Forest fans at the other end of the stadium grew silent as rescuers ripped down advertising hardings to use as makeshift stretchers.

Dozens of ambulances ferried the dead and dying to hospitals near the ground, while countless others


Everton win in second semi-final - back page


were treated where they fell.

The managers of the two teams, Kenny Dalglish of Liverpool and Forest's Brian Clough, paced the entrance to the players' tunnel as officials tried to remain calm.

Only three days ago European soccer chiefs gave English clubs the provisional green light to return to European football after the riots at Belgium's Heysel Stadium when 39 fans died during a riot between Liverpool and Juventus supporters.

Dalglish was emphatic: "It was the sheer numbers that caused this. There is no way the fans can be held responsible for what happened."

FA chief executive Graham Kelly said after visiting the police control point at the ground: "There are two versions of what went wrong. The first is that a door or doors was or were forced down, the second that a door or doors was or were opened by somebody in authority.

"It seems clear that more people came into the Leopards Lane end of the ground than should have been there."

Asked about allegations that people were allowed in to the ground without tickets, Mr Kelly said: "That supports one of the versions which I have given to you.

"Whatever it was, there was a lack of proper control at that end of the ground - with the horrifying results we have all seen."

Asked whether it was on police orders that the gate was opened to fans without tickets behind B turnstile, Mr Kelly said: "I've only spoken very briefly to the police, and that was the impression that I got. But you would have to speak to them about that.

"The Football Association's next step will be to announce a very searching inquiry. I don't think there is even any point in thinking about replaying the game at the moment.

"If you talk about the future there has got to be a large question mark over whether we can take Cup matches of this nature to neutral grounds.

"It may be that in the future we may have to examine the possibility of going to Wembley, which has a capacity of 80,000 or more. We have to examine all the options.

"I'm not saying this is a second Heysel, but it looks desperate. I'm deeply sorry that the day has ended this way.

"We had six minutes of football followed by an hour and a quarter of absolute bedlam. It's deeply disappointing and very sad indeed for everybody concerned with it.

"I know for a fact that a lot of Liverpool people are very angry out there because I've run the gauntlet myself going to the police control box.

"And with the situation ending as it has done I think their anger is justified, but we will have to wait the outcome of a full investigation to find out exactly what did happen."

"I daren't quote a figure (for fatalities). I'm horrified at the possibilities. I daren't say what I think it might be.

■ Spectators are hauled to safety from the terraces into the grand-stand as the crush worsens below them.

## Britain's worst soccer disaster

LONDON: Yesterday's tragedy is Britain's worst and one of the most serious to have plagued soccer worldwide.

The worst death toll came in 1964 when more than 300 fans died in a riot in Lima during a Peru-Argentina Olympic Games qualifying match.

Police used teargas to repel a mob, and fleeing spectators were crushed against locked exit gates.

In March last year, 70 fans were trampled in a stampede in Kathmandu when spectators rushed for cover in a hailstorm.

In Scotland, 66 people died at Glasgow Rangers's home ground in January 1971 in a crowd crush.

May 1985 was a black month.

On May 11, 56 people were burned to death and more than 200 injured when fire engulfed the main stand at Bradford stadium in England.

Eighteen days later, 39 fans were crushed or trampled to death in rioting involving Liverpool and Juventus supporters at Heysel stadium.

On May 26, 10 were trampled to death in a crowd panic at the Olympic Stadium in Mexico City. - Reuter

■ A young Liverpool fan screams as hundreds of others crush her against the barriers.

■ Injured fans lay motionless as more spectators spill onto the pitch.

## Police blamed for crush

WITNESSES to yesterday's tragedy described the scene as looking more like a hospital ward.

Within minutes thousands of people were milling around on the pitch and the field was littered with the injured and dead.

Spectator Dr Glynn Phillips, who had been in the north end with the Liverpool supporters, said he had spent 10 minutes trying to resuscitate one fan.

He angrily attacked the police for the crush. "The police allowed people to jam in. They lost control completely. No-one could move to get out."

Police laid bodies by one of the goalposts as the rescue services rushed to help the injured and the stadium gymnasium was turned into a morgue.

■ Dr Glynn Phillips

# Doctors and chefs warn of shellfish danger despite Government all-clear

EXCLUSIVE by Tim Metcalfe

EAT locally-collected shellfish at your peril.

That is the warning from Hongkong doctors – despite a Government declaration that mussels and clams are safe to eat.

It is supported by the territory's top chefs.

They have greeted with disbelief official assurances that shellfish collected from Hongkong's heavily polluted shores are risk-free.

A three-week ban on the sale of shellfish has just been lifted.

But general practitioners remain unconvinced.

Not one questioned in a phone survey by *The Sunday Standard* was prepared to recommend the consumption of local filter-feeders such as clams, mussels or oysters.

Most said they advise against eating shellfish.

One of the GP's said: "It is crazy to eat any filter-feeders from local waters.

"If the water is polluted, so are the shellfish."

Another doctor with one of the biggest practices in Hongkong declared: "I won't touch shellfish and I advise others not to".

Strict Hongkong Medical Association rules against publicity for doctors prevent the naming of individual GP's.

But the association's official spokesman, Dr W C Chan, supported the unanimous view of his colleagues.

He said: "I don't touch them. I don't like shellfish enough to take the risk."

The ban was imposed last month after the blooming of a poisonous red-tide in Junk Bay.

It contained a toxic algae called protogonyaulax catenella which can paralyse human lips and hands.

The algae was probably brought in by ocean going ships from Japan, said Agriculture and Fisheries Department spokesman Mr John Tam.

Samples of shellfish from four locations – Junk Bay, Sha Tau Kok, Sok Kwu Wan and Lo Tik Wan – were found to be poisonous.

When toxicity levels fell within World Health Organisation standards this week the ban was lifted.

But the re-assurance does not convince chefs running the kitchens of Hongkong's top hotels.

The Excelsior's executive chef Mr Kurt Bingelli said: "We are not buying any local shellfish. I won't touch it. Everything is imported".

His counterpart at the Mandarin Oriental, Mr Jurg Munch, said: "Definitely not. There's no way we will have anything to do with shellfish collected here.

"I heard the reports that it is safe to eat but I don't think so. We fly all our shellfish in."

Dr Ron Perry, the hygiene adviser to Hongkong's Municipal Services Branch who declared shellfish safe, said: "I have not eaten clams for years and I only tried green mussels once.

"I'm not particularly keen on them."

He insists the ban was only imposed, then lifted, over the recent red-tide scare.

Dr Perry accepted that: "Shellfish harbour a lot of other germs which cause food poisoning and possibly hepatitis.

"I don't deny that shellfish from Hongkong or from over the border breed in polluted waters.

"They do tend to absorb bacteria and I wouldn't like to argue against doctors.

"If people eat them, we still advise them to make sure they are well-cooked."

Local shellfish are sold and eaten in all the territory's "seafood" centres; from the islands and Kowloon-side harbour towns to Temple Street in Yau Ma Tei and the "Poor Man's Nightclub" in Central.

Around 200 outbreaks of food poisoning caused by shellfish were officially recorded in Hongkong last year.

Between one and two thousand people are known to have suffered.

But Dr Perry conceded the figure may only be the tip of the iceberg.

He said: "I imagine there is a lot of under-reporting of food poisoning cases.

"Some people are treated by private doctors. Others take some medicine for an upset stomach or just tolerate it.

"Food poisoning is known to be under-notified all over the world."

Yet he insisted: "There is no question of banning shellfish. They are here to stay. What we need are long term measures to improve the quality of the water they breed in."

Agriculture and Fisheries' spokesman Mr Tam also accepted that despite the lifting of the ban, "there is always the possibility of illness from shellfish".

He said: "If they are cooked well the chance of getting sick from them is very remote.

"I completely trust our tests. I ate a dozen green mussels last night and feel fine."

## Beijing mourns Hu's death

THE Chinese Communist Party yesterday decided to give top honour in commemorating its former general secretary Hu Yaobang, who died yesterday from a heart attack at the age of 74.

An announcement last night by the party Central Committee said a funeral office has been set up to handle specific matters.

A memorial meeting, whose date is yet to be fixed, will be held in the Great Hall of People in Beijing and the people will pay their last respects to him at the same time.

National flags will be flown at half-mast in Tiananmen square and at the gates of Xinhuamen and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Beijing and important party and government buildings throughout the country.

National flags will also be flown at half-mast at border outlets.

In Hongkong, Mr Zhang Junsheng, vice-director of the Hongkong branch of the Xinhua News Agency, said the death would not have any negative influences on China's open-door policy.


■ China mourns Page 5


# Sand racing coming to an end after this season

By Ken Martinus

SAND racing in Hongkong will soon become a thing of the past.

The sand track at Happy Valley, which has served racing for the past 16 years, will be coverted to Equitrack during the summer off-season.

The sand training track at Sha Tin will also be replaced with the synthetic surface, which was pioneered in England but perfected in Hongkong.

In a brief statement issued yesterday, the Hongkong Jockey Club steward's said the changeover was part of the club's "continuing effort to improve the quality of racing" in the territory.

Sand racing made its entry into the local racing scene when night meetings were introduced in 1973.

While generally unpopular with trainers and owners, it was the only all-weather surface available, and was a reliable standby when typhoons and torrential downpours made racing on turf unsafe.

But signs that the surface was on the way out came in February, when new club chairman Gordon Macwhinnie said sand racing "was strictly for the birds."

A month later, clerk of the course Noel McCaffrey inspected the Equitrack surface at Remington Park, Oklahoma, and was impressed with the way it stood up to heavy racing..

Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins said yesterday Equitrack would be better for horses, owners, trainers "and, perhaps, the punters."

But, he said, the "old faithful" will not be torn up until after the racing season ends on May 28.


■ Sandmesh surface on trial again Page 17


# Abe accepted Recruit gifts

TOKYO: In a further disclosure in Japan's widening political scandal, former foreign minister Shintaro Abe admitted on Saturday that he had been receiving donations from the Recruit Company.

Abe, powerful secretary-general of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party, was commenting on local media reports that he and those close to him apparently had received up to nearly 100 million yen (HK$17 million) from Recruit over the past 10 years or so.

Kyodo News Service said that according to sources concerned the money was apparently in the form of political contributions or payments for tickets for Abe's fund-raising parties.

Kyodo quoted Abe as telling reporters: "I have said I had obtained co-operation (from former Recruit chairman Hiromasa Ezoe). Since we have known each other for a long time, there have been contributions and party tickets."

He refused to divulge how much the total amounted to or give further details but said the payments were legal. - Reuter

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年4月17日 星期一 己巳年三月十二

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴间多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 23℃ 最低 8℃

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圆满结束对日本正式友好访问

## 李鹏离福冈回到北京

### 姚依林吴学谦习仲勋等前往机场迎接

本报北京4月16日讯 记者孙毅报道：国务院总理李鹏圆满结束了对日本5天的正式友好访问，今天晚上7点25分（北京夏令时）乘专机回到北京。

到机场迎接李鹏总理的有：国务院副总理姚依林、吴学谦，全国人大常委会副委员长习仲勋，国务院秘书长罗干等。

日本驻中国大使馆临时代办久保田穰也到机场迎接。

李鹏总理的夫人朱琳以及外交部长钱其琛等同机回到北京。

本报福冈4月16日电 记者予青报道：李鹏总理和夫人朱琳一行圆满地结束了对日本为期5天的正式访问。今天下午4时，从福冈国际机场乘专机离开日本回国。登上飞机之前，李鹏总理在航梯旁发表了访问日本的感想（全文见第三版）。

今天到机场送行的有：首席接待官村角荣。日本驻中国大使中岛敏次郎、中国驻日本大使杨振亚、福冈总领事馆总领事郭盛，福冈县知事、福冈市市长等。日中友好议员联盟会长伊东正义特地从东京赶来送行。

社论

## 把中日友好合作推向新阶段

本报4月15日讯 春深四月，桃花时节，应日本国政府的邀请，国务院总理李鹏对日本进行的正式友好访问，现已圆满结束。这次访问，受到日本朝野各界的热情欢迎，为在新条件下把中日友好合作关系推向一个新阶段打下了基础。

中日邦交实现正常化、特别是中日和平友好条约缔结以来，两国的友好合作关系在广泛领域取得引人注目发展，缩短着中日关系正在走向成熟、在新形势下，把业已奠定的良好关系更加健康稳定地发展下去，是两国政治家和人民义不容辞的责任。李鹏总理正是以此为目的对日本进行访问的，访问巩固了中日友好合作关系的原则基础；增进了正确对待历史的共识；广泛触及朝野各界朋友，加深了相互理解；探索和开辟了经济合作的新领域。

两国总理通过会谈再次确认，中日联合声明、中日和平友好条约以及发展中日关系的四项原则，是两国关系的基础；发展长期稳定的睦邻友好和经济上的合作，是两国人民的共同愿望，也是实现亚太地区和平与发展的重要因素。上述共识的取得，不仅巩固了发展两国关系的政治基础，也为今后进一步发展友好合作关系创造了有利条件，这是值得高兴的。目前良好的中日关系来之不易，是两国的先辈着、两国的人民长期奋斗的结晶，也是两国政府两国人民通力合作的结果，历史证明，凡是按照联合声明、和平友好条约的原则和精神办事，中日关系就发展顺畅；反之就会使良好的关系受到损伤。时待历史问题是如此，处理两国关系中的现实问题也是如此。李鹏总理强调，正确地对待历史是为了更好地开拓未来。这一立场在日本得到广泛的赞同。

李总理访日的重要议程之一，是与日本政府及经济界人士就中日经济技术合作问题深入交换意见。中日两国经济技术发展阶段不同，但各有优势。中国有劳动力和资源方面的优势，日本有资金和技术方面的优势。两者合作，互为补充，相得益彰。在平等互利的基础上建立起长期稳定的经济关系，符合两国的共同利益。这次双方交换了中日投资保护协定的批准通知书，还就建立促进对华投资机构和举行技术交流会议达成协议，这将有利于进一步推动两国经济技术合作的发展。

在访华的访问期间，李总理面向朝野各界，会见老朋友，广交新朋友，希望了解日侨和留学生代表、回答了各国记者的提问。李总理向日本朝野各界人士介绍了中国当前的经济形势和有关治理整顿的方针政策，说明中国治理经济环境、整顿经济秩序特为在本世纪创造更好的条件，而决不意味着对外开放政策有任何的动摇和改变。在会谈会晤时，李总理强调在国际关系方面，中国将一如既往奉行独立自主的和平外交政策，同日本发展长期稳定的睦邻友好关系是中国政府的既定政策。

目前，国际形势出现了转折性的变化。从对抗转向对话，从紧张走向缓和，维护和平与谋求发展正形成世界性的潮流。中国和日本同为亚洲的重要国家和经济合作的重要伙伴，在和平共处五项原则的基础上加强和巩固两国在各个领域的合作，有利于对亚洲的和平与发展作出各自的贡献。中日和平友好合作是两国人民的一致心愿，也是需要持续官方的重作事业，任重而道远。我们确信，李鹏总理这次对日本的访问，在中日关系史上将写下重要的一章。愿中日两国人民切实努力，共同把中日友好合作推向新的阶段。

集中打击抢劫、盗窃、流氓滋扰犯罪活动

## 河南公检法司协同作战

### 一大批犯罪分子、团伙落入法网

本报郑州4月16日电 记者李连报道：3月份以来，河南省各级公安机关与检、法、司等部门协同作战，在全省城乡开展了声势浩大的集中打击抢劫、盗窃、流氓滋扰犯罪活动的斗争，并于4月5日，实施了集中打击的第一次全省统一行动。群众反映，这次集中打击，抓的准，打的狠，犯罪分子的嚣张气焰收敛了，人民群众的安全感又开始回来了。

据了解，在这次集中打击中，河南省各级公安机关共抓捕犯罪分子22478人，一大批犯罪分子落入法网；破获各种刑事案件16800多起，其中重大案件2800多起；摧毁犯罪团伙2600多个，抓获团伙成员11400多人，增强了广大群众同各种违法犯罪行为作斗争的勇气和信心，广大人民群众积极参加这次集中打击的行动，向公安机关提供犯罪线索4100余条，自觉扭送犯罪分子1168人。

省公安厅长李广经向记者介绍，河南省这次集中打击抢劫、盗窃、流氓滋扰犯罪活动的斗争的特点是：

——打击的锋芒集中，突出了重点、击中了要害。重点打击抢劫、盗窃和流氓滋扰这三类犯罪分子，特别是这三种团伙犯罪。1988年，河南省发生这三类案件4万起，占全部发案总数的80%以上，今年以来，这三类案件发案率继续上升。"上车怕抓门，上路怕强盗"的现象重新出现，群众反映也最为强烈。

——打击的时机准确，坚持依法办案。不定抓人指标、不摊数、不办法律手续不抓人，保证办案质量。

河南省公安厅、检察院、法院等部门还向全省发出"联合通告"，敦促犯罪分子尽快投案自首，走从宽处理的道路。据了解，在强大的宣传和社会舆论压力下已有1269名犯罪分子向各级公安机关投案自首。

## 上铁公安系统果断行动 打击铁路沿线犯罪活动

本报上海电 记者章萱报道：上海铁路局公安局机关、分局、公安段最近组成的巡警大队每天开往第一线，严厉打击日趋猖獗的铁路沿线的犯罪活动。自本月11日起，三天内，已逮捕和收容犯罪分子200多人。

3月4日，上海开往广州49/50次列车上相继发生两起歹徒抢劫和流氓持刀行凶案件，引起上海铁路局公安系统高度重视，立即召开全局紧急动员电话会议，全线出动。

上海铁路局公安局负责人强调指出，铁路犯罪活动不是孤立的，同地方上的治安紧密相连，因而必须进行全面防范工作才能奏效。

## 四川巴塘发生六点七级地震

### 李鹏要求省政府帮助灾区人民重建家园

今天早上，四川省地震局局长已带领50多人的工作组赶赴灾区。四川省政府于今天下午召开了紧急会议，成立了抗震救灾指挥部，由省长张皓若任指挥长，另由罗盛达副省长担任团长的慰问团也将出发，前往藏区帮助群众抗震救灾。

新华社北京4月16日电 国务院总理李鹏结束对日本的访问于今日傍晚返抵北京后，十分关心四川省巴塘县境内发生的强烈地震，立即听取情况汇报。

李鹏同志委托国务院秘书长罗干打电话给四川省省长张皓若，转达他对灾区人民的亲切慰问。李鹏同志要求四川省政府精心做好抗震救灾的组织工作，尽力把余震造成的损失减少到最低限度，帮助灾区人民重建家园。

本报成都4月16日电 记者罗克绪报道：记者从四川省地震局获悉：四川藏族地区巴塘县于今天凌晨5点34分（夏时制）发生6.7级地震，到18时30分，还发生余震1400多次，倒塌房屋30多幢，死亡4人，伤17人，死亡牲畜12头。沿金沙江100公里左右均有不同程度的破坏。连接西藏自治区的竹巴笼金沙江大桥桥身开裂，公路上有地裂缝，已不能通车。有3000多人的巴塘县城目前还停水、停电。

4月16日，北京，人们来到人民英雄纪念碑前，献上花圈，沉痛悼念刚刚逝世的赵紫阳同志。 张军摄报

## 干旱威胁北方农业生产

### 水利部呼吁各地采取措施抗旱保苗

新华社北京4月16日电 （实习生胡顺许、记者王鹏）一场旱情正对我国北方越冬作物形成新的威胁，使农民春耕活动面临重重困难。有关部门呼吁各地采取措施，加强抗旱保苗工作。

水利部防汛抗旱办公室今天公布的北方受旱地区有：辽宁、吉林、黑龙江、北京、天津、河北、内蒙古、山东、青海、新疆10个省、市、自治区，受旱面积1.48亿亩，其中河北、辽宁、吉林、内蒙古四省、自治区受旱面积达1.15亿亩。

旱情已给北方地区农作物造成损害。产粮大省河北受旱面积达4400万亩，其中重旱685万亩；有些地方出现成片死苗。辽宁省受旱面积2365万亩，绝大部分是水旱田，占总耕地面积的40%多。内蒙古自治区目前不仅有8128万亩农田受旱，还有897万头牲畜处于缺水状态。

有关水利专家和水利部门的分析表明，近期我国北方旱情的出现，主要是去冬今春降水总量偏少、气温偏高；导致土壤严重失墒，目前，北方大多数地区水库存水较少，气温仍比往年同期偏高，如果四、五月间没有较大降雨，抗旱保苗和春播生产任务更加艰巨。

水利部负责人希望各地有关部门尽快采取措施，帮助农民群众打好抗旱保苗抗旱播种这一仗。

## 沉重外债严重影响拉美经济

### 欧共体和拉美八国集团召开外长会议探讨解决途径

新华社马德里4月15日电 欧洲共同体和拉美8国集团外交部长会议15日上午在西班牙南部城市格拉纳达开幕。

欧共体12个成员国的外交部长或国务秘书和拉美8国集团的7国外交部长参加了会议。巴拿马因国内政局动荡暂时不参加8国集团的活动。会议的主要议题是探讨解决拉美债务危机的途径和讨论如何发展欧共体和拉美地区之间的贸易关系。

欧共体部长理事会主席、西班牙外交部长莫多提斯主持今天的会议并致开幕词。

在今天的会议上，拉美国家的外长们一致认为，解决拉美国家的外债危机"刻不容缓"。呼吁欧共体在减少拉美国家的外债问题上采取行动。阿根廷外长卡普托在讲话中指出，1982年至1988年，拉美国家还债1790亿美元，此数目几乎相当于该地区外债总额的一半。沉重的债务负担严重地影响了拉美地区经济的发展。该地区1988年的国民生产总值比1987年下降了1.5%。

卡普托外长指出，一些拉美国家由于国民经济形势恶化，引起一系列的政治和社会问题，国家的民主制度和民主进程面临严重威胁。

欧共体的外长们表示，希望能在今后几个星期里达成一致立场，为减少拉美国家的外债和促进拉美地区的经济发展作出贡献。

## 英足球场发生特大惨案

### 近百人死亡 百余人受伤

本报伦敦4月16日电 记者陈特安报道：昨天下午，英国设菲尔德市希尔斯堡足球场内人山人海，英国足球运动史上一场有93人丧生、170人受伤的空前悲剧不幸发生了。

下午3点，英国足协杯赛半决赛在英国的两支劲旅——利物浦队与诺丁汉森队之间开赛。开球之后6分钟，支持利物浦队的3000多球迷们无离入场，拥向利物浦队球门后面的看台。人流如潮而空间过小，许多人开始翻越一堵8英尺高的金属栅栏以避开极度拥挤，许多人被挤下了看台台阶，有的人被挤倒，许多人被踩死或挤死。

事故发生后，英国女王和玛·撒切尔首相均表示震惊，并对受难者亲属表示慰问。撒切尔夫人远于今天赶赴现场，有关部门已着手对事故进行调查。据报道，内政大臣预计明天将向议会提出有关报告。利物浦足球俱乐部已宣布为受难者们献出10万英镑的基金。

关于引起这场灾难的原因，此间舆论已有种种说法：有的抱怨警察不应放无票的利物浦队球迷们入场，但警察争辩说，此举正是为了缓解入口处的拥挤；有的埋怨体育场设计上有不妥之处；有的也指责这次比赛的组织工作考虑欠周。

## 抚顺十多万共产党员 参加奉献日义务劳动

新华社沈阳4月16日电 抚顺市党政机关和各条战线的10多万共产党员今天放弃休息，参加"共产党员奉献日"活动。

今天，在抚顺市每条街道、每个角落都有共产党员的身影，鲜红的党旗在各处飘扬。党员们分别在城市街道、贫困山村，开展便民服务、扶贫同暖活动。

在新抚区武工街，中共抚顺市委机关的800多名党员干部将居民住宅区和马路两旁的残土清理得干干净净。市委书记刘振华等一大早就赶到这里和大家一起劳动。

在望花区，由上百家单位共产党员组成的便民服务一条街铺延三四公里。这里修理家用电器、剪裁衣服、法律咨询等各种服务点一个连着一个。

莺天区"煤都路"晴天一路尘，雨天一脚泥。抚顺矿务局系统的2000多名党员在这里一上午就清除残土、垃圾700多立方米。许多党员矿工下夜班后，工作服还没来得及换，就加入了义务劳动的行列。过路行人看到面貌一新的"煤都路"，都高兴地笑了。

抚顺县委机关的共产党员，把他们捐献的860多元钱、2792斤粮票和1852件衣物送到救兵乡几个困难户手中。他们还和当地党员一起，用党员贡助捐献的种籽、化肥，帮助10多家缺少劳动力的农户耕田播种。

抚顺市的党员奉献日活动，是由抚顺矿务局系统首先发起的，迄今已有一年多时间，一些基层单位已形成制度。

## 劳模社会活动兼职过多

### 河北省总工会一项调查表明

新华社石家庄4月16日电 （记者周雪倚）因创造"满负荷工作法"而闻名的石家庄市第一塑料厂厂长张兴让，早晨已经身兼11个职务，而请他兼职的请柬仍然接连不断，他因参加各种各样的会议、作报告和接待参观占用了大量时间，影响研究探化企业管理而深感苦恼。

河北省总工会最近对115名全国"五一"劳动奖章获得者调查的结果表明，有54人兼任各种各样的社会职务167个，人均兼职3.5个，最多的兼职11个。有79人因参加各类社会活动一年多时间就耗费了4245个工作日，人均54天，最多的达到180天。99%的劳模因此工作负担过重。其工作量相当于一般职工的2至3倍。埋头苦干的开滦唐家庄矿矿工艾有勤，因各种社会活动挤占了工作时间，不得不靠加班加点补上。河北省总工会进行调查时，劳模们迫切希望减少社会活动，不要把名目繁多的头衔加到他们头上。

今日五版刊载刘精松文章

## 形势教育要摒弃"假大空"

本报讯 沈阳军区司令员刘精松最近调查发现，形势教育存在"假大空"现象。他撰文提出打破旧的教育模式，增强人们的忧患意识，提高政治参与能力。文章载今日五版。

## 触目惊心：

## 我国江河湖泊大多受污染

据新华社北京4月16日电 （记者温鹏、实习生陈青雷）我国水源污染触目惊心。大部分江河湖泊现已受重污染，一项调查表明，全国目前已有82%的江河湖泊受到不同程度的污染。每年由于水污染造成的经济损失达377亿元。

水源污染源于城市工业、生活污水排放。水利部水资源司和国家环保局的调查表明，1988年全国城市污水排放量达340亿吨，滚滚浊流倾入江河湖泊。长江、黄河、珠江、海河、淮河、辽河、松花江七大水系，首承其害，接纳了全部城市污水排放量的70%。其中，万里长江污染程度居各大水系之首，每日排入长江的污水量占全国日污水排放量的41%。黄河及其支流的受污染程度也日趋严重，仅宁夏河段每年就有5800万吨工业废水排入黄河。淮河、海河、辽河、黑龙江等水系的污染程度，都高于全国的平均水平。

城市废水污染了江河，也危及城市自身。全国目前有381座城市面临水污染威胁。如北京市每年排出污水9亿吨，仅有10%经过去污处理，全市83条河渠都遭到污染，其中有54条受到严重污染。

我国星罗棋布的淡水湖泊也在劫难逃。在38个较大湖泊中，有17个已遭严重污染。号称"华北明珠"的白洋淀，自去年夏天蓄新蓄水后，仅仅数月，就有1/3的水面遭到污染，人们担心，这样下去，白洋淀很快就会变为"黑洋淀"了。

## 莫让孩子当这种"配角"

王锋杰

每逢节假日，有些学生家长同亲来串门的亲朋好友就非见。打麻将时，还到"三缺一"人手不够，常找孩子来充当"配角"，甚至喝酒划拳也让上孩子来热闹。次数多了，原本不会打牌的孩子逐上了牌，不会喝酒的孩子恋上了酒，"配角"就会变成"主角"。

作为家长，节假日期间理应得享天伦之乐，但不能让孩子参加各种有损身心健康的活动，怎么能只顾自己玩得高兴，随意拉他们充当打牌、喝酒的"配角"呢？要知道，打牌、喝酒一旦成瘾，不但会影响孩子的学业和身心健康，还可能使他们步入歧途。

著名教育家徐特立说过："幼儿未性是很纯洁的，而他的习惯好坏是在成长过程中所接触的环境逐渐慢慢形成。"当家长的谁不希望自己的子女成为有用之才？而要达到这个目的，恐怕还得从保证孩子们有一个健康成长的家庭环境做起。

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## 悼人民知音　頌改革旗手

# 北京黨政文教人士紛赴胡耀邦家弔唁

## 胡氏親屬守靈　留美女兒正趕回國

【中新社北京十六日電】從昨天上午九時半起，北京各界人士紛紛前往胡耀邦寓所弔唁。他們中有滑石、胡啓立、姚依林、李鐵映、吳學謙、秦基偉、閻明復、丙吉文等領導人及科技、教育、理論、新聞等各界人士艾青、胡繩偉、李昌、朱厚澤、平杰三、于光遠、嚴家其等六百多人。

趙紫陽委托兒子胡耀邦一家於一九八六年底送中南海醫院治療。

別打來電話致意

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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# 中國高層弔唁胡耀邦

## 鄧公趙紫陽李鵬表哀思

### 大會堂將舉行追悼會　當天下半旗誌哀

【本報記者報北京十六日電】胡耀邦逝世的消息傳出以後，從昨天下午九時半起，前往胡耀邦寓所弔唁的人絡繹不絕。鄧小平的夫人卓琳、兒子鄧樸方昨天和今天分別前往弔唁，送挽金和花圈，以表哀悼。

今早，鄧樸方曾到胡耀邦家里慰問胡氏遺屬，並轉達了鄧小平的慰問。據悉，胡耀邦發病後送協和醫院搶救期間，鄧小平曾特


緊來編寫胡耀邦生平的文集。（二）評價胡氏的功過。（三）胡氏的遺體葬在毛



澤東紀念堂。包括（一）


其中有一張大字報是四十六位北大年輕教師聯署的大字報，內容提出三點要求。包括（一）

【本報記者報北京十六日電】天安門廣場南側的人民英雄紀念碑正面今天又有人敬獻花圈和白花，以示對胡耀邦的悼念。百餘名青年學生和外地遠客圍觀，但秩序井然。

胡耀邦逝世的消息公布後，北京大學、中國青年政治學院等北京的高等院校紛紛舉行了不同形式的悼念活動。

在北大校園三角地帶，數晚晚之後，今晨又多貼上六十多張大字報，對胡耀邦作沉痛悼念。在北大校園三角地帶，已貼滿了數百名學生和教師的輓聯，並設置了靈堂。今天上午，北大學生將舉行悼念胡耀邦的追悼會。

### 心臟病兩大難關　胡耀邦終未闖過

專家稱差一日即可轉危爲安

【本報記者報北京十六日電】知情人士今日證實，胡耀邦八日發病經搶救脫險後，一直處於醫院方面的嚴密監護中，但他本人對病情的嚴重性却不以爲然，並堅求發生從去了身上的輸液管。據介紹，此種病症急性發作後，一般需渡過兩個關時刻方能轉危爲安，胡耀邦渡過了發病後二十四小時的關鍵時刻，但却未能闖過第二關鍵時刻——發病後一星期。專家人士稱，病在心肌梗塞急性發作後乎靜渡過一星期時間，胡耀邦即有可能轉危爲安，然而最終結果却如此出人意料。

前往胡耀邦住處弔唁的人群（本報記者北京傳真）

【香港中國通訊社北京十六日電】今日北大學生會和研究生會聯合發表悼念胡耀邦公告稱，北京大學全體師生聞知胡耀邦逝世深感悲痛，在聯名簽署見的基礎上，作出如下決定：一、「兩會」聯合成立悼念胡耀邦工作委員會；二、兩會學生會與胡耀邦歌歌聯；三、設立專門接待點，負責收集對胡耀邦的重大，造成同學的悼念胡耀邦的重大，

# 快報

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)年四月十七日 星期一 農曆己巳年三月十二

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一九八九年 四月 十七 日·星期一

今天天氣：吹東風，多雲，有陣雨

是日氣溫：介乎十九至廿一度

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EXPRESS

# 北京學生出現不滿政府怒潮
# 大字報直言批評胡耀邦政敵
## 促恢復胡名譽·遺體葬毛澤東紀念堂

（美聯社北京十六日電）中國大陸著名的民運人士今日在北京大學的校園內張貼大字報，要求中共政府為日前逝世的前總書記胡耀邦舉行國葬，並將胡耀邦的遺體安葬在毛澤東紀念堂內。

這是一年來學生首次出現校園大規模表示不滿政府，而且點名批評鄧小平的大字報。

第一張遭揭貼的大字報星期六深夜出現在北大校園內，至星期日下午，數十張大字報張貼於通常用作公告學校活動的戶外告示板上。

張貼於北大校園內、由十八個人聯署的一張大字報要求「公開澄清」胡耀邦的「不實史實說」，並且把其遺體安葬於天安門廣場紀念堂。

該張大字報說，「忠誠的人死了，仍對子虛烏有希望嗎？」另一張大字報呼籲學生「化悲憤為力量，把民主化進行到底」。

據目擊學生圍觀用大張粉紅色、藍色紙及黑字書寫的大字報，一些學生用紙釘下評論，然後用釘書機釘在板上。

一位講師說：「這是好事，它反映了人民的心聲。」

周日下午，北京三所大學生在人民英雄紀念碑舉行近百人、一連串悼念胡耀邦的活動。

一個花圈的緞帶上寫著「功大於過」。數十名警察，很多是便衣警員在維持秩序。

（快報獨家消息）位高層中國官員的對本報表示，國務院最近已批准廣東省開設賭場的建議，初步劃定賭場設在廣州市附近，只准外國人及港澳台人士進入，將是中國首間由政府批准設立的賭場。

## 地點選在廣州市郊

廣東省省長葉選平按受本報記者查詢時表示，他們正密切注意開設賭場的建議，但由於該建議仍有很多細節及實際問題仍未解決，所以此項計劃暫時不會正式向外公布。

該位官員又稱，廣東省提出該項計劃的初衷，是希望能藉此途徑增加收入，而廣東亦同意賭場只准

## 兩個縣表示要力爭

他說，廣東提出設立賭場，一方面希望可以吸納外匯，另一方面也可促進旅遊事業。並於賭場選址問題，初步已決定不會考慮在廣州市區內興建賭場，而將會在廣州市郊及賭場的規劃將視政府與金門合約的基礎上共同研究。

## 合約批予外資經營

他說，廣州市附近的兩個縣在積極計劃後已表示歡迎，並同市政府要求承建賭場所在地自己興設立，項目會有不少地方的發展將會受賭場的影響，該賭場經營權將會以合約方式由政府與金門合約的基礎上共同研究。

（快報消息）本港商界人士指出，廣東省開設賭場，將會吸引大批港人前往賭博，對本港經濟帶來不良影響。

## 要聞摘開

- 國務院已批准
- 地點在廣州市附近
- 目前未能正式公布
- 類似韓國濟克山莊
- 合約方式批予外資經營

# 國務院批准第一家
# 廣東開賭勢在必行
## 僅准港澳台與外國遊客進場

外國人及港澳台人士即不用入內，國內人士即不准入內，雖似鄰近的地方，一方面可吸引遊客，而廣州市的交通方面，可以疏散因設立賭場而帶來外來的交通壓力。

政府相信，由於賭場是不准國內人士進入，預料不會因此設立賭場而影響廣東地區治安。

# 外交委會成員今抵港

（快報消息）本港關注中英聯合聲明執行情況的英國下議院外交事務委員會成員將於今年五月八日至十日訪港，會見本港各界人士，並將於本周六離港往北京訪問。

委員會八位成員在港六日期間，將與港督衛奕信及英國駐港高級專員會面，與兩局議員舉行私人會晤，與英國外交會分別和往沙田白石船民觀察中心和深水埗鵝頸邨公屋訪問。

委員會又將在下周三至五在英國立法機關會議室舉行五節公開聆訊，接見各界人士，聽取一般市民和港府官員陳述。

上月完成報告，提交下議院。

同時，委員會在上周五已在英國就聯合聲明執行情況舉行聽證會。

# 胡耀邦遺澤長留人間

快語

中共前總書記，現任教育部委員胡耀邦因病逝世，消息傳出後，各地悼念聲浪不絕。

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周日下午，北京三所大學生在人民英雄紀念碑舉行近百人、一連串悼念胡耀邦的活動。

一個花圈的緞帶上寫著「功大於過」。數十名警察，很多是便衣警員在維持秩序。

# 北京學生出現不滿政府怒潮
# 大字報直言批評胡耀邦政敵
## 促恢復胡名譽·遺體葬毛澤東紀念堂

（美聯社北京十六日電）中國大陸著名的民運人士今日在北京大學的校園內張貼大字報，要求中共政府為日前逝世的前總書記胡耀邦舉行國葬，並將胡耀邦的遺體安葬在毛澤東紀念堂內。

這是一年來學生首次出現校園大規模表示不滿政府，而且點名批評鄧小平的大字報。

第一張遭揭貼的大字報星期六深夜出現在北大校園內，至星期日下午，數十張大字報張貼於通常用作公告學校活動的戶外告示板上。

張貼於北大校園內、由十八個人聯署的一張大字報要求「公開澄清」胡耀邦的「不實史實說」，並且把其遺體安葬於天安門廣場紀念堂。

該張大字報說，「忠誠的人死了，仍對子虛烏有希望嗎？」另一張大字報呼籲學生「化悲憤為力量，把民主化進行到底」。

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# 胡耀邦遺澤長留人間

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藉胡耀邦逝世·大學生表心聲

# 北京各校大貼大字報 要求實現民主自由

圖觀　大學生昨在北大圖書館休息時閱看的大字報。（路透社傳真）

大學學生昨在北大圖書館休息時閱看的大字報的內容。（路透社傳真）

（綜合北京十六日電）大專學生周日在悼胡耀邦時表達中共總書記遺願，要求政治改革，並要求為胡平反。胡耀邦逝世後，北京大學生在校園內貼出大字報，要求為胡耀邦「正名」，並將他的遺體放在毛澤東紀念堂內。

北大學生在周日下午三時左右，在校園內貼出大字報，要求為胡耀邦「正名」，並將他的遺體放在毛澤東紀念堂內。

北大的學生在周五晚上舉行悼念胡耀邦的活動，並

# 胡家已向趙紫陽提出要求
# 對胡耀邦下台作結論
# 國內知識分子表支持

## 船民登陸乞錢偷東西
## 湛江居民由憐生不滿
### 制止蓋竹棚居住　未聽聞上岸打工

【本報記者湛江專電】湛江市的居民和船民關係，部分原因是船民在岸邊搭棚居住，嚴重影響市容和環境衛生，並大肆砍伐樹木，令當地居民不滿。湛江市政府為此已採取多項措施，包括制止船民蓋棚居住，並規定船民只可在指定地點上岸，以及禁止船民上岸乞討等。

湛江市的漁民表示，去年四月七日，船艇船員失蹤，現在仍未回來，令家人擔心

香港時報
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## 今日新聞提要

一、中宏兩國元首發表聯合公報。
利第一版。
二、胡耀邦猝逝引發大字報潮。利第一版。
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## 強調雙方政府促進國際正義維護人類尊嚴決心

# 中宏元首簽署聯合公報

## 繼續合作增進國民福祉

### 阿斯柯納總統誠摯邀請李登輝總統訪問宏都拉斯

【台北十六日中央社電】中華民國總統李登輝先生與宏都拉斯共和國總統阿斯柯納，今天發表聯合公報，強調雙方政府為促進國際正義及維護人類尊嚴的決心，同意繼續為實現多元化民主，持久和平及合作發展而努力。

中、宏兩國總統並同意繼續加強農業、工業、漁業與商業及其他經濟方面的合作，以增進兩國人民的福祉。

公報中並指出，阿斯柯納總統應李登輝總統的邀請，已經或將於最近訪問中華民國。李總統欣悉宏都拉斯共和國政府願在李總統與阿斯柯納總統間舉行會晤。

公報並宣布，中、宏兩國將合作發展農、工、漁、商業及其他經濟方面之合作，以增進兩國人民之福祉。李登輝總統與阿斯柯納總統並一致表示放棄，願依中宏兩國之傳統睦誼及合作關係將訪問宏都拉斯一事列為最近一次訪問而最受增進。

阿斯柯納總統盛讚李登輝總統領導中華民國政府在李總統主持國政以來，在政治、經濟及社會各方面之民主化與現代化，其成就令人欽佩，並表示堅信中華民國政府之廣泛支持，中華民國在李總統領導下，對國際社會之貢獻將更為增加。

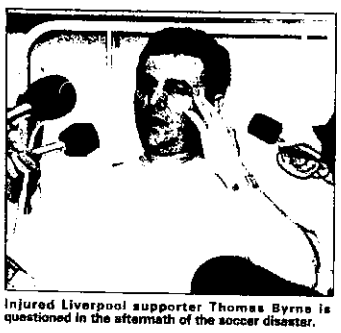
阿斯柯納總統並讚揚中華民國政府在李總統領導下，對國際社會之貢獻將更為增加。

阿斯柯納總統表示，中華民國政府在宏國各項發展計劃中，願繼續扮演積極角色，並願與中華民國政府及人民共同努力，至為佩服

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 105 Price $3.00


# Men died at Hillsborough pinned like butterflies to steel barriers



Injured Liverpool supporter Thomas Byrne is questioned in the aftermath of the soccer disaster.

"THERE was no panic. You were too close together to panic," Liverpool supporter Thomas Byrne said from his hospital bed last night.

"But people were walking on other people's heads to get out from the crush."

Mr Byrne said he and some friends had walked in through a gate at the back of the Hillsborough ground without seeing police and without having their tickets checked.

The unemployed 37-year-old, who is detained in Sheffield's Northern General Hospital with crushed ribs, then turned round and saw "hundreds" following them in.

"It's hard to put into words what it was like," said Mr Byrne, who had also been at the Brussels Heysel tragedy in 1985 but escaped unhurt.

"People were collapsing and people were trying to push others out of the way to help those on the floor. People were being sick as well.

"People were shouting for help to those at the front to open the gates to let them be dragged out, but it seemed so slow in opening the gates. You could see it wasn't an ordinary crush.

"Our only relief was when police cleared spectators from the back and came in, in force, to help.

"It seemed like forever. It was just a continuous pressure. I couldn't get away and people were screaming and crying.

"I have no idea how I managed to get out. I managed to get away from the barrier with the swirl of the crowd. I was getting held up by them.

"One lad was trying to help me saying 'Keep your head up, don't go down'. There was no part of your body that could move apart from your head.

"It was chaos when people at the back started moving forward. Some people in the crush were arguing with the police. They should have been there sooner. It shouldn't have been allowed."

Mr Byrne, who was told that his 16-year-old son Ian was safe, vowed never to go to a football match again.

Mr Peter McGuiness, 26, said: "There was no fighting, just a crush too horrible to describe.

"Even before the kick-off there was a crush of 2,000 Liverpool supporters holding tickets, desperate to get in.

"The police couldn't handle it, they couldn't cope. All the policemen inside the ground should have been there on the outside.

"As we rushed in, people at the front were already climbing the fence to escape the crush.

"If they hadn't got on to the pitch as quickly as they did, there would have been even more dead."

Mr Simon Evans told how men died pinned like butterflies to steel barriers, some of which were positioned midway between the stands and the front of the standing area.

"I saw one man being swept towards a barrier shouting and trying to avoid hitting it.

"But the weight of the crowd pushed him against it.

"He was crying and then he was sick and finally stopped thrashing about.

"For a while, he stood there motionless until he slipped down gradually and disappeared beneath the crowd."

Mr Alan MacNab, a 43-year-old Liverpool fan, who also witnessed the Brussels tragedy, said he stood looking directly into the face of a young boy.

"His lungs must have collapsed. He just turned blue and his lips were purple.

"He did not go down – the crowd held him up as the crush was so tight – but he was dead."

Mr George Reilly, a Liverpool charge nurse, saw a middle-aged man trampled to death.

"His hands kept clawing their way up people's legs, but there was no way anyone could have helped. He was just swallowed up.

"He was lying on the floor and he was going blue."

Seventeen-year-old Sylvia Little said: "You could see hands grabbing at thin air and hear cries for help coming from underneath the crowd.

"One girl was screaming that she couldn't find her dad, then she slipped from sight as the crowd surged forward."

Mr Stuart McGeagh, 22, was one of those at the front, pinned against the high steel and mesh-fence: "There were railings down either side. It was like being in a cage.

"I thought I was going to die. I was getting short of breath, I couldn't breathe.

"The weight on me was tremendous.

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

# Thatcher orders inquiry

## $11m launches fund to help disaster victims

From *Post* Correspondent DAVID WALLEN in London and agencies

PRIME Minister Margaret Thatcher last night announced a full public inquiry into Britain's worst sporting disaster which by last night had claimed 94 lives with 169 injured.

The Government will contribute £500,000 (HK$6.7 million), the Football Association £250,000 ($3.3 million) and Liverpool Football Club £100,000 (HK$1.3 million) into a fund for victims of Saturday's Hillsborough stadium disaster in Sheffield.

Special prayers were said in churches across Merseyside for the Liverpool fans who died when police opened a gate into the ground, allowing thousands to flood in, crushing to death men, women and children against fences designed to keep people off the pitch.

**LIVERPOOL'S remaining games this season have been suspended for the time being, club chairman John Smith said last night.**

**Mr Smith emerged from an emergency meeting of the Liverpool board to announce the suspension of the team's playing schedule.**

**Minutes earlier, the English Football League upheld a request by Liverpool general-secretary Peter Robinson to postpone Wednesday's First Division game against West Ham, because it was inappropriate to play it so soon after the disaster.**

**"We have to play again. Life goes on after tragedy, but just how soon I really couldn't say," Mr Robinson said.**

**Mr Robinson also backed calls for the Football Association Cup final to be cancelled this season but Football Association chief executive Graham Kelly said he would like the competition to proceed and that no decision had been made.**

As friends and relatives of the dead arrived in Sheffield to carry out the sorry task of identification, dozens of wreaths and red-and-white scarves and club hats were placed on the wrought-iron main gate and below the goal posts.

Fifty-six people were still in hospital, 17 of them in intensive care.

The majority were unconscious and breathing with the help of ventilators doctors said they could have gone 10 or 15 minutes in the crush without breathing properly and it was too early to know if they had suffered lasting brain damage.

Most common injuries among those hospitalised were crushed bones and internal damage to chest and abdomen as well as shock and suffocation.

Experts estimated that victims at the front of the iron security fences facing on to the ground were subjected to half a tonne of pressure each from the thousands who pushed from behind.

Mrs Thatcher announced the inquiry after spending nearly half an hour inside the ground, looking particularly at the stand where the tragedy occurred.

She was accompanied by Home Secretary Douglas Hurd, Sports Minister Colin Moynihan as well as the Chief Constable of South Yorkshire, Peter Wright, and other senior police, fire and ambulance officers.

Mrs Thatcher walked down the tunnel along which thousands of fans had poured at the start of the match.

Afterwards, she appeared clearly moved by what she had seen. Mrs Thatcher said the tragedy was "a disaster of major proportions", worse even than the Bradford stadium fire of 1985.

The inquiry, along the lines of that headed by Mr Justice Popplewell into the Bradford fire, will investigate claims the crush at Hillsborough could have been avoided if a greater proportion of the 53,000 available tickets had been allocated to Liverpool, since its supporters are more numerous.

But there were 6,000 tickets less for Liverpool fans than for Nottingham Forest supporters, while it was also suggested that forged tickets helped swell the numbers beyond the safe limit.

However, Mr Graham Mackrell, secretary of Sheffield Wednesday Football Club, who hosted the same semi-final without any problems last season, denied the accusation.

"We've got no evidence that there were people who got into the ground with forged tickets or who weren't in possession of tickets," he stressed.

"It was policed as last year, but while the Nottingham Forest supporters arrived very early, the Liverpool supporters were delayed for some reason, so there was a great build-up of them near the kick-off."

Mrs Thatcher said the Government was at this moment pushing through legislation on membership cards for football clubs, to stop people attending matches when they did not have tickets.

"We will have to look yet again, but I think we want some preliminary finding if that is possible before any further action can be taken," she said.

"I have been in crowds when we have had demonstrations when you get a whole crush of people coming in, the ones at the front wanting them not to come forward and the ones at the back coming forward.

"You are swept off your feet and you lose control and that is obviously something to which the inquiry will address its mind.

"It will obviously have to be very thorough but I hope there will be some preliminary results so that we can learn very quickly for next season."

Former MP Denis Howell, who was Sports Minister

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

● Reports, pictures – Pages 8 and 9
● Editorial – Page 24

Reuter

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher inspects the fence against which dozens were crushed on Saturday.

## Police defend opening of gates

SOUTH Yorkshire police chiefs last night defended the force against criticism over Saturday's tragedy but refused to elaborate on why the 5-metre wide steel gates allowing hundreds and, perhaps, thousands of additional fans to jam into the stadium just as the match began.

South Yorkshire's chief constable Peter Wright, who has taken command of one disaster investigation, said a senior officer had made the decision to open the gates "to save people's lives".

With the 54,000-capacity stadium already nearly full, about 4,000 fans had arrived at the last minute and there was an indication there could be trouble.

"There was danger to lives outside, as perceived by the police. In order to relieve the pressure on the turnstiles the gate was opened," he said.

Although some fans had shown reporters unchecked tickets after the incident, Mr Wright said he would have expected all tickets to have been checked after the steel gates were opened.

But a gateman at the ground, who would not be named, said he saw the gates being opened.

"The police opened the big gates because they thought someone might get crushed. There were several thousand people flooding through," he said.

"It was a free-for-all. There were thousands coming in. I said to the police 'What are you doing that for?' and a policeman said 'Someone is going to die if we don't'.

"It's my opinion that opening those gates caused the tragedy," said the gateman.

Mr Wright admitted the act of opening the gates coincided with the crush on the stadium's goal-line terrace.

But he added, "I am not aware of any connection between the surge on the terrace and the gate being opened".

Superintendent Tony Pratt said: "Everything that was done at the time was in accordance with well-tried and tested policing methods at FA Cup semi-finals."

He said there was sufficient police supervision in the ground.

Survivor Stephen Dooling, 34, defended the police action in opening the gates.

"The police had to open the door because the lads at the front were screaming. They would have died there at the turnstiles instead of in the ground," Mr Dooling said from his hospital bed.

But it also became clear that police for a while mistook the sheer panic of the fans as they crushed against the fences keeping them away from the pitch as an attempt to invade the pitch.

Glasgow Dr Glyn Phillips, who later helped desperately to revive the injured, said: "There's no doubt that this crowd was too big for this ground. Liverpool just filled the end they were given.

"The police allowed the fans to fill the middle terracing section to the point that they were crammed in like sardines and yet the two outside portions of the terracing were left virtually empty.

"I stood and watched police allowing this to happen. It got to a point where they just lost control completely and lads were pushed against the fence right down by the pitch.

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## WEATHER

Cloudy.
Max temp 22 degrees.
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LOUIS VUITTON


# Loan to boost water quality

By JAMIE ALLEN

THE Government might loan Shenzhen authorities funds to assist in a 35 million yuan (HK$73.5 million) project to improve the water quality in the special economic zone.

Secretary for Lands and Works Graham Barnes said it was likely Hongkong would assist with the development project as 60 per cent of the territory's water supply came from the East River in Shenzhen.

Mr Barnes said he expected Hongkong to respond positively to China's request for a loan to help it build new pumping stations, storage facilities and pipelines from the East River and south across a range of mountains to Shenzhen.

"I'm sure we will be contributing (to their capital costs). But in what form I would not like to say," he said, adding that the loan question would also be on the agenda of long-term water supply talks with the Bureau of Water Conservancy and Electric Power in Guangdong.

The other main items on the agenda for the meeting scheduled in May would be price and volume, he said.

Mr Barnes said he expected Hongkong would probably have to pay more for its water supply from China in the years to come.

● See also Page 6

"I expect the price will go up because the new capital works (in Guangdong) will drive them up. There is a heavy capital expenditure in supplying water," he said.

China has agreed to supply 500 million cubic metres at a cost of $600 million from May this year until February next year, but Mr Barnes said the local consumer could expect to pay more in future years.

Mr Barnes said he had written to the Bureau of Water Conservancy last year about Hongkong's future water needs and was given an indication that the new infrastructure being built would meet them.

A Chinese delegation, led by the director of the bureau, Mr Guan Zongzhi, will come to Hongkong for talks in May and a Hongkong team will probably go to Guangdong later for further talks.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 8)

## Sichuan struck by quake

AN EARTHQUAKE measuring 6.7 on the Richter scale jolted a remote area of southwestern China early yesterday, killing at least four people and injuring at least five others.

The Chinese State Seismological Bureau reported that the quake struck at 5.34 am near the town of Batang, which is located on the Jinsha River, a tributary of the Yangtze River along Sichuan province's western border with Tibet.

The New China News Agency (NCNA) reported some 30 houses collapsed in a village near Batang while crevices appeared in 80 per cent of the houses in Batang itself.

The Sichuan provincial government has established a headquarters headed by its governor, Mr Zhang Haoruo to direct the rescue work, NCNA said.

Rescue workers from adjoining areas had been mobilised and were rushing to the quake-stricken areas, which are inhabited by Tibetans.

An official of the Sichuan Province Seismological Bureau, in the provincial capital, Chengdu, said at least seven buildings in Batang were knocked down.

He said reports were not complete and that no reports had been received from remote villages in the surrounding area because telephone lines had been knocked out.

The official said the area had recorded nearly 1,010 aftershocks later in the day, most minor with the largest registering four on the Richter scale, but that officials did not expect a major aftershock.

## Trade fair touched by austerity

FOREIGN buyers at Saturday's opening of the 65th Guangzhou Trade Fair were hoping that China's squeeze on raw materials would not deprive them of supplies they have been getting at the biannual exhibition for more than 30 years.

But even the fair's organisers admitted that the Spring Fair was being held during a period of austerity.

This Guangzhou Fair is very much a window on how much Beijing's bid to reassert its control has succeeded.

For the full story on the Fair so far, and a profile of exhibitors and buyers, see today's Guangzhou Trade Fair special report.

Jackie Pullinger:
**MY LIFE IN THE WALLED CITY –**
Part II inside today

## Students want authorities to clear name of Hu Yaobang

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

FRIENDS and associates yesterday turned up at the home of former Chinese Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang on a small central Beijing street to pay their respects. Mr Hu, 73, died on Saturday after suffering a heart attack.

Meanwhile, students at Beijing campuses put up hundreds of posters calling for freedom and democracy in the largest show of discontent since December 1986 when nationwide pro-democracy demonstrations led to Mr Hu's downfall.

They demanded that the Communist Party clear the name of Mr Hu, accused by conservatives of having encouraged the import of Western liberal ideas that fuelled the marches, and that his remains be placed in Mao Tsetung's mausoleum.

A family friend who attended the wake at Mr Hu's home said that among those who wept openly was Mr Deng Liqun, the conservative ideologue who was among Mr Hu's fiercest political enemies.

"It was a great shock. He (Hu) had always seemed so healthy," the friend said.

From 9.30 yesterday morning, a stream of more than 600 associates and friends went to Mr Hu's home, just across the street from Zhongnanhai, the headquarters of the Chinese Communist Party.

They included Mr Qiao Shi, Mr Hu Qili, and Mr Yao Yilin, all members of the Standing Committee of the Politburo.

Other senior officials present were Vice-premier Mr Wu Xueqian, State Councillors Mr Li Tieying and Mr Qin Jiwei, and members of the Party Central Committee Secretariat Mr Yan Mingfu and Mr Rui Xingwen.

Ms Zhuo Lin and Mr Deng Pufeng, wife and son of Mr Deng Xiaoping, also attended.

Mr Zhao Jun, son of General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, paid his respects as a representative of the whole family.

A state funeral has been scheduled for April 22 at the Great Hall of the People, and flags will be flown at half-mast.

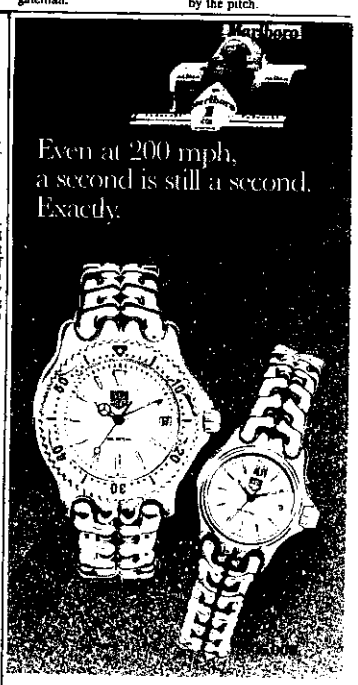
Members of the public laid wreaths in Tiananmen Square as a sign of respect. To many of them, Mr Hu's death marked the loss of a symbol of democracy and freedom.

At Beijing University, students – many of whom wore black arm-bands – put up more than 100 posters honouring the late statesman.

"How can you leave us this way?" one of the posters asks.

Many students wore black arm-bands, which were handed out by others who stressed that they were

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 6)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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1989 | $3.00

DAY ONE — The Foreign Affairs Select Committee's visit to Hongkong

## The brain drain and other facts of life

GOOD DAY, gentlemen...

...and welcome to Hongkong. You have arrived with preconceived ideas about this territory. Everybody does. Yes, we are a vibrant society. We have a hard working population. We are innovative and we are very successful.

And, yes, we have our sweatshops, our street-sleepers. Some other vices as well. We also put up with very crowded living conditions. All these and more are part of your preconceived notions about this place.

However, not everyone knows or fully appreciates just how jittery a place this is. Beneath the surface gloss there are many who have made up their minds about the future. They have voted with their feet.

In 1987 over 30,000 people migrated from Hongkong. Then, last year, another 45,000 packed their bags. All indications point to ever-higher emigration rates between now and 1997, possibly peaking at 60,000 annually. A significant percentage of these people are badly-needed professionals. The current figure is just over 30 percent. This, too, is likely to rise in the next few years. In a nutshell, the rush out of Hongkong is gathering pace.

If you have heard about this brain drain before coming here, it is likely you have one other preconceived notion: that those who emigrate eventually return.

Gentlemen, preconceived notions are one thing; reality is another. And the reality is that such massive outflows of skills, talent, brains and manpower must hurt any economy. It will deeply wound Hongkong's economy. But for you gentlemen that may be of little account.

So, give some thought to how much it will hurt Britain. Last year the United Kingdom sold £1 billion (about HK$14 billion) worth of goods in Hongkong. That, of course, means that thousands of jobs are involved in the making of those goods in Britain. And Britain lives off its export earnings.

Gentlemen, think British. And think of the effects on those household names you will see in our streets and shops: Dunhill, Burberry's, Marks and Spencer, Habitat, Laura Ashley, Jaeger, Jaguar, The Body Shop, British Home Stores, Rolls-Royce, British Leyland.

Just how many "invisibles" enrich British coffers we leave to your imagination. They are worth many times more than those goods sold here. Even more valuable and worth more thought is the extent of British investments here.

The investments and the trade are worth retaining; they are worth protecting. Just think of all the lost ground and the vanished opportunities in those lands once coloured red on the atlases and collectively known as the British Empire. Today the British are fighting to get back in.

Here in Hongkong the links are strong; the goodwill tremendous. But they have to be protected. The way to do this is to ensure that the skills, talents, brains and manpower stay on in Hongkong. The brain drain must be staunched. You, gentlemen, are in a position to do something about this. By taking this message home and putting it bluntly to the government of Mrs Margaret Thatcher: Hongkong people will stay and will keep this place going for a good many more years if given good reason to feel secure.

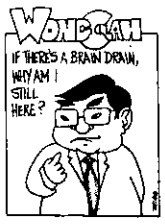
With security they will be giving their all; for themselves and their children. Ultimately, that is in Britain's best interests.

Ponder one other point: the people who are migrating or looking for a way out are the very ones who have built up their links with Britain through education, business and cultural contacts.

If and when they go, those ties will be that much weakened. A new crop of bureaucratic and business leaders or decision-makers will have less compunction about switching to Tokyo, Seoul or other capital cities for trade and investment links.

So, gentlemen, as you listen to the voices of Hongkong during your short stay here, we urge you to think British. And to think of those wide-ranging British interests here.

TOMORROW:
FORWARD WITH HONGKONG.




## Lee set to make plea on exodus

By Karl Ho

THE emigration problem is senior Legislative Councillor Mr Allen Lee's main concern and he intends spelling it out to the House of Commons' Foreign Affairs Select Committee this week.

The eight-member committee arrives this afternoon to study the implementation of the Joint Declaration.

Mr Lee is one of seven councillors to address the committee independent of the council.

He will make his submission on Friday.

He revealed this after yesterday's inauguration of the new office of Legislative Councillor Mr Michael Cheng at Tze Wan Shan.

Hongkong people's low confidence in the future government and the poor public response to the latest consultation on the Basic Law draft were also serious problems, he said.

But he noted that some 45,000 people had left the territory last year and about the same number were expected to leave this year.

"It is very important for the committee to understand what the Hongkong people are thinking at the moment with regards to their future," Mr Lee said, adding that he expected the committee would learn about the problem first hand during its visit.

Even though the committee does not have real power, he is confident it could influence the British government during the process of making policy decisions, he said.

Other issues such as the Vietnamese boat people and the nationality problems would be raised by his council colleagues, he said.

■ Right of entry to UK tops agenda Page 2
■ Britain's lack of interest in the future of HK Page 11

## Drunken donkey has gone to pot

HAVANA: Pancho, a 30-year-old donkey who puts away 30 bottles of beer a day, has been ordered to cut down his drinking by veterinarians who say he has a liver problem.

They say Pancho must stop entertaining customers by drinking beer in a bar overlooking the Mayabe Valley in eastern Cuba.

Pancho must be put out to pasture, but he's not going on the wagon.

Aware that withdrawal might be bad, Pancho is being allowed 10 bottles a day.

Pancho began boozing 15 years ago when a patron gave him a bottle of beer and he delighted customers by braying for more.

They have been standing him drinks ever since.

## FA Cup in doubt after horror at Hillsborough

From Antony Cheesewright in London and agencies

THERE were calls last night for the FA Cup to be abandoned as the death toll from Saturday's semi-final disaster rose to 108.

Liverpool MP David Alton said: "With so many dead I cannot see how this match can be replayed in the immediate future."

Football Association chairman Mr Bert Millichip promised a quick decision on whether to scrap this year's competition.

The police decision to open an exit gate four minutes into the game at Sheffield's Hillsborough stadium and allow in hundreds of supporters was blamed for the disaster by much of the British press yesterday.

South Yorkshire's Chief Constable, Mr Peter Wright, facing a barrage of questions about how the Liverpool – Nottingham Forest match turned into another footballing nightmare accepted responsibility for allowing a surge of Liverpool supporters into the ground, but not for the crush that then occurred inside.

"The gate was opened at police direction," he said. "I am not aware of any connection between the opening of the gate and the surge on the terrace."

But Sheffield Council leader Mr Clive Betts, who is calling for a full investigation, spoke of "a serious lapse in crowd control".

The response to Britain's worst-ever sporting disaster has been swift.

An appeal was launched yesterday for families of the victims, and Mr Millichip pledged an immediate £250,000 from his association.

Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher, who inspected the stadium yesterday announced that the government was giving £500,000 to the fund.

She said a public inquiry would look into all the aspects of the tragedy.

Home Secretary Mr Douglas Hurd, who accompanied her, will make a statement to Parliament.

The carnage left 200 injured. Seventy are still in hospital, 18 in intensive care. Most of the dead and injured are teenagers.

Half of the victims have now been identified, and as Sheffield woke to mourn those who perished the grim process of sorting out the dead continued.

At midnight, long after the crowds had gone, a helicopter brought Sports Minister Mr Colin Moynihan to the scene of the disaster.

He said: "It was appalling. Our hearts and minds go out to all the bereaved."

Even at that witching hour one or two Liverpool supporters remained, still too shocked by what they had seen and suffered to get up and go home.

Mr Moynihan emphasised that the horror had nothing to do with hooliganism.

On her inspection, Mrs Thatcher climbed the concrete terraces, covered with flowers, and went through the tunnel to the fateful door which police opened on Saturday.

She said: "It is a disaster of enormous proportions, coming on top of many precautions which have already been taken and which clearly have not been enough."

At a requiem mass held in the city's Church of St Mary's, Father John Ryan asked the congregation to pray for the casualties and their families.

Even those who never went to football matches must have felt utter and complete "devastation" at such "carnage", he said.

The Queen expressed her shock and sympathy while telegrams were received throughout yesterday from world leaders, among them President George Bush and King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia of Spain.

Pope John Paul II expressed his sorrow saying he was "profoundly grieved" by the deaths.

■ Continued Page 8.

■ Policemen's helmets lost in frantic rescue efforts are collected in a pile as clearing up begins at Hillsborough.

INSIDE:
■ Bradford, Heysel and now Hillsborough... soccer is no longer just a game
■ Soccer's tragic moments recalled
See BRITAIN TODAY

## Premadasa accepts Tigers' peace offer

COLOMBO: Sri Lankan President Ranasinghe Premadasa yesterday responded to a militant Tamil offer to talk peace by asking their main political leader to send representatives to meet him.

Mr Evans Cooray, press secretary at the presidential secretariat, said a message has been conveyed to Mr Anton Balasingham, political leader of the Tamil Tigers, asking him to nominate a person for talks.

Mr Cooray said the message signed by Mr K H A Wijayadasa, secretary to the president, addressed to Mr Balasingham read:

"Your message to have a dialogue with the president of Sri Lanka is very much appreciated. He has instructed me to request you to nominate accredited representatives to discuss necessary arrangements to facilitate the dialogue anywhere in Sri Lanka."

The Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, the dominant separatist group fighting for a separate Tamil state, on Saturday agreed to talks with Mr Premadasa.

The Tigers in a statement to the president, said: "We wish to inform you that we are prepared to accept your open invitation to talk to us. We hope you will make the necessary arrangements to facilitate a dialogue."

The rebel group made no conditions to start talks.

Its message was conveyed to Mr Premadasa at midnight on Saturday at Ambanpola in the north-central province by a special emissary.

Informed sources said the emissary was escorted by security officers from Colombo to meet the president, who is touring north-central areas.

The peace efforts came amid continued violence which left at least 79 people dead since Thursday.

The Tigers yesterday claimed responsibility for the ambush of 21 Sinhalese soldiers and a car bomb explosion in Jaffna on Saturday.

Meanwhile, the presidential secretariat said India has decided to withdraw 7,000 Indian troops from the island.

– Reuter, AP, AFP

## Policy to keep commuters on rails not buses

By Jessie Yim

A FREE-FOR-ALL in transport will not be allowed in the years up to 2001 because planners believe it would cause chaos.

Government policies will instead push people towards trains and discourage further growth in private cars and taxis.

Despite opposition from New Territories commuters who feel their choice is being restricted and they are being forced on to expensive or overcrowded trains, the planners intend to discourage bus rivals from running parallel services.

The new second Comprehensive Transport Study (CTS-II) has confirmed plans to go ahead with a controversial policy for coordinating different types of public transport.

The policy was put down in black-and-white three years ago and endorsed by the influential Transport Advisory Committee.

The CTS-II reaffirmed the policy's merits as a means to encourage people to use public transport and thus reduce the need for private cars.

The policy, however, has come under fire for protecting rail systems and thereby limiting public choices of transport.

The harshest criticism comes from New Territories residents for the policy's guidelines that restrict franchised public buses from the New Territories from going south of Sham Shui Po or Tai Kok Tsui.

The officials' rationale is that people can get off buses at Sham Shui Po or Tai Kok Tsui, then change to the MTR.

The guidelines also rule that franchised bus companies should not operate parallel to railways.

But people find it inconvenient to change trains and are demanding express bus routes be allowed between the New Territories and the urban areas.

Following confirmation of the CTS-II, the two railways will continue as main carriers, supplemented by other modes.

The CTS-II teams feel the coordination policy is needed to maintain a balanced transport network and avoid waste of resources.

Other modes of public transport will have to play a complementary role to avoid any duplication of service or "wasteful" competition.

But the CTS-II urges the policy should continue to be applied with flexibility.

This is vital when the railways are unable to meet demand and there is serious overcrowding.

The CTS-II predicts the number of public transport passengers will continue to rise significantly despite more people owning cars.

In 1986, the total number of journeys on public transport was 9.4 million a day, expected to hit 13 million by 2001, up by 38 percent.

In view of soaring demand, CTS-II suggests a tight restriction on taxis which are being called a "personalised" form of public transport.

At present, franchised buses are the largest transport carrier.

However, CTS-II predicts people will tend to shift to rail, so the number of rail passengers is expected to more than double from the present two million a day to 4.4 million a day by 2001.

■ Transport policy at crossroads – Page 4

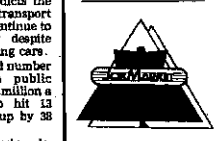
INSIDE TODAY

**Harrods**
London's famous department store used to boast that it would sell anything a customer wanted, including an elephant. But what Harrods didn't count on was a financial circus regarding its ownership.
Page 12

**Fashion**
Summer is just around the corner and it's a season of romance, as far as fashion is concerned. Styles return to the '50s with soft, feminine and flowing the key words.
Page 16

**Business**
The Hongkong branch of Citibank NA is to become the first major bank in the territory to charge a nominal amount on customers' deposits falling below a certain amount.
Business

**Property**
Real estate insiders predict a bullish market for North Point once redevelopment work there is completed.
Property

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WEATHER: 19°C — 22°C. Cloudy. Details on Page 19

## Hu family press party for a proper place in history

By Yau Shing-mu and agencies

WHILE intellectuals and students heap praise on former Communist Party General Secretary Hu Yaobang, the country is awaiting the party's final verdict on the man considered its most liberal leader.

Mr Hu's eldest son, Mr Hu Deping, has asked party chief Mr Zhao Ziyang for an official appraisal of Mr Hu's "resignation" while under fire from conservatives in 1987.

Mr Hu's family want the party to issue a formal statement on its view of Mr Hu so he can take his proper place in official Chinese history.

"This is a wish of our family," said Mr Hu, an official with the party's United Front Work Department.

Mr Hu, who served as general secretary for 4½ years until his forced resignation in January 1987, died of a heart attack on Saturday aged 73.

His death has been met with an outpouring of grief from intellectuals and young Chinese. Mr Hu's strongest constituencies.

Their grief is mixed with dissatisfaction with the government and its policies. Mr Hu is seen as a key supporter of liberalisation and his downfall is regarded as an injustice for which conservative party members are to blame.

A big-character poster on one college campus demanded "public clarification" of his role. Asked to explain Mr Hu's errors, a propaganda department official said that only history would be able to judge.

But he said the *People's Daily*, the Communist Party newspaper, would publish an official statement on Mr Hu on the day of his funeral, probably this weekend.

All major newspapers yesterday carried the obituary on Mr Hu's death issued by the Central Committee, accompanied by a photo framed in black.

The obituary excluded criticism aimed at him in 1986 when he was blamed for the spread of "bourgeois liberalism", the campaign of student unrest which brought about his resignation.

Official sources said Mr Hu's funeral service would be held at the Great Hall of the People. Its scale would be on a par with the late Marshal Ye Jianying, the most extensive since the funeral of former party chairman Mao Zedong in 1976.

Students at Beijing University said they would hold their own memorial service on the weekend.

Up to last night, students from several colleges had laid nine wreathes at the Monument to the People's Heroes in Tiananmen Square, under the watchful eyes of police.

On the Beijing University campus, hundreds of posters were put up lamenting Mr Hu's passing and criticising the government.

Witnesses said some posters were torn down, including one satirising an aged Deng Xiaoping, China's paramount leader, and others urging "Down with autocratic rule" and calling for direct elections.

Students said posters praising Mr Hu and indirectly criticising his opponents were put up at Qinghua University and the People's University.

■ Continued Page 5

■ A university student lays a wreath in honour of Hu Yaobang as police take note.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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第14882期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


## 江苏实行市长环保目标责任制

### 南京86家企业向市政府立下“军令状”

新华社南京4月17日电 南京市86家工业企业的法人代表最近在《企业环境保护目标责任书》上签字，就环境问题向市政府立下了“军令状”。

南京市的这一行动，是江苏在全省范围内推行环境保护负责制的前奏。省政府不久前作出决定，今年上半年，各市市长将与省长签定环境保护目标责任状，把保护环境列为考核市长政绩的重要内容。

市长环境保护目标责任状包括：环境质量目标，即总体环境质量要达到的水平，如大气总悬浮微粒年、日平均值，饮用水源水质和主要河流水质标准等；环境治理目标，即全市万元产值废水排放量，工业废水处理率，固体废弃物综合利用率，主要污染物削减量等；环境目标管理，即环境治理项目的建设，环境保护目标的执行率等等。责任状还订立年度环境保护目标，以利于逐年考核。

为了确保市长环境保护责任制的建立和实施，一些市政府先着手同主要工业企业签订责任书。南京市政府在对86家企业进行全面环保监测后，由市环保局、经委、财政局共同制定了环境保护目标责任制试行办法，首先在这86家企业推行了环境保护目标责任制。

## 全国个人收入调节税征收数额大幅度增长

### 国家税务局要求消灭「三个空白点」

本报讯 全国今年一季度征收的个人收入调节税已达5608万元，比去年同期增长近1.5倍。但是实现收入同实有税源和任务要求进度相比，仍有不小的差距。国家税务局要求各地继续抓好征管工作，采取有效措施，做到应收尽收。

目前看，各省市征收情况极不平衡。好的省市如贵州、云南、吉林以及海岸石油税务局已完成全年征收任务的40%以上，辽宁、广西、新疆、广东、北京已完成全年任务的25%以上，差的省市如海南、陕西、河南、内蒙古、甘肃、青海则最多完成了6%。对此，国家税务局认为有必要消灭三个空白点，即：

一消灭应税项目的空白点。据调查，目前承包转包收入项目是应税项目中税源最广、税额最大的。

二消灭地区空白点。

三消灭代扣代缴及自行申报纳税的空白点。

国家税务局要求进一步抓好个人应税收入申报试点工作。通过申报试点，完善征管办法，健全代扣代缴税款制度，发动群众举报，组织和加强协税护税网络，减少或杜绝偷漏税。

（晨亚和）

## 赵紫阳在座谈会上强调

# 加强教育事业提高教育位置 必须解决领导干部认识问题

新华社北京4月17日电 中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天在这里说，加强教育事业，有许多实事需要办，首先必须解决好各级领导干部对发展教育事业重要性、紧迫性的认识问题。

在中共中央举行的各民主党派负责人和无党派人士座谈会上，赵紫阳说，今年3月23日，邓小平同志在同外宾的谈话中说到，“最大的失误是在教育方面，政治思想工作薄弱，教育发展不够。”中共中央政治局常委和政治局都赞成小平同志这一谈话精神。小平同志讲的，既包括学校教育，也包括思想政治工作。艰苦奋斗精神的教育，爱国主义、集体主义、社会主义的教育，以及整个精神文明建设，是关系到提高民族素质、增强民族凝聚力的大事，是关系国家前途的大事。关于这方面的工作，中央已经作了一些部署，并且还将根据小平同志谈话精神进一步研究、加强。

赵紫阳说，小平同志对教育工作一直很重视，多次加以强调，并且抓得很紧。中共十二大把教育列为战略重点之一，1985年中共中央作了教育体制改革的决定，十三大又提出把发展科学技术和教育事业放在经济和社会发展战略的首要位置。这些年来，教育事业也有发展和进步。但是，总的来看，教育事业的现实状况与小平同志的要求和中央这些决定的精神相比，与各民主党派和人民群众的期望相比，与四化建设的需要相比，有很大的差距，教育工作中的许多问题相当严重，确实到了再不认真、系统地加以解决不行的时候了。

赵紫阳强调，政治局常委认为，干部在思想上真正重视了，发展教育的办法、措施才会有，而且肯定会有很多办法。一些教育办得好的地方的经验已经证明了这一点。现在普遍反映教育经费不足，各级财政十分困难也是事实。在这种情况下，教育事业要不要加强，如何加强，这就不能不取决于对教育事业究竟重视到什么程度，究竟把教育摆到什么位置上。所以最近政治局常委会提出，要调整四化建设的布局，提高教育在整个四化建设布局中的位置。

——◁●▷——

全国政协副主席方毅、谷牧、杨静仁、赵朴初、屈武、孙晓村、程思远、司马义·艾买提；

各民主党派、工商联及无党派人士郑洪国、贾亦斌、彭清源、李峨瑞、何鲁丽、高天、叶笃义、罗涵先、马大猷、冯之浚、李文宜、万国权、冯仲云、黄大能、白大华、冯克煦、陈舜礼、詹庄若、陈难先、陈益群、方荣欣、田光涛、姚峻、陆棨祥、王宋大、孙承佩、徐采栋、蔡子民、林盛中、吴克泰、陈仲嗣、潘渊静、孙孚凌、马仪、黄源尘、经叔平、胡定一；

全国人大、全国政协教科文卫委员会有关人员许嘉璐、王艮仲、叶君健、白寿彝、杨宪益、成恩元、刘公诚、柏际尚、汤德全、阳含熙、陈能宽、洪朝生、翁文灏、蒋丽金、程裕淇、戴传曾、田家久、孙柏秋、宋鸿钊、宋儒耀、陈木森、沈其震；

有关知识分子代表陈云英、黄方毅、梁从诫、郑大中、黄式宪、曹大为、陈兆纲、文喆、傅敏、邵道生、谢小庆、薛明伦、孙立平、朱尔雅、朱家纯、沈承我、蔡义江、高景雄、杜锡钰、张芝联、邹治邦、卢乐山、王之泰、朱绍文、陈天杰、霍懋征、赵光华、冯远程、张光英、何广铭、袁影辉、郝守本、赵仲国、金开诚、吴蕙馨、刘曼儿、涂序彦；

民族、宗教界人士杨静康、安太库、任世琦、邓敏文、克由木、郑志鹏、李金池、傅铁山、安士伟、周绍良、张遇航；

有关方面负责人王厚德、宋德福、韩学智、徐兆麟、李宝恒、刘剑青、庄炎林、张楚琨、曹志、朱作霖、何东昌、魏蕴、邹时炎、万绍芬、武连元、宋玺、张百作、江平、平杰三、李贵、刘小萍、张蒙纳、李佐民等。

下图：4月17日，赵紫阳总书记在座谈会开始时，提议为胡耀邦同志默哀。自左至右：姚依林、乔石、赵紫阳、李鹏、胡启立。

新华社记者 李 平摄

## 商讨教育发展和改革大计

### 中共中央召开民主党派和无党派人士座谈会

雷洁琼 孙起孟 周谷城 丁石孙 陈明绍 先后发表意见

赵紫阳主持并讲话 李鹏 乔石 胡启立 姚依林 等出席

新华社北京4月17日电 中共中央今天上午在人民大会堂召开各民主党派和无党派人士座谈会，征求对《中共中央关于教育发展和改革若干问题的决定（草案）》的意见。

赵紫阳、李鹏、乔石、胡启立、姚依林、李铁映、宋平、丙吉文、阎明复、温家宝等同志出席座谈会，听取了大家的意见。

座谈会开始时，主持会议的赵紫阳总书记提议与会人士肃立默哀，对胡耀邦同志的逝世表示深切哀悼。

赵紫阳说，今天，中共中央邀请各民主党派负责同志和有关人士进行座谈，就是要听取大家对《中共中央关于教育发展和改革若干问题的决定（草案）》的意见，希望同志们本着肝胆相照的精神，畅所欲言，共同把这个文件修改好。

赵紫阳说，各民主党派一直非常关心、重视中国的教育事业。特别是近年来，大家一再呼吁，为发展教育提出了许多重要的意见和建议。这些意见对中共中央有很大的影响和促进。我觉得，在发展我国教育事业这个问题上，中共和民主党派切磋琢磨、真诚对话，很好地体现了共产党领导的多党合作的精神。

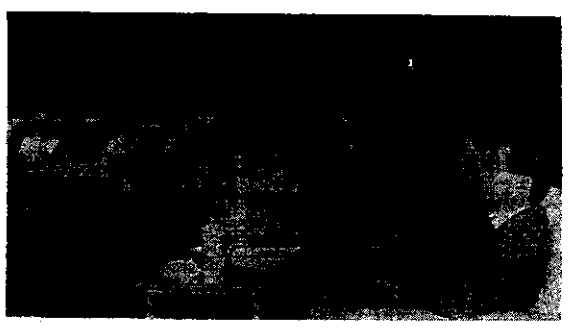
赵紫阳向大家介绍了《决定（草案）》形成的过程。他说，文件起草过程中，中央政治局常委讨论过两次，国务院讨论过三次。文件中大量吸取了民主党派和无党派人士关于教育问题的宝贵意见。4月8日，中共中央政治局召开第十七次全体会议对《决定（草案）》进行了讨论。决定对这个文件进一步征求意见。现在大家看到的，就是这次政治局会议讨论后又作过一些修改的文件。

赵紫阳说，我们相信，只要全国、全社会都来重视教育，下决心采取强有力的措施，我国的教育事业是大有希望的。《决定（草案）》表达了这样一个决心和信心，也提出了发展和改革教育的一些重大措施。这些认识和措施行不行，需要进行哪些删除、修正和补充，请同志们提出意见。民主党派和一些无党派人士对教育事业不但热心，而且内行，今天到会的有许多是教育专家，不少同志对我国教育事业的状况作过深入的调查研究，是有真知灼见的。希望大家不吝赐教，把这个文件修改好，为我国教育事业的发展和中华民族的振兴作出新的贡献。

座谈会上，民进中央主席雷洁琼、民建中央主席孙起孟、农工民主党中央名誉主席周谷城、民盟中央副主席丁石孙、九三学社中央副主席陈明绍先后发言，就提高全民对教育重要性的认识，加强思想政治工作，加强基础教育、职业教育，切实解决教育经费、提高教师待遇等问题，发表了意见。

座谈会从明天开始进行分组讨论。

出席座谈会的有：全国人大常委会副委员长习仲勋、彭冲、朱学范、严济慈、荣毅仁；



## 台北青年体操队抵京

### 参加亚洲青年体操锦标赛 海峡两岸体育交流揭开序幕

本报北京4月17日讯 记者郝鲁报道：今天下午，海峡两岸体育交流揭开了新的一页。中国台北青年体操队跨越了40年的阻隔，来到北京，和大陆同胞欢聚一堂。

由27名运动员、教练、裁判和体育官员组成的这支运动队是前来参加第4届亚洲青年体操锦标赛的。团长为中国台北奥委会副秘书长詹蒸德，领队是中国台北体操协会理事长、台北奥委会委员庄秀石。他们均持台胞证入境。

中国奥委会副秘书长屠铭德、中国体操协会秘书长冯翼柏等到机场迎接。



左图：4月十七日，中共中央召开座谈会，征求对中共中央关于教育发展和改革若干问题的决定（草案）的意见。

新华社记者 汤孟辉摄

## 税务系统提倡为政清廉

### 去年拒贿金额约为数百万元 查出违法违纪金额千余万元

本报讯 记者刘曾报道：在过去的一年里，全国税务系统涌现出了一大批先进集体和个人。据对北京、河北、山西、辽宁等24个省市的不完全统计，去年税务干部拒贿金额达437万余元。各地税务机关充分发挥监察作用，严肃查处了一批违法违纪人员，查出违法违纪金额1000多万元。这是国家税务局副局长牛立成在4月17日武汉召开的全国税务系统政治工作会议上提到的。

他说，去年在治紫慑根、企业欠税、银行占压税款、出口退税大量增加的严峻形势下，广大税务干部克服重重困难，取得了超收42亿元的可喜成绩，这和税务系统加强廉政建设，保持税令畅通是分不开的。

1988年，税务系统摸索出了廉政建设“一靠教育，二靠制度，三靠纪律”的可行之路。

据悉，目前全国税务干部已有80万人。

## 民建中央名誉主席、著名爱国民主人士

# 胡厥文同志逝世

新华社北京4月17日电 第六届全国人民代表大会常务委员会副委员长、中国民主建国会中央委员会名誉主席、中华职业教育社理事长、著名爱国民主人士胡厥文同志，因病于1989年4月16日23时57分在北京逝世，终年94岁。

胡厥文同志是上海市嘉定县人。1916年毕业于北京高等工业学校。他先后创办新民机器厂、合作五金公司、黄海电灯公司、长城机制砖瓦公司等企业，任厂长、总经理职务；并任上海机器业同业工会主任委员、上海市棉布市场理事长。“八一三”淞沪抗战后，为保存民族工业，支援抗战，胡厥文同志组织江浙沪宁受国民族工业家内迁，任中南区工业协会理事长、迁川工厂联合会理事长。1945年他与黄炎培等发起成立了民主建国会，团结爱国民族工商业家和所联系的知识界人士，积极投入爱国民主运动，为民族工业的发展，为民族解放和新民主主义革命事业作出了重要贡献。

1949年9月，胡厥文同志以民主建国会代表身份出席中国人民政治协商会议第一届全体会议，参加了建立中华人民共和国的筹备工作。新中国成立后，胡厥文同志积极推动上海工商界为恢复生产发展经济努力工作，率先在自己的企业实行公私合营，带动工商界同仁积极配合国家的社会主义改造事业。长期以来，胡厥文同志积极参加国家大政方针的协商和决策，参加国家事务的管理工作，为改革开放，为爱国统一战线的巩固和扩大，为坚持和完善共产党领导的多党合作制度，为社会主义建设事业，作出了重大贡献。

胡厥文同志曾任上海市政协副主席、副市长，第一届全国人大代表，第二、三届全国人大常委会委员，第四、五、六届全国人大常委会副委员长。第一、二、三、四届政协全国委员会委员，第五届政协全国委员会常务委员。

胡厥文同志病重期间，乔石、胡启立、阎明复、孙起孟、王光英、孙晓村等同志曾前往医院看望。

## 四川巴塘余震不断

### 省慰问团昨赶赴灾区

本报成都4月17日电 记者罗茂城报道：四川巴塘地震余震不断，到今天16时为止，共发生余震1874次，最大的4.4级，死7人，伤37人，受严重破坏、倒塌的房屋700余幢，以副省长罗通达为团长的慰问团今晨已出发。国家地震局专家组今天也驱车赶赴震区。

从成都至巴塘近900公里，沿途崇山峻岭，平均海拔3500米左右，道路难行。昨晚靠近巴塘的理塘县一带下大雪，曾使电话中断4、5个小时。汽车行驶困难，需上防滑链条。竹巴笼金沙江大桥仍未通车，一江之隔的西藏自治区芒康县的震情还不清楚。

## 全世界有近十亿文盲

### 联合国确定一九九〇年为国际扫盲年

新华社内罗毕4月16日电 据刚刚在肯尼亚闭幕的国际文盲问题特别工作会议的报告说，目前，全世界成年人中文盲估计已近10亿，其中98%生活在发展中国家，妇女中的文盲尤为突出。

在15日举行的会议闭幕式上，肯尼亚文化和社会服务部长保罗·恩盖强调指出，扫盲必须要依靠国际合作。他希望1990年成为全球扫除文盲10年行动计划的良好开端。

联合国已将1990年确定为国际扫盲年。

来自35个国家和30个国际组织的代表出席了这次会议。

## 台开放教职员工赴大陆探亲

新华社台湾4月17日电 台北消息，台湾“行政院大陆工作公报”今天通过“现阶段公立学校教职员工赴大陆探亲申请作业规定”，正式允许“各级公立学校教师、职员、工友可利用寒暑假赴大陆探亲。”

但规定具有“现役军人或现职警察人员、军警院校的教师、职员或工友、大专院校校长、独立学院院长以及受政府机关委托从事有关‘国防’机密研究的人员”不得赴大陆探亲。

可以赴大陆探亲的人员包括公立学校的教职员工，也包括公立学术研究机构员工、“中央”研究院及台湾“教育部”主管的中医研究所。

这项“规定”将“尽速”由“行政院长”核定后交“教育部”拟定实施要点并公布实施。

## 如何评价中国现代艺术？

### 今日六版刊载长篇座谈纪要

本报讯 不久前，“油画人体艺术大展”和“中国现代艺术展”相继在北京中国美术馆举行，引起了强烈反响和众说纷纭。在本报文艺部邀集的座谈会上，部分美术、文学理论工作者既肯定中国现代艺术是开放时期不可避免的一种艺术现象，又指出它暴露出的一些问题。今日六版刊载了长篇座谈纪要。

## 要有多党合作观念

杵 怀

“两会”期间听广播，一位政协委员说。某企业有个工人要参加民革，这个企业的领导大惑不解，问：“你怎么要参加国民党？”

这样的例子也许是个别的，但不能看作一则笑话。在共产党员包括各级干部中，有多少人确立了多党合作观念？难说。仅就用语来说，我们经常把民主党派人士称作“非党人士”、“党外人士”。如果是在共产党的会议上或只有共产党员的场合，这样讲尚无不可。问题是在报刊上，在领导干部向群众所作的报告中都这么讲。甚至提到在政府部门担任领导职务的民主党派人士，也说是“党外民主人士”。堂客都一位副部长，不就是这样被人称谓的吗？

最近《人民政协报》报道，上海的特稿建介对民主党派成员、无党派民主人士的习惯称谓作了改动，把“党外人士”、“非党干部”称作“非中共人士”、“非中共干部”。这种改动得到了统战部门的认可。我以为，改得好！当然，如果具体说到某个民主党派人士，那就应当说“××党人士”、“××党同志”。这不是咬文嚼字，而是体现我国多党存在的现实，体现共产党和各民主党派之间的平等关系。

进行政治体制改革的一项重要内容，是坚持和完善共产党领导下的多党合作制度。共产党员既要有执政党意识，懂得坚持党的正确领导、发挥党员先锋模范作用的重要，又要有多党合作观念。这后一点，对许多人是新课题，要通过宣传教育，甚至要做些启蒙工作，比如中国有几个民主党派，各有什么特点，民革和国民党有何不同等等。改变一些习以为常但不准确、不严密的说法，也是很有必要的。

今日谈

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# 北京隆重悼念胡耀邦 大悼追行舉末周定

## 香港新華社同日設靈堂接待各界弔唁

【本報北京十七日專電】追思悼念胡耀邦的活動今天繼續在全國各地舉行，中央決定本月二十二日舉行隆重追悼大會。

中央除安排在胡耀邦離所設立靈堂供各界人士前往弔唁外，並同意舉行首都各界群眾的悼念活動。首都參與者預計數百萬人。

據悉，中共中央隆重舉行的追悼大會定在本月二十二日，屆時將由中央電視台和電台進行現場直播。

【香港中通社北京十七日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽在為胡耀邦治喪過程中頻注熱情與愛心，使胡耀邦的遺屬感到溫暖。趙紫陽說，耀邦同志的喪事要隆重舉行。

【新華社香港十七日電】為悼念久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士、偉大的無產階級革命家、中國人民解放軍傑出的政治工作者、長期擔任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人胡耀邦同志逝世，新華社香港分社將於北京舉行胡耀邦同志追悼大會的同日，在該分社大廈（皇后大道東三八號）設置靈堂，舉行悼念儀式，接待中國駐港機構和各界同胞前往悼念，時間由上午十時至下午四時。據悉，該日新華社香港分社、中國銀行香港分行、華潤（集團）有限公司等機構將下半旗誌哀。

胡耀邦同志逝世，我們痛為悲痛。

驚悉胡耀邦同志逝世，我們痛為悲痛。胡耀邦同志是偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家、長期擔任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人。他的一生，是為人民忠誠服務的一生，是光輝的一生。半個多世紀以來，他為中國人民的革命和建設事業不可磨滅的功績，為推進現代化建設和改革做出了重大的貢獻，胡耀邦同志生前十分關心祖國的統一大業，關注香港的繁榮穩定，並為此做了大量的工作。胡耀邦同志的逝世，是中國共產黨和中國人民的巨大損失。我們哀悼胡耀邦同志的逝世，一定要化悲痛為力量，學習他的獻身精神，優良作風和高貴品德，與香港各界人士一道，為香港的穩定繁榮，為祖國的統一富強，作出堅持不懈的努力。

胡耀邦同志的光輝形象，將永遠留在我們心中。胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！

新華社香港分社
一九八九年四月十七日

中國共產黨中央委員會、全國人大常委會、國務院、中央軍事委員會、中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會發出唁電，對胡耀邦同志的逝世表示深切哀悼。唁電全文如下：

中國共產黨中央委員會
全國人大常委會
國務院
中央軍事委員會
中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會

我們驚悉胡耀邦同志逝世，不勝悲痛。

胡耀邦同志是偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家、長期擔任黨的重要領導職務的卓越領導人。他的一生，是為人民忠誠服務的一生，是光輝的一生。半個多世紀以來，他為中國人民的革命和建設事業不可磨滅的功績，為推進現代化建設和改革做出了重大的貢獻。胡耀邦同志生前十分關心祖國的統一大業，關注香港的繁榮穩定，並為此做了大量的工作。胡耀邦同志的逝世，是中國共產黨和中國人民的巨大損失。我們哀悼胡耀邦同志的逝世，一定要化悲痛為力量，學習他的獻身精神，優良作風和高貴品德，與香港各界人士一道，為香港的穩定繁榮，為祖國的統一富強，作出堅持不懈的努力。

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中國共產黨中央委員會
全國人大常委會
國務院
中央軍事委員會
中國人民政治協商會議全國委員會
一九八九年四月十七日

# 啊，北京，路途並不太遠

# 台灣體操隊昨抵京 兩岸交流開創新猷

## 詹德基一行廿四人受熱烈歡迎

台灣的體操健將帶著笑容步出到來北京機場。

（真傳真北京本報記者記錄特稿）

【本報記者詹少武北京十七日專電】首次獲得台灣當局批准以「中華台北體操隊」名義來大陸比賽的台灣體操隊，今天下午乘中國民航班機由香港抵達北京，受到中國奧委會和中國體操協會的熱烈歡迎。

由中華台北奧委會副秘書長詹德基任團長、中華台北體操協會理事長莊秀石為領隊的中華台北體操隊一行二十四人，今天上午由台北乘機飛往香港，一小時後轉乘中國民航一〇二次航班抵達北京首都機場。

在機場的衛星廳內，他們受到中國奧委會、中國體操協會和本屆亞洲青年錦標賽組織委員會官員的熱烈歡迎。

十五位身穿白色隊服的年輕運動員，在一旁的幾十位大陸、香港、台灣記者和台灣的詹德基等熱烈歡迎。

台灣體育界人士邀請香港長跑健將來自台灣的詹德基等熱烈歡迎。

月初曾赴香港與迷商的中國奧委會副秘書長屠銘德來自台灣的詹德基等熱烈歡迎。

隨體操隊同機來京的十多位台灣記者迎上前去，圍住詹德基等不住發問。

候詹德基說：一路上很辛苦吧？詹德基回答說，還可以，路途並不太遠。

這一段漫漫平常的對話，道出了一個存在了多年的事實，即隔海相望的骨肉同胞因人為因素而近在咫尺卻似天各一方。今天當阻擋在道路上的障礙被撤銷以後，人們又終於發現相會的路途並不太長。

## 台北健兒當晚操練 將遊長城觀賞熊貓

第一次到大陸來一他對能來大陸感到很興奮，他表示，這次

的歡迎很熱烈。他說，很高興中華台北體操隊能到這裏來參加一九八九年亞洲青年體操錦標賽。事先，雙方奧委會經過協調，

台灣當局批准台灣體操隊以「中華台北體操隊」名義來大陸比賽的規定，「港九電影戲劇自由總工會會員，必須先向海九電影戲劇自由總工會股份有限公司報備」，就項「作業報備」運對申請單位和人士以及香港「自由新人」作出若干限制的規定。（另有消息見第二版）

【據新華社香港十七日電】台北消息，台灣「行政院大陸工作會報」今天通過「現階段公立學校教職員工赴大陸探親申請作業規定」，正式允許「各級公立學校教師、職員、工友可利用寒暑假赴大陸探親。」

有關台灣記者、影業人員赴大陸報備作業中還規定，「港九電影戲劇自由總工會會員，必須先向海九電影戲劇自由總工會股份有限公司報備」，就項「作業報備」運對申請單位和人士以及香港「自由新人」作出若干限制的規定。（另有消息見第二版）

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# 佈宣式正昨局當台 陸大赴可員藝者記

## 佈公待定規親探師教 請申受接起今

【本報訊】台北消息，「行政院大陸工作會報」十七日「現階段大衆傳播事業赴大陸地區採訪、拍片、製作節目報備作業規定」後，新聞局宣佈定十八日上午九時開始接受報紙、電台、電視台記者及電影從業人員到大陸採訪、拍片和製作節目的申請，「工作會報」同時通過開放學校教職員工利用寒暑假赴大陸探親規定，具體實施日期有待教育部公佈。

【工作會報】發言人邵玉銘證稱，台當局的「大陸政策由最初的人道精神考慮，其次的推廣台灣經驗，到現在的文化出擊」，「這是大陸政策新階段的開始。

更多地來我們這裏參加比賽，他透露，組委會原安排中華台北隊和官員們生活得舒服一點，使中華台北隊的年輕運動員們生活得舒服和愉快，在比賽中賽出好成績，使他們高興地生活在這裏，高興地回去。今後，最大努力把比賽辦好，將比賽、生活安排

會原安排中華台北隊和官員們生活得舒服一點，使中華台北隊的年輕運動員們生活得舒服和愉快，在比賽中賽出好成績，使他們高興地生活在這裏，高興地回去。今後，最大努力把比賽辦好，將比賽、生活安排

中國奧委會副秘書長魏紀貴表示，中國奧委會、中國體操協會和本屆比賽組委會熱歡迎台灣選手來大陸參加比賽。他說，我們將盡最大努力把比賽辦好，使中華台北隊的年輕運動員們生活得舒服和愉快，在比賽中賽出好成績，使他們高興地生活在這裏，高興地回去。今後

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HK38

# 廣州醫藥保健品進出口公司 開業四周年誌慶

廣州 GUANGZHOU

本公司及其前身經營外貿業務近三十年，享有省一級進出口經營權限。由廣州聯合製藥廠生產本公司監製出口的羊城牌、星羣牌中成藥、蟲草鷄精系列產品、藥酒和保健品、歷史悠久、暢銷海外。這些商品信譽卓著，質量均有可靠保證，已由對外經濟貿易部依法批准本公司同廣東省醫藥保健品進出口公司長期共用羊城牌、星羣牌商標。關於使用合約正在辦理中。

此外，本公司還經營醫藥原料及其中間體、中藥材、西成藥、生化藥品、生物製品、保健食品、保健服裝、保健用品、醫療器械、衞生材料、敷料、化學試劑、藥用玻璃製品、製藥機械、醫療設備等進出口業務。

在開業四周年之際，向同本公司有貿易往來的世界各地工商貿易界人士表示衷心感謝！　歡迎各界人士繼續同我公司發展貿易業務，密切合作，增進友誼。

本公司聘請廣東嶺南律師事務所律師黎學玲、李啓欣爲常年法律顧問。

公司地址：中國廣州市東風西路255號　交易會該判間：六館五樓6598
電話：343784, 343655, 343943, 343374. 343584, 346624
電傳：44276 GZMHC CN　圖文傳真：343422　電掛：5586廣州

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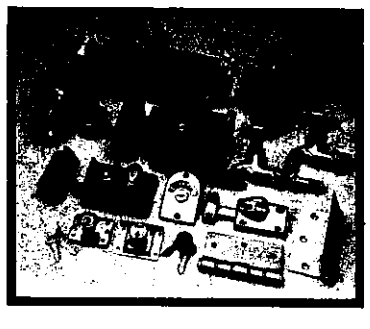

本公司經營各類建築小五金、機械及手工具，銅製品、窗紗、釘絲、各種手套、水管及橡膠製品進出口貿易，常備現貨。

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# 文匯報
WEN WEI PO
18 四月 一九八九
星期二 三月十二日 已巳
港澳每單一期零四八〇元二角 國內每份零售一元二角 航空加收一成 郵費另計

## 四十年來首次正式赴大陸
# 台北體操隊抵北京
## 團長詹德基盼兩岸健兒今後多交往

【本報記者羅北京十七日電】中華台北體操隊今天在北京時間下午四時十分抵達首都機場，這是四十年以來第一支完整大隊參加國際性比賽的台灣青年代表隊。中國奧委會副秘書長馬約翰、中國體操協會秘書長馬紹基等均到場迎接。

中華台北體操隊今天上午八時四十分從台北出發，經香港轉乘中國民航班機抵達北京，他們將與其餘八支隊伍運動員一起，參加本月廿一至廿三日舉行的亞洲青年體操錦標賽。

上百名中外記者早就守候在首都機場，爭相拍下這個歷史性的場面。

中華台北奧委會副秘書長詹德基率領體操隊來北京，希望兩岸兩岸的體育健兒以後能多交往。」

詹德基認為台灣體育水準能到大陸比賽，是由於兩岸奧委會具誠文定的結果。

中國奧委會副秘書長唐寶林親自到機場迎接，並由中國奧委會及有關方面安排，希望台北體操隊在北京生活愉快。

台北體操協會理事長莊勝吉稱，台北體操隊在廿三日結束比賽之後，廿四日起訪在北京滯留三天，廿七日取道香港回台灣。

今天抵京的台北體操代表團共二十八人，隨隊到達的還有十五名台灣記者，據悉，他們均持台胞證入境。

台北體操隊參加小村就北京首都機場後為記者連拿。（本報記者費鵬攝北京傳真）

## 趙紫陽昨向黨外人士透露
# 教育在四化建設位置
## 中共高層決定下調

## 中共邀黨外人士座談聽取對教育改革意見

【據新華社北京十七日電】中共中央今天上午在人民大會堂召開各民主黨派和無黨派人士座談會，徵求對中共中央關於教育體制和改革若干問題的決定（草案）的意見。

座談會由中共中央總書記趙紫陽主持，李鵬、喬石、胡啓立、姚依林、李瑞環、宋平、丙吉文、閻明復、錢家鳳等中共領導人出席了會議，聽取了與會者對決定草案的意見。

趙紫陽介紹說，決定草案起草過程中，中央政治局常委曾多次討論，通過兩次，國務院討論通過三次，文件中大量吸取了民主黨派和無黨派人士關於教育問題的寶貴意見。四月八日，中共中央政治局召開全體會議，對決定草案進行了討論，並決定對這個文件進一步徵求意見。

他說，今年三月二十三日，鄧小平在同外賓的談話中說到，「最大的失誤是在教育方面，政治思想工作薄弱，教育發展不夠。」中共中央政治局常委和政治局委員，都先後就教育問題，包括思想政治工作、他說，都各自從不同角度作了闡述，強調教育要為社會主義、集體主義、國家的繁榮昌盛服務，要培養有理想、有道德、有文化、有紀律的一代新人。

趙紫陽指出，教育要為現代化建設服務，要面向世界，面向未來。

## 教育改革決定草案
## 採納黨外人士意見

中央根據鄧小平有關談話已作出部署

【據新華社北京十七日電】中共中央決定，成立一個協調機構，鄧小平親任主席，負責領導教育改革工作。

這個決定是中共中央政治局常委會議和中央書記處會議，根據鄧小平有關談話的精神，並聽取了各民主黨派和無黨派人士的意見後作出的。

決定指出，教育改革的目的，是為了貫徹執行黨的教育方針，提高全民族的思想道德和科學文化水平，培養德、智、體全面發展的社會主義建設者和接班人，為我國社會主義現代化建設事業的勝利發展和改革開放的順利進行，提供必要的人才和智力的支持。

決定指出，中共中央對鄧小平的偉大思想和理論，要認真學習，全面領會，堅持不懈地貫徹執行。

決定要求，各級黨委和政府要把教育改革和發展的重要性提到議事日程上來，切實加強領導

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司

第九四八四號

夏曆三月十三定日·宜立約交易

一九八九年四月十八日·星期二

今天天氣：吹東風，多雲有雨

是日氣溫：介乎二十至廿三度之間

每份六大張 零售二元正


## 意注警起引行人路車劑機機警將司

# 楊受成中環險被綁架

# 逮就一人逃一人鳴槍匪三

（快報消息）昨晚九時許，幸其司機機警，引起逃犯警員注意，三匪見事敗乃決心逃走，並向警員鳴槍一輪，幸未命中，警方已在中環綺華街一帶展開大搜捕。

（快報消息）綜合北京十七日電：中國各地大學生悼念胡耀邦的行動，初步顯示可能會演變成要求國家領導人的學生運動。

今夜晨零時四十五分，北京大學有六千人持悼念胡耀邦的橫額，高喊要求民主口號，有秩序地進入天安門。

北京中國政法大學法律系約五至六百名師生，昨日由校園步行三小時到天安門廣場英雄紀念碑獻悼念胡耀邦的花圈，在天安門引動了近四千人圍觀，高呼口號，悼念胡耀邦。至晚上，將有三千人要求紀念碑前，高呼口號，悼念胡耀邦。

上海復旦大學逾千學生亦與北京各高呼響應。

北京大學校園亦出現悼念胡耀邦的大字報，並要求自由。

在北京，政法大學的五百至六百名學生遊行前往天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑獻悼念胡耀邦的花圈，學生沿途高呼口號，並高舉花圈及挽聯。

在天安門廣場下，大學生載歌載舞，氣氛十分熱烈。

今次遊行是去年五四運動以來最大規模的一次。政法大學一名學生說：「我們要為民主而死。」

其他大學一名學生說：「我們要為民主而流血。」

在上海，逾一千名學生周日晚從復旦大學遊行到南京路，高呼「打倒貪污」及「打倒官僚」等口號。

政法大學一名學生說，他表示：「不想該死的與世長辭，想該死的卻苟且偷生。」

北京大學一名學生說：「我們要為民主而死，不想該死的卻苟且偷生。」

在天安門所見的公安人員亦很少。有人看見公安人員從天安門用手扣扯走一名青年，打他的頭部，但目擊者說他只是扒手。

與此同時，北京至少有五間校園出現悼念胡耀邦的大字報。這些大字報主要是開展悼念活動，並要求自由、民主及改革開放。

在天安門廣場的群眾仍在世的中共領導人，並要求召開一次公開會議。

復旦大學英語教授顧準說，今次遊行相當順利，「自由」與「民主」早已打破沉默。他表示：「我覺得北大校園出現的一句口號：『不想該死的與世長辭，想該死的卻苟且偷生。』」

北京大學生胡錫奇說，這句口號：「不想該死的與世長辭，想該死的卻苟且偷生。」

北京及上海當局昨晚至今天早上沒有公布任何消息。

北京大學一名學生說：「我們要為民主而死，不想該死的與世長辭，想該死的卻苟且偷生。」

# 哀悼胡耀邦・天安門遊行

# 北京學生盛大遊行 威示大會 要求繼續政治改革

## 千人遊行交通停頓

## 學生悼胡詩歌讚頌

## 「不該死的死了，該死的却不死！」

## 台灣記者・大陸採訪・政院通過・今受申請

## 同時開放公教人員前往探親

## 台民衆赴英簽證 六月起在台辦理

## 連戰說不必再經香港申請

## 實施緊縮政策半年 大陸通脹稍見放緩

## 經濟依然不穩・成功否難肯定

## 今晨北京六千人遊行

## 趙紫陽關心胡喪事

## 兩岸雙向通話提案 台北當局優先討論

## 因應亞銀年會快將召開

## 對執行大陸政策 國民黨有四原則

## 中共中央召開座談會 徵求對教育問題意見


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# 綁架楊受成失敗 兩匪開槍轟事主

## 漢一捕拘中環 楊幸逃過大難

## 匪挾上車騎劫座駕 事主司機將車撞停 偕楊棄車飛奔逃脫

## 七六年事件以來最大規模示威 天安門爆發大遊行 夜後數千人仍聚集

## 台決准傳媒赴大陸作業 公校教職員亦可往探親

### 官方不希望設處駐員卻無明文禁止

## 兩匪截乘的士逃走 現場客貨車置紙箱 懷疑預備用來藏參

## 英外事會八委員抵港 主席說東來時機合適

### 獨立作出報告 國會有責回應

## 台記者到大陸採訪 早已直接將稿傳台 官方却不希望見此現象

## 台體操隊踏足大陸 歷史時刻寓意深長

## 中共已初步決定 追悼會周六舉行

## 出席外事會公開聆訊 兩局議員增加至十名

### 范徐麗泰等專攻船民問題

## 郭元漢曾不滿安排 外事會改變方式 三個公僕團體晤

## 楊受成資產八億 毆打韋邦案 成新聞人物

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# 香港時報

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## 今日新聞提要

一、我開放大陸傳播人員赴大陸採訪與拍影片，刊第一版。

二、大陸學生連續第三天轉移會場，胡耀邦宣道不滿，刊第一版。

三、共開外交會議負責組港，刊第十六版。

四、勞工保障機構大量裁員資遣，刊第十五版。

五、政府仍堅持不准直接投資大陸，刊第三版。

# 新聞影視界赴大陸採訪拍片 通過報備今起接受申請辦理

## 六千人凌晨由北大遊行注天安門廣場

## 平學潮蔓延南京上海 同藉悼念胡批胡中判共

【本報駐台記者方維十七日電】行政院新聞局局長邵玉銘今天宣布，新聞界赴大陸採訪拍片，報備作業即日起開始受理。

邵玉銘指出，政府的大陸政策新聞處理原則，將視在的文化出版、新聞影視

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 106 Price $3.00


## Theatre sister tells of crucial 40 minutes during operation on Mrs Boyde

Shirley Boyde

By LINDY COURSE

DOCTORS at Canossa Hospital spent 40 minutes treating Mrs Shirley Boyde for cardiac arrest after she turned blue during a minor foot operation, never suspecting that anything was wrong with the oxygen supply, an inquest heard yesterday.

Mrs Boyde died on January 17, three days after the routine operation for a fractured ankle went wrong when she was given nitrogen gas instead of oxygen.

Sister Maria Law testified that it was only after an anaesthetist in an adjacent theatre found his patient, who had also gone blue, revived after the central oxygen system was disconnected, that Mrs Boyde was put on an emergency cylinder.

Sister Law, the nursing sister in charge of operating theatres at the hospital, said Mrs Boyde's complexion returned to normal after this.

But by that time, she had been deprived of oxygen for more than 40 minutes which caused irreparable harm.

Mrs Boyde never regained consciousness and died three days later, Coroner Hugh Sinclair and a three-man jury heard.

Before the operation began at 12.30 pm, Mrs Boyde was connected to a machine which measured her blood pressure and monitored her heart. The machine could also measure the percentage of oxygen flowing through the cylinder but that part was not hooked up, the court heard.

Asked if the machine was used during most operations, Sister Law said: "Only if the anaesthetist required it."

She said Mrs Boyde was connected to a pulse oxymeter to measure oxygen in the blood, but this was the first time the anaesthetist, Dr Michael Bascombe, had used it at the hospital. Canossa Hospital had only had the equipment for a week.

Sister Law said she left the theatre for a few minutes but on her return, found the doctors trying to resuscitate Mrs Boyde who had turned blue.

At least three blood gas tests were done and the analysis showed the oxygen level was low. However, no one suggested the treatment was inadequate, she said.

A cardiologist was summoned and he continued giving her cardiac massage.

At about 1.20 pm, the nursing sister was called to the adjacent theatre where the anaesthetist said there might be something wrong with the central gas supply.

Sister Law said she connected the emergency oxygen cylinder and the patient revived.

She then did the same for Mrs Boyde, whose complexion returned to the normal pink colour.

Sister Law said she subsequently went to check the central gas supply, stored in the hospital grounds, and found the cylinder had only been connected that morning.

She said this was strange because new cylinders were put usually in reserve until the one in current use ran out. She also heard gas leaking.

Dr Bascombe tested the gas supply and found only between one and three per cent oxygen was coming through the central supply, she said.

Sister Law will continue her evidence today.

Outlining the case, Coroner's officer John McNamara said Professor Arthur Yao, assisted by Dr Julian Chang, and anaesthetist Dr Bascombe performed the operation on Mrs Boyde.

But shortly after they began, Mrs Boyde had turned blue, indicating oxygen deprivation.

The anaesthetist concluded that she had suffered a cardiac arrest and gave her what he thought was 100 per cent oxygen from the hospital's central supply, but her condition remained critical.

It was only when another anaesthetist had similar problems that they realised there was something "terribly amiss" with the central oxygen supply.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

## Students stage midnight march

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

SOME 6,000 people marched from Beijing University towards the city's Tiananmen Square early this morning, chanting pro-democracy slogans and carrying banners in remembrance of former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang.

Columns of students, who had spent the night on the campus eulogising Mr Hu and debating politics, set out on foot and bicycle from the university at 12.45 am, according to an Agence France Presse correspondent.

The march comes at the end of a day in which students staged the largest demonstration for democracy and more freedom in China since December 1986.

The first march yesterday involved only about 600 students.

However, some onlookers marched alongside and a huge crowd formed at Tiananmen Square to commemorate the death on Saturday of Mr Hu, who was forced to resign as General Secretary of the Communist Party in January 1987, following similar student demonstrations.

"We demand law! We demand democracy!" shouted the students, who appeared orderly and well-organised.

"Oppose autocracy! Oppose bureaucracy!" they cried.

The demonstration began at Xidan, near the site of the Democracy Wall that drew crowds in 1979.

The procession was led by a huge floral wreath, carried on a cart, bearing the Chinese characters: "Eternal glory to Hu Yaobang."

The marchers, many of them wearing red scarves and holding aloft the flag of the Communist Youth League, once headed by Mr Hu, made their way along Changan Avenue, one of Beijing's main thoroughfares, and paused outside the main gate of Zhongnanhai, the exclusive compound where China's top leaders live and work.

After circling Tiananmen Square, the students advanced on the Monument to the People's Heroes, where they sang the *Internationale* and laid wreaths for Mr Hu.

The wreaths were placed in the same spot where in 1976 similar tributes dedicated to former Premier Chou Enlai sparked riots of opposition to the Government then led by Mao Tse-tung and the Gang of Four.

On that occasion, security forces, fearing mass protests during the radical Cultural Revolution, quelled the rally. Many people were killed.

Yesterday, the police kept a low profile throughout, despite earlier warnings that such marches would not be tolerated.

It was not immediately known whether the students had a permit for the march, but traffic guards were clearing a path for the marchers.

A crowd of 200 students and others remained at Tiananmen Square late into the evening, debating the pros and cons of democratic reform.

"Socialism is dead and we should all agree on that," one Beijing Teachers University student declared.

"We need stability first. Democracy can only come after stability," countered a grey-haired man who said he was 60.

A report from Shanghai, received yesterday, claimed more than 1,000 students marched late on Sunday from Fudan University to Tongji University, singing odes originally written to honour Chairman Mao but substituting Mr Hu's name.

The demonstration lasted more than two hours and broke up early yesterday, said Mr Jason Hurpedo, of Portland, Oregon,

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

Reuter

Hundreds of students wave the Youth League flag and carry wreaths.

## Football clubs set to pull down security fences

LONDON: Liverpool and two other First Division football clubs last night announced plans to tear down their steel security fences, even as Home Secretary Douglas Hurd was due to outline the inquiry into the Hillsborough disaster.

The security fences have been sited as a factor in Saturday's 94 deaths, which occurred in a standing-room area jammed with Liverpool fans.

Liverpool chief executive Peter Robinson said of the fences: "We would like to have them down before our next home match. We all saw on Saturday how dangerous they could be in the event of an accident. Barriers prevent spectators escaping to safety."

Tottenham Hotspur said its fencing, which exists only at the end of the ground reserved for visiting fans, could come down in time for Saturday's game against Everton.

And Wimbledon, which discussed tearing down its fencing two months ago, said it, too, was considering quickly getting rid of the barriers.

"We were obliged to put it up two or three years ago to obtain our safety certificate, but I have always felt that unless there is an exit a fenced-in area is a trap if there is crowd trouble," Wimbledon chairman Stanley Reed said.

But the judge who investigated Britain's worst previous sports tragedy – and recommended installation of perimeter fencing – said there were no easy solutions for stopping violence and ensuring safety.

Sir Oliver Popplewell, who led a government probe into the Bradford fire disaster four years ago, in which 56 people died, said, "You can make recommendation after recommendation but at the end of the day, there is always a human element."

Sir Oliver defended his decision to recommend perimeter barriers, saying it was there to ensure segregation of fans in standing-room-only areas.

"We took the view that perimeter fences were useful in preventing hooliganism ... but we knew they posed a safety problem," he said.

"I think our recommendation was that where they were used, there should be sufficient exits to enable people to escape in an emergency."

Sir Oliver said that no matter what measures are now introduced, large crowds could always breed danger.

"I don't think you can ever come up with a formula whereby you could guarantee that no one will be hurt again," the judge said.

Associated Press

● See also Page 16


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## Tough fight against drugs

SOCIAL worker Jackie Pullinger spent years trying to convert the hardened criminals of the Kowloon Walled City to Christianity.

In the final extract from her book, *Crack in the Wall*, she tells how hard her struggle was to help the drug addicts she found there.

● Turn to Page 23

### WEATHER

Cloudy with rain.
Max temp 23 degrees.
See Page 2.

## Bush backs legalisation of Solidarity

PRESIDENT George Bush yesterday announced new economic help for Poland within hours of the Warsaw Government legalising Solidarity.

Praising Warsaw's move towards reform, he said, "We can and must answer this call to freedom".

Mr Bush travelled to the Polish-American enclave of Hamtramck in Detroit to extol the communist Government's agreement to reinstate the independent trade union movement and to hold the first free elections in Poland since 1946.

In Poland yesterday, a three-judge panel in a Warsaw provincial court handed down the decision to register Solidarity in the same room where the union led by Mr Lech Walesa had its original charter approved in November 1980.

The decision making Solidarity legal again officially ended a seven-year attempt by communist authorities to eradicate the East bloc's first independent workers' movement.

There were scenes of jubilation and emotion among the hundreds of Solidarity members and supporters who gathered for the court hearing.

"Justice has been done to Solidarity," said Mr Tadeusz Mazowiecki, a close adviser to Solidarity leader Lech Walesa.

Mr Walesa, who lives in Gdansk, was not in court. He was represented by his confessor, Father Henryk Jankowski, at the Gdansk shipyard's Saint Bridget parish.

The small crowd which managed to squeeze into the courtroom burst into spontaneous applause when the judge announced that Solidarity had been registered and began chanting "Solidarnosc" and the national anthem, making "V" for victory signs.

Mr Walesa said from his home: "I am happy that Poland is returning to the road of pluralism and democracy."

He was expected to have a summit meeting with Polish communist leader General Wojciech Jaruzelski and Cardinal Jozef Glemp, Primate of the powerful Catholic church.

The meeting would set the seal on changes that have revolutionised Polish politics in recent weeks under an historic Government-opposition deal mediated by the church.

A devout Catholic, Mr Walesa flies to Rome tomorrow to thank Polish-born Pope John Paul II for the backing he gave Solidarity during the years of repression.

In announcing a series of steps aimed at helping Poland restore its battered economy, Mr Bush warned that continued aid would depend on consistent moves by the Government towards reform.

"We will not act uncon-

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 4)

## Eastern tunnel may open in July

THE new cross harbour tunnel is expected to open for traffic on July 23 – almost seven months ahead of the schedule set by the Government.

And plans are afoot to allow thousands of pedestrians to walk through it a few days earlier to raise money for the Community Chest.

It is hoped as many as 60,000 people might walk the two kilometres of the Eastern Harbour Crossing, work on which began in August 1986 and was originally scheduled to come into operation in February next year.

Officials at the tunnel company have been trying to have it open earlier to relieve present traffic congestion at the existing Cross Harbour Tunnel.

An official spectacular opening of the $3.4 billion tunnel is expected to be held during the Prince and Princess of Wales visit to the territory in November.

But the Community Chest organisers hope the novelty of the walk below the harbour will attract big crowds.

Traffic police say they would prefer the walk through the tunnel from Cha Kwo Ling in Kowloon to Quarry Bay on the island.

This was because the Kowloon end of the tunnel, where the pay booths are located, had bigger space for participants to assemble.

The charity walk is likely to be held between seven or 8 am until one or 2 pm in the afternoon when the traffic on both sides of the harbour is low.

A Community Chest spokesman declined to give an exact date for the proposed fund-raising event, saying a decision would be made early next month.

S.T. Dupont
PARIS

S.T. Dupont Menswear at S.T. Dupont Boutique
BW7 Basement, The Peninsula, Kowloon 3-7211998


## Inquiry on 1997 transition will be impartial, say MPs

By S.Y. WAI

THE House of Commons' Foreign Affairs Committee yesterday assured Hongkong people its historic inquiry into the 1997 transition would be free from interference from Whitehall and British politics.

The eight-member delegation, led by Tory MP David Howell, was confident it would produce a report of "good quality" on the implementation of the 1984 Sino-British Joint Declaration.

The committee believed its report would not be "shelved and ignored" as the British Government was obliged to respond to its conclusions and recommendations.

Speaking at the airport on the committee's arrival, Mr Howell said all members were senior MPs who would not be influenced in their investigation.

"We are an all-party committee. That doesn't mean we can sway the parties of which we, as individuals, are members. Of course, we have our individual proper party loyalties.

"But at the same time you must take us as we are, which is Members of Parliament, some of whom serve in Government and many of whom have served considerable time in the House of Commons.

"I don't think we could be accused of being necessarily very subservient to the party machines and the party works in every detail," Mr Howell said.

The select committee is empowered to summon witnesses and has access to Government documents, but has no executive power to make policy changes.

The delegation had a private session with Governor Sir David Wilson last night before they started a hectic schedule of hearings today (see Page 7).

Asked what his committee could do for Hongkong, Mr Howell said members would try to learn about the territory in making their assessment for Parliament.

He said he could not ask Hongkong people not to be cynical or sceptical of the inquiry and all members could do was "do a serious job and mean what they say".

He conceded that the committee might not have adequate time to meet all people and groups wanting to give evidence.

"You can never do everything. But I think we will cover a very wide number of

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 1)

Mr David Howell (right) and other committee members at Kai Tak.

## Taiwan lifts 40-year ban on journalists' travel

TAIWAN yesterday officially lifted a 40-year ban on trips to the mainland by local journalists, saying that the liberalisation marked a new phase in Taipei's policy towards China.

But Economic Minister Chen Lu-an said that although Taipei would further ease restrictions in its trade policy towards Beijing, Taiwan businessmen would not be allowed to invest directly.

Taiwan reporters and television crews are now allowed to be based in Chinese cities and film footage under the new liberalisation policy approved by the cabinet's mainland affairs committees.

"This is the beginning of a new phase of Taiwan's policy towards the mainland," Government Information Office director Shaw Yu-ming said.

Dozens of Taiwan reporters have covered major events on the mainland in a non-official capacity since November 1987 when the Government began allowing residents to travel to China for family reunions.

The mainland affairs committee also said yesterday that public school teachers, except chancellors, would be allowed to visit relatives on the mainland, but soldiers, police, and government employees are still barred from making trips.

The relaxation in Taiwan's mainland policy comes two weeks before the scheduled arrival of its first official delegation to Beijing, headed by Finance Minister Shirley Kuo, for the May 4 to 6 Asian Development Bank meeting.

And 24 journalists flew to Beijing yesterday with Taiwan's 28-member delegation to the Asian Junior Gymnastics Championships, which starts on Friday.

The meeting will be the first in which Taiwanese athletes will compete in China since the communist takeover.

Agence France Presse

● See also Page 10


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Peak daily sale more than 80,000

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1989 | $3.00

DAY TWO: comment on the Foreign Affairs Select Committee's visit to Hongkong

## Very real fears of a nervous population

GOOD morning, Gentlemen...
We trust you have recovered from the journey, and are beginning to get a feeling for Hongkong. Not the feeling of the bargain-hunting tourist, enjoying the sights of this incredible place, but a feeling for the nervous tension of people here when they get down to talking about 1997.

Many people are worried. Justifiably so. They ask, and keep asking, about what inherent rights will be protected. How these rights are to be protected. And when these safeguards will be put in place.

Gentlemen, you haven't lived in Hongkong before. Perhaps you've not read much about this place, either. Be assured that the worries of the people of Hongkong are based on very real fears.

At least half the population came here directly from China; they know at first hand the many faces and vagaries of communism. Many of them lived through the Cultural Revolution. Others who were born here have seen the spill-over effects of that Cultural Revolution. The political uncertainties on the mainland do not inspire any great confidence in the current or future leadership.

Recent events have merely compounded the problem. Many more Hongkong people have decided to emigrate or begun to consider this option seriously after learning of China's rough handling of its own dissidents, the treatment meted out to a Hongkong delegation which went to Beijing to present a petition for release of those dissidents, the refusal to allow entry of a journalist and member of that delegation on the grounds, initially, that he wrote unfavourably about China, and the expulsion of a dissident. All of these have serious implications for the future of Hongkong's six million people.

Gentlemen, you are aware of the provisions of the Sino-British Joint Declaration. You are here, in fact, to look into its implementation. You are also aware of the latest draft of the Basic Law, a result of that joint declaration.

Neither document is designed to take into account the nitty-gritty of everyday life, of the daily workings of the bureaucracy or the political, social, cultural and educational issues that crop up from time to time.

What happens if a mainland bureaucrat or party official decides to send someone to sit in a government department, ostensibly to learn administration, and that person then stays on and on? And what happens if others follow and we soon find a mainlander in each and every department, not learning but overseeing?

What happens if more and more mainlanders are sent here, ostensibly to work for the ever-increasing number of state-run corporations but in reality to settle here?

What happens if the mainland insists on sending more than the daily quota of 75 people on a one-way ticket to Hongkong? What happens if someone who has been critical of the mainland or its policies is denied a passport to travel abroad?

Where then will be the assurance of the Joint Declaration that Hongkong's lifestyle will be maintained for 50 years or more?

Gentlemen, these are some of the anxieties gnawing at the minds of many in this territory. You will hear more in coming days.

Many of you are lawyers. You know that legislation can be drafted and put in place before 1997 to ensure that some of these anxieties can be eased and the brain drain stemmed.

One immediate task you can set yourself is to ensure that Hongkong gets a Bill of Rights as soon as possible. This is an urgent task. The bill should set down in great detail all those inherent human rights which everyone, regardless of ethnic origin, creed or class, is entitled to as of right and how such rights should be protected.

Most of these rights obtain now. But they are nowhere set down because as a colony Hongkong follows the practices of the United Kingdom which has no written constitution. Therefore, these rights are not written down for this territory. As lawyers you would understand the legal position of the individual Hongkong people after 1997 without these rights being spelled out.

Gentlemen, there are other positive contributions you can make to Hongkong, its people and its future.

But more tomorrow.

## Exodus exposes crisis for economy

**By Leung Sze-man**

**THE brain drain has reached crisis proportions and the territory's economy will go into a tailspin by the early 1990s unless the British and Chinese governments act to check it.**

**And with Australia, the United States and Canada opening their doors wider, the exodus could peak at a record high of 60,000 in 1990.**

**These are the warnings issued by Dr Paul Kirkbride, research director of the Hongkong Institute of Personnel Management (IPM), based on early findings of a comprehensive survey.**

**The most immediate and effective measure – as suggested by community leaders – would be to grant the 3.5 million British nationals here the right of abode in the United Kingdom, according to Dr Kirkbride.**

**But China must also take steps to impress the people that social stability and individual freedom are assured after 1997 if it wants to keep talent in Hongkong, Dr Kirkbride said.**

**Initial findings of the latest IPM survey, entitled *Emigration From Hongkong*, show the majority of companies have had to promote and recruit less qualified staff to fill vacancies.**

**Of the 222 major companies surveyed, about 53 percent report staff being promoted faster than scheduled because of the exodus.**

**And 44 percent report difficulty replacing staff who have emigrated with people of comparable calibre.**

**"It will take one or two years before faulty decisions made by underqualified people bring obvious damage to the running of business," Dr Kirkbride said.**

■ Continued Page 5

## MPs likely to summon Wilson again

**By Adrian Cheung**

THE BRITISH Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, and the Governor, Sir David Wilson, are likely to be questioned again by the Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Select Committee when it returns to London.

Mr David Howell, head of the committee, said after arriving in Hongkong yesterday that it was right to begin the hearings with the views of Sir Geoffrey and Sir David and the committee's study would probably also end with their views.

Eight members of the committee arrived in Hongkong yesterday for a week-long inquiry into the implementation of the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

Three members did not come because of personal problems and engagements.

Mr Howell said the committee was anxious to see that matters proceeded smoothly here and stability and prosperity were maintained.

But some local groups' hopes of a second hearing in the territory were dashed by Mr Howell who said the committee would return to London to continue its study after visiting Beijing from April 22 to 25.

Though it was an investigative rather than executive committee, Mr Howell said the British Government was obliged to reply to its report.

But whether Parliament would debate the full report depended on its recommendations and quality, he said.

Parliament was well known for treating reports that deserved good treatment and attention fairly and well, he said.

The committee's report is expected to be submitted to Parliament in July.

It arrived here amidst widespread cynicism regarding the substance of its inquiry and strong calls for the restoration of the 3.5 million Hongkong passport holders' right of abode in Britain.

Mr Howell said Parliament had not forgotten Hongkong, adding that it was not within the committee's power to stop people becoming cynical, except by showing it meant what it said.

"People can draw their conclusions from our report," he said.

Members felt the time was right to come to Hongkong and study the progress of the Joint Declaration, he said, adding that the committee had looked at an enormous range of issues concerned with British foreign policy.

"Perhaps the next few days will show whether our judgement was correct," he said.

While here the committee would hear a wide range of views, Mr Howell said, adding that it had already received an enormous number of written submissions. Committee clerk Mr Philip Moon said almost 60 submissions had been received.

**INSIDE**

■ Church demands confidence boost; Liberals split **Page 2** ▶

■ The brain drain - a full-page special report **Page 5** ▶

■ Mr Walesa ... political victory

## Court lifts seven-year ban on Solidarity

**WARSAW: A Warsaw court legalised Solidarity yesterday, ending a seven-year ban on the independent trade union and ushering in a new era of freedom in communist-ruled Poland.**

**Wild applause broke out in the packed courtroom as Judge Danuta Widawska read out the historic decision reversing a ban imposed in October 1982 when Poland was under martial law.**

**"The court has decided to include the independent, self-governing trade union Solidarity in the register of trade unions," Judge Widawska declared after a brief hearing.**

**About 200 Solidarity supporters stood to chant "Solidarity, Solidarity," and "Lech Walesa, Lech Walesa" and then sing the national anthem.**

**Mr Walesa, Solidarity's leader and one of thousands of activists imprisoned when it was suppressed after the imposition of martial law on December 13, 1981, was not in Warsaw to witness the union's official rebirth.**

**But he welcomed the decision from his home in Gdansk where Solidarity was born after a wave of strikes in August 1980 as the communist world's first free trade union.**

**"I am happy that Poland is returning to the road of pluralism and democracy," he said.**

**"This day means for me the restoration of justice," said Mr Tadeusz Mazowiecki, one of three top Solidarity officials who presented the union's application for registration to the court last week.**

**"I already knew on December 13 (1981) that this day would come. I never lost hope and I try to forget the bitterness of the past few years."**

**Dozens of supporters outside the court flashed victory signs and held up a five-metre-long Solidarity banner.**

**"I always knew this day would come," said 40-year-old Ms Anna Pawlowska.**

**"What a pity there are so many who did not live to see it."**

**Mr Walesa, a devout Roman Catholic, flies to Rome tomorrow to thank Polish-born Pope John Paul II for the backing he gave Solidarity during the years of repression.**

**Senior Solidarity officials at the court hinted that Mr Walesa would also have a summit meeting with Polish Communist leader General Wojciech Jaruzelski and Cardinal Jozef Glemp, primate of the powerful Roman Catholic church.** Reuter

■ US aid package: **Page 8**
■ Man who wouldn't quit, years of struggle. **Page 11**

## Students mourning Hu stage protest

**By Eileen Cheng** in Beijing and agencies

THOUSANDS of people yesterday took to the streets in Beijing mourning former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang, while marching students openly called for more democracy and freedom.

Crowds in Tiananmen Square at one stage reached 4,000. Policemen kept a close watch on the orderly procession without interfering.

The march, not sanctioned by city authorities, marked the third day of student action to both commemorate the "enlightened" leader – ousted by hard-liners – and to call for more political reforms.

"Long live Hu Yaobang, long live democracy, long live freedom, long live the rule of law!" chanted about 600 students, fists raised, approaching the Monument to the People's Heroes.

Then the shouts changed to "Down with corruption, down with bureaucracy!"

They marched for four hours from their campus on the outskirts under a red banner bearing the name of their school – Law Department, Political Science and Law College – and sang the national anthem. A two-metre high wreath was carried on a tricycle.

At about 4 pm they added the wreath and flowers to 11 already at the foot of the monument.

"We are demonstrating for democracy," said one of the students, whose college enrolls many sons and daughters of high officials.

Another said: "Hu was better than any other contemporary leader."

Several hundred students from other colleges, such as the Beijing Aeronautical Institute, joined the demonstration.

Police took photographs but did not attempt to stop the rally. The crowd dispersed peacefully.

Onlookers said it appeared to be one of the biggest unauthorised demonstrations in central Beijing since April 5, 1976, when thousands gathered to mourn the death of Premier Zhou Enlai.

"We just want to express our grief over Hu Yaobang's death, because he was a great leader and his death is a loss to the nation," said one student. "We aren't making any political statement."

But another student, Mr Wang Zhixun, said the students were expressing dissatisfaction with the failure of China's leaders to institute democratic reforms.

"Hu Yaobang dared to speak out, and he said things we students supported," Mr Wang said.

The official Xinhua news agency briefly reported the mourning gathering but made no mention of the march of the students.

It also reported that General Secretary Zhao Ziyang asked an education forum in the Great Hall of the People to stand in silent tribute to Mr Hu yesterday.

In Shanghai, more than 1,000 students marched late on Sunday from Fudan University to Tongji University, singing odes originally written to honour revolutionary leader Mao Zedong but substituting Mr Hu's name.

Posters also went up on the Fudan campus echoing a slogan seen at Beijing universities: "Those who should not die have died, while those who should die live on."

Western diplomats said the student protests would exacerbate tensions between party hardliners and more liberal reformists who admired Mr Hu.

"The situation at the top of the party is not stable enough to allow them to tolerate this," a Western diplomat commented.

Mr Hu died on Saturday aged 73, after suffering a heart attack.

■ Editorial **Page 10** ▶

REUTER

■ Chanting students in an unauthorised demonstration in Beijing's Tiananmen Square mourn former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang.

## Taipei gymnasts end sporting stand-off

**By Tammy Tam**

TAIWANESE athletes set foot on the mainland yesterday for the first time in 40 years.

The team of 15 gymnasts and 12 instructors, travelling under the banner of "Chinese Taipei", arrived to compete in the Asian Youth Gymnastics Championship from April 21 to 23 as a non-official squad.

Sources close to the Hongkong branch of the Xinhua News Agency said its Cultural and Sports Department helped with the visa applications for the team.

Members of the delegation, led by Mr Chan Teh-chi, deputy secretary of the Chinese Taipei Olympic Committee, each received a "Travel Permit for Taiwan Compatriot."

They flew to Beijing via Hongkong and were greeted enthusiastically at Beijing airport by mainland sports officials and more than 100 mainland, Taiwan and Hongkong journalists.

"We're very happy to be here and receive this warm reception," said Mr Chan.

■ Continued **Page 6**

**INSIDE TODAY**

**Population**
China has issued grave warnings about its population growth, which could become unmanageable unless checked. **Kevin Sinclair** looks at the issue in depth on
**Page 6**

**Unions**
The labour shortage is giving unions new muscle in their dealings with employers. **Agnes Lam** reports on
**Page 11**

**Winsome**
**Winsome Lane** meets a woman who is carving a notch in America's judicial bench
**Page 13**

**America**

For the latest and best from the States – including a full sports roundup – see AMERICA TODAY, our exclusive weekly
**liftout**

WEATHER: 20 C—23 C. Cloudy with rain. Details on Page 19

## Europe sticks to decision to readmit English clubs

BERNE: The European Football Union (UEFA) said yesterday that the tragedy at Sheffield had not altered its decision to approve the return of English clubs to European competitions in the 1990-91 season.

Europe's top soccer body said in a statement it had been deeply moved by the tragedy and had expressed its condolences to the English Football Association, the clubs concerned and the British government.

"As far as the return of English clubs to European competitions will take place as of the 1990-91 season, under the formal condition that the English government observes the European convention for the fight against violence in sports, and that it undertakes to support and aid the English Football Association in this matter," the statement added.

It said after an investigation into the tragedy, UEFA President Jacques Georges would seek a meeting with the British minister for sports.

"Based on the president's report, the Executive Committee will take the necessary decision," the statement added.

The measured tone of the statement was in contrast to remarks made yesterday by Mr Georges, who described the Liverpool supporters as beasts.

"Here again it's Liverpool, this region seems to have a particularly aggressive mentality. There was a fury of supporters attempting to get in who had contempt for the lives of others.

"They were like beasts waiting to fight in an arena. It's not unlike Heysel, the same savagery but without arms."

English Football Association Assistant Secretary Glen Kirton retorted: "This morning Jacques Georges sent a message of condolence to the FA, stating that 'Once more our sport has been the victim of the folly of certain spectators'.

"We immediately responded, thanking him for his expressions of sympathy and pointing out that there was absolutely no evidence to indicate that the tragedy had in any way been caused by violence or misconduct amongst spectators."Rogan Taylor, president of the Football Supporters' Association, said: "I think they're the most insensitive remarks to make at the moment.

"The reference to

■ Continued **Page 8**

## Wright on ethics charge

WASHINGTON: The House of Representatives Ethics Committee has charged that Speaker Jim Wright violated official rules of conduct 69 times in handling his personal finances.

The committee unanimously approved the statement of alleged violations yesterday, according to a written statement by Congressman Julian Dixon, its chairman.

The charges and an accompanying report by Richard Phelan, the attorney who conducted the committee's investigation, could jeopardise Mr Wright's future as Speaker.

Mr Wright is one of the two most powerful men in the US Congress.

The committee determined that apparent gifts from his business partner, George Mallick, were improper because the developer had a direct interest in legislation.

The committee said the US$145,000 (about HK$1.13 million) in gifts included free or cut-rate use of a condominium in Fort Worth, an $18,000-a-year salary paid to Mr Wright's wife, Betty, and free use of a car.

According to Mr Dixon's statement, the committee also charged that Mr Wright skirted House limits on speaking fees by making bulk sales of his book, *Reflections of a Public Man*.

The panel, formally known as the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct, cleared Mr Wright of several accusations filed against him last year when the inquiry began, including alleged use of a staff member to write the book, improper use of campaign funds, and improper lobbying on behalf of constituents.

Yesterday's "statement of alleged violations" is a list of charges roughly equivalent to an indictment. It is not a verdict. - AP

## Six pursue Ramada

UP TO six companies are believed to be interested in acquiring the US hotel management group Ramada Inc with bids in the region of US$600 million to US$650 million.

Local companies involved are believed to include New World, Wharf and Lai Sun.

Outside its casino interests, Ramada has just under 900 hotels under its management, 15 of them in Asia.

For details see **Business Page One**

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14893期 （代号1—1）

1989年4月19日 星期三 己巳年三月十四
北京地区天气预报 白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴转多云 风向 偏南风 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 24℃ 最低 10℃

人民日报社出版


他心中装着老百姓　老百姓永远怀念他

## 首都人民沉痛悼念胡耀邦

新华社北京4月18日电　连日来，首都人民以各种方式沉痛悼念伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家胡耀邦。

许多北京市民对胡耀邦同志不幸病逝感到震惊，为失去这位卓越的领导人痛惜不已。共青团一位年轻女干部对记者说，胡耀邦同志思想活跃，工作勤奋，一向严格要求自己。他尊重知识分子，为党做了大量工作，人民会永远怀念他。

50年代就与胡耀邦同志相识的科学家钱三强得知胡耀邦逝世的消息，连叹“可惜，可惜！”他说，胡耀邦同志尊重知识，尊重科学家，为中国科学事业的发展倾注了大量心血。

全国人大常委会副委员长宋庆龄同志对记者说，胡耀邦同志为人正直，富于正义感，勇于承担责任。中信公司在筹建和发展中都曾得到过胡耀邦同志的关心和支持。

正在出席北京市政协七届二次会议的委员们对胡耀邦同志的去世感到悲痛。赵志珍委员说，15日上午，有人告诉我们说耀邦同志已与世长辞。我感到太突然了，连饭都吃不下去。原北京市公安局副局长刘汉杰说，中共中央的讣告对耀邦同志的一生作了很高的评价，这是符合实际的，也符合广大人民的心愿。

北京市政协许多委员高度赞颂了胡耀邦同志的为人和丰厉风行的工作作风。原北京市园林局负责人李斯委员说，耀邦同志从担任共青团中央第一书记时，就十分关心北京市的园林建设，并带领共青团干部在永定河、潮白河和西山等地造林。他严以律己、以身作则的高贵品格永远值得我们学习。

16日上午，北京人民机器总厂职工一上班就议论起了胡耀邦同志逝世的消息。职工们赞扬胡耀邦同志作风平易近人，深入群众。技术员邓淑兰说，耀邦同志在这方面堪称楷模。

一位70多岁的共产党员听到耀邦同志逝世的消息后肃立许久表示悼念。他说，胡耀邦同志以惊人的胆略和智慧，大刀阔斧，拨乱反正，平反冤假错案，使许多老干部得到平反昭雪。他心中装着老百姓，老百姓永远怀念他。

北京大学和其他一些高等院校的学生连日来纷纷举行悼念活动，沉痛悼念胡耀邦同志。小白花、花圈和一幅幅挽联寄托着他们的哀思。

中国青年政治学院的学生听到胡耀邦同志逝世的消息后，停止了当晚将要举行的舞会和电影晚会，悼念他们老校长逝世。学院党委书记赵喜明说，胡耀邦同志深入群众，忧国忧民，不论条件多么艰苦，他总是坚持要到基层了解人民生活的真实情况。这种密切联系群众、全心全意为人民服务的优良作风，永远值得我们年轻一代学习。

4月18日，北京大学研究生会、研究生会礼堂里，沉痛悼念胡耀邦同志。
新华社记者　郑秀福摄

左图：1989年3月23日，胡耀邦在北京。（新华社发）

右图：1976年12月，胡耀邦（左一）在中国共产党十一届三中全会上。郭占英摄（新华社发）

左图：一九五五年八月十七日，胡耀邦（右二）和周恩来、邓颖超等参观少年儿童科学技术和工艺品展览时和孩子们合影。（新华社发）

国家统计局最新抽样调查表明

## 农民年收入继续增长

### 去年人均纯收入达545元　物价上涨结果失多得少

本报讯　国家统计局农调总队的一份最新抽样调查表明，在部分地区遭受自然灾害和生产资料涨价的情况下，去年我国农民收入比上年仍有增长。其中，非农产业收入增长较快，所占比重上升，但物价上涨使农民失多得少。

据调查，去年农民人均纯收入为545元，比上年增加82元，增长17.6%；扣除物价上涨因素，农民实际收入比上年增长6.3%。

去年国家提高了农产品收购价格，但农业收入增长速度仍比非农产业收入增长速度慢。在农民人均纯收入中，来自一、二、三产业的纯收入为493元，比上年增长16.1%。其中，第一产业纯收入比上年增长14.8%，占一、二、三产业的收入比重由上年的72.1%下降到70.1%。二、三产业纯收入比上年增长26.6%，所占比重由上年的37.9%上升到39.9%。

家庭经营纯收入与集体分配收入同步增长，是去年农民收入变化的又一明显特点。去年农民家庭经营纯收入和从集体分配中得到的收入，分别为438元和50元，与上年相比，增长率均为16.1%。在家庭经营纯收入增加额中，牧业收入增加最多；集体分配收入增长额则主要来自乡村企业。

调查表明，随着农村商品经济的发展，客观上把收入与农民的素质、经营水平紧密联系起来，使农民之间收入差距逐步拉大。从全国东、中、西三个经济区看，地区间收入的不平衡也日益明显，其中东部农民收入增加最多，1988年人均纯收入为685元，中、西部则依次递减。

调查还表明，由于去年物价上涨，农民生活消费与购买生产资料人均多支出72元；而农民从农副产品提价和农村劳务价格上涨中，人均多得68元，收支相抵，价格上涨使农民失多得少。

## 孙君泓获得两项突出成果

### 潜心探索肝移植长期存活

新华社上海4月18日电　第二军医大学长海医院肝胆外科女博士生孙君泓，在导师、著名肝胆外科教授吴孟超指导下，在肝移植实验研究中获得两项突出成果。

肝移植操作技术、抑制排异反应、提高存活期一直是器官移植专家研究的重要课题。孙君泓选择操作技术难度较大的大鼠原位肝移植实验研究，在3年内施行大鼠原位肝移植300多例，手术成功率达到92.7%，不仅有5处改进了原位肝移植的操作技术，提高了手术成功率，而且建立了稳定可靠的实验模型，为肝移植的实验研究（包括器官保存、抗排斥药物、移植免疫学基础研究等）提供了一种可靠、经济、独特的手段，具有较大的实用价值。在此基础上，孙君泓潜心探索移植肝长期存活的方法，成功地诱导出特异性“免疫无反应”，有效地保护了移植肝不受排斥，使300例原位肝移植中半数以上得以长期存活，同时还验证了T抑制细胞在抗排斥中的重要作用，独到地揭示出器官移植中排异反应的本质。

著名外科专家裘法祖、吴孟光高度评价了这两项成果，认为达到了国际先进水平。

我国利用外资加快公路建设

## 四条高等级公路将开工

新华社北京4月18日电　（实习生穆敬远）我国将继续利用外资加快公路建设。今年年内将有四条利用世界银行贷款的高等级公路开工。

据交通部有关人士介绍，自1985年我国开始利用世界银行提供的贷款建设了农村公路和京津塘高速公路后，今年将继续利用世界银行的贷款进行国道主干线的建设。

据悉，今年将开工的四条高等级公路均是我国国道主干线的组成部分。这四个项目是成（都）渝（重庆）一、二级公路，南（昌）九（江）一级公路，陕西三原铜（川）一级公路，济（南）青（岛）一级公路，共计692公里。世界银行为此提供3.5亿美元的贷款。

据悉，这些项目均按国际惯例实行招标择优选择施工单位，工程建设全面推行监理工程师制度。目前，这批项目已经进行或正在进行招标。最近，世界银行代表团来华检查这些项目时，对招标评标情况表示满意。

据透露，这些项目今年下半年都将开工。

## 海南省投资环境初得改善

本报北京4月18日讯　海南建省一年来，已经完成固定资产投资14.99亿元，重点、基础设施项目建设得到了保证，使交通、能源、通讯落后的状况得到显著改变。改善投资环境初见成效。

在投资者反映最强烈的能源的问题上，去年海口燃汽轮机发电厂和火电厂第一期工程建成投产，电力供应紧张状况得到初步缓解。因此，越来越多起初只是抱着试探心理的外商与省政府签订了合同。到目前为止，共与外商签订合同403项，协议合同规定客商投资额为3.8亿美元，实际已利用1.14亿美元。

（王清亮）

## 中国和巴林国昨起建交

### 钱外长致电巴林外交大臣祝贺

新华社北京4月18日电　中华人民共和国和巴林国决定从1989年4月18日起建立大使级外交关系。建交联合公报全文如下：

中华人民共和国和巴林国，从巩固和发展两国友好合作关系的愿望出发，为了友好的两国人民在互相尊重国家主权和领土完整基础上的共同利益，并根据两国信守的和平共处、平等、不干涉内政等原则，决定自1989年4月18日起建立大使级外交关系。

新华社北京4月18日电　外交部长钱其琛今天打电报给巴林国外交大臣穆罕默德·本·穆巴拉克·哈利法，对中国同巴林建立外交关系表示热烈的祝贺。

贺电说，中国和巴林建交完全符合两国人民的根本利益和愿望，标志着两国之间的友好合作关系进入了一个新的阶段。

贺电表示相信，在双方共同努力下，建立在和平共处五项原则基础上的中国、巴林关系和两国人民之间的友谊必将得到不断的巩固和发展。

### 祝贺我国同巴林国建交

社论

从巩固和发展两国友好合作关系的愿望出发，中华人民共和国和巴林国决定自1989年4月18日起建立大使级外交关系。这将为两国关系的发展开辟新的前景，我们对此表示热烈祝贺。

位于阿拉伯半岛东岸的巴林国是海湾中部的一颗明珠。1971年独立以来，巴林政府在经济发展中奉行多样化政策，除石油工业外，还积极发展农业、渔业和金融业。目前，有着优越地理位置和先进交通、通讯设施的巴林已成为中东地区的金融中心。在对外关系中，巴林奉行中立、不结盟的外交政策，注意维护阿拉伯世界的团结和海湾各国间的睦邻关系，坚持尊重国家主权、不干涉内政、不诉诸武力和以和平方式解决国与国之间争端的原则。巴林的对外政策和主张受到了国际社会普遍尊重。

中国一贯主张大小国家应一律平等，互相尊重，友好合作。1971年，周恩来总理曾致电巴林埃米尔，祝贺巴林独立。近年来，两国间贸易和友好往来不断增加。我们衷心祝愿两国在互相尊重国家主权和领土完整的基础上，按照和平共处、平等和不干涉内政等原则进一步发展友好关系。

十五岁入党晚年受贿十五万

## 离休干部李田民被逮捕

新华社杭州4月18日电　（记者朱国贤）15岁入党的农业部离休老干部李田民，因受贿15万余元日前被捕。1988年离休的李田民，1988年5月被国家农业部华农贸易公司聘请为业务经理。不久，这位女干部便与国家计委对外经济贸易司副处长李明福、浙江省金华市华侨实业公司业务员葛韵平一起倒卖彩电。李田民、李明福先后收受成都振兴电子工业公司送的汇票5.1万元，人民币1.7万元；收受葛韵平等人送的现金7万余元，录相机2台、彩电4台、洗衣机1台、金项链1条，折合人民币2万余元、港币2400元。其中李田民受贿达10万余元。李明福得1.3万余元。

国际货币基金组织总裁说

## 中国不会成为“问题债务国”

### 但应控制地方经济实体向外国借款

新华社北京4月18日电　（记者周树春）正在此间访问的国际货币基金组织总裁米歇尔·康德苏今天表示相信，中国具有很好的偿债能力，不可能成为“问题债务国家”。

康德苏今天下午在记者招待会上回答本社记者提问时说，中国在借债上“很负责任，也很谨慎，国家领导人明白过度举债的危险性。就国家大小而言，中国目前的负债水平还很低，尽管去年外债数额的增长‘过快一点’。”

但他指出，现在很多地方经济实体有权向国借款，这是一种潜在的危险，如不严加控制，也会使国家债台高筑。康德苏注意到中国政府已采取措施，加强外债的统一管理，对此他表示赞赏。

他说，正是考虑到中国在借债上的负债程度及其偿债能力，中国未被列入国际货币基金组织的“问题债务国”名单。他表示“毫不担忧”中国会成为一个“问题债务国”。

在谈到中国的通货膨胀时，康德苏说，面对这个问题有两种选择，要么回到高度集中的旧经济体制，要么利用诸如货币和预算政策等间接的宏观调控手段。他认为中国领导人现在很重视利用间接宏观调控手段，这是十分明智的，尽管这种调控体系尚不完善。

他说，在现阶段用直接行政手段辅助间接宏观调控是必要的，但应尽早减少这种暂时的直接控制。他表示相信这也是中国政府的目标。

他表示赞赏中国紧缩银根的货币政策。他说，“不减少货币投放，就不可能抑制通货膨胀。”

康德苏说，中国领导人致力于改革的“坚决、性急他留下深刻印象。他说，中国改革的成功不仅对中国自身至关重要，对全世界来说也是意义重大的。他表示，国际货币基金组织将继续在资金和技术上支持中国的改革。

## 台湾准许传媒从业人员来大陆采访拍片制节目

本报香港4月18日电　台北消息：台湾“行政院大陆工作会报”17日讨论通过“现阶段大众传播事业赴大陆地区采访、拍片、制作节目报备作业规定”，准许岛内大众传媒从业人员赴大陆采访、拍片、制作节目。台湾“新闻局”今日起受理采访及拍片申请。

根据报备作业规定，台湾的通讯社、报社、杂志社、广播电台、电视台的新闻从业人员、电视从业人员及其他视听事业从业人员，在香港的“港九电影自由总会”人员，可赴大陆采访、拍片和制作节目，只要事先向“新闻局”报备。

但此项规定宣布，岛内大众传媒从业人员赴大陆采访的新闻、影片、视听节目等内容不得触犯台湾当局的“惩治叛乱条例”、“电影法”、“出版法”、“广播电视法”等法规的有关条款，“不得散布谣言或传播不实的消息，足以妨害治安或动摇人心”，也不能“刺激丧现中共团志，简体字，但如因内容或剧情需要，不在此限。”同时规定，传媒从业人员不得接受中共资金或与中共共同采访、制作、出版、拍片、发行或其他合作事宜；而因工作需要接受当地技术层面的支援或雇用当地人员为临时人员，则不在此限。

## 武汉市长接受记者建议

### 制止借市庆竞相办庆典

据新华社武汉4月17日电　（实习生葛凡幸、记者张检青）《武汉晚报》的记者和编辑们前不久联名给市长赵宝江写信，建议制止一些单位准备借武汉解放40周年之际大办庆典的做法。赵市长采纳了记者的建议，并希望大众舆论继续监督市里的工作。

今年5月是武汉市解放40周年。记者们到一些单位采访时发现，全市“厂庆”、“校庆”名目繁多，而且呈现攀比之势。他们在给市长的信中写道：“如果大家竞相庆典，将会有多少钱财在歌舞升平中耗费殆尽！”

赵宝江市长感谢记者们的诚恳进言，并说，庆典应本着节俭意、务实、节俭的原则进行。

据悉，目前武汉市政府已作出决定，市财政不设专款，不搞焰火晚会一类制造声势的大型活动，市庆以小型、分散的群众性活动为主。

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# 全國各地各界識與不識胡耀邦體察民情高望威信 胡耀邦逝世普遍感到震驚和悲痛 人們高度評價胡耀邦一生的豐功偉績 表達對中國共產黨的道德操守和領導人的深切懷念

# 全國各地各界識與不識胡耀邦體察民情高望威信 胡耀邦逝世普遍感到震驚和悲痛 人們高度評價胡耀邦一生的豐功偉績 表達對中國共產黨的道德操守和領導人的深切懷念

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# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

星期三　19　四月　一九八六年

港字第一四〇六〇九號

今日出紙九張半售二元




## 悼念胡耀邦及表達對國是意見

# 學生昨晚遞交請願信

# 北京派人大代表接受

### 代表接信後揮手致意　學生及圍觀者歡呼

新聞提要：北京一些大專院校的學生昨日繼續在天安門廣場舉行悼念胡耀邦活動，人羣從昨日夜晨四點半在人民英雄紀念碑集結，數百人並在大會堂前靜坐。下午向紀念碑獻花圈的隊伍陸續到來，傍晚八時，靜坐學生在人民大會堂前向三名全國人大代表遞了請願信，深夜以後，部份學生繼續在中南海的新華門前，要求領導人或其代表接見，其後代表準備入中南海對話。

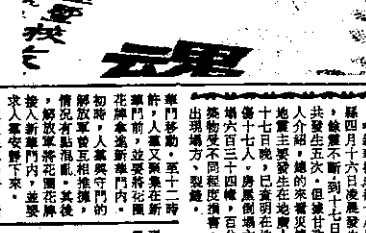
【香港消息】內通訊社北京十八日電】今晚八時左右，北京市委派全國人大代表陳希平、劉延東、宋世雄等人在人民大會堂前面的天安門廣場接受了約八百名左右的北京大學和人民大學學生的請願信。

當北京三位全國人大代表從人民大會堂門前接受北大、人大兩校學生代表的請願信後，並揮揚向人羣揮手致意，從昨夜一直靜坐在地上的兩校學生和圍觀羣衆打道回府。

學生們並發靜坐的大學生組織者之一，北大經濟系三年級學生在現場接受記者採訪時表示，北京市領導人答應了我們的請求，派代表接收了我們的七點建議，但他們並未對請願信的內容作任何具體的答覆，只表示會將此信轉交上級處理。

這位剛兩轉的學生說，我們這次靜坐主要是為了表達我們悼念胡耀邦和要求官員對一些問題作出回覆的心聲。他們希望當局能夠對胡耀邦作出公正評價以及對學生這幾天的悼念活動也作出客觀公正的評價。七點建議中，還要求中共當局各級官員公布他們的收入和私人財產等，並建議將天安門廣場改為人民廣場。

民大會堂前靜坐，發表聲明，聲明靜坐的三四百人、未有衝擊、破壞、在廣場兩側的公安人員一直並無任何行動，人羣秩序井然。由於人多，情況開始混亂，人羣開始有些騷動，李恆等人要求學生離開，學生代表答應，但並無發生衝突。



北京學生昨在天安門廣場展示悼念胡耀邦的大幅挽聯。（路透社傳真）

### 凌晨人聲鼎沸　推擁未有衝突

## 新華門外千人聚集

### 欲晤領導人　數代表入中南海對話

學生們於昨日中午再度在天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑和人民大會堂之前集結，並提出七點要求：①重新評價胡耀邦的是非功過，領導人定民主、自由、言論、和結社的觀點。②公開澄清「反精神汚染」和「反自由化」的性質，為在「清汚」和「反自由化」中受害人士平反。③要求官方公佈胡耀邦的新進動事及其子女公開年齡數目。④解除報禁，要求辦報及出版自由。⑤增加教育經費，提高知識分子待遇。⑥取消北京市人大關於進行示威的十條規定。⑦要求有關方面及時作出答覆，並要求內地報章公正和及時報導今次事件。

約二百名學生在人羣中高舉「民主、自由、言論、出版」的大字報，並在胡耀邦的遺照前獻花圈。

學生們在天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑前集結，數百人並在大會堂前靜坐。下午向紀念碑獻花圈的隊伍陸續到來，傍晚八時，靜坐學生在人民大會堂前向三名全國人大代表遞了請願信，深夜以後，部份學生繼續在中南海的新華門前，要求領導人或其代表接見，其後代表準備入中南海對話。

【香港消息】內通訊社北京十八日電】今晚八時左右，北京市委派全國人大代表陳希平、劉延東、宋世雄等人在人民大會堂前面的天安門廣場接受了約八百名左右的北京大學和人民大學學生的請願信。

當北京三位全國人大代表從人民大會堂門前接受北大、人大兩校學生代表的請願信後，並揮揚向人羣揮手致意，學生們於昨日中午再度在天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑和人民大會堂之前集結，並提出七點要求：①重新評價胡耀邦的是非功過，領導人定民主、自由、言論、和結社的觀點。②公開澄清「反精神汚染」和「反自由化」的性質，為在「清汚」和「反自由化」中受害人士平反。③要求官方公佈胡耀邦的新進動事及其子女公開年齡數目。④解除報禁，要求辦報及出版自由。⑤增加教育經費，提高知識分子待遇。⑥取消北京市人大關於進行示威的十條規定。⑦要求有關方面及時作出答覆，並要求內地報章公正和及時報導今次事件。

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【本報記者胡北京十九日發電】今日凌晨等待許，在天安門廣場獨樂樂的學生陸續移到中南海的新華門外，要求當面或由領導人或其代表接見。至今晨八時許，新華門仍緊閉，領導人仍未接見。

【香港消息】內通訊社北京十八日電】今晚八時左右，北京市委派全國人大代表陳希平、劉延東、宋世雄等人在人民大會堂前面的天安門廣場接受了約八百名左右的北京大學和人民大學學生的請願信。

當北京三位全國人大代表從人民大會堂門前接受北大、人大兩校學生代表的請願信後，並揮揚向人羣揮手致意，學生們於昨日中午再度在天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑和人民大會堂之前集結，並提出七點要求：①重新評價胡耀邦的是非功過，領導人定民主、自由、言論、和結社的觀點。②公開澄清「反精神汚染」和「反自由化」的性質，為在「清汚」和「反自由化」中受害人士平反。③要求官方公佈胡耀邦的新進動事及其子女公開年齡數目。④解除報禁，要求辦報及出版自由。⑤增加教育經費，提高知識分子待遇。⑥取消北京市人大關於進行示威的十條規定。⑦要求有關方面及時作出答覆，並要求內地報章公正和及時報導今次事件。

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【本報記者胡北京十八日電】今晚悼念胡耀邦活動，人羣從昨日夜晨四點半在人民英雄紀念碑集結，數百人並在大會堂前靜坐。下午向紀念碑獻花圈的隊伍陸續到來，傍晚八時，靜坐學生在人民大會堂前向三名全國人大代表遞了請願信，深夜以後，部份學生繼續在中南海的新華門前，要求領導人或其代表接見，其後代表準備入中南海對話

# 快報 EXPRESS

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第九四八五號
夏曆三月十四日·執日·宜遊獵納畜
一九八九年四月十九日·星期三
今天天氣：吹東南風，有雨及潮濕
是日氣溫：介乎廿一至廿五度之間
每份六大張 零售二元正


# 截查懷槍匪遭奪走佩槍

## 警廿火駁市鬧區旺角匪警

## 回尋槍警逮就傷負槍中人疑

（快報記者蔡耀能攝）警方昨在九龍山東街進行反黑行動時，一名懷疑男子企圖駕車逃走，在郵局旁撞倒一名途人後，棄車逃跑，警方追捕，雙方在郵局旁駁火，途人受傷。

DL 8498

負傷投降就逮：警方檢獲一枝九毫米口徑小型自動手槍及子彈，在此的士上，遭下兩名子彈及在私家車上遭下一發子彈，已全面管制該車。

**開槍警察**曾被襲擊受傷，但被襲人士亦中彈受傷。尚有槍擊案文件第二版

昨日於現場駕駛的士的士司機，由於警匪駁火十多個，的士前後擋風玻璃及車身彈痕累累。

（快報記者蔡耀能攝）

太古城中槍男子涉劫案被追緝，或被查時，智方疑他佯裝同黨作人質行劫，引起昨日一場驚心動魄的槍戰，由於兩名駕駛電子雙門私家車的警員（一名司機男子，一名男子身上有槍，將其中一名警員擊傷後挾持的士及乘客作人質，駛往彌敦道一帶，企圖逃走，其後與巡邏警方發生槍戰，雙方互相開槍，造成一名男子中彈受傷，而警方則有兩名警員受傷，其中一名傷勢嚴重，需入院治療，其他人士則受驚。

昨日下午四時許，兩名駕駛電子雙門私家車的警員，在彌敦道近山東街一帶，發現一輛的士形跡可疑，遂決定截查，當的士駛至彌敦道近山東街時，兩名警員駕車從後追截，並以車頭撞向的士，迫使的士停下，其中一名警員下車後，即用槍指住的士內一名男子，並命令他下車，但該男子拒絕，並突然用槍指住警員，雙方即在彌敦道近山東街一帶駁火，槍聲大作，途人驚慌走避，場面混亂。

駁火期間，的士內的男子乘機開車逃走，警員即駕車追截，的士駛至彌敦道近山東街時，撞倒一名途人後，棄車逃跑，警員即追截，該男子見走投無路，在郵局旁棄車，並與警員駁火，警員即開槍還擊，該男子中彈受傷，倒臥地上，警員即上前將其制服，並搜出一枝九毫米口徑小型自動手槍及子彈，已全面管制該車。

警方檢獲一枝九毫米口徑小型自動手槍及子彈，已全面管制該車。

## 數番槍戰·情況極混亂

## 途人逃避·幸未傷無辜

據悉，最近旺角區發行六合彩期間，警方在區內截查形跡可疑人物，昨日下午四時許，兩名駕駛電子雙門私家車的警員，在彌敦道近山東街一帶，發現一輛的士形跡可疑，情況怪異，在郵局旁截查該的士，該的士突然加速駛離，警員即駕車追截，該的士駛至彌敦道近山東街時，撞倒一名途人後，棄車逃跑，警員即追截，該男子見走投無路，在郵局旁棄車，並與警員駁火，警員即開槍還擊，該男子中彈受傷，倒臥地上，警員即上前將其制服，並搜出一枝九毫米口徑小型自動手槍及子彈，已全面管制該車。

詳情並有槍擊案文件第二版。

## 天安門「悼胡」人潮多達廿萬

## 三千學生強闖中南海

## 警隊包圍下走投無路

## 中槍匪涉劫案被通緝

## 事發時擬料黨劫旅社

## 李鵬訪日，黯然而返

## 快語

胡耀邦逝世的消息，完全震動了中共領導集團的高層。李鵬本是興致勃勃，準備利用外交部長錢其琛、副總理兼國務委員兼秘書長鄔伯清等人陪同訪問南韓後，順道訪問北京，與中國大陸領導人會晤，藉以提高他的聲望，為他在今年秋季的中共十三屆五中全會上，順利接掌中共中央總書記的職位，鋪平道路。

但是，胡耀邦的逝世，使李鵬的計劃完全落空。

同行，打算繼續去十年來，鄧小平、趙紫陽和胡耀邦訪問外交部長錢其琛，以及秘書長鄔伯清等人陪同訪問南韓後，順道訪問北京，與中共領導人會晤，藉以提高他的聲望，為他在今年秋季的中共十三屆五中全會上，順利接掌中共中央總書記的職位，鋪平道路。

但是，胡耀邦的逝世，使李鵬的計劃完全落空。

之後，是一步步登上中國最高領導地位的階梯。

可是，胡耀邦的逝世，使李鵬的計劃完全落空。

望中南海內部的權力鬥爭，從四月十二日到四月十六日，雖然王震全國人大和政協閉幕不久，但是，胡耀邦的逝世，使李鵬的計劃完全落空。

結束是短暫的，沒有歡樂的氣氛。

成果。

胡耀邦逝世，使李鵬的計劃完全落空。

訪問南韓，是正值李鵬訪日期間，剛好是日本投降中國領導人之時。除了在野黨要求質詢前首相田中曾做出到國會解釋之外，現任首相竹下登也被推入泥沼，與竹下本人有關的「政治金錢問題」，數字不斷膨升，甚至超過一億日圓。儘管竹下緊急召開記者會，力稱他本人並沒有收受任何政治獻金，但實際上，竹下的政權只在苟延殘喘，岌岌可危，國民對其內閣的支持力日漸減退。因此，李鵬所面對的，是一個非常嚴峻的政治環境。

一方面在野黨在逐事攻擊，提出倒閣要求，另一方面自民黨本部的派系矛盾又進一步激化。在這種形勢之下，李鵬不能與李鵬的會談不免是門面招待，不能作出特別承諾。

另一個原因，是胡耀邦的突然逝世，為李鵬始料不及。早知如此，他不應選擇這個時機訪日。當李鵬抵達日本，他已向新聞界宣稱中國大陸的政局已經穩定，他與趙紫陽之間並無矛盾及派系鬥爭。

李鵬的用意至為明顯。最近幾年來，中日之間經貿過於多層次的雙邊會談和交流，儘管漸加強經濟合作，惟收效不大。李鵬希望通過今次的訪問，能夠與日商開發中國大陸的資源，以及引進高科技術。

可是，胡耀邦的逝世，使李鵬所計劃的穩定，帶來了不穩定的因素。如今胡耀邦已經離開，把一個複雜的攤子留給了趙紫陽和李鵬，要行大規模的進行和示威，要求民主和改革的呼聲愈趨強烈，這個新的疑難又會紙起新的高潮，仍是未知之數。

對日本的企業界來說，他們在商言商，自然比較側重現實。李鵬整肅治理和整頓會有成績，他們則要看了成績和效果之後再說。有遠見的事實，是官僚主義腐敗，效率低降，直到有新的不正之風，若不改善運作的環境，難免要採取新的態度。此所以日商雖然很以總理的改革前景不明朗為憂，但對中國大陸的投資，絕不敢掉以輕心。尤其在胡耀邦逝世之後，中國大陸的政局，更難定論。

因而產生觀望的態度，更難有一個明確的答案。

還次李鵬訪日，除了日本保護投資協定正式生效，以及取得日方承諾今個財政年度就七億三千萬美元之外，其他如投資國家或日商投資等，只是空談。看來李鵬的政治前途，不會是一帆風順的。


National

# 早「安」好處多

早晨之鳥，喜於破曉時分即率先覓食；收穫豐盛。

同樣道理，雖然適常盛夏才是安裝冷氣機的旺季，但有先見之明的用戶則會預早購機安裝。因為他們知道天氣潮濕微寒的初春季節，

## 樂聲牌獨立抽濕冷氣機

可發揮獨立抽濕功能，舒適乾爽，而又不會令室溫降低。況且，當盛夏來臨後才裝機，不但可能出現缺貨情況，而且安裝常需輪候，炎炎夏日，悶熱難耐。

最新樂聲牌窗口式冷氣機，首創1匹型號，特別適合中小型客廳裝設。自1匹至2½匹，共有十四種型號可供選擇。顏色方面，備有時尚的城市白色，白木紋色及淺木紋色，為家居增添姿采。

所以，要安心舒服迎接這個夏天，預早安裝樂聲牌冷氣機，實屬明智之舉。

★由89年3月16日起至89年5月15日止，凡香港或澳門用戶購買樂聲牌窗口式冷氣機，除可享有首年免費保用外，另可免費獲得該機第二年之維修保養。

'89樂聲牌冷氣機巡迴展

| 地點 | 日期 | 時間 |
|---|---|---|
| 太古城中心 | 4月20,28,30日 | 上午十時至下午六時 |
| 尖沙咀新港中心 | 5月12,13,14日 | |
| 沙田新城市廣場 | 5月26,27,28日 | |
| 屯門市廣場 | 6月2,3,4日 | |

風調設計 抽濕強勁 操作率靜 恆電鈎凍

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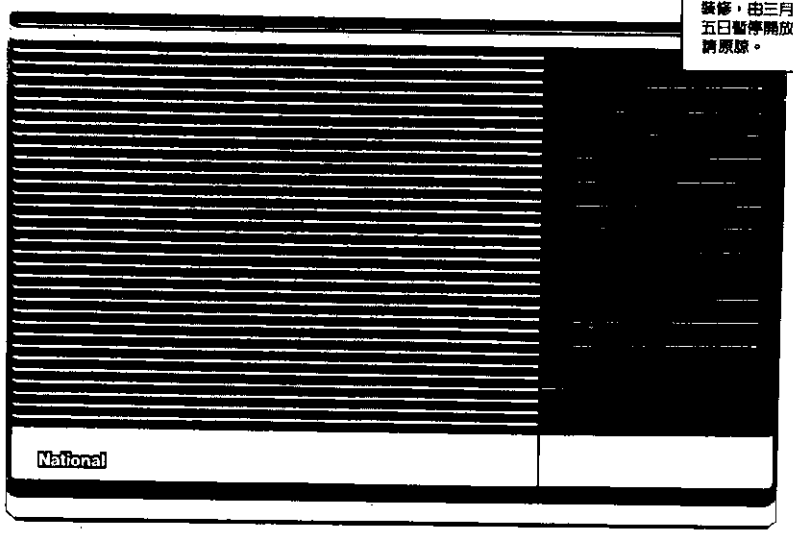


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媒觸動行生學爲成」胡悼

# 今晨衝擊中南海

## 軍警門外阻擾　雙方發生衝突

（北京路透電）北京學生周二晚在中南海門外集會，遭警方武力驅散後，通過電視直播向全國人民發出七項要求，包括要求領導人與學生對話，要求新聞自由，要求公佈領導人及其子女的全國人大財產狀況，要求給予言論自由和有一個廉潔政府，否則他們會靜坐下去，到入夜，學生仍然不願離去。

西方記者留意到，在天安門廣場附近的戒嚴情況已不受控制，他們將迅速設立行動，控制局面。

一東歐外交人士稱：「今日晚如果言論自由受到的最強大挑戰，事件起因是學生悼念胡逝世的中共總書記胡耀邦。

「向二百週年的遊行權更具政治性。

大約五千名學生周二晚在中南海門外集會，呼籲的內容有數千人，遭警方武力驅散後，學生分散在中南海、復興門外及西單一帶，情況混亂。

這些自稱是學生領袖的人士表示，他們將一連三天發動「中國魂」的巨型百萬人民英雄紀念碑，一人民大學學生說：「我們動員了十分之一人民大學學生，多年前我們支持他，但他在晚年卻忘了我們。」

他表示，即與毛一樣，變成不關心人民的官僚。

在上海，二千餘復旦大學學生周一晚到周二凌晨手持花圈及胡耀邦的肖像到一到天津南開大學兩學的支持信。

觀察家說，周一與周二的示威，使人回憶起七六年發生的天安門事件。

且大學及同濟大學學生，

（本報特派記者徐思一林朗庵北京電）

# 高喊口號・爭民主、要自由
# 天安門前羣衆不散
## 深夜仍見學生隊伍串連遊行

北京天安門廣場及人民大會堂中昨日晚間仍有不少學生及過路人羣，持續發動及傳染胡耀邦的人潮，持續至天安門廣場的人潮，持續至天安門廣場的人潮，持續至天安門廣場

# 數十萬人集天安門 爭取民主爲胡平反

## 鵬李見求坐靜宵通前海南中生學千數

學生所提出的七點要求是：
一、公正評價胡耀邦的政績，肯定民主自覺的觀點。
二、徹底否定、清除精神污染與反自由化，並為遭受大運動中蒙受不白之冤的人恢復名譽。
三、取消對全國各新聞媒體的限制，保障憲法賦予公民的言論、出版、集會、結社、遊行、示威、通訊和人身不受侵犯的權利。
四、解決高級幹部子女問題。
五、增加教育經費，提高知識分子待遇。
六、取消北京大學、北京師範大學等高等學校的黨委制，實行「校長負責制」。
七、對北大五名學生的開除決定予以撤銷，恢復其學籍。

【本報北京十八日電話】北京學潮中，要求民主自由的學生，昨日在天安門廣場舉行大規模集會，聲援絕食請願的北京高校學生

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）四月十九日　星期三　香港時報　夏曆己巳年三月十四日　◎要聞　第一版

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## 今日新聞提要

一、俞揆長重申大陸政策，刊第一版。
二、北平學生要求李鵬下台，刊第一版。
三、四政府門診所施行病歷登記，刊第十五版。
四、李總統說要加強超導體研究，刊第三版。
五、新世界動用四十二億元收購華美達新酒店，刊第四版。

## 俞揆闡明一個中國須爲自由民主均富的中國

# 政府統一中國目標不變

## 彈性外交並非承認中共

【本報駐台北著方塘十八日電】行政院院長俞國華今天在立法院表示，大陸政策是有彈性的，這是國內周知的，不是外交問題，俞院長同時強調，我們的大陸政策基本目標是不會變的，俞院長重申，政府的大陸政策是經過審慎考慮，確定及民主的手段，步步為營努力推動，其目的是在使中國大陸的人民，能夠自由、政治民主，等到大陸人民的生活接近台灣水準，中國統一也就水到渠成。

俞揆特別指出：一、維護中華民國憲法。二、反對馬列主義。三、確保復興基地安全。四、協助大陸人民爭取自由民主。五、強化三民主義統一中國等五大目標是現階段政府的最高政策。俞院長強調，中共仍未放棄以武力解決台灣的企圖，我們有警惕、分化、對外孤立我們的鄭心。

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## 教師工人遊客共幹加入遊行隊伍

# 學生要求李鵬下台

## 闖中南海爆發衝突

### 五千人深夜要見「總理」遭拒絕

【本報綜合十八日外電報導】約五千學生星期二深夜遊行到中國共產黨領導機關所在的中南海大門前，要求李鵬出來與他們談話，受到共軍阻攔。

學生與共軍發生衝突，步槍聲響起，共軍向天開火，學生四散逃竄。共軍動用裝甲車輛追趕。

今天的抗議行動，是發生自胡耀邦死後連續動亂的第四天。

共軍被逼學生棒打，又動用催淚彈驅散學生，並發生自胡耀邦死後首次開火。

胡耀邦的互助花圈，又被清除。

阻止他們到達中南海。

於週二聚到前門附近廣場，到週二晚，人數已增到五千至一萬人。他們高唱國際歌，不斷高呼「打倒官僚」的學生，還有人高呼「打倒鄧小平」。

一位「北京大學」學生說：「我們要見李鵬總理，我們要他出來與我們對話，我們要他回答我們的問題。」

一位「北京師範大學」學生說：「我們要他出來，我們要他回答我們的問題。」

一位「北京大學」學生說：「我們要他出來，我們要他回答我們的問題。」

一位「北京師範

# South China Morning Post ★★

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# Students besiege party HQ

## 30,000 occupy Tiananmen to back demands

By SETH FAISON
in Beijing and
WILLY WO-LAP LAM

ABOUT 5,000 Beijing students late last night tried to force their way into Zhongnanhai, headquarters of the Chinese Communist Party and home of the country's most senior leaders, but were repulsed by a human wall of troops.

The students, calling for democratic freedoms and demanding to speak to Prime Minister Li Peng, surged against the gates of the heavily-guarded exclusive compound, witnesses said.

A large crowd of onlookers cheered them on as they clashed with soldiers in scenes never witnessed in 40 years of communist rule.

The students threw shoes, hats and other debris at the soldiers and repeatedly charged their lines.

The confrontation came on the fourth day of mounting unrest following the death of former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang.

Witnesses said scuffles broke out with the People's Armed Police guarding the gates but the protest settled into a tense standoff between students and authorities shortly before midnight.

More than 30,000 students and spectators early this morning were still occupying Tiananmen Square in support of seven demands for political reform and the rehabilitation of Mr Hu's reputation.

Student leaders vowed to remain in the square until senior government officials respond to their demands.

At 8 pm the Beijing Municipal Party Committee authorised three members of the National People's Congress (NPC) to accept a petition from 800 students from Beijing University and People's University.

The NPC members, Mr Chen Xiping, Miss Liu Yandong and Mr Song Shixiong, received the petition, telling the students it would be passed on to "superior Government departments".

The students, however, remained in the square, apparently dissatisfied that the three were only low-ranking officials.

Asked how long they were prepared to stay in the square, one 21-year-old history student said: "Generally speaking, political problems in China take a long time to resolve."

The students' demands on the People's National Congress include freedom of the press, making public the financial accounts of China's leaders, more funds for education, full explanation of the reasons for Mr Hu's dismissal, the clearing of his name and lifting restrictions on street demonstrations in Beijing.

In spontaneous speeches, students called for a full range of political change, including one suggestion that the entire Government voluntarily resign, which was greeted by wild applause.

Watching them were hundreds of People's Armed Police, although they made no move to interfere.

However, Chinese authorities have taken steps to contain the students' activities, so far confined to campuses in Beijing, Shanghai and Tianjin.

The protests have reached the proportions of those in December 1986, which led to the dismissal of Mr Hu and a crackdown on "bourgeois liberalisation", a phrase usually referring to Western influences.

According to Chinese sources, a "high-level" meeting, probably that of the Politburo, was called in party headquarters early yesterday to work out ways to handle the situation.

Beijing has laid down the legitimate channels through which Mr Hu should be mourned and honoured.

On Monday night, the Shanghai municipality put out a notice asking that "memorial activities be conducted under leadership and in an orderly manner".

The notice further noted that activities should be held within the confines of individual government and social units.

In Beijing, students have not concealed their deep political discontent with the current regime.

"Down with Deng Xiaoping! Down with Yang Shangkun!" yelled some students, referring to China's senior leader and President.

Students from Beijing University had marched to Tiananmen before dawn yesterday.

Although it was difficult to accurately gauge the total number of students from the number of onlookers, students appeared to make up about one-third of the crowd, or around 2,500 people.

They packed the limited terrace space on the Monument to Revolutionary Heroes, in the centre of the square, where wreaths to Mr Hu were laid and where big-character posters, photographs and poems were placed.

"Openly evaluate Hu Yaobang's achievements" demanded one poster carried from the Nationalities Institute.

"Openly reveal the real circumstances of Hu Yaobang's resignation," demanded another.

One student was reportedly apprehended by police for climbing on the monument, but others also climbed up – to the delight of the crowd – to hoist a growing collection of wreaths and banners.

About a hundred students staged an all-day sit-in directly in front of the Great Hall of the People.

The students sat in an ever-widening circle beneath the shadow of the im-

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 5)

Associated Press

A student waves his university flag as another lays a wreath in memory of Mr Hu Yaobang on the Monument to Revolutionary Heroes.

# Khashoggi held for conspiring with Marcoses

From Correspondents
in Bern

Adnan Khashoggi

FLAMBOYANT Saudi financier and arms merchant, Adnan Khashoggi was yesterday arrested in a Swiss hotel and held in prison on United States charges that he helped the Marcoses conceal their crimes.

Khashoggi, 54, faces charges that he acted as middleman in a US$268 million (about HK$2 billion) swindle by deposed Philippine leader Ferdinand Marcos and his wife Imelda.

They have been charged by the US Government with looting the Philippine treasury of US$103 million (HK$803.39 million) and defrauding American banks of another US$165 million (HK$1.2 billion).

Under an extradition treaty between the US and Switzerland, the US authorities have up to 60 days in which to make a formal request for Khashoggi's extradition.

Khashoggi faces charges of conspiring with Marcos to violate a court order barring the transfer of properties owned by Marcos.

The indictment said a Marcos associate backdated a deed to show that Khashoggi had assumed ownership of some New York office buildings owned by Marcos.

Some of the art collected by Marcos was also transferred to Khashoggi, who is accused of selling it from his US$70 million (HK$546 million) yacht.

Speculation that Khashoggi had been hired by Marcos to move Philippine national treasures out of the country began to circulate in Manila and Hongkong more than a year before the February 1986 revolution.

It was rumoured that a ship, either owned by shell companies belonging to the Marcos family or to Khashoggi, had used Hongkong as a base for ferrying the treasures to Hongkong.

For 18 months, leading up to the exile of the Marcos family and close aides, a private Lear jet was also known to have shuttled weekly between Manila airport and Kai Tak.

Each consignment from the Philippines was estimated to carry about US$10 million in cash, gold bullion and art works from the Manila Metropolitan Museum.

The law of the Philippines prohibited the export of US dollars and made it impossible for any bank in that country to process such a transfer.

Throughout the political crisis in the Philippines, Hongkong was believed to be a major transit point for the billions of dollars that the Marcoses had diverted from the treasury.

Khashoggi, whose friendship with the Marcoses dates back to the 1970s, was allegedly asked to assist in the laundering scheme which ultimately involved the transfer of funds to Switzerland.

Those funds have been ordered frozen by the US Justice Department pending the outcome of the racketeering suit against Marcoses filed in New York last year.

A US federal judge yesterday ruled that Marcos is too ill to stand trial with Imelda, Khashoggi and six others.

But Judge John Keenan said that if Marcos' health improved he would be added to the trial.

He severed Marcos from the fraud and conspiracy case on the advice of prosecutors who two weeks ago sent the judge a letter saying a government doctor had examined the 71-year-old former president and found him too ill to participate in his own defence.

Marcos has been in hospital in Honolulu since mid-January being treated for a variety of ailments including pneumonia. His lawyers say he is dying.

No trial date has been set for Imelda and her co-defendants, but a hearing has been set for May 6 for turning over 350,000 government documents to the defence.

Prosecutors said they would ask that some documents be sealed because of their sensitive nature and because they might affect national security.

The Swiss statement yesterday barely touched on the

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 4)


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WEATHER

Foggy, sunny periods. Max temp 25 degrees. See Page 2.

# Boat people don't want to go back, MPs told

By S.Y. WAI and
FIONA MACMAHON

A GROUP of Vietnamese boat people at the Whitehead detention centre in Sha Tin yesterday told the Foreign Affairs Committee's inquiry into Hongkong that they never wanted to return home.

They told four of the MPs who visited the camp they would rather live in confinement for the rest of their lives or even die here than be repatriated.

The other four members of the committee went to Shamshuipo closed camp, which Tory MP Ian Taylor described as "just appalling" for the 4,950 inmates who arrived before the introduction of the Government's screening policy.

Committee chairman David Howell said something more must be done about the problem.

"The conditions in the refugee camp are very bad indeed," Mr Howell said.

"More must be done and will be done because this is a problem that must be solved and will be solved."

Another 129 Vietnamese boat people sailed into Hongkong yesterday taking the total number of arrivals this year to 2,571, double the number for the same period last year.

After the visit to Whitehead, which holds 3,978 boat people who arrived after screening was introduced, Labour MP Peter Shore said he was optimistic that the boat people would change their minds on returning home if Hanoi proved that it would treat the voluntary repatriates well.

"It is extremely important in the future how they are treated, what reports come out from Vietnam and what the United Nations (High Commissioner for Refugees) has to say about it," he said.

"That could have a very considerable influence on people (Vietnamese economic refugees) who are here and elsewhere."

Another MP, who asked not to be named, said after seeing the camp first-hand that he was convinced forced repatriation had to be part of any final solution.

"It is absolutely clear that we must have some degree of forced repatriation in order to stop them coming."

He added that the humane thing the international community needed to work towards was stopping the flow from Vietnam.

"It is a human tragedy and Hongkong and Britain are in this dilemma because they have attempted to be humane," he said.

Mr Shore side-stepped the question on whether Britain should take all the boat people stranded in Hongkong.

"We haven't yet tried until a few weeks ago the idea of voluntary repatriation, let's at least give it a chance," he said.

Mr Shore conceded that putting the boat people in detention centres would mean their human rights being somewhat infringed.

"They are people obviously whose liberties have been greatly limited. There is a limitation on people's human rights," he said.

"On the other hand, there is no absolute right of

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 1)

**THE eight-member Foreign Affairs Committee delegation yesterday spent its first full working day on the Hongkong inquiry.**

**They heard representations from Basic Law drafter Louis Cha, leaders of the Indian community, the Hongkong branch of Justice and the Hongkong Christian Institute.**

**On pages 6 and 7:**

- **MP Peter Temple-Morris said it was impossible to grant 3.28 million British Dependent Territory Citizens the right of abode in Britain.**
- **MPs responded favourably to calls for an early enactment of a Bill of Rights for Hongkong.**

Committee chairman David Howell talks to Shamshuipo student Wong Wai-fong.

# Thatcher to visit Moscow

BRITISH Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher will visit the Soviet Union in June next year for a meeting with President Mikhail Gorbachev, her office said last night.

Mrs Thatcher, who had talks with Mr Gorbachev in London earlier this month, accepted the invitation after Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Vladimir Petrovsky conveyed a message to her from the Soviet leader, her spokesman said.

She will meet Mr Gorbachev in Kiev during a British Week to be held there.

In his message, Mr Gorbachev expressed "great pleasure at the success of his recent visit and saw it as continuing the process of dialogue".

"In that spirit, Mrs Thatcher is invited to visit the Soviet Union in 1990".

Mr Thatcher last visited the Soviet Union in 1987 when she went to Moscow and toured Georgia.

The Queen also accepted an invitation offered by Mr Gorbachev over lunch on April 7 and said she would visit the Soviet Union when her schedule permits.

# Walesa, Jaruzelski shake hands

WARSAW: Solidarity leader Lech Walesa and Polish President General Wojciech Jaruzelski last night shook hands and conversed for the first time in more than seven years.

The face-to-face meeting, a day after Mr Walesa's independent union was declared legal, lasted about an hour in a reception room in the Parliament building.

"A mountain cannot meet another mountain but a man can always meet a man," General Jaruzelski said to Walesa, quoting a Polish proverb.

"I think this time we will not part," answered Mr Walesa, who last met General Jaruzelski in November 1980, one month before the general imposed martial law to crush the East Bloc's first independent union.

"This is for the benefit of Poland," the Polish leader replied.

When he left the meeting, General Jaruzelski said: "I feel satisfaction. We have come a very difficult and long way.

"Reconciliation is a process, not an act," he said, pointing to agreements on reforms for Poland reached earlier this month after extensive negotiations between communist authorities and the opposition.

"Today we only put another seal, in a way, on that accord," he said.

Mr Walesa left the parliament grounds without comment. Other opposition participants also would not discuss the meeting.

The Solidarity leader – wearing a union pin on his lapel – was presented to General Jaruzelski by Interior Minister Czeslaw Kiszczak during an official reception, and the two men shook hands, said an official photographer admitted to record the event.

They then sat together on a sofa and talked for the first part of the reception, said Solidarity activist Zbigniew Bujak, who was among the 30 people present.

Earlier, Mr Walesa had breakfast with French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas and said Poland must focus on solving its economic crisis now that the union was legal.

He also met opposition leaders choosing independent candidates for June parliamentary elections, the first in Poland open to the opposition since 1947.

The 1947 voting, which

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

# Typhoons, more rain predicted

RAINFALL this year will be between 10 per cent and 30 per cent above average and there is a strong chance of at least one major typhoon reaching the territory, the director of the Royal Observatory, Mr Patrick Sham Pak, said yesterday.

He said the Observatory had carried out nine tests to speculate on this year's rainfall and all indicated an increase, meaning an average rainfall of 2,400 millimetres to 2,500 mm for this year, compared with the normal figure of 2,224.7 mm.

Meteorological conditions in the northern atmosphere and an increase in the sea surface temperature in the Pacific Ocean were among the findings that pointed to the change.

He also warned of more typhoons and even a mature one.

This was deduced from the observation that tropical cyclones on average account for one-quarter of the year's normal rainfall: a prediction of more rain meant the likelihood of tropical cyclones.

"Each year, on average, 30 tropical cyclones form over the northwest Pacific and the South China Sea.

"Of these about six come close to the South China Coast and pose a threat to Hongkong, that is the No 1 standby signal; four of these six cause strong winds, No 3 strong wind signal; one comes near enough to cause gales, and leads to the hoisting of the No 8 signal.

"Every four to five years a mature typhoon will come very close to Hongkong to cause winds of hurricane force, that is the No 10 signal.

The last mature typhoon that struck Hongkong was Ellen in 1983 – six years ago.

## Property Post

LI Ka-shing's Cheung Kong has thrown its weight behind Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels' bid to build a light rail between Central and Aberdeen.

The tycoon announced yesterday that the Cheung Kong group was taking a 50 per cent stake in the Trans-Peak Railway venture.

● See today's 20-page Property Post


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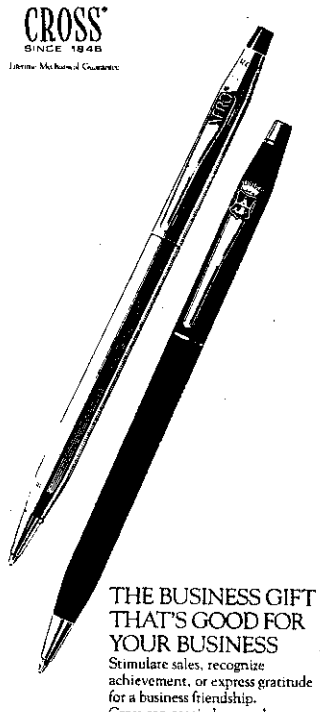

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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1989 | $3.00

# Troops repel student storm

By Fan Cheuk-wan and agencies

HUNDREDS of aggrieved students tried to force their way into the Chinese Communist Party headquarters late last night but were repelled by troops.

Some 5,000 onlookers cheered them on as they clashed with soldiers.

The students spilled over from the Tiananmen Square, where tens of thousands of students were mourning the death of former party chief Hu Yaobang, witnesses said.

Before the clash, several hundred students staged a sit-in outside the Xinhuamen, the seat of the Communist Party, while others in the Tiananmen Square demanded to meet Mr Wan Li, chairman of the National People's Congress.

Students carrying wreaths and eulogising Mr Hu also called for the resignation of Premier Li Peng's government which was allegedly responsible for the downfall of Mr Hu in 1987.

They also called for a posthumous political rehabilitation of Mr Hu.

Chinese authorities have been confronted with the biggest pro-democracy demonstrations since the nationwide student unrest in 1986, which led to Mr Hu's downfall in 1987.

The unrest is regarded as the toughest test faced by Chinese authorities in pacifying the widespread discontent against the current political and economic problems.

■ Students chant pro-democracy slogans in Tiananmen Square during mourning for Hu Yaobang yesterday.

Leading dissidents yesterday backed the students' pro-democracy outcry and urged the party to make a fair verdict on Mr Hu's achievements.

Police kept a low profile and made no attempt to intervene in the demonstrations.

Beijing authorities banned demonstrations from Tiananmen Square in 1986 and marchers were ordered to seek approval for any rally.

But a spokesman for the Beijing Municipal Public Security Bureau said there would not be any intervention in the students' mourning activities.

More than 200 students chanting "down with dictatorship" and "long live democracy" staged a sit-in protest outside the Great Hall of the People early yesterday.

The students presented government officials with seven demands, including a positive reassessment of Mr Hu, the resignation of those responsible for bringing Mr Hu down, an apology by the government for policy mistakes, freedom of speech and publication, and public disclosure of the personal incomes and property of senior leaders.

The protesters said they would not disperse until a member of the National People's Congress agreed to meet them. But the authorities had yet to answer the request last night.

Fresh reinforcements from the Central Institute for National Minorities and the Beijing Economics Institute joined the parades of the Beijing University, the People University and the Chinese University of Politics and Law, swelling the number of protesters to 10,000 by mid-afternoon.

Witnesses said the atmosphere had changed from one of good humour to tension as the number of security guards on the scene also increased.

Mr Hu was forced to resign his position as Communist Party General-Secretary in January 1987 in wake of nationwide student unrest.

Yesterday afternoon, 200 to 300 students from the Qinghua University confronted troops without incident when they carried a giant wreath to the Great Hall of the People.

Cheered by more than 1,000 onlookers, the students planned to clash with soldiers guarding the Great Hall of the People.

But when they got close, officials swung open the doors to the Great Hall and admitted the students with the wreath and closed the doors quickly behind them.

Observers in Beijing said the authorities were trying to avoid provoking more radical protests.

Student sources in Shanghai said the Fudan University was also the scene of a demonstration and reports of campus demonstrations in Shanghai also reached Beijing.

The Beijing protesters read out a message of support from students at Nankai University, Tianjin.

Dissident Professor Fang Lizhi said the students' pro-democracy calls were "normal, correct and reasonable".

"Students' demands for democracy and freedom have never died since the nationwide student movement in early 1987. The current student protests are only another public demonstration of their views," he said.

"It'll be good for the party central to rehabilitate Mr Hu because it can demonstrate the party's courage to recognise its own mistakes."

Dissident political theorist Professor Yan Jiaqi said the students' appeals were reasonable because it was the common view of the Chinese people to ask for a rehabilitation of Mr Hu.

"The party leaders can't avoid passing a fair verdict on Mr Hu's great achievements to the country's opening and reform during his term of office as the party chief," he said.

Prof Yan urged the party to demonstrate its democratic manner by rehabilitating Mr Hu in its eulogy at the official memorial service on Saturday.

Mr Hu's successor, Mr Zhao Ziyang, is expected to be selfish and to consider British interests. Would you have these bright, talented professionals staying put in Hongkong and working in your commercial interests, secure in the knowledge that they have been provided with a safety net, or would you rather have them working for Canada, the United States, Australia or even some of those banana republics in South America?

Don't forget, gentlemen, that there's a vast market up there in China for British made goods. Hongkong is not merely the gateway. A stable, prosperous Hongkong will contribute immensely to China's economic development. With development comes the market. Do you want to leave it all to the Japanese, the Russians and the rest?

Britain's links with Hongkong are more than 100 years old. Once they are broken it will be hard to forge them anew because those links were laid when Britain was a great maritime power, when there weren't such strong, aggressive competitors as the Japanese, and when there weren't so many others hungering for such a massive and potentially lucrative market.

You know by now that this is a highly materialistic society. Most people would rather stay to make the money than go anywhere else. And there's money to be made. Lots of it. Consider those millions of pounds going to Britain in the way of "invisibles".

The message you need to push hard to the Thatcher Government is that a strong, stable, successful Hongkong after 1997 will continue to make a significant contribution to the British economy.

Who has a better foothold in Hongkong than the British when it comes to doing big business with China? Hongkong's expertise can and will be at Britain's disposal – as long as this expertise remains here.

The way to ensure that is to take a fresh look at the nationality issue. Pragmatism, flexibility are the keys to economic success in today's world. Hongkong bears testimony to that. Britain should adopt them too.

The question of nationality is of vital importance and must be addressed if we are to go ahead with confidence.

We look forward to talking to you again tomorrow.

DAY THREE: Comment on the Foreign Affairs Select Committee's visit

## Wouldn't you like to keep our skills?

Good morning, Gentlemen...

We trust you have a better idea of Hongkong, its people and their concerns after two days. This place is not as easy to understand as some people make out. But the worries about the future are easy enough to grasp.

Gentlemen, many people here are of the view that you are wasting everybody's time and money. You are not among the "regulars" of Westminster concerned with Hongkong affairs. Inevitably, many believe you don't have much clout.

But we are sure that if you put your minds to it, you can impress on Margaret Thatcher government that the fears of Hongkong people can be allayed without creating crises for Britain or the British people.

You have, undoubtedly, done your homework. So you are aware that 3.5 million Hongkong people are British subjects, morally entitled to right of abode in Britain. The vast majority, of course, aren't interested in going there. Hongkong is their home.

The same goes for the 100,000 Macanese of Macau. Still the Portuguese have felt themselves morally bound to issue them with the Portuguese passport with right of abode. Like Hongkong's British subjects, they need it as an insurance against China's veering off into another bout of political upheaval as in the Cultural Revolution.

Those who need such insurance most are surely those with the skills, talent, brains and experience so vital to Hongkong's continued success – and the security of British commercial interests.

The French, whose colonial record was once sniffed at by the British, have recognised this and offered passports to such people employed by French firms. Ironic, isn't it? Of course, there's no use appealing to the much-vaunted British sense of honour – if there is any left.

Instead we urge you gentlemen to be selfish and to consider British interests. Would you have these bright, talented professionals staying put in Hongkong and working in your commercial interests, secure in the knowledge that they have been provided with a safety net, or would you rather have them working for Canada, the United States, Australia or even some of those banana republics in South America?

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We look forward to talking to you again tomorrow.

**INSIDE**

■ What the committee did today; public hearing details; leaders seek united front on nationality. Page 5 ▶

■ Nationality: The plight of minorities. Page 6 ▶

## Mainland law frees HK man in Taiwan

By Tammy Tam

The Taiwan High Court yesterday cited mainland law for the first time in 40 years to release a Hongkong businessman charged with being a member of the Chinese Communist Youth League (CCYL).

Mr Cheung Ki-lok, 31, was embraced by his overjoyed wife, who flew to Taiwan last week from Hongkong for the verdict.

Family members hope he will be able to return soon to kiss his new-born baby for the first time.

He was released on bail of NT$200,000 (HK$57,000) but has to delay his return to Hongkong until it has been established whether the prosecutor will appeal.

"I think it is a fair verdict," a smiling Mr Cheung said outside the court.

His defence lawyer, Mr Chen Shui-bian, said the High Court had cited the constitution of the youth league, which stipulated that Chinese nationality was a prerequisite for membership.

The court ruled that Mr Cheung, a Hongkong resident, was not qualified for membership and therefore innocent.

It also ruled that a now-defunct magazine, *Gong Sang Gok (Student Brother)* that Mr Cheung was involved in when he was a student in the 1970s was not a pro-communist magazine.

"It is a breakthrough for Taiwan to recognise the law of the mainland in handling such a sensitive case," Mr Chen said.

Mr Cheung was arrested when he went to Taiwan for a friend's wedding in January last year. He was charged with joining the CCYL during his student days in Hongkong and sentenced to three years and four months' imprisonment.

"The court has to change its verdict now since the government policy is changing and so is the situation," said Mr Chen.

"It is a political case, so the verdict has to change with the development of government policies concerned."

Since the Taiwan government lifted its ban on its people visiting the mainland 18 months ago, more than 400,000 Taiwan residents have visited the mainland, many of them Kuomintang members, and Finance Minister Shirley Kuo will lead a delegation to Beijing for the annual meeting of the Asian Development Bank.

"The mainland has never charged any Kuomintang members visiting there with joining seditious organisations and even welcomes high-ranking officials as Shirley Kuo," Mr Chen said.

He said Mr Cheung's release was due more to political considerations than legal reasons.

"It shows that the government no longer views the Chinese Communist Youth League a seditious organisation," he said, adding: "I knew I would win the case from the very beginning."

In Hongkong, Mr Cheung's family members were rejoicing yesterday.

His sister, Miss Cheung Shui-kwan said: "He has never been able to kiss his little baby who was born soon after he was arrested. His wife took the baby to visit him twice in prison. Now he can finally get together with the family."

REUTER

■ Free at last ... Mr Cheung Ki-lok embraces his wife

## Tycoon's son linked to historic accord

EXCLUSIVE by Priscilla Leung

**TIMOTHY Fok Chun-ting, son of one of Beijing's most trusted Hongkong advisers, was the go-between in secret negotiations that led to the recent breakthrough in relations between China and Taiwan.**

**Mr Fok, the eldest son of Mr Henry Fok Ying-tung, declined to confirm his role yesterday, saying the matter was "too sensitive".**

**But *The Hongkong Standard* has learned he played a central role in talks in Hongkong that led to a historic accord under which Taiwan will take part in international sports events on the mainland under the name "Chinese Taipei".**

**The first Taiwan team under the new designation arrived in Beijing on Monday to take part in the Asian Youth Gymnastics Championships.**

**Though declining to confirm the role he played, Mr Fok acknowledged that he knew Mr Lee Ching-hua, secretary-general of Taiwan's Olympic Committee.**

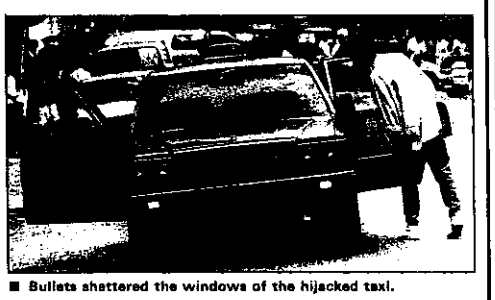
**Mr Lee was the only Taiwanese representative at the secret talks, conducted on March 13 and April 4.**

**Mr Fok said he was also familiar with Mr He Zhenliang, vice-chairman of the mainland's Olympic Committee, secretary-general Mr Wei Jizhong and vice-secretary-general Mr Tu Mingde, who represented the mainland at the talks.**

■ Continued on Page 7

## Police, gunman fight battle in busy streets

SAMSON CHEUNG



■ Bullets shattered the windows of the hijacked taxi.

By Yusuf Karamdin

POLICE fought a gun battle with a man who hijacked two cars in busy Mong Kok yesterday.

The incident ended when the driver of the second car, Mr Tang Chi-keung, persuaded the gunman to surrender.

The shooting happened about 4.40 pm when two officers of the Police Tactical Unit approached a man in Fa Yuen Street suspected of involvement in a series of robberies.

On seeing the officers he fled into a nearby building. The officers gave chase but when one reached the first floor, the gunman jumped out and pointed a pistol at his head.

He then ordered the officer to hand over his service revolver.

The second officer retreated and called for reinforcements.

The suspect ran out of the building dropping the service revolver.

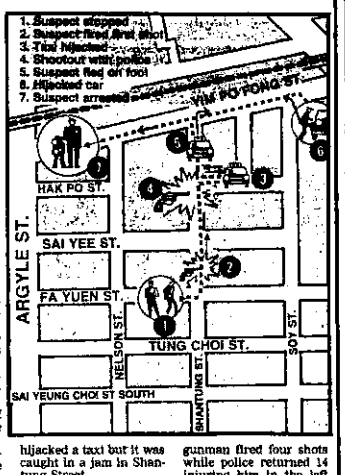
The second officer renewed his chase after the man who had turned into Shantung Street and fired a shot at the officer.

When he reached Hak Po Street, the gunman hijacked a taxi but it was caught in a jam in Shantung Street.

Other officers arrived and exchanged shots with the man.

It was believed the gunman fired four shots while police returned 14 injuring him in the left shoulder. The gunman opened the taxi door and began shooting.

■ Continued on Page 4




## Marcos-link financier held

ZURICH: Swiss police have arrested Saudi financier Adnan Khashoggi at the request of US authorities investigating alleged swindles by ousted Philippine president Ferdinand Marcos and his wife Imelda.

Mr Pierre Schmid, a senior official of the Swiss Justice and Police Department, told a news conference the 53-year-old businessman was seized at a hotel in Berne yesterday and taken to a local jail pending extradition proceedings.

Khashoggi, who played a central role in brokering US arms sales to Iran, has been indicted by a New York court with helping the Marcoses conceal fraudulent financial transactions.

The Marcoses, living in exile in Hawaii, have been charged by the US government with looting the Philippine Treasury of US$103 million (about HK$800 million) and defrauding American banks of US$185 million.

Mr Khashoggi was charged specifically by the US District Court for the Southern District of New York with conspiring with Mr Marcos to violate a court order barring the transfer of properties owned by Mr Marcos.

The indictment said a Marcos associate backdated a deed to show that Mr Khashoggi had assumed ownership of some New York office buildings owned by the ex-president. Some of the art collected by Mr Marcos was also transferred to the Arab financier, the documents said.

"As we have established in connection with the requests by the Philippines for legal assistance in the Marcos case, Marcos is an artist in concealing his real wealth," Mr Schmid said.

The Justice Department said the alleged offences involved valuable paintings which went missing at the Metropolitan Museum in Manila in February 1986.

Last November Switzerland agreed to give US authorities the records of some financial transactions made by Mr Marcos and his family for use in a fraud and racketeering case against them.

Manila has also lodged numerous requests for information on Mr Marcos' bank accounts in Switzerland. Under an extradition treaty between the United States and Switzerland, the US authorities have up to 60 days in which to make a formal request for extradition.

Reuter

## Shares soar, dollar dips

**LONDON: Europe's main stock markets followed Wall Street higher yesterday on signs that higher US interest rates were coming to an end. This pushed the dollar lower.**

**In Sydney, the Australian dollar plunged on a record current account deficit for March.**

■Details: Page 9

## Mark Six

**ONE lucky punter won $2,305,226 in the Mark Six Lottery which drew numbers 6, 7, 16, 25, 27 and 28 yesterday.**

**The extra number drawn was 42.**

**The second prize of $155,739 each had eight winners while the third prize of $9,051 each had 296 winning units.**

## Chief regrets gate opening

A POLICE chief has spoken of his torment at the deaths of soccer fans following his order to open the gates into the Hillsborough stadium.

The death of a 14-year-old boy yesterday raised to 95 the number of fans killed in Britain's worst-ever soccer disaster.

Superintendent Roger Marshall, 46, said: "I cannot put into words the anguish I feel for the bereaved.

"I was devastated by what I saw. It was tragic. My family and I are under great strain just as the grieving relatives are. This is an absolutely traumatic time for everyone."

Colleagues yesterday described Supt Marshall as a "broken man" as a result of the tragedy.

He took the decision to order the concertina steel gates be opened as more than 3,000 Liverpool fans pressed against turnstiles with a huge force that caused bricks to bulge.

Supt Marshall had pleaded for a delay of the start of the FA Cup semi-final match – but his request was ignored.

It was then, fearing that a wall was seconds away from collapsing, that he made the life-or-death decision.

Another officer who were at the scene said: "What else could Roger Marshall do? He had 15 police riders and 40 other officers at his disposal. They had no hope of containing the situation.

Meanwhile, the government started its inquiry into the disaster and inquests into the deaths of 50 fans were also opened yesterday.

■ FA Cup decision Back Page

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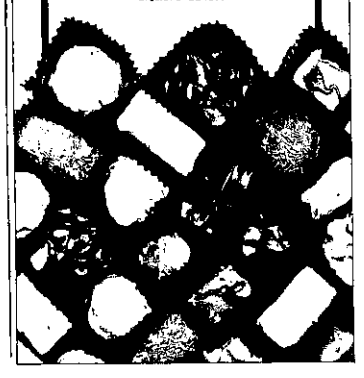

## 率先垂范 便于监督

# 河北公布廉洁守则 约束省级领导行为

本报石家庄4月19日电 记者陈国玮报道：河北昨日公布省级党政领导干部廉洁守则，以约束和规范领导干部的行为作风，在更大范围内接受广大党员和群众的监督。

廉洁守则内容包括政治、组织、思想、生活、出国等许多方面，主要内容有：省级领导干部不能违反规定乱批条子、乱开口子，不为犯法违纪者包括亲友家属说情、开脱。不用公款公物送礼。不接受下级的礼品，不以任何形式经商办企业或捞取好处。下乡要坚持轻车简从，不搞迎送，就餐“四菜一汤”，不接受宴请，按规定交费。出省、出国参观考察，不违反规定采购物品，用公款旅游。住房和各种待遇按规定执行，不搞特殊。到外地休养，如带家属子女，费用自理。对家属、子女、亲友和身边工作人员升学、就业、入党、提干、住房、出国等问题，不出面说情或进行干预。自觉遵守组织人事纪律，使用干部严格按照党的标准。

## 民政部发出紧急通知

# 今年春荒面积大困难多 救灾务须保重点防漏洞

本报北京4月19日讯 民政部日前发出抓紧灾区群众生活安排的紧急通知。

去年，我国自然灾害频繁，损失比较严重，给今年遗留下来的问题不少。目前，正处于青黄不接的紧张季节，安排灾区群众生活的工作已进入关键时刻。

通知要求，在春荒期间把救灾粮款迅速落实到灾民手中。粮款安排要保证重点。今年春荒面大，困难多，各地在安排生活救济时要严格控制救济面，重点保证既缺粮缺钱又没有自救能力的重灾户。对平均发放、优亲厚友的问题要严加制止。

同时，要特别注意随时张补粮款安排中出现的漏洞，以求得解决，防止春荒扩大和发生意外事件。

通知提出积极组织灾民生产自救，发动互助互济。灾区各地要抓好劳力安排，在搞好春耕生产的同时，尽量开展一些工副业生产，扩大收入来源，增强度荒能力。

## 连续报道

# 魏明生借调动挥霍时有人说—— 共产党不兴这一套

## 安康一些干部曾顶过这个“吃喝专员”

新华社西安四月十九日电 （记者万武义、通讯员张孟恩）陕西安康原行署专员魏明生借调动之机四处吃喝拿要时，一些党员干部通过各种形式对其坚决抵制。

在魏明生调离时，虽有一些单位的领导主动邀请这位即将赴任的省级委副主任去“话别”，但地区检察分院、中级法院、土地管理局等单位在接到魏明生要来“告别”的电话通知以后，既没有设宴席，也没有备糖果，均以一杯清茶待客。地区纪律检查委员会书记和中国人民银行通知后，当即表示拒绝参加，他们气愤地说：共产党不兴这一套，规矩！安康地委顾问张知乾、安康市人大常委会副主任杨云等在了解到魏明生的所作所为后，愤然提笔向上反映魏明生的违纪行为和在此以前的一系列弄权谋私问题，请求上面派人查处。

在魏长的“辞行”接近尾声的时候，要和行署机关六能各部门负责人一起参加“欢送会”，结果到会者只有一半，而且整个会议始终处于冷场状态，除主持人和魏明生外，无一人表态发言，最后不欢而散，参加会的人议论说：魏明生借工作调动之机今天吃东家，明天拿西家，实在不象话！

对于魏明生在“告别”过程中和以前的一些问题，安康地区纪检委顶住压力，坚持派专人进行调查，对此，安康地区纪检委顶住压力，坚持派专人进行调查，对此，安康地区纪检委顶住压力，坚持派专人进行调查，对此

# 中共中央追悼胡耀邦
# 昨公告後天舉行大會
## 香港新華社同日舉行悼念儀式
## 中央治喪辦對發自悼念活動表示支持

【新華社北京十九日電】中國共產黨中央委員會今天就舉行胡耀邦追悼大會和向遺體告別儀式發布公告。

公告說，中共中央決定，一九八九年四月二十二日上午十時，在北京人民大會堂中央大廳舉行胡耀邦同志追悼大會並向遺體告別，屆時中央民族樂團電台、中央電視台將進行實況轉播。

公告說，各地可組織群眾收聽收看追悼大會實況。

【新華社香港十九日電】據新華社香港分社今日公告稱，讀社深切悼念胡耀邦同志的舉行，定於四月二十二日上午十時至下午四時舉行。各界如致送花圈，請於四月二十一日下午五時以前送到扇尼大道東三八七號新華社大廈。

【香港中通訊社北京十九日電】記者從北京胡耀邦治喪辦公室獲悉，四月二十二日上午在北京人民大會堂中央大廳隆重舉行胡耀邦追悼大會。大會由中共中央總書記趙紫陽主持，胡啓立、姚依林、李鵬、喬石、李瑞環、胡耀邦治喪辦公室主任溫家寶負責。

連日來，北京和大陸各地悼念胡耀邦的活動，以表達他們對這位傑出的共產主義戰士的哀思。

【本報北京十九日電】北京市人民政府今天就昨晚有人在胡耀邦逝世而製造騷亂，呼籲人們不要上當受騙，以維護社會秩序的通告說，自胡耀邦同志逝世以來，廣大群眾對他的革命一生和高尚品德表示了深切的懷念，並舉行了各種悼念活動。這些悼念活動是正當的，完全可以理解的，應該給予支持。但是，極少數別有用心的人企圖將悼念活動轉移到反對黨的領導和社會主義制度的軌道上來，進行破壞社會安定的活動，這是絕對不允許的。

通告說，為了維護首都的社會秩序，保障廣大人民群眾的生命財產安全，北京市政府決定，從十九日晚起，在天安門廣場及其他公共場所，一律不得舉行悼念胡耀邦同志的集會、遊行活動。

通告說，過去幾天，一些別有用心的人利用悼念胡耀邦的機會，煽動一些不明真相的群眾，在天安門廣場及其他公共場所，張貼、散發、懸掛一些攻擊誣衊黨和國家領導人的標語、傳單、橫幅和大字報，製造騷亂，破壞社會秩序，這是絕對不允許的。

通告說，對極少數別有用心的人，在悼念胡耀邦同志的名義下，煽動學生罷課、罷教、罷工、罷市，破壞社會秩序，在法律允許的範圍內，我們堅決支持；超出這個範圍，就是違法的，我們堅決反對。

通告還說，對於極少數別有用心的人，利用悼念胡耀邦同志的名義

# 文匯報

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# 中共中央昨正式宣布

## 胡耀邦逝世後日隆重追悼

### 楊尚昆主持追悼儀式 趙紫陽致詞悼念

### 鄧小平將出席大會 胡氏遺體遵遺囑火化

【本報記者銀北京十九日電】消息來源透露，胡耀邦的追悼會將於本月廿二日在人民大會堂舉行時，將由國家主席楊尚昆主持儀式，並由中共中央總書記趙紫陽致悼詞。鄧小平屆時亦將會出席追悼會。

消息又說，胡耀邦的遺體將舉行火葬，骨灰將安放在八寶山革命公墓。

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的悼詞現正修改之中，其中已確定下來的，包括在對胡耀邦的稱謂中加上馬克思主義者的稱呼。

公告說，各地可組織黨政收聽收看追悼大會實況。

## 港澳新華分社廿二日舉行追悼儀式（詳見第十二版）

## 人羣凌晨再聚新華門 警察築人牆維持秩序

### 天安門前人羣昨最多時約五六萬

【本報記者銀北京二十日凌晨電】今日凌晨中南海新華門再次聚集了大批羣衆，人數比昨晚更多，估計最少有一、兩萬人，有關方面派出多輛卡車的公安及武警人員在場築起人牆維持秩序和疏散人羣。至截稿時止，未有衝擊事件發生，但也有一些騷擾。

據悉，昨晚十時許，集結在天安門廣場的人羣再度逐漸轉往新華門前。至今日凌晨時分，新華門前聚集的人羣已比昨晚多出一倍。

公安人員已封鎖的範圍擴大，由東經長安街往西的汽車一律不得通行，而西邊的封鎖則延伸至西單。公安和武警人員實施以分割形式將人羣隔開，逐批疏

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【新華社北京十九日電】中南海新華門追悼胡耀邦的追悼會於今天就舉行。胡耀邦逝世後，中共中央決定，一九八九年四月二十二日上午十時，在北京人民大會堂中央大廳舉行胡耀邦追悼大會和向遺體告別儀式。發布公告。

公告說，中共中央決定，一九八九年四月二十二日上午十時，在北京人民大會堂中央大廳舉行胡耀邦追悼大會和向遺體告別儀式。

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## 遭屬近日心力交瘁 胡家今辭謝弔客

### 連日往弔唁者已逾五千人

【本報記者銀北京十九日電】首都各界羣衆連日來絡繹不絕地前往胡耀邦家中致哀。胡氏的遺屬表示衷心感謝。

由於連日來精神和體力都消耗很大，加上心情不好，而且正式追悼會即將舉行，所以胡氏的家人表示，今日是接受羣衆前往其家中弔唁的最後一天，明天將暫謝門羣。

據胡耀邦家的門衛說，截至今日中午和中央廣播電台發現，到這裏悼念的市民已超過五千多人。

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## 羣衆自發悼念活動 北京表示理解支持

### 喬石胡啟立等四人掌治喪辦公室

【香港中國通訊社北京十九日電】胡耀邦治喪辦公室由中共政治局常委喬石、胡啓立、姚依林和書記兼辦公廳主任溫家寶負責。

建國以來，北京和大陸各地不少學校、企事業單位的羣衆設靈堂、獻花圈、自發開展悼念胡耀邦的活動，以表達他們對這位清廉的黨和人民公僕的崇敬的感情。這些悼念活動是正當的，完全可以理解的，應該給予支持。他還表示，胡耀邦同志的治喪活動，將按中央已有布的計劃如期進行。

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## 外國唁電陸續收到

【本報訊】據新華社北京十九日電，一些國家及政府領導人及外國政黨領導人電唁北京，悼念胡耀邦逝世，其中包括土耳其總統凱南、埃夫倫、波蘭統一工人黨中央第一書記雅魯澤爾斯基、巴基斯坦總理貝布托、突尼斯總統巴布什、南斯拉夫共產主義者聯盟中央主席團主席舒瓦爾、越南老一輩革命家黃文歡和中央顧問組組長阿爾巴尼亞勞動黨中央委員、組織部長尼基塔等。

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悼念人羣昨拾著大花圈前往人民英雄紀念碑。（法新社傳真）

## 深圳大學師生悼胡耀邦逝世

【本報深圳十九日電】胡耀邦不幸逝世的消息，給廣東深圳大學一些師生帶來了極大的震驚和悲痛。

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## 新華社香港分社 公告

茲定於四月二十二日（星期六）上午十時至下午四時，在皇后大道東三八七號新華社大廈設置靈堂，舉行悼念儀式，深切悼念胡耀邦同志，特此奉告香港各界同胞。

（如敬送花圈，請於四月二十一日下午五時以前送到上址）

新華社香港分社

一九八九年四月十九日

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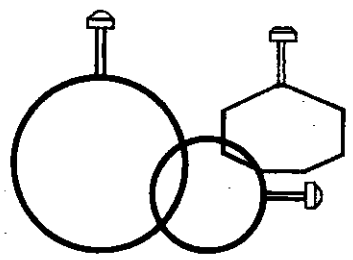

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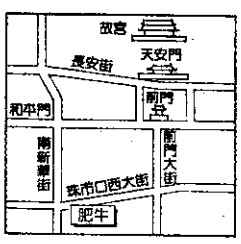


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## 傳學生遭警帶走 公安局否認其事

### 稱在現場只負責維持秩序

【據中新社北京十九日電】記者就外電所傳，今晨有二名學生在新華門前被警察帶走一事詢問市公安局，一位負責官員稱，四月十五日至今，警察沒有逮捕過一名學生，他們在現場只負責維持秩序，疏導交通。

貼出悼念胡耀邦的標語外，還停止校內一切公共娛樂活動，以示哀悼。

## 本港一記者攝影 在現場與警衝撞

【本報記者銀北京二十日電】今日凌晨十二時許，在新華門前，數以千計的人羣再度聚集，時間一長，就有些混亂。本港一名攝影記者何旭攝影時，與警方人員發生了衝突，後來被警察扣押。該記者於凌晨三時許被放去。據他表示，他是在拍攝警方人員毆打人羣的照片時，與警方人員發生了衝突，後來被在現場實施了北京市人民政府的通告，通告說，人民羣衆悼念胡耀邦，反映了人民和羣衆對胡耀邦的感愛，但通告也指出，個別人羣中有人企圖趁悼念胡耀邦之機，煽動和進行破壞活動，嚴重擾亂了社會秩序，這是不允許的。通告勸圍聚在新華門前的羣衆離開。

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## 少數人衝擊中南海 新華社昨報道過程

### 有人向警衛扔玻璃瓶及鞋 一名警衛受傷

【新華社北京十九日電】在北京廣大羣衆深切悼念於上周六逝世的胡耀邦的日子裏，北京的近千名學生和其他人從昨晚到今天凌晨圍聚在中央機關所在地中南海新華門外，有些人無視警衛人員的勸阻，不斷衝擊新華門，並向警衛人員扔玻璃瓶和鞋子，有一名警衛戰士的右腿被扔來的玻璃瓶擊傷。

昨天，數千名北京羣衆到天安門廣場敬獻花圈，悼念胡耀邦逝世。二十二時五十分，近千名學生和其他人沿長安街經過新華門時，要求進入新華門向警衛人員遞交悼念胡耀邦的花圈。警衛人員勸說他們遵守秩序，疏導交通。

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四月十五日至今，警察沒有逮捕過一名學生。他們在現場只負責維持秩序，疏導交通。

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中華民國七十八年(一九八九)年四月二十日·星期四·農曆己巳年三月十五日

# 快報


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EXPRESS

# 學生今晨再強衝新華門
# 公安鐵腕鎮壓拉三百人

## 本報記者遭公安圍毆受傷及迫簽悔過書

（快報記者蔡耀銘北京報道）近萬名學生今凌晨由天安門廣場向中共領導人的總部新華門外，要求與李鵬會面，在門外的北京公安人員驅散聚集，並拘捕了數百人，部分公安人員及學生新聞工作者亦在事件中被打傷。

據目擊者稱，大約凌晨三時許，約有二千名公安人員從新華門內湧出，並將新華門附近一段東長安街封鎖。

本報兩名記者分別是蔡耀銘及攝影記者何潘於凌晨四時十分從天安門廣場趕抵新華門外，並拍攝到公安人員毆打學生的情況。

此時正值公安人員開始沿長安街撤向新華門，並部分人情著在圖及機場，抬進有叫要求自由及民主口號，至晚上十一時許，已有近萬人聚集在新華門外，要求與李鵬會面，在門外的北京公安人員驅散聚集，並拘捕了數百人，部分公安人員及學生新聞工作者亦在事件中被打傷。

本報記者蔡耀銘現場目擊，當時二時分左右，在新華門外的北京公安人員驅散聚集，有人大叫要公安人員打人，記者則聽見有指揮官說：「把那個戴眼鏡的公安人員圍起來打。」此時，十多名身穿制服的公安人員圍毆記者何潘，並拉扯何潘的衣領由一批武裝公安人員將何潘拖走。

本報

# 巨幅胡像置紀念碑 羣衆輪流發表演說

遊行癱瘓交通 公安人員未阻止

（本報特派記者羅德北京專電）北京的學生示威遊行無異因中共中央總書記胡耀邦的逝世而終止，昨晚繼續有數以萬計的人士安門廣場舉行悼念胡耀邦活動。

昨日下午的有四、五十萬人在天安門人民英雄紀念碑附近集會，其中很多是中年人。北京中央黨校學生的隊伍，在下午六時開始集結，公民集會公民的胡耀邦像，安放在紀念碑的正中，人群在紀念碑的基座上不斷獻花圈。

一名年約三十歲自稱曾經是一位軍人的男子，在獻花圈後，有組織地高舉胡耀邦的大幅照片，他代表學生領袖發言，大意是：胡耀邦是人民的好總書記

# 胡耀邦遺言：「希望中央對我的工作做出結論」

## 政府通告勸喻無效　逾千警察封新華門
## 人潮一日兩衝中南海　武警今晨拖走500學生

【本報紀者北京專電】昨晚有數千學生不理會政府的勸告，在不足半小時內兩度衝破中南海新華門，當局派出逾千名武警驅散及拘捕學生，逾百名武警被學生圍毆受傷，其中一名傷勢嚴重。據悉，已有500多名學生被捕。這是繼上星期四（四月十三日）胡耀邦逝世後，學生第一次衝擊中南海。

昨晚約八時許，數千名學生從天安門廣場進行和平遊行，至中南海新華門前集結，要求與政府領導人對話，並遞交請願書。學生代表王丹等人在新華門前靜坐，要求與政府領導人對話，並遞交請願書。

昨晚十時許，數千名學生開始衝擊新華門，並撞開鐵門，衝入中南海。當時，新華門前的武警只有數百人，他們用盾牌阻擋學生，並用警棍驅趕學生。

學生衝入中南海後，高呼「不許打人，不許打人」的口號，他們並要求總理出來對話。

學生衝破新華門後，約四十分鐘內，新華門前的武警增至一千多人，並重新集結，形成人牆，阻止學生衝入中南海。

昨日晚間，學生與武警在新華門前僵持，情況一度非常緊張。至午夜時分，學生代表王丹等人與武警協調後，學生開始撤離新華門。

學生撤離後，武警在新華門前清理現場，並拘捕部分學生。

【本報記者北京專電】四月十八日晚，順義縣委通知在胡耀邦逝世時，在北京的順邦夫人李鵬涙流滿面，手捧胡耀邦的遺照，在百名親屬陪同下，從機場出發，前往胡耀邦家中。

順義縣委通知李鵬涙，胡耀邦的遺體將於四月二十一日舉行追悼會，並將在八寶山革命公墓火化。

李鵬涙在胡耀邦逝世後，一直悲痛欲絕，他曾多次在胡耀邦的遺照前，痛哭流涙。

李鵬涙是在胡耀邦逝世後，由中央統戰部通知，前往順義縣委，並與縣委領導人會面，商討胡耀邦的遺體運回北京的事宜。

李鵬涙在順義縣委會面時，曾表示，他要親自護送胡耀邦的遺體回北京，並要親自為胡耀邦守靈。

李鵬涙在與縣委領導人會面後，即前往胡耀邦家中，探望胡耀邦夫人李鵬涙。

李鵬涙抵達胡耀邦家中後，即與胡耀邦夫人李鵬涙抱頭痛哭，兩人悲痛欲絕，場面令人感動。

李鵬涙在探望胡耀邦夫人後，即前往胡耀邦的靈堂，在胡耀邦的遺照前，李鵬涙再次痛哭流涙，悲痛欲絕。

## 特稿
## 探望胡耀邦夫人　李鵬淚流滿面

昨日被學生衝破的新華門

學生在新華門前靜坐

學生在新華門前靜坐

【本報記者北京專電】昨晚有數千學生不理會政府的勸告，在不足半小時內兩度衝破中南海新華門，當局派出逾千名武警驅散及拘捕學生，逾百名武警被學生圍毆受傷，其中一名傷勢嚴重。據悉，已有500多名學生被捕。這是繼上星期四（四月十三日）胡耀邦逝世後，學生第一次衝擊中南海。

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## 數千遊行學生高呼　不許抓人不許打人

其後大批警員開往現場，警方除封鎖通往新華門的通道，並要求超過萬名的國務院等北京中南海及人民大會堂為主的北京大學學生會三大武裝圍牆中共中央內地中南海，與李先念等中共領導人聞訊後，即派出大批警員前往現場，維持秩序，並要求學生即時離開。

警方在現場不斷以擴音器播放錄音，要求學生即時離開，否則將採取強硬手段。

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## 天安門公安人員　對人羣未作干預

【本報記者北京專電】昨日晚間，有超過萬名的國務院等北京中南海及人民大會堂為主的北京大學學生會三大武裝圍牆中共中央內地中南海，與李先念等中共領導人聞訊後，即派出大批警員前往現場，維持秩序，並要求學生即時離開，否則將採取強硬手段。

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## 悼胡人潮不絕愈夜愈多
## 巨幅胡像置英雄紀念碑
### 大膽詩句抨擊一黨制帶來惡果

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學生撤離後，武警在新華門前清理現場，並拘捕部分學生。

## 數千遊行學生高呼　不許抓人不許打人

其後大批警員開往現場，警方除封鎖通往新華門的通道，並要求超過萬名的國務院等北京中南海及人民大會堂為主的北京大學學生會三大武裝圍牆中共中央內地中南海，與李先念等中共領導人聞訊後，即派出大批警員前往現場，維持秩序，並

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# 中南海天安門十萬青年高呼 推翻專制 還我民主萬歲

## 今日新聞提要

一、北平十萬軍衆大示威，刊第一版。

二、英國議員探訪戴瑞明，刊第十六版。

三、小一入學年齡維持六歲，刊第十五版。

四、我國汽車發展方案通過，刊第三版。

五、美國減軍費百億美元，刊第二版。

## 數千學生再衝擊中南海 今晨五百人遭共警帶走

### 羣衆齊高叫要「李鵬出來」見學生

【本報綜合報導】北平學生星期三夜晚繼第二夜衝擊中南海，高呼「李鵬出來」見學生，又與子弟公安進行。

星期二夜晚子熱鬧，在天安門廣場聚會的數千學生繼續前來到中南海新華門。由於「公安人員」在廣場與數人靜坐抓了一批學生，學生前往要求釋放，高呼「不要打人，不要打人」的口號，並一度衝開中南海，集結十分鐘。學生並宣布大規模示威遊行，要求「公安人員」撤離。當局北京增派大量「公安人員」到場，並出動大批軍警，在中南海前大道架起鐵絲網，以防學生衝入。

「北平市政府」警告，從今晚起戒嚴，要求中共當局釋放於一百名在中南海門前，要求中共當局釋放的一百名示威學生，並在一時限內

# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 | HONGKONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1989 | Vol. XLV No. 108 | Price $3.00


# Police break up new protest as workers swell crowd to 100,000

From SETH FAISON and WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

ABOUT 8,000 students and workers demanding more freedom and the rehabilitation of former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang last night clashed with police at Zhongnanhai, the Beijing compound where China's most senior leaders live.

More than 1,000 police moved in quickly to drive back the crowd which had broken away just before midnight from the huge crowd in Tiananmen Square, which the official China News Service estimated at 100,000.

Calling on the Prime Minister to talk to them, the students chanted "Li Peng come out". Neither he nor any other leader appeared.

They also shouted in unison: "Do not beat people" and "Down with dictatorship."

Ranks of soldiers linked arms to stop the students pushing their way into the compound while police reinforcements sprinted up from behind the demonstrators to force them away.

Police vans with loudspeakers blared orders for them to leave.

Wreaths for Mr Hu, who has become a symbol of student demands for more political freedom since his death last Saturday, flew in the air as students grappled with soldiers and policemen.

The demonstrators cheered as a corps of several hundred undergraduates made determined efforts to push their way into the compound. They came within a few feet of success before being pushed away.

The students were pushed back 300 metres from the gates, where they chanted "Police, get down on your knees".

A smaller protest at Zhongnanhai the previous night was allowed to continue for five hours before being broken up just before dawn yesterday.

Traffic on Changan (Eternal Peace) Avenue, Beijing's main thoroughfare, was brought to a standstill last night as hundreds of residents on bicycles stopped to watch the protest.

Demonstrators jeered as police filmed them before moving in.

They said they would press their demands, which ranged from the right to demonstrate to freedom of speech, despite warnings on state radio and television that such demonstrations were illegal.

Early this morning, Hongkong's *Express* Chinese-language newspaper said it was concerned about the whereabouts of its photographer, Mr Ho Chak, covering the demonstration.

He was allegedly last seen in police hands near the compound.

Throughout yesterday, the fifth straight day of protests in the capital, student leaders made speeches calling for democracy and the clearing of Mr Hu's name, as representatives from more than 10 colleges put wreaths on the Monument to the Revolutionary Heroes.

One student leader, Wang Dan of Beijing University, said the students would stage further action every day until Saturday, when the Government will hold a funeral for Mr Hu in the Great Hall of the People.

For the first time since calls for greater freedom began in the wake of the death of Mr Hu last Saturday, the students were getting support from workers.

Police maintained a low profile and made no attempts to interfere with the activities of the crowd.

Among the dozen-odd speech-makers in the afternoon were four workers from factories in the capital.

"Workers have always been at the forefront of movements to reform the country," said a young worker in the capital.

"Workers and students should work together for the introduction of a more democratic and less corrupt system," he said to the cheers of the crowd, which the official China News Service estimated at "over 100,000".

Another worker recalled how, in January 1984, workers in his factory in Beijing had written a letter to Mr Hu complaining about the working conditions in the factory.

"Within 48 hours, the General Secretary told us that working conditions will be improved," he continued.

"Nowadays, you can't trust the bureaucrats to investigate the grievances of the people. We must try to reform the system."

The thrust of the students' speeches was that they must keep the momentum of the student movement going.

Analysts say that after three days of intense politicking, the students still had not put together an organisation. Representatives from different colleges acted without co-ordination.

"The authorities have broken the back of the student organisation in our college," said a representative from Beijing University, the centre of student activism this year.

"We must form a capital-wide, even a national, organisation," he added.

Yesterday's speeches were aimed at rousing the passions of on-lookers through pin-pointing the failings of the rule of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP).

"The CCP has said that it has practised democracy and socialism for 40 years," said a representative from Qinghua University.

"There are supposedly no capitalists in this country, yet the lifestyle of leaders is more luxurious than big capitalists in Western countries."

One student speaker shouted, "Let Tzu Hsi retire", a reference to China's 19th century Empress Dowager who continued to exercise autocratic rule even though in name she had retired.

Students said this was a call for senior leader Deng Xiaoping, 84, to give up his continued hold on power from behind the scenes.

The Government spends money on expensive Japanese and German cars but

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 8)

Reuter

A huge portrait of Hu Yaobang is carried into Tiananmen Square and placed opposite Chairman Mao's.

## Hu and Mao face off across the square

**ART students staged a daring tribute to former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang yesterday, carrying a huge portrait that blotted out the world-famous image of the late chairman Mao Tsetung.**

**They bore aloft the three-metre square painting on to Tiananmen Square, as mass memorial marches for Mr Hu and protests calling for democratic freedoms continued unabated in Beijing.**

**Their procession paused in front of the Gate of Heavenly Peace, which has been dominated by a looming portrait of Chairman Mao for four decades, and turned the image of Mr Hu to face crowds in the square.**

**For several minutes the painting of Mr Hu obscured that of Chairman Mao from the view of the thousands of students and onlookers packed on to the steps of the Monument to the People's Heroes in the centre of the square.**

**The marchers then carried the portrait to the monument, already festooned with wreaths and eulogies left by a 3,000 strong student march earlier in the day.**

**Mr Hu's portrait was left to face Chairman Mao's across the vast square.**

**Some of the students from the Central Academy of Fine Arts were reluctant to say whether their positioning of Mr Hu's image was deliberate. But one said: "You could call it humorous."**

**They marched in silence to slow funeral music played on tape recorders, unlike demonstrators from the Beijing Teaching University who chanted "oppose dictatorship" and "long live democracy" as they crossed the square two hours earlier.**

## Oxygen alarm turned off twice

By LINDY COURSE

AN alarm sounded twice in a machine measuring oxygen in Mrs Shirley Boyde's blood, but the anaesthetist switched the machine off, an inquest into her death was told yesterday.

The inquest has already heard that this was the first time anaesthetist Dr Michael Bascombe had used an oximeter. The hospital had had the machines for only about a week before the operation.

Operating theatre nurse Peon Li Fung-kwan told Coroner Hugh Sinclair and a three-man jury that after the alarm sounded twice she went out to find the sister because she did not know much about the machine and she knew Dr Bascombe was not familiar with it.

However, the sister had gone for lunch and Ms Li returned to the operating theatre minutes later.

She said she could not remember if Dr Bascombe had asked anyone what the alarm meant.

Evidence has been given that the alarm would go off if the oxygen in the patient's blood fell below a certain pre-set level.

It was after this that Mrs Boyde, 55, turned blue, a sign of oxygen deprivation, and doctors tried unsuccessfully to resuscitate her for 40 minutes before it was realised she had been given nitrogen instead of oxygen from the central supply system.

Mrs Boyde died from lack of oxygen to the brain on January 17, three days after a routine operation for a fractured ankle at Canossa hospital went wrong.

Questioned by Peter Graham, counsel for doctors facing possible criticism, Ms Li said she knew that Dr Bascombe was trying out the oximeter but did not know his intention was to try it out later when he was less busy.

Ms Li said before this accident it was up to each anaesthetist at Canossa to decide whether to use the Datex machine to monitor oxygen in the anaesthetic machine or not.

She said some used it and some did not. It was not on during Mrs Boyde's operation.

Earlier, the doctor assisting in Mrs Boyde's operation denied ignoring the results of a blood test which showed Mrs Boyde had almost no oxygen in her blood.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)


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WEATHER

Fine and very warm.
Max temp 29 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Right of abode in UK 'unrealistic'

By S.Y. WAI

A FOREIGN Affairs Select Committee member yesterday told one of the first individuals to testify at its public hearings that it would be almost impossible to ask for a right of abode in the United Kingdom for 3.28 million British Dependent Territory Citizens in Hongkong.

After hearing evidence from Law Society president Simon Ip Sik-on, Tory MP Michael Jopling said it would be unrealistic to ask Westminster to approve legislation providing Hongkong people an automatic right of residence in Britain.

He told Mr Ip, who testified on behalf of nine professional bodies, that the British parliament had a history of standing firm on immigration issues.

Mr Jopling said: "May I give you a little advice as one who spent four years of my life as the Government Chief Whip between 1979 and 1983.

"May I point out to you that during that time when I was responsible for government majority, the Government was defeated only on

**Three-page special report – Pages 5–7**

one occasion in the full house. And that was on the matter of immigration."

Mr Jopling said any bill in this regard would not pass through parliament even if "most of those concerned had no present intention of exercising it".

Another MP, Mr Ian Taylor, questioned Mr Ip over the feasibility of letting the more than three million Hongkong people to reside in Britain.

Mr Taylor said: "Do you realise the impact the arrival of 3.25 million people would have on Britain?"

Mr Ip countered: "The British Government should put its money where its mouth is."

Labour MP Peter Shore described Mr Jopling's views on the difficulties and the general British public opinion on the nationality issue as "perfectly correct".

But he assured Mr Ip that Hongkong had a unique situation which deserved the committee's "most earnest and serious consideration".

Committee chairman David Howell also gave the professional groups a similar assurance.

After the hearing, Mr Ip said he was satisfied with the promise by the committee to look at the nationality issue, despite Mr Jopling's discouraging remarks.

While giving evidence, Mr Ip said refusal to grant Hongkong people full British citizenship would be interpreted as a discriminatory act based on racial grounds.

He said: "If Britain is

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 8)

# Tung Wah doctors start protest action

By MARIANA WAN

DOCTORS at the Tung Wah Group of five hospitals will begin industrial action today to protest against a decision by the Chief Secretary, Sir David Ford, to refuse them regular meetings with Government officials.

In an emergency meeting last night, the Tung Wah doctors expressed their "extreme dissatisfaction" with Sir David for refusing them the opportunity to hold frequent discussions with the Government.

In a letter dated April 13, Sir David told the doctors they would not be treated in the same way as Government doctors who met regularly with officials in a high-powered committee to negotiate for better pay and conditions.

The doctors said last night they would not rule out the possibility of stepping-up their action, depending on the outcome of a special meeting with the Director of Hospital Services, Mr Chau Tuen-yin, tomorrow.

The move comes 20 days after the 90-strong United Christian Hospital medical staff went ahead with their industrial action after being refused a similar demand for direct dialogues.

Dr Ho Che-shun, vice-chairman of the doctors' association at Tung Wah, said details of their action were discussed during a meeting last night attended by 83 doctors.

Starting from today, Tung Wah doctors will not attend medical assessment board meetings, write patients' records unless requested by law or teach student nurses.

Chairman of the doctors' association, Dr Ng Shiu-kei, said Tung Wah doctors would continue their industrial action until the Government bowed to their demand.

Dr Ho said the 130-member association had given enough time to the Government to meet their requests and they could not wait any longer for a reply.

The industrial action –

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

## Explosion on US battleship kills fifteen

**WASHINGTON: Fifteen crewmen were killed aboard the United States battleship Iowa yesterday when a turret gun exploded during manoeuvres in the Atlantic, a Defence Department spokesman said.**

**The spokesman said the explosion ripped through one of the Iowa's 40-centimetre guns – the biggest in the US Navy arsenal – during a training exercise about 600 kilometres northeast of Puerto Rico, sparking a fire that was later extinguished.**

**The Iowa was firing its gun during an exercise codenamed "Fleetex" when the explosion occurred, a spokesman, Lieutenant Colonel Keith Schneider, said.**

**Fire erupted from the blast, but the crew put it out, according to early reports. The ship was said to be in no danger of sinking.**

Reuter

# Khashoggi used call girls to clinch deals: Bordes

ADNAN Khashoggi, the multi-millionaire Saudi businessman and arms dealer detained in Switzerland, used prostitutes to help clinch his business deals, according to Pamella Bordes, the girl at the centre of the House of Commons call girl allegations.

He also helped her get her job as a House of Commons researcher, said the report, sparking renewed anger among MPs.

Following news Khashoggi was arrested in Bern and detained pending the outcome of a US extradition request, the *Daily Mail* in London said Khashoggi was among Pamella's important contacts.

The report claims Khashoggi, 54, used Miss Bordes as a "sexual bribe" to facilitate international arms dealing by his organisation, and his influence was behind her getting a job at the House of Commons.

Pamella Bordes

Miss Bordes worked at the Commons for seven weeks towards the end of last year before becoming involved in a call girl scandal.

She was employed by Mr David Shaw, Conservative MP for Dover, and researched a bill he introduced designed to abolish the publishers' net book agreement.

The 27-year-old former Miss India, described in the *Daily Mail* how Khashoggi took her to bed.

"I was very happy to have sex with him and he did not want me to do anything kinky or sleazy.

"I wanted to make a good impression."

Later, he gave her assignments which involved going to bed with other businessmen, with whom he was making deals.

She was a "present" for Prince Mohammed, a senior member of the Saudi Royal family to whom Khashoggi has close business links in his arms dealings, the newspaper claimed.

Many girls were sent to the prince as gifts by the arms dealer, and they were required to go to bed with him.

"Men like that have such a collection of girls they can just pick and choose," says Miss Bordes in the article.

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)

# Drunken fans stole from victims, say police

From DAVID WALLEN in London

DRUNKEN Liverpool football fans picked the pockets of Hillsborough disaster victims lying dead or injured and kicked and punched rescue workers, policemen in Britain have claimed.

Other officers said fans urinated on them as they gave victims the kiss of life.

One senior officer said some of the fans were "like animals".

"They were drunk and violent and their actions were vile," he said.

City Council leader Keva Coombes said he was appalled by the reports.

"They are baseless, malicious and wicked. They are contradicted by the observations of thousands of people who were present, from all sections of society," he said.

"None of these allegations, made by unnamed police, was made at the time and any lawyer will know that they have all the hallmarks of an attempt to create a cover story for their incompetence."

The Sheffield police say they spoke out because they were sick of the image presented so far – that all the Liverpool fans were complete innocents in Saturday's tragedy, which has now claimed 95 lives.

One high-ranking officer was reported to have said: "We are as sorry and shocked as anyone about these tragic deaths, but to paint all the Liverpool fans lily-white is wrong.

"As we struggled in appalling conditions to save lives, fans standing further up the terrace were openly urinating on us and the bodies of the dead."

Another officer claimed that there was a lot of pilfering while rescue efforts were taking place.

"People were picking up coins which had fallen from victims' pockets as they lay on the floor – it was a sickening spectacle," he said.

The officer said personal possessions, cash and other articles were taken.

Another senior policeman said: "Nobody dared say anything about the behaviour of some supporters for fear of being accused of being insensitive. But the fact is some of my officers went through double hell."

He claimed drunken fans had impeded rescue attempts.

"A colleague a few yards away gave up trying to revive an injured lad, realising he was dead," one officer said.

"Immediately we were attacked by his mate, who threw punches. The officer did not retaliate although he was dazed and simply went on to help the next victim.

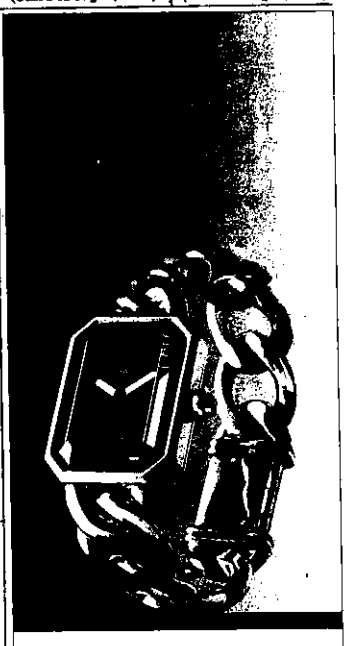
"As another young officer gave the kiss of life and heart massage he was abused and then given a savage kick by another lout."

The officers said that if the Liverpool fans had entered the ground in an orderly and civilised manner, the crushing which led to the deaths would not have happened.

It was also revealed yesterday that Superintendent Roger Marshall, who took the decision to let 4,000 impatient fans in through an exit gate, had earlier used his personal radio to relay his appeal to delay the match by 15 minutes.

Lord Justice Taylor, who is to head the public inquiry into the tragedy, said he would be looking at the effect of alcohol on the behaviour of fans.

● Reports: Pages 17, 36

LE TEMPS
CHANEL

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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## INSIDE TODAY

*The Hongkong Standard's* tipsters were to the fore when sand racing came to an end at Happy Valley last night. Three-time champion tipster **Andy Teal** tipped four winners, **Uncle Ray** tipped four and racing editor **Ken Martinus** and trackman **Franco Lau** tipped three winners each. Racing details

**Page 19**

Project Orbis, the flying eye hospital leaves Hongkong for Beijing on April 29 as it again carries out its battle against blindness in China. And on *TVB Jade* tonight at 7pm, a half-hour documentary shows the work of the last Orbis mission to China. The project is appealing for funds in Hongkong and so far it has raised $310,548. For details of how you can contribute, see

**Page 4**

The chairman of the Hongkong Academy for Performing Arts, Dr Helmut Sohmen, talks to our EDUCATION section today about the arts in Hongkong and gives his views on our education system.

**Liftout**

**WEATHER:** 23°C — 29°C. Fine and very warm. Details on Page 21

DAY FOUR: Comment on the Foreign Affairs Select Committee's visit to Hongkong

# Why the refugee issue stirs up emotions

Good morning, Gentlemen....

This is Day Four of your fact-finding mission. Despite a hectic schedule, you have no doubt been able to savour the rich life that is available in Hongkong. We only wish you could stay longer. Perhaps another few days after your Beijing stint?

There is much of the good life in the territory – and it is available to anyone who works hard enough. There are, however, two categories of people who cannot get even a tiny slice of this rich life: the Vietnamese refugees and the illegal immigrants from China. We put the Vietnamese refugees into closed camps.

That is a euphemism for a prison, though not a harsh one. The illegal immigrants go into the real jails.

The illegals we have to put up with. They will keep coming as long as we do not have a solid wall across the entire border. As that is not a possibility (nor do we desire it), we throw them into prison before sending them back in handcuffs.

Some of these illegals have kith and kin here. They are also fellow countrymen. The Vietnamese are not. They have been foisted upon us. And they keep coming. And we keep paying for it. Some of the money comes out of the pockets of those same people whose relatives are sent back to China in handcuffs. There are thousands of Hongkong people who believe this is wrong.

Gentlemen, this is a problem which can affect the stability and prosperity of this territory if it is allowed to fester into the 1990s. As we approach 1997 a cultural resurgence is inevitable. Think of what has happened in all former colonies. Wise, firm leadership and prudent policies will be vital to ensure that such a resurgence is channelled in the right direction. The one thing we cannot afford is an emotional issue such as the burden of 25,000 Vietnamese refugees. There are countless people here who would have no compunction in having these 25,000 put on boats, towed out to international waters and left to fend for themselves.

We have spent more than a billion dollars on these refugees since the mid-1970s, money which could have been spent on our own poor. Moreover, these refugees are seen as receiving preferential treatment over mainland Chinese – all, of course, at the behest of Whitehall.

If emotions boil over, Hongkong risks instability which will threaten your investments.

Gentlemen, keep thinking British. Almost all the developed nations, economists and businessmen are agreed that we are on the threshold of the Pacific Century. The Pacific Rim is where the action will be in coming years. Britain is not part of the Pacific Rim, but your historic links and your investments here put you in an enviable position. Why lose this advantage?

So, the message you must take back to Margaret Thatcher's government is to get working on the problem.

We do not expect all 25,000 refugees to be shipped to Britain, but we do expect Britain to persuade other developed countries to increase their refugee intakes. And we expect Britain to pressure Hanoi into stopping the outflow as well as taking back many more.

Whitehall got tough with Hongkong last year over the bill for keeping British troops here. The net result is that we shall be contributing some $17 billion between now and 1997 for those troops. Then we got our arms twisted into agreeing to remain a country of first asylum – merely, many here would say, to salve the British conscience, to make Britain look good in the eyes of other Western nations.

Where do you think this leaves us and our own administration? Why do you think the "lame duck" tag was stuck on our administration?. This is not healthy for any community. It is even worse for one going through a transition such as ours. It makes governing that much harder. Gentlemen, enough is enough!

There is also a message you can convey to Beijing when you leave on Saturday.. Tomorrow we shall spell it out.

# Tough moves threatened to quash unrest

**By Tammy Tam in Beijing and agencies**

THE Chinese government is believed to be planning measures to check the growing student unrest in Beijing, sparked by the death of former party chief Mr Hu Yaobang.

But students and onlookers yesterday ignored a strongly-worded official warning and packed Tiananmen Square for the third day in demonstrations which also called for greater freedom and democracy.

As tension mounted, squads of policemen stood by on alert.

A confrontation between students and police outside Communist Party headquarters early yesterday prompted the Beijing Municipal Government to issue the warning to prevent "disorder".

The public statement accused "a number of people with certain ulterior motives" of "making use of the mourning to spread rumours, to attack party and state leaders by putting up posters, to break into Zhongnanhai and put forward demands which have nothing to do with the mourning".

The statement marked an end to indecision over the handling of the growing unrest. Tough countermeasures are believed to be on the way.

INSIDE:
■ Rehabilitation unlikely: Leaders face a time for toleration:
**Page 8 ▶**

"It is strictly forbidden for anyone to make use of the mourning to undertake sabotage," the government notice said.

"Severe punishments will be imposed in accordance with law on anyone who is engaged in inciting disorder, fighting, inflicting damage, arson and breaking into buildings.

"The people should learn from Mr Hu Yaobang to place overall interests above all and to safeguard unity and stability."

But onlookers said the notice disturbed events and they believed such a statement would stir further trouble.

Before the clash, the party adopted a more tolerant line.

The Communist Party also announced a memorial service for Mr Hu would be held this weekend in the Great Hall of the People.

Students said they expected universities to try to stage a rival ceremony in the square but said they also anticipated security forces would seal off the area.

Chinese art students staged a daring tribute to Mr Hu, carrying a huge portrait that blotted out the world-famous image of the late leader Mao Zedong.

Their procession paused in front of the Gate of Heavenly Peace, which has been dominated by a looming portrait of Chairman Mao for four decades, and turned the image of Mr Hu to face crowds in the square.

For several minutes Mr Hu obscured Mao from thousands of students and onlookers packed on to the steps of the Monument to the People's Heroes in the centre of the square.

The marchers then carried the portrait to the monument, already festooned with wreaths and eulogies left by a 3,000-strong student march, and were greeted by applause from the crowds.

Mr Hu's portrait was left to face Mao across the vast square.

Some students from the Central Academy of Fine Arts were reluctant to say whether their positioning of Mr Hu's image was deliberate. But one said: "You could call it humorous."

Mass memorial marches for the former Communist Party chief and protests calling for democratic freedoms continued unabated.

Many came simply to mourn Mr Hu, but others used the occasion to press for democratic reforms.

Students from Beijing University and other colleges chanted "Oppose dictatorship!" and "Long live democracy!".

More than 3,000 students marched peacefully past party and government headquarters where crowds had demonstrated for five hours early on Wednesday, before being dispersed.

■ A protesting student reads a poem beneath a portrait of Hu Yaobang in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

# MPs told of anger over right of abode

**By Matthew Leung**

BRITAIN was warned yesterday that anger has built up among Hongkong people against its denial of nationality to them.

The message was given on the first day of public hearings by the eight-member Foreign Affairs Select Committee, here to study progress in implementation of the Sino-British Joint Declaration on Hongkong's future.

Speakers called for a review of Britain's 1981 Nationality Act, saying it had created a second-class British passport – the British Dependent Territory Citizen document.

Others were disillusioned by what they described as the committee members' apparently defensive attitude towards British nationality policies.

Legislator Dr Leong Che-hung said he was unhappy with the committee, which seemed to be here not to listen to local views but to defend British policies on Hongkong, particularly on the right of abode.

Tory MP, Mr Mike Jopling asked Law Society chairman Mr Simon Ip whether he knew the rationale behind amending the British Nationality Act in 1981.

Mr Ip, with other professional group representatives, was asking Britain to grant full British citizenship to Hongkong people.

Mr Jopling said it was more difficult to convince Parliament to change immigration policies than other policies.

Legislator Mr Ronald Chow said last night he was very disappointed that the committee did not know whether the Vietnamese refugee problem in Hongkong was an internal or international problem.

Committee chairman Mr David Howell said last night members were divided only on whether the boat people problem was an internal or external one.

Senior Executive Councillor Dame Lydia Dunn said she had no doubt the committee was objective on the nationality issue.

Five legislators, Dr Leong Che-hung, Professor Poon Chung-kwong, Dr Henrietta Ip, Mr James Tien and Mr Cheung Yan-lung, chose not to attend a dinner with the committee in the Legislative Council building last night. Four other councillors, Mrs Elsie Tu, Mr Lau Wah-sum, Mr Ronald Chow and Mr Michael Cheng left early from the banquet hosted by Omelco members. They said they had other appointments.

Those who met the committee came away with different feelings about the usefulness of the talks.

Dame Lydia and legislator Mr Martin Barrow described the meeting and dinner as very useful. Dame Lydia said most of the discussion time was spent on the subject of Basic Law.

Mr John Swaine saw positive signs and described the public hearing session as worthy and useful.

Hongkong Journalists' Association vice-chairman Miss Emily Lau said the members were sympathetic to their submission.

However, some people found they did not have sufficient time with the committee members.

Mrs Rita Fan said they did not have enough time to reflect their views on the complicated Vietnamese refugee issue.

Unhappy Heung Yee Kuk members also criticised the committee for wasting their time as they were given too little time to express their opinions.

Speaking after the 50-minute-long private informal meeting, the kuk chairman, Mr Lau Wong-fat, said they had not been told how much time they would be given to air their views and many issues were not touched on.

Another representative, Mr Cheung Yan-lung said they thought the meeting would last for two hours.

He said he would not have come if he had known they would be given so little time.

INSIDE:
■ First day of public hearings – a two-page special report:
**Pages 4, 5 ▶**

# Communists say yes to wealthy

**By Terry Cheng,** China Editor

CHINA'S Communist Party, which claims to be the vanguard of the proletariat, is accepting membership applications from millionaires.

At least one of the country's growing number of rich has already been accepted as a probationary member, and the official Xinhua News Agency says the wealthy have the same chance to join as others if they satisfy the "requirements" of the party constitution.

The debate on whether millionaires should be allowed as party members began last year at Shenyang in Liaoning province, when an application was received from Mr Liu Xiqui, who had amassed five million yuan (HK$10 million) worth of assets in the transport business.

Local party officials could not decide whether to accept the application. Their heated debate caught the attention of other parts of the country.

Yesterday, Xinhua quoted a local party official as saying that Mr Liu had still not been accepted, as he was not considered up to the requirements.

But the decision was not made on the basis of his wealth.

In addition to other requirements, party members are expected to serve the people whole-heartedly and have strong community links.

The official commented: "Millionaires can become communists and this will be a big encouragement to the private sector."

The position seems to brush aside an ideological stereotype embraced by the communists, that millionaires accumulated their wealth as private entrepreneurs and by exploiting others.

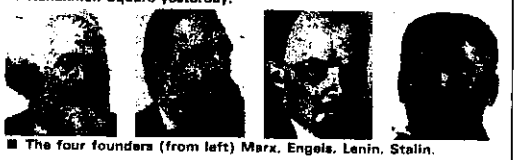
They were not considered qualified to become communists, who are supposed to be dedicated to destroying exploitation.

The approval of probationary membership for Mr Xu Jizhu, 45, who is also from Shenyang and richer than Mr Liu, further illustrates the party's willingness to compromise on its ideology.

Probationary members do not have the right to vote or be elected to any post within the party. It usually takes one year for a probationary member to become a full one.

Mr Xu's metal processing business is worth at least eight million yuan (HK$16 million) and he employs 300 workers.

Mr Xu first applied for membership 20 years ago when he was a production team leader in his village.



■ The four founders (from left) Marx, Engels, Lenin, Stalin.

# Founding fathers fall from grace

GIANT portraits of four founders of communism will not get to see the light of day again in Beijing.

The Chinese Communist Party recently decided that the portraits of Karl Marx, Frederich Engels, Vladimir Lenin and Josef Stalin would not be erected again at Tiananmen Square in central Beijing as they have been in the past.

The decision was reported yesterday by the Hongkong China News Agency which was quoting an unidentified but "reliable source".

During the decade-long Cultural Revolution, the portraits were displayed permanently on either side of the Tiananmen Square facing the Changan Thoroughfare.

After that, they showed up twice a year, on May Day and China's National Day on October 1.

But from this May Day the portrait of the late Chairman Mao Zedong will be the only one hanging over the Tiananmen gate.

The party decided it should be there as usual.

The portrait of Dr Sun Yat-sen, the father of modern China who led the overthrow of the Qing dynasty, will be displayed once a year during the National Day festival, the report said.

People in Beijing are said to generally dislike the display of portraits, the report said, and are said to dislike the four founders in particular.

# Officials knew of Chen's arrival

**By Adrian Cheung**

THE Government was warned in advance that human rights activist Mr Chen Jun would arrive in Hongkong, the Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, said yesterday.

Mr Barnes was answering a question from Mr Szeto Wah in the Legislative Council on whether any authority had notified the Government about Mr Chen's arrival on April 7.

Mr Chen was kept under close supervision by immigration officers for about eight hours after his arrival at Kai Tak.

Mr Barnes did not elaborate on the notices from Beijing.

The Office of the Political Adviser yesterday denied any discrepancy between Mr Barnes' statement and the office's earlier comments on the matter.

The Assistant Political Adviser, Miss Ann Shepherd, said last week there had been no contact between the governments over the incident involving Mr Chen.

She reiterated yesterday there were never any contacts between the two governments before or after the incident.

The "notices from Beijing" mentioned by Mr Barnes came from the British Embassy in Beijing, Miss Shepherd said.

She declined to say what criteria would prompt the two governments to liaise over matters related to the

■ Continued **Page 2**

## Best-selling author dies

**LONDON: Dame Daphne du Maurier, among the world's best-selling authors for half a century, died yesterday at 81.**

**Irked by her media label as the Grand Lady of Romantic Fiction, Dame Daphne always insisted that her work was more suspense and adventure than romance.**

**Her work which combined adept story-telling and a sense of the uncanny made all 13 of her novels best-sellers.**

**Seven of her books were made into films, including *Rebecca*, *Jamaica Inn* and *My Cousin Rachel*.**

**She was born in London on May 13, 1907, into a wealthy family which afforded her a private education and a Paris finishing school.**

Reuter

■ Obituary **Page 10**

## A rubbery conundrum

**NEW DELHI: A survey by a family planning group in a remote Indian village reveals that most farmers do not know what a condom is.**

**The survey report was contained in a book entitled *Chhota Parihar (Small Family)*.**

**Thirty percent of those interviewed said a condom is a purgative which one has to take twice a day to keep constipation away.**

**Others, who know that a condom is a birth control device, believe it has to be chewed.**

UPI

# Plan takes gamble out of bet

THE sometimes spectacular returns from the Double Trio bet introduced this season have lit ambition for a Mr Leung and presented a challenge for the Royal Hong Kong Jockey Club.

Mr Leung has decided to turn it into an investment rather than a bet and is confident it will be a money-spinner.

He has placed a small advertisement in a Chinese newspaper inviting people to join him in a syndicate to beat the Jockey Club. A pager number to call is given.

He claimed in the advertisements 100 percent winnings. All that was needed, he said, was capital of about $160,000.

The 38-year-old Mr Leung said he considered his "sure-win" plan more an investment than a gamble.

"I have calculated that the chance of winning a Double Trio is one in 80,080 if the horse number of the two rounds are 12 and 14," he said.

"So betting on a $2 unit, the cost will be $160,000 and the amount will cover all possible outcomes." He is looking for 31 partners.

The Double Trio, introduced in September, has paid dividends of more than $10 million on some occasions.

On January 29, the payout for a $10 ticket was $1.3 million; on March 19 and 25, the payouts were $32.5 million and $1.2 million. And on April 8, it was $14.12 million.

But the Jockey Club yesterday warned the man might be too confident.

"The payout may not be big enough to cover the cost," the club's information officer Mr David Yau said.

Also: "If the number of horses is higher, the sum of $160,000 may not be enough to cover all possibilities to ensure a winning."

He said he was not in a position to say whether it was legal or not. "All we can do is to explain the actual situation to the public," Mr Yau said.

The police said yesterday that based on the advertisements, there was no obvious evidence of an offence.

Mr Leung said since he placed the advertisement, more than 100 people had called for information and added Saturday might see the first trial of his idea.

The man, a co-partner of a registered money-lending firm, said he was aware of the risk of a low payout.

"So, we will meet to weigh the chance of a high payout first – every time," he said.

## Police chief is sacked after bribery inquiry

**BRISBANE: The Queensland government has sacked its highly decorated police chief Sir Terence Lewis, who has been accused of accepting A$600,000 (about HK$3.75 million) in bribes.**

**Sir Terence, knighted by the Queen and holder of the George Medal for bravery, was suspended without pay in March last year after the allegations were raised at an 18-month inquiry into police corruption.**

**The axe finally fell on Sir Terence when state Governor Sir Walter Campbell gave royal assent to special legislation passed by Parliament on Tuesday to declare the police commissioner's position vacant.**

**State Premier Mike Ahern said the government had taken this course to ensure there would be no legal hindrance if Sir Terence is charged as a result of the Fitzgerald Inquiry.**

**A number of prominent police and politicians were named during the inquiry, which has cost a former government minister and the state's third highest police officer their jobs.** – AFP

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14896期 （代号1—1）

1989年4月22日 星期六 已巳年三月十七

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 23℃ 最低 9℃

人民日报社出版


## 赵紫阳会见第三世界国家发展讨论会代表时说

# 发展中国家需要互相借鉴

本报北京4月21日讯 记者孙震报道：中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天下午在中南海会见参加“第三世界国家发展战略讨论会”的外国代表时指出，发展中国家在发展过程中需要有一个稳定的政治环境、社会环境和经济环境，但是也需要有一个很好的国际环境。他说，发展中国家既需要有一个政治新秩序，也需要一个经济新秩序。所谓政治新秩序，就是国与国之间的关系真正建立在和平共处五项原则基础上的新秩序；所谓经济新秩序，就是建立一个正确的南北关系，就是建立公正、平等和互利这样一种新秩序。

他接着说，现在世界上出现了缓和的趋势，这就为建立两个新秩序提供了一个良好的条件和环境。但是，这并不意味着两个新秩序会自然建立起来，还需要我们的努力争取。不论是政治新秩序，还是经济新秩序，都需要我们的第三世界国家团结和合作，也需要整个世界上一切爱好和平、支持发展的人民共同努力。他说，中国是发展中的社会主义国家，中国把同第三世界国家的团结和合作看作是自己对外政策的基本立足点。中国的这一政策不会改变。

赵紫阳说，在世界上出现集团化的时候，加强南南合作，加强同发展中国家的合作有着更为重要的积极意义。在谈到此次讨论时，他说，对发展中国家而言，交流经验、互相借鉴是一个非常重要的事情。尽管发展中国家有不同的情况，但是我们有一个共同的任务，就是发展。因此，发展中国家在发展过程中的经验也好，教训也好，在另外一些国家更有意义。

会见时，赵紫阳还向客人扼要地介绍了中国目前改革的形势、遇到的问题、产生问题的原因等等。他说，中国现在虽然遇到一些问题，但是正像许多朋友们所讲的那样，既要认真对待、重视这些问题，但也不应看得过于严重。因此我们既不盲目乐观，也不悲观。他重申，中国改革开放的政策不会改变。

## 中央召开民主党派和无党派人士座谈会

# 听取对教育发展和改革意见

据新华社北京4月21日电 中共中央政治局委员李铁映、书记处书记丙崇文今天上午代表党中央在中南海怀仁堂举行座谈会，听取各民主党派和无党派人士讨论《中共中央关于教育发展和改革若干问题的决定（草案）》的情况和意见。

中共中央4月17日召开民主协商会之后，4月18、19两日，各民主党派和无党派人士的代表分为7个组，对《决定（草案）》进行了认真讨论。大家本着对我国四化大业认真负责的态度，畅所发言，气氛活跃。

在今天的座谈会上，程思远、高天、方荣欣、万国权、陈舜礼、安志库、许嘉璐、田聚久、文喆、黄方毅等介绍了分组讨论的情况和对《决定（草案）》的主要意见。

会议结束时，李铁映代表中共中央向参加座谈会的同志表示感谢。他说，座谈会开得很好，体现了社会各界对教育事业以至整个四化建设和民族振兴的关心，也体现了共产党领导的多党合作的精神。中共中央将认真研究大家的意见和建议。

# 国务院对各地下达指令性指标压缩投资情况将按季公诸报端

据新华社北京4月21日电 国务院最近发出关于清理固定资产投资项目、严格实行指标控制和考核的通知，决定从1989年起，将压缩固定资产投资规模的任务作为指令性指标下达给各地区、各部门，并责成各级统计部门按季度将压缩投资规模的完成情况在报纸上公布，以加强群众监督。

国务院《通知》要求各地区、各部门必须从停建项目着手，而不要用指标长在建项目工期的办法来压缩规模。凡属《国务院关于进一步清理固定资产投资在建项目的通知》中规定实行先停工后清理的项目，仍未停工的必须立即停工；已停工的除农田、水利和中小学教育建设项目外，一律不得恢复建设；在建项目凡投产后能源、原材料无着落的，即使资金已经落实，也要停建或缓建；按投资考核指标平衡后，经核实资金确有富余的地区，可将这部分资金用于本地区煤炭开发建设，本地区无煤炭资源的，国家可将富余资金调给有资源的地区（也可自行与有资源的地区协商）用于煤炭建设和改造，资金调出地区按投资多少分得煤炭，国家相应增加其自筹投资指标和考核指标。

《通知》要求各级主要领导同志要亲自挂帅，具体部署，明确目标和责任，做好深入细致的起草工作。各地区、各部门要在4、5月份对本地区、本部门全部固定资产投资项目（包括集体所有制项目）进行清理，并将清理结果报国家计委。

# 工业热农业冷开始改变

## ——一季度国民经济整治初见成效

本报北京4月21日讯 记者张圣奎报道：国家统计局新闻发言人章钟基今天在新闻发布会上透露，一季度我国国民经济治理整顿工作取得初步成效，工业过热、农业过冷的局面开始改变。

生产领域中，工业发展速度回落。一季度实现产值2922亿元，比去年同期增长10.4%，增幅比去年同期低6.3个百分点。能源生产增长同工业生产增长的弹性系数，由去年同期的0.29∶1，提高到0.88∶1。

农业发展有了良好开端。一是对农业的组织领导加强，各方面投入增加。一季度国家财政支农支出27.6亿元，比去年同期增长30.3%。地方政府支农资金也有不同程度增长。二是种植业结构朝有利于改善供给的方向调整。据农户意向抽样调查预测，全年粮食播种面积将比去年增加3000多万亩。三是夏粮作物长势较好，但有些地区面临干旱、虫灾威胁。四是生猪生产保持稳定发展。3月底生猪存栏3.2亿头，增长4.5%。但由于饲料涨价，局部地区有可能出现生产滑坡，须引起重视。

建设领域中，投资规模有所压缩，新开工项目明显减少。全国已决定停缓建投资项目1.6万多个，可压缩今后几年投资647亿元。一季度全民所有制单位完成固定资产投资184亿元，比去年同期下降3.3%；新开工5万元以上基建和更改项目1327个，比去年同期减少2879个。

# 当前我国经济生活难题仍多

## 物价、财政支出、消费需求居高不下 工业内部结构和投资结构不合理

本报北京4月21日讯 记者张圣奎报道：国家统计局新闻发言人章钟基今天说，当前我国经济生活中依然存在着多难题，主要表现在三个居高不下和两个不合理。

三个居高不下是：

——物价总水平居高不下。全国零售物价总水平在去年上升18.5%的基础上，今年2月份比去年12月又上升6.8%。3月份涨势趋缓，与上月基本持平。

——财政支出增幅居高不下，大大快于财政收入增长。一季度，国内财政支出比去年同期增长16.3%，高于财政收入增长4.9%的速度。

——消费需求增长居高不下，盲发钱物现象仍不少。

两个不合理是：

——工业内部结构更加不合理，经济效益下降，影响社会有效供给改善。一是工业发展继续向经济效益低、增加有效供给较弱的非全民工业倾斜。一季度，全民工业产值增长5.2%，集体工业产值增长18%，其中乡办工业产值增长27.7%。二是工业发展继续向加工工业中的投资类产品和高档耐用消费品倾斜，能源、原材料、支农产品和群众必需的日用消费品增长缓慢或负增长。

结构的不合理和流通、金融秩序混乱带来了效益的下降。一季度预算内国营工业实现税利358.9亿元，仅比去年同期增长4.8%（其中实现利润下降14%），可比产品成本超支15.8%，亏损企业亏损额扩大。

——投资结构不合理。一是中央项目上得慢，地方项目上得快。一季度基本建设投资额中，中央项目73.2亿元，比去年同期下降8.3%；地方项目57.8亿元，增长14.8%。二是电力、原材料、运输、邮电投资下降。一季度，基本建设电力投资下降6.5%，原材料工业投资下降9.7%，运输邮电投资下降2%。

# 田纪云副总理任主任 中国「国际减灾十年」委员会成立

本报北京4月21日讯 记者李健全报道：经国务院批准，中国“国际减灾十年”委员会今天在这里成立。国务院副总理田纪云任委员会主任。

根据第四十二届联大通过的一项决议案，中国“国际减灾十年”活动从1990年开始，到2000年结束。它的宗旨是：响应联合国倡议，积极开展减灾活动，增强全民、全社会的防灾意识，提高我国防灾、抗灾、救灾工作的水平，减轻自然灾害带来的损失。

民政部部长、中国“国际减灾十年”委员会副主任崔乃夫在成立大会上介绍了中国的自然灾害情况，以及委员会成立后要做的工作。

田纪云在会上指出，应把减灾工作作为推进社会经济生产发展的一件大事，列入各级政府的重要议事日程，纳入国民经济发展规划。各项经济活动都要考虑减灾因素。不论是设计或是建城市、水库、房屋、桥梁和道路，都要考虑抗灾设防的问题；对年年发生的常见灾害，要寻找减灾的有效对策；对灾害多发区，要制定综合治理的长远规划。

# 廖晓昕攻破「鲁里叶」难题

## 困扰国际数学界四十四年之久

新华社武汉4月21日电 （实习生方明、记者罗辉）困扰国际数学界44年之久的“鲁里叶”难题最近被华中师范大学数学系廖晓昕教授攻破。

鲁里叶是苏联著名控制论专家。1944年，他在对飞机自动驾驶仪的研究中提出了系统数学中有关绝对稳定性概念，但他却无法攻解其绝对稳定的充要条件。由于解决这个问题具有重大理论意义和实际价值，因此被称为“鲁里叶问题”，而且吸引了全世界许多数学家、力学家、控制论专家和工程师的注意。

今年51岁的廖晓昕教授，于1978年开始这方面的研究。1983年6月，他在瑞典第七届国际时场与系统的数学理论会议上，宣读了题为《论鲁里叶型直接控制系统的绝对稳定性》的论文，引起了与会者的很大兴趣和关注。

在已取得的稳定性数学理论与应用方面一系列研究成果的基础上，廖晓昕采取诸多巧妙的变换方式，将原复杂的变量和米分离的系统化为简单的变量分离系统后，形成了关于部分变元绝对稳定的新概念。最近，他在研究中先后欣喜地得到了鲁里叶直接控制系统、间接控制系统、离散控制系统、时滞控制系统绝对稳定的充要条件，从而在理论上彻底解决了40多年来悬而未决的著名数学难题——“鲁里叶问题”。

# 青年要做坚定不移的改革者

## ——与会者赞颂耀邦同志是中国青年可亲可敬的导师

本报北京4月21日讯 记者董重道报道：在广大青年中大力倡导发扬五四光荣传统，振奋民族精神，是今天在此间召开的纪念五四运动七十周年青年运动理论讨论会上的主题。这次讨论会是由团中央、全国青联、全国学联和中国青年研究中心联合举办的。

来自云南省昆明市和江西省的团干部杨光同志忆述了耀邦同志多次视察这两个省的情景，心情十分激动。他们说，耀邦同志深入实际，密切联系群众的作风，值得我们团干部好好学习。

西安第四军医大学马列主义教研室主任刘大军用八个字概括了耀邦同志的优良作风。他说，耀邦同志对青年一贯“真心、真诚、真爱、真行”。我们今天认真学习耀邦同志的崇高品德，就是要承他的未竟事业，就是对五四运动最好的纪念。

湖南团省委干部吴晓水、北京青年政治学院党委书记蒋效愚、团中央青运史研究室干部陈泰生在发言中一致称赞耀邦同志是中国青年的可亲、可敬的导师。他们表示要高举五四偶导的民主和科学大旗，为我国的现代化建设事业作出应有的贡献。

团中央等举行纪念五四讨论会

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# 11亿中国人民为你送行

## ——耀邦家庭灵堂吊唁活动纪实

本报记者 王晓云 王 楚

有谁能计量出，这不足18平方米的小屋能承载多少哀思。

是读传递的消息，转瞬间，仿佛整个北京城都知道了北长街会稽司胡同25号。

川流不息的人群怀着难以言说的悲痛，默默地来这里祭奠——这是无可阻挡的人流。

这不足16平方米的小屋——一耀邦同志的亲属和工作人员设置的家庭灵堂，原本是耀邦同志迎送来宾的客厅，在昔充满了耀邦同志的朗朗笑声，如今，却恢然变成哀乐声声催人泪下的灵堂。

黑纱环绕着他的遗像，置于苍松翠柏和君子兰之间，更被层层叠叠的花圈挽联花篮簇拥着，每一朵小花都是一只泪眼，每一句悼词都是发自内心的呼叫：耀邦同志，你去得太急了！

干部、工人、学生，一个接一个无言地走过这里，只有挽联上的字留下了他们的心声：

“一身正气深得人民敬爱，
两袖清风堪称为人楷模”；

“至大至刚”；

“高山仰止拓荒总履险，
鹏翼甘兮饮水长思源”。

小屋里，第一只花篮是王光美送来的。当她去花店选购时，店员们听说这只花篮是为了吊唁耀邦同志的，执意不肯收钱，说：这花篮也代表了我们全店人的心意。

老部下张黎群与耀邦同志的小儿子德华抱头痛哭，噩耗传来，他夜不能寐，伏案疾书：一盏多么明亮的智慧卓绝之灯熄灭了！一颗多么伟大的赤子之心停止跳动了！一个多么仁义正直的人民的儿子离去了！一位多么忠贞的共产党人停止了战斗！

老红军熬大超拄着拐仗匆匆从广州赶来。回忆起1935年在瑞金团中央儿童局与耀邦共同战斗的日子，他不禁老泪纵横。他怎么能相信充满生气的耀邦已离开了人世啊！

知名的、不知名的老干部来了，太多了，太多了，以至亲属和工作人员无法历数他们的姓名。有的在灵堂里号啕大哭，有的跪在遗像前悲痛欲绝，喊着：“没有你，我的冤屈就无法平反那！”每一个被解放、被昭雪的人，都铭记着耀邦同志在平反冤假错案中卓著的功勋和厕正不阿的品格。

人们忘不了1976年耀邦同志在中央组织部主持工作时，每天收到约500封要求平反文章中冤假错案的申诉信，他每天亲自处理副局级、地委书记以上干部的申诉信33封，通过其他渠道转来的申诉信也——过目；忘不了十一届三中全会以后，耀邦同志亲自主持召开了六七次各省市的疑难案例座谈会，力排众议，解放了一大批老干部；忘不了在耀邦同志主持工作期间，沉冤22年50多万被打成“右派分子”的人获得改正，“61个叛徒”等大案要案迅速得到解决。

受过耀邦同志爱护和关照的老教授高佩珊迈着艰难的步履，一步一步移到灵堂，是耀邦同志在他的申诉信上亲自批示，他才跳出沉沉苦海，今天，在耀邦同志遗像前，他怎能不思绪万千。

理论专家文怀沙送来挽联，他以沉重的语调朗诵着：“中国人民、世界人民爱您，需要您，您仁慈的心何忍停止博动，因袭放翁句，书此联以奉灵右：民望甚饥渴，公心胡滞留。”他的声音在颤抖，他的手也在颤抖。他对记者说：“留，是留取丹心照汗青的留。耀邦同志应该留下，我已经78岁，我多么愿意替他去死！”

80岁的诗人艾青拄着拐杖来了。他十分伤感地对记者说：“耀邦同志当总书记的时候，有人从广州送来鲜荔枝，耀邦派人将这些鲜荔枝送给我、丁玲、马海德和艾青，如今送荔枝和吃荔枝的人都走了，只剩下我。”

从早到晚，这不足18平方米的灵堂吐纳着成千上万的人流。共和国的公民们排着长队，络绎不绝，他们的愿望就是在留言簿上签上自己的名字，然后向耀邦同志遗像鞠躬。一贯以“隐忍”著称的中国人，此时此刻再也抑制不住心头的泪水，他们为失去领袖、良师、益友而放声痛哭。胡耀邦，这个名字将同中国的改革开放大业并存，他在为中华民族振兴的事业中所表现出的热忱以及他本人坦诚宽厚廉洁的品格深深感动了千千万万中国普通老百姓的心。

十几条雪白的哈达是中国藏族语系高级佛学院的学生献上的；几个大学生将自己扎的小小的花圈奉献在灵前；街坊邻居老少几代人联袂前来吊唁；从山西赶来的种棉能手，80岁的吴吉昌，一进门就跪在灵前，磕了三个头，老人唏嘘着对记者说：“我给耀邦磕了头，心里也就踏实了。”

1983年耀邦曾接见过大连的个体户姜维，鼓励他们“干光彩的事业”。如今他们办起了中国第一家私营中外企业，名字就叫光彩实业公司。今天，他们从大连赶来吊唁，献上自己沉痛的哀思。姜维提笔在留言簿上写道：“是您指导我们干了光彩的事业。中国两千万个体户永远铭记您的恩德，我们永远听您的话，干光彩的事业，做光彩的人。”

留言簿上还有许许多多动人的题词，字字句句饱含着人民的热爱，寄托着人民的哀思：

“人民又一次陷入极大的悲痛之中”，
“你心里有人民，人民心里有你”，
“说真话人民知音，办实事一代伟人”，
“代表人民的领袖，真正的汉子”，
“民主先锋”。

耀邦的廉洁已在人民中传为美德。雪卫秘书对记者说，中国大百科全书出版社曾送给耀邦一套《辞海》，他当即付钱。人家送的东西耀邦不让我们往家里拿，他说这样将贻害子孙。耀邦生前收到的最后一件礼物，至今还在我这里保存。

耀邦的女婿刘晓江说，组任总书记以后，岳父召开过一次家庭会议，要求全家每个成员都不能搞不正之风，谁出了事谁负责。他对子女、对自己都要求十分严格。家里房子破旧，他不让整，大门红漆剥落，他不让刷。他不接受普通干部的礼物，还有一个原因是人家的生活很困难，他心里过意不去。

在肃穆的灵堂中，我们与耀邦同志的长子胡德平相聚，问及他的所思所念，他答道：我是思绪万千，辞不达意。让我用一位诗人的话来表达此刻的心情吧：

“4月15日傍晚/有几行铸就的雨/在沉默中/为一个沉默了两年多/终于走回最后沉默的人送行/他的生命/结束在不该结束的时候。”话音刚落，我们泪珠如注。

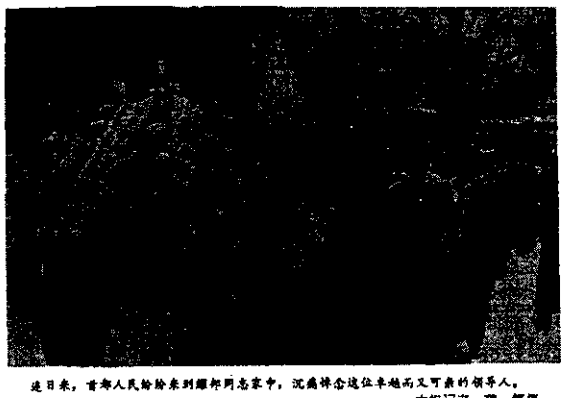
4月20日下午，为胡家三代人讲过故事的孙敬修老人，在孙女的搀扶下来到灵堂，他应不成声，半响说出一句惊天动地的话来：

“你是一个大好人啊！”

耀邦夫人李昭在一旁也泣不成声。她率领儿孙们在遗像前作最后的家祭：

“耀邦，儿孙们都到齐了。你一生光明磊落，无私无畏，你生前一心惦到的是群众，群众才这样惦念你。你种的树，种的草，都已茁壮成长，你没有死，你将与大树小草长存。看到这些，你该含笑九泉了！”

我们的心颤抖了。
我们的心碎了。
呵，一个不朽的灵魂，你永远活在我们的心中！
为你送行的，是11亿中国人！



送日来，首都人民始终来到耀邦同志家中，沉痛悼念这位卓越而又可亲的领导人。
本报记者 蒋 铮摄

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# 胡耀邦追悼大會

## 今天在北京舉行

### 鄧小平等將出席　趙紫陽致悼詞

### 香港新華社同時舉行儀式接受各界弔唁

【本報記者北京二十一日專電】已故中共領導人胡耀邦的追悼會明天上午舉行，胡耀邦遺體今晚已由醫院運至人民大會堂。今晚九時，載有胡耀邦遺體的車隊共計六輛，將從中南海西門駛出，經西南門進入。明天上午十時，追悼大會將在人民大會堂舉行，中央大廳舉行追悼會，同時舉行遺體告別儀式。胡耀邦的遺體將在追悼大會後火化，靈車將從長安街往八寶山。

今天，北京市公安局發布通告，為保障大會順利進行，明天上午八時至十二時，天安門廣場及人民大會堂周圍地區將禁止各種車輛行人通行。

【本報訊】新華社香港分社定於今天在新華社大型設置靈堂，悼念中共前總書記胡耀邦。靈堂從上午九時至下午四時開放，接受各界人士弔唁。（另有詳情刊第八版）

【香港中國通訊社北京二十一日電】據消息靈通人士披露，中共領袖鄧小平明天上午將參加在北京人民大會堂舉行的胡耀邦追悼大會。

胡耀邦的追悼大會將由國家主席楊尚昆主持，中共中央總書記趙紫陽致悼詞。

共領導人鄧小平等四千人將參加追悼大會，同時舉行遺體告別儀式。胡耀邦的遺體將在追悼大會後火化，靈車將從長安街往八寶山。

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今天凌晨，屢次有生手秩序地序安天在地序廣門場（真攝）

（本報本南京北京記者）

## 北京民衆通宵哀悼

## 十萬人盼「送胡一程」

### 各大專院校學生列隊秩序井然

### 等候開追悼會　周圍道路暢通

【本報記者張少威、陳木南、潘邁文北京二十二日凌晨專電】北京時間二十二日凌晨二時，天安門廣場上，聚集了十多萬群衆，繼續有各家大學的學生列隊步行前來的列隊步行前來的大學生，秩序井然，為追悼來廣場上所見人，但早到的學生們特地在人民大會堂與人民英雄紀念碑之間，圍出了一個缺口，空間面積約一個半籃球場，新來的隊伍便由這缺口進入，到達廣場四周，不見有胡耀邦遺體的車隊出現，廣場上人數繼續增多。

每支學生隊伍，走在前面的打出紅旗，書寫上學校名字，外圍由手拉手的人員，前面是三支紅旗，擁有白花，邊行邊唱《國際歌》。政法大學的隊伍，為首的舉着胡耀邦的巨幅畫像。據現場人士觀察，由昨晚到今晨到來的北京大學有九千學生，清華大學有四千學生。其他各院校學生也來參加，包括如理工大學、師範大學。

學生領，他們準備通宵守候，直至舉行追悼大會的時刻，為對胡耀邦表達哀思。

南門駛進人民大會堂（本報北京攝）

運送胡耀邦遺體的靈車從西

收到了市政府倡仿效對該校代表要求維護秩序的呼籲，並有人登上紀念碑發表演講，並有社會科學院新聞系學生手持「新聞要說實話」的橫幅呼喊要求新聞自由的口號。到九點四十分時，頒上鋪着白布的花圈，由中央戲劇學院學生獻上了一幅巨大的「痛」字横幅，清華大學和中國人民大學的交流。新聞學院的學生代表舉着橫幅，上書「新聞自由，人民知道，真相大白」。

據人民對講（播自題）：下午的絶大部分旁觀者是外地來京的旅遊者或出差人員，而現場的絶大多數是本地的居民。在十點半以後，許多旁觀者開始撤走，但大學生們仍然堅守在廣場。

【新華社北京二十一日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天下午會見香港新聞界訪問團。

趙紫陽說，中國的改革開放政策不會改變。對於中國過去的一些錯誤，我同意胡耀邦同志的意見，要及時糾正。

對於中國過去工廠的一些新聞，我同意胡耀邦同志的意見，要及時糾正。

趙紫陽說，中國的改革開放政策不會改變。對於中國過去的一些錯誤

# 文匯報

經中國人民解放軍武警部隊認為第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期六　22　四月　一九八九年

星五一初　十七月三年己巳

號二一六四一第字港

元二會張八八紙出日今



刷印色彩

《周末華》

今日隨報附送


## 四千人參加　為時約一小時

# 胡耀邦追悼會今舉行

## 鄧公出席趙紫陽致詞

### 楊尚昆主持參加者有黨政軍要員各界人士

【香港中通社北京二十一日電】據消息靈通人士披露，中共領袖鄧小平明天上午將參加在北京人民大會堂中央大廳隆重舉行的胡耀邦追悼大會。

胡耀邦的追悼大會將由國家主席楊尚昆主持，中共中央總書記趙紫陽致悼詞。參加追悼會的將有中共高級領導人、各界幹部、軍隊代表、知名人士和胡耀邦生前友好四千人。

【本報記者鍾北京二十一日電】人民大會堂將懸掛胡逝世的追悼會已準備就緒。人民大會堂中央大廳掛上了胡耀邦遺像，兩邊放置青松。明晨追悼會將有四千人參加。

追悼會的入場通知，昨日早已發給中央黨政軍各部門。此外有部份通知由胡耀邦家人發出。一些曾與胡耀邦共事多年的人士和知名人士亦將出席追悼大會。

【香港文匯報訊】北京消息：胡耀邦生前曾表示，其骨灰將撒在江西的共青城內。

據消息透露，胡耀邦生前曾表示，其革命公墓，改為撒在江西的共青城內。

【本報記者鍾北京廿一日電】胡耀邦的追悼會已定於今日（廿二日）上午九時在人民大會堂舉行

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)年四月廿二日·星期六·夏曆己巳年三月十七

# 快報

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第九四八八號
夏曆三月十七·戊日·宜出行開市
一九八九年四月廿二日·星期六
今天天氣：吹西南風，多雲有驟雨
是日氣溫：分平廿五至廿九度之間
每份六大張 零售二元正

EXPRESS

- 約四十萬軍民今凌晨聚集天安門，等候今天的胡耀邦追悼會舉行。
- 數以千計名公安人員在天安門戒備，預備隨時驅散聚集。
- 六千人下午三時被圍進人民大會堂，但遲武警無法驅散。這是四九年解放以來首次有人強闖人民大會堂。

## 北京學潮新動態

- 鄧小平將參加今日舉行的胡耀邦追悼大會。
- 北京市政府宣佈，今日舉行追悼會時，由上午八時至中午十二時，禁止行人及車輛經過天安門一帶，禁止行人及車輛橫過長安街。
- 各增學生及工人組織抵北京，爭取參加追悼會。
- 北京各高校昨日晚間罷課抗議，加強行動。

# 40萬人漠視禁令靜坐悼胡
# 天安門今晨氣氛極度緊張

## 三千軍警出動到場戒備
## 五千人今晨再衝人會堂

（快報今晨二時消息）今晚晨二時，約三輛十八噸半左右開始被調入天安門，每一輛車有三十名軍警站在車上，但登記車牌的人員表示，估計連同駕駛員等活動的公安，執有三千名。

氣氛緊張的場面，與七六年天安門事件以來所罕見。

事態至深夜尚未平息，上海等地的學生代表已經趕到北京，參加追悼會。

據悉，一個昨日才成立的「北京學生聯合會」發起了到天安門通宵靜坐的行動。學生晚上七時開始，再到北京大學、精華大學及其他共二十多家院校指揮部，通知他們的學生前往天安門廣場。

他們昨日分別經過數次早時發出的緊急令，要在天安門廣場，他們不理會戒嚴部隊的警告，今晨聚集在天安門廣場，他們不理會戒嚴部隊的警告，要在天安門廣場靜坐至今早胡耀邦追悼會舉行。三千名公安人員已在現場戒備，隨時行動，今凌晨天安門廣場氣氛緊張。

學生表示，他們會佔領天安門廣場的據點，誓死不離開。但較早時北京政府已宣佈，今日上午八時至中午十二時，天安門禁止人車通過。

今日凌晨（北京時間），監視我安衛東由北京飯店西至新華門西單一帶，每一千步便有一至兩名軍警，由晚上八時半左右開始被調入

# 十多院校六萬學生 天安門外通宵靜坐

## 二千軍警凌晨二時開往現場

## 學生籌組全國學聯

### 北大自治會確定和平靜坐原則 號口喊呼不門華新擊衝不

## 聯籌組全國學生

### 北大自治會確定和平靜坐原則 不衝擊新華門外呼喊口號

## 憤憤不平 所爲何來？

## 鄧小平傳出席追悼會

## 北大學生進行罷課抗議警察粗暴行爲

### 籌捐民運經費反應熱烈已獲二千元

## 知識分子中南海遞函 信遭擲地被扣三刻鐘

## 政府克制 違法者倘一意孤行 京報說必自食其果

## 港新華社胡耀邦靈堂 今早十時開放供弔唁

### 各界人士致送花圈昨已逾四百個

## 各校戒備森嚴氣氛緊張 滬學生籌設自治組織 追悼會後擬上街遊行

## 在京遇襲港記者返港 在機場講經過展示傷痕 已往醫院驗傷 報將追究

## 明報三十周年報慶特刊 歡迎讀者惠稿

保護環境 盡心盡力
SAVE OUR ENVIRONMENT
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WORLD ENVIRONMENT DAY
HONG KONG
六月五日 JUNE 5

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# 入加紛青農工胡悼晨今藉

# 四十萬人集天安門

# 北平擬施緊急狀態

## 數千人高呼「民主萬歲」
## 今晨列隊向中南海進發
### 40多著名學人新華門遞函支持學生代表遭扣留

【本報綜合報導】今晨台灣國語北京廣播未經證實的消息說，北平市首都正秀區宣傳機構入駐辦公，北平市首都正秀區宣傳機構入駐辦公，北平市首都正秀區宣傳機構入駐辦公。中共消息人士說，週六將有重要決定，但對情況不知。北平學生不斷中共的嚴厲警告，昨天再上天安門廣場，舉行民主示威。北平市的工人，社會青年、殘區的農民，以及駐京市民也加入學生示威行列，一度曾衝擊中南海。人民大會堂。入夜時，北大、清華二學校上萬學生陸續集到天安門廣場，至晚將近兩萬人。四十多名大陸著名知識份子和中南海的一些高層人士，包括中共中央一位高層人士的女兒，昨天下午天安門廣場，要求中共中央、國務院接見。

【本報綜合報導】北京大學生百年來首次大規模的學生運動，在六四天安門事件中，學生們表現了高度的團結，一九八七年反自由化運動，以及最近的悼胡風潮

# South China Morning Post ★★

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WEATHER
Mainly cloudy with showers.
Max temp 29 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Intellectuals back students with new petition

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

MORE than 150 intellectuals have put down their names in a new petition to the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) to "take a positive attitude toward the demands of students".

The petition started circulating among the capital's intellectuals, including teachers, writers, social scientists and scientists yesterday.

Prominent intellectuals who have already signed include writer Dai Qing, philosopher Li Zehou, social scientist and editor Bao Zunxin, playwright Su Xiaokang, and legal scholar Wang Runsheng.

The bulk of the petitioners are lecturers and professors at Beijing University and other colleges in the capital.

"The authorities must no longer neglect the demands of the students," the petition said. "Senior government officials should engage in a dialogue with students."

The intellectuals also appealed to Beijing not to resort to "violent means" in handling student protests.

At the same time, the petitioners put forward a four-point demand for democracy.

They include quickening the pace of democratisation, the promotion of rule of law, guarantees of the freedom of speech and freedom of the press, and better treatment of intellectuals and students.

Analysts say the demands closely mirror those put forward by the student protesters in the past week.

"Intellectuals in Beijing generally support the actions of students," said Ms Dai Qing.

"They are angry at reports that students have been roughed up by police."

According to Chinese sources, another group of intellectuals are preparing a petition to ask the CCP to reassess the Campaign Against Spiritual Pollution of 1983 and the Campaign Against Bourgeois Liberalisation of 1987.

"We want the authorities to declare the two anti-liberalisation campaigns misguided," said an academic with the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

"We also want to rehabilitate the reputations of intellectuals accused of perpetuating bourgeois liberalisation."

According to analysts, this petition is closely linked with activities to honour the late party chief Hu Yaobang.

Mr Hu was relieved of his post as party chief in January 1987 for being "soft and lax in the face of bourgeois liberalisation".

Analysts also think the two petitions are related to earlier signature campaigns to free Wei Jingsheng and other imprisoned dissidents.

More than 100 of the nation's most prominent intellectuals put down their names during that campaign, which began in February.

So far, Beijing has refused to entertain that petition, having insisted that China has no political prisoners.

Besides petitions, individual intellectuals have also demonstrated their support for students by joining the protests at Tiananmen Square.

Yesterday afternoon, famous author Ma Bo went to the Square together with a dozen of his friends and supporters.

Analysts say that should the students and intellectuals form a united front for democracy, the CCP will be faced with an unprecedented challenge.

"The way Beijing deals with petitioners for the release of political prisoners shows that the authorities no longer have the confidence to crack the whip," said a veteran party member in the capital.

None of the signatories of the petition to release Wei Jingsheng have been punished by the authorities.

Indeed, member of the standing committee of the politburo, Hu Qili, has personally assured Ms Bing Xin and Mr Xu Liangying – two prominent intellectuals who had signed the human-rights petition – that they would not be subjected to harassment.

*Reuter*

# 200,000 march to defiant vigil

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and Agencies

IN THE biggest and most politically-charged student demonstration yet, more than 200,000 people marched on Tiananmen Square late last night.

Tens of thousands of students were joined by workers, other urban residents, intellectuals and peasants as the week-long protests in Beijing headed for a climax.

The students vowed to remain in the square through this morning's scheduled memorial service for deceased leader Hu Yaobang, whose death a week ago sparked the protests.

The students openly compared themselves to the crowd that massed in opposition to Mao Tse-tung and the Gang of Four in the Tiananmen incident of 1976.

Students from more than 20 universities and institutes marched hand in hand in a well organised procession that stretched for miles through city streets.

It took more than an hour for the procession to enter the square.

Students chanted stronger and more unified slogans demanding democracy and human rights. "Long live democracy, long live freedom," the students bellowed in unison.

The service for Hu Yaobang, scheduled for 10 am today, will be attended by all of China's top leaders, including Deng Xiaoping, in the Great Hall of the People that faces the square occupied by protesters.

Beijing Municipal authorities announced that the square would be closed off during the ceremony from 8 am to 12 noon, apparently hoping to prevent any demonstrators until after the ceremony.

In open defiance of the ban – which was backed by threats of police and military force – student leaders called on their classmates at several leading universities to march last night and occupy the square overnight so they would be there in the morning.

**Comment and more reports: Pages 8 and 9**

Around 10,000 students from Beijing and other universities held a rally in the evening and then began marching down towards the centre of the city.

"We expect violence," a student leader shouted through a bull-horn before the march to the planned all-night vigil began. "But we will not leave."

The atmosphere in the square was considerably more intense than on previous nights. People roared and cheered when one group of journalism students hoisted a banner reading "The press should tell the truth". Thousands then began chanting the slogan.

People also shouted approval when Lao Gui, a well known author, unfurled a banner written in his own blood.

Earlier in the afternoon, several thousand people broke through a police barricade and surged to the door of the Great Hall of the People, the seat of China's parliament on the square's west side.

They jeered at police guards and grabbed their caps, witnesses said, but soon dispersed back to the square across the street; cheering and swarming through the plaza as groups of student protesters arrived.

Student activists at Beijing University said they had abandoned the official student union, which they claimed was controlled by the Communist Party, in favour of an independent organisation.

Their first action was a student strike that yesterday kept about half of them out of class.

"It's very simple. We're not going to class until we get a response to our seven demands," one student said.

The list of demands, including calls for a freer press and making public leaders' personal finance, was accepted by the three members of the National People's Congress on Tuesday evening, but has elicited no response from top leaders.

Students claimed that it was this official indifference that led to their attempt to forcibly enter Party headquarters late on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

University officials yesterday made no attempt to stop the students from marching.

At the same time, leaders in the official student union at some faculties, such as the Politics and Law University, urged their classmates not to march last night but to conserve their energy for today.

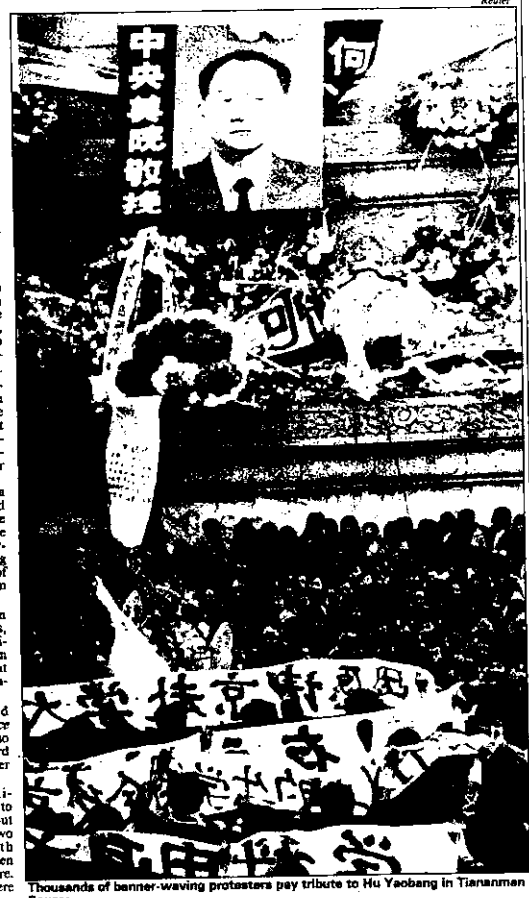
During most of the afternoon, a crowd of more than 20,000 – composed of more and more onlookers – swept freely across the square, enveloping each group that arrived to present a wreath or banner.

At one point, nearly a thousand people moved past a roped-off area on the stairs of the Great Hall of the People. A few even surrounded a guard, grabbing his hat and making fun of him before retreating when other guards appeared.

Representatives from several more universities, including Nankai University from Tianjin, arrived in the square with wreaths that brought cheers from the increasingly unruly crowd.

Around 20 editors and reporters from the *Science and Technology Daily* also delivered a wreath, the third state-controlled newspaper known to have done so.

During the day uniformed police continued to maintain a low profile. But at 2 am this morning two convoys of trucks with about 2,000 men were seen heading towards the square. It was not clear if they were police or troops.



Thousands of banner-waving protesters pay tribute to Hu Yaobang in Tiananmen Square.

# Ford in call for action on 1997

By S.Y. WAI

CHIEF Secretary Sir David Ford told the Foreign Affairs Committee (FAC) yesterday that Hongkong people believed Britain could do more to maintain the well-being of the territory in the run-up to 1997.

He told the British parliamentarians that Hongkong people would like to see actions rather than words to help solve the nationality issue and the Vietnamese boat people problem.

Winding up his evidence at the FAC's last open hearing in Hongkong, Sir David said more practical assistance from Whitehall would substantially improve the relationship between Hongkong people and Britain.

The remarks were made in response to FAC chairman David Howell's request for a message to the committee which is conducting an inquiry into Hongkong's transition to 1997 and the implementation of the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

**Final day hearings – See Pages 4 and 5**

Mr Howell said he had repeatedly heard allegations here that Britain was reducing its commitment to Hongkong and asked Sir David if it was true.

In reply, Sir David denied the allegations and said he believed Hongkong would continue to enjoy British ministerial or governmental support.

"But there is a perception in Hongkong that Britain could do more and that, I think, revolves around practical issues. The argument goes that it is not simply a matter of making ministerial visits and making speeches of support in terms of Hongkong," he said.

"What Hongkong people would like to see is practical assistance with problems that we have and will continue to face under the period of the transition.

"I'm afraid actions are better than words," Sir David said.

He added that Hongkong people were particularly eager to see more assistance from Britain in solving the nationality issue and the boat people problem.

"We think very strongly that if the UK Government could do more to help in a practical way in those two areas, I have no doubt at all that the relationship be-

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 8)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**Saturday Review**

ISLANDS UNDER SIEGE

The threat to our rural retreats

LESSONS FROM HILLSBOROUGH

What lies in store for British soccer

WILSON WRITES

Dick Wilson starts a new, incisive column

# Barracks at Lo Wu to house Viets

From DAVID WALLEN in London and DAPHNE CHENG

**A BARRACKS at the Lo Wu border will be cleared in two months to house 1,800 Vietnamese boat people as part of the Government's $200 million emergency package to cope with the recent influx.**

**The Government's latest move was timed with Whitehall's decision last night to contribute £6 million (HK$88.1 million) to help fund Hongkong's Pillar Point Vietnamese camp.**

**The Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes said last night the Lo Wu camp now occupied by the British Army on border duties would be converted into a boat people detention centre in two phases.**

**"It will take about two months to clear the camp. I would say about 1,200 places will be available in June and 600 more at a later stage," he said.**

**The project, which will be tabled for approval at the**

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 8)

# Doctor tells of fatal error in oxygen test

By LINDY COURSE

SHIRLEY BOYDE'S anaesthetist told an inquest yesterday she would not have died if he had used the Datex oxygen analyser which was in the operating theatre.

Dr Michael Bascombe said it was not standard practice at the time to use it in Hongkong, but it would have shown that Mrs Boyde was not receiving oxygen.

He said he was unaware of recommendations in Australia and America from anaesthetists' organisations that oxygen analysers should be used, nor did he know that the Canossa Hospital had also recommended they should be used.

Mrs Boyde, 55, died three days after she was given nitrogen instead of oxygen from the central gas supply during a minor ankle operation at Canossa Hospital on January 14.

The inquest has heard that Mrs Boyde turned blue, which is a sign of oxygen deprivation, and suffered a cardiac arrest.

Doctors, believing she had suffered a pulmonary embolism, tried unsuccessfully to resuscitate her for 40 minutes before they were alerted to the problem with the central oxygen supply system.

Dr Michael Bascombe

Dr Bascombe also admitted he missed the significance of the result of a blood gas test which revealed a total lack of oxygen in Mrs Boyde's blood.

At the time he took it to mean there was no oxygen circulating, he told Coroner Hugh Sinclair and a three-man jury.

Coroner's officer, Mr John McNamara, suggested this result could only have been caused by one thing – no oxygen was being given to the patient.

Dr Bascombe agreed, but said at the time he did not pick up the significance of this result.

Mr McNamara suggested this astonishing result should have stuck out like a sore thumb, and Dr Bascombe said it does now, but it didn't at the time of the crisis when he had only minutes to save the patient's brain.

When questioned further about the standard practice of anaesthetists in Hongkong, Dr Bascombe said he was not a member of Hongkong's Association of Anaesthetists and did not need to be in order to keep up with current practice.

He read a professional

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 6)

# Rebels blamed for killing US colonel

MANILA: The US embassy advised Americans to take extra safety precautions after suspected communist rebels shot dead a US Army colonel in the Philippine capital yesterday.

The Philippine military also stepped up security for US bases and personnel in the country after Colonel James "Nick" Rowe was ambushed on his way to work early in the morning.

"We are informing all Americans to take heightened security measures at this time," an embassy spokesman said.

US Ambassador Nicholas Platt described the killing as the work of "cowardly assassins". He said the incident would only strengthen US support for Philippine democracy and the government of President Corazon Aquino.

Mr Platt said Colonel Rowe was a decorated Vietnam war veteran and a genuine hero who had died "on duty in support of an ally fighting to protect its democratic institutions".

"This act will only strengthen American resolve to stand with the government and the people of the Philippines led by President Aquino. We will not be deterred by terrorists."

Colonel Rowe was part of a US liaison team helping the Philippine army in its fight against the communist New Peoples' Army (NPA) which is opposed to US military bases in the country.

It was the third incident involving the US military in the Philippines this month and appeared to be part of a new offensive by the NPA which has been fighting a 20-year insurgency in the country.

Colonel Rowe was shot in the head and died on his way to hospital after his armour-plated car was ambushed on a Manila street by hooded gunmen firing automatic weapons. His Filipino driver was also hit and was

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 4)


Hong Kong
Matsuzakaya

Peak daily sale more than 50,000

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

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## INSIDE TODAY

**Canada**

Canada faces a tough budget and Liberal leader John Turner faces tough times. These reports and more in CANADA TODAY, our exclusive weekly

**Liftout**

**Boschman**

Do away with all censorship, argues our outspoken columnist **Roger Boschman** on

**Page 15**

**Fung Shui**

**Fung Shui Lo** elaborates on the fascinating capabilities of the Morning Star on

**Page 15**

Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual.

**SUNDAY**

EXCLUSIVE - Vietnam from war to prosperity. EXCLUSIVE — Nureyev denies that this will be his farewell tour. PLUS — Kim, the virgin terrorist ... will she hang? Top reading in your SUNDAY STANDARD

**tomorrow**

The Orbis appeal for the flying eye hospital has raised $349,538 in Hongkong. Have you contributed?

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**WEATHER:** 25°C — 29°C. Mainly cloudy with showers. Details on Page 19

# It's time for action, Ford tells Britain

**By Frank Choi**

THE message the Hongkong administration yesterday passed on to the Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Select Committee was Britain could do much more to ease Hongkong's confidence problem.

Chief Secretary Sir David Ford said the administration had made alternative suggestions on two practical problems – the Vietnamese boat people and nationality – adding Britain could do more to help Hongkong in both areas.

Speaking on the last of three days of public hearings by the committee, Sir David said: "There is a perception in Hongkong that Britain can do more. And that evolves around practical issues.

"The argument goes that it's not simply a matter of making ministerial visits and making speeches of support in terms of Hongkong, but Hongkong people would like to see practical assistance with problems that we have, and continue to face over the period of the transition.

"It's summed up most neatly in the phrase: Action as well as words," he said.

"I think we feel very strongly that the UK government could do more to help in practical ways in those two areas (nationality and boat people). I have no doubt at all that the relationship between the Hongkong people and the British government will improve substantially," he said.

INSIDE:

Yesterday's hearings: **Pages 4,5**

Gentlemen, a challenge: **Page 6**

Dame's tears were a cry from the heart; China protests bode ill for territory **Page 13**

Sir David and seven top Government officials appeared before the committee yesterday to give evidence on a wide range of subjects, including:

- The brain drain;
- Nationality;
- Constitutional development;
- The Basic Law;
- The work of the Joint Liaison Group; and
- Hongkong's preparations for the transition.

The officials were: the Attorney General, Mr Jeremy Mathews; the Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes; the Secretary for General Duties, Mr Barrie Wiggham; the Secretary for Trade and Industry, Mr John Chan; the Secretary for Administrative Services and Information, Mr Peter Tsao; the Secretary for Constitutional Affairs, Mr Michael Suen; and the Secretary for Economic Services, Mrs Anson Chan.

The final session of the public hearings conducted by the committee was a friendly exchange.

Committee members leave for Beijing this afternoon to meet Chinese authorities.

Sir David reiterated the Hongkong Government's stance on the issues after the hearing, when he held a press briefing. He said officials would keep looking for alternatives to the problems until Britain found them practicable.

On nationality, Sir David said he had made it clear in his opening statement "the feelings of Hongkong people on this subject are very clear. That is they would like to have the reassurance of having the right of abode given to 3.2 million Hongkong people.

"I also made a point that we can have very little doubt in Hongkong that the British government's point of view at the moment is to say 'that is not a practical possibility'.

"I added if that (the granting of UK passports) were to happen, I would have no doubt whatsoever that it would add greatly to confidence in Hongkong.

"It would be quite wrong for me as Chief Secretary to raise the expectation of the Hongkong people about the prospect of something which we had been clearly told was not possible.

"Therefore we have put forward alternative suggestions in line with many of the suggestions of the Omelco for consideration by the committee. That is the Government's position on the nationality issue.

"I think the point at issue is whether what we are suggesting is considered to be a practical political opportunity.

"It's a matter for Her Majesty's government to decide whether they are prepared to give passports to Hongkong people. If the messages coming to us loud and clear is: 'No, this is not possible at the moment;' then I do not believe we as a responsible Government should simply say: 'Oh, that's the end of the matter'.

"We must look for other ways in which we can help increase confidence in Hongkong. That's what we've done by putting forward some alternative suggestions."

■ Continued **Page 2**

# Bank, broker searched in Jademan probe

POLICE yesterday widened their investigations into the affairs of Jademan (Holdings) Limited by carrying out searches on a number of financial institutions.

More than 100 officers from the Commercial Crime Bureau (CCB) have been mobilised since Thursday.

Investigators went to Standard Chartered Bank headquarters, one of Jademan's leading bankers, to look for documents relating to the company.

They also visited two large brokerage firms, including James Capel (Far East) Limited which recently bought a large parcel of Jademan shares.

A director of James Capel did not confirm or deny the visit by officers.

But he said it was common for his office to be asked for help in investigations concerning share dealings as James Capel was Hongkong's second largest brokerage house.

Residences of a number of company senior executives were searched.

Officers have interviewed dozens of people but so far no one has been arrested or put on bail.

About 10 Government accountants have been going through the books of the company at its headquarters at Jademan Centre in North Point since the operation started on Thursday. They were still there late last night.

Detectives were seen going in and out of the building round the clock.

Police sources said CCB officers, led by senior staff officer Mr Philip Layton, began looking into the company's affairs about six months ago.

They were trying to establish if there were any irregularities in the company's investment activities in the stock market before and after the October crash, sources said.

Circumstances surrounding the rights issue in 1987 were also part of the investigations, the sources said.

Jademan reported a loss of $209 million in 1987 due to heavy investment in stocks.

The police were tight-lipped. A police spokesman gave a standard reply to press inquiries, saying: "The case is still under investigation and no further information is available."

No further statement was released by the company whose stocks were still suspended from trading.

Meanwhile, the planned disposal of Jademan Centre may be postponed until the police investigations are completed.

The company proposes to sell its headquarters for $168.8 million and an extraordinary general meeting to approve the disposal has been scheduled for May 1.

But sources in financial circles said shareholders could ask for the adjournment in view of the investigations.

EDDIE JIM

**Full house for Mickey Mouse**

A 35-foot-high Mickey Mouse is greeting crowds of visitors to Tsim Sha Tsui's New World Centre where a Walt Disney fun fair is being held. The mega-mouse is visiting Hongkong for the first time as part of the charity fair, which runs until tomorrow. The fun fair has travelled the world, taking the inflatable Mickey, but this is the first appearance of the normally shy cartoon character here. Also at the fair to welcome children are other Disney immortals such as Donald Duck, mingling with visitors. The fair consists of more than 40 kiosks offering games and products for sale, plus a mini cinema showing Disney videos. Profits from the fair, organisers say, will be donated to the Yan Chai Hospital, the St Christopher's Home, and the Boys' and Girls' Association of Hongkong.

# Sakharov elected to Soviet parliament

MOSCOW: Human rights campaigner Dr Andrei Sakharov yesterday scored a resounding victory in elections to a revamped Soviet legislature.

But the former nuclear physicist warned of "difficult work" ahead because of conservative resistance to reform.

"I'm very happy to become a deputy," he said after winning 806 of the 1,101 votes cast by the Academy of Sciences.

"But there is a need for a tough struggle because the anti-perestroika forces are very strong."

Dr Sakharov's election, after an earlier rejection by the academy's governing presidium, marks his full public rehabilitation after his seven-year confinement to internal exile for his human rights activities.

He returned to Moscow in December 1986 after a personal intervention by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

Academy of Science delegates seized on Dr Sakharov's election to propose the rehabilitation of the Soviet Union's most celebrated exile, 70-year-old writer Alexander Solzhenitsyn.

Mr Solzhenitsyn was stripped of his citizenship and expelled in 1974.

The conference delegates agreed the new Supreme Soviet, to be elected by the Congress of People's Deputies in May, should set up a commission to study all past decrees on citizenship.

Dr Sakharov told reporters that "all those who in the 1970s had their citizenship taken away" must have it restored, "not only Solzhenitsyn, but many others".

Asked why he had failed to be chosen as a candidate in the first round of elections, Dr Sakharov said the presidium "did not fully understand the situation".

He was selected in the second round after his supporters staged a boycott campaign in March elections for the academy's 20 reserved seats.

Only eight deputies were elected, necessitating fresh elections to fill the 12 remaining seats.

Other advocates of radical reform who had also been rejected by the presidium swept to victory in the new round. – AFP

■ Mrs Christa Tisdall

## Founder of Helping Hand dies

**THE death of Mrs Christa Tisdall, founder of charitable organisation Helping Hand came as a shock to her colleagues.**

**Mr Thomas Mulvey, Director of the Hongkong Family Welfare Society and Mr Hui Yin-fat, Legislative Councillor and the chairman of the Hongkong Council of Social service, didn't know she had died in London on Wednesday.**

**Mrs Tisdall's colleague, Father Sean Burke, said yesterday that Mrs Tisdall had helped a lot of people.**

■ Continued **Page 2**.

# Hu's funeral draws thousands to square

**By Tammy Tam** and **Stanley Leung** in Beijing

THOUSANDS of people early this morning massed at Tiananmen Square as security authorities rushed reinforcements to the area amid speculation of another confrontation.

The latest crowd joined more than 100,000 people who had late last night gathered there vowing to stay for today's funeral of former Communist Party General-Secretary Hu Yaobang who died last Saturday at the age of 73.

The people pouring into Tiananmen Square, next to the Great Hall, are defying warnings against anti-government protests.

One agency report said part of the crowd marched on to Zhongnanhai, the party headquarters and the seat of government, shouting "long live democracy".

A group of intellectuals last night also staged a sit-in outside the Great Hall of the People after their petition was rejected. The petition was in support of student demonstrations sparked by Mr Hu's death.

The intellectuals, including Bao Junxin, Yan Jiaqi and his wife, Gao Gao, Dai Qing and Li Zehou, went to Zhongnanhai to present their petition.

Four representatives of the group were detained for 45 minutes in a reception room before staff rejected their letter.

The disgruntled intellectuals then went to the Great Hall to deliver their petition to the National People's Congress (NPC) office.

The petition, addressed to the party Central Committee, the State Council and the NPC Standing Committee, urged that the students' demands be accepted.

The students want quicker political reforms and a step-up in the crackdown on official corruption.

Informed sources said party General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang would deliver the eulogy praising Mr Hu for his contribution in rectifying the mistakes of the Cultural Revolution.

Earlier yesterday afternoon, demonstrators tried to enter the Great Hall but were stopped by staff.

It was the fifth consecutive day of demonstrations in the square.

The Beijing municipal government is barring pedestrians and unauthorised vehicles from Tiananmen Square from 8 am to noon today.

Mourners are also barred from carrying wreaths along Changan Avenue, which runs past the square, the Forbidden City and Zhongnanhai.

In its first commentary since the mass mourning for Mr Hu, the party newspaper *People's Daily* said yesterday students who sought to use the funeral to "destabilise" China would pay the consequences.

Besides the students, workers, retired soldiers, hawkers and individual entrepreneurs were among the people packing the square.

Meanwhile, the newly-formed Beijing Tertiary Institute Students' Federation failed to present their joint demands to the government.

A leader of the federation said some state leaders tried to exploit the student movement to achieve their own political aims.

He said students had been negotiating with groups of people claiming to represent specific leaders.

Federation leaders confirmed some students had travelled to Nanjing and Shanghai to liaise with student activists in prominent colleges.

More than 200 representatives from Nankai University in Tianjin yesterday arrived in the square to support their Beijing counterparts.

Several hundred students from Shanghai also demonstrated in the square.

INSIDE:

■ China not eager for Tibet talks; Students in new age of reasoning: **Page 8**

■ Beijing protests bode ill for territory **Page 13**

# Iran says spy ring uncovered

NICOSIA: Iran's Parliament Speaker said yesterday that several US spy networks plotting to overthrow Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's government had been uncovered, the official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

The agency said Hashemi Rafsanjani announced during a sermon at the weekly Friday prayer session at Teheran University that a large number of the alleged spies had been arrested in recent weeks.

He said they included "big American spies," who were now being interrogated, and the arrests had exposed the whole Central Intelligence Agency in the Middle East.

Mr Rafsanjani said the Americans "should have realised that ... this country is no place for coup d'etats".

He said some were navy personnel, who transmitted intelligence on Iranian naval deployments to the US Navy "when they were fighting us in the Persian Gulf".

He said the Iranian ship *Iran Ajr*, boarded by US forces in the Gulf in 1987 as it was laying mines, was "betrayed by these very people".

Mr Rafsanjani did not say how many people had been rounded up because "the Americans should not know how many of them have been trapped. There are too many".

But he stressed the navy officers who had allegedly spied for the Americans "are fortunately still alive".

He claimed the Americans "have announced those people have been executed, because they are not aware of their whereabouts". AP

# Name game may keep Taipei from bank talks

**By Terry Cheng** and **Tammy Tam**

TAIWAN may miss the annual meeting of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) in Beijing next month because of a visa problem in the political name game.

An informed Chinese source said yesterday Beijing had asked Taipei's delegates, led by Finance Minister Shirley Kuo, to use "Taiwan Compatriot Certificates" when entering the mainland.

The latest demand appears to contradict an earlier pledge by Beijing to provide Taiwan delegates entry arrangements acceptable to both sides.

Taipei announced earlier this month it would send a delegation to the ADB meeting from May 4 to 6.

The group will go under the name "China, Taipei" – the title decided by the ADB, although Taipei said it would take part as "representatives of the Republic of China".

Taiwanese visiting the mainland have to obtain a Taiwan Compatriot Certificate issued by the mainland to enter the country.

Members of Taiwan's first sports team which arrived in Beijing on Monday for the Asian Youth Gymnastics Championship used the certificate to enter.

A mainland ADB press spokesman, Mr Wei Shenghong, said yesterday he was not told Beijing would require Taiwan delegates to use Taiwan Compatriot Certificate.

"Since we have openly welcomed them, we will not try to embarrass them on the entry procedure," he said.

Despite Mr Wei's statement, an informed Chinese source confirmed, Beijing had asked Taipei's delegates to the ADB meeting to use Taiwan Compatriot Certificate.

Taiwan's *United Daily News* yesterday quoted a highly-placed source in the presidential office as saying the Kuomintang government would reconsider sending delegates if Beijing insisted they had to use the Taiwan Compatriot Certificate.

Taiwan Premier Yu Kuo-hua said yesterday the ADB had not told his government about the entry procedures.

The mainland's latest demand may be due to its concern about Taiwan's plan of "one country, two equal governments" which would put Taipei on equal footing with Beijing in the international community, according to observers.

It was understood Taipei was in touch with the ADB concerning the problem over entry.

Taipei wants its delegates to be issued ADB member certificates for attending the meeting which will exempt them from visa applications.

Meanwhile, a seven-member Taiwan group headed by an opposition Democratic Progressive Party leader, Mr Fei Hsi-peng, arrived in Guangzhou yesterday to promote reunification.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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1989年4月
23
星期日
己巳年三月十八
北京地区天气预报
白天 多云间阴
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 多云
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 20℃
最低 10℃

人民日报社出版

胡耀邦同志追悼大会会场。 本报记者 沈 进摄

## 久经考验的忠诚共产主义战士伟大的无产阶级革命家政治家
## 长达六十年革命生涯为党和人民事业忠心耿耿立下不朽功勋

# 胡耀邦同志追悼大会在京隆重举行

## 党和国家领导人同各族各界人士四千多人在人民大会堂沉痛悼念并向遗体诀别
## 杨尚昆主持赵紫阳致悼词邓小平李鹏万里彭真聂荣臻乔石胡启立姚依林王震等参加

新华社北京4月22日电 久经考验的忠诚的共产主义战士，伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志追悼大会，今天上午在人民大会堂中央大厅举行。

赵紫阳、邓小平等领导人同首都各族各界人士4000多人，怀着极其沉痛的心情，在这里深切悼念这位为党和人民立下了不朽功勋的我军杰出的政治工作者、长期担任党的重要领导职务的卓越领导人。

中共中央政治局委员、国家主席杨尚昆主持追悼会。中共中央总书记赵紫阳致悼词。

赵紫阳在悼词中说，胡耀邦同志作为马克思主义者，他的一生是光辉的。在长达60年的革命生涯中，他始终如一地对党和人民的事业忠心耿耿，呕心沥血，艰苦奋斗，立下了不朽的功勋，胡耀邦同志的逝世，对于我们的党和人民，对于我国的社会主义现代化建设事业，都是巨大的损失。

今天，首都天安门、新华门、外交部，各省、自治区、直辖市党委和政府所在地，边境口岸、对外海空港和我国驻外使领馆，都下半旗向胡耀邦同志志哀。

人民大会堂中央大厅布置得庄严肃穆。东门入口处高悬着一幅20多米长的黑色挽幛，上面用白色字体写着："伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！"

胡耀邦同志的巨幅彩色遗像悬挂在会场正中，遗像下是常青树。他的遗体静卧在水晶棺内，面容安详，穿着黑色西服，身上覆盖着中国共产党党旗。水晶棺四周是鲜花和松柏。人民解放军战士持枪肃立，守护在两边。胡耀邦同志的夫人李昭同志率子孙献了两个花篮，一个放在水晶棺前，白色缎带上写着："耀邦安息吧"；一个放在遗像下，白色缎带上写着："耀邦您光明磊落无私无愧安息吧"。追悼会场四周和东大门外摆满了花圈。

赵紫阳、邓小平、杨尚昆献了花圈。李鹏、万里、彭真、聂荣臻、乔石、胡启立、姚依林、王震等同志出席追悼会并献了花圈。

陈云同志从外地发来唁电表示沉痛哀悼。在外地的李先念同志委托子女参加了追悼会。邓颖超同志在胡耀邦同志病重时及逝世后曾派人看望和吊唁。徐向前同志派身边工作人员和子女参加了追悼会。薄一波同志发来唁函表示沉痛哀悼。他们对李昭同志及其亲属表示慰问。今天，这些老同志都献了花圈。

上午十时，杨尚昆同志宣布追悼会开始，全体同志在哀乐声中向胡耀邦同志的遗像、遗体肃立默哀，接着，奏国歌。

赵紫阳同志在悼词中回顾了胡耀邦同志一生为中国人民的解放事业和社会主义建设事业建立的不朽业绩。赵紫阳说，党的十一届三中全会以来，我们国家处在拨乱反正和全面改革的重要历史发展时期。胡耀邦同志在党的十二大上代表中央所作的《全面开创社会主义现代化建设的新局面》的报告，进一步明确了党在新时期的指导思想。11年来，他作为党的主要领导人之一，致力于马克思主义基本原理同我国现代化建设实际的结合。他为坚持党的十一届三中全会以来的路线，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，建设具有中国特色的社会主义，作出了多方面的重大贡献。

赵紫阳说，胡耀邦同志与我们永别了。我们要化悲痛为力量，完成他未竟的事业。我们要同心同德，更加紧密地团结在党中央的周围，为完成治理整顿和深化改革的艰巨任务，实现我国社会主义现代化建设的宏伟目标，坚韧不拔，努力奋斗。

赵紫阳致悼词后，参加追悼会的全体同志向胡耀邦同志的遗像、遗体三鞠躬。会场里响起了国际歌声。随后，人们在哀乐声中依次缓缓地走到胡耀邦同志的遗体前，向这位伟大的无产阶级革命家最后诀别。 （下转第三版）

胡耀邦同志遗体安卧在松柏和鲜花丛中。 本报记者 沈 进摄

赵紫阳同志在胡耀邦同志追悼大会上致悼词。 本报记者 沈 进摄

# 在胡耀邦同志追悼大会上的悼词

## 赵紫阳

（1989年4月22日）

同志们：

今天，我们怀着极其沉痛的心情，悼念久经考验的忠诚的共产主义战士，伟大的无产阶级革命家、政治家，我军杰出的政治工作者，长期担任党的重要领导职务的卓越领导人胡耀邦同志。

胡耀邦同志作为马克思主义者，他的一生是光辉的。在长达60年的革命生涯中，他始终如一地对党和人民的事业忠心耿耿，呕心沥血，艰苦奋斗，立下了不朽的功勋。胡耀邦同志的逝世，对于我们的党和人民，对于我国的社会主义现代化建设事业，都是巨大的损失。

胡耀邦同志从青少年起就投身新民主主义革命。他是湖南省浏阳县人，1915年11月20日出生在贫苦的农民家庭，1929年冬加入中国共产主义青年团，1933年转为中国共产党党员。当时他在江西、湖南和福建革命根据地从事青少年工作，宣传党的主张，积极同封建势力和国民党反动派开展斗争。1934年他参加了举世闻名的二万五千里长征，在支打委山关战斗中负伤，他的身上至今还留有敌人的弹片。到达陕北后，他先后担任少共中央局秘书长、宣传部长和组织部长。抗日战争时期，他曾担任中央军委总政治部组织部部长。解放战争时期，他历任冀热辽军区代理政治部主任、中国人民解放军晋察冀军区第四纵队和第三纵队政治委员、第十八兵团政治部主任，先后参加了保卫张家口、解放石家庄、太原和宝鸡等战役。他为抗日战争和人民解放战争的胜利作出了重要贡献。

新中国诞生后，胡耀邦同志担任川北区党委书记、川北行政公署主任和军区政委，领导川北人民进行土改，剿匪反霸，迅速恢复和发展了工农业生产。从1952年起，他长期主持团中央的工作，先后担任中国新民主主义青年团中央委员会书记和中国共产主义青年团中央第一书记。在此期间，他创造性地执行中央指示，开辟了建国以来党的青年工作最为活跃并且积累了重要经验的时期。特别是他十分注重在实践中用共产主义思想教育青年，按照青年特点开展丰富多采的活动，提倡"朝气蓬勃，实事求是"的作风，使团组织具有很强的吸引力，从而带领广大青年很好地完成了党赋予的光荣任务。1964年底后他在兼任中共中央西北局第二书记和陕西省委第一书记期间，深入群众，调查研究，努力工作，推选了所在地区的各项建设。

"文化大革命"期间，胡耀邦同志遭到严重迫害。但他不顾个人的荣辱安危，同林彪、江青反革命集团进行了不懈的斗争。1978年他担负中国科学院党组织的领导工作，针对江青反革命集团对科学工作的破坏坚决进行整顿。

粉碎江青反革命集团后，胡耀邦同志先后担任中央党校副校长、中央组织部部长、中央纪律检查委员会第三书记、中央秘书长兼宣传部长。胡耀邦同志是中国共产党第八、十一、十二、十三届中央委员会委员。在党的十一届三中全会上被增选为中央政治局委员，在党的十一届五中全会上被选为中央政治局常委、中央委员会总书记，在党的十一届六中全会上被选为中央委员会主席。他是十二届中央政治局委员、常委，十三届中央政治局委员。十二届二中全会后兼任中央整党工作指导委员会主任。1982年9月至1987年1月担任中央委员会总书记。

十一届三中全会以来，我们国家处在拨乱反正和全面改革的重要历史发展时期，胡耀邦同志在党的第十二次全国代表大会上代表中央所作的题为《全面开创社会主义现代化建设的新局面》的报告，进一步明确了党在新时期的指导思想。十一年来，他作为党的主要领导人之一，致力于马克思主义基本原理同我国现代化建设实际的结合。他为坚持党的十一届三中全会以来的路线，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，建设具有中国特色的社会主义，作出了多方面的重大贡献。

——他按照实事求是、解放思想的精神，组织和推动了关于真理标准的讨论，为冲破"两个凡是"的严重束缚，重新确立党的马克思主义思想路线，作了理论准备。

——他以非凡的胆略和勇气，组织和领导了平反冤假错案、落实干部政策的大量工作，使大批受到迫害的老干部重新走上领导岗位，使其他大批蒙受冤屈和迫害的干部、知识分子和人民群众得到平反昭雪，恢复名誉。

——他重视调动八亿农民的积极性，主持制定和执行了农村改革的一系列方针政策，推动了我国农村经济的迅速发展。

——他重视调动我国工人阶级的积极性，参与主持制定了《中共中央关于经济体制改革的决定》，推动以城市为重点的整个经济体制改革。他为扩大沿海地区的对外开放和发展社会主义商品经济，倾注了大量的心血。

——他尊重知识、尊重人才，重视党的科学工作、教育工作、文艺工作和新闻工作。他在关于当代中国年轻知识分子成长道路的讲话中，满腔热情地鼓励他们到基层去，到群众中去，到四化建设实践中去，经受磨炼，健康成长。他先后主持制定了《中共中央关于教育体制改革的决定》和《中共中央关于社会主义精神文明建设指导方针的决议》。

——他为完善共产党领导的多党合作制和政治协商制，促进民族团结、繁荣民族经济文化，进行了大量富有成效的工作。

邓小平同志向胡耀邦同志的夫人李昭同志表示慰问。 杨绍明摄

——他在中共中央召开的纪念马克思逝世一百周年的大会上，发表了《马克思主义伟大真理的光芒照耀我们前进》的长篇讲话，充分表达了我们党在新的历史条件下坚持和发展马克思主义的坚定信念。为了加强党的思想、作风、纪律和组织建设，推进各级领导班子的年轻化和干部制度的改革，他作了坚持不懈的努力。

——他为恢复和发展中国共产党同其他一些国家共产党、工人党的关系，为发展我党同外国社会党、民族主义政党及其他政党的关系，为增进中国人民同世界各国政府和人民的相互了解和友谊，为我国对外政策在新时期的重大调整，作出了努力。

胡耀邦同志把毕生精力献给了我们的伟大事业。他深深地热爱党和人民，党和人民也深深地热爱他。全党全国人民深切悼念胡耀邦同志，就是要学习他伟大的革命精神和高尚的思想品德。

我们要学习胡耀邦同志忠诚党的事业，鞠躬尽瘁，为共产主义奋斗的献身精神。他具有强烈的革命事业心和政治责任感，不知疲倦地为人民群众谋利益。近两年来，他仍以很高的热情关注我国改革开放和现代化建设的进展，不辞劳苦，到基层调查研究，鼓励干部、群众正确认识形势和光明前途，紧密团结在党中央的周围，振奋精神，继续前进。

我们要学习胡耀邦同志密切联系群众，关心群众疾苦，全心全意为人民服务的优良作风。他始终注意广泛结交朋友，通过同人民群众包括知识界和党外朋友的直接联系和坦率交谈，了解他们的愿望和要求，从中汲取政治智慧和营养。他曾多次长途跋涉，深入老革命根据地、少数民族聚居地区、边远地区和穷困山区调查访问，同当地干部、群众促膝谈心，共商脱贫致富大计，促进这些地区的开发和对外开放。他还多次深入祖国边陲和海防前沿，亲切慰问人民子弟兵。他在处理党和国家重要事务的同时，亲自阅处了大量人民群众的来信，为人民群众排忧解难。

我们要学习胡耀邦同志顾全大局，光明磊落，谦虚好学，廉洁奉公的高贵品德。他以党和人民的利益为重，胸怀坦荡，不隐瞒自己的政治观点，正确的东西，敢于坚持；自己错了，勇于自我批评。他以身作则，待人宽厚，作风民主，学不厌卷，追求新知，保持共产党人不断进取的活力。

胡耀邦同志与我们永别了。我们要化悲痛为力量，完成他未竟的事业。我们要同心同德，更加紧密地团结在党中央的周围，为完成治理整顿和深化改革的艰巨任务，实现我国社会主义现代化建设的宏伟目标，坚韧不拔，努力奋斗！

胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！ （新华社发）

# 大公報

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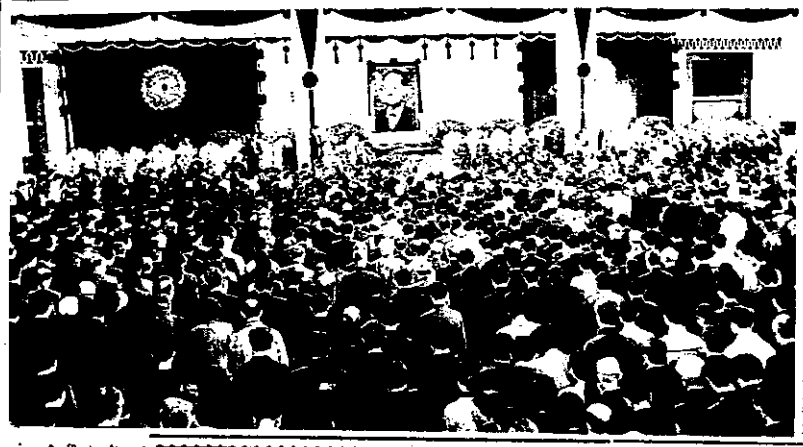
# 胡耀邦同志追悼会



中央大廳一樓擺放胡耀邦同志遺像的地方，前來參加追悼會的人們排隊等候向遺像鞠躬。（新華社）

## 鄧小平出席　趙紫陽致悼詞

# 北京昨隆重悼念胡耀邦

# 百萬民衆長街告別英靈

## 悼詞稱胡耀邦「作爲馬克思主義者，他的一生是光輝的。」

【新華社北京二十二日電】中國隆重舉行追悼前總書記胡耀邦同志大會。中共中央總書記趙紫陽致悼詞。

上午八時半，多輛黑色轎車從中南海西門魚貫駛出，沿途道路兩旁和天安門廣場西側的人民大會堂大會堂中央大廳門前的臺階上，已經肅穆莊嚴。

上午十時正，人民大會堂中央大廳內的追悼會場，正面懸掛胡耀邦同志的遺像，兩側懸掛着「偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽」的橫幅。

中國領導人李鵬、喬石、姚依林、李瑞環、溫家寶、宋平、李錫銘、陳希同、秦基偉、劉華清、錢正英、羅幹、王丙乾、吳階平、鄧力群、王震、王任重、萬里、彭真、薄一波、楊尚昆、鄧穎超、李先念、烏蘭夫、習仲勳、胡啓立、宋平、溫家寶、姚依林、李瑞環等中共中央領導人，以及中央軍委副主席楊尚昆

# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

四月廿三日 星期日 一九八九年 農曆己巳年三月十八日

港幣每冊一四一二號 元二張大六紙出日今


## 鄧小平等出席 全國下半旗誌哀

# 胡耀邦追悼會昨隆重舉行

# 百萬人佇立長安街送靈車

## 各界四千人出席追悼會

# 胡耀邦近兩年來貢獻 趙紫陽悼詞高度評價

### 並贊揚胡耀邦堅持四項原則及改革開放

胡耀邦（上）追悼會大堂內安放在臥室遺體的胡耀邦的照片（下）

（新華社傳真）

【新華社北京二十二日電】中國共產黨和國家領導人趙紫陽、鄧小平等今天同四千多名各界人士一道，沉痛悼念中國共產黨的卓越的領導人、胡耀邦，並向這位久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士的遺體告別。

上午十時在人民大會堂中央大廳開始舉行的胡耀邦追悼會由國家主席楊尚昆主持，中共中央總書記趙紫陽致悼詞。

中國領導人李鵬、喬石、姚依林、王震等也參加了追悼會。胡啓立、溫家寶、商石、上午八時半，參加追悼會的人們首先來到天安門廣場西側的人民大會堂，陸續走進位於天安門廣場西側的人民大會堂東門入口處高掛着一幅二十多米長的黑色輓幛，上面寫着：「偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！」

大廳的正面，懸掛着胡耀邦的巨幅彩色遺像。遺像前面，身着黑色西服的胡耀邦的遺體安卧在水晶棺內，身上覆蓋着中國共產黨黨旗。黨旗兩側擺滿了長青的松柏以及米黃、瓜葉菊、馬蹄蓮、杜鵑等鮮花。

遺像前及水晶棺前擺放着胡耀邦遺囑李昭及其子女獻的花籃，花籃的緞帶上分別寫着：「耀邦您安息吧！」

中央大廳二樓圍杆牆上懸着黑色輓幛，輓幛上面是一副挽聯：「一生光明磊落，無私無畏，你生前一心想到的是黎民；兩袖清風，辭世後，你沒有死，你將與大地同在，與人民同在，與天地同在，與日月同輝！」

【本報記者趙北京二十二日電】在追悼會前夕，胡耀邦遺孀李昭曾率兒女在胡耀邦兒孫們的陪同下，向一生光明磊落、無私無畏、你生前一心想到的是黎民、兩袖清風、辭世後你沒有死，你將與大地同在，與人民同在，與天地同在，與日月同輝的耀邦同志作最後的告別。

【新華社北京二十二日電】中國最高領導人趙紫陽、鄧小平等今天同四千多名各界人士一道，沉痛悼念中國共產黨的卓越的領導人、胡耀邦，並向這位久經考驗的忠誠的共產主義戰士的遺體告別。

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## 追悼會舉行前夕 李昭率領兒孫 進行最後家祭

### 衛小宣良存：遺到這邑，你該含笑九泉了！

日前，胡耀邦曾對來訪者引用一位詩人的作品表達他的心情：「四月十五日傍晚，有人行行艱疲的雨，在沉默中，為一個沉默了兩年多，終於走向最後沉默的人送行。」他的生命，結束在不該結束的時候。

趙紫陽在悼詞中說，胡耀邦「作為馬克思主義者，他的一生是光輝的。」自一九七八年中共十一屆三中全會以來，胡耀邦作為黨的主要領導人之一，致力於撥亂反正，主持中央領導集體的日常工作，領導了全黨全國人民的偉大的改革開放和現代化建設的新時期，為中國人民和中華民族建立了不朽的功勳。

趙紫陽說，胡耀邦同志是一位傑出的馬克思主義者，是一位偉大的共產主義戰士，是一位傑出的政治家、思想家和理論家，是中國人民的忠誠的兒子

# 快報

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今天天氣：吹北風，天陰有間雨及雷暴
是日氣溫：介乎廿二至廿五度之間
每份五大強 零售二元正


日八十月三年巳己曆夏．日期星．日三廿月四年(九八九一)年八十七國民華中

## 八日行動・高官龜縮在警牆後

## 學生悼胡獲重大勝利

## 中共神聖形象受挫

（快報消息）綜合北京消息報道：各高校學生連續八日的悼念胡耀邦和要求民主的行動，雖然未能得到具體成果，但外圍分析家認為，學生取得了重大勝利，中共的神聖形象及威信已在此戰中挫敗。

一些觀察家指出，今次中共不是客觀的行動，而是組織失敗，道義上的失敗，因為「他們」(中共領導層)不知如何做，學生不能因為組織屢出現了混亂

# 課罷工罷農工國全合聯言揚

## 學生未肯罷休 底到主民爭決

中央人民廣播電台一中共高中央的周旋，態度積極，態度名譽。

（本報特派記者羅機威北京電）中共趙紫陽致北京市學生的一封信，昨晚開始在北京廣播。

中央人民廣播電台昨晚十時廿五分播出趙紫陽致北京市學生的一封信，內容重申中共對學生愛國運動的支持，並提出解決目前學生與政府對峙局面的建議。

趙紫陽致函北京市學生，是中共中央總書記首次就學生運動發表意見。

趙紫陽在信中說：「同學們：你們好！」

趙紫陽說：「你們的愛國行動，表現了對國家和人民的高度責任感，對社會主義事業的熱情關心，對黨和政府的坦誠信賴，對民主與科學的執著追求，這一切，都是值得我們珍視的寶貴財富。」

趙紫陽說：「我理解同學們的心情，你們對國家的前途和命運的關心，對腐敗現象的憂慮，對民主與科學的渴望，都是可以理解的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的國家，正處在改革開放的歷史時期，我們的人民，正在為建設有中國特色的社會主義而努力奮鬥。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的改革開放的政策，是不會變的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的社會主義現代化建設事業，是不會變的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的對外開放政策，是不會變的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的改革開放的政策，是不會變的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的改革開放的政策，是不會變的。」

趙紫陽說：「我們的改革開放的

# 百萬人送別胡耀邦

## 李昭說：「他活在人民心中」

## 圖拘學生領袖瓦解學運

## 公安局要名單抓人 北大校方斷然拒絕

【本報北京四月二十二日電】新華社北京四月二十二日電：當前上周六凌晨的胡耀邦追悼的靈車，今天中午由市中心駛向西郊八寶山革命公墓火化時，估計有近百萬人行立大道兩側，向運往中國共產黨和國家領導人告別。

靈車於十二時零四分從人民大會堂出發，沿著長安大街向西，十三時整八分到達八寶山，行程約十五公里。大街兩旁擠滿了送別的人群。許多是從各地上站將了人。在前民大會堂出發，擔去國的安全檢查，順利進入會場。

中共中央總書記趙紫陽、國務院總理李鵬、全國人大常委會委員長萬里、國家主席楊尚昆、中央政治局常委宋平、姚依林和胡啓立、喬石、李瑞環、胡耀邦的夫人李昭及其子女、胡德平、胡德華、胡德華、王兆國、宋平、姚依林、胡啓立、喬石、李瑞環、胡耀邦的夫人李昭及其子女、胡德平、胡德華、胡德華、王兆國等也參加了追悼會。

上午八時半，參加追悼會的人們陸續到達天安門廣場西側的人民大會堂。大會堂中央大廳低調、莊嚴而肅穆。正面高懸着一幅二千多米長的黑色鑲邊白底橫幅，上面寫着：「偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！」

大廳的正面懸掛着胡耀邦的巨幅彩色遺像，遺像前面，身着黑色西服的胡耀邦同志安詳地閉目躺在鮮花翠柏叢中。胡耀邦的遺體上蓋着中國共產黨黨旗，黨旗下方，安放着胡耀邦生前的松柏以及黃、白菊花、瓜葉菊、風信子、水晶花和百合花等鮮花編織的花圈。花圈的緞帶上分別寫着：「偉大的無產階級革命家、政治家胡耀邦同志永垂不朽！」「耀邦您安息吧！」「耀邦您安息吧！」

追悼會開始後，參加追悼會的人員在哀樂中向遺容三鞠躬，然後緩緩步出大廳，瞻仰遺容。

【本報北京電】北京市各界人士和學生代表今天上午在人民大會堂舉行大會，悼念胡耀邦逝世。

出席大會的有：中共中央總書記趙紫陽，國務院總理李鵬，全國人大常委會委員長萬里，國家主席楊尚昆，中央政治局常委宋平、姚依林、胡啓立、喬石、李瑞環，中央書記處書記胡錦濤、尉健行、李鐵映、芮杏文、閻明復、溫家寶，中央軍委副主席楊白冰、劉華清、張震，中央軍委委員秦基偉、遲浩田、王震、王首道、王任重、余秋里、張愛萍、鄧穎超、薄一波、宋任窮、習仲勳、萬里、烏蘭夫、王丙乾、谷牧、胡耀邦的夫人李昭及其子女胡德平、胡德華、胡德華，以及中央有關部門負責人。

大會由中共中央政治局常委、國務院總理李鵬主持。

大會開始時，全體與會者起立，為胡耀邦同志默哀三分鐘。

大會播放了胡耀邦同志的遺像。

大會宣讀了中共中央、國務院關於胡耀邦同志逝世的訃告。

大會宣讀了中共中央、國務院關於追悼胡耀邦同志的決定。

大會宣讀了中共中央追悼胡耀邦同志大會的悼詞。

大會宣讀了中共中央、國務院關於胡耀邦同志治喪委員會名單的決定。

大會宣讀了胡耀邦同志治喪委員會名單。

大會播放了胡耀邦同志的生平事略。

大會播放了胡耀邦同志的遺像。

大會播放了胡耀邦同志的遺像。

大會播放了胡耀邦同志的遺像

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二、大陸學生轉換向中共鬥爭方式，刊第一版。

三、大陸漁船載二噸炸藥赴台灣，刊第三版。

四、布希下令M×飛彈置火車上，刊第二版。

# 各地大學生學北平串連

## 籌組「全國學聯」擴大民運

### 北大教師支持學生百位名學者函促中共勿鎮壓

北平學生並期望新一份屬於自己的報紙。

據「明報」北平消息，參加「首都高校學生聯合自治會籌備組織」的有「學」、政法大學、北京科技大學、鄂北工業學院、地質學院、北京建築學院、北京師範大學、北京農業大學、北京醫學院、北京廣播學院、北京電影學院、北京語言學院、北京外貿學院、北京經濟學院、北京財貿學院、北京政法學院、北京鋼鐵學院、北京科技大學、北京航空航天大學、北京郵電學院、北京農業大學、北京林業大學、北京中醫學院、北京師範學院、北京體育學院、北京藝術學院、北京大學、清華大學、北京科技大學、鄂北工業學院、地質學院、北京建築學院、北京師範大學

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☐ Transport Secretary Mr Michael Leung

# KCRC chiefs want Leung off their board

By DEAN NELSON

PRESSURE is mounting for Transport Secretary Michael Leung to resign from the board of the Kowloon Canton Railway Corporation after a *Sunday Morning Post* investigation revealed bitter conflict between the government and railway bosses.

It is understood KCRC executives have made representations to senior government officials. Sources say they have made their grievances over the Transport Secretary's commitment to the corporation known to Chief Secretary Sir David Ford.

Transport Advisory committee Chairman Maria Tam has called for the Transport Secretary to be removed from the board.

"There is a problem with the corporation, its relationship with the government and how it could be more responsive to public opinion. Personally I think there is difficulty with the Transport Secretary being a member of the board," she said.

"It may be perceived that he represents the government to oversee the corporation on the board. But if he disagrees with the board and is in a minority he cannot come out and criticise the board because it is not good for the corporation's image."

Sir David Ford was unavailable for comment yesterday, but a senior KCRC executive said moves had been made "to take this issue to the highest level".

"It is time the Chief Secretary and the Financial Secretary indicate where they stand and what they expect of the corporation. We have had fantastic results yet the government is committing *harakiri* over its own success story," the source said.

Corporation Finance and Corporate Affairs Director Mr John Trafford said: "It is clearly high time this is addressed at the highest level of government so the corporation knows where it stands. We are very worried about the damaging effect on the corporation's morale," he said.

One KCRC executive said a straw poll among corporation bosses showed a majority thought the Transport Secretary and his "political appointments" should be removed.

"They say the time has come for the government to decide whether it wants to make a profit or not. They want to know if the government wants to turn the clock back seven years and make the corporation part of the Transport Branch again," he said.

"Leung wants to control it and he is uncomfortable with Forsgate as chairman. He would like to see one of his minions in the position."

The executive said: "It is patently obvious the Transport Secretary is not acting in the interests of the corporation. If he was, he would not set his boys up to cause trouble. We've not taken kindly to Leung's games."

KCRC bosses have moved quickly to boost morale after last week's revelations about its boardroom battles. On Thursday they published an open letter to their employees in the territory's newspapers and in the evening held a crisis management meeting for 200 senior staff.

"The managing director, myself and all executive directors have been extremely concerned about morale," Mr Trafford said.

Meanwhile KCRC sources claimed the government had moved to gag critics and halt further leaks to the press. "It now looks like the order is out for people to say no more," said one corporation figure.

Earlier this week the Transport Secretary sent a letter to the *Sunday Morning Post* claiming he had full confidence in the corporation's management. But the Secretary failed to answer a list of questions sent by the *Sunday Morning Post*.

KCRC sources said Mr Leung's letter was prompted by the scale of protest from railway staff.

"People at all levels are furious with Leung. They are asking 'What on earth is he doing?' This letter was not done off his own bat," one executive said.

● Continued Page 2

# Students vow to press on with demands

From SETH FAISON in Beijing

AFTER five straight days of massive demonstrations, newly formed student unions have vowed to organise a nationwide strike to press their demands for comprehensive political reform.

Fifty-thousand university students marched back to campus from Tiananmen Square yesterday after their challenge to China's communist regime.

Earlier in the day, 100,000 students and supportive onlookers defied a police order to clear the square before almost 4,000 leaders arrived at the Great Hall of the People to attend the memorial service of former party leader Hu Yaobang.

When authorities announced that the students could stay, the crowd erupted into cheers. "A victory! A great victory for us!" shouted one.

The students chanted prodemocracy slogans over the heads of soldiers and police at government leaders as they entered the hall.

Yesterday's demonstration was the biggest student gathering of its kind since the communists came to power in 1949, and is certain to have a significant impact on the present government.

Student representatives said they planned to call for a national boycott of classes and had already begun to contact universities around the country.

Their activities are supported by many prominent intellectuals who signed petitions, addressed to the Central Committee and circulating in Beijing, urging the government to enter into dialogue with the students.

Even the students were surprised by the scope and success of their protest. "We have beaten them peacefully – the Communist Party has lost," exclaimed a Qinghua University student when it became clear that the crowd would remain in the square while the ceremony was held inside the Hall.

More than 6,000 soldiers and police were positioned in front of the hall but there were no clashes and student leaders were careful to move groups of students back towards the square when necessary.

The students continued to chant loudly as the memorial service began.

"Down with dictatorship! Down with corruption!" they cried.

Inside the hall, the targets of student criticism proceeded as if there was no such crowd outside.

Communist Party general secretary Zhao Ziyang delivered a 10-minute eulogy that mentioned neither Mr Hu's ousting in January 1987 nor the students' demand to reassess his historical role.

"He was brave enough to admit his mistakes and to insist upon what he thought was right," Mr Zhao said.

The parade of mourners was led by Deng Xiaoping and included 4,000 party, military and government leaders.

The students eventually left the square in the early afternoon, vowing to continue a class strike until they got official response to the seven-point demand they submitted to the government last week.

One of the demands was for more press freedom, which students frequently point to as one of the areas that needs immediate reform.

"For example, it is impossible that any newspaper in China will report our action here tonight, no matter how many of us there are," predicted one Beijing Teachers' University student.

Official newspapers yesterday omitted any mention of the demonstration.

More than 50 universities were represented, a Qinghua University student claimed, in the estimated 100,000 students who marched on Friday night in a remarkably well-organised and orderly fashion.

Entering the square after midnight, the students ordered themselves in neat rows, using songs and chanting to keep their spirits up as they waited for dawn.

Their careful preparations were perhaps best displayed yesterday when a well-timed march from the middle of the square toward the Hall was orchestrated.

Successive lines of 25 students holding hands stepped forward with precision, as they sang the *Internationale*, building a surge of emotion that was crowned by the roaring of prodemocracy slogans at the leaders entering the hall.

At another point, students holding a poster highlighting the article of China's constitution promising freedom of speech chanted at the leaders: "Constitution! Constitution!"

Demonstrations which erupted last week, all technically illegal, were tolerated because their ostensible aim was to commemorate a former Communist Party leader and perhaps because officials feared that trying to suppress them would only exacerbate the students.

Officials on the scene appeared uncertain as to how to deal with the demonstrators, although the brute force that the Communist Party has traditionally relied upon seems to have been ruled out.

Scuffles between police and students after the latter tried to force entry into party headquarters earlier in the week was one of the causes for such large participation in the march.

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● More reports Page 6

☐ Students wave flags in Tiananmen Square during the memorial service for Hu Yaobang yesterday.

# Economy 'to crumble' warning

By LINDA YEUNG

HONGKONG's economy will crumble within two years if the brain drain continues and if China resorts to stringent economic controls, a leading economist warned yesterday.

Professor Stephen Cheung, head of the department of economics at Hongkong University, reiterated the key role played by China in shaping Hongkong's economy in an address on the effect of the brain drain on the local economy.

"There are signs that many more people are planning to leave Hongkong. The trend is certain to get worse after the recent human rights controversies in China – the cases of Fang Lizhi and Chen Jun," he said.

The Hongkong Government had failed in its bid to retain people, he said, adding: "The government's explanation for its treatment of Mr Chen during his transit visit in Hongkong recently only served to weaken its credibility."

An estimated 45,817 people migrated overseas last year and, according to Professor Cheung, the number of emigration applications for various countries has spiralled.

A survey by one of his former students showed that 7.6 per cent of executives in the industrial and commercial sectors had gone overseas last year.

"The number of people emigrating would have been much higher if the United States had opened its door wider," he said.

Dismissing common worries associated with the outflow of talent, Professor Cheung said he was confident Hongkong could remain a major Asian financial centre in the coming years.

The huge gains from China trade had offset the adverse effect of the brain drain, he said. "We have managed to enjoy a property boom and overall prosperity because of the booming China trade.

☐ Professor Stephen Cheung

"But the situation will be completely different once local and foreign investors move out of China," he said at a talk organised by the United College Alumni Association of the Chinese University of Hongkong.

"Hongkong is a crucial gateway for China trade because of its advanced infra-structural facilities and experienced labour," he said.

"China will be the main loser if the Hongkong economy falls apart."

Professor Cheung called on Chinese leaders to go ahead with economic reforms – instead of imposing constraints like price controls – to provide the necessary investment incentives to foreigners.

He said economic regulations had "the inevitable side-effect of inviting corruption".

In a comparison between China and India, he said that by imposing forced regulations on the economy, China would be moving towards the state of the latter and would eventually suffer the same rampant corruption and economic stagnation.

Professor Cheung said the spate of student protests after Hu Yaobang's death in Beijing indicated the common desire for openness and democracy on the mainland.

"It is time for the privileged bureaucrats in China to repent. I hope they will give up their special powers and not interfere with the operations of the economy," he said.

# FAC to give China answers

From S. Y. WAI in Beijing

THE Foreign Affairs Committee will explain to senior Chinese officials today why there are strong anti-British sentiments among Hongkong people.

Speaking on arrival in Beijing yesterday, FAC chairman David Howell said London did not want to see such "enormous bitterness" against the British Government and would like to exchange views with Beijing on this phenomenon.

"This bitterness clearly does exist and we will try to see what the cause is. No one in London wants to see this type of feelings. We want happiness, not bitterness," he said.

The eight-strong parliamentarian FAC delegation is on a four-day fact-finding mission in the Chinese capital as part of its inquiry into Hongkong's transition to 1997 and the implementation of the 1984 Sino-British Joint Declaration.

The FAC held four days of private and open hearings in Hongkong last week to collect evidence from government officials, businessmen, political groups, Executive and Legislative Councillors and professional bodies.

Mr Howell said the Beijing visit was aimed at understanding the Chinese Government's approach to the Hongkong issue and exchanging views with relevant Chinese officials.

"We want to establish the common goal which we all have of maintaining the prosperity and stability of Hongkong through the period of the handover and the 50 years after 1997," Mr Howell said.

Asked to comment on Chief Secretary Sir David Ford's remarks on Friday that Britain could do more for Hongkong on the Vietnamese problem and the nationality issue, Mr Howell said his committee shared some of those feelings.

But he declined to say what feelings he was sympathetic with.

"When we make our report in London to parliament, we shall aim to make some suggestions on how Britain can help in this common goal of Hongkong's confidence and prosperity," he said.

The MPs will begin their program in Beijing today with a visit to the Great Wall.

● PAGE 3: Visiting MPs surprised at bitter feeling

# Refugee, 18, killed in closed camp gang fight

**DETECTIVES are investigating the killing of an 18-year-old Vietnamese man who died yesterday in a violent clash at the Tuen Mun Closed Centre in the New Territories.**

**At least two others were seriously injured in the incident and police say other wounded victims may have fled the scene.**

**The killing happened after five Vietnamese intruders from the Sham Shui Po camp are alleged to have been attacked by chopper wielding inmates from the Tuen Mun centre yesterday afternoon.**

**The five from Sham Shui Po camp are said to have climbed over an iron fence into the Tuen Mun centre at around 4 pm and hidden in a female hut for 20 minutes before they were spotted by a group of Tuen Mun inmates and asked what they were doing.**

**The five then went to a cooked food stall inside the camp, sat down and had a drink.**

**"Suddenly a group of Vietnamese people from the Tuen Mun centre attacked the five men with choppers," a police spokesman said last night.**

**The confrontation left one man dead and two others, aged 14 and 19, in hospital.**

**Police still investigating the case say another injured person may have escaped from the centre, according to some witnesses.**

**The 18-year-old was certified dead on arrival at the Yan Oi Polyclinic and the other two were said to be in a fair condition at Princess Margaret Hospital.**

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## WEATHER

HONG KONG OBSERVATORY

**Today will be overcast with some heavy showers. A thunderstorm warning has been issued. Max temp: 25 degrees.**

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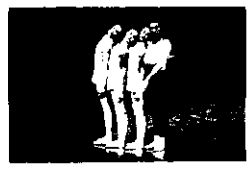

NUREYEV
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# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

$3.00

## Returned Viets call others home

By Tim Metcalfe. Pictures by Chris Davis

BOAT people repatriated to Vietnam from Hongkong camps are now urging others to follow them home.

The call comes as a new spirit of optimism at last seems to be permeating through Vietnam after two turbulent years of reforms.

But despite cheer finally appearing from a the country's gloomy horizon, an "exodus" mentality still prevails.

Only 75 boat people have so far decided to go back from Hongkong.

They left in a blaze of publicity nearly two months ago.

This week *The Sunday Standard* tracked some of them down in Hanoi.

All were content to be home. Any fears they harboured of harassment from the authorities had since been allayed.

Vietnam, too, was showing signs of prosperity with the emergence of wealthy entrepreneurs.

Remarkably, business is beginning to boom again on the streets of Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh City (formerly Saigon).

The new encouraging message of hope should cheer boat people agonising over whether to opt for repatriation.

Only 77 more have agreed to consider volunteering to return.

A Vietnamese delegation met them in Hongkong this week and those who decide to go home are expected to fly out within the next month.

But the message to others languishing here from those who have already rejected a miserable existence in the camps of Hongkong is clear: Follow us home. A future with prospects does exist.

They acknowledge that boat people in Hongkong will prove hard to convince.

But in letters posted to the camps, and in interviews with *The Sunday Standard*, each say they have been welcomed back into the communities they deserted.

Many have returned to join family businesses.

Back working in his family's tailor shop, 27 year-old Hoang Minh Son – who was one of the first to volunteer to return – said: "I realise now that in any country people have to work hard to get rich. That's why I decided to go home."

■ Torch-inventor Mr Le Cong Than, one of Ho Chi Minh City's new entrepreneurs.

Re-united with her husband and daughter, and helping them run a thriving restaurant, Mrs Nguyen Thi Thoan, 47, now dismisses her flight to Hongkong as "a hell of a tourist trip."

"I feel sorry about the money I wasted," she says. Her husband Ngan responded: "My wife is a very stupid and short-sighted person."

Many of the 28,000 boat people in Hongkong claim they would rather die here than return home.

But most inmates are unaware of the recent progress of an economic and political recovery programme, which is now being closely compared to Soviet perestroika (reform), and is finally showing encouraging signs.

"Things are beginning to change," says deputy chief editor of the communist party official newspaper *Nhan Dan*, Mr Bou Tin.

"We have more optimism. The mood of the country is beginning to change."

This optimism is echoed by one of Vietnam's new breed of entrepreneurs, Mr Le Cong Than.

He runs a company with 18 divisions manufacturing a host of products, from hand-powered magnetic torches (his own invention) to perfume and handicrafts, and declared: "We appreciate the good things of capitalism."

British MP's from a House of Commons Select Committee on Foreign Affairs this week hinted that some form of forced repatriation of boat people was inevitable.

But the United Kingdom is anxious not to appear inhumane.

Yet it is now clear that boat people repatriated to Vietnam are not being condemned to repercussions and subjected to tyranny.

MP Peter Shore, a member of the British delegation in Hongkong this week, believes more refugees will volunteer to if they receive assurances of fair treatment.

However, despite indications that Vietnam is finally finding its feet, many are still determined to leave.

Special report on Page 4

■ Textile businesses are booming in Hanoi

## Boys the victims of parents' flight

By Chris Davis

**I FOUND these two ragged waifs scavenging for scraps of food on the streets of Hanoi.**

**By any terms, their plight is miserable.**

**But these orphans are more than another indictment of Third World poverty and despair.**

**They are also helpless victims of the Vietnamese boat people tragedy.**

**Left behind by parents who fled to Hongkong, they are alone.**

**"I must be strong," says Lam, a determined nine-year old who bears the burden of responsibility for his brother Tri, aged 3.**

**"When Tri sees that I'm upset he cries for our mother and father.**

**"Sometimes he cries and other people sleeping on the pavement shout and chase us away."**

**It was about a year ago Lam and Tri's parents set off on a hopeless voyage up the South China Sea in search of a better life.**

**The boys were left in the care of an uncle – and were to be collected when their parents found a new home in another country.**

**But their uncle died and their parents have not been heard of since.**

**Neither is anything known of the six families who left with them.**

**They are presumed drowned ... or murdered by pirates.**

**When Lam talks about his lost parents, his eyes fill with tears.**

**"I tell Tri they will call for us and take us to a country where our father can work and bring home lots of money."**

**He dreams of a clean bath in that land, then looks down at his bare feet, rubs his eyes and whispers: "I know none of these things will ever happen.**

**"Our mother and father are dead. I must take care of Tri and help him to grow up."**

■ Lam, 9, and his brother Tri, 3, survive by scavenging for food on the streets of Hanoi.

## Jademan chairman quizzed by police

CHAIRMAN of Jademan (Holdings) Ltd, Mr Tony Wong Chun-loong, was questioned by the Police Commercial Crime Bureau (CCB) yesterday in their investigation of the affairs of the company.

Mr Wong was seen at CCB headquarters in Harbour Road yesterday morning.

A police spokesman confirmed that he had attended CCB headquarters but said "nobody has been charged so far".

The comics publisher left CCB headquarters in a private car a little after 3 pm. He was accompanied by several men believed to be CCB officers.

It was not known whether Mr Wong was still with the police. A Jademan executive said Mr Wong was not available and he did not know when he would be back.

Several detectives returned to CCB headquarters with two boxes of documents after 4.30 pm.

About 100 officers, or a third of the CCB strength, are believed to be involved in the investigation.

The investigation, which began six months ago, is headed by senior superintendent Mr Philip Layton.

■ Mr Tony Wong

Government accountants have been looking into the company books for the past two days.

Officers were believed to be looking for possible irregularities in the company's investment activities before and after the stock market crash in October 1987.

Jademan reported a loss of $209 million that year attributed to heavy stock trading losses.

Trading in Jademan shares was suspended on Thursday morning after the Stock Exchange was informed of the inquiries.

## Committee leaves

BRITAIN'S eight-man Foreign Affairs Select Committee yesterday left Hongkong admitting that arguments voiced over such contentious issues as Basic Law flaws and the passport controversy were "persuasive."

As the delegation departed for the second leg of their fact-finding tour to Beijing, chairman David Howell said: "None of us can be blind or deaf to the strength and the bitterness of feeling."

Labour MP Mr Peter Shore added: "We have all found the sentiments expressed very persuasive."

But the committee has yet to reach any conclusive decision on the stance it will be adopting over Hongkong's fears when they report to the House of Commons next month, said Mr Howell.

Although he did insist: "The allegation that Britain has lost interest in Hongkong is quite untrue.

"We are as determined as you to see that these worries do not effect the long-term confidence in Hongkong."

The MP's said they had discussed the issue with business leaders of "substantial" status who were equally convinced that Hongkong's future would be under-pinned by closer links to the mainland.

Beijing recognises the need to maintain prosperity in Hongkong, said Mr Howell.

"They must know increasingly that the prosperity and stability of Hongkong is in their national interest.

But no hope was offered of a passport to Britain if an about-turn in Beijing's stated policy to Hongkong is ever imposed.

"It is unrealistic to imagine that Britain will admit millions of new immigrants," added Mr Howell.

The Orbis appeal for the flying eye hospital has raised $365,038 in Hongkong. Have you contributed? See Page Three.

## Students call for class strike

From Tammy Tam and Stanley Leung in Beijing

BEIJING'S university students, unhappy with the authorities' response to their demands, last night called for a nationwide class strike to May 4 when the nation will mark the anniversary of an intelligentsia movement 70 years ago.

Dispersing from Tiananmen Square after the funeral of former Communist Party General-Secretary Hu Yaobang, students of Beijing University and Beijing Normal University met to discuss their next course of action.

Frustration and anger rose after the students learnt Mr Hu was not officially "rehabilitated" in a eulogy read out by party chief Zhao Ziyang.

Officials also refused to accept seven demands from students which included a full rehabilitation of Mr Hu, a quicker pace of political reform, press freedom and crackdown on official corruption.

In a related development, more intellectuals yesterday joined a petition initiated on Friday calling for the acceptance of the demands.

And a copy of an open letter signed by about 100 senior academics appeared on the Beijing University campus, calling on China's governing State Council not to use repressive measures to stamp out the demonstrations.

■ Paramount leader Deng Xiaoping offers condolences to Hu Yaobang's widow, Li, yesterday.

Late last night, several hundred people were still in Tiananmen Square. Most were there to copy poems mourning Mr Hu put up earlier. The chanting and singing of the morning were gone.

In Shanghai, more than a thousand students and workers last night staged a sit-in in the People's Square to demand reform and greater freedom.

The protesters formed a circle around students and teachers delivering impromptu speeches in front of the People's Congress building, witnesses said.

According to Beijing student leaders, calls for class boycotts have been sent to major colleges. In Beijing's universities, classes have been empty for several days.

Hoping to maximise gains from protests after Mr Hu's death last Saturday, many students wish to keep the momentum going until May 4.

A student leader, who declined to be named, said some goals, such as fighting for freedom of demonstration, were achieved.

Continued Page 5

## Punters hit $29b mark for season

**HONGKONG'S estimated 1.5 million punters have set a betting record.**

**With nine racedays remaining, the total turnover soared past the $29 billion mark yesterday.**

**This is almost $1 billion more than last year's $28.26 billion turnover.**

**The Jockey Club's director of betting Warren Wilson said yesterday if this trend was maintained, the total turnover would be up 20 percent on last year - at $34 billion.**

**"There's no doubt the Double Trio has played a big part," Mr Wilson said.**

**Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins said other contributing factors included the better standard of racing and inflation.**

**But he refuted claims that Hongkong punters were mad on gambling.**

**"There are punters, not gamblers," he said. "You will notice that betting in races comprising griffins who have no exposed form is very small."**

**Meanwhile, the popular Double Trio continues to set new records.**

**Yesterday's turnover hit a new high of $57.8 million, $3 million higher than last week's record.**

See Page 2

## Marcos' antiques turn up in HK

EXCLUSIVE by Penny Mote and Tim Metcalfe

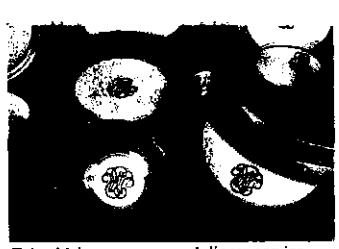
MISSING antiques collected by deposed Philippines First Lady imelda Marcos have turned up in Hongkong.

They are on sale in a Central antique shop – as billionaire Saudi financier and arms dealer Adnan Khashoggi languishes in a Swiss jail, accused of spiriting the Marcos millions out of Manila.

The antiques have emerged in Hongkong on display by dealers Theodore & Alexander Goff Ltd in Old Bailey Street, off Hollywood Road.

A specially-commissioned dinner service crafted between 1895 and 1910 by the world famous French porcelain-makers of Limoges is the centerpiece of the Marcos lots.

The highly-prized "Grande Prestige" pieces are selling for between $1,000 and $3,700. Each is inscribed in 24-carat gold leaf with Imelda's monogrammed initials "IRM".



■ Imelda's monogrammed dinner service

Shop proprietress Mrs Frances Duckett is unsure of the origins of the Marcos porcelain.

Wheeler-dealer Khashoggi – who has been linked to high class call-girl Pamella Bordes since his arrest this week – faces extradition to the United States, charged with conspiring to help Marcos ship billions of dollars and works of art into exile. Speculation is rife that much of it was ferried through Hongkong, on a luxury cruiser and aboard a private Lear jet which shuttled weekly between Manila and Kai Tak airport for 18 months before Ferdinand and Imelda Marcos were finally ousted from Malacanang Palace.

But Mrs Duckett says her batch of antiques was acquired from a dealer in Manila. Although she added: "I don't know where he got them."

The classic navy and gold dinner service, part of a 80-piece set, includes dozens of dinner plates for sale at $2,700 each.

Continued on Page 2

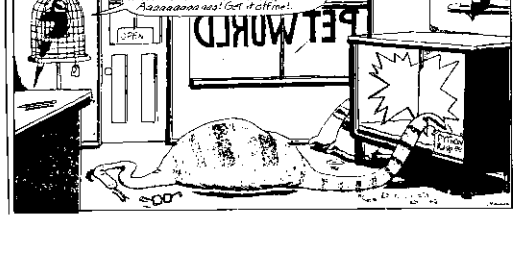
## Saracens win Gillette Cup

A TRIO of Saracens batsmen did what many others could not do when they steered their side to victory in the Gillette Cup cricket final, triumphing over the previously undefeated Nomads.

Saracen Krish Kumar play the dominant role, unleashing some lovely cuts and drives to race to 45 off only 46 balls.

Report – back page.

THE FAR SIDE By GARY LARSON



# 人民日报

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1988年4月24日 星期一 己巳年三月十九

北京地区天气预报
白天 晴转多云 风向 偏南 风力 三、四级 阵五级
夜间 多云间阴 风向 南转北 风力 三、四级
温度 最高 26℃ 最低 14℃

人民日报社出版


# 化悲痛为力量

本报评论员

耀邦同志逝世以后，全国人民都很悲痛。4月22日党中央举行庄严、肃重的追悼大会和遗体告别仪式，集中表达了全党和全国人民对耀邦同志的悼念之情，与此同时，各地干部、群众、青年学生也纷纷举行各种悼念活动，表示了自己的哀思和继承耀邦同志遗志的心愿。毕生为祖国的解放和振兴而奋斗并对改革开放做出巨大贡献的耀邦同志，将永远活在亿万人民的心中。

现在，悼念活动已告一段落。我们今后的任务就是要化悲痛为力量，把我们的爱国热情、民主热情、改革热情、建设热情，相应到实现四化、振兴中华的实际工作中去。实现四化、振兴中华是耀邦同志毕生为之奋斗的伟大事业，完成这个事业需要几代人持续地孜孜实实地艰苦奋斗。实行社会主义民主和法制，维护社会的安定团结，是使改革开放、振兴中华的事业顺利进行的重要保证。建设社会主义民主是我们党和政府坚定不移的方针，但是民主要有一个建设。充暴的动乱，不能一蹴而就。大家都应当维护安定团结的政治局面。特别是当前正在进行的治理整顿、深化改革，更需要有一个稳定的社会政治环境。如果社会动荡，秩序混乱，那就会给极少数味恶天下不乱的人以可乘之机，危害四化建设的大局。因此，每一个对民族有高度责任感的公民，都应当以大局为重，紧密地团结在党中央的周围，自觉维护正常的生产秩序、工作秩序、教学秩序、社会秩序，在各自的岗位上为改革、为四化建设贡献智慧。

# 人民海军已发展成为合成军种
## 近海作战力量初具现代化规模

张连忠司令员说，海军正在向导弹化、电子化、核能化、自动化建设的方向发展。目前在海军服役的各类主要作战舰艇的数量，比80年代增加了近10倍。其中水面舰艇部队已装备了导弹驱逐舰、导弹护卫舰、导弹艇、潜艇、扫雷舰、登陆舰等舰种；潜艇部队的常规动力潜艇也装备了导弹，并拥有自己设计制造的核潜艇；航空兵部队的飞机正在从岸基通用飞机向海军专用飞机发展，并已建成一支拥有轰炸、歼击、强击、直升、运输、水上飞机等多机种的航空部队；岸防部队装备从目侧双管自动大口径海岸炮，发展到多种新式岸舰导弹；先后几次进行的导弹潜艇水下发射运载火箭和新型机种着舰试验成功等，标志着我国科学技术和海军装备已达到一个新的水平。海军现有各类舰艇船只的吨位比10年前增加了近两倍，初步形成了海上保障体系。近10年来，海军在原有基础上已完成科研、革新项目8000多个，有1200多项获国家科技进步奖或全军科技成果奖，同时还建设各类海防工程700多项，其中的14项达到了国内先进水平。

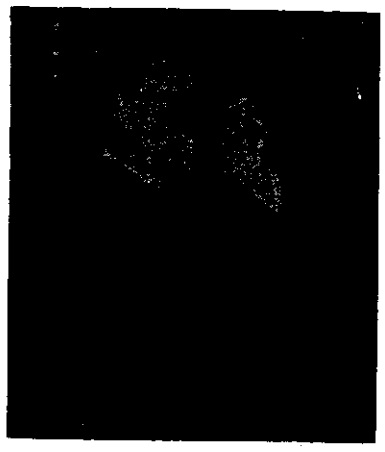
张连忠说，海军的军事训练改革取得了新的进展。各部队实行了舰艇分级分类训练、组建舰艇训练中心、实行军官训练合格考核制度和训练法规建设等，在加强基础训练的同时逐步发展成多舰种多兵种的合同训练；远航训练也由单舰种向多舰种带战术背景的远航合练发展。近10年来，已有几百艘次舰艇参加了远航训练，提高了部队远海航行和合同作战能力。

张连忠司令员说，海军历来十分重视院校建设，把院校作为培养训练干部的摇篮和基地。现在，海军已有13所院校，为海军现代化建设输送了大批指挥体全面发展的军政指挥干部和专业技术人才。

# 赵紫阳离京赴朝访问

应金日成总书记邀请

李鹏乔石田纪云等到车站送行



赵紫阳同志将对朝鲜民主主义人民共和国进行正式友好访问。这是赵紫阳同志自1987年11月正式就任总书记以来首次出国访问。

陪同赵紫阳总书记访问的主要随行人员是：中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理吴学谦，中共中央军委副秘书长兼学智，中共中央委员、中联部部长宋良等。

前往北京车站送行的有：中共中央政治局常委、国务院总理李鹏，中共中央政治局常委乔石，中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理田纪云，中共中央书记处候补书记、中央办公厅主任温家宝，总参谋长迟浩田，铁道部部长李森茂，中联部副部长李淑铮等。

朝鲜民主主义人民共和国驻中国大使馆临时代办裴源在也到车站送行。

本报北京4月23日讯　记者孙健报道：应朝鲜劳动党中央总书记金日成同志的邀请，中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天下午乘专列离开北京，前往朝鲜民主主义人民共和国进行正式友好访问。这是赵紫阳同志自1987年11月正式就任总书记以来首次出国访问。

赵紫阳同志将对朝鲜进行为期4天的友好访问。

新华社记者　郭占英摄

# 安康破获一起诈骗大案
## 叶金来伪造国务院批文骗取五百多万被逮捕

本报讯　一起伪造国务院批文进行诈骗的特大案件，被安康地区公安机关破获。案犯叶金来行骗1年零5个月，诈骗钱财500多万元，终于落入法网。

1987年10月，安康市千工乡黄河村农民叶金来，伪造国务院、中央领导同志的批文，在社会上利罗了一些刑满释放、解除劳教和待业人员。在西安成立“中国国际华侨信托投资西北集团西安公司”，并自任总经理，多次以购买彩电、粗铵、硅铁、汽油、面纸、化肥等紧俏商品为名，先后流窜海南、浙江、福建、四川和上海、广州、深圳等省市的20多家企业单位进行诈骗犯罪活动。当案犯叶金来于4月8日随从外地返回安康家中时，被公安机关当场抓获。现已初步查明，在叶犯骗取的500多万元钱财中，已挥霍掉78万元，还行贿和所谓的赛捐近10万元，并赃货10万元为自己建造了一座豪华楼房。

目前，此案正在审理中。

（赵宪增　量国宏）

# 烟台市房改步伐加快
## 群众购房势头有增无减

本报烟台4月23日电　记者王锦锦报道：最近，有外电报道海滨开放城市烟台实行允许私人买房的改革试验因经济紧缩而暂时中断。这一说法并不确切。烟台市主持政府工作的副市长杜世成日前在接受本报记者采访时说，烟台房改自去年11月1日全面进入“实转”阶段后，进展顺利。截至目前，全市已向个人售出新旧住房1707套，计10.2万平方米，售房金额达1749万元。群众要求购房的势头仍有增无减，据统计，需购新房的有4000余户，需购旧房的达1万多户。全市还建立了城市、单位、个人三级住房基金，已集资金近1.2亿元。

据了解，烟台市允许私人购房政策不变，目前困难主要是房源不足。为了解决住房建设资金来源，在“实转”的同时，设立了城市、单位、个人住房基金，单位和个人住房基金一律存在住房储蓄银行存储。到3月底，企业存款已达10388万元，储蓄存款达1284万元，建房贷款12600万元，存贷基本平衡。

今年烟台房改将加快步伐，全面推开，“实转”范围从4个市、县、区扩大到11个市、县、区，住房补贴将基步进入工资，完成成本租金调整，使住宅建设趋向良性循环，积极创造条件向住宅商品化过渡。烟台市有关人士认为，要实现这一目标，离不开财政体制、信贷结构和工资制度的配套改革，不可能“一步到位”。

# 西安市政府作出规定
## 严禁用公款公车春游

新华社西安4月23日电　（记者王雪德）西安市人民政府发言人日前在西安市第十届三次人代会上宣布，西安市政府已做出规定，严禁用公款公车春游。

入春以来，西安一些单位纷纷动用本单位车辆或公费租车组织职工春游，有的单位去华山、法门寺，有的甚至去河南洛阳、甘肃敦煌山石窟等地。这不仅直接影响了生产，增加了财政开支，而且造成了极坏影响。

据介绍，西安市政府日前做出的规定要求各单位不得占用工作、生产时间，组织职工“春游”；不准用公款（包括预算外资金、企业福利基金）变相给职工发“春游”补贴；不准用单位公车或公款租车，免费为职工“春游”提供交通工具。

这项规定还要求，在市政府规定发布之前，乘公车或公费租车春游的职工要补交费用。

# 甘肃兴建三大“粮仓”
## 力争五年实现全省粮食基本自给

新华社兰州4月23日电　（记者冯诚）甘肃省最近做出部署：集中财力兴建河西、陇东、陇中三大“粮仓”，力争5年实现省内粮食基本自给。建设好3个“粮仓”的近期规划目标是：

——扩建河西“粮仓”。全国13片商品粮基地之一的河西走廊，有800多万亩耕田，今后几年要进一步扩大耕田面积，加强科技投入，使这一粮食生产区1993年总产比1988年增加4亿公斤，商品粮由7亿公斤增加到9亿公斤以上。

——重建陇东“粮仓”。陇东历史上是甘肃的主要产粮区，但目前却每年要从外埠调入8000多万公斤粮食。今后要加快兴修梯田、条田，改造中低产田，提高粮食单产，1993年总产从1988年的12亿公斤提高到16亿公斤，实现区内产销平衡，以后逐年有所贡献。

——新建陇中粮仓。中部黄河沿岸以及洮河、渭河、大夏河流域现有水浇地800多万亩，相当一部分是这几年搞的新灌区，今后5年实现水利工程配套和耕作制度改革，使单产从现在的250公斤提高到350公斤，总产增加3亿公斤，商品粮增加2亿公斤。

这样，到1993年甘肃省粮食总产量预计从1988年的59亿公斤提高到75亿公斤，人均占有粮食325公斤，实现省内供需大致平衡。

为了保证3大“粮仓”建设，甘肃省决定将全省财政支农资金和今年新建立的6000万元农业发展基金重点向这方面倾斜；并通过行政干部和技术人员“双轨承包”办法，使一半以上粮田得以推广结合增产技术措施。

# 两名造林功臣 晚年境遇不同
## 神池县高富受多方照顾丰衣足食
## 保德县张侯拉在穷困悲愤中去世

新华社太原4月23日电　（通讯员顾有恒、魏俊峰）山西省忻州地区两名“造林功臣”晚年生活截然不同：保德县化树塔乡新唯村张侯拉贫度如故在困境中去世，神池县八角村高富红光满面，丰衣足食。

被称为“野人”的张侯拉今年去世时87岁，是全国劳动模范。他为植树造林搞绿化，常年吃住在深山，植树100万株，其中80万株献给国家，多次受到表彰。高富今年85岁，是省劳动模范，曾带领八角村“老愚公”造林专业队，苦战20年，造林8000多亩，零星植树7万余株，总价值达410万元。

这两位名声越盛的劳动模范，晚年境遇相去甚远。张侯拉住的是一孔又黑又破的窑洞，1987年腐病后，县里很少过问，县林业局每月只发给15元生活补助费，老人欠下的600余元生活费和600元医药费四处求情无着落。今年4月11日他在穷困悲愤中撒手人间，而神池县人民政府、八角镇政府和高富所在的村民委员会对高富的照顾无微不至。八角村民委员会给老人买了一台电视机，每年给生活补助400元、细粮360斤，八角镇人民政府负责全部医疗保健开支。县里近年累计给的奖励、补助费3000余元。高富90寿辰时，县委、县政府还给他立了“造林功臣”纪念碑。每当他生病时都是县里派车接送，县里的领导亲自安排住院。现在高富老人耳不聋，眼不花，见人喜哈哈。凡有外人来访，他总要拿上自己喜欢的礼服，戴上8枚奖章热情接待。

# 斯总统呼吁全国团结
## 以防止外国干涉内政

新华社科伦坡4月23日电　斯里兰卡总统普雷马达萨4月22日再次呼吁全国实现和平与团结，以防外国干涉斯里兰卡内政。

普雷马达萨在执政的统一国民党中央执行委员会会议上发出了这一呼吁。他指出：“如果各政党现在不能团结一致，外部力量就会来干涉，那将会对我们的主权和独立构成威胁。我们不希望任何外部力量来干涉我们的内政。我们能够通过协商，统一意见，达成和解来解决我们自己的问题。”

普雷马达萨宣布，他随时准备在任何地方会见泰米尔伊拉姆猛虎解放组织和人民解放阵线等反政府组织的代表，来讨论他们对政府不满的方面。

据报道，猛虎组织已接受总统的要求，并选出谈判代表。预计双方的谈判将在近日内举行。人民解放阵线则来予积极响应。

# 室温核聚变实验举世关注
## 今日本报七版发表文章和图片介绍

本报讯　核聚变能被科学家们誉为“地球上的太阳”。最近，美国科学家首次宣布在室温条件下实现了核聚变。这一实验结果引起了举世关注。今日本报第七版发表有关文章和图片，介绍室温核聚变和受控热核聚变方面的重大进展。

# 四川全力救灾
## 数千干部带领群众战斗在第一线

新华社成都4月23日电　（记者刘前刚）四川省泸州、自贡、隆昌、永川、井研、富顺等市县，自4月19日23时至20日4时左右发生特大风雹灾害后，受到四川省委、省政府的极大关怀，灾区党政机关的数千干部正日夜带领群众救灾。

这一带遭受风雹灾害后，四川省政府30日上午召开紧急会议，研究救灾措施。省委、省政府派出以副省长韩邦彦为团长、省委秘书长许世群等为副团长的慰问团，兼程出发，于21日凌晨1时抵达重灾区泸州，连夜听取灾情的汇报，并同当地领导一起部署救灾工作。泸州市领导机关组成了救灾指挥部，市级领导人和各部门干部分赴灾区，将群众急需的部分资金、油毛毡和煤油等物资送到抗灾第一线；灾区的基层干部、共产党员、共青团员站在救灾最前列，帮助房屋倒塌的灾民搭棚盖房、安排好群众的食宿和生活。

一方受灾，八方支援。远在北京的中联公司总经理陈晶瑞、北京市宣武区、辽宁省抚顺市都给灾区捐款支援。

# 长沙一些不法分子抢砸商店
## 公安干警武警战士果断出击控制了局势
## 犯罪分子和重大嫌疑人员已被带离现场

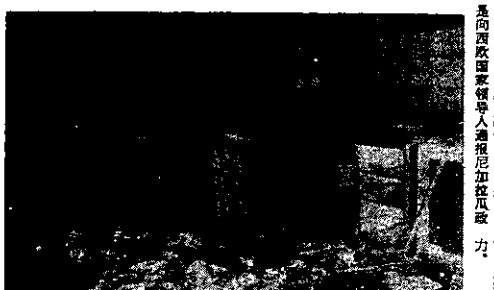
本报长沙4月23日电　记者吴兴华报道：4月22日晚7时至4月23日凌晨，在长沙市内发生不法分子成团结伙在五一路、黄兴路殴打民警和群众，砸坏商店，抢劫财物的严重事件。

22日傍晚，长沙市五一广场逛街聚集几千人，造成交通堵塞，秩序混乱。在火车站广场、省政府门前一线、蚂蟥大厦、五一广场等处，大批的人群也集在整个五一路上，一些歹徒起哄游动。晚上7时许，一批歹徒首先砸毁靠近五一广场东向的新华商馆，捣毁该店的门窗玻璃、柜台和桌椅，致使该店被迫停业。与此同时，五一广场附近的一些商店的门窗也被砸坏。晚9时许，事态进一步恶化。一批歹徒在围攻、殴打公安干警的同时，还前发展到冲砸五一路、黄兴路沿线的商店，大肆抢劫财物，纵火、劫走汽车，一时间搞得乌烟瘴气。

长沙市公安局根据湖南省委、省政府的行动命令，在武警湖南总队增援部队的配合下，果断出击，经过紧张的战斗，将89名不法分子和重大嫌疑人员带离现场，很快控制了局势，恢复了正常秩序。

据长沙市公安局初步统计，4月22日晚在不法分子成团结伙在五一路、黄兴路进行的打、砸、抢犯罪活动严重事件中，共有36家国营、集体和个体商店被砸、被抢。1辆汽车被掀翻、砸坏，2辆汽车被拦劫开走（途中弃选），7名民警被打成重伤，造成财产损失达80.8万余元。

今天长沙市人民政府发出通告，通告指出，对打砸抢劫的犯罪分子，必须坚决打击，极少数煽打砸抢劫的不法之徒，必须尽快投案自首。通告要求全市人民搞好生产，搞好工作，搞好学习，共同维护社会秩序和安定团结的局面。



4月22日晚，长沙市五一广场、火车站等繁华地段，连续发生不法分子抢砸商店事件。抽动步统计，有36家商店被砸被抢，部分商店被洗劫一空。

新华社记者　龙启云摄（传真照片）

# 青海牧区大雪成灾
## 省府紧急部署救灾工作

新华社西宁4月23日电　（记者陈志强、胡西生）2月中旬以来，青海省牧区连降大雪，部分地区积雪已厚达一尺以上，部分地区交通中断，有大批羊羔和成年牲畜死亡。

青海省人民政府已紧急部署救灾工作。省畜牧厅、民政厅厅长已到现场指挥救灾，一大批饲料、款皮、柴油、救济款等物资已运到灾区。

# 尼加拉瓜总统发表谈话
## 批评美国的中美洲政策

新华社马那瓜4月二十二日电　尼加拉瓜总统奥尔特加二十二日指出，布什政府最近向尼加拉瓜反政府武装提供新的经济援助并延续里根政府一九八五年开始的对尼加拉瓜实行经济封锁的政策是向动荡的中美洲局势“火上加油”。

奥尔特加是在他开始西欧十国之行前夕举行的记者招待会上讲这番话的。他说，访问西欧十国的主要目的之一是向西欧国家领导人通报尼加拉瓜政府执行中美洲和平协议的情况以及争取西欧国家的经济援助。

奥尔特加总统在记者招待会上批评美国政府延长美军在洪都拉斯的驻扎时间，指责尼加拉瓜反政府武装破坏停火协议和恢复骚扰村民的犯罪活动。他说，尼政府已经履行了释放索摩查分子和修改选举法和新闻法的诺言。希望其它中美洲国家也要履行诺言，为实现该地区真正的和平而努力。

一九八九年四月廿四日　星期一　大公報　農曆己巳年三月十九日　初一立夏　第一版

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## 北京學生學責暴亂行爲

### 目擊人士均指鬧事者多爲流氓

### 京報籲人們以大局爲重維護社會秩序

【路透社北京二十三日電】星期天的官方報道說，中國兩個省府城市西安和民沙在前中共中央總書記胡耀邦的逝世消息傳出後，發生了暴亂。

北京學生否認在道兩個城市發生的暴亂與他們有關。兩方目擊者說，參加暴亂的人羣中，混雜着失業者、心懷不滿的人以及學生。

在長沙的一名西方居民說，「這是一場由失落的人造成的混亂，是窮人針對富人。」

星期日從西安抵達北京的一名中國導遊說，在失業者加入聚集在主要廣場內直接胡耀邦的學生中後，開始發生騷亂。西安是一座每年吸引數以千計西方遊客的歷史名勝古城。

又訊，北京大學的活躍分子星期日對路透社記者說，北京學生譴責在西安和長沙發生的暴警察、焚燒汽車及搶劫商店的暴亂。

他說，「我不相信幹那些事的會是學生。」又說，「我們（在北京）的口號和行動全是合法的，如果採用暴力，將給政府以鎮壓的理由。」

學生行動組織者否認與本　外國學生有關。

學生行動組織者否認與本　外國學生有關。

——其中少數人曾參加抗議遊行——不要參加，以免官方指責他們與海外有秘密聯繫。

【法新社北京二十三日電】在長沙的外籍教師在電話中對記者說，學生領袖星期天告訴他們，湖南大學及其他本地院校的示威者與昨天發生的暴力事件無關。

來自美國的一位英語教師戴嫦・金奇說，「目前校園內沒有很大的敵意情緒。」

另一位美國的英語教師戴嫦・金奇說，上兩次學生在長沙街上遊行時，「各人情緒都很高」，並吸引了一批圍觀者。也是美國人的德瑟琴教師布赫恩・珀西瓦爾說，「遊行是平和地進行的，看來學生得到指示要這樣做。」金爾說，然而在軍警戒備下，商店開始關門，到周六晚上爆發了暴力事件。

【美聯社北京二十三日電】一名在西安廣場上逗留至近黃昏時候、目擊騷亂事件的日本學生對記者說，騷亂中多數是「流氓」，但也有一些學生參加。

【新華社北京二十三日電】明天的《人民日報》發表的題為《化悲痛爲力量》的評論員文章，號召人們在悼念胡耀邦活動後，把「愛國熱情、民主熱情、建設熱情、傾注到實現四化、振興中華的實際工作中去」。「維護社會的安定團結」。文章指出，「實行社會主義民主和法制，維護社會安定團結，是使改革開放、振興中華的事業順利進行的重要保證。」

文章說，「建設社會主義民主是我們黨和政府堅定不移的方針，但是民主要有一個建設、完善的過程，不能一蹴而就。」

文章最後說引人們以大局爲重，自覺維護正常的生產秩序、工作秩序、教學秩序、社會秩序，在各自的崗位上爲改革、爲四化建設多做貢獻。

## 首次以總書記身份出訪

## 趙紫陽昨離京訪平壤

### 李鵬喬石田紀雲等到車站送行

【中新社北京二十三日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽應金日成之邀今天下午離開北京乘火車前往平壤，開始對朝鮮進行為期一周的正式訪問。

這是趙紫陽自一九八七年十一月擔任總書記以來首次走出國門，也是他二十八一年冬率中國黨政代表團訪朝以來第二次訪問平壤。

陪同他進行此次訪問的有政治局委員、副總理吳學謙，秘書鮑彤等人員。

中共中央對外聯絡部部長朱良和副外長劉述卿等前來北京車站送行。

李鵬、喬石、田紀雲、溫家寶、邁浩田及朝鮮駐華使館官員到車站送行。

此間外交界普遍認為，趙紫陽把朝鮮作為他以總書記身份訪問的第一個國家，並且是在下月中蘇兩國高級會晤之前訪問，這充分顯示中國對朝鮮半島緊張局勢的緩和及中朝友誼的高度重視。

中國官員稱，中朝兩黨級領導人將就重大國際問題和雙邊關係問題深入交換意見。

## 打砸搶燒造成財物損毀

## 西安長沙暴徒鬧事 武警出動恢復秩序

### 兩城抓二百人多爲流氓犯有前科

【本報西安二十三日專電】西安市二十三日社會秩序基本平靜，學生與往常一樣過星期天，沒有上街遊行，校園內也沒出現新的大字報。市內商店從昨到晚照常營業。

據二十三日在新城廣場附近主要道口加強巡邏的一位警官說，昨天一些不法分子打砸搶燒的活動中，共逮捕了近百名暴徒。警察還逮捕了一些不法分子在陝西省省法院院內、火燒並一輛、燒毀各種機動車輛五輛、劫人省檢察院、一輛、燒毀兩輛警車的事件。一些不法分子在陝西省省政府門前的新城廣場和省政府院內燒毀汽車十輛，並在街道上搶劫了一家商店。

今早八時，記者在新城廣場見到，約近千名武裝警察和武警學院的學員駐守在那裏，有的拿着盾牌在廣場四周的主要道口值勤，檢查過往行人。

昨天，西安市發

【本報長沙二十三日電】長沙市區昨晚發生暴徒衝擊搶劫商店事件，造成重大損失。

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【新華社西安二十三日電】今晨八時許，西安市公安局對省政府門前的新城廣場和省政府院內燒毀汽車十輛、燒毀民房二十餘間，並在街道上搶劫了一家商店。

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昨天，西安市發出通告，通告指出，對打砸搶抄的犯罪分子，必須堅決打擊。

【香港中國通訊社北京二十三日電】西安市二十三日社會秩序基本平靜，學生與往常一樣過星期天，沒有上街遊行，校園內也沒出現新的大字報。市內商店從昨到晚照常營業。

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## 暴徒火燒油庫汽車

## 西安實施交通管制

### 百卅公安人員與部分學生市民受傷

已平靜下來的西安市，昨天又發生了暴徒和附近街道，到處是碎石塊，遭有玻璃的汽車還擺在那裏，有一間昨晚被暴徒燒的廠房還冒着濃煙，廣場上大多數樹木已被毀。從廣場兩側到西華門的路上，被路燈和王莽的自行車，雜子，隨處可見。

現在，在西安市廣場的路口構築了一些關鍵的障礙，武警和公安幹警在那裏執勤，檢查過往行人。

長途電信局通往新城廣場的路口構築了一些關鍵的障礙，武警和公安幹警在那裏執勤，檢查過往行人。

【中新社西安二十三日電】昨天在此間發生的一些不法份子糾集一批無業人員，有組織地進行煽動，有的被擒光，一些個體戶聯合起來，手拿扁擔，保護個體經營的副食品櫃台也遭到不法分子的搶劫。

昨天晚上，湖南省委召開了市省政府和長沙市委、市政府以及公安部門、武警部隊主要負責人參加的緊急會議，決定派出數百名公安幹警和武警戰士趕往現場，控制事態的發展。到二十三日凌晨二時四十分，有近百名參與搶、砸商店的人被公安部門帶離現場審查。據公安部門初步調查，這些人中，有許多是犯有前科的流氓團夥成員。

今天長沙市人民政府發出通告，通告指出，對打砸搶抄的犯罪分子，必須堅決打擊。

## 長沙28商店遭搶掠

## 市府通告打擊暴徒

八時半，不法分子商店。在五一中路的子又到其他街道搜理「洋燒廠銷店」，一門窗被

信昌
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代運全國各地
宣塘巧明街99號十樓C、D座
電話：3-429428, 3-414310
傳真：3-7978395
廣州聯絡處：沿江一路愛華大廈1153房

上、西安市一些不法分子二十二日在陝西省政府門前放燒汽車。下、長沙市發生不法分子搶砸商店事件。

## 國務院港澳辦司長

## 表代聯學港晤昨康容

## 動活胡悼校院解了助

### 對港學生賞讚表途前港香家心關心國全

【香港中國通訊社北京二十三日電】香港學聯四位代表今日拜會了國務院港澳辦公室副主任魯平，並提出希望通過全國人大常委會、北京市委、全國學聯等有關單位了解最近大陸學生在悼念胡耀邦活動中的實際情況和他們的要求。李鵬對此表示支持，並答允明天（星期二）將會見上述幾個部門聯繫，商量為此事在京的香港學界代表提供方便。

香港學聯代表向客旅反映，目前香港學界對大陸學生一連串的悼胡活動相當關注。李鵬對此說了他個人的看法。李鵬為現在北京學生出現已日見上升的態度也是很明的。但有少數人到用學生悼胡之機，從事一些破壞活動，那是國家所不允許的，例如今天廣播中報道的西安一些不法分子圍攻政府機關，燒毀汽車、民房事件，造成暴力行為就與學生的悼念活動無關。香港學聯代表對李鵬的這種看法亦有同感，他們說，這次到北京，就是希望真實地了解大陸學生最近的情況，以便客觀、公正地向香港學界交代真相。

李鵬對香港學聯這種客觀的態度表示贊同，尤其是對香港學生對國家以及香港前途的使命感表示贊賞。

李鵬今天在港澳辦公室接待了這幾位香港學聯代表和記者，並與這批年輕的香港朋友交談甚歡。李鵬還親切地詢問香港學生的政治意識已日見上升的態度和有待解決的問題。例如一些學生對未來缺乏信心，李鵬鼓勵香港學生要樂觀，不要悲觀。臨別之際，李鵬在香港辦公樓門口對香港學生突然出現的騷動表示關心，並說：「你們這麼多人到了九七年，都將成為香港社會的各等菁英人士和中產階級的一部分，香港的未來就寄希望於你們了。」

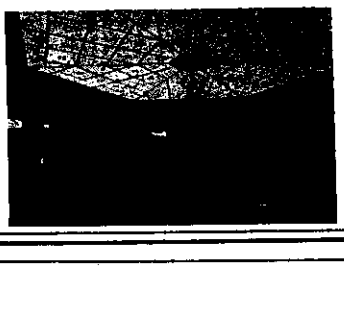
## 尋求國際合作伙伴

中國南京裝飾工程公司是江蘇省一級建築裝飾企業。承包建築物室內外裝修工程的設計與施工安裝工程，並經營國內外新型裝飾材料。

本公司擁有固定資產和流動資金750萬元，設計師與工程師48人，職工人數587人。一九八八年度，產值達4500萬元人民幣。　公司下設六個工程部十二個材料經營部、一個設計室、二個加工廠，並分別在合肥、江浦設立了二個子公司。

公司自成立以來，承擔裝飾了數百個單位的裝飾工程任務，並先後在蘇丹、阿拉伯聯合酋長國、索馬里等，建築裝飾了賓館、商場、計算機房工程。在工期、質量、造價、等方面都獲得了較高信譽。

為了更好地為國際裝飾市場服務，學習國際先進技術，我公司願意與港澳及世界各國的專業性建築裝飾公司合資或合作聯營，共同承包世界各地的裝飾工程。希望有意者來電、來函與本公司聯繫。



總經理：陸鐵軍
副總經理：湯靈均
地址：中國南京市珠江路260號
電話：638025 713815
電掛：0352
傳真：86-025-638025

## 成都學生連日上街

## 曾與省府官員對話

【香港中國通訊社成都二十三日電】成都市自本月二十日以來，四川省成都市數萬名學生上街遊行。

二十日晚上，一些學生自行結隊，前往成都市市中區的人民南路廣場遊行。二十一日晚七時左右，四川大學、成都教育學院、西南民族學院及西南民族學院等高等院校學生又分別在人民南路廣場舉行悼念胡耀邦活動，圍觀民眾屢屢的數百名學生圍在四川省人民政府大門口要求與省府官員對話。經省府官員同意後，學生們才離去。

昨天，四川大學、成都大學等高校學生，拍着花圈，呼着口號，到市人民南路川大學新聞系等專業的數百名學生圍在四川省人民政府大門口靜坐。經省府官員同意後，學生們才離去。

昨天，四川大學、成都大學等高校學生又分別在人民南路廣場舉行悼念胡耀邦活動，圍觀民眾屢屢的數百名學生圍在四川省人民政府大門口靜坐。經省府官員同意後，學生們才離去。

## 京到生學地外

## 動行合聯採飛

【法新社北京二十三日電】一位學生領袖星期天在北京說，中國大學生代表目前正在北京大學校園內張貼大字報。

這五間大學是北京大學、清華大學、北京理工大學、北京航和醫科大學和北京醫科大學。

一張由北大新成立學生會籌備的大字報宣稱，學聯同學投新貼出的大字報，歡迎百計學生張貼大字報。

北大新成立的學生聯合會發言人蔡波（譯音）說，北大學生仍然與來自包括上海和南京其他大城市的學生代表討論有關呼籲全國罷課問題。

## 北京廿一大專院校

## 今天起無限期罷課

### 提出三點綱領派員到市區演講

【本報北京二十三日專電】北京市五間大學的學生決定今天起無限期罷課，並在北京大學校園內張貼大字報。

這五間大學是北京大學、清華大學、北京理工大學、政法大學、北京師範大學、中央民族學院、北京航空航天大學、中央廣播大學等二十一所大專院校決定從明日八時起罷課。每個學校將派出領導團到市區人多的地方演講。他們提出三點綱領：

一、全面有效地維行政治體制改革；二、保證言論自由；三、保證經濟體制改革的順利進行。

他們提出的口號是：民主、科學、自由、人權、法制。他們將向羣衆表達他們的

關注最近大陸學界動況

# 京北訪表代聯學港

## 港澳辦允提供協助

容康昨會見　並贊港學生對國家使節感命

【本報記者組北京廿三日電】香港學聯代表今日與國務院港澳辦公室二司司長等進行對天安門學生學生聯會的四點要求約見。

【本報訊】綜合新華社、中新社二十三日電：在廿二日分別發生騷亂事件的西安市，市中心新城廣場實行交通管制措施。除三路公共汽車照常行駛外，其他機動車輛均不得通行，守備的警員份新紀律，預料交通管制明日可望解除。西安的商店今天晚上照常營業，戲院、錄影次通明。一位諸息人士稱，在昨日的騷亂事件中，沒有大學生被捕。

【本報訊】綜合新華社、中新社二十三日電：在廿二日分別發生騷亂事件的西安市和昨日恢復平靜。

【新華社消息】廿三日晨八時起，西安市公安局對陝西省政府辦公大樓前城廣場四周的主要道路，實行二十四小時交通管制，對過往的車輛除由陝西師大通往火車站的三路公共汽車照常行駛外，其它機動車輛均不得進入廣場。

# 西安長沙市面趨平靜

## 商店照常營業　武警駐守市中心

## 長沙前晚數十商店被砸被搶損失逾十萬元

## 並非悼念者及學生　長沙不法之徒肇事

### 當局拘近百人多數是流氓積犯

【本報特派記者沈宏菲西安二十三日電】昨日發生騷亂的西安市今日平靜，市中心新城廣場實行交通管制措施。除三路公共汽車照常行駛外，其他機動車輛均不得通行，守備的警員份新紀律，預料交通管制明日可望解除。西安的商店今天晚上照常營業，戲院、錄影次通明。一位諸息人士稱，在昨日的騷亂事件中，沒有大學生被捕。

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本報特派記者　沈宏菲

在旁者無人地喝喊制亂。當記者晚上晚可以有近三千兩人兩的外韓和港澳旅遊者在散步。

今天西安市面上的《陝西日報》、《西安晚報》被搶劫一空。一位報販對記者稱，人們一是想看胡耀邦追悼會的消息。另外也是想看西晚騷亂的報道，但當地報紙所刊登的均為新聞社的報道。

高潮時期達八萬人

據昨晚的幾位現場目擊者稱，昨晚廣場聚集人數多時達到六至八萬人，其中大部份是看熱鬧的。他們大都是在看新聞的。他有一部份是到廣場悼念胡耀邦的人。多數看一部份是湊看熱鬧。一名目擊者稱，他們大都是年輕人，帶

## 中央派三高官往徹查騷亂眞相

# 西安今晨氣氛緊張

# 武警處處宛如戒嚴

（本報記者於香港西安報道）中共中央昨日已派出三名高層官員前往西安調查騷亂事件，而市內今晨氣氛仍然十分緊張，有如處於戒嚴狀態，各主要路口均有數十名公安人員把守，市公安局昨晨開始對西省政府辦公大樓前新城廣場四周的主要道路，實行廿四小時交通管制，近千名武裝公安人員將廣場附近數條通路部分實行封閉，在廣場附近數條通路行人。

據悉，中共中央派出的三名高層官員昨晚已抵達西安，在西安開大會批鬥騷亂事件，並向中央作出報告，暫時未能返京三人的身份。

西安市今晨顯然已再無騷亂，但氣氛卻有如暴風雨來臨前的寧靜。各十字路口均駐有公安人員，小路口駐有五六十名公安，而主要路口則駐有五十多名公安。

由於周六晚的騷亂發生後很容易由市中心的人車司機大都有另一人隨車，以防被人襲擊。

昨晚深夜，西安市政府前的新城廣場仍有近千名和戴鋼盔的公安人員巡邏及封鎖主要道路，另有乘坐警車的公安人員穿梭在馬路上巡邏。

西安市長途電話局通往新城廣場的路口昨日仍繁華一些個別要衝，武裝公安人員加動往往數人車。

昨晨八時起，西安市公安局對於西省政府前新城廣場四周的主要道路，實行二十四小時交通管制。

對過往的車輛除由陝西師大通往火車站的三路公共汽車照常行駛外，其它機動車輛均不得進入廣場。

昨晨八時，記者在新城廣場見到：約近千名武裝警察和省委學院的學員圍着鋼盔，有的拿着盾牌在演習。

西安市長途電話局通往新城廣場的路口昨日仍繁華一些個別要衝，武裝公安人員加動往往數人車。

昨晨八時起，西安市公安局對於西省政府前新城廣場四周的主要道路，實行二十四小時交通管制。

此外，他們要求各校學生一旦行駛四二〇受傷報告，收集後向學生會報告。他們亦向華生會報告，收集後向學生會報告。

（有關北京學生呼籲聯合罷課罷市，按圖新大宰報，清華及政法大學學生集會抗議官方報章等非情刊電訊版。）

## 公安暴力對待三港記者

# 港澳辦交全國記協跟進

### 答允安排學聯代表會晤人大常委

（快報採訪組北京報道）香港學聯下屬學潮團隊昨行投訴今次北京學生運動並非為反政府暴力傾向事件，與北京各部門資料不符。昨晨國務院港澳辦公室副主任魯平接見香港記者團，並答覆他們的見有關人員，以及跟進香港記者團。

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（快報記者發自北京報導）北京學生爭取民主及自由的行動，並納學生的民主要求，並立即釋放所有被捕示威者及五卷哲等在內共七人。

「四五行動」發生後，中國政府對北京及全國各地學潮力法生示威與要求動員，人民日報發表評論員文章，呼籲人民以大局為重，制止動亂。

## 官報籲以大局為重

# 愛國熱情傾注四化

（快報消息）在大陸各地發生學生示威與要求動員，人民日報發表評論員文章，呼籲人民以大局為重，制止動亂。

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## 水可載舟，亦可覆舟

### ——盼中共善爲處理學生運動

中共以學生運動起家，以鎮壓學生運動結束，現知識分子感心及敢得人民擁護，以鎮壓手段維持的先驅而於焉上得天下。

四十年後的今日，學生已和中共處於對立面，對抗鬥爭，反對、誤解，以致釀成衝突，眼前做熱還沒有發生流血，但中共如不能虛心和前做熱還沒有發生流血，但中共如不能虛心和建議，學生運動勢必升級，則任何不幸事件均可發生，那時悔之晚矣！

水可載舟，亦可覆舟，關鍵在於如何操舟，也就是如何與水相處。中共在野時像水，愛水，借水，順水性而操舟，於是水載於為用，載着這艘船直駛入中南海。

中共建政後，不再尊重水，也不再愛惜水，和水的距離口遠，一時期甚至忽視水的存在，提出知識無用論，宣稱考試廢白卷，然而離開了水，任何船都會擱淺不得，大陸因此遠落在一九七八年秋，中共十一屆三中全會後，情勢逼人，以革命的名義，不得不改弦更張，開了一條小縫，讓知識份子呼吸一口氣，而知識份子也不負所望，在短短三年內，為中共的經濟建設，貢獻了不少智慧，使中共在一九八六年的全國性學生運動，要求中共進行真正的改革。

那一場被稱為胡的學生運動，就好比學校舉辦一場被稱為胡迷的學生運動，知識份子中人，「老革命家」們，即使場不了騷迷

# 北京學生今起無限期罷課

## 主民爭導領織組設 外地院校紛應響

# 西安暴動羣衆衝省府縱火 百卅武警受傷十八人被捕

## 官方指暴徒混悼胡學生中乘機搗事

（本報綜合報道）北京高校學生今日起無限期罷課，以抗議當局對學生民主運動的鎮壓，並要求對「四．二六」社論重新評價。

北京高校學生今日起無限期罷課，以抗議當局對學生民主運動的鎮壓，並要求對「四．二六」社論重新評價。

（本報綜合報道）

# 北京十多所高校今起無限期罷課

## 罷課市罷工罷國全通電《請願七條》出提

【本報記者北京專電】北京十多所高校學生今日起無限期罷課，並決定成立「北京高校學生罷課聯絡總部」，負責協調各校罷課事宜。

各校罷課時間不一，但大多數將於今日開始。

各校罷課決定，是在昨晚舉行的各校學生代表大會上作出的。

會議由北京大學學生會主席王丹主持，出席代表共一百多人，代表北京二十多所高校。

會議通過了《北京高校學生罷課聲明》，並決定成立「北京高校學生罷課聯絡總部」，負責協調各校罷課事宜。

會議還通過了《致全國人民書》，呼籲全國各界人士支持學生的愛國民主運動。

會議決定，罷課期間，各校學生要堅持正常的教學秩序，並要求各校教職員工堅守崗位，維護校園的安全。

會議還決定，要求北京市政府在四月二十七日前，對學生的愛國民主運動作出公正評價，並要求新華社、《人民日報》公開為學生平反。

會議決定，如果政府在四月二十七日前，對學生的愛國民主運動作出公正評價，並要求新華社、《人民日報》公開為學生平反，學生將舉行更大規模的罷課，甚至舉行全市總罷課。

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會議還決定，要求北京市

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四四六六號
總編輯電話 五二二九三二一四
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五二二七一七四三
五二二七一七四四
經理部 五二二七一六三八
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# 西安長沙成都流血大暴亂

# 搗省府大樓市府放火燒車

西安市胡耀邦追悼會演變流血暴亂

## 週六上午開始持續竟日氣氛緊張

## 西安數萬人高呼反共 學生警察爆衝突互毆

【本報綜合報導】西安學生和民衆數萬人星期六舉行遊行，要求民主自由，反對共產黨專政，中共警察開槍打學生，但「新華社」說，有一百三十多名公安人員和武警受傷。（詳情見第六版）

「新華社」說，四月廿日（星期六）上午開始，一直持續到次日凌晨，西安的暴亂達六十小時之久。

目擊者說，星期六下午至少五千學生和大批民衆舉行遊行，高呼反共口號，要求民主的口號，高過市中心的新城廣場後，他們設，示威者向「政府」大院的守衛者「政府」大院的五四「公安人員和武警」投石塊，警察使用警棍打傷學生和民衆，他們據見證學生被毆打。

一名目擊者說，西安學生進行遊行到新城廣場時，高舉着悼念胡耀邦、要求民主的橫幅標語，其中有一幅上寫着「有的人死了但活着，有的人活着但已死了。」學生說，悼念胡耀邦，後指的是中共老幹部。

隨時鎮壓學生示威

## 山西兩萬軍隊調駐北平郊外

據北京消息人士說，中共已從山西省調了兩萬軍隊駐在北平郊外，以加強北平市軍警的鎮壓力量。近日中共也在北平調動了裝甲部隊駐守。

消息人士說，鄧小平和五名「政治局常委」上週去右關緊急會議，決定作好隨時調動軍隊鎮壓學生運動的準備。

## 今日新聞提要

一、大陸三城市暴亂，詳第一版。
二、「民論會」不出席大陸「華委」徵詢意見會議，詳第十六版。
三、錄影帶將實施三級制，詳第十五版。
四、中共對台軍事作戰方案揭露，詳第三版。
五、忻下登可能下台，詳第二版。

## 中共黨媒導示威 「華社」消息 人民日報」呼籲勿參加示威行列

【北京二十三日台灣電話】北京「人民日報」今天刊登「請不要參加動亂」的評論員文章，呼籲「廣大青年學生」不要參加「動亂」。

「北京大學」大字報說，組織已解散，領導人已被捕。

「科技日報」說了一篇有關胡耀邦六次政治批評的新聞才可刊登。

「科技日報」說了一篇有關胡耀邦六次政治批評的新聞才可刊登。

【本報綜合報導】中共新華社今天發出「緊急通知」，要求各新聞單位「不要報導」北京學生的動亂。

「新華社」說，「動亂」是「一小撮人」利用學生的愛國熱情，「進行破壞活動」

# South China Morning Post

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## UNHCR unhappy with 'harsh application' of screening

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) may stop monitoring the refugee screening process in protest at the way it is being implemented by Hongkong officials.

The Hongkong and British governments were informed of the UNHCR's position last January in a confidential memorandum from High Commissioner Jean Pierre Hocke.

Mr Hocke is understood to have expressed concern that the screening was being operated too harshly and to have questioned the validity of the process.

Under the system, only three boat people have been classified as refugees out of 1,200 screened.

The UNHCR agreed last September to monitor the screening process, to ensure it operated according to internationally accepted guidelines.

The United States and other governments welcomed the UNHCR move, seen as giving tacit approval to Hongkong's controversial new policy which went against a previous agreement to provide automatic refugee status to all boat people.

But in the memorandum, Mr Hocke said the UNHCR was concerned at the way officials in Hongkong were applying criteria used to determine refugee status.

**A FURTHER 45 Vietnamese boat people sailed into Hongkong yesterday while 169 arrived on Saturday.**

**The arrivals bring the total number to have reached Hongkong so far this year to 3,150, of whom 1,838 arrived this month.**

**Since the Government introduced its screening policy on June 16 last year 13,466 Vietnamese boat people have sailed into Hongkong and are now housed in detention centres awaiting determinations.**

It is understood Mr Hocke also expressed concern at the delay in completing the process, which caused uncertainty for many of the boat people.

Mr Hocke said the Government was being too restrictive in awarding refugee status.

Unless changes were introduced, the UNHCR might review its participation, the Hongkong and British governments were told.

Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes admitted the territory Government had received a note from the UNHCR outlining concerns about the screening process, and said the Government was working closely with the UN agency to improve the procedures.

But Mr Barnes was emphatic that the UNHCR had not said it would review its position unless improvements were made.

The UNHCR's charge de mission in Hongkong, Mr Fazlul Karim, confirmed it "had intervened at a very high level" on the screening.

Mr Karim said the UNHCR would like to continue working with the Government but he admitted they had "serious concerns about the process".

"We feel the kind of people that should be included (as refugees) are not being included."

Mr Hocke was said to have told the two governments that substantial "corrections" to the process were required.

"Our role has always been on the basis that international standards would be met both with regard to eligibility determination and detention," the memorandum read in part.

UNHCR officials have said there is a fundamental difference in their approach to the screening process when compared with the Government's.

The Government sees screening as a method of excluding boat people from the resettlement process while the UNHCR looks on it to ensure that those whose claims of persecution are found to be genuine are accorded refugee status.

In the UNHCR's *Handbook on Procedures and Criteria for Determining Refugee Status*, the High Commissioner pleads for a generous asylum policy in the spirit of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the Declaration on Territorial Assembly.

The *Handbook* also

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 4)

● Editorial – Page 18

## Another paper backs nationality

From DAVID WALLEN in London

HONGKONG'S people will flee like Vietnam's boat people if they face bad conditions under Chinese rule after 1997, the *Sunday Times* claimed in an editorial yesterday.

The newspaper joined the growing section of the British media now arguing that Hongkong people should be given full British nationality.

And last night, Labour MP George Foulkes, the party's spokesman on Hongkong, disclosed that the opposition in parliament was planning a thorough analysis and assessment of the whole issue of citizenship to see what steps can be taken to alleviate Hongkong's fears.

The *Sunday Times* said there could be no stopping the handover: "Hongkong's people always knew they lived on borrowed time in a borrowed place.

"For a proud nation recovering what it believed was unjustly lost, China has gone to extraordinary lengths to reach agreement with Britain on arrangements to ensure Hongkong's continuing stability and prosperity. It did so for good reason.

"Without stability there can be no prosperity and, if Hongkong flounders, China's Third World economy will suffer greatly," the paper said.

It added: "Britain has clear obligations in the run-up to the handover and it is by no means clear they are being met."

It said Britain's response to the possibility of an influx from Hongkong has been "needlessly defensive".

All Hongkong people could look forward to was the "dubious status" of British National (Overseas) citizenship – "by which is meant permanently overseas and best forgotten.

"Many will protest at the impossibility of allowing three million immigrants to settle here. But, of course, nothing like three million would ever come here; most motivated, educated and entrepreneurial Hongkongers would find far more congenial shores elsewhere.

"But those who did come here would benefit our economy and enhance our culture," the paper said, pointing to Mr Li Ka-shing as an example of entrepreneurial skill.

"Indeed Britain's entrepreneurial revolution of the 1980s badly needs a second wind; there is much to be said for the proposition that we should be actively enticing Hongkongers to come here, instead of erecting barriers in their paths.

"The time has come to right such a manifest wrong and honour."

The paper suggested Britain needed to move briskly towards democracy for the territory and press for a watertight Basic Law.

A transitional form of full British citizenship should be granted to Hongkong's existing generations.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)

## Leisher out of intensive care unit

JOCKEY Bart Leisher was released yesterday afternoon from the Adventist Hospital intensive care unit.

Leisher last Wednesday morning underwent a 4½-hour operation to replace a piece of bone removed in initial surgery on March 27, two days after being struck on the head by a horse at Sha Tin.

"Barty has come through this latest operation really well and is resting in a normal hospital room at the moment," Leisher's brother Tanse said.

"Dr Andrew Wong is delighted at his progress and that's why we were able to replace the bone earlier than originally expected," he said.

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### WEATHER

**Mainly fine. Max temp 25 degrees. See Page 2.**

# Students fear backlash after riots in two cities

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

RIOTING by unemployed youths broke out in Xian and Changsha following Beijing-inspired student demonstrations, which continued to spread to other cities in central China.

Students were reported to have staged demonstrations in Shanghai, Nanjing and Chengdu city, Sichuan province. The China News Service last night said more than 10,000 students took part in protest demonstrations in Chengdu.

The Government has launched a major security effort to counter the worst civil unrest in more than a decade, transferring 20,000 troops to Beijing, mobilising anti-riot squads and sharply cracking down on the press, Chinese sources said yesterday.

Authorities declared a 24-hour martial law in a section of Xian after more than 130 people were injured in rioting after a protest by what foreigners estimated at 50,000 students and other people.

Troops yesterday sealed off the city square where rioters stormed a government office, burned vehicles and hurled rocks at police.

Some students were arrested, foreigners in the city said.

Student leaders in Beijing fear that the outbreak of violence in Xian and Changsha may tarnish the image of their demonstrations which last week reached unprecedented proportions in Beijing.

The rioting was broadcast nationwide on state television, accompanied by official reports that emphasised students were not involved.

Beijing University Students Organising Committee decided yesterday to send representatives to Xian to investigate the incident.

Five Beijing universities yesterday announced an indefinite classroom strike, beginning today, in support of their so far unheeded demands on the Government.

● See also Page 10

The universities involved were Beida, Qinghua University, Science and Engineering University, Beijing Union Medical College and the Beijing Medical University, according to reports.

Students have decided against ending the boycott on May 4, the 70th anniversary on May 4th of a 1919 student movement, and instead proposed no deadline for their action.

A meeting of Beijing University's organising committee yesterday gave members of the campus's two official student unions until midday today to resign.

It said if they failed to step down, an emergency meeting of students would be called at 2 pm to impeach the unions, one for graduates and the other for undergraduates.

In reporting the Xian rioting, the official New China News Agency said students had quickly moved out of the area when violence broke out.

"The whole area was full of people. Some were standing peacefully and others were going crazy, ripping limbs off trees and throwing anything they could at police," said one Western witness.

In Changsha, official reports said rioters looted shops, commandeered public buses and physically attacked police, who responded by beating them back with sticks.

About 100 youths, which the Public Security Bureau said were "hooligans with criminal records", were arrested.

The youths, many of them wearing badges of the late Chairman Mao Tsetung, had forced their way into the Government headquarters of Hunan province, the birthplace of both Mao and the late party leader Hu Yaobang.

The looting started on Saturday night when the youths broke into 28 shops at Changsha railway station, the May First Square and the city's main shopping area along Wuyi and Huangxing roads.

Youths were seen breaking into a spectacles shop in the middle section of Wuyi

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 2)

Pictures from state-run television show a youth in Xian setting fire to a lorry.

## Viet badly hurt in second camp fight

DOCTORS at the Caritas Medical Centre were last night battling to save the life of a young Vietnamese refugee who suffered serious head injuries after being attacked by a gang of men inside the Shamshuipo Closed Camp.

Ngai Yu Gan, 19, was reported to have suffered a deep slash wound to the head, believed to have been inflicted by a weapon similar to a saw blade.

Mr Ngai, who was unconscious when taken to the hospital, was reported to be in poor condition last night.

Yesterday's attack was the second inside Vietnamese refugee compounds in the space of two days.

On Saturday afternoon, an 18-year-old Vietnamese refugee was killed and two others seriously injured inside the Tuen Mun Closed Camp, during a clash between a group of boat people from the camp and another group from the Shamshuipo closed centre who went there, reportedly, to visit friends.

The two injured Vietnamese, aged 16 and 19, were last night reported to be in satisfactory and fair condition respectively in Prince of Wales Hospital.

In yesterday's incident, uniformed police officers who first arrived at the Shamshuipo camp dispensed with their firearms, but armed themselves with batons and rattan shields before entering to make inquiries and search for weapons.

Despite a two-hour search in the camp, police failed to find weapons believed to have been used in the attack.

## Party chiefs stop Shanghai weekly

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

ACTING under orders from the leaders of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), Shanghai authorities yesterday stopped the circulation of the latest issue of the liberal weekly *World Economic Herald*.

Shanghai party boss Jiang Jemin personally gave the orders to a Shanghai post office to stop distribution of the paper.

The banned edition contains six pages of material on the late Mr Hu Yaobang.

Last night, *World Economic Herald* Editor in Chief, Mr Qin Benli, was holding talks with Mr Zeng Qinghong, Shanghai deputy party secretary in charge of ideology.

"There are two possibilities," said a source close to the weekly.

"One is to distribute the paper without the six pages on Mr Hu, the other is to revise the more sensitive articles."

Four pages of the section on Mr Hu are devoted to speeches made at an April 19 conference organised by the *Herald* and the Beijing-based magazine, *The New Observer*.

Excerpts of the speeches made by Mr Hu Deping, eldest son of Mr Hu Yaobang, and prominent intellectuals such as Mr Yan Jiaqi, Mr Pan Weiming, Mr Li Rui, Mr Yu Guangyuan, Mr Su Shaozhi and Ms Dai Qing were included.

The authorities have taken particular exception to the speeches of Mr Hu Deping, Mr Yan and Mr Pan.

Mr Hu Deping, who is senior official at the United Front Department, recounted the last acts and words of Mr Hu.

He specifically mentioned one of his father's last speeches.

"He said the party should pay special attention

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 8)

## Hainan port project clears its most difficult hurdle

By DANIEL KWAN

HAINAN has apparently won a major concession from central authorities in its bid to pool foreign investment for the development of the Chinese island province.

The latest issue of the overseas edition of the pro-Beijing *Outlook Weekly* reports that Hainan Governor Liang Xiang and Hainan party secretary Xu Shijie had returned from the National People's Congress (NPC) in Beijing in April with the news that the island's Yang Pu Harbour project would proceed as planned.

The article said Beijing told Hainan the "Yang Pu incident" was now basically over.

It was reported earlier that the project had been delayed because of objections from some members of the NPC and Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC).

The objections were lodged in Beijing after more than a dozen NPC and CPPCC members returned from a fact-finding tour to the island.

Under the proposed development plan, Hainan province will lease 30 square kilometres of the Yang Pu Harbour in the northwest to the Hongkong-based Japanese company Kumagai Gumi for 70 years.

Kumagai Gumi will be responsible for development of the entire harbour and the construction of infrastructure facilities in the area, including power plants, chemicals plant, oil refinery facilities and water supply utilities.

Some projects would become operational in less than three years of the go-ahead being given.

Some NPC and CPPCC members feared the lease would be tantamount to returning to the practice of granting "foreign concessions" to foreign imperialist powers.

They also said it was inappropriate to lease land to foreign interests when China was going to resume sovereignty over Hongkong and Macau.

There was also some opposition from students in Shanghai last week, who used a demonstration during the mourning for Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang to call for Hainan's plans to be abandoned.

Supporters of the project said it would be necessary to utilise foreign investment to develop Hainan because of a domestic shortage of funds.

They said it was in line with the coastal development strategy put forward by Party Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

Mr Liang estimated development would cost about 200 million yuan (HK$420 million).

He said it would be impossible for China to raise such an amount, especially when the country was under a nationwide austerity program.

The article also said that when Shenzhen was made a special economic zone, opponents of the idea feared the zone might become a leased territory of foreign interests as in imperial times.

"No one would hold such fears any more," the article said.


The quest for perfection.

15638

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# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

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## INSIDE TODAY

**Education**

**PALS**

*The Hongkong Standard* and Hong Kong Telecom have teamed up to make an important daily contribution to literacy in English. PALS – Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills – will apear in our EDUCATION liftout and will include BBC English – material supplied by the BBC World Service – discussion of language problems by text-book authors, puzzles and quizzes aimed at developing language skills, and articles of general interest to encourage leisure-time reading. For details see **Education Page 1**

Fifty thousand fans pay homage to the dead of Hillsborough; a new North Sea explosion casts doubt on Britain's North Sea oil safety; a special report finds slavery is still alive. These and more – including a full roundup of weekend sport – in BRITAIN TODAY, our exclusive weekly

**Liftout**

**Leather**

Take 10,000 spotlights, 7,000 chairs, 6,000 square metres of carpet and 4,000 flower buds – plus 1,500 exhibitors from 45 countries and at least 12,000 visitors, and you've got the makings of the Hongkong International Leather Fair '89

**Page 13**

Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section.

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# Provinces hit by riots as unrest spreads

**By Fan Cheuk-wan** and agencies

SERIOUS anti-government rioting involving thousands of people has rocked the Chinese provincial capitals of Xian and Changsha.

More than 130 police were injured in the first known violence linked to the death of the late Communist Party leader, Mr Hu Yaobang.

Demonstrations also rocked at least three other provincial capitals, the common factor being calls for liberal Mr Hu's rehabilitation and urging freedom and democracy.

There was a 24-hour news blackout about the riots which started on Saturday – the day of Mr Hu's funeral.

The riots broke out again with renewed fervour yesterday in Changsha, but in Xian the municipal public security bureau clamped down, sending more than 1,000 police to the city.

The weekend was the most serious outbreak since demonstrations in Beijing in 1976, when thousands of students confronted police with demands for freedom.

The Chinese authorities and the official media said yesterday that Saturday's riots had been caused by "a small number of lawbreakers and had no connection with the students' mourning for Mr Hu."

INSIDE:

- Support for reform questioned
- National strike planned
- Cracks in the wall

See **Page 6**

Official news reports said some 6,000 rioters in Xian burned 10 vehicles and more than 20 houses at the Shaanxi Provincial Government compound, while demonstrators in Changsha pillaged stores and attacked several hotel employees on Saturday.

A Western witness said about 1,000 people managed to storm Communist Party headquarters.

The damage was valued at more than 100,000 yuan (HK$200,000).

The television also showed stores broken into and looted.

Yesterday, students in Changsha decked a Mao Zedong statue with pro-democracy slogans, foreign teachers said.

Several police were injured in five hours of rioting, the official Xinhua News Agency reported. It blamed "looters who have criminal records" for raiding 28 shops. Some 100 people were arrested.

New merchandise worth 130,000 yuan (about HK$260,000) was stolen from one newly-opened department store alone, the agency said.

"Some private food stands outside Changsha railway station were smashed and plundered. The vendors wrestled with the looters with shoulder poles and knives that were handy," it said.

Foreign teachers were told by student leaders yesterday that students were not responsible for the violence.

Mr Zhou Tiezhong, of the Changsha Municipal Public Security Bureau, yesterday told *The Hongkong Standard* the rioting was caused by "a handful of criminals, and students were not involved."

"After the students finished their mourning for Mr Hu at around 8 pm on Saturday, a small number of criminals started agitation among the crowd by smashing glasses," Mr Zhou said.

He said several policemen had been injured and the bureau had made a number of arrests.

Hunan TV said the provincial and Changsha city authorities were taking a very serious view of the riot and immediately ordered counter-measures, including sending in large squads of police.

According to the official Xinhua News Agency, rioters in Xian set fire to provincial government and High Court buildings after watching a televised funeral for Mr Hu on Saturday.

"About 130 armed police and security forces were injured in the Xian rioting. But no deaths were reported," the agency said.

"The mob stoned a bus carrying foreign tourists as it entered the Xinchang Square late Saturday, breaking its windows," it said.

The agency said the Xian violence lasted for 12 hours, during which rioters pulled down the wall of a government compound, burned two cars, a jeep, a truck, an oil tank and a garage.

A Western witness said about 5,000 people threw stones at police who retaliated by charging with batons, beating up the rioters.

The television quoted a Xian resident as saying it was the worst violence there in 40 years.

The state-run television showed scenes of the damage, including looted shops, and said some main roads in Xian were closed to traffic for 24 hours.

There were also reports of protests in Chengdu, capital of Sichuan province, Nanjing, and Shanghai over the weekend.

# Students plan national strike

**By Stanley Leung and Tammy Tam in Beijing**

BEIJING University students will launch a boycott of classes today, while student leaders meet to discuss a plan to extend the strike nation-wide.

The boycott is to last until May 4, the 70th anniversary of a movement started to modernise and democratise China following World War I.

"Our aim is to stage a strike to seek direct dialogue with the government and to tell them how we want China to be democratised," said Mr Wang Zihou, a meteorology student at Beijing University, known locally as "Beida".

Another meteorology student Mr Zhen Xiaodong said: "Student representatives from Shanghai, Nanjing, Wuhan and Tianjin are here to support our cause."

Beida students are urging students in universities all over the country to join their boycott. So far four universities in Beijing are believed to have joined: Qinghua University, the Science and Engineering University, Beijing Union Medical College and the Beijing Medical University.

Beida students will send representatives to Shanghai, Xian and Wuhan to seek support. Representatives to Xian will also be gathering information on riots there yesterday.

The students say they have support of the Beijing Teachers College and Beijing Normal University. They say they are confident more will follow.

Mr Wang said the boycott was called because "we have decided that sitins and marches don't work; the government has just been ignoring our demands" for democracy and increased freedom.

The students say three representatives waited for half an hour outside the Great Hall of the People on Saturday with a petition requesting to see Premier Li Peng.

■ Continued **Page 6**

NICK WILSON

**Tall order for team**

ARMY training officer Sergeant Bernie Woodward abseils down a cliff at Tung Lung Island, preparing for a 12-man assault on Bogda Feng, an unconquered mountain in remote northwest China. Full report on **Page 5.**

# Harbour fed by sewage from faulty drains

**By Johnson Sze**

AS much as half of the sewage produced in East Kowloon and the south side of Hongkong Island enters storm water drains and eventually flows into Victoria Harbour.

Wrongly-connected drainage pipes and sewers that are too small have been identified as the main problems with the sewerage systems.

These are the findings of Government-commissioned consultancy studies on the two areas.

The consultants, who eventually will study the sewerage systems in all 21 districts, say $1.2 billion should be spent to solve the problems in these two areas alone.

The Government has been advised to set aside $800 million to improve drains in East Kowloon, and another $400 million in Island South, which boasts some of Hongkong's most popular beaches.

The consultants' territory-wide sewerage studies will give the Government some idea where to start on its much-publicised $5 billion improvement plans.

It has another $5 billion earmarked to improve sewerage treatment and disposal facilities.

Principal Environmental Officer Mr John Boxall told *The Hongkong Standard* that 52 percent of foul sewage found its way into the enclosed waters in Kai Tak nullah and Kwun Tong typhoon shelter – East Kowloon's pollution black spots.

Domestic sewage produced by the area's one million people and industrial effluent discharged from Kwun Tong industrial centre are the main pollutants.

He said the first improvement would be to install a relief sewer to expand the foul sewage capacity of the area.

Next, devices would be fitted at the marine end of open nullahs to intercept wastes that would otherwise go into the harbour.

Reconnection of properties to proper foul sewers would be a long-running task and, in many instances, would have to wait until a site was redeveloped, he said.

Mr Boxall said an inadequate foul sewerage system had resulted in many illegal connections to storm water drains.

Electroplating and printed circuit board producers in East Kowloon

■ Continued – **Page 2**

# Business call on immigrant quota rejected

**By Jessie Yim**

THE Executive Council has turned down a request to increase the daily quota of 75 legal immigrants from China.

The request was made by nine business organisations which suggested it could help alleviate the labour shortage problem, estimated by the business sector to be about 200,000 vacancies this year.

The Economic Services Branch said in an information paper to the Manpower Panel of the Office of Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils (Omelco) early this month, that raising the quota would not solve the problem.

It would not be desirable even in the long term, the branch said.

The nine leading business organisations, spearheaded by the General Chamber of Commerce, submitted an assessment of the labour shortage in Hongkong to the Government earlier this month, and asked for the importation of both unskilled and semi-skilled foreign labour.

A heated debate on the subject between representatives of the business sector and the labour unions is expected at the Omelco Manpower Panel meeting tomorrow.

The Government's existing policy only allows skilled foreign labour to be imported.

Most of the 75 legal Chinese immigrants allowed in as permanent residents every day have family members living here.

The business organisations argue that independent immigrants from China should be allowed as a long term solution to the labour shortage.

But officials of the Economic Services Branch concluded that allowing unskilled workers in would tend to depress the growth rate of gross domestic product per employee and eventually affect the well-being of average workers in Hongkong.

In an overcrowded Hongkong, more social problems would be created if locals' prosperity was to be affected by competition from foreign workers, they said.

The Government economists pointed out that larger numbers of legal immigrants might not have the necessary skills required here. Many immigrants would also be too old or too young to join the labour force.

■ Mr Tam Yiu-chung ... 'no' to talks.

The businessmen's report claimed that without a relaxation of the rules, there could be a shortfall of 422,000 workers by 1994.

They urged the Government to allow controlled importation of foreign workers, with limited numbers at first.

Their report also suggested that Hongkong transport and related services could cope with 20,000 Chinese workers commuting daily to work in Hongkong.

Meanwhile, local labour unions have turned down an invitation to discuss the labour shortage with representatives of the business organisations. The talks were to cover manufacturing, construction and the hotel and other service industries.

Prominent labour union leader Mr Tam Yiu-chung said there was no common ground for discussion.

He said he was opposed, in principle to any change in existing labour policy.

Mr Tam, a Legislative Councillor, is a vice-chairman of the 170,000-strong Hongkong Federation of Trade Unions.

The federation is to seek a meeting with the Government to clarify the meaning and implication of its proposed policy of "flexibility" and a revised definition of skilled labour.

Mr Tam said he was worried the system would be open to abuse because it would offer flexibility to officials granting work permits to foreign, skilled workers.

■ Suspicion on Government policy: Economists see influx dangers **Page 4.**

# Producer denies farewell gimmick

RUDOLF Nureyev's tour producer yesterday denied billing the current world tour as a farewell performance to boost ticket sales.

And the 51-year-old Nureyev, who arrived yesterday from Bangkok, vowed to continue dancing for a very long time.

The ballet legend will give three performances at the Academy for Performing Arts' Lyric Theatre starting tonight.

"There are so many stops in the tour and it's highly likely that for many cities, these might be the farewell performances," said Mr Wolfgang Bocksch, the producer.

"It has taken you 28 years to invite me here," said Nureyev, hailed as "the most famous male dancer in the world".

Mr Bocksch said the tour was to let people around the world experience the excitement of Nureyev's dancing.

"Some people may say we are calling it a farewell tour for business reasons. I don't want to comment on it because this is not the important point," he said.

Nureyev created a sensation when he defected to the West during a tour of Paris on June 17, 1961 at the age of 23.

"No regrets" was his answer when asked whether he had any. "I'll do it again."

He hoped that with the Soviet Union gradually opening up, foreign companies could have more chances to perform before the Russians.

Nureyev is accompanied by six stars from the Paris Opera Ballet, of which he has been the artistic director and choreographer since 1983.

Despite the pressure, Nureyev still ranks dancing before an audience the biggest joy.

He is currently negotiating a second five-year contract with the company and will soon start writing his biography for an Italian publisher.

"I think I dance quite well," the ballet legend said, adding that he had always encouraged the art throughout the world for the past 28 years.

The dancer and his company will leave for Seoul on Thursday. Nureyev will also perform in Tokyo, Singapore, United States, Manila, Kuala Lumpur and Australia.

■ Nureyev ... the legend to perform here.

# Akihito gets Soviet invite

TOKYO: The Soviet Union has unofficially invited Japanese Emperor Akihito to visit Moscow, it was reported yesterday.

Kyodo News Service quoted informed sources as saying that the first vice-president of the Supreme Soviet, Anatoly Lukyanov, extended the invitation to the emperor in a short conversation during a tea party at the Imperial Palace on February 25.

The sources said a visit to the Soviet Union by the emperor probably would not be made until a long-standing territorial dispute over four islands off Japan's was resolved.

AFP

# Builders urged to meet gate rules

BUILDING contractors will be encouraged to meet new technical requirements for installing electrically-operated sliding gates, because failure to do so may result in occupation permits being withheld.

The Electrical and Mechanical Services Department will soon advise authorised people, building contractors and architects of the requirements.

One of the major technical requirements would be installing electronic sensors to trigger the braking system when something obstructs the sliding gates.

Although the guidelines will not be legally-binding, the department expects building contractors to abide by them.

The department's chief engineer, Mr Lee Lo-tung, said the device was expected to significantly reduce the chance of accidents.

The technical standards are in guidelines prepared by the department after two children were crushed to death by electrically-operated sliding gates.

They were a six-year-old boy who died after being caught by a sliding gate in Kowloon Tong in January this year, and a three-year-old boy who met a similar fate in Tsuen Wan in 1987.

Coroner Hugh Sinclair recommended after an inquest into the Tsuen Wan death that all electrically-operated sliding gates be installed with safety devices to ensure they stopped on hitting objects.

The technical standards would specify the maximum sliding speed of the gates, Mr Lee said.

"The guidelines have a detailed account of the technical and design standards of such gates," Mr Lee said.

The department finished drawing up the guidelines at the end of last month and a Chinese version was completed a few days ago.

He said the guidelines were now with the Buildings Ordinance Office, which deals with building contractors.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14889期（代号1—1）

1989年4月25日 星期二 己巳年三月二十 北京地区天气预报 白天 晴转阴有小阵雨 风向 南转北 风力 二、三级转四五级 夜间 阴转雨 风向 偏北 风力 四、五级转一、二级 温度 最高 23℃ 最低 10℃

人民日报社出版


## 我首季工业经济效益继续下降

### 劳动生产率低速增长可比产品成本上升

本报北京4月25日讯　记者张履祥报道：国家统计局、国家计委、财政部、中国人民银行今天联合发布的各地区重要经济指标统计资料显示，今年一季度工业经济效益继续下降，劳动生产率低速增长。全民所有制独立核算工业全员劳动生产率4420元，比去年同期增长2.3%，但增幅下降了7个百分点。29个地区中，高于全国平均水平的有15个地区，下降最多的是湖南，下降7.6%。全民所有制预算内工业企业销售利税率为17.65%，资金利税率为19.14%，分别比去年同期降低2.2和2个百分点。全民所有制预算内工业企业可比产品成本上升15.8%，比去年同期的5.2%提高10.6个百分点，其中福建、海南和广东上升了25.9%和25.3%。（地区经济指标统计资料见第二版）

一季度节能工作取得新进展，全民所有制预算内工业企业万元工业产值能耗5吨标准煤，比去年同期降低4.03%。29个地区中只有5个地区工业能耗上升。

## 津冀鲁甘赣注重科技进步 采取措施接收高校毕业生

本报讯　记者毕金忠报道：国家教委学生司近日向记者通报，天津、河北、山东、甘肃、江西等省、市在治理整顿中注意依靠科技进步和提高劳动者素质来发展经济、提高效益，并要求国家教委今年多给它们分配高校毕业生，采取措施积极接收高校毕业生。

天津市工业系统现有工程技术人员5.6万名，仅占职工总数的5.6%，市政府决定提高科技人员在职工中的比例，要求国家教委在今年计划分配给它的1378名高校毕业生之外再增派2622名，加上本市院校毕业生6000名，全市今年共接收10000名，是接收大学生最多的一年。河北省根据人才预测，到2000年需补充专科以上专门人才42.5万名（不包括教育系统所需人才），而预计本省这期间培养的本、专科毕业生和研究生仅30万名，尚缺12.5万名。省政府要求各部门有战略眼光，每年都要有计划地接收高校毕业生，以实现“科技兴冀”的战略方针。甘肃省政府决定抓住内地一些省、市控制接收毕业生的良机多接收高校毕业生，尤其不许把外省院校最来的毕业生退回去；凡愿来甘肃工作的毕业生都要欢迎，不能拒之门外。山东省政府根据实际需求，提出需要70000名毕业生，但省属院校和中央各部所属院校今年能提供的仅30000名。省政府要求国家教委尽量多分派一些。

## 金日成主持仪式盛宴欢迎 赵紫阳到达平壤开始访问

### 双方强调新形势下进一步加深中朝友谊

本报平壤4月24日电　记者鲍宜康报道：中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天下午乘火车抵达平壤，开始了为期6天的正式友好访问。朝鲜劳动党中央委员会总书记金日成主持隆重欢迎仪式，平壤50万群众涌上街头，夹道欢迎。

下午4时，赵紫阳乘坐的专列在迎宾曲和群众的欢呼声中徐徐驶入平壤车站。当赵紫阳满面笑容走下车厢时，等候在站台上的金日成同志迎上前去，热烈握手，亲切拥抱，互致问候。金日成同志用汉语连声说：“欢迎，欢迎。”两位领导人为在平壤重逢而感到高兴。

随后，赵紫阳同前来迎接的朝鲜劳动党中央政治局常委、党中央书记金正日，劳动党中央政治局常委、人民武装力量部部长吴振宇，劳动党中央政治局委员、国家副主席朴成哲，劳动党政治局委员、政务院总理延亨默热烈握手、拥抱。

陪同赵紫阳来访的中共中央政治局委员、副总理吴学谦，中央军委副秘书长张震寰，中央委员、中联部部长朱良，外交部副部长刘述卿，铁道部副部长罗云光和中国驻朝鲜大使崔业港等同车到达。

4时10分，金日成在车站主持欢迎仪式。乐队奏两国国歌，鸣礼炮21响。赵紫阳在金日成的陪同下检阅了朝鲜人民军三军仪仗队。

当赵紫阳步入车站广场时，数万欢迎群众欢呼雀跃。5000个彩色气球升空而起，身穿中朝两国服装的女青年翩翩起舞。“欢迎赵紫阳”的欢呼声响彻云霄。

赵紫阳和金日成一起乘坐敞篷汽车前往百花园国宾馆。当车队来到市中心的金日成广场时，欢迎场面掀起了高潮。6万多文艺工作者的舞蹈，汇成了一片欢腾的海洋。赵紫阳和金日成走下敞篷轿车，女青年向两位领导人献花。平壤市负任书记兼人民委员会委员长崔文善向赵紫阳赠送了一尊金征朝中友谊的雕塑像。

在凯旋门广场，平壤市6万多天真活泼的少年儿童就起了兔子舞、莫花舞和红铜舞。朝鲜少年团联合团体委员长代表朝鲜全国少年儿童向赵紫阳表示热烈欢迎。少年团员给赵紫阳和金日成戴上了红领巾。

朝鲜劳动党中央国际部部长金勇辉今天专程前往朝鲜边境城市新义州迎接赵紫阳一行。

本报平壤4月24日电　记者鲍宜康报道，朝鲜劳动党中央委员会总书记金日成今晚在锦绣山议事堂举行盛大宴会，热烈欢迎中共中央总书记赵紫阳。双方在讲话中，共赞伟大的中朝友谊，强调在新的形势下，要进一步加深友谊，密切合作，并肩前进。

今晚7时，当赵紫阳同志在金日成同志的陪同下步入宴会大厅时，全场起立热烈鼓掌，乐队奏起欢快的迎宾曲。

宴会开始时，乐队奏中、朝两国国歌，金日成和赵紫阳先后发表讲话（讲话详细摘要见第三版），人们不断报以热烈的掌声。

应邀出席宴会的还有：吴学谦、洪学智、朱良等，朝鲜出席宴会作陪的有：延亨默、朴成哲、金永南、许锡、崔光等。

赵紫阳在金日成陪同下向欢迎群众招手致意。　新华社记者　刘德生摄

## 赵紫阳拜会金日成

本报平壤4月24日电　记者周忠恕报道，赵紫阳总书记今天下午6时半拜会了朝鲜劳动党中央委员会总书记金日成同志。

赵紫阳同志首先转达了邓小平、杨尚昆、李鹏以及其他中共中央常委对金日成的问候，转达了邓颖超、彭真、万里对金日成的问候。

赵紫阳说，他这次访问朝鲜，是因为中朝两党、两国有着非常友好的关系。他的目的主要是看望金日成主席和朝鲜劳动党的其他领导同志。另外，想亲眼看看自1961年访朝后的7年多以来，朝鲜人民在金日成主席领导下在社会主义建设中所取得的伟大成就。

赵紫阳同志说，他一下火车就受到金日成主席、朝鲜劳动党的领导人和朝鲜人民深情的隆重的欢迎，这种深厚的情谊使我和我的同事们深受感动。对此，我再次表示感谢。

金日成主席说，赵紫阳同志在担任中共中央总书记后第一个成访问朝鲜，我们非常高兴。赵紫阳总书记这次对朝鲜的访问，是对朝鲜人民的信赖。这充分证明了朝中两党、两国和两国人民的友谊是多么深厚。

赵紫阳总书记的陪同人员，吴学谦、洪学智、朱良等参加了拜会。

拜会时在座的朝鲜党和国家领导人有：延亨默、朴成哲、金永南、许锡、崔光等。

## 电视剧“飞天奖”评选揭晓

### 《末代皇帝》获连续剧特别奖

### 优秀男主角陈道明优秀女主角出现空缺

新华社北京4月24日电（记者徐宏）第九届全国电视剧“飞天奖”评选今天在京揭晓。

规模宏大、制作精细的《末代皇帝》荣膺连续剧特别奖。这部连续剧在去年的电视剧目中收视率最高。近来在观众中引起较大反响的《师魂》获连续剧一等奖，它敏锐地触及到教育问题这一引起民族思考和情感波动的热点。由于连续剧是各电视台的“重点项目”，因而竞争较为激烈。除《钟馗卷风旅记》、《家教》获二等奖、《黄色、女人和狗》、《最累》获三等奖外，这届评选还增设了提名奖，获本届评选提名的有《评梅女士》、《擂击世纪之门》、《那五》、《皇崩续》、《大西北人》、《京·巷·秋》、《帝后院的四合院》。

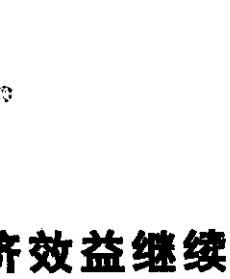
相形之下，去年的单本剧的创作显得逊色，一等奖出现空缺，《白棚栏》、《白色山岗》获二等奖，《花脖子》、《汪老师的婚事》、《塔铺》、《汉家女》获三等奖。颇受少年儿童喜爱的《好爸爸、坏爸爸》以其鲁然获获儿童连续剧一等奖。此外，《病毒金牌星期天》获儿童单本剧一等奖；《春天的17个瞬间》获环制片一等奖，而短剧小品、戏曲片一等奖则出现空缺。

今天，“飞天奖”的各项单项奖也同时公布，《师魂》、《好爸爸、坏爸爸3》的编剧诸葛恪，《末代皇帝》的编剧王树元获优秀编剧奖，优秀导演奖则被《病毒金牌星期天》的导演冯小宁摘取。优秀男主角、优秀男配角、优秀女配角得主分别为陈道明、牛星照、顾艳，优秀女主角奖出现空缺。优秀摄像、优秀照明、优秀美术获奖者为谢平、胡平和《末代皇帝》剧组。

“飞天奖”由广播电影电视部授权中国电视艺术委员会和中国广播电视学会主办，旨在评选每一年度的优秀电视剧作品。据悉，颁奖仪式不久将在外地举行。

## 中共中央、人大常委会沉痛宣告

## 李井泉同志在京逝世



新华社北京4月24日电　中国共产党中央委员会、全国人民代表大会常务委员会讣告

中国共产党中央委员会、全国人民代表大会常务委员会沉痛宣告：中国共产党的优秀党员，久经考验的忠诚的共产主义战士，无产阶级革命家，第五届全国人民代表大会常务委员会副委员长李井泉同志，因病于1989年4月24日5时25分在北京逝世，终年79岁。

李井泉同志是江西省临川县仓下村人。1926年就参加了爱国学生运动，翌年加入了共产主义青年团，1930年转为中国共产党党员，参加了著名的二万五千里长征。他历任红四军三十五军政委，二十一军政委，红二方面军第四师政委，一二零师三五八旅政委，大青山游击支队支队长兼政委，抗日军政大学总校政委，中共晋绥分局书记兼晋绥军区政委等职。建国后，他曾任中共川西区委第一书记兼川西军区政委，中共四川省委第一书记兼省军区第一政委，中共西南局第一书记兼成都军区第一政委和西南三线建设委员会主任等职。

他是中国共产党的第八、十、十一届中央委员，中国共产党第八届中央政治局委员；第三、四、五届全国人大常委会副委员长；在党的十二大上他被选为中央顾问委员会委员，在党的十二大选出的中央顾问委员会第一次全体会议上，他被选为常委。

李井泉同志为中国的革命和建设事业贡献了毕生精力。他的逝世，是我们党和国家的重大损失。李井泉同志永垂不朽！

## 李先念在湖北考察工作

据新华社武汉4月24日电（《湖北日报》记者黎凯、新华社记者方敏军）全国政协主席李先念近日在湖北省考察工作时，看望老领干部、群众在党和政府的领导下，对工农业生产建设和水电事业的发展作出新的贡献。

李先念是在河北、河南两省考察后，于4月9日到达武汉的，28日乾离开武汉返京。在中共湖北省委书记关广富陪同下，他先后在武汉、襄樊、宜昌等地考察工作，察看了丹江口水利枢纽工程、葛洲坝电厂、西陵峡链子崖险段，同时听取了二汽和长江三峡水利枢纽工程论证情况的汇报。

李先念指出，水是世界上最大的财富之一，要多多开发，让老百姓受益。湖北的水多得很。水困难的主要是大别山。要着眼于造福人民，多为群众办好事。

李先念在途经随州、枣阳、襄阳等地时，要求各级干部一定要高度重视农业这个基础，努力把农业生产搞上去。

李先念还指出，沼气是一种很重要的动力，可以照明、做饭，又可做肥料，要尽快普及。他说，沼气解决好了，绿化才稳定，前面栽树后面砍的现象也就不会发生。

## 西哈努克亲王抵京

新华社北京4月24日电　民主柬埔寨主席诺罗敦·西哈努克亲王和夫人今天上午乘专机从平壤抵达北京。

外交部副部长齐怀远、民柬驻华大使江格朗到机场迎接。

## 外交部发言人指出

## 西藏事务纯系中国内政

### 反对任何派所谓调查团去藏企图

新华社北京4月24日电　中国外交部发言人今天在这里指出，西藏是中国领土不可分割的一部分。西藏事务纯系中国的内政，任何外国政府、组织和个人都不得干预。中国坚决反对任何派遣所谓调查团去西藏的企图。

发言人是在答记者问时作上述表示的。

有记者问：“密特朗总统夫人最近在巴黎会见了达赖喇嘛，表示支持达赖提出的关于派国际调查团去西藏的要求，还表示将研究派团的可能性。法国宪法委员会主席巴丹攀也发表了攻击中国的言论。你对此有何评论？”

这位发言人还说，“一个友好国家的具有重要身份的人士竟然会见这帮，并发表干涉中国内政的言论，我们不能不对此表示遗憾。我们对法国宪法委员会主席巴丹攀攻击中国的言论表示愤慨。”

## 叙总统同黎议长会谈 讨论黎巴嫩危机问题

新华社大马士革4月23日电　叙利亚总统阿萨德今天下午在这里同黎巴嫩议长侯赛因·侯赛尼举行会谈，讨论黎巴嫩危机问题。侯赛尼在一项由大马士革电台广播的声明中说，他认为军政府首脑奥恩主张的使黎巴嫩冲突国际化是黎巴嫩面临的最危险的问题。侯赛尼已进行多方接触，以寻求在奥恩军政府与叙利亚部队、穆斯林德鲁兹民兵之间实现稳定停火的措施，并使叙议会在目前形势下起更大的作用。

## 企业找上门 经贸要热情

### 李岚清要求多为“三资”企业服务

本报北京4月24日讯　记者汪澈、冯骥报道：“为‘三资’企业服务和加强管理，是经贸部门的重要职责。”经贸部副部长李岚清在今天闭幕的全国外商投资工作会议上强调：“企业找上门，要求解决与外商投资有关的问题，经贸部门都要采取积极热情的态度，能帮助解决的，尽力解决，解决不了的，也应积极联系有关单位，帮助疏通解决。同时也要注意发挥外商投资企业协会的作用。”

近两年来，不少地方尝试了各种为“三资”企业服务和管理模式，摸索了一些做法。李岚清认为，不管是哪种模式，只要既能有利于宏观管理，又能方便投资者和提高工作效率，就是好模式，不必强求一律，更不必上下对口。各地方怎么管，由地方根据自己的实际情况自己来定。各地部门之间的分工可能千差万别，但作为合同审批单位，对外履行合同的归口管理和协调单位的经贸部门，有责任帮助企业顺利履行合同，积极为企业服务。

李岚清说，完善投资环境，没有比办好现有外商投资企业更重要、更有效的了。现在全国开业和在建的外商投资企业约1万家，数字很大，集中解决问题很不容易，但分散到一个省、地、市、县，除个别沿海地区外，也仅是几百家、几十家，甚至几家，限额一下，保一保，不是不可能做到的。这样，你这个地区就会更有吸引力。

## 严格土地管理 深泽县万座窑坑变良田

新华社石家庄4月24日电（记者郭素芝）河北省深泽县把全县1万多座窑坑变成了良田。

前些年，深泽县一些农民认为“土地到了户，使用由自己”，于是不经申请便在自己承包田内扣坯烧窑。也有些村、镇和联合体看到烧砖赚钱，擅自建起一批砖窑。这些砖窑大多是“一次性”使用，烧砖后便弃而不管，结果瓦砾遍地，坎坷不平。据调查，全县共有废弃窑坑1.2万多个，共计占地万多亩，以每亩年产粮食600公斤计算，影响产量600万公斤，相当于全县粮食定购任务的40%。

经过算账对比，使干部群众看到问题的严重性。县领导机关抽出专人进行调查，并就恢复和保护土地资源问题发出通报，规定凡属在耕地扣坯烧窑者，一律停止，并限期平整恢复；对不能按期恢复的，由乡村派人进行清理平整，户主负责费用；对阻挠施工、不听劝阻者，分别给予罚款、没收土地等处分。为防止农民乱建窑，县里按照“统一规划，合理布局，节约耕地”的原则，先后建起39多座砖窑，保证了农民盖房需要。

## 上海逮捕37名偷税抗税个体户

### 五常县一税务专管员帮助偷税被判刑

新华社上海4月24日电（记者李志昌、罗康瑜）上海市检察机关近半年来经举报，立案侦查的109件偷税抗税案中，个体户偷税、抗税案占95%，其中万元以上大案占了2/3。目前已有37名偷税抗税的个体户被依法逮捕。税务部门已查补税款1000多万元。

据了解，全市11万个体户中，偷税抗税者在80%以上，无证经营者中偷税抗税的更多。

个体运输业主陈金乔，去年4月至11月从外地购转瓦运到上海销售，竟隐瞒营业额150万元，偷税16万余元。

上海检察机关自今年3月依法查处偷税抗税以来，有2557家个体户主动申报补税，补税金额共182万余元。

新华社哈尔滨4月24日电（通讯员张广仁）黑龙江省五常县税务专管员朱国山，利用手中的权力帮助个体户偷税，最近被法院判处两年有期徒刑。

现年39岁的朱国山原是五常县拉林镇税务一分局的专管员。自1985年起，他采取多种手段帮助个体户偷税。从中索取好处费。从1985年到1989年间，他利用职务之便，从企业为个体户搞到4份工程承包合同和工程结算发票，并私刻财务章，帮助个体户偷税近1万元，索取好处费2000多元。根据群众举报，朱国山还经常采取不开税票等手段贪污税款和工本费，并结识到农村向农民个体户勒索财物。

## 长沙对抢砸商店事件作出处理

### 52人被关押审查5人处以治安拘留

### 33人被教育释放8人待查清后处理

本报长沙4月24日电　记者吴兴华今天从湖南省长沙市公安局获悉，在砸金胡耀邦的学生队伍中参与或参与4月22日晚打砸、抢劫商店的96名带离现场的人员，经过讯问和初步调查，正分别不同情况，作出处理。其中，对52人进行关押审查，5人分别给予治安拘留处分；对情节轻微的33人进行教育后，予以释放；另有8人，因情况未完全查清，等待处理。

这些人中，有工人32人，进城务工的农民26人，个体户6人，社会闲散人员28人，学生6人（其中中学生5人，中专生1人）。

## 一行十六人昨自廣州抵京

# 費希平强調兩岸須對話
# 訪京首在探討統一意向

### 將把意見帶回台灣公諸於世共同討論

【本報記者李少威北京二十四日電】台灣「立法委員」費希平今天率團由廣州抵達北京，表示願與北京方面探討和平統一祖國的問題。

由費希平任團長，美國紐約大學政治學系教授、美籍研究學者會長陳功任顧問的中國民主和平統一訪問團今天中午抵京後，在機場休息室召開了記者招待會，費希平宣讀了該團的一份聲明，聲明說，我們這些在野人士，基於知識分子的良知，國家民族的利益，以個人身份，自動組團訪問中國大陸，以了解大陸對人士對和平統一的意向，並提供我們的意見，帶回台灣，公諸於世，進而與台灣父老及海外各界人士共同討論，以利中國統一大業早日完成。

該團明還呼籲海峽兩岸當局能徹底實施民主政治，即為民主政治的優點在於職場代替戰場，政見代替武力，政權在和平中轉移，國家才能長治久安。

本報記者問費希平是否有關於和平統一中國的具體設想，費希平回答說，中國要想統一有兩個前提，第一是要方都要實行民主政治，第二個前提是兩岸人民的生活水準要接近，目前差距太大，台灣人認為統一對他們不利，因此，大陸經濟需要繁榮起來，在政治方面也要所方面努力，台灣

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

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## 更要新聞

## 強調應符中英協議及香港實際

## 北京官員語英國議員團 不反對加快港民主步伐

**英方建議改變特區首屆行政長官產生辦法**

【本報記者組北京二十四日電】基本法草委政制小組召集人魯貽聲今天在記招待中國並不反對在香港加快民主發展步伐，但要符合中英聯合聲明、香港的實際情況和基本法規定。魯貽聲是在會晤英方提出有關建議作上述表示的。

英方消息人士透露，英方在會晤中表示，對於九七年之前以全民投票方式產生特區首屆行政長官的建議，他表示中方認為不可能，他表示英國即使能夠出任政務司司長，李後亦不會相信魯貽聲，沒怕並非有意出任行政長官。此外並建議九七年之前用全民投票方式決定香港特別行政區的政制模式，以加快香港的民主步伐。

根據基本法（草案）規定，首屆香港特別行政區行政長官由四百人組成的推選委員會在當地以協商方式，或經協商後提名選舉，並經由人選後報中央人民政府任命。而第二及第三屆行政長官則由八百人組成的選舉委員會成員提名行政長官候選人，經選舉委員會以一人一票選舉產生。

英方建議改變特區首屆行政長官產生辦法的意願，就到明日與中國外交部副部長周南會晤時，他表示英方會提出有關的辦法和時間表。

另一方面，基本法草委政制小組召集人蕭蔚雲今晚對英方這項消息作出評論，他表示，按第二屆行政長官的產生辦法提前到第一屆實行只是英方提出的建議，中方並未同意。不過，他強調中方不反對加快民主發展步伐，只要符合中英聯合聲明和基本法規定。

**英議員團今晤周南**

**料將談及越南民事**

**該團昨向草委介紹港人對基本法意見**

【本報記者組北京廿四日電】英國議員團今日（廿四日）上午將與全國人大副秘書長周南會晤，預料將談及越南民事問題。

該團昨天下午與基本法草委會下屬的基本權利與義務小組舉行會議，就港人對基本法的意見作出介紹。

該團成員之一、英國上議院外交委員會主席艾倫勳爵昨天在會見記者時說，他們將向周南提出越南民事問題。

艾倫勳爵說，他們已經與越南駐英國大使館聯繫，要求越南政府釋放在越南的英國公民。

艾倫勳爵說，他們將

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)四月廿五日・星期二・夏曆己巳年三月二十日


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## 危險重估研究報告書今呈行局

# 青衣高富油庫管理極差

# 安全須加強管制

## 建議儲存油量大幅削減

### 目前二千噸減至六百噸

（快報消息）青衣危險物質的儲存公司前日被評為管理極差的油庫，高富油庫被列為最差的一間，位於青衣島上的高富石油公司，其儲存量大幅由目前的二千噸減至六百噸。

此外，油公司亦須加強員工的訓練及管理，報告認為，該公司的管理工作被評為極差的一間，高富油庫被列為最差的一間，位於青衣島上的高富石油公司，其儲存量大幅由目前的二千噸減至六百噸。

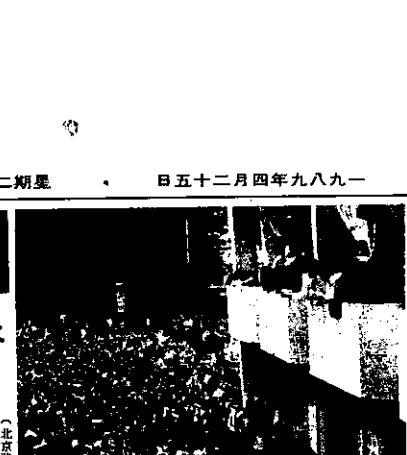
報告書指出，青衣島上的油庫共有九十一個，分屬本港六家主要油公司，而其中有十五個油庫，分別儲存汽油、煤油、石腦油、柴油及石油氣等。

報告認為，青衣島上的油庫，高富石油公司被列為最差的一間，位於青衣島上的高富石油公司，其儲存量大幅由目前的二千噸減至六百噸。

報告書指出

# 北京十萬大學生罷課

## 浪潮將擴至全國 要求政府政與話對



●超過二十五百名親聯的清華大學學生來在一幢宿舍外，神號，督學教授的指揮。（路通社傳真）

（北京路通社中四日電）北京三十五間大專院校的十萬名學生周一發動罷課，要求加速民主改革。

北大一學生領袖說：「是大罷課，除聽下學委會的二十一間大學外，另外廿六間院校亦加入行動。

學生領袖說，他們相信其他城市的學生已準備隨時加入罷課行列。北京各大學的外籍學生均表示聲援學生運動，願和政府組織的卡通，及反對官僚貪污的標語。

北京師範大學一學生說：「李鵬總理快快下台！另一學生說：「江澤民小平，你的時代已到！」

在北京大學，新成立的學生聯盟的一萬餘名學生團體發起遊行會議。一學生團體負責人說：「我們緊急於此只求一個共同目標，就是學取民主與對學。自七十年前京大學生運動至今，中國仍處於腐因及落後於其他國家。

較早前，約一千五百名學生圍集該校內的窗口及圍台，到處貼滿標語，除聽下學委會的二十一間大學外，另外廿六間院校亦加入行動。

市的學生已準備隨時加入罷課行列。北京各大學的外籍均表聲援學生運動，願和政府組織的卡通，及反對官僚貪污的標語。

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較早前，約一千五百名學生圍集該校內的窗口及圍台，到處貼滿標語，

北京師範大學和北京航空航天大學等院校均有超過八成的學生參與罷課，部分院校的青年教師更公開表示支持和鼓勵。

清華大學昨日上午有逾萬名學生在校內遊行，他們計劃在未來兩日，再次走到街上。北航大和北師大的學生在內的十萬名學生，通過四千名學生代表，遊行至天安門廣場，表達對民主改革的訴求。

北京師範大學和北京航空航天大學等院校均有超過八成的學生參與罷課，部分院校的青年教師更公開表示支持和鼓勵。

在這次罷課中深受學生歡迎的中國科學院研究員，魏京生等人被視為精神領袖。

此外，由於國內傳媒對學潮不予報道，小部分報紙，成為了北京大學及通消息的工具，這些報紙的發行量，遠超過平日的一倍。

## 教師聯署公開信

人民大學教師的一封公開信指出，「新聞界幾天來連續對學生愛國運動報道歪曲失實，或避而不談，或把活動說成是一小撮人煽動的，使學生形象受損，嚴重侵犯了公民的合法權益。」該信呼籲，新聞界要「堅持公民的合法權益。」該信呼籲，新聞界要「堅持公民的合法權益。人民日報社、中央電台等單位抗議，要求澄清事實，並公佈通電。二、保證以後不再發生新聞造假行為。三、讓真相通過學生講演活動。如果以上這些要求通過到社會，將直接訴諸法律，提出訴訟。這項公開信，已有一百九十名教師聯署。

## 新華社報道罷課

新華社報導說：北京一些大專院校的學生昨天沒有上課，少數學校的教學活動照常進行。北京大學、北京師範大學等主張罷課的學生組成了糾察隊，維持校園秩序。

人民日報社、中央電台等單位抗議，要求澄清事實，並公佈通電。三、讓真相通過學生講演活動。如果以上這些要求通過到社會，將直接訴諸法律，提出訴訟。這項公開信，已有一百九十名教師聯署。

●北京師範大學學生昨在校內進行遊行，他們打出標語，要求政府對學生愛國運動表示諒解。（本報社傳真）

## 上海官方出告示 禁學生貼大字報

（香港電台新社中四日電）據北京的大學生呼籲舉行罷課的全國大罷課，但上海的大學生周一依然返回學校上課。

記者用電話聯絡到當地的大學生，發現上海官方學校方作嚴格控制，另行貼上一張要北大學生所貼之大字報撕掉，另行貼上一張要北大學生此舉行動的官方告示。

消息靈通人士說，那張官方告示表示「根據中央委員會的決定，禁止學生在校園的牆上張貼大字報、詩歌及文」等等。

在復旦大學校園內，要求學生一張新組織成立及籌備學聯的大字報，近幾日出現的一張大字報，遭當局人員撕掉，但又有新的大字報貼出。

## 底事然如許？眼前抑身後？ 最後遺照有憂容 胡耀邦說笑不出

（北京市新社中四日電）胡耀邦的最後一張照片，選用彩色照片作為靈堂和國家領導人的遺像，在此之前，尚無先例。

「人民的總理」逝矣，為為中外領導拍照的老攝影家杜修賢，翻出版了主要領導人合影，即興研究了何敏舒深視胡耀邦的最後一張照片。

毛澤東和省長的正巧於二十三日趕赴共青湖東追悼會。

●中央電台抗議北京大學生運動表示支持的公開信。



●超過二十五百名親聯的清華大學學生來在一幢宿舍外，神號，督學教授的指揮。（路通社傳真）

## 是否點名批評領導人 學生領袖意見顯分歧

（本報訊）記者團聯絡北京高等……北京超過五百間高等院校昨日舉行罷課，參加人數達到十萬人，不過北京學運發展至今，是否點名批評領導人，成為學生領袖意見分歧的焦點。

北京大學、清華大學、中國人民大學、北京師範大學和北京航空航天大學等院校，均有超過八成的學生參與罷課，部分院校的青年教師更公開表示支持和鼓勵。

清華大學昨日上午有逾萬名學生在校內遊行，他們計劃在未來兩日，再次走到街上。北航大和北師大的學生在內的十萬名學生，通過四千名學生代表，遊行至天安門廣場，表達對民主改革的訴求。

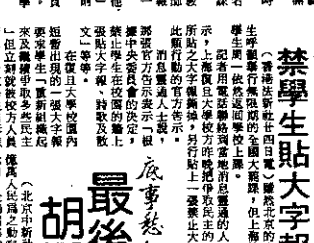
西安的學生表示，到北京了解學潮情況，然後返回原地拓展外，北京多間院校亦已委派學生到杭州、西安和天津等地與當地高校聯繫，爭取支持。

在這次罷課中深受學生歡迎的中國科學院研究員，魏京生等人被視為精神領袖。

此外，由於國內傳媒對學潮不予報道，小部分報紙，成為了北京大學及通消息的工具，這些報紙的發行量，遠超過平日的一倍。

## 譴責官方傳媒報道失實 四千學生夜遊行 清華集會焚官方刊物抗議

（北京路新社廿四日電）超過四千名學生周一晚上八時廿分遊行往人民大會堂，他們抵達高呼口號，譴責官方傳媒。



●清華大學學生舉行遊行，抗議官方傳媒報道失實。（本報社傳真）

遊行隊伍自中央民族學院的學生一時間一時，他們要求重開科技日報，抗議又出評官方傳媒的報道失實。

## 留美學生示威聲援 大膽報道學運 被官方沒收 滬報再版「開天窗」 科技日報不理阻撓續刊示威事件

（北京路透社廿四日電）中國通訊社廿四日報，官方審查人員發收了國內一份最大膽的報章，以顯露該報過一周以來的學生民主示威。

## 胡耀邦骨灰 將移葬江西

（北京新華社電）據「人民日報」報道，胡耀邦的骨灰將移葬江西省共青城縣林之中的消息後，中共江西省委書記毛致立即召開了主要領導人會議，認真研究了何敏舒深視胡耀邦的最後一張照片。

毛澤東和省長的正巧於二十三日趕赴共青湖東追悼會。



●中央電台抗議北京大學生運動表示支持的公開信。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# 逾廿所高校聯合罷課 北大籌委會卻起內訌

## 大字報籲「給運動輸入更多理性因素」

【本報記者北京電】由北京高校學生組織發起的無限期絕食抗議，昨天的行動如期舉行，日校內有萬人遊行，而北京大學亦由於缺乏組織，但北大學生領袖仍在校園內設立絕食帳篷，學生領袖柴玲在會上發言時表示，絕食行動已有一些人退出，絕食學生人數已減少。

被學生組織會的呼籲「走出街頭演講，喚起群眾」，表現出學生聯合

香港時報
第一四四八七號
HONG KONG TIMES
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社長：李中

# 廿多院校廿萬人和平方式爭公民權自由
# 北平大學生無限期罷課
# 揚言不對話將絕食抗議

【本報綜合報導】北京三十多所大學五、六萬名大學生發動一上午絕食罷課抗議，並組織糾察團維持秩序，準備以和平方式向中共爭取最起碼的公民權和自由。「北京大學」學生揭言，如果他們這個也不能獲得中共答覆的話，將導入更激烈的絕食抗議。

罷課行動是由一個稱為「北京臨時學生聯合會」的組織所領導，星期一早上八時起，他們利用廣播車沿路呼籲學生罷課，大部分學生響應罷課。

一九年五四運動的延續，抗議中共當局對全北平六十多間高等、最低級學校的大鎮壓。

「清華大學」學生今早在校園內有秩序的組成萬人遊行，並仿效五四先驅，組織討論，通過「北京臨時學生聯合會」的外語考試也取消，「北京政法大學」也由於學生罷課文件範圍等地大幅已張貼北京大學生聯合會」計劃在三天內連

【北平二十四日法新社電】中共「光明日報」星期一說，北京市「政府」準備終一九八九年的教育經費增加到該市總預算的百分二十。

該報說，北京市也將把中小學教師的工資增加到「國餐」企業工人的同等水平。該報提到北平市當局將使加重對教育前，北平學生已發動民

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北平罷課遊行

「北京外語學院」的報紙學生遊行。

此遊行隊伍，其中一標語牌寫著老師理解他們的罷課行為。（路透社傳真）

# 降低學生怒火？
# 北平市「政府」擬增教育經費

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# 今日新聞提要

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# South China Morning Post ★★

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## Taiwan link in Dalai invite

By MARIANA WAN

TAIWAN Buddhist leader Master Shing Yun claimed yesterday that he has been asked by Chinese President Yang Shangkun to help negotiate the return of the Dalai Lama.

Master Shing Yun, who returned yesterday after leading a 300-member religious delegation on a month-long visit to the mainland, said he had not decided whether he would act as a middleman between China and the Tibetan spiritual leader.

But he said he would convey the message to the Dalai Lama when they meet in Los Angeles in July.

The China News Services reported yesterday that Master Shing Yun said he was asked by Mr Yang to relay a message to the Dalai Lama, during a meeting with the President.

The message was "Please invite him back" and Mr Yang said he hoped to have a meeting with the Dalai Lama soon.

The Buddhist leader, who is also a member of the Kuomintang's Central Advisory Council, was speaking at Kai Tak airport after his first trip to the mainland since 1949.

Although organised under the banner of the Los Angeles-based International Buddhist Progress Society, the delegation is made up mainly of Taiwanese.

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### WEATHER

Mainly fine.
Max temp
26 degrees.
See Page 2.

# $20b plan to tackle pollution

By JAMIE ALLEN

A MASSIVE $20 billion package to solve Hongkong's pollution crisis is expected to be ratified by the Executive Council today.

The ambitious package, called the White Paper on Pollution, will outline the Government's policy on combating pollution over the next decade and will set a timetable for turning around the territory's worsening environmental problems.

Most of the $20 billion will be spent on plans to build a comprehensive sewerage system in Hongkong, a network of new transfer stations for refuse in urban areas, and huge landfills in the New Territories to handle rubbish disposal needs well into the next century.

Bold new initiatives include plans to get tough with industrialists who contribute to air pollution by forcing factories to switch to fuels with a low-sulphur content and take away their right to increase effluent discharges into local waters by 30 per cent.

Other pollution fighting measures will lead to motorists converting to lead-free petrol, fines for excessively smoky vehicles, extending noise and water control measures and centralising Hongkong's treatment of hazardous waste.

The 80-page document is the most far-reaching anti-pollution plan ever drawn up by the Government and is based on proposals put forward by the Environmental Protection Department.

It carries the full weight of the Governor, Sir David Wilson, who pledged two years ago to improve Hongkong's polluted environment, which has been largely neglected by previous administrations.

It also marks a major departure from the traditional policy of not interfering with industry by allowing factories a virtual free rein in discharging waste.

The nine-chapter White Paper deals with all aspects of pollution, ranging from air, noise, waste and water, to environmental management and planning, enforcement of legislation, and education.

The Government is bracing itself for stiff opposition from industrialists who have warned that any switch to lower sulphur fuel will increase their production costs and make them less competitive or even drive them to the wall. But the Government is firm that industry must mend its ways and switch from highly-polluting fuels which contain a 2% per cent sulphur content to the lower content of 0.5 per cent sulphur.

Sulphur in fuels leads to emission of sulphur dioxide, the main air pollution problem in Hongkong.

Official estimates say the switch will cost industry around $500 million per year, but officials are adamant in their belief that unless sulphur in fuel is checked, Hongkong's air pollution will never be overcome.

"If this policy does not get through we may as well give up (trying to tackle Hongkong's air pollution)," the official said.

He said Hongkong was in an unusual position of having residential and industrial development side by side.

Cleaning up air pollution was essential to prevent major health problems and stop corrosion to buildings, he added.

Although the Government wants to improve the situation within two years, it could take longer if industrialists launched strong objections.

In an unusual move, the Government made the decision to skip consultation by not coming out with a Green Paper.

Instead, Chief Secretary Sir David Ford is understood to have opted to proceed immediately with a White Paper which, in effect, is a policy document and will be acted upon after ratification by the Executive Council.

The impetus for the White Paper came from a briefing document requested by the Executive Council at the end of last year on the state of Hongkong's environment and on Government policies to fight pollution.

The Finance Branch, however, has reservations about adverse knock-on effects such huge spending will have in other areas of public sector spending.

"It is a very large amount of money to take on board," a senior branch official said.

He pointed out, however, that the final decision to spend the full $20 billion would be made by a committee consisting of the Chief Secretary, the Financial Secretary and the various policy secretaries.

Last night, the Conservancy Association criticised the Government for not bringing out a consultative Green Paper on pollution first, saying a valuable opportunity was lost in not consulting the public.

The association said the Government should have sought the views of the people because the document, a blueprint for environmental protection in Hongkong into the future, will set down policies which will affect them over the long term.

Government sources, however, said time was the main reason for going straight into a White Paper.

"Consultation is very time consuming. It could take from six months to a year. We wanted to get on with it," one source explained.

The White Paper is expected to be published shortly.

Associated Press

Students gather on Beijing University's sportsfield yesterday.

## Zhao set to boost political reform in major speeches

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

GENERAL-SECRETARY Zhao Ziyang is due to make two major speeches that will amount to a significant offensive on reform, Chinese sources in Beijing said yesterday.

One will be given on May 4, on the occasion of the 70th anniversary of the May Fourth Movement of 1919.

The other will be a keynote speech to be delivered during the Central Committee work meeting, expected to be held after the visit of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev in the middle of May.

A Central Committee work meeting usually proceeds a Central Committee plenum. The Fourth Plenum of the Central Committee is forecast to be held in late May or early June by analysts in Beijing.

Mr Zhao's May 4 speech is expected to outline the nation's commitment to science and democracy.

According to analysts, the party leader's address has added significance in view of the on-going student protests in Beijing and in many other cities.

Seventy years ago, students all over China led by Beijing University activists, had called for the early arrival of "Mr Science" and "Mr Democracy".

Mr Zhao's May 4 address is also expected to reaffirm the party's commitment to promoting the status and treatment of intellectuals.

At the same time, Chinese sources say, Mr Zhao will call on the nation's youth, including students, to inherit the tradition of patriotism.

Mr Zhao's forthcoming speech is interpreted as a concession made to the students and intellectuals who are leading the demand for a quicker pace of democratisation.

In an earlier edict, the Chinese Communist Party's (CCP) Propaganda Department had instructed the nation's colleges and cultural units to concentrate only on the theme of "patriotism" while holding memorial functions for the May Fourth Movement.

Mr Zhao's keynote speech during the Central Committee work meeting is expected to map out the di-

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

## Beijing student leaders argue over demands

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

STORMY scenes erupted on Beijing campuses yesterday when striking students rallied to demand dialogue with Government leaders on democratic reforms.

While the call for a nationwide boycott of classes won widespread support at the major colleges in the capital and few students attended classes, there was little response elsewhere in the country.

The official New China News Agency claimed striking students at Beijing University and Beijing Teachers University stopped other students from attending classes.

Some students at the China University of Political Science and Law were prevented from taking examinations by protesters.

The official report said students unable to attend classes at the People's University went to the library or reading rooms.

In two provincial capitals, Xian and Changsha, tension was still running high after rioting during the weekend linked to the death of former Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang, residents said.

In Beijing's Tiananmen square, the scene of demonstrations by up to 100,000 people on Friday and Saturday, only about 2,000 people gathered last night to study and copy poems and slogans posted on the Monument to the People's Heroes.

But more than 4,000 students took to the streets last night heading for the People's University, one of the capital's main campuses, chanting slogans critical of the official press.

Sometimes running, sometimes walking, the organised protesters from the Central Institute of Nationalities demanded the re-opening of the official *Science and Technology Daily* newspaper, suspended by the Communist Party hierarchy for its reports on student activities.

Students from the People's University and Beijing Foreign Language Institute marched through the streets distributing leaflets and collecting money.

Authorities took no open steps to interfere in the boycott, but sources said more than 10,000 soldiers from outlying counties were moved into Beijing over the weekend in preparation for an eventual crackdown.

However, a press conference called by student organisers at Beijing University was cancelled following disagreements within the student ranks between those demanding the resignation of the prime minister and those wishing to open dialogue with him on democratising the country.

The power struggle among student leaders, which broke into the open at a meeting on a campus sport field yesterday, threatened to throw the direction of the nation-wide student movement into disarray.

Arguing and grabbing a microphone from each other's hands in full view of 3,000 assembled students, members of the student organising committee had to close the meeting in confusion.

The conflict seemed to centre around Mr Zhang Zhiyong, a graduate student who others later accused of having been sent by the authorities to infiltrate the committee.

In the middle of a long explanation of election procedure, one leader announced to a bewildered crowd that one of the 11 leaders standing in the reference box – which the students were using as a podium – was a member of the much-hated official student association.

"I can take responsibility for myself!". Mr Zhang shot back, taking the microphone.

As he tried to reassure the crowd, talking sentimentally about his dream of a student movement, the others met behind his back and decided to remove him from

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 9)

## 4 medical officers charged

THE former secretary of the School Medical Service Board and three others will appear in Central Court charged with conspiracy to defraud the board.

Charged with Francis Roynon Latimer Carey, 73, are King Ho You-sang, 51, his wife Irene Ho Chun-yuen, 42, and David Chow Siu-shek, 41. King Ho and Chow are medical practitioners.

They were charged yesterday by the Independent Commission Against Corruption and released on bail ranging from $200,000 to $1 million.


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## Takeshita 'offered premiership to Ito'

TOKYO: Japanese Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita was reported to have offered his post to a ruling party leader untouched by a widening shares scandal, but he quickly denied it, fuelling further speculation that he is about to resign.

The *Yomiuri Shimbun* said Mr Takeshita, mired in the Recruit Company shares for-favours scandal and with a record low public opinion rating, had offered the premiership to Mr Masayoshi Ito.

Mr Ito, chairman of the executive commission of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP), is one of the few top party leaders not implicated in the scandal.

"Totally unfounded," Mr Takeshita said of the report.

The daily said Mr Ito, a former Foreign Minister who is now 75 years old, declined the offer because of ill health.

Noboru Takeshita

Mr Takeshita's eventual resignation is seen as inevitable, with analysts saying that the only question remaining was when.

The scandal, in which Recruit is said to have offered politicians donations as well as pre-listed shares which they later sold at high profits, is the worst in post-war Japan.

Mr Takeshita said yesterday he was ready to take the blame for a previously undisclosed 50 million yen (HK$2.95 million) loan a former aide had received from Recruit in 1987.

He had told a parliamentary committee on April 11 that his political support groups and aides had received a total of 151 million yen (HK$8.93 million) from the Recruit group between 1985 and 1987.

He said he had not found out about the latest sum until the former aide informed him last Saturday.

Calls for Mr Takeshita's resignation have increased, and his popularity rating plunged to 3.9 per cent earlier this month.

Kyodo news agency yesterday quoted an unnamed senior LDP leader as saying Mr Takeshita would likely resign after parliament passed the fiscal 1989 Bud-

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 1)

## $300m at stake in race for station

By ANDY HO

REDIFFUSION (Hongkong) Limited is poised to invest up to $300 million to secure the licence to run the territory's proposed second commercial radio station.

Rediffusion managing director Frank Cheng Kwok-ki said his group was confident the investment would be recovered within five years of operation.

The company's board of directors gave the go-ahead a week ago and is ready to invest between $200 million and $300 million, depending on the terms of the Government land lease for the future site of the station.

"We are optimistic that our future station – likely to be named Rediffusion Radio – will be able to make an annual profit of $60 million for the first five years," Mr Cheng said.

He said the proposed station would be modelled on the existing Hongkong Commercial Broadcasting Company Limited.

Rediffusion is planning to run three 24-hour channels – two in Chinese and one in English, similar to those of Commercial Radio.

Its proposed investment is more than 10 times that announced by a three-group consortium three weeks ago.

The consortium, comprising Hutchison Telecommunications, the Sing Tao Group and an Australian broadcaster, has put forward a $20 million bid to win the licence.

Hutchison is also a frontrunner in the four-horse race for the territory's cable television network.

Rediffusion Hongkong was founded in 1947 by its British parent company.

It ran Hongkong's first and only cable television network until the late 60s when it turned to wireless operation in the face of stiff competition from Television Broadcasts Limited.

The British group later sold its television business

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 8)

## Vietnam opens door to investment from abroad

From MARK GRAHAM in Hanoi

VIETNAM is about to publish a list of 300 major projects which are ripe for foreign investment – and Hongkong businessmen have been invited to take a close look at the opportunities available.

The Government document, due to be published next month, will virtually be a national prospectus, aimed specifically at overseas investors who are contemplating setting up shop in the country.

It will list investment possibilities in various areas where Vietnam wants, or is willing to accept, large-scale foreign involvement including oil exploration, hotel building, telecommunications, textile manufacturing and sea food processing.

Vietnamese officials said this week that they plan to make it easier and more attractive for foreign firms to start operations in the country but warned that there were still many obstacles, not the least of them the country's backward infrastructure and galloping inflation.

"The Government will publish next month a list of 300 big projects for foreign investment," economic adviser Le Dang Doanh told the *South China Morning Post* exclusively.

"All corporations will have the opportunity to take a look and to participate. Hongkong business people already have a lot of investment as tourists, in textiles and in export-import. There are a lot of opportunities in clothing, electronics and in the manufacture of products.

"We are aware that we have not enough experience and we have not enough people in management, but we have enough skilled people and a cheap labour force and the Government is ready to accept very favourable conditions. In my opinion, it is one of the most favourable places in the world for foreign investment.

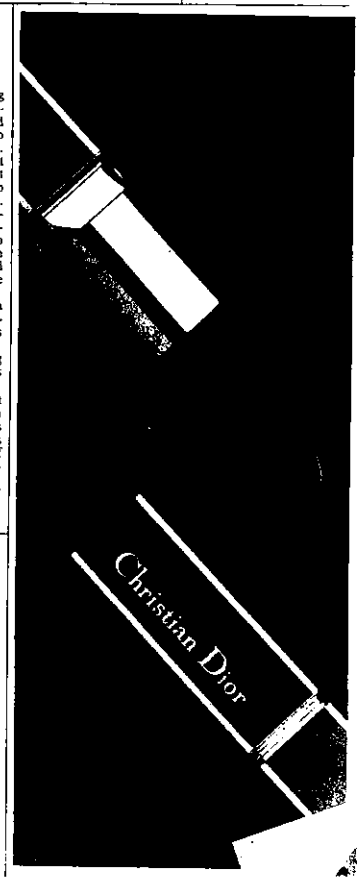
"Conditions are very kind; a foreign corporation may make investments which are up to 100 per cent of capital. In Vietnam, a foreigner may be appointed as head of a joint venture corporation – Vietnam is ready to accept second position."

Mr Doanh, an adviser with the Central Institute for Economic Management, said there were also significant tax breaks for overseas investors, with the possibility of a tax-free period of grace for certain hi-tech industries where Vietnam was desperately in need of help.

Hanoi, in particular, unlike the bustling southern city of Ho Chi Minh, is in a shockingly dilapidated state. Buildings are run-down, the transport system is decrepit, buildings are decaying, power cuts are commonplace, modern buildings are rare and the phone system is appallingly temperamental.

Mr Doanh, in keeping with the Government's professed policy of liberalisation, acknowledged that the country as a whole had an infrastructure which was in

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 7)

Peak daily sale more than 50,000

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, APRIL 25, 1989 | $3.00

# Taipei plans multi-billion olive branch

By Fan Cheuk-wan and Priscilla Leung

TAIWAN may offer a multi-billion dollar loan to China when Finance Minister Madam Shirley Kuo leads Taipei's first official delegation to Beijing next month.

Members of the historic delegation to the Asian Development Bank annual meeting will swap views with their communist counterparts on prospects of economic co-operation and bilateral trade.

Taipei's latest offer is based on a proposal put forward by veteran member of the Kuomintang (KMT), Mr Chen Li-fu, last year suggesting the Taiwan government provide up to HK$78 billion in loans to the mainland.

It is now being studied by a high-powered working group on mainland policy.

The offer, say observers, is one of the cards Taipei will use in a bid to draw more favourable responses from Beijing to break the island republic's diplomatic isolation.

Earlier this month, Taipei proposed the "one country, two equal governments" plan which would put the two on an equal footing in the international community.

Mr Chen, a member of the presidium of the Central Advisory Council of the KMT, asked the Taiwan government last July to provide the loans to the mainland if China promised to renounce the use of force against Taiwan and replace communism with traditional Chinese culture and ethics.

Mr Leung Wing-sun, veteran KMT member in Hongkong, said yesterday Taiwan was willing to offer loans and technological help to the mainland if the communist leaders accepted "one country, two governments".

But the Chinese government has slammed the idea as "an attempt to create two Chinas" and "double recognition".

Mr Leung, a former Taiwan legislator, expected Madam Kuo and other delegates to Beijing to suggest their counterparts abandon communism during unofficial contacts outside the conference hall.

"The mainland is in need of foreign funds and technological assistance. Taiwan is willing to help the mainland," he said.

"To achieve the long-term goal of reunification, Taiwan hopes to narrow the economic gap. We are keen to provide economic assistance to boost living standards of our own people," he said.

Mr Pok Shau-fu, a former Taiwan legislator, said Madam Kuo might reiterate Mr Chen's proposal to her Beijing counterparts during her trip.

Also the publisher of the pro-Taiwan *Newsdom Weekly*, Mr Pok said Madam Kuo would test the reaction of the Communist Party by offering favourable conditions for economic co-operation.

"The Taiwan government decided to send such a high-ranked official delegation to Beijing this time because it was confident of its economic strength," Mr Pok said.

"With its US$70 billion foreign exchange reserve, the Taiwan government is willing to offer huge loans to the mainland if communist officials show positive responses," he said.

But Mr Pok said there would not be any official contacts between the Chinese and Taiwan officials during the bank meetings.

"They will also confine their dialogue to economics," he said.

Mr Kein Ting, chairman of the Hongkong Taiwan Trade Association, said members from the Chinese and Taiwan delegations would also exchange views on the indirect trade boom.

"The economic officials in the Taiwan delegation will talk to Beijing officials to pave the way for economic co-operation," Mr Ting said.

"This will also include trade in important and scarce raw materials," he said.

But Mr Ting believed the discussions would not go into detail about the forms of economic co-operation, saying that there would be many follow-up discussions between representatives from the two sides after the bank's annual meeting.

Meanwhile, Madam Kuo is understood to have indicated she would stay in Beijing after the three-day meeting for "personal business".

But Taipei analysts argued whether she would stay for important behind-the-scenes talks or return directly after the May 4 to 6 meeting.

Meanwhile, Mr Yan Mingfu, the head of the United Front Work Department of the Communist Party, said the delegation would use Taiwan passports, but China would not put official chops on them, said Taiwan's *United Daily News*.

A spokesman for the bank headquarters in Manila refused to detail what type of visa the Taipei delegation would use.

He only confirmed: "The government of the People's Republic of China will facilitate the travel of the delegation to the bank's annual meeting in Beijing according the provisions of the bank's charter," and that they had been "informed that the delegation will attend the annual meeting".

But the Taiwan Foreign Ministry spokesman, Mr Chen, emphasised they had not accepted the title "China, Taipei" and they were still negotiating with Manila.

The entry visa issue had been handed over to Manila and Taipei had not got any official response yet.

SAMSON CHEUNG

■ Safe on the pavement, little Hoi-yan and her mother revisit the site of the fatal accident.

# Good deed girl goes back to school

By Mary Luk

THE tragic events of a month ago will not stop nine-year-old Law Hoi-yan from helping people.

But the Brownie admits she has developed a fear of crossing roads after what happened on March 21 at the junction of Nam Cheong Street and Cheung Sha Wan Road.

That was the day Hoi-yan and Mr Cheng Chi-ngon – the blind man she was helping to cross the road – were hit by a rubbish truck. Mr Cheng was killed and Hoi-yan suffered serious head injuries.

The Primary Four pupil returned to school last Friday, exactly one month after the accident.

The Transport Department said a proposal to install pedestrian lights at the site had been included in a study expected to be submitted to the district board for endorsement next month.

Hoi-yan's mother, Mrs Jennie Law, said the road where the accident occurred was known to be prone to accidents because pedestrians were not able to see the traffic lights.

Mrs Law said since the accident Hoi-yan had suffered from headaches and dizziness and doctors said her daughter still had a small blood clot in her brain as a result of the skull fracture suffered in the accident.

Mrs Law said that at first she feared that Hoi-yan would not live because her injuries had been so serious.

Asked if she would now advise her daughter against helping others, Mrs Law said: "I would not discourage her from helping people. On the contrary, I appreciate her attitude and have advised her to be careful in helping others in future.

"Hoi-yan is young, she will be able to forget, eventually," the mother said.

Hoi-yan was exuberant yesterday, showing off two "thank you" cards she painted during her leisure time.

All she could recall of the accident was: "I left my auntie's cafe in Nam Cheong Street and saw a blind man trying to cross the road. I offered to help. It was the first time I had helped anyone.

"We started to cross the road and then I could not remember what happened.

"When I woke up I saw a nurse beside me in hospital and later learned the blind man had died. I cried," Hoi-yan said.

Hongkong Telecom 香港電訊

PALS

Beginning on Monday, May 1, *The Hongkong Standard* and Hong Kong Telecom team up for an exciting new venture. PALS (Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills) will appear daily in our EDUCATION section and will include BBC English – material supplied by the BBC World Service – discussion of language problems by text-book authors, puzzles and quizzes aimed at developing language skills, and articles of general interest to encourage leisure-time reading. Don't miss it, starting May 1.

## INSIDE TODAY

The Bush administration plans to ask for less money for an anti-missile shield than former President Reagan sought. Full story in our AMERICA TODAY section.

**Liftout**

**Keep Cool**

Three-page special to help you keep cool during the hot summer months.

**Business section**

Better jobs for everyone

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Project Orbis, the flying eye hospital has raised $401,238 in its Hongkong appeal. Have you contributed?

**Page 4**

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**WEATHER:** 20°C —26°C. Mainly fine. Details on Page 23

# Refugee camp raids unearth weapons cache

By Mark Brickwell and Kathy Griffin

POLICE detained 36 Vietnamese refugees and seized weapons in major operations at two camps yesterday.

The detainees included 31 who had no right to be in Kai Tak camp.

The refugees were last night being questioned about crimes including murder, wounding and assisting an escape from custody.

In an operation at Sham Shui Po camp, where two refugees were detained, police found more than 300 weapons, including sharpened iron staves.

In another operation at Kai Tak camp police detained 36 refugees, including the 31 intruders.

Detectives believe the 31, mainly from the Tuen Mun and Sham Shui Po camps, could be criminals who fled to Kai Tak where security is not as strict.

Kai Tak camp is administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, while Tuen Mun and Sham Shui Po camps are administered by the Correctional Services Department.

A Kai Tak camp worker said it was easy to enter the camp.

A wall at the front of the camp had been torn down and a replacement fence was not yet complete, he said.

Also, camp guards did not always check the refugees' identity cards when they entered camp, the Kai Tak worker said.

Kowloon Regional Police Headquarters said the 36 refugees were questioned about a fight at the Tuen Mun camp on Saturday.

An 18-year-old refugee was killed during the fight and two others, aged 16 and 19, were seriously injured.

Police believe the fight was sparked by a group of Sham Shui Po refugees who went to the camp to visit their girlfriends.

The 36 were also questioned about a series of other crimes committed both inside and outside camps.

Some of the refugees were questioned about an escape from police custody.

It was believed they helped a pickpocket escape from Mong Kok police on February 23.

After questioning, four of the 36 refugees were handed to the Tuen Mun District Crime Squad. One was handed over to Ngau Tau Kok police.

Late last night, one of the 36 refugees detained at Kai Tak had been released.

During the operation at Sham Shui Po camp, two refugees were detained in connection with a wounding incident at the camp on Sunday.

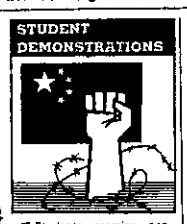
Police believe the men were involved in a fight with a 19-year-old refugee Ngai Yu Gan.

Gan was in a serious condition at the Caritas Medical Centre last night suffering a head wound.

■ More Viet reports **Page 3**

# Boycott gets mixed support on first day

STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS



■ Students promise non-violence: Defiant paper to publish, Hu's legacy wins praise: **Page 6**

By Tammy Tam and Stanley Leung in Beijing

A GROUP of Beijing university students has threatened to stage a hunger strike if their demands for discussions with national leaders are not met.

The threat was the most dramatic development of the first day of a planned national boycott, which met with mixed success when students in at least two cities ignored the call to stay away from classes.

The Beijing students said the hunger strike would be launched if the boycott proved a failure. Meanwhile, students in Shanghai and Xian attended classes as usual, and authorities in Shanghai began to crack down on the activities of protesters.

Officials at Shanghai's Fudan University took down large-character posters put up by pro-democracy students and replaced them with a single sign banning the practice.

Also in Shanghai, official censors seized the latest issue of China's most daring newspaper, the *World Economic Herald*, after it carried an article including suggestions the dismissal of former Communist Party chief Mr Hu Yaobang in January 1987 was wrong and immoral.

In two provincial capitals – Xian and Changsha – tension was said to be running high following weekend riots linked to the death of Mr Hu.

Teachers in Changsha quoted students as saying 300 to 400 people had been arrested after two days of rioting.

The official Xinhua News Agency said that 18 people were arrested in Xian for looting over the weekend.

In another serious move, students at Beijing University announced that they would try to dismiss the official union organised by school authorities.

"We no longer recognise the official student union," a leader of a non-official union formed last Thursday told a meeting attended by 5,000 students.

While the students were meeting, the Communist Party Politburo held an urgent gathering of its own to discuss how to deal with their activities, sources said.

Classes at 31 post-secondary institutes in the Chinese capital were empty yesterday as students launched their strike.

Posters announcing the boycott of classes were put up on the campuses of Beijing University, Qinghua University and Beijing Normal University.

The strike was supported by some teachers and the semi-official Chinese Academy of Science.

A poster supporting the strike signed by "all researchers of the Chinese Academy of Science" was put up on campus.

At Qinghua, more than 10,000 students marched around the campus chanting for others to join their boycott.

"The government should not ignore our demands. We'll continue the strike unless someone comes out to talk to us," a student said.

Mr Qian Yongchen, vice-president of the official Postgraduate Union of Beijing University, put up a poster announcing he would resign from his post.

The new non-official student union has set up a department responsible for spreading word of the strike to other universities.

The department sent representatives to downtown areas to give speeches and put up posters on street walls to publicise their plans.

They also collected donations to pay for travel to other cities where they hope to win backing for their demands.

China's official press said the ashes of Mr Hu would be buried in a remote southern China forest planted by members of the Communist Youth League he once headed.

# Dalai clarifies stand on talks

By Fan Cheuk-wan

THE Dalai Lama had never set "a strict precondition" that martial law in Tibet should be lifted before he would negotiate with Beijing, a spokesman for the religious leader said yesterday.

Mr Tashi Wangdi, the Dalai Lama's spokesman in New Delhi, clarified the position after Beijing's strong objection to the condition, made in a fresh offer of talks last Wednesday.

His remarks have been interpreted by observers as a backdown by the spiritual leader from his tough stand.

The Dalai Lama offered to send representatives to Hongkong to resolve the procedural issues with respect to negotiations.

According to the statement released by the spiritual leader's office in Dharamsala, India, on Thursday, Mr Tashi Wangdi said the talks would be conditional on martial law being lifted.

Mr Ren Yinong, spokesman for the State Commission for Nationalities Affairs, yesterday told *The Hongkong Standard* the precondition suggested by the Dalai Lama was unacceptable to Beijing.

"We can't see the sincerity of the Dalai Lama in the negotiations. While he is calling for direct talks with the central government, he is also agitating separatist activities in Tibet," Mr Ren said.

"Now he has also imposed unreasonable conditions on the talks with the central government."

■ The Dalai Lama ... no precondition

In responding to Beijing's negative response, Mr Tashi Wangdi "clarified" the earlier press quotations.

"I just said 'we would like to have the martial law lifted in Tibet'. I never said the lifting of martial law was a condition," he said.

The Chinese government had failed to provide evidence of separatists in Tibet, he said.

Mr Zhang Shengzuo, deputy director of the United Front Work Department of the Chinese Communist Party, said Beijing was yet to respond to the Dalai Lama's new proposal.

Asked whether the Dalai Lama was willing to start talks with Beijing if the Chinese authorities refused to lift martial law, Mr Tashi Wangdi said it would depend on how Beijing responded to their offer.

■ President's invite to Dalai Lama – **Page 2**

# Gaddafi award for Mandela

GENEVA: Nelson Mandela, the Black South African leader, has been named the first winner of the Gaddafi International Human Rights Prize, an "anti-Nobel Peace Prize for the Third World."

The prize is worth US$250,000.

Swiss socialist deputy Jean Ziegler said a prize foundation fund in the name of the Libyan leader Muammar Gaddafi is registered in Geneva with capital of US$10 million.

Annual winners will be selected and foundation capital managed by a committee of African and European politicians and intellectuals, he said.

"The prize is conceived as an anti-Nobel Peace Prize award for the Third World," Mr Ziegler said.

Mr Ziegler said Mr Sam Nujoma, leader of the Southwest African People's Organisation and Mr Robert Charvin, honorary dean of the law faculty at Nice University in France are among those on the awards committee. – UPI

# Professionals face court

**THREE medical practitioners and a former staff member of the School Medical Service Board were yesterday charged with conspiracy to defraud the board.**

**They have been released on bail ranging from $200,000 to $1 million. They will appear in Central Court today.**

**The four accused are Francis Roynon Latimer Carey, 73, former secretary of the School Medical Board, and medical practitioners King Ho You-sang, 51, his wife Irene Ho Chun-yuen, 42, and David Chow Siu-shek, 41.**

# Paper claims Takeshita offered job to party leader

TOKYO: A newspaper has reported Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita offered his post to a ruling party leader untouched by a widening shares scandal.

But the premier denied it, fuelling speculation that he is about to resign.

The *Yomiuri Shimbun*, which has the highest circulation among the daily press, said yesterday that Mr Takeshita, mired in the Recruit Co shares-for-favours scandal and with an all-time low public opinion rating, had offered his position to Masayoshi Ito.

Mr Ito, chairman of the executive commission of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP), is one of the few party leaders not implicated in the scandal.

"Totally unfounded," Mr Takeshita said of the report.

The daily said in a front-page story that Mr Ito, a former foreign minister who is 75, declined the offer because of ill-health.

Mr Takeshita's eventual resignation is seen as inevitable, with analysts saying the only question remaining is when.

The scandal, in which Recruit is said to have offered politicians donations and also pre-listed shares which they later sold at high profits, is the largest in post-war Japan.

Mr Takeshita said yesterday he was ready to take the blame for a previously undisclosed 50 million yen (about HK$2.96 million) loan a former aide had received from Recruit in 1987.

The premier, who had told a parliamentary committee on April 11 his political support groups and aides had received a total of 151 million yen from the Recruit group between 1985 and 1987, said he had not found out about the latest sum until the former aide told him on Saturday.

Calls for Mr Takeshita's resignation have increased, and his popularity rating plunged to 3.9 percent earlier this month.

The news agency Kyodo quoted an unnamed senior LDP leader as saying yesterday that Mr Takeshita is likely to resign after the Diet, or parliament, passed the fiscal 1989 budget, now almost a month overdue and blocked in committee by the opposition.

Michio Watanabe, another LDP leader, said in a television interview that Mr Takeshita had issues on his agenda that would keep him in office at least three more months.

These were getting the budget passed, a tour of Southeast Asia and taking part in the summit of the Group of Seven industrialised countries in Paris in July.

"Items in this agenda should be fulfilled," said Mr Watanabe. "This will require two or three months."

He acknowleged, however, that the LDP was divided on how to respond to the Recruit scandal.

Negotiations between the LDP and the opposition on the budget fell through again late yesterday, which makes passage of the budget unlikely before the so-called Golden Week, a series of holidays between April 29 and May 8.

The opposition refused an LDP offer on the main bone of contention in getting debate on the budget back on track: An appearance in parliament by former Premier Yasuhiro Nakasone, during whose term in office most of the alleged Recruit transactions took place.

The LDP offered to have Mr Nakasone appear at a simple hearing, while the opposition wants Mr Nakasone to appear as a sworn witness. – AFP

■ Mr Takeshita ... popularity plunges to all-time low.

# 人民日报

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26
星期三
己巳年三月廿一
北京地区天气预报
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夜间 晴
风向 北风
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 24℃
最低 10℃

第14390期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


### 落实治理整顿措施　严厉打击犯罪分子

## 铁路重点区段治安秩序开始好转

本报讯　今年以来，部分站、车、区段盗窃、铁抢运输物资、拆盗铁路设施器材和抢劫、扒窃、流氓破坏等犯罪活动相当猖獗。有的犯罪分子在光天化日之下，成帮结伙持械洗劫列车车厢，明目张胆地抢劫旅客财物。流氓分子，结伙上车寻衅滋事，打架斗殴，甚至伤人，有的公然将女旅客、女列车员劫持下车强奸、轮奸。

根据中央和国务院领导同志对铁路治安工作的多次重要批示，各级铁路公安机关狠狠打击了活动在铁路上的犯罪分子，取得一定成效。

云、贵、川3省党政领导对成昆、贵昆、川黔线治安整顿抓得很紧。贵州省委常委、政法书记胡克惠多次深入重点区段现场办公，研究落实整顿措施，检查整顿情况。在整顿中，共抓获各类犯罪分子2600多名，摧毁犯罪团伙70个，先后破获了一批大要案。目前，这3个区段治安秩序已有好转，沿林、柳佳线的站、车治安一直比较混乱，为此，黑龙江省政府，组织铁路与地方政府、公安机关联合整治，共破获刑事案件1093起，抓获犯罪分子1794名。目前，这两个区段治安秩序，已趋于稳定。

铁道部门在要抓7个重点区段治安秩序整顿治理的同时，还集中整顿了115对客车，154个车站和治安不好的76个区段。

经过集中打击和治理整顿，铁路治安混乱局面已得到控制并趋于好转。

为进一步整顿铁路治安，重点打击客车上的严重犯罪活动，铁道部公安局近日决定采取坚决措施，继续抓整顿治理工作。打击现行犯罪，以保证铁路运输的安全畅通。

## 必须旗帜鲜明地反对动乱

社论

在悼念胡耀邦同志逝世的活动中，广大共产党员、工人、农民、知识分子、干部、解放军和青年学生，以各种形式表达自己的哀思，并表示要化悲痛为力量，为实现四化、振兴中华贡献力量。

在悼念活动期间，也出现了一些不正常情况。极少数人借机制造谣言，指名攻击党和国家领导人；血惹群众冲击党中央、国务院所在地中南海新华门；甚至还有人喊出了打倒共产党等反动口号；在西安、长沙发生了一些不法分子打、砸、抢、烧的严重事件。

考虑到广大群众的悲痛心情，对于青年学生患情激动时某些不妥当的言行，党和政府采取了容忍和克制态度。在22日胡耀邦同志追悼大会召开前，对于电影到达天安门广场的一些学生并没有按照惯例清场，而是要求他们遵守纪律，共同追悼胡耀邦同志。由于大家的共同努力，保证了追悼大会在庄严肃穆的气氛中顺利进行。

但是，在追悼大会后，极少数别有用心的人继续利用青年学生悼念胡耀邦同志的心情，制造种种谣言，血惹人心，利用大小字报污蔑、诽谤、攻击党和国家领导人；公然违反宪法，鼓动反对共产党的领导和社会主义制度；在一部分高等学校中成立非法组织，向学生会“夺权”，有的甚至抢占学校广播室；在有的高等学校中鼓动学生罢课、教师罢教，甚至强行阻止同学上课；盗用工人组织的名义，散发反动传单；并且四处串联，企图制造更大的事端。

这些事实表明，极少数人不是在进行悼念胡耀邦同志的活动，不是为了在中国推进社会主义民主政治的进程，也不是有些不满发泄牢骚。他们打着民主的旗号破坏民主法制，其目的是要搞乱人心，搞乱全国，破坏安定团结的政治局面。这是一场有计划的阴谋，是一次动乱，其实质是要从根本上否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。这是摆在全党和全国各族人民面前的一场严重的政治斗争。

如果对这场动乱姑息纵容，听之任之，将会出现严重的混乱局面，全国人民，包括广大青年学生所希望的改革开放，治理整顿，建设发展，控制物价，改善生活，反对腐败现象，建设民主与法制，都将化为泡影；甚至十年改革取得的巨大成果都可能丧失殆尽，全民族振兴中华的宏伟愿望也难以实现。一个很有希望很有前途的中国，将变为一个动乱不安的没有前途的中国。

全党和全国人民都要充分认识这场斗争的严重性，团结起来，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，坚决维护得来不易的安定团结的政治局面，维护宪法，维护社会主义民主和法制。决不允许成立任何非法组织；对以任何借口侵犯合法学生组织权益的行为要坚决制止；对蓄意违法进行煽动者，要依法追究刑事责任；禁止非法游行示威，禁止到工厂、农村、学校进行串联；对于抢打、砸、抢、烧的人要依法制裁；要保护学生上课学习的正当权利。广大同学真诚地希望消除腐败，推进民主，这也是党和政府的要求，这些要求只能在党的领导下，加强治理整顿，积极推进改革，使全社会主义民主和法制来实现。

全党同志、全国人民必须清醒地认识到，不坚决地制止这场动乱，将国无宁日。这场斗争事关改革开放和四化建设的成败，事关国家民族的前途。中国共产党各级组织、广大共产党员、共青团员、各民主党派、爱国民主人士和全国人民要明辨是非，积极行动起来，为坚决、迅速地制止这场动乱而斗争！

## 云南坚决惩处「官倒」

### 有些「官倒」至今受到庇护查处受阻　六百多起大案要案已作出处理

新华社昆明4月25日电　（记者刘远述）云南省在整顿清理公司中查出大案要案818起，已有661件作了处理。帮助单位追回贷款1320多万元，协助银行追回贷款3052万元，罚款703万元。这些案件涉及到的1300多人，已分别作了处理。

在整顿治理经济环境中，云南省委、省政府把整顿治理流通环境、建立新的流通秩序作为重点，加强了对大小倒卖的查处。特别是在清理、整顿公司中，云南省对“官倒”作为重点对象组织力量查处。目前，全省查处了非法牟利万元以上的79起。其中，牟利10万元至60万元以上的19起，除没收非法所得外，有关当事人员已移交司法机关追究刑事责任。

云南省建材供应公司从1985年至去年9月，将计划内平价钢材10123吨转为议价，“调拨”给本系统内基层单位，违法违纪金额达374万元，非法牟利120万元。云南冶炼厂以串换生产原料为理由，向中国有色金属工业总公司要到计划内平价铝锭98.5吨，加价转卖给昆明物资贸易中心经营部，从中牟利13.76万元。以后这批铝锭又被3次加价转卖，而铝锭在库房并未挪动一步，每吨价格却涨了309.5元。在这次清理中，他们的非法收入被全部没收。

然而至今仍有一些“官倒”、“大倒”由于当地地方政府和“父母官”的庇护，有的查而不处，有的则不让查。滇南某地区一些县有的部门大量倒卖木材、白糖。工商行政管理部门查清后，当地政府为了本地利益，不让工商行政管理部门下达处理文件。滇东北某县一个基层供销社负责人倒卖卷烟牟利60万元，当地政府却把这个供销社负责人评为“优秀企业家”，不让工商行政管理部门查处。有的地方政府领导人眼里有“钱”无“法”，只要给当地赚了钱就认为合法。

## 赵紫阳同金日成举行会谈

### 双方赞赏两国领导人经常见面的优良传统

本报平壤4月25日电　记者周必泰报道：今天上午，中共中央总书记赵紫阳同朝鲜劳动党中央委员会总书记金日成在平壤锦绣山议事堂举行了首次会谈。

会谈是在非常亲切友好的气氛中进行的。金日成主席对赵紫阳同志应他的邀请来朝鲜访问表示欢迎和感谢。他说，我们一向如同亲戚一般地常来常往。两国领导人经常见面，交流情况，交换意见。我希望朝中两党能够保持这一优良传统。他强调，赵紫阳总书记这次访问朝鲜必将为加强和发展两党、两国和两国人民之间的友好关系做出贡献，对朝鲜的社会主义建设和祖国统一事业也是很大的鼓舞。

赵紫阳对金日成主席、朝鲜劳动党、朝鲜政府和朝鲜人民对他的盛大隆重的欢迎和盛情款待表示感谢。他表示完全赞成金日成主席的意见，保持两国领导人经常见面的优良传统。他说，现在国际形势不断发生变化，我们两党两国也正在调整自己的政策和策略。在此情况下，我们更应该保持接触，交流情况，增进相互了解和理解，不断巩固和发展传统的中朝友谊。赵紫阳还一再强调，中国党、政府和人民将始终不渝地支持朝鲜争取国家统一的斗争，支持金日成主席和朝鲜政府为实现祖国和平统一而提出的各种合理倡议和为缓和半岛紧张局势而进行的努力。

赵紫阳同志向金日成主席和朝鲜其他领导同志详细介绍了中国在社会主义建设中所取得的成就和目前面临的问题，以及中国共产党领导全国人民贯彻党的13届3中全会精神，在治理经济环境、整顿经济秩序、深化改革中所取得的成效。赵紫阳同志说，我们将按照既定的方针，坚持改革、开放，坚持四项基本原则。尽管我们需要用两三年的时间去治理经济环境，整顿经济秩序，但是，在本世纪末使国民经济生产总值翻两番的计划仍是可以完成的。

赵紫阳同志还介绍了我国的政治形势。他说，我国当前的政治形势总的来说是好的。

赵紫阳同志还介绍了中国对当前国际形势的看法和中国的对外关系。他说，我们认为，当前的国际形势正在发生转折性变化。中国党在外交上将继续奉行独立自主的和平外交政策，维护中国的主权和安全，支持世界人民的正义事业，争取长期的国际和平环境，为中国的“四化”建设服务。

在谈到中苏关系时，赵紫阳同志指出，柬埔寨问题仍然是中苏会谈的一个重要问题。在这个问题上，苏联仍然是可以有所作为的。金日成主席在谈到西哈努克亲王最近访问朝鲜时说，西哈努克亲王要求对越南撤军实行严格的国际监督是对的。

参加今天会谈的中方同志有中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理吴学谦，中央军委副秘书长洪学智，中共中央委员、中联部部长朱良，外交部副部长刘述卿，铁道部副部长罗云光和中国驻朝鲜大使潘业谟。

参加会谈的朝方同志有党中央政治局常委、书记金正日，党中央政治局委员、政务院总理延亨默，党中央政治局委员、书记许钟，党中央政治局候补委员、朝鲜人民军总参谋长崔光，党中央委员、政务院对外经济委员会委员长金达柱，党中央委员、国际部部长金勇舜等。

会谈结束后，赵紫阳同志向金日成同志赠送了一个通体土的珍贵文物“铜车马”的复制品，向金正日同志赠送了一个通体大花瓶。

## 为实行公务员制度摸索经验

## 国务院六部门将联合招考工作人员

本报北京4月25日讯　据从国家人事部今天举行的新闻发布会上获悉，国家人事部与监察部、审计署、国家统计局、国家环境保护局、国家建筑材料工业局、国家税务局共同商定，将于今年6月份开始，联合招考156人，补充非领导职务的工作人员。

据悉，这次招考补充的工作人员，主要限制在凡具有北京市城镇居民户口、国家认可的大学专科以上学历的在职干部及少量特别需要的大学毕业生、研究生，品行端正、身体健康，年龄一般在35周岁以下者均可报考。考核合格者，将被录用。　（赵宝玉）

## 李鹏我国改革开放方向不变

### 会见匈牙利客人时重申

新华社北京4月25日电　（记者张渝典）国务院总理李鹏今天在会见匈牙利客人时说，中国虽然遇到了一些暂时的困难，但改革、开放的方向不会改变。

李鹏今天下午在中南海紫光阁会见了由中国—匈牙利经济、贸易、科技合作委员会匈方主席、匈牙利副总理迈杰什·彼得率领的匈牙利政府代表团。

李鹏在向客人介绍中国国内情况时说，中国改革、开放10年来取得了不少成绩，但也遇到了一些问题，如通货膨胀较高。这是由于基建规模过大，消费基金增长过快，另外是由于采取了一些价格改革措施。

他说，从这两年的经验来看，要使高度集中的计划经济转变为有计划的社会主义商品经济，价格改革非进行不可，但步子不能走得太快，即使是在经济增长较快的时候，步子也不能太快。他说，中国是一个发展中国家，现代化建设和改革都将是一个长期的过程，发展和改革都要有一个长远的计划。

在谈到中国的政治体制改革时，李鹏指出，中国不搞多党制，中国实行的是共产党领导的多党合作制。他说，“中国现在有8个民主党派。我们要进一步发挥它们在国家事务中的参政、议政作用。”

李鹏说，“我们将继续更好地贯彻实事求是的思想路线，一切从中国的实际出发来确定自己的政策。”

匈牙利客人是于昨天抵京参加于今天开幕的中匈经济、贸易、科技合作委员会第4次会议的。这次会议的主要议题是回顾和评价委员会第3次会议以来两国经济、贸易、科技合作进展情况，讨论新的合作项目等。

迈杰什·彼得对李鹏说，今天上午双方进行了很好的会谈，“合作的前景是乐观的”。他说，匈牙利希望两国加强在农业、动力、能源等方面的合作。

李鹏也表示希望两国在平等互利的基础上发展友好合作关系。农业部部长、中匈经济、贸易、科技合作委员会中方主席何康会见时在座。

## 中共中央办公厅公告

### 感谢海外各界函电哀悼胡耀邦

新华社北京4月25日电　中国共产党中央委员会办公厅今天发表公告，全文如下：

在胡耀邦同志逝世后，承蒙许多国家政党及其领导人和国家元首、政府首脑、各界友好人士、驻华使节以及旅居国外的华侨、华人和港澳台同胞等发来唁电、唁函，表示深切哀悼，中国共产党中央委员会办公厅对此表示衷心的感谢。

## 国务院向四川灾区发出慰问信

### 要求团结一致重建家园艰苦奋斗搞好春耕

据新华社成都4月25日电　国务院今天向四川省地震、风雹灾区发出的慰问信说，巴塘的地震和泸州、自贡等市的风雹灾害，给当地人民群众的生命财产造成严重损失。国务院领导十分关心，并派出慰问团前往灾区。

慰问信说，受灾后，在地方党委和政府的领导下，广大干部群众、人民解放军、武警部队和民兵立即投入抢险救灾工作；大家团结一致，齐心协力，奋力排险，救灾工作已取得很大成绩。国务院向遭受地震和风雹灾害的广大人民，向战斗在抢险救灾第一线的广大干部群众、医务工作者和人民解放军指战员、公安干警、武警部队表示亲切慰问，并致崇高的敬意。

慰问信指出，抢险救灾之后，更为艰巨的任务是恢复生产、重建家园。国务院相信，在党和政府的领导下，发扬一方有难、八方支援的精神，自力更生、艰苦奋斗，在恢复生产，重建家园工作方面，一定能够进一步战胜灾害带来的困难，取得更大的胜利。

慰问信说，当前正处春耕生产的大忙季节，望各受灾地区在妥善安排灾民生活的同时，深入发动群众，迅速投入到恢复生产中去，夺取今年农业丰收。

## 清华学生代表意见分歧没有到会　昨天同政府官员的对话未能进行

新华社北京4月25日电　据清华大学的负责人介绍，昨天上午，清华大学部分学生提出希望同国务院负责人对话。国务院、国家教委和北京市委很重视学生提出的这一要求，决定今天下午两点半在北京市委大楼二楼会议室与18名学生代表对话。

下午两点，国务院副秘书长刘忠德、国家教委副主任何东昌，中共北京市委副书记汪家镠，全国学联和北京市学联负责人按时来到会场，但直等到下午4时15分，仍未见到学生代表。

这位负责人对记者说，他曾多次打电话回学校催问。回答是：要求对话的学生由于对谁当代表意见不一，争持不下，既不出代表。政府官员和多家新闻单位的记者在会场等了两个多小时。

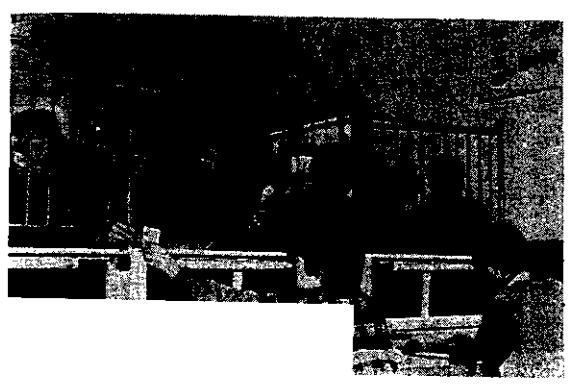
这位负责人向记者说，他对此表示歉意，为对话未能实现感到遗憾。

## 国务院慰问团昨离京赴川　巴塘又发生六点七级地震

新华社北京4月25日电　国务院赴川慰问团今天离开北京，赶赴受地震和风雹灾害的四川省巴塘和泸州地区进行慰问。慰问团由民政部部长崔乃夫任团长，国家民委副主任陈改任副团长。

据悉，这个由国务院有关部委组成的慰问团，将深入灾区全面了解灾情，慰问受到灾害侵袭的群众，并将会同四川省有关部门一起，采取措施帮助灾区人民恢复生产，重建家园。

本报成都4月25日电　记者罗茂斌从四川省地震局获悉：今天上午十一点十三分在巴塘境内发生六点七级地震。雅江至理塘电话中断，震区房屋倒塌不少，详情尚不清楚。



## 杨尚昆会见英国客人

新华社北京4月25日电　国家主席杨尚昆今天在这里会见英国太古集团主席施雅迪爵士一行时重申，中国对香港的基本政策是保持香港的稳定和繁荣。

太古集团是英国一家跨国公司，成立于1816年，总部设在伦敦，在许多国家和地区经营机械、运输、贸易、地产、旅游等业务，在香港拥有国泰航空公司等70多家公司。

施雅迪爵士告诉杨尚昆，太古集团相信香港是有前途的，并将继续向香港投资。

杨尚昆对此表示赞赏。他说，太古集团在香港积极投资，而且准备有新的投资，这是明智和正确的决定。

杨尚昆说，你们的作法对香港前途怀有疑虑的少数人将产生积极的影响，对香港的稳定将起有益的作用。

施雅迪爵士对中国在香港实行“一国两制”的决定表示赞赏。

全国人大常委会副委员长、中国国际信托投资公司董事长荣毅仁等参加了会见。

英国客人是应中信公司的邀请于昨天抵京的。

### 我驻西德法国大使强调

## 西藏事务是中国内政外国无权干涉

本报讯　我国驻西德大使梅兆荣24日在大使馆举行记者招待会，就西德联邦议员举行的所谓“西藏与人权”国际听证会发表声明，对这个听证会粗暴干涉中国内政表示强烈愤慨和谴责。

我国驻法国大使周觉25日就法国一些带有官方背景的人士接见达赖喇嘛及达赖在法国提出派所谓“国际调查团”去西藏的要求在巴黎举行记者招待会。

周大使指出，达赖的要求是荒谬的，中国政府坚决反对。法国一些人士的做法伤害了中国人民的感情，对此表示遗憾。

两位大使都严正指出，西藏事务纯系中国内政，任何外国政府、组织和个人均无权干涉。

（详细报道见第三版）

今年新兵入伍后，武汉军事经济学院汪重叶新兵士进行传统爱国教育，引导大家艰苦奋斗、厉行节约，把人民前从家中带来的零花钱存入银行支援国家建设。图为部分新战士在武汉罗家嘴储蓄所存款情景。

彭又锋摄

新闻摄影比赛

# 大公報

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## 中央與學生擬對話 現實生缺席未因學生見意分歧能派出代表

### 國務院副秘書長劉忠德等空候

【新華社北京二十五日電】原定今天下午在中共北京市委大樓舉行的部分學生同政府官員和全國學聯有關官員的對話，由於清華大學的學生代表內部意見分歧未能派人參加而流產。

據清華大學的負責人介紹，昨天上午，清華大學部分學生提出希望國務院總理趙紫陽與北京市委書記李錫銘、國家教委和北京市委很重視學生提出的這一要求，決定今天下午兩點半在北京大機二樓會議室與十八名學生代表對話。

下午兩點，國務院副秘書長劉忠德、國家教委副主任何東昌、中共北京市委宣傳部長王魯豫等負責人和北京市學聯負責人按約來到會場，但直到下午四時十五分，仍未見到學生代表。

這位負責人對記者說，他曾多次打電話回學校催問，回答是：要求對話的學生由於對雙方代表意見不一，爭持不下，派不出代表。政府官員和多家新聞單位的記者在會場等了兩個多小時，這位負責人向記者說，他對此表示歉意，為對話未能實現感到遺憾。

【法新社北京二十五日電】新華社說，高級政治協商會議副主席胡耀邦今天在北京大學發表講話，呼籲學生要相信黨的領導，要團結起來，為建設一個繁榮昌盛的國家而努力。

胡耀邦說，「我們相信絕大多數學生是愛國的，是擁護黨的領導的，是擁護社會主義制度的，是擁護改革開放政策的，是擁護四項基本原則的。」

胡耀邦說，「我們相信，絕大多數學生是能夠理解黨和政府的苦心的，是能夠理解國家的困難的，是能夠理解改革開放中出現的問題的。」

胡耀邦說，「我們相信，絕大多數學生是能夠正確對待這次學潮的。」

胡耀邦說，「我們相信，絕大多數學生是能夠採取理智的態度，採取合法的方式，採取和平的方式，來表達自己的意見，並且能夠自覺地維護社會的安定團結。」

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# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

WEN WEI PO

星期三 26 四月 一九九一年

第五一—一四 一九九一年四月二六日

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## 承担利庫路特醜聞案責任

# 竹下登昨宣布辭職

## 預料五度將下台？

竹下昨日宣布辭職（美聯社傳真）

## 政治危機將除 日圓匯價及股票昨均急升

【本報訊】綜合路透社、法新社、美聯社東京二十五日電：陷入了日本數十年來最大政治醜聞困境的首相竹下登，星期二作了這歷和宣布將會辭職。

金融市場立即對了一口氣，認爲歷時九個月的政治危機的終結指日可待。日圓和東京股票都急升以示慶賀。

在東京股票交易所上升四百三十八點八六，升到三萬二千二百四十四點七八。日圓匯價上升到一百三十一點一七日元兌一美元，上升了零點二日圓。

竹下登在電視播放的記者招待會上說，他在國家預算案通過後便立即下台。因這宗醜聞，預算案自三月初以來一直在國會受到拖延。

他說：「我必須特別為我本人涉及此事件表示深刻道歉，而且我已決定辭職，以便國民恢復對政治的信心。」改治分析家說，他們現在預料在五月中旬至下旬圓滿通過預算案。

分析家預料竹下登的決定將在野黨和執政的自民黨內引起一場激烈的權力鬥爭。

## 最有可能繼任人選 伊東正義排第一位

### 分析家預料預算案將在五月通過

竹下登說，「作為是人民選向勝利道路上的第一步。」

商界分析家說，他們預料竹下登的決定專件而出現的代議制民主的危機負有責任。

在野黨歡迎竹下登會橋關注政治局勢。領導人士并說，「我有一個感覺，他說了登職，預算案將得到通過，時間和太遲了。但這政府和自民黨的苦腦，表示切感到對人民對政治日益深刻的不信任以及因利歸路特不會產生重大的改變。」

三洋證券資深總紀伯里說，「個人不能阿復正常。」

竹下登宣布辭職，但至今仍沒有明確的繼任人。

現任執政自民黨幹事長安倍晉太郎和前大藏大臣宮澤喜一，被認為不可能得到自民黨同意為繼任人，因為他們本身與導致「必須就職鮮明地反對動亂」的社論，全文如下

竹下登下台的發言人聞有關連。

如下幾個：

伊東正義，七十五歲，執政黨最資深的政治家，他被認為最有可能繼任竹下登人選。

相宮田正晴，七十四歲，現任自民黨內多個派系之一，前首相竹下登曾出席該派的會議。

支持二階堂擔任首相。

被捕，六年以後宮田茂首相，其內閣因為造船醜聞而倒台。

九七六年田中角榮首相的追悼會於廿二日舉行，其子胡秀卓已於昨日恢復上班，其他幸田一直守喪。

以實際工作記念父親

【本報記者盧思源北京廿五日電】胡耀邦逝世的消息傳出後，北京市委已決定，今天下午在中共北京市委大樓舉行的部分學生同學有關負責人的對話。

攻府官員和全國學聯下午兩點，與清華大學的學生代表內部意見分歧未能統一意見，以實際人介紹，昨天上午，清華大學部分學生提出希望同國務院負責人對話，國務院副總理李鵬忠總理，國家教委副主任何東昌和北京市學聯全國學聯秘書長王丹等人，於下午四時十五分出希望同國務院負責人對話，國務院副總理李鵬忠總理，國家教委和北京市委很重視學生提出的這一問題，並表示願意與學生代表對話。

【本報記者盧思源北京廿五日電】胡耀邦五日電】原定今天下午在中共北京市委大樓舉行的部分學生同學有關負責人的對話，因故改為明天下午兩點，與清華大學的學生代表內部意見分歧未能統一意見，以實際人介紹，昨天上午，清華大學部分學生提出希望同國務院負責人對話，國務院副總理李鵬忠總理，國家教委副主任何東昌和北京市學聯全國學聯秘書長王丹等人，於下午四時十五分出希望同國務院負責人對話，國務院副總理李鵬忠總理，國家教委和北京市委很重視學生提出的這一問題，並表示願意與學生代表對話。

## 曹約見清華學生 當局冀進行對話

### 惜因學生不同意 結果空等一場

【新華社北京二十五日電】原定今天下午在中共北京市委大樓舉行的部分學生同學有關負責人的對話，因故改為明天下午兩點，與清華大學的學生代表內部意見分歧未能統一意見，以實際人介紹，昨天上午，清華大學部分學生提出希望同國務院負責人對話，國務院副總理李鵬忠總理，國家教委副主任何東昌和北京市學聯全國學聯秘書長王丹等人，於下午四時十五分

# 快報 EXPRESS

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## 竹下登下台，日股急升

外相伊東正義周六開始對東南亞進行九天訪問。

竹下登宣布辭職之後，日本國際股市大跳一口氣，股市大跌四百三十八點，收市報三萬三千二百四十四點，升幅高達百分之一點三四。

●現有竹下登下台及日本股市之報道刊國際新聞版及國際金融版。

## 採隊扮送貨員闖賊穴遇襲

## 神探連轟兩槍彈無虛發

## 三悍匪兩中槍全部被擒

（快報消息）一間電子廠內安排公司職次被人欺騙前往實行劫劫，昨有三名男子圖故技重施，公司東主預先報警，警方到場時，入劫匪，結果兩五中槍受傷被擒，另一人一腳飲「跳樓」逃走，並檢獲三柄槍新利刀。

該案由旺角警署總領頭組織，負責的兩大總第二隊人員偵辦，負責的兩大總第二隊人員偵辦，負責的兩大總第二隊人員偵辦

# 日挨終極因醜下聞台下

## 水門事件 東京再版 記者鑿醜聞冰山

## 竹下請辭盡洗醜聞困擾 東京股市大幅標升

## 炸韓航殺逾百乘客 北韓女諜被判極刑

## 鐵娘子執政十周年

## 世界視綫

## 中蘇五月中開峯會 兩國副外長會談籌備

## 台代表持證問題解決 將憑亞銀證件入大陸

## 中國暗示鎮壓學運 首次打破默緘·譴言阻學生動亂 運學壓鎮示暗國中 翻推謀陰有責共

## 北京逾萬大軍進駐 警工人勿支持學生

## 大陸青年劫機飛台 却降福州自炸身亡

## 白宮認美日關係不變 盧泰愚訪東京或押後

## 墨西哥強烈地震 塌房屋傷亡未詳

## 蘇共開中全會 百一十人辭職

## 自民黨四巨頭與竹下同進退

## 日自民黨高幹會議 對選總裁擊足輕重

## 學生聯會提三要求 政府如應允便復課

## 多校返課 須則否受校發 警上嚴懲 告課

## 展開對話 公開道歉 如實報道

## 深大學生會發聲明 支持北京各校民運

# 胡啓立會見傳媒負責人 中南海內傳達學運對策

## 話對行進生學與將層高共中

【本報北京廿五日電】新華社北京四月二十五日電：八八民主運動發展為八〇必須堅持解決危及對動亂的社論，全文如下：

六四發展為八〇必須堅持解決危及對動亂的社論，全文如下：

在保全胡耀邦同志逝世的活動中，廣大共產黨員、工人、農民、知識分子、幹部、解放軍和武警戰士，以各種形式表達自己的哀思，並表示要化悲痛為力量，為實現四化、振興中華貢獻力量。

花山生活動期間，也出現了一些不正常情況，極少數人借機煽動學生罷課，有的衝擊黨政機關，有的攻擊黨和國家領導人，製造謠言，煽動群眾，有的衝擊新華門，甚至還有人提出打倒共產黨的口號，這些嚴重違反憲法，違反北京市政府關於花山生活的有關規定，違反學生守則，是絕對不允許的。

【本報訊】新華社北京四月二十五日電：北京市政府今天發出通告，嚴禁一切組織和個人在天安門廣場舉行遊行、集會、靜坐、絕食等活動。

通告說，為了維護天安門廣場的正常秩序，保障廣大人民群眾的安全和利益，根據有關法律規定，北京市政府決定，從即日起，嚴禁一切組織和個人在天安門廣場舉行遊行、集會、靜坐、絕食等活動。

通告說，凡違反本通告規定的，公安機關將視情節給予警告、罰款、拘留直至追究刑事責任的處罰。

通告說，廣場上的臨時建築物和設施，由首都衛戍區負責清除。

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# 京報指有人陰謀造反 須旗幟鮮明反對動亂

## 姑息縱容將令十年改革成果泡湯

【本報北京廿五日電】北京市政府今天發出通告，嚴禁在天安門廣場舉行遊行、集會、靜坐、絕食等活動。

通告說，為了維護天安門廣場的正常秩序，保障廣大人民群眾的安全和利益，根據有關法律規定，北京市政府決定，從即日起，嚴禁一切組織和個人在天安門廣場舉行遊行、集會、靜坐、絕食等活動。

通告說，凡違反本通告規定的，公安機關將視情節給予警告、罰款、拘留直至追究刑事責任的處罰。

通告說，廣場上的臨時建築物和設施，由首都衛戍區負責清除。

通告說，本通告自發布之日起施行。

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# 中共抨擊學運搞亂大陸

## 學生駁斥北平亂扣帽子

【本報台聞專訊】「新華社」昨天報導了中共「人民日報」社論，社論是針對最近北京、西安、長沙等地的形勢表示，這些事實說明，有人打「民主」旗號，「安定團結」的政治局面，是要煽反人心，破壞全國一切，社論還是一貫有

北京大學生學運擴大後，紛紛到街頭，歌頌領導人。（美聯社傳真照片）

計劃的陰謀，是一次動亂，其實質是要從根本上否定（中共）的領導」，否定社會主義制度，所以是一場「嚴重的政治鬥爭」。

社論又說，今後整頓工作，學校要方方面面的支持，特別是廣大的工人階級，要堅決支持黨和政府的決策，堅決支持學生的愛國熱情和社會主義性質的行動。

【北平二十五日電】「新華社」報導，北京大學學生對中共「人民日報」四二六社論的反應，「新華社」說，「動亂」是學生「要求民主」的「代名詞」，「新華社」說，「動亂」是學生「要求民主」的「代名詞」，「新華社」說，「動亂」是學生「要求民主」的「代名詞」

# South China Morning Post

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# Politburo orders crackdown on students

From
WILLY WO-LAP LAM
in Beijing and agencies

CHINA yesterday issued a stern warning against student unrest, threatening punishment for agitators it said were trying to overthrow the Communist Party and plunge the country into chaos.

The party leadership called a Politburo meeting yesterday morning to discuss what to do with the student protests.

Although details of the meeting were not known, informed sources say it was decided to take tough action against the students, possibly from today or tomorrow.

The Politburo labelled student protests and riots in nearly 20 cities as a "conspiracy" by a minority of unlawful elements to "bring about instability in the nation", and "to negate the leadership of the CCP".

Students angrily dismissed the allegations, made in a commentary due to appear in today's edition official *People's Daily* but broadcast in advance on national television.

They insisted their campaign for democratic freedoms was within the law and vowed to continue.

The official media broke virtual silence on week-old unrest which has rocked Beijing and other cities by urging the entire population to unite in a "serious political struggle" against the movement for democratic freedoms.

The statement appeared to herald a crackdown and lessen the chances of dialogue between protesters and government, which students say is their key goal.

One option mentioned at the Politburo meeting to handle the situation was to identify student leaders and to stop them continuing the student protests by "severe means".

These means include warnings, and if the warnings are not heeded, detention and arrests.

The People's Armed Police is known to have been placed on alert.

Students and residents of the district where most of the schools are located reported troops from outlying counties have moved into the district in preparation for an eventual crackdown.

Informed sources said more than 10,000 troops had been brought in, most of them coming from the huge military base at Baoding, 120 kilometres southwest of the capital.

"They've moved into the hotels and empty buildings," said one youth.

"They make so much noise it's hard to miss them."

Today's *People's Daily* editorial described student protests as well as riots that have broken out in Xian and Changsha as a "planned conspiracy" by a minority of people to "render the minds of the people confused and to plunge the whole country into chaos".

The aim of the agitators and schemists, the editorial said, is to bring about large-scale instability and "to negate the leadership of the CCP".

The party and Government, the daily added, is now engaged in a "serious political struggle" with the unlawful elements, on the outcome of which depends the fate of the nation.

A total of 83 people remain in custody following the weekend riots in Changsha and Xian.

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

# China says UK free to grant right of abode

From S.Y. WAI in Beijing

BEIJING yesterday assured the visiting House of Commons Foreign Affairs Committee that Britain was free to offer a right of abode in the United Kingdom to the 3.28 million British Dependent Territory Citizens of Hongkong.

Committee chairman David Howell said his committee had learned from senior Chinese officials that China had "categorically no objections" to such a move.

But he declined to commit the committee to pressing the British Government to grant full citizenship in its report due in June.

He would say only that Hongkong's call for an insurance policy to help strengthen people's confidence in the territory was very much recognised and understood in Beijing as it was in Hongkong and Britain.

Speaking at a press briefing, Mr Howell described the committee's four-day fact-finding mission in the Chinese capital as "extremely useful and constructive" in which long and cordial discussions were held with senior Chinese officials.

Legislators and Executive Councillors welcomed Beijing's clarification and saw the latest development as China's attempt to clear the air in the British nationality controversy.

"The ball is now squarely in Britain's court," Executive Councillor Rita Fan Hsu Lai-tai said last night.

"Now the pressure is on and whether it is realistic or not, the British Government and Members of Parliament will have to consider this matter very carefully and see if they can do something positive about it."

Despite mounting pressure from Hongkong to offer territory residents the right to live in Britain, Whitehall has refused, saying that China would object.

The eight-member committee delegation made it clear at the start of a week-long visit that it would be difficult for Britain to open its doors to the 3.25 million BDTC passport holders.

"If they cannot change or amend the British Nationality Act, they could at least consider how the Home Affairs Office could flexibly deal with applications," Mrs Fan said.

Legislator Nellie Fong Wong Kut-man felt China had removed any lingering doubts that it was opposed to the granting of nationality rights to local people by the British Government.

The visit to Beijing by the committee was part of the inquiry into Hongkong's transition up to 1997 and the implementation of the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

Mr Howell said the committee had brought up with the Chinese side all the worries and issues raised to the committee while in Hongkong last week.

"I know it is correct to say that in every case in all these anxieties the response has been positive and encouraging.

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 8)

## Property Post

JAPANESE investors over the last four months have pumped money into the local property market at nearly double the rate of the last two years.

So far this year Japanese property investment in Hongkong has reached about $3.2 billion according to Jones Lang Wootton. This compares with estimates of $4.46 billion and $4.45 billion for 1988 and 1987, respectively.

This latest interest by investors from Japan indicate that they have not been discouraged by higher prices, declining yields and the risks associated with 1997.

On top of this figure, Kumagai Gumi (Hongkong) agreed in January to pay $1.45 billion for a 15-storey hotel in Tsim Sha Tsui, to be built on the old Kowloon-Canton Railway Corp staff quarters site.

● See today's 18-page Property Post

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## WEATHER

Morning showers.
Max temp 23 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Staff crisis in territory Viet camps

By SIMON MACKLIN

THE Correctional Services Department is suffering from a 45 per cent staff shortage in refugee and detention centres used to hold Vietnamese boat people leading to increasing concerns over security.

The assistant Commissioner of the Correctional Services Department, Mr Ish Bhagat, said he had about 700 staff in the centres used to hold about 22,000 boat people and refugees.

He said to fulfil their existing commitment running four detention centres, three refugee centres and the Green Island reception centre, the department required at least 1,350 staff.

"We have a shortfall (of staff) of about 45 per cent in the closed camps as well as the detention centres and most of the staff are having to work longer shifts," Mr Bhagat said.

But he said the problem might deteriorate even further if Vietnamese boat people continued to arrive at the present rate.

The shortage is understood to be the result of a high wastage rate among temporary staff employed in the centres along with an increase in posts due to the continually growing Vietnamese population.

A further 113 Vietnamese boat people sailed into Hongkong yesterday bringing the number arriving so far this year to 3,386.

Mr Bhagat said that if the Government proceeded with plans to expand the Whitehead Detention Centre to hold an additional 10,000 boat people, then more staff would have to be recruited.

It is understood that at least 314 extra posts would be created in the Correctional Services Department when Whitehead is completed.

But senior officials in the Security and Finance Branches have said they believe there is "little point" in creating further posts to cope with the expanding Vietnamese population.

● Overcrowded camps crisis – Page 5

Given the low response to recruitment campaigns and the high wastage rate, the senior officials have said the department will have to meet its requirements within its existing establishment ceiling.

The officials have budgeted, however, for the extra overtime allowances for the department.

Mr Bhagat said despite the staff shortages, security was given "priority" at the refugee and detention centres with staff placed on the gates and around the perimeter of the centres.

But he admitted supervision of the Vietnamese people within the centres was suffering as a result of the shortage.

"There are problems, supervision is affected. If in a dormitory you need two staff then we are often only able to provide one," he said.

Police were providing extra security in the immediate areas around camps and were on-hand to assist if there were any problems within the centres, Mr Bhagat said.

The department has opened three temporary recruitment centres within the last year in an attempt to beat the staff shortage.

Figures provided by the Government show Correctional Services suffered a 12.7 per cent wastage rate among staff last year.

A spokesman for the department said there were plans to open an additional two recruitment centres in the next few months to try and attract more staff.

The Government yesterday announced details of plans to open a temporary detention centre in Lowu to hold the new arrivals.

"The Lowu camp will be available in about two to three months' time to be used if necessary in place of Erskine as a temporary holding centre for new arrivals," a Government spokesman said.

The camp is presently used by the army to house soldiers on border duty but could be adapted to hold as much as 1,800 boat people, he said.

Reuter

Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita is swamped by journalists.

# Takeshita resigns to 'preserve democracy'

From Correspondents in Tokyo

PRIME Minister Noboru Takeshita said he would resign to preserve democracy and restore trust in Japanese politics following the country's worst postwar political scandal.

Mr Masayoshi Ito, 75, a leading member of the ruling party and former Foreign Minister, reportedly is the leading candidate to replace Mr Takeshita.

Mr Takeshita said at his official residence: "I decided to resign in the hope that public confidence in politics will be restored, but this must ultimately be decided by the people.

"I offer my deep apology to the people of our country, particularly for allowing political distrust to deepen due to affairs in which I was involved," he said. "The scandal has posed a serious threat to parliamentary democracy".

Mr Takeshita said he and his cabinet will resign after approval of the 1989 Budget by the Diet, Japan's parliament, which is expected in May.

He declined to comment on his successor, saying the matter must be decided through the Liberal Democratic Party, which has 40 days to select a new prime minister.

Mr Ito, who said on Monday he did not want the job because of failing health, said yesterday, "I would have no qualms about being chosen, but I believe it is a bit too early".

An eight-term representative in the Diet from the northern state of Fukushima and chairman of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party's (LDP) executive board, Mr Ito is one of the few leaders of the ruling party who has not been touched by the scandal.

Business leaders welcomed the resignation as a sign that the nearly year-old bribery scandal may soon come to an end. Prices on the Tokyo Stock Exchange shot up, with the average price registering the third largest single-day gain this year.

But Mr Takeshita's political opponents said his resignation would not bring an end to the scandal and pledged to continue to push for a full investigation, including calling former Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone to testify.

Despite the resignation, opposition parties refused to end their boycott of parliamentary committee meetings that has stalled passage of the 1989 Budget, which was to have taken effect on April 1, the Kyodo news service reported.

● Smiles amid the solemnity as leader bows out – Page 23

The Takeshita resignation seemed to catch President George Bush's administration off guard. "Don't know anything about it", Mr Bush said upon arriving in San Jose, California.

White House press secretary Martin Fitzwater added: "Whatever the situation . . . we would not expect (the US-Japanese) relationship to change in any substantive way."

Japanese Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno said the resignation would not affect foreign policy.

Mr Takeshita said: "For the sake of consistency and continuity of our foreign policy" he would go ahead with his planned nine-day trip to five Asian nations scheduled to begin on Saturday.

Political analysts said the resignation may lead to more stability in foreign affairs since government officials can now focus their energy on carrying out policy rather than fighting the scandal.

The scandal not only toppled Mr Takeshita's Government but also threatened the ruling Liberal Democratic Party's 30 years of leadership in the Diet.

Mr Takeshita became Prime Minister in November 1987. His two-year term

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 6)

# Government sticks by inflation prediction

THE Government still believes in its inflation projection of 8.5 per cent for 1989, despite three successive months of rates far above the predicted level.

The latest Consumer Price Index (CPI) released by the Census and Statistics Department shows an inflation rate of 9.5 per cent for households spending $2,000 to $6,499 per month.

Inflation for February and January was 10 per cent and 9.5 per cent.

Government economist Alan McLean said: "There's nothing to indicate any major change in the prediction."

Economists at banks and stockbroking houses, however, believe this is too conservative an estimate, and predictions of the average inflation rate for 1989 range from 10 to 11 per cent.

Others point out that the moving average of the CPI, a tool used by economists to gauge if inflation would be in line with government predictions, shows a strongly rising trend for inflation.

Internal inflationary pressures, in particular rising wages generated by low unemployment rates, were blamed for inflation more than external pressures of high import prices.

Meanwhile, a high inflation rate is seen as a necessary evil in countering an overheated economy.

● See Business Post


MAUD FRIZON

PARIS

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# Armed robberies rise despite fewer crimes

By JENNIFER COOKE

VIOLENT crimes, particularly armed robberies, have increased in the past three months despite a drop of 3½ per cent in the overall crime rate.

The use of guns or imitations in just over half of the 16 robberies a day this year is creating "a lot of concern", the Deputy Director of Crime, Mr Peter Wong Tsan-kwong, admitted yesterday after announcing crime statistics for the first quarter.

With the number of armed robberies likely to continue increasing, the use of pistols and fake guns could indicate a trend.

Mr Wong said all guns are imported as Hongkong does not manufacture or produce its own, even though some people have converted toy pistols.

China has been co-operating with Hongkong police in detecting in-coming firearms.

But while there are other sources, such as the Philippines, "they don't feature prominently on the local scene at this stage", Mr Wong said.

Mr Wong said that 20.3 per cent (3,750) of the 18,470 crimes committed in the territory in the first quarter were violent.

The daily rate of violent cases rose by 1.4 per cent to 41.7 on last year's last quarter and represented an almost five per cent increase on the same period last year.

Eighteen murders were reported in the first quarter

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 4)

# Green light for battle plan on pollution

By JAMIE ALLEN

AN ambitious timetable for curbing Hongkong's pollution crisis was given the green light by the Executive Council yesterday.

The target dates extend from 1989 to 1994-95 and covers more than 50 programs embracing the whole pollution spectrum.

It is understood that although many of the new targets cover air and noise pollution measures, other goals have been set to tackle Hongkong's worsening water quality and waste disposal problem.

Environmental planning, enforcement of legislation and education are also budgeted for in the $20 billion White Paper, as reported exclusively in yesterday's *South China Morning Post*.

A senior environmental official said the targets laid down were "optimistic" and the Government was putting itself under quite a bit of pressure to realise them.

"In legislative terms the targets are very tight," he said.

Sources said the chief measure aimed at significantly improving water quality was a plan to amend the Water Pollution Control Ordinance by next year.

They said the bill would probably demand tough action against those who polluted Hongkong's waters.

An idea to review by 1990 sources of pollution caused by floating refuse, fish farming and rubbish from ships was put forward. Special action plans to deal with pollution black spots are also being considered.

It is understood that other highlights of the White Paper include drafting an

Air Pollution Control (Amendment) Bill, with tougher penalties, towards the end of this year or early next; extending statutory controls on asbestos by 1990-91; developing codes of practice for the minimisation of construction dust by 1991; completing the expansion of the air monitoring system over the whole of Hongkong by 1994-95; declaring air control zones to cover the remaining parts of Hongkong by next year.

New measures to deal with excessive noise from roads and construction sites include – with targets all falling within the next two to three years – paving more sections of roads with noise-reducing material and extending noise controls to restrict noisy building practices such as rubble disposal.

Sources said noise levels allowed for under the Hongkong Planning Standards and Guidelines may also be lowered by 1990.

In the area of waste, the Government wants to start building a clinical waste incinerator in the Western New Territories by 1993-94 and review the livestock waste control scheme in 1990 to see if its 1996 completion date can be brought forward.

Waste recycling also gets

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

● Editorial – Page 22

# Big quakes hit China and Mexico

EARTHQUAKES capable of causing severe damage hit China and Mexico yesterday.

The second strong earthquake in nine days hit Sichuan province's Batang County, near Tibet, causing the top floors of five apartment buildings to collapse.

There were no immediate reports of casualties from the earthquake, which measured 6.7 on the Richter scale.

An earthquake measuring 6.8 on the Richter scale shook Mexico City. No casualties or major damage were reported.

The earthquake struck about 290 kilometres southwest of Mexico City.

Associated Press

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26, 1989 | $3.00

## Death for bombing jet

■ Kim Hyun Hui, sentenced to death yesterday, leaving court after a hearing.

SEOUL: A criminal court sentenced a confessed North Korean agent to hang for blowing up a South Korean airliner and killing all 115 aboard, but there were strong hints she would win a reprieve.

Officials said the government, which pins full blame on North Korea for the November 1987 disaster, was likely to quash the death sentence on Kim Hyun Hui, 27.

They said that despite repeated admissions of guilt, Seoul considered her merely a pawn of the North Korean communists.

Kim, also known as "Mayumi" from the false passport name she used, had told the court she planted bombs aboard Korean Air Lines Flight 858 on the direct orders of Kim Jong Il, son of North Korean President Kim Il Sung.

The aim, she said, was to fan security fears about the 1988 Olympic Games in Seoul, and discourage nations.

North Korea has denied any role in the destruction of Flight 858, which vanished over the Andaman Sea off Burma during a flight from Baghdad to Seoul. No bodies were ever found.

Kim, who left the doomed plane during a stopover in Abu Dhabi, was later detained in Bahrain with her elderly male companion, who committed suicide with cyanide pills.

She also took poison but survived to be extradited a few days later to South Korea, where she made a full confession.

Yesterday's death sentence from the Seoul District Court, announced by chief Judge Chong Sang Hak, was generally expected. The former child actress lowered her head and sobbed on hearing the verdict. She has one week to lodge an appeal.

Hundreds of riot policemen were outside the court building, while inside the chamber plainclothes police and security personnel packed the two front rows of seats. A handful of bereaved relatives wailed as Judge Chong began to speak.

The chief judge said the court had agonised over imposing the death penalty, weighing the grief of the victims' families but also the apparent sincerity of Kim's remorse.

He acknowledged taking into account the view that "we should welcome her to the warm bosom of the Republic of Korea ..."

Finally, Judge Chong said, the court decided that North Korea remained "a most hostile government determined to overthrow and destroy the liberal democratic system".

He added: "At this juncture, we should not be sentimental. In the sense of our determination to safeguard the liberal democratic system, we should deal sternly with all terrorist elements ... We condemn the accused to death." – Reuter

# Japanese PM resigns over share scandal

TOKYO: Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita announced yesterday his resignation over the country's biggest political scandal in decades, but left the timing of his departure and succession unclear.

His action failed to break a parliamentary stalemate over the national budget.

Mr Takeshita indicated he would remain in his post for another month or so until the budget was passed, but did not name his successor.

The top candidate appears to be former Foreign Minister Masayoshi Ito.

He is the only senior member of the Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) not implicated in the scandal, involving huge payments from the Recruit publishing and telecommunications group.

Mr Ito, 75, is believed to be suffering from diabetes and he has hinted to reporters that he had already declined an offer of the leadership.

Political analyst Hisayuki Miyake said if Mr Ito turned down the job, it would throw the LDP into turmoil.

But "there is no politician who does not want to be prime minister", he said.

INSIDE:
■ Self-effacing Mr Fixit falls at the final fence; How the Recruit affair unfolded; Likely successor a stubborn conservative. **Page 15** ▶

Soon after Mr Takeshita announced his resignation to take responsibility for the Recruit scandal, opposition party members hinted they would end their parliamentary boycott which has blocked the budget since early March.

But when the budget debate resumed in the evening, the opposition seats were empty and opposition party members accused the ruling party of setting an unreasonable timetable for passage of the budget.

"The budget and Recruit are two completely different matters," said Michio Watanabe, chairman of the LDP's Research Council. "They (the opposition) mustn't hold the people's livelihood as hostage."

Mr Takeshita earlier told a televised news conference: "I must especially make a deep apology for my personal involvement in the case and I have decided to step down in order for the people to regain confidence in politics."

Big business reacted with relief that the political uncertainty appeared to be clearing, and the yen and the Tokyo stock market soared in light of Mr Takeshita's imminent departure.

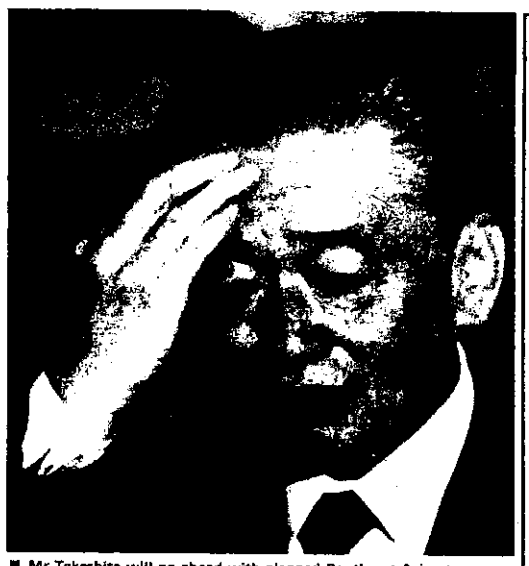
The Nikkei Stock Average jumped 438.86 points to 33,244.78 on the Tokyo Stock Exchange and brokers said share prices were expected to rise further.

The Japanese currency rose 0.21 yen to 131.17 yen to the US dollar and foreign exchange dealers said they believed the political confusion in Japan had peaked.

There had been moves among some investors to continue selling the yen in light of the recent unstable political situation, they said.

Mr Takeshita said he would still set off on a long-scheduled trip to Southeast Asian countries on Saturday despite the crisis.

Mr Takeshita is the fourth Japanese prime minister since 1945 to be forced from power as a result of political scandals.



■ Mr Takeshita will go ahead with planned Southeast Asian tour.

The last Japanese prime minister forced to step down was Mr Takeshita's one-time mentor Kakuei Tanaka, who quit in 1974 over shady real-estate deals.

The opposition parties, who have been handed their best chance for years to topple the LDP, welcomed Mr Takeshita's announcement.

"I have a feeling that he missed the timing and it's too late. But it's a first step on the way to victory for the people," said Takako Doi, leader of the main opposition Japan Socialist Party. Business analysts said they expected no major changes as a result of Mr Takeshita's decision.

"Individuals are not terribly concerned about the political situation," said a senior broker at Sanyo Securities.

The public reacted to the political drama with some relief, but mostly cynicism and boredom. "I really don't care and I don't think this will change anything," said a student.

Hours after Mr Takeshita's resignation announcement, Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno reconfirmed that the premier would go ahead with his nine-day tour of Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia and the Philippines to ensure "consistency and continuity" in Japan's diplomacy.

The tour will figure in Japan's foreign policy even after Mr Takeshita's imminent resignation, Mr Uno said, adding: "The premier's every action during the tour will be important and be carried over to the next government." – Agencies

## Arrests loom as Beijing hits at 'conspiracy'

**By Tammy Tam in Beijing**

BEIJING University students went into an emergency meeting last night to discuss a tough warning by the Communist Party that student-led agitation was "a planned conspiracy".

They feared the warning meant authorities were planning to crack down on them after more than a week of demonstrations and protests demanding more democracy.

"This is their first step," said a Beijing University student as the warning was played repeatedly over loudspeakers on campus. "We can expect arrests to come soon."

The *People's Daily*, the mainland Communist Party newspaper, said in an editorial to be published today that the student-led protest was "a planned conspiracy" aimed at "negating the leadership of the party and the socialist system".

The editorial, reported by the official Xinhua News Agency and broadcast by China Central Television, called on party members and the Chinese people to recognise the gravity of the struggle, stand united against public disturbances and protect the nation's hard-earned stability.

It blamed a "handful of people with ulterior motives" who "have continued to use the grief of students to fabricate rumours in an attempt to create greater unrest."

The tough message, the first since unrest began 10 days ago following the death of former party chief Hu Yaobang, coincided with an order telling factories to keep workers from striking in sympathy with the students.

It came a day after students began boycotting classes as part of their campaign, and after weekend riots in two provincial cities.

While the editorial delivered the tough part of Beijing's message, the government also agreed to send three officials to meet student representatives at Qinghua University.

However, the officials, from the State Council, the State Education Commission and the Beijing party branch, were forced to scrap their mission when the students could not decide who should attend the meeting.

In another official contact, the official All-China Students Federation (ACSF) and Beijing Students Federation (BSF) met representatives of the protesting students to discuss the campaign.

"We want to hear their opinions and then decide our next work plans," said Mr Wang Weiwei, deputy secretary-general of the ACSF.

INSIDE:
■ Workers warned off protest; Conflicts threaten movement; Chen lends support. **Page 6** ▶

■ Continued **Page 6**

## Failed hijacker blows himself up

A HIJACKER blew himself up by detonating explosives strapped on his back after he failed to force a domestic Chinese airliner to fly to Taiwan, Chinese News Service reported yesterday.

The agency said two passengers were injured in the explosion after the attempt on Monday to hijack an airliner carrying 44 passengers and six crew members on a flight from Ningbo in Zhejiang province to Xiamen in the neighbouring eastern province of Fujian.

It said the hijacker, who was carrying a pass from the journalism department of a university, stabbed an airline hostess in the hand before charging into the cockpit and demanding to be flown to Taiwan.

The pilot fooled the hijacker by flying around before landing in the city of Fuzhou in Fujian, it added.

The agency said the hijacker then blew himself up.

It said the airliner belonged to Shanghai Eastern Airlines but gave no other details about the plane.

China's last previous hijacking came last May, when two Chinese used a toy gun and fake explosives to force a jetliner to fly from Xiamen to an air base in Taiwan.

Taiwan gave political asylum to the two and let the plane fly back to China five hours later. The two hijackers were later sentenced to 3½ years in prison. – AP

## Zhou rules out protest over full UK passports

**By Stanley Leung in Beijing**

CHINA would not object to any decision by London to grant the 3.2 million Hongkong British passport holders a full passport.

The message was clearly sent yesterday by the Chinese Vice Foreign Minister, Mr Zhou Nan, to the visiting British Foreign Affairs Select Committee.

After a meeting between the committee and Mr Zhou, committee chairman Mr David Howell said Mr Zhou had categorically denied any objection from China to such a decision.

There have been worries that China may protest if Britain grants Hongkong's 3.2 million British Dependent Territory Citizens passport holders the right of abode in Britain.

Mr Howell said this issue was for the Parliament, the British government and Hongkong to solve.

He refused to say whether the committee would press the British government to give Hongkong people full passports.

"You are asking me to anticipate what we will put in our report and to anticipate what the British government will decide. I can't do either thing," he said.

On the question of Vietnamese boat people, Mr Howell said the worries were understood and recognised by Beijing.

Before meeting Chinese officials, a committee member, Mr Bowen Wells, said they would press for Beijing's co-operation to stop the boat people sailing to Hongkong.

Mr Zhou was said to have told the committee China had been trying to dissuade boat people reaching the Chinese coast from sailing on to Hongkong.

The question of solving the refugee problems before 1997 was not raised at the meeting.

Mr Howell said the committee had raised all the worries of Hongkong people with the Chinese officials. "In every case, the response has been positive and encouraging."

The worries expressed in Hongkong had received encouraging responses, he said.

Mr Howell said the committee felt Beijing was aware of the concern of Hongkong people.

"We would certainly be commenting in the report upon returning to London about the need to do everything we could to strengthen the confidence in the run-up to 1997 and after," he said.

He refused to say whether the future report would be critical of China.

The committee also raised the worries over the disturbing statements made by Chinese officials.

"In future, the kinds of things that were said to us here in Beijing should be promulgated much more widely and effectively to overcome the anxiety," he said.

Mr Howell said China also responded positively to Hongkong's democratic developments.

The committee had raised the election of the first chief executive and the possibility of a referendum conducted in Hongkong before 1997.

"As far as the pace of democracy is concerned, Beijing takes the view that they will endorse and approve anything which is settled in Hongkong," Mr Howell said.

Like the previous assurance given by senior Chinese officials and legislators including Mr Li Hou, Mr Zhou also said the pace of future democratic development would be up to Hongkong to sort out.

The eight-member delegation concluded their three-day visit and left for Hongkong where they would take a direct flight back to London.

Meanwhile, the Tai Po District Board yesterday agreed unanimously that Britain should be asked to grant the right of abode to Hongkong's British passport holders.

The common stand would be submitted formally to the FAC.

Board member Mr Stephen Tang said all boards should make formal submissions to the FAC because such a move was politically significant.

■ Continued **Page 2**

## Secret report on island dangers to be released

**By Johnson Sze**

A SECRET report on dangerous industrial installations on Tsing Yi Island, kept under wraps since its completion in 1982, will be released by the Government tomorrow.

The study includes detailed assessments of the potential hazards posed by the 10 industrial installations on Tsing Yi, including six oil terminals and four chemical process plants. It includes a second updated report.

Resident groups on the island and Kwai Tsing District Board members have been pressing for full disclosure of the report since it was completed.

A Government official told *The Hongkong Standard* that the Executive Council took note of the results of the latest assessment of the installations at the council's weekly meeting yesterday.

Kwai Tsing District Board has scheduled a special meeting to vet the two reports on May 15.

Sources said copies of the full report will be on sale at Government publication sales outlets.

The report on the second assessment study is expected to contain up-to-date information on each of the island installations.

Safety measures deemed necessary for the installations are also in the report.

It is likely to make recommendations on the use of about 30 hectares of land, but development on these sites has been put on hold because of their proximity to hazardous installations.

District board members said they were eager to see how far remedial measures recommended by the 1982 study have been implemented by the Government.

Uppermost in the minds of the district board members are the removal of the three oil depots and gas terminals that are closest to homes – Mobil, Gulf Oil and China Resources' Nga Ying Chau terminal.

Board chairman, Mr Lee Wing-tat, said he hoped the latest report would include a firm commitment from the Government to relocate the oil-gas terminals.

The safety levels of the Mobil and Gulf oil depots were said to have been "on the borderline of acceptability" in the 1982 report.

China Resources' Nga Ying Chau – a small island off the northeast corner of Tsing Yi – has been joined to Tsing Yi by reclamation since.

The mainland-funded oil depot is today surrounded by rapidly mushrooming public housing.

Another concern of Tsing Yi residents is the storage of chlorine by the island's chemical manufacturing plants.

The Tsing Yi representative on the district board, Mr Li Chi-fai, expects a full account of toxic chemicals stored on the island.

He also is calling for a long term policy on the so-called potentially hazardous installations (PHIs) and fuel storage in the territory.

Mr Li said existing planning and regulations on the PHIs should be overhauled.

It is understood that the 1982 assessment study blames "problems in planning procedures and a lack of resources in Government" for the potential hazards posed by the co-existence of the PHIs and residential developments.

The study, as a consequence, calls for a new land zone for the PHIs to be found.

A statutory body was proposed to advise on all aspects of PHI operation.

But Government's planning system for PHIs have remained largely unchanged since 1982, except for a non-statutory committee on PHIs chaired by the Secretary for Lands and Works.

May 1 starting date

HongKongTelecom 香港電訊

PALS

■ Beginning next Monday, *The Hongkong Standard* and Hong Kong Telecom team up for an exciting new venture.

■ PALS (Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills) will appear daily in our EDUCATION section.

■ It will include BBC English — material supplied by the BBC World Service — discussion of language problems by textbook authors, and quizzes and puzzles aimed at developing language skills.

■ Don't miss PALS, starting on May 1.

**INSIDE TODAY**

Daily JobMarket

Better jobs for everyone
**Every day**

**Orbis**
A SCHOOLGIRL and a graduate of the School of Traditional Medicine in Chengdu are the two surprise additions to Project Orbis, the flying eye hospital dedicated to eradicating blindness around the world.
**Page 3**
Project Orbis has raised $431,286 in its Hongkong appeal. Have you contributed?
**Page 21**

**Business**
The disparity in the rules of origin between Hongkong and the European Economic Community is troubling local television manufacturers now under investigation for alleged dumping in Europe.
**Business section**

Federal government changes to immigration laws now before Parliament have been criticised by a coalition of groups that include the International Commission of Jurists as inhumane and possibly unconstitutional. This and all the latest news from Down Under in our weekly AUSTRALIA TODAY supplement.
**Liftout**

**WEATHER:** 18°C — 23°C. Morning showers. Details on Page 23

## Maid faces sack for letter theft

**By Antony Cheeseweright**

A ROYAL servant pinpointed by police as the thief who stole intimate letters from Princess Anne is to be dismissed.

The maid, who acted out of spite when she handed the four letters written by the Queen's Equerry to a national newspaper, has been interviewed four times by detectives.

The woman, a spinster, will not be prosecuted because Buckingham Palace has told Scotland Yard that the Queen does not want the adverse publicity a court case would inevitably bring.

But she will have to give a written undertaking that she will not discuss the sensitive letters from Commander Tim Laurence either in Britain or abroad.

Princess Anne had always suspected the maid, and immediately after the theft prohibited her from going into rooms where there might be confidential papers.

The woman, who has travelled abroad on a number of royal tours, has repeatedly denied the allegation despite intense questioning by Scotland Yard's Serious Crime squad.

## Mark Six

THERE were no winners of the first prize in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 7, 8, 11, 12, 23 and 42 yesterday.

The extra number was 20.

The second prize of $147,091 each had eight winners while the third prize of $9,234 each had 274 winning units.

The next draw takes place tomorrow.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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1989年4月27日 星期四 已巳年三月廿二

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴转多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 23℃ 最低 11℃

人民日报社出版


## 李鹏会见泰国内政部长一行时强调

# 国家必须维持正常社会秩序

新华社北京4月26日电（记者周嘉朴）国务院总理李鹏今天下午在中南海会见泰国客人时强调，任何国家必须维持一个“正常的社会秩序”。

李鹏说：“任何一个国家，不管其社会制度如何，如果不能维持一个正常的社会秩序，不要说发展，就连生存也不可能。”

他是在会见泰国内政部长巴曼上将和夫人一行时说这番话的。巴曼上将应国务委员兼公安部长王芳的邀请前来中国进行访问。于昨天抵达北京。

会见时，李鹏说，泰国的内政部和中国的公安部是十分重要的部门。他称赞这两个部门合作得很好。

李鹏对泰国客人说：“中国政局是稳定的，改革开放的政策不会变。”

宾主还就柬埔寨问题交换了意见。李鹏说，中泰双方在支持柬埔寨抵抗力量反对越南侵略方面进行了很好的合作。中国希望把这一合作坚持到底。

他说，现在国际社会面临的重大问题仍然是，要促使越南在今年9月底之前在国际监督下全部真正地从柬埔寨撤军。建立以西哈努克亲王为首的四方临时联合政府。中国将一如既往为此作出努力。李鹏指出，柬埔寨实现民族和解的阻力不是来自民柬三方，而是来自越南及其扶植的韩桑林一类政权。

巴曼上将对李鹏总理说，今天上午，他同王芳的会谈进行得很好，泰中两国有着传统的友谊，两国关系一直很好。

# 北京上海召开党员干部大会 号召迅速行动坚决制止动乱

新华社北京4月26日电 中共北京市委今天下午在人民大会堂召开全市基层党员干部大会，号召全市共产党员和广大干部、工人、农民、学生、居民以及各民主党派成员、爱国民主人士，积极行动起来，坚决、迅速地制止由极少数人制造的动乱，维护得来不易的安定团结的政治局面。

参加大会的有1万人。

中共中央政治局委员、中共北京市委书记李锡铭在大会上讲话指出，当前有极少数别有用心的人借学生悼念胡耀邦同志的机会，蓄意制造谣言，煽动不明真相的青年学生冲击新华门，指名攻击党和国家领导人，甚至有人喊出“打倒共产党”等反动口号。他说，部分学生在胡耀邦同志追悼会结束以后进行的张贴大字报、搞串连、组织“战斗队”、成立非法的学生组织等活动，是在制造混乱。

李锡铭说，我们对这场动乱不能再容忍了。不坚决制止这场动乱，将国无宁日。我们要采取坚决措施迅速加以制止，以维护首都和全国安定团结的政治局面。

李锡铭要求全市共产党员和全市人民认真学习人民日报《必须旗帜鲜明地反对动乱》的社论，在思想上和行动上与党中央保持一致；全市各级领导干部要深入实际，耐心做好群众的思想工作，把广大青年学生的某些不妥当的言行同极少数别有用心的人的阴谋区别开来；要提高警惕，搞好社会治安，发动全市群众同少数搞打、砸、抢、烧的人进行坚决斗争；严禁在街头等公共场所张贴标语、演讲和进行其他非法活动，一旦发现，有关部门要立即依法进行处理；要坚决取缔非法组织，各单位不得为这些组织提供进行非法活动的场所；要严格禁止串联，特别要注意保护中、小学生的身心健康；全市党员要带头做好家属及子女的工作，以防上当受骗。

中共北京市委副书记、市长陈希同在会上说，人民日报社论是代表党中央的意见的，对这次事件作这样的结论是正确的。他要求全市共产党员以实际行动旗帜鲜明地反对动乱。

中共北京市委副书记汪家镠在会上通报了关于动乱的情况，并澄清了许多群众心的谣传。

**本报上海4月26日电** 记者瞿独伊报道：中共上海市委、市政府旗帜鲜明地反对当前的动乱。今天，市委召开全市有1.4万多人参加的党员干部大会，动员上海全体共产党员和全市人民积极行动起来，为坚决、迅速地制止这场动乱而斗争。

市委书记江泽民在讲话中，首先通报了近日来外地和上海发生的一些不正常情况以及上海市采取的措施。他指出，上海总的情况是好的，但是部分高校也出现了一些矛头直接指向党和国家领导人的大、小字报、有些学生利用集会、演讲散布了一些更为露骨的错误言论。一些别有用心的人多次想把高校学生拉上街游行，面对这些情况，市委、市政府多次开会研究旗帜鲜明地加以反对，还及时发出了《通告》，明确提出要“严防坏人借题发挥，挑起事端，进行破坏活动”。上海高校的学生极大多数是识大体、顾大局的。因此，上海没有出现大规模的上街游行，没有出现罢课，没有影响正常生活秩序。

江泽民要求全体党员和全市人民：一、认真学习人民日报社论《必须旗帜鲜明地反对动乱》所传达的党中央的重要精神。二、要采取有效措施，坚决维护得来不易的安定团结的局面。决不允许成立任何非法组织；禁止非法游行示威；禁止以各种形式到工厂、农村、学校、机关进行串联；对于内容出格的大小字报、标语等，要坚决取去；对于打、砸、抢、烧的人，要依法制裁，予以严惩。三、坚持改革开放、治理整顿，振奋精神，同心协力，克服困难，为振兴上海、振兴中华作出贡献。四、要切实抓好“五一”、“五四”纪念活动。

江泽民同志还在会上宣布：鉴于《世界经济导报》总编辑、党组成员钦本立同志严重违反纪律，决定停止他的领导职务，并对《世界经济导报》进行整顿。

# 金日成回拜赵紫阳

## 双方进行亲切友好交谈

**本报平壤4月26日电** 记者徐宝康报道：朝鲜劳动党中央委员会总书记金日成今天上午前往百花园国宾馆，回拜中共中央总书记赵紫阳，双方进行了亲切友好的交谈。

上午9时20分，赵紫阳一行到宾馆门口大厅迎候金日成同志。两位领导人坐定后，金日成同志关心地问：“在这里生活习惯吧？我们朝鲜同北京只有1个小时的时差。”赵紫阳回答说：“来在没有时差了，中国4月16日开始实行了夏时制，所以平壤和北京的时间是一样的。”金日成笑着说：“所以我喜欢到中国去，因为没有时差，到欧洲去时差太大不习惯。”

赵紫阳兴奋地告诉金日成：“昨天晚上我们看了一个非常好的演出。这台节目艺术水平很高，听说这是金正日书记同志亲自抓的。朝鲜的文艺工作做得很好。我国文艺工作者经常到朝鲜，留下了深刻印象。”

赵紫阳还对金日成说：“中国不久以后将派一个800人的代表团参加在平壤举行的第13届世界青年联欢节，其中100人是文艺工作者。”

席间，双方领导人亲切交谈，就像一家人一样，热烈、真挚、兴致勃勃。

今天前往百花园国宾馆回拜赵紫阳总书记的朝鲜领导人还有延亨默、许錄等。

中国方面参加的有吴学谦、洪学智等。

# 高校成为基础研究重要力量

## 1982年至1987年获得成果占全国79.4%

**本报北京4月25日讯** 记者楊福智报道：最近公布的一份统计表明，高等院校已经成为我国基础研究中的一支重要力量。

国家自然科学基金会编印的《资助概览》说，自国家科学基金会成立以来，全国有200多所高校的基础研究得到资助，金额占基金总额的60%左右，获得资助的项目占国家基金资助总量的60%左右。有的高校的3/3的科研经费来自科学基金的资助。这就初步扭转了过去高校基础研究经费不足，有些项目不能开展的状况。这也为提高高校的教学水平创造了条件。

高等院校承担了一批高水平的基础科研任务。近两年，国家自然科学基金会资助了一批科学意义重大，学术思想先进的重大项目，其中80%以上由高等院校承担。在基金资助的高技术、探索性项目中，60%以上由高校承担。

据《资助概览》统计，这几年，高等院校在基础研究方面取得了较大的成绩。从1982年到1987年，高等院校写出的基础研究论著占全国的79.9%，获得的基础研究成果占全国79.4%。其中，无论在获得基金资助金额和在国际上发表论文数量，北京大学、清华大学、南京大学列各高校榜首。

# 一批先进集体和个人受表彰 讲理想比贡献竞赛取得成果

**本报北京4月26日讯** 记者黄美根报道：中国科协、国家计委于今日在这里召开表彰会，表彰1988年全国厂矿企业工程技术人员在“讲理想、比贡献”竞赛活动中作出贡献的先进集体104个和先进个人105名。

在表彰会上，中国科协书记处书记黄令中代表中国科协、国家计委对1988年全国厂矿企业开展的“讲理想、比贡献”竞赛活动作了总结讲话。

他说，一年来，这一活动坚持两个文明一起抓、以发扬企业精神、促进企业双增双节和技术进步为内容，取得显著成效。据统计，目前全国已有上万企业、上百万名工程技术人员参加。创造了经济效益68亿元。

# 武汉个体户偷漏税花样多 税务部门强化管理堵漏洞

**本报讯** 据今天出版的市场报报道：目前武汉市个体户达4.0万多户，比1982年增长5倍多。个体税收从1982年60多万元增长到1988年的2900万元。但由于现行征管法规和征管手段不够完善，个体户偷漏国税的现象相当普遍。其偷漏税的手段五花八门，多种多样。

一是承包和租赁小型商店，打着集体名义经营。前不久，江汉税务分局对中山大道江汉路的个体户进行了调查，发现16户承包有上述问题。

二曰“挂天桥”，借用执照、帐户、发票。这种情况相当普遍。

三是少算营业额，场外成交。同时，乱报费用，虚列雇用人名单，有意扩大成本，减少利润。

四是名存实账。据调查，汉正街小商品市场8至11月，在1300多名个体户中，近1/3报了停业，但实际上有不少转入“地下”或与外地来汉的个体户合作经营，逃漏国税。

为堵塞个体户偷税漏洞，武汉市税务局采取了一systems行之有效的办法。

首先，强化税收票据的管管。他们先后在铁路车站、公路要道、水路码头设立检查站，检查外来经商、本地外出采购个体户的货源流向，就地登记纳税。其次，工商、税务、公安成立联合管理办公室，统一征收国税和市场管理费。

推行簿帐管理。武汉税务局规定：月营业额5000元以上，服务费1000元以上以及合伙经营者，都要建帐。1988年已有8000多个体户建帐。

开门评税。江岸税务分局针对一些个体户多做少报的现象，有的放矢地进行市场调查，然后开门评税。上海答13家个体户存在漏税问题，江岸税务局在掌握第一手材料的基础上把他们找到一起“自报公议”。结果，这13家个体户报据各自的经营情况，分别补交了漏报的税款。

—◁●▷—

# 福州上空挫败一起劫机事件

## 飞机安全着陆，劫机歹徒自爆死亡

本报福州四月二十六日电 记者张锦清报道：二十四日下午，一架中国东方航空公司运七客机，在从宁波飞往厦门途中遭一歹徒劫持。由于机组人员和旅客密切配合，歹徒阴谋被挫败，飞机安全降落在福州机场。

现已查明，劫机者梁美真现年二十六岁，系江西省高安县靖山镇美岗村人，原务员张丽萍、林矿务局铁头矿地下电话工。去年七月，他以“办摄影培训班”为名向全国发“招生简章”进行诈骗，今年初，当地公安机关收到各地告发信，揭露梁的诈骗行径，公安部门已对梁立案审查。四月十日，梁请假外出，于二十四日下午在宁波乘五五六八航班三四八二号飞机飞往厦门途中作案。十七时五十分左右，这架飞机飞临福州附近空时，梁突然起持刀胁迫乘务员打开驾驶舱门，扬言要去台湾高雄，“你说狐狸”。在遭乘务员拒绝后，又逼迫乘务员与机组联系，在其阴谋败露，机组采取安全措施，飞机将在福州机场着陆时，梁美真纵引爆雷管，炸药炸毁飞机。梁美真自爆在危急关头，乘务员张丽萍、乘务员宋光荣负伤，梁美真自爆死亡。飞机于十八时〇九分安全着陆在福州机场。

—◁●▷—

## 许士杰梁湘答本报记者问

# 海南建省一年 基础设施改善

## 洋浦开发区土地使用权有偿转让带来可观投资

**本报海口4月26日电** 记者罗鼎荣报道：今天，是海南建省一周年。海南到底怎样了？记者日前访问了中共海南省委书记许士杰和省长梁湘。

**记者：** 去年建省之初，梁省长曾以“发展、改革、其高”六个字作为全省工作的施政纲领。省长能否就世人关注的能源、交通、通讯、供水等基础设施建设情况作一介绍？

**梁湘：** 可以自信地说，能源建设得到超前发展。去年全省投资2.5亿元办电，有4台发电机组建成投产，新增装机容量15万千瓦，使全省总装机容量达到83.2万千瓦。曾经严重困扰工农业生产发展和人民正常生活的电力供应，有了明显的改善。全省新增公路通车75.6公里。新建了洋浦港外公路。完成了三亚至“天涯海角”公路改造工程，改造了环岛主干线公路，新建了一些地方公路。四大港口的改造工程全面动工，同时，新辟空中航线4条，三亚新机场开始筹建。去年全省新增程控电话7000门。开辟长途电话电路154条，长途电报电路4条，海口的用户实现了直拨全国各大中城市以及香港和部分国际长途电话。

**记者：** 省长可否谈谈海南的外贸、利用外资的情况？

**梁湘：** 去年，全省对外贸易商品进出口总额7.71亿美元，其中出口总值2.81亿美元，比上年增长1.48倍。全省利用外资签约463项，比上年增长17.5倍。协议规定利用外资额达3.82亿美元，比上年增长27.1倍。全省旅游外汇收入8759万元外汇券，比上年增长40%。

**记者：** 请允许我提一个敏感的问题，即洋浦地区的开发问题。洋浦开发区在具体实施中是否违背了国务院的有关规定？

**许士杰：** “洋浦”这个地名恐怕还鲜为人知。洋浦地处海南西北部的儋县，是迪地仙人掌一片荒地，不宜种植。但洋浦有天然良港，有储量丰富的石油天然气。专家学者们测算过，海南要赶上先进地区，近16年内需要投入2000亿元，鉴于中央不可能拨出这笔巨资，靠地方积累也不可能。因此，中央早就指出。海南要实行以“引进外资为主”的方针。吸引外资在海南搞成片承包开发，对那些搞基础设施建设的外商应允许兼搞别的项目，实行统一规划，综合补偿，这是海南有别于其它经济特区的切实可行的新路子。

不是总说要按国际惯例办事吗？按国际间商贸办实业的惯例，任何一个国家的经济实体均可以到别的国家或地区购置地产，有些可有永久所有权、有些则需附加条件。

**记者：** 海南的洋浦属于永久性出让呢，还是有附加条件呢？

**许士杰：** 洋浦开发区实行的是土地使用权的有偿转让，其附加条件可以这样简明扼要地表达：叫“统一规划、成片开发、分期实施、以项目带土地”。在开辟搞什么项目，要受到中国法律的制约，要经过海南省政府的批准。外商在开发区内取得的权利只是获得企业的经营权。其它所有的主权均在我们手中。同时，国家的宪法明文规定，国家土地使用权可以有偿转让，国务院也给了海南有批准使用权70年的权限。所谓“以项目带土地”就是在统一规划的前提下，按项目的实际需要转让一定数量的土地。洋浦的地价是合算的，它每亩地带来的投资将达到外汇人民币220万元。

**记者：** 能否放宽目前海南最感困扰问题？

**许士杰：** 感到困扰的问题，也是省委、省府所高度重视的问题，主要是：海南所实施的“小政府、大社会”体制已经在省内确定。但政府职能还没有从直接管理向间接管理作根本转变；干部队伍的素质还不能适应建设的需要；一些部门工作检位、手续繁杂、效率很低，一些干部中存在行贿受贿的腐败现象；法制工作尚很不上形势发展的需要；科学、教育、文化、卫生事业仍然相当落后。在流通领域中，少数单位和个人倒卖批文、炒卖土地、偷税、骗税等违法违纪现象还存在；由于省外大量人员、资金涌入海南，流动人口猛增、社会购买力大大提高，但海南的生活资料生产和供应，特别是粮食生产和副食品生产基地建设跟不上，使得去年海南的物价上涨幅度过大。这些问题有体制上的，有历史遗留下来的，也有政府工作中的缺点造成的。海南省办大区是前无古人的事业，我们相信，在中央和国务院的正确领导下，经过全省人民的共同努力，我们完全有能力解决这些问题，取得改革、开放和经济建设的新成就。

# 胡厥文遗体告别仪式在京举行

## 杨尚昆李鹏万里乔石胡启立姚依林等和各界六百多人参加

新华社北京4月26日电 党和国家领导人同首都各界600多人今天下午在八宝山革命公墓，向忠诚的爱国主义者、著名的政治活动家、杰出的实业家、中国民主建国会创建人和卓越的领导人、中国共产党的亲密朋友胡厥文同志的遗体作最后诀别。

胡厥文同志是4月18日在北京病逝的，终年94岁。他曾任六届全国人大常委会副委员长，去世前是民建中央名誉主席；中华职业教育社通事长。

八宝山革命公墓礼堂庄严肃穆，哀乐低回。胡厥文同志的遗体安放在鲜花翠柏丛中，身上覆盖着中华人民共和国国旗。

杨尚昆、李鹏、万里、乔石、胡启立、姚依林等参加告别仪式并送了花圈。他们缓步走到胡厥文同志的遗体前鞠躬致敬，并向胡厥文同志夫人蒉福敏及其亲属表示亲切慰问。

前去向遗体告别并送花圈的还有：田纪云、李铁映、宋平、乔石伟、丙吉文、周明重、孟家宝、王平、刘澍沛、张劲夫、陈丕显、耿飚毅、秋里、姬鹏飞、黄华、习仲勋、彭冲、朱学范、阿旺晋美、荣毅仁、倪志福、陈慕华、费孝通、孙起孟、雷洁琼、宋健、李家华、任建新、刘复之、方毅、谷牧、杨静仁、康克清、王光英、胡厥、马文瑞、刘瑞龙、王恩度、钱学森、胡绳、孙晓村、程思远、刘华清、杨易辰、陈丹诚、汪锋等有关方面负责人、有关人士和生前友好。

赵紫阳、邓小平、陈云、李先念、彭真、邓颖超、徐向前、聂荣臻、王震、江泽民、李瑞环、李锡铭、杨汝岱、吴学谦、丁关根、海一波、宋任穷、王首道、伍修权、江华、李一氓、李德生、杨得志、肖克、余秋里、宋时轮、张爱萍、陆定一、杨得琦、胡乔木、黄镇、康世恩、程子华、韦国清、赛福鼎·艾尔孜、周谷城、严济慈、叶飞、廖汉生、王汉斌、王丙乾、王芳、辛贵鲜、陈希同、陈俊生、王任重、帕巴拉·格列朗杰、胡子昂、周培源、邓兆祥、赵朴初、巴金、钱伟长、卢嘉锡、饶正锡、苏步青、司马文·艾买提、侯德如、丁光训、洪学智等，送了花圈。

蔡畅、黄火青、傅钟、许德珩、楚图南、杨成武、吕正操、包尔汉、李以劻等也送了花圈。

中共中央、全国人大常委会、国务院、中顾委、中纪委、全国政协、最高人民法院、最高人民检察院、民盟中央等各民主党派中央、上海嘉定县领导机关等，送了花圈。

胡厥文同志的骨灰将安放在八宝山革命公墓。

国家主席杨尚昆向胡厥文的夫人蒉福敏等亲属表示深切慰问。

新华社记者 郭占英摄

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# 會大行舉海上京北
# 亂動止制界各籲呼

## 求要等化腐反出提生學定否不
## 許允不屬則行遊織組天今生學

【新華社北京二十六日電】中共北京市委今天下午在人民大會堂召開全市中共支部書記大會，號召全市黨員幹部堅決貫徹執行中共中央的決定，旗幟鮮明地反對動亂。有一萬人參加了大會。

中共北京市委副書記汪家鏡介紹了在悼念胡耀邦期間出現的首都高校部分學生動亂的事實真相。

中共中央政治局委員、北京市委書記李錫銘在講話中說，學生在胡耀邦追悼會結束以後進行的如張貼大字報、搞串連、組織「戰鬥隊」、成立非法的學生組織、搞罷課等活動，是在搞「文化大革命」的那一套，是在製造混亂。

他指出，不堅決制止動亂，將國無寧日，他要求全市工農商學各界人士積極行動起來，反對這場動亂。

北京市市長陳希同在大會上說，《人民日報》社論是代表黨中央的意見的，對這次事件作這樣的結論是正確的。這並沒有否定學生提出的如反對腐化、為改革清廉等我們共同要解決的問題。

他說，學生提出要清查領導人的財產，我是歡迎的。首先可以清查我和李錫銘的財產。他的話傳得全場興奮。會者的一陣熱烈掌聲。他要求各黨員幹部要為政清廉，「從我做起」。

李錫銘在會上向到會的廣大黨員、幹部提出，各發黨組織要立即行動起來，旗幟鮮明地反對這場動亂。各黨支部要組織黨員學習社論，統一思想認識。

他說，連了解明天非法的學生組織將組織學生舉行大規模遊行活動，道是不允許的。我們要堅決依不經過批准不准上街遊行的規定辦。

他要求各黨組織認真做好廣大黨員的思想工作，提高警惕，發現打、砸、搶行為要堅決制止。

他號召各級幹部要做好自己子女的工作，動阻子女不要參加非法活動。

李錫銘強調要制止北京公共場所進行非法集會、遊行和行動作堅決的鬥爭，自覺維護安定團結，改革開放和四化建設的大局。

中共上海市委書記江澤民在會上講話時指出，上海這段時間總的情況是好的。但是，問題也不少，形勢還是嚴峻的。上海部分高校也出現了一些不安定因素，一些極少數人利用集會、遊行和張貼大字報，煽動鬧事，製造謠言，進行破壞活動。

他號召各級幹部要旗幟鮮明地反對動亂，堅決維護安定團結的政治局面，以保證改革開放和改革的順利進行。

會議還決定，通過一項決議書，必須予以懲辦。

會議要求，通過一項決議書，必須予以懲辦。

會議還強調要維護首都的正常的社會秩序，教學秩序和人民革命的生活秩序，嚴厲打擊、砸、搶、燒等嚴重違犯罪行為。

## 北京市人大通過決議
## 盼珍惜安定團結局面

體會議還通過一項決議書，必須予以懲辦。

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## 首都學生停止上街演講
### 校方反覆廣播禁非法遊行規定

【本報北京二十六日專電】北京大學、三角地帶一內聚會。

在《人民日報》發表題為《必須旗幟鮮明地反對動亂》的社論後，北京各高等院校學生今日已停止上街講演和募捐。

今天晚上，一部分學生在北京二十六日電】今天開幕的北京市第九屆人民代表大會第二次會議，聽取和審議了市長陳希同作的關於一九八九年上半年國民經濟和社會發展計劃執行情況和下半年計劃草案的報告，決定批准這個報告。

會議還通過一項決議書，號召全市人民旗幟鮮明地同一切反對四項基本原則的言論和行動作堅決的鬥爭，自覺維護安定團結，改革開放和四化建設的大局。

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## 李鵬談社會問題稱
## 必須維持正常秩序
### 否則不要說發展連生存也不可能

【據新華社北京二十六日電】國務院總理李鵬今天下午在中南海會見泰國客人時強調，任何國家必須維持一個「正常的社會秩序」。

李鵬說，「任何一個國家，不管其社會制度如何，如果不能維持一個正常的社會秩序，不要說發展，就連生存也不可能。」

他是在會見泰國內政部民巴曼上將夫人一行時說這番話的。巴曼上將應國務委員兼公安部長王芳的邀請前來中國進行訪問，於昨天抵達北京。

李鵬對泰國客人說，「中國政局是穩定的，改革開放的政策不會變！」

李鵬說，「來之不易的安定團結的局面，江澤民最後指出，只要堅定地貫徹中央的一步貫徹落實。

治理整頓，同心協力，動各項方針政策的過渡，要堅持改革開放、

場動亂，而且必將推

## 天安門廣場
## 花圈已搬走

【據新社北京二

## 北京公安局發通告
## 嚴禁街頭演講募捐

【中新社北京二十七日電】北京市公安局整理了兩個通告。

有關進行的通告說，凡舉行遊行示威的必須依照北京市關於進行示威的暫行規定提出申請，未經許可的遊行都是非法的，並一律加以禁止。

另一個通告說，為了維護首都安定和正常的交通秩序，嚴禁集會、募捐和散發傳單，違者將依法處罰。

有媒介胡耀邦的花圈和胡耀邦的畫像。

花圈和畫像似乎是在星期三午夜左右搬走的，未知是由學生還是由當局移去。

## 台乒乓球隊組成
## 下月赴大陸參賽

【中新社香港二十六日電】台北消息：昨天組成，並定於五月十日前往大陸參加五月十三日至十七日在北京舉行的亞洲杯乒乓球錦標賽。台北乒乓球隊選手是：吳文嘉、馮聖欽和黃美珍（女）。領隊兼女子教練是周騰徹，男子教練是蘇一富。

## 北京三學生組織
## 市學聯指為非法

【據新華社北京二十六日英文電】北京「高校學生聯合會」、「統一學生會」和「學生自治會」所謂「學生組織的建立，並未依循中華人民共和國憲法和全國學生聯合會章程所規定的程序。

為非法組織。北京市學生聯合會今天發表的一項聲明說，這些


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# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期四　27　四月　一九八五年

港幣一角　今日出紙二張半連二百二十七號

一九八五年四月廿七日（己巳年三月廿二）星期四　文匯報　第一版　頭條新聞


## 反對搞文革一套組戰鬥隊串連

# 北京滬召開萬人大會

## 堅決貫徹改革開放方針

## 講演頭街禁及准批經須行遊申重告通京北

## 昨會見泰內政部長一行

## 李鵬強調維持秩序

### 稱國家若無正常秩序不可能生存

【據新華社北京二十六日電】國務院總理李鵬今天下午在中南海會見泰國客人詹猜親王率領的泰國內政部代表團一行。李鵬在會見時說，任何一個國家，不管其社會制度如何，如果不能維持一個正常的社會秩序，不要說發展，就連生存也不可能。」他是在會見泰國內政部長巴曼上將和夫人一行時發表這番話的。巴曼上將應國務委員兼公安部長王芳的邀請來中國進行訪問，於昨天抵達北京。

李鵬對泰國客人說：「中國改革開放的政策不會變。」他說，現在國際社會面臨的重大問題仍然是，要使世界經濟得以繼續向前發展，要防止戰爭，要制止南北差距的擴大，要建立一個新的國際政治經濟秩序。中國在這些問題上的立場是明確的，始終如一的。

李鵬對泰國客人說，中國人民正在為實現四個現代化而努力奮鬥。中國的穩定和發展，不僅符合中國人民的利益，而且有利於亞太地區的和平與穩定。

監誓下全部真正地從東埔寨撤軍，建立以西哈努克親王為首的四方臨時聯合政府。中國對一如既往為此作出努力。

## 北京通告重申遊行須經批准及禁街頭演講

【本報訊】綜合新華社、中新社北京廿六日電：中共北京市委今天下午在人民大會堂召開全市中共支部書記大會，號召全市黨員旗幟鮮明地反對動亂，有一萬人參加了大會。中共北京市委副書記李錫銘在會上傳達了胡耀邦關於出現的首都高校部分學生鬧事的事實真相。

中共中央政治局委員、北京市委書記李錫銘在講話中說，學生在胡耀邦追悼會結束以後進行的如張貼大字報、搞串連、組織「戰鬥隊」、成立非法的學生組織、搞罷課等活動，是在搞「文化大革命」的那一套，是在製造混亂。他指出，不堅決制止這場動亂，將國無寧日。他要求全市工農商學各界人士積極行動起來，反對這場動亂。

他說，據了解明天非法的學生組織將組織學生舉行大規模遊行活動，這是不允許的。委們要堅決按不經過批准不准上街遊行的規定辦。

他要求各區、縣、街道黨組織認真做好廣大黨員的思想工作，提高警惕，堅現打、砸、搶行為要堅決制止。他提醒在座的幹部要保護中小學校的安全，不要讓第二「文化大革命」的悲劇。他號召各級幹部要做好自己的子女工作，動員子女不要參加非法活動。

據了解，在北京市四十多所高校的十六萬名學生中，今天有六萬名學生沒有上課。

## 學生反腐敗主張 與當局任務一致

### 陳希同表示可以先查他的財產

北京市市長陳希同今天在人民大會堂接見參加全國人大會議的北京代表團全體會議時說，學生的愛國熱情和民主法制和社會安定，凡是學行遊行示威的，必須依照北京市關於遊行示威的暫行規定提出申請，未經許可的遊行都是非法的，一律加以制止。另一個值得注意的問題，就是學生的要求與當前的反腐敗鬥爭的問題。他說，學生提出要清查領導人的財產，我是歡迎的。首先可以清查我和李錫銘的財產。他的話博得全場與會者的一陣熱烈掌聲。他要求各級黨的幹部要為政清廉，「從我做起」。

與此同時，北京市公安局發布了兩個通告，有關遊行的通告說，凡未經申請或申請未獲批准舉行遊行示威的，一律加以制止。另一個通告說，為了維護社會安定和正常的交通秩序，嚴禁聚集、串連、煽動和散發傳單，造謠煽惑，違者將依法處罰。

【本報訊】中共上海市委今日在北京開會，要求上海的廣大幹部和群眾，堅決抵制極少數人的動亂，堅決維護安定團結的局面。

## 姚依林語太古主席

### 希望香港繁榮安定 對太古總在港投資表歡迎

【據新華社香港二十六日電】國務院總理姚依林今天上午在人民大會堂會見了英國太古集團主席施雅遠爵士一行。

施雅遠說，太古集團對中國的發展非常感興趣。太古集團在香港投資，香港是太古集團的重要一環。

姚依林對太古集團在香港繼續投資表示歡迎。他說，中國政府對香港的政策是貫行「一國兩制」，中國政府希望看到香港繁榮。出更大的貢獻，也祝願太古集團在香港的發展中得到更大的受益。

## 冷靜·克制·理解

### ——京華學生運動有感

學生們表示，這都不是他們提出來的。

但是，不能不承認學生的行動中也有不成熟的地方，並未能把退潮的餘波引向理性的長期的民主改革的探討和實踐，在這樣的情況下，很容易被人利用。

（北京二十六日專）

## 京學生昨組聯委會 今擬上街遊行靜坐

### 成立大會昨舉行 清華代表退出

【本報記者劉銳紹北京二十六日電】北京高等院校學生聯合委員會（簡稱北京學聯）今日在政法大學宣布成立。出席今次成立大會有千多名來自各高等院校的學生。聯委會常委由民族學院、北京大學、北京師範大學、政法大學、清華大學及北京醫學院組成，但清華大學代表已在天安門集會宣布退出。聯委會決定在明日（二十七日）早上舉行遊行，向全國人大常委會遞交請願書，要求人大常委會召開會議，討論學生提出的要求。

聯委會決定在明日（二十七日）早上舉行遊行，向全國人大常委會遞交請願書，要求人大常委會召開會議，討論學生提出的要求。

而導致中共上海市委決定對有關報紙進行整頓的導火線，是《世界經濟導報》原訂在二十五日出版的一期報紙上刊出不久前在北京舉行的一次座談會紀錄。中共上海市委有關部門認為，其中有些發言和報導作出歪曲，甚至有錯誤的觀點，也要澄清以免造成思想混亂。

## 中共上海委決定 頓整《報導經世》 職停被昨立本欽

【本報記者曾上海二十六日電】中共上海市委今日作出決定，對《世界經濟導報》總編輯及中共黨組成員職務。

此決定強調，要堅決反對資產階級自由化，堅持四項基本原則，堅持改革開放的正確方向，堅持為社會主義現代化建設服務的正確方向，堅持為人民服務的正確方向，堅持為繁榮社會主義文化藝術的正確方向。

決定對《世界經濟導報》的錯誤傾向進行了批評，指出：《世界經濟導報》在報導國內外經濟動態和介紹國外經濟學說時，有些文章和報導，不加分析地宣揚資產階級自由化觀點，甚至有的文章和報導，公開宣揚資產階級自由化觀點，甚至有的文章和報導，公開宣揚資產階級自由化觀點，甚至有的文章和報導，公開

# 快報

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)年四月七日 星期四 · 夏曆己巳年三月廿二日

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第九四九三號

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## 鄧小平無視中外輿論，下令全黨撲滅民主運動

# 不惜一切手段鎮壓學潮

# 數萬軍警力阻學生上街

## 拒絕重評胡耀邦，京滬戒嚴令升級

## 明知山有虎，偏向虎山行

## 京大學生今赴天安門示威

### 老幹部反對鎮壓，鄧小平威脅「炒魷」

（快報北京報道）

北京學潮已進入學生與政府正面對峙的局面，消息證實，有關當局已由保定抽調超過二萬精銳部隊駐守北京市內，連同駐紮郊外付諸行動，另一方面，北京學生正面臨分裂的局面，激進學生組織成立的北京市高校學生臨時學聯委會，但仍有學生表示準備參加今日的行動。

北京市政府於昨日宣布戒嚴，採取有限措施，對付學生運動，而中央已下達文件，正面臨分裂的局面，激進學生組織成立的北京市高校學生臨時學聯委會，但仍有學生表示準備參加今日的行動。

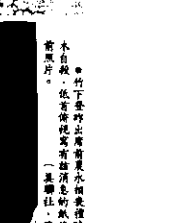
北京四十一間大專院校，昨日宣布於今晨八時恢復上課，但仍有多間大學如北京師範大學、人民大學等，一起罷課行動大大減少，而清華大學內，於今日凌晨三時，仍有數千學生靜坐，等候與政府官員對話，若等不到對話，便進行絕食抗議。

北京師範大學、人民大學、北京大學等校學生，昨日凌晨三時，仍有數千學生靜坐，等候與政府官員對話，若等不到對話，便進行絕食抗議。

北京大學、清華大學、北京師範大學、人民

# 日政壇醜聞出鬧人命
# 竹下親信雙料自殺

## 追隨卅載　收款事洩　割腕懸樑



（本報綜合報道）當日本首相竹下登面臨二級政黨醜聞而宣布辭職一天後，竹下登一名親信於周三自殺，死者為五十八歲竹下登秘書青木伊平，他留下三封遺書，其中給竹下登的一封，內容主要為不連累竹下登，並表示對竹下登永不會自殺，因有損竹下登的名譽，故決定以死謝罪。青木伊平，住東京都世田谷區，家有妻子及兩名女兒。

青木伊平自五八年起，就擔任竹下登的秘書，他今日自殺身亡

# 「中國國家這麼大，不能夠天天有事情」
# 鄧小平決定治理政治環境

【本報記者北京專電】中共最高領導人鄧小平已明確對學潮學生運動表明態度，認為此次事態不是一般的學潮，而是一次有組織、有綱領、有策劃、有骨幹、有黑手、有後台的動亂，學生的要求，表面是一次學生運動，實質是一次資產階級自由化反對共產黨領導、反對社會主義制度的政治鬥爭。

鄧小平並提出要「堅決地理直氣壯地反擊」、「堅決地有理有節地打擊」、「堅決地有利有節地制止」動亂，以「穩定壓倒一切」，「穩定是改革開放的前提」，「穩定是人民的願望」，「穩定是壓倒一切的」，「穩定是大局」，「穩定是我們的最高利益」，「穩定是我們的最大政治」，「穩定是我們的最大國情」，「穩定是我們的最大福利」，「穩定是我們的最大希望」，「穩定是我們的最大保障」，「穩定是我們的最大信譽」，「穩定是我們的最大效益」，「穩定是我們的最大目標」，「穩定是我們的最大任務」，「穩定是我們的最大前提」，「穩定是我們的最大基礎」，「穩定是我們的最大環境」，「穩定是我們的最大條件」，「穩定是我們的最大保證」，「穩定是我們的最大責任」，「穩定是我們的最大利益」，「穩定是我們的最大目的」，「穩定是我們的最大原則」，「穩定是我們的最大要求」，「穩定是我們的最大願望」，「穩定是我們的最大理想」，「穩定是我們的最大追求」，「穩定是我們的最大夢想」，「穩定是我們的最大幸福」，「穩定是我們的最大快樂」，「穩定是我們的最大滿足」，「穩定是我們的最大驕傲」，「穩定是我們的最大榮譽」，「穩定是我們的最大光榮」，「穩定是我們的最大自豪

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四八九號
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# South China Morning Post ★★

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## Lucille Ball dies

LOS ANGELES: Comedienne Lucille Ball, known worldwide as a dizzy, red-headed housewife in television's *I Love Lucy*, died yesterday, aged 77.

She had been admitted to hospital eight days ago for heart surgery.

A spokesman at the Cedars-Sinai Medical Centre said last night the comedienne suffered a cardiac arrest and died shortly afterwards despite efforts to revive her.

He said the hospital had believed she had been making a good recovery after her heart attack last week after which she underwent eight hours of open-heart surgery.

Miss Ball had been bothered by a variety of maladies over the past several years, including a heart attack and minor throat surgery in 1988.

● See Page 18

## A matter of opinion

WHAT do you think of the labour shortage? Tune in tonight and make your views known in a unique RTHK series called *Monthly Topical* which will be broadcast simultaneously on radio and television.

Co-sponsored by the *South China Morning Post*, the monthly program will feature panels of experts and studio audiences invited to discuss topical Hongkong issues.

At the same time Survey Research Hongkong will conduct an instant telephone opinion poll, the results of which will be announced by the end of the program.

● Full details – Page 29

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### WEATHER

Cloudy with isolated showers.
Max temp 24 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Party names Fang's wife as protest instigator

Fang Lizhi and his wife Li Shuxian

From SETH FAISON in Beijing

A SECRET Communist Party document distributed earlier this week names Professor Li Shuxian, wife of dissident Fang Lizhi, as a behind-the-scenes director of the student movement, Chinese sources said yesterday.

The document, which tries to discredit Professor Li as a key instigator of the week-long student protests, appears to be one of several moves in a widely-expected crackdown that could begin today.

A major student demonstration scheduled for this morning will confront Beijing authorities, who last night broadcast repeated warnings that students who marched would be breaking the law and would suffer the consequences.

Professor Li, who teaches physics at Beijing University, is respected by students as an outspoken critic of the Government.

The Beijing Municipal Party Committee document alleges that a Beijing University student leader, Mr Wang Dan, went to her home each evening to report student activity.

The detailed and forceful presentation of such charges in a high-level document means that Professor Li faces possible arrest, said one source familiar with the document.

Professor Fang yesterday declined comment, saying that his wife, was "not well"

Both he and his wife have expressed sympathy for the students' demands, but have publicly kept their distance from any direct involvement.

Professor Li encouraged Beijing University students at an open meeting earlier this month to exercise their constitutional right to speak out.

Mr Wang, a first-year history student who led the first of two all-night marches to Tiananmen Square last week, ridiculed the notion that Professor Li was playing a role in the student action.

"Fang Lizhi and Li Shuxian are already being watched very closely. They have carefully avoided saying anything to us," he said, adding that he had not seen the document.

Following a crackdown on student protests in late 1986, Professor Fang was accused of encouraging students to demonstrate and stripped of both his job as a university vice-president and his party membership.

# Get tough with activists: Deng

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

Pages 10 and 11:

- Student leaders go underground
- Hongkong delegation urged to spread message
- Protests may aid Hongkong cry for freedom

CHINA'S senior leader Deng Xiaoping has spoken out strongly against student activists and authorised the State Council to take "tough tactics" against protests and other disturbances.

The patriarch made his stance known in a long session with Prime Minister Li Peng at Mr Deng's residence late on Tuesday night.

The students, however, remained defiant and have planned a massive rally at Tiananmen Square this morning.

Student leaders last night posted a notice calling on their schoolmates to gather "tomorrow, at 8 am at Tiananmen".

The Deng-Li meeting followed an emergency Politburo Standing Committee session that authorised the Beijing municipal government to take whatever means necessary to end the student protests.

Present at the meeting were Politburo member and Beijing party boss, Mr Li Ximin, and the Beijing party committee's propaganda head, Mr Li Zhijian.

Mr Deng was reported to have said that the student demonstrations and the riots in Beijing, Xian, Changsha and other cities stemmed from "a premeditated conspiracy to bring about political disorder".

He blamed the disturbances on "a small minority of people with ulterior motives", whose goal is to "poison people's minds, create national turmoil and sabotage the nation's political stability".

"We are engaged in a serious political struggle, on the outcome of which depends the viability of the rule of the Chinese Communist Party," Mr Deng reportedly said.

Earlier, the Politburo Standing Committee produced a four-point plan for halting the protests:

● The Beijing municipal party committee and government were authorised to take whatever means they deemed necessary to put an end to the protests and other disturbances before May 4.

● Party committees and governments at all levels throughout the country must do their utmost to quell riots.

● The activities of all illegal organisations, including illicit student associations, must be stopped. Their leaders may be apprehended if deemed necessary.

● The media must speak with one voice and toe the party line. The management of newspapers that are not heading party directives will be restructured.

During the session between Mr Deng and Mr Li, the patriarch stressed the need to maintain unity and stability and to come down hard on any challenge to the regime.

He called on the people to "take a firm stand against disorders".

"If we let the disturbances go on, reform and the open door policy, curing and rectifying the economy and other goals will come to nought," he said.

Mr Deng was apparently disturbed that students and people with ulterior motives had seized on the death of former party chief Hu Yaobang to create disorder.

"Aren't the people satisfied with the honours accorded Hu Yaobang?" Mr Deng reportedly asked. "Isn't the protocol for his funeral dignified enough?"

Mr Deng then repeated his pronouncements of January 1987 about the errors committed by the former party chief.

"It cannot be denied that comrade Yaobang committed errors," he said. "He was weak and lax in the face of bourgeois liberalisation. And in the economic arena, he hankered after double-digit growth."

Mr Deng ended the meeting with the assurance that the student demonstrations could be brought under control.

"The students may be acting out of line, but the broad masses of workers and farmers are on our (the party's) side," he said.

"Even if the workers and farmers were to join the students, we can still rely on more than three million soldiers to maintain law and order," he added.

Other pronouncements made by China's supreme leader were closely reflected in the *People's Daily* editorial yesterday.

The emergency session of the Politburo Standing Committee was presided over by Mr Li with three other members, Mr Yao Yilin, Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Hu Qili.

Mr Li Ximin and Beijing mayor Chen Xitong sat in on the conclave.

Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang was away from Beijing, on an official visit to Pyongyang. He had instructed that Mr Li should preside at all Politburo meetings in his absence.

According to informed sources, the Beijing municipal leaders recounted to the supreme party body what economic and social losses the capital had suffered as a result of the student demonstrations.

They also told how the students were receiving substantial support from other sectors of society, especially from workers.

The municipal officials called the Workers Union Committee (WUC) an illegal organisation made up of leaders of unemployed workers in Beijing.

The WUC allegedly has the allegiance of about 10,000 unemployed workers in the capital.

In the past week, WUC activists had gone to Beijing University and other colleges expressing their support for the students' strike.

Mr Li and Mr Chen pleaded with the Politburo

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 7)

A Beijing University student in defiant mood yesterday.

## Liberal Shanghai editor sacked

SHANGHAI party officials yesterday sacked the chief editor of the liberal weekly *World Economic Herald*, Qin Benli.

At a meeting of 14,000 party and Government employees in Shanghai yesterday, the party boss, Mr Jiang Zemin, who is also a member of the party Politburo, announced the paper would be "restructured".

Mr Liu Ji, a senior official of the municipal Propaganda Department, has been put in charge of the weekly. No other changes in personnel have been reported.

According to Chinese sources, Shanghai authorities were acting under orders from party leaders in Beijing.

The newspaper got into trouble after devoting six pages of its April 24 issue to honouring the late ex-party chief Hu Yaobang.

● Full story – Page 11

## China to safeguard business fair play

By CHRIS YEUNG

CHINA is introducing legislation to protect Hongkong's capitalist economy from malpractices by mainland-funded operations here.

The announcement came yesterday from Lu Ping, a deputy director of State Council's Hongkong and Macau Affairs Office following a speech stressing China's commitment to Hongkong people ruling Hongkong after 1997.

He said the laws would ensure state-funded bodies "compete with firms here on a friendly and equal basis".

Also a deputy secretary-general of the Basic Law Drafting Committee, Mr Lu is among a nine-member delegation of mainland drafters on a fortnight-long visit to collect local views on the mini-constitution.

In his address to the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, delivered in English, Mr Lu said: "We are fully aware that only by Hongkong people ruling Hongkong can it remain an international financial and trade centre.

"It is our firm belief that with your wisdom, diligence and management, you will be able to rule Hongkong well by yourselves and make it more prosperous after 1997. In this case, there is no reason for us to interfere.

"What we are familiar with is socialism, not capitalism, and according to the policy of 'one country, two systems', it is not our policy to export socialism to Hongkong. Neither is it our wish to apply socialist methods to the management of the future Special Administrative Region.

"For instance, in the financial sector, it is not the intention of the Bank of China to set up branches here to play the role of a central bank.

"Nor will the BOC take the place of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank after 1997. It is our sincere wish that the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank and other banks, Chinese or foreign, will continue to play their important roles in maintaining stability and prosperity of the territory.

"Recently the BOC has reiterated its policy that it has no intention whatsoever to monopolise the financial market because it well understands that it can only benefit from Hongkong, which is an international financial centre.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

Dass Shop – Peninsula Hotel, Prince's Bldg., Saga. Also available at...


## Suicide aide a key link in Recruit case

**TOKYO: Prosecutors investigating Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita's links to a political bribery case lost a key witness yesterday when one of his top aides committed suicide.**

**Mr Ihei Aoki, 58, slit his left wrist and hanged himself with a necktie the day after Mr Takeshita announced he would resign.**

**Mr Aoki's estranged wife found his body hanging from a curtain rail when she went to his central Tokyo apartment yesterday morning. He had slashed himself 17 times with a razor blade. The contents of a suicide note to her were not disclosed.**

**Mr Takeshita showed no emotion when told of Mr Aoki's suicide while he was attending the funeral of another close colleague, former Transport Minister Takao Kameoka. The Prime Minister took a written message handed to him by an aide, read it and put it slowly in his pocket.**

**He said later, "We spent more than 30 years together, and it is very regrettable."**

Asked whether the Recruit stock scandal had caused Mr Aoki's death, the Prime Minister said: "I'll have to check his letters if there are any. But I think it is possible that pressures from the scandal could be one of reasons for suicide."

Ihei Aoki

**Mr Takeshita had said on Tuesday he would resign to preserve democracy and restore trust in Japanese politics in the midst of the Recruit stock scandal.**

**Mr Aoki's suicide is seen as increasing Mr Takeshita's moral responsibility in the scandal, and as threatening attempts to maintain a**

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 2)

## Millions wasted in new sewage plants – auditor

By SIMON MACKLIN

HONGKONG is pouring millions of dollars of taxpayers money down the drain by building sewage treatment plants in areas where houses have not been connected to the main drainage system, says the Government's auditor.

In his report to the Legislative Council yesterday, Director of Audit Robert Hutt, said that unless the laws were changed, it would lead to more wastage of money and further deterioration of the environment.

The auditor predicted that much of the $386 million being spent on six sewage treatment plants now under construction in the Outlying Islands, the New Territories and Hongkong, would be wasted unless the Government acted now to alter the situation.

"The present legislation must be amended to require all existing buildings to be connected to the plants and for these connections to be made," the auditor said in his report.

"I have recommended to the Director of Environmental Protection that urgent steps should be taken to bring the necessary amending legislation into effect at an early date."

The auditor highlighted a sewage treatment plant built at a cost of $11.5 million in Mui Wo on Lantau and intended to serve a population of 6,000 people.

The plant was completed in 1987 and designed to handle 1,190 cubic metres of sewage a day but the auditor found it was operating at only 17 per cent capacity.

"During the first two years of its life the plant has been substantially underutilised and its effectiveness in combating pollution in the area undermined," the report said.

Under existing legislation, when a building is completed the drains or private sewers are required to be connected to the public sewer if one is available within 30 metres of the building's boundaries.

But there is no legal requirement for the owners of existing buildings to connect their drains to a new public sewer.

The auditor said the problem was identified in 1984 when the Government was told the construction of the Mui Wo plant would do little to improve the environment in Silvermine Bay unless legislation was changed.

Yesterday's report said the EPD director Dr Stuart Reed had defended the construction of the sewage plants, saying they were designed to meet the demands expected in the future.

The report said Dr Reed had not agreed with the estimated loss of taxpayers money even though he had admitted some parts of the sewage treatment system would remain idle.

● See Page 6

## New Peak Cafe operator to retain character

By SIMON MACKLIN

THE lease for the Peak Cafe has been awarded to a company which has promised to preserve the traditional character of the building instead of to developers offering to pay higher rents, the Government announced yesterday.

Government Land Agent Roger Nissim said the lease for the 41-year-old cafe had been awarded to a little-known company, Freedragon Limited, in the face of stiff competition from some of Hongkong's biggest developers.

Mr Nissim said a total of nine submissions had been presented by developers keen to lease the site.

But the Government had decided to award the lease to the company which provided the best package for the preservation of the "excellent location", he said.

"The assessment panel which was set up to analyse the tenders took no account of the rental figure bids and made their recommendations entirely on the individual merits of each scheme."

Mr Nissim said the successful bidder had presented a scheme which was in "basic sympathy" with the original structure.

The agreement is for five years and renewable for a further two years.

Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels and several other of the big hongs were known to have been keen to operate one of the territory's top tourist attractions.

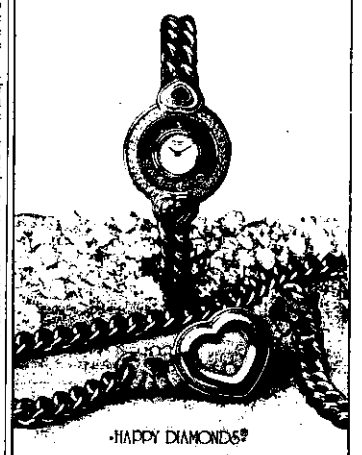
Last night, the previous manageress of the cafe, Ms Margaret Chan Leung Shuk-man, said she hoped the new operators would maintain the egalitarian policy of the old restaurant.

"I do hope whoever has taken on the restaurant has it in their hearts to offer the people of Hongkong a fair deal.

"In the past the cafe was open to people of all walks of life to come and have a drink or a small meal without having to spend a lot of money. I hope the new owners keep things like this," she said.

Earlier this year more than 10,000 patrons signed a petition asking the Governor, Sir David Wilson, to intervene to save the cafe when the previous lease expired at the end of March.


Chopard
GENEVE



HAPPY DIAMONDS

DICKSON WATCH & JEWELLERY CO LTD
G/F, The Landmark, Hong Kong. 5-214245
Shop 19, G/F, Central Bldg., Hong Kong. 5-264193
G/F, The Peninsula, Kowloon 3-698764
G/F, Golden Mile Holiday Inn, Kowloon. 3-7228256
Shop G29, G/F, Hyatt Regency Hotel, Rln. 3-3115590
Shop F, Lower G/F, Hotel Nikko, Kln. 3-7665329

Chopard Boutique
Shop 14, G/F, Prince's Bldg., H.K. 5-280211

Artland
WATCH CO., LTD.
8 Des Voeux Rd. C., Hong Kong. 5 238972
G/F, 62A Nathan Rd., Kowloon. 3-684508

PRECISION WATCH CO. LTD.
Shop 21A, G/F, Swire House Central H.K. 5-213218

Peak daily sale more than 50,000

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1989 | $3.00

## Jademan chief put on bail in probe

**By Mark Brickwell**

COMICS king Tony Wong Chun-loong has been placed on $500,000 police bail after being detained by the Commercial Crime Bureau (CCB).

Chairman of Jademan (Holdings), Mr Wong was detained on Sunday after a six-month investigation into bank loans and marginal share deals valued at more than $100 million.

CCB officers are also investigating several multi-million dollar withdrawals from Jademan accounts.

A senior CCB officer said yesterday investigations had turned to financial transactions made by Mr Wong and Jademan during an unsuccessful hostile takeover bid by rival comic publishers Spaceman in February.

The Hongkong Stock Exchange has suspended trading in Jademan shares while investigations continue.

News that Mr Wong, 39, had been placed on bail broke as he accompanied CCB officers to Jademan's North Point headquarters.

Mr Wong has not been charged.

A large number of Jademan company records were seized yesterday.

The documents were placed in boxes and taken to CCB headquarters in Wan Chai for study by accountants.

The officer said police were searching for documents relating to a series of financial transactions made since the October 1987 stock market crash.

Jademan lost about $240 million during the crash and Mr Wong suffered heavy losses.

The officer said CCB investigations centred on several large bank loans taken out by Jademan since the crash.

The loans were made by several Hongkong banks.

He said investigations also covered a number of marginal share transactions with a total value of between $60 million and $70 million.

The transactions, which had not had their marginal loan value called on, involved several major Hongkong broking houses, he said.

On Saturday officers went to Standard Chartered Bank headquarters, one of Jademan's leading bankers, to look for documents relating to the company.

They also visited two large brokerage firms, including James Capel (Far East) Limited which recently bought a large parcel of Jademan shares.

The officer said investigators would also examine seized documents relating to the February takeover bid.

Mr Albert Chen's Spaceman company offered 80 cents for each Jademan share, but the takeover attempt failed in March.

The officer said aspects of the takeover had aroused the interest of investigators.

As of March 13, Mr Wong controlled 232 million Jademan shares, representing 40.6 percent of the firm, as well as 3.78 million 1988 warrants.

## High-flier gets key job

THE GOVERNMENT has appointed Mr William Ehrman to take over the post of political adviser.

He will replace Mr Dick Clift, who will be retiring from the diplomatic service.

Mr Clift will leave Hongkong in mid-July and Mr Ehrman will arrive in mid-August.

In a statement yesterday, the Government said Mr Ehrman, aged 38, is at present assistant head of the Security Policy Department in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

He studied Mandarin in Hongkong in the mid-seventies and has served twice in the British Embassy in Beijing.

He was assistant head of the Hongkong Department in the FCO from 1985-86.

He has also worked in the UK mission to the United Nations in New York, dealing with economic and social matters.

Mr Ehrman is married with four children.

# Californian facelift won't change flavour of Peak Cafe

**By Juanito Concepcion**

A CALIFORNIA-based restaurateur has beaten some of the world's prominent fast food chains to win the right to operate the historic Peak Cafe.

Government land agent Mr Roger Nissim said yesterday Freedragon Ltd had been awarded the five-year tenancy agreement to operate the cafe, renewable for an additional two years.

Freedragon's bid was not the highest but met the tender's main theme of preserving, refurbishing and using the Peak Cafe, Mr Nissim said.

He said Freedragon was selected from nine bids, including those by the Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, McDonald's Restaurants and Maxim's Caterers.

Freedragon will pay an annual rent of more than $800,000, a significant increase on the $500,000 paid by the Peak Cafe's former tenant, he said.

Freedragon spokesman Mr Tony Turner said the group was led by Californian chef and restaurant chain operator, Mr Jeremiah Tower.

He said local entrepreneurs, who declined to be identified, were members of the group which would have the financial backing of the merchant bank Scandinavian Far East Ltd.

Mr Tower intended to enhance the charm of Peak Cafe by restoring its natural granite and wood interior walls, Mr Turner said.

Lighting would be improved and decorative mirrors and Oriental artwork installed, he said.

Mr Nissim said the assessment panel did not take into account the rental figure bids and made recommendations based on the merits of each proposal.

"It was concluded that the proposal by Freedragon was the one which was in basic sympathy with the original structure, retaining its architectural character and appearance with a high quality of finish and well-designed internal layout," he said.

The $5 million refurbishment work is scheduled to start late next month and it is expected the cafe will be re-opened six months later.

Mr Turner said patrons could look forward to eating reasonably-priced light Oriental-influenced meals, as well as dishes catering to foreign tourists.

Mr Tower had expressed interest in the bidding because of prestige and the restaurant's historical and excellent location, Mr Turner said.

It is Mr Tower's first venture in Hongkong and may pave the way for more activities, he said.

Mr Nissim said Mrs Margaret Chan, the previous operator of the Peak Cafe, had been asked to tender but declined to do so.

Mrs Chan founded the tea house four decades ago and had since been operating the Peak Cafe on an annual tenancy.

The Government decided not to renew her tenancy agreement which expired last month, prompting Mrs Chan and thousands of Peak Cafe patrons to ask the Government for an extension of the agreement.

Patrons supported Mrs Chan's bid after expressing concern that a new tenant might change the structure and convert it into a more upmarket restaurant.

But Mr Nissim said the Government recognised the historical significance of its architecture and made sure the new tenant would preserve it.

The Peak Cafe's landscaping and general appearance would merely undergo a facelift, he said.

# Students vow to challenge Deng's threat

**By Tammy Tam and Stanley Leung in Beijing**

A DIRECT confrontation is expected today between Chinese university students and police in Beijing after a student pledge to march to Tiananmen Square despite government threats of a crackdown.

Sources said the decision to warn students was made by China's paramount leader Deng Xiaoping in the absence of Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, who is on an official visit to North Korea.

Meanwhile, 70,000 to 80,000 troops have been put on alert to deal with further disturbances.

Sources said as many as 20,000 to 30,000 soldiers attached to the 38th Army of the People's Liberation Army under the command of Defence Minister Qin Jiwei had moved into Beijing for immediate deployment.

The 38th Army is based in Baoding, about 120 kilometres southeast of the capital. The troops are being deployed at the Fourth Circular Road, about a 15-minute drive from Tiananmen Square.

Other security includes armed police and a newly-formed anti-terrorist unit.

The government's warning, printed yesterday in all major newspapers, was broadcast repeatedly on Beijing campuses. Students were told not to take part in demonstrations scheduled for today.

Government workers were sent to clear protest posters from walls around the city.

Premier Li Peng told Thailand's visiting Interior Minister that "no country, no matter of what kind of social system, can possibly survive, not to say develop, without a normal social order."

Official newspapers led their front pages with the warning, which described student protests as "a planned conspiracy" aimed at "negating the leadership of the party and the socialist system."

*The Hongkong Standard* has learned that the editorial was first discussed at a Politburo meeting on Sunday, one day after funeral services for former party chief Hu Yaobang. But no decision was reached at the time.

Mr Zhao left immediately afterwards for Pyongyang, and the final version of the editorial was settled by Mr Deng following a meeting on Tuesday with Mr Li and President Yang Shangkun.

"The peasants support us, the workers support us, the army supports us, so why should we be bothered by students," a journalist with the *People's Daily* quoted the 84-year-old Mr Deng as saying.

Mr Deng also said there would be no reassessment of Mr Hu, another source said.

Mr Deng blamed student activities on the inability of Mr Hu to stop the proliferation of *bourgeois liberalisation*, or Western ideas.

The sources said top leaders had issued clear instructions to stop the mainland media from covering the protests.

Copies of a document spelling out the official position were distributed throughout Beijing urging "the whole party and the whole nation to recognise the gravity of the current situation and unite in a firm stand against public disturbances and protect China's political stability."

Observers in Beijing said the government intended to end student actions before May 4, the 70th anniversary of a previous student-led pro-democracy movement.

It also wants calm before the May 15 arrival of Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

At a news conference held by a council claiming to represent more than 40 colleges and universities in the capital, student leaders said they would not back down in their demands.

### Paper closed

**One of China's most adventurous newspapers, the *World Economic Herald*, has been closed and its editor fired. The paper recently carried articles urging a reassessment of former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang.**

■ Conspiracy denied; Page 8

# Police in $2.7m crashes: auditor

POLICE vehicles were involved in 1,025 accidents last year causing a repair bill of $2.7 million, the Director of Audit has claimed.

Mr Robert Hutt said about 50 percent of police vehicles had been involved in accidents last year, contributing to 12.5 percent of them being off the road at any one time.

The repair costs represented 65 percent of the Government's total vehicle repair costs.

Mr Hutt made his comments in his annual report on the value-for-money performance of Government departments.

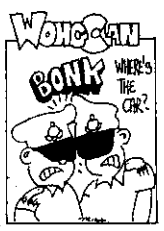
In the report, Mr Hutt also turned his powerful spotlight on:

■ A quarry that was running at a loss, despite producing large stockpiles of roadstone;

■ Education scholarship funds that cost more to administer than the value of the awards they gave out;

■ A sewerage plant that was underused because it was not connected to enough houses; and,

■ A decision by the British government that meant aircraft operators were not being charged the full cost of facilities at Kai Tak.




Mount Butler Quarry on Hongkong Island caught the attention of Mr Hutt for suffering a loss of $11.9 million during the years 1982-83 to 1987-88.

During the first eight months of 1988-89 the quarry made a further loss of $2.9 million, he said.

Despite this, Mr Hutt noted the quarry had a surplus of unsold rock of 315,000 tonnes as of 31 March 1988, valued at $13 million – the equivalent to 42 months sales at 1987-88 levels.

■ Continued Page 2

## A reluctant traveller departs

PATRICK LO

**A GROUP of Vietnamese illegal immigrants from China were sent back yesterday, and they were not happy about it. After his companions had staged a noisy early-morning protest, one man (striped shirt, second from left in the top picture) made a determined last-minute attempt to stay. After persuasion, he finally boarded the waiting truck (above).** Report: Page 3

## May 1 starting date

HongKongTelecom 香港電訊

**PALS**

■ Beginning next Monday, *The Hongkong Standard* and Hong Kong Telecom team up for an exciting new venture.

■ PALS (Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills) will appear daily in our EDUCATION section.

■ It will include BBC English — material supplied by the BBC World Service — discussion of language problems by textbook authors, and quizzes and puzzles aimed at developing language skills.

■ Don't miss PALS, starting on May 1.

# Takeshita aide commits suicide over scandal

TOKYO: Japanese Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita yesterday heard the man who handled his political funds had committed suicide as he and other ruling party leaders were trying to find a successor untainted by the money scandal to take over the premiership.

Seen as most likely to become prime minister, if only temporarily, was Masayoshi Ito, 75, a senior politician with a clean reputation who had stepped in once previously to the top slotin 1980.

Mr Takeshita met Shintaro Abe, secretary-general of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party, yesterday and the two agreed to decide on a successor as party leader and thus prime minister after Japan's April 29-May 6 "Golden Week" holidays end.

The aide, Ihei Aoki, 58, who had served Mr Takeshita since 1958, was found dead yesterday in his Tokyo apartment. Police said he had slashed his left wrist and arm 17 times with a razor blade, slashed his ankle and hanged himself with a necktie after leaving notes to his wife and several other people, including Mr Takeshita. Police declined to reveal the notes' contents.

Mr Takeshita, visibly shocked, told reporters: "I strongly regret (his action). We walked side by side for over 30 years."

Mr Aoki's suicide came less than 24 hours after Mr Takeshita announced he would step down to take responsibility for the stock-profiteering and bribery scandal that has rocked his government.

Mr Takeshita said he had not seen Mr Aoki's note, but thought it was possible the suicide was linked to the scandal.

Mr Aoki had been in charge of managing Mr Takeshita's political funds and his name, rather than Mr Takeshita's appeared on loans and share dealings with the Recruit Co, which is accused of trying to buy influence with politicians, bureaucrats, business leaders and media executives.

The ruling party held a lower house Budget Committee session yesterday without the opposition and was expected to use its large majority to ram the budget through – something it ordinarily would hesitate to do because of the Japanese stress on consensus.

Leading successor candidate Mr Ito, a former foreign minister who now is chairman of the party's Executive Council, has expressed reluctance to take the prime minister's job.

"Someone younger (than I) should take the job," he told reporters on Tuesday after Mr Takeshita's decision to step down.

His health problems also have been noted. He is a diabetic. – AP

INSIDE:

■ FSX deal may be reappraised: Page 9 ▶

■ An act of self sacrifice: Destructive link between party power and money; Stench of scandal. Page 11 ▶

## Lucille Ball dies of heart attack

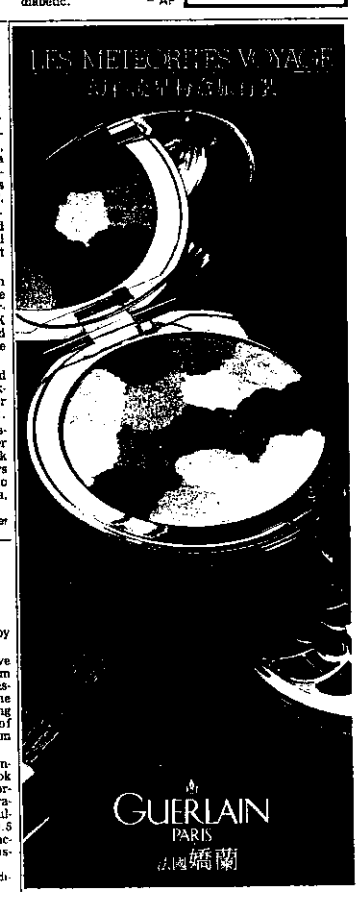
LOS ANGELES: Comedienne Lucille Ball, known worldwide as a dizzy, redheaded housewife in the television series *I Love Lucy*, died at age 77, a hospital spokesman said.

Ms Ball was admitted last week to Cedars-Sinai Medical Centre for heart surgery.

Hospital spokesman Ron Wise said the comedienne suffered a full cardiac arrest at 5 am (9.00 pm HK time) yesterday and died shortly afterwards despite efforts to revive her.

He said the hospital had believed she had been making a good recovery after her heart attack last week.

She was rushed to hospital eight days ago after suffering a heart attack and underwent eight hours of open-heart surgery to replace parts of her aorta, the heart's main artery. – Reuter




# Tsing Yi fuel row goes on after court's ruling

**By Pamela Ngai and Karl Ho**

A LENGTHY tussle between the Government and 27 factories on Tsing Yi Island is set to continue after a High Court judgment yesterday.

In question are two air pollution abatement notices from the Environmental Protection Department requiring the factories to switch from heavy fuel oil to oil with a sulphur content not exceeding 0.5 percent by weight.

The factories have appealed to the Air Pollution Appeal Board, which earlier ruled that the notices were legally valid.

Before the appeal hearing proceeds to establish whether their emissions constitute a nuisance, the factories sought a judicial review on the validity of the notices.

The two notices contain essentially the same requirements but were issued under different sections of the Air Pollution Control Ordinance.

The High Court quashed one notice and upheld the validity of the other, which was issued on the grounds of public health.

Principal Environmental Protection Officer Mr Fred Tromp said yesterday the outcome of the judicial review had very little bearing on the appeal case.

"We will now be pressing the Air Pollution Appeal Board for an early date of hearing to finally settle this matter," he said.

He said the Environmental Protection Department was very frustrated at the length of time being taken to deal with the appeal.

The case has dragged on since notices were first issued in June last year.

The factories' proprietors said they had encountered insurmountable difficulties in trying to meet the Government's standards.

They said they had exhausted all possibilities of complying with the abatement notices without being able to find feasible measures to reduce sulphur emissions.

A spokesman for the 27 factories said they had consulted experts and found pollution-abating devices so expensive they could not afford them, and in any case they could not ascertain beforehand whether the devices would reduce emissions to the authority's satisfaction.

He said the factories had contemplated other fuels but found the alternatives would cost two to five times as much as oil.

He also doubted whether there was an oil available with a sulphur content as low as that required by the Environmental Protection Department.

"We have never learned of a fuel that meets the standard," he said, adding that even the best diesel for vehicles had a one-percent sulphur content, double the Government requirement.

Meanwhile, the factories' emissions continue to disturb pupils of a nearby secondary school.

"Many a time, we have to close all the classroom windows to avoid the disgusting smell and the dust," complained Kwong Yan-yee, a pupil of Buddhist Yip Kei Nam Memorial College.

Mr Tromp said environment staff last week took oil samples from the factories for analysis. If laboratory analysis showed sulphur content exceeding 0.5 percent by weight, the factories would be prosecuted, he warned.

■ Court case: Page 6; Editorial: Page 12

**Tomorrow**

**FORTY YEARS OF GROWTH**

The past 40 years have been turbulent ones for Hongkong. They have also been years of great change and stupendous economic growth. *The Hongkong Standard* has been part of that growth through the decades. We tell Hongkong's story ... and, coincidentally, our own ... in a 32-page full colour supplement

**INSIDE TODAY**

**The arts**

Like cultural centres elsewhere, Hongkong's is being born amid controversy. **Kevin Sinclair** talks to a man determined to see it work out

Page 14

**Sulke**

Are small taxis a health hazard? **Walter Sulke** thinks so. He tells why on

Page 13

**LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL**

Two pages of reports and comment on the Budget debate.

Page 4, 5

**TELEPHONES**

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**WEATHER:** 20°C —24°C. Cloudy with isolated showers. Details on Page 19

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年4月
28
星期五
己巳年三月廿三
北京地区天气预报
白天 多云间阴
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 多云转晴
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 20℃
最低 10℃

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人民日报社出版


听取农民意见　实行目标管理

## 江西整顿重建农村基层班子

### 新班子为群众办实事出现多年不见的新气象

**本报南昌电**　记者魏福如报道：江西省在农村基层班子建设中引入竞争机制，整顿重建村级班子，增强了农村的生机和活力。

去年以来，江西省从农村实际情况出发，针对一些基层村级班子瘫痪或半瘫痪状态，采取“公开、民主、平等、择优”的原则，组建村公所。他们在充分听取农民意见的基础上，用招聘的方式确定村干部人选，全部实行目标管理，与乡镇签订责任状，并规定每个村设编3至5名，由村民选举产生村级领导班子。鹰潭市、丰城市等地市还把国家干部和乡镇干部派到村里去任职。村级干部报酬实行统筹补贴，并与村里的经济效益挂钩浮动。由于村干部大为减少，村干部的报酬不再全由农民摊派，农民的负担大致可减轻40%左右。

经过整顿和重建的村级领导班子，新任的村干部平均年龄降到了40岁以下，文化水平均达到初中以上。丰城市调整前村支书中有12名文盲，没有1名大专生，如今高中以上文化的占71%，还有大中专毕业生34人。

整顿和重建的村级班子积极为农民办实事，因而受到农民的欢迎，推动了农村各项工作的开展和落实。去年下半年以来，南丰县出现了140万劳力上阵修水利、开发荒山8.5万多亩的多年不见的新气象。新建县村级班子建立1年多，全县乡、村和户办企业、私营企业发展到1.5万个，6个特困乡告别了贫困。在发展商品经济的同时，农村赌博斗殴、乱砍滥伐、封建迷信等不良现象以前无人管，现在也由村公所管起来了。

## 严厉打击危害铁路的犯罪分子

本报评论员

今天，本报披露了一些不法之徒聚众卧轨、扒车、抢劫旅客财物的事实，报道了一些铁路公安部门，为解决这个问题，对铁路治安秩序混乱进行的整治（见五版《面对危害旅客列车的罗致》），严厉打击在列车上为非作歹的不法分子，是人民群众的呼声，应引起高度的重视。

一个时期以来，一些歹徒不仅在列车上进行盗窃抢劫，而且喷洒铁路旅客财物，破坏铁路设施，使旅客的人身安全受到威胁，也使国家财产受到严重损失。造成这种情况的原因，主要是不法之徒疏于法律，无视实为，何恤作贵，一些人把所谓“吃”铁路自成了宜财、谋生的途径；另一方面也与执法部门和有关人员对这些不法之徒打击不力、制裁不严有关。事实证明，任何对国家财产和人身安全的最起破坏行为，都是违法的、不得人心的。我们应该坚信这样一条真理：亲人民的事业作业的社会里，只能是把那个子怕人民，不应该是人民怕把那个子。因此各种破坏势力，不管它们多么猖獗，只要严惩不贷，就会收到立竿见影的效果。铁路上的广大公安干警和其他执法人员，目前要坚决坚定地树立这种信心，明确这种认识。

当然，列车上的治安是整个社会治安的一个部分，是受整个社会治安制约的。要真正改变列车治安状况，让旅客有充分的安全感，除了加强铁路自身治安工作之外，还要进行综合治理。从根本上来说，就是要贯彻执行党中央关于一手抓物质文明建设，一手抓精神文明建设的方针，使各行各业的干部与群众，养成自觉遵纪守法的习惯。这是提高铁路安全的治本措施。

为了达到治本的目的，一方面铁路治安部门要加强工作，另一方面各级党政组织，群众团体也要协同配合，尤其是各级党委和政府的负责人，更应把这项关系国计民生的大事摆到议事日程上来，齐心协力把社会治安秩序整顿好，把铁路运输管理好。

治理铁路环境，整顿铁路秩序，打击犯罪分子的破坏行为，同样也是广大旅客自己的事。从铁路部门来说，无疑要为旅客提供安全的环境，从旅客来说，也要积极配合，对于那些影响旅客安全的人和事，广大旅客都有权利有义务进行制止。铁路治安部门、铁路沿途治安部门、司法机关、广大旅客大家同心协力，就可以使宣坏人作乱的可乘之机，减少不安全的因素，使铁路运输真正有一个安全的环境。

芮杏文会见“讲比”先进代表时说

## 一手抓发展商品经济　一手抓思想政治工作

**新华社北京4月27日电**　中共中央书记处书记芮杏文今天在接见“讲理想、比贡献”先进集体和先进个人代表时说，中国建设和改革的实践越来越证明，只埋头抓经济不问社会主义方向，不讲理想是不行的。

芮杏文说，从近年来的改革与实践中，越来越看出一手抓发展社会主义商品经济，一手抓思想政治领域工作的重要性。

芮杏文希望在座的科技界代表和全国广大共产党员、干部、工人、农民、学生、居民以及各民主党派成员、爱国民主人士，认真学习《人民日报》社论《必须旗帜鲜明地反对动乱》，积极行动起来，坚决、迅速地制止由极少数人制造的动乱，维护安定团结的政治局面。他说，没有安定团结的政治局面，改革开放、治理整顿、富设发展、控制物价、改善生活、反对腐败现象，建设民主与法制，都将成为泡影，中国将变为一个动乱不安的、没有前途的中国。

芮杏文指出，保持安定团结的政治局面，必须坚持党的四项基本原则。不坚持四项基本原则，就没有安定团结的政治局面，也就不可能一心一意地进行改革开放和四化建设。

国务委员邹家华也在接见时讲了话。他说，一个企业能不能抓好，在于物质文明和精神文明能否一起抓。假如一个企业没有社会主义政治方向，是没有前途的。

国务委员宋健也讲了话。

## 有关方面知情人士披露事实真相

### 北京近日出现一些似是而非传闻

**新华社北京4月27日电**　连日来，在北京高校的一些学生中流传着不少似是而非、甚至无中生有的传闻。少数人利用这种传闻来煽动学生的不满情绪，为进一步制造动乱提供口实。为了弄清这些传闻，记者走访了有关方面知情人士，请他们谈了有关事实真相。

最使人听闻的传言是所谓“四·二〇惨案”。据在现场维持秩序的北京市公安局负责人说，19日晚至20日晨，有数百名学生围聚在中南海新华门前，有的发表煽动性演说，有些人向警察投掷砖块和汽水瓶，当场有四位警察被打伤。有些人还多次冲击中南海。这些行动，违反了治安管理条例，是违法的。为了恢复中南海新华门前的正常秩序和西长安街的交通，在场的警察向这批学生宣传北京市政府的通告，要求他们离开新华门。鉴于正处在胡耀邦同志治丧期间，警察耐心地对这些学生劝说了约两个小时。到20日早晨3点40分钟左右，广播要求在场学生20分钟之内离开新华门。但他们不离去。到4点40分钟左右，一部分学生被学校来的领导劝走，但快到天亮时仍有200多人不肯走。有人喊“谁定就是叛徒”。为了维护秩序，使即将大量运行的公共交通车辆能正常行驶，警察依照治安管理条例只好扶着这些学生，将他们送上大型交通汽车送回学校。有的学生极力挣跳着不肯上车，又协又其，有人喊：“打倒共产党！”已经送进车里的学生在车上砸破了不少车窗玻璃。在这个过程中，学生和警察之间发生了互相推拉和厮打的现象。

市公安局的同志说，外界传说公安局抓了人。根本没有这回事，没有抓一个人，也没有传唤过一个人。在这次强制学生离开新华门时，学生和警察互相指挥撞撵是确实有的，双方也都有人受了一些小伤。至于传闻说“警察手拿警棍、脚蹬大头鞋”，是没有的事。那几天北京所有执勤警察没有带任何械具。他们根据命令上岗时一律徒手，不带警棍，一律穿胶鞋。执勤警察也没有任何人穿大头鞋。没有一个学生被警察打成重伤或住院的。把这些情况加以夸大，冠以“惨案”的惊人字眼，甚至还要公安当局对此“公开道歉”，极少数人如此实力地操纵舆论、蛊惑人心，他们的用心是很清楚的。

还有一个离奇的传闻，就是所谓“警车机死一位参加悼念活动的女大学生”。这一传闻其实是一起公共交通事故，同警车、警察根本沾不上边。可是有些人却把它作为所谓“四·二〇惨案”的一部分内容，在学生中和社会上广为传播。据北京市公安交通管理局事故处及西城交通大队的同志说，4月19日22时左右，北京师范大学外语系85届学生郭向东（女，22岁）与本系同学徐庆云去民族文化宫看戏，在骑自行车返校途中，经西四北大街，由南向北行到大栅栏胡同西口时，正遇北京市电车公司三场105路司机吴刚（男，24岁）驾驶无轨电车向北与郭平行行驶，郭向东与电车车厢相碰倒在电车右中、后轮之间，被后轮轧成重伤，当即被过路汽车送往积水潭医院。因伤势过重，经抢救无效死亡。对这一不幸的交通事故，市公安交通部门负责人已于4月20日专程到北师大向学校领导作了介绍，并共同研究了如何做好善后处理事宜。这就是事情的真相。

还有传闻说什么：“李鹏总理‘答应’接见学生代表又没有来，学生受骗了。”还说什么“学生递交‘请愿书’没有人接”等等。这些传闻发生在胡耀邦同志追悼大会第一天。胡耀胡耀邦同志治丧办公室的有关负责同志说，有人说23日上午一位专业报纸的记者在天安门广场向几位学生传话说李鹏总理可以在12点40分钟时见学生。后来我们找到了这位记者，他否认传过这类话。这位记者说：“这纯属无中生有的谣传。”他说他有当时在现场同学生谈话的录音可以作证。有人捏造这种谣言，到处散布李鹏同志“欺骗了学生”，用意是在挑拨群众与党和政府的关系。

据同文“请愿书”学生当面商谈的治丧办公室两位工作人员说，追悼会结束前后，他们在人民大会堂东大门台阶下的空场，先后两次同三位学生（开始时是四位）商谈。学生代表提出要向李鹏总理面交“请愿书”。治丧办的同志表示可以转交，或者请他们进入大会堂交给有关工作人员。学生代表均不同意，指名要李鹏同志亲自来接。治丧办的同志说，他们劝说这些学生，此时大家的心情都很悲痛，是不是可以先送胡耀邦同志灵车走，但这几位学生表示，见李鹏同志是第一要求，除此之外，可以放弃其他一切要求。治丧办的同志又作了解释工作，几十分钟后，这三位学生来到大会堂东门的台阶上，一度就着要求递交“请愿书”。治丧办的同志请他们起来。他们不肯。治丧办同志说，我们当时表示可以接下他们的“请愿书”，由我们转交。他们说：“不要你们接”。后来，从广场的队伍中又上来两个人，在他们帮助劝说下，那三位学生才回到学生队伍里去了。

治丧办公室的有关负责同志说，追悼大会前按照惯例本应肃场，因学生代表说学生们要求留下参加追悼会，就同意他们留下了。令人不解的是，在追悼大会还没有完毕的时候，几位学生代表突然提出要递交与悼念活动并无直接关系的“请愿书”，这实际上是违背了广大同学的本意，把悼念变成了请愿。企图借青年学生哀悼之情，来行压政府之实。实际上他们提出的“七条要求”，在追悼大会之前几天就已转交给全国人大常委会了。他们要递“请愿书”，治丧办派工作人员去接，这是愤青的举重民意的做法。如果群众点到你，谁就必须出来，被代表也不行。否则就是不尊重群众，就是不讲民主。如果我们纵容，正就这样的作法，客观上势将逐步演变成“文化大革命”的那一套。何况党和国家办丧事的时候，递交“请愿书”也不是适宜的场合。对于少数别有用心的人挑拨离间，激化群众和政府之间矛盾的阴谋，广大群众，包括青年学生，值得深思，并提高警惕。

## 北京高校学生上街游行

### 市政府发言人指出：这次游行未经批准
### 国务院发言人对学生要求对话表示欢迎

**新华社北京4月27日电**　北京部分高校数以万计的学生今天打着横幅，喊着口号，走出校门，上街游行。

早晨8点，一些高校学生开始在校园里集queue备上街。学校一些领导和教师从爱护学生出发进行了耐心的劝阻。有些学生接受了劝阻。没有参加今天的游行，但仍有一批学生上了街。

北京市政府有关部门和公安干警曾多次耐心劝阻，但均未能奏效。

游行学生呼喊的口号主要内容有：拥护共产党，拥护宪法，拥护四项基本原则，消除腐败，打倒“官倒”等等。

维持公共秩序的公安干警严守纪律，采取了克制态度。在长达十多个小时的游行过程中，没有发生冲突。

由于游行队伍沿着首脚主要街道行进，围观群众很多，致使交通受到严重堵塞。

北京市政府发言人指出，这次游行未经批准，违反了北京市关于游行的十条规定。

这位发言人说，广大青年学生要求消除腐败，推进民主进程的心情，同党和政府的愿望是一致的。但当前确有极少数人想制造动乱。他要求全市人民维护社会秩序、生产秩序、科研教学秩序和人民生活的正常秩序。

这位发言人说，既然学生拥护共产党的领导、拥护四项基本原则、拥护宪法，就应该按照党和政府的要求尽快复课。所有非法组织必须立即解散。外出串联的学生应该尽快回到学校。

据悉，国务院发言人今天也就学生游行一事发表谈话，对学生要求对话表示欢迎。他说，我们党和政府一直主张与群众直接对话。但对话必须要有对话的气氛，必须采取适当的方法进行。

傍晚，游行的学生逐渐散去。

## 首季预算内企业利润大幅度下降

### 上交利润比去年同期减少18.47亿元

**新华社北京4月25日电**　据财政部财务快报统计，今年第一季度全国预算内工业企业虽然产值增长，利润却大幅度下降。

1—3月，全国预算内工业企业累计完成产值1508.53亿元，比去年同期增长3.6%，其中地方工业生产增长4.1%，中央工业生产增长2.8%；完成销售收入1983.73亿元，比去年同期增长17.4%，其中地方工业企业增长20.3%，中央工业企业增长10%。

企业实现利润比去年同期大幅度下降。前3个月，预算内工业企业实现利润121.45亿元，比去年同期下降14%。实现利润下降的地区有天津、河北、辽宁、吉林、上海、江苏、浙江、河南、湖北、湖南十个省市；中央24个工业生产部门中有13个部门实现利润是下降的，其中石化工业下降25.7%、电力工业下降58%、汽车工业下降41.9%。预算内工业企业百元销售收入实现的利润只有8.13元，比去年同期下降28.7%。

据分析，利润下降的主要原因是，可比产品成本大幅度超支，亏损额成倍增加。到3月末，预算内工业企业可比产品成本累计超支16.8%，超支额为136亿元，这是近年来少见的。到3月末预算内工业企业亏损户数为8260户，占全部企业户数的23%，亏损额36.63亿元。中央工业增亏大的是：石油天然气公司增亏4.96倍、中央煤炭企业增亏1.27倍、烟草公司生产企业增亏4.3倍。

据初步了解，今年以来成本超支，亏损成倍增加，主要同资金紧张、能源短缺、交通运输不畅和原材料涨价有关。

由于企业实现利润下降，企业上交财政利润（含所得税、调节税）受到很大影响。1—3月，预算内工业企业上交利润比去年同期减少了18.47亿元，下降48.5%。

## 上海市委决定整顿世界经济导报

### 停止钦本立总编辑职务　派驻整顿领导小组

**新华社上海4月27日电**　据上海《解放日报》报道：鉴于《世界经济导报》总编辑钦本立同志严重违反纪律，中共上海市委决定，停止他的《世界经济导报》总编辑、党组成员的职务，并向该报社派驻整顿领导小组。

据了解，该报定于4月24日出版的一期报纸上，在用几个版的篇幅报道悼念胡耀邦同志逝世的座谈会内容中，有些如公开发表，对稳定当前局势十分不利，将会造成思想混乱，影响安定团结，并且这些内容又未分别经本人审核。因此，4月23日晚上，市委负责人和该报名誉理事长约请钦本立同志谈话，耐心地向他指出，上海各报都表达了对胡耀邦同志的悼念之情，宣传了胡耀邦同志的优秀品质，激发人民建设四化、振兴中华的激情，这本是报纸应尽的责任。而《导报》这篇报道中的某些内容，则宜加以节选，否则，将会加剧某些动乱因素。作为大众传播工具的报纸，当然要考虑社会效果。这一建议也是对《导报》的爱护。钦本立同志表示同意。并打电话通知停发这期报纸，待重新编排后再印发。但是，后来了解到，原来报纸已经印好，有些报纸已经提前发出去了。而且，第二天早晨，海外某些报纸就刊出了所谓《导报》被“没收”、“查封”的消息，甚至外国电台也相继播出了类似的消息。4月23日下午，市委再次要求《导报》立即提出版面处理意见。钦本立等当时决定改排后发行，直到25日下午，改排后的清样还压在《导报》负责人手里，迟迟不签发。多次去电话催促，都借种种理由推托。由于《导报》故意拖延，用了三天时间，最后还是不出报。因此这期报纸至今未出的责任完全在《导报》负责人。25日晚上，《导报》负责人给市委写来了一份《紧急报告》，仍坚坚持发行原已印好的那张报纸。

市委负责同志就此事发表谈话时指出，现在有些人企图利用海外舆论对我们施加压力，这完全是徒劳的。是动摇不了我们维护安定团结的决心的。《世界经济导报》是一份在国内外都有一定影响的报纸，曾在改革开放方面发表过不少好文章，《导报》的许多同志为办好这份报纸做了许多努力，这次问题的出现完全是《导报》负责人造成的。为了使《导报》正确地坚持四项基本原则和贯彻改革开放的方针，促进安定团结和经济繁荣，市委作出了这一决定。希望《导报》按照正确的办报宗旨，加强与各方面的联系和合作，努力把报纸办得更好。

## 傅锡寿当选安徽省省长

**本报合肥4月27日电**　记者张振国报道：在安徽省七届人大二次会上，傅锡寿当选为安徽省省长。他早年毕业于清华大学，系高级工程师。

省七届人大常委会第十次会议接受了卢荣景辞去省长职务。他仍为中共安徽省委书记。

“五四”前夕，济南军区卫戍的女学员，来到英雄杨育才家中，听他讲“与死白虎团”的战斗经历，帮他打扫卫生、演出文艺节目，表达对生的敬意。

孙　岩　刘延祥摄

新闻摄影比赛

## 赵紫阳在朝鲜参观

### 为朝中友谊农场题词

**本报讯**　中共中央总书记赵紫阳27日在朝鲜劳动党中央政治局委员、国家副主席李钟玉等陪同下，参观了朝中友谊宅畜合作农场和顺川维尼纶联合企业。

在朝中友谊宅畜合作农场，赵紫阳同志先后参观了农舍、农业科技普及室、朝中友谊纪念室和机械作业班。赵紫阳听取了合作农场管理委员长李斗赫关于生产情况的介绍。赵紫阳称赞道，“合作农场办得很好，是朝中友谊的象征。”参观结束时，赵紫阳在农场科技普及室题院内栽种了一棵象征中朝友谊的松树，并在留言簿上题词：“中朝友好，世代相传”。

当赵紫阳一行到达距平壤50公里的顺川维尼纶联合企业时，受到了工厂干部职工的热烈欢迎。一名女工代表向赵紫阳献了鲜花。

顺川维尼纶联合企业是朝鲜党和政府为了解决人民的衣食问题于1986年动工兴建的。联合企业经理徐载弘向赵紫阳同志介绍了企业的建设情况。赵紫阳说，“一年半时间建成，很好。”

赵紫阳参观了工厂的抽丝车间，连声称赞“一、”质量。参观结束时，赵紫阳向该企业赠送了一幅贝雕工艺品。

（详细报道见第三版）

## 杨尚昆将访问拉美四国

**新华社北京4月27日电**　应墨西哥合众国总统萨利纳斯、巴西联邦共和国总统萨尔内、乌拉圭东岸共和国总统桑吉内蒂和阿根廷共和国总统阿方辛的邀请，国家主席杨尚昆将自5月底起对上述4国进行国事访问。

这是外交部发言人今天下午在新闻发布会上宣布的。

杨尚昆主席这次访问是新中国成立以来中国国家元首首次出访拉丁美洲。

## 伊朗总统哈梅内伊将来访

**本报北京4月27日讯**　应杨尚昆主席的邀请，伊朗伊斯兰共和国总统赛义德·阿里·哈梅内伊将于1989年5月9日至14日对中华人民共和国进行正式访问。

## 荷兰女王贝娅特丽克丝将访华

**本报北京4月27日讯**　应中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆的邀请，荷兰女王贝娅特丽克丝陛下和克劳斯亲王殿下将于1989年5月24日至30日对中国进行国事访问。

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# 國務院發言人昨表示 隨時準備與學生對話

## 要求採取理智冷靜態度避免過激行動

【香港北京二十七日電】國務院發言人今天中午就北京市學生要求與政府對話一事發表談話，全文如下：

一、北京市的學生要求與政府對話，我們是歡迎的。我們和政府一直主張與廣泛的各種對話，並且已經進行了多層次、多方面、多渠道的各種對話。同學們要求對話，反映他們的意見和要求，這也正是我們的希望。

二、對話必須有對話的氣氛，必須採取適當的方法進行。我們隨時準備同學們對話。我們也要求同學們迅速回到學校，通過正常的渠道，採取理智和冷靜的態度進行，而不要採取造成混亂的行動，否則，是不利於達到對話所要達到的目的和願望的。

三、國務院已委托全國學聯和北京市學聯，及時反映同學們的對話要求，並正在採取措施做好準備工作。

# 京學生遊行和平結束 至昨晚陸續返回學校

## 交通一度嚴重堵塞　沒有發生衝突

【新華社北京二十七日電】今天上午離開校園上街「和平請願」的北京部分高校學生，經過十多個小時的遊行，從西向東走過北京主要通衢長安街和市中心的天安門廣場，回到各自的學校。

據記者從警方了解，進行學生與指揮的警察沒有發生衝突。

估計進行遊行的學生人數在三萬左右。

沿途圍觀的市民比遊行者還多，致使北京部分主要街道交通擁塞。

參加遊行的學生主要來自北京大學、清華大學、人民大學等學校。

據說，參加今天遊行的學生不到該校一萬五千學生的五分之一。學校的教學和科研照常進行。

後於今天上午離開校園上街遊行者，是堅持上課的學生。

北京市公安局昨十七日發出通告，重申《北京市關於遊行示威的若干暫行規定》，學、北京航空航天大學、北京郵電學院、北京外國語學院等三十多所高等院校十幾萬學生組成遊行隊伍，今天下午用近兩個小時，秩序井然地通過了天安門廣場，沒有與警察發生衝突。

北京市公安局昨天發出通告，重申禁止一切未經許可的遊行示威。當局今天出動了數以萬計的軍警人員在街道上佈防，而整個遊行過程保持和平理智，沒有發生衝突。

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【新華社北京二十七日電】連日來，在北京高校的一些學生中流傳着少似是而非甚至無中生有的傳聞，少數人利用這種傳聞來煽動學生的不滿情緒，為進一步製造動亂提供口實。為了弄清這些傳聞，記者走訪了有關方面知情人士，請他們談談了有關事實的真相

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第一四一六八號


## 就北京市學生要求發表談話

# 國務院願隨時對話

# 勸喻學生理智冷靜

## 循正常途徑 過激行動 達到對話目的

【新華社北京二十七日電】國務院發言人今天中午就北京市學生要求與政府對話一事發表談話，全文如下：

一、北京市的學生要求與政府對話，我們是歡迎的。我們高和政府一直主張與羣衆直接對話，並且已經進行了多層次、多方面、多渠道的各種對話，同學們要求對話，反映他們的意見和要求，這也正是我們的希望。

二、對話必須在對話的氣氛，必須採取適當的方法通過正常的渠道，採取理智和冷靜的態度進行，而不是採取過激的行動。否則，是不利於達到對話所要達到的目的。

三、國務院已委託全國學聯和北京市學聯，及時反映同學們的對話要求，選舉地組織和安排好這項活動。

雙方均採取克制態度，並無發生不愉快事件。

學生們於早上八時許分批在北京大學、清華大學、北京師範學院及中國人民大學等地集合，然後匯集一起經白石橋路、首都體育館、西直門、二環西路、西長安街，一直進行至天安門。各路學生隊集合起時，人龍長約五公里，就隔離帶首尾之間的距離步行需要一小時。

學生們事前「民主萬歲」、「中國共產萬萬歲」、「堅持四項基本原則」等標語出校門法」等標語出校門，途中還高唱「沒有共產黨，就沒有新中國」、大學生們並手拉手組成方陣，不允許並非學生的人加入行列。

官方曾在北京大學、北京師範學院及中國人民大學等地設置一些臨時路障上設置一起經白石橋路、首都體育館、西直門、二環西路、西長安街，一直進行至天安門。各路學生隊集合起時，人龍長約五公里，就隔離帶首尾之間的距離步行需要一小時。

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【本報記者組北京廿七日電】約卅一萬北京高等院校的數萬名學生今日遊行和平，歷時約十六個小時，至天安門廣場，然後沿遊行大批軍警在成

請願，由海淀區步行

## 歷十數小時 未停天安門廣場

# 北京大學生昨遊行

## 警未强力攔截 雙方表現克制無衝突發生

一部折返海淀區校園，在校連續十公里的建顯路線上設置

## 北京各界連日呼籲

# 勸說學生不要上街

## 新華社稱清華兩成學生遊行較學如常

【據新華社北京二十七日電】北京的部分大學生在圍繞三天後於今天上午離開校園，進行「和平請願」。北京市公安局昨天發出通告，重申北京市關於遊行示威的若干暫行規定，未經許可的遊行示威是非法的，一律禁止。

通告，學生們今天的行動未向公安部門提出申請。

首都的工人、科學家、小學校長、機關幹部昨天和今天分別在北京的電視台、電台和報紙上發表談話，勸說學生不要上街遊行，防止被人利用，防止社會動亂。

（下轉二版）

## 京華交通 約萬人乘客受影響

【新華社北京廿七日電】今天北京部分高校學生上街遊行，使北京市公共交通嚴重堵塞。

據北京市公共交通總公司反映，從上午八時十分開始，北京動物園至頤和園的三三路公共汽車，因學生遊行而首先受堵。隨後，城區內有三十九條公共電汽車線路、八百輛電汽車相繼因學生遊行而受堵，有些改為分段營行，有些改為分段營行，有些改為分段營行

中華民國七十七年（一九八八）年四月八日 星期五 · 五月廿三日己巳年 夏曆三月廿三日宜出行開市

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EXPRESS

## 北京學潮新動態

- 國務院發古人表示歡迎與學生在有條件下對話。
- 北京數十萬學生昨日和期上街遊行，並無發生流血衝突事件，進行氣氛熱烈和諧。
- 學生表示「五·四」之日會發起更大規模上街遊行的行動。
- 湖南亦有高校學生上街遊行，且衝進政府辦公大樓。
- 喬石欲藉學潮拉趙紫陽下台，由他接任總書記。
- 鄧小平派喬石和胡啓立專責對付此次學潮。
- 北京市長陳希同未將其體育資料送交中央，以致中央在此事上拜以輕心，使學潮延燒。

# 北京流傳鄧組新班子

## 趙紫陽或因學潮事件下台
## 喬石表現積極圖掌總書記

（快報記者蔡秀霞北京報道）北京最近流傳一個消息，表示趙紫陽可能會因為今次的學潮而被喬石拉下台，新石代替趙當總書記之意，即小平並已安排好趙下台後的班子。

消息人士透露，鄧小平的最新班子是：李鵬、姚依林負責日常工作；喬石、李瑞環、胡啓立專責於應付動亂工作；其中胡啓立專責於應付動亂工作，其中胡啓立專責負責宣傳工作，胡已組好班子，分別在各方，這次由喬石專責處理學潮，就是由於喬石等曾處理過「八·九」北京學運動，其有後動機，趙紫陽很可能被撤下台。

喬石對各方，這次而令政策出現反覆，動得一時動，時緊。

喬石與中央政治局常委，在處理今次學潮事件中，由負責組長之職，責任包括安撫公安及軍隊的調。

今次的學生上街遊行動，持續了近半個月，消息人士說，那是因為中共中央曾切實指示各有關部門絕對不可開槍鎮壓學生運動，但在前天晚上，中共中央不以為意的態度，是因為北京市委的重視後，認為事件十分重要，需採極端理智的中央型態，並解決很多問題至中央，及後開的中央型態，並解決很多問題至中央，及後開的中央型態，並解決很多問題至中央，及後開

## 學數度數生學 擱阻警軍破衝度數生學

# 北京五十萬人萬十五京北時小九行遊

## 未達的目話對「四五」「一五」的搞大再

（本報特派記者吳家瑋北京電）消息透露：中共當局為了防止「四五」「一五」事件重演，決定採取「疏導」的方針，對參與遊行的學生採取「不鎮壓」的政策。

約有三十萬名學生自北京四十多所高等院校，沒途參與遊行的學生在早上八時許開始陸續從校園出發，步行往天安門廣場，歷九小時，貫徹組織嚴密，紀律良好。

天安門，並寫下遺書，昨夜他們開始喝酒，最後的晚餐，並高唱「國際歌」。

由於他們自動只攜帶必要的食物，沒有帶到高峰期。

打着「堅決制止動亂」標語和高舉正確領導」標語，集會的遊行自由的條文的憲法的北大學生，上午九時十五分從海淀政府路過到百貨大樓，當時由清華大學帶領的另一隊學生，已經與北大隊會合，清華學生團北大隊伍。

約一百名公安人員組成的護隊，在整隊時喊「擁護「警察萬歲」的口號中，並與大力組織學生前行，其後，學生遇到的第二道與隊設在白石橋路，走在學生前面的數百名警察和公安人員組成的隊伍，當時學生大喊「人民萬歲」，「警察萬歲」的口號，停在路旁的公安車則不停鳴笛，並以閃燈和非法遊行的公安通告。

很多路人退時起到街上，車頂、圍牆車的觀眾，並不時向學生歡呼，兩排手牽着手，走在道旁的學生負責維持秩序，防止不是學生的人參入學生之中。

當學生在上午十時四十分行經北京圖書館附近的時候，遠大道行到了最闊的時刻，因為過了此處，便開始進入北京市中心，遊行的情況交全被北京市很多有關當局視作最嚴重的考驗。

據聞，其後，美國大使館一等秘書李潔明（Jim Lilley）與學生領袖王丹會晤時，表示對大會合，同情學生遊行的二項具體要求，即百名警察被控在白石橋路，走在學生前道由二百名

# 「歷史永遠不會忘記四二七」
## 北京百萬市民夾道鼓掌吶喊
## 廿萬學生遊行未遭軍警鎮壓

## 交通癱瘓 民怨極少
### 過關高呼「人民警察愛人民」
### 部分警察拍掌回應與民握手

遊行過程中，雖多次出現成人的觸碰，學生在長達四十公里的路途上，不斷呼叫口號，高唱團歌，隊伍兩旁的幹部及糾察隊始終四出維持秩序，勸導、疏散，以保學生順利地、安全地前進。

由於學生今次遊行前，所以能夠事先比以往獲多。遊行隊伍所到之處，交通便呈現癱瘓，但却極少市民對學生表露不滿之舌。

## 學生深夜平安返校園

【本報記者北京專電】來自約四十個院校的廿萬名北京學生昨日發動遊行和平請願，要求中國政府進一步推動改革開放，實現政治民主化。

遊行從上午八時開始，至下午二時三十分，學生在天安門廣場舉行集會，高呼「人民萬歲」、「反對官僚」、「要求新聞自由」等口號，表達他們的訴求。

集會結束後，學生代表團與中共中央統戰部副部長閻明復舉行對話，以及與北京市副市長張百發舉行對話，提出學生的要求。

對話結束後，學生代表團向在場的學生報告對話內容，並呼籲學生保持秩序，安全離開。

學生遊行隊伍在下午三時三十分開始陸續抵達各自的院校，結束了這次和平的遊行。

遊行期間，北京市出動了大批軍警，但沒有採取任何行動，整個遊行過程秩序井然，沒有發生任何騷亂。

【本報記者北京專電】中國官方昨日下午發表談話，將此次學生遊行定性為「動亂」，並表示要採取堅決措施制止。

談話人是中共中央統戰部副部長閻明復，他在談話中說：「極少數人利用學生愛國的熱情，煽動學生鬧事，製造動亂，其目的是要破壞安定團結的政治局面，破壞改革開放的大好形勢，破壞社會主義制度。」

閻明復說：「這是一場有計劃、有組織、有煽動、有目的的動亂。」

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# 抱着流血犧牲精神爭民主自由

# 北平15萬學生遊行

# 百萬民衆夾道聲援

## 民衆協助推開軍警截停軍車

## 學生行廿公里衝破六道防線

### 早上八時出發抵天安門後午夜陸續返回校園

【本報華訊】昨天在北平的遊行，統計官方說，有一百萬名學生與羣衆參加，在安大的十公里一帶，大約有三百萬人。

西方電訊說，有五十萬人。

外電說，有五十萬人。

【中國新聞社】訊：羽仗，有十萬學生參加。

【本報綜合報導】無論中共民間消息和高層，北京四十多所院校十五萬學生原期因戒嚴部隊行到天安門廣場，聽「高呼民主自由口號的學生歡迎三十八軍」的口號，不少只數分鐘時間，空氣改變，向軍人歡聲雷動，學生們的天安門廣場更團成和諧的氣氛。

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數以十萬計的北京大學生與市民，在天安門廣場舉行了規模空前的遊行，要求中共當局對學生愛國運動採取寬容態度。（美聯社傳真）

### 學生今繼續罷課 五四再走上街頭

【本報華訊】日前傳聞史丹下一個十八歲的學生，昨天在北京天安門廣場遊行，向一位公安人員下跪，要求中共當局對學生愛國運動採取寬容態度。（美聯社傳真）

### 壓制新聞自由違人權 美對中共行徑表遺憾

### 滬共報指欽本立違紀派人整頓經濟導報

### 北平學生致書港人

### 希望香港與大陸同向前邁進 九七之前政治民主經濟進步

### 昨日殺氣騰騰今日語調柔和 中共宣稱歡迎對話 要求學生返回校園

### 長沙數千人上街頭 衝擊「省府」要求對話

### 台大學生簽名 支援大陸民運

### 美中西部大陸學生 今日示威支持民運

### 中共密件指李淑嫻 幕後主使北平學運

### 民主思潮銳不可當 中共潰亡先聲

### 實爲中共潰亡學生爭民主自由

### 邵玉銘談大陸

### 今日新聞提要

一、北平百萬市民聲援學生街上示威遊行，刊第一版。

二、學聯寫血書支持大陸學運，刊第十六版。

三、新台幣再創新高，刊第二版。

四、立法局議員責港府教育撥款吝嗇，刊第十五版。

五、報告會建議青永島油庫撤到西南部，刊第十三版。

# South China Morning Post

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**Saturday Review**

## Executive material?

**ON June 30, 1997 the Queen's appointed representative hands over to a new Chief Executive. Just who he, or she, might be is a matter of considerable conjecture.**

**The Special Administrative Region's Chief Executive, however, will be a Hongkonger.**

**Tomorrow, SHANE GREEN proposes a few names likely to be on the list vying for the honour and offers a form guide to their chances.**

**Don't miss *Saturday Review*, in tomorrow's bumper edition.**

### MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 20, 23, 26, 28, 32, 39.

The extra number was 4.

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### WEATHER

Cloudy with occasional light rain.
Max temp 26 degrees.

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# Students force concession

## Thousands march to defy Deng's orders

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM and SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

TENS of thousands of students marching for democratic freedom yesterday defied the wrath of leader Deng Xiaoping, brought Beijing to a standstill for almost 12 hours and appeared to wrest a major concession from the Government.

Probably more than a million Beijing citizens witnessed the student march to Tiananmen Square in the heart of the capital, many of them appearing to revel in the deliberate affront to a government accustomed to its orders being obeyed.

In the first official response to the march, state radio in its evening news program quoted spokesman for the State Council, Mr Yuan Mu, as saying it welcomed a dialogue with students "any time" but that this must take place in a "calm and restrained atmosphere".

Later on television, another spokesman said the students, who have staged a classroom boycott in Beijing since last Monday, must first create that favourable atmosphere and that "all talks must be conducted through appropriate channels".

**Inside today**
**PAGE 12:** Countdown to May 4; Pictures
**PAGE 13:** HK student rally

The All China Students Federation, the official student union which has been repudiated by the student demonstrators, had been charged with organising the talks "in good time", the spokesman said.

"Dialogue" has been the main immediate demand of demonstrating students, who have also called for a free press, freedom of publication and assembly, publication of the private assets of the leaders and their families and a crackdown on corruption among leaders.

Yesterday's action has seriously undermined the authority of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), and that of senior party leader Deng Xiaoping.

It is a big blow to the authority of Mr Deng, since an editorial in the *People's Daily* that student demonstrations are the outcome of a "planned conspiracy" by a "minority of people with ulterior motives" to bring about political disorder, closely reflected hard-line comments he had made on the students on Tuesday.

Students from more than 30 campuses in the capital ignored repeated warnings from authorities against demonstrations and by sheer weight of numbers forced a large police presence to abandon attempts to stop them.

Reporters estimated well over 50,000 students took part. Campus organisers said they may have numbered 100,000.

Most of Beijing was paralysed until after dark in the largest anti-government protest for at least 13 years.

According to political sources, the top leaders spent yesterday debating the meaning of the unprecedented show of defiance.

"The hawks in Zhongnanhai, including senior members of the security establishment, argued that student demonstrations must be quelled at all cost, including the use of force," said a political source.

"The pragmatists, however, noted that when more than 100,000 students are determined enough to risk their lives and futures to challenge the establishment, the Government can do little more than sue for compromise."

By the end of the day, it seemed that the pragmatists had won.

Chinese sources say that to prevent campus activism from spreading – especially to prevent workers and other sectors of society from joining in – the CCP has decided to talk to the students.

Analysts think that a senior official from either the National People's Congress or the State Council will soon be appointed to talk to student representatives.

"If this happens, the authorities will have made a major compromise," said a Western diplomat. "After all, Beijing has labelled new, non-official student associations formed by student firebrands as 'illegal organisations'."

Whatever the outcome of the dialogue, the students' spectacular rally yesterday meant that they had won a significant round.

"Physically we've pushed it as far as we can," said a history graduate towards the end of their 30-kilometre rally.

"We've won the day. For the Government to say it will grant dialogue is a major concession," said the Beijing University student.

"We've shown the Government that peaceful, patriotic demonstrations are possible," he said.

A student leader from Qinghua University said: "We have institutionalised public rallies as a tool for demanding that the Government take action on the grievances of students and citizens."

Even more worrying for party officials, however, is the fact that its credibility may have suffered lasting damage. The image of weakness and impotence may stick for a long time.

The political future of Mr Deng – and the balance

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 1)

Associated Press

A Beijing University student argues with a policeman trying to stop marchers leaving the campus.

## Labour import rejected in poll

By BERNARD FONG

AN OVERWHELMING majority in Hongkong oppose the import of labour because of the fear that guest workers would suppress wages and aggravate social problems, a survey has revealed.

The poll of 530 respondents was co-sponsored by the *South China Morning Post* and conducted by Survey Research Hongkong (SRH) to coincide with the new Radio Television Hongkong (RTHK) public affairs program, *Monthly Topical*, last night.

Two out of three respondents said the labour shortage problem either did not exist or was not serious enough to warrant action.

More emphatically, 70 per cent of respondents rejected the import of labour scheme. This means even many of those who felt there was a problem believed the changing of Hongkong's labour policy was not the answer.

The survey was based on a representative sampling of Hongkong people. The strong objection to the import of labour was manifest in most occupational groups.

A pollster said: "This is not surprising since the vast majority of the people, white or blue collar, are employees."

The young (aged 15-29) tended to view the situation more gravely than did others. But the rejection of the import of labour was convincing for most respondents, irrespective of age or gender.

Of those who supported the import of labour, 38 per cent advocated the hiring of both skilled and unskilled guest workers compared with 47 per cent who wanted to confine it to skilled personnel.

Four out of five respondents rejected the idea of bringing in guest workers from Shenzhen, a suggestion which figured prominently in a recent study commissioned by a coalition of nine employer and industrial groups in Hongkong.

In the RTHK program, viewers were also asked to express their opinions on the issue.

The new 90-minute multi-media program was presented on RTHK Radio One and Television Broadcasts Jade and Asia Televi-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

## Shares dive with jitters

HONGKONG stocks tumbled yesterday with investors apparently jittery over student unrest in China.

The Hang Seng Index was 46.56 points down at one stage but partly recovered to finish 41.41 points lower at 3,077.26 after a turnover of $911.14 million.

"Investors don't like to step in when there are clouds overhead," Phillip Chan, equities research manager of Mansion House Securities, said.

"The market doesn't like uncertainties, and it has chosen to latch on to those in China," said Howard Gorges, a director of South China Securities.

Concern over the demonstrations has nibbled at share prices since April 15.

Hands reach up to soldiers marooned in their truck in Tiananmen Square.

## PLA's grin proves mightier than gun in battle of the truck

**THE army may have lost the struggle for the streets of Beijing yesterday, but it scored a decisive victory in the battle of the truck.**

**A band of soldiers of the People's Liberation Army (PLA), outnumbered by an unruly crowd of youths bent on capturing their troop transport, held the high ground armed only with their dignity and sense of humour.**

**The brief standoff, which went from tense to comic, was one of many small stories as tens of thousands of students swirled peacefully through the capital.**

**But it was a theme repeated throughout the day, as the grin proved mightier than the jackboot.**

**Half-an-hour after the long lines of protesters filed past central Tiananmen Square, about 500 youths, some jobless, others just frenzied and looking for more excitement, surrounded the drab-green troop truck parked on a pavement near the Forbidden City.**

**A crowd of onlookers swiftly thronged around as the youths began clambering aboard, hanging on the slat sides and jeering as the officers and enlisted men, cut off from reinforcements, angrily ordered them off.**

**"Get on, get on," the invaders shouted.**

**Nearly 100 joined in, as the soldiers' faces changed from fury to terror.**

**But the lead officer then shifted tactics, first cajoling, then joking, then bantering and shaking hands with the youths.**

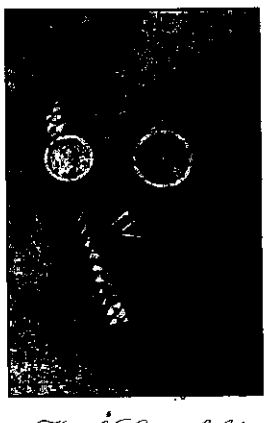
**Their frenzy spent, the youths began to break ranks, and the crowd turned against them.**

**"Get down, get down," spectators chanted.**

**Slowly, the young men jumped off as the officer paternally shooed them along.**

**The situation defused, a second officer mounted the hood of the truck, snapped into a crisp salute to the crowd and waved.**

**The youths, no longer the enemy, broke into applause.**

*Karl Lagerfeld*
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# KCR plans billion-dollar tunnel to Happy Valley

By TAD STONER

A MULTI-billion-dollar rail tunnel could link Hunghom and Happy Valley by 1995, carrying passengers between Hongkong Island and the Chinese border.

The extension of the Kowloon-Canton Railway line will carry passengers directly from the New Territories and east Kowloon to Hongkong Island, with a proposed stop in Causeway Bay, where a link with the Mass Transit Railway's Island Line would enable underground access to the entire north shore.

The Happy Valley terminus will be beneath the Army Volunteer Barracks adjacent to the Hongkong Football Club, providing vastly improved access to the racetrack and a reduction in traffic congestion that chokes the area's road system and the Cross Harbour tunnel twice each week.

The KCR already carries more than 20,000 people to the Sha Tin racecourse on Saturdays.

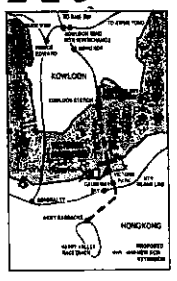
The railway corporation yesterday launched a study into building the $2 billion immersed-tube link, according to the company's director of finance and corporate affairs, Mr John Trafford.

"This route would knock 15 minutes off the travelling time to Wan Chai, for example, because you wouldn't have to change trains either at Kowloon Tong or Prince Edward, and you could avoid Admiralty."

Mr Trafford said the corporation's board on Monday approved a preliminary $1 million consultancy study by Mott McDonald Hongkong – formerly Mott, Hay and Anderson.

The study will be complete in eight weeks.

Mott McDonald is also doing the Port and Airport Development Strategy for the Hongkong Government and has retained transport consultants Wilbur Smith and Associates for both studies.




"This is only the first stage of the study, and will determine the feasibility of the idea and a sort of initial alignment," Mr Trafford said. "The second stage will be much longer and more detailed, and will examine a more precise alignment, geotechnical considerations, the preliminary design of stations, traffic patterns and a fare structure."

Costs, timing, financing and passenger projections would also be determined, but Mr Trafford estimated the new link could be operating in 5½ years.

"If the Government made a decision to go ahead next year, we could start immediately and open a first stage to Causeway Bay by 1993 and finish an extension to Happy Valley by 1995," he said.

If geotechnical problems prevented a KCR station at Causeway Bay or the MTR was unable to cope with crowding at a dual station, a pedestrian link might join the two operations.

The new line would also reduce congestion at the Lion Rock Tunnel, alleviate overcrowding at the Kowloon Tong exchange and re-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

## Petrol up another 18¢

LOCAL motorists will be paying $5.14 a litre for petrol from today following the loss of 240,000 barrels of crude oil in the Alaskan Valdez tanker disaster, Mobil Oil announced yesterday.

From midnight, petrol will rise by 18 cents a litre at the pump while diesel oil will increase by six cents to $3.59.

A spokesman for Mobil said the increases were a result of the increased cost to Mobil of refined oil bought in Singapore.

Prices of crude oil had been forced up in the short term by the spillage from the Valdez tanker in Alaska on March 24, the spokesman said.

Operational problems in the North Sea along with a growing demand in the Asia-Pacific region had also added to the upward pressure on prices, the spokesman said.

Petrol prices went up by 20 cents a litre at the beginning of last month following the Budget announcement of an eight per cent increase in petrol duty.

## Ho Chi Minh Trail may re-open as tourist attraction

From MARK GRAHAM in Hanoi

VIETNAM is planning to open the Ho Chi Minh Trail for group tours, allowing visitors to drive the length of the infamous war-time supply route along the Truong Son mountain range.

The plan has been mooted during meetings to mark celebrations next month of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the 600-kilometre track, which came into its own during the Vietnam War.

Despite repeated American bombing raids, the trail which is actually two main roads and numerous minor tracks criss-crossing the mountains, managed to remain operational throughout the conflict.

It is now overgrown, but Vietnamese tourist authorities have suggested clearing it up and re-opening it to allow tourists to navigate the full length from Ha Tinh in the north to Cuu Long in the south.

"Tourists might want to see it," said a senior Vietnamese official. "It's the only one in the world"

"Trees have grown along the way and it would take time to restore it, but it's an idea.

"People pass over it every day in planes – I think they would like to see what it is like on the ground. We have very famous relics in the north, beautiful landscapes and wonderful beaches."

This week, a British Broadcasting Corporation camera crew arrived in Hanoi to make a documentary about the Ho Chi Minh Trail. Hongkong-based journalist Barry Wain is also writing a book about it.

A Vietnamese driver who plied the length of the trail during the Vietnam War yesterday welcomed the plan and volunteered to take tourists – including American war veterans – for trips.

"Vietnamese people don't harbour any grudges any more," said Mr Nguyen Dang Khoa, 43.

"I don't hate the American troops or the South Vietnamese troops, they were just instruments of war acting on behalf of their commanders. Many of my friends died during the war, but now I believe we can overcome the problems.

"I would be pleased to take former troops along the trail. I completed the distance twice, sometimes driving at night with just a small beam to follow the vehicle in front.

"The movement of tanks to the south was so secret few people knew it was happening."

The actual tank which stormed the Saigon presi-

(Cont'd on Page 14, Col 4)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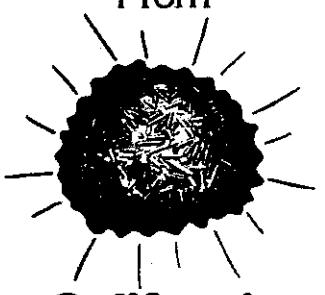

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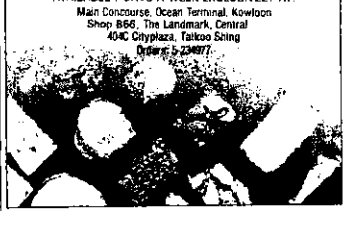

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

**INSIDE TODAY**

**FORTY YEARS OF GROWTH**

*The Hongkong Standard* has served the territory through four turbulent decades ... years of great change and stupendous economic growth. In a 32-page colour anniversary supplement today, we tell Hongkong's story ... and, coincidentally, our own ... focusing on the people, the institutions and the events that shaped the territory in those 40 years. AND to help us celebrate, two of our staff have received the top two news photography awards for 1989. Details on

Page 3

**88 PAGES**

of better jobs for everyone in FRIDAY JOBMARKET, bumper edition of the territory's premier employment section.

**Winsome**

Social Editor **Winsome Lane** looks at leather ... and at the frantic behind-the-scenes activities that went on when it was realised no one had organised a party for ballet star Rudolf Nureyev

Page 13

**Lucy**

Lucille Ball's television career spanned almost the whole history of the medium. Just how much influence did she have on it?

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| Circulation | 3-7982798 |

**WEATHER:** 22°C — 25°C. Cloudy with occasional light rain. Details on Page 19.

# Tsing Yi in gas blast peril: report

**By Johnson Sze**

MORE than 10,000 residents of several Tsing Yi buildings overlooking oil depots were officially told yesterday they are in danger.

Results of a Government study just released show the risk posed by tanks of volatile Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG) is "unacceptable."

And the danger will not be removed for at least several more months.

Unless the companies involved comply with Government's request to cut down LPG storage, the first opportunity to remove the threat will be in November.

By then the most hazardous depot's operating licence will expire and the Government can refuse to renew it.

The revelation shocked residents of Mayfair Garden on Tsing Yi who have long been worried about what they called a "bomb" on their doorstep.

The pressurised tanks, with a capacity of up to 2,000 tonnes of LPG, are just across the road – a mere 300 metres from their bedrooms.

Also threatened by some LPG tanks are a few blocks of the Cheung Ching public housing estate.

The major threat named by Government consultants is Hongkong Oil.

In a survey of risks caused by inadequate safety management, the company's facilities scored highest out of 10.

The whole of Mayfair Garden and part of the Cheung Ching Estate lie within the "unacceptable exposure area" of the company's gas tanks.

Ranking second on the danger list is Mobil's oil-LPG installation. It poses "unacceptable risks" to the nearest housing.

Hongkong Oil has now been asked by the Government to cut down its LPG storage level, and to improve management and its safety system.

Company spokesman Mr Robert Tao pledged: "We will do our best to put the house in order."

The Tsing Yi Island Risk Reassessment Report, unveiled by the Government yesterday, details the estimated risk levels of the 10 industrial installations.

Except for the Mobil and Hongkong Oil installations, the report gives the other facilities a clean bill of health.

Those installations meet the Government's safety requirements or could do so with improvements.

The Secretary for Lands and Works, Mr Graham Barnes, told a press conference yesterday the Government was already doing something about the danger.

Last year, the Government refused to renew one of Hongkong Oil's LPG storage licences. This had meant emptying one of two LPG storage spheres indefinitely and cut the company's storage capacity by half – down 1,000 tonnes.

The oil firm had been told to reduce its LPG storage further to 500 tonnes so an explosion in its terminal would be less likely to threaten the nearby population, he said.

Mr Barnes said the Government could stop the firm's LPG operation on Tsing Yi if it failed to make improvements to the satisfaction of the licensing authority.

"Before any licence is renewed, the licensing authority (Director of Fire Services) will have to conclude the management has been improved."

If the authority felt conditions had not improved, the licence would not be renewed.

But he added Hongkong Oil had shown a willingness to follow suggestions of the Government to improve its safety management and equipment.

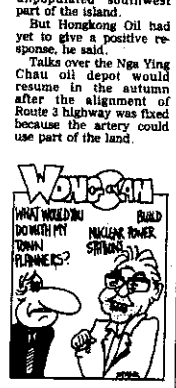
Mr Barnes said Mobil had done the best it could to meet Government standards.

The Government was committed to seeing these two oil-LPG storage depots and China Resources' Nga Ying Chau oil depot move away from the housing estates, he said. But the relocation would be in three or four years' time at the earliest.

Negotiations with Mobil were well under way, he said. It was hoped the firm would agree to move to the unpopulated southwest part of the island.

But Hongkong Oil had yet to give a positive response, he said.

Talks over the Nga Ying Chau oil depot would resume in the autumn after the alignment of Route 3 highway was fixed because the artery could use part of the land.




**The Standard says:**

**THE Tsing Yi case is symptomatic of the *laissez-faire* planning that has allowed industry and housing to spring up side by side all over Hongkong, but it is among the worst cases to come to light, and the Government has some tough questions to answer.**

**Sure, the LPG depots were there before the houses. Sure, anyone who buys a home near an industrial area must be prepared in advance for an environment that is at times less than salubrious.**

**But in modern society, home-buyers are entitled to assume that when Government experts have zoned an area for residential use, it is at least safe; that they do not have to live with the possibility, however remote, of being burned in their beds.**

**When, for whatever reasons, hazardous installations and homes are allowed to exist side by side – and that they have been in this case seems on the surface to point to a planning error of monumental proportions – residents are at the very least entitled to assume that all possible safety measures have been taken. Instead, on Tsing Yi, residents have now been told the risks posed by the huge drums of volatile LPG are "unacceptable," and that the danger will stay at these levels for at least several months.**

**These questions must be answered: What steps will be taken to reassure these people that they will not continue to live with such a threat? And while they do live with it, what sort of early warning detection will there be for potential trouble? What plans are there for evacuation if the need arises, and how quickly can it be done? AND: who was responsible for letting the situation arise in the first place, and will action be taken against them?**

■ INSIDE: How the people feel; what consultants told the Government Page 2

# Defiant students in mass standoff

**By Tammy Tam and Stanley Leung in Beijing**

CHINESE police and students showed extreme self-restraint yesterday as both sought to avoid clashes during the biggest protests in 13 years.

An estimated 150,000 students marched through Beijing streets in defiance of government warnings, while a crowd of up to 350,000 watched and offered support.

Following the massive display of determination, the government agreed to meet students for a "dialogue".

State radio and television quoted a spokesman for the State Council as saying it welcomed a dialogue with students "any time" but it must take place in a "calm and restrained atmosphere."

It said students must first end their boycott of classes, which began on Monday.

The students met late last night to discuss the offer. They were initially reluctant to accept following the government's declaration that a newly-established student union was illegal.

Earlier in the day, armed police were deployed along main avenues and at Tiananmen Square, where the students said they would assemble. After many marchers had forced their way through security lines set up to stop them, police began allowing others to pass.

There was no reported violence, despite minor clashes. The official Xinhua News Agency put the number of students at no more than 30,000, but Western correspondents estimated the crowd near the square at around 500,000.

The demonstration proceeded peacefully for about 12 hours starting at 9 am Beijing time. Marchers were jubilant at the success of their strategy for a "peaceful petition."

INSIDE:

■ Worker support claimed; More than a miracle needed; US upset at paper's closure:

Page 6 ▶

■ Students protest outside Xinhua:

Page 3 ▶

The heavy deployment of armed force, including police and troops, and repeated broadcasts of a government warning against unauthorised demonstrations came after China's paramount leader Deng Xiaoping demanded tough measures to end the protests.

A special top-level ad hoc group made up of Politburo Standing Committee members Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Hu Qilin and State Education Commission director Mr Li Tieying has been set up to deal with the unrest.

Another press report quoting official sources said Mr Deng's rumoured plans to retire after a mid-May summit with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev could be postponed by the unrest.

Demonstrators yesterday were careful to show support for official state bodies. Students were organised and yelled pre-set slogans such as "Support the Communist Party", "Support socialism", "People love the people's police, the people's police love people."

There were no anti-government slogans or attacks on top leaders as students were careful to avoid giving officials an excuse to crack down.

Students linked arms and sang the national anthem, in the process creating a human wall police had difficulty containing.

Despite the Beijing city government's declaration that such demonstrations were illegal, marching students attracted considerable support from bystanders.

Supporters shouted at police to "get out of the way" and "don't beat them" when the students were temporarily blocked at an intersection along the route to the square.

Lorry drivers caught in massive traffic jams waved from their cabs. Some onlookers passed ice cream and cigarettes to the marchers, who turned streets in the city's western district into a mass of red and white, the colours of their college flags and political banners.

The 40-hectare Tiananmen Square was completely cordoned off, with police positioned every three metres around the perimeter, and truckloads of reinforcements parked inside.

Police tactics left the students no place to gather, prompting the effort to force their way through.

All wreaths placed at the foot of the Monument to the People's Heroes disappeared yesterday. Their removal signalled the official end of mourning for former party chief Mr Hu Yaobang, whose death on April 15 sparked the unrest.

Yesterday's march seemed certain to cause acute embarrassment to China's ageing communist leadership, whose clampdown so far has proved ineffective.

One group of students said they had scaled the walls of their college to get out because officials had locked them in.

REUTER

■ Demonstrators shake hands with soldiers whose truck became stuck in the huge crowd trying to press its way into Tiananmen Square.

# Spiked food puts babies in hospital

**LONDON: Three babies were taken to hospitals in Britain yesterday after eating baby-food spiked with broken glass and needles by blackmailers.**

**Two of the babies were released and the third remained hospitalised.**

**But a crisis blamed by the government on "consumer terrorism" spread across Britain, with more than 50 cases of baby-food tampering reported.**

**Police were also investigating two incidents in the Irish Republic.**

**Police and baby-food manufacturers have issued a general alert in Britain, where other contaminants found in more than 40 cases so far reported in the past month and a half included razor blades, pins and caustic soda.**

**One baby suffered a cut mouth and glass was also reported in a container of powdered milk.**

**Two of the manufacturers – Heinz and Cow and Gate – offered a reward of £100,000 (HK$1.3 million) for information leading to arrests.**

**Scotland Yard, which is co-ordinating police inquiries in 12 counties, refused to confirm reports that half of the ransom had already been paid.**

**The incidents dominated news bulletins, and newspapers carried banner headlines reflecting shock and anger over what one paper called the "baby-food beasts".**

**Heinz, the British subsidiary of the US company, confirmed receiving blackmail demands, but said giving in to extortion was against police and company policy.**

**"We are quite sure it is not happening in the factories," she said.**

**Home Minister John Patten said police had evidence the food was contaminated after manufacture, and that those responsible would be charged with attempted murder.**

**There has been speculation that the food was bought in supermarkets, spiked and then returned to shelves.**

**Unconfirmed press reports said blackmailers forced one British food company to pay £500,000 (HK$6.6 million) into a savings account last year.**

# Tornado kills 400 in Bangladesh

**DHAKA: A strong tornado swept through central Bangladesh killing at least 400 people, injuring thousands and strewing areas with bodies and animal carcasses, officials and witnesses said yesterday.**

**Hundreds of people were missing after Wednesday night's storm flattened houses and crops in a 180 square-kilometre area north of Dhaka.**

**Villages were reduced to rubble on both sides of an eight-kilometre highway between Manikganj and Shaturia.**

**Not a single building remained in some places.**

**"It looks like a war-ravaged area," a local official said.**

**Twisted iron roofs hung from trees, loaded trucks were blown more than 500 metres, electricity pylons and trees lay twisted on the ground.**

**As soldiers, police and villagers searched for victims, authorities appealed for more help to find the missing.**

**"More volunteers are needed to search 30 villages battered by nearly 160 kilometre-per-hour winds," said an official at Manikganj, one of the worst-hit areas. – Reuter**

# Kai Tak bomb call aborts flight

**A NEW Zealand businessman has been detained after a bomb hoax call caused a Cathay Pacific jet to turn back to Hongkong.**

**Police believe the call was made by a passenger who had missed the flight and was upset because his suitcase was on board.**

**A police source said the threat came minutes after flight CX408 to Taipei had left Kai Tak at 9.15pm on Tuesday. The plane returned, and the 277 passengers and 18 crew had to disembark.**

**Many of the passengers were not Hongkong residents and Cathay had to foot the bill for their hotel accommodation while they waited for a replacement flight on Wednesday.**

**About 100 police, together with firefighters, civil aviation authorities and immigration and customs officers were mobilised after the threat.**

**A four-hour search of the aircraft did not uncover any explosives. But airport police did find one item of unaccompanied luggage – a suitcase containing only clean clothes.**

**Police said inquiries revealed that a man with a ticket from Australia to Taiwan, with a stopover in Hongkong, had been bumped off the flight because he had not confirmed the onward leg.**

**But Qantas, which had brought the man to Hongkong, believed he had a confirmed seat to Taipei and put his bag on the flight.**

**As the baggage door is locked before the passenger door, the man was left in Hongkong without his luggage.**

# Only virgins need apply

**THAILAND has gone mad on beauty pageants.**

**After last year's Miss Thailand, Porntip Narkhirunkanok, won the Miss Universe title in Taiwan, beauty contests have become a national pastime.**

**But the most bizarre development occurs next month in Ho Chi Minh City, formerly Saigon, in Vietnam.**

**A Thai firm, Natini Trading Company, is organising the first Miss Ho Chi Minh contest.**

**Natini's manager, Treewit Poompuang, rendered even the feminist lobby speechless by declaring that "virginity is the number one qualification", and adding that beauty and intellect were secondary qualities.**

– The Independent

# Bid to kill Rushdie foiled

**By Antony Cheesewright** and agencies

LONDON: Moslem fundamentalists who have sworn to kill Salman Rushdie missed him by a whisker early this week.

It happened as the author was attending a private dinner party in Oxford.

Special Branch detectives spotted a number of Moslems, believed to be students, lurking near the college where Rushdie was dining with dons.

Fearing an attempt on his life, they interrupted the meal and drove Rushdie off at high speed in an armoured police car, which was waiting at a side entrance.

It was the first breach of the security screen thrown around the Bombay-born writer since he was sentenced to death ten weeks ago by Iran's Ayatollah Khomeini for alleged blasphemy in his book, *The Satanic Verses*.

*The Daily Mail* newspaper said officers were disturbed that details of the gathering had either leaked out or security was not tight enough to prevent a chance sighting of Rushdie.

Protection procedures, which cost the British taxpayer £1,068 a day, are now being reviewed.

More than £70,000 has been spent so far guarding the author.

Six Special Branch detectives work round the clock in eight-hour shifts.

When the Ayatollah sentenced Rushdie to death he was moved every three days between safe houses in London and the Home Counties.

It is understood this procedure has been relaxed, and that Rushdie and his bodyguards remain at one "safe" address outside London.

Meanwhile, worldwide sales of *The Satanic Verses* look likely to make Rushdie a millionaire.

On Wednesday night four women protesters climbed off to a London stage and interrupted a drama related to the Rushdie affair which has been playing to packed houses.

The women, in Moslem dress, leapt up halfway through the performance of *Iranian Nights*, and started shouting at the actors and the audience, before being escorted from the theatre.

The play is based on *A Thousand And One Nights*, a classic of Arab literature, and debates many of the issues surrounding the Rushdie affair.

# Mark Six

**THERE were no winners of the first prize in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 20, 23, 28, 29, 32 and 39 yesterday. The extra number was 4.**

**The second prize of $215,509 each had seven winners while the third prize of $9,402 each had 345 winning units.**

May 1 starting date

HongkongTelecom 香港電訊

PALS

■ Beginning next Monday, *The Hongkong Standard* and Hong Kong Telecom team up for an exciting new venture.

■ PALS (Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills) will appear daily in our EDUCATION section.

■ It will include BBC English — material supplied by the BBC World Service — discussion of language problems by textbook authors, and quizzes and puzzles aimed at developing language skills.

■ Don't miss PALS, starting on May 1.

八九年五月

# 从做买卖转向办实业

## ——内地投资海南新走势

本报海口4月30日电 记者罗自苏报道：从经营贸易转向兴办实业，这是内地在海南投资新走势。今年经省一级批准注册的231家内联企业中，兴办实业的为125家，占审批总数的54.1%，投资额均在100万元以上。

一年算基，海南的能源、交通、通讯等基础设施大为改善，落实优惠政策的地方法规和实施细则陆续出台，这使来海南投资者信心大增。与去年相比，今年来投资的内地企业见涨。兴实业的增加，这些实业主要集中于原料运输量小而产值可观的加工工业和制造、修理工业，旨在将产品向外拓展。由海南省海外经济贸易总公司和广西河池冶炼厂注册110万元在琼运县老城工业区兴建的海河联合冶炼厂，首期工程准备年产2000吨铆锭；产品全部外销。

# 《保密法》今起施行

## 国家保密局局长强调保密法有利于改革开放、增加政府工作透明度

本报北京4月30日讯 记者毛磊报道：从明天起，《中华人民共和国保守国家秘密法》开始施行。为此，记者走访了国家保密局局长沈鸿英。

记者问，有人担心施行《保密法》会协碍改革开放，对此，您有何看法？

沈鸿英指出，《保密法》从立法宗旨到条文内容，都体现了保密要适应改革开放的形势。如法中对国家秘密的定义和范围、密级和保密期限，以及在对外交往与合作中提供国家秘密事项等问题，都作了与过去不同的规定，我认为这些规定有利于改革开放总方针的贯彻执行。

另外，需要指出的是，改革开放并不意味着国家禁门洞开、无须保密。世界上一些很开放的国家也都有一套法规制度，保障自己国家的秘密不被泄露。

在回答记者提出的“施行《保密法》是否会妨碍政府工作透明度”这一问题时，沈鸿英说，在这个问题上，我们坚持两点：一要提高领导机关活动的开放程度，二要严格保守国家秘密。按照《保密法》的规定，需要作为国家秘密保守的事项比过去更少了，这就有利于增加政府工作的透明度。

记者提出，您是否谈谈在新闻报道中如何注意保密问题？

沈鸿英强调，一方面，新闻工作者要有保密意识；另一方面，提供新闻消息的单位或个人负有重要的责任。有人把泄密的责任全归于新闻单位，这是不公平的。我们将依据《保密法》的规定尽快制订出相应的制度。

记者最后问，对我国人大常委会通过《保密法》，国外舆论有种种猜测，您是否介绍一下人大常委会审议《保密法》的情况？

沈鸿英透露，据了解，我国的《保密法》在人大常委会审议过程中，委员们都认为，制定该法很有必要，同时要严格控制国家秘密的范围，不要把不是国家秘密的事项当作秘密来保。《保密法》在人大常委会交付表决时，得到了一致赞同。

# 中直工委提出学东南极考察队拚搏精神

本报北京4月30日讯 记者舒璐报道：中共中央直属机关工作委员会日前在京举行东南极考察报告会，号召中直机关共产党员向考察队员学习，以拚搏精神做好本职工作。

前不久，116名考察队员同心协力，顽强拚搏，建成了中山站；实现了当年建站、当年越冬的目标，完成了气象、生物、水文和地质等科学考察任务。东南极考察队队长郭琨在会上作了报告，赢得数百名与会者的阵阵掌声。

新一代的海上石油钻探工人 陈富生摄

# 北京市领导同部分大学生对话

## 涉及整治官倒、政府廉洁、发展教育等问题

新华社北京4月30日电 中共中央政治局委员、北京市委书记李锡铭和国务委员、北京市市长陈希同等今天下午应北京市学联的邀请，与市属17所高校的29名学生就整治官倒、政府廉洁、发展教育以及如何看待这次学潮等问题，进行了坦诚的对话。

北京中医药学院的学生提出，反腐败、反官倒是这次学潮中反映最集中的一个问题，但官倒为什么总是反而不倒？北京市政府在这方面做了哪些工作？

陈希同说，我们充分认识到，如果不对经济环境，特别是流通领域里的混乱现象进行整顿治理，经济体制改革就无法深入下去。我们希望社会各界都积极参与整治官倒的工作，尤其欢迎学经济和法律的学生参加这项工作。

副市长张健民说，北京市有5877家公司。目前已对229家党政干部兼职的公司进行了整顿，其中221家已作了处理。还撤销了138个违法公司。10起重大违法经营案件已移交司法部门处理。

北京市经济管理学院一位学生说，群众对党政机关的腐败现象深恶痛绝。我们希望北京市的领导能以身作则，带头廉洁奉公。在座的领导能否放弃自己和家属的工作和收入情况。

李锡铭痛快地满足了学生的要求。他说，他每月的基本工资加补贴共309多元。儿子是民政局的一般干部，两个女儿，一个是医务工作者，一个是会计。他老伴的退休工资只有50多元。陈希同等同志也向同学们介绍了他们的收入和家庭情况。

北京师范学院分院、北京农学院的学生提出，十年改革，最大的失误是教育发展不够，北京的教育失误表现在哪些方面，原因何在？现在采取了哪些措施？

陈希同说，必须承认，北京的教育也有失误。近年来，北京在教育方面做了大量工作，加改善办学条件、提高教师待遇等。每个市领导都联系几所学校，以便了解情况。同时，教育经费每年都有增加，去年教育经费占市财政总支出的18.1%，今年准备提高到20%。但是，有些领导还没有认识到教育已达到非抓上去不可的地步，因而决心不大，措施也不得力。现在，北京市把培养人才作为政府工作的基本方针，并制定了10条具体措施来加强教育。总之，我们和广大学生的心情是一样的，都急切希望把教育事业搞上去。

北京工业大学和北京建筑工程学院、北京机械工程学院的学生提出，对学潮应有一个正确的评价，不能把广大学生出于爱国热情而进行的整顿和澄清说成是“动乱”，并和“文化大革命”相提并论。

李锡铭说，同学们要正确理解《人民日报》社论的精神。社论中说的动乱，是针对极少数别有用心的人而言的。尽管同学们很不愿意听“被人利用”这种说法，但是我还是要提醒大家，确实有极少数人想通过你们的行动，把我们国家搞乱。这种状况如果任其下去，后果将不堪设想。

北京大学分校的学生提出，这次学潮形成的一个重要原因，就是领导机构和群众之间沟通不够、理解不够。希望中央政府和北京市政府把对话作为制度坚持下去，并希望政府能够拿出切实可行的办法，在反腐败、反官倒等方面做几件实事，让群众看到政府在诚心诚意地解决问题。

对学生的这些意见，北京市领导同志表示赞同。

对话进行了3个小时，北京市学联负责人表示，下一步还准备就民主建设、政治体制改革、教育等问题进行专题座谈。

# “三废”侵上亿亩田 年减粮上百亿斤

# 污染威胁农业环境

本报北京4月30日讯 记者刘联辉报道：第三次全国环境保护会议上，国务院环境保护委员会副主任、农业部部长何康透露，近些年来，由于城镇建设和工业的迅速发展，污染从点到面、从城市向农村扩散，已经严重地威胁着农业的生产环境。

据调查指算，遭受工矿企业排放的“三废”污染的农田，已多达1亿亩左右，每年减产粮食一二百亿斤。由于管理不善，污染事故急剧增加。

生态破坏方面的问题更多。据统计，全国水土流失的山坡耕地约3667万公顷，占耕地总面积的1/4，黄土高原地区水土流失已占总面积的70%以上；目前，约有334万公顷农田、467万公顷草场受到沙化的威胁。素有“天府之国”之称的四川，近10年内有46个县降雨减少15%至20%。过去四川盆地伏旱是3年一遇，现在变为3年两遇，其它自然灾害也有所增加。

何康在会上呼吁，农业环境的污染与破坏，不仅影响了农畜水产品的产量，而且影响了质量，最终将影响11亿人民的体质与生存条件。他希望社会各界高度重视农业环境问题。

# 建设部严控建筑队伍规模

## 年内全面开展施工企业资质复查

新华社北京4月30日电 建设部日前发出通知，要求对面临高速规模扩张和治理整顿双重考验的我国建筑业施工队伍进一步加强管理。

通知说，要继续严格控制施工队伍规模，力争使今年底的职工人数低于上年。与此同时，要继续合理清退国有施工企业使用的外包工、临时工。农民合同工以及在城市和工矿区独立承揽工程的农村建筑队积极疏导，让他们重返农村参加农田水利建设和农业生产。

作为强化队伍管理的重要手段，通知要求今年内全面开展施工企业资质复查。从1990年起，全国施工企业将使用新的资质证书。根据资质条件划分施工企业流动范围，减少盲目流动。一二级施工企业可跨省独立承包工程，其余企业由各省建设主管部门确定其在省内的流动区域。对于独立承包在施工程的农村建筑队，通过资质审查，限定其承揽工程的范围、期限，工程完成后应立即返乡。同时，通过资质复查，取缔无资金、无设备、质量低劣的混编土构作厂，取缔无承包能力的种子公司。

# 支持开发新产品技术 各地设基金有偿使用

本报北京4月30日讯 记者陈福甲报道：国家计委会同财政部，支持和帮助各地建立“新产品新技术开发推广基金”。目前，44个省、市、自治区以及计划单列市都建立了这种基金。

国家计委的有关人士说，这项基金是用来支持以企业为主体的，以国内外市场为导向、以经济效益为目标的新产品新技术的开发和推广。

作为新技术开发推广经费管理改革的措施，这项基金将实行有偿使用，不再沿用无偿拨款的办法。使用基金的企业不仅要归还基金，还要支付一定利率的使用费。

# 正视教材“差迟滥”问题

# 安徽抓“课前到书”

本报合肥4月30日电 记者张健疆报道：安徽中小学教材存在的“差、迟、滥”问题，本报于3月间作了连续披露，安徽省府对此十分重视。

为确保今秋中小学教材做到“课前到书”，安徽省府最近采取5项紧急措施：课本用纸，由省计委作指令性计划下达，各造纸厂保证及时供应；用纸所缺资金，由省财政补贴350万元、垫付250万元，省工商银行贷款700万元；印刷质量由省新闻出版局负责，按质按时供应；在课本征订和发行中，任何部门和单位都不准硬性搭配参考书籍和资料；对个别部分课本未能“课前到书”及印刷质量等问题，由省府办公厅牵头，组织有关部门认真调查。

# 49所军事院校从地方招生

本报北京4月30日讯 最近，国家教育委员会、人民解放军总政治部就今年军事院校从地方招收应届高中毕业生工作联合发出通知。

《通知》说，人民解放军49所院校138个专业今年从地方招收的5800余名应届高中毕业生，均从参加全国普通高校招生统一考试的考生中录取。

军事院校提前单独录取，凡第一志愿报考军事院校的考生，其成绩在当地最低控制分数线以上的，各省、自治区、直辖市招生委员会应将他们的全部档案材料，提供给军事院校。凡被军事院校录取的考生，地方普通高校不得再行录取。

《通知》规定，凡受地市级以上表彰的优秀学生干部、三好学生，军事院校可按国家教育委员会的有关规定，优先录取。（李玉良）

# 乔石等会见西藏干部参观团

新华社北京4月30日电 中共中央政治局常委乔石等领导同志，今天上午在中南海怀仁堂亲切会见了西藏干部参观团全体同志，并同大家合影留念。

田纪云、阎明复、习仲勋、阿沛·阿旺晋美、廖汉生、杨静仁、贾马又·艾买提以及中共中央统战部、国家民委的负责人，参加了会见和合影。乔石代表党中央向参观团的同志表示欢迎并请他们转达中央对西藏广大各族干部和群众的问候。他希望通过参观，交流经验，增进民族团结，结合西藏的实际情况，扎扎实实地把西藏的各项事业搞上去。

# 首批通过鉴定国产中档钢琴

本报讯 记者魏玉坤报道，由我国四大钢琴厂之一的营口东北幸福钢琴公司生产的“活的斯卡”牌钢琴，近日通过鉴定。

这种琴填补了我国中高档钢琴生产的空白。

“活的斯卡”牌钢琴原是瑞典的一种世界名牌琴。东北幸福钢琴公司去年买下这种琴的全部技术资料、图纸和商标，经吸收、消化，国产化已达到90%以上。

# 开滦青少年传统教育基地落成

新华社北京4月28日电 （通讯员卢向福）筹建多年的“开滦矿区青少年传统教育基地”，“五四”前夕告落成。

4月28日上午共青团唐山市委与矿务局团委举行了剪彩仪式。

# 九月初九定为广东“老人节”

本报广州四月三十日电 记者秦亮明报道：日前结束的广东省七届人大常委会第七次会议通过了省政府的议案，将农历九月初九定为“广东省老人节”，以继承和发扬中华民族尊老敬老的传统美德。

# 四面八方

# 鑫县成立教育基金会

本报讯 河北鑫县最近成立教育基金会。它是自愿捐资助学的群众性组织，会员已达1.4万多人，已集款190多万元。

教育基金属义务捐助，每隔两年筹集一次，并规定当年筹措资金的70%作为固定资金，长期存入银行，所余30%和每年银行利息，用于发展教育事业，重点是奖励学生和教师，用于教师业务进修。（张天兴）

# 山东农村新规定

# 使用宅基地需交费

新华社济南4月29日电（记者王进业）山东已有4000多个行政村实行宅基地有偿使用。

去年这个省推行宅基地有偿使用制度。规定使用者要根据宅基地面积、地理位置等，向集体交纳一定数额的使用费。这样做既体现了集体作为宅基地所有者的地位，也抑制了一些农户对宅基地的不合理要求，初步实现了使用宅基地要节约、合理的方针。

# 特殊工种有保障 济铁投保一百万

本报讯 最近，济南铁路局8473名从事特殊工种工作的职工开始享受为期五年的“人寿保险”待遇。这项保险费总额为100多万元的“团体人寿保险”，是该局工会采用分期付款的方式投保的。

投保的调车、连结、制动、巡道、列检5个工种，都是铁路运输第一线的特殊工种。职工常年户外作业，劳动强度大，人身安全系数低，工作有一定危险性。（王建国）

华裔航空女杰、85岁高龄的张瑞芬女士（中），4月中旬第一次来华观光。张女士1904年出生于广东恩平县一个华侨家庭，1921年赴美留学，后考入林肯航空学校。她是中国第一位女特技飞行员。 贾 巍摄

# 外来强手少 我方高一筹

# 中国杯国际体操赛落幕

本报北京4月30日讯 记者郁春报道：今天下午，在1989年中国杯（三届）国际体操赛十个单项角逐中，东道主轻松地夺走八项冠军。鞍马和吊环奖杯为民主德国名将赫佩尔特所获。

这次赛事虽被列入当今世界八个传统高水平国际邀请赛之一，但由于经费所限，未设奖金，没能招来世界一流选手。19岁的中国选手李敏夺得男子个人全能、跳马、单杠、双杠的冠军。男子自由体操的第一名为另一名中国选手张伟所获。四个女子单项的冠军被中国选手杨波和樊迪平分。在此之前，15岁的杨波还夺得女子个人全能冠军。

# 动乱后的思索

## ——访西安一些高校、机关、商店、工厂

新华社记者 杨廷礼 王世焕 彭少阳 苏民生

西安建国以来从未发生过的“4·22”动乱已经平息。

在这场动乱中，有数百名群众、武警战士和公安人员受伤，10辆汽车被烧毁，14家商店被砸抢，损失达数百万元。

这场刚刚过去的劫难，引起人们的思索。

今天，记者又一次来到4月23日被洗劫一空的天天服装店，昔日这里门庭若市，而今店门关闭，橱窗上钉满了三合板。这个店的经理李跃宁向记者叙说了暴徒们洗劫商店的经过。那天，一伙暴徒在打砸抢烧陕西省政府西门、省法院、省检察院被武警部队和公安人员驱赶出广场后，一路继续打砸抢。晚9时半，这伙暴徒砸碎了店门、橱窗，冲进了店堂，把店里的西装、皮夹克、羊毛衫等高档服装抢个精光，把货架、柜台、复印机等搞个稀巴烂。当时，守在店堂里的65岁的老职工牛志杰吓懵了。李跃宁说：“我是从‘文革’中过来的，深知动乱之苦。刚过了几年好日子，现在又出现了这样的事，令人痛心。我们店是在改革的大潮中逐步发展起来的。没有安定团结的环境，没有改革开放，就没有我们天天服装店。这一次，我们一下子就损失了21万多元。中国不能再乱了。”

天天服装店被砸的消息传开后，上海、兰州、昆明等地的同行很关切，纷纷来电慰问，伸出援助之手。上海爱国经营部4月24日无偿支援了价值2.8万元的商品，还有一些单位捐了款。这家服装店正在加紧整复，争取“五一”重新开张。

记者还访问了位于西郊的庆安宇航设备公司。这个公司在“文革”中曾以“武斗”闻名全市，职工深受动乱之苦。4月22日，这个公司有的职工在广场目击了不法之徒打砸抢烧的情景。这家公司的副经理和一些干部职工说，中国被动乱耽误的时间太多了，中国不能再乱了！

动乱后两天，西北大学、西北工业大学等10所院校的507名学生来到新城广场和省政府西侧遭到严重破坏的省法院、省检察院的院子。他们看了现场的破坏情况，心情沉重。西安冶金建筑学院和西安矿业学院的一些学生痛心地说，太惨了！有的说，社会是复杂的，我们考虑问题有时太简单了。记者近日访问了西安交通大学、西北大学、西北工业大学。这些学校渐趋平静。大部分学生在坚持正常学习。西北大学计算机系的一位学生说，我们关心国家大事，关心改革，心情应当得到理解，但是，一些坏人聚机打砸抢烧，不能容忍。这不利于国家安定，也不符合我们的意愿。希望国家对这些人依法严惩。当时我们考虑问题太简单，没想到会引起这样大的事端。我们希望国家安定团结，改革继续深入，同时也希望政府切实改进工作，减少失误，肃贪树廉，为社会的发展创造更好的条件。

学校的一些教师和有关部门的负责人，回顾了几天来的经历后分析说，现在的青年人，大都出生在“文革”初期，成长在改革开放年代，对动乱的危害和来之不易的安定团结局面没有切身体会。他们对国家的改革和进步，对科学和民主要求很迫切，但对改革的艰难和十年改革所取得的成就又缺乏科学的认识，不懂得在中国目前条件下，不可能完全照搬西方那种民主。加之我们的思想政治工作在很多方面不适应新的形势，终于发生了一些不应该发生的事。我们也要认真总结经验教训。

记者还就“4·22”事件访问了正在参加陕西省七届人大二次会议的一些代表。他们认为，改革十年来，我们取得了很大成绩，但也确有很多失误，存在着不少腐败现象。各级领导干部都要从这一事件中好好思考一下，自己在群众心目中的形象怎么样。对于现在存在的一些腐败现象，政府必须采取切实可行的措施，真正解决问题。他们希望各级领导干部要经常同工人、农民、学生对话，听取他们的意见，把工作做好。

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教會通政權二派
勢工團體會議
報「五一」會議
人民

## 市一級官民溝通揭開序幕

# 北京市長與學生對話 談及廉政帶問題

## 陳希同李錫銘公開親屬等情況

【本報北京三十日電】北京市委和市政府負責人今日在北京市委大樓與部分市屬大專院校學生進行座談對話，由共中央政治局委員、北京市委書記李錫銘和北京市市長陳希同在座談會上，公布了自己的家庭情況及財政收入。

此間電視台今天晚上播映了對話實況。

出席座談對話的共有二十九名學生，來自十六間大專院校，學生提出的問題包括北京的教育改革及改進措施，如何評價這次學生運行，和對新聞報道的意見等。

在會上，有學生問到廉政問題，認為要求廉政和反腐敗是座生這次學潮的主要原因之一，目前各高校流行一張領導的關係網圖，圖裏描繪關係，他要求在座領導人介紹自己的情況，包括財政收入，子女狀況及廉潔等問題，以增加透明度。

李錫銘表示，他在北京市黨政幹部中率先公布了自己的家庭情況及財政收入情況，目的是帶頭實行廉政，以取得群眾的信任，並且要求其他黨政幹部也這樣做。

陳希同說，他的兒子在北京市一個機關工作，是一個最低的小幹部，兒媳在企業工作，也是工資最低的小幹部，兒媳在企業工作，也是工資最低的小幹部，兒媳在企業工作，也是工資

## 李錫銘陳銘珊同希同與昨同學生對話

# 京議首腦接納要求

# 公布個人收屬親人狀況

## 李陳二人並否認與中央高層有任何帶關係

【本報記者鍾北京三十日電】中國政府當局與學生今天進行第二次對話解決。在座談會上，北京市長陳希同與北京市委書記李錫銘並應學生的要求公布了自己的個人收入和家屬的職務、收入情況。

包括北京建工學院、計算機學院、北京工業大學在內的十六所院校的廿九名學生參加了今天的座談對話會。在三個多小時的對話中，學生們與北京領導人還就最近學生能源遊行、民主、教育、廉政等問題交換了看法。

**李錫銘：大家可以查我**

在座談會上，一名經濟管理系學生說，要求廉政和反腐敗是產生這次學潮的主要原因之一，現在各高校都減行一張關係網圖，介紹了各種相關關係，其中有把陳希同和他兒子、鄧樸方和他兒子、我們也知道並不是事實，對這關係網我們也並不完全相信。但是否可以請各領導都來介紹一下自己的情況，以澄清事實？

李錫銘說：「我是全北京各高委的幹部，算是機廠和北京市長陳希同的兒子，基礎工資是四十九塊，職務工資是二百四十塊，還有工齡二十元，這是工資總分外還有一些物價補貼加在一起是三百塊多一點。我的前幾代都沒有做官的，我和任何高級領導都沒有任何關係。我只有一個兒子，在民政局當工資最低、職別最低的小幹部。兒媳婦也是在一個企業管理機關工作，他是工資最低的。兩個女兒都出嫁了，一個做會計，一個是教師。我們也知道並不是事實，對這關係網我們也知道並不是事實，對這關係網我們也知道並不是事實，對這關係網

# 強硬？軟化？領導層意見分歧
# 喬石主張盡抓學運幕後黑手
# 閻明復堅持要對話拉攏人心

（本報記者綜秀國報導）消息通訊，中國領導層對處理學生運動的政策有分歧，以喬石為首的政治局委員希望強硬派主張要抓緊運動後的黑手，其中包括民運分子方勵之夫婦及中國社會科學院政治研究所所長嚴家炎，而黑手亦可能指外國人在內。不過，在工作執行上，由於統戰部長閻明復主管對知識分子的對話。

## 處理學運政策提要

- 集結為首主張強硬、嚴抓所有黑後黑手、包括方勵之夫婦、嚴家炎及外國人。
- 閻明復系統主持處理、控制知識份子。
- 鄧小平老謀深算、對實情不了解。
- 擴大對話層次。
- 擴有多家方案應付學生行動。

## 鞏衆爭送金錢食物聲援學生
## 抗議官方對話欠誠意
## 「五四」遊行規模更大

（本報記者綜秀北京報道）據北京部分大學生表示，北京各高校學生將於五月四日有一個比四月二十七日更大的遊行，以抗議政府對對話之誠意，而北京各高校已組成宣傳隊，於昨午到街上宣傳對話之結果，並向公衆募捐金錢、食物，以及出現標語牌、廣告報紙的現象，一些北京市民表示，不滿官方

# 「中國有民主 港才有民主前途」 籲港人聲援內地民運 「四五行動」成員昨抵港

【本報訊】由一直關注中國民運人士組成的「四五行動」，昨日在旺角展開連場，呼籲市民支持及參加本月七日的維園集會，聲援中國學生爭取民主。

「四五行動」成員昨日上午十一時開始在旺角行中心前擺開「四五行動」成員昨日抵港標誌，並以國父孫中山「中國有民主，港才有民主的前途」，並以國父孫中山在當中的內地及國際人士，部分市民對「四五行動」的宣傳活動，表示關注。

「四五行動」成員劉曉慶表示，本月七日維園集會，目的是呼籲港人支持中國學生爭取民主，他們深信中國民運必成功，並強調，「四五行動」成員都是來自內地的民運人士

# 跨出歷史性的一步
# 台灣代表團今抵北京
## 強調參加亞銀會議絕無其他任務

【本報台北4月30日電】台灣中央通訊社今晚報導，台灣代表團將於明日（五月一日）搭乘中華航空公司班機，前往北京參加亞洲開發銀行年會。

這個由財政部長郭婉容率領的代表團，將於明天上午九時三十分從台北松山機場起飛，預定下午一時抵達北京。

郭婉容今天在台北表示，代表團此行是「純粹的商業性質」，絕無其他任何政治意義。

郭婉容說，她將於明天下午與亞銀總裁渡邊武舉行會談，並將在會中提出台灣申請加入亞銀為會員國的問題。

郭婉容表示，她不排除在會中與中國大陸財政部長王丙乾會面的可能性，但她強調，目前並沒有這項計劃。

郭婉容說，她此行將攜帶一份有關台灣經濟發展的書面報告，以供亞銀理事會參考。

郭婉容今天在台北機場發表書面談話時說：「我們此行的目的，是要參加亞洲開發銀行的年會，並且在會中提出我們申請加入亞銀為會員國的問題。」

她說：「我們此行絕無其他任何政治意義，也不具任何官方色彩。」

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中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月一日　星期一　香港時報　夏曆己巳年三月二十六日　◎要聞　第一版

# 學生領袖被禁發言

# 指中共對「話」是騙局

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【本報北平卅日電話】北平各大學今日（卅日）下午一時三十分參加天安門廣場「悼胡」活動的學生，陸續返回校園，並在校內張貼大字報，指責昨日的「對話」是一場騙局，號召全市學生繼續罷課，堅持民主運動。

【本報特派記者戴瑞明北平卅日電】北京大學學生今日（卅日）在校內張貼大字報，指責昨日的「對話」是一場騙局，號召全市學生繼續罷課，堅持民主運動。

【北京師範大學卅日電話

# South China Morning Post

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## Exco likely to turn down plan for extended racing season

By ROBIN PARKE

THE Executive Council tomorrow is expected to reject the Royal Hongkong Jockey Club's application to extend the next racing season into June.

It is also likely that the club's plan to provide betting on some of the world's best-known races will also be refused.

The club has already announced that it wants to run three additional meetings to extend next season to June 10.

However, changes to the club's arrangements require Government approval.

Under its franchise, the club is permitted to hold up to 70 meetings a season but, traditionally, the last meeting has been on the final Saturday or Sunday in May.

There have been June meetings on at least one occasion in the past and the Jockey Club pointed to that and the fact that it is already permitted to hold more meetings than presently run.

According to well-placed Jockey Club sources, the feeling in the Executive Council is running against the powerful ruling body of Hongkong racing.

"We are not optimistic that they will agree to let us use certain overseas races for betting purposes and we believe there is also doubt about extending the season into June," a Jockey Club source said yesterday.

The club had hoped to provide bets on, among other races, the English Derby and the Caulfield Cup in Australia next season.

The Derby, the world's most glamorous race, would have been beamed live to a planned Happy Valley race meeting in June next year.

"It is a great pity. We are attempting to bring to our patrons some excellent races and, to an extent, show them just how good racing can be in other countries.

"It is educational. The betting is of secondary consideration and we were never anticipating large pools.

"It's really so that racegoers could have an added interest," the source said.

Sources close to the Executive Council suggest that the club's move means little other than local punters betting on numbers as they know little or nothing about the overseas horses involved.

And on the move to extend the season into June, it has been suggested within the Executive Council that there is no demand for extra meetings or the extended season.

"That is what we have been told," a club official said, adding that even a cursory check of Hongkong offcourse betting centres on a race day would challenge that claim.

**ENGLISHMAN Philip Robinson virtually clinched the jockeys' championship with a treble at Sha Tin yesterday.**

**Robinson lifted his tally to 38, one clear of Tony Cruz, who is now riding successfully in Europe.**

**Robinson started the meeting on level terms with the injured defending champion Bart Leisher.**

**But he and retaining trainer David Oughton combined with Cannon Street (12-1), Figure Eight (2-1 favourite) and Brandski (5-1) to virtually seal the title.**

**His nearest rival Declan Murphy failed to land a winner and is now seven adrift.**

**"I'm not counting my chickens but it's nice to be in this position," Robinson said.**

**Meanwhile, Chief Racing Writer, Chris Collins, was in form with four winners and five successful quinella combinations from the eight-race program.**

**He tipped Dollars (6-1), Figure Eight, Supersonic (2-1) and Brandski.**

**Kenneth Liang and Hotspur also managed three winners while Vova Rodney consolidated his spot at the top of the table when Figure Eight and Brandski obliged.**


**● Full results, dividends – Pages 40, 41**


## Leading boat people officials stepping down

By FIONA MACMAHON

**A TOTAL of 225 Vietnamese boat people arrived yesterday in six boats. The first was picked up at 7.30 am and the last at 7.15 pm. All were intercepted off Kau Ling Chung on Lantau Island.**

**This brings the total for April to 2,939 and the total for the year to 4,251.**

TWO key people in the handling of the Vietnamese boat people problem are due to leave their posts this year.

The present charge de affairs of the local office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), Mr Fazul Karim, leaves Hongkong this summer.

And the senior Government official in overall charge of the boat people problem, Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes, is expected to retire towards the end of this year.

Their departure, however, is not expected to result in any significant change in policy.

Mr Karim's post is likely to be taken over by Mr Robert van Lowen, who is now based in Geneva with the UNHCR's European office.

Mr van Lowen, who is expected to take over as charge de mission in June or July, is likely to have a particular interest in his new job as he served as an American soldier in the Vietnam War.

He has served with the UNHCR office for a number of years in The Hague as well as Thailand and Indonesia, and so has intimate knowledge of Southeast Asia and its problems.

Mr Karim's departure after four years in Hongkong is seen as normal as most UNHCR officials stay in their postings from two to four years.

It is not known where the former Bangladeshi diplomat will be posted.

Mr Karim, who refused to comment on his move last night, has been with the refugee body for the past 10 years and before coming to Hongkong was in India for four years where he worked with the Afghan and Iranian refugees.

During his tenure at the helm of the local UNHCR, Mr Karim has seen substantive changes to the Vietnamese problem and the pressures and profile of his job have risen dramatically.

When he arrived in Hongkong, the local UNHCR had a low profile and was relatively calm as the major item on its agenda was clearing the 10,000 refu-


**(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 4)**


## Letter of protest on sacking

From MARLOWE HOOD in Los Angeles

A GROUP of Chinese intellectuals now in the United States for a seminar have jointly written to the party secretary of the Shanghai Party Committee protesting against the dismissal of the Chief Editor of the *World Economic Herald*, Mr Qin Benli.

The letter, addressed to Mr Jiang Zemin, who is also a Politburo member, demanded that the Chinese authorities cancel their original decision to dismiss Mr Qin.

Among the signatories, who are in Bolinas, California, for a seminar on the present situation and role of intellectuals in China, were former deputy editor of the *People's Daily* Wang Ruoshui, investigative reporter Liu Bingyan, famous playwright and grand old gentleman of letters Wu Zuguang, chief editor of *New Observer* Ge Yang and China's most famous young writer and poet, Bei Dao, one of the initiators of the now famous "Petition of 33" demanding the release of political prisoners.

The letter said the signatories were deeply disturbed to learn of the Shanghai party committee's decision to suspend Mr Qin and to restructure the newspaper.

"The *World Economic Herald* is a serious fervent newspaper that has played a positive role in the process of reform, a newspaper with a high reputation both within China and overseas."

"By taking this step you have trampled on freedom of speech and freedom of the press. You have contravened the constitution. We protest against this decision and we demand that you rescind this order."

# China takes softer line on students

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

BEIJING municipal authorities have apparently softened their hardline stance on student unrest, and held a second meeting with campus representatives yesterday afternoon, in an effort to persuade striking students to return to classes.

Mr Li Ximin, head of Beijing's Communist Party and city mayor Chen Xitong met 29 students from 16 colleges in the capital.

The two sessions represented a softening in the attitude toward the student movement by senior leader Mr Deng Xiaoping, who on Tuesday said the demonstrations were a "planned conspiracy" which would be crushed by force, if necessary.

Mr Chen has also accused students of conspiring to spread chaos, negate the party and socialism and destroy political stability.

While the Government appears to have made concessions in agreeing to hold the talks with students, the leaders involved in last week's activities have protested that the Government only talked to "docile student representatives" handpicked by official student organisations.

Yesterday, the Temporary Students Union of Beijing Universities (TSUBU), the umbrella organisation comprising representatives of Student Self-Rule Associations (SSA) elected in different universities during the first phase of the student protests, issued a statement saying that the "dialogues" were illegitimate because there was no TSUBU representation.

Both sessions involved students mostly affiliated with the official All China Federation of Students Union (ACFSU) and the Beijing Federation of Students Union (BFSU), both labelled "puppet" organisations because they are offshoots of the Communist Youth League.

Student leaders insist that the TSUBU be the sole partner in any talks with the authorities.

More than 2,000 students marched around the campus of Beijing Teachers University yesterday in protest, chanting "we want real dialogue, not lectures", witnesses said. The march was peaceful and was the only public protest reported.

University President Fang Fukang later agreed to hold talks with one of the independent student unions.

Analysts agree that the Government has now seized the initiative.

Both weekend meetings were televised on primetime television and ordinary viewers were given the impression that since the Government has agreed to talk with students on such sensitive matters as clean government and press freedom, the latter have no more excuse to strike or to hold rallies.

Yesterday's three-hour conclave again touched on such matters as corruption, the correct assessment of the student movement, more funds for education, and truthful reporting of students activities by the official media.

Both Mr Li and Mr Chen addressed the common grievance that some senior leaders have been involved in graft and have risen to their positions thanks to "special networks of relationships".

Mr Li, who is also a member of the Politburo, disclosed that his monthly wage is little more than 300 yuan (HK$630).

"I am merely an ordinary citizen," he said. "I am not related to any senior official."

Mr Li also said his son is a low-ranking cadre in the Bureau of Civil Administration and that he earns "the lowest level of income".

Mr Chen denied rumours that he is related to either the late President Liu Shaoqi or to Mr Chen Yun, chairman of the Central Advisory Commission.

"I earn slightly over 300 yuan a month and I have no special relationship to the powers-that-be," he said.

One of the key student demands is that leaders reveal their incomes and those of their offspring.

Student leaders, however, were dissatisfied with the answers given by Mr Chen and Mr Li.


**(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)**


## Family allowed to visit dissident

**THE wife and daughter of one of China's most prominent imprisoned dissidents were allowed to visit him in prison yesterday for the first time in more than three years.**

**Ms Kang Tong and her daughter, Xu Jin, said they visited Xu Wenli for 30 minutes at Beijing's No 1 prison.**

**They were accompanied by five police officers and one stenographer who entered what they said in a small blue book.**

**Police told them they were not allowed to touch Xu, who was sentenced in 1981 to 15 years in prison for counter-revolutionary crimes.**

**Authorities later refused Xu's request to kiss his daughter, a slight 16-year-old who walks with the aid of crutches, they said.**

**At the end of the meeting, Ms Kang defied the order and shook her husband's hand.**

**"It was cold and dry," she said. "His hand was shaking".**

**She said her husband had turned into a bag of bones.**

**"His hair is completely white and all the teeth on the left side of his mouth have fallen out."**

**Holding up one of her fragile arms, Xu Jin said: "He is this thin. And he is a man. I have never seen a man so thin."**

**Until yesterday, no family member had visited Xu since October 10, 1985, despite government regulations guaranteeing inmates one visit a month.**

**Ms Kang and her daughter had relied on the six or seven letters they received from him every year.**

**"It was wonderful to see my father," Xu Jin said. "But it also was so sad. He told me to keep painting and study a foreign language".**

**Xu, an electrician by profession, was a leader of the Democracy Wall movement of 1978, during which he published an unsanctioned periodical calling for political change.**

**He mimeographed the journal, *April 5th Forum*, in his home. In it, he argued that a multi-party system was not anti-Marxist and would help the socialist cause.**

**The movement was tolerated by China's new leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, until he consolidated power. After that a crackdown came.**

**Along with Wei Jingsheng, Xu is one of China's most famous dissidents, although his fame is greater outside China, a testimony to the power of China's state-run press to limit access to information.**

**Wei is also serving a 15-year sentence for counter-revolutionary crimes.**

**Most of the students in Beijing currently participating in a student movement for democracy and a free press don't know who Xu is. The students have been protesting by the tens of thousands for the past two weeks, marching twice on Tiananmen Square, the symbolic political centre of China.**

**Since January, however, a growing number of Chinese intellectuals have been calling for the release of political prisoners. But the Government says no release is planned and denies it has any political prisoners.**

**Ms Kang said news of the protests made her husband happy.**

**"He may be weak but his**


**(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)**

**Ms Kang Tong and her daughter Xu Jin in Beijing.**

## Salvation Army hits out at UNHCR 'bias'

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE Salvation Army which has worked with the Vietnamese since the first load of boat people arrived in Hongkong, claims it has been forced out of the camps because of "an anti-Christian bias" within the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

The Salvation Army's co-ordinator for Refugees, Mr Bill Garnaut, said officially it had been told that the services it provided had been taken over by one agency.

"We are very disappointed," he said, adding that there were "rumblings" that the real reason was because they were a Christian based aid agency.

"But we have never been confronted on this issue. If we are to be accused of evangelising it would be nice to be told," he said.

"We make no apology for being an evangelist Christian agency, but we do not go into places and proselytise," he added.

The Salvation Army used to work in Chi Ma Wan when it was a closed camp and then moved with the Vietnamese to San Yick when Chi Ma Wan was taken over as a detention centre as part of the Government's change of policy last summer.

Mr Garnaut explained that until the end of March the group had been funded by the Government.

"But with the agreement last September that the UNHCR would fund any services provided to the Vietnamese, it was up to UNHCR to provide the funds for us to continue. This they have chosen not to do," he said.

As a result, the Salvation Army closed down all its services for refugees.

When the Salvation Army worked in Chi Ma Wan, it provided carpentry, tailoring and maintenance training programs.

The UNHCR declined to comment.


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## Omelco urged to survey opinions on Basic Law

By JOHN TANG

THE Office of Legislative and Executive Councillors has been urged to conduct a territory-wide opinion poll on the post-1997 political structure if the Basic Law Consultative Committee (BLCC) continues to shun the task.

The call came yesterday from legislator Andrew Wong Wang-fat, who said Omelco should consider the idea to end the controversy over how to select the future chief executive and legislature.

But his suggestion was greeted with reservations by BLCC secretary-general Leung Chun-ying, who questioned whether it would be appropriate for the Government body to handle the survey.

Mr Wong, convenor of the Omelco Constitutional Development Panel, said he saw no problem of impartiality because Omelco was not equivalent to the Executive and Legislative councils.

"It is an office of unofficial members of the councils which discuss matters of local concern. It is, therefore, a non-Government organisation instead of an official body," he said.

Mr Wong added that he would discuss his proposal with fellow councillors should June's BLCC meeting rule out the poll again.

Survey findings would be sent to the mainland drafters through diplomatic channels, he said, after attending the City Forum.

Mr Wong stressed that the proposal was raised in his capacity as a Chinese University lecturer.

Speaking at the same forum, Mr Leung said: "Obviously Omelco is a part of the establishment of the Hongkong Government.

"If they want to raise any opinion, they have to raise it in a personal capacity. It must not in any way be linked to the Government. This will be too sensitive."

Mr Leung said the BLCC would not object to anybody conducting a survey on the Basic Law, and would be happy to discuss the matter at the June meeting.


**(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 4)**


## Communist hitmen kill Aquino guards

MANILA: Suspected communist hitmen yesterday gunned down two members of Philippine President Corazon Aquino's security group in a crowded district.

Six men brandishing pistols and an armalite rifle approached Corporal Troy Lampreya and Private Clemente Requiene after they had boarded their jeep.

They shot the two soldiers in the head before dragging them out of the vehicle, and shot them again as they lay on the ground.

Corporal Rodolfo Janer, a police investigator, said the gunmen warned onlookers not to interfere and announced they were members of the New People's Army (NPA).

The NPA's urban guerilla group has killed scores of police and military men in the capital over the past two years.

Corporal Janer said the attackers took an M-16 rifle from the slain soldiers and fled aboard a commandeered jeep.

Another presidential guard, Corporal Clemente Rapanot, escaped the attack, he added.

The shooting took place at about 8.30 am opposite Paco Church, about two kilometres from the presidential palace, Corporal Janer said.

The victims had just finished buying goods at the nearby market when they were attacked, Corporal Janer said.

He quoted witnesses as


**(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 5)**



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WEATHER

Mainly fine. Some showers later.
Max temp 28 degrees.

See Page 2.


## HK to link mainland-Taiwan by phone

By TAD STONER

TELEPHONE calls between Taiwan and mainland China will soon be possible for the first time in 40 years through a Hongkong link with Cable and Wireless.

The link is the result of an approach by Taiwan's International Telecommunications Authority to Cable and Wireless and Hongkong Telephone (Telco) last week and is expected to get the go-ahead from Taipei's Legislative Yuan within the next few weeks.

The arrangement is another step in the process of warming relations between Taipei and Beijing, although it stops short of enabling direct dialling between the two.

Cable and Wireless has been asked to free switches that have been sealed since 1949, while Telco will provide the operators to receive all incoming calls from the island and connect them to telephone lines into China.

"We have had discussions about Hongkong as a transit point for calls," a source at Cable and Wireless said.

"Calls can be made either manually or automatically, but Taiwan doesn't want an automatic switching system because it's too much like direct contact, so they would prefer operators in Hongkong handle them."

He said a three-member delegation comprising Cable and Wireless managing director Fung Hak-ming, the firm's marketing manager, Mr Peter Branson and Telco's international manager, Mr Keith Harrison, had been in Taipei last week to discuss the arrangements.

Mr Branson said the proposed link had been discussed only briefly.

"There have been press reports in Taiwan that the Taiwanese are willing to allow some loosening of the restrictions on 'no contact' with the mainland, and that they were willing to have transit traffic between Taiwan and the mainland through Hongkong," Mr Branson said.

"We pointed out the press reports and they responded, and they also emphasised that they were not making an official request."

Taipei has traditionally pursued a policy toward the mainland dubbed "the three nos", meaning no contact, no compromise and no negotiation, although the hardline interpretation of previous nationalist governments has been softened since the


**(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)**



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# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, MAY 1, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## INSIDE TODAY

**Britain**

Police hunting for the baby food blackmailer have arrested several people and charged them with trying to copycat the extortionist. This and all the latest news from the United Kingdom in our weekly BRITAIN TODAY supplement.

**Liftout**

Better jobs for everyone

**Every day**

**Festival**

Next week the island of Cheung Chau goes into a four-day frenzy to celebrate the festival of Ta Chiu — the Bun Festival. What does all this mean?

**Page 15**

With the racing season fast coming to a close, Hongkong Standard tipsters were at peak form yesterday with trackmen Franco Lau and Paul Lee and last year's top tipster Scorpio all picking four winners. Uncle Ray also chipped in, picking the two tierces, one of which paid a handsome $2,103. Meanwhile, the betting turnover for the season continued to reach new heights with Hongkong's estimated 1.5 million punters investing a further $840 million to take the total turnover to $30.3 billion yesterday.

**Results: Page 18**

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**WEATHER:** 24°C — 28°C. Mainly fine. Some showers later. Details on Page 19

# Tourism expert blasts vacillation on airport's future

**By Barry Grindrod**

HONGKONG'S booming tourism industry could face disaster if the Government continues to drag its feet over where to build a new airport, according to former Tourism Association executive director, Mr John Pain.

"There is too much secrecy. The public and the industry have a right to know what is going on," he said.

"Investors are continuing to pump money into Hongkong. New hotels are shooting up. Thousands of rooms are scheduled to come on stream in the next couple of years.

"Yet here we have an airport which, in the not too distant future, will be physically incapable of bringing in enough visitors to fill those rooms.

"If the Government does not want to encourage this massive growth for whatever reason then it should say so.

"At least then the industry can cut back on investment and work to guidelines rather than just ploughing on.

"We have in Hongkong one of the finest tourism industries in the world. But when the airport runs out of steam you can forget the product (tourism)."

Mr Pain, who retired in 1987 after 16 years as executive director, is also critical of restrictive practises, with certain airlines getting monopolies on lucrative routes.

"All this is a formula for disaster.

"There is a lot of fuss about the labour shortage. But people are failing to address the real problem — and that is the airport.

INSIDE:

■ Is the sky the limit for this soaring success? Harry and his flying circus gave Kai Tak a crazy start; Wise to the underworld.

Special report:

**Page 5 ▶**

"As long ago as 1966, I joined a committee which was set up to look into the best site for a new airport.

"I left in 1987 and no decision had been made. Nothing has changed. We are still waiting.

"When a decision is made it is going to take at least eight years to get an airport up and running."

Back in 1966 Hongkong welcomed just over half a million visitors.

Last year 5.6 million visitors arrived in the territory and the prediction for 1994 is 8.4 million.

Tourism is Hongkong's third largest earner of foreign exchange.

But Kai Tak Airport, as it stands at present, is tipped to reach saturation point by 1992.

Government plans to extend the parking space for planes means maximum capacity will not be reached until 1996.

But Mr Pain is not impressed. He said in the last 18 months official estimates about when Kai Tak will reach breaking point have ranged from 1994 to 2004.

Mr Pain said he was not confident it would be able to cope with the projected 8.4 million visitors in 1994.

■ Mr John Pain ... a formula for disaster.

# Ringleaders feared held in crackdown

**By Our China Desk**

POLICE are suspected of having detained a number of student leaders who left Beijing last week to solicit support in the provinces.

Student organisers in Beijing lost contact with their colleagues several days ago, and say they do not know where they are.

A source said some were being held at the Public Security Bureau in Beijing.

At least four students were said to be missing, but their disappearance has not been reported yet to student unions. No other sources could verify the report last night.

In a related development, student leader Wu'er Kaixi of Beijing Normal University went into hiding yesterday at a friend's home, saying he feared arrest.

In a phone call to reporters, Mr Wu'er said he would neither take part in student actions nor attend meetings up to May 4.

He said he had been under surveillance by security officials around the clock.

*The Hongkong Standard* has learned that a number of Communist Party members, mostly intellectuals, have opposed cracking down on the student movement.

The party members said they would quit the party if students were arrested.

A group of journalists with the *China Youth Journal* – also said they would join May 4 demonstrations if the government arrested students.

May 4 is the 70th anniversary of a student-led pro-democracy movement. Students are expected to use the anniversary to stage further rallies.

Meanwhile, sources said the head of the Communist Party's United Front Work Department, Mr Yan Mingfu, had been trying to prevent the government from overreacting to student activities.

They said Mr Yan had explained the students' motives to top leaders, and worked to have their orders carried out as leniently as possible.

His actions resulted in the softening of Beijing's tough stance, and won concessions for the students, including the leaders' agreement to hold discussions with students, and to allow media coverage.

Mr Yan will hold talks with another group of intellectuals, including political scientist Mr Yan Jiaqi and philosopher Mr Li Zehou.

On Saturday, he met for five hours with seven intellectuals on how to turn the movement in a constructive direction.

The sources said Mr Yan argued that the situation could work to China's benefit if managed properly.

The mayor of Beijing said the city's party secretary disclosed their incomes and family backgrounds in a conversation with students yesterday afternoon.

Mayor Chen Xitong and municipal party secretary Li Ximing were the first to respond to a demand by students for leaders to outline their income.

Mr Chen met with 29 student representatives from 16 colleges. He denied he was the son-in-law of the late Chinese President Mr Liu Shaoqi, or the son of veteran party leader Mr Chen Yun.

"My only connection with the state leader is that I'm the countryfellow of Marshall Chen Yi, who is also from Sichuan."

He said his 300 yuan (HK$800) a month salary barely met family needs.

Mr Li also denied having personal ties to senior leaders.

"I'm a grade 12 cadre with a monthly income slightly over 300 yuan. None of my family members are high-ranking officials. I only have one son who is a junior cadre in the Beijing Civil Affairs Bureau and my daughter-in-law is also a ordinary clerk."

According to the Chinese administrative ranking system, only cadres graded 1-13 can be counted as high-ranking.

The meeting was the second direct contact between government officials and students since authorities promised discussions following a mass demonstration on Thursday.

A three-hour debate held Saturday evening was front-page news in yesterday's papers and was rebroadcast in its entirety by state radio and television.

The students dismissed the weekend talks as a ploy to divide the protest movement.

Students in front of the People's University of China distributed leaflets saying the students in the debate were not representative.

The leaflets, the first signed by the unofficial Beijing Students' Association, said the talks between the official All-Chinese Student Federation and government spokesman Yuan Mu "have nothing to do with us."

The statement also rejected the government's proposal to hold talks under the auspices of the official student union.

Authorities yesterday broadcast recordings of the Saturday meeting through campus public address systems.

"This was a dialogue between the government and its own people, who do not represent us," one Beijing University protest organiser said.

"The idea is to confuse ordinary students about what is going on and weaken our unity. The only aim of the government is to prevent another big march without making any concessions," he said.

The protesters demanded punishment for police who, they said, beat demonstrating students.

They also want press freedom and democratic reforms.

Campuses were calm yesterday after two weeks of anti-government unrest.

### HK support

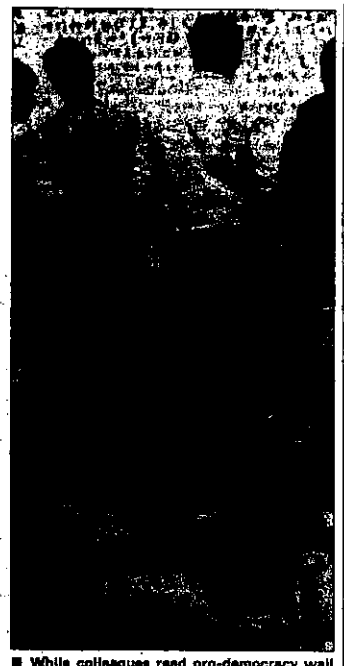
**HONGKONG students plan to stage a mass rally on May 4 to support the demands of their Chinese counterparts.**

**Some 600 students from 13 institutions of higher education were expected to take part, said Andrew Ta, secretary general of the Hongkong Federation of Students.**

**Mr Ta said students would march from their campuses to Chater Garden before going to the local headquarters of the Xinhua News Agency, China's top office in the territory.**

**The federation will also launch a three-day signature campaign today, he said.**

**Meanwhile, a group of Chinese students studying in the US say they will raise funds to send back to Beijing to help start an underground student newspaper.**



■ While colleagues read pro-democracy wall posters at Beijing University, a student takes the opportunity to catch a nap.

# Govt snarl-ups leave senior posts unfilled

**By Vivian Tse**

THE Government has no immediate plan to overhaul its cumbersome recruitment procedure for qualified people, despite stiff competition from the private sector.

Although the Civil Service Branch is to review the overall recruitment exercise in June, Mr Wong Yuk-wing, Principal Assistant Secretary for Civil Service (Appointments), said there is little room for major improvement.

The Government is facing increasing difficulties recruiting locals into the civil service. It takes eight months to complete each recruitment as against an average three months for the private sector.

While some officials blame the snail's-pace recruitment process, others say it is "1997 phobia".

Civil service unionists admit many people no longer regard Government jobs as "golden ricebowls".

Mr Wong Wai-hung, chairman of the Federation of Civil Service Unions, blames the Government for bureaucratic red tape.

There are 180,000 civil servants in Hongkong and there were 7,743 vacancies in different departments last year, a 30 percent rise from 1987.

The Government's Common Recruitment Examination for administrative officers, executive officers and others has drawn a sluggish response.

In 1988, 7,179 applicants sat such recruitment examinations. The number slid to 5,070 in 1987 and 5,582 last year.

As a remedy, the Government has stepped up its head-hunting exercises overseas, advertising 117 jobs last year, up from 23 in 1987 and 39 in 1986.

Of the 117 jobs, 40 were for legal professionals and the others for surveyors and architects.

Meanwhile, the frequency of local job advertisements increased 30 percent last year compared with 1987.

According to Mr Wong Yuk-wing, the minimum period needed to complete a recruitment, from placing an advertisement to offering the job to a successful candidate, is about 18 weeks. But another month or two may be needed for the candidate to resign from his or her previous post.

Mr Wong said the Government's recruitment exercise differed from the private sector, where employers offer jobs to the first suitable candidate they came across.

"They will first consider certain candidates among a handful of early applications," said Mr Wong.

However, the Government has to be accountable in the sense that it has to make sure every potential candidate has a chance, Mr Wong said.

"Therefore, the 'first suitable, first offer' principle does not apply to the Government. That is why we need more time to complete a recruitment." Mr Wong said.

The Civil Service Branch has put up more advertisements, increased mini-advertisements, recruited overseas, and put more reliance on the Government's training scholarship scheme.

The scheme awards scholarships for Government employees as well as non-civil servants to study subjects including law, engineering, social sciences and para-medical services.

There has been an recent increase in new appointments approved by the Public Service Commission for senior and middle-ranking posts that pay over $13,000 a month.

In 1986, the number stood at 1,663, compared with 2,104 in 1987 and 3,182 last year.

■ Government hiring process deters applicants

**Page 2**

# Pollution kills Greens' plan for river clean-up

**By Pamela Ngai**

A PLAN to mark this year's World Environment Day by cleaning up a Sai Kung river has been shelved ... because it's so filthy, the pollution could have poisoned volunteers working on the project.

The environmental group Green Power has dropped a proposal to have 1,000 volunteers scrub stained stones in the Ho Chung River this year, said the World Environment Day working group chairman, Mr William Courtauld.

Mr Courtauld praised the idea but said it would be a purely symbolic gesture without any long-term benefit for the badly polluted river.

"It is so polluted a river that it could have been quite dangerous," he said.

"Analysis done on the water shows it's full of all sorts of things. I really don't want a thousand young people jumping around in it. It could have killed people."

The Ho Chung River, which has been stained black by untreated industrial effluents from factories along its banks, is one of Hongkong's worst environmental eyesores.

Green Power earlier suggested that it and the Sai Kung District Board jointly organise the clean-up as part of this year's World Environment Day celebrations.

The plan involved commissioning a company to clean up the river and test its water quality. The stone scrubbing would be timed to take place on the eve of World Environment Day on June 5.

The chairman of the Sai Kung District Board's environmental improvement committee, Mr Ho Koon-shun, said yesterday board members generally welcomed the idea but considered it not feasible.

"Ho Chung River is very dirty indeed. If people jump in, how can we safeguard their health? The ragged river bed can also be dangerous," Mr Ho told *The Hongkong Standard*.

"Even if we have 1,000 people, I doubt that they can scrub many stones in one day. There are so many in the river," he added.

He said detailed cost estimates were not available but that the project had been expected to cost between $200,000 and $300,000.

After careful deliberations, the committee agreed that the district board should play a minor role in the project and provide a funding of not more than $20,000.

Green Power, which had not approached the board since then, has apparently dropped the idea.

The group's member in charge of the plan, Mr Wan Sek-luen, could not be reached for comment yesterday.

# Liverpool announce return to Cup fray

**GLASGOW: Liverpool are to go ahead with their English FA Cup semi-final against Nottingham Forest, the club announced yesterday.**

**The decision, twice delayed, was announced after a 4-0 victory over Celtic in a match in aid of the Hillsborough Disaster Fund here.**

**The game will be played at Manchester United's Old Trafford ground next Sunday – 22 days after the Hillsborough tragedy in which 95 Liverpool fans were crushed to death.**

**Liverpool resume their League programme at Merseyside rivals Everton on Wednesday.**

**The club had twice put off a decision about the Cup while Merseyside mourned those who died at Hillsborough.**

**The bereaved are reported to have given their approval for the semi-final to go ahead. Should the scores be level after 90 minutes and extra time, the tie will be decided on penalties, as Liverpool already face a fixture backlog, even though the League have given them until June to complete their six remaining Division One games.**

**The final, where the winners would meet Everton, would then probably go ahead on its scheduled date of May 20.**

**The decision was announced by Liverpool chairman John Smith.**

**All the proceeds from yesterday's match with Celtic, estimated at about £300,000, will go the disaster fund.**

**It was a moving occasion for the players and the 50,000 spectators who observed a minute's silence before the game.**

– AFP, Reuter

■ Soccer's tragic roots said to be in culture **Britain Today**

# Thatcher on way out, say UK polls

**By Antony Cheesewright**

**LONDON: There was bad news for Mrs Margaret Thatcher yesterday with two respected opinion polls suggesting she and her party could be on the way out.**

**On Thursday Mrs Thatcher celebrates a record 10 years in power – but it seems most people in Britain now want her to stand down.**

**A Harris poll, conducted on behalf of the *Observer* newspaper, says that two-thirds of the electorate believe she has gone too far in her policies.**

**And in the same week as electoral battles in the Vale of Glamorgan and the shire counties, a Mori poll for *The Sunday Times* reveals that Labour has drawn level with the Tories for the first time since the general election.**

**The *Observer* poll is sure to confirm the prime minister's fears that the 10th anniversary of her first election victory will encourage people to take stock of her record and decide they would like a change.**

**She is, therefore, restricting her celebrations to private events in Downing Street, Parliament and the Tory Central Office – only showing herself briefly to the public in an 8.30 am walkabout and "photo-opportunity" in Downing Street on Thursday.**

**One of the polls shows 40 percent of voters believe she should stand down immediately.**

**A further eight percent say she should go within a year and 10 percent in the year before the next election – in all 58 percent.**

**On the other hand, few believe she will take the hint and quit.**

**Thirty percent think that it will be five to 10 years before she retires.**

■ Thatcher years see decade of change for UK **Britain Today**

# Taipei rules out politics at Asian bank talks

■ Shirley Kuo Wan-yung... no politics.

**By Priscilla Leung**

TAIWAN has ruled out any possibility of its delegation to the Asian Development Bank (ADB) meeting in China becoming a political mission.

The 12-member delegation, led by Finance Minister Shirley Kuo Wan-yung, 59, is however, to offer HK$1 billion to bank members as a development loan.

Observers have called Taiwan's presence at the three-day bank meeting, which opens on Thursday, a milestone that could ease political tension across the Taiwan Strait.

But on the eve of her departure for Beijing via Tokyo last night, the finance minister stressed the trip had nothing to do with the island's mainland policy and would not necessarily lead to a thaw in official relations.

"As a founding member of the ADB, our sole mission is to attend the meeting and to fulfil the obligations as well as exercise the rights of a member of the regional bank," she said.

The minister, who sits on the bank's governing board, said her delegation would participate in any official activity sponsored by the bank but would not attend events not related to the meeting.

As part of its first official presence in mainland China, Taipei will offer an Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund for development projects in bank-member nations, she said.

When asked whether part of the money would be loaned to China, Madam Kuo would only say that the fund was for international economic cooperation.

She also said Taiwan would continue to oppose its bank designated title, "Taipei, China", which was made when Beijing joined the bank in 1985 and led to Taiwan's two-year boycott of bank meetings until last year.

Taiwan has rejected the term saying it implied Taipei was a local government under Beijing's jurisdiction.

"We will continue to negotiate on the issue," said Madam Kuo.

Political analysts said the visit is a dramatic illustration that Taipei is abandoning its hard-line stand of claiming to be the legitimate Chinese government.

Nationalist officials are now trying to devise a formula under which the two sides can work together in international politics.

Taiwan needs political clout to underpin its position as the world's 13th largest trader and the biggest investor, after Japan, in Asia's developing countries.

Taiwan has declared its determination to rejoin such international economic organisations as the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), from which it withdrew in 1950, and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, which it left in 1972.

Its ultimate aim is to regain membership of the United Nations, from which it was expelled in 1971.

■ Beijing stands fast on Taiwan terminology

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# 我国夏粮长势喜人

## 当前问题是病虫害发生面广，来势猛，农药奇缺，防治困难

**新华社成都5月2日电** 据最近在四川召开的全国小麦产区购销工作协作会议预测，今年中国夏粮长势喜人，丰收在望。

到会的15个省、自治区、市统计，今年夏粮播种面积4.0114亿亩，比去年增加1.8%，扩大723万亩。预计总产量可达782亿公斤，比去年增产11亿公斤，增长1.4%。其中河南、四川、山西、江苏4省有较大增产，其余省、自治区、市保产略增。

多数省、自治区、市反映，当前的问题是病虫害发生面广，来势很猛，农药奇缺，给防治工作带来困难。

新闻摄影比赛 最佳新闻照片

**山村卖书郎**

山西省原平县下庄村青年李天才高考落榜后，当上了图书经销个体户。六年来，他走村串户传播精神文明和农业科学知识，深受群众欢迎。 赵二小摄

## 人民银行牵头 各专业行联合

# 清理企业“三角债”

## 重点帮助符合产业政策、效益好的企业清欠

**新华社北京5月2日电** （金融时报记者张继东）经国务院批准，中国人民银行决定，从5月份开始，由人民银行牵头，工商银行、农业银行、建设银行、中国银行、交通银行联合起来，在全国范围内有组织地清理企业“三角债”。

目前全国工商企业相互拖欠的资金日益增多，形成的“三角债”严重影响了企业生产经营的正常进行。中国人民银行总行负责人今天表示，这次大规模清理“三角债”要总结前一时期各地清欠工作的经验，重点帮助那些符合中央产业政策、经济效益好的企业进行清欠，做到“清理一点，解决一串”。但是，也应该看到，企业之间的拖欠，有些是正常的商业信用，不属于“三角债”。对于压缩基建形成的拖欠和虚盈实亏、产品滞销积压的企业，银行不能用增加贷款的办法帮助清欠。

有关负责人强调，这次清理企业“三角债”，必须在中国人民银行的组织领导下进行。要通过这次清欠，积极推进金融体制改革，大力推进商业信用票据化。各专业银行可根据资金力量对企业的商业票据有选择地承兑或贴现，中央银行将有选择地进行再贴现。这位负责人强调，各专业银行要切实保障结算渠道通畅，保证及时解付汇款，以维护银行信誉和金融秩序。

# 银行应支持企业完税

记者来信

记者最近在东北三省采访时发现，在当前国家财政十分吃紧的情况下，一些企业占用大量税款搞经营、上项目，而当地银行却视而不见，甚至纵容支持。

有个“盈利大户”近两年来月月拖欠产品税、增值税、营业税等税款，到目前已累计欠税6亿多元。细了解，这个企业欠税的主要原因，是由于国家宏观失控，被国家批准的改造项目上马后却保证不了贷款资金，只好“礼尚往来”，用应缴税款堵“缺口”。他们这样做，当地银行也默许了。

去年下半年以来，银行营运资金紧张，一些银行便只考虑部门效益，不顾及全局利益，违背国家关于对企业扣款实行“一税二贷”的顺序原则，先扣贷，后扣税，或者只扣贷，不扣税，甚至帮助企业拖欠税款。一个不愿吐露姓名的市税务局长告诉记者，去年以来市里企业欠税3.2亿元，其中2/3是工商税。这是历史上从未有过的。“当我按国家征管规定向银行递交对一家企业的扣税和罚滞纳金通知书时，连续三次遭到拒绝，最后竟被当作“废纸”扔了出来。

有的企业欠税并非自愿。一个被税务部门指责为欠税5000万元的公司经理说：“其实，不是我不想交税，而是银行不愿意把我们企业的存款划作税款上解。我们只好背欠税的‘黑锅’。”

一些财政、税务部门的同志呼吁，目前企业欠税加剧了财政紧张。银行应当支持企业纳税，从国家全局利益出发，不再为企业欠税开“绿灯”。

新华社记者 金虎 高歌 新彦

# 打击非法交易 加强税收管理

# 上海整顿个体经营

**新华社上海5月2日电** （记者何子晖）上海着手全面整顿个体经营、加强监督管理工作。

到去年年底止，上海城乡约有证个体工商户达11万户、16.3万人，他们在经济生活中发挥了拾遗补缺的作用，方便了群众。但是当前个体经营普遍违章违法行为比较严重，有的偷税漏税，有的销行假币、贩抬物价，有的特手倒卖、投机倒把，有的赌博酗斗，严重扰乱市场秩序和社会治安。

上海市这次整顿个体经营工作的重点是坚决取缔无照经营，打击非法交易；加强对有证个体工商户的查账和税收管理，上半年结合验照全面开展普查，对问题较多的饮食业、旅馆服务业和书刊行业，分期分批进行重点检查，查处违法活动。同时，上海正在完善有关政策法规，加强行业管理。并对个体工商户做好守法经营、文明经营的教育。

## 太平洋地区经济合作展望

本报讯 近年来，太平洋地区越来越成为人们谈论的热门话题。本报七版今天发表吴大琨写的《太平洋地区经济合作展望》一文，阐述了太平洋地区经济合作的可能性及其前景。

# 西哈努克同洪森会谈

## 双方同意在两个问题上达成某些妥协 洪森称为让步将更改「国名」「国旗」「国歌」

**新华社雅加达5月2日电** 民主柬埔寨主席诺罗敦·西哈努克亲王同金边政权总理洪森今天上午在这里举行第4轮会谈，以寻求解决柬埔寨问题的途径。

会议于当地时间上午9时开始，30分钟后，民柬联合政府总理宋双加入了他们的会谈，会谈共进行了两个多小时。

据悉，西哈努克亲王、宋双和洪森讨论了越南从柬埔寨撤军、停止外国对柬抵抗力量的援助、国际监督机构监督越南撤军和改换国旗等问题。他们还讨论了国家的宗教、宪法及政党作用等问题。会谈将在今天下午继续举行。

在今天上午会谈结束后，洪森对记者说，他欢迎西哈努克亲王以国家领导人的身份回到柬埔寨。洪森还说，他和西哈努克亲王将于今年7月24日在巴黎举行会谈。7月25日，柬埔寨四方将在巴黎举行会议。

**本报曼谷5月2日电** 记者刘曼威报道：今天在雅加达第四轮会谈中，民柬主席西哈努克亲王和金边政权总理洪森表示同意将越南早些时候提出的监督越南撤军的国际监督机构范围加以扩大以及同意在越南全部撤军之后停止外国对柬交战各方的援助。

西哈努克方面一位发言人今晚通过电话对本报记者说，西哈努克亲王强调，他与洪森在上述两个问题上达成的某些妥协绝不是最后的协议。因为他必须首先与民柬及宋双方面取得一致意见。

**新华社曼谷5月1日电** 金边政权总理洪森今天在此间声称，他将在雅加达同民柬主席西哈努克亲王的会谈中做出某些让步。

洪森所说的让步，是把金边政权的名称从“柬埔寨人民共和国”改为“柬埔寨国”，同时更改金边政权的“国旗”和“国歌”。

洪森今天在前往雅加达的途中于曼谷停留期间对记者说，他认为这次雅加达会谈十分重要，既使不能全部解决问题，至少也可解决部分问题。

洪森和西哈努克亲王去年和今年初在法国曾举行5轮会谈。由于洪森顽固坚持金边所提出的条件，3轮会谈均未取得进展。

## 胡启立会见保加利亚客人时说

# 建设民主政治是渐进过程

**据新华社北京5月2日电**（记者周锦林）中共中央政治局常委胡启立今天下午在这里说：“建设社会主义民主政治，是我们的目标，但它是一个逐步积累的渐进过程。”

在同由中央政治局委员米·巴列夫率领的保加利亚共产党代表团会谈时，胡启立指出，民主政治的建设要同中国的经济发展同步进行，既不能超前，也不能滞后。

他说：“当前我们压倒一切的任务是保持政局的稳定。当然稳定不是不让人说话。只有真正发扬社会主义民主才能保持稳定。可是，倘若政局不稳，甚至连已经取得的成就也会丧失。”

胡启立向保加利亚客人介绍了中国治理经济环境，整顿经济秩序和深化改革的情况。他说，在治理整顿的同时，我们还要完成三项任务：一，调整经济结构，提高经济效益；二，进一步完善企业的经营机制；三，加强和改进中央的宏观调控能力。

巴列夫在会谈中也介绍了保加利亚社会主义建设所取得的成就和保加利亚当前进行改革的情况。他说，保加利亚的目标是使社会的发展在各方面达到高度水平，在科技革命的基础上形成新的生产力，提高人民的生活水平，发挥个人的活力和能力，扩大和完善社会主义的民主，以及在维护和平、促进缓和方面发挥更大的作用。

胡启立和巴列夫还谈到了进一步发展中保两党和两国关系的问题。

会谈时，巴列夫向胡启立赠送了保加利亚出版的邓小平文选《论当代中国的基本问题》。胡启立也向巴列夫赠送了中国出版的《日夫科夫文选》。

## 谈压不保 谈保不压

# 贵阳调整产品结构 工业生产打开局面

**新华社贵阳5月2日电** （记者何天文）面对资金、能源和原材料紧缺的困难，贵阳市自年初起大力调整产品结构，以50多个骨干企业和40种短销产品作为发展重点，工业生产开始打开局面。

去年年底以来，贵阳市的工业企业普遍出现资金、原材料紧张。为了使有限的资金、原材料产生更好的经济效益，贵阳市本着“该压不保，该保不压”的原则，以增加社会有效供给为目的，对全市200多个工业企业进行了调查分析，把生产实农产品、人民生活必需品以及适销对路的轻纺产品的企业，列为发展重点。市里决定把全市90%的流动资金用于扶持这些重点企业及产品的生产，同时在能源、原材料等方面给予配套和优先供应，使一批企业紧中求活，走出生产“挟谷”。

# 青海钾肥厂一期工程试生产

**据新华社西宁5月2日电**（记者党周）我国最大的钾肥生产厂青海钾肥厂的一期工程提前一年建成。经过设备检测、单机试车，5月1日开始投料试生产。

青海钾肥厂设计总规模年产钾肥100万吨，其中一期工程年产量20万吨。

# 纪念五四运动七十周年 百余中外学者聚会北京

本报北京讯 “纪念五四运动70周年国际学术研讨会”经过一年时间的筹备，5月1日在京召开。

来自中国、新加坡、美国、苏联、日本、澳大利亚、南朝鲜、巴西等国和台湾、香港地区的120余名专家、学者将以“五四与中国知识分子问题”为主题，就五四与传统文化、五四与西方思潮、中国知识分子在近现代的历史地位与作用等专题进行研讨。

这次会议是由中国文化书院学术委员会、北京21世纪研究院、香港中文大学、香港大学合办的，旨在探讨五四对中国的影响及知识分子在现代社会、经济、文化、政治生活中的地位和作用，总结自五四以来中国文化与西方文化的矛盾撞击和相互交流融合的历史经验和教训。

# 诸城建成肉鸡专业生产体系

## 外贸组织上万农户 各项服务落到实处 去年出口肉鸡占全国总出口一成 今年首季出口已逾千吨

本报讯 记者贾建舟、宋学春报道：山东省诸城市外贸公司以发展肉鸡为重点，与85个乡镇的17万农户结合，建立起完整的肉食鸡专业化生产服务体系。去年肉鸡出口占全国的1/10，今年一季度又出口1300吨。

这个公司建立的肉鸡专业化生产体系，主要由“四个环节”构成：一是良种繁育。公司投资2650多万元，先后建起2处良种鸡场，从美国、加拿大、澳大利亚引进良种和孵化设备，形成年产雏鸡1250万只的能力；二是饲料加工。公司从泰国引进2条时产5吨的颗粒饲料加工生产线，并建起与饲料生产相配套的年产7000吨榨油车间和原料收购、储存设施，基本与肉鸡生产相配套；三是专场饲养。采取集体办场、分户承包、联户办场和专业大户办场等多种形式，共建起大中小不同规模的肉鸡饲养场273处，总饲养面积25万多平方米；四是冷藏加工。公司建起符合国际卫生标准的宰鸡车间，日宰能力达到3.5万只，并配套建起3000吨的冷库，肉鸡加工出口品种规格达到108个，基本实现精深加工。

在建立肉鸡专业化生产体系过程中，外贸公司把农民当作“上帝”，积极为农民提供服务，做到“四到门”，即雏鸡送到门，饲料运到门，防疫和技术指导到门，成鸡收购到门；“两缺销”，即雏鸡、饲料由公司缺销给农民，售鸡后再统一结算。此外，公司还让利于农，近几年农民每养1只鸡实际收入平均达1元。去年10月以来，饲料价格猛涨、肉鸡出口价格下跌，公司仍保证农民每只鸡获利0.6元，而大量的涨价因素在加工、运销等环节消化。

# 上海高校学生上街游行

## 市府认为广大学生爱国热情可以理解但示威方式不利于解决问题

**新华社上海5月2日电** 上海部分高校的4000多名学生，今天下午走出校门，上街游行。

据了解，复旦大学，同济大学的部分学生，今天下午沿四平路、外滩，前往市中心的人民广场，与较早到达的华东师范大学部分学生会合。游行队伍中打着“坚持四项基本原则”、“要民主自由”等横幅标语，沿途呼喊口号。

当晚十时左右，游行队伍逐渐离去。

上海市人民政府发言人就部分高校学生上街游行一事发表谈话指出，这次游行事先未向公安部门申报，违反了上海市人大常委会通过的关于上海市公民游行示威的有关法规。

这位发言人说，市公安部门派出干警，尽最大努力维持游行队伍途经地段的交通秩序，以减缓市内公共交通阻塞的状况。

这位发言人还说，广大学生的爱国热情和对政府工作中的缺点错误提出意见、要求改进的愿望是可以理解的。但采用这种游行示威的方式不利于解决问题。这位发言人说，大家可以通过座谈对话、来信来访和举报等多种方式向政府反映情况，提出意见。

另据介绍，上海市学联正在组织高校部分学生与市有关领导的座谈对话活动。

—◁●▷—

# 首都数十大学生递交请愿书 有关方面负责人分别予以接受

**新华社北京5月2日电** 首都高校数十名学生今天下午向有关方面递交了他们给全国人大常委会、国务院和中共中央的“请愿书”。

全国人大常委会办公厅信访局负责人分别签收了“请愿书”。

办公厅信访局负责人分别签收了“请愿书”。

# 江苏着手开发吕四港

## 可与上海港北仑港形成布局合理的大港群体

本报讯 沉睡千年的天然良港——江苏省吕四港，在沿海地区经济发展战略中展示出广阔的开发前景。

素有“黄海明珠”美称的吕四港，位于启东县西北部的黄海岸边，是我国重要的渔业基地、全国四大渔场之一。海水养殖近几年也迅速发展，仅对虾一项，每年出口200吨以上。在渔品加工方面，港区已有大小冷库43座，日速冻能力305吨，水产品保鲜率已达95%。到目前为止，已有几个国家和地区与吕四发生业务联系。

据新华日报报道，不久前，江苏省政府批准在吕四港建立台湾小型船舶停泊点，已拨款正在建设全省第一家台湾渔民接待站，同时还建立了对台小额贸易货栈。

吕四港水域深而宽广，水道动态稳定，风冲不激，并有天然的挡风屏障，江河海联运条件十分优越，是被专家们确定的我国沿海少有的可建5万吨以上深水泊位的天然良港，南京水利院进行了建港条件可行性研究，去年底通过论证。吕四优越的建港条件及开发利用，也引起了国外专家和客商的关注。专家们认为，兴建吕四深水大港，将与连云港形成南北呼应的局面，是保兴苏北经济的需要；南黄海盆地石油储量在2亿吨以上，吕四港紧靠南黄海盆地，是最理想的石油开发基地，开发吕四港，同时可以避开长江拦门沙对大型海轮进出长江的制约，为上海港分流提供了条件；可与上海港、浙江北仑港形成一个功能齐全、布局合理的东方大港群体。

## 收旗摘匾

李乐平

山东潍坊市中级人民法院作出一条规定：将本院所有悬挂上的锦旗牌匾全部摘下来，不管是上级赠的还是群众送的。这个法院是全国最高人民法院表彰的先进单位，近几年来，由于他们依法办案，受到群众的爱戴，锦旗和笑脸源源不断地送了来。在廉政建设中，这个法院认为，荣誉多了不利于加强自身建设，容易使干部产生自满情绪，所以他们提出：不把人民法院的形象挂在墙上，而树立在人民的心目中，作出了摘匾的决定。

潍坊中级人民法院不图虚名，不做表面文章，扎扎实实为群众办事的精神实在可敬。自然我也不是主张大家都来收缴锦匾。不过我却想到那些锦旗、题锦满、送锦满的单位，空耗了多少精力，浪费了多少钱财，反正这些费用不是自己掏腰包。也许正因为如此，锦旗之风愈刮愈烈，而并由锦旗转变成了收缴表彰信的风气。致使一块少则几十元，多则上百元，究竟有多大必要？几乎都是有个“空”，锦旗笑匾发泡了，也会贬值的。

## 以亞銀中國副理事身份

# 邱晴昨拜訪郭婉容

### 郭透露兩人單獨見面談得很好

### 說北京地方很漂亮人們和藹可親

【本報記者晨少雄北京二日專電】在北京出席亞銀第二十二屆年會的中國台北代表團團長邱創煥今天下午會見了中國的亞銀副理事、中國人民銀行副行長邱晴。郭婉容表示兩人談得很好。郭婉容下午六點三十分在長城飯店舉行記者招待會，他說，邱晴以亞銀副理事的身份來看我，這是一個禮貌性的拜訪。他說，邱晴說話很客氣，談得很好。邱晴說，天氣感於由冬天轉變成夏天的過程中，溫度變化很大，所以穿衣服等各方面都要小心。郭婉容為此話很對，她對邱晴印象很好。兩人之間的談次第一次會面進行了十多分鐘。

關於使用名稱的問題，郭婉容說，「中華民國」是創始會員國，任何人無權改變這一名稱，我們會繼續交涉。當有記者問，中國人民銀行代表李貴鮮今早表示這種交涉是很不明智的，你對此有何看法時，郭婉容說，對他的講話我不作別表評論。

郭婉容今天會見了新加坡財政部長胡賜道和太平洋島國巴拿度的財長，並會見了日本大和證券副總裁山本一雄。

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## 北京今開紀念「五四」大會

# 趙紫陽將出席發表講話

### 政治局常委亦將會見青年代表

### 北京中央電台預告將轉播實況

【本報北京二日專電】明天（三日）下午三時，將在人民大會堂舉行紀念五四運動七十周年大會，中共中央總書記趙紫陽發表講話。老資格的學生運動領袖都將親臨出席大會。

據今晚六時三十分的中央電台的新聞聯播預告，明天將進行實況轉播，可是晚八時的新聞聯播中將這條預告取消。

據悉中共中央政治局常委都將出席這次紀念會。會前，他們還會接見先進青年代表。

## 持「聲援北京」「要民主」標語

# 滬數千學生昨遊行

# 聚外灘至深夜結束

### 警察採克制態度沿途維持秩序

【本報上海二日專電】上海部分高校四千多名學生，今天下午走出校門，上街遊行，直到晚上十點多鐘，進行隊伍在外灘上海市政府大樓前靜走。復旦大學部分學生中午走出校門，會合同濟大學的部分學生，沿途經四平路、外灘，前往市府大樓前靜走。

五月二日下午，首都高校學生代表大會當門前向有關方面遞交「請願書」。（新華社）

### 請願

教十名學生在人民大會堂門

【本報訊】上海部分高校學生罷課聲援北京學生的行動，昨天已經發展到十多所大學。

文匯報
經中國人民銀政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局核限第三號
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
WEN WEI PO
星期三 3 五月 一九六九年
星一初 八廿月五年巳己
第三二六四一第字港
元二售半張九紙出日今

# 連場暴雨 九龍癱瘓 兩死多傷

大型山泥傾瀉現場

## 觀塘區情況最嚴重 造成近年罕見水浸

### 港九水浸逾百宗 塌山泥十六宗

【本報訊】昨日本港遭受暴雨，特別在中午一小時之內，錄得逾百毫米雨量，為有紀錄以來的第二個最高紀錄。暴雨令多處地區嚴重水浸及發生山泥傾瀉，市民的生命財產受威脅，消防員疲於奔命，但又為交通阻塞，延誤搶救時間，昨日的暴雨，直接間接造成兩人死亡，多人受傷，港九新界交通整日大亂，蔡頌九龍區交通幾乎完全陷於癱瘓，大部分主要幹線亦受水浸影響以致不能通車。

觀塘區情況最為嚴重，為有紀錄以來的第二個最高紀錄。暴雨令多處地區嚴重水浸及發生山泥傾瀉，市民的生命財產受威脅，消防員疲於奔命，但又為交通阻塞，延誤搶救時間，昨日的暴雨，直接間接造成兩人死亡，多人受傷，港九新界交通整日大亂，蔡頌九龍區交通幾乎完全陷於癱瘓，大部分主要幹線亦受水浸影響以致不能通車。

觀塘告共十六宗，其中香港一宗，九龍六宗，新界九宗。

雷暴因一股低氣壓近年罕見的大水災。據港府統計數字，昨日的水浸報告共一百零七宗，香港五十宗，九龍十二宗，新界四十五宗，山泥傾瀉十宗，舉凡入受傷，不少油塘道及高超道一段油塘道就雨水淹過膝，部份地區至牛頭角一段均被雨水所淹，部份地區更水深及腰，完全不能行車，而一些金屬通行街道水浸地段之汽車亦紛紛「死火」，以致有大批汽車擱在原處中。

觀塘工業中心亦發生水浸，附近店舖因水浸關係，紛紛自行關掉電源放下大閘，停止營業。

在雷雨影響下，油塘安寧女童院一帶，六十米斜坡之圍牆，塌下，幸無人受傷。據悉，該校在七、八年前亦曾發生相同事故，但上次圍牆只塌了一小部份，沒有今次嚴重。

觀塘區交通另受阻礙，舉凡道、觀塘道、觀魚門道及觀塘道至牛頭角一段均被雨水所淹，部份地區更水深及腰，完全不能行車，而一些金屬通行街道水浸地段之汽車亦紛紛「死火」，以致有大批汽車擱在原處中。

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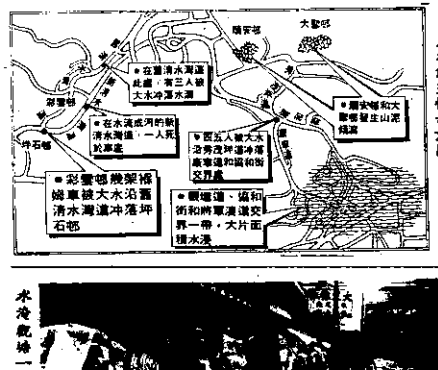
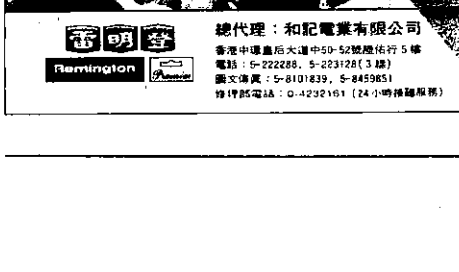
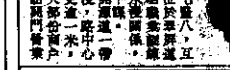
在觀塘泛泳池之一段污水與雨水混合而下，直湧向觀塘道巴士站，令到觀塘道巴士站附近一段馬路成為一片汪洋，巴士無法行駛，在巴士站等候的乘客，亦被迫更為煩惱。在秀茂坪一段污水與雨水混合而下，直湧向觀塘道巴士站，令到觀塘道巴士站附近一段馬路成為一片汪洋，巴士無法行駛，在巴士站等候的乘客，亦被迫更為煩惱。在秀茂坪一段污水與雨水混合而下，直湧向觀塘道巴士站，令到觀塘道巴士站附近一段馬路成為一片汪洋，巴士無法行駛，在巴士站等候的乘客，亦被迫更為煩惱。在秀茂坪




東九龍災情示意圖



水浸觀塘一帶，途人涉水而行。



雷雨死者林德明

## 學生要與副總理級官員對話並由電視轉播

### 要求在今日中午前知道結果

【本報記者組北京二日電】國務院接見人民大會堂，要求在明日（五月三日）中午十二時之前日（五月三日）特就有關北京高校學生代表及請對話的要求，特別召開中外記者會，記者招待會將於明日（五月三日）早上八時開始，地點在北京人民大會堂。

【新華社北京二日電】首都高校數十名學生今天下午向有關方面遞交了他們給全國人大常委會、國務院和中共中央的「請願書」。

全國人大常委會辦公廳信訪局和中共中央辦公廳、國務院辦公廳信訪局負責人分別接受了「請願書」。

【本報記者組北京二日電】由來自三十多所北京高校的六十七名學生組成的「提請對話代表團」，今日分別向人大常委、中共中央及國務院辦公廳遞交「請願書」內容提出七點要求：

①公開、客觀地解釋胡耀邦事件；

②公正報道次事實；

③糾正官方對「動亂」的公開說法；

④反貪污、反腐敗、特別是有關高幹問題；

⑤公布新聞法，允許民間辦報；

⑥提高教育經費，改善教師待遇，公布政協三屆四次會議對北京十所高等學校教育經費的調查報告；並調查中小學的狀況及公布結果；

⑦檢討政府最大的政策性失誤，由政協常委會設小組，調查成因及原因。

學生表示，明日（五月三日）各高校將進行「對話代表團」的選舉工作，可以通過全校會選或學生代表大會選舉方式進行。

## 今晨八時半 袁木晤記者

### 將談學生提出對話事

【本報訊】昨日的大雷暴中發生雨來雷雨，其中西貢一名漁農二級植林員工作時被雷殛死，全身焦黑，送院後證實已喪生。另一名地盤工人亦被雷擊受傷，情況危殆。

死者林德明，現年三十歲，已婚，育有一子一女，住西貢大街，為漁農處植林員工。

昨日下午二時許，雷雨交加，但死者仍與上山在毫無遮蔽的環境下植樹工作，並無躲避。

【本報訊】昨日的雷雨，雷聲交加，但死者仍與上山在毫無遮蔽的環境下植樹工作，並無躲避。

# 民主潮流席捲大上海
# 大學生示威反對特權

## 六千人包圍滬黨部要求復欽本立職

（法新社巴黎二日電）數名在法國的作家、藝術家和學生成立了中國民主政權青年委員會，呼籲星期四在巴黎舉行示威。委員會以「最高級」作者名義發出一份聲明中宣稱，「我有民主和自由，才能夠中國於自身滅亡的危機之中。」

該委員會宣稱：「沒有民主，中國的屬境將會變成世界的笑柄。」

（美聯社華盛頓二日電）紐約一位專研中國大陸學生及政府官員關係的政治學教授到民主。

韓良（譯音）周一在一項有關民主運動的論壇上說：「他們需要絕對一段過渡時期，而不能一夜之間就到民主陣線去。

他說，在北京市及其他中國城市爆發的高校學生要求民主運動，具有意義而且前所未有。經過這次學生的要求並不明確，不像蘇聯知識分子或波蘭團結。

韓良指出：這些學生的要求是「一個開放社會的概念」。

（中通社北京二日電）在慘烈紀念活動中，大多數高校學生表現出對社會、對國家的關心與參與北京社會心理研究所於今年三月對該市十六所高校學生進行抽樣調查的結果相符合。該項民意調查結果表明，關心社會問題與國家命運，仍是目前大陸大學生心態的熱點。

一般研究認為，自去年下半年以來，高校中會一度興起民運熱，出國熱等，大學生普遍方表現出對社會政治的冷漠。而北京社會心理研究所的這次調查表現，關注社會與政局與國家命運，實際上仍是大學生的熱點。

近百分之半數六的人認為不應重。

對於目前的大學生應該關心哪些問題是什麼，該調查表中的答案，估第一位，其次是教育問題，第三位是就業問題，第四位是黨政機關腐敗現象，第五位是物價上漲，分配不公，醫療保健，高幹子弟問題和職，過等社會各種問題。

（本報綜合二日電）一九八九年五月的第一個星期，大學學生評起抗議示威浪潮，席捲北京、上海、天津、瀋陽、武漢、西安等大城市，要求民主及徹底改革教育制度。

一萬名北京大學及師範大學學生，在五月一日舉行遊行，要求政府對學生的要求，有回應。

一萬二千名復旦大學及華東師範大學出發及集結到市中心的人民廣場。

上海學生下午初段由復旦大學及華東師範大學出發及集結到市中心的人民廣場。

示威者說，除非當局回應他們的要求，否則會通宵留在廣場。

他們的要求包括解除對示威的限制，恢復上周遊行的「世界經濟導報」總編輯欽本立的職位，欽本立因出版支持學生抗議的文章被革職。

他們高呼：「恢復欽本立的職位！」欽位報紙星日前被勒令停刊。

一名外交人員表示：「另一組人群是該國個人口約二十二百萬人場市北京市委書記李錫銘。

部前來加入遊行行列。

這次示威為上海四月十五日，前中共總書記胡耀邦逝世後，發生的學生運動中最大的一次示威活動。

在示威行列裏的一條橫幅上寫著：「歷史如你不華人們寫出事實，你就是有心記錄的一示威學生抗議人員好，他們有自己組織的訴求。

（中新社汕頭二日電）泰國內政部長已愛上輛，內政部移民局表堅皆少將及內政部安全組開隊世貿先生，行十三人，於昨天中午乘機抵達汕頭市，進行為期兩天的訪問。

汕頭市副市長劉一鳴等和潮陽縣縣委書記李華到機場迎接泰國貴賓。

昨天午午，市副市長劉一鳴等和潮陽縣縣委書記李華到機場迎接泰國貴賓。

昨天午午，市副市長劉一鳴等和潮陽縣縣委書記李華到機場迎接泰國貴賓。

# 泰內政部長潮州祭祖
# 農業代表團同期訪汕

（中新社汕頭二日電）應中國農業部邀請，以泰國農業合作部部長為首的泰國農業代表團一行九人，五月一日到汕頭市訪問。

代表團在訪問期間，先後參觀了潮陽縣、潮陽縣和潮南縣的農業生產情況，並與當地農業部門的負責人舉行了會談。

代表團還在訪問期間，先後參觀了潮陽縣和潮南縣的農業生產情況，並與當地農業部門的負責人舉行了會談。

代表團團長泰國農業合作部部長為首的泰國農業代表團一行九人，五月一日到汕頭市訪問。

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## 一小時逾百毫米雨量創本港第二紀錄

# 暴雨襲港兩人喪生

## 暴雷雨有大雨雷暴　癱瘓通幾癱瘓　料今仍東九龍交通

【本報卅一日電】昨日中午十二時至下午一時，本港出現大雨傾盆，雷暴交加，天色昏暗，造成多處交通癱瘓，多條道路水浸，其中以銅鑼灣、東九龍及荃灣一帶最為嚴重。天文台預測今日仍有大雨，狂風和雷暴。

在昨日最大雨量的地區是在九龍市區，由昨日上午八時至下午二時，共錄得一百零四點八毫米，在昨日一小時內，錄得最高雨量的地區是在九龍市區，由昨日下午二時至三時，共錄得一百零四點八毫米，在昨日一小時內，錄得最高雨量的地區是在荃灣，由昨日下午二時至三時，共錄得一百零四點八毫米。

大雨期間，天文台於一個小時內共發出四點八毫米雨量的黑雨暴雨警告信號，是歷年來第二高紀錄，僅次於一九八二年所發出的紀錄，一百零八點二毫米。

天文台高級科學主任沈錦昌昨日表示，本港昨日遭遇雷雨，是受一道移動緩慢的低壓槽影響，由於這道低壓槽仍在華南徘徊停滯，故此預料未來數日天氣將繼續不穩定及有雷雨，今日天氣亦中午過後，間歇會較大及雷雨，氣溫則介乎攝氏廿二至廿七度。

他說，昨日上午一度有雨帶在九龍市區至上午荃灣一帶，其後雨帶向東移動，而九龍市區兩度受

香港時報
社址：香港灣仔駱克道三百三十三號五樓至六樓
分社：臺北市南京東路三段三三三巷五號四樓
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四四九號
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今日出紙第四大張零售二元

## 今日新聞提要

一、基兩昨日影響東九龍，利第十六版。今天還有雷暴，利第一版。

二、北平和上海昨天都有遊行，利第一版。

三、教會融同批准自銀行購房銀行，利第四版。

四、美未列視為貿易障礙國，利第三版。

五、港府擬十億救暴雨環境，利第十三版。

# 雷雨蹂躪東九龍 今明天氣仍惡劣

【本報專訊】狂雷暴雨下，本港昨日都受嚴襲，雷聲、水浸及出泥頭車事件，造成數百名市民受亡及多人受傷，一百六十人要送院，天文台預測不穩定天氣仍會持續數天，今日仍有雷雨，局部可能更大。

據政府新聞處昨晚表示，由昨日午十一時至晚上九時為止，本港受雷雨襲擊，山泥傾瀉（一共四宗）、水浸（八宗）、降電（三宗）、封路（一宗）、建築物受破壞（六十一宗），破數人群（一百六十五人）。至於在雷雨中喪生的市民有五人。

【本報訊】昨日下午一時至二時，本港各區普降大雨，其中，大坑東最為嚴重，最高錄得雨量為一百零五點五毫米，而銅鑼灣、跑馬地、北角、筲箕灣、柴灣、鰂魚涌、西灣河、鴨脷洲、香港仔、赤柱、淺水灣、黃竹坑、鴨巴甸、石塘咀、西環、堅尼地城、摩星嶺、西營盤、上環、中環、金鐘、灣仔、

# South China Morning Post

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## Japan Review

**IT has been a period of dramatic change in Japan, change which will reverberate through the territory and across the entire world.**

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## 18 pages of property

THE Town Planning Office has recommended a new zoning classification that would result in a drastic change in land use policy.

The move comes in response to the increasing use of industrial buildings for office purposes and the severe shortage of office space in Hongkong.


See *Property Post*, 18 pages of the best local and overseas property coverage.


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## WEATHER

Cloudy with periods of rain.
Max temp 25 degrees.

See Page 2.


# Meet our demands by noon, warn students

Reuter

About 60 student representatives cycle into Beijing to present their petition to the Government.

From SETH FAISON and WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

BEIJING student leaders yesterday submitted a last-minute ultimatum to the Government, threatening another massive demonstration tomorrow unless their demands are met by noon today.

With tension mounting on the eve of the 70th anniversary of the first student demonstration to protest Japanese occupation of Chinese territory and demand democratic and scientific reforms, the students yesterday announced a long list of conditions for talks with the Government.

The 12-point list includes equal speaking time during five broadcasts of the talks and the attendance of top leaders – vice-premier or higher – as pre-conditions for any such talks.

Riding bicycles in a convoy from campuses in northwest Beijing, the 65 student leaders representing a new group calling itself the Autonomous Union of Beijing Universities and Colleges, delivered their list of demands on the steps of the Great Hall of the People.

Beijing University leader Wang Dan, surrounded by a mass of television cameras and journalists, handed over the petition to Mr Li Zhitian, deputy director of the department that receives letters at the Great Hall of the People.

Mr Li said he would forward the petition to the leadership and that a response would be forthcoming before the deadline.

Having delivered their petition, the students remounted their bicycles and continued to an office of the State Council in southern Beijing where they presented another copy to an official, who said he represented both the Communist Party and the State Council.

Police made no attempt to obstruct the students, who cheered and made V-for-victory signs at the West gate of the Zhongnanhai Compound, the Communist Party and government headquarters.

At the same time in Shanghai, nearly 6,000 students staged a march calling for democracy and freedom.

They set out in the early afternoon from Fudan University and East China Teachers University and marched to the People's Square.

The official New China News Agency said they carried banners reading "Give us democracy and freedom," "Oppose privileges" and "Media must tell the truth".

It was the first time a demonstration of this size was reported in China's largest city since student unrest, centred in Beijing, began in mid-April with the death of former Communist Party chief Hu Yaobang.

A Politburo meeting of the Chinese Communist Party was held yesterday morning at which members decided to use more flexible and conciliatory methods to defuse the student crisis.

The methods include holding another round of dialogue with student leaders and even a minor reshuffle of second-echelon party and Government posts.

The meeting was presided over by the party General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang, who returned to Beijing on Sunday from an official trip to Pyongyang.

Leaders are known to be anxious to avoid a major demonstration tomorrow.

This year, May 4 is also the opening day of an Asian Development Bank conference, attended by hundreds of international bankers whose views on China's political stability may be affected by another massive demonstration.

But the Government has so far refused to recognise the students' independent organisation in place of a Government-sponsored one, which is a key demand of the students, who have boycotted classes for more than a week awaiting a "direct dialogue" with leaders.


(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 4)


# New role for Tsao in Home Affairs

By DAPHNE CHENG

THE final phase in the Government's year-long restructuring of policy making branches will end with the sideways appointment of Mr Peter Tsao Kwang-yung to the revived Home Affairs Branch and Mr Augustine Chui Kam to the newly-created post of Secretary for Recreation and Culture.

Mr Tsao, presently Secretary for Administrative Services and Information, will succeed Mr Donald Liao Poon-huai upon his retirement from Government as Secretary for District Administration in October.

The District Administration branch was evolved from the Home Affairs Branch which became defunct in 1982.

When Mr Tsao, 55, assumes his new post of Secretary for Home Affairs, he will be the most senior local administrative officer in Government but he will not succeed Mr Liao as an appointed Executive Councillor.

Mr Liao owes his seat on the policy making body to his membership in the Sino-British Joint Liaison Group. However, instead of surrendering the seat to Mr Tsao, it is expected to be filled by high-flier, Mr John Chan Cho-chak, the new Secretary for Trade and Industry.

Over the next few months, Mr Tsao's branch will be phased out and part of its responsibilities will be taken up by Mr Chui's new branch which will come into being in September.

Besides sports and recreation, Mr Chui will be responsible for broadcasting policy and will oversee the introduction of cable television in Hongkong.

In his present portfolio, Mr Chui was responsible for the controversial decision to demolish the 87-year-old Obel Leah Synagogue which became a battleground between developers and conservationists.

The reshuffle announced yesterday was part of a major Government re-structuring spelt out by the Governor in his policy speech last October.

Mr Liao's last task as a civil servant will be to organise the royal visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales in November.

Mr Tsao's information portfolio has been split between Director of Information Irene Yau Lee Che-yun and Information Co-ordinator Tony Miller.

# Govt sets out foreign law firm rules

By JENNIFER COOKE

THE Government's consultative document released yesterday on proposals regarding foreign law firms was welcomed by American lawyers but met with continued opposition from the Law Society.

"This is a creature of the Government which has not been done in consultation with us," was the first reaction of the Law Society vice-president, Donald Yap yesterday.

The 30-page document announced by the Attorney-General, Jeremy Mathews, details proposals – put forward in principle last August – to tighten and formalise control over the admission and professional conduct of the 130 foreign lawyers employed by 25 foreign law firms practising in Hongkong.

It also details suggestions, which have led to heated controversy, on the "strictly controlled circumstances" under which Hongkong solicitors could be employed or taken into partnership with foreign firms to advise on local law.

Mr Mathews said the proposals to tighten control and conduct of foreign lawyers and firms were aimed at rectifying the existing loose administration governing their entry, under which they are not supervised or bound by the Law Society's code of conduct and ethics.

And relaxing the present restrictions on foreign firms employing local solicitors would not only provide invaluable experience for local lawyers in world-class firms but would enable foreign firms to offer a more streamlined and efficient one-stop service.

Mr Mathews said some large local firms have for some time used foreign lawyers as "consultants" on foreign law and under the proposals, it is envisaged that both foreign and local firms will be able to employ or take into partnership solicitors with expertise in other jurisdictions.

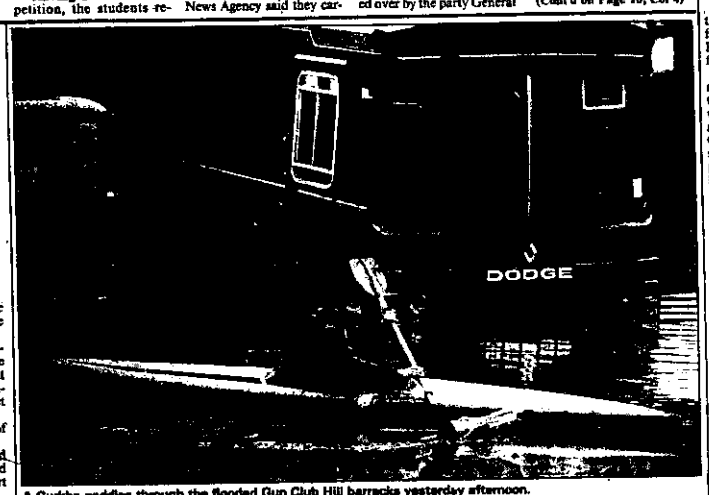
"This would enhance Hongkong's reputation as an international centre of commerce and finance. It would also accord with the growing international trend towards permitting the integration of domestic and foreign lawyers to provide multi-jurisdictional advice within a single firm," he said.

It is proposed that the Legal Practitioner's Ordinance be amended to provide that foreign lawyers not be entitled to advise on any aspect of local law.

Under the first group of proposals:

- All foreign lawyers and foreign law firms will need to be admitted by the court to practise in Hongkong.
- Individuals would need to satisfy suggested criteria that they be entitled to practise elsewhere with at least five years' experience. Practising without permission would become an offence and attract a $50,000 fine.
- Foreign law firms should have been practising elsewhere for at least 10 years and "enjoy a substantial reputation". Any practice without permission would make each partner liable to a $50,000 fine.
- Firms and individuals currently practising in the territory will be given "adequate" time to comply with the proposed admission and registration requirements.


(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

A Gurkha paddles through the flooded Gun Club Hill barracks yesterday afternoon.

# Two die as storms, floods wreak havoc

By MARIANA WAN

HONGKONG was thrown into chaos yesterday as torrential rains claimed two lives, caused massive road, rail and air disruption and led to widespread flooding and landslides.

The floods resulted from 208.4 mm of rain being dumped on the territory up to midnight.

The downpour between noon and 1 pm of 104.8 mm was the heaviest fall in one hour for nearly 23 years.

The Royal Observatory said the storm was caused by an exceptionally active trough of low pressure.

More heavy rain and thunderstorms are expected today.

At the height of yesterday's storm, a 36-year-old employee of the Agriculture and Fisheries Department, Mr Lam Tak-ming, collapsed and died.

It is believed he was struck by lightning while planting trees in the Sai Kung Country Park.

A 28-year-old man, Mr Chu Man-ho, drowned after he was trapped beneath a stationary light goods vehicle in Choi Wan Estate.

In Ngau Chi Wan, two boys, both aged 10, were swept by floodwaters into a pedestrian subway and had to be rescued by firemen (see Page 3).

In Choi Wan Estate, a 15-year-old girl, Wong Sak-ching, was washed down a slope and slammed into a parked car. She suffered slight injuries and was treated at United Christian Hospital.

Another man was brought to safety near Marina Cove after being washed down in his car to a river.

The heavy rains turned the territory's roads into a huge traffic jam, delaying 45 outgoing and 11 incoming flights to Kai Tak and hampering firemen's efforts to rescue those in distress.

Motorists blamed the generally heavy traffic congestion on extensive road works but transport officials said these were inevitable.

The Deputy Commissioner for Transport, Mr Richard Scurfield, described as chaotic the traffic situation during and after the heavy downpour.

He said the situation was extremely bad in Kowloon with mudslips, road subsidence and flooding occurring in various places.

The Fire Services Department responded to a total of 96 calls for emergency


(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Hun Sen invites Sihanouk to return home as head of state

CAMBODIAN Prime Minister Hun Sen invited resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk to return to his homeland as head of state in a dramatic beginning to new peace talks in Jakarta yesterday.

After only two hours of talks, Mr Hun Sen emerged with the announcement of his invitation to Prince Sihanouk, his long-time rival.

"We have invited the prince to return home and become the head of state," he said.

Prince Sihanouk, head of the United Nations-recognised Cambodian coalition fighting the Vietnamese-backed Phnom Penh Government, made no public comment on Mr Hun Sen's remarks, keeping a pledge to remain silent during the discussions.

He had said, however, that his answer to any proposals would depend on unspecified changes in the country's constitution and whether Vietnam withdrew its 70,000 troops as promised by September 30.

Sources close to the talks said it was not clear if Prince Sihanouk's proposed position would be merely a ceremonial one with Mr Hun Sen still in charge, or would have greater substance.

Prince Sihanouk sought refuge in Beijing in 1979 after Vietnam invaded Cambodia and toppled the three-year-old Khmer Rouge regime under Pol Pot, who was blamed for the deaths of some 1.5 million of his countrymen.

Describing an unprecedented atmosphere of co-operation, Mr Hun Sen said he and Prince Sihanouk had agreed to stop receiving military aid once the Vietnamese troops pulled out of Cambodia.

"This is a step forward," Mr Hun Sen said.

China is the principal backer of the resistance forces while Moscow bankrolls the Hanoi-supported regime in Phnom Penh.

Mr Hun Sen dropped his prior demand that Beijing immediately stop supplying the Khmer Rouge, Prince Sihanouk's strongest military partner.

"We pledged that after the completion of the troop withdrawal in September, both of us would stop receiving military assistance from abroad," Mr Hun Sen said.

Prince Sihanouk and Mr Hun Sen also agreed to meet in Paris on July 24, followed by a session that would include all four Cambodian factions.

Mr Hun Sen said: "We proposed to invite Prince Sihanouk to return home to be the head of state of Cambodia and we will open our Government. Then we will set up the electoral commission to allow the other parties to take part and then to organise the elections."

A diplomat commented: "I wouldn't leap up and down and throw flowers yet."

The two sides still remain far apart on how eventually to share power if Vietnamese troops withdrew as promised by September 30.

The resistance coalition, comprising followers of the prince, Son Sann and the Khmer Rouge, has previously insisted that Mr Hun Sen dissolve his Government and form an interim administration with it while the UN supervises a Vietnamese withdrawal and elections.


(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 8)


# Visa confusion as Irish consulate closes

By S.Y. WAI

TRAVELLERS accustomed to the bureaucratic wrangling of getting visas may find that a trip to Ireland is a worthy test of patience.

Ireland's diplomatic representation in Hongkong has closed, creating confusion and even more inconvenience for Hongkong travellers bound for the Republic.

Instead of just walking into the Central office of the honorary consul, Mr Denys Connolly, in Prince's Building and lodging an application, travellers are being advised to apply to the Irish Embassy in Beijing or Tokyo.

A Foreign Affairs Department official in Dublin said applications could be made by mail directly to the Irish capital or to embassies in Riyadh and New Delhi.

Foreign Affairs spokesman Michael Fordes said Irish honorary consuls in Bangkok and Singapore would also receive applications from Hongkong for visas.

In at least two cases this week airlines have refused to allow Hongkong students enrolled by Irish tertiary institutes to board their planes because they did not have Irish visas.

A Hongkong Immigration Department spokesman said yesterday it was normal practice for a carrier not to allow a passenger to board a plane if he did not possess the necessary travel documents and entry visas.

Dublin officials last night declined to say why Mr Connolly ceased to serve as honorary consul, adding that he was not a paid official and the post was not a diplomatic position.

"We are endeavouring to find an alternative arrangement to solve the situation," he said.

Mr Fordes said he had no figures about the volume of Ireland-Hongkong passenger traffic and described the number of applications for student visas in Hongkong as "roughly about half-a-dozen" last year.

In Tokyo, the Irish Embassy yesterday pledged its assistance to Hongkong students furthering their studies in Ireland.

First Secretary Christopher Paul Barnwell asked those students to write to his embassy for application forms immediately.

"They should send us the letter by post or by fascimile and in return we will send them application forms which will be directed to Dublin for approval.

"If approved, the applicants should mail their passports or travel document to Tokyo and we will stamp a visa on them," he said.

Mr Barnwell said visa charges varied from country to country. For instance, an Irish visa issued in Japan to a South Korean would cost 1,300 yen (HK$76).

# Britain to consult on garrison

From DAVID WALLEN in London

AN assurance that Britain will continue to consult the Hongkong Government on all decisions over the phased withdrawal of the UK Garrison in the run up to 1997 is contained in the new British Defence White Paper published yesterday.

But otherwise, the 134-page document is remarkable only in its lack of references to the territory.

It discloses that last year the UK contingent at the garrison comprised 305 Marines, 1,746 members of the army, 262 Royal Air Force personnel and 287 civilians.

In addition, there were 352 Hongkong people in the navy, 2,683 Hongkong civilians working at the garrison and a total of 5,422 Gurkhas and other non-Britains in the army.

The report made no mention of the future of the Brigade of Gurkhas, or of the recent Commons Defence Select Committee investigation into its future.

It recalled that a squadron of Marines and two of five Hongkong patrol crafts were withdrawn in 1988 in what was described as a routine adjustment.

The cost of the garrison in Hongkong to British taxpayers last year totalled £29 million (HK$379.9 million).

Overall the total British defence budget for 1989/90 stands at more than £20 billion (HK$262 billion).

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 3, 6, 12, 14, 23, 34.

The extra number was 26


CHANEL

CHANEL
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Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, MAY 3, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## INSIDE TODAY

Better jobs for everyone, every day

**Unrest**

As the mainland, Taiwan and Hongkong prepare to celebrate the May 4 students' movement, each in its own way, our commentators begin a two-part look at the movement, its effects and the key players

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Arts Editor **Vernon Ram** meets a soloist who is easy on the eye as well as the ear

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**Music**

They're the official Platters ... a court said so. Meet them on

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Controversial plans to change Australia's immigration laws seem headed for defeat today. This and more news from Down Under in AUSTRALIA TODAY

**Liftout**

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**WEATHER:** 22°C —25°C. Cloudy with periods of rain. Details on Page 6

# Sihanouk invitation raises hopes of talks breakthrough

■ Prince Sihanouk ... answer depends on changes.

JAKARTA: Cambodian resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk was invited yesterday to return to his homeland as head of state in a dramatic bid to end the nation's civil war.

"There has been quite a lot of progress," said Cambodian Prime Minister Hun Sen after five hours of new peace talks with his long-time rival yesterday. "We asked Prince Sihanouk to return home as the head of state and chairman of a supreme council to organise elections."

Prince Sihanouk, head of a UN-recognised coalition of three rebel groups, said his answer would depend on further unspecified changes in Cambodia's constitution and whether Vietnam withdraws its 70,000 troops by September 30 as promised.

Sources close to the talks said it was not clear if the offered position would be merely a ceremonial one with Mr Hun Sen still in charge, or would have greater substance.

Although three previous meetings between Mr Hun Sen and Prince Sihanouk in France ended in deadlock, Mr Hun Sen's unexpected offer – which he first announced two hours after the talks began yesterday – raised hopes of a breakthrough.

Both men agreed on a format for monitoring the troop withdrawal and overseeing the election, with member countries of a supervisory group to be selected at an international conference in Paris.

Mr Hun Sen said he and Prince Sihanouk also agreed to stop receiving foreign military aid once the Vietnamese pulled out.

Mr Hun Sen and Prince Sihanouk also agreed to meet again on July 24, either in Jakarta or Paris, followed by another meeting including all four Cambodian factions.

Still unresolved was the future status of the Khmer Rouge, the strongest of Prince Sihanouk's partners with 40,000 troops.

Mr Hun Sen fears a Khmer Rouge resurgence, while Prince Sihanouk has consistently played down the threat, maintaining the Khmer Rouge is under strong pressure from China not to repeat past excesses.

Prince Sihanouk praised changes already made by the Phnom Penh government, including changing the official name from People's Republic of Kampuchea to the State of Cambodia, recognition of Buddhism as the state religion, abolition of the death penalty and opening the economy to private enterprise.

Prince Sihanouk, accompanied by resistance ally Son Sann, the former Cambodian prime minister, garnered praise from Mr Hun Sen for abandoning his long-held stance that Mr Hun Sen dismantle his government prior to elections and dropping his insistence that a UN force supervise the troop pullout. – UPI

INSIDE:

■ Sihanouk – a rarity on the comeback trail

Page 13 ▶

# Students give Beijing a noon deadline

**By Stanley Leung** in Beijing and agencies

CHINESE students in Beijing yesterday gave the government an ultimatum, threatening another mass demonstration tomorrow unless it agrees by noon today to recognise their new association and hold talks on a list of demands.

A demonstration tomorrow – the 70th anniversary of the May 4 student movement – would embarrass the government, because it is also opening day for the Asian Development Bank meeting, the largest international financial conference ever held in the Chinese capital.

The opening of the conference is scheduled for tomorrow morning in the Great Hall of the People, which faces Tiananmen Square – principal venue for student demonstrations in the heart of the capital.

President Yang Shangkun will address the opening, to be attended by more than 2,000 bankers and officials.

The participants include finance ministers of Taiwan and South Korea, the first time ministers from those countries have come to China.

Seventy years ago tomorrow, a student-led demonstration in Beijing launched modern China's nationalist movement and a new nation-wide campaign for democracy and science.

Meanwhile almost 10,000 students were staging a sit-in early today outside the Shanghai municipal government building after about 6,000 of them had staged a march bearing slogans including "Down with bureaucratic profiteering", "Oppose privileges", and "Media must tell the truth". They marched to the People's Square and presented petitions to the municipal government.

INSIDE:

■ Expert calls for transition time; TV series cancelled: Page 9 ▶

■ ADB meeting special: Pages 8,9 ▶

And in Beijing, 22 intellectuals published an open letter in support of the students' pro-democracy call, saying it should not be regarded as "turmoil".

Signatories included political scientists Yan Jiaqi and Yu Haocheng and natural scientist Mr Xu Liangying, who also signed a petition in February calling for release of political prisoners.

The students' ultimatum was borne by 65 student protesters in a bicycle convoy to the headquarters of China's leadership. Police made no attempt to obstruct the protesters, who were from the Autonomous Federation of University Students, a newly formed union representing more than 40 Beijing colleges.

An official from the National People's Congress Reception Office, Mr Li Zhitian, met the students and said he would "convey your request as soon as possible".

Then they cycled to another office, where they were taken inside and handed their demands to a representative of the State Council and the Communist Party.

Mr Wang Dan, a student leader from Beijing University, said the government had agreed to respond by the deadline. He said the students would return to the offices today for the reply.

The students will meet again this afternoon to plan future strategy.

The demands prompted State Council spokesman Mr Yuan Mun to call a news conference this morning to explain the government's position.

The students demanded that the talks should be with members of the Party Politburo, NPC vice-chairmen or vice-premiers.

Observers said the conditions were so severe the Chinese leaders might find them almost impossible to accept.

To accede, they said, would mean the emergence of a strong political force capable of challenging the Communist Party's authority.

"The authorities are nervous," said a Japanese banker living in Beijing.

"They are nervous the students will demonstrate on Thursday and fearful that the arrangements will not go smoothly."

The meeting is also a dry run for the Asian Games, due to be held in Beijing next year, and possibly for the Olympics which China wants to stage in 2000.

"If the ADB meeting does not go well, that would make people doubt if China can host the Asian games successfully," a second banker said.

## The list of demands

■ Both sides (at the talks) should be on an equal footing;

■ The student representatives should be elected popularly;

■ The chief student spokesman should be chosen from among the student delegates who, in turn, should be returned by their own colleges proportionally;

■ The official representatives should be members of the Standing Committee of the Party Politburo, NPC vice-chairmen and vice-premiers;

■ Observers should be allowed;

■ There should be equal opportunity for both sides to speak;

■ The press should be allowed to cover the talks;

■ Venues should be decided by either side in turn;

■ A joint communique should be released after each session;

■ The personal and political safety of the representatives should be guaranteed;

■ The official media should report the talks truthfully.

The talks would be based on the seven-point demands earlier declared by the students, including:

■ A just evaluation of the current student movement;

■ Punishment of police officers who assaulted students;

■ A reassessment of Hu Yaobang and official explanation for his downfall;

■ More spending on education and higher incomes for teachers;

■ Sanctions against Chinese leaders held responsible for last year's inflation.

■ Rain cascades from a woman's umbrella as she prepares to venture into the downpour

# Two die in worst rainfall

■ The day a thunderstorm brought us to a halt. Report and pictures. Page 6 ▶

THE worst rainfall in almost 23 years claimed at least two lives yesterday, and caused 16 landslides and widespread flooding throughout the territory.

But three children had miraculous escapes when they were carried some distance by flood waters in East Kowloon.

Six-year-old Lee Lap-sze was getting out of her kindergarten minibus in Choi Wan Estate shortly after noon, when she and the bus driver were caught by flood waters and carried down a slope.

They rolled straight towards a bus terminus, some 200 metres downhill, where the child was trapped under a bus. Fortunately, the bus was not moving at the time and the driver was able to pull her from under the vehicle.

Both the child and the woman driver escaped with minor bruises.

Two boys, aged six and eight, were swept down the sloping New Clear Water Road at the height of the downpour.

They were on their way home after school when they were swept several metres down the road until they managed to catch hold of a road railing.

The boys perched on the rails and waited for help.

Firemen who took part in the rescue said the force of the water rushing down the road had been so strong that even adults would have found difficulty to steady themselves in the current.

More than 200 people were evacuated from their homes in Kwun Tong after landslides crushed 13 of the 55 squatter huts. One person suffered minor injuries.

Both people who died yesterday were men.

Mr Chu Man-ho, aged around 20, was dragged by flood waters under a moving lorry on the New Clear Water Bay Road around 1.45pm. He was certified dead before arrival at hospital.

Mr Lam Tak-ming, a workman with the Agriculture and Fisheries Department was found unconscious in the Sai Kung country park around 9am.

The 36-year-old workman was in a tree-planting party of 13 at Hoi Ha, when the team leader decided to stop work because of the weather.

He was rushed to the Muna Pong polyclinic but was certified dead on arrival.

Mrs Lam Wong Lai-ying told *The Hongkong Standard* that her husband had been working at the country park for only four months.

She demanded a full investigation into her husband's death.

A department spokesman said: "His death might not be due to the rain and thunder. In fact, the team leader had withdrawn the work detail because of the bad weather," he said.

There were 107 reports of flooding, causing traffic to come to a standstill for several hours.

The rainfall between 12 noon to 1pm yesterday was the heaviest in almost 23 years. Just under 105 millimetres of rain was recorded at the Royal Observatory's Tsim Sha Tsui station – the highest hourly record since June 12, 1966 when more than 108 millimetres fell.

From midnight to 8pm yesterday Hongkong was deluged by 208.4 millimetres of rain.

The Fire Services Communication Centre responded to 96 calls for emergency services, 66 in Kowloon alone within the space of two hours.

Dr Fong Sai-wing, senior scientific officer at the Royal Observatory, said the heaviest rainfall of over 200 millimetres was recorded in East Kowloon between 8am and 2pm.

"Such heavy rain falling in a spot within a short time is caused by extremes in which a very narrow rain belt is stationed above a localised area," he said.

An active trough of low pressure over the South China coastal area started moving towards Hongkong on Monday, bringing with it showers and thunderstorms.

Dr Fong said the weather would remain under the influence of the trough, causing periods of heavy rain and some squally thunderstorms specially later in the day.

And the prediction for tomorrow is for more unsettled weather with showers.

# Caulfield Cup may launch TV bets

**By Ken Martinus**
Racing Editor

THE Executive Council has approved a Jockey Club request to telecast and take bets on race meetings outside Hongkong.

A bill to amend the Betting Duty Ordinance is to be introduced in the Legislative Council before the next racing season begins on September 16.

"We are, of course, pleased with the news," Jockey Club information secretary David Yau said yesterday.

"We are also sure that the racing public will welcome the opportunity to watch and bet on important races overseas," he added.

Mr Yau said that the club would be selective and only a limited number of overseas events would be telecast.

"We haven't made a final decision but the Caulfield Cup in October could be the first one," he said.

The plan to telecast overseas races was mooted by Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins last January.

One plan was to televise six race meetings from Australia during the summer break, but was withdrawn when the Government received an undertaking from Macau authorities not to permit racing in the Portuguese enclave during Hongkong's closed season.

The second plan was to telecast selected overseas events during an extended 67-day season which would begin on September 16 and end on June 10 after the running of the English Derby.

This plan was approved by the Governor yesterday.

"It has been decided that live broadcasts of overseas races should only take place on regular race days between September 1 and June 15," a Government spokesman said.

"The existing summer closed season will remain," he added.

The spokesman said the plan was approved because the Jockey Club proposed to telecast only a limited number of overseas races during the open season.

"The Government considers that the worldwide trend of simulcasting major sporting events will increase and Hongkong should keep pace.

"It is estimated that about $2 million in revenue will be generated from each race," he added.

The Government's revenue from racing has spiralled since the sport turned professional, climbing from $50 million in 1972 to $3 billion last year. With the Jockey Club expecting a record $34 billion turnover this season, the Government could collect $3.6 billion.

## Mark Six

TWO punters won $4,344,032 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 3, 6, 12, 14, 23 and 34 yesterday.

The extra number drawn was 26.

The second prize of $125,686 each had 16 winners while the third prize of $10,663 each had 405.5 winning units.

The next draw takes place tomorrow.

# Foreign law firms face strict controls

**By Mark Brickwell**

FOREIGN law firms will be allowed to offer multi-jurisdictional legal services in Hongkong under strict controls.

The Attorney-General, Mr Jeremy Mathews, yesterday released a detailed Government plan on the controversial step.

The plan allows foreign firms and lawyers to operate in Hongkong under the control of the Law Society – a move designed, in part, to quell opposition from that body.

But late last night the Law Society pledged to continue the strong stand against the admission of foreign lawyers that it adopted when the proposal was mooted last August.

"The Law Society has strongly opposed, and will continue to oppose, any change in the law to permit foreign law firms to practice Hongkong law by employing Hongkong solicitors or admitting them to partnership," a society press release said.

Despite this opposition, Mr Mathews said he was confident foreign lawyers would be operating under the new plan by autumn.

He said the Government had allowed three months for consultation on the issue before draft legislation was put before the Executive Council.

"And we do not envisage a situation where there would be a complete impasse so that the proposal could not be taken forward," Mr Mathews said.

"The Government believes that it is in Hongkong's best interests that foreign law firms of substantial reputation and standing should be permitted to establish themselves here but that they should be required to meet strict criteria before doing so," he said.

There are currently more than 25 foreign law firms operating in Hongkong. They employ about 130 foreign lawyers.

An unlimited number of new firms would be allowed into the territory under the Government proposal, but all would be required to operate under the new controls.

The controls continue the prohibition on foreign lawyers offering advice on any aspect of law.

But they allow foreign law firms to hire local lawyers to offer such advice. They also allow foreign lawyers to join local firms.

British Lawyers and law firms would be exempt from the new controls and would continue to be treated in the same manner as local lawyers and firms, Mr Mathews said.

He said that, under the new controls, no foreign lawyer would be allowed to practice in Hongkong unless they had at least five years' experience. Foreign law firms wanting to set up here would need to have built up a good reputation over at least 10 years.

He said the Government had set down possible rules for the Law Society to consider.

They included:

■ At least one foreign partner in a foreign firm should be a Hongkong resident;

■ A foreign law firm should not take into partnership a Hongkong lawyer with less than 10 years' experience;

■ A foreign law firm should not employ a Hongkong solicitor of less than five years' experience to advise on Hongkong law;

■ Continued Page 2

## A very tall doggy story

**BALTIMORE: First Dog Millie takes a shower with President George Bush every week or so, the President's wife has revealed.**

**Millie likes to shower, but is too short to reach the taps, Barbara Bush told an audience at a centre here which teaches adults how to read and write.**

**"But someone, a very high public official elected to office, takes a shower with Millie every week or so," she said. "They took one yesterday."**

**Mrs Bush added as she left the centre: "I hope that same public official won't be sore at me."**

– AFP

# US warned British jet

LONDON: A British Airways jumbo jet narrowly escaped being fired on by a US warship near Dubai one month before the *USS Vincennes* shot down an Iranian airliner, killing all 290 people aboard.

The incident was outlined in a report on the IranAir disaster by the 158-nation International Civil Aviation Organisation, a United Nations body that lays down international civil aviation standards and practices.

The ICAO report, a copy of which reached the London newspaper *The Independent*, accuses the United States of acting illegally in issuing military warnings to civilian aircraft flying over hazardous regions and of failing to ensure that the warnings were broadcast on radio frequencies that would be received by such aircraft.

The report says the crew of a British Airways Boeing 747 "only by chance" picked up a warning from an unidentified US warship as it approached Dubai airport on June 8 and, in preparing to change course in response, came close to colliding with a Bulgarian airliner.

US warships continued to issue confusing and "dangerous" challenges to civilian aircraft even after the downing of IranAir Flight 655, said the report.

The report tells how the crew of the British Airways jet, en route from London to India with a stopover in Dubai, had been busy making pre-landing checks when the first officer heard a US warship issuing a challenge to an aircraft that it identified only by its direction and altitude, but apparently only realised his plane was being targeted when a second challenge was made, ordering the plane to change course.

The pilot, warned by his first officer, prepared to take avoiding action but according to the ICAO report, "prompt action by Dubai approach prevented (Flight) BA147 from changing its course and thus prevented a potential midair collision" with a Bulgarian plane also flying into Dubai.

The Independent

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月
4
星期四
己巳年三月廿九
北京地区天气预报
白天 多云间晴
风向 偏南
风力 二、三级
夜间 多云转晴
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 27℃
最低 14℃

第14908期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


# 首都青年集会纪念五四

## 赵紫阳讲话杨尚昆李鹏万里邓颖超乔石胡启立姚依林等参加

## 宋德福主持大会团中央授予60名杰出青年荣誉称号

本报北京5月3日讯　记者袁建达、何伟报道：首都3000多名各族各界青年今天在这里集会，隆重纪念五四运动70周年。赵紫阳、杨尚昆、李鹏、万里、邓颖超、乔石、胡启立、姚依林等领导同志出席了大会。

中共中央总书记赵紫阳在会上作了重要讲话。（全文另发）

纪念大会由团中央书记处第一书记宋德福主持。他要求青年响应党的号召，树立脚踏实地的艰苦奋斗精神，树立开拓进取的探索精神，做有理想、有道德、有文化、有纪律的一代新人。团中央书记处书记刘延东在会上宣读了团中央、全国青联关于表彰全国各行业杰出青年的决定。他们是肖刚等10位“勇于改革新屋”；马进才等10位“见义勇为勇士”；程镇麟等10位“社会监督哨兵”；费永斌等10位“劳动创造标兵”；任小文等10位“科技教育新秀”；冷杰松等10位“卫国为民英雄”。受表彰的还有吴华夏等10名青联委员。赵紫阳等领导同志在会前亲切接见了这些杰出青年，并同他们一起留了影。

青年代表张宏伟、任小文、吴骏、冷杰松在会上分别讲了话。他们表示要继承和发扬五四精神，为社会主义现代化建设贡献青春。

参加今天纪念大会的还有：田纪云、李铁映、李锡铭、吴学谦、宋平、丁关根、芮杏文、阎明复、温家宝、黄华、习仲勋、周谷城、倪志福、费孝通、雷洁琼、陈俊生、任建新、杨静仁、屈武、胡绳、程思远、楚图南。

纪念大会由共青团中央、全国青联和全国学联共同主办。

赵紫阳、李鹏、杨尚昆、邓颖超等党和国家领导人会见各行业杰出青年。　新华社记者　刘少山摄

# 在建设和改革的新时代进一步发扬五四精神

## ——在首都青年纪念五四运动七十周年大会上的讲话

（一九八九年五月三日）

赵紫阳

青年朋友们，同学们，同志们！

五四运动70周年，是中国青年的伟大节日，也是整个中华民族的伟大节日。在中华人民共和国建立40周年快要到来的今天，在中国共产党十一届三中全会开辟我国社会主义现代化建设和全面改革新时代已达10年的今天，在全国人民、全国青年需要更加紧密地团结起来，同心同德，克服困难，维护社会安定，推进建设和改革的今天，我们来纪念五四运动70周年，进一步发扬五四精神，具有重大的意义。

五四运动首先是一次伟大的反帝反封建的爱国运动。吸引广大青年和各界人民投入这次运动的最普遍最深刻的原因，是他们对国家危亡和民族命运的强烈关切，对建立一个真正独立、自由、繁荣、富强的新中国的热情向往。五四运动又是一次伟大的新文化运动，伟大的思想启蒙和思想解放运动。在民主和科学的旗帜下，那时的广大青年开始用新的眼光看自己，看中国，看世界。一部分最有觉悟的青年知识分子，通过对各种社会政治学说和救亡方案的探索和比较，通过对世界潮流的观察和思考，终于选择了马克思主义的真理。在1921年，建立了中国共产党。中国人民和中国青年在中国共产党领导下，进行了长时期的艰苦卓绝的新民主主义革命斗争。这个人民大革命的进程，是马克思主义与中国革命实践相结合的进程，也是五四的爱国、民主和科学精神不断发扬的进程。

人民革命的胜利，揭开了中国历史的新篇章。从旧民主主义革命到新民主主义革命，100年的时间，我们的中心任务是破坏——破坏阻碍中国前进的旧制度。中华人民共和国建立以后，中心的任务转到了建设——建设社会主义的新中国，从破坏到建设，这是中国人民历史使命的极其深刻的转变，我们过去没有能够充分自觉地有效地实现这个转变，“文化大革命”十年动乱，更是一场完全违背历史要求的大破坏。十一届三中全会以来，总结了历史的经验教训，全党全国人民走上了建设有中国特色的社会主义的正确道路，坚定不移地把工作重心转到社会主义现代化建设上来，并且围绕建设，提出了经济体制和政治体制改革的任务，这样，我们进入了一个社会主义现代化建设和全面改革的新时代。

我们现在纪念五四运动，就应当适应新时代的要求即建设的要求，继承和发扬五四的爱国、民主和科学精神，使它们具有新的内容，达到新的高度。

我们今天讲爱国，就是要把中国建设好，实现四化，振兴中华，就是要以发展生产力为中心和支柱，通过经济体制、政治体制、科学教育体制等各方面的改革，繁荣社会主义的有计划的商品经济，建设社会主义民主政治，发展科学的文化——即以马克思主义为指导的社会主义精神文明。我们说，由于中华人民共和国的建立，中国人民站起来了，这是指在政治上不再受帝国主义的支配和反动阶级的统治，人民自己当家作主了。现在我们还要说，中国人民站起来这个任务并没有最后完成。只有经过几代人的艰苦奋斗，实现了社会主义现代化的目标，中国才能在经济、文化、科学技术和社会发展上，在综合国力的世界较量中，完全站起来。也只有在这样的奋斗过程中，社会主义优越性才能在中国大地上逐步地充分显示出来。我们一定要发扬爱国主义精神，使它形成强大的凝聚力，鼓舞起亿万青年的献身精神，鼓舞起广大工人、农民、技术人员、教师、学生、记者、医生、科学家、文艺家、企业家、国家公务人员和人民解放军官兵每名行各业劳动者的献身精神，为建设一个富强的、民主的、文明的伟大社会主义现代化国家而奋斗。

我们今天讲民主和科学，也同样要紧紧围绕并服务于建设的目标。我国社会主义现代化建设的伟大工程，必然是整个社会改造和整个民族素质提高的伟大工程。我们要改变落后状态，要发展生产力，要克服愚昧，要把社会生活和人民意识中种种不民主不科学的思想和习惯，一步一步地加以消除。要在十一亿人口的大国里，在社会生活的各个方面和改革建设的一切工作中，发扬民主精神，建设民主制度，发扬科学精神，按照一切从实际出发的科学态度办事，并使教育事业和科学事业逐步地得到极大的发展。没有民主，没有科学，就没有社会主义，就没有社会主义现代化。在社会主义现代化建设和全面改革的进程中，学习民主，发扬民主，学习科学，尊重科学，是摆在我们中国共产党面前的极其重要的任务，也是摆在全国人民和全国青年面前的极其重要的任务。

同志们！我们宏伟艰巨的现代化建设和改革的任务，只有在稳定的而不是动乱的社会环境中，才能顺利地进行。十一届三中全会以来的十年，党的正确方针政策之所以能够贯彻实施，改革和建设之所以能够取得大家都切身感受到的成效，最重要的一条是保持了社会的稳定。这是全国人民共同努力维护的结果。全国的工人、农民，知识分子，青年学生，各民族，各党派，各界人士，都为稳定出了力，也都从稳定受了益。在稳定这个事关全局的问题上形成共识，同心协力，不容易啊！身在稳定之中，有时不大觉得稳定之可贵，但是，如果一旦失去稳定，就会痛悔莫及！我们得避免成的事，就一件也办不成；连已经取得的成就，也会要下一旦。如果把稳定破坏了，能得到什么呢？能得到民主和科学的进步吗？能得到改革和建设的果实吗？能得到祖国的振兴吗？都不能！只能得到动乱。动乱的日子难道我们过得还少吗？从1840年到今年150年间，我们只争取到20几年安稳日子。其余130多年，110年被帝国主义、封建主义、官僚资本主义搞得乱七八糟，还有10多年被林彪、“四人帮”和我们自己的主观指导失误闹得人心惶惶。如今大家共同感到欣慰的是，十一届三中全会以来我们确确实实过了10年好日子。如果再发生动乱，发生大规模的社会冲突和无政府状态，乱了人心，乱了社会秩序、生产秩序、学习秩序、工作秩序，乱了人民自己，拥得国无宁日，一个很有希望很有前途的中国，就会变为一个动乱不安的没有前途的中国。如果出现那种局面，全国人民包括广大青年学生希望的建设、改革、民主、科学，就一概都谈不上。不仅如此，那些反民主反科学的东西，最缺甚至野蛮的东西，就会泛滥和横行。全党、全国人民、全国青年都要旗帜鲜明地反对动乱。坚决维护得来不易的安定团结的政治局面。稳定不是不要民主，而是要使我们的民主走上一条有秩序的法制化的正道。我们在建设社会主义商品经济新秩序的同时，也要建设社会主义民主政治的新秩序。这是一种建立在四项基本原则基础上的民主政治新秩序，无疑是现代化建设和改革所必需的，也是维护社会政治环境的稳定所必需的。稳定，新途，艰智，秩序，法制，这是建设和改革的要求，也是民主和科学的要求。按照这样的要求去想问题，做工作，我们的事业就能取得胜利。

我们宏伟艰巨的现代化建设和改革的任务，只有在中国共产党的正确和坚强的领导下，才能扎扎实实地推进。我们的党，是坚持并且创造性地发展马克思主义的党，是坚持改革、坚持开放的党，是尊重知识、尊重人才的党，是依靠人民、依靠青年的党。68年来，我们党在为中国人民作出历史性的伟大贡献的同时，也犯过大大小小各种错误。但是，历史已经证明并将继续证明，我们党是富有自我批评精神的生机蓬勃的党。广大群众包括广大学生希望推进民主政治，要求惩处贪污腐败，发展教育和科学，这也正是我们党的主张。中国共产党之心，是同人民之心、青年之心连在一起的。让我们大家互相沟通，互相理解，在安定团结、同舟共济的气氛中把今后的工作做得更好吧！我们必须在改造客观世界的同时改造自己的主观世界。在建设和改革的进程中，我们的社会，我们整个民族，正在经历深刻的改造。我们党也正在经历深刻的改造，这种改造的目的，当然不是要改掉我们党的性质和固有的优势，而是要使我们党能够更好地担负起领导建设有中国特色的社会主义现代化的重任。中国的建设、改革、民主、科学，离开中国共产党的领导，就会成为泡影。没有中国共产党的领导，就没有中国革命的胜利，就没有中国社会主义的今天，就没有中国的社会主义现代化，也就没有中国的前途和希望。要讲五四以来中国历史发展的规律，这就是最重要的一条规律。懂得并且尊重这条规律，我们的事业就能胜利。

同志们！当年五四运动的先驱者们，反复地表达了这样的信念，青春中华之创造，全靠青年之觉悟。他们对于青年的信任与期望，他们的这种远大眼光和乐观主义，在我们今天观察中国青年和中国命运的时候，同样是极其宝贵的。在纪念五四运动70周年的时候，回顾过去，展望未来，党和人民把希望寄托在青年身上。邓小平同志十分关心和爱护青年一代，对当代青年在改革和建设中的重大作用寄予殷切的厚望，他说：“青年一代的成长，正是我们事业必定要兴旺发达的希望所在。”党的十一届三中全会以来的10年中，现代化建设和改革作为时代的主旋律，始终召唤着青年一代跟随党在伟大的历史事业中前进。

青年要在建设中树立开拓进取的探索精神。没有探索就没有创造，没有创造就不能推进建设和改革。青年人要求发挥自己的潜能，实现自我的价值，这种积极性应当受到保护，使青年能够在现代化事业的大海洋中乘风破浪，锻炼自己，提高自己。青年人爱思索，勇于探寻各种新知，这正是他们的可贵之处。没有思索，怎么能够前进呢？没有各种新知，就不能丰富自己，并进行比较。在思索过程中，难免有偏颇和迷惘。但是，只要有爱国精神，把自己的责任同国家的命运联系起来，只要有民主精神，把个人的作用同集体的力量联系起来，只要有科学精神，把美好的理想同现实的条件联系起来，那就一定能够通过自己的思考和探索，克服自己的弱点和不足，体验到人民的真正利益和要求，体验到时代的呼唤和潮流，体验到自己的努力同前辈努力的历史联系，体验到自己对国家 未来 负有的 崇高 使命。这样，青年就一定能够越来越深刻地理解坚持社会主义道路、坚持人民民主专政、坚持中国共产党的领导、坚持马列主义毛泽东思想的历史必然性，越来越深刻地理解坚持改革开放总方针 总政 策的 历史 必然性，从整个国家的前途中认清自己的道路。

青年要在建设中树立艰苦实地的艰苦奋斗精神。把我们这样一个人口众多、经济文化落后的大国建设成为现代化的社会主义国家，是长期的、极为艰难复杂的伟大事业。需要我们全民族几代人进行持久的努力。历史注定了你们这一代青年，只能是为中国的社会主义现代化艰苦创业、缓头苦干的一代。改革和建设没有捷径可走，每前进一步，都离不开人民尤其是青年的劳动和奋斗。我们需要的是坚韧不拔、扎扎实实的长期奋斗。认清历史的使命，清醒，艰智，坚毅，沉着，实事求是，艰苦奋斗，这是当代中国青年最可贵最需要的品质。

共青团作为我国先进青年的群众组织，在近70年青年运动的发展过程中，在改革开放十年全面开创青年工作新局面的实践中，发挥了不可替代的巨大作用。在新的历史时期，我们党要更加重视、关心和支持共青团的工作，共青团也要不辜负党的希望。联合青联和学联等青年团体，同最广大的青年群众保持密切的、生动活泼的联系，更好地发挥党的助手和后备军的作用。党和政府同青年群众之间的桥梁和纽带作用，青年利益和要求的社会代表作用，把共青团真正建设成为引导青年在实践中学习共产主义的大学校。

从现在起，再过11年，我们就要跨入21世纪了。未来是属于青年的。处于世纪之交的青年一代肩负着光荣而艰巨的使命。党寄希望于你们。人民寄希望于你们！全国青年们，全国同胞们，让我们同心同德，艰苦奋斗，排除万难，为中华的振兴而共同奋斗！　（新华社发）

## 社论

# 发扬五四精神，推进改革和现代化事业

我国的改革和社会主义现代化建设事业正进入一个关键性时刻，又迎来了五四运动70周年纪念日。此时，我们心潮起伏，思绪万千。

缅怀五四先驱者们为拯救中国前仆后继、英勇奋斗的业绩，重温五四运动中国社会进步的辛富思想，从中汲取精神力量，并使之发扬光大，对于我们坚定改革的信念，克服前进中的困难和阻力，动员全国各族人民为推进现代化事业而同心同德地艰苦奋斗，有着十分重要的意义。

70年前爆发的五四运动不是偶然的。一方面，帝国主义的侵略，社会的黑暗和北洋军阀政府的腐败已经到了忍无可忍的地步，国家面临着亡国灭种的危险，因此中国社会各阶层的人们一致要求结束这种屈辱的命运。另一方面，近代文明里快普思想的启蒙，已经使中国进步知识界有了强烈的反清和爱播。大家深切地感到，非变革不能图自新图自强。于是这场爱国民主运动不可避免地爆发了。在五四的号角下，在十月革命胜利的鼓舞下，两年后中国共产党诞生了。近代中国的爱国民主运动掀开了新的一页。在中国历史上，还没有哪个时代的人民群众能够达到这样的思想自觉和一致，没有任何力量可以抵挡中国人民抱救中国、改造中国的坚定决心。正如毛泽东在《新民主主义论》所说的那样：“五四运动的应由的历史意义，在于它等基为中资革命近不曾有的奋励，这就是彻底地不妥协地反帝国主义和彻底地不妥协地反封建主义。”可以这样说，五四运动开现代化运动先河，在近代中国第一次充分显示了中国人民要求民族解放，社会进步，要求推进现代化的强烈愿望和坚定信念。

在掌已来。70年后的今天，中国既是一个实现了国家完全独立、走上了社会主义道路的中国，又是一个面临更为广泛、更为深刻、更为艰巨的社会变革任务的中国。怎样才能和衷相聚实现中国和振兴，建设一个富强、民主、文明的社会主义国家，使中华民族焕发青春，早快步入现代国家的行列，这是历史要求我们谱写的新篇章。邓小平同志指出：“中国要得到发展，必须坚持对外开放、对内改革。改革，包括上层建筑领域的政治体制的改革。”毫无疑问，70年前开始的现代化运动，始我们提供了丰富的经验和启示。

资聚百识层的爱国主义永远是激励和引导我们奋发前进的精神力量。五四先驱者们不仅继承了中华民族千百年来形成的爱国传统，而且把这种爱国主义精神提升到一个新的高度。他们不再沉湎于“古圣立明”的自我欣赏之中，而是睁开双眼，面对现实，以更革求生存求发展。与70年前相比，现在时代不同了，政治、经济、社会条件也不同了，如果说，这种爱国主义精神在70年前表现在为救亡图存，打碎一个旧世界，组救中国而奋斗等，在今天则集中体现在坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放的总方针，为实现四化，振兴中华，建设一个新中国而进行的艰苦奋斗之中。我们的国家远未摆脱贫困和落后，又面临着新的挑战。如果不能把握机会，改革自强，总起直追，中国就很难在未来时代站稳脚跟。在这样的关口，改革需要爱国主义精神力量的巨大支持。没有人民的理解和支持改革是不能取得成功的。所以要把我们国家所面临的处境充分地告诉全国人民特清楚，使每一个人在分享改革成果的同时，也要分担国家的困难。我们即将为推进和深化改革所进行的治理整顿是必要的。我们不会走回头路，也不能走回头路。只要我们在这样一些问题上达到全民共识，就能够上下一心，群策群力，坚定不移地沿着改革开放的道路走下去，逐步向现代化迈进。

五四又是一场震撼所未有的新文化运动，这场新文化运动所高举的科学和民主的旗帜，是我们推进改革和现代化事业强有力的武器。历史上任何一次社会变革运动总是以思想革命为其先导，五四运动也是这样。五四先驱者们对中国的历史和现实作了痛苦的思考后，得出了这样的结论：如果不打倒孔家店，不冲破旧文化的束缚，非但不能把科学和民主请进落后的国门，而且永远不能改变思维的历史传统。正是在这种认识的基础上，得风气之先的进步知识分子不约而同地汇聚到科学和民主这两面大旗下来。可以说，如果没有科学和民主新思想的启蒙，也就不会有后来的马克思主义在中国的传播和发展，并取得具有决定性意义的胜利。这条宝贵的历史经验至今仍具有现实意义。

高举科学旗帜有助于我们更好地坚持解放思想。实事求是的思想路线。在社会主义国家，如何实现现代化是一个崭新的课题。历史经验告诉我们，从本本出发，从概念出发，只能导致教条和僵化。只有解放思想，理论联系实际，开拓创新，以实事求是的科学态度观察问题，解决问题，才能推动中国的进步和发展。现在的问题不是科学精神太多了，而是科学精神尚未大大发扬。仍有人习惯用旧的教条框框来解自己的手脚，看不惯或不理解已被实践证明是正确的新事物，新思路、新办法，也有人不顾中国的实际情况，总想照搬这样那样的外国模式。这些都不符合科学的精神，是改革前进的障碍。因此，继续坚持党的十一届三中全会提出的解放思想，实事求是的思想路线。大力提倡科学精神，从形形色色的迷信和教条中解放出来，脚踏实地，艰苦奋斗，才可能走出一条有中国特色的社会主义现代化建设路来。

发扬民主，推进民主政治，积极慎重地推进政治体制改革，是现代化事业的一个重要组成部分。建设民主政治，不能光说空话，而是要步步踏踏实实地干作。改革10年来，党和政府为推进民主政治做了大量工作，逐步完善了人民代表大会制度，使之更好地体现人民事业权威，管理国家大事的职能；开辟多种渠道，广泛进行民主协商对话；运用多种形式实行社会监督，加强廉政建设；自在保障民主的法制建设有了进展，等等。当然，我们不能以此为满足。我们还要继续做扎扎实实的工作，稳步前进。政治体制改革是一项十分复杂的工作，要考虑到各种条件和因素，其中最重要的因素就是有一个稳定的政治环境。没有这个前提条件，什么事情都办不好。

五四是一场伟大的青年运动。我国青年在这场爱国民主运动中表现出来的爱事意识和义无反顾的献社精神，惊天地，泣鬼神，是光彩夺目的一页。无论五四运动还是其后的中国革命和建设事业，都证明了一个真理：青年是最富有接受新鲜事物的一代。在社会变革的历史关头，有了正确思想的指导，青年总是站在前列，成为名副其实的生力军。80年代的青年在党的领导下，仍然是积极进步的作用。因此，要鼓励青年关心国家大事，积极参与各项改革事业。当然青年也是有不足的，比如思维不足，考虑问题不甚全面，有时不够冷静等，但只要我们正确引导，讲清是道理，青年们是能够明大义，顺大局的。对青年要理解，要保护和调动他们的积极性，同时也要严格要求，鼓励他们继承和发展前辈的优良传统。这是真正的爱护青年，也是实事求是的态度。

五四是青年的节日。在这个时候，我们格外怀念曾为我国青年运动作出巨大贡献的前辈和同志。有们要学习他的高尚品格，紧密地团结在党的周围，有理想，守纪律，勤奋学习，勇勤劳动，奋发进取，艰苦奋斗，以自己的聪明才智和工作实绩，创造出更饱于前辈、无愧于人民和时代的光辉业绩。

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# 首都紀念五四大會 三千各族青年出席

# 神精拓開年青持支陽紫趙
# 性要重定安述闡心婆口苦

## 好做作工把濟共舟同解理相互通溝相互召號

趙紫陽在首都青年紀念五四運動七十周年大會上發表講話時指出：十年來，中國改革和建設之所以能夠取得成效，最重要的一條是保持了社會的穩定。

大會在位於市中心的人民大會堂舉行，出席各大學生代表在內的首都各族各界青年約三千人出席了大會。最近，北京部分大學生舉行罷課和示威遊行，要求民主自由，維除貪污腐敗現象。一些學生至今尚未復課。

趙紫陽在今天的集會上號召全黨、全國人民、全國青年旗幟鮮明地反對動亂，堅決維護得來不易的安定團結的政治局面。

他說，「十一屆三中全會以來我們確實過了十年好日子。如果再發生動亂，發生大規模的社會衝突和無政府狀態，亂了人心，亂了社會秩序，生產秩序、學習秩序、工作秩序，亂了人民自己，關得關無寧日，一個很有希望、很有前途的中國，就會變為一個動亂不安的沒有前途的中國。」

趙紫陽指出，如果出現那種局面，全國人民包括廣大青年學生希望的建設、改革、民主、科學，就一概都談不上。

他說，「身在穩定之中，有時不大覺得穩定之可貴，但是，如果一旦失去穩定，就會痛悔莫及！」

趙紫陽在回顧歷史時說，「動亂的日子雖說我們過得還少嗎？從一八零零年到今年一百五十年間，我們只爭取到二十幾年安穩的日子！」

他強調，穩定不是不要民主，而是要使民主走上一條有秩序的法制化的正道，「穩定，漸進，理智，秩序，法制，這是建設和改革的要求，也是民主和科學的要求。」

趙紫陽稱「學習民主，發揚民主，發揚科學，尊重科學」是擺在中國共產黨、中國人民、中國青年面前的「極其嚴肅的任務」。

一九一九年的「五四」運動是一次偉大的反帝反封建的愛國運動，又是一次偉大的思想解放運動。

今天的紀念大會由共青團中央、全國青聯和全國學聯共同主辦，黨和國家領導人胡耀邦、趙紫陽、喬石、李鵬、姚依林等出席了大會。到會的還有鄧穎超、楊尚昆、王震、王任重、胡啓立、烏蘭夫、薄一波、宋平、李瑞環、胡錦濤、李鐵映、喬石、姚依林等領導人。

鄧小平、江澤民、楊尚昆、李先念、王震、王任重、胡啓立、烏蘭夫、薄一波、宋平、李瑞環、胡錦濤、李鐵映、喬石、姚依林等領導人。

【新華社北京三日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天在首都各界青年紀念五四運動七十周年大會上講話時說，中國必須堅持改革開放，堅持四項基本原則，堅持黨的領導，堅持社會主義道路，堅持馬克思主義、毛澤東思想的指導地位，堅決反對動亂，保持安定團結的政治局面。

趙紫陽說，中國共產黨成立六十八年來，為中國人民作出歷史性的偉大貢獻的同時，也犯過大大小小各種錯誤。但是，歷史已經證明，我們黨是富有自我批評精神的先進政黨。

他說，中國共產黨在建設和改革中經受深刻的改造，這種改造當然不是要改掉黨的性質和剛剛有的優點，而是要使黨能夠更好地擔負起領導建設有中國特色的社會主義現代化的重任。

趙紫陽強調說，中國的建設、改革、民主、科學，離開中國共產黨的領導，就會成為泡影。

他說，在紀念五四運動七十周年的時候，回顧過去，展望未來，黨和人民把希望寄托在青年身上。他希望青年在建設中樹立開拓進取的探索精神和腳踏實地的務實苦幹精神。

他說，青年人要求發揮自己的潛能，實現自我的價值，這種積極性應當受到保護，使青年能夠在現代化事業中鍛煉自己，提高自己，（下轉第二版）

在首都青年舉行紀念五四運動七十周年大會上發言的青聯出席者（前排左起）陳超超、鄧小平、楊尚昆、王震和國家領導人會見各行各業青年代表（後排左起）陳昊蘇、陳紫陽、喬石、胡啓立、烏蘭夫、薄一波、宋平、李瑞環、胡錦濤、李鐵映、姚依林等。（新華社）

# 北京學生今仍將遊行
# 津滬穗等地亦擬聲援

## 吉林四川及香港傳有學生到京參加

## 預定口號「慶祝五四爲民請命」

【本報北京專函四日電】明天是「五四」七十周年紀念日，北京四十多所大專院校都分別制定了各自的紀念活動計劃。

【本報特派記者袁偉時北京三日電】北京大學的學生計劃明天舉行遊行，以示紀念。

【本報特派記者袁偉時北京三日電】「北京高校學生自治聯會」決定於明日「五四」七十周年的日子裏上街遊行，他們強調學生運動是發揚民主科學的精神，行動要理智進行，而學生明天的遊行口號是「慶祝五四，為民請命」。

北京大學的學生一般的意願，除了一下午在北京師範大學參加一個集會，來自北京四十七個高校的學生代表和成都科技大學的代表，以四十票贊成，四票反對和兩票棄權的結果，決定於明日上街遊行。

北京高校學生自治聯會是在國慶前夕成立的，是在團中央的支持下，由北京大學、北京師範大學、北京政法學院、北京經濟學院、北京廣播學院五所高校的學生代表組成的。

【本報北京三日專電】北京市政府已做好準備，確保亞銀年會的召開。

張健民今晚出席團結湖社區居民委員會舉辦的時裝表演時說，我們的準備工作是充分的，有些學校有部分師生上街，至今仍未停止。關於遊行的問題，我同意袁木同志今天上午在記者招待會上講話的觀點，北京市政府已做好了各種準備，考慮了許多因素，一定要有秩序，確保亞銀大會按預定的時間在預定的地點舉辦開幕事。

張健民的話暗示學生可能的遊行活動已有所準備。

【本報北京三日專電】北京師範大學、上海復旦大學、合肥科技大學的代表，就組織遊行進行緊急磋商，決定於明日「五四」七十周年的日子舉行遊行，以示聲援。

【本報特派記者袁偉時北京三日專電】「北京高校學生自治聯會」決定於明日「五四」七十周年的日子裏上街遊行，他們強調學生運動是發揚民主科學的精神，行動要理智進行，而學生明天的遊行口號是「慶祝五四，為民請命」。

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# 北京學生決定今再遊行 袁木稱按過往做法對待

## 當局重申天安門廣場今管制 文通報

## 趙紫陽講話推進改革 嚴厲反對動亂維護安定

## 三千青年與會 楊尚昆李鵬萬里等出席

## 北京隆重紀念「五四」七十周年

【本報北京四日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天在首都各界紀念五四運動七十周年大會上發表講話時指出，七十年來，中國改革和建設之所以能夠取得成效，最重要的一條是保持了社會的穩定。大會在位於市中心的人民大會堂舉行，包括各大學學生代表在內的首都各族各界青年約三千人出席了大會。

趙紫陽在講話中說：「動亂不僅不能解決問題，而且只能給國家帶來災難，給人民帶來痛苦。」他說，「動亂的結果，只能破壞安定團結的政治局面，破壞已經取得的發展勢頭，破壞改革開放的環境，破壞已經建立的初步基礎，使我們的國家和人民蒙受巨大損失，使我們的事業倒退。」

趙紫陽在今天的第二項發言中，重申了中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天在首都青年紀念五四運動七十周年大會上發表講話時指出，七十年來，中國改革和建設之所以能夠取得成效，最重要的一條是保持了社會的穩定。大會在位於市中心的人民大會堂舉行，包括各大學學生代表在內的首都各族各界青年約三千人出席了大會。

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# 北京今逾十萬人大遊行

## 港與各省學生聲援參加

## 阻撓能力可能擱軍警開銀亞免擾

（快報記者蔡秀斌北京報道）國務院已批准了北京高等學生自動舉行的要求，由最少十萬名北京四十七間高校學生今日將參加「紀念五四運動八十週年大遊行」。今次遊行除由中、香港和其他省份的學生參加。

北京公安部已發出通告，今日早上七時至晚上六時在天安門地區實施交通管制。由於今日是亞銀會議在人民大會堂舉行開幕禮，而中共總書記江澤民亦會出席開幕禮，而北京高校學生今日將參加「紀念五四運動八十週年大遊行」，今次遊行除由中國大專學生自治聯合會發起，及獲團委支持外，並得到北京市政府的批准，故相信今次遊行會在和平理性的氣氛下舉行。

北京政府高層人士表示，今次遊行的規模，相信有關當局已作出周詳的部署，故相信今次遊行的決定，早於前晚九時已存檔，故他表示今次遊行的決定與對話無關。

北京高校學生自治聯合會代表昨日向高校學生自治會發出通知，要求各高校學生今日下午二時在天安門廣場集合，並已宣布成立「北京市高校學生自治聯合會」對話，以爭取與政府平起平坐，成為談判對手，甚至要超越政府之上。

學生在開會中指出，他們對話的首要目的，是要求政府要認真對待學生的愛國運動，並表明他們的訴求，而非要推翻政府。

學生領袖表示，他們今日的遊行，是和平理性的，他們會在遊行之前，清理現場垃圾，不會破壞公物，並會維持交通秩序，不會影響市民生活。

學生領袖又

# 志切自主民由　心懷神州大地
# 全華美裔識知齋分子
# 今日分在州各在遊行

（本報紐約漢記者關國威、吳添發北京電）七十年前華生運動，在北京爆發，他們高舉中國的民主運動旗幟，反對列強不平等條約，要求仍未完成，科學與民主，仍然是中國至今仍未能真正實現的兩大目標。

中央電視台上的這場和北京大學、特別是故鄉的五四運動，在中國近代史上，都是劃時代的大事，科學與民主，七十年後，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

七十年前提出「科學與民主」的口號，七十年後，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

這主題運動在國際形勢不是不多次爲新派人士所提出，但同樣中國的民主運動，他們高舉中國的民主運動旗幟，反對列強不平等條約，要求仍未完成，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

步一步得到。」著名學者作家夏衍就說過：五四運動的歷史任務，至今仍未完成，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

中央電視台上的這場和北京大學、特別是故鄉的五四運動，在中國近代史上，都是劃時代的大事，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

中國社會科學院歷史研究所教授許冠三說：「五四運動的歷史任務，至今仍未完成，科學與民主，仍然是中國人民的兩大目標。

## 幌眼「五四」七十載・慨對當年熱血人

### 一九一九年，學生揚言引入德先生（民主）、賽先生（科學）以救中國，迄今，我們對民主與科學依然殷殷以求，今天，北京知識分子提出需要更多「先生」，震撼發聵，興我中華，鑑往知來，是否要等另一個七十年？這是一個值得反思的問題……。

（本報特派記者關國威北京專電）北京市內將中、中大的兩名學生代表前往天安門廣場，向「五四」運動七十周年致敬。

近五十所高校於今日舉行盛大的「五四」七十周年紀念活動，以紀念「五四運動」的「民主與科學」的精神。

促進中國的民主化，學生代表表示，他們首先要求的是「民主與科學」。

北京高校學生自治聯合會四十七名代表在各院校的代表許紹雄領導下，聯合舉行以「支持改革，反對動亂」爲口號，舉行全市高校學生遊行。

北京市公安局昨日在各主要路口設置崗哨，禁止遊行人員進入天安門廣場。

據了解，學生將主要分兩路，一路在北京大學，另一路在北京師範大學，時間約在上午八時，北大的遊行隊伍將會經過中關村，中央民族學院，然後會取道三環或東環路，遊行至天安門廣場。

北京大學的遊行隊伍，將會由西門出發，途經新街口、西直門內大街，遊行至天安門廣場。

北京師範大學的遊行隊伍，將會由師大出發，途經新街口、西直門內大街，遊行至天安門廣場。

北京市公安局昨日在各主要路口設置崗哨，禁止遊行人員進入天安門廣場。

吳仁華說：「我們要求的是『民主與科學』，不是『動亂』，我們要求的是『改革』，不是『動亂』。」

# 官方拒絕對話方案 學生決今早大遊行

## 願請民爲「言宣大四五新」表天安門發表

【本報記者北京電傳】中國國務院發言人袁木昨天主持北京有關學生自治聯合會的訪問會，將已是一份「威脅性最強通牒」，中國國務院發言人袁木昨天主持北京有關學生自治聯合會的訪問會，將已是一份「威脅性最強通牒」，而不予接受，（內容詳見本報今日A2版）

【本報記者北京電傳】中國國務院發言人袁木昨天主持北京有關學生自治聯合會的訪問會，將已是一份「威脅性最強通牒」，而不予接受，（內容詳見本報今日A2版）

政府堅決不同意不合法組織和非法的高校學生組織，但如果學生提出與某些組織不合法組織無關的要求，政府願意與不合法組織的學生及各院校學生會及研究生會，如果學生提出與某些組織不合法組織無關的要求，政府願意與不合法組織的學生及各院校學生會及研究生會，

及各院校學生會及研究生會，

能反映，學生提出的要求是合法組織的要求，政府願意與不合法組織的學生及各院校學生會及研究生會，

幼稚病的學生，請勸說他們放棄絕食，以免造成嚴重後果，

出差錯，挽起悔意。

## 包括香港及各地高校千人 十多萬學生參加 將盡量避免衝突

【本報記者北京電傳】中國國務院發言人袁木昨日在北京市高校學生自治聯合會提出的十點對話先決要求，並呼籲學生盡早復課，而北京高校學生自治聯合會則決定於今早上舉行「最後決定大遊行，到天安門廣場，發表「新五四大宣言」，北京四十七間高校的千多萬學生及上千外地高等學校包括香港的大學生，將參加遊行活動。

袁木昨日在國家教委副主任何東昌及北京市委副秘書長宋立本等陪同下出席了記者會，對話是為了溝通意見，促進了解，不是政府與學生之間的談判。

袁木昨日在記者會中說，政府對學生的愛國熱情表示理解，並對學生的正當訴求表示支持，但指出，極少數人利用學生的愛國熱情，製造動亂，進行陰謀活動，破壞安定團結的局面，這是絕不允許的。

袁木說，政府一貫主張通過對話協商解決問題

# 香港時報

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## 郭婉容敦促造福人類

## 大陸應發展自由經濟

### 已正式向亞銀總裁交涉我國名稱問題

【本報特派記者郭念台北平三日電】中華民國財政部長郭婉容今天在北平表示：希望中共推行自由經濟制度。她說，大陸經濟發展潛力更好，對人類未來貢獻更大。她並說，今天（三日）是她（被中華民國財政部長郭婉容忙碌的一天，上午與中共財政部長王丙乾舉行會談，下午則與中國人民銀行行長李貴鮮舉行會談，晚上又與中國人民銀行副行長劉鴻儒舉行會談。

郭婉容今天在北平機場發表書面談話說：「我此次來大陸的目的，是為了與中國人民銀行商談有關亞洲開發銀行（亞銀）中華民國名稱問題。」

郭婉容說：「我希望中國人民銀行能夠支持中華民國的合法地位，使中華民國能夠繼續留在亞銀。」

郭婉容說：「我此次來大陸，也希望能夠與中國大陸的財政金融界人士，交換有關財政金融改革的意見。」

郭婉容說：「我希望中國大陸的改革開放政策，能夠繼續下去，並且加速進行

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# Students to march despite Zhao plea

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

COMMUNIST Party chief Zhao Ziyang yesterday made a last-minute appeal for calm as students prepared to launch another massive demonstration on the 70th anniversary of the May 4th Movement.

He called on the party, people and youth to firmly oppose social unrest.

At the same time Mr Zhao was speaking, student representatives meeting at Beijing Teachers University voted to stage another march following the Government's rejection of their demands for a dialogue with top leaders.

The march is to begin at 8 am from Beijing University but the destination was not immediately announced.

Before the march plans were disclosed, local authorities announced that Tiananmen Square would be closed to the public between 7 am and 6 pm today "due to the organisation of official gatherings" to mark the May 4th Movement.

Surrounding roads will also be shut to pedestrians and vehicles.

Tiananmen Square is also the site of the Great Hall of the People, where the 22nd annual meeting of the Asian Development Bank is to open today with more than 2,000 delegates from some 50 countries attending.

Mr Zhao, in a conciliatory speech delivered to 3,000 young people at the Great Hall of the People and broadcast on national television, warned that the entire reform program was threatened by recent disturbances.

"If we allow these disturbances again, a China with a bright future will become a China with no future at all," he said.

Conceding that the Party had made "large, small, every kind of mistake," Mr Zhao asked that China's young people's be patient with reform.

"Stability, progress, order, law; these are the needs of reform and of science and democracy," Mr Zhao said.

This was the first time that Mr Zhao had openly spoken about the current political situation in Beijing. He had been quiet since Mr Hu Yaobang's funeral on April 22.

In his speech, Mr Zhao said the country had "lived 10 good years" since the third plenary session of the 11th party Central Committee. But if social unrest returns with large-scale social conflict and disruption of production, study and work, a country of promise will be turned into a country of hopelessness and turbulence, he added.

If such a situation arises, Mr Zhao said, there will be no room at all for the economic construction, reform and the development of democracy and science that are expected by the whole country, including the vast majority of students.

"When we have stability we sometimes aren't aware of its value," he said, "but once we lose it we feel deep regret."

Mr Zhao said stability does not mean the elimination of democracy, but democracy should be channelled into order and legality.

The meeting, jointly sponsored by the Central Committee of the Communist Youth League, the All-China Youth Federation and the All-China Students' Federation, was attended by party and state leaders, including President Yang Shangkun, Prime Minister Li Peng, chairman of the National People's Congress Wan Li and three other members of the Politburo Standing Committee, Qiao Shi, Hu Qili and Yao Yilin.

Also present were Ms Deng Yingchao and other veterans who took part in the May 4th Movement 70 years ago.

Earlier in the day, the spokesman for the State Council, Yuan Mu, rejected as unreasonable a list of student conditions for talks that were submitted on Tuesday.

"This is an ultimatum-like petition and is something of a threat," Mr Yuan said. "Students are trying to gain a dominant position. They are naive and impulsive."

He used the first official news conference since the campus protests began to appeal to students to return to classes and stop demonstrating.

"I hope that tomorrow there will be no mass demonstration but maybe my hopes will not come true," he said, urging the students not to disrupt the ADB meeting.

Mr Yuan, who stated repeatedly that the Government "loves and cherishes students", indicated that it was too early for a police crackdown on campus militants.

"We must be very prudent ... The good and bad are mixed together, (and) such conditions are not good

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 5)

## Police break up protest by Shanghai workers

From GEOFFREY CROTHALL in Shanghai

**TWO thousand people congregated in the People's Square in central Shanghai last night in a spontaneous protest following the televised speech by the party General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang, calling for order and stability.**

**"Out with Zhao Ziyang," the crowd shouted.**

**By 10 pm, the square was blocked off as police began to disperse the crowd, but not without considerable resistance. At least two people were arrested.**

**The demonstrators were eventually expelled from the square by midnight by four lines of advancing police officers who showed none of the humour of the Beijing police during student marches on Tiananmen Square on April 27.**

**As the demonstrators were pushed out of the gates, they cheered, clapped and sang the *Internationale*. The majority of the demonstrators were young workers, with only a few university students present.**

**The crowd chanted demands for freedom and democracy.**

**One protester said bitterly: "This is People's Square but they don't allow people to gather here."**

**The demonstrators also voiced support for Qin Benli, the chief editor of the liberal *World Economic Herald* who was sacked by the Shanghai party committee.**

# Party elders call for tough action against protests

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

AT A time when the leadership is divided over what course to take against student protesters, party elders – and conservative cadres – are urging tough action.

The hardliners have also linked student activism with the spread of bourgeois liberalisation, the Chinese Communist Party's codeword for negating party leadership and introducing Westernised ideas.

According to Chinese sources, Mr Chen Yun, the chairman of the Central Advisory Commission, wrote a letter to the senior leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, last week.

In the missive, Mr Chen, who is dubbed "godfather" of the conservatives, emphasised that "we have proved ourselves weak and indecisive in the face of student activism".

"We must take strong action to suppress the student movement," Mr Chen reportedly said. "Otherwise it will only grow bigger, and if workers join in, the consequences will be unimaginable."

Both Mr Chen and other party conservatives have accused bourgeois-liberal intellectuals of inciting students to the streets.

These "rightist intellectuals" include middle-aged theoreticians and social scientists as well as young teachers.

In his press conference yesterday, Mr Yuan Mu, the spokesman for the State Council, decried "a minority of people who have given guidelines to the students".

"For the past few years, they have inculcated mistaken ideas and programs of political action in the minds of the students," Mr Yuan added.

Mr He Dongchang, vice-chairman of the State Education Commission, noted that a key demand of the students is "the thorough negation of the campaign against bourgeois liberalisation (of 1987)".

"There is no doubt that Mr He is pointing to intellectuals who propagate bourgeois liberalisation as the masterminds behind the student movement," said an academic with the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

According to Chinese sources, Mr Deng had also linked the student movement with the spread of bourgeois liberalisation.

In a recent speech, Mr Deng said "the reason why students have made trouble again is that we failed to thoroughly implement the campaign against spiritual corruption (of 1983) and the campaign against bourgeois liberalisation".

Both campaigns were targeted at liberal and rightist intellectuals who think that Marxism should be "modernised" in tune with the times.

Conservatives have blamed Mr Hu Yaobang, the late party boss, for putting an early end to the anti-rightist movements.

Mr Hu lost his post as party General Secretary in January 1987 for being "soft and lax" towards the spread of bourgeois-liberal ideas.

According to analysts, the fingering of liberal intel-

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 1)

## Canada's opposition leader quits

OTTAWA: Canadian opposition leader John Turner, who waged and lost a bitter election battle against a free trade pact with the United States, announced yesterday he is resigning as head of the Liberal Party.

Mr Turner, 59, who was briefly Prime Minister in 1984, headed the Liberal Party for five troubled years.

British-born Mr Turner succeeded Pierre Trudeau as Prime Minister in 1984, but called an election after only 79 days. He then steered the party in opposition before losing last November's election.


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**WEATHER**

Periods of rain.
Max temp 23 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Viets likely to top 50,000 by year end

By FIONA MACMAHON

ANOTHER wave of boat people arrived in Hongkong yesterday, pushing the number of Vietnamese in the territory past the 30,000 mark and fuelling official fears the figure could top 50,000 by the end of the year.

A total of 640 arrived yesterday – the highest number on a single day since July 23 last year.

In other developments yesterday:

● Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes charged that the outflow was a political move by the Vietnamese to gain more from the international conference in Geneva next month.

● Green Island Reception Centre was forced to house double its official capacity because of the influx.

● Because of the accommodation crisis the Government is being forced to erect canvas tents at the Whitehead detention centre.

● The head of the Civil Aid Services (CAS) described the appalling conditions on the ferries being used to house boat people.

● The police confirmed that they will have to assist the CAS in manning the remaining two ferries when they are called up.

● Additional funds of $232.3 million were granted to build additional emergency accommodation but 11 legislators voted against the request. The 27 who approved the move said they did so only on the understanding that the Government would do more to solve the problem.

The Green Island reception centre has an official capacity of 730. Last night the population was more than double that.

Yesterday's arrivals took the total in the past five days to 1,640. Almost 5,500 boat people have arrived this year.

The last time Hongkong had to deal with a situation as serious as this was in 1979 when more than 65,000 Vietnamese poured into Hongkong in the first six months. Other countries then stepped in quickly and the majority of refugees were resettled.

Of the total Vietnamese population of more than 30,000, 15,466 are classified as boat people and 14,561 regarded as genuine refugees.

Refugee co-ordinator Mike Hanson said yesterday he could not predict how many Vietnamese refugees would arrive this year but the "picture was bleak".

During the special Finance Committee meeting to discuss the spending of $232.3 million on emergency accommodation for the boat people, Mr Hanson told the 46 unofficial members of the Legislative Council that he expected at least 15,000 in the next three months.

Mr Hanson's prediction was backed by Mr Barnes who told the committee that thousands more Vietnamese were waiting along the coast of Vietnam.

In a hard-hitting attack on the Vietnamese, Mr Barnes laid the blame squarely at the door of Hanoi.

Mr Barnes charged that the Vietnamese were not doing enough to stop the illegal departures, in a bid to force the hand of the international community at the international conference to discuss the problem in Geneva next month.

"I would hate to stick my neck out and say we will not get another 11,000 arrivals in the course of the summer; in fact I think if we got 11,000 arrivals during the course of the summer we would be extremely lucky," he said.

"I estimate it as much higher than that. At the moment there is every indication we are in for a bad influx.

"The fault for this lies firmly with Vietnam. I am in great sympathy with the feelings that have been expressed by members and with the frustration the people in Hongkong feel about this constant flow of arrivals.

"We do not unfortunately in the administration, or in the Government or indeed the community of Hongkong, have the power to stop people coming.

"This power lies in Vietnam and that is where the finger should be pointed. We have no direct evidence to this effect but I believe it is within the Vietnamese Government's power to stop people leaving Vietnam and it is my suspicion that the Vietnamese Government is permitting people to leave Vietnam in order to put pressure on the (governments of) Hongkong, UK, Malaysia and other countries in the region in order to

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 5)

Reuter

South Korean riot police gather round a colleague who died in yesterday's assault.

# Roh warns rioters of emergency action

**SEOUL: President Roh Tae-woo yesterday warned he might invoke emergency powers to end a wave of violent protests after six riot troopers were killed in a campus clash with radical students.**

**"If violence and illegal acts endanger democracy and the future of the country, I would be obliged to invoke emergency measures as empowered by the constitution," Mr Roh said in a nationally televised speech.**

**Mr Roh declared that the government was determined to end violent protests that have battered South Korea in recent weeks, but did not specify any action.**

**Under the constitution, the President can rule by decree or impose martial law in emergency cases, but government officials ruled out any drastic action unless violence escalates.**

**Meanwhile, police were bracing for clashes in the strike-ridden industrial city of Masan, where militant labour groups have vowed to go ahead with a massive rally today despite the police deaths in the southern port of Pusan.**

**The six troopers were set on fire during a pre-dawn raid assault on Dongui University's library in an effort to free five police officers being held hostage.**

**As police were breaking into a seventh-floor room, radical students hurled firebombs and set fire to a barricade drenched in paint thinner.**

**Several officers, wrapped in flames, leaped out of windows, while others were burned or choked to death by smoke, police said.**

**They said one student was seriously injured when he jumped from the seventh floor to avoid the police raid.**

**Police said they expected more deaths as 10 troopers remained in critical condition. About 10 other troopers and students sustained minor wounds, officials said.**

**The hostages later were released unharmed after professors pleaded with the students to free the officers, police said. They said students seized the five officers on Tuesday after staging a violent demonstration to protest warning shots by police at demonstrators who menaced a police station on Monday.**

**About 700 riot police firing tear gas raided the school.**

**Police said they had detained 94 students, some of whom would be charged with murder and arson.**

**Among those charged was Dongui University student body president Lee Chang-Hyun, 23, who police say set fire to kerosene-drenched barricades.**

**The toll was the worst in political violence since the 1980 Kwangju Uprising, in which some 200 people including about 50 soldiers died in 10 days of fighting between troops and anti-martial law protesters.**

**National police chief Jo Jong-suk resigned to accept**

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 6)

## Verdicts today for HK death row traffickers

THE Malaysian Supreme Court will today hand down its decision on the appeals of nine Hongkong people sentenced to death or life imprisonment on drugs charges.

Chief Justice Hashim Yeop Sani, presiding over a three-judge appeal court, yesterday deferred judgement for a day after hearing arguments from defence counsel and public prosecutor Abdul Hamid Mohamed.

Eight of the appellants are seeking to have their convictions and death sentences quashed while the ninth, Tam Tak-wai, is appealing against a life imprisonment sentence.

The prosecutor is seeking to have Tam's sentence changed to the death penalty.

On May 10, 1985, the Penang High Court sentenced Au King-chor, 32, Hau Tsui-ling, 31, Chan Yiu-tim, 32, Yuen Kwok-kwan, 27, and Li Chi-ping, 27, to death after they were convicted of trafficking in 12.759 kilograms of heroin.

The court also sentenced Ip Tak-ming, 34, Ng Yiu-kwong, 36, and Chow Sing, 41, to death for abetting the five.

Tam, 25, who was also convicted of abetting in the offence, was sentenced to life imprisonment and eight strokes of the cane.

## Botha finally calls election that ends his rule

CAPE TOWN: South African President P.W. Botha last night announced a general election will be held on September 6.

He said the election would be for all three chambers of the racially segregated parliament, which has separate houses for white, coloured (mixed-race) and Indian delegates.

The black majority has no vote under South Africa's apartheid constitution.

The election is almost certain to mark the end of Mr Botha's political career. He resigned as leader of the ruling National Party (NP) after suffering a stroke in January.

The NP has said it intends to give Education Minister F.W. de Klerk the presidential mandate if it wins the election.

Speaking to a specially-convened joint sitting of the three chambers, Mr Botha said the election proclamation would be published in the government's official gazette during July.

"I wish honourable members success in what lies ahead of them," he added.

A power struggle between Mr Botha and Mr de Klerk was defused last month when senior NP members threw their weight behind Mr de Klerk, shunning the autocratic 73-year-old President who was thought to be out of touch with the party mood.

Mr de Klerk, although conservative, is seen by party members to be more forceful and better able to revive Mr Botha's stalled program of tentative apartheid reform which the NP advocated.

After losing the support of his party, Mr Botha said he would not seek a third five-year term and called for a calm and orderly transition of presidential power.

It will be the first time that white, coloured and Indian voters cast their ballots at the same time since a three-chamber parliamentary system was established in 1984.

In May 1987, South Africa held a whites-only election which returned the NP to power. The poll also showed a marked increase in support for the ultra-rightist Conservative Party, which replaced the liberal Progressive Federal Party as the official opposition.

Mr Botha's choice of election date is the anniversary of the assassination of one of his predecessors, Mr Hendrik Verwoerd, known as the grand architect of apartheid.

Mr Verwoerd was stabbed on the floor of the house by a parliamentary messenger on September 6, 1966.

Mr Botha's announcement came on the same day as the Government accused officials involved in covert arms dealings in Paris with Ulster Protestant extremists as acting without official approval.

Defence Minister Magnus Malan was commenting on a parliamentary investigation into the expulsion of three South African diplomats from Paris after three Protestant loyalists and a US arms dealer were arrested there on April 21 while handing over parts of a British "Blowpipe" ground-to-air missile to diplomat Daniel Storm.

General Malan said the officials had acted without government approval or authorisation in the deal.

Appropriate steps would be taken against these men and his department would ensure this would not happen again.

He admitted that Mr Storm had acted as a go-between for the state-run Armaments Corporation (ARMSCOR), but denied allegations that ARMSCOR or the South African Defence Force had delivered weapons to the Ulster Defence Association or any other organisation in Northern Ireland.

Agencies


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# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1989 | $3.00


## INSIDE TODAY

After 10 years of Thatcherism, correspondents look at the Prime Minister's good and bad sides ... and pinpoint her relatively recent conversion to her current political philosophy **Page 15**

**World Paper**

Latin Americans in 13 countries embark this year upon an unprecedented test of democracy, still battling their old enemies of debt, inflation, drugs and military terror. Latin hopes and woes are the focus of WORLDPAPER, the monthly review of international affairs, exclusive to *The Hongkong Standard* **Liftout**

**JOBMARKET**

Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET ... and don't miss tomorrow's bumper edition of the territory's premier daily employment section

**Sinclair**

Kevin Sinclair meets the man in charge of Hongkong's Mass Transit Railway system on **Page 14**

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**WEATHER:** 21°C — 23°C. Periods of rain. Details on Page 21.

# Viets expected to double by July

THE Government expects Hongkong's boat people population to almost double in the next three months.

Refugee Co-ordinator Mr Mike Hanson told the Finance Committee yesterday that 15,000 boat people were expected before the end of July.

And the Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, said Vietnam could be behind the influx.

"I think it's directly related to the Geneva conference (on refugees in June)," he said.

"There's the suspicion that Vietnam is permitting people to leave the country in order to put pressure on Hongkong and other governments at the conference.

"There's no direct evidence on this but I think it's within Vietnam's power to stop people coming."

Mr Barnes said Vietnamese authorities had been told of the suspicions.

The surge in arrivals put the Government under pressure to find accommodation.

Legislators reluctantly approved $193.7 million for more facilities yesterday but demanded the first asylum policy be reviewed if forced repatriation was not accepted in Geneva, and that Britain carry a greater share of the financial burden.

Present facilities are full and extra accommodation is unlikely to be ready for some time.

Phase two of Whitehead detention centre, which will house 4,000 boat people, will not be completed for another month.

Funding approved yesterday will be to house 11,800 boat people at Lo Wu army camp and for phase three and four of Whitehead.

In the meantime Mr Hanson said the Government had a contingency plan though he would not elaborate. Already, ferries and sites to be turned over for development have been pressed into use.

**REFUGEE CRISIS**

Asked whether the Government would go to the Finance Committee for more funds – and face calls for abandoning the first asylum policy – Mr Hanson said only: "Let's wait and see."

Legislators approved the extra funds yesterday by a vote of 27-11 with three abstentions, after a week's delay.

Mrs Rita Fan, who voted in favour, led the way in calling for a review of Hongkong's policy if the Geneva talks did not approve forced repatriation.

"On the premise of having Hongkong as a port of first asylum I don't see how we can refuse the request," she said.

"But I think the people of Hongkong have reached the end of their tether and it's unfair for them to bear the burden forever."

Mr Barnes promised a review but indicated that the first asylum policy could not be abandoned.

"Pushing them off will lead to boats floundering, people drowning. I can't associate myself with such a policy," he said.

He also said a suggestion that they be towed back to Vietnam was impractical.

Mr Barnes described the best and worst that could come out of Geneva.

"The best case would be ... some firm indication that mandatory repatriation will be forthcoming," he said.

"The worst case would be a major participating country such as Vietnam walking out and removing from the conference a key element otherwise required for consensus."

Mr Martin Lee wanted to know why funds for boat people could not come from the Defence Costs Agreement with Britain but was told Hongkong would not breach its pacts in this way.

Meanwhile, another 640 boat people arrived yesterday – the most in a single day this year – bringing the total this month to 1,042.

■ Legislative Council reports **Pages 4, 5**

## Sihanouk willing to go home and fight

JAKARTA: Cambodian resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk said yesterday he was ready to return to his homeland as head of state and team up with long-time foe Prime Minister Hun Sen in a joint battle against the dreaded Khmer Rouge.

"If Hun Sen supports all these suggestions from Father Sihanouk, so I will join my son Hun Sen," Prince Sihanouk told a news conference yesterday. "We have made tremendous progress in Jakarta."

Referring to the 38-year-old Mr Hun Sen as "my son," instead of "Hanoi's lackey" as he has in the past, Prince Sihanouk said his return to Phnom Penh was contingent on Vietnam fulfilling its promise to withdraw its 70,000 troops in Cambodia by September 30.

Meanwhile, Vietnamese Foreign Minister Nguyen Co Thach said his forces had started their final pullout from Cambodia yesterday.

If there was a hitch in negotiating an international force to police the withdrawal Mr Thach said "all countries" would be welcome to monitor the troop pullout.

In a dramatic conclusion to peace talks in Jakarta aimed at settling the decade-old Cambodia conflict, Prince Sihanouk said he was confident Mr Hun Sen would meet his two demands and reshape the government and amend the constitution.

"We have made tremendous progress," said Prince Sihanouk, head of the UN-recognised coalition of three rebel groups including the Khmer Rouge, the organisation which was blamed for the deaths of 1.5 million people during a three-year reign of terror ended by the Vietnamese invasion in 1978.

Convinced the Khmer Rouge – the military backbone of the resistance with 40,000 troops – would never join a proposed four-party coalition or accept a "Sihanouk-Hun Sen deal", the former monarch said he and Mr Hun Sen would merge armies to combat an expected Khmer Rouge attempt to retake power.

In a clear move to disassociate himself from his communist partner, Prince Sihanouk said, "I condemn them as criminals. They have killed so many relatives of mine. I am not their accomplice."

Although Prince Sihanouk previously played down the Khmer Rouge threat, he said Pol Pot, the infamous communist leader during the 1975-78 Cambodian reign of terror, was still in charge.

In a complete turnaround from his previous insistence that he run the country, Prince Sihanouk told reporters he envisioned a role that is "not as powerful as French President Francois Mitterrand and not powerless like Queen Elizabeth".

Mr Hun Sen extended the invitation to Prince Sihanouk to return as head of state and chairman of the Supreme Council to


■ Continued **Page 9**
■ Editorial: **Page 12**


# Students reject Zhao peace call

**By Stanley Leung** and **Tammy Tam** in Beijing

BEIJING'S protesting students said yesterday they would go ahead with plans for a mass demonstration today, despite a call by a Communist Party boss for an end to disruption.

Mr Zhao, the party's general secretary, said reform required stability, and that 10 years of social and economic advances were at stake.

However, authorities gave no indication they planned to stop today's planned march, though they will likely try to keep the protesters from entering Tiananmen Square.

The students said they would go ahead with their plans after the government rejected their demand for talks and official recognition of their new organisation.

Last night they issued a manifesto demanding press freedom, democratic change and the release of all prisoners of conscience.

Leaders hope to attract about 100,000 students for the "peaceful procession", which will protest against the government's attitude and celebrate the 70th anniversary of the May 4 Movement. The student-led movement was launched in 1919 at the start of a campaign to democratise and modernise China.

Students from 47 Beijing colleges are expected to take part, plus students from other provinces.

But student leaders say they will proclaim a manifesto during the protest.

Tiananmen Square – the principal venue for student protests – will be closed from 7 am to 6 pm, the municipal government announced.

It said the closure was due to "the organisation of official gatherings to mark the May 4 Movement."

But Beijing is believed to be more concerned about today's opening of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) annual conference in the Great Hall of the People, which flanks the square.

More than 2,000 bankers and officials from 47 countries and regions are due to attend the opening ceremony, at which Chinese President Yang Shangkun will make a speech, and the government is eager to prevent any disruption.

**STUDENT DEMONSTRATIONS**

INSIDE:
■ Beijing blames agitators, Zhao urges calm; Reporters demand rights; Alliance founder seeks entry: **Page 7 ▶**


Mr Zhao said stability was essential to progress on reform: "If stability is destroyed, what can be achieved? Can science and democracy be achieved? They cannot. All that will result is turmoil."

A spokesman for the State Council, Mr Yuan Mu, told a news conference that students would not be prevented from demonstrating despite the government's opposition to their plans.

He also repeated assurances that the government would not penalise students who made radical remarks or were involved in radical actions, as long as they had acted lawfully.

"If such a demonstration occurs, we will take the correct attitude and measures adopted in the past few days to deal with it.

"I sincerely hope and also believe that the students will avoid disturbing the ADB meeting," he said.

Sources said top Chinese leaders held a meeting of the Politburo and other senior officials on Tuesday to discuss the unrest, as well as the rapidly-changing relationship between the mainland and Taiwan.

Senior leader Deng Xiaoping, who has just returned from a visit to Qingdao, is reportedly furious with the student unrest and has demanded authorities stop the spread of "bourgeois liberalisation."

The Politburo discussed contingency plans for ensuring a smooth opening ceremony for the ADB.

"Now the situation hinges on the decisions and actions of students. If the students are well-organised and disciplined and do not violate any regulations, the government will not suppress them by force," the sources said.

More than three dozen intellectuals and student organisations from Hongkong, Taiwan and China issued a manifesto to mark the May 4 anniversary and press the students' cause.

The manifesto demands Beijing allow students to set up unions independent of the government in all universities.

The signatories said privately-run newspapers should be allowed to compete with the official press, all prisoners of conscience should be released, and a review carried out of recent democratic movements and student groups.

They called for punishment of those responsible for the violent suppression of previous student movements.

The manifesto declared that all state attempts to suppress the freedom of speech and thought were against the fundamental interests of the people.

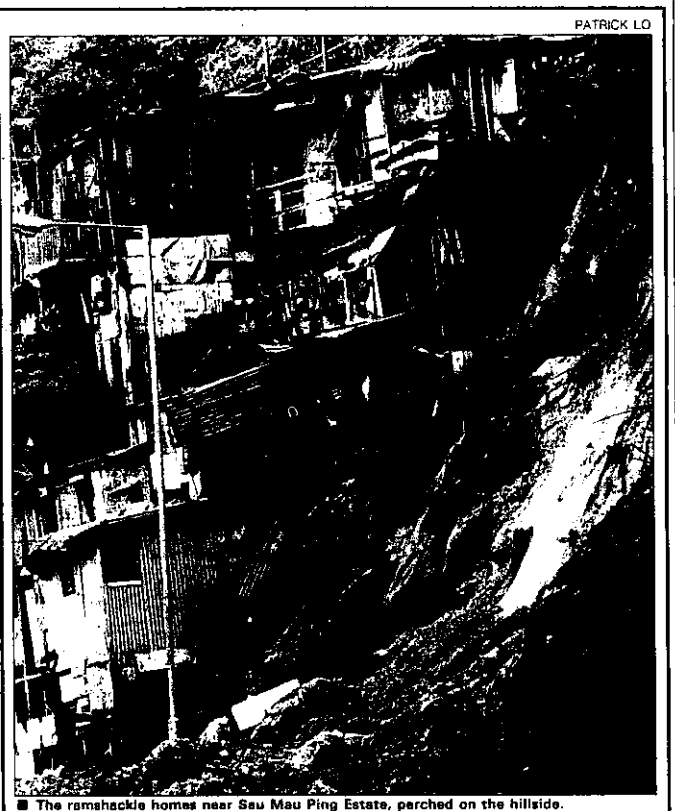
Uneven development over the past seven decades proved China needed a strong social force independent of the state, the signatories said.

Among those signing the document were leading dissident and journalist Liu Binyang; Taiwanese writer Chen Ying-chen; and Dr Thomas Chan, Dr Joseph Cheng, Mr Tsang Shu-ki, Mr Fred Chiu and Mr Zhang Xin from Hongkong.

The State Council spokesman, Mr Yuan, said the government believed most of the students were patriotic and the government "cherishes and fully understands" their enthusiasm.

He said the government welcomed talks with students, but any talks should be held without preconditions.

PATRICK LO



■ The ramshackle homes near Sau Mau Ping Estate, perched on the hillside.

# Last squatters defy mudslides

THE last residents of a village which was declared dangerous are determined to stick it out after a mudslide on Tuesday demolished 13 nearby huts.

Tai Sing Village is perched precariously on the hillside opposite Sau Mau Ping Estate.

Mr Wong Bing-chung and his family have pledged to stay on, although in 1972, 71 people died when a huge landslide buried another squatter area in Sau Mau Ping. The full extent of that disaster did not become apparent for days, until rescue workers dug out all the people who had been buried alive.

Mr Wong and his family fled Indonesia during the anti-Chinese purges in the 1960s.

"My family has been through a lot. We survived the Cultural Revolution in China. I have worked in the fields, fought with a gun in my hand. This is nothing.

"All this talk about danger baffles us. Fate decides what the future has in store.

"Eventually, we'll have to move to a public housing unit. We'll survive."

But Mr Wong and his family were oblivious to the area's tragic history. His parents, two brothers and a sister chose to stay with him last night even though mud and water had seeped into their hut, part of which stands on stilts.

They also chose to ignore the mudslip just a few doors away and the landslide which flattened 13 homes and affected another 32 in the village.

"What choice have we got?" he said. "We have applied for public housing but our earnings were over the limit.

"We cannot afford to rent a private flat."

He said they were told by the Housing Department yesterday their hut was unsafe and that they must move.

They were also told that if they could not find immediate accommodation, they could be housed at a temporary shelter.

"They came this afternoon and pasted a notice on the wall.

"We are to go to their office to register in the next few days for a public housing unit."

A Government spokesman said yesterday that none of the 150 people affected by the mudslip had sought assistance.

■ After the storm **Page 2**

# Roh threatens to crack down after police killed

SEOUL: President Roh Tae Woo threatened to impose emergency measures to end violent protests after six riot troopers were killed and 10 critically injured when they were set on fire by radical students yesterday.

Mr Roh, in a nationally televised speech, said the government was determined to end the violent protests that had hit South Korea recently.

He did not specify any action, but under the constitution he is empowered to rule by decree or impose martial law if he deems the nation is facing an emergency.

"If violence and illegal acts endanger democracy and the future of the country, I would be obliged to invoke emergency measures as empowered by the constitution," Mr Roh said.

Government officials said they expected no drastic action unless violence escalates.

Police officials, who declined to be named, said the troopers were killed when 700 riot police raided Dongui University in the southern port of Pusan as they attempted to free five police officers being held hostage.

Radical students set fire to a barricade drenched in paint thinners as the troopers were climbing over it. Several of the officers, wrapped in flames, leaped out of windows, while others were burned or choked to death by smoke, police said.

More riot troopers were in critical condition. One student was badly injured and about 10 troopers and students received minor wounds, officials said.

National Police Chief Jo Jong-suk resigned to accept responsibility.

National Police Headquarters in Seoul said it was the worst loss of police life in recent years.

All of the hostages later were released unharmed, and police said they arrested 88 students and were questioning them.

In his speech to the nation, Mr Roh said, "It has become clear that behind the flames that took the lives of young people, there are revolutionary groups which resort to violence to achieve their goals."

Opposition parties also denounced the deaths and called for an end to political violence.

Government prosecutors said students implicated in the deaths would face charges of arson, for which the maximum sentence is death.

The Education Ministry ordered the university closed while police investigated. –AP

■ Catholics rap Roh **Page 6**

# Botha sets September poll date

CAPE TOWN, South Africa: **President P W Botha has announced a general election will be held on September 6.**

**And for the first time it will be for all three chambers of the racially-segregated parliament, which has separate houses for White, Coloured (mixed-race) and Indian delegates.**

**The Black majority is not entitled to vote.**

**Mr Botha, 73, resigned as leader of the ruling National Party (NP) after suffering a stroke in January. The party threw its weight behind Education Minister Mr F W de Klerk and said he would have the presidential mandate if NP won.**

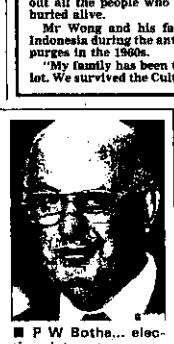
**"I wish honourable members success in what lies ahead of them," Mr Botha told parliament yesterday.**

**Mr de Klerk, although conservative, is seen by party members to be more forceful and better able to revive Mr Botha's stalled programme of tentative apartheid reform.**

**After losing the support of his party, Mr Botha said he would not seek a third five-year term and called for a calm and orderly transition of presidential power.**

**The election date is the anniversary of the assassination of a predecessor, Mr Hendrik Verwoerd. Known as the grand architect of apartheid, he was stabbed to death on the floor of the house by a parliamentary messenger in 1966.**

– Reuter



■ P W Botha... election date set.

# Gas switch deliberate, Boyde inquest is told

A SENIOR staff-member of the Hongkong Oxygen and Acetylene Co Ltd (HOAC) yesterday told the inquest into Mrs Shirley Boyde's death that putting nitrogen into a liquid oxygen container would require a deliberate act and could not be performed accidentally.

But it was not known where the switch could have been carried out, the court was told.

Mrs Boyde, 55, died at Canossa Hospital on January 17, three days after receiving nitrogen from an HOAC container labelled for liquid oxygen.

The inquiry also heard that the container in question was delivered by the oxygen company to Canossa Hospital even though it showed flaws.

The court was told that the problem container had no oxygen labels on the level-gauge cover and there was a dent on the body.

The pressure gauge reading was 280 pounds per square inch on delivery and the pressure control valve was leaking, the court was told.

The inquest yesterday continued to hear evidence from the manager of the oxygen company's operation division, Mrs Brenda Smith.

Mrs Smith told Coroner Mr Hugh Sinclair and a three-man jury that she was "quite convinced" that it required "deliberate steps" to fill a liquid-oxygen containner with nitrogen.

There was "absolutely no way it could happen by accident or without prekinowledge", she said, rejecting the possibility of mere negligence in filling the wrong tank.

The court heard earlier that different liquid gas containers had different-size fittings and hoses.

Mrs Smith said one way of filling liquid nitrogen into a liquid oxygen container would be by replacing the fittings on the container.

She said somebody would have had to put oxygen fittings on the container after it was filled with nitrogen.

She told the court that another method was to use an adaptor to connect the container with the nitrogen hoses.

She said she did not know of such an adaptor at her company and agreed with counsel for Canossa Hospital, Mr Martin Lee QC, that someone had to buy one elsewhere if he needed it.

Cross-examined by Mr Lee, she said she could not say where the switch could have been conducted. She said all such containers were only delivered by the company trucks to customers.

## Health chiefs have kittens

NEW DELHI: A cat sneaked into the operating theatre at a prestigious hospital here and gave birth to four kittens, forcing its closure for three days.

Embarrassed Minister of Health Saroj Khaparde told Parliament the cat entered the theatre at Ram Manohar Lohia hospital through a broken window on April 12 and delivered the litter.

The surgical ward was then closed for three days from April 14 for disinfection, she added. AFP

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1988年5月5日 星期五 己巳年四月初一

北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级
夜间 晴转多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 26℃ 最低 13℃

第14809期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


互助合作推动亚太地区全面发展与繁荣

## 亚行第22届年会在京开幕

### 3000多代表来自47个国家和地区
### 杨尚昆致词陈慕华李贵鲜等出席

**本报北京5月4日讯** 记者李红、蒋平红、吴翔泰报道：亚洲开发银行理事会第二十二届年会今天上午十时在人民大会堂隆重开幕。来自47个成员国家和地区的高级官员、金融家以及国际组织的观察员等3000余人出席了开幕仪式。

中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆在开幕式上致词，呼吁发达国家在金融、贸易、技术、债务、商品等方面采取切实措施，以利于发展中国家的经济增长。他说："这是一个全球性的大问题，也是建立国际经济新秩序的重要内容。"

在高度评价了过去10年亚太地区经济发展的成就之后，他指出，要实现亚太地区的普遍繁荣，今后还有很长的路要走。亚太地区要和世界其他地区加强合作，相互开放，共同发展。

本届年会主席、中国人民银行行长李贵鲜在讲话中说，在过去10年中，亚太地区的经济平均增长率高于世界其他地区。然而，在发达国家与发展中国家之间，基础和条件不同的发展中国家之间，存在着明显的发展不平衡。贫困、落后依然严重存在，并面临着严峻的环境和人口急剧增加等问题，他认为，应当在平等互利基础上加强区域合作并加强与世界其他地区间合作，实现世界的普遍繁荣。

亚洲开发银行行长藤冈真佐夫回顾了亚行在过去1年中取得的成就后指出，今后亚行要增加对这一地区发展中成员国的援助，要特别关注本地区5亿贫困人民，帮助他们同贫困作斗争。亚行将作出积极努力，推动亚洲各国在贸易、投资和金融等方面的合作，促进亚洲地区的经济发展。

全国人大常委会副委员长陈慕华也出席了开幕式。

## 杨尚昆主席会见并宴请亚洲开发银行年会客人

**新华社北京5月4日电** 国家主席杨尚昆今天在人民大会堂举行宴会，欢迎出席亚洲开发银行理事会第22届年会的亚行行长藤冈真佐夫等亚行高级官员和亚行成员代表团正副团长。

在此之前，杨尚昆主席会见了亚行成员代表团团长和藤冈真佐夫等亚行高级官员。全国人大常委会副委员长陈慕华、国务委员王丙乾、陈希同参加了会见。

## 万里将出访加拿大、美国

**新华社北京5月4日电** 应加拿大参议院议长夏博诺、众议院议长弗雷泽联名邀请和美国副总统兼参议长老布的邀请，全国人大常委会委员长万里将于5月12日至6月1日分别对加拿大和美国进行正式友好访问。

这是外交部发言人今天在这里宣布的。

赵紫阳分析当前国内形势

# 现在最需要冷静理智克制秩序 在民主和法制轨道上解决问题

**中国不会出现大的动乱。我对此具有充分的信心。**

**游行队伍中的绝大多数学生对共产党和政府的基本态度：又满意，又不满意。他们绝对不是要反对我们的根本制度，而是要求我们把工作中的弊病改掉。**

**现在学生最不满意的是贪污腐败现象。这本来是党和政府近几年来一直在解决的问题，但为什么有这么多的人有意见，而且意见这么大？两条原因：一是由于法制不健全，缺乏民主监督；二是由于公开化不够，透明度不够，有些传言无限扩大或无中生有。**

**腐败问题是一定要解决的，但这个问题必须也只能同完善法制、民主监督、扩大透明度等改革措施结合进行。**

赵紫阳会见出席亚洲开发银行会议部分代表时，介绍并分析了我国当前国内形势。
新华社记者 王敬儒摄

**新华社北京5月4日电** 中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天说："现在北京和其他某些城市一部分学生的游行仍在继续。但是，我深信，事态将会逐渐平息，中国不会出现大的动乱。我对此具有充分的信心。"

赵紫阳强调指出，现在最需要的是冷静、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题。

赵紫阳是在会见出席亚洲开发银行理事会第22届年会的亚行成员代表团团长及亚行高级官员时说这些话的。

赵紫阳向客人们分析了当前中国国内形势。他说，各位到中国来，大概都知道中国最近有一部分学生上街游行。这是不是意味着中国政局不稳定呢？我想强调指出，学生游行的基本口号是"拥护共产党"，"拥护社会主义"，"拥护宪法"，"拥护改革"，"推进民主"，"反对腐败"。我认为，这就反映了游行队伍中的绝大多数学生对共产党和政府的基本态度：又满意，又不满意。他们绝对不是要反对我们的根本制度，而是要求我们把工作中的弊病改掉；他们对十年来改革和建设的成绩，对我们国家的进步和发展，是很满意的，但对我们工作中的失误是很不满意的。他们要求纠正失误，改进工作；而肯定成绩，纠正失误，继续前进，也正是我们党和政府的主张。有没有人企图利用并且正在利用学生的行动呢？中国这么大，当然难免，总有人希望看到我们出现动乱。总有人会利用，不利用是不可想象的。这样的人极少，但值得警惕，我想绝大多数学生是会懂得这一点的。现在北京和其他某些城市的游行仍在继续。但是，我深信，事态将会逐渐平息，中国不会出现大的动乱。我对此具有充分的信心。

赵紫阳在谈到如何解决学生的合理要求时说：我想，应该在民主和法制的轨道上解决，应该通过改革来解决，应该用符合理性和秩序的办法来解决。分析一下具体情况就清楚了：现在学生最不满意的是贪污腐败现象。这本来是党和政府近几年来一直在解决的问题，但为什么有这么多的人有意见，而且意见这么大？两条原因。一是由于法制不健全，缺乏民主监督，以致某些确实存在的腐败现象，不能及时地得到举报和处理；二是由于公开化不够，透明度不够，有些传言，或是张冠李戴，或是无限扩大，或是无中生有。其实，我们绝大多数党和国家机关的工作人员，不仅是低工资，而且除了工资以外并没有什么其他收入，更没有什么法定的特殊权利。违法乱纪，搞特权、特殊化的人，有，但并不像人们传闻的那么多，那么严重。当然，腐败问题是一定要解决的，但这个问题必须也只能同完善法制、民主监督、扩大透明度等改革措施结合进行。去年以来，我们在几个城乡地区公开政府的办事制度，公开办事结果，鼓励群众监督，并建立群众举报中心，作了一些试验。这样，就把惩治腐败同民主、法制初步结合起来了。现在正在继续总结经验，准备在较大的范围和较高的层次上一步一步推开。

在谈到如何处理学生游行这一事件时，赵紫阳说：我认为，也同样应该在民主和法制的轨道上来解决，在理性和秩序的气氛中解决。现在需要广泛地进行协商对话，同学生对话，同工人对话，同知识分子对话，同各民主党派和各界人士对话。在民主和法制的轨道上，在理智和秩序的气氛中，交换意见，增进理解，共同探讨解决大家共同关心的问题。

赵紫阳指出，现在最需要的是冷静、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题。他说：党和政府准备这样做，我相信，学生会赞成这样做，各界人士也都会赞成这样做。大家都这样做，我们就一定能够达到维护稳定的目的。我相信，这将是新的、更高水平上的团结。在稳定和团结的基础上，中国的政治体制改革和经济体制改革，中国的社会主义现代化建设，就一定会进行得更加顺利。我对中国的政局的稳定和改革的前途持乐观态度，中国的投资环境将继续改善。我希望我介绍的这些情况能够有助于你们对中国的了解。

## 首都青年纪念五四七十周年

### 二十万人分别举行游园联欢等活动
### 数万高校学生上街游行集会

**本报北京5月4日讯** 今天是五四运动70周年，北京80万青年以丰富多彩的内容来欢度自己的节日。万名新团员在人民英雄纪念碑前举行入团宣誓仪式，数万名青年分别去劳动人民文化宫、圆明园、官园等地参加各种游园活动。

北京大学门口花团锦簇，彩旗招展。今天是五四运动纪念日，也是北京大学例行的校友返校日。立于西门前的西南联大纪念碑，今天举行了揭幕仪式。在熙熙攘攘的人流中，一位老校友踩情地说：每年五四，我都要来校园走走，找学生谈谈心，如何珍惜今天的好时光。

与此同时，北京大学、清华大学、北京师范大学、人民大学等首都40多所高校数万学生上街游行。游行的学生是早上离开各自的校园，分三路陆续抵达天安门广场的。从游行队伍中的横幅看，有来自上海、南京、武汉、天津、大连、吉林等地高校的学生，还有来自香港的学生。沿途有数十万群众围观，不少人主动递冷饮和食品。维持秩序的公安干警，尽职尽责，没有与游行者发生冲突。

游行的学生打着"弘扬五四革命精神"、"拥护共产党，振兴我中华"、"誓死捍卫宪法尊严"、"深化改革"、"腐败不除，国无宁日"、"人民政府人民监督"、"新闻要讲真话"、"平等对话"等横幅，喊着"爱国、民主、科学"等口号，汇集到天安门广场。

下午3点多，游行学生在这里集会，宣读了"五四宣言"，要求在校园内实行民主改革尝试，使校园生活民主化、制度化，促进政治体制改革，促进新闻立法。

随后，游行的组织者宣布：从5月5日起，北京市所有高校全部复课。

下午4点左右，游行队伍开始离开天安门广场。回校途经人民日报社的部分学生，在报社门口呼喊口号。

今天上街游行的还有几百名首都年轻的新闻工作者。他们举着"新闻要客观公正"、"我们要说真话"等横幅从天安门广场走过。

## 游行学生宣布今日全部复课

记者今晚看到的清华园是平静的。参加游行的学生已经返校，4个教学楼灯火通明，不少学生正在温习功课。汽车系87级一位同学说："赵紫阳的讲话，我们能接受。学生们的爱国热情需要理解。4月27日那天我们走了17个半小时，我有生以来还是第一次走这么远的路。我们为了什么？今天游行我没有去，我觉得游行不是解决问题的根本办法。"刚从电教室看完纪念"五四"录像的一些同学对记者说，"要课不要学"实际上对学业还是有影响的。现在大家都要冷静，可以边上课边对话。总之，是复课的时候了。

在北京师范大学，刚刚从学生宿舍出来的王梓坤校长对记者说："紫阳的讲话比较全面，既肯定了10年来改革和建设的成绩，也指出了存在的严重问题，比如贪污腐败现象。学生的行动反映了相当一部分群众对腐败现象的不满。刚才我去学生宿舍看望同学们，我对他们提出两点希望：第一，希望大家明天好好看看紫阳的讲话，好好想想；第二，希望同学们早日复课。"

记者了解到，也有一些高校师生对赵紫阳讲话的某些内容，持保留态度。

## 首都高校师生欢迎赵紫阳讲话

### 希望党和政府切实加强民主和法制建设增加透明度

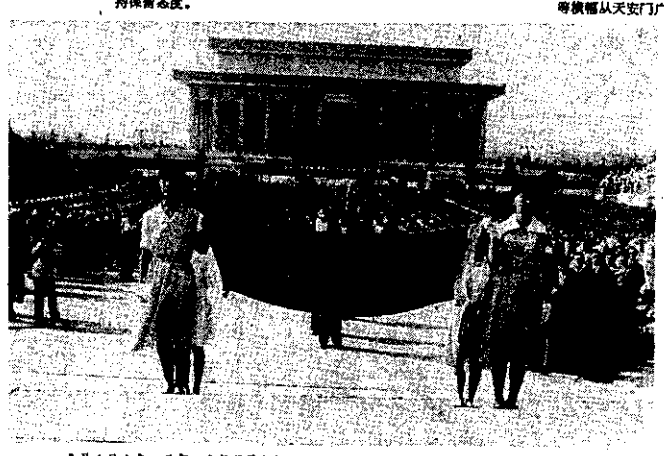
**本报北京5月4日讯** 今晚7时，中央电视台播出赵紫阳会见出席亚行年会客人时的讲话，在首都高校引起广泛反响。本报记者前往北大、清华等几所学校，同一些师生交谈，听到他们不少由衷的意见。

当晚10时许，中国政法大学校园里，正在广播赵紫阳讲话，同学们边听边议论，讲话播完，响起一片掌声。经济法学系86级的一位学生说："赵紫阳讲话比较客观，比较实际，我同意他说的八个字：冷静、理智、克制、秩序。这的确是目前我们必需的。在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题是最明智的办法。"另一位同学补充说："我们真诚地希望党和政府能切实加强民主和法制建设，依法办事，增加透明度。"

北京大学在广播赵紫阳讲话时，上千人围在一处听。一位教经济的青年教师对记者说："这是一个温和的讲话，表明党和政府的诚意，会对解决目前的问题起积极作用。"一位在游行中比较活跃的同学说："我们欢迎这种处理问题的态度，但关键还要看下一步如何对话，能解决什么实际问题。"

在中国人民大学学生宿舍学2楼里，几位研究生与记者攀谈起来，他们刚参加游行归来，已得知紫阳讲话内容，认为讲得不错。一位同学说："领导人和学生都需要理智，紫阳这个讲话就很理智。"计统系一位研究生提出："让我们用正常渠道反映问题，但首先要保证正常渠道真正畅通，否则我们如何反映？"

5月4日，北京高校学生上街游行。 新华社记者 张燕辉摄



5月4日上午，首都万名新团员宣誓大会在天安门广场举行。 新华社记者 张瑞琪摄

本报五版今日刊登文章

## 试论民主涵义

**本报讯** 我们今天纪念五四运动七十周年，继承和发扬五四精神，除了继承和发扬它的爱国主义精神以外，主要就是要继承和发扬它提倡的"民主"和"科学"精神，使这种精神在我国实现现代化的过程中进一步扎根、开花、结果。而要真正继承和发扬五四的民主精神，就要正确理解民主的涵义。今日本报第五版刊登郑杭生同志的一篇文章，就民主的涵义这一重要问题谈了一些看法。

大公報

## 深信學潮會逐漸平息不出會出現大動亂

# 趙紫陽談學生要理合求理

# 決解性理制法主民依決

### 將在更高水平上團結以達到維護穩定的目的

【新華社北京四日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天說：「現在北京和其他某些城市一部分學生的遊行仍在繼續，但是，我深信，事態將會逐漸平息，中國不會出現大的動亂，我對此具有充分的信心。」

趙紫陽強調指出，現在最需要的是冷靜、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決問題。

趙紫陽是在會見出席亞洲開發銀行理事會第二十二屆年會的亞行成員代表團團長及亞行高級官員時談話的。趙紫陽向客人們分析了當前中國國內形勢。他說，各位到中國來，大概都知道中國最近有一部分學生上街遊行。這是不是意味著中國政局不穩定呢？我想強調指出，學生進行的基本口號是「擁護共產黨」、「擁護社會主義」、「擁護改革」、「反對腐敗」、「擁護憲法」、「擁護人大和政協」。他們要求糾正失誤，繼續前進，也正是我們黨和政府的主張。有沒有人企圖利用這些口號，把矛頭指向共產黨的領導和社會主義制度，我們的態度是明確的。

趙紫陽說，這場動亂，特殊化的人，有，但並不佔人們傳聞的那麼多，那是事實。當然，腐敗問題是一定要解決的，但這個問題必須也只能同完善法制、民主監督、擴大透明度等改革措施結合進行。去年以來，我們在幾個城鄉地區公開政府的辦事制度，公開辦事結果，鼓勵群眾監督，就是立意要從事情中心，作了一些試驗，這樣，就把領導層腐敗同民主、法制初步結合起來了。現在正在逐項總結經驗，準備在較大的範圍和較高的層次上一步一步推開。

在談到如何處理學生遊行這一事件時，趙紫陽說，我認為，也同樣應該在民主和法制的軌道上來解決，在理性和秩序的氣氛中解決。現在沒有要與這些遊行協調對話，同學們對話，同切身關心的氣氛中，交換意見，增進理解，共同探討解決大家共同關心的問題。

趙紫陽指出，現在最需要的是冷靜、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決問題。他說，我相信，絕大多數學生也都會贊成這樣做，我相信，絕大多數民眾和政府舉措這樣做，我相信，絕大多數民眾和政府舉措這樣做，我們就一定能夠制止動亂，維護穩定的局面，這將是新的更高水平上的團結。在理解和尊重的基礎上，中國的政治體制改革和經濟體制改革，中國的社會主義現代化建設，就一定會進行得更加順利。我對中國的政局的穩定和改革的前景充滿信心。我對中國的投資環境將繼續約腐敗現象，不能及時地得到舉報和處理，二是由於公開不夠，有些傳言，或是張冠李戴，或是無限擴大，或是無中生有，其實，我們絕大多數黨和國家機關的工作人員，不僅是忠誠工黃，而且除了工資以外，並沒有什麼其他收入，更沒有什麼法定的特殊權利。

趙紫陽說，違法亂紀，搞特權，特殊化的人，有，但並不像人們傳聞的那麼多，那麼嚴重。當然，腐敗問題是一定要解決的，但這個問題必須也只能同完善法制、民主監督、擴大透明度等改革措施結合進行。去年以來，我們在幾個城鄉地區公開政府的辦事制度，公開辦事結果，鼓勵群眾監督，就是立意要從事情中心，作了一些試驗，這樣，就把領導層腐敗同民主、法制初步結合起來了。現在正在逐項總結經驗，準備在較大的範圍和較高的層次上一步一步推開。

## 現在需要廣泛協商對話

## 強調冷靜理智克制秩序

趙紫陽指出，現在最需要的是冷靜、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決大家共同關心的問題。

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趙紫陽是在談到如何解決學生的合理要求時說，我想，廣大群眾是通過改革來解決一些問題的。現在學生最不滿意的是貪污腐敗現象。這本來是黨和政府近幾年來一直在解決的問題，但是，為什麼有這麼多的人有意見，而且意見這麼大？兩條原因，一是由於法制不健全，缺乏民主監督，以致某些腐敗現象存在和滋長；二是由於公開化不夠，透明度不高，有些傳言，或是張冠李戴，或是無中生有，其實，我們絕大多數黨和國家機關的工作人員，不僅是忠誠工黃，而且除了工資以外，並沒有什麼其他收入，更沒有什麼法定的特殊權利。

趙紫陽說，違法亂紀，搞特權，特殊化的人，有，但並不像人們傳聞的那麼多，那麼嚴重。當然，腐敗問題是一定要解決的，但這個問題必須也只能同完善法制、民主監督、擴大透明度等改革措施結合進行。去年以來，我們在幾個城鄉地區公開政府的辦事制度，公開辦事結果，鼓勵群眾監督，就是立意要從事情中心，作了一些試驗，這樣，就把領導層腐敗同民主、法制初步結合起來了。現在正在逐項總結經驗，準備在較大的範圍和較高的層次上一步一步推開。

在談到如何處理學生遊行這一事件時，趙紫陽說，我認為，也同樣應該在民主和法制的軌道上來解決，在理性和秩序的氣氛中解決。現在沒有要與這些遊行協調對話，同學們對話，同切身關心的分子對話，在民主和法制的軌道上，在理智和秩序的氣氛中，交換意見，增進理解，共同探討解決大家共同關心的問題。

趙紫陽指出，現在最需要的是冷靜、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決問題。他說，我相信，絕大多數學生也都會贊成這樣做，我相信，絕大多數民眾和政府舉措這樣做，我們就一定能夠制止動亂，維護穩定的局面，這將是新的更高水平上的團結。在理解和尊重的基礎上，中國的政治體制改革和經濟體制改革，中國的社會主義現代化建設，就一定會進行得更加順利。我對中國的政局的穩定和改革的前景充滿信心。我對中國的投資環境將繼續保持良好的態勢，中國的投資者對此具有充分的信心。

## 現在需要廣泛協商對話

## 強調冷靜理智克制秩序

趙紫陽

# 「事態將平息中國不會大亂」
# 趙紫陽學生遊行事件析
# 中央處理學潮方針闡述

**改，採出拍起大多數人的局當是也，作工逛主民在應，潮學理合生學對；張主的處和求要需要是不生學數多反要是不生斜求對本根制產，他們要反正失足**

**制法軌道上解決問題。**

**序秩、智理、靜冷的對處，決解上道軌制法**

**最在現，克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上**

**解決問題。**

趙紫陽是在會見出席亞洲開發銀行理事會第二十二屆年會的部分理事時談這些話的。

他說，各位到中國來，大概都知道中國最近這一部分學生上街示威遊行。這是不是意味着中國政局不穩定呢？我想強調指出，學生遊行的基本口號是「擁護共產黨」、「擁護社會主義」、「擁護憲法」、「擁護改革」、「反對腐敗」。我認為，這就反映了進行這些中的絕大多數學生對共產黨和政府的基本態度，又滿意，又不滿意。他們絕對不是要反對我們的根本制度，而是要求我們把工作中的缺點改掉。他們對十年來改革和建設的成績，對我們國家的進步和發展，是很滿意的。但對我們工作中的失誤是很不滿意的。他們要求糾正失誤，改進工作，而肯定成績，鼓勵前進。也正是我們黨和政府的主張。有沒有人企圖利用並且正在利用學生的行動呢？中國廣大，當然難免，總有人希望看到我們出現動亂，總有人會利用，不利用是不可想像的。這樣的人極少，但值得警惕。我想絕大多數學生是會懂得這一點的。現在北京和其他某些城市的遊行仍在繼續。但是，我深信，絕對將會逐漸平息，中國不會出現大的動亂。我對此具有充分的信心。

趙紫陽在談到如何解決學生的合理要求時說：我想，應該在民主和法制的軌道上解決，應該通過改革來解決，應該用符合憲法和秩序的辦法來解決。分析一下具體情況就清楚了。現在學生某些不滿意的是貪污腐敗現象的問題，但為什麼有這麼多的人有意見，而且有人會利用，不利用是不可想像的。這樣的人極少，但值得警惕。我想絕大多數學生

# 快報

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第九五〇一號

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# 趙紫陽坦認腐敗動民念
# 學潮非反共理智可平亂

## 為民請願大遊行 北京高校今復課

### 高校自治聯會續與政府交涉對話

（快報北京消息）中共總書記趙紫陽昨日首次正式談及近日的北京各大學學生上街遊行事件，他認為絕大部分學生對共產黨和政府的基本態度是滿意，又不滿意。他們絕對不希望天下大亂，更不願見到中共的根本制度及現行的政策被推翻，他們要求的是要求政府進行改革，要求政府更加民主、更加廉潔、更加有效率地為人民服務。

趙紫陽指出，現在最需要的是冷靜、理智、克制、秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決問題。他相信，學生進行事件將會逐漸平息，中國不會出現大動亂。

趙紫陽是在昨日會見出席亞洲開發銀行年會的代表時，談到學潮問題。

他說，中國絕大多數學生是愛國的，因為學生遊行的基本口號是「擁護社會主義」、「擁護憲法」、「擁護共產黨的領導」、「推進民主」、「反對腐敗」。

這反映了遊行隊伍中的絕大多數學生對共產黨和政府的基本態度。他們絕對不希望天下大亂，更不願見到中共的根本制度及現行的政策被推翻，乃是出於理智的基本決定，而非一時衝動下的策略。

趙紫陽對昨日晉接見外賓的機會，肯定了學生運動反對貪污腐敗、要求民主政治、維護言論自由的正義性質，並且表示，廣大學生和黨和領導層是能夠溝通的，要求發展和改革開放的立場是一致的。但他強調穩定的重要性，認為只有在穩定的環境下，才能夠逐步地、有秩序地推進改革開放。

他說，動亂不僅會使人民生活受到嚴重影響，而且會使民主運動遭到挫折。

趙紫陽說，中國人口眾多，地區發展不平衡，人民素質參差不齊，不可能由統治者為他們一手包辦一切，而是要靠人民自己的努力，通過自己的組織，在憲法和法律的範圍內，充分地表達自己的意願，爭取自己的合法權益。

他說，中國的改革開放，是為了建設有中國特色的社會主義，而不是要走資本主義的道路

# 地大華中遍捲潮浪行遊

## 滬寧穗漢響徹民主呼聲

我們主的口號，構住天安門廣場。（路透社傳真）

●數以萬計學生昨在北京遊行。在學聯會開動下，他們高喊爭

【本報訊】綜合通訊社報導：北京學生上街遊行的浪潮昨日擴展至北京大學生以外地區，擴及全北京城市。

各地的遊行情況分別如下：

上海：復旦大學的學生昨無視步出校門，即被公安人員全副身份及遊行的目的地，大舉校長亦使用擴音器，勸導學生不要參加遊行。

學生遊行最先由起步的復旦大學集結後經過近一萬人，高舉國旗及寫着自由的旗幟，浩浩蕩蕩向中山北路進發。到中午，遊行隊伍通過了橫跨蘇州河的大橋，到達外灘，市政府大樓時，隊伍已膨脹至十萬人。大批武警在附近警察除了在遊行隊伍兩旁維持秩序外，亦將市政府外的道路，完全封閉。

學生在市政府大樓外靜坐，宣讀四項宣言，同時高呼口號及唱歌，並留半小時後，學生體驗遊行。

遊行隊伍經過上海市人民廣場的武裝警察時，曾被學生團團圍住，高呼口號，並與警察握手，表示親善。

其後一名有份代表出來接見學生，表示願意考慮學生的要求。

長沙：有最少六千名學生及二千名工人手持橫額上街遊行，要求政治民主改革及新聞自由。

人統治」，帶備有電的遊行隊伍，但有相當多的學生加入學生的遊行行列。

西安：四千名學生在市中心遊行，高喊民主萬歲口號。

桂林：約五千名大中學生市內遊行，了「要民主」、「要求立法」、「打倒貪官污吏」等標語。

武漢：一萬數百名學生在市內遊行，以十萬計。

南京：數千名大中學生市內遊行，要求民主。

廣州：約二千名學生在中山大學集結後，經過市內主要街道，大約二千名分別來自廣州市各大專院校的學生，參加遊行。

兩間學院的學生，操北京腔高呼「反官倒」口號。其後一名有份代表出來接見學生，表示願意考慮學生的要求。

【本報訊】北京學生宣布結束絕食，今日起復課，今日開始到大陸近期所發生的一連串學潮可能會暫告一段落，但對今後中國政局有影響。

他說，雖然中國政府把學生的遊行列為非法，但學生卻把遊行變為合法，更是四十年來第一次出現。

他又說：雖然中國政府把學生的遊行列為非法，但學生卻把遊行變為合法，更是四十年來第一次出現。

他說，

# 中共改派趙紫陽全面處理學運事

## 不是政治動亂 改變嚴峻措施

【本報記者北京專電】中共高層最近四十年來最大規模學運的工作，已由中共中央總書記趙紫陽主持，四日晚和「對話」四字委員開始檢查所有的原則。

據北京消息人士透露，自上星期六胡耀邦的追悼會後，北京後，趙紫陽已開始主持處理學運的高層會議，鄧是出國訪問中共對學運的態度和看法的。

據指出，趙紫陽對學運的看法，與部分黨人本來就不一樣，他並不認為此次學運是一次嚴重的政治動亂，故在他全面主持學運事務後，確定了一系列緩和緊張氣氛的措施，包括解除大學講師對學運領袖的封鎖，由中共中央統戰部，國務院港澳辦負責人，邀請香港各界人士座談，宣布，高校學生將於今日復課，但會繼續爭取與政府對話，並保留採取進一步行動的權利。

昨日遊行與上次不同的是，全國各地出多間高校有很多學生罷課聲援「五四」的遊行，其中包括香港中文大學的千多名學生。

## 五四大遊行和平結束 北京學生今天復課了

【本報記者北京專電】北京學運「四二七大遊行」之後，北京高校學生自昨晚全面罷課，而學生領袖亦開始考慮復課問題。

今天遊行的學生約七、八萬人（來自北京五十二間高校），比「四二七」大遊行減少，原因是部分學生經過數週奔走，加上天氣炎熱，一些學生則抱着「見好就收」，採用遊行這種表示要求政府改革的方式已表達得差不多，並不需要。

【本報記者北京專電】科技日報副總編輯蔣樹生昨晚在北京高校學生自發舉辦的座談會上，代表中國科學技術協會宣讀了一封給學生的公開信，表示支持學生的愛國民主運動，並認為學生的要求正是廣大市民的要求。

他表示，新聞工作者有責任客觀地報導學生的愛國民主運動，並說，記者可以辭退職務，但決不能違背新聞工作者的職業道德。

對於全國新聞界的反應，他說：「我們要反對官僚主義的新聞檢查制度，要求新聞自由，新聞界也要有言論自由，反對壓制輿論的行為。」

他們又提出新聞自由六項要求，包括：要求新聞法及出版法早日頒佈，報紙實行自由出版，不受任何干涉，不受檢查，不受限制發行，不受任何攤派，不受任何干涉，不受任何干涉，不受任何干涉。

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# 全球僑學界聲援大陸學運

## 北平學生國父像前爭民主

## 十五萬人遊行聲勢浩大今天復課

他特別引用了國父在廣州市高師附屬學校開學典禮的講演，「革命尚未成功，同志仍須努力」的話，勉勵學生「繼續努力，以一行動，最後努力，使學生領袖吾師開誠佈公，向政府當局提出合理的要求，在廣州「中山大學師範大學的數千學生，今天晚上舉行遊行，要求政府當局保障學生運動的正當權利。

據香港時報十五日電訊，市高師成員發表聲明，支持學生運動，並號召十萬市民參加遊行。

「學生運動」市高師成員發表聲明，支持學生運動，並號召十萬市民參加遊行。

「學生運動」市高師成員發表聲明，支持學生運動，並號召十萬市民參加遊行。

廣州三千學生傍晚上街

大陸各地大學生紛舉行示威呼應

要求「新聞要眞實」

北平記者參加遊行

【本報綜合報導】學生發表新「五四宣言」，要求政府改革政經，保障人權，北平十五萬大學生今天舉行遊行，聲勢浩大，各地學生紛起響應，香港學生舉行集會，支持大陸學運。

【本報特派記者蔡詠梅北平四日電】北平市十五萬大學生今日四日在天安門廣場舉行遊行，要求政府改革政經，保障人權，並發表新「五四宣言」，呼籲，學生民主和科學，人權、法制。

北平三百多所新聞工作者參加了他們的示威遊行和集會，並於昨夜在中國大學集會，發表聲明，支持學生運動。

學生在下午三時半，北平十五萬大學生齊集在天安門廣場，人民英雄紀念碑下，舉行盛大的遊行。

五萬大學生齊集在天安門廣場，人民英雄紀念碑下

【本報綜合報導】學生發表新「五四宣言」，要求政府改革政經，保障人權，並發表新「五四宣言」，呼籲，學生民主和科學，人權、法制。

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學生發表新「五四宣言」呼籲中共改革政經保障人權

【本報綜合報導】學生發表新「五四宣言」，要求政府改革政經，保障人權，並發表新「五四宣言」，呼籲，學生民主和科學，人權、法制。

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## 今日新聞提要

一、北平十五萬學生遊行，大陸多個城市學生示威，刊第一版。

二、港澳學生支持大陸學運，刊第一版。

三、外圍大陸留學生示威，刊第二版。

四、天安門遊行圖輯，刊第六版。

五、香港學生集會實錄，刊第十四版。

六、郭婉容出席亞銀年會開幕禮，刊第一版與第三版。

## 在日僑重機飛平 王頌章遭拒絕

【東京四日中央社電】「中國之夢」前主席王炳章及「前主席」韓國鈞今天未能如願搭日航轉機往北平。

王炳章的中共簽照已過期，又無效力，他曾經多次申請，日前所持的是國際僑民證照，由於他搭乘日航班機以公司名義訂位，王無赴大陸參觀旅行社，但領他受理。

## 聞「地主國國歌」站立乃國際會議慣例

## 代表團按亞銀程序與會

## 郭婉容強調無政治意義

【本報特派記者蔡詠梅北平四日電】中華民國財政部長郭婉容強調，出席亞銀年會開幕禮，穿旗袍之西裝，而僑受兩日，郭部長胸前佩帶國父孫中山先生像章，並於開幕典禮中，站立聆聽中華民國國歌，此純屬國際會議安排之慣例，內閣並沒有任何政治意義。

至於沒有站立向中共「國家主席」「致敬」，因亞銀當局在會議程序上沒有此類指示。同時，未有出席倘比之意圖，以及和趙紫陽會晤等安排，此亦是亞銀外之準則，代表團可作彈性處理。

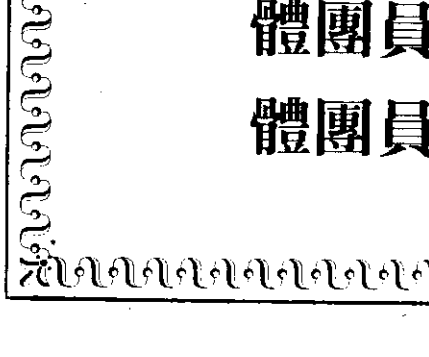
郭婉容部長亦指出：配戴亞銀襟章上寫有「中國台北」名稱之名牌，我國政府絕不接受此項安排，絕不參與亞銀國際組織。（詳情參見文內第二段）

民國加在台北主辦亞銀年會時，大陸代表團出席開幕典禮，是否向國旗敬禮，此點由負責國歌及國向國旗，此點由負責安排主辦單位商定決定。

另一方面，亞銀方面亞銀周年會議期間，是否在開幕時就名稱問題，可能會作出任何決議或交涉行動的表示。

今日早上十時在北平人民大會堂舉行，雖然有多名代表團人士表示，不准趙紫陽出席開幕典禮，但能夠有人入場參觀訪問，更引起其他不滿。

郭部長與兩位副理事也在座位上並沒有離開，抵與中華民國代表團一行十二人，由國長劉鳴咸率領參加典禮。



動運主民陸大應響爲
爲成陸大持支力全們我
會社的富均、由自、主民

體團員會體全暨會總業工國全國民華中
體團員會體全暨會總業商國全國民華中

# South China Morning Post ★★

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## Record sale for the *Post*

THE circulation of the *South China Morning Post* has reached new heights.

Latest figures from the Audit Bureau of Circulations (ABC) in London show that the average daily sale of the *Post* between July 1 and December 31 last year was

**101,058.**

This is the first time in the *Post's* 85-year history that the 100,000 mark has been surpassed.

The six-month average reveals a rise of 10,950 over the same period the previous year.

This represents an increase in sales of more than 12 per cent.

The new daily sales figure is more than four times that of the last officially audited figure for the same six-month period of the territory's other English-language newspaper.

Its ABC figure was 23,307 for the July-December period in 1987 and 24,477 for the January-June audit last year.

A spokesman for the ABC, which is recognised worldwide as the leading independent body certifying newspaper circulations, said that the *South China Morning Post* was the only local English-language newspaper to submit figures for the July-December audit period last year.

### MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 14, 24, 29, 32, 39, 41.

The extra number was 1.

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### WEATHER

Mainly cloudy. Some showers at first.
Max temp 26 degrees.
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# Oliver North guilty on three of 12 charges

Oliver North

From Correspondents in Washington

A FEDERAL jury early this morning (Hongkong time) found former Reagan White House aide Oliver North guilty of three of the 12 charges against him for his role in the Iran-Contra scandal.

He faces a possible sentence of 10 years and US$750,000 in fines on the three charges.

When found not guilty on the charge of obstructing Congress in November 1986 by creating false chronologies and shredding or altering documents, he was convicted on the prosecution's alternative charge of aiding and abetting the obstruction of Congress.

He was also convicted of altering, destroying, concealing and removing documents in November 1986 and receiving an illegal gratuity in the form of a US$13,800 home security fence.

North, however, was acquitted on the main charges in the 12-count list.

Had he been found guilty on all charges he could have been jailed for 60 years and fined US$3 million.

He now has until June 23 to appeal.

A spokesman for his defence said he would be seeking to have the verdict quashed.

The jury of nine women and three men returned its decision after deliberating for 64 hours over 12 days.

Flanked by his defence lawyer Brendan Sullivan, North, 45, stood quietly while the convictions were read by US District Judge Gerhard Gesell, 78, a veteran of the Watergate and Pentagon Papers trials.

North's wife, Betsy, sat in the front roof of the courtroom.

North smiled as he left the courthouse with his wife and waved to a group of cheering supporters. He said nothing.

Chief trial prosecutor John Keker, who presented the case on behalf of independent prosecutor Lawrence Walsh, had no immediate reaction to the verdict.

Jury foreman Denise Anderson, 34, a hospital secretary, presented Judge Gesell with the verdict, produced from the jurors' review of trial testimony from 50 witnesses and the presentation of 363 exhibits of about 1,300 pages.

North, a Marine lieutenant colonel detailed to the National Security Council, helped direct the Reagan administration's secret two-year effort to help the rebels fighting Nicaragua's leftist government after Congress banned official US aid.

He was involved, too, in arrangements under which the United States secretly sold arms to Iran, and he also helped divert some profits from those sales to help the Contras.

Public disclosure of the affair in November 1986 began the worst crisis of President Ronald Reagan's eight-year presidency, a public furor that did not subside until after televised congressional hearings.

### THE CHARGES

- **Obstruction of Congress in September and October 1985 in written responses to inquiries about North's activities.**
- **False statements to the House of Representatives Intelligence Committee in a letter on September 5, 1985.**
- **False statements to the House Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on Latin America in a letter on September 12, 1985.**
- **False statements to the House Intelligence Committee in a letter on October 7, 1985.**
- **Obstruction of Congress in August 1986 in a briefing to the House Intelligence Committee.**
- **Obstruction of Congress in November 1986 by creating false chronologies and shredding or altering documents.**
- **Obstruction of presidential inquiry in November 1986 by lying to then-Attorney General Edwin Meese and shredding, altering or removing documents.**
- **False statements on November 23, 1986, in a face-to-face meeting with Meese.**
- **Altering, destroying, concealing and removing documents in November 1986.**
- **Receiving an illegal gratuity in the form of a home security system.**
- **Conversion of travellers cheques earmarked for Contra funds for personal use.**
- **Conspiracy to defraud the United States and the (tax-collecting) Internal Revenue Service by illegal use of a tax-exempt organisation to solicit and raise funds for Contra weapons.**

# Students end boycott

## All reasonable demands will be met, says Zhao

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

CHINA'S student leaders yesterday proclaimed a new democracy movement as nearly 200,000 protesters and citizens packed Beijing's main square to press the Government for greater freedom.

The students unexpectedly announced they would end a boycott of classes today.

"This is the new May Fourth Movement," shouted a student leader to the throngs of protesters rallying on the 70th anniversary of the 1919 May Fourth Movement, a historic intellectual crusade that helped give rise to Chinese communism.

It was not immediately clear whether the end of the class boycott would also mean the three-week-old pro-democracy protests would subside after what has become the strongest challenge to the communist Government since the nation's founding in 1949.

Yesterday's demonstration prompted a conciliatory overture from Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, whose appeal for calm on Wednesday was ignored.

He urged "extensive consultations and dialogues" with students, workers and all members of society on China's problems.

"Reasonable demands from the students should be met through democratic and legal means," Mr Zhao said. "But what we need most at present are calm, reason, restraint and order".

Mr Zhao made the comments during a meeting with officials from the Asian Development Bank, which opened its annual meeting at the Great Hall of the People yesterday as the huge crowd swirled outside the building in central Tiananmen Square.

He said students were both satisfied and dissatisfied with the party and that he agreed with their desire to correct the party's mistakes.

Diplomats noted that Mr Zhao's conciliatory tone contrasted with a harsh denunciation of the students issued by the party last week.

At least 50,000 students from Beijing campuses, bolstered by groups who arrived from as far away as Shanghai, Shenzhen and Hongkong, paraded defiantly through the centre of the capital.

About 20 students from the Chinese University in Hongkong carried their own banner.

Yesterday's march drew fewer students from the large universities in Beijing that provided the core of a massive rally one week ago.

"Last time everyone was scared, and we felt we had to stick together. This time, we knew we would be allowed to demonstrate so there was less excitement," said a politics student from People's University.

He estimated that only 20 per cent of People's University students demonstrated, while more than half came a week ago.

For five hours, the 50,000 marched from the city's northwest in a pincer movement encircling central Tiananmen Square and rallied at the Monument to the People's Heroes at its centre.

Long lines of police corded off the square in the early morning, but in a replay of the biggest protest a week before, student marchers confronted uniformed officers 10 rows deep.

Minor scuffling broke out but the marchers simply swarmed past the police.

About 150,000 people, including workers and families, jumped over barricades and pushed past police throughout the square, packing the expansive plaza and gathering around the obelisk at the centre to applaud the marchers. Police retreated and largely disappeared.

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 3)

Associated Press

Student marchers surge against police lines (above), triumphantly breaking into Tiananmen Square (below).

## Malaysia court releases HK man

By JENIFER COOKE

AFTER hearing death sentences confirmed for eight of his countrymen, 25-year-old Tam Tak-wai of Hongkong yesterday walked out of the Malaysian Supreme Court a free man determined to spread the word of Christianity.

Tam had been sentenced to life imprisonment for his alleged role in a heroin smuggling ring, but his conviction was quashed through lack of evidence.

Six years in jail have changed the cocky young man who was arrested at Penang's Bayan Lepas airport on October 13, 1982.

According to his Malaysian defence lawyer, Karpal Singh, Tam was "more than relieved" at being freed from his life sentence.

While awaiting trial, Tam befriended Robert Davone, an Australian sentenced to life imprisonment at his initial trial and subsequent retrial for drug trafficking but who returned to Sydney last year after winning his third appeal.

Tam was heavily influenced by Davone and was converted to Christianity, Mr Singh told the *South China Morning Post* last night.

"He is looking forward to taking up church work and he is quite serious about it," Mr Singh said.

Before his prison stint, Tam had been a "cheeky young man very confident of his chances", Mr Singh said. "But now things are quite different. He is very sober".

Tam, accompanied by his sister and cousin who were in court yesterday, left Kuala Lumpur for Singapore last night.

Transport workers Au King-chor, 32, and Yuen Kwok-kwan, 27, nightclub

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

## Shuttle launch

CAPE CANAVERAL: The Atlantis astronauts waited out bad weather early today and rocketed toward orbit six days late on a mission to launch a robot probe to Venus.

In a flight marking the rebirth of American planetary exploration after an 11-year hiatus, the space shuttle thundered away from the Kennedy Space Centre at 2.47 am Hongkong time, six days after a fuel pump problem last Friday grounded the ship 31 seconds before liftoff.


SEEN ON THE SKI SLOPES
AT 12,000 FT.
AND AT SELECTED JEWELLERS
SLIGHTLY NEARER SEA LEVEL.

TAG HEUER

SCRATCH—PROOF SAPPHIRE CRYSTAL. UNI—DIRECTIONAL TURNING BEZEL. WATER-RESISTANT TO 200M. DISTINCTIVE BRACELET DESIGN. DOUBLE SAFETY-LOCK ON BRACELET. SCREW-IN CROWN.

THE HEUER S/EL.

DESCO For enquiries and further information please contact us on: Desco (HK) Ltd. at 3-691221


# Kanak leader assassinated

From Correspondents in Noumea

THE leader of the pro-independence Melanesian movement in the French South Pacific territory of New Caledonia, Jean-Marie Tjibaou, was assassinated yesterday.

Mr Tjibaou, 53, was president of the the Kanak Socialist National Liberation Front (FLNKS), which last year negotiated an accord with the French Government on the process to achieve independence.

He was shot dead by Djubelly Wea, a member of an extreme, hard-line separatist faction from the United Front for Kanak Liberation (FULK), which considered Mr Tjibaou too moderate.

FULK was one of eight component parts of the FLNKS coalition, but its leaders announced earlier yesterday that it was breaking away.

High Commissioner Bernard Grasset, the top administrator in the island territory, said Mr Tjibaou's senior assistant, Mr Yeiwene Yeiwene, 44, was also killed in the sub-machine gun attack.

Wea was killed and two accomplices were wounded when Mr Tjibaou's bodyguards returned the fire.

A military helicopter carrying the bodies of the two slain leaders covered in bloody sheets arrived in the capital early this morning.

Several young suspects in handcuffs were led off the helicopter, prompting angry cries from a crowd of 300 native Melanesians who had gathered for the arrival.

"Let their brains be ripped out of their heads," one of the onlookers shouted as others ran after a police car that drove the prisoners away.

President Francois Mitterrand sent his condolences to the widows of Mr Tjibaou and Mr Yeiwene, calling their deaths an "immense

Jean-Marie Tjibaou

loss for the Kanak people and for New Caledonia".

President of the French National Assembly, Mr Laurent Fabius, said in Paris the assassinations were "a terrible drama for New Caledonia and for all of France."

"Jean-Marie Tjibaou was a man of peace," Mr Fabius said. "He cherished his people, he loved his Caledonian soil. I hope that the surge of violence, (which had been) stopped by wisdom and patience, does not take the upper hand again."

In Paris, Prime Minister Michel Rocard held urgent consultations with Interior Minister Pierre Joxe and the Minister for Overseas Territories and Departments, Louis le Pensec.

The attack took place on the island of Ouvea, where Mr Tjibaou and Mr Yeiwene had gone to mark the first anniversary of the bloodbath which ended the taking of hostages by FLNKS militants.

The incident on Ouvea erupted on April 22 last year while the French presidential election was in full swing.

FLNKS supporters killed four gendarmes and held 22 hostage in an attack on a police station.

Commandos stormed the cave where the hostages were being held on May 5. The operation ended in the deaths of 19 Melanesians and two members of the se-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

# Prosecution slated by Osman's lawyers

LAWYERS for the former chairman of Bumiputra Malaysia Finance Ltd, Lorrain Osman, last night levelled a series of accusations against the Legal Department about the circumstances in which the warrant for his arrest was signed.

A press statement issued yesterday by Boase and Cohen, solicitors for Osman, said he was arrested as a result of a warrant obtained in circumstances of secrecy, which led to Osman spending over three years in London's Pentonville prison pending extradition to Hongkong.

The attack follows a landmark judgement from the Court of Appeal quashing the warrant for Osman's arrest on the grounds that it was signed by a magistrate at the Legal Department, so it may appear to a bystander that he was not impartial.

Osman's solicitors said they had to pressure the Legal Department into revealing the full circumstances, which led to the warrant being quashed.

They claimed that since 1986 they had argued in court that procedures in Hongkong were flawed, but the prosecution did not reveal the whole story at that time.

Osman, 56, is wanted in Hongkong to stand trial with the former chairman of the Carrian group, George Tan, on 42 charges of fraud and corruption in connection with loans worth $6 billion by BMFL to Carrian.

He was arrested more than three years ago and has been held in Pentonville Prison in London throughout his protracted legal battle.

It is thought that Osman's lawyers will make their next move in Malaysia in the next few weeks where they are expected to ask the courts to declare that the evidence obtained against Osman and used in the extradition hearing in London was improperly taken, because the warrant of arrest was null and void.

The Legal Department is likely to contest this on the basis that the laying of information which commenced the proceedings was ruled valid yesterday. They argue that the judgement does not affect the order for Osman's extradition which was based on a later warrant.

If Osman should win, he will then take the matter up in London, where legal sources say he has several options, one of which would be to apply for another writ of habeas corpus. He is now not expected back in Hongkong for at least two years.

Tan's trial on similar charges has been delayed several times so that a joint hearing can be held.

## Ten hurt as fire guts restaurant

By TOMMY LEWIS

TEN people including a fireman were injured in a fire which broke out in a Kowloon City restaurant early today.

The second and third floors of the Hon Lin Restaurant at 39 Nga Tsin Wai Road was alight for almost two hours.

Firemen were using seven jets and had mobilised six breathing apparatus teams.

A spokesman for the Fire Services said the blaze was brought under control at about 2 am.

At least 12 people trapped on the upper floors of the seven-storey building were rescued with extension ladders.

Reports said at least three of the injured were in serious conditions.

Police could not immediately establish his identity.

All the injured, including the fireman, Mr Cheung Man-ho, were taken to Queen Elizabeth Hospital but their conditions were not immediately known as they were still being treated by doctors at press time.

The fire broke in the restaurant shortly before midnight when employees closed its doors after the day's business.

When employees returned to their dormitories on the sixth floor they discovered smoke billowing up the building and called police.

The firemen found the second and third floors well alight.

Firemen immediately used their extension ladders to rescue people trapped on the upper floors.

PRISCILLA GOTTSCHE/LOWE FOTO/MARK GREEN

KRIZIA UOMO

A JOYCE BOUTIQUE

SHOP 242, THE LANDMARK, HONG KONG

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | FRIDAY, MAY 5, 1989 | $3.00

■ Sir Denys ... Hongkong link stays.

## Sir Denys new MCC president

**SIR Denys Roberts is to take over the prestigious office of president of the Marylebone Cricket Club (MCC) from Lord Edwin Bramall, the former Commander of the British Forces in Hongkong.**

**As is the tradition in the MCC, founded in 1787, the outgoing president nominated the territory's former chief justice as successor thereby preserving the Hongkong link.**

**And given his sense of wry humour, Sir Denys, 62, yesterday did not lose out on a chance to relate an anecdote and laugh at his new appointment.**

**When Sir Denys came on to bowl, his story goes, Lord Bramall was 80 not out and when he finished his first over, the Lord had sped to 110. "Probably he re-paid an old favour," said Sir Denys.**

**But when Sir Denys gets down to his job in October, the joking probably will stop. As president of the MCC he will also become the head of the International Cricket Conference.**

**There is much the ICC will have to grapple with during his term. Besides the continuing South African problem, the introduction of neutral umpires for Tests is also becoming a pressing issue.**

Will Sir Denys help HK's appeal? Back Page.

# Anger at UK response to flood of Viets

**By Antony Cheesewright** in London and **Pamela Ngai**

A WHITEHALL senior official yesterday described the predicted arrival of another 15,000 Vietnamese boat people in Hongkong by the end of July as "catastrophic".

But he insisted Britain would not provide further financial assistance to help Hongkong cope.

The statement drew immediate protests from Hongkong legislators, who have long demanded more help from Britain for the territory's increasing boat people problem.

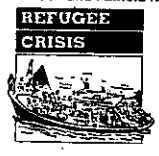
A senior Foreign Office official in London said last night: "We've just sent Hongkong £6 million (about HK$78 million) – a considerable sum of money by any standards.

"Although this is earmarked for a camp for refugees already in Hongkong, rather than new arrivals, it does relieve the burden on the Hongkong Government so it can pay for the extra people now flooding in.

"If the Legislative Council is saying 'More money, please,' I'm afraid I don't see any realistic prospect of that in the very near future."

A Hongkong legislator, Mr Pang Chun-hoi, protested that it was unreasonable that Hongkong should solely bear the costs of caring for the Vietnamese.

"Britain's reaction shows its failure to fulfill its moral obligations to Hongkong as a sovereign state, and disappoints Hongkong further."




Mr Pang said Britain had a responsibility for Hongkong's boat people problem because it had determined on behalf of Hongkong its status of being a port of first asylum.

The deputy convener of the Omelco Security Panel, Mrs Rita Fan, said the recent contribution of £6 million was made to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

This had helped relieve the organisation of its liability, but had not benefited Hongkong, she claimed.

She added that Omelco members would continue to press the British Government to share Hongkong's burden, regardless of its discouraging comments. Legislators were not surprised by the statement, however.

Mr Ronald Arculli said: "I would not have expected them to say anything else.

"I don't think we expected them to volunteer payment so easily." But he thought Britain should pay at least part of Hongkong's expenses.

Mr Paul Cheng Ming-fun also said Britain should not make Hongkong solely shoulder the burden. "Britain must strengthen its support to Hongkong, financially and in other aspects," Mr Cheng said.

Another legislator, Miss Leung Wai-ting, said she too was disappointed. "There is no reason that Hongkong should bear so much of the burden."

Meanwhile agency reports quoted unnamed diplomats as saying Hongkong's accusation that Vietnam was encouraging boat people to flee to gain leverage at forthcoming talks threatened the future of repatriation.

"I think there is now a possibility that Vietnam may react by freezing the repatriation programme," one diplomat with experience in Indochina was quoted as saying.

But the British Foreign Office official discounted the speculation. "In all our contacts with the Vietnamese Government ... we do not have any evidence that this is the case," he said.

"Perhaps a more realistic theory is that the people have heard about the conference."

He added: "We realised there was going to be something of an upsurge as talks got under way to curb migration, but frankly the figures are beyond anything we could have imagined.

"If the forecasts of 15,000 by the end of July are right, it will be shocking ... catastrophic."

■ Start door now Page 2

# One free, but eight must die

ASSOCIATED PRESS

■ Joy ... Tam Tak-wai smiles broadly after his release.

**By Mark Brickwell and AP**

**EIGHT Hongkong people convicted of drug trafficking stood ashen-faced in the dock of the Supreme Court of Malaysia yesterday as they learned they had lost their appeals against death sentences handed down in 1985.**

**Only the notoriously tough Penang State Pardons Board now stands between the group and the hangman's noose.**

**The seven men and one woman were appealing against death sentences imposed when they were found guilty of a 1982 attempt to smuggle 12.78 kilogrammes of high-grade heroin into Belgium.**

**"When they heard their appeals had been turned down ... their faces turned the colour of ash," said prominent Malaysian lawyer Karpal Singh, who appeared for three of the eight.**

**"We will be taking the case to the pardons board – but they do not have a reputation for being lenient," he said.**

**Mr Karpal Singh also appeared for a ninth member of the group, Hongkong resident Tam Tak-wai, who was yesterday acquitted by the court in Kuala Lumpur.**

**Tam, a 25-year-old former waiter, cried for happiness when he learned that his conviction on charges of aiding and abetting the smuggling attempt had been overturned.**

**Tam was sentenced to life imprisonment and eight strokes of the cane when convicted in 1985.**

**He left the dock weeping to embrace his sister, cousin and lawyers when he heard the decision of the Chief Justice of Malaysia, Hashim Yeop Sani.**

**In an interview shortly after being released, Tam said he was "relieved and overjoyed" to be free after almost seven years.**

**He said he looked forward to returning to Hongkong to see his aged parents and to continue his study of Christianity in the hope of becoming a pastor.**

**Mr Karpal Singh said Tam was provided with travel documents by the British High Commission yesterday afternoon, took a flight to Singapore last night and would arrive back in Hongkong this morning.**

**Mr Karpal Singh said he was surprised that the other appeals had not succeeded: "The evidence was circumstantial and insufficient," he said.**

**Five of the eight Hongkong residents to face the gallows were charged with trafficking in 12.78 kilogrammes of heroin. They are: transport worker Au King-chor, 32; nightclub waitress Han Tsui-ling, 31; labourer Chan Yiu-tim, 32; transport worker Yuen Kwok-kwan, 27; and, waiter Li Chi-ping, 27.**

**The remaining three – lift operator Ip Tak-ming, 34, company director Ng Yiu-kwong, 36, and car dealer Chow Sing, 41 – were given the death sentence on**

■ Continued Page 3

## Kanaks' separatist leader murdered

NOUMEA: New Caledonia's Melanesian leader Jean-Marie Tjibaou, who last year negotiated a 10-year transition towards possible independence for the French South Pacific territory, was assassinated yesterday.

The French High Commission said that Yeiwene Yeiwene, number two to Mr Tjibaou, who was chairman of the Kanak Socialist National Liberation Front (FLNKS), died with him on Ouvea, a small island in the New Caledonia archipelago.

Reliable sources said that Mr Tjibaou, 33, and Mr Yeiwene, 44, were gunned down by a group of men carrying automatic weapons.

Mr Tjibaou died instantly. Mr Yeiwene's death was officially confirmed some time later.

The High Commissioner's office said three of the assailants were wounded when Mr Tjibaou's bodyguards returned fire.

It named one of them as Djibeli Wea, a native of Ouvea and a member of the United Kanak Liberation Front (FULK).

FULK is one of six factions which make up the FLNKS, but vehemently opposes the June 1988 transition agreement.

The agreement was signed by French Prime Minister Michel Rocard, Mr Tjibaou and anti-independence leader Jacques Lafleur dividing New Caledonia into three autonomous provinces and providing for a referendum on self-determination in 1998.

Born in 1936, Mr Tjibaou was the son of a traditional chief and a former priest. In 1977, he became a leading member of the Caledonian Union which was to become the main component of FLNKS.

– AFP

## TODAY

**92 PAGES**

of better jobs for everyone in FRIDAY JOBMARKET, bumper edition of the territory's premier employment section

YOUR WORLD ON

# SUNDAY

*The Sunday Standard* this weekend launches a brand new, exciting magazine to liven up your Sunday. *Your World on Sunday* offers a stimulating, alternative way to start the day.

**Good reading**

In an exclusive interview **Michael Pye** profiles Oscar winner Dustin Hoffman. And we publish an exclusive extract from Darold Treffert's new book *Extraordinary People: An exploration of the Savant Syndrome* a rare condition highlighted in Hoffman's award-winning performance in *Rain Man*.

**Plus**

Afghanistan has been described as Russia's Vietnam. Its veterans are reliving America's nightmare too. There's a special report.

**Plus**

A new, easy-to-read television and radio guide, travel, fashion, cooking, restaurant review and book reviews. So, remember to order your copy of *The Sunday Standard*

**Hongkong's only Sunday alternative.**

**Tomorrow**

What does your handwriting tell about yourself? **Dick Oosterveld**, Hongkong's only professional grapho-psychoanalyst can tell you all about it. You will find him in *The Hongkong Standard* tomorrow and

**every Saturday**

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**WEATHER:** 22°C — 26°C. Mainly cloudy. Some showers. Details on Page 19.

# Students go back to class

**By Stanley Leung** and **Ma Miu-wah** in Beijing

THOUSANDS of striking students in Beijing will return to classes today bringing to an end their two-week boycott.

The about-turn was announced by student leaders at Tiananmen Square yesterday where a mass demonstration gathered to call for reform and press freedom, and to celebrate the 70th anniversary of the May 4 Movement.

The students' manifesto repeated calls to weed out corruption and to attach greater importance to intellectuals.

Though the 70,000 students vowed to continue their fight for freedom, a group responsible for holding talks with the government was formed.

Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang told foreign bankers attending the annual meeting of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) in the Great Hall of the People that he was confident the student unrest would die down.

Students in other cities, including Shanghai, Nanjing, Hangzhou, Changsha and Guangzhou, marched in solidarity yesterday.

All the marches were peaceful and no arrests were reported.

In Beijing one student's banner read: "Deng Xiaoping's political life is over".

Mr Deng, the 84-year-old paramount leader who was once hailed as the champion of reform, has been criticised for hanging on to power.

Students in Shanghai were trailing their counterparts in the capital with thousands still sitting outside the municipal government building and the People's Square long after the Beijing students dispersed.

"Though demonstrations are still under way in Beijing and other big cities in the country, I still believe there will be no big turmoil and the situation will gradually calm down," Mr Zhao was quoted by Xinhua as saying. "I'm very confident of this."

He also assured ADB delegates there would be no violence.

He said the way to solve problems aired by the students would be to have "dialogue" for strengthening the supervision of the government and to increase the "transparency" of government.

It was noted that Mr Zhao's conciliatory tone contrasted with a harsh denunciation of the students issued earlier.

His moderate words, seen as encouragement by some students, were in sharp contrast to a fierce party commentary issued in all major newspapers and on radio last week.

Diplomats predicted someone would take responsibility for the flagrant disobedience of government and party orders during three weeks of nationwide student unrest.

According to diplomats, China did not move against the students because it did not want blood on its hands before the crucial ADB meeting and wanted to be seen to be as tolerant as the Kremlin towards dissent.

"China does not want to recognise the (new student) union because it sees it as the start of a Chinese Solidarity," a Western diplomat said, referring to the free Polish trade union.

"If it were recognised, what would be next, an independent trade union, an independent newspaper?" he asked.

**CHINA TODAY**

■ Reports and pictures from today's events in Beijing are in CHINA TODAY, our four-page broadsheet liftout, published today and every Friday

## Stay calm, say bankers

**BEIJING: International bankers have cautioned China against over-reacting to demonstrations, saying a violent backlash would hurt its image more than marches.**

**A clampdown would heighten investor suspicions that China was backtracking on its economic reforms, they said.**

**"The students are asking for more liberalisation and that's exactly what we want," said a senior Japanese banker in Beijing for the annual meeting of the Asian Development Bank (ADB).**

**Hongkong stocks rose yesterday, reflecting the calm in China.** – Reuter

# Taiwan officials stand on ceremony

**By Tammy Tam** in Beijing

THE first group of Taiwanese officials to visit Beijing in 40 years stood up for the playing of China's national anthem at the opening ceremony of the Asian Development Bank's annual meeting yesterday.

However, the delegation boycotted a banquet hosted by mainland President Yang Shangkun and an audience by the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) General Secretary Zhao Ziyang for all delegation heads.

Taiwanese Finance Minister Shirley Kuo, who heads her delegation, had said earlier that the team would attend all functions organised by the ADB.

President Yang briefly addressed the opening session of the three-day annual meeting and then made a hurried exit.

People's Bank of China Governor Li Guixian also spoke briefly, followed by a longer address by ADB president Masao Fujioka.

President Yang extended a warm welcome to all participants on behalf of the Chinese government. He made no specific reference to the Taiwanese delegation.

He stressed the importance of stability for China's economic development, praising the ADB for its contribution to such development in the Asian-Pacific area.

Madam Kuo and her colleagues stood up when President Yang walked to the rostrum decorated with China's five-star national flag. They also stood when the national anthem was being played.

The gestures were probably the result of an understanding with Chinese officials that the two sides would not do anything that might embarrass each other.

Sources said Beijing had decided that as long as Taiwan did not openly protest against the designation of "Taipei, China" imposed on it by the ADB, the mainland would ignore Taiwan's "minor actions".

## US futures market probed

NEW YORK: Federal agents swooped down on the floors of two futures markets yesterday, escorting off traders in what government sources in Washington said was a probe of the markets by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC).

The government sources said the CFTC, which regulates futures markets, was investigating traders at the New York Mercantile Exchange, which deals in crude oil, petrol and platinum futures, among others.

Several federal agents entered the New York Mercantile Exchange and the Commodity Exchange shortly after 9 am (1300 GMT) and took away as many as four major commodities futures traders, floor traders said.

Traders said the purpose of the investigation was unknown. – Reuter

■ To the rescue ... firemen bring down a person overcome by smoke.

# Nine rescued from blaze

SEVERAL people were believed trapped in a smoke-filled dormitory above a blazing restaurant in Kowloon City early today.

By 2 am, nine people had been dragged from the burning five-storey building by several teams of firemen.

Six of them had been overcome by smoke.

A fireman was among eight people rushed to the Queen Elizabeth Hospital.

Firemen gave heart massages to two of the victims to revive them as dense smoke hampered rescue efforts.

"I heard screams for help soon after the fire started," a witness told *The Hongkong Standard*.

"There was smoke all over the place and it was frightening," the witness added.

The dormitory occupies the top floor and firemen were working on the assumption that many occupants were sleeping inside.

The fire broke out shortly before midnight at the restaurant in Nga Tsin Wai Road and was upgraded to third alarm within four minutes.

Seven jets and six breathing apparatus teams were mobilised.

Firemen broke open windows to the dormitory from the outside to get to the people.

Firemen said carpeting and restaurant furniture and fittings were feeding the fire which at times threatened to spread to nearby buildings.

Seven jets were trained on the building in an attempt to lower the intense heat inside.

The street was cordoned off and the adjacent building was evacuated less than two hours after the fire was reported.

The restaurant that had been operating for more than twenty years had recently undergone renovation, a police spokesman said early today.

## Index jumps to 3,200

SHARE prices shot up yesterday as local and overseas funds flooded Exchange Square on news that student demonstrations in Beijing had ended peacefully.

The gloomy weather failed to dampen investors' appetite as the barometer jumped 65.9 points or over 2 percent, breaching the 3,200 barrier to 3,221.12.

This was the first time the index had breached that level since the more than 100-point charge just after the Chinese New Year, which brought the index to its previous high, when punters ushered in the Year of the Snake.

■ Details in Business

## Mark Six

TWO punters won the first prize of $1,074,008 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 14, 24, 29, 32, 39 and 41. The extra number drawn was 1.

Five punters won the second prize of $232,218 each.

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报 白天 阴 风向 偏东转偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴间多云 风向 偏南 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 21℃ 最低 13℃

人民日报社出版


# 杨主席主持仪式和宴会 热烈欢迎哈梅内伊总统

## 李鹏会见伊朗贵宾

**本报北京5月9日讯** 记者孙毅报道：国家主席杨尚昆今天晚上在人民大会堂举行盛大宴会，热烈欢迎来我国进行正式友好访问的伊朗伊斯兰共和国总统哈梅内伊·赛义德·阿里·哈梅内伊。

杨尚昆主席在宴会上首先讲话。他高度赞扬了中国和伊朗两国业已存在的友好关系。赞扬伊朗伊斯兰共和国成立后宣布奉行独立的、不与大国集团结盟的外交政策。

杨主席说，当前，两伊正在联合国秘书长主持下为实施安理会598号决议进行谈判。我们真诚地希望，两伊采取更加灵活的态度，通过互让、友好协商，全面实施这一决议，早日全面、公正、合理地解决两国之间存在的一切争端，实现持久和平和睦邻友好关系。

在谈到国际形势时，杨主席说，为推动国际形势继续向着缓和的方向发展，中国政府倡议在和平共处五项原则基础上建立国际政治新秩序。不同社会制度、不同意识形态、不同发展程度的国家友好相处，一切国际争端都通过和平谈判解决，而不诉诸武力或以武力相威胁。杨主席指出，随着国际形势的缓和，各国正把更多的注意力转向发展问题。各国间的经济和科技交流日益密切。中国政府在积极开展南南合作的同时，支持通过对话促进南北合作，主张在平等互利的基础上建立国际经济新秩序，以利于各国的共同繁荣。

哈梅内伊总统在讲话中首先对中国领导人和人民的热烈欢迎和诚挚接待表示衷心的感谢。

哈梅内伊总统表示，伊朗衷心希望世界稳定与安全，以及为全世界人民建立和平、欢乐与幸福。因此，伊朗接受了联合国598号决议朝希望在世界这一地区建立持久和平与安全迈出了一大步。他说，我们认为所有外国军队必须撤离波斯湾。我们认为恢复波斯湾全面安全的办法就是地区各国真诚合作。我们欢迎这种合作。

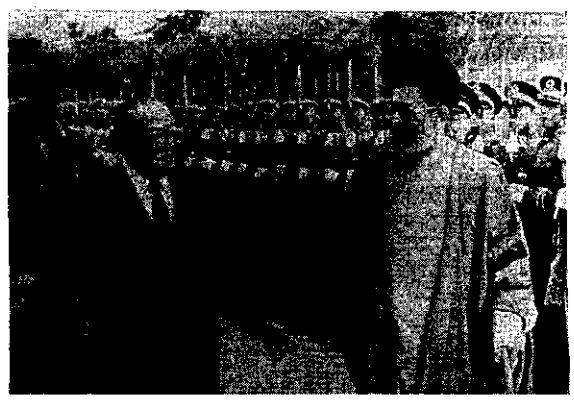
全国人大常委会副委员长赛福鼎·艾则孜，国务委员李贵鲜、外交部长钱其琛出席宴会作陪。

今天上午，国家主席杨尚昆在人民大会堂东门外广场主持仪式，热烈欢迎哈梅内伊总统一行。

**又讯**：国务院总理李鹏今天下午在钓鱼台国宾馆会见了伊朗总统哈梅内伊。

李鹏总理对哈梅内伊总统的来访表示热烈欢迎。他说，我对哈梅内伊总统长途跋涉来中国访问感到非常高兴。希望通过总统的这次访问，中伊关系得到发展和加强。

会见时，宾主双方就发展中伊两国之间的友好合作关系和其它共同感兴趣的问题坦率地交换了意见。



杨尚昆主持仪式欢迎哈梅内伊。 本报记者 徐建中摄

# 我国耕地锐减势头扭转

## 去年开发耕地300多万亩增大于占；可喜 局部地区盲目开荒危及生态环境：堪忧

**新华社北京5月9日电** （记者潘立业）我国耕地连续几年占用大于新增的势头已开始扭转，一项统计显示，去年全国共新开发农用地500多万亩，其中耕地300多万亩，“七五”以来首次超过了当年非农建设占用耕地数量。

国家土地管理局介绍，在人均耕地不足二亩的我国，农业耕地前些年耗损惊人，每年因自然灾害、农业结构调整和非农业建设用地损失达1000万亩以上，其中非农建设占地占相当部分，且势头日益严重。有专家据此发出警告，如不强化土地管理并及时造地弥补正常损失，人口与耕地的反向发展将使我国面临生存之忧。

“向荒山荒滩要土地，给子孙后代留下一份最宝贵的财富。”各地政府去年采取了一系列优惠政策，鼓励农民开发利用土地资源。山东省泰安市规定单户承包开发土地，承包期一定20年至30年不变，集体开发承包期15年至20年不变。今年大批民工返乡归村，盖于跟父老乡亲争地，也纷纷汇入造地大军，使各地近几年掀起的土地开发热潮愈见高涨。

但开荒热中也出现了令人担忧的盲目开垦苗头。据记者了解，今年南方一些山多水多土地少的地区，投入大量人力、物力、资金，“向山海要粮”，致使生态环境日渐恶化。对此，不少生态学家惊呼：粮少了开荒，开荒过头水土流失，水土流失导致地力下降，万不可再重蹈这种恶性循环了！

专家们认为，垦荒造地务必要因地制宜，尊重科学，一些地方与其冒着危及生态之险耗费巨资垦荒造田，不如爱土如命，在稳定现有耕地面积，提高地力，增加土地产出率上多下功夫。

## 李鹏听取经济形势汇报时指出

# 要继续调整生产结构

**据新华社北京5月9日电** 5月9日上午，李鹏总理主持总理办公会议，听取了当前经济形势及四川地震、特大风雹灾区群众生活安排和恢复生产情况的汇报。

李鹏总理在分析经济发展形势时着重指出，今年前4个月的生产情况表明，在治理、整顿中，只要我们采取的措施得当，经济滑坡是可以避免的，对当前生产结构上存在的不合理状况，要继续采取有效措施加以解决。5、6月份生产调度工作的重点，要是续调整生产结构，总的经济发展速度要放慢，但对国家重点企业和短缺原材料的生产，在资金、能源等方面要予以支持，保证有一个适当的发展速度。

会议听取了国务院赴四川灾区慰问团团长、民政部长崔乃夫关于灾区群众生活安排和恢复生产情况的汇报，并对灾区人民表示慰问。

# 吴学谦在国务院侨务工作会议上说

## 决不允许敲华侨竹杠

### 赵紫阳李鹏胡启立等会见全体与会代表

**新华社北京5月9日电** （记者胡清海）赵紫阳、李鹏、胡启立、王震、吴学谦、丁关根、叶飞、方毅等领导同志今天上午在中南海会见了出席国务院侨务工作会议的全体代表，并和他们合影留念。

今天结束的这次会议是5月5日开始召开的。会前，李鹏总理主持总理办公会议，听取了国务院侨务办公室的工作汇报，并就侨务工作讲了话。

会议指出，侨务部门今后的基本任务是，保护华侨和归侨、侨眷的正当合法权益，广泛团结海外华侨和归侨、侨眷，增进同外籍华人的友好情谊，为振兴中华、统一祖国、发展同各国人民的友好合作而努力。

会议认为，近年来侨务部门在发展同海外华侨、外籍华人及其社团的联系及合作交流，为经济建设服务等方面也做了许多工作，取得了较大成绩。国务院侨办和各地侨办5年来共接待华侨、外籍华人、港澳台同胞410多万人次。据统计，港、澳、台、侨胞和外籍华人以法人名义来华投资兴办的企业，占全国现有“三资企业”总数的80%以上。

**又讯**，吴学谦副总理在国务院侨务工作会议上说，现在有一种很不好的风气，就是向华侨敲竹杠。不准向华侨敲竹杠，应作为侨务工作和有关部门纠正不正之风，消除腐败现象的一项重要措施。他说，中央和国务院三令五申，不准向华侨伸手劫财，但有些地方劫富之风仍然盛行，甚至有的县长、副县长亲自出面向华侨募捐，在华侨中造成很坏影响。

吴学谦指出，有的地方，对华侨捐赠兴建的工程加码加价，变相勒索。有的地方组团出访过多过滥，出访费用也要华侨负担。在同华侨的业务交往中，还有些干部以权谋私。这些行为严重败坏了党和国家的声誉，损害了华侨的利益。

吴学谦要求侨务部门在治理整顿中起表率带头作用，会同有关部门认真清理这类问题，坚决刹住这股歪风。

# 淮阴潍坊两家公司被查处

## 监察部物资部责成有关单位处理责任者

### 倒卖生产资料牟取非法收入

**本报北京5月9日讯** 记者舒驰报道：监察部、物资部近日对倒卖重要生产资料的江苏省淮阴市金属材料公司和山东省潍坊市化轻公司进行了查处。

淮阴市金属材料公司有色料，于去年4月22日至23日与市属淮阴县建化公司和泗阳、洪泽、灌南县金属公司串通，倒卖10,499吨计划内电解铜。五家公司共获非法收入31734.07元。8月5日至28日，该公司有色料又串通两家金属公司，弄虚作假，以每吨17800元的价格“销售”24.8吨电解铜，造成各公司虚增销售额共计441440元。

非法倒卖重要生产资料的还有山东省潍坊市化轻公司。该公司化工科先后串通本公司经营处等物资经营单位，倒卖计划外烧碱49.6吨和低压聚乙烯50吨，买空卖空烧碱48吨，从中获取非法收入205684元。

监察部会同物资部近日责成有关单位作出如下处理决定，给予淮阴市金属材料公司经理裴承冬行政记大过处分；撤销有色科科长王国民的行政职务；给予副科长沈德又行政警告处分并解聘其行政职务。责成潍坊市化轻公司经理王世新、化工科科长孙平周作出检讨，并予以通报批评。

## 国务院召开会议要求各地

# 紧急调运农药 防治小麦病虫

**新华社北京5月9日电** 5月8日，国务委员陈俊生召集12个省、市和国务院有关部门负责人举行会议，部署紧急调运农药防治小麦病虫害，以确保夺取今年夏粮丰收。

会议要求小麦生产地区要挖掘商业库存和农药生产企业的生产、库存潜力，把这一部分农药优先用到急需防治的小麦病虫害上。对目前几个省反映农药紧缺的问题，国务院农业生产资料协调领导小组统筹会议要求，正会同农业、商业、化工等有关部门一个省一个省地具体落实调剂解决的措施。

陈俊生强调指出，农药调出地区要从全局出发，必须服从全国统一调动。所需调运的农药，铁路和交通运输其他部门要全力以赴，保证运输。

## 匈党中央主席

# 卡达尔因重病被免职

**新华社布达佩斯5月8日电** （记者郜振）匈牙利社会主义工人党主席卡达尔·亚诺什因患重病，今天在这里被免去党主席的职务。

这是今天举行的匈党中央全会决定的。据匈通社报道，全会鉴于卡达尔的健康状况，决定免去他的党主席和中央委员职务。中央委员会将把这一决定书面通知卡达尔并将公布。

卡达尔1912年5月生于匈牙利一个穷苦的家庭，当过学徒和工人，1931年参加匈牙利共产党。在遭东蒂反动统治时期曾多次被捕入狱，1943年任党中央书记。解放后在党内和政府中担任过各种重要职务。在拉科西个人迷信时期曾受迫害被捕入狱，直到1953年才被释放。1956年10月匈牙利事件后，他任匈牙利社会主义工人党中央第一书记和工农革命政府总理。在以后的30多年中，他一直是匈党的主要领导人。在去年5月召开的党的代表会议上，卡达尔当选为党的主席。

近日来，匈党领导人多次谈到卡达尔的健康状况很不佳。

匈党中央全会还决定近期内召开党的全国代表会议，日期由下次中央全会决定。

# 大庆两名副厅级干部收受巨贿

## 市检察机关认定构成犯罪依法起诉

**本报北京5月9日讯** 记者毛磊从最高人民检察院获悉：大庆石化总厂两名副厅级领导干部收受贿赂案，大庆市检察机关已侦查终结，昨天正式决定向审判机关起诉。这是全国目前已立案查处的8起厅级干部经济犯罪案中的2起。

据介绍，关文彬、李克祥利用手中掌握审批石油化工原料的权力，通过批售化工原料，接受他人巨额贿赂，经大庆市人民检察院立案侦查，认定二人已构成受贿罪。

曾担任大庆石化总厂副厂长的关文彬，去年5月和6月，先后两次指使该厂劳动服务公司经理为山东泰安市某公司、大庆龙凤宾馆提供化工原料800多吨，收受贿赂2.7万元。

现任大庆石化总厂实业开发公司经理的李克祥，也曾是石化总厂副厂长，去年4月至6月，先后几次批售化工原料2000余吨，共收受贿赂人民币1.2万元及烟、酒等物。

## 义务办阅报栏

四川省开县云溪小学退休教师匡明（右），从1987年5月1日起，在县城东门河边义务办起阅报栏。她天天准时换上新报纸，吸引了很多读者。 蒙明国摄

新闻摄影比赛

## 顺利完成试验任务

# 美航天飞机安全返回

**本报华盛顿5月8日电** 记者张蒂报道，美国“亚特兰蒂斯”号航天飞机顺利完成其使命后，今天下午按预定时间在加利福尼亚州爱德华兹空军基地安全着陆。

到8日晚，“亚特兰蒂斯”号航天飞机释放的“麦哲伦”号航天飞机探测器已距离地球70多万英里。引起人们注意的是，苏联负责宇航部门的官员和科学家首次与美国同行合作，共同进行这次对金星表层的探测。苏联向美国提供了它搜集的有关金星的最新数据，1990年两国科学家还将一起分析“麦哲伦”宇航器传回的各种数据和图像。根据计划，今后数年内美苏两国将继续在星球探测方面进行合作。

## 收购旺季已到 资金只够一半

# 浙江春茶收购又打白条

**本报讯** 谷雨已过，浙江春茶陆续上市，即将进入收购旺季，但收购资金只落实半数，有关部门早就备好20元、30元和50元的代用券，个别茶区已出现白条或停收现象。有关人士建议，对农副产品应允许多渠道集资、多渠道收购，缓解国家资金困难，根绝白条现象。

**新华社杭州5月8日电** （记者郜振）浙江日报报道，浙江省今年春茶产量可达100多万担。省供销社主管茶叶收购的负责人说，全省春茶收购约需资金3亿元，目前落实的连一半都不到，确实使人心焦。

春茶收购旺季眼看就要来到，而资金缺口如此之大，各部门又都有实际困难，看来今年春茶收购只好打白条。

## 就新闻界近期发生的事情递交联名信

# 首都千余新闻工作者要求对话

## 中国记协领导表示全力协助对话获得成功

**本报北京5月9日讯** 记者顾世贵报道：首都部分新闻工作者今天下午前往自己的组织——中华全国新闻工作者协会，递交了一份请求对话的联名信件。协会领导人欣然接受，答应转呈，并表示全力以赴协助这次对话能够获得成功。

请求对话的联名信说：“我们认为有必要通过正当途径，就中国新闻界近期发生的事情，与党中央主管宣传工作的负责同志进行一次对话。”

一名递交联名信的记者向在场的中外记者说，通过心平气和的思想交流，以期将中国的新闻改革推向一个新的高度。这位记者还宣布，联名信的1018名签名者分别来自首都30多家新闻单位。

另一名参加递交联名信件的记者补充说，签名纯属个人行为，不代表其所在单位。

近千名首都高校学生聚集在中国记协门前，声援递交联名信件的记者，他们高呼“为民说话，事关重大；团结起来，振兴中华。”等口号。过后，其中部分学生还到人民日报社门口呼喊口号。

## 公耗彩卷知多少

诸 萍

听一位在文化馆学摄影的朋友讲：不少机关单位每当开个什么会或搞个什么活动，总要把摄影师叫去，为他们左一个“节喽”，右一个“节喽”，而且国产的彩卷不要，买的全是“柯达”、“富士”之类的外国货。这种“锦上添花”的行为，是不是离我国情相去太远了？

俗话说，“‘节喽’一张，一元花光。‘节喽’一卷，三十六元。”一个县，大小机关单位数以百计，一年“节喽”掉的公费彩卷，恐怕至少也有二三百卷，加上冲扩的费用，万元关必破无疑了。一个县如此，一个地区、一个省，乃至全国，一年白花掉多少钱呢！

中央三令五申压缩集团消费，控制社会集团购买力，而下边则“东方不亮西方亮”。相机和镜头等高档时用消费品控制了，彩卷及冲扩费用却又一窝而起，并大有至和攀比之势。而十个彩卷及其冲扩的费用，已大大超过了一架普通相机的价钱。真希望我们的财政、审计部门早点拿出削住此风的良方来。

今日谈

## 出席國務會議 聽達李鵬講話

# 吳學謙進改談 務僑進向准不 積竹敲胞僑向

## 批評勸募之風盛行 強調嚴肅處理

【據新華社北京九日電】今天下午，一份由部分北京新聞工作者簽名的請願書遞到了中華全國新聞工作者協會。請願書要求中央主管宣傳工作的負責同志進行一次對話，我們願為需要進行對話的主要問題。

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國務院副總理吳學謙在聽取關於國務院第四次全體會議和今天下午國務院常務會議的傳達後，就當前的宣傳工作講話。他說，今天下午的國務院常務會議，討論了關於改進和加強宣傳工作的問題。這個問題，是在中央書記處最近幾次會議上提出來的。

吳學謙說，當前宣傳工作的主要問題，是對於貫徹執行黨的十二屆三中全會以來的方針政策，宣傳得不夠，不適應新的形勢的需要。

吳學謙說，黨的十二屆三中全會以來，我們的各項工作都有了很大的進展，取得了舉世矚目的偉大成就。這是全國各族人民團結奮鬥的結果，也是我們的宣傳工作取得的成績。

吳學謙說，我們的宣傳工作，對於貫徹執行黨的十二屆三中全會以來的方針政策，對於國內外的形勢，對於我們的成績，宣傳得不夠，不適應新的形勢的需要

文匯報 一九八九年五月十日 （己巳年四月六日）星期三

# 中國處理學運方式 聯國秘書長表示賞識

## 認爲學生要求與中國政府願望實際上一致

【本報紐約電話會議特約記者夙烈報導】聯合國秘書長德奎利爾於八日晚在此間應邀對中國最近發生的學生遊行一事發表評論。他說：「中國青年學生的熱情使我十分感動，我對關心國家前途，追求理想的中國學生表示敬意。然而對我而言，人權、民主的要求和中國改府的願望實際上是一致的。而中國政府在整個學生運動中，始終未採取過激手段，使學生運動和平地結束，這一點也給我留下了極其深刻的印象。」

德奎利亞今晚在紐約的美國「亞洲協會」總部與「亞洲協會」主席、著名中國問題專家羅倫特、奧克斯南博士進行關於亞洲問題的座談時，發表上述看法，近三百名關心亞洲問題的外交官員及高級學者旁聽了座談。

德奎利亞同在座談中文指出，蘇聯領導人戈爾巴喬夫下周訪華與鄧小平舉行中蘇歷史性會談，不僅能推動亞洲局勢的改善，而且也會對全球改局有積極影響。

據悉，中共中央政治局常委、宣傳思想工作的領導小組組長胡啓立將於本月四日至九日訪問香港，胡啓立就學生及新聞工作者等多項內外注目的重大事件，發表上述看法，近三百名關心亞洲問題的外交官員及高級學者旁聽了座談。

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# 昨往全國記協 獲熱情接待

# 京部分新聞人員上書 胡啓立答允盡快對話

## 將貫徹趙紫陽講話精神 芮杏文亦將出席

【本報記者趙北京九日電】數十名首都新聞工作者今日聯袂前往全國記協總部，要求與中國新聞界的領導人對話，並提交兩份主管宣傳的中央領導人對話。全國記協負責人答應，將貫徹趙紫陽總書記在會見首都新聞界人士時的講話精神，盡快安排對話。

據悉，中共中央政治局常委、宣傳思想工作的領導小組組長胡啓立已答應盡早安排，與首都新聞界人士對話，並請記協盡量多邀請些新聞工作者參加對話。

作了意旨相同的講話，一些向全國記協表示，他願意出席即將安排的與新聞工作者的對話。據悉，前往全國記協的新聞工作者有百餘人。

## 要求平心靜氣對話

「我們今天來到我們自己的組織——全國記協來，主要的目的是通交一份要求和中央主管宣傳工作的負責同志進行一次對話的信件，我們之所以要通行這次對話，是因為近一段時間以來，中國新聞界發生了許多國內外注目的重大事件。但是我們認為首都新聞界在對於這些事件的報道中，沒有做到全面、客觀、公正，我們反思到，這和我們現行的新聞體制有直接的關係，我們希望就這些問題和萬中央負責同志進行一次心平氣和的對話，以期把中國的新聞體制改革推向一個新的高度，推向一個新的境界，今天來的海內外新聞界朋友很多，我們為了滿足大家的要求，把這封信來對話的信件抓緊一點。」

## 簽名人數逾一千

這次簽名請求對話的信件共有三十二家，簽名人數共一千零十三人，簽名仍然在繼續中。完全是個人簽名，我們個人負責，參加這次簽名的首都新聞單位如下：

人民日報社、經濟日報社、中國青年報社、中國電視報、中國電子報、民族畫報、中國機械工業報社、中國科學報社、中國氣象報社、中國婦女報社、中國新聞社、北京日報社、北京晚報社、中國青年報社、北京電視台、中國新聞出版報社、中國體育報社、中國體育報社、中國新聞社、中國新聞出版報社、中國新聞出版報社、中國新聞出版報

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）・五月十日・星期三・三月己巳月建
六初月四年

# 快報

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EXPRESS

# 「開火」民船 魯平認爲不應將責任推給中國

## 英倘支持方會方中返迫遣強提出

（快報記者鄧桂輝 北京報道）

## 不排除有官員接濟船民 倘經發現保証從嚴處理

魯平稱，由於當初是英國承担將香港作爲第一收容港，因此是把對有責任不論在外交上或財政上，都加諸香港解決遣返問題。

他指出，不是難民的絕大部分就根本性解決越南難民的方法提出意見。至於會否談及香港的配合則屬所當然的，大陸很多非法移民到香港也是被強迫遣返的。

魯平又再次強調英國在外交及財政均應負責，應早解決香港難民及船民問題。

魯平強調，在對待越南船民問題上，中國政府的立場是很清楚的，中國不會接受越南人逃往香港的。他又建議英國在出席日內瓦難民會議時採強硬態度。

魯平又表示，中國政府向來不支持越南人逃往香港，希望越南政府採取措施防止難民潮出現。

他指出，不是難民的絕大部分就根本性解決越南難民問題。

他又建議英國在出席日內瓦難民會議時採強硬態度。

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## 向欽本立致敬之聲在迴盪

北京的學運如今已改了地點，悼念胡耀邦已成過去，五四運動七十週年紀念亦是黃花，新的矛頭，即是針對上海一連串的新聞工作者迫在一起，聯結成一股，爲追求新聞自由，向當局發對。中共也許以爲學生與市民分化，學生的訴求已受到回應，學生可以回校上課，但事實上，學生與市民的結合，已成爲不可逆轉的趨勢。

上海市委書記江澤民，以及在海外的魏京生，亦急急表態，支持學生的愛國運動。

本欄上周曾評論本立事件，指出「言是對內逃避對外的一貫手段，重要性不在於事件本身，而是事件背後的民主和自由」，這是對的。

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一連多騎

# 伊東要求黨內大改革 消除派閥逐涉貪政要

## 自民黨定周末選總裁 竹下決定向國會提政改方案 中會根願就股票醜聞事作證

## 危地馬拉政變流產 政府軍包圍警察總部

## 槍手夜襲投撇票假府政・箱票替代 率團監票巴拿馬大選 縱操加里諾責指特卡

## 巴宣布親政府聯盟獲勝

## 美推行托爾防衛計劃

## 貝克共商中東和平 老戈倘有誠意合作

## 全斗煥用公帑四載 兄弟判囚

## 美艦遊弋南海 大火燒死六人

## 世界視綫

## 教師被毆情況嚴重 豫平均每三天一宗

## 緊縮政策令失業者增 中國政局正面臨威脅

## 中越會談取得進展 貿易關係可望重建

## 台海外附屬機構 將准到大陸投資

## 雲南地震死傷百餘 五千三百民房損毀

## 氫彈要求 海外美僑意外釋

## 盧泰愚在閣議重申 決心鎮壓暴力示威

## 黎倫爲外强刀俎 教派宿怨難消解

## 五中共人員在美 宣布脫離共產黨

## 美前軍官罪成被罰 供軍火與菲擁馬軍

## 王家揚在蒙大 仍未充分落實言論自由 認承法由

## 遨千人簽署請願信 列三問題要求對話

## 日本社會黨 決定提出不信任案

## 李鵬秘訪蘇聯 中蘇關係正常化

## 伊朗總統延遲赴會 李鵬秘訪就船見客 未獲安排會鄧而「撞火」？

## 美推行托爾防衛計劃

## 貝克共商中東和平 老戈倘有誠意合作

## 緊縮政策令失業者增 中國政局正面臨威脅

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## 教師被毆情況嚴重 豫平均每三天一宗

## 年來百五起其中廿六殘三喪生

## 罪案騷亂與不安事件不斷增加

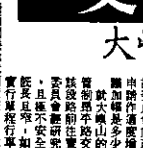
## 大陸學潮雲湧 佩雷斯表感動

## 聯國大員首次表態

## 北京兩千餘大學生學生集會遊行支持

# 天星輪中巴加價幅度 交諮會同意一至二成

## 大嶼山的士申請增費五成傳獲批准


圖交諮會主席譚惠珠。

【本報專訊】交通諮詢委員會議決接納中巴、天星小輪及大嶼山的士加價申請，其中天星小輪加幅約百分之十一，中巴則約兩成；不過，有關建議仍需交行政局審批及作最後決定。

委員會亦落實中巴及的士加價幅度，而天星小輪則因反對聲音較低，獲百分之十一，而大嶼山的士則申請大幅度增加，但對他們要求提高首五公里的士附加費則表示保留。

據悉交諮會的意見，主席譚惠珠已向本報記者透露，中巴自八六年四月加價後，三年來經營成本大幅上升，因此中巴申請的平均加幅獲百分之廿三，而交諮會的建議加幅則約百分之二十。

天星小輪因刚於八六年四月加價，因此建議加幅較低，獲百分之十一，而大嶼山的士則申請大幅度增加，政府可能會將大嶼山的士申請加幅大大削減百分之十一，惟最終加幅仍將由行政局決定。

交諮會主席譚惠珠表示，委員會已在會上研究了現時路政署、運輸署及運輸司署在交通擠塞情況改善方面的工作，並要求運輸署就後期的建議，包括收費廣泛道路的可行性，作出報告。

譚惠珠又說，委員會亦要求運輸署就北角至銅鑼灣海底隧道的通車情況，作出報告，並要求運輸署考慮增加隧道的收費，以減少車輛使用隧道的需求。

譚惠珠說，委員會亦要求運輸署就西區海底隧道的收費問題

# 香港時報

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## 今日新聞提要

一、行政局批准本港輸入外地勞工三千人，刊第一版。

二、新聞局發表聲明，堅持「一個中國」立場，刊第一版。

三、交通會接納三項交通工具加價，刊第十六版。

四、高級說兩間大學有必要實行聯招，刊第十五版。

五、政院修訂大陸物品入口台灣辦法，刊第三版。

## 本報特稿

一、如果大陸學生和記者結合　◎蔡詠梅

二、王蒙談言論大陸無自由

三、理想活動中心

# 行政處指出缺少十一萬工人
# 行局接納港府建議
# 輸入三千技術勞工

（本報專訊）行政局最近約見港府的一個工作小組報告的結果，決定可從外地輸入三千名技術勞工，並且會簡化輸入勞工的手續。

一個以行政會議官簡慧娟為首的工作小組，向行政局最近一份有關政府輸入外地技術勞工的報告，作詳細分析，得出結果是本港現時在主要工業中的缺少十一萬二千個勞工，而當中只有很少部份為技術工人，這和先前本港方面主張商會報告所指，該小組報告的結果，小組定出三千名外地技術勞工輸入額，雖比卷先前估計的數目為少，但是實際的。

【台北九日電】對港個人輸赴臺常住問題，大陸官員今天下午接見香港工商界訪問團時，已有初步答覆。

訪問團中並指出，這一次大陸官員的答覆，在許多問題上，較以往更為具體。

【台北電】日中央社電：行政院新聞局今天發表聲明，重申我國政府一貫主張，在國際社會中，與我大陸政權無任何關係。

聲明中說，我政府一貫主張，在國際社會中，與我大陸政權無任何關係，只有以普遍國際一中原則為解決兩岸關係，並為維護大我國在國際社會中活動空間的努力。

聲明中指出，我政府這次派遣財政部常務次長郭婉容前往北京參加亞洲開發銀行第二十二屆年會，是執行我國作為該行創始會員國的權利及義務，也是為了維護大我國在國際社會中活動空間的努力。

聲明中說，我政府一貫任的作為，才能提昇國家，只有以普遍國際一中原則為解決兩岸關係，並為維護大我國在國際社會中活動空間及完全參與國下的權利及義務，也是為了維護大我國在國際社會中活動空間的努力。

# 行政院新聞局發表聲明
# 我國政府立場無變
# 重申堅持「一個中國」

北平市記者代表李大明（中）與外賓交談（右）和楊明（左背鏡）。昨日講過公開發言內容。（本報記者攝）

（本報特派記者蘇綠梅北平九日電）北平一千餘名新聞工作者的代表昨日午後二時到「全國記協」總部，與前來交流經驗的香港記者舉行座談會。

代表團團長、中共「上海市委」書記兼市長江澤民的秘書李大明，在會上報告了「六四」事件的經過，並回答了記者們提出的問題。

李大明首先介紹了參加座談會的新聞界人士的情況。

他說，對於這次座談會，中共中央非常重視，事前曾經過多次研究，並且指定由中央宣傳部部長王忍之負責。

他說，對於座談會的目的，是希望把大陸新聞界的情況介紹給香港新聞界的朋友們，以增進雙方的瞭解。

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# South China Morning Post

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## Ceiling of 3,000 new workers criticised

By JACQUELINE LEE

THE Executive Council yesterday endorsed a Government proposal to import another 3,000 skilled workers, which was immediately dismissed as "a drop in the bucket".

The decision is expected to help ease manpower demands in the construction and service industries, although the Government said it had no pre-conceived idea on which areas would benefit.

The 3,000 ceiling was criticised by employers, who claim between 200,000 and 250,000 workers are needed to solve the labour shortage.

They also claim that the shortages are for semi-skilled and unskilled labour and that yesterday's decision does not address the problem.

Legislative Councillor Jimmy McGregor, who represents the General Chamber of Commerce, described the figure as "a drop in the bucket" compared with the current shortfall claimed by employers.

Although he welcomed the extra quota, Mr McGregor added: "The biggest single slice of the shortage is in construction, what they need most are those who dig holes but they are not going to get it."

Fellow councillor and industrialist James Tien Pei-chun said: "It may end up that only part of the quota is used because jobs which can satisfy the Government's skill conditions are not in shortage."

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### WEATHER

Fine and hot.
Max temp
30 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Peacock win signals end to 'anti-Asian' migrant policy

By JENNIFER COOKE and agencies

THE Australian politician who created last year's controversy over the admission of Hongkong Chinese to Australia was dumped by his party yesterday and replaced by an advocate of a non-discriminatory migrant policy.

Mr John Howard, the leader of the opposition Liberal Party, was defeated in a challenge mounted only the previous night by Mr Andrew Peacock, a former leader of the party and former Foreign Affairs Minister in the Liberal Government.

Mr Peacock declared that the party's immigration platform would revert to a more moderate line, closely mirroring the current Labor Government's "open-door policy".

The new policy signals a return to the traditional bi-partisan approach to immigration, as a means of mending the damage done to the party by the fierce controversy which began last August when Mr Howard suggested Asian immigration be slowed in the name of social harmony.

His comments are believed to have cost Australia as much as $2.4 billion a year in investments by business migrants – almost half of whom are Hongkong Chinese.

Mr Peacock beat Mr Howard by 44 votes to 27 after a meeting which lasted some 40 minutes.

In a simultaneous challenge within the Liberals' coalition partner, the National Party, Mr Charles Blunt defeated long-time leader Ian Sinclair.

Commentators said Mr Peacock's large victory was a win for moderate elements in the party after the significant shift to the right under Mr Howard's leadership spanning more than three years.

During a press conference in Canberra yesterday, Mr Peacock was specifically asked what he was going to do about immigration in the wake of last year's immigration row.

"You will see in the policies that I elaborate a clear espousal of a non-discriminatory immigration program and, in fact, an espousal of bipartisanship," he replied.

Mr Peacock did not elaborate on this statement and was not available for comment last night.

But according to his spokesman "obviously nothing could be clearer than that".

He said Mr Peacock was advocating that the Liberal Party would adopt the same non-discrimination in its immigration policy as the present Hawke Government does.

"There will be no discrimination," he stressed.

In the weeks following the furore Mr Howard began rejecting "multi-culturalism" as aimless and divisive, saying it should be changed.

Asians were also singled out as a group that would be subject to controls by any Liberal Government.

Added to that were racist comments by former Victorian Returned Soldier's League president, Mr Bruce Ruxton, who has long advocated a "White Australia policy" and has blamed many of Australia's problems on Asians, particularly Chinese from Hongkong.

Prime Minister Bob Hawke was quick to renew his Government's commitment to an open immigration policy immediately following Mr Howard's and Mr Ruxton's comments.

Immigration Minister Clyde Holding was demoted to a mere junior portfolio in what was seen as a backlash against him for not being forceful enough in rejecting calls by the opposition to curb Asian migration.

And Mr Hawke early this year sent a procession of officials, including a special envoy, Mr Robert Ray, and Foreign Affairs Minister Gareth Evans, to Hongkong to try to counter the impression that race played a part in Australia's immigration policy.

The row is blamed for persuading many Asians to

(Cont'd on Page 14, Col 7)

# HK pursues hard line on Viets at UN

By SIMON MACKLIN

SENIOR foreign diplomats have been briefed by the Political Adviser, Richard Clift, in an attempt to seek support for the tough stance Hongkong will take on the repatriation of Vietnamese boat people at a United Nations conference in Geneva next month.

Hongkong officials say if the Geneva meeting does not find a solution to the problem with Vietnamese boat people, then harsher measures might have to be adopted to stem the continued influx.

But they are concerned that the United States and other Western governments might be reluctant to accept the principle of forced repatriation for those boat people who do not qualify for refugee status.

"We are looking for a positive outcome from Geneva but at the moment that doesn't seem very likely," one official said.

The Government might have to consider altering its existing policy adopted after a similar UN conference in 1979 if the Geneva meeting did not produce a solution.

"Our ability to sustain our part of the 1979 agreement is becoming increasingly difficult," the official said.

The Government was particularly concerned by the lack of support from the US, which is seen as a key player in reaching an agreement.

"There is clearly a reluctance in certain quarters to deal with the problem," the official said.

Mr Clift had briefed the diplomats on the necessity of finding a solution before the situation further deteriorated.

"The meetings were designed to engender a sense of urgency in governments outside the region," the official said.

Senior officials in Hongkong say they are pinning all their hopes on a solution being found at the Geneva conference, both in terms of reducing the number of arrivals, and in increasing the resettlement of refugees already in Hongkong.

But senior officials agree abandoning the first asylum policy could not be part of any new policy.

The head of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) regional bureau for Asia and Oceania, Sergio Vieira de Mello, will this morning hold discussions with the Governor on the preparations for the Geneva conference.

Mr de Mello arrived in Hongkong yesterday for a two-day visit to assess the situation here before going to Vietnam.

He said he was "very concerned by the unprecedented influx" of Vietnamese boat people and was anxious to hear Sir David's views on the situation.

UN Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar earlier this week issued invitations to all member nations of the UN to attend the conference.

About 100 Governments are expected to send delegates of ministerial level to the conference where Hongkong will be represented by the Governor, Sir David Wilson.

A spokesman for the British Foreign Office in London said it was hoped the Foreign Minister, Sir Geoffrey Howe, would be able to attend the conference.

Minister with special responsibility for Hongkong, Lord Glenarthur, would form part of the delegation together with a more senior minister, the spokesman said.

In the next few weeks the British Government would continue to hold urgent discussions with other countries in an attempt to ensure the meeting reached a solution.

The British authorities were increasingly concerned over the continuing number of boat people arriving in Hongkong.

"The problem is becoming of mega-proportions on a day-by-day basis," the spokesman said.

Yesterday a further 442 Vietnamese boat people sailed into Hongkong in 10 boats bringing the number

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 7)

Sunny Lee

Mr and Mrs Chow Yee-fook play with their dog on the jetty at Tai Ah Chau.

## Few comforts on the isolated Sokos

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE Soko Islands, certainly the most extreme solution to the boat people problem suggested so far, are not a place for the faint hearted. Just ask Chow Yee-fook, 69, and his wife, Chow Ng Sing-tai, 61.

As the only two residents of this group of islands which lie on the edge of Hongkong territorial waters off the south coast of Lantau, they should know.

There is no running water, no electricity, nothing.

Although the Government yesterday refused to admit the islands are on a shortlist to house boat people, it is understood the authorities are considering both the Soko Islands and nearby Shek Kwu Chau as possible sites. A government official apparently visited the islands on Saturday.

Hongkong's most isolated couple have lived in a world of their own since 1983 when the last remaining villagers moved out.

When asked about the possibility of their peace being shattered by the Vietnamese, Mrs Chow said: "Of course I am afraid of the Vietnamese. They outnumber us. If the Government can compensate us, we can leave."

Mr Chow echoed her feelings, saying: "We can always move out to Cheung Chau to our sons if that happens. There is nothing to worry about."

"We can actually see the Vietnamese coming in to the Hongkong waters from a distance. We have a radio and we know about the crisis.

"Somebody from the Government, from the Lands Department I suppose, visited us on Saturday. We knew something was going to happen."

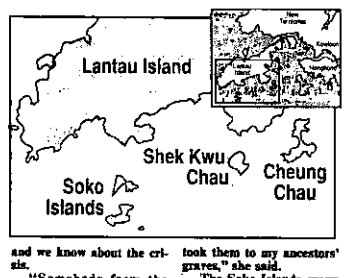
Mrs Chow said the officials were keen on visiting the graves scattered over the small island.

"I was busy preparing for our meal. We have to catch our own fish and I did not have much time for them. I took them to my ancestors' graves," she said.

The Soko Islands group has two main islands, Tai Ah Chau and Siu Ah Chau, whose combined size is about the same as Cheung Chau.

From the deck of a small boat, Tai Ah Chau, like most of Hongkong's outlying islands from a distance, resembles a lush tropical nirvana, choked with vegetation.

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 6)




## Tsuen Wan Govt's only 'real option'

By FIONA MACMAHON

TSUEN Wan is the only real option open to the Government in coping with the current Vietnamese crisis given the existing constraints, says a Government official.

Officially, the Government claims that no decision has been made and that the options of housing the new arrivals on an island, or of moving the refugees from Shamshuipo to the Four Seasons estate so the camp could be used as a detention centre, are still being considered.

Refugee Co-ordinator Mike Hanson was emphatic yesterday that no decision had been made.

He said the Government would consult the district boards when it had decided on what option to take.

Mr Hanson stressed that the Government would take into account the feelings and concerns of the Tsuen Wan residents in making the decision.

But he said that since the Government really only seemed to have two options, he could not see how they could opt for anything other than using the Four Seasons estate.

"Dumping people on an island is clearly impractical. I can't see that it would work," he said.

The logistics like water supply, food and in the short term, housing them in tents with the approach of the typhoon season, were clearly impractical, he added.

Another Government official said that if the Government did go for the islands it would be a very radical move.

He conceded that in light of the constraints on the Government, particularly the financial aspect, the situation was very grim. But he said he felt that the choice of using an island was very unlikely.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# Six sailors killed as fire hits US ship

SIX sailors were killed and five injured yesterday in a fire that swept through the boiler room of the combat stores ship USS White Plains as it sailed away from Hongkong after a five-day visit.

The ship's three boilers were destroyed, leaving the 16,000-ton vessel dead in the water, about 160 kilometres from Hongkong.

The tug USS Sioux has been sent from Subic Bay in the Philippines to tow the White Plains back to the US base, Navy spokesman Lieutenant-Commander Craig Quigley said last night.

The injured suffered second and third-degree burns on their hands and face and were being transported to an Air Force medical burn facility at Clark Air Force Base in the Philippines, Commander Quigley said.

"I'd call that serious but not life-threatening," he said of the injuries.

The names of the six dead and five injured were being withheld pending notification of relatives.

The White Plains "grocery ship" earlier this year.

The cause of the fire was not immediately known, he said.

"The fire started in the boiler room. It was put out one hour and 15 minutes later."

The White Plains, which provides food, groceries and spare parts to warships, was on a routine operation with the aircraft carrier USS Constellation and other ships when the fire broke out at about 2 pm, according to the US Navy.

The fleet had left Victoria Harbour early yesterday.

The White Plains' crew had been involved in a number of charity events, particularly involving Vietnamese children at the Shamshuipo closed camp, over the weekend.

The fire came less than three weeks after an explosion in a gun turret on the battleship USS Iowa that killed 47 sailors during exercises in the Atlantic Ocean.

The White Plains, which has a normal crew complement of 428, was commissioned in November 1968, making it more than 20 years old.

Its home port is Guam.

## Property Post

WITH further delays on the new Bank of China building pushing completion back to October, many tenants left in the lurch are facing substantial rental increases as they are forced to renew their current leases elsewhere.

Joint leasing agent, Richard Ellis director Dominic Leung, said that for most tenants the delay was not serious although there were a couple who may have problems.

● See today's 16-page Property Post

## Young trio on an escapade fly to London – at $6,470 each

By EAMONN FITZPATRICK

THREE youngsters – two girls and a boy, all aged 12 – are back in Hongkong after a remarkable and expensive jaunt to London last weekend.

The second year students at Island School decided to liven up a boring Friday in Hongkong by spending almost $20,000 on one-way tickets to London.

Originally there were four children involved, but one boy opted out of the escapade at the last minute, leaving two girls and a boy to proceed with their getaway plan.

Travelling on British passports, they bought economy class tickets costing $6,470 each before boarding flight CX 251 which took off for Gatwick at 10.55 pm.

It was not until early on Saturday morning that worried parents discovered what the children were up to. The parents immediately reported the incident to the police. The case, now closed, was initially classified as "missing persons".

One of the families contacted a relative in England just in time to intercept the runaways at Gatwick and put the two girls on the next flight home. The boy's father flew to London to collect him.

Headmaster of Island School, Mr David James, said the matter did not involve the school.

A spokesman for Cathay Pacific, Ms Rebecca Chan, said yesterday: "We have our own internal procedures and the police requested us to help with their inquiries."

Ms Chan declined to comment on how three young children were able to buy air tickets without arousing suspicion.

## Bush acts on Panama vote fraud

WASHINGTON: President George Bush yesterday met his national security advisers to consider a range of responses, including "military and economic options", to the finding that the Panama election has been rigged by General Manuel Antonio Noriega's regime.

However, officials indicated Mr Bush would not be in a position to announce any action against Panama in the absence of official results certifying Noriega loyalist Carlos Duque as the victor over opposition leader Guillermo Endara.

Officials acknowledged that tightened economic sanctions and an increased military presence in the US-controlled Panama Canal Zone are among the options that have been discussed at the White House.

Officials also have suggested Mr Bush might choose to withdraw some of the 6,000 American military dependents in Panama to reduce their vulnerability to harassment or attack by the Noriega regime.

At yesterday's meeting were Vice President Dan Quayle; Defence Secretary Dick Cheney; White House Chief of Staff John Sununu; Director of Central Intelligence William Webster and other top aides.

The State Department quoted US Congressman John Murtha, head of Mr Bush's observer delegation in Panama, as saying he saw Panamanian authorities resort to "fraud and manipulation" to ensure victory for Mr Duque.

The official statement, issued 24 hours after the polls closed, appeared to lay the groundwork for an offi-

(Cont'd on Page 16, Col 4)

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## HK Bank won't up $5b stake

**HONGKONG and Shanghai Banking Corporation has no immediate plans to raise its stake in the UK-based Midland Bank, according to the chairman of the British bank.**

**The decision will have to take into account a number of "political considerations," said Midland Bank chairman Sir Kit McMahon who attended yesterday's annual Hongkong Bank shareholders' meeting.**

**Sir Kit's statement is significant in view of speculation that Hongkong Bank may use the Midland Bank vehicle to switch its domicile to the UK if the need arises.**

The bank has vehemently denied such speculation.

**When Hongkong Bank acquired a 14.9 percent stake in Midland Bank in 1987 for £383 million ($5.2 billion), it agreed to maintain its stake at that level for at least three years.**

**It is now half-way round the three-year standstill and Sir Kit said that while there were no immediate plans to alter the bank's level of holding in Midland, any plan would have to address "political considerations."**

**"We do not have any immediate plan (for increasing Hongkong Bank's stake) and we do not know what will happen after the standstill; we do not think we can really look that far," he said.**

**Sir Kit however added there were "many political considerations (on this matter) and it is not just up to us."**

**"Questions on what the Hongkong Government would feel, what the Chinese and British governments or the Bank of England would feel; we have to discuss all that and see," he said.**

**"Our strategy is to try to get closer together to see how well the bank fits together," added Sir Kit.**

# Chinese students in US get access to Hongkong jobs

SOME mainland students studying in the United States have applied for jobs in Hongkong-Chinese enterprises following an agreement between the two governments.

It is understood that China is eager to ease the brain drain from such enterprises and at the same time let young, educated people experience working conditions in Hongkong.

Head of the Foreign Affairs Department in the local branch of the Xinhua News Agency, Mr Ji Shaoxiang, said the arrangement had three conditions.

"In our agreement only those studying in the US can come. They can only work in China-invested companies and they can only come with a working visa, not in a private capacity."

Mr Ji said its consulates in the United States would help process applications.

"There are already students applying but the exact number is not known," he said. No applications have yet been completed.

Until now mainland students who wanted to apply for jobs in Hongkong had to return to China first.

The agreement was understood to have been initiated by China.

In March, Chinese Communist Party chief, Mr Zhao Ziyang, told local businessmen that China would like mainland students studying overseas to work in Hongkong and the special economic zones of China.

At the meeting the vice-director of the State Council's Hongkong and Macau Affairs Office, Mr Lu Ping, acknowledged that students would only be allowed to work in firms with Chinese investment.

Mr Ji said the issue of restrictions on where students could work was raised by Hongkong.

A spokesman for the Immigration Department, however, would not confirm or deny that there were such restrictions.

"We adopt a case-by-case approach when considering each application, regardless of the person's nationality," said Mr Stephen Chan Hin-yau yesterday.

It is understood the Government is worried about possible employment loopholes if work visas are issued to mainland students for enterprises without Chinese connections.

It is feared they may stay illegally after their visas expire.

Asked why the agreement was limited to students studying in the US, Mr Ji said the idea was also initiated by the Hongkong Government.

"They intend to make the US a trial case," said Mr Ji.

A spokesman of the China Resources Holding Company, a prominent Chinese owned corporation in Hongkong, yesterday confirmed that there were already applications.

He said they did not know the number of applicants but it was "definitely less than one hundred".

The company launched a talent hunt in the United States last September, luring top degree holders to join the management team in Hongkong.

## INSIDE TODAY

**Summit**

Chinese and Soviet leaders are about to meet for their first summit since 1959. Correspondents look at the difference decades make, the thaw spreading out from an icy border and the lessons of Cambodia

**Page 13.**

**Women**

Filipino women are fighting a system imposed on them by men and the Catholic Church, but it's an uphill struggle.

**Page 13**

**Rescue**

A can of soft drink helped a brave fireman rescue a girl from a ledge 17 floors up

**Page 3**

Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier daily employment section

**WEATHER:** 26°C — 30°C. Fine and hot. Details on Page 19.

# Macau law clears way on passports

**By Harald Bruning** in Macau and **Stanley Leung**

HONGKONG people with long-time residence in Macau may soon find it easier to become Portuguese nationals.

A new immigration law, to come into effect on July 2, will create the mechanism to validate their length of residence in the enclave.

Those who can prove residency of five or more years can apply for Portuguese passports if they satisfy other general requirements.

Under the law, thousands of Hongkong people now working and living in Macau will have to apply to immigration authorities for residence.

Official estimates indicate up to 100,000 Hongkong people live in Macau.

Some hold identity cards as foreign nationals while others do not have any residence certificates.

Some are believed to have lived in the enclave for 30 years or more without official identification.

The new law will make it compulsory for all foreign workers to apply for the right to residence – and make it easier to prove how long they have lived there.

Anyone who has lived in Macau for five years continuously is allowed to apply for a Portuguese passport.

Passports are usually granted within two years, provided the applicant passes a language test, is able to prove financial independence and fulfils other general requirements.

During the five-year period, potential passport applicants must not leave Macau for more than 90 days a year.

The new law is ostensibly aimed at curbing the uncontrolled influx of outsiders and giving more protection to local workers.

It will have no impact on Hongkong travellers staying fewer than 20 days. Those staying more than 20 days will have to apply for a 30-day extension.

A second 30-day extension may be granted by the governor but only on "exceptional grounds."

Under the new law, Hongkong identity card holders who have lived in Macau for one year or more will have to apply to Macau authorities for permission to reside in the enclave.

Hongkong people of Chinese descent will have to prove their length of stay in Macau.

Immigration authorities will be empowered to issue one of three types of residence: one to five years, five to 10 years and over 10 years.

Governor Carlos Melancia issued the decree earlier this month and said it was aimed at tightening controls over the enclave's loose immigration policy.

It will replace an outdated 1968 law which has been described as "marred by loopholes and discrepancies".

A spokesman for the Hongkong Immigration Department said yesterday it had not received prior notice of the new law and there had been no consultation between the two governments.

He did not expect the law to have a major impact on Hongkong people, most of whom travel to Macau on short trips.

The move could discourage the continued influx of Hongkong people who have been criticised by local press and community leaders.

Some hotels and banks have given preference to Hongkong residents for middle-management and executive positions.

After July, applications from Hongkong people to work and live in Macau may be turned down on economic grounds.

Observers also say the Macau government is determined to impose tighter controls over the flow of people into the enclave in the run-up to 1999.

"Many are worried about their future in Macau and some are angry that they will have to pay as much as 1,000 patacas (HK$1,000) to get a piece of paper stating they are Macau residents," said a Kaifong member.

## Deng is 'sorry' for stand on students

**By Tammy Tam** in Beijing

**CHINESE paramount leader Deng Xiaoping regretted his tough stand against recent student unrest and had been convinced to soften his attitude, reliable sources told *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday.**

**He also regretted the forced resignation of the former Communist Party General Secretary, Mr Hu Yaobang, in 1987 and the hasty introduction of price reforms last year, which resulted in runaway inflation across the country.**

**Shortly after confessing his regret, Mr Deng, 84, left for Wuhan, capital of Hubei, for a rest. He left the handling of the student situation to the current General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang.**

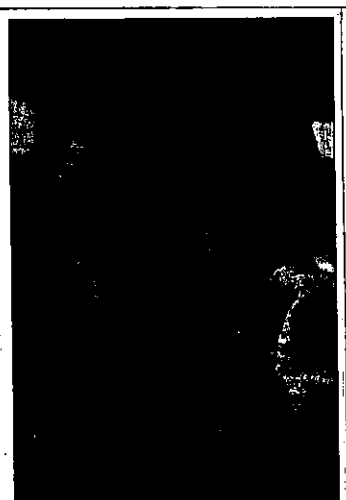
**Mr Deng's admission was related to some intellectuals by Mr Yan Mingfu, head of the party's United Front Work Department.**

**Mr Zhao, who returned from an official weeklong visit to North Korea on April 30, was shocked by the party's tough line on the student movement, the sources said.**

**Before his departure on April 23, he told his aides the students should be guided but not suppressed. On his return he met with Mr Deng and persuaded him to switch to a softer approach.**

**Mr Deng, who returned from a short trip to Qingdao on May 7, acknowledged he was wrong to criticise the students.**

**On April 25, two days after Mr Zhao had left for Pyongyang, Mr Deng questioned the motives of some students and suggested "black hands"**



■ Mr Deng ... regrets his stand on students.

**(instigators) were behind the demonstrations.**

**He said the unrest was more than a student movement. It was "political turmoil", he added.**

**Mr Deng reportedly said a crackdown of the unrest was needed by force if necessary and even at the cost of bloodshed.**

**This approach was reflected in a front-page editorial in the *People's Daily* the following day, which infuriated students and prompted mass demonstrations on April 27.**

**Observers in Beijing believe Mr Deng's change of attitude was meant to avoid the type of mistakes made by Mao Zedong in his later years. Mao made a major mistake in neglecting collective leadership.**

**On May 4, while briefing participants of the Asian Development Bank conference, Mr Zhao said the students' wishes for reforms were shared by the government and the party – an obvious switch in government attitude.**

**Mr Deng, apparently convinced that high-handed measures would not solve the problem, appreciated Mr Zhao's actions, sources said.**

**# Beijing University students will hold a bicycle parade today to press demands for talks with the government.**

**■ Three campuses will join Beijing University in boycotting classes. They are Beijing Normal University, People's University and Beijing Agricultural University.**

**■ About 500 students from Tianjin will cycle to Beijing this weekend to support counterparts there.**

## Sihanouk to keep Khmer link

BANGKOK: Cambodian resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk told refugees yesterday that he could not break his alliance with the Khmer Rouge, though he said he would like to do so.

The prince said that although Phnom Penh Premier Hun Sen had asked him to join his government and drop the Khmer Rouge he was in no position to do that.

"I would like to do that, but the situation forces me to stay with the Khmer Rouge," he said.

Prince Sihanouk did not elaborate, but diplomats said that while the former Cambodian monarch strongly disliked the Khmer Rouge, he believed that his political standing would be considerably lessened if he broke his alliance with them.

During a visit to Site B, a camp eight kilometres from the Cambodian border, Prince Sihanouk told the refugees they would be allowed to return to Cambodia this year but pledged none would be forced back against their will.

Prince Sihanouk said he was optimistic Vietnam would withdraw its troops from Cambodia by September as promised and warring factions would negotiate a peace by then.

Prince Sihanouk said: "This year I come to my beloved children with the very great hope we can solve the Cambodian problem.

"This time I am not lying to you. I promise you that this year we will go home." – AFP, Reuter

■ Beijing summit could advance peace: **Page 8**

■ Cambodia brings up lesson of Vietnam: **Page 13**

## Mark Six

ONE punter won the first prize of $2,379,907 in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 7, 20, 21, 31, 39 and 40 yesterday. The extra number was 32.

The second prize of $321,809 each had four winners while the third prize of $11,745 each had 235.5 winning units.

# Six die in ship blast near HK

SIX sailors died and five others were injured in a fire on board a United States Navy ship yesterday, just hours after it had ended a five-day visit to Hongkong.

The blast on board the *USS White Plains* occurred in the South China Sea, about 160 kilometres south of Hongkong, just after 2pm.

It is believed to have been caused by a fuel leak.

The fire was the second fatal accident on a US warship in two weeks. It followed the explosion in a gun turret of the *USS Iowa* on April 19, which killed 47 men in the US Navy's worst peace-time accident.

The Pentagon, which released news of yesterday's fire, refused to give the exact location.

During their stay in Hongkong, crewmen from the *White Plains* dressed as clowns to entertain children in the Sham Shui Po refugee camp.

No names were released last night, and it was not known whether any of these sailors were among the victims.

The damaged ship is a 177-metre 9,400-tonne combat supply vessel commissioned in November 1968 and now based in Guam.

The fire, which swept through the vessel's boiler room, destroyed its three boilers, leaving it dead in the water, a navy spokeswoman said.

"It appeared to be a fuel leak," she said, declining to be identified.

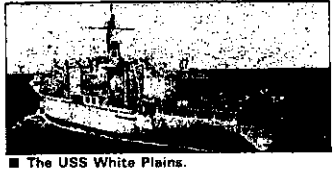
She said the fire broke out in the main engine spaces "while conducting operations" at an undetermined location in the South China Sea. She said the five injured were evacuated by helicopter to the nearby USS Sacramento, another combat support ship, and later to Clark Air Base in the Philippines.

They were described last night as being in a stable condition.

Lieutenant-Commander Craig Quigley, a Navy spokesman, said the navy tug *USS Sioux*, en route to the scene, was to tow the *White Plains* back to Subic Bay Naval Base in the Philippines.

The injured suffered second- and third-degree burns on their hands and faces.

The *White Plains*, which provides food, groceries and spare parts to warships, arrived in Hongkong last Thursday with the aircraft carrier *USS Constellation*. It left early yesterday. – Agencies



■ The USS White Plains.

■ Plans are set to turn the 83-year-old Western Market into a cultural bazaar.

# Market to mimic Covent Garden

PLANS are underway to turn the 83-year-old Western Market into a Covent Garden-like cultural bazaar buzzing with musicians, cafes and souvenir shops.

Mr Pao Ping-wing, chairman of the Urban Council's Capital Works Select Committee, said yesterday that London's landmark was being used as a blueprint in renovation plans for the market.

Speaking at the council's monthly open meeting, Mr Pao said the Government had agreed in principle to turn the market into a cultural bazaar.

Covent Garden, a one-time market that later fell into disrepair, has become famous for its cultural atmosphere. Artists perform in its open square, shops sell works of art, and cafes and souvenir shops abound.

Mr Pao said the Land Development Corporation, of which he is a director, would prepare an architectural layout.

A competition for the best interior design would be held and the Urban Council chairman, Mr Gerry Forsgate, had been invited to help with the judging.

Mr Pao said the Antiquities Advisory Board wanted the market building preserved and declared a monument.

The three-storey Western Market, which was built in 1906, will be vacated in August after its tenants are transferred to the newly-built Sheung Wan complex.

Mr Pao said the corporation would bear the maintenance costs.

The proposal aroused the interest of council members yesterday and several asked for more details.

Mr Pao said the market would not look exactly like Covent Garden because of geographical factors, but the best job possible would be done.

■ Hawkers protest **Page 4**

# Board rejects estate housing plan for Viets

**TSUEN Wan District Board members yesterday unanimously rejected the Government's plan to house about 5,000 boat people in the vacant Four Seasons public housing estate.**

**The board members put forward their own recommendations as to where the boat people should be put.**

Some suggested a temporary housing area in the district, which was further from densely populated areas than the proposed Four Seasons estate.

Their other suggestions included moving the boat people into vacated buildings in the Kowloon Walled City or the uninhabited Brothers and Kau Yi Chau islands.

Residents of the district are angry over the proposed use of the Four Seasons estate but a group representing them said they would not take drastic action.

Meanwhile, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) was dragged into the housing controversy – and was attacked by board members for its reported remarks.

Elected member Mr Albert Chan Wai-yip accused the UNHCR of adopting an "irrational and improper attitude" in asking the Government not to respect the boards views.

He said he doubted how much understanding the United Nations agency had regarding the functions of district boards.

Another member, Mr Tam Tai-on, said the

UNHCR should take local residents' sentiments into consideration before making its comments.

The UNHCR reportedly urged the Government to stand firm in its propsal and not be deflected by local opinion.

Neither the UNHCR charge de mission, Mr Fazlul Karim, nor his deputy, were available for comment yesterday.

The director of Oxfam, Mr Chris Bale, said he did not think the Government should ignore the opinion of Tsuen Wan residents and their district board.

He said he had pointed out that district boards would not welcome refugees to their district and said the Government should make more consultation efforts.

Opposition by Tsuen Wan residents was very understandable, Mr Bale said, but the estate would only be used temporarily.

The Four Seasons estate was earlier earmarked as temporary housing to resettle 2,400 squatters.

The board members asked where these squatters would be resettled if the estate was to house the refugees.

Also coming under fire

■ Continued **Page 2**

## Top two ousted in coups

SYDNEY: In stunning party room coups, Australia's conservative opposition parties dumped their respective leaders yesterday morning.

The backroom manoeuvring followed the sudden announcement on Monday night of leadership challenges to the Liberal and National parties.

The party upheavals were accomplished decisively when the Liberal Party restored its former leader Andrew Peacock in place of John Howard and the Nationals dumped Ian Sinclair for Charles Blunt.

Nicknamed the Kooyong Colt, Mr Peacock won the spill 44 votes to 27. The Nationals did not release details of their vote.

The changes have been brewing since the last federal election in July 1987 that gave the Labor government of Prime Minister Bob Hawke a record third straight win.

Mr Howard was widely viewed as hindering the coalition's chances of victory after getting his math wrong on proposed alternative tax reform.

Mr Howard was surprised by the challenge, as he entered Parliament yesterday, he declared: "I have the numbers. I will not resign." – AP

■ For more reports from Down Under see our AUSTRALIA TODAY section.

Liftout ▶

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# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月
14
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北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云 风向 北风 风力 二、三级 间四级
夜间 晴 风向 北风 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 23℃ 最低 10℃

第14915期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


中办国办信访局答复首都高校学生“请愿书”

## 党中央国务院和有关部门负责人15日继续同学生和各界人士对话

**新华社北京5月13日电** 中共中央、国务院和有关部门负责人将于5月15日继续同北京高校部分学生及各界人士座谈对话。

据悉，中共中央办公厅国务院办公厅信访局负责人今天上午已将这一信息通知了5月6日递交“请愿书”的两名北京高校学生。

北京高校几名学生5月6日向中办国办信访局递交了部分学生要求与中共中央、国务院领导同志对话的“请愿书”。之后，又有一些首都高校学生通过各种渠道提出对话要求。5月8日，中办国办信访局负责人对递交“请愿书”的学生作了答复。5月11日，几名学生询问对话的具体安排，中办国办信访局负责人又作了答复。递交“请愿书”的学生于5月13日向中办国办信访局送了他们拟参加对话的部分学生名单。中共中央和国务院有关部门与北京市有关方面就对话问题作了进一步研究。当晚即与递交“请愿书”的学生进行联系，并商量了对话的有关事宜。

近几天，中央领导同志、国务院有关部门负责同志以及一些地方的负责人已与首都部分高校的学生及其他各界人士进行了多层次、多渠道的座谈对话。

# 赵紫阳同首都工人座谈

## 希望有爱国心的公民不要做妨碍中苏高级会晤的事情

## 党和政府正抓紧研究解决学生工人等提出的合理要求

**新华社北京5月13日电** 中共中央总书记赵紫阳今天说，即将举行的中苏高级会晤是举世瞩目的大事。会晤的成功，符合中苏两国人民的利益，也有利于世界的和平与稳定，所以世界各国都很关注。我们每一个有爱国心的公民，只要理智地想一想，都一定会努力维护祖国的尊严和我国的国际形象，都不会做任何妨碍和损害这次高级会晤的事情。

赵紫阳今天下午在人民大会堂同首都工人代表座谈时，谈到据闻大学生提出要在戈尔巴乔夫主席访华时进行游行示威等行动的问题。他说，我想告诉同志们，近来学生提出的合理要求，工人和其他群众提出的合理要求，党和政府都在认真负责地抓紧研究解决。多渠道、多种形式的对话正在开展。各级党委和政府都在为搞好治理整顿、争取经济形势的好转而进行着艰苦的工作。中央为推进民主和法制建设，加强廉政建设，促进政治体制改革，围绕着群众普遍关心的热点问题，最近正在研究许多实际措施和步骤，扎扎实实地加以解决。当然，我们的各种工作只能在现实的条件和基础上进行，不可能在一夜之间把一切都办得尽善尽美。但我们将坚定不移地在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题。6月下旬全国人大常委会全体会议将把群众关心的若干热点问题列为主要议程，就是我们决心依靠民主和法制解决问题的一个重大步骤。尽管人们可能有这样那样的意见，这是不可避免的，也是正常的。

赵紫阳强调指出，但是，大学生也好，其他公民也好，如果因为对本单位或国内的工作有意见，就去干扰国际会谈，损害中苏高级会晤，如果出现那样的事，那就没有道理了，就不会得到人们的同情和支持。希望广大同学等能保持理智，顾全大局，自觉地维护国家的尊严和利益。对于那种有损国家利益，有损中国人的声誉和形象的行为，不要响应和支持，千万不要做亲者痛、仇者快的事情。

5月13日，中共中央总书记赵紫阳在人民大会堂同首都工人座谈，并听取工人代表的意见。

新华社记者 崔宝林摄

## 胡启立等同首都新闻界对话

### 与会者对新闻改革发表许多建设性批评意见

### 中央负责人强调在民主法制轨道上改革新闻

**新华社北京5月13日电** 中共中央政治局常委胡启立，书记处书记芮杏文、阎明复，中宣部部长王忍之，于5月11日至13日分别到新华社、人民日报社、光明日报社、中国青年报社，同编辑、记者和领导干部座谈对话。

胡启立等同志认真听取了与会同志的意见，感谢大家的批评和建议，同时也坦率地谈了自己的看法。他们认为新闻改革作为政治体制改革的一个重要组成部分，已经到了非改革不可的时候了。对待新闻改革，态度一定要坚决，步子一定要稳妥。要在民主与法制的轨道上解决问题。新闻法的制定将严格按照立法程序进行，还要展开广泛的民主讨论。现在确有必要对我国的新闻工作己的看法，并对我国的民主法制建设和新闻改革提出了许多建设性意见。

胡启立等同志认真听取了与会同志的意见，感谢大家的批评和建议，同时也坦率地谈了自己的看法。他们认为新闻改革作为政治体制改革的一个重要组成部分，已经到了非改革不可的时候了。对待新闻改革，态度一定要坚决，步子一定要稳妥。要在民主与法制的轨道上解决问题。新闻法的制定将严格按照立法程序进行，还要展开广泛的民主讨论。现在确有必要对我国的新闻工作进行研究。

在座谈对话中，与会同志就近一时期的学生游行示威等情况和新闻报道问题发表了自己的看法，并对我国的民主法制建设和新闻改革提出了许多建设性意见。

胡启立等领导同志还约请首都十多家新闻单位的主要负责人进行座谈，并应邀听取了首都新闻理论界部分专家、教授的意见。

在座谈对话中，与会同志就近一时期的学生游行示威等情况和新闻报道问题发表了自

## 天安门广场数百学生绝食请愿

### 李铁映李锡铭陈希同等到现场劝说回校

**新华社北京5月14日凌晨2时40分电** 13日下午，首都高校数百名学生到天安门广场进行绝食请愿。

绝食的学生宣读的一份“绝食宣言”说，这次绝食是为了抗议政府对北京学生罢课采取的冷漠态度，抗议政府拖延与北京高校对话代表团的对话。

据悉，中共中央、国务院和有关部门负责人将于5月15日继续同北京高校部分学生及各界人士座谈对话。中共中央办公厅国务院办公厅信访局负责人已于13日上午将这一信息通知了5月6日递交“请愿书”的北京高校学生。

13日晚，中共中央书记处书记阎明复邀请部分学生、教师座谈。绝食的学生在座谈中提出了要求。阎明复坦诚地表述了自己的看法，并提示将把学生的要求如实向中央报告。

14日凌晨2时半，李铁映、李锡铭、陈希同、安志信、李其炎、任宏俨、张健民等同志到天安门广场劝说学生回校。

到发稿时，绝食的学生仍在广场静坐。

## 西汉有纸获确凿证据

### 造纸历史上推二百年

本报讯 据《中国科学报》报道，中国科学院自然科学史研究员潘吉星最近展示确凿证据，证实早在西汉时中国就有了纸，中国造纸的历史起码要向前推述两个世纪。

《后汉书》第78卷记载的蔡伦造纸术，为世人所公认。但是，1957年陕西出土的灞桥纸，1973年甘肃出土的金关纸，1978年陕西出土的中颜纸，均出土于西汉古墓或遗址。1987年底，潘吉星将上述四种纸纤维样品分别请日本京都生产开发科学研究所、高知纸业试验场、东京明石光学技术株式会社中心鉴定，均确定被检样品为植物纤维纸，其中灞桥纸较原始。

1988年9月，在甘肃省天水市放马滩西汉墓出土了一张纸地图。又为上述观点提供了有力证据。

## 合肥同步辐射装置了不起

### 百余中外科学家称

**据新华社合肥5月13日电** （记者田文喜、宣春华）正在合肥出席国际同步辐射应用会议的100多位中外科学家，高度评价合肥国家同步辐射装置建成并出光是一项了不起的成就。

中国科学院学部委员、合肥同步辐射用户委员会主任、著名物理学家谢希德教授说，这是我国第一台专用同步辐射装置，是在比较困难的条件下做出来的，很不容易。

曾4次来合肥考察和帮助建造合肥同步辐射装置的美国斯坦福大学同步辐射实验室负责人赫尔曼·维尼克说，这台装置做的很快、很成功。

在同步辐射技术方面正在迅速起步的巴西、印度、南朝鲜等一些发展中国家的专家、学者，看了合肥同步辐射装置后非常兴奋。他们说，中国的科技成就对他们是一个鼓舞。

加强议会联系 促进人民友谊 发展国家关系

## 万里抵温哥华开始北美之行

**新华社温哥华5月12日电** （记者徐林兴）全国人大常委会委员长万里今天下午飞抵加拿大西部城市温哥华，开始对加拿大和美国进行为期21天的重要访问。

加拿大四海岸城市温哥华依山傍水，草绿花翠，令人陶醉。

当万里乘坐的专机抵达这个花园式城市时，受到加拿大联邦众议院副议长尚帕图、中国驻加拿大大使张文朴、中国驻温哥华总领事武津和当地华侨代表的热情欢迎。

陪同万里委员长访问北美的有万里夫人边涛、人大常委会副秘书长曹志、外交部副部长朱启祯和人大法律委员会副主任顾明等。

温哥华是万里访加的第一站。他还将先后访问维多利亚、里贾纳、蒙太华和多伦多等加拿大城市。在横贯加拿大的访问结束之后，这位75岁的中国领导人将于5月22日飞往美国进行访问。

万里的北美之行是新中国成立40年来人大委员长对加拿大和美国进行的第一次访问。一位陪同访问的中国官员对记者说，万里委员长此行的主要使命在于通过同加拿大和美国领导人的接触，加强议会之间的联系，促进人民之间的友谊，推动国家关系的发展。

×　×　×

万里一番认真的回顾和总结，从思想观念、管理体制、领导方法和传播方式上求得更新和改进。要进一步增加公开化、透明度，真正实现党的十三大报告所提出的“重大情况让人民知道，重大问题让人民讨论”。在民主和法制的轨道上，扎扎实实地把新闻改革推向前进。

几天来的座谈对话，是在坦诚、融洽的气氛中进行的。大家认为，这种座谈对话增进了相互理解，是积极的、有益的。

据悉，座谈对话还将继续进行。

## 国务院批准地方机构改革部署

### 中央各部门不要以各种方式干预

**据新华社南京5月13日电** （记者龚福人）人事部部长赵东宛在今天结束的全国人事工作会议上说，经国务院批准，今年地方机构改革工作的总要求是结合治理整顿工作，认真抓好机构编制的控制管理工作和机构改革的准备。

据介绍，国务院批准的今年地方机构改革工作的具体部署是：

——深入调查研究，制订机构改革方案。着重转变职能、理顺关系、调整结构、精简人员，对省、地（市）县各级政府部门机构改革作全面规划，组织研究和拟订省级和计划单列市机构改革的基本原则和具体方案。这项工作要求在今年年底或明年初完成。

——对地方机构进行局部性的调整。各地可根据本地的实际情况对地方机构进行局部性的调整，但这种调整必须符合机构改革的原则和方向，不得扩大机构数量和编制数量，避免因局部调整而造成新的膨胀，为今后的改革设置障碍。

——严格控制机构编制膨胀，作好机关“消肿”工作。各地要严格执行编制定员，不得随意扩大人员编制，增加领导人数，提高干部配备级别。要重点做好机关人员的“消肿”工作。

——搞好地方机构改革试点。经人事部同有关省、市协商，确定河北省、哈尔滨市为省级和计划单列市机构改革的试点，省、市前两年开始的中等城市机构改革试点随后进行；县级机构改革试点将在阜资、嘉城、原平、邓峰、清县、华容等县进行。

国务院在批准上述部署时还要求中央各部门应积极支持地方机构改革的准备工作，不要以领导讲话、会议纪要、发文件等方式干预地方的机构设置和人员编制配备。

## 高校毕业生分配大多落实

### 社会总需求仍超过总供给

**新华社济南5月12日电** （新华社记者刘铁钦、山东人民广播电台记者王晓李）记者从1989年全国高校毕业生分配计划协调会上获悉，今年社会对高校毕业生的需求量仍超过毕业生人数。国家教委所属学校的毕业生，采取请进来、走出去的办法，通过招聘、推荐等活动，大多数已经落实了分配方案。

国家教委介绍，今年我国高等学校毕业生分配原则仍是以计划分配为主。据统计，现有高校的毕业生仍然满足不了各地方、各部门的需要。交通部、石化总公司、化工部、水利部、机电部和北京、上海、江苏、广西、云南等地都组织了由学校和用人单位参加的招聘、推荐会。天津、山东、吉林等地今年采取积极态度吸收毕业生，并且妥善安排好他们的工作。

国家教委的有关负责人指出，虽然总需求仍超过总供给，但需要毕业生较多的是厂矿和中小城市等基层单位，这与毕业生意向发生矛盾。毕业生的思想教育工作艰巨，致使毕业生对分配的期望不切合实际。为此，需要进一步加强毕业生服从国家需要的思想教育工作。

## 六个国家机关公开招考干部

**新华社北京5月13日电** 监察部、国家审计署、国家统计局、国家环境保护局、国家建材局、国家税务局等6个国家机关今天开始招考工作人员。

数百名来自北大、清华、中央民族学院、北京经济管理学院、中国政法大学等高校的学生今天到设在国家建材局的报名站报了名，还有一些学生是从河南、山西等地赶来报名的。

苏联外交部发言人说

## 苏中高级会晤有重要意义

### 可推动国际同形成更良好政治气氛

**新华社莫斯科5月12日电** 苏联外交部发言人佩尔菲利耶夫13日在新闻发布会上说，即将举行的苏中高级会晤，不仅对进一步发展双边关系具有重要意义，而且对加深国际局势健康化，对在亚洲与会世界建立新的更良好的政治气氛的趋势也具有重要意义。佩尔菲利耶夫还宣布，苏联外交部长谢瓦尔德纳泽、苏共中央政治局委员雅科夫列夫、苏联部长会议第一副主席兼计委主席马斯柳科夫等将陪同戈尔巴乔夫访华。

## 本月十五日开始 苏联将撤走部分驻蒙军队

**据新华社莫斯科5月12日电** 苏联今天宣布，从本月15日开始从蒙古人民共和国撤走其部分军队。

据塔斯社报道，首批撤出的是坦克和高射火箭部队。

苏联驻军参谋长格林克维奇上将说，1969至1990年期间，从蒙古将共撤出近5万人，850多辆坦克，约1100辆步兵战车和装甲车，820多门各种火炮，约120架飞机和130架直升机。他希望苏联采取的这一步骤有利于加强这个地区的信任、睦邻关系与和平合作。

## 江西企业拖欠贷款严重

## 387家被工商银行起诉

### 法院审毕79起 银行全部胜诉

**新华社南昌5月13日电** （记者锡健、通讯员建丘）江西省各级银行开始借助法律武器保护贷款的安全。去年以来，这个省387家企业因贷款到期不归还，分别受到省内工商银行的起诉，这批逾期贷款总金额为3618万元。法院现已受理323起，审毕79起，银行全部胜诉。

长期以来，银行向企业贷款易放难收，给国家信贷资金造成很大损失。去年，工商银行江西省分行专门成立“条例法律小组”，为各地、市、县支行培养这方面的干部120多名，开始在全省推开存、贷纠纷的诉讼活动。到目前止，被起诉的企业，有国营84家，集体222家，个体131家。

诉讼活动的开展，有效地增强了企业的还贷观念，迫使企业想方设法按期还款。据统计，今年以来，全省工商银行系统开户企业共归还逾期贷款1.07亿元。由贷款担保单位代还逾期贷款469万元。

## 青岛查处非法索要商品房案

### 案件涉及近50个单位70多名干部

**据新华社青岛5月12日电** （通讯员施清凡记者刘海民）青岛市一些党政、企事业单位和个人非法索要、换取商品房而且不交房款一案，最近受到查处。这一案件涉及近50个单位，共120多人，其中有70多人是党政和企事业单位的领导干部，有3人是市级领导干部。

今日谈

## 要珍惜国家声誉

钱岩

苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫明天将前来我国进行正式访问。有人担心，首都和一些地方的高校学生罢课、游行尚未完全停息，会不会即将到来的这次重大的国事活动受到干扰。不能说他们的这种担心完全是多余的，因为这是关系到国家声誉的大事情。

国家之间领导人的相互访问是一项重要的国事活动，任何国家都十分重视，对来访的国宾给予合乎礼仪的隆重接待。国宾访问的每项日程都事先经双方协商做好安排。为使访问按照计划顺利进行，要求国民知以配合，这已成为国际交往中的惯例。

毫无疑问，结束外国宾客需要有一个安定、和谐的正常气氛。这就需要全体公民来共同创造。因为事关国家的荣誉，拥有爱国心的人都是能够识大体、顾大局，不使重大的国事活动受到干扰。违约不说，近几年国际上就不乏这样的例子。

仅以1986年3月8日我国李先念主席到南亚一个友好国家进行国事访问为例。当时正值该国反生大规模的暴动。但是，在李先念主席抵达首都之前，暴动宣布停止，李先念主席受到了按礼仪安排的正常欢迎。

中苏高级会晤，标志着中苏两国关系的正常化，是一件举世瞩目的大事。我们相信，我国每一个爱国的公民都会懂得，不能使这次重大的国事活动受到干扰。这是黑也是我们的首要所希望的。苏联领导人就首批应宣来示决不干预别国的内部事务。谁要是做出任何有损国家声誉的事情，都是被不得人心的。希望爱国的全国人民包括广大青年人能以大局为重，在苏关国家声誉的大事面前，其他的问题都要先服从大道理。况且有一些问题，政府正着手研究解决。在这种情况下，如果不首先考虑大道理，而任凭意气用事，就将会造成很坏的后果。这是所有爱国者都不愿看到的。

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# 趙紫陽盼學生理智

# 勿損中蘇高級會晤

## 嚴尊國祖護維會都民公心國愛有凡

## 決解究研緊抓正局當求要提所生學

## 中央通知北京學生 明天開展座談對話

### 學生前日遞名單 中央當晚即與聯繫

【新華社北京十三日電】中共中央、國務院和有關部門負責人將於五月十五日邀請北京高校部分學生及各界人士座談對話。

據悉，中共中央辦公廳國務院辦公廳信訪局負責人今天上午已將這一信息通知了五月六日送交「請願書」的兩名北京高校學生。

北京高校幾名學生五月六日向中辦國辦信訪局遞交了部分學生要求與中共中央、國務院領導人對話的「請願書」之後，又有一些首都高校學生通過各種渠道提出對話要求。五月八日，中辦國辦信訪局負責人對送交「請願書」的學生作了答覆。五月十一日，幾名學生物問對話的具體安排，中辦國辦信訪局負責人又作了答覆。遞交「請願書」的學生於五月十二日向中辦國辦信訪局送了他們擬參加對話的部分學生名單。中共中央、國務院有關部門負責人以及中國人民大學、北京大學、清華大學、北京師範大學、北京政法學院、北京外國語學院、北京經濟學院、北京農業大學、北京醫學院等十所高校的負責人和學生代表，於五月十三日上午舉行座談會，聽取學生對對話的意見和建議。

座談會上，學生代表提出了對話的具體要求和建議。他們說，我們希望對話能夠平等地進行，不要有框框，不要有禁區，不要事先規定對話的內容，不要事先規定對話的範圍，不要事先規定對話的人數，不要事先規定對話的時間，不要事先規定對話的地點，不要事先規定對話的方式，不要事先規定對話的結果。

學生們說，我們希望對話的內容能夠廣泛一些，除了教育問題外，還可以包括其他問題，如改革問題、經濟問題、政治問題、社會問題、國際問題等等。

學生們說，我們希望對話的人數能夠多一些，不要只是幾個人對話，而是要有更多的人參加對話。

學生們說，我們希望對話的時間能夠長一些，不要只是一兩個小時，而是要有充分的時間進行對話。

學生們說，我們希望對話的地點能夠公開，不要只是在小範圍內對話，而是要讓更多的人知道對話的情況。

學生們說，我們希望對話的方式能夠多樣化，不要只是一種方式，而是要有多種方式。

學生們說，我們希望對話的結果能夠有實際的效果，不要只是空談，而是要有具體的落實。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種制度，不要只是一次性的，而是要有經常性的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種風氣，不要只是少數人的事，而是要有更多的人參與。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種文化，不要只是表面的，而是要有深層的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種精神，不要只是形式的，而是要有內涵的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種力量，不要只是軟弱的，而是要有力量的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種希望，不要只是失望的，而是要有希望的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種未來，不要只是過去的，而是要有未來的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種歷史，不要只是現在的，而是要有歷史的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種傳統，不要只是一次的，而是要有傳統的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種習慣，不要只是偶然的，而是要有習慣的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種制度，不要只是人治的，而是要有法治的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種民主，不要只是少數人的民主，而是要有多數人的民主。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種科學，不要只是經驗的，而是要有科學的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種理性，不要只是感情的，而是要有理性的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種智慧，不要只是愚蠢的，而是要有智慧的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種勇氣，不要只是懦弱的，而是要有勇氣的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種責任，不要只是推卸的，而是要有責任的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種義務，不要只是權利的，而是要有義務的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種權利，不要只是義務的，而是要有權利的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種自由，不要只是束縛的，而是要有自由的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種解放，不要只是壓迫的，而是要有解放的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種革命，不要只是改良的，而是要有革命的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種改革，不要只是保守的，而是要有改革的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種創新，不要只是模仿的，而是要有創新的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種發展，不要只是停滯的，而是要有發展的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種進步，不要只是倒退的，而是要有進步的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種文明，不要只是野蠻的，而是要有文明的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種和平，不要只是戰爭的，而是要有和平的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種友誼，不要只是敵對的，而是要有友誼的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種合作，不要只是競爭的，而是要有合作的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種團結，不要只是分裂的，而是要有團結的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種統一，不要只是對立的，而是要有統一的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種和諧，不要只是衝突的，而是要有和諧的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種平衡，不要只是偏頗的，而是要有平衡的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種穩定，不要只是動盪的，而是要有穩定的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種秩序，不要只是混亂的，而是要有秩序的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種規則，不要只是隨意的，而是要有規則的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種法律，不要只是違法的，而是要有法律的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種憲法，不要只是違憲的，而是要有憲法的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種基本法，不要只是違基本法的，而是要有基本法的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種人權，不要只是侵犯人權的，而是要有人權的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種自由，不要只是限制自由的，而是要有自由的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種民主，不要只是專制的，而是要有民主的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種科學，不要只是迷信的，而是要有科學的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種理性，不要只是感情用事的，而是要有理性的。

學生們說，我們希望對話能夠成為一種智慧，不要只是愚昧

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
經中國人民郵政登記認為第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號
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呼籲自覺維護國家尊嚴利益

# 趙紫陽盼同學保持理智 勿妨礙和損害中蘇會晤

## 與工人座談表示多渠道多形式對話正在展開

【新華社北京十三日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天說，即將召開的中蘇兩國關係正常化的會晤是舉世矚目的大事，會晤的成功，不僅符合中蘇兩國人民的利益，也有利於世界的和平與穩定，所以世界各國都很關注。我們都有一個願望，就是國內的公民，只要是愛國的，只要是愛社會主義的，只要是愛中華民族的，只要是愛我們偉大祖國的，只要是愛我們的社會主義制度的，只要是愛我們的中國共產黨的，只要是愛我們的人民解放軍的，只要是愛我們的人民民主專政的，只要是愛我們的社會主義的人民民主政權的，只要是愛我們的社會主義的人民民主政權的，只要是愛我們的社會主義的人民民主政權

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)五月十四日 星期日 農曆己巳年四月初十

# 快報

EXPRESS

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夏層四月初十・執日・宜結婚納采
一九八九年五月 14 日・星期日
今天天氣：吹北風，大致多雲有雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿四至廿八度之間
每份五大張 零售二元正

# 女子與狗沙田丁屋被殺
# 屍體同遭腐蝕液體溶化
## 兇徒分散拋掉骨骸企圖毀屍滅跡

（快報訊）沙田作梨坑路的作梨坑村，發現女子被殺後，屍體與狗的屍體同遭腐蝕液體溶化，兇徒分散拋掉骨骸企圖毀屍滅跡的駭人兇案。

據悉，在兩天前的月初一，鄰近三幢屋被發現的兇案現場，即沙田作梨坑村一個約近三十歲，傳地區富有傳聞青年男女在三樓出入，因此曾引起警方懷疑有人用作吸食某種藥物的場所，於今年初及上週曾先後兩次入屋搜查，但均無所獲離去。

直至最近鄰居發現初時入住女子未見出現，而男子經常與一名樣貌頗好女子出雙入對，該女子年約二十多歲左右，而近日來該單位污水管道出現污水經過路旁明渠，傳出異臭無比，且似有血水從出渠通，引來村內狗群相爭搶食，因此以為是寵物性命被，故不以為意。

由於事態嚴重，探員立即知會上峰，大批人員增援現場，將現場封鎖進行調查，據說在浴室內發現浴缸被強烈腐蝕性液體，懷疑有人用之作「化屍池」，將屍體或在浴缸腐蝕性液體內解肌肉溶化，然後將骨骸裝解棄在皮箱置於浴室。

兇案現場：沙田作梨坑村一屋據稱發現被殺兇犯殺害兇徒棄屍（箭頭所示），警方封鎖現場進行調查。

## 渠邊溢出血水
## 狗隻爭相舐食

於前日傍晚六時許，鄰近發現兇案的沙田重案組第二隊兩名探員往二樓調查一宗盜竊案，由一名男子報稱一名女子，當探員調查時，該兩名探員發現一股強烈臭味，引起探員上三樓調查，無意間發現該兩名男人家中，並檢獲小量可卡因。

由於事態嚴重，探員立即知會上峰，大批人員增援現場，將現場封鎖進行調查，據說在浴室內發現浴缸被強烈腐蝕性液體，懷疑有人用之作「化屍池」，將屍體或在浴缸腐蝕性液體內解肌肉溶化，然後將骨骸裝解棄在皮箱置於浴室。

探員檢查現場發現有人棄置的物體，其他骨骸裝置現場有狗骨骸，懷疑有人將所餘骨骸棄置。

後據一些便衣探員向附近的物體，用膠袋盛載帶走，並帶走附三歲男子及廿七歲女子。

警方表示，初步認為兇手是與死者相識的人，兇手及死者曾一起飲酒，在飲酒及附近一帶再購買食物，在飲酒及進食，警方仍由警員調查中。

## 兇屋疑是吸食藥物樂園
## 一對男女正助警方調查
### 搜查証物・封鎖垃圾廂上・科學鑑証科人員在污水明渠搜索証物。下：村口垃圾房亦封鎖搜查。



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## 不惜犧牲健康爭取官方誠意對話
## 天安門絕食
### 赴使館遞函・邀高巴卓夫到學校演說

（綜合北京外電消息）二千名高校學生與六個始在北京天安門廣場絕食，以爭取自由和民主，他們同時要求與蘇聯總統高巴卓夫訪華時到學校演說。

絕食學生高舉標語牌進行遊行抗議行動，直至黃昏後就全面邀請民主改革問題專家和他們展開對話為止。

當時天安門廣場有數以千計進入圍觀學生的絕食行動。

位於沙田作梨坑路的作梨坑村，坐村均屬三層高西遠望式丁屋，每屋面積約七百平方呎，共有廿二座，住有五百多人。案發現場的一幢丁屋，約距村口坟場內約百碼呎，業主為六十歲夫婦，丁屋八年前落成後，即分別予八間住，據悉約於一年前一名附三歲姓黃男子偷同一名年齡相仿女子租住二樓一單位，月租二千多元，該兩男女自稱黃姓夫婦，在進駐管理處登記。

人員搜手查證協查。

留一對男女協助調查，而北就證供及感情成金錢問題外，並於該案動機是否涉及感情成金錢問題外，並於該案動機是否涉及感情成金錢問題外，並於該案動機是否涉

# 越南船民經陸岸沿大國中

# 人地當死殺品給補搶強

## 北京停援助越南人　湛江等受市等衝擊

（本報特派記者林社炳、體攝）湛江報道：由於中國國民已由本年起突然停止發放越南船民每人港幣五元的補助金，因此，不少越南船民滯留湛江市人民政府一位不願透露姓名的官員表示，為防止越南船民大量湧到本港的越南船民，不過在本年起已停止發放補助，但地方政府要提供救濟，便由當地設船舶，設備當地設施，嚴格管理。

該名官員表示，在物質施實施後，如發現有船民不多，地方政府可給予救濟有限，其中亦有偷船及越南船民沖到岸邊，目前，地方政府仍未通過本船協助船民返回越南。

他指出，湛江市有最近更發生一宗越南船民包圍漁船的搶劫事件，警方發生打鬥，造成有當地居民死傷，當地居民最痛恨，要用私刑處死他們，並有當地居民下暫時平息。

該名官員指出，當年有不少由越南偷渡到香港的船民，其中亦有偷船及越南船民沖到岸邊，目前，地方政府仍未通過本船協助船民返回越南。

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該名官員表示，在物質施實施後，如發現有船民不多，地方政府可給予救濟有限

# 爭取電視直播及增對話代表
# 北京學生無限期絕食

圖為北京學生與爭取天安門廣場舉行絕食抗議行動，他們昔日由自由主義女神像下出發，過二環路，至西四路口，坐在人民英雄紀念碑前，絕食學生并舉有作為面，支持他們的絕食行動。（美聯社傳真）

圖頭戴黃巾「絕食」布條的北大學生昨日在絕食前吃一頓由同學煮的飯菜（路透社傳真）

【本報北京十三日電話採訪】體育中共中央及國務院於明日與北京高校學生對話，但二千多名學生不滿有關安排，今日通宵第二日在天安門廣場絕食，要求政府撤銷與學生對話對話。一名學生代表表示，學生不能接受政府提出參與對話學生人數不能超過二十人及新聞界只可作部分報導等安排，學生要求無條件與政府領導人對話，並在人民日報公開道歉，否則將舉行大規模示威，要求增加，因此原定今晚舉行的第二次絕食抗議活動已不再舉行。

昨日中午，參加絕食的北京大學學生在廣場集合，宣讀絕食宣言，在民族英雄紀念碑前吃過絕食前最後一頓午餐後出發，在長安街靜坐，以「壯士一去分割因應」的悲壯氣氛告別他們。

開放學生會主席吾爾開希等十多位學生會幹部，與自行組成步行回天安門廣場。指揮北京大學學生的吾爾開希表示，絕食是為爭取政府對話，及恢復被鎮壓的愛國民主運動。

參加絕食的學生在四時左右陸續抵達天安門廣場，學生團體人民英雄紀念碑前坐下，等候政府代表團到來。

學生在廣場上呼籲，歡迎新聞界採訪，但不要干擾絕食。

報道，四月廿六日的社論，一些學生運動領導人激動示威，四月廿二日胡耀邦逝世，學生運動開始，四月廿七日，數萬名學生遊行示威，要求政府改變對學生運動的「動亂」的錯誤看法，並要求與政府領導人對話。

第二次「抗議政府一直對學生運動採取的敵本冷漠態度」，以「動亂」的帽子，及一系列強硬的對策。

天安門廣場學生團體代表今日下午二時舉行記者招待會，宣布絕食決定。

【本報北京十三日電話採訪】北京天安門廣場絕食抗議學生，昨日下午二時舉行記者招待會，宣布絕食決定。

發言人、清華大學學生王丹說：「我們絕食的目的是為了促進政府對話，促進政府對學生運動的看法改變，促進政府對學生運動採取寬容的態度。」

王丹說，絕食學生要求政府迅速與北京高校學生代表對話，並要求政府承認這場運動是愛國民主運動，絕食學生並要求政府對學生運動採取寬容的態度，絕食學生並要求政府對學生運動採取寬容的態度，絕食學生並要求政府對學生運動採取寬容的態度。

王丹說，絕食學生要求政府迅速與北京高校學生代表對話，並要求政府承認這場運動是愛國民主運動

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# 爲顧全中共「形象」和勿破壞中俄共高峯會
# 承認學生工人民衆要求合理
# 趙紫陽稱黨政府正認眞研究

【本報專訊】中共一總書記、趙紫陽昨日透露，中國大陸的學生、工人和其他羣衆的合理要求，黨和「政府」都在認眞研究解決，而且在六月下旬的「人大常委會全體會議」把民衆關心的問題列爲主要議程。

中共「總書記」趙紫陽昨天顯大學生要組織中共的「團際形象」，「爲了顧全大局」，不要破出現破壞中共與蘇聯正常關係的局面。趙紫陽說，六月下旬的「人大常委會全體會議」將把羣衆關心的若干熱點問題作出決定，包括學生和法制建設，加強廉政建設，促進政治體制改革，解決官倒問題，最近在北京引起羣衆強烈反響的「不當制止」五月廿四日「百萬人大遊行」，以及對到訪的戈巴契夫的問候與支持。

趙紫陽說，中共的政策是「一手抓改革開放，一手抓打擊經濟犯罪活動」，「兩手都要硬」，「兩手都不能軟」。

趙紫陽在周三（十日）與戈巴契夫舉行的「中蘇兩黨兩國關係正常化會談」中，向戈巴契夫表示，中共「堅持改革開放的方針不變，堅持四項基本原則不變，堅持獨立自主的和平外交政策不變」。

趙紫陽說，中共中央總公認，「動亂」的產生，是由於「一小撮別有用心的人，利用羣衆對黨和政府的一些工作中的缺點和錯誤的不滿，煽動羣衆鬧事，製造動亂，企圖否定中國共產黨的領導和社會主義制度」。

趙紫陽指出，各種工作只能在現實的條件和基礎上進行，不可能在一夜之間把一切都變得盡善盡美。但我們絕不容許地在民主與法制的軌道上解決問題。

趙紫陽說，六月下旬的「人大常委會全體會議」將把羣衆關心的若干熱點問題作出決定，包括學生和法制，加強廉政建設，促進政治體制改革，解決官倒問題

INSIDE
12-page Sha Tin Race Guide

South China
# Sunday Morning Post

INSIDE IN COLOUR asia magazine

Vol. XLV No. 132 | HONGKONG, SUNDAY, MAY 14, 1989 | Tel: 5-652222 | Price $3.00

□ Piers Jacobs

## US report attacks Hongkong dollar link

By MICHAEL CHUGANI in Washington and DAVID CONNETT

A UNITED States Government report has criticised the Hongkong administration for maintaining the fixed link between the Hongkong dollar and its US counterpart.

The report was released during a US Congressional hearing into alleged currency exchange rate manipulation by the four "Asian Dragons" – Hongkong, Taiwan, South Korea and Singapore – and the effect on the US trade deficit.

The US wants the currencies of Hongkong, Taiwan and South Korea to appreciate to reduce a huge American trade deficit with the newly industrialised countries (NICs) which stood at US$29.2 billion (about HK$227.7 billion) last year.

The report, prepared by the US General Accounting Department (GAO), claimed the US Treasury Department had two complaints against the Hongkong Government.

"First, the Hongkong dollar has depreciated in real effective terms since it was linked to the US dollar in 1983," the report, said.

"Second, given the appreciations of the Japanese yen, the Korean won and the New Taiwan dollar against the US dollar, Hongkong exports to the United States are in a strengthened competitive position."

The report said this competitive edge by Hongkong made it difficult for the US to persuade Japan, Taiwan and South Korea to allow their currencies to appreciate.

This is because the three countries can claim they would lose out to cheaper exports to the US from Hongkong.

The GAO report says the US Treasury Department suggested to Hongkong that it link the Hongkong dollar to a basket of currencies as an alternative to the peg with the greenback.

But the Hongkong Government strongly rejected this proposal, arguing that currency revaluation is not necessary since the link arrangement still allowed for trade adjustments, the report claims.

Hongkong officials also said a link with a basket of currencies was too complicated for the territory's residents to understand, the report claims.

"In addition, the Hongkong Government argues that exchange rate stability is critical until 1997, when Hongkong will become a Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China," the report states.

But last night, Mr Piers Jacobs, the Financial Secretary, hit back at the report's findings, which he described as nonsense.

Mr Jacobs said: "I have not seen this latest report but it sounds nonsense. Recent reports from the United States have clearly differentiated between the economies of Hongkong and Singapore and those of South Korea and Taiwan. We do not maintain an artificially low currency rate for trade advantages. We currently have a trade deficit."

He said there had been no meetings with the US Treasury Department during which the US suggested dropping the fixed link in favour of a basket of currencies.

"I am the senior finance officer and I am not aware there has been any such proposal from the US Treasury Department," he said.

He was aware that Congressional concern over US trade imbalances with Asian newly industrialised countries had led to an investigation, but he said he did not know how long this had been taking place.

"It sounds like this is a report which has been taken out and dusted down and has been overtaken by more recent reports."

A senior GAO official, Mr Allan Mendelowitz told the Senate committee that although Hongkong had one of the most open markets in the world, the Treasury Department still wanted to see the territory's currency strengthen alongside those of the other newly industrialised countries.

● Continued Page 2

Reuter

# Don't upset talks, Zhao tells strikers

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

THOUSANDS of students staging a sit-in hunger strike in demand for greater democratic rights were urged yesterday not to do anything to impede the forthcoming Sino-Soviet summit.

Mr Zhao Ziyang, General Secretary of the Communist Party central committee, said it was inevitable and normal that some people had complaints.

"But," he stressed, "it is unreasonable for students ... who have complaints about their domestic affairs to obstruct international talks or the summit.

"Anybody doing so will earn the opprobrium of the people, he warned.

He said every patriotic Chinese citizen should safeguard the dignity of the motherland and its international image. No one should do anything to impede or jeopardise the summit, he stressed.

The speech co-incided with the gathering of tens of thousands of students late last night in central Beijing's Tiananmen Square, where about more than 2,000 others had earlier begun a sit-in hunger strike.

THE SUMMIT
● Spectrum: The First Summit – When Stalin Forced Mao's Hand
● The Summit Agenda: P9
● Editorial: P12

Several groups of students converged on the square from universities in the capital's northern suburbs, carrying banners reading – in both Chinese and Russian – "Democracy: our common ideal."

The hunger strikers had begun their sit-in in the afternoon to press the Chinese authorities to open talks on democratic reform.

The students, sitting precisely where visiting Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev is scheduled to review a military parade when he arrives tomorrow for his summit meeting with Mr Deng Xiaoping, may once again test the limits of official tolerance.

Shortly before midnight, four trucks and two buses of police pulled up to the square and stood by watching, but made no immediate effort to intervene.

The government announced that leading officials of the State Council would meet the students tomorrow, but student leaders immediately rejected the proposal for failing to meet their conditions.

Mr Zhao, speaking at a forum of workers in the Great Hall of the People, said he wanted to make it known that the party and government were seriously considering reasonable demands raised by students, workers and other people.

Mr Zhao said he hoped the students would be sensible, take the interests of the nation into account and conscientiously safeguard the dignity and interests of the country.

The students, many wearing white or red headbands with inscriptions like "Hunger Strike" and "Democracy Warrior," marched on foot to the square where they took an oath against eating until they had achieved their goal.

"We love truth more than food!" students chanted.

"Life is valuable, love is precious, but for democracy we can sacrifice both!" they yelled.

● Continued Page 2

□ Student activist Wang Wen leads hundreds of students into Tiananmen Square yesterday to start their hunger strike.

## Dinner date to show who's the boss

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing

AT a moment of great uncertainty about the power relationship among senior Chinese leaders, Communist Party head Zhao Ziyang is poised to assert his position during this week's visit of Mikhail Gorbachev.

After meeting separately with Mr Gorbachev on Tuesday, Mr Zhao will formally host a dinner in his capacity as General Secretary of the Communist Party, according to diplomatic sources.

The entire five-man Standing Committee may attend the dinner as a symbol of Mr Zhao's authority, according to one senior Asian diplomat.

Mr Gorbachev will also meet with paramount leader Deng Xiaoping and Premier Li Peng on Tuesday and with State President Yang Shangkun tomorrow according to the same sources.

He will almost certainly hold a press conference on Wednesday before proceeding for a one-day visit to Shanghai.

Before student demonstrations rocked the Chinese capital after the death of deposed party head Hu Yaobang on April 15, Zhao Ziyang's position within the government was widely rumoured to be very weak.

Several reports suggested that Mr Zhao, blamed by some senior leaders for a deepening economic crisis, would be relieved of his party leadership.

His role in economic matters was sharply reduced last autumn when emergency austerity measures to halt inflation were announced.

● Continued Page 2

## Agency condemns refugee move

By DEAN NELSON

THE Government's decision to move Shamshuipo's refugees from their camp to house the growing numbers of boat people arriving in the territory was yesterday condemned as "the crudest and most inhumane treatment of the Vietnamese since they arrived more than 10 years ago".

Save the Children director Mr Phillip Barker said the decision to squeeze the increasing number of new arrivals into existing camps showed how the Government was using children as pawns in its ploy to blackmail the West into stepping up its intake of Vietnamese refugees.

He claimed the decision created a dangerous precedent for the treatment of Hongkong people themselves after 1997.

"The message is not too obscure. This will be no place to be if you need help to retain or maintain your dignity or human rights," he said.

"The executive, the legislators, your neighbours cannot be relied on to safeguard even a child's basic rights," he added.

Mr Barker launched his attack after spending the day at Shamshuipo and Tuen Mun camps helping fellow voluntary agency workers pack away their equipment and prepare to make way for extra beds for refugees and boat people.

Also yesterday Marine police intercepted 246 more Vietnamese boat people, swelling the number of Vietnamese in Hongkong's camps and detention centres to 32,746.

Mr Barker described Friday, when the decision was made and the wheels set in motion, as "a black day for Hongkong" when "the usually caring Hongkong people allowed themselves to be used by civic leaders and the government as the reason for this crude and inhumane treatment.

"Chinese people may accuse us of being interfering Westerners, but we have been in Hongkong for more than 30 years, and we were there helping refugees from the mainland in the '50s. We have paid our dues and we are entitled to say what we think," he said.

□ Fazul Karim

Many of the refugees being moved are children whose education is being held up, and their services slashed to make room in the camps for the new arrivals, he added.

Mr Barker's outburst was echoed by other refugee workers who said the Government's move would create chaos in the camps.

Mr Fazul Karim, Charge de Mission of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, said the decision was a setback for liberalisation.

"We are unhappy about it, and we feel other avenues were not explored," he said.

One refugee worker said she feared forcing Shamshuipo refugees to live in close quarters with those in the Tuen Mun camp could end in gang violence.

"There is no other word for it than chaos. Children's education is being affected and rival gangs from the different camps are being thrown together," said one refugee worker.

Other voluntary agencies were counting the cost of the decision yesterday as they packed their things and prepared to withdraw their services from Tuen Mun and Shamshuipo camps.

Refugee Co-ordinator Mr Mike Hanson said he was pessimistic about the loss of services.

He said the move would create severe disruption for voluntary agencies, and that many services would have to be sacrificed.

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**WEATHER**

Today will be mainly cloudy with moderate northerly winds. Maximum temperature will be around 28 degrees.

SUNDAY SPORT

## Triumphant Liverpool on title march

**LIVERPOOL moved closer to completing an English League and FA Cup double for the second time in four years yesterday when they came from behind to beat Wimbledon 2-1, while First Division leaders Arsenal suffered an unexpected 2-1 home defeat by Derby.**

**Arsenal's lead has been cut to just two points, leaving Liverpool in the championship driving seat as they have three league games left – all at home – against Arsenal's two.**

**Meanwhile, Hongkong laboured to a 2-1 win over Macau in yesterday's interport match at the Government Stadium.**

**In their final warm-up before next week's first World Cup qualifier against Japan, the Hongkong team failed to impress.**

● See stories P18

## Church deplores Noriega terror tactics

THE Roman Catholic Church, highly influential in Panama, has condemned military leader General Antonio Noriega and called on his soldiers to stop terrorising residents.

Police maintained roadblocks in sections of the capital Panama City early yesterday but the streets were calm and residents appeared to be carrying out their normal activities.

The church, in an unusually stern statement, attacked last week's elections as fraudulent and appealed to Noriega supporters who beat opposition candidates with pipes, sticks and rubber whips to act with moral restraint.

Government television appealed for calm while a government-controlled newspaper named Bush "Bum of the Day".

Latin American leaders also intensified efforts to negotiate an end to the crisis as hundreds of United States troops sent by President George Bush to protect Americans in Panama arrived at US bases. Some 1,881 US soldiers were expected to arrive this week.

Japan also urged Panama's government to "respect the general will of the people". The request came in a letter from Japan's ambassador to Panama, Jumpei Kato, about election irregularities.

Meanwhile, General Noriega and acting President Manuel Solis Palma remained out of sight. Neither has been seen in public nor made a statement in a week.

The government, blaming the United States in part for interfering in internal affairs, nullified the election. International observers have said opposition candidate Guillermo Endara was beating Noriega's handpicked candidate, Carlos Duque, by a three to one margin. No new elections have been scheduled.

Venezuela, a leader in the regional democratic effort and a vocal opponent of General Noriega, recalled its ambassador on Friday, following similar moves by the US and Mexico.

The *Washington Post* reported yesterday that Venezuelan President Carlos Andres Perez offered Noriega asylum in Venezuela. The paper provided no further details.

The US has sought to oust General Noriega from power since he was charged with drug-trafficking offences last year in Florida. General Noriega, head of Panama's 15,000-member defence force, has denied the charges.

General Noriega has successfully weathered political and economic turmoil since February 1988, when he engineered the ouster of President Eric Arturo Delvalle, who had tried to fire General Noriega after he was indicted.

The US continues to recognise Mr Delvalle despite the installation of Mr Solis Palma. It has imposed economic sanctions on Panama that created cash shortages and contributed to a decline of its international banking business.

*Associated Press*

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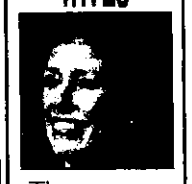
God's Banker

Intrigue behind the Vatican's finances

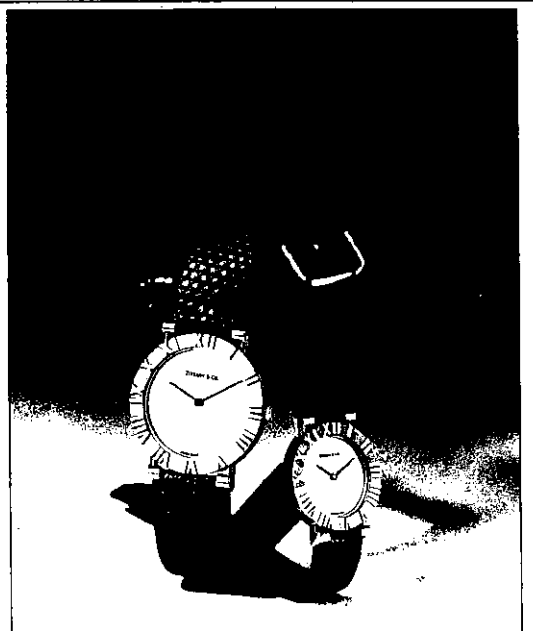
THE GREAT ESCAPE

5 pages of Summer Travel Options

WASHINGTON WIVES



The women behind those men in the spotlight



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FULL UK SOCCER RESULTS — Back Page


# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

May 14, 1989 $3.00


# Kukri used in murder of Gurkha

**Exclusive by Penny Mote**

A MURDER inquiry into the brutal slaying of a Hongkong-based Gurkha has taken a dramatic new twist.

Comrades-in-arms of Lance Corporal Balkumar Kandangwa are being questioned in connection with his death.

The politically-explosive line of investigation follows a revelation that he was attacked with a kukri – the Gurkha soldiers' traditional weapon.

So sensitive is the possibility that Kandangwa may have been slain by a fellow-Gurkha that investigators have drawn a veil of secrecy over the barrack questioning.

Following the booby-trap grenade murder of 34-year-old Major James Richford in December, the prospect of a second Gurkha being killed by a comrade is their worst fear, especially since Whitehall is soon to decide the famed fighting force's future with the British Army.

Kandangwa, 26, met a mysterious death 11 weeks ago while on border patrol.

Illegal immigrants were originally suspected of hattering him to death.

According to official announcements, his skull was fractured with injuries to the brain.

Balkumar Kandangwa

But the *Sunday Standard* has learned that he also suffered previously undisclosed injuries from a kukri – possibly his own, which was recovered from a nearby fish pond.

And the head of the police investigation, Chief Inspector Lau Chi-Keung of New Territories CID, has admitted the murder probe has extended to Kandangwa's former comrades in the 7th Battalion of the Duke of Edinburgh's Own Gurkha Rifles.

"Yes, we have spoken to members of the regiment," Chief Inspector Lau said.

"We are looking into different aspects of the case and there are three possibilities: army personnel, civilians or illegal immigrants."

Illegal immigrants or smugglers from China were originally suspected of murdering Kandangwa, who left a wife and child who have since returned to their village in Nepal.

Eight illegal immigrant suspects were rounded up on the night of the murder.

But they have since been eliminated from inquiries.

So now the investigation – being mounted by police and the military's Special Investigations Branch – has turned to the Gurkha battalion.

The line of inquiry centres on his kukri, the traditional curved Gurkha knife.

It went missing, along with his truncheon and radio, on the night he was killed investigating an alarm on the border fence.

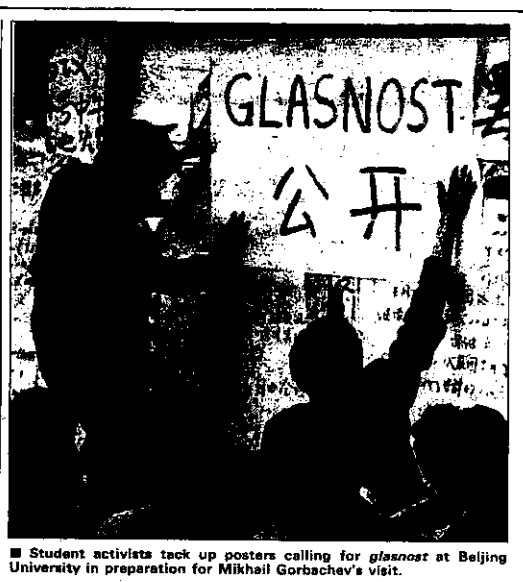
And a post mortem, which has not been made public, found numerous cuts resembling those made by a kukri – which only Gurkhas are skilled at handling.

Questioned about the suspected use of a kukri in the attack, Chief Inspector Lau said: "I can't deny it or say anything.

"I really can't tell you anything about it or comment on any knife wounds."

Asked if police were prepared to disclose details of the battalion investigation, he said: "I can't comment on that."

**Continued Page 2, Column 8**




■ **Student activists tack up posters calling for *glasnost* at Beijing University in preparation for Mikhail Gorbachev's visit.**

# Gorbachev visit sparks mass student hunger strike

**From Terry Cheng in Beijing and agencies**

THOUSANDS of students yesterday launched a mass pro-democracy hunger strike to coincide with the arrival of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev tomorrow for the first Sino-Soviet summit in 30 years.

The hunger strike, the first in China, comes just two days before the start of the Sino-Soviet summit which will be attended by the country's most senior leaders including paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping.

Last night about 10,000 students gathered in Tiananmen Square to support the hunger strikers, and stayed there overnight to appeal for an early dialogue with the authorities.

Observers in Beijing said the students had adopted clever tactics to pressure the government on the eve of the arrival of Mr Gorbachev, who is highly popular among Chinese students for his liberal political reforms.

Hanging banners in both Chinese and Russian saying: "Democracy: our common ideal", the students vowed to continue the hunger strike until the government agreed to have "equal and sincere" talks on their demands for democratic reforms.

"We hope Mr Gorbachev's visit will help promote political reforms in China," said Mr Wang Dan, student leader from Beijing University.

"As for whether we will disrupt Mr Gorbachev's visit to China, that depends on the government," Mr Wang said.

Chinese sources said the outgoing Politburo decided the authorities should not use force against the students.

Carrying colourful banners, the students gathered around the Monument to the People's Heroes, where Mr Gorbachev is scheduled to visit this week.

Two student delegations

**Continued Page 3, Column 1**
● **Editorial — Page 8**

# Beijing, Moscow roll out hard sell

**From Edward Neilan in Beijing**

**AN unlikely capitalist-style public relations battle between the world's two communist giants is taking shape on the eve of their Sino-Soviet summit.**

**Karl Marx and Mao Tsetung must be turning in their graves at the spectacle of their heirs using Madison Avenue techniques to project enhanced images of their leaders and policy positions at their first top-level meeting in 30 years.**

**Relations began to sour in the 1950s when China challenged Moscow's attempt to dominate world communism.**

**Diplomatic kiss-and-hug watchers will be gauging the intensity of Chinese senior leader Deng Xiaoping's reciprocation of the welcome embrace by Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev when the latter arrives tomorrow.**

**Another yardstick will be the amount of coverage given to Mr Gorbachev on Chinese television compared with the first live interview with a foreign leader on that medium with US President George Bush during his hastily-arranged visit in February.**

**No one would accuse China's Ministry of Foreign Affairs Information Department of impersonating Ogilvy and Mather nor would Moscow's KGB first department be mistaken for another world PR power J. Walter Thompson.**

**But both sides have their high-velocity publicity guns in place to make sure they make the most of the four-day meeting starting tomorrow, according to their respective goals and expectations.**

**Continued Page 2, Column 1**

# Today inside your Sunday Standard

HONGKONG'S longest running civil case ended in the Supreme court this week when former Royal Hongkong Auxiliary Police officer Yaqub Khan was exonerated after an 11-year fight to clear his name. Sunday editor Karl Wilson profiles the man at the centre of this extraordinary case.

Also inside your new magazine section is an exclusive interview with American actress Meryl Streep whose latest film *Cry in the Dark* has just opened in Hongkong.

We begin a new series looking at the ending of the Cold War between the superpowers and the impact it is having on the rest of the world.

In the books pages we carry a profile of Neil Sheehan, the American correspondent who has written the definitive book on the Vietnam war, *A Bright Shining Lie*.

Plus our regular columns on restaurants, food, wine and fashion.

It's all in *Your World on Sunday* . . . the magazine Hongkong's talking about. Every Sunday in the *Sunday Standard*.

# Golfers face the sack

SEOUL: South Korean President Roh Tae Woo is to sack several cabinet ministers and senior officials who played golf last Sunday during the funeral of six policemen killed in clashes with students.

According to news reports yesterday, a list of officials who defied a ban issued by Premier Kang Young Hoon and "showed a lack of discipline" has been submitted to the president.

# Fisherman killed in dispute with boat people over supplies

**From Karl Ho in Zhanjiang**

A CHINESE fisherman has been killed in a dispute between Vietnamese boat people and coastal residents in China, say officials in Zhanjiang.

Problems have been increasing since the Chinese government adopted a policy forbidding coastal residents from helping boat people.

The fisherman was killed in a raid last Wednesday by a group of Vietnamese boat people who stopped over at a southern fishing port near Zhanjiang seeking fuel and food, said a Haikang public security officer

The incident in Haikang county, about 400 kilometres from Hongkong, is the first death of a Chinese resident since the policy was introduced in March.

The public security officer said yesterday the man was killed by boat people believed to be armed with knives and iron bars.

**VIETNAMESE CRISIS**

| | |
|---|---|
| **Yesterday's arrivals** | **246** |
| **Arrivals since January 1, 1989** | **8,109** |
| **Arrivals since the introduction of screening on June 16, 1988** | **16,447** |
| **Total Vietnamese in Hongkong** | **33,024** |

"It has not been uncommon for boat people to cause trouble with coastal residents over fuel and food supplies since the introduction of the new policy," said a senior official at the Zhanjiang government's Refugee Office.

The official said the disputes were understandable as the only means boat people had of getting supplies now was to raid fishermen's houses.

Vietnamese boat people were previously dependent on Chinese Government supplies during their voyage, said the director of Zhanjiang government's Foreign Affairs Office, Mr Chen Shuguang.

He said the Zhanjiang Government had spent almost 300,000 yuan (HK $600,000) providing Vietnamese boat people with food, water fuel and other supplies.

"The Government also used to repair their vessels," he said.

Under the new policy the Chinese government is no longer willing to provide the boat people with any supplies.

He said that the Zhanjiang government had also started repatriating Vietnamese boat people.

About 120 boat people had been sent back to the Sino-Vietnamese border.

"They will be asked to go back by themselves," said Mr Chen.

During their stay in China, a lot of criminal offences were reported to have been committed by Vietnamese, he said.

"Some Vietnamese have stolen poultry from farms and some women had become prostitutes," Mr Chen said.

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON

# Opposition to Noriega mounts as troops land

**PANAMA CITY: As the first American troop reinforcements began arriving in Panama yesterday, a senior opposition leader claimed Panamanian defence forces might carry out a coup against General Manuel Antonio Noriega.**

**Opposition presidential candidate Guillermo Endara, bloodied by a mob earlier in the week, said it would be "foolish" not to try to oust Noriega.**

**Meanwhile, the Government has suspended classes for the country's 660,000 students because of what it described as "the deranged administration" of US President Bush.**

**Education Minister Rolando Murga said:"We have closed all schools and universities for public safety.**

**"The deranged government of President Bush is now attempting with acts of violence and civil disobedience to destroy social order, peace, tranquility and life."**

Throughout the day US Air Force cargo planes ran a shuttle service to bases in Panama carrying troops and equipment.

A US military spokesmen said the 1,900-strong force dispatched by George Bush to back up the 10,000 American troops in Panama would arrive throughout the weekend.

Mr Endara, the presidential candidate for the opposition Civil Democratic Opposition Alliance, suffered head injuries from an attack by Noriega supporters on Wednesday and celebrated his 53rd birthday on Friday in his hospital room.

He said Mr Bush's action to send in additional troops was legal.

"He (Bush) is not violating any treaties, he is exercising a right of the United States. As president of the United States, he may do that. However, I cannot say that he will do anything for democracy in Panama," said Mr Endara in a telephone interview.

Mr Endara said the Panamanian defence forces were not truly behind Noriega, and "that there will come a time when these guardsmen will let their patriotic true feelings come out."

Asked if a coup is in the works, Mr Endara said, "If we did (plan a coup), we would be very foolish to say yes," and added, "We would be very foolish not to do it."

Most independent observers believe Mr Endara won last Sunday's election. The candidate underwent tests for possible brain damage from a cerebral hemorrhage and doctors said his condition was "guardedly optimistic."

Opposition vice presidential candidate Ricardo Arias Calderon has called for anti-Noriega protests across the country and for a general strike starting this week.

Mr Bush said he was sending the troops to Panama to better defend the Panama Canal, protect the lives of Americans in Panama and try to nudge Noriega toward accepting the results of the election.

There was still no official Panamanian reaction to Mr Bush's decision, although sources said President Manuel Solis Palma met with his Cabinet to discuss a "national contingency plan" to cope with the Panamanian-US conflict.

■ **Members of the US Army 7th Infantry Division arriving at Howard Air Force base, Panama, on Friday.**

# Bush tells Soviets to earn better relations

WASHINGTON: President George Bush has said the United States is ready to welcome the Soviet Union back into the world order, but cautioned that Moscow still had to earn the right to warmer relations with the West.

Mr Bush broke little new ground following a month-long study of East-West relations, adhering to policy lines forged by the Reagan administration.

In an apparent move to capture European attention, he resurrected a 34-year-old open skies proposal under which Nato and Warsaw Pact countries would allow surveillance planes to fly over each other's territory.

Mr Bush's speech came just hours after Nato leaders dismissed Soviet moves towards the total abolition of nuclear weapons in Europe.

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev announced plans for a unilateral withdrawal of 500 short-range nuclear weapons from Eastern Europe last week and offered to pull all Soviet nuclear weapons out of Europe by 1991 provided the United States followed suit.

Speaking to the graduating class at Texas University Mr Bush acknowledged the notable changes in the Soviet Union since Mr Gorbachev took power

# 人民日报

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## 维护农民利益　不许坑农得逞

# 南通查处一批伪劣农用商品

本报讯　日前，南通市工商局、标准局披露，这两个局从2月底起，会同有关部门对城郊和市属6县的农药、化肥、种子及农膜4大类9个品种进行了检查，发现有相当一部分是伪劣产品。立即作了严肃处理，以维护广大农民的利益，保证农作物免受侵害。

据新华日报报道，两个月内，他们共检查了120家国营企业，431家集体企业，47家个体户，抽查了87个经销单位的53个样品，除种子外，氮肥、磷肥、农膜、复合肥、速灭杀丁等5个品种，合格率均在50%以下。被查的7个磷肥企业，有4个无生产许可证，其中磷肥质量合格的只有1家。经销单位问题更多，经查，超越经营范围的国营企业1家，集体企业16家，非法经营的集体企业9家，个体23家。有些企业的坑农行径到了令人难以容忍的程度，以复合肥为例，抽取的17个样品只有2个合格。这些"复合肥"有的是从湖北的复合肥厂采购的，有的是从东台等地的复合肥厂采购的，仅海门县查到的无厂名、无厂址、无合量的"复合肥"就达1087吨之多。

对查出的问题，市工商局、标准局多已作了退货、限价、封存、销毁、取缔、处罚等不同的处理。如皋林梓供销社从兴化获垛农药分装厂购进的4.6万支"速灭杀丁"，及如皋勇敢供销社从鸣凤农药分装厂购进的一批"速灭杀丁"，因属伪劣产品均被禁止销售；如皋江防供销社和如皋长江供销社从张家港乐余磷肥厂购进的1000吨不合格的过磷酸钙，除已售出3吨外，余下977吨全部封存；启东县农资公司、海门县农资公司分别从金坛县农业研究所购进的33万支助长素，海安灯头供销社库存的3.8万只"菊脂"农药，均已失效，不得销售；启东县海复乡贸易公司从外地购进的30吨"磷肥"全部销毁；一些超越经营范围的单位受到黄牌警告；一些非法经营的集体和个体被取缔。

市工商局、标准局提请农民兄弟注意：购买农用生产资料时务需识别真伪和优劣！

# 我生物尖端技术研究获重大成就

## 能够开发八十多种国外新生物技术医药产品
## 二十多个基础研究尖端项目有能力全部掌握

新华社上海5月14日电　（记者张学金）最近在此间结束的全国生物领域战略目标会议透出信息：在世界各国竞争激烈的生物尖端技术领域，我国科学家经过一年多的拼搏，已在三个方面取得重大成就。

在生物技术基础研究方面，多肽测序、DNA合成、基因扩增等20多项被国际认为生物尖端技术的项目，我国都有能力全部掌握；应有的尖端生物仪器也已具备。

在农业生物技术研究方面，杂交水稻的研究已处于世界领先地位。原定1990年投产的两系法品种间杂交稻，已于去年底突破，中间试验近千亩，今年内可扩大到1万亩。这种新品可比三系法杂交水稻每亩增产50至70公斤。如推广1亿亩，预计年增产稻谷可达65亿公斤。

在医药生物技术方面，目前世界发达国家开发的80多种新生物技术医药产品中，我国绝大部分有能力进行开发。我国已能制备从带病毒者血浆中分离加工制成的血源性疫苗，用于控制乙型肝炎传播。最近新型乙肝疫苗和多价疫苗项目又获显著成绩。包括乙肝在内的三种单价人用活疫苗株。有的将在今年内完成鉴定，并进行人体实验观察。预计到明年底，现有的乙肝基因工程疫苗将完成中间试验，并可投入生产。

# 李铁映阎明复等与大学生对话

## 双方阐述各自观点但尚未取得一致
## 阎明复希望坦诚对话成为良好开端

本报北京5月14日讯　今天下午4时许，中共中央、国务院和有关部门领导李铁映、阎明复、财健行等与首都30多所高校学生代表对话。在天安门广场绝食的同学也提代表参加。对话在中共中央统战部机关礼堂进行。

阎明复主持对话会。他首先介绍了这次对话的准备过程。他说，党的十三大提出，应建立经常性的协商对话渠道，我们同民主党派、非党人士建立了对话制度，与同学们还没有建立起经常性的对话渠道。这次，同学们提出对话要求，党和政府是很重视的，既然对话，就不应是敷衍的、应付的，使同学们一时满意。这样不利于问题的解决，无助于改革的进程，也是对同学们不负责任的。今天的对话应该坦诚地进行，希望这是个良好的开端。从今后，把多层次的对话渠道广泛地建立起来，当然，对话只能是交换意见、沟通信息、增加透明度的渠道，社会上一些深层的矛盾，不是光靠对话就能解决的，还要靠实际工作，靠大家的共同努力。李铁映讲话强调，要和教育界的老师、同学、职工建立经常的对话制度。

首都高校学生对话代表在发言中提出，我们争取到这次对话机会很不容易，希望在三个方面进行对话。一是怎样评价这次学运；二是怎样保证宪法第35条规定的公民权利；三是如何推进中国的改革。

今天的对话主要围绕第一个问题进行。双方阐述了各自的观点，尚未取得一致意见。当对话进行到晚7时许，在天安门广场绝食的学生代表来到对话会场，提出要求现场直播这次对话，主持人指出技术设备条件无法解决，学生代表对对话如何继续也有不同意见，于是宣布休会。

5月14日，李铁映、阎明复、财健行等与首都30多所高校学生代表对话。　本报记者　沈　遐摄

# 首都高校学生仍在绝食请愿

## 10多人晕倒天安门广场得到救护
## 一些高校领导干部前往劝说返校

新华社北京5月14日24时电　首都高校数百名学生的绝食请愿活动今天在天安门广场继续进行。学生这次绝食请愿是昨天下午开始的，今天下午，在中共中央、国务院委派李铁映、阎明复等同志与学生座谈对话后，学生的绝食请愿仍未停止。一些高校领导干部到广场劝说学生返校，也有一些教师、作家到天安门广场对绝食学生表示支持。

至发稿时，天安门广场上有10多人晕倒，北京市政府立即安排医护人员进行了救护。

新华社南京5月14日电　（记者费振）记者从昨天闭幕的全国人事工作会议上了解到，国务院机构改革方案实施4个多月以来，已在4个方面取得初步成效。

据介绍，这4个方面是：

——政府机关职能有了明显转变。在机构改革中，国务院各部门在职能的总体配置上做了较大的调整。

——一些部门职能交叉、相互扯皮的"老大难"问题得到了解决。初步统计，目前已有40多个方面职能交叉的问题得到了解决。

——根据转变职能的要求，调整了机构，精简了人员。改革后国务院的人员编制数仍比以前减少5000人，实有人数减少近万人。

——探索了机构改革，转变职能的途径，为建立和推行公务员制度打下了基础。

人事部负责人指出，由于受各方面配套条件的限制，这次国务院机构改革还带有一定的过渡性；对各部门改革方案的实施情况还要检查、验收；新职能、新机构运转还不完善。国务院机构改革今年还需要进一步探化。

## 精简后机关实有人数减少近万
# 国务院机构改革初见成效

## 规模全国最大　技术难度最高
# 二滩电站前期工程全面铺开

## 设计总装机容量330万千瓦年发电量170亿度

新华社成都5月14日电　（记者李正杰、凌云）全国最大水电工程——二滩水电站的前期工程已全面铺开，进展顺利。

二滩水电站位于四川省雅砻江下游，距攀枝花市40公里。它设计总装机容量为330万千瓦，年发电量170亿度，是目前我国已建和在建水电站中规模最大、技术难度最高的大型电站，其规模在世界上也是少有的。

正在这里考察的水电专家们认为，二滩电站的条件得天独厚，靠着江水能丰沛，年来水量超过黄河，而且淹没损失小，成本低，效益高。按设计规划，二滩电站将于1997年建成发电。全部建成后，将大大缓解四川供电紧张的矛盾，促进攀枝花市和西昌地区矿产资源的开发。

二滩电站的前期工程从1987年动工以来，工程进展十分顺利。记者在沸腾的工地看到，5000多名施工人员正夜以继日地奋战在峻岭峡谷之中。长达43公里的施工公路已完成80%，新建的横跨雅砻江的吊桥已派上用场，总长3.5公里的公路隧洞也全部贯通。供电线路和微波通讯设备正在加紧建设，预计今年底可完成全部前期准备工程。

据介绍，二滩电站是由中央和地方投资并引进部分外资建设的大型电站。电站的各项工程建设全部向国内外公开招标。其中主体工程建设将于今年10月开标。

## 仅中央各部委投入近二百亿元
# 国家扶持新疆发展经济

新华社乌鲁木齐5月14日电　国家投资5亿多元扶持新疆建设的南疆泽普石油化工厂，经过三年的紧张施工，最近正式建成并全面试产。这是国家支援新疆发展经济建设的主要重点工程之一。

长期以来，为了发展边疆少数民族地区的经济建设，国家从资金上、物资上、人才技术上给了新疆维吾尔自治区大力帮助和扶持，据统计，目前，仅中央各部委在新疆的固定资产投资已累计近200亿元。

针对新疆经济基础薄弱的实际，多年来，国家在新疆民族聚集区陆续兴建了一些为民造福项目和基础建设项目。塔克拉玛干大沙漠边缘的喀什二级电站被列入中央重点补助项目，帕米尔高原上的塔什库尔干电站也列入中央专项补助。最近，规模巨大的塔里木盆地北部地区油气田的开发建设已拉开序幕，国家在这里专门成立了勘探开发指挥部。由中央部门和新疆地方联合投资24亿元的新疆独山子14万吨乙烯工程也正在积极筹建。

现在，中央和地方合资建设的兰新铁路西段——北疆铁路，去年已铺轨到乌苏，现又继续向前延伸，预计1990年可与苏联铁路接轨。目前已通车的240多公里路段开展了临时客货营运业务。国家投资5.4亿元建设的新疆佛花、塘科生产基地，去年继续完成年度建设计划。

## 改变"网破、线断、人散"局面
# 全国农技推广重新活跃

## 拥有县级推广中心1003个农民技术员50多万

本报讯　记者王友勤从农业部获悉：1984年以来，我国一些地方农技推广系统一度出现的"网破、线断、人散"的局面已经改观。一个上下相连、左右相通、专群结合、多层次、多形式、多渠道的农业技术推广网络正在发展。

农业技术推广系统是依靠科学技术发展农业生产的一个重要组成部分。前几年一些地方由于种种原因这一系统被削弱，使农业生产受到影响。近两年各级政府和农业部门在吸取以往经验教训后，经过共同努力使之得到进一步发展。据1988年底的统计，全国已有能把多种专业结合起来，促使多项技术综合应用于生产的县农技推广中心1003个。与此同时，各地都把乡、镇农技站的工作作为"科技兴农"的一项重要工作来抓。近两年来全国新增乡、镇农技站6000多个，总数已达38000多个，60%的农业乡有了农技站。湖南省扭转了前几年乡镇农技站减少的趋势，目前82%的乡镇都有了农技站。此外，村技术服务组织和农民技术员队伍也有了很大发展。据统计，现在全国已有49%左右的村民委员会建立了农技服务组织86万多个，拥有农民技术员50多万人。还有科技示范户400多万户，平均50户中就有一个科技示范户。随着商品生产的发展，我国广大农村中还涌现出9万多个努力为农民产前、产中、产后进行全程服务的专业技术研究会。这些不同形式，不同层次的农技推广服务组织在我国广大农村中形成了一个空前活跃的上下相连、左右相通、专群结合，多渠道的农技推广网络。

# 植保检疫走上法制轨道

## 全国八成地区建立三级植检网络　去年产地检疫面积已达一亿多亩

新华社北京5月14日电　（实习生包安舞）农业部副部长陈耀邦在日前召开的全国植物保护检疫对象审定委员会上指出，我国植保检疫工作取得发展并走上法制建设轨道。

陈耀邦说，我国从1983年颁布《植保检疫条例》及实施细则后，植保检疫工作开始走上有法可依的法制轨道。目前全国80%以上的地区建立了1800多个省地县三级植检网络，积极开展了植保检疫工作。据不完全统计，全国植保检疫调查面积已达9600多万亩，控制检疫对象传播的面积达2800多万亩。新发现的检疫对象和危险性病、虫和杂草调查面积为300万亩，防治面积100多万亩。初步摸清了全国各地检疫对象分布和为害情况，各地植保检疫部门对柑桔、棉花、小麦、水稻等主要农作物的种苗，进行了产地检疫，去年产地检疫面积已达一亿多亩。

# 李鹏同首钢职工座谈

## 就治理整顿深化改革发展生产和当前形势等问题
## 党和政府正研究措施在民主和法制轨道上解决学生有些意见确实反映了社会上工作中的问题

新华社北京5月14日电　国务院总理李鹏5月13日上午来到首都钢铁公司，同这个公司的炼钢工、轧钢工等生产第一线的工人和领导干部，就治理整顿、深化改革、发展生产和当前形势等问题座谈对话。

今年1至4月份，首钢的职工以高度的主人翁责任感千方百计挖掘生产潜力，克服了涨价和能源、交通紧张带来的许多不利因素，使企业经济效益继续稳步提高。和去年同期相比，钢产量增长9.2%，实现利润增长24%。这个公司的领导干部说，从现在的势头看，今年仍可以实现利润递增30%的目标。李鹏对首钢坚持改革和加强生产经营取得的成果表示满意。他对首钢工人以饱满的情绪，坚守岗位，努力搞好生产予以充分肯定。他说，首钢这几年发展很快，这是实行改革开放的结果。同时也说明首钢领导得力，职工团结，工人素质好。

首钢的工人在座谈中就如何整顿治理、深化改革、搞活大企业，以及稳定物价、反对腐败等问题，提出了中肯的意见。李鹏说：感谢大家提出了许多好的意见。我们要共同努力，搞好治理整顿和深化改革。当前的压缩是暂时的，就像跑得很快，要喘一口气，目的是为了克服当前经济中存在的困难，更好地改革、开放。我们要顺利地进行四个现代化建设，在国际上需要一个和平的环境，在国内需要一个安定团结的政治局面。经济发展、社会稳定都和广大职工的努力分不开。广大工人是发展生产的主力军，也是维护安定团结的主力军。

在听取首钢工人对学生上街游行的看法时，李鹏说，政府欢迎工人、学生和广大群众提出批评和意见。学生们的有些意见，如对经济生活中的混乱现象，党政机关中的官僚主义和某些腐败现象的意见，确实反映了社会上和我们工作中存在的问题。党和政府正在研究一系列有力的措施，通过民主和法制的轨道来解决这些问题。我们将在继续深化经济体制改革的同时进一步推进政治体制改革。

参加这次座谈对话的有中共北京市委常委、北京市副市长张健民，北京市副市长吴仪，北京市经委主任阎承宗，冶金部副部长王汝林等。

# 广东禁止一些消费品进口

## 包括烟酒、食品、服装、家电等

新华社广州5月14日电　广东省人民政府决定从5月15日起禁止进口一些消费品。

禁止进口的消费品包括：烟、酒、罐头食品、冰鲜鱼、肉、糖果、饼干、水果、蔬菜、各种饮料、服装、鞋类、化妆品、香皂、洗发液、浴液以及家用电器、日用塑料制品。

广东省政府办公厅日前发出的《通知》规定，任何单位和部门都不得用调剂外汇、周转外汇和银行贷款进口消费品，不得用广东地方留成外汇代国家部门及外地的单位进口消费品。

# 苏联领导人戈尔巴乔夫

## 今日抵京访问我国

苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记米哈伊尔·谢尔盖耶维奇·戈尔巴乔夫将于15日抵达我国进行正式访问，这是自1959年以来苏联最高领导人对我国的第一次访问。

戈尔巴乔夫是俄罗斯人。1931年3月2日生于苏联南部斯塔夫罗波尔边疆区普里沃利诺耶村的农民家庭。从15岁起，在农庄的拖拉机机械站任机械师。1950年他进入莫斯科大学法律系学习，1952年加入苏联共产党。1955年以优异成绩毕业后回到家乡工作。先后任苏联共产主义青年团边疆区委宣传部副部长、斯塔夫罗波尔团市委第一书记，边疆区团委第二、第一书记。1962年3月任苏共斯塔夫罗波尔区城农庄—农场生产管理局边疆区党的组织员，同年12月任苏共斯塔夫罗波尔农业边疆区党的组织员局局长。1962年9月—1967年他完成了斯塔夫罗波尔农业学院的函授学习，获得农业经济学的毕业证书。

1966年9月戈尔巴乔夫任苏共斯塔夫罗波尔市委第一书记，1968年6月任苏共斯塔夫罗波尔边疆区委第二书记，1970年4月任第一书记。他从1971年起为苏共中央委员，历任苏共第22、24、25、26和27次代表大会代表和苏共第19次全国代表会议代表。

1978年11月戈尔巴乔夫任苏共中央书记，1979年11月任苏共中央政治局候补委员，次年10月升为政治局委员。1985年3月11日，当选为苏共中央总书记。

他是苏联第6—11届最高苏维埃代表，也曾任俄罗斯联邦最高苏维埃代表，从1985到1988年为苏联最高苏维埃主席团委员，1988年10月1日当选为苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席。

戈尔巴乔夫就任苏共中央总书记后，在国内采取一系列重大措施，展开经济和政治体制改革，他按照"新思维"逐步调整苏联的对外政策。

戈尔巴乔夫曾获3枚列宁勋章，及十月革命勋章和劳动红旗勋章。

人物介绍

（新华社发）

# 沈阳破获一起行贿大案

## 金额6万元涉及国家干部30余人

新华社沈阳5月14日电　经群众举报，沈阳市人民检察院最近破获一起行贿6万余元的大案，案犯杨人龙、张建勤、王治国等人目前已被依法逮捕。

据介绍，此案涉及国家机关干部30多人。其中副区级干部1人、正副处级干部7人。

杨人龙、杨人杰是沈阳市沈河区东方合作快餐店的经理、副经理（属个体）。1987年7月以来，杨氏兄弟在与沈阳市中山城市建设信用社联合开发沈河区沈阳路永乐里一段，建设才公楼和快餐店期间为了套取资金，先后向城建支行办公室副主任、联建办公室主任王治国、市人防办工程处副处长怀汉和中共沈河区委常委、宣传部长张建勤等人行贿现金及录相机、彩电、金首饰和电冰箱等。他们在得到好处后，开通渠道，多方活动，不仅使杨人龙多得到几十万元资金，而且还使其骗取了沈阳东方少年儿童艺术基金会副会长等职务。

# 蘇首腦卅年來首次訪華
# 戈爾巴喬夫今抵京
# 中蘇會晤舉世矚目
## 蘇可能宣佈在東部裁軍廿萬時間表

【本報特派記者陳燕京十四日專電】中蘇最高級會晤將自明天起在北京舉行，蘇聯最高領導人戈爾巴喬夫主席今天將抵達北京，展開為期三天的訪問。中蘇兩國將結束三十年的緊張關係，開創未來。

戈爾巴喬夫這次是應中國國家主席楊尚昆的邀請到來訪問的，將在為期四天的訪問中，訪問北京和上海兩個城市。

中國最高領導人鄧小平、李鵬、趙紫陽、喬石在戈爾巴喬夫抵京後，將分別與他舉行會談。

在談到一些只安排中蘇兩國記者出席的採訪活動時，新聞司發言人特別聲明，港澳、台灣和大陸記者都屬中國記者之列，此點意思是常識問題。

雙方已同意，雙方今天將不舉行新聞發佈會。

雙方同意，中蘇兩國領導人的中心議題將是實現兩國關係正常化，並將深入討論東埔寨問題及其他共同關心的問題。

明天，中國國家領導人將舉行歡迎儀式，歡迎戈爾巴喬夫一行。楊尚昆將在天安門廣場舉行歡迎儀式，並在晚上舉行歡迎宴會。

十八日，錢其琛將陪同客人到上海訪問。

【據新華社莫斯科十四日電】蘇聯最高蘇維埃主席團主席、蘇共中央總書記戈爾巴喬夫今天上午乘專機離開莫斯科前往中國進行為期四天的正式訪問。

前往伏努科科夫二號機場送行的有蘇最高蘇維埃主席團第一副主席盧基揚諾夫等。蘇聯駐華大使館臨時代辦張鴻烈也到機場送行。

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戈爾巴喬夫的專機是蘇聯伊留申-六二型噴射客機，機上載有蘇聯共產黨政治局委員、書記處書記閻明復，中央委員、外交部部長錢其琛，中央委員、國務院副秘書長王佳榮，中央委員、中聯部部長朱良，中央委員、中央對外聯絡部部長王家瑞，中央委員、中央軍委副秘書長熊光楷，中央委員、中央辦公廳副主任王兆國，中央委員、國務院副秘書長徐惟誠，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳昊蘇，中央委員、國務院副秘書長王漢斌，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳俊生，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳慕華，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳希愈，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳錫聯，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳丕顯，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳先，中央委員、國務院副秘書長陳慕華

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期一　15　五月　一九八五年

港小七十一年四月廿七日

今日出版八張半書二元

一九八九年五月十五日（己巳年四月十一）星期一　文匯報　第一版　重要新聞


## 舉行卅年來首次中蘇峯會

## 戈爾巴喬夫今天抵京

### 蘇發言人稱戈氏行程安排會晤北大生學

【本報記者羅北京十四日電】蘇共領袖戈爾巴喬夫一行將於明天中午抵達北京，當日下午，中國國家主席楊尚昆將舉行歡迎儀式，並會見戈氏，晚上楊尚昆將設宴歡迎戈氏一行。翌日，戈氏將會見鄧小平、趙紫陽、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、萬里、宋平、胡啓立、李瑞環、田紀雲、王兆國、宋任窮、秦基偉、洪學智、王震、王恩茂、余秋里、谷牧、薄一波、彭沖、陳慕華、鄧穎超、烏蘭夫、習仲勳、王首道、王任重、萬里、胡耀邦、趙紫陽、李先念、楊尚昆、鄧小平、陳雲、宋慶齡、彭真、葉劍英

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月十五日 星期一 · 夏曆己巳年四月十一

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一一號
夏曆四月十一日 星期一
一九八九年五月十五日
今天天氣：吹東風，多雲有雨，天氣較涼
是日氣溫：介乎廿一至廿四度之間
每份六大張 零售二元正

# 對話破裂·絕食繼續

## 官方封閉天安門·學生堅決不走

## 學生提出停止絕食條件 趙紫陽李鵬須親來會談

（快報消息）北京學生與政府昨日經過四小時對話，學生總指揮在天安門廣場發出緊急通知，以便通過接收共主席團高巴卓夫到達為止。對話的政府五日分別是政治局委員、中共中央書記處、政府五個部會負責人和全國人大常委會負責人。

學生對話的主題是要求官方承認「四·二七」人道行動是愛國的行為，要求與政府高層領導人對話，並要求與政府高層領導人對話時，要有新聞界人士在場採訪。

對話於下午四點四十分開始，學生代表團團長王丹在開始時表示，待學生對話代表到達後，學生方面決定是否繼續對話下去。

北京中央電視台亦在晚間新聞報導了中央與學生對話的情況。但其後指揮部發言人對記者表示，學生代表團團長王丹在對話中表現不合作態度，故決定暫停對話。

（快報消息）北京大學二百八十三名教師，昨日就學生絕食請願上書中共中央、全國人大常委會及國務院，促請當局盡快解決問題。

上書指出，學生絕食是愛國民主運動，要求政府正視學生的愛國熱情，並要求政府與學生對話。

上書又指出，學生絕食已經危及生命安全，要求政府採取緊急措施，以挽救學生生命。

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## 學生絕食爭取民主

北京各高校學生數千人，為了促進民主化運動，於五月十三日午後起在天安門廣場發起絕食。

學生方面表示，他們會無限期堅持絕食，直至政府轉變態度，特定要求與學生代表對話。

另一方面，高校學生自治組織「四·二七」人道行動指揮部的負責人王丹、封從德、吾爾開希、柴玲、王超華、李祿、張伯笠等人，發出緊急通知，要求各高校學生代表團即時前往天安門廣場，參加絕食。

通知說：「為了促進民主化運動，為了爭取人道行動的合法地位，為了爭取政府公開報導絕食事件，為了爭取政府與學生對話，為了爭取政府承認學生愛國行為，為了爭取政府與學生對話時有新聞界人士在場採訪，為了爭取政府與學生對話時有電視現場直播，為了爭取政府與學生對話時有電視現場直播，為了爭取政府與學生對話時有電視現場直播

# 北京三千大學生今晨仍絕食

## 圖迫當使局讓步
## 許諾今日不遊行

（香港中國通訊社十四日電）中共中央政治局委員、片足遇害記開明復今晚與北京部分學生代表座談到凌晨，得到學生代表的理解，得到學生代表的諒解，答應今未被政治正式承認的北京高校學生自治會代表表示，他們暫緩今日舉行遊行，開明說，對話於下午四時開始，在下午四時十五分，四十一名學生代表在中共中央統戰部的禮堂內，與開明復、嚴慶祥等人對話。

開明復首先向學生代表說：「我這次來，是代表中共中央來聽取你們的意見，我們不是來批評你們的。」

他還說：「我們不是來對你們施壓的，我們是來聽取你們的意見，我們不是來對你們施壓的，我們是來聽取你們的意見，我們不是來對你們施壓的，我們是來聽取你們的意見，

# 學生不理禁令　凌晨仍留天安門

## 知識分子聯署緊急呼籲
## 「民主是漸進的過程」
## 勸學生暫撤離天安門

## 對話無協議　學生續絕食
### 今凌晨廿萬人集天安門

【本報記者北京特電】趙紫陽今日晚與戈巴卓夫舉行會談，雙方就中蘇關係正常化問題交換意見，但未能就學生運動問題達成協議。

另一方面，知識分子呼籲學生撤離天安門廣場的行動，昨日已見成效，估計今日將有更多人離開。

## 加強溝通　打倒官倒
## 中國各地領導人　紛紛同各界對話

## 戈巴卓夫今抵華訪問
### 蘇担心學運影響峯會

## 支援北京學生絕食
### 學聯代表抵京　中大發表聲明

## 本港廿人碼頭絕食

## 北京電視報道對話
## 在坦誠氣氛下進行
### 統戰部外事學生高喊直播情況

## 高峯會議難望登峯造極
### 北京「冷熱適度」招待・中蘇會談李鵬上陣

## 莫斯科爭取亞太區利益

## 學生要求倘今不獲答覆
## 部分北大教師
## 聲言今起罷課

## 會見會晤會談三種規格

## 絕食十多名學生送院
## 李鐵映清晨到場慰問

## 從高峯會看中蘇關係

## 社評


# Mondi
## 時尚藝術的創作

中環皇后廣場294室
尖沙咀海洋中心207室
尖沙咀中港城平台第一號4室



名・茶・產・故

# 烏龍城

原名「馬騮茶」，實爲野生的鐵觀音，生長在山巔的懸崖上，數量極少，以其山高陡危，不是人力所能採摘，茶農於是訓練猴子登峯採茶，是以爲名。後來移植茶場，加以改良，並正其名爲「鐵觀音」，無論在產量及味道，均遠勝之，故今亦無人再以猴子採其野生品種，而此茶亦名存實亡。

愚者園茶莊

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中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月十五日　星期一　香港時報　⊙國際　第二版

## 人民大會堂」紫禁城兩處共軍有調動

# 天安門逾卅萬人集聚

# 絕食學生繼續動行稱

## 寒風刺骨烈日暴曬十多學生昏倒送院

【北平十四日法新社電】北京天安門廣場的示威學生，在十四日晚間發表聲明，表示他們將繼續絕食抗議，直至他們的要求獲得滿足為止。

聲明說：「我們絕食的目的，是要求政府承認我們的愛國行動，並且要求政府與學生對話。」

聲明又說：「我們

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 15, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 133 Price $3.00


## Bond loses Euro chief

THE former chief executive of Hutchison Whampoa, Mr John Richardson, is expected to resign soon from his post as the London-based chief executive of Alan Bond's European operations.

The loss of Mr Richardson follows the announcement last week that Mr Alistair Nicholson, the Bond Corporation's treasury manager, had left to take up a position with Security Pacific, the American bank. Mr Nicholson is the second senior treasury executive to leave Mr Bond this year.

Mr Richardson, 46, joined Bond Corp in August last year. His arrival was seen as a new dawn for Mr Bond's rapidly expanding businesses in Britain.

● Report: Business Post

## HK plan for steel giant

AUSTRALIAN mining giant Broken Hill Proprietary (BHP) is looking to set up a steel processing plant in the New Territories.

The plant will turn the raw metal into cladding to be used on the walls and roofs of buildings. The steel will be sold in Hongkong and China.

The company is now looking for a site for the plant which could process up to 2,000 tonnes of steel a year when it is finished.

BHP is Australia's biggest steel maker. Although the company has substantial trading interests in Hongkong, the new plant will be the group's first move into manufacturing in the territory.

● Report: Business Post

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### WEATHER

Cloudy.
Max temp 24 degrees.
See Page 2.

# More say they will leave the territory before 1997

ONE-THIRD of Hongkong citizens are considering emigrating before 1997, a poll conducted for the *South China Morning Post* has shown.

The poll provided figures which the head of the research firm described as "sensational", and a cause for grave concern.

Mr David Bottomley, poll director at Inrasia Pacific, who conducted the poll, said: "These are very serious figures. They point to a net loss for Hongkong of at least 600,000 to 700,000 people, and that estimate is significantly higher than the 500,000 estimate obtained in an Inrasia poll last June.

"That previous poll also pointed to one of the important reasons why people are so worried – they do not believe the 'one country, two systems' promise. Seventy per cent considered there was less than a 50 per cent chance of that promise being kept," Mr Bottomley said.

The latest poll showed that a higher proportion of those leaving were from the better educated classes and who were high-income earners.

"One figure in the report especially underlines the gravity of the situation: of those interviewed with tertiary education, 20 per cent said they would not be here in 1997," Mr Bottomley said.

The poll shows that more than one-third of those who said they would have left by 1997 have both a higher education and higher income, and almost half of those who said they would leave have incomes of $10,000 or more a month.

**# POST POLL**

But the poll also found that 43 per cent of those who said they were staying in Hongkong after 1997 had considered emigrating, but had shelved the plan because they did not believe they had enough money.

The random telephone poll of 996 people, carried out in March, showed an increasing trend by local people to consider emigrating before the 1997 handover of sovereignty to China.

When asked "Will you be in Hongkong in 1997?", 11.5 per cent of respondents said they would definitely have left the territory.

A further 22.4 per cent said they were not sure if they would still be in Hongkong by 1997 while 66.1 per cent said they expected to be in the territory in 1997.

Taken as a percentage of the population as a whole, the 11.5 per cent who are determined to leave before 1997 would mean about 650,000 people plan to leave in the next eight years.

The poll reveals a difference in attitude between men and women – 13 per cent of the women said they would have left Hongkong by 1997 compared with 10 per cent for men.

About 31 per cent of those who said they did not expect to be in Hongkong by 1997 wished to leave because they did not believe stability could be maintained in the territory.

A further one-third of those planning to leave said they wished to join friends or family who had already left the territory, while about 22 per cent said they would not stay in Hongkong because they were afraid of communism.

Of those who said they would stay in Hongkong after 1997, 43 per cent said they had no plans to leave because they could not afford to emigrate while another 34 per cent said they considered Hongkong as their home.

A poll refutes claims by the Government, which last year completed its own study into the emigration phenomenon, that the exodus from Hongkong (officially estimated at 48,000 last year) is a part of an historic trend aggravated by relaxed immigration rules in settlement countries.

● Protestants likely to leave HK: Page 5

# Talks break down on eve of summit

From MARLOWE HOOD and SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

THOUSANDS of students demanding political reform maintained an all-night vigil in Tiananmen Square last night as talks between student leaders and senior Government officials broke down.

The students' protest came only hours before the Soviet leader, Mikhail Gorbachev, was due to arrive in Beijing for his historic four-day visit.

Late in the evening, a group of leading intellectuals, including writer Su Xiaokang, philosopher Li Zehou, literary critic Liu Zaifu and others drafted a document urging students to leave the Square, according to journalist Dai Qing.

Their call was rejected.

The students and many thousands of sympathetic onlookers swarmed on to the vast Square in front of the Great Hall of the People, where Mr Gorbachev is to attend a welcoming ceremony today.

Soldiers were said to be in position inside the History Museum, on the eastern perimeter of the Square, and to its north.

However, students said they were convinced that the authorities would not risk sending in troops to clear the Square.

A large group numbering 4,000 to 5,000, claiming to be workers, appeared among yesterday's crowd, holding up a banner proclaiming themselves to be "Citizens Support Committee".

Representatives of 1,000 students staging a hunger strike at the heart of the demonstration walked out of a crisis meeting with senior Communist Party and Government leaders when the officials said they could not broadcast the talks live.

One of the hunger strikers leaving the meeting said: "The Government said live transmission was not possible for technical reasons but we think that is just a pretext."

He declared: "We will go to the square and wait as long as necessary until the Government gives us dialogue."

A woman student shouted through a loud hailer that party chief Zhao Ziyang or Premier Li Peng should come to the square to talk to the students, even if they had nothing to say. The crowd roared with good-humoured assent.

The crowds swelled throughout the evening as thousands more students poured into the square from the university district on the western outskirts of the city, some on bicycles, some walking, many carrying banners.

With Mr Gorbachev arriving today at noon and due for a welcoming ceremony in the square at 4 pm, fears were growing that the authorities would force an evacuation.

Throughout yesterday, the authorities appeared desperate to satisfy student demands. State Education Minister Li Tieying, who made a clumsy and unsuccessful attempt to talk to students in the square, again met about 40 student representatives in the afternoon and last night.

Also present were Mr Yan Mingfu, head of the party's United Front Department, who also met student leaders for two hours on Saturday night, and Minister of Supervision Wei Jianxing.

Student leaders Wang Dan and Wu'er Kaixi apparently insisted that the talks would not be considered the long-requested "dialogue" until one of their main conditions – live broadcast of the proceedings – was met.

Most students were not informed about the meeting until after it had started, and became angry as word spread through the square that they had begun in any form.

Waving big red flags, several hundred of them stormed over to the United Front office a few blocks away where the talks were being held and by 6 pm, a crowd of nearly 1,000 had massed outside the gate.

Student leader Wu'er Kaixi appeared and tried to

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 5)

Reuter

A student leader addresses crowds in Tiananmen Square after it was announced the area would be closed today for the summit.

## Embrace to end 30 years of Sino-Soviet hostility

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing

**THE meeting tomorrow morning between Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and paramount Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping will begin with one of the most anticipated embraces in recent history.**

**The first Sino-Soviet summit since Nikita Kruschev visited China in 1956 is intended by both sides to symbolise the end of three decades of mutual hostility.**

**Mr Gorbachev left Moscow yesterday for Irkutsk in Siberia and is due in Beijing today at noon to begin his four-day stay.**

**"The visit will mean most of all normalisation of Sino-Soviet relations, which have always had a profound effect on the world political climate," Tass news agency said of Mr Gorbachev's trip.**

**But hanging over the event is the threat of renewed and wide-scale student demonstrations during the Soviet leader's visit.**

**Regardless of student protests, however, the summit is likely to unfold much as planned by both sides.**

**The bilateral substance of the conference has been worked out in a series of formal negotiations beginning last autumn.**

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 9)

Mr Gorbachev, flanked by his wife Raisa, leaves Moscow for Beijing yesterday.


**BALLY**

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# Strike called as Bush urges Noriega ousting

PANAMA CITY: Panama's opposition has called a general strike for Wednesday and asked the Organisation of American States (OAS) to impose stiff sanctions as international pressure mounted on military strongman General Manuel Antonio Noriega.

In the United States, President George Bush urged the Panamanian people and army to drive General Noriega from power and pledged support for a new government.

In his harshest terms yet on Panama's post-election turmoil, Mr Bush stopped short of directly urging violence or a coup. But he said: "I would love to see them get him out."

The planned strike is timed to coincide with a meeting of the US-led regional treaty organisation OAS in Washington to discuss the Panamanian situation.

"A general strike is a cry ... for democratic solidarity with the people of Latin America and of the world," said opposition vice-presidential candidate Ricardo Arias Calderon, reading from a statement signed by himself, presidential candidate Guillermo Endara and second vice-presideutial candidate Guillermo Ford.

Mr Arias Calderon said: "We ask everyone at 12 noon of that day (Wednesday) to go out on the streets and protest in his own street or his own neighbourhood."

Noriega presents first test for Bush: Page 21

After church services yesterday, Mr Arias Calderon also asked people to protest against the nullification of the May 7 election results.

Foreign and Roman Catholic Church poll watchers said Mr Endara won last Wednesday's election by a three-to-one ratio over Mr Carlos Duque of the ruling party coalition.

Now that the election has been nullified, the Noriega-controlled Government is studying a plan to create a provisional government composed of Mr Duque, Mr Endara and a member of the defence forces, a leader of the ruling Democratic Revolutionary Party.

The official said the formation of the interim junta would be accompanied by new general elections within a year and the retirement of General Noriega.

General Noriega is under indictment in the US on drug charges, but Mr Bush said he did not care whether the Panamanian leader went to a nation that has an extradition treaty with the US.

As US troops continued to arrive at bases in Panama over the weekend, the Soviet Union accused Washington of a "dangerous escalation" of its military presence "in defiance of the elementary norms of international law."

Agencies

# Sihanouk seeks Australian help

BANGKOK: Prince Norodom Sihanouk yesterday said he wanted Australia to take part in an international meeting towards Cambodian peace and to help monitor Vietnam's troop withdrawal.

Australia's Ambassador to Thailand, Mr Richard Butler, emerging from a meeting between Prince Sihanouk and a group of Bangkok-based envoys, said he had received "the warmest possible greeting" from the Cambodian resistance leader.

Mr Butler said the prince, who heads a coalition of guerilla forces fighting the Vietnamese-backed Phnom Penh Government, had acknowledged that Australia and he "are looking for the same things" in Cambodia.

He said Prince Sihanouk believed that Canberra's participation in the conference on Cambodia was "essential".

The prince also wanted Australia to be part of an international control mechanism to supervise the Vietnamese pull-out from Cambodia set for the end of September, Mr Butler said.

The ambassador said "any misunderstanding was totally removed" and that Australia shared a "common purpose" with the prince in "his wish to restore integrity and decency in Cambodia".

Mr Butler was referring to accusations made on Saturday by the prince that the ambassador was leaning towards a line for rapprochement with the Hanoi-backed Phnom Penh Government.

Prince Sihanouk had said he refused a private meeting with Mr Butler for fear of "verbal violence". The prince had apparently been stung by talks in Bangkok earlier this month between Mr Butler and Cambodian Premier Hun Sen.

Mr Hun Sen had revealed that during the talks Mr Butler had said that Soviet-ally Vietnam's military

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 6)

## Two jockeys survive fall

**APPRENTICE jockeys L. T. Leung and K. H. Ting escaped serious injury when thrown from their mounts in the seventh event at Sha Tin yesterday.**

**Leung was taken to nearby Prince of Wales hospital with a cut mouth while Ting walked away with bruising and abrasions.**

**They fell heavily at the 150-metre mark when runner-up Top Fight ducked out sharply, causing Singing Fountain (Leung) and Super Shot (Ting) to dislodge their riders.**

● Report, pictures: Sport

# Heliport proposed for Green Island

By TAD STONER

A HELICOPTER port to handle flights between Hongkong, Macau and southern China is being studied for the Green Island reclamation, with a decision due in about two months.

Another helicopter pad, solely for Government use, will be built on the Central-Wan Chai reclamation, replacing the Fenwick Pier pad and tripling the area available to aircraft.

"It will have three landing spaces, which are each about 20 metres across," a planning source said.

"Since it is mainly a relocation of the Fenwick pad, it will be directly out from the old one and slightly to the east, and because it must be clear of buildings, it will stick out into the harbour."

He was unable to estimate the costs of the new facility, which would not be complete until at least the mid-1990s.

The consultants for the Green Island heliport port, Llewelyn-Davies Weeks HK Limited, said it would include a single landing pad, parking areas for up to four helicopters, maintenance, baggage-handling and customs facilities.

The company's senior planner, Mr Malcolm Moor, said: "The requirement came to us from the Government to look at whether a heliport was feasible, but the size depends on how many flights will go in and out, the size of the helicopters, whether it needs to be domestic or international and where the new airport will be."

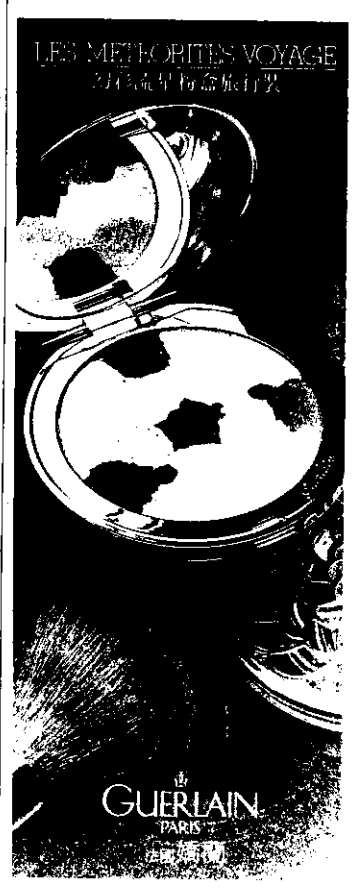
A 15-month, $12 million study of reclaiming Green Island started in May 1988, and will be completed around the same time as the Port and Airport Development Strategy, upon which many of the Green Island decisions hinge.

The project is expected to create 186 hectares of land by incorporating the island at the western end of Victoria Harbour, and its tiny sister North Green Island, into Hongkong Island.

"The nature of the beast has changed, though," said Mr Peter Munz, Senior Town Planner for the Urban Area Development Office.

"One year ago, the project was a housing-led scheme, but now it has become embroiled with the options for the Port and Air-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, MAY 15, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## Burdened Pope gave up will to live: book

LONDON: A book on Pope John Paul I's sudden death after a 33-day reign in 1978, has concluded he felt unfit for the papal throne.

The Pope was so burdened by the office that he stopped taking vital medication, *The Sunday Times* said.

John Paul I, elected as head of the Roman Catholic Church on August 26, 1978, was found dead on the morning of September 29, 1978, in his Vatican apartment bed.

He was nearly 66 years old and, it was reported, had not been ill.

The Vatican said he died of a heart attack. No post-mortem was performed.

*The Sunday Times* is publishing edited excerpts of *A Thief in the Night* by journalist John Cornwell.

Theories of foul play, intrigues and power struggles between Vatican colleagues of the Pope developed after the death.

It was fuelled later by a scandal involving the Vatican Bank and its links to the 1982 collapse of the Banco Ambrosiano.

In 1984, David Yallop's book, *In God's Name*, alleged the pontiff was poisoned because he intended to crack down on Vatican corruption.

Mr Cornwell said he found the Pope had been taking medication for a serious blood-clotting condition that he recognised as a "matter of life and death," according to *The Sunday Times*.

"There is evidence that, not through forgetfulness, he deliberately stopped taking this medication because he could no longer continue as Pope," the newspaper also quoted Mr Cornwell as saying.

"He died without last rites. He died of neglect and a lack of love," Mr Cornwell said.

– AP

## I am ready to be king says Charles

NEW YORK: Prince Charles, in his first television interview in five years, says he has matured into his role as the future king of England and finds that he is taken more seriously than in the past.

On the CBS News programme *West 57th*, which was broadcast on Saturday night, the Prince of Wales said one area where he was taken more seriously was his work in preserving the environment.

He said people used to dismiss him "as a crank" because of his outspokenness on environmental issues.

Noting that ecology is now a prime worldwide concern, the Prince smiled and said, "Now, I'm going to go on talking about it. I'm not stopping just because it's become a political issue, I can assure you. And I'm going to go on even more because now at last there's an audience."

He told CBS News correspondent Selina Scott that he had gradually gained more confidence in his personal judgment.

He said he had to maintain his sense of humour and was aware that as many people came to see him as to listen to his views when he spoke.

– AP

# HK-bound Viets shelter from winds in Chinese port

**From Karl Ho in Beihai**

HUNDREDS of Vietnamese boat people on their way to Hongkong were found seeking shelter in a fishing port in Guangxi Province yesterday.

*The Hongkong Standard* discovered more than 300 boat people sheltering from stiff winds in the harbour at Beihai.

They said they would continue their journey to Hongkong in three or four days when the weather improved.

It is believed that thousands of other Vietnamese are also staying in ports along China's southwestern coast waiting for the wind to drop.

The Vietnamese in Beihai, about 210 kilometres away from the costal city of Zhanjiang in neighbouring Guangdong Province, were in eight boats – the smallest about seven metres long while the largest was 20 metres.

Most of the boat people had been staying in Beihai for about four days.

Since the Lunar New Year it had become increasingly common to find boat people in Beihai harbour, a local shopkeeper, Mr Zhou Sidi, said.

Mr Zhou said he had seen more than 700 Vietnamese staying in the harbour at one time.

"It is the windy weather which prevents the boat people from going ahead," he said yesterday afternoon.

Mr Zhou said the Vietnamese usually came into town to buy provisions: "They buy rice from the foodstore with Chinese currency," he said.

VIETNAMESE CRISIS

It is believed that most boat people obtain their Chinese currency from Dongxing, a town on the Sino-Vietnamese border.

But they are not renowned as big spenders in Beihai.

"They have to save most of their money for the trip," said Mr Zhou.

While many Vietnamese stayed on board their boats some had set up camp under the canopies of harbourside buildings.

Earlier yesterday, *The Hongkong Standard* found a group of 68 Vietnamese boat people at Zhanjiang's Gondti pier.

Mr Tran Qung Dang, one of the men in the group, said they had been staying in Zhanjiang for three days since being shipwrecked.

Mr Tran said the group spent 11,800 renminbi (about HK$23,600) to buy a boat in Dongxing.

At present, the group is seeking shelter at a site close to the pier.

They sleep in nearby alleys which turn into crowded markets during the day. The group cooks and eats in the open.

Mr Tran said they would somehow manage to get another boat and continue the journey to Hongkong.

"We would rather die than be sent back to Vietnam," he said.

Local residents said officials from the Public Security Bureau visited the group daily and gave them rice and vegetables.

This contradicted statements by officials that boat people were repatriated immediately on landing.

■New boat people petition: **Page 3**

## INSIDE

Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual.

### Stardom

Caroline Goodall is an actress who is usually offered lead roles because of her stunning looks. And she says she never plays the maid. She talks to Cheryl Ng on

**Page 15**

### Britain

Britain's Trident weapons system – designed to replace the Polaris deterrent – is under threat because of mounting problems at the manufacturing plant. Plus all the news from the United Kingdom in our BRITAIN TODAY section.

**Liftout**

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**WEATHER:** 21°C – 24°C. Cloudy. Details on Page 23

# Strikers defy appeals for summit calm

**By Terry Cheng in Beijing and agencies**

CHINESE leaders launched an all-out effort yesterday to persuade 3,000 Beijing students to end their hunger strike to avoid embarrassment during the visit of Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

But the students remained in Tiananmen Square late last night, defying government appeals. The hunger strike began on Saturday afternoon.

Senior party and state officials met with a delegation of student leaders in a special session yesterday, during which the students promised there would be no demonstrations for Mr. Gorbachev's arrival today, but could not promise an end to the hunger strike.

Twelve prominent intellectuals, including political scientists Mr Yan Jiaqi, Mr Yu Haocheng and Prof Wen Yuankai joined government attempts to persuade the students to leave the square.

In return, they promised to take part in future student demonstrations.

Earlier, a team of government officials had also visited the square and spoken to the strikers. The team included State Education Commission director Li Tieying, Beijing municipal party chief Li Ximing and Beijing mayor Chen Xitong.

The attempt failed, after which the special session was arranged. The student delegation numbered 41, including Mr Wu'er Kaixi and Mr Wang Dan, leaders of the Autonomous Federation of Beijing Universities' Students.

The federation has been declared "illegal" by the government.

On the government side were Mr Li, United Front Work Department chief Mr Yan Mingfu, and Minister of Supervision Wei Jianxing.

After two hours of talks the sides were unable to reach agreement. The students complained about the government's refusal to arrange a live broadcast of the discussions and said the session did not meet their demand for talks at the level of vice-premier rank or above.

"We are not satisfied with these talks. They are preliminary negotiations and are aimed at solving the problem over Gorbachev only," one student said.

A report in yesterday's official *Beijing Daily* said the square would be cleared of all pedestrian traffic today for the official welcoming of Mr Gorbachev.

Chinese sources said a division of the Beijing Military Command had been put on full alert. Also in the capital is the specially-trained 38th Army, which was deployed late last month after the funeral of former party chief Hu Yaobang.

Both current party boss Zhao Ziyang and Premier Li Peng pressed for stability. Mr Li said he appreciated the students' concerns but urged workers to remain calm.

Mr Zhao said it was "unreasonable for students or others with complaints about (the government's) work or domestic life to obstruct the Sino-Soviet meeting."

At Tiananmen Square, the public address system repeatedly broadcast a news report from the official Xinhua News Agency announcing the meeting between students and senior officials.

"We'll wait for the results of the dialogue. If we are satisfied we will leave," said a sixth-year student from Beijing Medical University.

Another student said: "These officials have no power. We demand to see people who have real power."

Thousands of student supporters waving banners bearing the names of their colleges crowded around the strikers. Workers and onlookers expressed their support as the crowd swelled to about 25,000 by mid-day.

The students see Mr Gorbachev as a champion of political reform.

INSIDE:
■ Hongkong students send cash to Beijing, Star Farewell-in' **Page 2 ▶**
■ Summit special: **Pages 6 -7▶**
■ Editorial: **Page 12 ▶**

■ Students carrying a "Liberty or Death" banner threaten to continue their demonstration in Tiananmen Square.

## Club ride a possibility for Leisher next season

CHAMPION jockey Bart Leisher, recovering from serious head injuries, may return to racing in the latter part of next season as a club rider.

Jockey Club chief executive Major-General Guy Watkins said yesterday: "If he wants to come back we would seriously consider hiring him".

Leisher is under retainer to Brian Kan who said he would hire another stable jockey as he did not think the South African would be able to ride until spring next year.

"Obviously, it's a question of when he is fit enough to ride again," General Watkins said.

"But if he is well and he wants to come back, we would seriously consider hiring him as a club jockey," he said.

Leisher was released from hospital on May 1 after undergoing two operations to remove blood clots from his brain.

He is returning to South Africa next week.

Meanwhile, race stewards yesterday declared the three horse pile-up in which Leisher was injured on March 25 as accidental.

"The stewards were satisfied that the incident was accidental and attached no blame to any particular rider," they said in a statement.

■ Tipster Andy Tsui was in form at Sha Tin yesterday, tipping three winners and the Double Quinella which paid $3,966.

Trackman Paul Lee also had three winners and the quinella for Race 2.

■ Full results: **Page 22**

## Taipei to take on Yangtze

**A TEAM of Taiwanese swimmers will leave Hongkong today to swim across China's historic Yellow and Yangtze rivers.**

**The swimmers will be accompanied by mainland counterparts.**

**It will be the first time Taiwanese people have swum in the rivers since the Communists took over China 40 years ago.**

**The 18 members of the team, including businessmen, a photographer and housekeepers, are eagerly expecting reunions with relatives during the seven-city tour.**

**Taiwan's one-time world-class swimmer, Ms Chi Cheng, chaired the Taipei Cosmopolitan Jaycees, which organised the trip.**

**Its president Mr David Yu I-ho said yesterday that the trip was not political.**

**He said he had been thinking about the idea for three years – before the Taiwanese government relaxed its policy on its citizens visiting the mainland.**

**"We wanted to swim in two rivers which have nurtured and shaped Chinese culture for thousands of years," he said.**

# Tam to raise sex education issue

**By Barry Grindrod**

LEGISLATIVE Councillor Rosanna Tam knows of child prostitutes as young as 12 and has heard cases of 13-year-old girls having abortions.

In Legco on Wednesday, mother-of-two Mrs Tam will ask the Government if it is doing enough to help Hongkong's youth cope with the increasing pressures of the permissive society.

She will ask the question in the light of the recent report published by the Family Planning Association (FPA), which reveals that sex education in both the home and the school is woefully lacking.

Among the findings of the report, which took two years to complete, are that six out of every 10 young women who had abortions had them performed either illegally in Hongkong or on the mainland and that three out of every 10 young men had their first experience of sexual intercourse with prostitutes.

"I want to know if Government has conducted similar surveys and got similar results. I want to know if Government has plans to extend its existing youth services," said Mrs Tam, who is also secretary general of the Hongkong Federation of Youth Groups and chairman of the Government-sponsored Central Committee on Youth.

"It is not an easy problem made all the more difficult by social attitudes. It is something that can only be solved long-term."

"I heard of the findings before the FPA report was published and I was shocked. Since then I have been monitoring the situation myself."

Mrs Tam said she was particularly concerned about the young girls who took up prostitution and the boys who paid them. She was also worried about the abortion rate.

"The records show that 90 percent of under-age prostitutes arrested in Mong Kok did it voluntarily. Some came from good homes but wanted to earn extra spending money," said Mrs Tam.

The Government must ask itself if it is doing enough to promote sex education, she said.

INSIDE:
■Special report on sex education: **Pages 4 , 5▶**

# Gorbachev starts historic meeting

SOVIET leader Mikhail Gorbachev will arrive in Beijing today for the first Sino-Soviet summit in 30 years amid new student protests which pose a challenge to the Chinese Communist Party leadership.

The Soviet news agency, Tass, said the Soviet leader was accompanied by Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, Politburo member Alexander Yakovlev, alternate Politburo member Yuri Maslyukov and Health Minister Yevgeny Chazov.

The last Soviet-Chinese summit was in 1959 when Mr Nikita Khrushchev met Chairman Mao Zedong. Relations soured then as Chairman Mao challenged the Soviet claim to leadership of world communism.

Both sides expect Mr Gorbachev's meetings with China's supreme leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, will normalise state and party relations, and further ease tension along their 7,500-kilometre border.

Soviet officials currently in Beijing were reluctant to comment on the student unrest in Beijing.

A visiting Georgian actress compared the Chinese hunger-strikers to nationalists in her native Soviet republic.

The Soviet Embassy confirmed having received a letter from Beijing students inviting Mr Gorbachev to speak to them.

But Soviet officials said there was no chance of the Kremlin leader meeting them.

An official of the Soviet Film-makers' Union, Mr Leonid Filatov, said: "We should refrain from commenting on the student protests because we have our hands full with our own problems."

Accompanied by his wife, Raisa, Mr Gorbachev will visit the Great Wall and the Forbidden City before going to Shanghai on Thursday

On Saturday, the Chinese authorities removed a possible source of friction by announcing that a port call to Shanghai by three US warships had been postponed from Thursday to Friday.

# Plan to rebuild NT villages

**By Johnson Sze**

RURAL land could be opened up to big private developers under a Government plan to revitalise run-down areas in the New Territories.

The pace of rebuilding villages is expected to increase if present land-use restrictions are relaxed.

A Government official, Mr Derek Gould, told *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday that one change being considered was to allow multi-storey buildings in village areas.

At present homes on village sites were limited to three storeys, he said, and only indigenous residents could apply to build village houses, previously known as small houses. But there was a backlog of several thousand applications.

Mr Gould, a principal assistant secretary in the Lands and Works Branch's planning division, said the investment opportunities under the proposals would hopefully attract big developers.

Villagers would then get their houses built without a long delay.

In return, developers would be able to sell some of the apartments in the open market.

He said the Government intended to be more sympathetic to applications for big suburban estates like Yuen Long's Fairview Park and Tai Po's Hong Lok Yuen.

The large-scale developments would help meet the Government's objective of thinning out the urban population.

A more flexible land policy would form the basis of the Government's rural development strategy, complementing a $6 billion public investment in rural areas over the next decade.

Mr Gould said he expected only small parts of Agricultural Priority Areas would stay strictly confined to agricultural use.

> **"Investment opportunities under the proposals would hopefully attract big developers.**
>
> – Derek Gould, of the Lands and Works Branch

Most of the land would be reclassified as Rural Activity Areas, where agricultural or recreational use would be permitted.

Agricultural land found unsuitable for farming would be zoned for low-density residential or industrial use, if environmentally feasible, he said.

Rural strategy would also consider the demand for land for major projects such as port expansion, a new airport and border crossings.

Sai Kung, Lantau and other outlying islands would be reserved for recreation because most of these areas were still natural, he said.

Before the Government had the statutory power to govern land use, it would have to rely on the co-operation of landowners, he added.

Surveyor Mr Kan Fook-yee had reservations about the rural strategy for private developers.

He said the consultation document failed to say by what criteria the Government would assess applications to develop farmland.

A developer might find it too risky to assemble farm lots in the hope the Government would approve its schemes, said Mr Kan.

Mr Kan, who is also a land consultant, said the biggest development opportunities in rural areas lay in the thousands of hectares of farmland around villages.

Meanwhile, the Government held an exhibition yesterday at the Mui Wo Rural Committee Office to publicise the strategy.

Similar exhibitions will be held at rural committee offices on South Lantau, Tung Chung, Tai O, Cheung Chau, South Lamma and North Lamma before the official consultation period ends on July 31.

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 晴间多云
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 27℃
最低 14℃

人民日报社出版


## 对聚集在天安门广场高校学生

# 中办国办发表广播讲话

## 希望同学们尽快返回学校

**新华社北京5月16日凌晨1时电** 中共中央办公厅、国务院办公厅在5月15日午夜对聚集在天安门广场同学们的广播讲话，全文如下：

近日来，北京一些高等学校的同学在天安门广场静坐绝食，要求与党中央、国务院领导同志对话，现在，党中央和国务院领导同志与同学们的对话已经开始，还将多层次、多渠道继续进行。广大青年学生提出的合理意见和要求，党和政府正在研究，采取切实措施和步骤加以解决。6月下旬，全国人大常委会议将把群众关心的若干热点问题列入主要议程，通过加强民主和法制建设解决问题。这些都需要有一个稳定的局面。现在最需要的是冷静、理智、克制、秩序。

当前，中苏高级会晤已经开始。这是举世瞩目的大事。会晤的成功符合中苏两国人民的利益，也有利于世界的和平和稳定。希望同学们以大局为重，不要做有损于国家尊严和利益的事情。

现在，由于同学们静坐绝食时间较长，夜间气候较凉，有的同学已出现病情。党中央、国务院领导同志对此十分关切，希望同学们尽快返回学校。我们也希望学校领导、老师、家长做好劝说工作，动员同学们回校。

实现四化、振兴中华，是我们的共同目标。让我们同心同德搞好改革开放，搞好治理整顿，加强廉政建设，推进经济体制改革和政治体制改革，为加速我国的现代化建设而奋斗。

中共中央办公厅
国务院办公厅
1989年5月15日

# 李铁映阎明复同首都部分学生对话

## 学生主要要求是希望中央正确评价这次学潮 中央负责人再次肯定学生爱国热情希望让实践对学潮作出评价

**新华社北京5月15日电** 中共中央政治局委员、国务委员李铁映，中共中央书记处书记阎明复今天在同首都部分高校学生对话时，再次肯定广大学生的爱国热情和推进民主进程的合理要求，但同时提醒学生说，事情的发展往往不以人们的善良愿望为转移，希望大家以高度的理智，在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题。

继5月14日李铁映、阎明复与首都高校部分学生座谈对话之后，全国学联、北京市学联今天上午邀请首都高校的50多位学生同李铁映、阎明复等中共中央、国务院和北京市有关部门的负责人在政协礼堂座谈对话。在将近3个小时的座谈对话中，一些学生提出的主要要求是希望中央对这次学潮作出正确评价。

李铁映说，党和政府的领导人已在多次讲话中肯定了广大同学的爱国热情和善良愿望。但是目前整个事态还在进一步发展，有些事情不以人们的意志为转移，李铁映希望广大同学用自己冷静、理智的行动，让实践和时间对这次学潮作出评价。

阎明复说，我除了对学生在4月27日、5月4日上街游行未向政府申请并得到批准这一点表示遗憾外，对整个学生运动的主流是肯定的，但对这期间出现的一些情况也感到忧虑。现在一些学生正在天安门广场上绝食，已经在一定程度上影响了我们国家的形象。我希望同学们用自己的行动证明自己是有理智的。

李铁映、阎明复在座谈对话中谈到，这次学潮中提出的许多问题值得很好地反思。党和政府的工作确实有很多地方值得改进，比如决策科学化、民主化问题，党政领导干部廉洁问题，干部的选拔任用问题，新闻改革问题等，都是当前亟待解决的重大问题。这些问题的解决需要有个过程，需要通过立法，健全民主与法制，加强社会监督，包括舆论监督，增加国家政治生活的透明度，完善各种规章制度，在推进经济体制改革、政治体制改革中，在民主与法制的轨道上解决问题。

座谈对话中，新闻出版署署长杜导正、国家监察部部长尉健行，还先后向学生简要介绍了新闻出版法起草情况和查处“官倒”等腐败现象的有关情况。

李铁映、阎明复等还表示，愿意同广大同学通过各种方式进行多层次、多渠道的座谈对话，倾听大家的意见和建议。

北京石油大学、北京航空航天大学、北京外国语学院、北京师范学院、北京农业大学、北京经济学院、北京大学、北京科技大学、中央民族学院、中国政法大学的学生在座谈对话中发表了意见。

参加今天座谈对话的还有中共中央、国务院和北京市有关部门负责人袁木、何东昌、安成信、孙琬钟、陆宇澄等。

# 戈尔巴乔夫抵京 杨尚昆设宴欢迎

## 近三十年来苏联最高领导人首次访华

## 宾主宣布中苏关系已经有了一个新起点

**本报北京5月15日电** 记者张允文、温宪报道：今天中午12时整，苏联最高苏维埃主席、苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫和夫人赖莎乘专机抵达北京。

当戈尔巴乔夫主席乘坐的伊尔62型专机徐徐滑行至航梯旁停住后，外交部长钱其琛登上航梯进入机舱迎接苏联贵宾。

戈尔巴乔夫随即走下航梯踏上铺有红地毯的中国国土，开始了他为期4天的正式访问。等候在那里的国家主席杨尚昆等中国领导人迎上前去，与戈尔巴乔夫等热烈握手，互致问候。

戈尔巴乔夫主席是应杨尚昆主席的邀请对我国进行正式访问的。这是苏联最高领导人自1950年以来首次访问中国，标志着中苏两国关系史上一个新时期的开端。

陪同戈尔巴乔夫访问的苏共中央政治局委员、苏联外交部长谢瓦尔德纳泽，负责国际政策的苏共中央政治局委员、中央书记雅科夫列夫、苏联部长会议第一副主席兼国家计委主席马斯柳科夫和卫生部长怡佐夫等也同机到达北京。

杨尚昆主席在首都机场主持仪式欢迎戈尔巴乔夫。21响迎宾礼炮伴随着苏中两国国歌回响在首都机场上空。随后，在杨尚昆主席的陪同下，戈尔巴乔夫检阅了陆、海、空三军仪仗队。

今天的欢迎仪式按原定计划是在人民大会堂东门外广场举行的。由于广场有大批学生绝食请愿而改在首都机场举行。

戈尔巴乔夫在首都机场发表了书面讲话（全文见二版）。

今天前往机场迎接的还有国务院副总理田纪云。吴学谦，全国人大副委员长彭冲、经贸部长郑拓彬等。苏联驻华使馆人员也到机场迎接。

**本报北京5月15日讯** 记者周象光、温宪报道，今天晚上，人民大会堂宴会厅灯火辉煌，中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆举行盛大宴会，欢迎苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫及其一行。

当戈尔巴乔夫主席和夫人赖莎·戈尔巴乔娃在杨尚昆主席陪同下来到宴会厅时，乐队高奏《迎宾曲》。戈尔巴乔夫主席和夫人赖莎同等候在那里的国务院总理李鹏和夫人朱琳以及各有关部门负责人和各界知名人士一一握手。当走到歌唱家郭淑珍面前并听说她曾留学苏联时，他说，这是见到老熟人了。当他得知中国京剧院的演员刘琪、杨春霞将在17日为他演出京戏《盗仙草》、《秋江》时，他笑着表示非常高兴。

杨尚昆主席在宴会上致欢迎词，他说，在过去的岁月中两国关系经历了曲折的历程，今天，我们走到了一个新的起点。他强调指出，今天中苏两大邻居站在这样一个起点上，回顾过去，开辟未来，探讨在和平共处五项原则基础上建立新型关系。（讲话全文见二版）

戈尔巴乔夫在致答词时强调，这次会晤来之不易，要求双方表现出智慧和责任感，坚持不懈地克服多年来沉重地笼罩在两国关系上的消极的积淀和成见。他仿照中国的表达习惯，用“三个有成”来表达他对发展中苏关系的看法，即赞成相互尊重主权和领土完整，互不侵犯，互不干涉内政，平等互利与和平共处；赞成在经济和文化方面进行合作；赞成两国在解决当前迫切的国际问题时相互协作。（讲话全文见二版）

苏联外交部长谢瓦尔德纳泽、苏共中央政治局委员雅科夫列夫、部长会议第一副主席马斯柳科夫、卫生部长怡佐夫和苏联驻华大使特罗扬诺夫斯基以及其他随行人员出席了宴会。

出席宴会作陪的还有人大常委会副委员长彭冲，国务院副总理田纪云、吴学谦，政协全国委员会副主席胡绳、中苏友协会长伍修权、国务委员兼北京市市长陈希同、国务院秘书长罗干、外交部长钱其琛和中国驻苏大使于洪亮等。

宴会在中苏两国乐曲声中持续了近两个小时。宴会结束时，杨尚昆主席向戈尔巴乔夫赠送了两个刻有戈尔巴乔夫和赖莎头像的瓷刻大盘。贵宾们表示十分感动，并表示将永远好好保存。

苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫到京，杨尚昆主席到机场欢迎贵宾。 本报记者 徐建中摄

# 首都一部分高校学生继续绝食

# 知识界人士到天安门广场声援

**本报讯** 首都部分高校学生在天安门广场绝食请愿昨天进入第三天。据了解，已有上千名学生在天安门广场参加绝食，周围聚集着很多围观的人。广场上有百余人晕倒。这些晕倒的人立即得到救护。

中共中央、国务院和有关部门负责人，中共北京市委、市政府和有关部门负责人对学生绝食请愿一事十分关注。5月15日上午，李铁映、阎明复和有关部门负责人在全国政协礼堂同部分学生进行了对话。在对话过程中，中共中央、国务院和有关部门负责人反复劝说学生不要绝食请愿活动，但未能奏效。

三天来，一些高校领导干部和教师纷纷到天安门广场劝说学生珍惜身体，返回学校。也有一些人不断到广场支持学生。

昨天下午，首都知识界人士游行至天安门广场，向已在广场绝食的高校学生表示声援。

严家其、包遵信、柯云路、王鲁湘等此在游行队伍前面，携有“中国知识界”大字的横幅。队伍中有中国科学院一些研究所、中国社会科学院、北京大学、清华大学等80多个单位的教授、讲师、研究人员，也有博士、硕士和职工，总共约有数万人。他们举起的横幅上书写着：“声援学生，促进改革”以及“公正评价”等等，他们行进中不断高喊“学生爱国，我爱学生”等口号。

4时左右，游行队伍进入天安门广场，到晚7时左右，声援队伍陆续散去。另外由协和医院一些医护人员志愿组成的“救护队”也到了广场。

首都高校部分学生继续在天安门广场静坐绝食，截至今天午点已有150多名学生晕倒。图为昨天下午三点记者在现场拍摄的第62个晕倒学生。

本报记者 楊文運摄

# 杨尚昆会见戈尔巴乔夫

## 双方强调加深相互了解

**本报北京5月15日讯** 记者周象光、温宪报道，国家主席杨尚昆今天代表中国政府和人民对苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫在三十年后作为第一位苏联最高领导人来华访问表示热烈欢迎，他说：“你同其他尊贵的苏联同志来到北京访问，我们非常高兴。”

中苏两国高级领导人的会见是今天下午在人民大会堂举行的。

杨主席说，时间过得真快，我们两国高级领导人很长时间没有会面了，也没有可能进行双边会谈。中苏人民间有着深厚的友谊。戈尔巴乔夫主席访华有很重要的意义，不仅中苏两国人民重视，国际社会也很重视。我们非常需要了解你们，你们也同样愿意了解我们。他强调，戈尔巴乔夫主席访华是双方努力的结果。

戈尔巴乔夫主席对杨尚昆主席邀请他访华表示感谢。他说，苏联及整个世界都正处于很深刻的变革阶段。在这个很重要的阶段中，中国和苏联都表现了英明和远见，在改善关系中都做出了贡献。你刚才说时间过得很快，实在是这样。所以我们不能再浪费时间。我代表苏联领导对过去发生的事情表示遗憾。在某种程度上说，对那一阶段的事我们也有责任。现在终于结束了，太好了。他表示希望中苏间要相互了解，相互尊重，相互信任。

杨主席向戈尔巴乔夫介绍了中国改革、开放的情况。他接着说，不论是经济改革，还是政治改革，每个国家都有自己的具体情况。不改革，中国的发展就没有希望，老路是走不下去的。一方面要改革，另一方面，改革也没有现成的模式，有时免不了会出现一些决策上和处理问题上的失误。很多事要试验，要探讨，没有一个大家都能照搬的蓝图。

杨尚昆还说，在改革方面，我们交换意见的可能性很大。我们对苏联改革很感兴趣，并希望苏联改革成功。戈尔巴乔夫也表示苏联对中国进行的事非常感兴趣。

戈尔巴乔夫邀请杨主席访问苏联，杨主席欣然接受邀请。

最后，杨主席表示相信戈尔巴乔夫主席的访问定能获得圆满成功。

参加会见的还有全国人大常委会副委员长彭冲，国务院副总理田纪云、吴学谦以及随同戈尔巴乔夫来访的苏联外长谢瓦尔德纳泽等。

# 北京今夏缺水严重

## 用水高峰期每天缺十三万立方米

**新华社北京5月15日电**（记者潘善荣）今年夏天北京市供水形势将十分严峻。在这段用水高峰期内，全市每天至少将缺水13万立方米。

今天召开的北京市节水工作会议提供的情况表明：去年，北京地区降水量为583.8毫米，比1957年少64.7毫米。官厅、密云两大水库目前蓄水量共有21.5亿立方米，仅为总蓄水能力的32%。然而，去年，北京市地下水却超采2亿多立方米，致使地下水位下降，自来水厂水质恶化，供水能力降低。据介绍，今年北京市日供水能力只有118万立方米，而用水高峰期间日需水量预计将达到165万立方米。即使水源九厂一期工程7月后日供水能力达到34万立方米，每日仍缺水13万立方米。

据了解，北京市政府在号召全市认真做好节水工作的同时，还决定从今年开始征收地下水资源养蓄基金，对单位自备井超计划开采部分实行累进加价收费，并对浪费水的单位和市民进行罚款。

# 所谓首钢7万工人罢工不是事实

**新华社北京5月16日凌晨1时电** 首都钢铁公司的有关负责人今天说，所谓首钢7万工人罢工的说法不是事实。

这位负责人在接受本社记者电话采访时说：“首钢职工一直在坚持生产。首钢是对国家承包的单位，如果生产停顿，不仅国家受损失，职工个人也受损失。”

美联社今天的一篇报道说，学生在天安门广场上通过喇叭称，“首钢的22万职工中，已有7万人本周一罢工”，支持学生运动。首钢的这位负责人说：根本没有这回事。

## 清理整顿公司不力接受查请

# 湖南副省长杨汇泉被省人代会罢免

**本报长沙5月15日电** 记者晨兴华报道：因清理整顿公司不力和接受查请等问题，在今天结束的湖南省第七届人代会第二次会议上，杨汇泉被罢免湖南省人民政府副省长职务。

在5月5日开幕的湖南省七届人大二次会议上，许多人大代表就湖南清理整顿公司和惩治官倒不力等问题向省政府及其有关部门提出了严厉的批评，同时还有31名代表就湖南国际经济开发公司的一些问题向省政府及有关部门提出了质询案。副省长、省清理整顿公司领导小组组长杨汇泉以及政府有关部门负责人就代表们提出的问题和31名代表提出的质询案进行了一次座谈和一次口头答复。相当多的代表对杨汇泉的谈话和口头答复很不满意。质询会后，长沙市、邵阳市等地、市代表团的177名代表以杨汇泉清理整顿公司不力、处理湖南国际经济开发公司的问题不力、去年在广州参加春季商品交易会期间，他和他的一名亲属接受湖南某公司宴请，15个人一顿吃掉4000多元（杨在接到省人大转给的群众反映后，缴补交1000元宴席费）等理由，提出了罢免杨汇泉副省长职务的提案。表决结果，参加会议的766名代表投成罢免的有596票，超过省人代会670名代表的半数。

罢免案通过后，有的代表高兴地说：“人代会的橡皮图章形象开始改变了！”

## 設宴歡迎蘇領袖卅年來首次首訪到

# 楊尚昆稱中蘇臨新起點
# 按五項原則建新型關係

### 期待峯會解決兩國之間存在的重大問題

### 在友好氣氛中誠摯交談
## 楊尚昆晤戈爾巴喬夫
### 蘇領袖稱對過去事情表遺憾並說
### 蘇聯也負有責任

【本報記者雷震發印北京十五日專電】蘇共中央總書記戈爾巴喬夫今天在會見中國國家主席楊尚昆時，對蘇中兩國在過去發生的事情表示遺憾，並說：「在某種程度上有我們的責任，現在終於結束了，太好了！」

戈爾巴喬夫說，他這次會見是今天下午六時十五分在人民大會堂進行的，比原定於下午四時十五分的時間推遲了兩小時。

外交部發言人李肇星說，這次會見是在友好的氣氛中進行的。

楊尚昆首先代表中國政府和中國人民對戈爾巴喬夫在三十年後，作為第一位蘇聯領導人訪華表示熱烈歡迎。他說，我們非常高興你來北京訪問。中蘇兩國在領導人很長時間沒有會面了，也沒可能這樣會面了。

他說，中蘇兩國人民之間有着深厚的友誼，中蘇兩國之間有着共同的語言。

戈爾巴喬夫說，我同楊尚昆會面感到很高興。

他說，中蘇兩國人民之間有着深厚的友誼，中蘇兩國之間有着共同的語言。

戈爾巴喬夫說，中蘇兩國三十年不正常的關係正式結束。

戈爾巴喬夫表示，中蘇兩國關係正常化的時機已經成熟。

戈爾巴喬夫說

# 戈爾巴喬夫抵京 中蘇高峯會舉行

文匯報
經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局軟牌第三號
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
WEN WEI PO
星期二 16 五月 一九八九年
農曆四月十八日 二十月四年己巳
港字第一四六三六號
今日出紙共十一大張 售二元

## 楊尚昆宴請戈氏夫婦

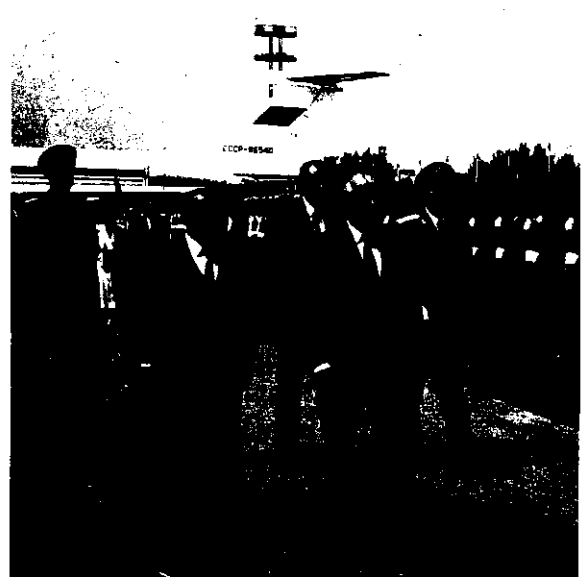
## 中蘇首腦昨日宣布 兩國關係臻新起點

### 消除多年成見 有利維護和平及謀求發展

### 戈氏提出三個贊成 五項原則排在首位

### 表示蘇中關係改善不針對第三國

楊尚昆陪同戈爾巴喬夫在機場檢閱儀仗隊。（本報記者攝京傳真）



【綜合新華社北京十五日電】國家主席楊尚昆和蘇聯領導人米哈伊爾·戈爾巴喬夫今天在這裏宣布，中蘇兩國關係已經有了一個新的起點。

楊尚昆在歡迎蘇聯戈爾巴喬夫總統主席團主席、蘇共中央總書記戈爾巴喬夫和夫人賴莎的宴會上說，在過去的歲月中，中蘇兩國關係「經歷了曲折的歷程，今天，我們走到了一個新的起點。」

他說，戈爾巴喬夫主席的來訪是三十年來中蘇兩國最高領導人之間的第一次見面。今後幾天裏，戈爾巴喬夫總書記、李鵬總理等中國領導人會見和會談，「這一切將把載着中蘇兩國關係踏上正常化的道路。」

楊尚昆指出，中蘇兩大鄰國結束過去，開闢未來，採取在和平共處五項原則基礎上建立新型國家關係的重大步驟，有利於促進緩和和平和社會主義各國的發展，符合中蘇兩國和世界人民的願望。

他說，戈爾巴喬夫主席的來訪，表現出智慧和勇氣，表現出對中蘇關係正常化的責任感，堅持不懈地克服很多年以來沉重的歷史遺留的消極的障礙和困難，為兩國關係的改善作出了積極的貢獻。

他說，「今天，我們有理由說，蘇中關係正在進入一個嶄新的階段。這是因為我們兩國發生了變化，世界也發生了變化，兩國的政治詞彙應該用『三個贊成』來表達我對發展中蘇關係的看法。

「第一個『贊成』，就是我們贊成國際交往中大家公認的原則，即，相互尊重主權和領土完整，互不侵犯，互不干涉內政，平等互利，和平共處。

「第二個『贊成』，就是我們贊成國際關係的民主化，贊成各國人民有權決定自己國家的命運，有權選擇適合自己國情的發展道路，有權參與國際事務。

「第三個『贊成』，就是我們贊成，為建立國際政治新秩序和國際經濟新秩序而進行共同努力。

「其次，我們贊成在經貿和文化方面進行合作以及在國家和社會各方面和各個級別上進行接觸的政治對話，我們願意通過合作和對話使兩國人民、有助於使他們自己所選擇到他們自己所選出的理想目標。

「最後，我們贊成，我們兩國應該加強相互協作，當然，兩國應該加強和發展各自在社會主義基礎上獨立自主的和領土完整，互不侵犯，互不干涉內政，平等互利，和平共處。

【中新社北京十五日電】世界上兩個最大的、有七十五百多公里共同邊界的國家在疏離了三十年後，今天兩國領導人在同一張餐桌上共進晚餐。

晚宴大廳裏，燈光柔和，瀰漫着人參雞的怡人香味。下一道菜是清燉甲魚，接着是烤鴨、紫菜湯、點心、水果、和杏仁奶酪。

### 國宴二小時 菜式共九款

約二個小時，中國領導人在國宴廳裏舉行了盛大的國宴。

晚宴菜單上印着九款菜式，其中有：冷盤、番茄蝦仁湯、清燉香、美味雞捲、烤鴨、蒸鮑四寶、黃燜魚翅、鮮蘑菜心、蝦仁燒麵、和水果拼盤。

### 戈氏一行昨午抵京 盛大歡迎式機場舉行

### 楊尚昆等往迎接 鳴放禮炮21響

【本報記者組北京十五日電】蘇聯最高領導人戈爾巴喬夫今天下午四時零五分乘專機抵達北京，開始對中國進行為期三天的正式訪問。

戈爾巴喬夫是應中國共產黨中央委員會總書記趙紫陽的邀請來華訪問的。

戈爾巴喬夫一行是在中午十一時五十三分抵達北京首都機場的。

戈爾巴喬夫夫婦一下飛機，就受到了中國國家主席楊尚昆和夫人李伯超的熱烈歡迎。

隨後，戈爾巴喬夫在楊尚昆陪同下檢閱了中國人民解放軍三軍儀仗隊。

楊尚昆對戈爾巴喬夫一行的來訪表示歡迎。楊尚昆對戈爾巴喬夫說，「您是第一次來中國，也是第一次來北京。我們對您的訪問表示歡迎。」

戈爾巴喬夫說，「感謝您，楊尚昆同志，我很早就知道您在二十二年前曾經訪問過蘇聯。」

戈爾巴喬夫說，今天中午，中國國家主席楊尚昆在人民大會堂東門外廣場舉行盛大歡迎儀式，同下檢閱了中國人民解放軍三軍儀仗隊。

楊尚昆對戈爾巴喬夫一行的來訪表示歡迎。楊尚昆說，「您是第一次來中國，也是第一次來北京。我們對您的訪問表示歡迎。」

戈爾巴喬夫說，「感謝您，楊尚昆同志，我很早就知道您可以作出共同貢獻。」

他說，上述三個贊成構成這次會晤的基礎，它們有力地說明瞭中國對蘇聯的政策並不針對任何第三國，它對蘇聯的政策也是如此。

戈爾巴喬夫說，「現在你們的速度比我們高。」楊尚昆說，「我們要降低一點。」

# 快報 EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一二號
夏曆四月十二日 星期二
一九八九年五月◆日
今天天氣：吹東風，多雲有幾陣微雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿二至廿五度之間
每份八張半 零售二元正


## 鄧小平已失影響力 軍隊拒入城鎮壓學運

# 軍方巨頭贊成與學生對話

晚上齊祝酒 笑容不自然

## 太子公司不除官倒難治 康華日內宣布全部停業

（快報消息）根據本報獲得的消息指出：最近北京學生向中央提出的其中一項要求，要治官倒，即內猜有關高氏家族的貪污腐敗，以及有密切關係的康華貿易公司近期內將會停頓一切國內外的業務。

消息人士透露，目前軍方是支持學生的對話要求，主張以溫和手法對付學運的部分學生在此事上對軍方已失去影響力，因此在天安門廣場的學生佔領已經結束。至於康華在國內的所有業務將會結束，可能會於日內宣布。至於康華在海外的業務，最快在年十一月底結束。

消息人士指稱：目前軍方是支持學生的對話要求，主張以溫和手法對付學運的部小平在此事上對軍方已失去影響力，因此在天安門廣場的學生佔領已經結束。至於康華在國內的所有業務將會結束，可能會於日內宣布。至於康華在海外的業務，最快於年十一月底結束。

消息人士指稱：目前軍方的三大巨頭，對學生運動是採取溫和的態度，是表示同情的。與軍方關係密切的國家主席楊尚昆，國防部長秦基偉和趙紫陽總書記都表示不同意對學生採取鎮壓措施。在趙紫陽接手前處理學運的政治局常委會石，也是不支持對學生採取鎮壓措施的。至於鄧小平，北京市委李錫銘和教委副主任何東昌，均對學運採取溫和態度。目前鄧選下來，不再處理學運。

消息人士指稱，只要學生繼續保持和平秩去爭取對政府的訴求，政府不設開口加以鎮壓，一場動亂就可告結束。但若學生採取非和平手段，後果則難料。

中共中央對學運的處理態度，最近兩天又逐漸由強硬趨於溫和，其中影響最大的一個因素，是來自中共中央中直兩党的一份聯名信，建議以統戰部及國防部的退休聯名信要求最高層的領導人能以和學生對話來結束學運。這在中共中央內部是眾所周知的事，有關方面已經過一百廿人以上。

## 高巴卓夫訪華謀求經濟互利

蘇聯領導人高巴卓夫，從昨天起一連四天的訪華日程，昨天已會見了國家主席楊尚昆、李鵬，今天則是「高潮」一上午將與中共前總書記趙紫陽、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、李瑞環、胡啓立、秦基偉、劉華清等會見，並舉行歡迎宴會。

見鄧小平，下午則舉行聯合記者會，會後高巴卓夫夫人在人民大會堂舉行的歡迎宴會，出席宴會的有多個團體，然後離京往上海，訪問深圳經濟特區和廣州。

高巴卓夫訪華，中共指責他行使「三大主義」，雙方關係存有起碼形式的分歧，與毛澤東的會談開得很快，是中蘇關係惡化的開端，到今已有三十年之久，在歷史的長河裏算是一個世代，而高巴卓夫是相隔一個世代。而高巴卓夫在代初期的特定情況，但畢竟有時代的意義。

雙方關係的正常化，基本上是蘇聯採取主動。中共一向堅持中蘇交好，先要蘇聯消除三大障礙，包括蘇聯自己的邊境和入侵外蒙的軍隊，基本上已獲得解決，不但蘇軍已從蒙古撤走，在中蘇共長期的邊境談判，蘇聯也有計劃減軍，蘇聯入侵外蒙古的軍隊開始撤退，並且駐於蘇聯領導人高巴卓夫，從昨天起一連四天的訪華日程，昨天已會見了國家主席楊尚昆、李鵬，今天則是「高潮」一上午將與中共前總書記趙紫陽、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、李瑞環、胡啓立、秦基偉、劉華清等會見，並舉行歡迎宴會，然後離京往上海，訪問深圳經濟特區和廣州。

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雙方關係的正常化，基本上是蘇聯採取主動。中共一向堅持中蘇交好，先要蘇聯消除三大障礙，包括蘇聯自己的邊境和入侵外蒙的軍隊，基本上已獲得解決，不但蘇軍已從蒙古撤走，在中蘇共長期的邊境談判，蘇聯也有計劃減軍，蘇聯入侵外蒙古的軍隊開始撤退，並且駐於

中蘇邊境的二十萬蘇軍也要撤返蘇聯。唯一要解決的問題是柬埔寨。越南本來會宣布今年九月，唯完成從柬埔寨全部撤軍，這問題表面上未解決，但已告一段落，基本上越南接受，否則越南將繼續供應越共武器，使共黨打不下去。但越南是否有撤軍的誠意，蘇聯是否因越南有撤軍誠意，則是天曉得。

看來兩國的和平，短期內不會有所突破。特別是越南第一副外長丁懷誠上星期在北京所發行的訪問，沒有取得任何協議。現今在柬埔寨會議期間，越南不受要挾出撤軍表態，些新的花樣，藉延南與金邊的解套機會，都是又要搞。

反對「柬埔寨加入未來的東協和平政權，都是越南一點堅持和兩點承諾。

在探討對蘇運的正確評價時，徐四民表示，第一個問題，並沒說學生的運動是動亂，而是問題是因為大陸國內政治、經濟和教育制度腐化，所產生的結果，就是胡體邦不死，也會發生的。

第二點回應，是關氏把學生的遊行，都是前所未有的事，每名資所屬單位包括了中央辦公廳、國務院辦公廳、中宣部、統戰部等。

據了解，高層領導人原則同意以對話來解決問題，但不是沒有分歧，特別是來自地方的意見。已曉出了反動口號，教育了反動傳單。

日內以來，政治局委員大會議連續開會，十七名常委全都到了，原則決定和學生對話，並由趙紫陽出面，以不同的形式進行。並認為可以降低形勢，作出實事求是的判斷。

例如北京市委書記就教育基是「動亂」，是違

## 高巴卓夫提三項肯定 楊尚昆列舉五大原則

（法新社北京十五日電）蘇聯總統高巴卓夫和中共總書記趙紫陽今天舉行會談，雙方達成五項協議，包括兩國關係正常化。

（共同社電）高巴卓夫總統今天在人民大會堂內，當面向趙紫陽總書記提出「五項原則」。

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# 蘇總書記北訪記京北

## 三十年來首次 中學生絕食聲中

## 臨時改變歡迎儀式 由側門入人會民堂

新一頁（上）：戈爾巴喬夫偕夫人抵京步下專機，中國國家主席楊尚昆和總前總理趙紫陽（左）、胡耀邦（右）等在機場恭迎。（美聯社、路透社傳真）

●戈爾巴喬夫偕夫人參訪天安門廣場，與群眾揮手致意。（美聯社傳真）

（綜合北京十五日電）蘇聯總書記戈爾巴喬夫今天在北京機場受到中國領導人楊尚昆、趙紫陽、李鵬等熱烈歡迎，開始為期三天的訪問。戈爾巴喬夫抵京後，原定時間進行十分鐘的歡迎儀式，但因在機場逗留太久，臨時改變儀式，由側門入人民會堂，並且由人民大會堂的側門入內，他行時不舉行歡迎儀式。

戈爾巴喬夫離京後，與中國領導人舉行會談，雙方將簽署一項中蘇關係正常化的聯合公報，結束中蘇兩國三十年來的敵對狀態。

戈爾巴喬夫抵京後，將

## 運學論改程議 後押會全中四

# 對話失敗趙紫陽不利 且看今天鄧小平表態

【本報專訊】北京消息：據北聞消息人士透露，原定於本月下旬舉行的中共中央四中全會將推遲舉行，會期內容不明。由於趙紫陽目前改變對抗當前的學潮，據北京消息人士稱，目前大陸學運的發展，已使中共高層之間出現不少人的分歧加深，認為趙紫陽在處理學潮和絕食問題上，採取軟弱態度，而以中共中央總書記姿態親赴醫院探望絕食學生，實是一場嚴重的錯誤，而且中共中央總書記趙紫陽曾向一些外賓表示，他不贊成以武力鎮壓學潮，而主張採取和平解決的方法來解決，七十五歲以上的老人應全部退下，重新組織中共十三大產生的政治局。

據稱，目前鄧小平仍未就對學運最後表態受壓，目前鄧小平有可能在今日同戈巴卓夫的會談中談論學運和中國的政治改革問題，其談話將對學運的發展產生決定性影響。

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### 沒有直播對話實況
### 中央電視成代罪羊

據悉，由於中共中央政治局常委內部，中共中央統戰部長閻明復與學生對話失敗，未能及時向中央報告，以致中央政治局常委對學運的估計出現嚴重錯誤，並對趙紫陽施加壓力，使趙紫陽在今日同戈巴卓夫的會談中被動，其實趙紫陽本來是主張採取和平解決學運的，但遭到鄧小平的反對，並認為趙紫陽在處理學運問題上犯了軟弱的錯誤。

據指出，中央政治局常委內部對學運的看法出現嚴重分歧，其中以鄧小平的看法最為強硬，他認為學運的發展已嚴重威脅中共政權，因此堅決反對對學生採取和平解決的方法，並認為趙紫陽在處理學運問題上犯了嚴重錯誤，因此鄧小平曾多次對趙紫陽提出嚴厲批評。

據悉，鄧小平最近曾多次與中共元老王震、薄一波、宋任窮、萬里、胡耀邦等人會面，商討學運問題，並決定採取強硬態度，以鎮壓學運。

### 中央電視成代罪羊

據悉，中央電視台負責人王魯湘、趙忠祥等人，是因為播出中共領導人會見戈巴卓夫的會談實況而受到牽連，被指責為「洩露國家機密」，而遭到撤職處分。

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### 絕食贏得同情 學運再起高潮
### 八十萬人集天安門
### 知識界及共青團幹校學生也參加

【本報記者北京專電】已有一百三十多人不支，集在天安門廣場的軍隊一度退向八十萬人，而數十萬人則下令失效，時間是在北京時間今日凌晨一時。

【本報記者北京專電】已有一百三十多名北京學生絕食超過五十小時之後，部分科技人員已約五百人，組織起來，前往天安門廣場聲援絕食學生，其中有些是在北京工作的外國專家。

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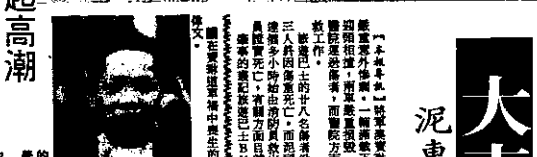

【本報專訊】號稱農民首次組織起來遊行要求解決農民問題的「農民請願團」一輛載滿農民的車，昨天在經過北京市內時，被人縱火燒毀，車內一名農民被燒死，另有十多人受傷。

【本報專訊】北京市內大批工人昨日自發組織起來，支援學生的愛國民主運動，其中包括北京鋼鐵廠、北京第一機床廠、北京汽車製造廠、北京內燃機廠、北京重型機器廠等大型國營企業的工人

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四五〇八號
中華民國郵政特准掛號認為第二類新聞紙
香港郵政註冊局註冊認為第二類新聞紙
中華民國郵政特准掛號認為第二類新聞紙
香港郵政註冊局註冊認為第二類新聞紙
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# 北平50萬知識分子市民
# 主民學生絕食援聲

## 大壯形更聲呼議抗行遊街上將今人工

（本報特派記者蘇詠梅十六日凌晨一時半電話）被圍的天安門廣場師範學生、工人會、北京大學、清華大學、北京師範大學、北京政法學院、北京農業大學、北京醫學院、北京鋼鐵學院、北京地質學院、北京礦業學院、北京航空學院、北京師範學院、北京經濟學院、北京外語學院、北京廣播學院、北京電影學院、北京藝術學院、北京中醫學院、北京中央戲劇學院、北京音樂學院、北京舞蹈學院、北京體育學院、北京中央美術學院、北京中央民族學院、北京中國人民大學、北京中國政法大學、北京中國地質大學、北京中國礦業大學、北京中國石油學院、北京中國科技大學、北京中國鋼鐵工業學院、北京中國農業大學、北京中國醫科大學、北京中國人民解放軍軍事工程學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事醫學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事外語學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事政治學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事後勤學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事裝備學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事通信學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事電子工程學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事指揮學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事炮兵學院、北京中國人民解放軍軍事裝甲兵學院

# South China Morning Post ★★

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# Beijing fire suicide threat

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing

THE crisis in the Chinese capital deepened last night when 12 students threatened to burn themselves to death unless the Government concedes to demands for televised dialogues and recognition of unofficial student organisations.

Although the first deadline – 1 am this morning Hongkong time – passed without incident, the threat has been taken seriously.

At the same time, several thousand workers have gone on strike at Capital Iron and Steel Works, one of China's largest steel plant with 220,000 workers.

Both reports were confirmed by an official in the Communist Party Propaganda Department, but an official at the steelworks was quoted by the New China News Agency early this morning as saying production was normal.

"A report that 70,000 workers are on strike is simply not true," the report said.

At about 11.30 pm several thousand students from Beijing University in the northwest suburb of the city commandeered six buses to take them to Tiananmen Square.

And as the deadline approached for students to set themselves alight, the Government began broadcasting an announcement on the square attributed to the offices of the State Council and the Central Committee of the Communist Party.

"Hunger strikers have requested a dialogue and that dialogue has already begun," the broadcast said, adding that the Government was presently studying how to handle the demands made by students.

"All of these things require stability. What we need most is calm reason and a scientific attitude."

In reference to the summit, the broadcast said: "We hope students do not do anything to damage our national image."

Earlier in the day, thousands of teachers, journalists and workers took to the streets of Beijing in a dramatic and organised show of support for students staging a hunger strike in the square.

Waving banners and shouting pro-democracy slogans, the marching intellectuals paralysed the city centre and forced the Government to relocate a welcoming ceremony for Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev originally scheduled to take place in front of the Great Hall of the People.

This is the first time that non-students have taken part in such a large scale in anti-Government protests since demonstrations began after the death of deposed Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang on April 15.

There was said to be about 150,000 people in Tiananmen Square last night.

There were several minor scuffles involving young non-students.

In one incident Japanese journalists were roughed up by a group of young men, described by observers as "hooligans".

Beneath the Monument to the People's Heroes, 2,300 hunger strikers lay sprawled on the concrete, sipping glucose.

Fung Jinghong, a political science student at Beijing University said: "Our purpose here has nothing to do with the Gorbachev visit. We just want our rights and freedoms."

By nightfall, one student leader said as many as 120 hunger strikers had been taken away for treatment. Some were reported suffering from internal bleeding, or were reported comatose for up to three hours.

Students with cardboard boxes wandered through the crowd of spectators, pleading with loud-hailers for donations to buy glucose water, parasols, sun hats, blankets and other necessities for the strikers.

But unlike last Saturday, when boxes brimming with cash could be seen at the start of the strike, donors appeared to be few yesterday.

One student leader said only several thousand yuan had been collected.

Behind the Monument to the People's Heros, beneath calligraphy carved on to the obelisk by popular former premier Chou Enlai, students and teachers made non-stop speeches to an audience that regularly broke into applause.

A group of hunger-strikers, in broadcast announcements and a photo-copied pamphlet, threatened self-immolation to protest against the government's refusal to meet with students on their terms.

"We are not fooling around. People came here knowing that lives were at stake," said Song Jianhua, a sophomore at Beijing Medical College, whose students were caring for the hunger-strikers.

"Maybe I will set myself on fire," one sobbing woman hunger striker screamed into a loudspeaker that the strikers ran with car batteries.

More than 1,000 students will enter their fourth day of the hunger strike today. More than 40 have been taken to hospital.

"We are entering a criti-

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

# Political faith in HK plunges to record low

POLITICAL confidence in Hongkong has plummeted to its lowest ebb since the signing of the Joint Declaration 4½ years ago.

The dramatic decline is believed to have been triggered by rising anxiety about instability in China.

The quarterly confidence study by Survey Research Hongkong (SRH), co-sponsored by the *South China Morning Post*, saw a record low drop in political optimism since the poll series began in 1985.

The survey, the 18th in the series, was conducted from April 21 to 29, the week that students in China stepped up pro-democracy demonstrations, in the wake of Hu Yaobang's death on April 15.

SRH director Louis Tong said yesterday the comprehensive media coverage of student demonstrations in China might have raised public concern in Hongkong.

He said territory people were exceedingly sensitive to developments in the mainland out of a belief that the future of Hongkong was tied to changes in China.

The series of confidence surveys began in January 1985, a month after the signing of the Joint Declaration. The political confidence level, based on a scale of 100 points as of the beginning of 1985, had been relatively constant until the dramatic drop in April.

The decline from 95 points to 89 points in a single season was the sharpest fall since the autumn of 1985.

Two out of five respondents or 40 per cent said they were not confident about the future of Hongkong, reflecting the highest level of pessimism since the Joint Declaration was signed.

In January only 24 per cent expressed similar doubts about the future.

The level of confidence among professionals and managers was especially low with more than half or 52 per cent saying they had no confidence in the future. Lack of faith in Chinese policy and 1997 were the main reasons behind fading confidence, which was the strongest rejection of Beijing ever expressed by respondents.

Within a seven-month period, a growing number of people believed that the Chinese Government could not keep its word and they had no confidence in the Beijing leadership. Compared with last October when 10 per cent had no confidence in China's leadership, the most recent figure doubled to 21 per cent.

By contrast, economic confidence is still strong, but there is growing concern about how long the boom will last.

"The public at large thinks this is the peak time for the economy but is concerned about the immediate short-term prospects," Mr Tong said.

Forty-two per cent of the 1,000 respondents felt the economy was buoyant, seven per cent higher than the previous poll in January.

Fifty-two per cent felt the economy was only average, a seven per cent drop from the last quarter. The upper income group earning $7,500 or more was generally more sanguine with 56 per cent rating the economy as good.

More people felt, however, that their personal financial situation for the rest of 1989 was less secure.

Twenty-eight per cent said their living standards would improve, a nine per cent decline from January, and 14 per cent believed their real income would decline.

Only 26 per cent said the economic outlook for Hongkong for the remainder of the year would improve, a nine per cent drop from the previous poll. Twenty-three per cent felt that the economy would worsen, the lowest confidence rating since November 1985.

The other indicator that the economy could slow was the consumer trend. SRH found that the number of people willing to make major purchases had dropped in all income groups.

Twenty-eight per cent of those with household incomes of $10,000 a month or more said they were likely to spend a large sum of money, eight per cent lower than in January. Mr Tong attributed the caution to high interest and inflation rates.

● Editorial – Page 26

## Office expo

TODAY marks the opening of the Business Efficiency Exhibition (BEE) which incorporates the 1989 Office Automation and Business Communications Exhibition (OFEX '89).

The *South China Morning Post* presents a special 10-page report covering some of the key issues of office automation facing today's decision-makers.

# New Sino-Soviet era

## Gorbachev, Yang draw up blueprint

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

SOVIET President Mikhail Gorbachev last night set out "three affirmations" and Chinese President Yang Shangkun "five principles" as they drew up a blueprint for the future of Sino-Soviet relations after a 30-year rift.

In speeches at a state banquet Mr Yang hosted for Mr Gorbachev at the Great Hall of the People, the two agreed that the Soviet President's four-day visit would be a watershed in the communist giants' sometimes stormy relations.

"Today, we have every right to say that these relations are entering a qualitatively new stage," Mr Gorbachev said.

He spelled out his "three affirmations", asserting that the Kremlin said "Yes" to the principles of international relations.

These, he said, were mutual respect for sovereignty and territorial integrity, non-aggression, non-interference in internal affairs, equality, mutual benefit and peaceful co-existence – the same "five principles of peaceful co-existence" Mr Yang referred to in his welcoming toast.

**Summit special report – See Pages 9-11, 27**

"We say 'Yes' to co-operation in the economy and culture, to an intensive political dialogue at all levels and in all areas, both governmental and public," Mr Gorbachev continued.

"Finally, we say 'Yes' to interaction of our two countries in looking for solutions to urgent international problems," he added.

"On behalf of the Soviet leadership I express regret that it happened this way," Mr Gorbachev said of the Sino-Soviet split.

"It is possible there existed on our side a certain responsibility for what happened. But it is good that it is now behind us."

He invited Mr Yang to visit the Soviet Union, and the Chinese President accepted immediately.

"Sino-Soviet relations traversed a tortuous course in the past," Mr Yang said. "Today, we have come to a new starting point".

Mr Gorbachev responded that he and other Soviet leaders recognised farsightedness and wisdom in finally coming together for a summit, the first since Nikita Kruschev visited Beijing in 1959.

But beyond the exclamations of friendship were telltale signs of underlying tension.

A Chinese flag hanging in the Great Hall's banquet room was conspicuously larger than the Soviet one next to it.

In addition, Mr Yang described talks between Mr Gorbachev and various Chinese leaders only as the "beginning" of normalisation between the two countries, rather than the "full normalisation" that Soviets have spoken of.

Mr Gorbachev agreed that it had "not been easy" for the leaders of the two countries to come together.

"We need to be wise and responsible in order to eliminate past problems and bring Sino-Soviet relations into a new period," he added.

Mr Yang said the two countries should strive to preserve the progress they had already made in their relations and make efforts to resolve the remaining problems to lay "a sound foundation for the long-term, steady and healthy development of our bilateral relations".

China has maintained that the three obstacles to fully normalised ties were the Soviet presence in Afghanistan, Soviet troop build-ups on the Chinese frontier, and the presence in Cambodia of Soviet-backed Vietnamese troops.

With the Soviets now out of Afghanistan and beginning to pull back their forces in Mongolia, the only remaining problem appears to be Cambodia, which Vietnam has promised to militarily evacuate by September 30.

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 6)

Reuter

Prime Minister Li Peng toasts President Mikhail Gorbachev at last night's banquet.

President Yang Shangkun and Mrs Raisa Gorbachev raise their glasses.

## Soviets start Mongolian withdrawal

**THE Soviet Union yesterday began withdrawing its forces from Mongolia, pulling out tanks, missile systems and an anti-aircraft missile battery, Tass news agency reported on the first day of President Mikhail Gorbachev's visit to China.**

**Beijing had made the withdrawal of Soviet troops stationed along the northern border and in Mongolia one of three conditions for the resumption of normal relations.**

**Three quarters of all Soviet troops are to leave Mongolia by the end of next year.**

**Tass said the withdrawal will include more than 850 tanks, 1,100 armoured vehicles and troop carriers, 820 artillery pieces, 190 aircraft and 130 helicopters as well over 50,000 men.**

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COMTESSE


# Move to the Bench by chief prosecutor could spark row

By LINDY COURSE

IN a move likely to draw a strong reaction from the legal fraternity, the Director of Public Prosecutions, Mr Jim Findlay QC, is scheduled to move to the High Court later this month where he will act as a deputy judge hearing civil cases only.

It is understood that he is only to act for six weeks and then will return to the Legal Department, where he is lined up to act as Attorney-General while Mr Jeremy Mathews is away on leave later in the summer.

Members of the legal profession are expected to complain that the move risks infringement of the principle of separation of powers between the executive and the Judiciary, which comes at a particularly sensitive time in Hongkong's history, when it is deemed important to uphold such differences.

The Judiciary yesterday refused to comment on Mr Findlay's acting appointment, saying only that a press announcement would be made in due course.

The Legal Department said any announcement on judicial appointments had to come from the Judiciary, and regarding Mr Mathews' holiday, a spokeswoman would only say no official announcement had been made as to who would take his place.

However, well-placed sources said Mr Findlay was at the moment expected back to act in the top Legal Department post when Mr Mathews goes away.

Should Mr Findlay's judicial appointment be on a long-term basis, eventually being confirmed as a permanent High Court judge, this is not seen as nearly so controversial, especially as he will be doing civil work, unconnected with his Director of Public Prosecutions (DPP) work at first.

He will be the fourth DPP to have crossed over to the Judiciary in recent times – a move which has been criticised by some members of the Bar who see this as a blurring of the two distinct functions – executive and judicial.

However, none of the

Jim Findlay

others has returned to the Legal Department, once they started acting. It is this proposed departure from practice which is seen as so controversial.

There was much opposition to Mr Findlay's predecessor, Mr Joe Duffy QC, now Mr Justice Duffy, when he moved over to act in the High Court in 1987, where he was doing criminal cases only at first, and could have tried people whom he had been responsible for prosecuting in the first place.

His move was also precipitated by ill-health, another factor which was felt to reflect badly on the Judiciary, who resented the implication that a High Court judge's job was less demanding than that of the DPP.

Most lawyers believe that appointments from the Legal Department to the bench should be made permanent from the beginning, to avoid possible conflicts of interest.

It is also feared that the public perception of an independent Judiciary may be tarnished if there is movement back and forward between the Legal Department and the Judiciary.

If Mr Findlay's move does become permanent, his deputy, Mr Tony Duckett QC, who will act in Mr Findlay's absence, is said to be the most likely candidate to get the top prosecutor's job.

It would be unusual for the department to look outside for a DPP.

Two other possibilities within the department but in other divisions are Mr Frank Stock QC, Solicitor General and Mr Bill Marshall QC, deputy Crown Solicitor.

## Bush says he's a millionaire

WASHINGTON: United States President George Bush said officially early today what most people have believed for a long time – he's a millionaire.

In his annual financial disclosure statement, Mr Bush said his blind trust was valued at US$998,000 (HK$7.78 million) on December 31, 1988, and he listed other assets of nearly US$97,000 ($756,600).

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## WEATHER

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Max temp
25 degrees.
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Asian Newspaper Congress Award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Kremlin sorry for rift role – Gorbachev

**By Terry Cheng and agencies**

BEIJING: Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, on the first day of his historic visit to Beijing yesterday, declared an end to the Sino-Soviet split and said the Kremlin had been partly to blame for three decades of bad feeling.

"Very probably we are also responsible for that period to a certain extent," Mr Gorbachev told China's President Yang Shangkun.

The Soviet leader, in remarks broadcast on Chinese television, expressed "sorrow and regret" for the past and said, "This period has come to an end."

A similar apology was also made on the previous day in Irkutsk, Siberia, where he stopped over.

In a statement issued on arrival, Mr Gorbachev said the spring season and its feelings of renewal and hope were "consonant with our mood. We hope the meetings and talks we are going to have with the Chinese leaders will mark a watershed in relations".

Mr Yang, in turn, described relations between the two Communist nations as having come to "a new starting point."

Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov at first told reporters that the question of blame for past differences was not raised in the meeting. When read a transcript of the meeting containing reference to the issue, he acknowledged, "we were all somewhat sinful as far as our past was concerned."

INSIDE:
- Hongkong hunger strike: Page 2 ▶
- Two-page special on the summit: Pages 6 , 7 ▶
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- Gorbachev blitz: Page 13 ▶

Mr Gerasimov also said massive student demonstrations on Tiananmen Square that forced changes to yesterday's schedule would disrupt plans for Mr Gorbachev to lay a wreath at a monument to revolutionary heroes in the centre of the square today.

"Physically it's impossible," he said. "The place is taken up by demonstrators."

Mr Gerasimov said the Soviet side understood China's difficulties in coping with the students.

"We have similar experiences and have lived through some difficult times," he said.

In a speech to a banquet in his honour, Mr Gorbachev said: "The way towards this meeting was not an easy one. It required from both sides wisdom, responsibility and perseverance in removing the negative aggravations and prejudices that marred our relations for so many years."

Mr Gorbachev also stressed that "the improvement of Soviet-Chinese relations is not directed against any third country. In the final analysis, the entire world community stands to gain from that improvement." Mr Gorbachev laughed and joked with Mr Yang during the first minutes of their meeting. The 81-year-old Yang, who like many older Chinese studied Russian in his youth when the Kremlin was Beijing's ideological mentor, greeted the Soviet leader in Russian and was praised for his skill in the language.

Later, in the welcoming banquet in the Great Hall of the People, Mr Yang said: "Sino-Soviet relations traversed a tortuous course in the past. Today, we have come to a new starting point."

More than 1,000 Soviet, Chinese and foreign journalists are covering the visit, which will be highlighted by today's meeting between Mr Gorbachev and supreme leader Deng Xiaoping.

As well as meeting Mr Deng, Mr Gorbachev also will hold talks with Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang and Premier Li Peng. His meeting with Mr Zhao will formally restore suspended relations between the Communist parties of the two countries.

The Soviet leader hopes to meet Chinese students on his four-day stay.

The Soviet spokesman said the meeting could take place tomorrow when Mr Gorbachev meets "representatives" of the Chinese people.

REUTER

■ **At attention ... Mikhail Gorbachev reviews the guard of honour with Chinese President Yang Shangkun during welcoming ceremonies at Beijing Airport yesterday.**

Mr Gorbachev "will have the opportunity to meet scientists, workers and, I hope, peasants and students – that is, the representatives of the public," Mr Gerasimov said.

But he said the Soviet side had no say in the choice of the people Mr Gorbachev would meet.

Mr Gorbachev's visit ends 30 years of hostility and ushers in an era of cautious co-operation as both countries struggle with reforms.

At Irkutsk, the Kremlin chief also said that more than a million Soviet troops had served in Afghanistan.

The last left Afghanistan on February 15 to remove one of the "three major obstacles" on the road to normalisation of Sino-Soviet relations.

# Students try to storm banquet

**By Terry Cheng, Priscilla Leung** and agencies

BEIJING: Thousands of students demanding democratic reforms tried to march up the steps of the Great Hall of the People yesterday as Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev dined inside with Chinese leaders.

Police reinforcements rushed to the east side of the vast hall and pushed back the protesters who had demonstrated overnight in Tiananmen Square in defiance of the authorities.

The mass demonstration was the climax of the four-week-old student democracy movement.

"This is so embarrassing for the Chinese leadership," said one foreign diplomat. Another described the scenes as "humiliating".

An estimated 200,000 massed in the square yesterday in support of 2,000 students on hunger strike.

The first day of the Mr Gorbachev's historic trip was thrown into disarray by the protest.

The welcoming ceremony was moved to the old Beijing airport and last night his trip to the Monument of the People's Heroes in the centre of Tiananmen Square, scheduled for this morning, was scrapped.

Owing to the huge crowds Mr Gorbachev's motorcade was re-routed and the banquet with China's President Yang Shangkun inside the Great Hall was delayed.

The students have shown no sign of giving up their protest, despite the lack of movement from the government over their demands for deomocracy.

Twelve Beijing University students yesterday threatened to set themselves on fire if the Government cracked down on the protest.

The party's central and state councils called on the the protesters to stay calm over loudspeakers.

Students said the government had been remarkably tolerant.

Among supporters in the square were hundreds of intellectuals led by Beijing University teachers.

Students claimed that about 70,000 workers joined them in the square.

More than 150 of the hunger-strikers have so far fainted and been taken to hospital.

The government held a three-hour dialogue with students yesterday but the students insist the government makes an official appraisal of their movement and denies the *People's Daily's* April 26 editorial which accused them of creating a social disturbance.

## INSIDE

**War shame**
Fleet Street, home of Britain's national press, has been dubbed the Street of Shame, and the title was never more apt than in the years leading up to World War II – almost 50 years ago – argues one of the street's leading figures, and the only surviving editor of the era, Lord Cudlipp, on
Page 13

**America**

A teachers' strike sparks fears for public safety; a hint of a missile compromise; and the death knell seems to be sounding for the political career of Speaker Jim Wright. These reports and more in AMERICA TODAY, our exclusive weekly roundup of events in the United States
Liftout

**Coins**

What have coins and wildlife in common? **Sashi Thapa** finds out on
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**WEATHER:** 22°C — 25°C. Mainly cloudy. Details on Page 21.

# Daring rhino raid thwarted at Kai Tak

**By Mark Brickwell**

AN AMAZING plan to steal $16 million worth of rhinoceros horn has been unwittingly thwarted by Hongkong immigration officers.

The officers arrested the leader of a gang that planned to steal the rhino horn from South Africa's Natal National Parks Board.

The man was arrested on passport charges at Kai Tak by officers who had no idea that his gang's plans included:

- Killing two guards during a raid on the world's largest rhino horn vaults at Pietermaritzburg.
- Provoking riots and lighting fires in nearby black townships to distract South African police from the theft.
- Shipping the horn to Hongkong for distribution to Asian countries where it is highly prized as an aphrodisiac.

The arrested man was an American lawyer who sold his vintage Ferrari to rock singer Rod Stewart in Hollywood on November 15.

He was charged with using a bogus Australian passport and is now awaiting extradition to the US on multiple counts of fraud.

Angry South African police claim the man's arrest in Hongkong in late February spoiled a major undercover operation.

A former Rhodesian bush fighter had infiltrated the gang and planned to lead them into a police trap at the rhino horn vaults.

"Unfortunately it didn't work out that way," said Johannesburg police captain, Peter Lategan.

He said the undercover agent – soldier and explosives expert Brian Davies – had spent six months gaining the gang's trust.

Mr Davies accompanied the gang leader and his girlfriend on a trip to Hongkong on January 19 to check distribution networks.

While in the territory they sold $3 million of rhino horn to a Hongkong man.

The rhino horn had been bought from a famed big game hunter who, with a Chicago stockbroker, is suspected to have bankrolled the gang.

The horn was smuggled into Hongkong in a suitcase full of women's underwear, Mr Lategan said.

He said Hongkong customs officials were alerted about the smuggling attempt and let the rhino horn pass into the territory.

"The plan was for Hongkong to investigate its end of the operation but let the trio fly back to South Africa so that we could tidy up our end," Captain Lategan said.

He said he was upset the gang leader was arrested because this meant other members abandoned their plan to raid the vaults.

The crack South African Police Task Force had been placed on standby to catch gang members in the act, he said.

"It would have been a beautiful operation," Captain Lategan said.

The Deputy Commissioner of Customs and Excise, Mr K S Tong, yesterday confirmed that an operation had been undertaken with the South African police early this year.

He said that he could not comment further because investigations were continuing and court cases were pending.

A spokesman for the Immigration Department, when asked about the gang leader's arrest, said no comment could be made on individual cases.

# Sunken H-bomb leaking

**TOKYO: The United States has told Japan that a hydrogen bomb lost off the southern Japanese coast in 1965 has leaked radioactive material, an official told parliament yesterday.**

**But Foreign Minister Sosuke Uno quoted a US report on the incident as saying there was no danger of either an explosion or of environmental contamination.**

**Japan has asked the United States to give a full explanation of the incident in which the bomb, carried by a plane based on an aircraft carrier, fell into the Pacific Ocean 130 kilometres from Japan's Ryukyu Islands.**

**A pilot died and an A-4E Skyhawk strike aircraft was lost in the incident.**

**Mr Uno told the Diet, or parliament, the new US report said the bomb broke open before it touched the seabed.**

**US research indicated that the nuclear substances that spilled into the sea were heavy enough to stay at their present depth and would not escape to contaminate a wider area, he said.**

**"We believe the US report and think the United States explained (the incident) properly," Mr Uno said. "But we will establish groups of experts in ministries to look into the matter."**

**Mr Uno said Japan was also asking the US to provide more facts on accidents involving nuclear bombs in 1950 and 1959.**

Reuter, AFP

■ Earth contaminated
America Today

# Bus-truck crash kills four

**By Sunny Sung**

FOUR people were killed and 21 injured when a truck and a factory bus collided in Sai Kung yesterday.

A taxi driver who witnessed the crash said he was horrified by the extent of the injuries.

"I've never seen so many broken legs and arms in my life. It was a terrible sight," he said.

The driver of the truck, believed to be in his early 20s, died in the collision.

Witnesses said the impact forced the roof of the coach through the windscreen of the truck, pinning the driver to his seat.

It took rescuers almost two hours to free him. They used a pneumatic saw, and tried pulling the coach away with wires.

They finally managed to free the coach by using a fire engine as a tow truck.

The other two victims worked for an electro plating factory.

Witnesses said the crash scene resembled a "silent nightmare".

Some of the injured were bleeding, others were dazed.

The injured were taken to the United Christian Hospital from where four of the more seriously hurt were transferred to Queen Elizabeth Hospital.

One of the injured, Mr Wong Hak-cheung, 55, had been working at the factory for 12 years. He went off duty about 7.45 pm, and was being taken to Kowloon en route to Quarry Bay where he lives with his wife and son.

He was sitting in the middle of the coach at the time of the accident.

He had his hands on the handrail of the seat in front of him and was asleep. He said he was suddenly jostled awake by a loud bang.

"I didn't know what happened. I was half conscious. I felt somebody from outside pull me out of the coach through the window.

"When I recovered, I saw many of my colleagues bleeding. There was blood everywhere.

"I was expecting some screams or something but there was no noise. There was only quiet."

■ **Mr Fung ... "horrible injuries".**

Mr Wong was lucky. He escaped with minor scratches to his head and legs. He was allowed to leave the hospital after treatment.

The factory was moved from Junk Bay to Hang Hau just two months ago, and the coach provides a regular service to Kowloon.

The coach driver, Mr Cheung Sum-ming, 41, was one of the four people transferred to the Queen Elizabeth Hospital. He had been in the job for about two weeks.

Another driver, Mr Chan Leung-pong, 47, who has worked at the factory for 16 years, said none of the factory's coaches had been involved in an accident before.

Most of the injured were middle-aged men.

Mr Chow Hor-sai, 61, said the coach was not travelling particularly fast.

He escaped with minor scratches.

One of those killed was Mr Chan Yau, 61.

His son said he and his father worked at the factory as mechanics for about six years.

He said his father would still be alive if he had not worked overtime yesterday.

Also killed was Mr Tang Wai-man, 53, another long-time worker.

He lived in a home ownership unit at Hong Shing Yuen.

The dead truck driver lived in a low cost public housing estate in Kwai Shing.

The accident took place on a new stretch of road outside Ying Ming Court Phase II.

Mr Fung had just taken his first passengers for the day when he saw the collision.

"It took place just less than 10 metres away from me. The bang was horrifying.

"I was watching the two girls who later boarded my taxi cross the road.

"I was a bit worried for them because I saw the coach coming. Then there was the crash," he said.

He immediately dashed out of his taxi to help the injured.

He used an iron bar to disentangle wrecked metal to help the injured passengers out of the coach.

Another person helped with the rescue but he had disappeared before the police and firemen had arrived.

■ Pictures Page 3

# Bubbles on Valley's big night

**TIDES of champagne ended a 24-year drought for Happy Valley yesterday as they clinched the soccer league title with a decisive 2-0 victory over Sea Bee last night at Hongkong Stadium.**

**A jubilant team manager Ricky Yu said, "I'm the happiest man in the world right now."**

**Tam Ah-fook was the hero of the day heading in the winning goal in the 61st minute of play in front of 1,150 cheering fans.**

**Valley striker Ng Kam-hung ended any hopes of a Sea Bee miracle when he headed in an insurance goal in the 86th minute.**

**The win came in Valley's final game of the season and pushed them five points ahead of South China, their nearest rival, for the elusive title.**

**Amid champagne and cheers Yu announced the Valley side would be rewarded with a $340,000 bonus.**

**Leung Ngan-yau was selected as the team's most valuable player and was given a $2,000 laisee by Yu.**

**South China, the defending league holders, needed a Valley defeat to remain in contention for the title.**

Report Back Page

# Good food and makeup mark refugee cruisers

**From Karl Ho** in Beihai

THE city of Beihai in China's Guangxi Province has become the rest and reprovisioning stop for wealthy Vietnamese leaving their country.

Some Vietnamese are spending as much as $100,000 on their vessels before setting sail from Vietnam.

The boat people here are a far cry from their countrymen who seek refuge in Hongkong.

They look very little like people who have undergone hardship in search of freedom. They are well-heeled and not shy about displaying their wealth on their refuge-seeking journeys to other countries.

Not only are they equipped with steel vessels, some of the trips are organised like Pacific Ocean tours.

Some have vessels which cost about $100,000. And the Vietnamese in the typhoon shelter in Beihai are not short of provisions.

The people were seen openly drinking and smoking in the sunshine while making their way in and out of the harbour.

The women wore makeup and the men were seen eating expensive tinned food for breakfast.

Chinese authorities said they could not do much to stop the Vietnamese boat people from making their way along the southern coast of China en route to Hongkong.

Beihai City, located on the coast of Guangxi, is one of the favourite stopping points for Vietnamese boat people.

An official in Guangxi Province said: "We can't do much to stop these people as they are free to stop here on their way to other places."

The official, deputy director of Beihai's Foreign Affairs Office, Mr Zeng Daozhong, added that the municipal government held a meeting recently discuss ways to tackle the problem.

This was prompted by the sudden increase in the numbers coming from Vietnam this month.

Mr Zeng said that at least 4,000 Vietnamese had used Beihai harbour over the past four months.

They usually went ashore to buy food and fuel before continuing their way, he said.

Mr Zeng admitted the government was at a loss about how to change the present situation.

"As they are just stopping over for one to two days, we can't insist on knowing their planned moves or stop them from going to other countries," he said.

Mr Zeng said he had proposed that the local government adopt stiffer measures including forced repatriation of all boat people who remained in port.

This idea was rejected due to shortage of manpower and resources, he said.

Under the present policy, boat people stopping off in Beihai are allowed to go ashore for food supplies and fresh water.

However, they are not permitted in the urban areas.

Mr Zeng said he had heard of the problem of the boat people in Hongkong recently.

But he stressed that the Beihai government could only work within the existing measures.

■ Turn to page Page 2

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14921期 （代号1—1）

1989年5月
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人民日报社出版


## 代表中央政治局常委

# 赵紫阳发表书面谈话

## 肯定广大学生爱国热情绝不“秋后算帐”

## 希望保重身体停止绝食尽快恢复健康

**新华社北京5月17日电** 赵紫阳同志代表中央政治局常委发表书面谈话

（一九八九年五月十七日凌晨）

同学们：

现在，我代表中央政治局常委李鹏、乔石、胡启立、姚依林同志，向同学们讲几句话。

同学们要求民主和法制、反对腐败、推进改革的爱国热情是非常可贵的，党中央和国务院是肯定的。同时也希望同学们能够保持冷静、理智、克制、秩序，顾全大局，维护安定团结的局面。

请同学们放心，党和政府绝不会“秋后算帐”。

我还要告诉同学们，中央对大家提出的合理意见和要求非常重视。我们将进一步研究同学们和社会各界的意见和要求，提出和采取加强民主和法制建设，反对腐败，推进廉政建设，增加透明度等实际措施。

同学们，建设四化，振兴中华的担子最终要落在青年一代身上。你们为国家和民族做贡献的时间还很长。中央希望同学们保重身体，停止绝食，尽快恢复健康。这样，中央就放心了，你们的父母、教师和广大群众也就放心了。同学们回去以后，中央和国务院的同志还会继续听取同学们的意见，同各方面多层次多渠道的座谈对话都将深入进行下去。

我再次呼吁同学们，停止绝食。祝愿同学们尽快恢复健康。

## 赵紫阳会见戈尔巴乔夫时说

# 中苏两党关系将以四项原则为基础

## 社会主义面临严重挑战不改革没有出路

**本报北京5月16日讯** 今天下午5点40分，赵紫阳总书记和戈尔巴乔夫总书记在钓鱼台国宾馆进行了友好的会见。赵紫阳就两党关系，特别是就社会主义改革中的一些问题作了介绍。

赵紫阳同志对戈尔巴乔夫同志说，经过中苏双方的共同努力，今天上午实现了你同邓小平同志的高级会晤。从1978年党的十一届三中全会以来，邓小平同志一直是国内外公认的我们党的领袖。在前年召开的党的第十三次全国代表大会上，根据邓小平同志本人的意愿，他从中央委员会和政治局常委的岗位上退下来了。但是，全党同志都认为，从党的事业出发，我们党仍然需要邓小平同志，需要他的智慧和经验。这对我们党是至关重要的。因此，十三届一中全会郑重作出决定，在最重要的问题上，仍然需要邓小平同志掌舵。十三大以来，我们在处理最重大的问题时，总是向邓小平同志通报，向他请教；邓小平同志也总是全力支持我们的工作，支持我们集体作出的决策。这次高级会晤，也就意味着中苏两党关系的自然恢复。中苏两党关系正常化，符合两国人民的利益；也符合世界和平的利益，我们为此感到高兴。

赵紫阳说，我希望，今后中苏两党的关系将在以下四项原则的基础上顺利地发展，这就是：一、独立自主；二、完全平等；三、相互尊重；四、互不干涉内部事务。这也是我们党处理同其他国家共产党关系所遵循的原则。我们党认为，只有把党与党之间的关系建立在这四项原则基础之上，才能是成熟、正常和平稳的关系。这是我们对历史经验的总结。

赵紫阳向戈尔巴乔夫着重谈了社会主义改革的问题。

他说，各国的社会主义运动现在确实到了一个关键性的时期，面临着许多值得深思和解决的问题。常常有人（特别是青年人）提出这样的疑问：社会主义制度到底有没有优越性？我认为，所以会产生这样的疑问，主要有两方面的原因，一方面，有些同志不大了解这样一个基本的历史事实，就是通过革命建立了社会主义制度的国家当初都不是最发达的国家，旧中国就是一个很不发达的国家。我们的起点比西欧、北美等发达国家低得多。忽视经济文化处于不同发展阶段这个基本事实，就不能得出正确的结论。这是一方面。另一方面，怎样搞社会主义，大家都没有经验，同时，我们也确有墨守成规的错误。这不是社会主义制度本身的弊病，而是我们自己主观指导上的毛病。第二次世界大战以后，许多主要的资本主义国家都在不断地千方百计地调整自己的体制和政策，使之适应于采用新的科学技术的需要，并在一定程度上缓和了他们内部的社会阶级矛盾；但我们却在固守原来的模式，而这种模式又恰恰是当年苏联处于外国武装干涉、包围和战争那种特殊历史条件下形成的特殊模式。问题既然有两个方面，我们的工作也就应该有两个方面：一方面，切实做好对群众的思想教育工作；另一方面，必须对原有的体制和政策进行改革。从根本上说，只有通过改革，才能使广大群众切身体会到社会主义的优越性。不改革肯定是没有出路的。社会主义正面临着严重挑战，迎接挑战只有靠改革。我们必须通过改革，使社会主义制度充分显示它固有的优越性。这是当代马克思主义者的历史使命。

他说，各国情况不同，改革也不可能强求一律。中国的经济体制改革已经进行了十年。比较容易解决的问题，几乎都已经在不同程度上展开。效果是好的。现在最困难的是如何在公有制条件下发挥价值规律的作用。没有市场，就谈不上价值规律；大部分商品的价格不放开，价值规律也无法起作用；但在商品短缺的情况下放开价格，涨价的幅度就很难控制，而短缺经济又恰恰是旧体制的必然结果——这是一个很大的矛盾。看来，在短时间内解决这个矛盾是很困难的，要准备打持久战，而且要把各项改革工作越做越细。现在，我们正在治理经济环境和整顿经济秩序，压缩基本建设规模，调整产业结构和企业结构，改善和加强宏观控制。我们打算通过这些工作，使总供给与总需求能够较好地衔接起来，为进一步深化改革创造较为有利的条件。

（下转第二版）

# 双方宣布中苏关系实现正常化

# 邓小平昨天同戈尔巴乔夫会晤

## 结束过去 开辟未来

邓小平同戈尔巴乔夫会晤时第二次握手。 杨翊明摄

**本报北京5月16日讯** 记者周象光、温宪报道：今天上午，中共中央军委主席邓小平和苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记米哈伊尔·戈尔巴乔夫宣布，中苏两国关系实现了正常化。邓小平还对戈尔巴乔夫说，今晚，你还要同赵紫阳总书记见面，这意味着两党关系实现正常化。戈尔巴乔夫对此表示同意。此时，两位领导人面对着100多位中外记者热烈握手，会见大厅内顿时响起一阵祝贺的掌声。

这次历史性的会晤是在人民大会堂东大厅举行的。当戈尔巴乔夫10点5分来到东大厅门前时，邓小平迎上前去说，我希望同你见面已经有三年了。戈尔巴乔夫说，能够同你见面，感到非常高兴。邓小平接着说，世界上都很关心我们的见面。他提议两人握手让记者们拍照，然后一同步入会晤大厅。

邓小平说，三年前，我请齐奥塞斯库同志给你带口信，希望中苏之间能够消除三大障碍，早日实现我们之间的见面和对话。戈尔巴乔夫表示记得此事，并说，这对我们的思考是一个促进。而且，看起来一切都做得很及时。邓小平说，我们这次会晤，可以概括为八个字：结束过去，开辟未来。戈尔巴乔夫对此表示赞同。

邓小平指出，长期以来，我们面临的国际形势是非常严峻的。冷战和对抗的局面一直没有得到缓和。坦率地说，世界的中心问题是美苏关系问题。长期以来，总的局势是军备竞赛，水涨船高。戈尔巴乔夫同志在海参崴的讲话全世界人民都看到了，有新内容。当时还没有“新思维”这个词。

“好像也没有‘国际政治新秩序’这个词一样。”戈尔巴乔夫插话说。

邓小平接着说，当时我们看到，美苏军备竞赛可能有一个转折，有一个解决的途径，美苏关系可能由对抗转向对话，这是全人类的希望。这就在中国人民面前提出了一个问题：中苏关系可不可以得到改善。出于这样的动机，才给你带信，时间过了三年多，我们才见了面。戈尔巴乔夫说，你提出了三个障碍，所以需要三年的时间，每一个障碍得需要一年的时间。

邓小平强调说，关键是国家与国家要平等。他回顾了外国列强对旧中国的侵略、压迫和掠夺土地的历史，以及中苏两国、两党关系在过去所走过的一段曲折历程。他说，谈历史是为了在更坚实的基础上向前进。中国不会侵略别国，对任何国家都不构成威胁。中国比较贫穷，但坚持独立自主。

戈尔巴乔夫说，对以前双方关系恶化的历史，苏方认为，自己方面也有过错。至于一些历史问题，情况很复杂，尽管邓主席的看法不是没有根据的，但苏方还有一些不同的看法。两位领导人表示，过去的事过去了，重点在于应该向前看，在发展两国关系上，多做实事。

在谈到社会主义问题时，戈尔巴乔夫说，过去我们认为，社会主义只有一种模式，现实证明并不是这么一回事。这几年，我们对这一问题进行了分析。我们是设法根据我们国家的具体条件，将马列主义落实到现实生活中。

邓小平对此表示赞成。他说，真正的马列主义者必须依据实际情况认识、继承、发展马列主义。不可能存在一种固定的社会主义模式。世界形势，包括科学技术的发展，日新月异，不用新的思想观点来继承、发展马列主义，就不是真正的马列主义。一切墨守成规，只能导致失败。各国只能根据自己的条件来建设社会主义。

戈尔巴乔夫表示，苏联正以极大的兴趣注视着人民中国发生的事情，并从中学到了有益的东西。

两位领导人还就柬埔寨问题深入地交换了意见。双方在这一问题上，有一些共同点，但是没有完全取得一致。双方同意由两国外长就此继续交换意见。

整个会晤是在友好、坦诚的气氛中进行的。会晤结束了两个半小时。会晤后，邓小平设午宴款待戈尔巴乔夫和他的夫人赖莎·戈尔巴乔娃。

随同戈尔巴乔夫和夫人来访的苏方主要人员参加了会晤，并应邀出席了宴会。

全国政协主席李先念、国务院副总理姚依林、吴学谦、中共中央书记处书记阎明复、外交部长钱其琛参加了会晤并出席宴会作陪。李先念主席的夫人林佳楣出席了宴会。

# 李鹏同戈尔巴乔夫举行会谈

**本报北京5月16日讯** 记者温宪、周象光报道：国务院总理李鹏今天下午在钓鱼台国宾馆同戈尔巴乔夫主席举行了正式会谈。李鹏说，今天上午，你同邓小平主席进行了有益的谈话，结束了过去，开辟了未来。中苏关系已经开始正常化，对此我感到非常高兴。戈尔巴乔夫说，苏中关系已经提高到一个新水平，进入了新阶段。两国关系正常化要面向未来。

在谈到国际问题时，李鹏说，中国对国际形势出现缓和感到高兴。当然，问题仍然存在，许多热点问题尚未解决，核战争的危险仍然威胁着人类，还有一个不合理的国际经济关系问题。

他说，和平与发展是当代各国的普遍要求。这对发展中的中国尤其如此。中国非常需要一个和平的外部环境，同时也非常需要一个安定的内部环境。这样才能实现四化任务。

李鹏说，我们不认为自由、民主、人权是资本主义国家的专利。社会主义国家也应是自由的、民主的，享有充分的人权。中国准备在政治改革中进一步完善这些方面。我们注意到戈尔巴乔夫的“新思维”，注意到“新思维”对许多重大问题做了新的评价。对中国来说，中国提倡建立国际政治新秩序，也就是说，国与国的关系应该建立在和平共处五项原则基础上。和平共处五项原则是中国倡导的，经过几十年实践证明是有效的。李鹏对美苏达成中导协议表示欢迎，并希望美苏能就大幅度削减核武器，特别是就大幅度削减战略核武器达成协议。

戈尔巴乔夫说，无论是世界还是东中两国，都正处于转折时期。苏中都需要一个正常的外部条件。苏联还认为，必须深入改革以使社会主义具有新的内容。苏联提出了新政治思维。苏中关系应该建立在通用的和平共处的原则基础上，这意味着不是回到五十年代的关系，也脱离六十、七十年代的对峙关系。当然，苏中对不同问题有不同看法，应该尊重意见的不一致，认真对待对方立场，寻求一定的利益均衡。

在谈到双边关系时，李鹏说，中国愿意积极发展中苏双边关系。中苏有7000多公里的共同边界。中苏应该发展睦邻关系。中苏发展经济合作存在着许多有利条件，在这方面有互补性。

戈尔巴乔夫说，苏方认为发展苏中双边合作潜力很大。

双方就如何进一步发展经贸关系以及其他共同感兴趣的问题交换了意见。

戈尔巴乔夫代表苏联领导邀请李鹏正式访问苏联，李鹏愉快地接受了邀请。

中国方面参加会谈的有国务院副总理田纪云、吴学谦、外长钱其琛、经贸部长郑拓彬等。

苏联方面参加会谈的有谢瓦尔德纳泽外长、雅科夫列夫政治局委员、马斯柳科夫部长会议第一副主席和柏佐夫卫生部长等。

另据目击者告诉记者，下午2时左右，苏联贵宾乘专车从人民大会堂到钓鱼台国宾馆途中行至白云路南口时，戈尔巴乔夫要求停车。他从车上走下来，向周围的群众说：“你们好，向大家问好。刚才我见到了你们国家最高领导人，并同他紧紧地握了手。苏中两国关系已经完全正常化了。我代表苏联人民向你们表示感谢。”约300名群众热烈鼓掌。一位女工递给戈尔巴乔夫的夫人赖莎一个证卡要求签名留念。赖莎高兴地为她签了名。整个停留时间约5分钟，在场群众秩序良好。

李鹏会见戈尔巴乔夫。 本报记者 徐建中摄



赵紫阳会见戈尔巴乔夫。 本报记者 徐建中摄

# 首都高校学生绝食进入第四天

## 数十万各界人士昨天到天安门广场声援

## 阎明复到现场诚恳地劝说绝食学生返校

**本报北京5月17日讯** 首都高校学生绝食请愿今天进入第四天，数十万各界人士再次聚集天安门广场，声援绝食学生的请愿要求。上午，一批高校教师进入绝食队伍中，慰问自己的学生。有的老教授拥抱着跪倒在地上的学生，痛心地流下了眼泪。

首都许多机关、科研、新闻单位的工作人员自发组成声援队伍，从四面八方游行至天安门广场。中国社会科学院游行队伍携来的横幅上写着，“声援学生，教教学生”，“接受条件，平等对话”。首都许多新闻出版单位部分人员也参加了游行声援，他们边走边呼喊“不能坐视学生饿死”等口号。

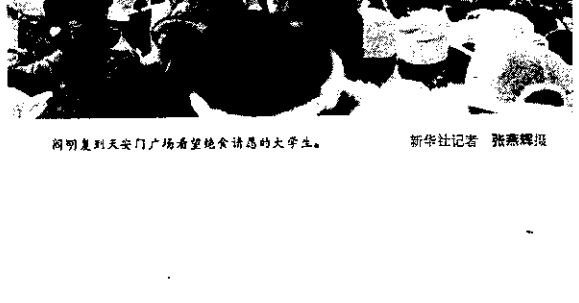
由全国总工会、中国文联、中国作协、石油部等部门一些工作人员组成的队伍相继进入广场，民盟、民革、九三学社等民主党派部分人士也前来声援学生。

许多前来声援的大学生四处为绝食学生募捐，有的国家还在广场为学生作圆叉类、送饮料与药品的人员不断进入绝食队伍中。

绝食学生的一位发言人在现场举行的新闻发布会上说，请愿学生不会改变自己的要求，中央明确肯定本次学生运动是爱国民主运动，中央最高领导迅速与学生进行公开的平等对话。就至发稿时，三千多名绝食者中已有六百多名晕倒，十多家医院为这些学生提供了医护。

下午五时四十分，中共中央书记处书记阎明复来到广场绝食学生当中诚恳地劝说绝食的学生返回学校。他说，同学们是国家的未来，你们没有权利伤害自己的身体。他希望大家停止绝食，尽快返回学校。

今天，一些高校负责人、全国政协委员、民主党派负责人通过各种方式，恳切希望学生停止绝食活动。



阎明复到天安门广场看望绝食请愿的大学生。 新华社记者 张燕辉摄

要聞

# 今日發局政治表代晨凌談話書面表發

# 趙紫陽學生絕食停止 肯定愛國熱情 希望保持冷靜克制

## 趙紫陽重申黨和政府決不秋後算賬

【新華社北京十七日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽五月十七日凌晨代表中共中央政治局常委發表了書面談話，全文如下：

同學們：

現在，我代表中央政治局常委李鵬、喬石、胡啓立、姚依林同志，向同學們講幾句話。

學生的愛國熱情是非常可貴的。黨中央和國務院是肯定的。同時也希望同學們能夠保持冷靜，理智，克制，秩序，顧全大局，維護安定團結的局面。請同學們放心，黨和政府絕不會「秋後算賬」。

我還要告訴同學們，中央對大家提出的合理意見和要求非常重視，我們將進一步研究同學們和社會各界的意見和要求，提出和採取加強民主和法制建設、反對腐敗、推進廉政建設、增加透明度等實際措施。

同學們，建設四化，振興中華的擔子，最終要落在青年一代身上。你們為國家和民族做實事的時間還很長。中央希望同學們保重身體，停止絕食，盡快恢復健康。道理，中央決心了。你們的父母、教師和廣大群眾也都放心了。同學們回去以後，中央和國務院的同志還將繼續同同學們的意見，同各方面多層次多渠道的座談對話都將深入進行下去。

我再次呼籲同學們，停止絕食，祝願同學們盡快恢復健康。

【本報記者當晚少咸北京十六日專電】今天，在北京大學生絕食的同時，有十多萬人陸續到天安門廣場聲援對他們的表示支持，天安門廣場周圍有了一些新的情況。

首先是絕食學生的身體越來越虛弱，在連入第四天後，因休克被送往醫院搶救的人迅速增加，僅到四百餘名。另有十餘名學生被急救車送往醫院。現在每隔幾分鐘便有學生被急救車送往醫院。學生們的身體狀況令人憂慮。但學生仍堅持絕食，且不斷有人參加進來。

其次是今天有大量新聞出版界人士和哲學研究人員進行至廣場，幾乎所有全國性新聞出版機構都有人參加，說明知識分子在是否公開支持學生絕食的問題上不僅態度明朗，而且義無返顧。

第三，各界人士包括民主黨派、市民、中學生都參加了進行聲援，使得這次學生絕食變成了各界均有參加的一項共同行動，這種規模性使得圍繞着東這次絕食鬥爭方面的座談對話都將深入進行下去。

第四，發援者多數聞講實政府，有口號稱「學生在流血，我們在流淚，政府在幹什麼，沉默等於犯罪」。

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## 鄧小平晤戈爾巴喬夫 宣佈中蘇關係正常化

### 雙方同意向前看 發展關係多做實事 並就東問題深入交換意見，雙方有一些共同點，但沒有完全一致，同意由兩國外長繼續討論

【本報記者當晚即北京十六日專電】鄧小平主席今天上午在人民大會堂會見了戈爾巴喬夫主席時說，現在我們利用這個機會宣布，中蘇兩國關係實現正常化。他還對戈爾巴喬夫主席對此表示同意。雙方在場的官員熱烈鼓掌，表示祝賀。

道是外交部發言人李肇星今天向記者介紹情況時這樣描繪當時場面的。他說，在兩個小時二十分鐘的會晤過程中始終充滿友好、坦誠氣氛。鄧小平用八個字來概括這次兩國領導人的會晤，結束過去，開闢未來。戈爾巴喬夫說，並說，我們這樣做是很及時的，為了實現今天的會晤，我們曾做了大量的工作。鄧小平還風趣的說，外國列強對蘇中關係行使略、壓迫、割裂中國領土的時代已經一去不復返了。

戈爾巴喬夫說，兩國關係正常化以及中蘇兩國之間的會晤，對蘇聯來說具有重要意義。蘇聯領導人戈爾巴喬夫今天上午在人民大會堂會見了鄧小平

# 文匯報

代表中央政治局五位常委

一九八八年五月十七日（己巳年四月廿七日）星期三

版一第 ①聞新要重


# 趙紫陽晨凌在陽話談表發

## 貴可情熱國愛生學定肯

### 食絕止停學同籲呼「賬算後秋」會不證保

【新華社北京十七日電】中共中央總書記趙紫陽五月十七日凌晨代表中共中央政治局常委發表了有關談話，全文如下：

同學們：

現在，我代表中央政治局常委李鵬、喬石、胡啓立、姚依林同志，向同學們提出幾點希望。

同學們提出要求民主和法制、反對腐敗、推進改革的愛國熱情是非常可貴的，黨中央和國務院是肯定的，同時也希望同學們能夠保持冷靜、理智，克制、秩序，顧全大局，維護安定團結的局面。

請同學們放心，黨和政府絕不會「秋後算賬」。

我還要告訴同學們，中央對大家提出的合理意見和要求非常重視，我們還進一步研究同學們和社會各界的意見和要求，提出和採取加强民主和法制建設，反對腐敗，推進廉政建設，增加透明度等實際措施。

同學們，這段四化、振興中華的祖子最終要落在青年一代身上。你們為國家和民族做貢獻的時間還很長。中央希望同學們保重身體，停止絕食，盡快恢復健康。這樣，中央就放心了，你們的父母、教師和廣大羣衆也就放心了。同學們同去以後，中央和國務院的同志還會繼續聽取同學們的意見，也是我們萬歲同其歷史的成同其人民中的領導作用，是歷史形成的。在中國共產黨的領導下，多黨制。

趙紫陽還向戈爾巴

張揚西方那種多黨制，也不主張成立新的政黨。我們黨在中國人民中的領導作用，是歷史形成的。在中國，沒有共產黨的領導，就不上堅持社會主義制度，也談不上社會主義改革的成功。」

戈爾巴喬夫說，蘇中兩國都在進行改革，這種改革對我們兩個國家和全世界都具有重大意義。

會見後，趙紫陽設宴招待戈爾巴喬夫和他夫人賴雅拉一行。

【本報記者鄧北京十六日電】鄧小平主席和蘇聯最高領導人戈爾巴喬夫今日上午在此間正式舉行中蘇高級會晤，並宣布，結束過去，開闢未來。

中蘇兩國關係實現正常化。

會晤上午十時在人民大會堂東大廳舉行。中央軍委主席鄧小平在人民大會堂東大廳舉行。中央軍委主席鄧小平和戈爾巴喬夫舉行會談。

會談一開始，鄧小平說，現在是我們利用這個機會宣布，中蘇兩國關係實現正常化，鄧小平對戈爾巴喬夫說，今晚你還要和中共中央總書記趙紫陽見面，這標誌着中蘇兩黨關係實現正常化。

戈氏：過去交惡有錯

戈爾巴喬夫對此表示同意。兩位領導人再次握手，雙方在場有關新聞界人士報以熱烈掌聲。

鄧小平接着說，我們這次會晤用中國話來說就是八個字：結束過去，開闢未來。戈爾巴喬夫對此表示贊同。他說，我們這樣做是很及時的。為了實現今天的會晤，我們曾做了大量的工作。

鄧小平還回顧了外國列强過去對中國進行侵略，歷迫和掠奪土地的歷史，以及中蘇兩國、兩黨關係過去所走過的一段曲折的歷程。他强調說，關鍵問題是兩國關係要平等。他說，缺乏歷史問題是為了在更加堅實的基礎上前進。

鄧公：不應只有一種模式

鄧小平說，中國不會侵略別國，對任何國家都不謀求威脅。中國比較貧窮，但堅持獨立自主。

戈爾巴喬夫表示，對一段時期以前雙方關係的歷史，雙方經過坦誠的交換意見，有了共同的看法。

鄧小平說，世界上有各種各樣的社會制度，每個國家都應該根據自己的具體條件，選擇適合自己國情的社會制度和發展道路。不應該只有一種模式，現實證明，並不是這樣一回事。道理很簡單，中國有十億人口，如果都搞一種模式，不可想像。

鄧小平說，中國的事情要按中國的情況辦，要從中國的實際出發，獨立自主地解決自己的問題。

鄧小平說，中國的發展，是當代各國的普遍要求，對發展中的中國尤其是這樣。

李鵬更指出，中國願意積極發展中蘇雙邊關係中蘇七十多公里的共同邊界，中蘇兩國之間的問題，都可以通過和平談判的方式解決。

李鵬更表示，中國願意積極發展中蘇雙邊關係中蘇七十多公里的共同邊界，中蘇兩國之間的問題，都可以通過和平談判的方式解決。

李鵬說，「鄧小平同志從一九七八年十一屆三中全會以來，是國內外公認的我們的領袖，最會在十三大報告的指示，他退出了中央委員會，退出了政治局和常委會，但是我們全國人民都知道，我們離不開他，是不開他的智慧和經驗。」他說，

戈爾巴喬夫說，「在十三屆一中全會上有一個正式的決定，就是說，鄧小平同志從一九八七年十一月起，不再擔任中央軍委主席的職務，但是它是一個很重要的決定，就是說，

趙紫陽說，「

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)五月十七日・星期三・第七版

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一三號
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一九八九年五月十日・星期三
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是日氣溫：介乎廿四至廿八度之間
每份六大張　零售二元正

## 鄧小平「掌舵」・國內不滿情緒誰應負責

# 趙紫陽透露秘密惹來猜測

**新聞提要**　中國領導人鄧小平和中共總書記趙紫陽昨日分別與訪華的高巴卓夫會晤，但兩人向高巴卓夫表示，自九七年十月三日十三屆一中全會以來，鄧小平雖被已退休，但在會上有一個正式的決定，就是重要的問題由趙紫陽負責，鄧小平掌舵。趙紫陽在晚宴，現時學生要全國人民所不滿意的種種情況，都是因為中共掌舵不當引到的。而在中蘇關係正常化的問題上，鄧小平在早上與高巴卓夫會見時，也曾宣布中蘇兩國關係實現正常化。今晚趙紫陽在與記者晤時，也曾宣布兩國關係實現正常化。在下午，當趙紫陽會晤高巴卓夫時，對中蘇關係正常化時，設道由早上提起責任，趙紫陽應承。

## 誰之過？

鄧小平雖是人盡皆知，但趙紫陽昨日突向蘇聯領導人宣佈高巴卓夫說，八七年十一月十三屆一中全會上決定重要事情由鄧掌舵，未免意味現時國內的不滿，乃鄧小平的責任。

## 鄧小平不提學潮・趙紫陽吐出秘密

（新華社北京五月十八日電）中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天下午在釣魚台國賓館會見蘇共總書記米哈伊爾・高巴卓夫時說，鄧小平與高巴卓夫會談時，已經談到「動亂的根源」。

趙紫陽對高巴卓夫說：「你今天上午同鄧小平同志的談話是很重要的。我想這樣，我們兩黨關係實現了正常化。所以，我們兩黨實現正常化不是現在一開始是十一屆三中全會以來，經過十三大很艱難的過程，逐步地提出了中央委員會、國務院的領導人，還有全國人大常委會的領導人，逐步地提出了一系列的方針政策，才使我們兩黨兩國關係正常化。」

趙紫陽說：「在十三屆一中全會有一個正式的決定。雖然通過決定有公布，但是一個很重要的決定。就是說，我們在最重要的問題上需要他掌舵。這個決定我們沒有對外公布。今天是第一次向您通報。」

高巴卓夫表示：「謝謝你對我們的信任。我們確實感到這是一個很重要的決定。」

趙紫陽今天下午在釣魚台國賓館會見蘇共總書記米哈伊爾・高巴卓夫時說，鄧小平與高巴卓夫會談時，已經談到「動亂的根源」。

趙紫陽說，鄧小平同志在十三屆一中全會上正式決定，他不擔任黨和國家的職務，但是在重大問題上，還要負責掌舵

今晨二時半消息：

# 趙紫陽書面談話 肯定學生愛國 將作深入對話

## 保證不作「秋後算帳」

（新華社北京五月十七日電）中共中央總書記趙紫陽五月十七日致首都各界人民代表中共中央政治局常委發表書面談話，全文如下：

同學們：

現在，我代表中央政治局常委李鵬、喬石、胡啓立、姚依林同志，向同學們講幾句話。

同學們來京民主和絕制、反對腐敗、推進改革的愛國熱情是非常可貴的。黨中央和國務院是肯定的，同時也希望同學們能夠保持冷靜，理智，克制，秩序，顧全大局，維護安定團結的局面。

請同學們放心，黨和政府絕不會「秋後算帳」。

我還要告訴同學們，中央對大家提出的合理意見和要求非常重視。我們將進一步研究同學們和社會各界的意見和要求，提出和採取加強民主和法制建設、反對腐敗、推進廉政建設，增加透明度等實際措施。

同學們，建設四化，振興中華的擔子最終要落在青年一代身上。你們是最聰敏和民族最寶貴的時間遺很長。中央希望同學們保重身體，停止絕食，盡快恢復秩序，以便我們同志可以更好地同你們廣泛深入地交換意見。

現在，廣場上還聚集着幾十萬同學，中央和國務院領導同志的勸說已經不起作用，廣場的秩序越來越亂，這樣下去，很可能發生意想不到的嚴重事件。我再次呼籲同學們，停止絕食，盡快回到學校，回到崗位，回到教室，以免發生更大的不幸。

（新華社北京五月十六日電）今天下午五時二十五分，在中共中央國務院的關懷下，絕食學生代表團的部分成員，在廣場同學的歡送聲中，乘車離開天安門廣場，前往醫院檢查身體。

中共中央總書記趙紫陽今天下午在會見香港新華社社長許家屯時，就當前北京學生的絕食問題發表了重要談話。

趙紫陽說，他是昨天凌晨三時左右到廣場看望絕食學生的。他說，他看到學生們的情況很不好，心情很不平靜。

趙紫陽說，他對學生們說，他們的行動已經取得了很大的成果，社會各界對學生的愛國行動給予了很大的支持，他們的絕食行動應該結束了，以保護身體，繼續鬥爭。

趙紫陽說，他對學生們說，他們的愛國

# 趙紫陽今晨發表聲明

## 肯定學運愛國 絕不秋後算賬

### 會機和開時派革改給生學請懇復明開

# 趙紫陽透露一中全會決定 重要問題仍由鄧小平掌舵

【本報訊】趙紫陽今晨在北京十七日會見來華訪問的日本眾議院議長原健三郎時，表示：中共中央對學生運動的基本估計和處理是正確的，現在的問題是如何恢復正常秩序，使改革開放和現代化建設事業順利進行。

趙紫陽說，

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月十七日　星期三　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月十日　要聞　第一版

# 香港時報

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## 四百人不支送院十二人昨起絕食禁水

## 北平學生絕食升級行動

## 百萬民衆聚天安門聲援

【本報特派記者蘇跳機北平十七日電】

## 北平高校校長部分「政協」

## 籲中共盡快與學生對話

### 北平新聞界發表聲明支援絕食學生

【本報特派記者蘇跳機北平十六日電】

## 中共漠視生命激起民憤

## 黨政學校紛紛參與學潮

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【本報特派記者蘇跳機北平十六日電】

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## 今日新聞提要

一、北平大學生絕食行動升級，刊第一版。
二、中共、蘇俄關係正常化，刊第二版。
三、李鵬視太平洋國家應分工合作，刊第三版。
四、居屋攪珠結果公布，刊第十六版。
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# Unions lift protest into new phase

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing and agencies

THOUSANDS of workers carrying labour union banners converged on Tiananmen Square last night as statements from Chinese leaders indicated that China is entering a new phase of its political crisis.

By early this morning, more than 250,000 people were jammed in the square and adjoining streets in preparation for a rally and march today that promises to be the biggest so far in the wave of protest following the death of Hu Yaobang last month.

Soviet President, Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, last night described the demonstrating students as "hotheads", Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov said.

**Summit special report – See Pages 9-12**

Mr Gorbachev raised the issue of the pro-democracy student demonstrations, which have forced several changes in the program of his visit to China, at a meeting with Chinese Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, Mr Gerasimov said.

He compared the student movement in China to similar unrest in the Soviet Union.

"We have our hotheads too," Mr Gerasimov quoted Mr Gorbachev as saying.

Insisting that Mr Gorbachev's comment was "not a direct characterisation" of the Chinese students, Mr Gerasimov said "he spoke only about the situation in our country".

"But in the context, you can draw some analogies," he said.

Mr Gorbachev noted that the students' "slogans are similar to what the (Chinese communist) party intends to do" and expressed hopes that the "Chinese comrades" would be able to resolve the current crisis "in the interests of the people".

Mr Gerasimov added that Mr Gorbachev "jokingly" proposed Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze act as a mediator between the authorities and the students.

But "this proposal was not pursued", Mr Gerasimov said.

Mr Shevardnadze flew to his native republic of Georgia in the wake of the April 9 dispersal of thousands of student demonstrators by Soviet troops.

Twenty people were killed in the incident.

Mr Gorbachev is due to visit the Forbidden City, to the north of Tiananmen Square, this afternoon.

The schedule may be changed, however, because students said their march will begin at 2.30 and encircle the compound.

According to teachers from Beijing University the university faculty would go on strike from today in support of democratic reform and the student cause.

The heads of 10 universities, colleges and institutes in the capital last night made an urgent call on the Government to effect a dialogue with the students.

The situation at the Tiananmen Square is desperate, a letter signed by the university chiefs said, adding that they had also made contacts with the party centre and the State Council and offered to mediate between the students and the Government.

Several members of the

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 4)

## Activist collapses in Beijing hunger strike

**ONE of the best known student leaders and a leading participant in the Beijing hunger strike, Wu'erkaixi, collapsed yesterday afternoon from exhaustion and dehydration and was taken to hospital.**

**Earlier in the day, Wu'erkaixi, a Xinjiang-born student at Beijing Normal University, had fainted several times.**

**Observers say that should his condition worsen, campus activists might become even more radical.**

**The student leader is a key member of the Temporary Autonomous Students Union of Beijing Universities, an association formed by leaders of the student movement.**

**According to the official China News Service, before his collapse, Wu'erkaixi had pleaded with fellow students to heed the words of Mr Yan Mingfu, head of the Communist Party's United Front Department.**

**At 5.30 pm, Mr Yan met student leaders in Tiananmen Square in a last-ditch attempt to persuade the students to call off their hunger strike.**

**"I fully understand and sympathise with your demands," said Mr Yan. "The only demand I make is that you end your strike".**

Wu'erkaixi

**Mr Yan said that he had already forwarded the students' demands to party and government leaders, and that he hoped students would "give the central authorities time and opportunities".**

**"For the sake of the future of reform, you must take good care of your health," Mr Yan added.**

**He undertook to guarantee that the authorities would not take any reprisals against participants in the student movement.**

**Mr Yan, who has the reputation of being a liberal, then offered to be a "hostage" and to sit with the students.**

**In spite of Wu'erkaixi's plea, however, the majority of students vowed to continue with their hunger strike.**

## Deng still in charge, Zhao tells Gorbachev

By WILLY WO-LAP LAM

**GENERAL Secretary Zhao Ziyang told Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev yesterday that Mr Deng Xiaoping was still the paramount leader of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP).**

**According to the New China News Agency (NCNA), Mr Zhao told Mr Gorbachev that Mr Deng "has been the leader of the CCP since the third plenum of the 11th Central Committee held in 1978".**

**"Although Mr Deng quit the party Central Committee and the Standing Committee of its Politburo at his own request at the 13th National Party Congress in 1987, all the party knows we cannot leave him or his wisdom and experience," Mr Zhao added.**

**Mr Zhao also revealed for the first time that a decision was made at the first plenum of the 13th Party Central Committee to the effect that Mr Deng's guidance was still needed in dealing with most important issues.**

**"On important matters, Mr Deng Xiaoping still steers the way," Mr Zhao said.**

**At a time when the foreign media is reporting that the CCP is riven with division over how to deal with the student movement, Mr Zhao stressed collective leadership with Mr Deng as the guiding light.**

**"Mr Deng Xiaoping always fully supports our work and the decisions we have made collectively," Mr Zhao added.**

**"Since the 13th national party congress, we have always made reports to and asked for opinions from comrade Deng Xiaoping while dealing with most important issues."**

**While making his remarks about Mr Deng, Mr Zhao was looking directly at the television cameras which broadcast the event live throughout China and not at Mr Gorbachev.**

**Analysts think that on the surface, Mr Zhao was explaining to Mr Gorbachev why it should be Mr Deng, whose only remaining position is chairman of the Central Military Commission (CMC), and not himself, who should signal the resumption of party-to-party ties between the CCP and the Soviet Communist Party.**

**During the session, Mr Zhao told Mr Gorbachev that ties between the Chinese and Soviet communist parties had already been resumed in the morning, when the latter met Mr Deng.**

**On a deeper level, however, Mr Zhao was also giving hints on the retirement plans of the 84-year-old patriarch.**

**By pointing out that Mr Deng is still the paramount leader and that the CCP still needs his guidance and leadership, Mr Zhao may be hinting that Mr Deng may retain his dominant role for some time to come.**

**This is in spite of Mr Deng's oft-repeated avowal to step down in the near future.**

**Also, Chinese sources have noted for over a year that Mr Deng would resign from the CMC before the National Day on October 1.**

**On the other hand, Mr Zhao may have been delivering a "valedictory" send-off for Mr Deng.**

**"When a Chinese leader is about to step down, it is customary for his successor to sing his praises by noting how indispensable he still is," said a long-term party member in the capital.**

**By making this important pronouncement to Mr Gorbachev, Mr Zhao also seems to be positioning himself as Mr Deng's successor, analysts say.**

Reuter

Handshake but no bear hug as President Mikhail Gorbachev meets Mr Deng Xiaoping.

## Check on party corruption 'not unsolvable'

From SETH FAISON in Beijing

COMMUNIST Party head Zhao Ziyang welcomed Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev to China by proclaiming the need for the kind of political reform his Soviet counterpart has pioneered.

At one of several meetings with top Chinese leaders yesterday, including one with paramount leader Deng Xiaoping, Mr Gorbachev was briefed on the state of Chinese political reforms that students claim lag far behind those in the Soviet Union.

Mr Zhao stressing the need for implementation of the constitution and procedural laws, said that checking corrupt practices within the party was "not unsolvable".

Most of the widespread popular support for the students' pro-democracy demonstrations in recent weeks has come from a common disgust with the high levels of corruption in the party.

Student demonstrators disrupted Mr Gorbachev's schedule for the second day, as his meetings with Mr Zhao and Prime Minister Li Peng were each moved from the Great Hall of the People to Diaoyutai Guest House.

After a morning meeting with Mr Deng, Mr Gorbachev and his wife Raisa also found time for a spontaneous walkabout in Baiyun Road in southwest Beijing, where he shook hands with and spoke to Chinese citizens.

Mr Zhao told his Soviet guest that China's main goal of economic reform would not succeed without simultaneous political reform.

Before the student demonstrations of the past month, Mr Zhao and other leaders had soft-pedalled political reform as an area that would be delayed until economic difficulties had been overcome.

But even conservative Prime Minister Li Peng yesterday spoke favourably of the need for political reform.

"We don't think that freedom, democracy and human rights are a monopoly of the capitalist countries," Mr Li told Mr Gorbachev.

Mr Zhao referred to a key party meeting in 1986 where a systematic study of political reform issues was carried out and a specific plan drawn up "according to suggestion by senior leader Deng Xiaoping".

What he did not mention was that ousted party chief Hu Yaobang, whose death sparked the current wave of unrest a month ago, was the main proponent of political reform and that he was overruled by conservative party elders.

However, Mr Zhao once again stressed the need for loyalty to the Communist Party.

"We are not for the multi-party system as practised in Western countries, nor for establishing new political parties," he told the Soviet President.

As for relations between the two communist parties, Mr Zhao outlined four principles for proper relations.

Independence, full equality, mutual respect and non-interference in each other's internal affairs, Mr Zhao said, would allow relations to develop smoothly between the two countries.

Mr Zhao's meeting with the Soviet President lasted for 1½ hours and centred on socialist reforms.

Mr Gorbachev said that Soviet people were concerned about China's reforms, whose economic reforms were far ahead of their Soviet counterparts.

In two hours of working talks that centred on international and bilateral issues, Mr Li expressed approval for Soviet-US efforts to reduce nuclear weapons.

Mr Gorbachev assured Mr Li that the Soviet Union had announced specific plans to pull out 75 per cent of its troops from Mongolia.

In a press briefing with Soviet and Chinese reporters, Mr Li said that the Soviet side had expressed the intention of eventually withdrawing all its troops, although details had not yet been worked out with Mongolia.

Reuter

## Chinese troops fought in Vietnam

CHINA has admitted for the first time that it sent thousands of combat troops to Vietnam to fight against American forces and their South Vietnamese allies.

The semi-official China News Service (CNS) said in a report monitored in Hongkong yesterday that China sent 320,000 soldiers to Vietnam during the 60s. It also spent over US$20 billion (HK$156 billion) to support Hanoi's regular North Vietnamese Army and Viet Cong guerilla units.

The agency report cited *The History of the People's Republic of China*, published by the official State Archives Publishing House, as saying that more than 4,000 Chinese soldiers were killed during the war.

Fighting finally ended when victorious North Vietnamese tanks battered their way into the grounds of Doc Lap Palace in Saigon (Ho Chi Minh City) on April 30, 1975.

During the war China repeatedly denied US allegations that its soldiers were operating in Vietnam.

US intelligence reports at the time spoke of US combat units finding soldiers dressed in Chinese combat gear and wearing Chinese insignia.

During the 10 years of direct US involvement American troop levels reached over 500,000. Estimates of North Vietnamese Army units varied, but Hanoi maintained throughout the war its soldiers went only as volunteers to help the southern Viet Cong guerilla movement.

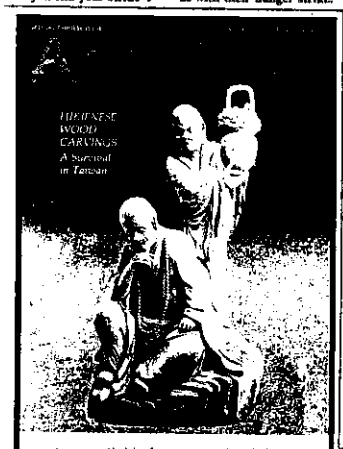
Units from South Korea, Australia and New Zealand fought alongside US and South Vietnamese soldiers, with logistical support from Thailand and the Philippines.

Both Presidents Lyndon Johnson and Richard Nixon were extremely wary of allowing US aircraft to bomb too close to the Chinese border with North Vietnam for fear of involving the Chinese on a larger scale.

But pressure groups seeking news on Americans listed as missing-in-action in Indochina say a handful of US pilots baled out over Chinese territory after their planes were hit by Vietnamese ground fire.

North Vietnam was also widely believed to have used Cuban pilots for its Soviet-supplied air force and Soviet advisers to man SAM anti-aircraft missiles.

Reuter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## Legislators want universal suffrage introduced in 2007

By CHRIS YEUNG

MEMBERS of the Executive and Legislative Councils have reached consensus that the third chief executive should be elected by universal suffrage in 2007, five years ahead of the proposal in the Basic Law draft.

At its second of four special meetings on the draft, the Office of Members of Executive and Legislative Councils (Omelco) members voted against the so-called "Cha-Cha" proposal in the draft that says universal suffrage should only be used in 2012, pending the result of a referendum.

A total of 17 of the 20-odd legislators who cast their vote favour a clear commitment in the Basic Law that the third chief executive be returned by a "one man, one vote" system.

One member suggested that the introduction of a universal suffrage system be further advanced by another five years to 2002, the beginning of the term of the second chief executive.

Only two members, Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming and Mr Szeto Wah, insisted the first chief executive in 1997 should be elected by a "one man, one vote" system.

At least one legislator maintained universal suffrage should only be introduced beginning from or after the term of the fourth chief executive in 2012.

The majority view agreed upon by lawmakers at the meeting is the same as the consensus reached by an alliance of 10 "moderate" political groups.

One difference is that the Omelco members thought that the term of office of the chief executive, beginning from the third term in 2007, should be shortened from five years to four.

This is to bring it in line with the term of office of the legislature, which is to begin its fourth term from 2007.

Although most of the Omelco members agreed the first two chief executives should be elected by a broadly-based election committee, there are still differences over the composition of the electoral body.

One consensus is that members of the election committee should be elected in an open and democratic way.

The nominations for the chief executive should also be made as open as possible, some suggested.

It is expected that details of the election committee will be discussed at the remaining two special sessions of Omelco scheduled next week.

Other topics on the agenda included the composition of the legislature and the formation of the first Special Administrative Region government.

## $22m paid for ceramic at auction

AN ancient Chinese ceramic work of art fetched a world record price of $22 million yesterday, auctioneer Sotheby's said.

The buyer of the Song dynasty (AD 960-1280) brushwater piece was an American private collector, Sun Rider International, based in Los Angeles.

An underglaze-red decorated basin dated from the Ming dynasty (AD 1368-1644) also fetched $20 million.

The previous world record for a Chinese ceramic work was made at a Sotheby's auction in the territory a year ago, when a Ming dynasty vase fell under the hammer for more than $17 million.

● Report: Page 3

## Thatcher urges UNHCR to resolve boat people problem

From DAVID WALLEN in London

BRITISH Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, urged the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) last night to make sure next month's Geneva conference on the Vietnamese boat people is a success.

The message from throughout the British Government yesterday to Commissioner Jean Pierre Hocke was the same.

A Foreign Office spokesman said: "We tried to impress on him the seriousness of the boat people problem and that we were looking to the Geneva conference for a resolution of it.

"Mr Hocke is well aware of our feelings on the subject."

Mr Hocke spent 45 minutes with Sir Geoffrey and a little less with both Mrs Thatcher and Home Secretary Douglas Hurd.

Afterwards all parties were reluctant to say whether any progress or further initiative on the problem had been agreed.

A Whitehall source said: "All the people he met just rammed the same message home."

Later Mr Hocke called for "a combination of speed and patience" in dealing with the crisis.

Speaking after his meeting with Mrs Thatcher, he said the deal worked out with the Vietnamese Government on voluntary repatriation at the end of last year had to be given a chance to be implemented and to succeed.

He refused to comment on the growing feeling within Hongkong that some of the boat people should be forcibly repatriated.

Mr Hocke said: "It is very obvious that there has been a very massive arrival of boat people in Hongkong over the past few weeks."

"This is not only placing a strain on the welcome facilities in Hongkong but it's also having consequences on the preparation for the Geneva conference."

He hoped the conference would discuss in detail the screening and eligibility procedures introduced in Hongkong last June.

● See also Page 3

## Gunmen grab four Germans

SIDON: Gunmen kidnapped four West Germans in the southern Lebanese port city of Sidon early today, three of them for the second time this month.

Witnesses and security sources said 10 unidentified gunmen seized Henrich Struebig, 48, Petra Schnitzler, 26, Marcus Quint, 24, and a fourth colleague from the West German Asme Humanitas Relief Agency as they drove through Sidon.

Mr Struebig, Ms Schnitzler and Mr Quint were abducted in Sidon on May 4.

Mr Struebig and Ms Schnitzler were freed the next day and Mr Quint was released on Sunday.

## Norway report

TODAY Norway's people celebrate their country's National Day. Norway's links with Hongkong have strengthened as trade increases. See our six-page Norway National Day section inside today.

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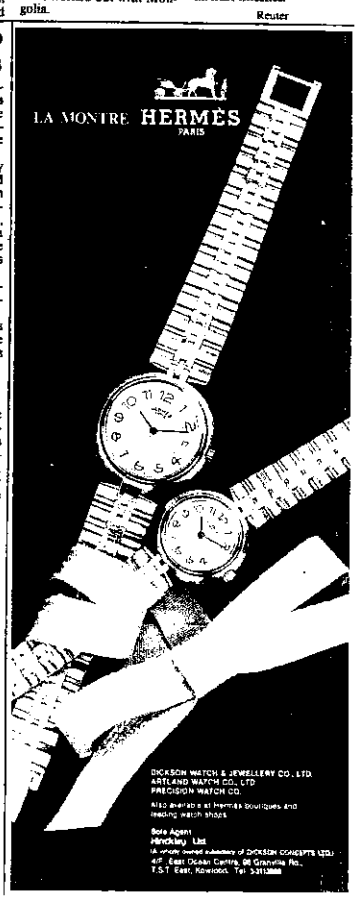

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# Hand in hand to a new friendship

## Back to norm as giants meet

**By Terry Cheng and agencies**

CHINESE and Russian hands clasped in Beijing yesterday to signal the formal end of three decades of hostility between the two Communist giants.

Mr Deng Xiaoping of China and Mr Mikhail Gorbachev of the Soviet Union, shook hands in a symbolic gesture that a commentator for the Communist Party newspaper *Pravda* described as meaning "basically, back to the norm".

Later, in a more homespun display of bonhomie, Mr Deng held hands with Mr Gorbachev and his wife Raisa as they walked to a lunch-time banquet in the Great Hall of the People.

The 58-year-old Soviet leader renewed inter-state and inter-party relations with the Chinese in separate meeting with the 84-year-old Mr Deng, Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang and Premier Li Peng.

Mr Gorbachev acknowledged that the Soviet Union had made "some errors" in its past positions toward China, but said Mr Deng and Mr Gorbachev had agreed "that bygones are bygones. What is important is to look forward and do more tangible things."

Although the two sides have buried the hatchet in principle, their disagreement on the Cambodia issue was not entirely resolved at 150-minute summit meeting between Mr Deng and Mr Gorbachev.

Chinese Foreign Ministry spokesman Li Zhaoxing quoted Mr Deng as saying both sides had some common ground (on Cambodia), but no complete agreement.

Mr Li said they did not discuss the student demonstration, which was being carried on in Tiananmen Square while the summit was held inside the Great Hall of the People.

Mr Deng and Mr Gorbachev toasted the thaw at a banquet later hosted by Mr Deng.

In his banquet speech the Soviet leader said the "constructive and equal dialogue developed by the two countries will make relations develop in greater depth and to a higher level".

INSIDE:
■ Two-page summit special: **Pages 6 ,7 ▶**
■ Homa's view: **Page 12 ▶**

The Soviet leader said he was satisfied with the summit with Mr Deng. "We had a very detailed and substantial meeting this morning," Mr Gorbachev later told Mr Zhao.

"We agree with Deng's concept of 'ending the past and looking for the future'."

Mr Gorbachev also had what he termed "wide-ranging, in-depth and candid talks on international issues and bilateral relations" with Premier Li at the Diaoyutai State Guesthouse, where the Soviets are accommodated.

The United States, Japan and Thailand in their official statements yesterday also approved of the rapprochement and said it contributed to world peace.

Relations since the frosty encounter between Nikita Khrushchev and late Chairman Mao Zedong 30 years ago have been marred by ideological rivalry, a 1969 border war, a sharp decline in economic and cultural contacts and strong Chinese opposition to Soviet actions in Afghanistan and Cambodia.

Mr Deng, himself, was a key spokesman of the Chinese Communists in 1960s in criticising Mr Khrushchev, although Mr Deng was later dubbed "China's Khrushchev" by chairman Mao Zedong.

At the summit, Mr Deng expressed satisfaction that Mr Gorbachev had embarked on a more conciliatory Soviet foreign policy and said he had "noticed there may be a turning point in competition between the United States and the Soviet Union".

"The situation is changing from confrontation to dialogue," the Chinese leader observed.

Yesterday the Chinese repeatedly revised Mr Gorbachev's schedule, moving events to keep the Soviet leader away from the demonstrators calling for democracy.

AFP

■ Hands across the years ... Mr Gorbachev, Mr Deng and Mrs Gorbachev enter the Great Hall of the People.

## Gorbachev mobbed by workers

**BEIJING: Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev was mobbed yesterday by residents when he made an unscheduled walkabout in the Chinese capital, several kilometres from thousands of demonstrating students.**

**Chinese television showed Mr Gorbachev stopping his car on the way to his suburban summit residence from an official lunch with paramount leader Deng Xiaoping at the Great Hall of the People.**

**Xinhua News Agency said about 500 people, including workers and students, rushed to greet Mr Gorbachev, shouting "welcome, welcome".**

**The Soviet president, accompanied by his wife, Raisa, and Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, carried on strolling several kilometres from central Tiananmen Square.**

**Pro-democracy demonstrations and hunger strikes continued for the fourth day yesterday in the square.**

**Earlier, Chinese officials had ruled out the possibility of Mr Gorbachev taking a stroll in Beijing during his four-day visit to China.**

**Xinhua said the crowd applauded after Mr Gorbachev informed them Sino-Soviet relations had been normalised after 30 years of hostility, and added "thank you".**

**– AFP**

# Hunger strikers gain support in five provinces

**From Priscilla Leung in Beijing and Chan Kin-wa in Shanghai**

THE four-day-old hunger strike by more than 3,000 Beijing students yesterday spilled to five other provinces.

Hundreds of thousands of Chinese swarmed into Tiananmen Square late last night in support of the hunger strikers protesting for democracy and equal dialogue with top leaders.

In Shanghai, where Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev is to visit tomorrow, more than 6,000 students from Fudan, Tongji and Shanghai Industrial universities marched to the Shanghai Municipal Government building in support of their Beijing counterparts.

About 60 Shanghai students started a hunger strike and vowed to continue until the Shanghai government accepted their four-point demands.

Other provinces hit by demonstrations are Zhejiang, Hubei, Hainan, Jiangsu, Sichuan while students in Shenzhen yesterday also showed support.

Student leaders threatened to launch demonstrations when Mr Gorbachev arrives if the Shanghai government failed to answer demands.

The Soviet leader is scheduled to visit Shanghai before he ends his historic visit to China.

The Shanghai students demanded the party committee reinstate Mr Qin Benli, former editor-in-chief of the *World Economic Herald* and start equal dialogue with student representatives.

Premier Li Peng yesterday defended the right of students to demonstrate which had upset the official programme planned for the first Sino-Soviet summit in 30 years.

"We do not think that liberty, democracy and human rights are patterns of capitalist countries," Mr Li told Mr Gorbachev.

"Socialist countries should also enjoy freedom, democracy and human rights. China is prepared to further these aspects in the process of political reform.

"China needs very much a peaceful environment externally and a stable environment internally."

After four days of hunger strike, more than 300 students fainted and were given emergency sugar-solution drip feeds or ferried to hospital.

The head of the United Front Work Department, Mr Yan Mingfu, went to Tiananmen Square where he made an impassioned plea yesterday for the hunger strikers to end their strike.

Chairman of the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students, Mr Wu'er Kaixi, collapsed and has been sent to hospital twice since the hunger strike began on Saturday.

Doctors have also pleaded with 12 students from the Central Academy of Dramatic Arts who have refused to to drink water, warning them they could face critical dehydration within 24 hours.

"There is about one student fainting every five minutes," said one Westerner studying at a Beijing medical school.

According to pamphlets distributed by the students, 108 military officials of the 38 Army in Baoding had signed a letter stating they would not implement any order to suppress the students.

At least 15 state-controlled newspapers and publishing houses joined in the march, among them were Xinhua News Agency, *People's Daily* and China Central Television.

About 200 journalists from the *People's Daily* condemned the paper's April 26 editorial which called the student protests as "chaotic disturbances".

Three student representatives yesterday sent a letter to the headquarters of the Communist Party to reaffirm demands, but they received no concrete responses.

State-run television reported the hunger strike on its evening news, paying special emphasis to the ambulances carrying ill students to hospital.

Among the ranks of hunger strikers, students are even operating a ramshackle printing press turning out pamphlets calling on the government to declare the protest a "patriotic campaign" and to open a "genuine dialogue"

## Deng still top boss

**DENG Xiaoping is still the most important man in China's government, Communist Party boss Zhao Ziyang told a nationwide television audience yesterday.**

**In a surprise revelation during his televised talks with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, Mr Zhao said a secret resolution had been passed in 1987 affirming Mr Deng's place at the top.**

**He said the resolution was approved by the party's Central Committee immediately after the 13th party congress.**

**He called Mr Deng China's "helmsman" – a term reminiscent of the title "Great Helmsman" often used for former Chairman Mao Zedong.**

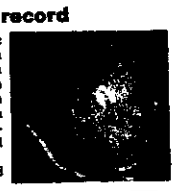
■ Full story **Page 5**

## INSIDE

### An auction record

A Chinese ceramic piece from the 12th century reached a world record price of $22 million at a Sotheby's auction in Hongkong yesterday. Report and pictures

**Page 5**



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Andrew Peacock, getting his second crack at the Australian Liberal Party leadership, is in strife already, forced to carpet two party members who revealed inside details of his coup over ex-leader John Howard last week. This and more in AUSTRALIA TODAY

**Liftout**

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**WEATHER:** 24°C — 28°C. Some showers at first, sunny periods later: Details on Page 19.

# Bond says he will continue selling assets

**By K C Ching** of our Business Desk

SHARES in Alan Bond's local vehicle Bond Corp International (BCIL) could drop even further in light of remarks made by the Australian entrepreneur yesterday.

The financially troubled businessman said, in Brisbane, he planned to continue selling his group's assets.

"More than A$3 billion in assets have been sold in the past eight months and we have got more to go," Mr Bond told a lunch meeting of the Committee for Economic Development of Australia.

BCIL shares slumped to a record low of $1.79 in Hongkong yesterday before closing at $1.80.

Market analysts said the drop was due to fears that BCIL might use the $2.2 billion raised from the sale of the Bond Centre to buy assets from the Australian parent.

BCIL managing director Peter Lucas said last week he would not rule out acquiring assets from its parent.

The sale of Bond Centre will be completed at the end of next month and BCIL will realise a $1.1 billion profit from the transaction.

Mr Bond said his group had been the victim of a smear campaign as well as "sensationalism and ill-informed reporting".

The company's true strength would be recognised in about six months after its financial results and the rewards from its asset sales were taken into account by shareholders, brokers and the media, he said.

Mr Bond did not say what assets would be for sale, apart from an 18 per cent stake in Bond International Gold (BIG), his Denver-based gold operation which floated a stock offer in the United States last year.

Prices of Bond Corp Holdings dropped to a 3-1/2-year low on the Australian market last week. The stock closed yesterday at A$1.25, up from its low of A$1, following favourable reaction to Mr Bond's attempts to reduce his debts.

In a separate announcement, the unlisted Bond family company Dalhold Investments Proprietary said it had abandoned its bid for a Philippines' nickel refinery.

Mr Bond's parent company had its credit rating downgraded in late April and he has been under investigation by the Australian Broadcasting Tribunal, which was considering his fitness to control 15 domestic radio and television licenses.

The Australian Broadcasting Tribunal said it would announce its decision at the end of a 42-day hearing on May 26.

Mr Bond, a British-born former sign-writer, attacked the Australian media for their coverage of his company, saying they did not understand the group's global approach to business.

EUROPE AT THE CROSSROADS

## The Europe sales push

**A SINGLE European market after 1992 offers opportunities to Hongkong companies.**

**Two-and-a-half years from now, the 12 member nations of the EEC will bring down most physical, technical and fiscal barriers to allow free movement of goods, services and people across one another's borders. Today marks a one-day *WorldPaper* International Inquiry on Europe after 1992 sponsored by Federal Express in association with the Hongkong Trade Development Council and *The Hongkong Standard*. And in Business Standard today, we look at the implications of developments in Europe.**

■ Business **Pages 1, 2**

## Mark Six

**THERE was no winner of the first prize in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 2, 3, 7, 16, 38 and 39 yesterday.**

**The extra number drawn was 31.**

**The second prize of $751,407 each had two winners while the third prize of $12,102 each had 267 winning units.**

**The next draw takes place tomorrow.**

# Boycott threat by Africans over rugby tour plan

ADDIS ABABA: The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) threatened an African boycott of the next Commonwealth Games if British rugby players go to South Africa.

The OAU statement followed the announcement by the English Rugby Union that it would pass on to players any invitations to the South African Rugby Board's centenary in August, clearing the way for them to accept. Wales and Scotland have already taken this step.

The OAU, headquartered in Ethiopia, said yesterday it would ask Britain to keep its rugby players from going to South Africa "should it want Africa not to boycott games in which England is participating, starting from next year's (January) Commonwealth Games in New Zealand".

Black African states boycotted the 1986 Commonwealth Games in Edinburgh over sporting links with South Africa.

Referring to the British rugby unions' decision on Monday to pass on invitations to the centenary in South Africa, the OAU said: "No matter under whatever pretext England has opted for this decision, the move is viewed with contempt and is categorically unacceptable to Africa."

The 51-member OAU said it viewed the British rugby unions' stand as "a deliberate provocation to Africa" and "a betrayal of the whole of Africa and all anti-apartheid movements in the world".

African nations consider participation in sporting events with South African teams provides indirect support for the regime and for its apartheid policies.

Sam Ramsamay, chairman of the South African Non-Racial Olympic Committee, said in London that the bid by the English city of Manchester to host the 1996 Olympic Games could be undermined by anti-apartheid protests.

Alluding to the centenary in South Africa, he said: "It should be clearly understood that if rugby players from the United Kingdom do take part in the celebration of racist rugby, British sport generally will become the focus of protest action.

"British bids to stage major international sports events, including the Olympic Games, could be seriously jeopardised."

Also members of the British Parliament were not impressed with a statement by officials that they would discourage the players from going.

No invitations have yet been sent to the England rugby chiefs but if and when they do, they will be passed on to the players with a recommendation against participating.

Dennis Skinner, the opposition Labour Party chairman, said: "This is against the Gleneagles Agreement. It is a back-door method and is in conflict with the terms of that agreement." – Reuter, AFP

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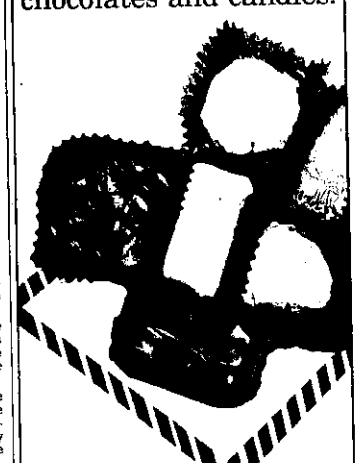

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# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月18日 星期四 己巳年四月十四

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第14922期 （代号1—1） 人民日报社出版


# 声援绝食请愿的大学生 首都各界百余万人游行

## 强烈要求立即对话救人救国

### 最·后·消·息

## 赵紫阳、李鹏、乔石、胡启立今晨到医院看望绝食病倒学生

**本报5月18日7时讯** 记者从新华社获悉：今晨5时，中共中央政治局常委赵紫阳、李鹏、乔石、胡启立到协和医院和同仁医院，看望绝食病倒、住院治疗的高校学生。

**本报北京5月17日讯** 今天，北京各界百余万人走上街头，汇集天安门广场，举行声势浩大的游行，声援在天安门广场绝食请愿的学生。

学生绝食请愿已进入第5天。记者在现场看到，救护车进进出出，尖厉的呼叫不绝于耳，声声揪心。广场白天热，夜里冷。学生虽然意志坚定，但处境艰难，生命危急，引起社会各界极大的关注。

从上午开始，声援学生的队伍打着横幅，喊着口号，陆续走进长安街。在不尽的人流中，除了首都高等院校的学生、教职工，北京市中小学教师的队伍之外，工人的队伍惹人注目。北京核仪器厂、北京汽车制造厂、北京起重机器厂、北京吉普汽车有限公司、北京重型机械厂、北京第一机床厂、北京丝绸总厂、北京变压器厂、北京三露厂及首钢等大中型企业的部分工人，举着“救救孩子”、“铲除腐败，打倒官倒”等横幅标语，前来声援。

穿着白大褂的首都医务工作者的队伍走来了。他们中有协和医院、北京医院、朝阳红十字医院、中日友好医院、北京肿瘤医院……手挽手走在最前面的，有全国政协委员、一级教授侯惠群和赵敏慧。他们的横幅是：“强烈要求政府立即答应学生三点要求”“救人更要救国”。

举着“立即对话，刻不容缓”、“求民主无损国家形象”等醒目横幅的民主党派人士，高呼口号走过广场。当打着“慈悲为怀爱人如己”的首都佛教徒慈间队走过来的时候，四周响起了热烈的掌声。

中国人民银行总行的游行队伍经过人民大会堂东门时，不断呼喊：“不给官倒贷款！”“冻结官倒帐户！”海关总署的声援队伍喊道：“官倒走私，铁证如山！”受到周围学生、群众热烈鼓掌欢迎。

在今天的游行队伍中，有国家机关、中直机关以及金融、交通、电信、新闻出版等系统的职工，还有人民解放军的文职人员。

本报一千多名职工今天也参加了游行，走在前面的是，在新闻界有相当声望的一些年已花甲的高级编辑记者。

在游行队伍中，记者看到来自天津、河北、黑龙江、吉林、辽宁、长沙、西安、四川一些院校和单位的横幅。

来自山东省直属机关的一位干部起初对学生们的行动还有些不太理解，今天，他眼含泪水对记者说：“看到学生们的行动，受到首都那么多居民的声援和支持，我心里就踏实了。”当记者问及对赵紫阳的书面谈话有何感想时，他说：“紫阳同志说党和政府绝不会‘秋后算账’，我有些放心了。但是，党和政府采取什么积极措施，让学生放心，让全国人民放心，希望中央早下决心，越快越好。”

记者看到，在密集的人群中，有许多市民踩众为游行队伍送茶送水送冷饮。在广场西南口寡捐处，市民们纷纷解囊，一位40多岁的妇女走上前去对学生说：“你们也要保重自己啊！”

今天游行秩序比较好，学生纠察队在各个路段进行疏导，并规定了游行细则。中国警官大学的700多名学生18日凌晨自发来到广场协助学生维持秩序，保证了从广场东南口至前门之间救护车道的畅通无阻。但是，由于今天广场上游行和围观的人过多，一些地方道路被堵塞。

5月17日，首都各界百余万人游行，声援绝食请愿的学生。 本报记者 杨文道摄

首都声势浩大的游行队伍。 本报记者 沈 进摄

首都工人17日上街游行，声援绝食学生。因为首钢工人的游行队伍。 本报记者 沈 进摄

## 李铁映看望绝食病倒学生

**新华社北京5月17日电** 今晚10时许，国家教委主任李铁映先后到协和医院、北京医院、同仁医院看望了在天安门广场绝食病倒住院的学生。李铁映对学生的病情十分关切，希望他们早日恢复健康。李铁映向医院询问了救护工作的情况并慰问了参加救护工作的医务人员。

## 声援北京学生绝食请愿行动

## 各地高校师生纷纷集会游行

**新华社北京5月17日电** 近两天，全国各地高校学生、教师纷纷集会、游行，声援北京部分高校学生的绝食请愿行动。

今天上午，上海华东师范大学、中国纺织大学、复旦大学、同济大学等校5000余名学生上街游行，沿途散发《告上海市民书》，声援北京学生的绝食行动。到下午4时许，各路游行的近3万名学生在外滩市政府门口静坐请愿。

从昨晚开始，天津南开大学、天津大学、天津师范大学的1000多名学生，在天津站主广场聚集、静坐，声援北京部分高校学生的绝食请愿行动。

今天上午，在广州，华南理工大学、暨南大学、华南师范大学、中山医科大学的数百名学生今天凌晨冒雨到省政府门前游行。

武汉大学、水利电力学院等高校的5000余名学生于16日凌晨到湖北省政府门前静坐。

今晨2时，山东大学、山东师范大学等近千名学生在山东省人民政府门前游行。

南京今天上街游行的学生达二三万人。

中国科技大学、安徽大学、合肥工业大学等10所高等院校近万名学生以及部分青年教师今天上街游行。安徽一些新闻、文化单位的记者、作家也贴出标语和参加游行，支持学生的行动。

长沙、兰州、昆明、西安、深圳、南昌、长春、贵阳、青岛、太原、郑州、呼和浩特、石家庄、海口、杭州、沈阳、哈尔滨、成都等地的高校学生，近两天也陆续上街游行，声援和支持北京高校学生的绝食请愿行动。

## 各界人士民主党派人民团体紧急呼吁
## 中央党政主要领导人尽快同学生对话

**本报北京5月17日讯** 4个民主党派负责人致函赵紫阳总书记。信件全文如下：

中共中央赵紫阳总书记：

北京大学生在天安门广场静坐绝食仍在继续中，许多学生的健康和生命处于十分危急的状态。这一严峻的形势我们忧心如焚。为了爱护学生，稳定大局，我们特此向您提出紧急呼吁：

一、我们认为，这次学生的行动是爱国运动，学生提出的合理要求与中共中央国务院的主张是一致的。对于学生的合理要求，我们希望在民主和法制的轨道上予以解决。

二、建议中共中央、国务院的主要领导人尽快会见学生，进行对话。

同时，我们也真诚地希望静坐绝食的同学，为了国家民族的利益，爱护身体，停止绝食，返回学校。

此致敬礼！

中国民主同盟主席 费孝通
中国民主建国会主席 孙起孟
中国民主促进会主席 雷洁琼
九三学社主席 周培源

1989年5月17日12时

**本报讯** 北京电子管厂全体职工于5月17日紧急呼吁全国总工会，代表全国工人阶级向党中央、国务院暨赵紫阳总书记、李鹏总理提出要求：

第一，党和国家领导同志应接受同学们进行实质性对话的要求；第二，对同学们的这次民主、爱国运动要予以充分肯定，不要搞事后算帐。

我们对同学们的爱国热情表示支持和崇敬，同学们连续几日的绝食损害了身体，牵动着我们每一个职工的心，我们深感不安。我们希望同学们爱惜自己的身体，为祖国的未来做出贡献；更急切地盼望党和政府尽快采取措施，让事态朝着全国人民所希望的方面发展。

**又讯** 5月17日，工人日报记者就北京电子管厂职工紧急呼吁，采访了中华全国总工会副主席王厚德。王厚德说，全国总工会书记处认为：北京电子管厂万名职工的紧急呼吁，表现了职工群众对目前形势的极大关注，充分体现了职工群众的主人翁责任感。

当前，广大学生呼唤民主和法制、反对腐败和官倒、推进政治体制和经济体制改革的要求，是爱国的、民主的、进步的，得到了职工群众的广泛同情。

学生绝食，职工心疼。连日来天安门广场事态的发展，引起了广大职工普遍的关注和焦虑。我们呼请党和政府尽快安排同学生的高层次对话，采取切实有效的措施，尽早结束学生的绝食请愿。当前经济形势严峻，广大职工十分忧虑。事态如果不能尽早平息，必将影响正常的生产秩序和社会经济生活。广大职工不希望看到改革、开放和现代化建设的进程被打乱或停顿，国家的前途蒙上阴影。我们相信，广大职工一定会深刻理解自己的责任，坚守岗位，坚持生产和工作。

**本报北京5月17日讯** 共青团中央、全国青联、全国学联今天发出紧急呼吁书。全文如下：

目前，北京部分大学生在天安门广场的绝食已经进入了第五天，许多学生的身体相当虚弱，情况日趋严重。对此，共青团中央、全国青联、全国学联感到深切的忧虑和极大不安。为不使事态进一步恶化和确保学生的身心健康，为了切实在民主与法制的轨道上解决问题，为了祖国和民族的前途与命运，我们紧急呼吁：

一、我们不愿意看到学生的生命和健康受到危害，我们也不愿意看到改革和建设的进程发生逆转。我们希望党和政府的主要领导人尽快到学生中去，充分了解广大学生的爱国热情和合理要求，尽快缓解事态的发展。

二、我们认为，在党的领导下，通过真诚对话，在民主与法制的轨道上解决问题，是唯一选择。我们建议，尽快进行不回避矛盾的建设性的对话。我们希望也相信党和政府会认真吸收广大学生和群众的合理要求，痛下决心，克服腐败现象，推动政治体制和经济体制改革，健全民主和法制，推进中国社会主义现代化进程。

**本报讯** 北京医科大学等四所高校（院）长对天安门广场绝食同学的健康十分焦急，认为如果事态继续发展下去，将可能诱发传染病蔓延、其他严重疾病甚至危及生命的极其严重的后果，昨天提出紧急呼吁：

1、广大同学的爱国热情是非常可贵的，但要保重身体。不要绝食，更不要绝水。要接受治疗，注意个人卫生，防止并发其它疾病；

2、事态不能继续发展下去了。希望党和政府的主要领导人高度重视学生健康状况不断恶化可能造成的严重后果，尽快与同学们直接见面和对话。

北京医科大学校长 曲绵域教授
中国协和医科大学校长 顾方舟教授
北京中医学院院长 高鹏孝副教授
首都医学院院长 徐群渊教授

1989年5月17日

（下转第二版）

## 教教学生 救救孩子
### ——天安门广场绝食学生实况录

本报记者 赖仁球

“嘀哒——嘀哒嘀哒——”一声声尖利的笛声不绝于耳，一辆辆载着绝食昏倒的学生驶向北京市急救中心和各大医院急救室。今天，是北京高校3000余名学生在天安门广场绝食第5天。烈日当空，广场大部分学生因绝食而引起脱水、电解质紊乱、抽搐、烦躁，有的同学甚至出现了室上性心动过速、肾功能衰竭、休循环衰竭、昏迷等严重症状。北京数十家医院和各大单位门诊部的数千名医护人员在广场和医院紧张地救治学生。

在现场救治学生的医务人员焦急万分地说，如果同学们继续绝食，仅靠饮用葡萄糖盐水难以维持生命，而用静脉注射多种氨基酸，目前全市又药源不足，即使同学们立即停止绝食，也因部分学生绝食后可能引起远期脑损害等后遗症，以至贻害他的终生。

连续5天在广场参加救治学生的一位医生说，绝食不绝水，生命极限一般在7—12天，但学生们的体质本来差，绝食第一天又远道从学校步行至天安门广场，体力消耗很大。这几天白天烈日晒，夜晚冷风吹，广场无任何卫生条件，空气混浊，绝食学生精神压力极大。今、明两天不少学生生命处于危急状态，这位医生流着泪说：夜间更危险，广场灯光暗，医护人员无法为学生测血压和观察病情，如果有学生在昏睡中死亡很难发现。更为严重的是，昨天12名在人大会堂北侧绝水的学生今天已增至20多名。原12名学生中，有8名先后被送去输液抢救。

据不完全统计，截至今晚6点，绝食学生中患各种病症被送往市内32家医院抢救的共有1768人次，留院观察治疗803人次。

仅在今天各院门诊抢救就达740人次，留院观察503人次。

（本报北京5月17日讯）

新闻特写

## 戈尔巴乔夫继续在京访问

### 接受记者采访时称访华取得重大成果
### 昨天向中国学术界人士发表演讲

**据新华社北京5月17日电**（记者李怀时）苏联领导人戈尔巴乔夫今天在北京度过了他日程紧凑的中国之行的第三天。

这位苏联领导人今天上午在人民大会堂向500多位中国学术界人士发表演讲时指出，“我们有权把苏中高级会晤看成是一个重要的界限。一个很长的相互疏远的时期已经过去。我们将要共同缔造我们的未来。”（全文见第四版）

今天下午，戈尔巴乔夫接受了中央电视台和中国国际广播电台记者的采访。

他说，他这次对中国的访问“具有对时代的意义”，访问的成果是“重大的”。

今天晚上，这位苏联领导人还举行了记者招待会。他告诉约500名记者，他在中国的几天访问中同中国领导人进行了很积极、很充实的会谈，核心时刻是他同邓小平的会晤。

（详见第二版）

戈尔巴乔夫和夫人雅莎今天中午游览了长城。

雅莎今天下午还参观了北京工艺美术工厂。

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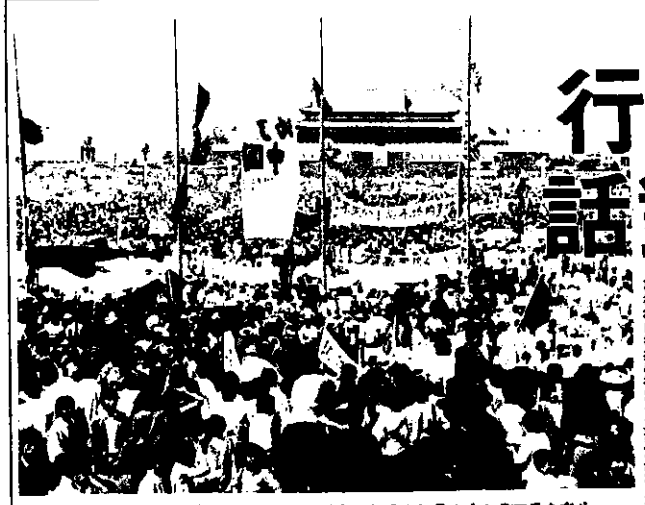
新聞簡報

# 北京百萬人大遊行 各界呼籲迅速對話

## 聲援絕食學生　旗幟標語如海



北京各界百萬人昨天舉行大遊行，聲援絕食學生，要民眾支持，要民主。（美聯社）

## 隊伍蜿蜒　情緒高昂

## 香港學生聲援北京學運　七千人維園集會後遊行

## 赴新華分社遞交六萬市民聯署信件

【本報訊】約七千名香港專上院校學生和市民昨日傍晚六時在維多利亞公園集行集會後，分批遊行至新華社香港分社門外靜坐，遞交了六萬多個市民簽名，聲援中國學運，促請中國當局儘快與學生對話。隊伍在十時半左右才散去。

學生和市民在維園集會，遊行途上，以至新華社門外，都不停地唱歌和叫口號，情緒高漲，不過在警察和學生組成的秩序糾察隊協助下，秩序維持良好。

港大、中大、浸會、理工、城市理工、樹仁、嶺南、四所公開的學生以及多個團體的代表於昨晚六時許開始編隊集結，他們叫喊着「學運不死，民主萬歲！」「支持中國學生」、「絕食學生取對話」等的口號。

學聯代表陳淸僑在大會發言說，民主是中國的出路，出三項要求：（一）中國政府要與學生部真對話，（二）他對中國當局強令漢視學生的愛國意願表示不滿。他又提平反對最近學潮的評價，並承認高校聯會的合法性，他表示香港學生對北京學生將一直堅援到底。

梁智鴻在四個團體的代表分別發言後，全體與會者又舉行了燭光晚會，內容豐富，有多節目。

「今天，北京學生迫於發出最後的呼號——他們絕食，絕水，以生命來換取一個對話的機會，他們叫喊着「學運不死，民主萬歲！」「支持中國學生」等的口號。

學聯代表陳淸僑在大會發言說，民主是中國的出路，學生、絕食學取對話」等的口號。

他對中國當局強令漢視學生部真對話，（二）他又提出三項要求：（一）中國政府要與學生部真對話，（二）平反對最近學潮的評價，並承認高校聯會的合法性，他表示香港學生對北京學生將一直堅援到底。

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年齡的都有，他們分別代表各自的所在單位，國家教育委員會、外交部、國家教委、財政部、郵電部、中宣部、團中央、中央黨校、《民盟盟員李健華。

## 外交部、中宣部……　黨政幹部也參加遊行

本報記者　鑒雙印

今天加入了聲援絕食學生的百萬市民大遊行，自晚清導的中宣部、中央黨校等單位的幹部在遊行時先後共中央直屬機關的數萬名各種人民代表應該和人民在拿撒站在一起。

許多幹部還通過遊行呼號，「不怕倒除、不怕處分」，而且將印有自己單位名稱的大旗不停揮舞。醒來被控制得很緊的外交部、中宣部、中央黨校等單位的幹部在遊行時先滿自信，並且不時搞出驚人。

**不怕開除不怕處分**

記者在絕食團內採訪了剛剛通過遊行隊伍的外交部、國家教委、財政部、郵電部、團中央、中央黨校、《民盟盟員李健華。

學生表示支持和歡迎的北京市旅遊局幹部、

## 李鐵映昨晚赴醫院看望絕食病倒學生

【新華社北京十七日電】今晚十時許，國家教委主任李鐵映先後到協和醫院、北京醫院、阜仁醫院看望了在天安門廣場絕食病倒住院的學生。李鐵映對學生的病情十分關切，希望他們早日恢復健康。李鐵映向醫院領導了參加救護工作的醫務人員。

## 全國廿餘市有遊行　穗滬學生開始絕食

## 上海工人亦參加　天津學生上京　成都重慶各界昨二十萬人上街

【本報北京十七日專電】北京一百多萬各界群眾今天前往天安門廣場進行，聲援絕食的大學生，這是中國歷史上空前的自發的群眾遊行。

早上五點半便有數千名吳津的大專學生乘第一班津京特快列車由天津抵達北京，他們下車後進行至天安門廣場，聲援絕食學生。從那時起，整整一天，前往天安門廣場進行聲援的學生和各界人士源源不斷，工人、機關幹部、新聞出版界研機構的教授專家以一如潮水般湧入天安門廣場進行。

【本報記者報導少國北京十七日專電】北京一百多萬各界群眾今天前往天安門廣場進行，聲援絕食的大學生，這是中國歷史上空前的自發的群眾遊行。

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## 至今日凌晨三時　廣場仍聚集十萬人　每分鐘一輛救護車

### 絕食學生更虛弱　電台職工來慰問

【本報記者報導】北京一百多萬各界群眾今天前往天安門廣場進行，聲援絕食的大學生，這是中國歷史上空前的自發的群眾遊行。

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【本報記者報導少國北京十七日專電

# 北京逾百萬人大遊行聲援愛國學生

## 希望學生早日結束絕食

## 各界紛發出緊急呼籲 求黨政首腦速晤學生

### 軍人工人及中央各部委職工加入遊行行列

【本報記者組北京十七日急電】首經爆發過偉大的「五四」運動的中國古都北京，今日將一次為人權及放棄動亂的發展，學生進行設性對話，同時希望學生停止絕食。首都部份教育工會工作者，清華大學工會緊急呼籲。

共青團中央、全國青聯、全國學聯、全國的學生中，充分了解廣大學生的愛國熱情和合理要求，積極今天也發出類似呼籲。

此外，中國民主同盟主席費孝通、中國民主建國會主席孫起孟、中國民主促進會主席曾彥修、九三學社主席周培源，今天中午十二時就目前局勢給趙紫陽寫信，提出緊急呼籲，信中提出，學生提出的要求與中共中央、國務院的主張是一致的，對學生的合理要求，我們主張在民主與法制的軌道上予以解決。信中建議中共中央、國務院的主要領導人應快會見學生進行對話，同時真誠地希望絕食的同學為了國家民族的利益，愛惜身體，返回學校。

今晨，北京高校聯運向各路進行隊伍宣布了四條紀律：一、絕對禁止呼喚遊行口號；二、保持理智，切實保障交通暢通；三、不准衝擊國家機關和公共設施；四、注意安全，互相連繫，保證了如此規模大的革命行動沒有出現任何意外事故。

又訊，中國各界人士今天陸續就目前的局勢發出緊急呼籲。

北京各界革命學生昨遊行聲援學生（法新社傳真）

## 四民主黨派領袖 促肯定學生運動

### 致函趙紫陽建議要盡快對話

【本報記者組北京十七日急電】金屬工商聯主席榮毅仁今天改信趙紫陽，懇請中央盡快與學生對話。

榮毅仁在信中說：「目前，一些學生出於愛國熱忱，在天安門廣場進行的靜坐絕食行動，危及學生的健康和生命，事態的發展，令我萬分憂慮。」

他說，為了防止事態激化，使學生迅速停止絕食行動，恢復首都正常的社會秩序，我感切請求中央考慮，能否由高和國家的主要領導人盡快與學生代表見面對話，表明黨和政府對話民主和法制，反對腐敗，推進改建設，增加透明度的決心，引導學生分清利弊，顧全大局，即日結束絕食行動，以便在和諧、信任的氣氛下繼續進行對話，促進建設四化振興中華的大業。（據，榮毅仁亦與兼全國人大常委會副委員長之職。）

## 京城今有雷雨 學生健康堪慮

【本報記者組北京十七日急電】據北京氣象台預測，北京明日將陰涼，從週日深夜至週一將再開始絕食。首批絕食學生多於降至廿六度左右，並且有雷暴雨，這對目前在天安門廣場絕食，亦至今日下午三時暫時結束，共歷時九十四小時。第二批絕食的學生將有三千人以上，到今晚八時，已有近二千人次陸續投進絕食的隊伍中，除了北京高校的學生，還有國家機關幹部、民主黨派人士、新聞單位的編輯、記者和職工，工商界人士等。來自上海、河北、山東、新疆、河南、山西、天津等地的一些高校學生也參加了北京的進行。

從五月十八時多開始，北京各界革命學生四面八方源向市中心的天安門廣場，下午，進行者越來越多，東西長安街和天安門廣場及一些交通幹線人山人海。

參加絕食的學生現

# 快報

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# 學運變成倒鄧李怒潮

## 中共命運掌握在趙紫陽手中

## 農工黨軍政滙合・有史來規模最大

## 三百萬人遊行支援學生

（快報綜訪組北京報道）北京的學運風雲已席捲全國，並明顯地演變成要求鄧小平、李鵬下台，擁護趙紫陽的一項政治運動。法新社引述一名外交人士的話說，中共的命運現已掌握在趙紫陽手中。

在趙紫陽公開了七年十一月十三屆一中全會鄧小平說而不休的決定後，北京市昨日的三百萬人大遊行中，各界人士高舉的標語，均直接指名支持趙紫陽，並要求「趙紫陽結束老人政治」，「趙紫陽不理不睬」。

### 擁趙結束老人政治

### 直指鄧李治國有錯

「中國日報」指出，歷時一個月的學運已開始「觸及性階段」。法新社引述外交界人士的意見說，學運已將三項要求集中在趙紫陽身上。

一名外交人士更指出，中共的命運現已掌握在趙紫陽手上。

中國大陸消息人士及外交界人士認為，鄧小平不會打破對學運的讓步。

一名亞洲外交官說：「鄧小平不想公開羅面政府表談話，因為他明白到會有解決問題失敗的危險。」

當年胡耀邦所帶領的共青團中央聯同全國青聯、全國學聯發出緊急呼籲，要求高對學生實施對話。支持與學生對話的還包括了胡耀邦生前所發展的知識分子，如嚴家祺、劉賓雁、冰心。

### 共青團促真誠對話

### 解放軍亦參加遊行

而參與昨日遊行的，幾乎包括了北京市各單位，最令人注目的，則是包括國務院、外交部和解放軍單位，參加是次行的國家單位，包括：國務院直屬機構、中共中央直屬機構、中共中央宣傳部、外交部、國家機構部部、國家計劃委員會、國家經濟委員會、國家外經貿委員會、國家科學技術委員會、國家教育委員會、國家體育運動委員會、國家文物局、國家文化部等。而中國人民解放軍文藝人民及後勤隊伍亦有出現。

至於國家新聞機關有：新華社、新華社月刊雜誌社、新華社「瞭望」周刊、中新社、中央廣播電台、中央電視台、人民日報及其他十數個報刊的隊伍。

兩家機關還有數家外國駐華機構的隊伍。

### 趙紫陽籲停止絕食

### 肯定學生愛國熱情

而二百多名參與學生自治會會長會議的學生代表，求總理李鵬出來對話，並數百事件，又要求「意不出頭來」的楊尚昆、李鵬等出來對話。

名高級官員，全體感激學生對全國人民的愛國熱情。

（快報北京消息）高巴卓夫於昨晚在此間說，如果在最新的紅場發生類似中國現在的學運情況，他將在民主化和公開性的基礎上加以解決。

在剛剛結束的記者招待會上，記者就中國目前的學運請高巴卓發評論。

高巴卓夫起初，就全盤主義目前正在蓬勃發展的變革表示，目前，民主化正在整個蘇聯各地展開。

高巴卓夫說：「更新的精神並不是社會主義的專利品，每一個社會主義國家的過程都有不同的速度和不同的特徵。

高巴卓夫說：「目前，我們正在整個蘇聯各地展開一個社會主義的民主化，目的是為人變成一個主人翁。這種轉變將使得現行的體制成為更加有效的體制。」

高巴卓夫表示，中國目前的學運對蘇中關係不會產生不好的影響。

在這次於人民大會堂舉行的記者招待會上，有記者問高巴卓夫對蘇聯前途的發展有什麼看法時，高巴卓夫說：「我不會冒險說，我不會在中國進行什麼評論，這是太過份的事情。中國的年輕人和中國學運人正在進行對話，我可以說，一下，聯盟能夠找到適合於中國情況的辦法，以便使中國能夠走向充分的發揮民主的道路。」

有記者問：你有沒有看到學生遊行，你的態度是甚麼？

高巴卓夫說：「我看到了學生們，我與他們講過話，我收到了他們的很友好的一封信，在電視裏，（指今天下午舊受中共當局接見的學生代表）我已看到了這個意思，我看過兩次電視，很友好地表現了他們的信心。他們上所做的事情，尤其是公開化的基礎上加以解決。」他表示，我很珍惜他們的立場。

「另一方面，蘇聯傳媒周三改的大報，基共產黨的報紙，更認為許多中國人對學運，基共產黨的報紙，更認為許多中國人對學運，基共產黨的報紙，更認為許多中國人對學運

# 七千衆維園集會表達強烈民意

# 港大促北京市民罷課 天下為公振興中華

## 救中國・爭取民主

## 今日北京遭壓鎮・香港他朝同相也

## 百數市民環中自由行遊維園

## 沿途市民加入行列

## 敦促人大常委安排官民對話

## 三名港區人大代表措詞強烈

### 社團聲援北京學生 左派團體統一口徑

## 罷課大專生約四千人

### 主要屬於「四師」及嶺南學生

## 絕食學生暈倒送醫 出院即行繼續絕食

### 新華分社門外竟日擠滿慰問者

## 何如局結件事京北 心信人港響影接直

### 伊文思在英國會小組證作

## 東大學生環澳遊行

### 沿途市民鼓掌捐款

## 熱心市民支援民運 親携四萬現金捐贈

### 學聯籲各界急電聲援北京學生

## 看電影？吃飯？ 拖友遊行去

## 移師新華社前 子夜始告散會

## 捐款支援學生 四十八小時內 教聯呼籲各界人士

## 中國「浮沉沉」舵手宜看海景

深圳遊行　深圳數十學生昨遊行，聲援北京學運。（本報記者黃偉新攝）

北京遊行　逾十萬爭取民主的示威者昨日站滿了整個天安門廣場。（美聯社圖片）

# 要求人大常委會商學運 費孝通動議遭中央否決

## 民主黨派感到氣憤 共青團等籲速對話

【本報特約記者北京專電】全國人大常委會副委員長、民盟中央主席費孝通昨日表示，他目前會向中共中央提出緊急動議，要求召開全國人大常委會緊急會議，討論時局問題。

費孝通昨晚在北京參加全國人大常委會緊急會議時，提出上述動議，但遭到中共中央否決。

費孝通在會上說，他是應廣大學生的要求，才提出這項動議。

費孝通說，他認為，目前北京的局勢已經發展到非常嚴重的地步，如果不採取緊急措施，局勢將會繼續惡化，後果不堪設想。

費孝通說，他的動議是根據憲法第六十一條第二款提出的。

費孝通的動議遭到中共中央否決後，全國人大常委會副委員長王丙乾宣布，全國人大常委會緊急會議決定不予召開。

費孝通的動議遭

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月十八日　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月十四日　第四期　⊙要聞　第一版

# 香港時報

第一四五一家出版
HONG KONG TIMES
社址：香港灣仔莊士敦道六四至六六號
分社：臺北市重慶南路三段三三號五樓四樓

## 中委會發表聲明深信共產極權終被歷史洪流淹沒

# 國民黨支持大陸大運
# 利勝得贏必胞同信確

### 李主席關切大陸情勢籲同志開創黨和國家光明前途

【本報台北十七日電】中國國民黨中央委員會今天舉行第十屆第三次全體會議，李主席登輝在會中發表聲明，對大陸當前的情勢，表示關切，並呼籲同志開創黨和國家光明的前途。

李主席說，最近在大陸上發生兩件大事，引起了全世界的注意。一件是蘇聯戈巴契夫的訪問北平，獲得許多對世界及中國未來的發展，都必將產生深遠的影響，非常值得我們重視。

李主席說，最近大陸情勢的變化，給予我們莫大的鼓舞，證明我們多年來的基本政策和主張，是符合時代潮流的，我們的努力，終於獲得國際廣泛的肯定與支持。

李主席今天主持政策會時中央常務委員會聽取了中央大陸工作會主任委員蔣彥士關於大陸情勢發展的報告，作了以下的指示：

中央大陸工作會主任委員蔣彥士關於大陸情勢發展的報告，作了以下的指示：

一、最近大陸情勢的變化，給予我們莫大的鼓舞，證明我們多年來秉持本一貫的理念，堅持國家統一的政策，以及對大陸同胞的關懷，是正確的，也是符合時代潮流的。

二、大陸情勢的變化，是我們長期努力的結果，也是國際局勢變遷的影響，我們必須掌握機會，積極因應，以開創國家和民族的光明前途。

三、大陸情勢的變化，給予我們莫大的鼓舞，證明我們多年來秉持本一貫的理念，堅持國家統一的政策，以及對大陸同胞的關懷，是正確的，也是符合時代潮流的。

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一百七十

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# Million demand reforms

## Calls for Deng to quit as demonstrations grow

From SETH FAISON
In Beijing and agencies

MORE than one million people jammed into the centre of Beijing yesterday as protests spread across China in a nationwide display of discontent that left the Government under increasing pressure.

Demonstrations were reported in 24 other cities, and by last night nearly 2,000 hunger-striking students in Tiananmen Square had been given emergency medical treatment, according to the New China News Agency (NCNA).

Protesters called for the resignation of senior leader Deng Xiaoping, and even official organisations called on the Government to meet the students' demands for direct negotiations with senior leaders.

There was almost a festive mood in Beijing yesterday, as the student call for city-wide support was met overwhelmingly by workers, farmers, government officials and even soldiers, who poured into the streets for marches through the centre of the capital that lasted all day.

The city virtually ground to a halt as Tiananmen Square and all the main streets nearby were filled with protesters.

Staff from CAAC, the national airline, CITIC, the main investment corporation, and from the State Council itself joined the marches.

**BEIJING jitters struck the Hongkong stock market for the second day yesterday with share prices ending sharply lower as the market continued to be dogged by political worries about China.**

**The Hang Seng Index finished 43.09 points, or 1.3 per cent, lower at 3,246.41 after dropping 20.14 points on Tuesday. Turnover slipped to $1.03 billion from $1.53 billion.**

**"Hongkong stocks are under more pressure than before as protests in Beijing now involve a wide range of citizens, not just students," a director of a local broking firm said.**

**"Investors are worried that local speculators will sell on any further developments," he added.**

**An analyst with a British bank in Hongkong said: "People are very anxious to see how the leadership reacts to this latest twist of events."**

● Special report: Pages 11-14

At the centre of the movement, the hunger-striking students rejected an appeal yesterday morning from the Communist Party head, Mr Zhao Ziyang, to call off their five-day protest.

The historic visit by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev was again disrupted. His trip to the Forbidden City was cancelled, and a press conference was delayed for nearly two hours in confusion over where it could be held.

When the press conference finally went ahead, several kilometres away from the original venue of the Great Hall of the People, Mr Gorbachev ducked questions on the students, saying it was not his position to judge them.

But he made a point of acknowledging receipt of a letter from the protesters, saying it was "a very warm letter, full of feelings of support for perestroika (reform)".

Mr Gorbachev refused to take sides in the confrontation between the pro-democracy demonstrators and Chinese authorities, simply expressing the hope for a negotiated settlement.

"I wouldn't take upon myself the responsibility or the role to pass judgement, and I wouldn't seek to assess what is going on here in this country. I believe this is for the Chinese to do and for the Chinese party," Mr Gorbachev said.

He said that he had seen the students who launched the mass action and had talked to some of them, but he did not say where.

No one, student or otherwise, seemed to sense where the unprecedented movement might lead, although many onlookers expressed alarm that the Government seemed incapacitated in the face of a situation obviously out of their control.

"It is no longer a rational situation of demands that might be satisfied. Anything could happen," said Mr Huang Mei, a student from the Institute of Chemical Engineering.

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)

Hundreds of demonstrators raise clenched fists outside the New China News Agency in Happy Valley last night.

## 6,000 locals rally in support of hunger strikers

By CHRIS YEUNG

**LOCAL support for China's swelling pro-democracy movement reached its climax last night as more than 6,000 people from all walks of life gathered at Victoria Park and a hunger strike by 17 Hongkong students in sympathy for student fasters in Beijing entered its third day.**

**The local demonstrators appealed to the Chinese Government to save the lives of "dying students" who had had no food for more than 100 hours, by formally acknowledging their "patriotic protests" and speaking with their representatives.**

**Local students who staged a hunger strike outside the New China News Agency (NCNA) headquarters in Happy Valley vowed to continue their fast until the demands of their Beijing counterparts were met.**

**A leader of the Federation of Hongkong Students, Mr Andrew To Kwan-hang, told the park rally: "We're willing to go hand in hand with Chinese students in their fight for democracy. We will never give up until their demands are met."**

**One striker, Chinese University medical student Chiu Sin-hang, collapsed and was sent to Tang Shiu Kin Hospital.**

**Calls made by local groups for immediate action from Beijing leaders to end the hunger strike flooded in as thousands of hunger strikers in the Chinese capital continued their fast for the fifth day at Tiananmen Square.**

**A total of 82,000 signatures, collected yesterday in support of the cause of the Beijing students, were submitted to the NCNA office after the rally last night.**

**Traffic was brought to a standstill as police tried to separate the marchers from punters flooding out of the Happy Valley racecourse at the end of last night's races.**

**In the afternoon, three local delegates of the Chinese National People's Congress (NPC) issued through the NCNA office a letter to the NPC standing committee urging party leaders to help end the hunger strike. Separate appeals were made by seven groups.**

**While the pro-China Federation of Education Workers urged the Chinese Government to meet the students' demands, the 170,000-**

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 7)

## Soviets call for 'border of peace'

From Correspondents
In Beijing

SOVIET President Mikhail Gorbachev yesterday called for demilitarising the border between China and the Soviet Union, where about 1.6 million troops face each other across a sometimes hostile frontier.

Mr Gorbachev, in a speech to Chinese academics in the Great Hall of the People, urged that the 7,000-kilometre zone be turned into a "border of peace".

He also pledged Soviet force reductions elsewhere in Asia in keeping with his policy of trying to reduce world tensions by defusing regional hotspots.

Later in a nationally televised interview, Mr Gorbachev said his summit talks went well "despite all the tensions".

In his speech after the first Sino-Soviet summit since 1959, Mr Gorbachev called for a collective security network in Asia that would provide a means of settling regional disputes.

He said an earlier pledge to withdraw 200,000 troops from Asia would be fulfilled by the end of next year and would include the pull-out of 12 divisions, or 120,000 soldiers, from the China frontier.

The Soviet Union is believed to have about 600,000 troops along the Chinese border. The Chinese, armed with less modern equipment, have more than one million troops stationed there.

Mr Gorbachev said 11 Air Force regiments would be disbanded and 16 warships removed from the Pacific Fleet.

He added that the Soviet Union was prepared to withdraw military units and armaments from border areas, leaving only a contingent of border guards.

The two sides fought a brief border war over the disputed frontier in 1969, and sporadic clashes have continued over the years. But tensions have slowly eased as relations between the two countries warmed during the 1980s.

Mr Gorbachev expressed support for North Korean peace initiatives and said reunification "obviously requires defusing tensions on the peninsula and the withdrawal of US troops".

"Any arguments in favour of continued presence of those troops in the region

(Cont'd on Page 14, Col 8)

## Power struggle leads to inaction as street chaos poses threat to public order

ANALYSIS
by MARLOWE HOOD
in Beijing

BEIJING is on the verge of chaos while the country's leaders, locked in a power struggle, are unable to control events.

There are reports of anti-government demonstrations spreading throughout the country. Rioting and looting have erupted in the city of Wuhan, an editor at the *People's Daily* said last night.

To restore public order, senior government leaders must make immediate and direct appeals to students on hunger strike, and address the general population on national television. While the one million people who have taken possession of the streets of Beijing have remained peaceful so far, disruptive elements could take advantage of the situation.

Underlying the Government's inability to exert control is a complicated deadlock among top leaders, according to numerous sources, including an official in the Foreign Ministry and a senior official in the Propaganda Department.

A Communist Party Central Committee document that has been circulated among senior party members reveals a sharp split between paramount leader Deng Xiaoping and Communist Party leader Zhao Ziyang.

Based on comments by Mr Deng, the document refers to a speech Mr Zhao made to an Asian Development Bank convention in the Great Hall of the People on May 4. Mr Zhao's speech was heralded at the time as an important conciliatory gesture towards anti-government protesters.

But, in an obvious repudiation of Mr Zhao's soft line on the students, the Central Committee document states: "Comrade Zhao was representing his own views in his address to the ADB."

On Tuesday, in a portion of his conversation with visiting Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev shown on CCTV, Mr Zhao made a statement interpreted by some Chinese officials as blaming Mr Deng for the crisis.

By repeatedly insisting that Mr Deng had been the true leader of the Communist Party since 1978, and by "revealing" a supposedly secret Central Committee decision in late 1987 to defer to Mr Deng on all important decisions, Mr Zhao was clearly suggesting that Mr Deng is responsible for what is happening today.

Many Chinese intellectuals and officials say that Mr Deng must step down to help restore order. Even people in the street sense this. Slogans and posters have sprung up all over the city calling for his resignation.

Making matters worse is a further split within the five-man Standing Committee. Besides Mr Zhao, the other members are Premier Li Peng, Mr Yao Yilin and Mr Hu Qili and Mr Qiao Shi. Differences among the five have prevented any coherent action in the last month of demonstrations, say sources close to Mr Zhao.

The Foreign Ministry official claimed that Mr Li, in a "working dinner" of the Standing Committee three days ago, said that the final decision on how to handle the crisis must be taken by Mr Deng.

Other senior officials, in addition to Mr Deng, would have to resign to satisfy some of the more outspoken popular demands. "Collective Failure, Collective Resignation!" shouted several groups of organised workers and students.

Within four days, the anti-government protests have spread from students, to journalists, to teachers, to factory and office workers and clerks, and even to Public Security officials. Last night several groups of peasants came marching into the city.

An alarmed Foreign Ministry official, waiting for Mr Gorbachev to arrive at the Great Hall of the People for a press conference yesterday, said that several windows in the hall had been smashed by the crowd. The conference venue was moved.

Road traffic rules are being ignored, as commandeered buses and trucks full of students and workers waving banners move freely up and down the streets.

Students have taken over the traffic duties of uniformed policemen, even when both are present at the same location.

Adding to the volatility of the situation are more than 2,000 students encamped on Tiananmen Square entering their fifth day of a hunger strike. Some are refusing water. Should one of them die, it could ignite what is already an explosive situation.


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## Marcos in critical condition

HONOLULU: Former Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos suffered recurring pneumonia and lapsed into critical condition, according to a hospital spokesman.

"It's an episodic thing, he has pneumonia and his condition has been downgraded," said assistant hospital administrator Eugene Tiwanak. "It's impossible to say more than that".

Marcos was returned to the intensive care unit of St Francis Hospital in Honolulu on Monday, after spending a month in the telemetry unit, according to a hospital statement.

A nursing supervisor refused to elaborate on the statement, which said Marcos was relying on a respirator to help him breathe.

The 71-year-old Marcos has been in hospital since January for treatment of heart and respiratory ailments.

## UNHCR 'partly to blame' for influx of boat people

By SIMON MACKLIN

THE United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) was aiding the Vietnamese authorities in using the boat people to extort money from the West, Legislative Councillors claimed yesterday.

In a heated debate on the need for mandatory repatriation to prevent the continual flow of the Vietnamese boat people, several councillors held the UNHCR partly responsible for the continuation of the influx.

The deputy convenor of the Omelco security panel, Mrs Rita Fan Hsu Lai-tai, led the attack saying the UN had been duped by the Vietnamese authorities.

"The UNHCR and humanitarian and refugee organisations are led by the nose by Vietnam," Mrs Fan said.

She said the UNHCR was "unwittingly aiding the Vietnamese Government in using its own people as bargaining chips for financial aid".

"Hongkong as an open and humane society, probably suffers most from this unholy alliance," she said.

The administration suffered under the "unending criticism and requests from the local branch of the UNHCR which appears to be immune to the feelings and well-being of local people", Mrs Fan claimed.

● Editorial – Page 24

Other councillors echoed Mrs Fan's comments and said the international agency was ignoring the problems faced by Hongkong in dealing with the issue.

Councillor Leong Che-hung said in spite of everything Hongkong had done it was still being pin-pointed by the UNHCR and other agencies as being "racist and inhumane".

The Vietnamese Government was cashing in on UNHCR's humanitarian considerations at the expense of Hongkong and the boat people, Councillor Leung Wai-tung said.

The UNHCR was making Hongkong's position more difficult by criticising the territory's policy instead of drawing attention to the problems created by the continued influx, she said.

The charge de mission of the local branch of the UNHCR, Mr Fazlul Karim, refused to comment last night on the accusations.

"Our position – on various issues concerning the problem – we have always made clear in the past," Mr Karim said.

"I don't think it is appropriate for me to comment on the debate."

A total of 24 councillors spoke in the debate on the motion tabled by senior Legco member Allen Lee

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 4)

## Dollar up as deficit falls

A SURPRISE improvement in the American trade deficit for March saw the dollar jump to a 2½-year high and share prices up in London and on Wall Street yesterday.

The deficit showed a 9.8 per cent decline to US$8.86 billion (HK$64.42 billion) from a revised US$9.82 billion in February, against analysts' predictions of about US$10.1 billion.

The dollar jumped to 138.65 yen from Tuesday's close of 136.83 and to 1.9625 deutschemarks from 1.936.

However, the result gives mixed signals on the direction of the US economy.

Other recent data have pointed to a slowdown in the economy, but the boost in exports in March indicates the economy is still powering ahead strongly.

● See Business Post

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### WEATHER

Mainly fine.
Max temp 31 degrees.
See Page 2.

## Taiwan PM quits to ensure party unity

TAIWAN'S Prime Minister Yu Kuo-hwa announced his resignation yesterday in a move analysts said was a victory for young reformers against the ruling Nationalist Party's most powerful conservative.

Mr Yu, 75, said on state television he had offered his resignation to President Lee Teng-hui but there was no word on whether it was accepted.

He said he resigned to ensure party unity, to allow a younger generation to take over and because he was confident that Mr Lee, who took office last year, had consolidated his power and Taiwan politics were stable.

Analysts said Mr Lee will probably accept the resignation of Mr Yu, who has been under intense pressure to step down from young legislators in the party who fear he will be a liability in elections to parliament in December.

"Legislators who want to run for office are afraid that Yu will be a disadvantage," Mr Lu Ya-li, a professor of politics at National Taiwan University, said.

The person most widely tipped to replace Mr Yu is Dr Fredrick Chien, Taiwan's chief economic planner and formerly Taipei's representative in Washington.

Mr Yu took office in 1983 after serving as Central Bank governor. He has been under constant public criticism for his cautious approach to economic and political reform.

He is widely blamed for failing to free capital flows fast enough to prevent a huge build-up of foreign exchange reserves that have tied up Taiwan's wealth and fuelled inflation.

Newspapers have reported that Mr Yu had reservations about Mr Lee's bold foreign policy initiatives which resulted this month in Taiwan officials going to Beijing for the first time.

Easing tensions with China and raising Taiwan's international profile have been the most dramatic achievements of Mr Lee's tenure.

Mr Lu said Mr Yu's resignation would bolster the standing of the President who kept Mr Yu as Prime Minister because of his influence over the party's powerful right-wing.

Since taking office, Mr Lee has dumped almost half of the members of the Nationalist Party's Central Committee and reshuffled the cabinet to bring in a new generation of technocrats and political reformers.

Reuter

● See also Page 25


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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE


## Gorbachev stays on the crisis sidelines

By Terry Cheng and agencies

SOVIET leader Mr Mikhail Gorbachev offered to strip the Sino-Soviet border completely of troops on the third day of his historic visit to China yesterday.

Displaying the full range of his diplomatic skills he also refrained from taking sides on the current student demonstrations plaguing China.

The champion of "new thinking", as he is seen by some in China, said he was warmed by the Chinese zeal for his *perestroika* but cautioned China on the need for patience in pursuit of reform.

Mr Gorbachev spoke to an assembly of social scientists, toured the Great Wall, was interviewed by the state television and attended a press conference.

Talking to reporters at the Diaoyutai State Guesthouse, his temporary residence, Mr Gorbachev expressed hope for a negotiated settlement of the growing crisis in China.

He said China and the Soviet Union had decided to establish a working party to manage the complete demilitarisation of the border between the two nations.

Asked about the student movement in China he said it was not for him to judge the dispute.

"A difficult, painful but political dialogue is going on between the leadership, the youth and the public concerning these events, and it seems to me that we should welcome that fact," he said.

"I would urge you and myself to show respect for the Chinese people. I wouldn't take upon myself the responsibility or the role to pass judgment, and I wouldn't seek to assess what is going on here in this country. I believe this is for the Chinese to do and for the Chinese party."


INSIDE:
■ The students — call for change: **Page 8** ▶
■ Gorbachev — no export of reform: **Page 9** ▶


Earlier in the morning, Mr Gorbachev offered another peace-making initiative and detailed his programme for arms reduction in the Far East.

He told an audience of Chinese social scientists that the Soviet Union was "prepared to work for the withdrawal, on terms to be agreed with China, of military units and armaments from the border areas, leaving only the personnel required for performing routine border duties.

"Demilitarisation of the Soviet-Chinese border and turning it into a border of peace and good-neighbourliness is a noble goal which we could attain through joint efforts," he said.

He said he had received a letter from some 6,000 students and said they endorsed reforms that have brought greater openness and competitive elections to the Soviet Union.

"I value their position and appreciate it," he said. "It is very warm and expresses feelings of support for *perestroika* and the great struggle our people are waging to renew socialism. This is something which brings our two people even closer."

But he avoided offering support for the students' demands that China take a similar course.

The programme of Mr Gorbachev's visit to China for the first Sino-Soviet summit in 30 years has been increasingly disrupted by massive pro-democracy protests swirling around official buildings in the centre of Beijing.

Referring to changes in the Soviet Union and China he added: "I believe that both *perestroika* and reforms will succeed but it is not simple or easy. I am sure that in the end our common hopes will be justified."

The Soviets round up their trip today in Shanghai and separate statements are expected, according to Chinese spokesman Mr Li Xiaoxing.

It was thought the usual joint communique was not issued because differences over Cambodia had not been resolved.

Chinese Foreign Minister Mr Qian Qichen yesterday held talks with his Soviet counterpart Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, and Vice-premier Mr Tian Jiyuan with Mr Yuri Maslyukov, first vice-chairman of the Council of Ministers.

Reuter

■ Sightseers ... Mr and Mrs Gorbachev at the Great Wall.

## Students' struggle lost on race fans

HUNDREDS of policemen locked arms in Happy Valley last night to separate horse racing fans and demonstrators supporting the student movement in China.

A minor scuffle broke out when the race crowd found the road choked with several thousand demonstrators at the end of last night's meeting.

One man was taken away by police after he apparently jostled a woman constable. He was ushered into an alley and restrained, witnesses said.

The demonstrators, who were protesting outside the Xinhua News Agency building in Happy Valley, and the race crowd traded boos and tension ran high at one stage.

But the situation was soon brought under control.

The demonstrators switched off their loudspeakers and moved off the roads to let traffic through.

"It was really chaotic and we were lucky nothing more serious happened," a witness said.

"When you have thousands of people whipped up by emotion, you are in for some trouble."

Last night's demonstration followed an emotional rally at Victoria Park and ended weeks of local activities, spearheaded by students and the liberal movement to show support for the students in China.

The procession, made up of several thousand people, paralysed evening urban traffic as it moved along busy streets from the park to Happy Valley.

The crowd, chanting slogans and songs, demanded to see Chinese representatives under the watchful eyes of more than 600 policemen.

There were tense moments as the banner-waving demonstrators called on Xinhua officials "to come out of the building and join us".

Their petition letters were later accepted by an official of Xinhua, China's representative here.

Leading local academics have reacted differently to local students' activities.

The vice-chancellor of the Chinese University, Professor Charles Kao Kuen, said: "There is nothing wrong with the students doing that."

But the pro-chancellor of the University of Hongkong, Professor Rose Young, said boycotting lessons and hunger strikes would not help the cause much.

"It is much more useful to donate money to the Beijing students," Prof Young said.


■ Hongkong rallies **Page 8**


# Millions of voices tell Deng to go

By Terry Cheng in Beijing

CHINA'S paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, was branded a "muddle-minded dictator" and was urged to step down yesterday when about two million people demonstrated in Beijing in support of fasting students.

As the hunger strike entered its fifth day and the possibility of politically-explosive deaths came closer, hundreds of thousands of sympathisers from all walks of life including for the first time soldiers across the capital backed the eleventh-hour appeal.

About 2,000 out of 3,000 fasting students collapsed yesterday. Early today, the capital was still thronged with thousands of demonstrators.

The top party leaders held an emergency meeting last night to discuss the unrest already spreading to other parts of the country. Demonstrations were reported in 20 other cities, including Hongkong and Macau.

Mr Deng was attacked by name in yesterday's round-the-city mass demonstration joined by more than two million Chinese from all walks of life, including 1,000 soldiers of the People's Liberation Army.

The Politburo convened an emergency meeting at Tuesday midnight to discuss the critical situation of the hunger strike by more than 3,000 students on the Tiananmen Square.

Reliable sources told *The Hongkong Standard* that Chinese Communist Party General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang suggested at the meeting the authorities should start a dialogue with the students as soon as possible.

"Mr Zhao argued with some members in the Politburo meeting which which lasted until 2.30 am," the source said.

"But Mr Deng said it would not be too good to do so, and Mr Zhao then dropped his proposal," the source said.

Having failed to push through his proposal for dialogue, Mr Zhao issued a midnight statement urging the students to stop the hunger strike for the sake of their health.

In his appeal, Mr Zhao promised no reprisals would be taken against the students and pledged the party would "work out concrete measures to enhance democracy and law, oppose corruption, build an honest and clean government and expand openness."

Chinese sources said the party had been worried by the non-cooperative attitude of the security forces and soldiers in following orders to control students' demonstrations.

"But Mr Deng is still firmly in power within the party," sources said.

A group of prominent intellectuals including Professor Yan Jiaqi, Mr Bao Junxin and Mr Li Nanyao, yesterday issued a call for "the end to the dictatorial rule of a crownless emperor".

Without pointing to Mr Deng by name, the letter said: "The Qing Dynasty has been over for 78 years, but China still has an aged and muddle-minded emperor."

"Since the dictator has grabbed endless power, the government has lost its responsibility and humanity," the letter said.

"Yesterday General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang declared all the major questions in China must be decided by this old and corrupt dictator," it said.

"The Chinese people cannot wait for the dictator to admit his mistakes. Now we depend on the students and people to bury dictatorship and monarchic system," it said.

Mr Yan is one of the members in Mr Zhao's think tank and has been outspoken in supporting the month-long student demonstrations.

The letter has been circulating among intellectual circles and more than 100 intellectuals had signed the letter late last night.

Flocks of demonstrators yesterday carried banners satirising or attacking Mr Deng, 84, when they were chanting slogans like "Save the students, the government is cold-blooded."

"Old men's politics should be finished," said another banner.

Mr Deng was in the world limelight on Tuesday when he announced the full normalisation of Sino-Soviet relations after meeting Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev in the first summit in 30 years.

A group of marchers shouted: "Xiaoping Xiaoping, your mind is muddled. Step down quickly, go to play bridge."

One banner simply read: "Xiaoping, Thank you. Good-bye."

Meanwhile, more than 3,000 students entered the fifth day of their hunger strike despite the midnight appeal by Mr Zhao for calm and despite the collapse of more than 1,400 students in the strike.

About 200 private businessmen yesterday joined in the students' hunger strike.

Despite the worsening physical conditions of the students, they vowed to continue the hunger strike until the authorities accepted their demands, including a live broadcast of a dialogue with a top Chinese leader and official denunciation of the April 26 *People's Daily* editorial against the students.

Students had earlier asked to meet officials of vice minister rank or above, but they yesterday asked to meet Mr Li Peng or Mr Zhao Ziyang.

The hunger strike in Beijing also sparked off pro-democracy demonstrations in Shanghai, Nanjing, Wuhan, Hangzhou, Tianjin, Harbin, Changchun, Shenyang, Changsha, Chengdu, Fuzhou, Qingdao, Xianen, Guilin, Chongqing, Guangzhou, Shenzhen and Hongkong.

The hunger strike has exploded into one of the biggest displays of people's power in the past 40 years.

AP

■ Is it to end in carnival or carnage? ... Banners and sunshades in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

### The Hongkong Standard says

**China is in the grip of momentous changes. Whether or not paramount leader Deng Xiaoping steps down as demanded by students now massed on Tiananmen Square, there is no way he can turn the clock back. If he is as wise as he has been these past 10 years, he will leave the country and the current situation to the younger men around him to deal with. All indications point to the presence of level-headed men in the younger ranks of government and among the students, otherwise blood would have been running across Tiananmen Square long before yesterday's massive demonstration.**


- Editorial Page 12


## Poland legalises Catholic Church

**WARSAW: Poland's parliament has overwhelmingly passed a law giving the Roman Catholic Church legal status for the first time since the communist takeover in 1944.**

**The law made Poland the first Eastern Bloc country to reach a formal reconciliation with the Catholic Church and closed an era of confrontation in which the church became a powerful centre of resistance to communist rule.**

**Church officials said they expected an agreement by early autumn making Poland the first country in the bloc to establish full diplomatic relations with the Vatican.**

**"The church has waited years for legal recognition of its rights and it has finally been passed in a shape which makes both the church and believers happy," said Jacek Ambrozuk, legal adviser to Poland's bishops.**

**"The new law has removed room for possible conflicts," he said.**

**Communist leader General Wojciech Jaruzelski was one of 308 Sejm (parliament) deputies who voted for the law yesterday. Two voted against and 12 abstained.**

**The Sejm also passed two other laws which establish freedom of worship for all creeds and bring the country's estimated 62,000 clergy into the state social security service.**

**The three laws were jointly agreed by the state and the church after the government and the opposition signed a reform pact on April 5 sealing a process of national reconciliation and putting Poland on the road to democracy.**

**The laws establish the church's right to build churches, teach religion and establish and run Catholic schools.**

**They restore church property – including buildings, hospitals and land – confiscated in the 1950s after Soviet dictator Josef Stalin installed communist rule in 1944.**

**They also grant the church the right to broadcast Sunday Mass and religious programmes, set up radio and television stations and publish newspapers and books.**

– Reuter

## Trade boost for the dollar

LONDON: The US dollar hit 2½-year highs yesterday after publication of US trade figures that were better than expected.

The US currency hit 1.98 Deutschemarks after news the US March trade deficit narrowed to US$8.86 billion from a revised US$9.82 billion in February.

Dealers said the data pointed to an improvement in the US economy which would make dollar investments even more attractive.

Exports jumped 7.4 percent to a record US$30.78 billion in March, outpacing a three percent rise in imports to US$39.64 billion, the Commerce Department said.

The March increase in exports, the first since December, was broadly based and included a surge in shipments of manufactured goods, while the import rise was made up mostly of industrial supplies and oil.

The bond market also gained ground, with the benchmark 30-year bond initially climbing one-third of a point, lowering its yield to 8.79 percent from 8.83 percent the night before. Some bond market analysts said the strong increase in exports would temper the market's rise as it points to a stronger economy.

British shares reached a new post-crash high in moderately active afternoon business. At 1250 GMT the FTSE index was 27.7 points up at 2,184.2. The previous post crash peak was 2,153.6 on Monday.

Wall Street is expected to open stronger on the data, dealers said. Dollar earners rose on the US currency's firmness.

Among them, Reuters was 32p higher at 823. ICI 15p firmer at 1,238 and National Westminster Bank 6p up at 825.

London currency dealers said they expected central banks to mount another offensive to fight a sustained dollar rally.

The dollar has now powered ahead by more than five pfennigs in the past eight days because of fresh investor confidence in the US government's fight against inflation, prompting talk of a two-mark dollar being reached soon.

"This (deficit) is at the lower end of market estimates and as such will give the dollar another push up, especially as most market participants have been looking for further reasons to carry on the bullish trend," said an analyst with Midland Bank.

– Reuter

EUROPE A F I E

CROSSROADS

## Top banker scorns fears of 1992

**FEARS that the unification of the European market after 1992 will create a closed shop appear exaggerated, a banker said yesterday.**

**Mr David Kennedy, a director of the Bank of Ireland, said the Economic Community (EEC) should benefit from free international trade.**

**The boost to the EEC economy would have favourable repercussions both inside and outside Europe.**

**Mr Kennedy was speaking at a one-day *WorldPaper* International Inquiry on Europe after 1992 sponsored by Federal Express in association with the Hongkong Trade Development Council and *The Hongkong Standard*.**


■ Reports: Business 1, 2


**WEATHER:** 26°C — 31°C. Mainly fine. Details on Page 19

## Legco warns of drastic steps in refugee issue

HONGKONG is totally fed up with the boat people problem and might resort to drastic action if the coming Geneva conference fails to produce a workable solution, some Legislative Councillors warned yesterday.

Councillors debated the boat people issue for three hours yesterday.

Many of the 24 legislators who took part in the debate said Hongkong's status as a port of first asylum should be scrapped.

The councillors also slammed:

■ Britain for trying to shirk its responsibility in helping Hongkong solve the boat people problem.

■ Vietnam for not curbing the exodus of boat people and using them as bargaining chips for economic gain.

■ The UNHCR and other human rights organisations for their "unfair" criticism of Hongkong's handling of the boat people, and

■ Resettlement countries such as the United States for their hypocrisy in opposing mandatory repatriation while at the same time refusing to resettle more refugees and living up to their earlier promise of accepting all refugees from first asylum countries.

All but one of the councillors present yesterday voted for the motion tabled by senior Legco member Mr Allen Lee that Britain "should take a leading role in actively pursuing the effective implementation of repatriation, and in accepting for resettlement more refugees from Hongkong."

Mr Martin Lee, however, abstained from voting because he felt that the screening policy would benefit Britain at Hongkong's expense.

He said this was because Hongkong would be eventually saddled with those screened out boat people whom Britain would not be obliged to resettle because they were technically not refugees.

Fourteen councillors said Hongkong's status as a port of first asylum should be scrapped and end Hongkong's obligation to take in the boat people.

Leading the debate, Mr Allen Lee pointed out that the boat people issue was a foreign affairs matter and was Britain's responsibility as Hongkong's sovereign state.

He noted that Britain had taken fewer than 1,000 Vietnamese refugees from Hongkong during the past five years, five times less than that resettled by the United States and Canada.

"Can we expect other resettlement countries to accept more refugees when our sovereign state has failed to take a lead?" he asked.

The deputy convenor of the Omelco Security Panel, Mrs Rita Fan, lashed out at Vietnam for its "incompetence, insincerity, and irresponsible attitude" causing a continuous exodus of boat people.

"They have used all kinds of excuses to try to shed their responsibility in the whole affair," she said.

Vietnam's excuse that it could not stop clandestine departures because of its long coastline was suspect, she said, as it managed to curb the flow drastically after the 1979 Geneva Conference.

She said the United Nations and some humanitarian organisations were unwittingly aiding Vietnam in using its own people as bargaining chips for financial aid.

"While the West moans over every report of death at sea of the boat people, and even suffer from feeling of guilt in some instance, the Vietnamese Government has shown little concern over the well-being of its own people.

"Whenever the humanitarian organisations protest with great indignation against the 'cruel'


INSIDE:
■ Legislative Council reports: **Pages 4, 5** ▶



■ Continued **Page 5**


## PM quits for sake of party unity

TAIPEI: Taiwan's Premier Yu Kuo-hwa confirmed yesterday he had submitted his resignation to President Lee Teng-hui.

Premier Yu, 76, announced his resignation on state television that his move was to promote unity in the ruling Kuomintang and give the president a chance to form a new cabinet.

But it was not immediately clear if President Lee had accepted it.

It was the "proper time" to resign, Mr Yu said, noting that the country is now stable and Mr Lee's popularity has improved both at home and abroad.

"My resignation will help promote the unity of the party," Mr Yu said.

Mr Yu took office in 1984 after being governor of Taiwan's Central Bank. He had tried to resign after president Chiang Ching-kuo died in January last year but was asked to stay by Mr Lee.

It is not immediately clear who will replace Mr Yu.

However, observers say Mr Fredrick Chien, Taiwan's chief economic planner and formerly Taipei's representative in Washington, is a leading candidate.

During Mr Yu's tenure, the island republic faced its worst economic scandal, which forced two ministers to resign. Reuter

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月
19
星期五
己巳年四月十五
北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云
风向 偏北
风力 四、五级
转二、三级
夜间 晴间多云
风向 偏北
风力 二、三级
温度 最高 24℃
最低 12℃

第14925期 （代号1—1）

人民日报社出版


# 李鹏等会见绝食请愿学生代表

## 李鹏建议尽快把绝食同学安全送到各个医院去

## 学生代表坚持要求肯定这次学运尽早公开对话

新华社北京5月18日电 国务院总理李鹏等领导同志于今天上午11时至12时在人民大会堂会见了在天安门广场绝食请愿的学生代表。

李鹏同志说，很高兴同大家见面。今天见面只谈一个题目，如何使绝食人员解除目前的困境。党和政府对这件事很关心，也为此事深感不安，担心这些同学的健康。先解决这个问题，以后有什么事都好商量。我们不是出于其它什么目的，主要是关心。你们年龄都不大，最大的二十二、三岁，我最小的孩子也比你们都大。我有三个孩子，没有一个搞"官倒"的，但都比你们年纪大。你们都如同是我们自己的孩子，都是亲骨肉。

北师大学生晋尔丹晋，李总理，这样下去，好像时间不够，我们应尽早进入实质性谈话。现在我想把我们的话说一下。您刚才说我们只谈一个问题，而现在的实际情况是，不是您请我们来谈，而是我们广场这么多人请您出来谈，谈几个问题，应该由我们来说。好在，我们的观点是一致的。广场上现在已有许多人。有多少人举牌了，您大概也清楚。我想重点是如何解决问题。昨天，赵紫阳同志书面谈话，我们都听了，也看了。为什么现在同学们都没有回去呢？我们认为，这还有点不够，很不够，我们提出的条件以及现在广场上的趋势您是知道的。

北京大学学生王丹，广场上的情况，我可以介绍一下。现在已有两千多人次晕倒。如何能使他们离开现场，停止绝食，必须全面解决我们提出的条件。上次阿朗复都长也谈过这个问题。政府一定要重视民心，尽快解决问题。所以，我们的意见很明确，要使绝食同学离开现场，唯一的办法就是答应同学们提出的两个条件。

晋尔丹晋：您这么大年纪，我叫您李老师，我觉得是可以的，李老师，现在的问题并不是在于要说服我们这些人。我们很想让同学们离开广场，广场上现在并不是少数服从多数，而是99.9%服从0.1%，——如果有一个绝食的同学不离开广场，广场上的其他几千个绝食学生也不会离开。

王丹：我们昨天对100多个同学做了一次民意调查，阿朗复同志来讲话之后，是不是同意撤离广场。调查结果是99.9%的同学投票表示不撤离广场。在这里把我们的要求再明确一下：一、肯定这次学生运动是民主爱国运动，而不是所说的动乱；二、尽快对话，并现场直播。这两点如果政府能尽快回情地回答，我们可以去现场向同学做工作，撤离广场。否则，我们很难做这样的工作。

晋尔丹晋：关于这两点，我还想说明一下，我们提出要尽快平反，否定社论，即第一，要求正面肯定这次学生运动，而且要反面地否定"四·二六"社论，否定是动乱。到现在为止，还没有人说学生运动不是动乱。还有，应为这次运动定性。然后，可以想出几种办法：一、请赵紫阳同志或李鹏同志，最好是赵紫阳同志到广场去给同学直接讲话。二、人民日报发个社论，否定"四·二六"社论，向全国人民道歉，承认这次学生运动的伟大意义。只有这样，我们才可以尽量说服同学把绝食改成静坐，然后在这种情况下继续解决问题。我们可以尽量说服，但我们还不敢说一定能够做到。但如果连这一点都不行的话，那后面的情况就很难说了。关于对话，应该是公开、平等、直接、真诚地同广大学生代表对话。这一点，国务院也说过，要对话，那么，我们这样提为什么不可以？公开，就应有电视直播，这也是真正地公开，而且应有中外记者在场。关于平等这一点，应该是由有决策力的领导同志，与真正的、能影响学生运动的、直接由学生选出的代表对话，这才是直接、平等的意思。对话之中，不应再出现诸如这个问题："我无法回答这样的说法"、"这只是我个人的意见"。也可以这么说：如果有些问题政治局会议未讨论到，而我们提出来了，应该马上再召集会议研究，这才是真正解决问题的态度。

（下转第四版）

中共中央政治局常委、国务院总理李鹏5月18日在北京人民大会堂同参加天安门广场绝食的学生代表见面。图为李鹏同志和同学们交谈。

新华社记者 刘建国摄

# 中苏联合公报

本报北京5月18日讯 中国和苏联今天在北京发表了一项联合公报。中苏联合公报全文如下：

中苏联合公报

一、应中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆的邀请，苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席、苏共中央总书记米·谢·戈尔巴乔夫于1989年5月15日至18日对中华人民共和国进行了正式访问。

邓小平主席与戈尔巴乔夫主席于5月16日在北京举行了会晤。两位领导人就中苏两国关系和共同关心的国际问题交换了意见。

杨尚昆主席、中共中央总书记赵紫阳、中华人民共和国务院总理李鹏分别同戈尔巴乔夫主席举行了会见和会谈。

二、中苏两国领导人认为就中苏两国关系问题交换意见是有益的。双方一致认为，中苏两国高级会晤标志着中苏两国国家关系正常化。这符合两国人民的利益和愿望，有助于维护世界的和平与稳定。中苏关系正常化不针对第三国，不损害第三国利益。

三、双方声明，中华人民共和国和苏维埃社会主义共和国联盟将在互相尊重主权和领土完整、互不侵犯、互不干涉内政、平等互利、和平共处的国与国之间关系的普遍原则基础上发展相互关系。

四、中苏双方愿意通过和平谈判解决两国之间的一切争端，相互不以任何形式，包括不利用同对方接壤的第三国的领土、领水和领空使用武力或以武力相威胁。

中苏两国认为，严格做到上述各点，有助于增加相互之间的信任和建立两国之间的睦邻友好关系。

五、中苏两国领导人确认1989年2月6日两国外长关于柬埔寨问题的声明，并为虚到事态的进一步发展，就解决柬埔寨问题全面深入地交换了意见。

双方注意到越南军队在有效的国际监督下于1989年9月底以前全部从柬埔寨撤出的决定。

中苏双方关心并认为必要的是，在越南全部撤军后在柬埔寨不发生内战，并认为未来的柬埔寨应成为独立、和平、中立、不结盟的国家。为此，双方支持实行柬埔寨四方参加的民族和解。中方主张在越南全部撤军后至大选结束前的过渡时期在柬埔寨建立以西哈努克亲王为首的四方临时联合政府。苏方主张柬埔寨内部问题，包括在国际监督下舞组大选，应由柬埔寨人自己解决。苏方欢迎加紧高棉之间的对话，愿意支持柬埔寨各派就解决柬埔寨问题的各个方面所达成的任何协议。

双方将尊重柬埔寨人民在国际监督下进行大选的结果。

双方认为，随着越南军队从柬埔寨撤出，有关各国对柬埔寨任何一方的军事援助都应逐步减少，直至完全停止。

双方主张尽快召开柬埔寨问题的国际会议。

中苏双方重申将继续努力，促进尽早公正合理地政治解决柬埔寨问题，双方同意就解决柬埔寨问题，包括双方仍存在分歧的问题继续进行讨论。

六、双方同意采取措施将中苏两国边境地区的军事力量裁减到与两国正常睦邻关系相适应的最低水平，并为在边境地区加强信任、保持安宁作出努力。

中国方面对苏方宣布从蒙古人民共和国撤出75%的苏联驻军表示欢迎，并希望其余的苏联军队在一个较短的期限内全部从蒙古撤走。

七、双方主张以有关目前中苏边界的条约为基础，根据公认的国际法准则，本着平等协商、互谅互让的精神，公正合理地解决历史遗留下来的中苏边界问题。

根据上述原则，中苏两国领导人商定加紧讨论尚未协商一致的中苏边界地段，以制定相互都能接受的同时解决东西两段边界问题的办法。他们委托两国外长在必要时专门讨论边界问题。

八、中苏两国将在平等互利的原则基础上积极而有计划地发展经济、贸易、科技和文化等领域的关系，增进两国人民之间的了解和往来。

九、双方认为两国在社会主义建设和改革方面交流情况与经验，并就双边关系和共同关心的国际问题交换意见是有益的。双方在某些问题上的分歧不应妨碍两国关系的发展。

十、中苏双方同意，中国共产党和苏联共产党将根据独立自主、完全平等、互相尊重、互不干涉内部事务的原则进行接触和交往。

十一、中国方面重申：台湾是中华人民共和国领土不可分割的一部分。中国方面坚决反对旨在制造"两个中国"、"一中一台"或"台湾独立"的任何企图。

苏联方面支持中国政府的这一立场。

十二、中国方面重申，中华人民共和国奉行独立自主的和平外交政策，坚持不同任何国家结盟的原则立场。

苏联方面声明，苏联外交政策以和平是最高价值观念为出发点，始终不渝地力求实现包括核武军在内的实际裁军，认为各国的安全不能事损害到国来保障。主张优先考虑全人类的价值以及不同社会经济体系在自由选择和利益均衡条件下进行和平竞赛。

十三、双方声明，中苏两国任何一方都不在亚洲和太平洋地区以及世界其他地区谋求任何形式的霸权。中苏两国认为在国际关系中应当摒弃任何国家把自己的意志强加于人和在任何地方谋求任何形式的霸权的企图和行动。

十四、双方认为，和平与发展已成为当代世界两个最重大的问题。双方对长期紧张的国际形势出现缓和表示欢迎，并积极评价世界各国为裁减军备和缓和军事对抗作出的努力以及在解决各个地区冲突方面取得的进展，双方表示愿意在这些方面各自继续作出努力。

中苏双方主张提高联合国的威望，支持联合国在国际事务、裁军，解决全球性问题以及地区冲突方面发挥更大的作用。世界所有国家，不论大小和强弱，都有权平等参与国际生活。

十五、双方对世界经济形势，特别是发展中国家经济状况恶化、南北差距拉大、债务问题愈益严重表示关切。双方认为迫切的是，在考虑各国人民利益和平等互利的基础上建立国际经济新秩序。

十六、双方认为，解决全球性经济、社会、人口、生态等问题对维护和发展世界文明、对全人类生活的质量具有重要意义。双方声明，有必要提高国际社会、联合国和其他国际机构对这些问题的注意力，并寻找相互协调的办法来缓和和解决这些问题。

十七、中苏两国认为有必要促进国际关系的根本健康化。为此，中方主张在和平共处五项原则基础上建立国际政治新秩序。苏方主张在国际关系中确立政治新思维。每方对目前国际关系的认识体现在上述各自的主张和构想中。

十八、双方认为，两国领导人之间的接触和对话是重要的，并打算今后继续下去。戈尔巴乔夫主席以苏联领导的名义邀请邓小平、杨尚昆、赵紫阳、李鹏同志正式访问苏联。中国方面对邀请表示感谢。

一九八九年五月十八日 北京

# 赵紫阳李鹏等到医院看望绝食病倒学生

## 希望接受治疗的同学早日恢复健康

新华社北京5月18日电 中共中央政治局常委赵紫阳、李鹏、乔石、胡启立今天清晨5点到协和医院、同仁医院看望因绝食病倒的部分学生。

赵紫阳、李鹏、乔石、胡启立希望正在医院接受治疗的学生早日恢复健康。

赵紫阳、李鹏等领导同志肯定了学生们的爱国热情。他们表示，同学们要求民主和法制，反对腐败、推进改革的热情非常可贵。中央对同学们提出的合理意见和要求非常重视。中央一定会积极认真地研究大家的意见和要求，改进党和政府的各项工作。

赵紫阳说，党和政府同学生的目标是一致的，没有根本的利害冲突，可以采取多种方式沟通思想，解决问题，不要采取绝食的方式。你们很年轻，为国家、民族做贡献的时间很长，要爱惜身体。

赵紫阳等还同为救护学生不辞劳苦日夜工作的医护人员致意，希望他们精心医护，使同学们早日恢复健康。

中共中央书记处书记丙吉文、国务院秘书长罗干一起看望了学生和医护人员。

赵紫阳总书记到医院看望绝食请愿倒倒学生。

新华社记者 王新庆摄

# 各界百余万人昨继续上街游行

# 首都学生绝食请愿进入第六天

本报北京5月18日讯 首都各界人士继续上街游行。今天北京下雨，人们或打着雨具，或淋着雨，从四面八方定向天安门广场，秩序井然地绕广场一周散去。今天参加游行及在路边围观的人数，不亚于昨天。"孩子挨饿，我们心疼"、"救救孩子"等醒目横幅，随处可见。

今天的游行队伍中产业工人较多。北京吉普有限公司3000人的队列，一色蓝工装，黄头盔，他们不断呼喊着口号前进。记者看到，乘坐机动车辆游行的工人比昨天多了。

北京化工二厂出动16辆卡车，清一色，引人注目。在长安街两旁一些大的办公楼的窗外，也贴出"声援学生"的标语。

学生在天安门广场绝食请愿今天已进入第6天。广场上虽说人山人海，但人们自觉地让出了宽宽的大道，保证穿梭往来的救护车通行无阻。绝食学生的情况危急。据北京市急救中心介绍，截至今晚6点，已救治3504人次，其中留下观察的2457人次。学生们的一呼一吸牵动着人们的心。

在下雨之前，北京市公交公司提供了90余辆大轿车，使绝食学生转移到车内，免受雨淋。北京塑料厂送来不少塑料薄膜、雨具商店送来上万件塑料雨衣，北京氧气瓶厂工人扛来了氧气瓶，还有的送来了妇女用品。学生们感激地说，真是太及时了。

今天，还有不少单位前来捐款，如全国总工会捐款10万元，四通公司捐款5万元，中国农工民主党也捐赠1万余元。

医护人员精心照料绝食学生，在救护车上，一位大夫将自己身上的衣服脱下给女学生当枕头。

为了防止疾病传染，今天，环卫工人乘着绝食学生转移到车内的机会，对广场来了一次大清扫，防疫人员接着消毒，改变了前几天垃圾满地的处境，表现了他们的一片爱心。

## 万里会见加拿大总督时谈国内情况

# 学生要求民主反对腐败是爱国行动

## 同日会晤马尔罗尼总理

本报渥太华5月17日电 记者郭文福报道，正在加拿大访问的万里委员长今天说，现在学生、知识界、工人要求民主、反对腐败，这是敦促快改革的爱国行动。

万里委员长说，中国改革10年，国民生产总值翻了一番，但现在看来政治体制改革慢了一些，民主发扬不够，群众监督也不够。现在学生、知识界和工人要求民主，反对腐败，是促使加快改革的爱国行动。在刚刚结束的七届人大二次会议上，代表们已经就这方面的问题提出了意见和建议，下个月即将召开的七届全国人大常委会第八次会议将要讨论这些群众普遍关心的问题。

万里指出，政府这次对学生的行动采取了克制的态度，我们的总的方针是要创造一个稳定的社会环境，加快改革和开放的步伐。我们一定要维护安定团结的局面，只有这样才能进一步进行改革和建设。

万里是在会见加拿大总督让·索维时讲这番话的。在55分钟的会见过程中，双方还就共他感兴趣的问题交换了意见。

在会见结束时，万里委员长对索维总督关心中国的改革表示感谢。万里委员长还转达了中国领导人对索维总督的亲切问候，索维总督也请万里委员长转达她对中国领导人的问候。

又讯 加拿大总理马尔罗尼今天下午在这里会见正在加拿大访问的中国全国人大常委会委员长万里，同他就两国关系和中国目前的国内局势问题交换了意见。

马尔罗尼在会谈中表示希望，中国目前发生的群众游行示威事件能像万里委员长所说的那样得到妥善解决。

今天万里委员长还会见了加拿大副总理马赛考茨基，出席了加拿大众议院议长弗雷泽为他举行的晚宴。

## 朱学范和12名人大常委分别紧急呼吁

# 希望党中央立即召开各党派领导人会议

# 建议从速召开全国人大常委会紧急会议

本报北京5月18日讯 中国国民党革命委员会中央主席朱学范今天发出紧急呼吁：

他说：我于本月16日已电请中央采取紧急措施，17日又陈述了我们的建议，现在再紧急呼吁：（一）中共中央立即召开各党派领导人会议，共商解决问题的办法；（二）明确肯定这次学生运动的爱国民主性质；（三）赵紫阳同志、李鹏同志亲自出面，同学生代表直接对话。广大同学同党和政府没有根本的利害冲突，我衷心希望，问题能够在民主和法制的轨道上迅速得到妥善解决，无论如何，不要激化矛盾，扩大事态。

同学们的爱国热情，使我深受感动。从同学们身上，看到了祖国的未来，看到了希望。为了爱护我们的青年一代，我以一个八四老人的身份，恳切的希望，绝食的同学们，听我一句话，为国珍重，不要再继续绝食下去，早日恢复健康。

本报北京5月18日讯 全国人大常委会叶笃正、冯之浚、江平、许嘉璐、吴大昭、陈舜礼、林兰英、杨纪珂、胡代光、陶大镛、彭清源、楚庄12名委员今天发出紧急呼吁：

一、我们认为，这次学生游行绝食的请愿活动是爱国的学生运动。他们出于爱祖国、拥护中国共产党的热情，所提出"拥护宪法"、"推进民主"、"反对腐败"、"严惩官倒"等口号，与党和政府的主张是一致的，也得到了社会各界的理解和支持。我们呼请党和国务院的主要领导人，尽快直接与学生见面谈话，并在民主和法制的轨道上切实解决学生们的合理要求。

二、我们真诚地呼请绝食请愿的学生们，为了振兴祖国的大业，保重身体，迅即停止绝食，你们的父母亲人和广大人民是时时刻刻牵记着你们的。

三、我们建议从速召开一次全国人大常委会的紧急会议，来研讨当前的严峻局势，谋求问题的解决。

# 大公報等函趙紫陽李鵬
# 懇請速與學生實質對話
## 盼事態早日結束使中國在安定團結環境中繼續開放改革

【中新社北京十八日十三時電】海內外十九家新聞機構今天中午就函中共中央政府領導人趙紫陽、國務院總理李鵬，籲請最高領導人盡快與學生對話，實現平等對話。

信中說：「天安門廣場的學生絕食行動已進入了令人緊張的第六天！形勢到了十分緊迫的時刻，全國關切，舉世矚目。昨天北京市參加聲援的市民達到百萬之衆！這說明學生的愛國民主運動，已經取得了廣泛的社會同情和支持。

我們贊同學生們的愛國熱情，贊同他們的民主要求，贊同他們的絕食行動。

我們認為，這一次學生運動，始於悼念胡耀邦先生，但是，它的深層原因，是人們對腐敗現象的不滿，對官倒的憤怒，對通貨膨脹的擔憂，對缺乏民主的抗議，對壓抑言論的反感。

我們認為，這一次學生運動，是愛國的學生運動，是要求改革開放的學生運動，是要求政府正視民意的學生運動。

我們認為，這一次學生絕食行動，是以和平、理性、非暴力的方式，表達他們的愛國熱情，表達他們對政府的要求，表達他們對國家前途的關心。

我們認為，這一次學生運動，是在中國共產黨的領導下，在社會主義制度下，在憲法規定的範圍內，進行的愛國民主運動。

我們認為，學生們的愛國熱情，是應該受到保護的。

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# 趙紫陽等赴院探望學生
# 北京百萬人續冒雨遊行

## 列行行遊加參車汽輛萬數　人加官法察警

北京工人昨日上街聲援學生。（美聯社傳真）

## 部分人大常委政協委員
## 促請人大常委緊急開會
### 研討當前嚴峻局勢謀求問題解決

【本報訊】據中新社北京十八日電：全國人大常委會十二名委員今天緊急呼籲，建議儘速召開一次全國人大常委會的緊急會議，來研討當前的嚴峻局勢。這些委員一致認為，這一次學生絕食的抗議活動，是愛國的學生出於愛國的熱情而發動的，他們的基本要求是通過對話，解決目前的問題。他們還認為，這一次學生絕食的抗議活動，已經發展成為一場嚴重的政治鬥爭，如果不儘快地採取有效的措施，局勢將會繼續惡化，後果將不堪設想。

這十二名委員今天下午在北京舉行了一次座談會，交換了對當前局勢的看法，並且聯名給全國人大常委會寫了一封緊急呼籲書。

這十二名委員是：北京大學教授季羨林、北京師範大學教授啟功、中國社會科學院研究員王若水、中國人民大學教授李銳、中國科學院研究員方勵之、中國社會科學院研究員劉賓雁、中國人民大學教授蘇紹智、中國社會科學院研究員嚴家其、中國社會科學院研究員蘇曉康、中國社會科學院研究員王魯湘、中國社會科學院研究員金觀濤、中國社會科學院研究員李澤厚。

這十二名委員在呼籲書中說：「我們認為，這一次學生絕食的抗議活動，是愛國的學生出於愛國的熱情而發動的，他們的基本要求是通過對話，解決目前的問題。我們認為，這一次學生絕食的抗議活動，已經發展成為一場嚴重的政治鬥爭，如果不儘快地採取有效的措施，局勢將會繼續惡化，後果將不堪設想。」

這十二名委員在呼籲書中說：「

# 黨政軍促中央與學生對話

# 李鵬強詞奪理斥學運不是

## 會談一小時無結果雙方不歡而散

## 李鵬擺官威教訓學生 指北京陷無政府狀態

（快報訊）中國總理李鵬昨天與絕食中學生代表對話，但對話氣氛緊張，領導人不歡而散，學潮非但無解決跡象，反加深了與官方的對抗。

有消息說，今次的學潮是因為保守派意圖通過鄧小平把趙紫陽拖下馬來，但趙利用學運，通過此法大學學生，變相學生絕食行動，反對鄧小平拉下。

據新聞處的報道，美國參議院外交關係委員會昨日通過一項議案，呼籲中國政府避免使用武力對付和平表示民主的學生及其它示威者。一個國際援助團體中華人民共和國組織，最近發出一份聲明，指出官方使用武力來解決以和平示威為形式爭取民主、自由及公平的人士，將嚴重損害與美國的關係。

這是首次有外國政府公開對中國學運表態。

在昨天的「對話」中，李鵬和學生代表有以下精彩對話：

李鵬：「我們誠和心，所以我下來要與這件事情，你所代表的交換意見，看看有什麼辦法可以把事情解決。」

吾爾開希：「時間很緊，我們坐在這裏，坐在廣場上的學生，他們在那裏打帳篷，所以非常被動打游擊的情況是：不是你驅使我們來談，而是我們廣場上這麼多人原你出來談，由我們來說，我們的意見是一致的，第一，我們要求正面的評定這次學運的性質，而且要正面的否定「人民日報」四月廿六日的社論。」

王丹：「這一場運動，不管政府方面或是從其他方面，是不承認它是一場偉大的愛國民主運動，但是很史會承認它是偉大的愛國民主運動，為什麼同學們得到的結果政府或者國務方面承認呢，我想小小的時，停止了我們的絕水的抗議，我們現在不少的城市，有的已經瓦解，紛紛打着學生旗號到北京來，我們北京這邊已經陷入癱瘓狀態，這不是說針對你個人，而是說整個政府狀態，你真正瞭解人民共和國的政府嗎？」

李鵬：「我們政府，就像是我們一家當中父親一樣，大家中央從來沒有感覺過對人民有什麼對抗，我們一直有定大家的愛護的態度，但是現在的確出現了一些動亂，危害國家的安定團結，這是我們絕對不能容忍的，現在事實上北京已經是秩序大亂，而且已經波及到全國，絕大多數同學，昨天我們的絕大多數的學生，都回校了，我們現在不少城市，停止了我們的絕水的抗議，也不是學生是社會的對敵人員，絕對打着學生旗號到北京來，我們北京這邊已經陷入癱瘓狀態，這不是說針對你個人，而是說整個政府狀態，你真正瞭解人民共和國的政府嗎？」

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獻給可愛的同胞：熱心的北京市民向在廣場巴士上絕食的學生獻花。（本報記者攝）

## 籲當局勿用武力鎮壓 解放軍介入學運 要求軍委遵趙紫陽指示

（快報消息）本報週二報道中國軍方支持今次學運，不會鎮壓，令廣場學生的生命安全。

現時日在北京發出的官方訊息，參加絕食團的學生與維持秩序天安門廣場的人民解放軍部隊，已開始逐漸撤出，而人民軍隊亦開始撤離廣場。

據人民解放軍官兵中央軍委會的一封公開信，要求軍委遵照趙紫陽在天安門廣場的講話，不得鎮壓，令廣場學生的生命安全。

信中提出的四項要求，包括不能用武力鎮壓學運，此點証實了本版所意正確。

學生撤離站標出解放軍撤離廣場的四點要求為：

一、對學生和平表示不能採取武力鎮壓的態度，要肯定學生的愛國熱情，要對話，要協商，要疏導，要用和平的方法解決問題。

二、要保護好人民軍隊。

三、立即糾正對學生的錯誤提法，要實事求是地肯定這次學運的愛國民主的性質，要為在這次學運中受到誣陷的人恢復名譽。

四、從軍隊自己做起，提高警惕，嚴防壞人利用，要保護好人民軍隊。

和平解決，改革軍隊體制，軍隊絕不能成為統治人民的工具。

（快報北京消息）李鵬已是十分孤立，一名軍官表示，若不參加遊行的話，就有愧於後人。

一名軍官說：「我們的軍隊十名駐守在人民大會堂，近日來幾乎全面大調動，就是調動人民大會堂，就是調動人民大會堂，就是調動人民大會堂

對話猶在爭取・目標高幅提升

# 轉急頭矛纖細生學
# 權策決出交鄧求要

（本報特派記者雪鐵龍北京專電）北京市的大遊行聲援絕食學生爭取與政府對話的行動，顯然正從全市學生中要求部小平下台，結束老人政治的新階段。

昨日在北京街頭遊行隊伍和天安門廣場出現的多種標語，學生領袖指向鄧小平仍然專橫獨裁的問題，下午在天安門廣場遊行的隊伍，更直接點名批鄧小平已經下台的話言，引起很大的反響，隨即由高校聯合發出緊急通告，沒有收到此消息，指責這是無恥造謠，並加派糾察隊維持秩序，才使場面平靜下來。

不過，高校聯合會稍後宣佈，遊行隊伍將向鄧小平已高、逸仁吳佛郎、李鵬、姚依林、喬石、胡啓立、宋平、丁關根、王震、万里、薄一波、楊尚昆、李先念、田紀雲、王丙乾、鄧力群、胡喬木、鄧穎超、楊白冰、王任重、陳雲、彭真、萬里、宋任窮、秦基偉、聶榮臻、劉華清、劉伯承、徐向前、葉劍英、李德生、烏蘭夫、閻明復、王兆國、王震、王恩茂、宋平、喬石、李鵬、姚依林、胡啓立、李瑞環、劉華清、丁關根、秦基偉、李鐵映、羅幹、陳慕華、李貴鮮

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# 深圳共產黨員通電中央 要鄧小平退出政治舞台

【本報特約記者何綱深圳報道】包括深圳大學、党校、副校長在內的深圳一位領導幹部，昨日聚集在內的深圳市委機關大樓，連署簽名內容，要求鄧小平退出政治舞台。

深圳大學公開共產黨員致中共中央、國務院、軍委的公開信，要求鄧小平退出政治舞台。

這份就職於深圳第一家國營銀行的一位領導幹部說，他們開始決定簽名的原因，是不滿中共中央一、二天內連續兩次發表對才剛剛上任的趙紫陽總書記的不實消息，而且以說服教育的名義，強迫深圳各級黨政機關的領導幹部，包括深圳市委書記李灝，簽署對趙紫陽的支持書。

這位領導幹部說，他們認為，中共中央的兩次消息，是對

# 香港時報

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第一四五一號

HONG KONG TIMES

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## 今日新聞提要

一、中共與學生對話破裂，刊第一版。

二、李總統短期內不決定開缺人選，刊第三版。

三、共軍軍官要求不錄屢學運，刊第二版。

四、「新華社香港分社」員工支持學運，刊第十六版。

# 北平陷入無政府狀態

# 李鵬與學生會談破裂

【本報特派記者襲缺梅十八日北平電】今日北平兩三百萬民衆再請上天安門廣場，確保絕食的學生，該至「公安街法院門」的人員也上街展示，要求那小平下台的呼聲今日更趨激烈。

北平市兩一週晴光，就有遮行歐伍或步行，或乘坐各種車輛，呼喊着「救救學生，救救市國」的口號從西長安街湧入天安門廣場。到上午七時，被包長安街開始流動着十五公里長的人龍。

因許多工人和機關幹部要著各種車輛，大巴，小巴，大小貨車，甚至吊車參加遊行，形成了與人龍併行的巨大車龍。許多遊行者站在車中和車頂上，呼喊口號，舞動旗幟，並相互歡呼助好，場面振之壯觀熱烈。

北安街兩側的標房也排出了許多絕食學生的慎慎和膠蘇。地站在王麻子胡同口的北京飯店經過時，許多有高等法院、中級法院的法官、檢察官、律師等法界人士，以及一般工人，和化工廠的工人步勢歡呼，表示支持。

遊行隊伍來到天安街，向廣場西側進發，五華旅港同鄉會、香港浙江同鄉會、測陽旅港同鄉會、福建旅港同鄉會、香港潮州公會、香港汕頭公會、香港九龍潮州公會、香港番禺同鄉會、香港順德同鄉會、香港中山同鄉會、香港南海同鄉會、香港東莞同鄉會、香港寧陽同鄉會、香港浙江同鄉會、香港溫州同鄉會、香港福清同鄉會、香港閩清同鄉會、香港閩侯同鄉會、香港永春同鄉會、香港閩南同鄉會、香港晉江同鄉會、香港惠安同鄉會、香港莆田同鄉會、香港仙遊同鄉會、香港福州同鄉會、香港福建同鄉會、香港福建青年會、香港福建中學同學會、香港福建學生聯合會、香港福建婦女會、香港福建工商總會、香港福建同鄉會、香港福建中學校友

# South China Morning Post ★★

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## Connors and Noah on court

VETERAN American tennis star Jimmy Connors and flamboyant Frenchman Yannick Noah have accepted invitations to play in the Marlboro Hongkong Championships later this year.

Connors, 36, who has played in Hongkong twice before, pulled out of the 1987 event under controversial circumstances. Noah accepted an invitation to play last year but was forced out by injury.

The multi-million dollar tournament, organised by the Hongkong Tennis Patrons Association, will be held at Victoria Park in October, although dates have still to be finalised.

● Report: Page 38

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 1, 5, 11, 17, 22, 31.

The extra number was 12.

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## WEATHER

Mainly fine.
Max temp 30 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Li warns of anarchy in China crisis

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing and agencies

CHINESE Prime Minister Li Peng warned yesterday that the situation in the country was serious following massive student-led pro-democracy demonstrations.

Two attempts by the Government yesterday to defuse the protests failed and the students seemed unimpressed by his warnings about social unrest.

Several students who attended the meetings quoted Mr Li as saying that if the movement does not end, "it will be more chaotic than the Cultural Revolution", the 1966-76 ultra-leftist uprising that brought China to the brink of civil war.

"I can tell you that the situation is very serious not just in Beijing but throughout China," Mr Li said in the talks with students in the Great Hall of the People which were broadcast by radio.

"Beijing in recent days has in my view fallen into a state of anarchy," Mr Li told student representatives in the abortive round of talks called a few hours after he and Communist Party General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang made a conciliatory visit to hunger strikers in hospital.

However, student leaders rejected responsibility for the social chaos that has erupted over the last week, pointing out that Government had waited too long before taking positive action.

In a delayed broadcast of his talks with 22 student leaders, Mr Li was seen waggling his hands at the youths who sat across from him and other senior officials in armchairs, still wearing hunger strike headbands, and ordering them to "leave the square without pre-conditions".

"Beijing is paralysed, coming to anarchy, out of control," he said. "The entire nation is affected".

He cited disruption of rail services for hours by demonstrators in the important industrial city of Wuhan in central China.

Party chief Zhao Ziyang (right) and Standing Committee member Qiao Shi discuss a hunger-striker's condition with his doctor.

**Special report — Pages 11-14**

Thousands of students, supported by teachers and workers, were conducting a sit-in at the Yangtse River bridge, blocking traffic on one of the region's major north-south highways, said a source at the city's Huazhong Teachers College.

"The Government is responsible to the people," he said, hinting a crackdown was possible despite the size of the protests and the Government's restraint so far.

"It is impossible for us to ignore this.

"We must defend our factories, we must defend our socialist system," he said. "I don't care whether you are happy to hear this or not, I'm glad to have the opportunity to say it".

Visits to hunger strikers in hospital at about 4 am yesterday and two meetings between Mr Li and students made little impression on the throngs of students, workers, bureaucrats, farmers and schoolchildren who poured into the heart of Beijing and cities across China.

A million people again jammed Tiananmen Square as the meeting took place and a constant convoy of bicycles, motorbikes, cars, taxis and lorries paraded slowly along the nearby Avenue of Heavenly Peace.

Factory production and public transport have been seriously disrupted, school children of all ages have taken to the streets, and the city centre remains a throng of humanity. Huge posters of Chairman Mao Tsetung have also appeared.

Hundreds of thousands demonstrated in other cities, including all of China's provinces and regions except Tibet and western Xinjiang. There were no reports of violence.

About 100,000 people jammed the heart of Shanghai yesterday, disrupting the visit by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

And 10,000 students and supporters took part in a rally in Guangzhou, and 300 students from Shenzhen University left for Beijing to join their colleagues in Tiananmen Square.

Students were staging a hunger strike in Xian, where there had been a violent protest last week.

While there are few signs that the Government had made any headway in re-establishing its authority, there were rumours that the Communist Party's Central

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)

# Massive rally as Soviets end visit

From SETH FAISON in Shanghai and agencies

**MORE than 100,000 demonstrators took over the centre of Shanghai yesterday, disrupting the final day of a landmark visit to China by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, who left for Moscow late in the day.**

**Spurred on by the hunger strike in Beijing, students from all of Shanghai's major universities – joined by journalists, workers and government employees – staged the largest rally yet in the city.**

**Separate groups of flag-waving marchers poured into the waterfront area all afternoon, while shop attendants, bus drivers and office workers cheered in support.**

**"After this, who knows what could happen," exclaimed Mr He Wei, an economist in the Shanghai Science and Technology Commission.**

**Mr Gorbachev, accompanied by his wife Raisa and Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, spent less than six hours in Shanghai, where student protests forced re-routing of the entourage through traffic-clogged streets.**

**When he arrived, tens of thousands of people lined the streets of the motorcade route from the airport into town, waving as he passed, but most appeared to be onlookers rather than protesters.**

**Mr Gorbachev rolled down his car window and waved back. At one point the** car stopped and he shook hands with a boy standing nearby.

While he met and had lunch with municipal party secretary Jiang Zemin and mayor Zhu Rongji, students crowded outside Mr Jiang's office demanding his resignation.

"Jiang Zemin, step down!" chanted the students, 300 of whom were holding their own hunger strike.

Mr Jiang has been dogged by controversy last month since he fired Qin Benli, editor of the liberal *World Economic Herald*.

"No one will listen to Jiang Zemin until he straightens out the *Herald*," said Mr Wang Dong, an economics student at Fudan University.

Mr Gorbachev toured part of Shanghai, avoiding the city centre where students were, and commented indirectly on the crisis that students have presented to Beijing.

"Hope and differences exist side by side. Opportunities and challenges turn up hand in hand," Mr Gorbachev said, according to a Chinese official who was present.

Upon his departure at 6.15 pm, an 18-point joint communique declared that relations were normalised, which "contributes to the maintenance of world peace and stability".

However, it revealed that differences still remained between China and the Soviet Union on the sensitive question of Cambodia.

The two sides listed agreement on economic, technical and international issues, but positions on Cambodia had to be spelled out separately.

The Chinese side was described as advocating the establishment of a four-party coalition government after the Vietnamese troop withdrawal, scheduled for September, while the Soviet side maintained that internal problems of Cambodia, such as preparations for elections, should be left to Cambodians.

The communique also said Mr Gorbachev had invited each of China's top leaders, including Mr Deng Xiaoping, for a trip to the Soviet Union.

The two countries would resolve all disputes through peaceful negotiations and neither side would use or

(Cont'd on Page 14, Col 4)

● Editorial – Page 24

Reuter

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev shakes hands with a young well-wisher in Shanghai yesterday.

# NCNA staff join chorus of support for democracy

By CHRIS YEUNG

STAFF at China's representative office, the New China News Agency (NCNA), and left-wing newspapers in Hongkong have joined the growing chorus of support for the pro-democracy demonstrations throughout China.

More than a million dollars has flooded into funds set up by community groups for the Beijing students.

About 30 Hongkong delegates to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC) last night cabled Beijing expressing their support of the Beijing demonstrators' demand for dialogue with the leaders.

These developments came as a dozen students continued their hunger strike outside the headquarters of the New China News Agency.

This banner outside the New China News Agency reads: "Resolutely support the patriotic democratic movement of Beijing students". It is signed: "Some cadres and employees of the Hongkong New China News Agency"

At about 5 pm, several NCNA staff carrying a banner emerged from the office and fixed it in front of the hunger strikers.

The banner, signed by "some cadres and staff", exhorted support for what they described as the patriotic and democratic movement of students in Beijing.

Earlier in the day, an NCNA vice-director, Mr Mao Junnian, and head of the Cultural and Education Department, Mr Yung Sum-kui, met the Hongkong student hunger strikers.

Mr Mao was quoted by students as saying their demands were "in line with the goals of the Chinese Government".

Another NCNA vice-director, Mr Zheng Hua has also signed the petition of the local CPPCC delegates to urge the hunger strikers to take care of their health and be rational to avoid arousing turmoil in China.

Their terse statement was agreed upon by the delegates after a heated debate over a separate letter drafted by vocal critic, CPPCC delegate Xu Simin, who is publisher of the *Mirror Monthly*.

Mr Xu's statement, which was supported by 14 other delegates including Li Chi-chung of the *Wen Wei Pao* and Lee Hsia-wen of *Ta Kung Pao*, were also

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 1)

Mr Xu's statement, in much harsher wording, specifically called upon the Chinese Government to admit its erroneous decisions and to scrap the harshly-worded editorial of the *People's Daily* on April 26 which condemned the student demonstrations as a "planned conspiracy" to create social turmoil.

It also appealed for immediate action to avoid damage to the society and diplomatic relations with other countries, and adverse effects on local confidence over the 1997 sovereignty transfer.

Mr Xu's statement, which was supported by 14 other delegates including Li Chi-chung of the *Wen Wei Pao* and Lee Hsia-wen of *Ta Kung Pao*, were also


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# Quayle set to lead US team at Geneva talks on refugees

By MICHAEL CHUGANI in Washington and SIMON MACKLIN

**A FURTHER 626 Vietnamese sailed into Hongkong yesterday in 10 boats bringing the total number of boat people and refugees in Hongkong to 34,118.**

**Evacuation plans were prepared last night for more than 2,000 boat people housed on five ferries moored alongside Stonecutters Island in case Tropical Storm Brenda approaches the territory.**

**But officials said there was little they could do for several hundred boat people being housed in tents at the Whitehead detention centre and who would have to brave the storm or crowd into already cramped dormitory huts at the site.**

**A spokesman for the Royal Observatory said last night the No 1 standby signal will only be hoisted when Brenda come within 800 kilometres of the territory.**

**At 11 pm, Brenda was centred in the South China Sea 510 kilometres south-southeast of Dongsha Dao and moving northwest at about 14 kph.**

VICE-PRESIDENT Dan Quayle is understood to have been selected to lead the United States delegation to Geneva for next month's United Nations conference on Indochinese refugees.

But Hongkong officials are concerned the high level of American representation at the conference might make it harder for the US Government to back down from its hard-line stance against forced repatriation.

Senior administration sources in Washington say that by sending President George Bush's right-hand man to Geneva, the US administration would be able to send a clear signal that it is treating the Indochinese refugee crisis in Southeast Asia with the utmost importance.

American diplomatic sources say the United States wants Southeast Asian nations to know that it is concerned about the issue even if they are unable to agree on a solution.

But they said the US administration was only likely to send a senior representative if it was sure some agreement could be reached.

Officials in London said it was still not clear if British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe would attend the two-day meeting to represent Hongkong's policy against tough American opposition.

"Sir Geoffrey has always wanted to go and almost certainly will be there for part of the conference but it is still undecided quite who will represent the British delegation," a spokesman for the British Foreign Office said.

"Whilst we have the utmost respect for Mr Quayle, this won't necessarily make any difference to us," he said.

On Wednesday, the US Government came in for tough criticism from Legislative Councillors during a debate on the Vietnamese boat people.

A spokesman for the American consulate in Hongkong said remarks made in the council chamber had been noted and would be transmitted to the US administration.

"We are making sure the views are passed on to Washington. We realise there are concerns about the refugee issue here. That is why we have been working very actively to find a solution to the problem at the conference in Geneva," the spokesman said.

"We remain committed to working with Hongkong and other countries in the region to resolve the Vietnam-

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Telephone charges to rise in June

By S.Y. WAI and ANDY HO

CHARGES for telephone services will go up by between six and 12.5 per cent next month – the first adjustment since 1985.

From June 1, monthly telephone subscription fees will go up from $66 to $70 for a business line, from $43 to $48 for a residential line, from $80 to $90 for multi lines and from $225 to $240 for a direct dialling in line.

Rents for a standard telephone will go up from $5 to $6 and for a private payphone from $200 to $220 per month.

Charges for connection and external removal will be increased from $350 to $600. The fee for connecting or removing an exchange line will remain at $600.

The changes have been approved by the Executive Council.

Hongkong Telephone Company (Telco) is expect-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)


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# HK Catholics unveil blueprint for next 10 years

By JOHN TANG

THE Catholic Church in Hongkong is poised to play a pivotal role in re-establishing relations between the Vatican and Beijing which were severed more than 30 years ago.

In a bold package of measures to prepare its 260,000 followers for 1997 and beyond, Catholic Cardinal, the Most Reverend John Baptist Wu Cheng-chung said Hongkong has a "special and historic mission" in trying to re-establish links between the Vatican, China and the Chinese Catholic Church.

With the "historic turning point of 1997 drawing near, the Church in Hongkong urgently needs to strengthen its mission as a bridge church," Cardinal Wu said.

It is the first time the Hongkong diocese has officially spelt out its role in reconciling China and the Vatican after diplomatic relations broke off in 1957.

The 10-year plan, unveiled yesterday in a document called *March into the Bright Decade*, followed a two-year consultation with local Catholics concerned about religious freedom and the role of the church after 1997.

Other measures include:

- More active educational role, including teaching Chinese and civic, moral and religious education.
- Improve medical, social and community service programs.
- Acting as watchdog on social service policies.
- Setting up small basic church communities to train badly-needed leaders among the laity.
- Setting up a co-ordinating centre to monitor the communities.
- Devising an education policy for the 230 schools now operated by the church's 40-odd missionary societies and religious institutes.
- Set up an ad hoc group to review the church's mass communication policy to reach out to the public.
- A mid-term review in 1994.
- Collect material about China and the Chinese church and strengthen links.

The report, which reviews aspects of church work ranging from pastoral and social welfare to education and church policy, is a major departure from present practice.

Until now, large parishes have submitted yearly plans to Cardinal Wu instead of drawing up a long-term plan.

The cardinal said it was Hongkong's responsibility to ease potential confrontation between China and Taiwan.

"In a world which is becoming more pluralistic and more democratic, we should boldly admit that differences are a reality.

"We realise that di-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

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## INSIDE

**80 PAGES**

of better jobs for everyone in FRIDAY JOBMARKET, bumper edition of the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, daily.

### Artists

Kevin Sinclair meets four talented young Hongkong artists — two dancers and two musicians — who are not much different from any others, except that two cannot hear and two cannot see

Page 12

### People

**Winsome Lane** meets a painter battling with a rare disease that is slowly costing her the use of her fingers, even as she produces exquisite pictures of Hongkong wildflowers

Page 12

There's big money to be made in the Double Trio and Double Quinella and we help you to get amongst it with a two-page guide

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**WEATHER:** 25°C —30°C. Mainly fine. Details on Page 19.

# Beijing decides to clear square

By Terry Cheng and Priscilla Leung in Beijing and agencies

CHINESE authorities have decided to clear Tiananmen Square of fasting students and tens of thousands of supporters, reliable sources said this morning.

They said if blood was shed it would probably lead to the resignation of Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, who strongly opposed the idea of forced removal.

Ninety buses were prepared for the removal.

Hardliners won the decision to move after the Soviet leader, Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, left the country.

Heavy rain was believed to reinforce the decision as there were fewer people in Tiananmen Square, the sources said.

The decision came as widespread unrest continued in many other Chinese cities including Shanghai and the north-eastern industrial city of Shenyang, where more than a million people were reported in the streets.

Some leaders and intellectuals fear a crackdown will lead to civil upheaval.

The split among the top leaders was conspicuous yesterday.

Premier Li Peng said there was "anarchy" in the capital and that if the unrest was not checked, it could spark Cultural Revolution like turbulence.

He named student leaders Wang Dan and Wu'er Kaixi as being "responsible" for the nationwide unrest, and said he had "reservations" about the unusually extensive coverage of events in the official press.

He made the remarks when talking with several student representatives. The talk was later broadcast by state television with the most severe remarks edited out.

His attack contrasted starkly with Mr Zhao's conciliatory assurance on Wednesday that no reprisals would be taken against protesting students.

The removal plan, which will be executed by the 27th Army, will depend on the actual situation. The 27th Army was chosen because members of the elite 38th Army had earlier written to officials that they opposed a crackdown.

Student leaders were preparing contingency plans which could see a voluntary withdrawal within two to three days.

Last night, battalions of policemen were seen marching along main avenues in support of the students.

Twelve members of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress – China's parliament – called for a special session to be convened to deal with the worsening situation.

A similar call by a vice-chairman of the NPC, Mr Fei Xiaotong, was rejected by the party earlier this week. One of the most liberal members of the party, NPC chairman Wan Li, is on an official visit to Canada.

Mr Li's harsh words were seen as aggravating the crisis, which grew worse as many of the 2,500 fasting students collapsed from hunger and exhaustion.

The protesters have been joined by workers, party cadres, intellectuals, artists, senior legislators and teachers in the chorus for immediate action.

"The whole nation was awoken," a writer said.

Even army officers threw their weight behind the fasting students and applauded the movement as "patriotic and pro-democracy".

Demonstrations have been reported in another 35 cities, with hunger strikes in Shanghai and Hongkong. Several thousand rain-soaked Shanghai students said they would keep up their vigil outside city hall all night.

In Shenyang a million people were reported to have demonstrated, and 28 students to have launched a hunger strike.

A bridge across the Yangtze River in Wuhan was closed because of demonstrations and Shanghai was paralysed, causing Mr Gorbachev to cancel some of his programme.

"I can tell you that the situation is very serious not just in Beijing but throughout China," Mr Li said.

He cited disruption of rail services in Wuhan.

Annoyed by Mr Li's remarks, the student leaders announced a list of tougher demands, indicating a more radical turn.

They called for an emergency meeting of the National People's Congress and the Politburo, and also demanded the authors of the tough *People's Daily* editorial on April 26 be publicly reprimanded.

The students said sanctions should be taken against officials responsible for the problems in China.

Adding to the uncertainty was a rumour that top leader Deng Xiaoping had resigned as head of the Central Military Commission.

Students have called on Mr Deng to stand down.

In the biggest anti-government protests since the Communist Revolution of 1949, they carried banners which read "Deng must go" and "End rule by old men". The 84-year-old paramount leader kept a low profile yesterday.

But Mr Li came out battling, attacking the protesters.

"We must defend our factories, we must defend our socialist system," he said.

The student leaders insist they are not attacking the Communist Party's role as the main national political power.

But they want to reform it, weed out official corruption, open up the press and bring in other freedoms.

The carnival atmosphere which reigned around Tiananmen Square of the past few days gave way to a grimmer mood of determination.

## Soldiers back Zhao against Deng's line

**A GROUP of People's Liberation Army officers yesterday sent a letter to China's Central Military Commission, denouncing any move to suppress the student movement.**

**This was the first time soldiers publicly came out against the earlier decision of paramount leader and commission Chairman Mr Deng Xiaoping to suppress the student movement by force if necessary.**

**According to the Hongkong China News Agency, student activists broadcast the letter on Tiananmen Square early yesterday morning.**

**The officers expressed support for the conciliatory line of General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang.**

**"We should not crackdown on the students and people by force, we must educate all officers and soldiers to love and protect the people," said the letter.**

**"We hope the commission will urge the government to start fair and equal talks with student representatives as soon as possible and to accept the students' demands," it said.**

INSIDE—CHINA TODAY

A four-page wrap-up of the momentous events in Beijing in the past three days is in CHINA TODAY, our exclusive liftout of China news.

— Reuter

■ Communist Party leader Zhao Ziyang visits a student in hospital and is lectured by an unidentified student on how to run his party of 47 million people.

# Xinhua employees hoist support for protesters

MEMBERS of China's establishment in Hongkong, including the official Xinhua News Agency, have thrown their weight behind the student movement in China.

In a surprise move, about five staff members of Xinhua, China's chief representative office in Hongkong, hoisted a white banner outside the Wan Chai headquarters yesterday afternoon.

The banner read: "Firmly support Beijing students' patriotic democratic movement" – and was signed by "some staff of Xinhua".

Journalists working on local pro-Beijing newspapers – the *New Evening Post* and *Wen Wei Pao* – also rapidly raised funds for the student movement from sources including Xinhua staff.

At a special meeting yesterday, local delegates of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference were split on whether the student movement should be fully supported.

Following heated debates, the meeting ended with two different messages being sent to Beijing, one on behalf of all the delegates while the other by a group of "more radical" delegates led by a vocal publisher, Mr Tsui Sze-man.

A staff member of Xinhua said a large number of its staff were in agreement with putting up the banner but were reluctant to openly show their stance.

It was placed among dozens of banners, posters and bunches of flowers outside the office, all voicing support for the hunger strikers in Beijing and Hongkong.

As of last night, 14 Hongkong students had been fasting outside the Xinhua office for over 80 hours.

A number of Xinhua staff were found donating money to the "China Democracy Trust Fund" box placed outside their office by the students.

Reporters saw one even putting in a $1,000 note.

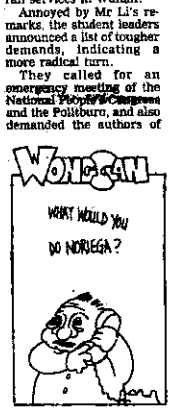
Xinhua's vice director, Mr Mao Junnian, and head of the Department of Culture and Education, Mr Weng Xinqiao, went to see the hunger strikers in the morning.

Mr Mao was said to have told the strikers that the students' demands were actually in accord with theirs.

Besides receiving support from flocks of well-wishers including secondary school students, teachers, Roman Catholic priests and Buddhist groups, the students were also greeted by five Beijing hunger strikers through cassette tapes.

Yesterday, dozens of telegrams were sent to Beijing by local community leaders calling for talks with students.

Local delegates to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference after a special meeting yesterday to discuss the movement sent two separate telegrams: one urging both sides to take "rational" action, and another message calling for the students' demands to be met and for the protest to be declared "the greatest patriotic democratic movement"




## Shanghai stop brings historic visit to end

BEIJING: Soviet President Mr Mikhail Gorbachev left for home last night after a four-day summit that broke down the barriers of three decades of hostility between the two communist nations.

Mr Gorbachev and his wife, Raisa, left from Shanghai by special plane, ending what be called a visit of "epoch-making significance" made more dramatic by an outbreak of massive pro-democracy demonstrations in Beijing.

A joint communique issued after his departure said normalisation of relations "is in conformity with the interests and aspirations of the Chinese and Soviet peoples and contributes to the maintenance of world peace and stability."

It also contained a lengthy section on Cambodia, with the two sides expressing different opinions on the conflict that has been the main obstacle to improved Sino-Soviet ties.

China repeated its support for a provisional government led by resistance leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk, and including the three-party resistance and the Vietnam-backed Hun Sen faction.

The Soviet Union, which supports Vietnam in its 10-year-old war against the China-backed resistance, said only that internal problems, including preparation for general elections under international supervision, should be solved by the Cambodians.

They agreed that with Vietnam's withdrawal, now slated for September, civil war should be avoided and outside parties should gradually end military aid to the warring factions.

Mr Gorbachev's five-hour trip to Shanghai yesterday was a quiet respite after meetings with senior leader Mr Deng Xiaoping and other top officials were repeatedly disrupted by demonstrators.

In Shanghai, Mr Gorbachev met with Communist Party chief Mr Jiang Zemin and Mayor Zhu Rongji and laid a wreath at a monument to the Russian novelist Pushkin.

The communique also said the two sides agreed to cut troop strengths along the border "to a minimum level commensurate with the normal, good neighbourly relations between the two countries."

Mr Gorbachev earlier called for the eventual complete demilitarisation of the border. – AP, Reuter

# Officials force mother to hand over children

By Leung Sze-man and Yusuf Karamdin

GOVERNMENT officials forcibly took away three young boys from their mother's home in a housing estate in Sham Shui Po.

The action ended two years of isolation for the children, who had been confined to their flat after their father's death.

The three, aged five, six and eight, were taken to a children's home.

Their 40-year-old mother was admitted to the Castle Peak Hospital for observation.

Yesterday's action was the first since the controversial Kwok Ah-nui case three years ago.

It involved officials from the Social Welfare Department, the police, and the Housing Department.

Since the case was first reported in February, the Education Department had issued at least four summons against the mother for failing to allow her eldest son to attend school.

The woman refused to accept the summonses despite repeated efforts by the police to serve them.

The Social Welfare Department said the mother's identity could not be disclosed because a case was pending in juvenile court.

Officials who went to the family home yesterday were armed with a warrant empowering them to remove the children under the Protection of Women and Juveniles Ordinance.

Neighbours said a relative was seen providing the family with daily necessities and said the mother was kind and loving to the boys.

> **"The decision is neither hasty nor impulsive**
>
> – Legislative Councillor Mr Hui Yin-fat

Officials of the Social Welfare Department, who had been paying regular visits to the family since February, refused to explain why the action was taken at this stage.

The operation, described by neighbours and Government officials as "peaceful", started shortly after 11 am.

The authorities broke open the padlock of the metal grille before the woman opened the wooden door in response to their knocks.

The boys were then separated from the mother and taken to the flat next door.

The Social Welfare Department is now looking for relatives of the family.

Director of Social Welfare Mrs Elizabeth Wong said the step was the most appropriate one after considering various alternatives.

But she refused to elaborate, saying the incident was "highly sensitive and complicated, involving a court verdict and the education arrangements for the children."

Comments from both child welfare professionals and neighbours were positive.

Legislative Councillor Mr Hui Yin-fat said both the Education Department and the Social Welfare Department had tried different ways to help but their efforts got them nowhere.

"The decision is neither hasty nor impulsive," he said.

His view was echoed by Mr Thomas Mulvey, director of the Hongkong Family Welfare Society.

"Many factors are involved in deciding whether children should be removed from their parents.

"I believe the Social Welfare Department has carefully weighted the consequences of removing the children or leaving them with the mother," Mr Mulvey said.

He added the most desirable arrangement would be to reunite mother and children because such a separation was "traumatic and disturbing" for the children.

A neighbour, identified as a Mr Chiu, said the action would be good for the boys.

"Children should not be deprived of normal education. And also their health should be taken into consideration. I heard that they were not even taken to a doctor when sick," he said.

## Criminal negligence

**PLYMOUTH, England: A burglar was so appalled at the ease with which he broke into an 84-year-old man's home that he woke him up and delivered a 15-minute lecture on locking doors and windows.**

**Police said that the masked burglar climbed in through an unlocked window and left the man's home in Plymouth, southwest England, empty-handed.**

– Reuter

## Mark Six

**SIX punters won $1,292,659 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 1, 5, 11, 17, 22 and 31 yesterday. The extra number was 12.**

**The second prize of $122,822 each had 13.5 winning units while the third prize of $5,942 each had 600 winning units.**

**The next draw takes place on Tuesday.**

## FA plan to ban away fans

**LONDON: English football's two leading authorities look destined for a major row after Mr Bert Millichip, the chairman of the Football Association, yesterday called for a ban on away fans next season.**

**Mr Millichip's plan, which he sees as the only way to prevent a repeat of the hooliganism in England last Saturday – and which he intends to push through at next Thursday's FA Council meeting – has stunned the Football League.**

**"He can be sure clubs will oppose it on the grounds that it is undesirable and impractical," said League president Mr Jack Dunnett.**

**"They would have to pass a new regulation making every match an all-ticket affair with none being sold to away fans.**

**"How do you identify a 'home' fan for derby matches in places like London and Liverpool?"**

**Mr Millichip, the 74-year-old head of the game's governing body, was aware his suggestion would be unpopular.**

**"I know I will meet tremendous opposition from many of the League clubs, but Luton has proved it is effective," he said.**

**The move comes as the FA has charged four clubs with failing to control the behaviour of fans after last weekend's matches.**

**Crystal Palace, Brimingham, Bristol City and Sheffield United face heavy punishment. The clubs have 14 days to reply to the charges.** – AFP

SAMSON CHEUNG

## On the refugee coast

**A MAN, his son, his friends ... and a ramshackle boat. A familiar sight on Hongkong's shores, where Vietnamese boat people have been landing in ever increasing numbers. But this is in China.**

**A *Hongkong Standard* team has just returned after a week in China, tracing the refugee trail along the coast, talking to villagers and authorities about how they cope in the light of China's new policy of not assisting the Hongkong-bound voyagers.**

**They found that the controls vary from region to region, that despite the continuing influx into Hongkong, the numbers along the China coast seem to be dropping ... and that when desperate boat people are denied supplies, they frequently help themselves.**

■ Special Report: Page 3

# Airports put on alert for candy bombs

LONDON: Britain has warned airports and airlines to be on the lookout for plastic explosive bombs disguised as a Middle Eastern candy, a Transport Department spokesman has said.

"The department was made aware of this confectionery and we've issued an advisory to UK airports," he said.

The spokesman said the warning was issued earlier this week after the discovery of a brand of marzipan candy containing Semtex.

The spokesman confirmed the contents of the security memo, which appeared in an early edition of the *Daily Express* newspaper.

"There is information to suggest that an improvised explosive device (IED) may be disguised as tins of confectionery with the brand name Halawi manufactured in the Middle East and commonly available in outlets in that region," it said.

"The confectionery resembles Semtex in both colour and texture.

"The tins are circular and about 20 cm in diameter and 15 cm in depth."

Semtex, manufactured in Czechoslovakia, is widely believed to be the plastic explosive used to blow up a Pan Am jumbo jet over Scotland on December 21. The disaster claimed 270 lives.

Halawi is a sticky, sweet paste made from sesame seeds. The spokesman said he did not know who supplied the Transport Department with the information about the candy bombs.

Home Secretary Douglas Hurd has condemned the suspected plot.

"The bombers are beyond any feeling of mine or yours, they are just killers," Mr Hurd said.

"And we see just again from this warning that nothing is sacred, nothing is beyond bounds so far as they're concerned."

According to the warning from the department's Aviation Security division, the tin containing the candy is large enough to house all the components of a bomb.

"Arming is achieved by pulling a pin accessible through a small hole in the casing," it said.

"Such an item should feel heavier than expected."

The memo advises that airports and airlines in Britain should inform security staff that the devices might be brought into the country from the Middle East "and then used to attack civil aviation".

It also said airlines should be alert to the possibility that candy bombs could be left on board aircraft at transit stops.

"We hope to obtain photographs of the device for circulation to airports and airlines in due course," the warning said.

– Reuter, AP, AFP, UPI

# 人民日报

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1989年5月
20
星期六
己巳年四月十六
北京地区天气预报
白天 晴有时多云
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级转三、四级
夜间 晴
风向 偏北
风力 三、四级转一、二级
温度 最高 26℃
最低 14℃

人民日报社出版


# 赵紫阳李鹏昨晨到天安门广场看望绝食请愿的部分高校学生

## 赵总书记恳切希望同学们健康地活着看到中国实现四化

**本报北京5月19日讯** 今天凌晨，中共中央总书记赵紫阳、国务院总理李鹏等领导人到天安门广场看望绝食学生。赵紫阳接过学生递给他的扩音器，作了重要的讲话。

赵紫阳说，同学们，我们来得太晚了，对不起同学们了。你们说我们、批评我们，都是应该的。我这次来不是请你们原谅。我想说的是，现在同学们身体已经非常虚弱，绝食已经到了第7天，不能再这样下去了。绝食时间长了，对身体会造成难以弥补的损害，这是有生命危险的。现在最重要的是，希望尽快结束这次绝食。我知道，你们绝食是希望党和政府对你们所提出的问题给以最满意的答复。我觉得，我们的对话渠道还是畅通的，有些问题需要一个过程才能解决。比如你们提到的性质、责任问题，我觉得这些问题终究可以得到解决，终究可以取得一致的看法。但是，你们也应该知道，情况是很复杂的，需要有一个过程。你们不能在绝食已进入第7天的情况下，还坚持一定要得到满意答复才停止绝食。

赵紫阳到天安门广场看望绝食请愿学生时发表讲话。 新华社记者 武基疆摄

赵紫阳最后恳切地说，你们还年轻，来日方长，你们应该健康地活着，看到我们中国实现四化的那一天。你们不像我们，我们已经老了，无所谓了。国家和你们的父母培养你们上大学不容易呀！现在十几、二十几岁，就这样把生命牺牲掉哇！！同学们能不能再理智地想一想。现在的情况已经非常严重，你们都知道，党和国家非常着急，整个社会都忧心如焚。另外，北京是首都，各方面情况一天天严重，这种情况不能再继续下去了，同学们都是好意，为了我们国家好，但是这种情况发展下去，失去控制，会造成各方面的严重影响。

赵紫阳说，总之，我就是这么一个心意。如果你们停止绝食，政府不会因此把对话的门关起来，绝不会！你们所提的问题，我们可以继续讨论。慢是慢了一些，但一些问题的认识正在逐步接近。我今天主要是看望一下同学们，同时说一说我们的心情，希望同学们冷静地想一想这个问题。这件事情在不理智的情况下，是很难想清楚的。大家都这么一般劲，年轻人吆，我们都是从年轻人过来的，我们也游过行、卧过轨，当时根本不想以后怎么样。

赵紫阳最后再次恳请同学们冷静地想一想今后的事。他说，有很多事情总是可以解决的。希望你们早些结束绝食，谢谢同学们。说到这里，赵紫阳同志向同学们鞠躬，同学们热烈鼓掌。

赵紫阳讲话结束后，同学们纷纷请紫阳同志签字，紫阳一一满足了他们的要求。

## 北京部分高校请愿学生昨晚九时宣布停止绝食

**新华社北京5月19日电** 在天安门广场绝食请愿七天的北京部分高校学生今天晚上宣布停止绝食。

这是绝食团指挥部通过设在广场的喇叭于晚上九时许宣布的。

# 党中央国务院开党政军干部大会

## 号召紧急动员迅速恢复首都正常秩序

## 李鹏杨尚昆先后发表讲话

**新华社北京5月19日电** 中共中央、国务院今天晚上召开中央和北京市党政军干部大会，号召大家紧急动员起来，坚决制止在首都已经发生的动乱，迅速恢复各方面的正常秩序。

国家主席、副主席，中共中央、国务院、全国人大常委会、中央军委、中顾委、中纪委、全国政协和北京市的领导同志出席了大会。

大会由中共中央政治局常委乔石主持。

中共中央政治局常委、国务院总理李鹏代表中共中央政治局常委会在会上讲话。国家主席、中央军委副主席杨尚昆也讲了话。中共中央政治局委员、中共北京市委书记李锡铭在会上首先介绍了最近一个时期北京市学潮的发生和发展的情况，说明了已经出现的动乱对北京市各方面所产生的严重影响。

李鹏同志在讲话中说，当前首都形势相当严峻，无政府状态越来越严重，法制和纪律遭到破坏。北京的事态还在发展，而且已经波及到了全国许多城市。我们国家的改革开放和四化建设，人民共和国的前途和命运，已经面临严重的威胁。

他说，蓄意制造动乱的极少数极少数人，就是要在动乱的条件下达到他们通过正常民主与法制渠道不可能达到的否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度的政治目的。

李鹏说，必须强调，要坚决保护广大青年爱国热情，把他们同制造动乱的极少数人严格区别开来，对他们在学潮中的过激言行不予追究。

他说，党和政府同广大学生和各界人士之间的对话，包括同参加过游行、示威、罢课、绝食的学生之间的对话，还将通过多种层次、多种渠道和多种形式广泛积极地进行，以充分听取各方面的意见。

李鹏说，对学生们提出的合理要求，我们将给予明确的答复，对他们的合理批评和建议，为惩治官僚、消除腐败、克服官僚主义，我们将认真听取和采纳，以切实改进党和政府的工作。

李鹏在讲话中希望在天安门广场绝食的学生立即停止绝食，离开广场，接受治疗，尽快恢复健康；希望广大同学和社会各界立即停止一切游行活动，并从人道主义出发，再也不要对绝食学生进行所谓的“声援”了。不管动机如何，再搞“声援”，就是把他们推向绝路。

李鹏代表党中央和国务院号召全党全军全国各族人民，和衷共济，团结一致，立即行动起来，在各自的岗位上为制止动乱和稳定局势作出贡献。

杨尚昆同志在会上讲了话。他说，我完全拥护李鹏同志代表中央政治局常委会所作的讲话。最近，北京的正常工作秩序，生产、生活秩序，都发生了混乱，实质上在许多方面已处于无政府状态。为了维护首都社会治安，恢复正常秩序，我们不得已，从外地调来了一部分人民解放军部队。这完全是为了协助首都武警、公安干警执行任务，绝对不是针对学生的。希望社会各界和广大人民群众，对此给予充分的理解和支持。

李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的讲话受到全场热烈鼓掌的欢迎。

李鹏在大会上讲话。 新华社记者摄

杨尚昆在大会上讲话。 新华社记者摄

## 李鹏会见澳大利亚总理特使

**本报北京5月19日讯** 国务院总理李鹏今天下午在中南海紫光阁会见了澳大利亚总理特使伍尔科特。李鹏问伍尔科特特使：“你今天是不是通过正常路线来到中南海的？”澳大利亚驻我国大使沙德维说，他们是穿小胡同来到这里的。李鹏说，这件事说明北京发生了混乱。这个混乱已经不同程度地蔓延到其他一些地区。中国政府将以负责的态度采取措施来制止混乱，恢复正常的社会秩序，保证我们的改革、开放政策的顺利进行。这些属中国的内政。我们将妥善解决这件事情。对此，我充满信心。

伍尔科特特使向李鹏介绍了澳大利亚总理霍克今年1月在汉城提出的关于发展区域经济合作的建议及一些具体设想。

李鹏说，作为亚太国家，中国有机会就发展经济问题同本地区其他国家交换意见是有益的。但在讨论亚太经济合作时，要考虑到社会制度不同、发展水平各有差异等特点。他表示支持先举行一次主权国家参加的部长级会议，就本地区经济发展进行协商，这样也许更能为各国所接受。

双方表示愿意今后继续就部长级会议的有关问题进一步磋商。

李鹏还表示他期待着霍克总理今年10月再次访华。

## 人大外事委员会发表声明

### 抗议美国会又一次粗暴干涉我内政

### 美国会众院就所谓西藏问题通过一项决议

**新华社北京5月19日电** 全国人大外事委员会今天就美国国会众议院就所谓西藏问题通过决议发表声明，全文如下：

5月16日，美国国会众议院就所谓西藏问题通过一项决议，肆意歪曲3月份拉萨骚乱事件以及此后事态发展的真相，污蔑攻击中国在西藏侵犯人权，并要求美国行政当局插手中国西藏事务。这是美国国会不顾中国方面的严正交涉和抗议，蛮横议院今年3月16日就所谓西藏问题通过决议后，又一次粗暴干涉我国内政的行为。我们对此表示强烈愤慨，并向美国国会众议院提出抗议。

今年3月拉萨所发生的事件的真相，早已大白于天下。确凿事实表明，这不是什么宗教、民族和人权问题，而是少数分裂主义分子蓄意制造的骚乱，妄图把西藏从中国分裂出去的一场暴乱。中国政府采取必要措施，维护国家统一和民族团结，维护社会秩序和法律尊严，保障西藏人民特别是拉萨居民的人身、财产安全，是一个国家主权范围的事，完全符合全国各族人民包括西藏广大人民的利益和愿望。我们重申，西藏自治区是中华人民共和国不可分割的一部分，西藏的事务纯属中国内政，任何外国政府、组织、议会、个人都无权干涉，任何企图把西藏从中国分裂出去的活动，都将遭到包括西藏人民在内的全中国人民的坚决反对和谴责。

美国国会众议院决议中污蔑中国在西藏侵犯人权，实在缺乏起码的严肃态度。众所周知，正是由于30年前在西藏实行了民主改革，广大西藏人民才摆脱了惨无人道的农奴制枷锁，享受到前所未有的广泛民主、自由和各项基本权利。随着西藏经济建设和文化事业的蓬勃发展，随着社会主义民主和法制的进一步健全，西藏人民的各项权利和民主自由也越来越充分、越广泛。那些在国外修饰人权的分裂主义分子企图通过制造骚乱和借助外国势力，把西藏从中国分裂出去，恢复黑暗的农奴制度，他们的活动，不仅严重危害了西藏的社会安定，直接破坏了西藏人民的经济、文化和宗教生活，而且还从根本上威胁着广大西藏人民好不容易才获得的各种基本权利。美国国会某些人口口声声说关心“西藏人权”，却和这少数分裂主义分子沆瀣一气，究竟是出于什么用心！

关于同达赖喇嘛谈判问题，中国政府的态度是一贯的、明确的。只要达赖喇嘛放弃搞“独立”或变相独立的活动，愿意维护祖国统一和增进民族团结，为建设西藏作出贡献，我们就愿同他谈判。谈判是中国中央政府与达赖之间的事，不允许任何外国人插手。我们坚决反对把西藏问题国际化的任何活动。

发展中美关系符合我们两国人民的共同利益和愿望。美国国会一再借西藏问题干涉中国内政，严重伤害了中国人民的民族感情，只能给中美关系带来损害。我们要求美国国会以维护中美友好关系这一大局为重，停止干涉中国内政的行动。

## 在首都党政军干部大会上

# 李鹏同志的讲话

同志们！

今天，根据中共中央政治局常务委员会的决定，党中央和国务院召开中央和北京市党政军干部大会，要求大家紧急动员起来。采取坚决有力的措施，旗帜鲜明地制止动乱，恢复社会正常秩序，维护安定团结，以保证改革开放和社会主义现代化建设的顺利进行。

刚才中共北京市委负责同志介绍的情况说明，当前首都形势相当严峻。无政府状态越来越严重，法制和纪律遭到破坏。本来，5月初以前，经过大量的工作，形势已趋于平稳，但进入5月以后，又要加动乱起来。卷入游行示威的学生和其他群众越来越多，许多高等学校陷于瘫痪，公共交通到处堵塞，党政领导机关受到冲击，社会治安恶化，严重干扰和破坏了全市人民的生产、工作、学习和生活的正常秩序。举世瞩目的中苏高级会晤中的一些国事活动安排，也因此而被迫变更或取消，极大地损害了我国的国际形象和声誉。

天安门广场部分学生绝食请愿的活动还在继续。他们的健康已经受到极大的损害，有的人生命已处于危险之中。实际上这是少数人拿绝食同学作为“人质”，要挟、强迫党和政府答应他们的政治条件，连一点点起码的人道主义都不讲了。党和政府一方面采取了一切可能采取的措施，对绝食学生进行治疗和抢救；另一方面，多次同绝食学生的代表进行对话，并郑重表示今后将继续听取他们的意见，希望立即停止绝食，但都未能取得预期效果。在天安门广场人群拥挤，煽动性口号不断和人群情绪极度激动的情况下，绝食学生代表也表示，他们已不能控制局势。现在，我们如果再不迅速结束这种状况，听任其发展下去，很难预料不出现大家都不愿意看到的情况。

北京的事态还在发展，而且已经波及到了全国许多城市。在不少地方，游行示威的人越来越多。在有的地方，也发生了多次冲击当地党政领导机关的事件，发生了打、砸、抢、烧等严重违法破坏活动。最近，甚至铁路干线上的火车也遭到拦截，使交通被迫中断。种种情况表明，如再不迅速扭转局面，稳定局势，就会导致全国范围的大动乱。我们国家的改革开放和四化建设，人民共和国的前途和命运，已经面临严重的威胁。

我们的党和政府多次说过，广大青年学生的心灵是善良的，他们在主观愿望上是不想搞动乱的。他们有爱国热情，希望促进民主，整治腐败，这同党和政府要努力实现的目标是一致的。他们提出的一些问题和意见，已经对改进党和政府的工作起到积极作用。但是，任意采取游行、示威、罢课乃至绝食请愿等方式，破坏了社会稳定，不仅不利于问题的解决，而且事态的发展已经完全不以青年学生们的主观愿望为转移，正在越来越走向他们愿望的反面。

现在已经越来越清楚地看出，极少数极少数的人要通过动乱达到他们的政治目的，这就是否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。他们公开打出否定反对资产阶级自由化的口号，目的就是要取得最无忌惮地反对四项基本原则的绝对自由。他们散布了大量谣言，攻击、污蔑、谩骂党和国家主要领导人；现在已经集中地把矛头指向我们改革、开放事业做出了巨大贡献的邓小平同志，其目的就是要从组织上颠覆中国共产党的领导，推翻经过人民代表大会依法产生的人民政府，彻底否定人民民主专政，他们四出煽风点火，秘密串连，鼓动成立各种非法组织，强迫党和政府承认，就是要为他们在中国篡立反对派、反对党打下基础。如果他们的目的得逞，什么改革开放，什么民主法制，什么社会主义现代化建设，都将成为泡影，中国将出现一次历史的倒退。一个很有希望很有前途的中国，就会变成没有希望没有前途的中国。

我们所以旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，揭露极少数人的政治阴谋，一个重要的目的，就是要把广大青年学生同挑动动乱的极少数人区分开来，是出于对青年学生的爱护。前一段，我们在处理学潮问题上所以采取极其宽容、克制的态度，也正是出于这样的愿望和目的，不要伤害好人，特别不要伤害青年学生。而那些躲在背后策划和煽动动乱的极少数人，却以为党和政府软弱可欺，不断制造谣言，蛊惑群众，扩大事态，导致首都乃至全国许多地方的形势发展得越来越严峻，迫使我们不得不采取果断、坚决的措施来制止动乱。

必须强调，即使在这样的情况下，我们仍然要坚持保护广大青年学生的爱国热情，把他们同制造动乱的极少数人严格区别开来。对他们在学潮中的过激言行不予追究。不但如此，党和政府同广大学生和各界人士之间的对话，包括同参加过游行、示威、罢课、绝食的学生之间的对话，还将通过多种层次、多种渠道和多种形式广泛积极地进行，以充分听取各方面的意见。对学生们提出的合理要求，我们将给予明确的答复，对他们提出的合理批评和建议，我们将认真听取和采纳，以切实改进党和政府的工作。

在这段时间里，在十分复杂的情况下，许多学校的负责同志、广大教师和同学们，为劝阻游行示威、维护学校的教学秩序，做了大量的极其艰苦的工作；广大公安干警和武装警察在极端困难的条件下，为维护交通秩序、社会秩序和社会治安，作出了很大贡献；机关、工厂、商店和企事业单位的干部、职工，坚持生产，坚持工作，为社会生活的正常运转付出了艰苦的劳动。对这一切，党和政府是感谢你们的，人民是不会忘记你们的！

现在，为了坚决制止动乱，迅速恢复秩序，我在这里代表党中央和国务院紧急呼吁：

一、目前还在天安门广场绝食的学生，希望你们立即停止绝食，离开广场，接受治疗，尽快恢复健康。

二、广大同学和社会各界，希望你们立即停止一切游行活动，并从人道主义出发，再也不要对绝食学生进行所谓的“声援”了。不管动机如何，再搞“声援”就是把他们推向绝路。

同志们！在今天的大会上，我还要代表党中央和国务院，号召全党全军全国各族人民，和衷共济，团结一致，立即行动起来，在各自的岗位上为制止动乱和稳定局势做出贡献。

各级党组织必须团结广大群众，做好深入细致的思想政治工作，在稳定局势中充分发挥核心领导和战斗堡垒作用；

全体共产党员必须严格遵守党的纪律，不仅不参与任何损害安定团结的活动，而且要在团结群众、制止动乱中发挥先锋模范作用；

各级政府必须严肃政纪法纪，切实加强对所属地区和单位的领导和管理，认真抓好稳定局势以及各项改革和建设工作；

全体国家机关工作人员必须坚守岗位，忠于职守，维护正常的工作秩序；

全体公安干警和武装警察要进一步努力维护交通秩序、社会秩序，强化社会治安，坚决打击各种违法犯罪活动；

所有工商企业和事业单位都要遵守劳动纪律，坚持进行正常的生产秩序；

各级各类学校都要坚持正常的教学秩序，凡罢课的应一律无条件地复课。

同志们！

我们的党是执政党，我们的政府是人民的政府。为了对神圣的祖国负责，对全体人民负责，我们必须采取坚决果断的措施，迅速结束动乱，维护党的领导，维护社会主义制度。我们这样做，相信一定会得到全体共产党员、共青团员、工人、农民、知识分子、民主党派、各界人士和广大群众的支持和拥护，一定会得到肩负着宪法赋予的保卫祖国、保卫人民和平劳动的光荣任务的人民解放军的支持和拥护。同时我们也希望广大人民群众对人民解放军和武警部队干警为维护首都正常秩序所做的努力给予全力支持。

同志们！

我们一定要在坚决维护安定团结的条件下，继续坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，加强民主和法制建设，努力清除各种腐败现象，为把社会主义现代化事业不断推向前进而努力奋斗！

（新华社北京5月19日电）

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# 北京局勢變急 李鵬聲言制止動亂
# 召開幹部會大 楊尚昆調昆侖入城

## 軍隊午夜開進北京市區 市民街頭攔截軍車前進 天安門廣場二十萬學生開始絕食

【本報特派記者蕭嘉琦凌晨一時電】北京市民都從四面八方走到街頭上來了，他們聽到了政府會派出軍隊向市區進發，市民都紛紛為了保護學生跑出來增設路障，用開車的司機，他說是軍車過去，情緒激動得很。

十一時許，市民知道會有軍隊進市區後，都紛紛出來了，在東長安街都站着一堵堵的人牆，討論着，軍隊進市區，他們就堵，「學生也是為老百姓呀！」人們在街頭痛恨。

人們都關着新聞出心裏話，馬路上，天津師範大學的同學騎向天安門廣場去，呼着「生死與共」的口號，首都鋼鐵工人的車子滿載着工人也向天安門廣場方面駛去。

記者把車子沿東長安街駛到呼家樓那邊去，雖然車子都不能駛入市區，但東單市場都圍着眾多人潮。

【本報北京十九日電】北京市區今天午夜開始出現緊張局勢，市民街頭設置路障，阻止軍隊進入市區

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙照 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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重要新聞

# 北京舉行大會 李鵬發表講話

## 收聽李鵬楊尚昆講話後

## 廿萬學生宣布再絕食

### 昨晚首一度同意停止絕食請願 改爲靜坐請願

【本報記者組北京十九日電】今晚在天安門廣場的絕食學生，北京高校學生絕食請願總指揮柴玲今天晚上十一時左右宣布，從即時起停止絕食，改爲在廣場靜坐請願。

柴玲宣布：「鑒於北京國民主運動已獲得廣泛支持並取得巨大勝利，為保護廣大絕食學生的身心健康，絕食團指揮部決定改變絕食行動的策略，以保護民主愛國運動的深入，保證發展生產和各項工作的正常進行。

北京協和醫院搶救和治療。

北京宣布取消絕食行動後，絕食請願團仍緊急呼籲，呼籲全國人民繼續採取理智、冷靜、和平的方式，在民主和法制的軌道上進行鬥爭，以保證民主愛國運動的深入，保證發展生產和各項工作的正常進行。

從即日二十一時起停止絕食，絕還說，高校制憲陳濟棠廣場留在廣場執行任務。

在剛剛結束的各高校聯席會議上，上述聲明以五十二票贊成、十四票反對、一票棄權通過。

此外，十二名絕食絕水的中央戲劇學院學生，今晚六時許已接受了救護人員的勸喻撤離現場，被送往


刷印色彩

《周末華采》

送附報隨日今


## 李鵬稱北京有動亂 要求迅速恢復秩序

### 喬石主持會議 趙紫陽未見與會

【本報記者組北京十九日電】經過七天的絕食行動，北京高校學生的絕食請願總指揮柴玲今天晚上十一時在此間宣布，從即時起停止絕食，改為在廣場靜坐請願。

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【新華社北京十九日電】國家主席楊尚昆今晚在天安門廣場接見絕食學生代表時說，中共中央、國務院和中央軍委副主席楊尚昆也講了話。中共中央政治局委員、中央和北京市黨政軍幹部共北京市委書記李錫銘在會上首先介紹了北京市已經採取的一些重大措施。

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# 快報

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一六號
夏曆四月十六閏日・宜移居動土
一九八九年 五月 二十 日・星期六
今天天氣：吹強勁東風、有狂風雷雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿三至廿六度之間
每份六張半 零售二元正

EXPRESS


## 今晨4時30分消息

# 血肉長城阻共軍入京
# 廿萬學生決絕食死諫

## 趙紫陽辭職傳獲准

## 地鐵停電共軍被困
## 兩絕食學生已餓死

## 李鵬在北京黨政軍幹部會上講話

### 斥學運爲動亂
### 堅持黑手論調
### 誓言要採鎮壓

今天根據中央政治局常委的決定，和當中央國務院在連理召開中央和北京市黨政軍幹部大會

## 快語

## 爲中華民族的命運同聲一哭

李鵬張牙舞爪的一番講，今日已成定局，是中華民族的命運。九七年後，香港的主權歸中國，已是中國人的事，已和英國人無關。

中共政治個週二十年！

趙紫陽言猶在耳學生一哭喚起動員他們認識，實是一場令人感泣的「再見」！

這次由學潮而引發的民運，在許多人的緊急救亡會上，已由李鵬「鎮壓」，增武鵬平亂，已成定局（能否於短期內成功，尚待觀察），實際上「戒嚴」，表面上「續圍法」已取得全面勝利，但其所造成的「負面創傷」，以及「人心的抗拒指標」，倘某學生「不是死」，則部小平非但功不抵過，更且遺臭萬年！

李鵬一伙將今次學潮定性爲動亂，相信稍具良性的民黨子孫，都不會同意的。

北京的學潮發展至今，海內外關心國運的人士莫不關注，學生的絕食行動出自一股單純的熱誠，期望中共能自省，徹底進行根本的改革，實現眞正的民主。香港各界人士，也引頸相待，迎接民主，重回國有

民主，自由，有史以來，已是人類社會的兩大主流。

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十萬軍民的命運同聲一哭

民主，自由，有史以來，已是人類社會的兩大主流。

今日的香港，已不是百年前的香港，而是中國人的香港。九七年後，香港的主權歸中國，已是中國人的事，已和英國人無關。

今日的中國，已不是百年前的中國，而是中國人的中國。中國人民要的是民主，要的是自由，要的是人權。

今日的中國，已不是一個人的中國，而是十億人的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個黨的中國，而是多黨的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個主義的中國，而是多主義的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個領袖的中國，而是多領袖的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個政府的中國，而是多政府的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個軍隊的中國，而是多軍隊的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個人民的中國，而是多人民的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個時代的中國，而是多時代的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個地區的中國，而是多地區的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個國家的中國，而是多國家的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個世界的中國，而是多世界的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個宇宙的中國，而是多宇宙的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個太陽的中國，而是多太陽的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個星球的中國，而是多星球的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個銀河的中國，而是多銀河的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個時空的中國，而是多時空的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個維度的中國，而是多維度的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個物質的中國，而是多物質的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個能量的中國，而是多能量的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個信息的中國，而是多信息的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個生命的中國，而是多生命的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個智慧的中國，而是多智慧的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個神的中國，而是多神的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個上帝的中國，而是多上帝的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個佛的中國，而是多佛的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個道的中國，而是多道的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個法的中國，而是多法的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個空的中國，而是多空的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個無的中國，而是多無的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個有的中國，而是多有的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個存在的中國，而是多存在的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個非存在的中國，而是多非存在的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個眞的中國，而是多眞的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個假的中國，而是多假的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個善的中國，而是多善的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個惡的中國，而是多惡的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個美的中國，而是多美的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個醜的中國，而是多醜的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個聖的中國，而是多聖的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個凡的中國，而是多凡的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個仙的中國，而是多仙的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個魔的中國，而是多魔的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個鬼的中國，而是多鬼的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個人的中國，而是多人的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個獸的中國，而是多獸的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個植物的中國，而是多植物的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個礦物的中國，而是多礦物的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個元素的中國，而是多元素的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個分子的中國，而是多分子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個原子的中國，而是多原子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個電子的中國，而是多電子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個質子的中國，而是多質子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個中子的中國，而是多中子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個夸克的中國，而是多夸克的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個輕子的中國，而是多輕子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個重子的中國，而是多重子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個規範子的中國，而是多規範子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個希格斯粒子的中國，而是多希格斯粒子的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超對稱的中國，而是多超對稱的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超弦的中國，而是多超弦的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超膜的中國，而是多超膜的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超空間的中國，而是多超空間的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超時空的中國，而是多超時空的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超維的中國，而是多超維的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超宇宙的中國，而是多超宇宙的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超神的中國，而是多超神的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超上帝的中國，而是多超上帝的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超佛的中國，而是多超佛的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超道的中國，而是多超道的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超法的中國，而是多超法的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超無的中國，而是多超無的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超存在的中國，而是多超存在的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超眞的中國，而是多超眞的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超善的中國，而是多超善的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超美的中國，而是多超美的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超超眞的中國，而是多超超眞的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超超假的中國，而是多超超假的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超超善的中國，而是多超超善的中國。

今日的中國，已不是一個超超惡的中國，而是多超超惡的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超超凡的中國，而是多超超凡的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一個超超規範子的中國，而是多超超規範子的中國。

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今日的中國，已不是一

# 李鵬號召黨政軍總動員
# 堅決制止示威以遏動亂
## 指學運事件係少數人政治陰謀

【本報訊】以下是李鵬昨日在黨、政、軍幹部大會上的講話：

目前發生的這場政治動亂，是一小撮資產階級自由化分子，利用學生的愛國熱情，煽動一些人，在北京製造的。

他們的目的，是要否定中國共產黨的領導，否定社會主義制度，否定改革開放的總方針，破壞安定團結的政治局面，破壞國家的大好形勢，企圖把中國引向動亂和倒退的歧路。

這場動亂的性質，已經十分明顯。

四月二十六日《人民日報》社論發表後，學生中的絕大多數，是擁護黨中央的，是擁護社會主義制度的，是擁護改革開放的，是擁護安定團結的。

但是，在這個時候，極少數人乘機煽動，製造動亂，其中有的人，甚至公開打出了反對共產黨領導、反對社會主義制度的旗幟。

這場動亂的發展，已經嚴重地危害了北京的安定局面，嚴重地危害了國家的安定局面，嚴重地危害了改革開放的大好局面，嚴重地危害了人民的根本利益

# 李鵬秋前算賬
# 卅萬人大絕食

## 「大義滅親」之議鄧趙分歧
## 政治局表決學運定爲動亂
## 趙紫陽憤而辭職

【本報記者陳天禮北京專電】今日凌晨二時半（北京時間，下同），在天安門廣場絕食的學生情緒激動和高漲，他們決心鬥爭到底，有示堅決支持學生的愛國行動，市民紛紛不北許軍除使用暴力對付學生。

學生決定繼續絕食，要求政府代表團與學生對話，北高取消基各校學生代表在晚間六時二十分宣布實行總絕食行動，估計明晚行動的學生達七至十萬人，另有不少市民亦響應。

本來組織絕食的學生在李鵬發表講話前，已決定將絕食行動暫告一段落，並指示廣場代表團向中央、北京市人大常委會及北京市政府提出對話要求，但在李鵬發表講話後，學生決定繼續絕食行動

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四五一二號
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今日出版四大張零售二元

# 中共調大軍開入北平

# 廿萬大學生學絕食抗議

## 李煥將接任行政院長 三版刊第北平學潮令港股挫百卅二點 四版刊第

## 深夜擴大會議聲稱要恢復社會正常秩序

## 李鵬指學生動亂壓不住 出兵鎮壓學潮民眾反應激烈 黨內外氣氛緊張

【本報特派記者綜合報導】中共「總理」李鵬宣布，出動軍隊鎮壓學潮，立即引起廣大民眾之阻撓行動，紛起人牆，築人牆及車堵阻遏等現象，北京市內交通幾陷癱瘓狀態。

中共「總理」李鵬宣佈戒嚴部隊開入北京市區，中共當局已派出數千名軍人乘坐二十輛軍車開往天安門廣場，準備驅逐佔領廣場的學生。不過，截至昨晚十一時半為止，尚未見有軍隊進入廣場。

【特派記者綜合報導】北平市人民眾起反應，五度阻截採取各種不同方式之阻撓行動，紛起人牆，築人牆及車堵阻遏等現象，北京市內交通幾陷癱瘓狀態。

【本報特派記者綜合報導】中共「總理」李鵬宣布，出動軍隊鎮壓學潮，立即引起廣大民眾

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# Troops move against students

## Chaos must end, Li tells the nation

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINESE troops moved into central Beijing late last night as President Yang Shangkun and Prime Minister Li Peng announced on national television that the Government was taking "firm measures" to quell the week-long anti-government demonstrations set off by a student hunger strike for democracy.

In a long speech before an extraordinary meeting of the Communist Party and government and military cadres, Mr Li blamed a small group of conspirators for plunging the country into chaos.

He said the Government would segregate this "very, very small" handful of agitators who were manipulating the student protest movement and "using the hunger strikers as hostages to coerce the Government into agreeing to their demands".

His comments came shortly after the students announced they were calling off their six-day hunger strike in Tiananmen Square but were continuing with their sit-in.

At about 2 am they announced they were resuming their hunger strike in protest at the involvement of the troops, whom they were expecting to move in to clear the square following a Standing Committee order that demonstrations in Beijing were banned after midnight.

Some students laid down on the Changanjie Boulevard to block the army.

Others moved concrete dividers to form barricades and slashed tyres on trucks parked across the road so they cannot be moved.

Mr Li said in his speech to the nation he was speaking in the name of both the Government, which he leads, and the Communist Party Central Committee, of which he is also a member.

He said the Government had the support of the PLA in its action.

Mr Li was flanked by the entire Standing Committee of the Communist Party, with the notable exception of General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang who was said to have offered his resignation earlier in the evening.

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He said the minority of agitators aimed to destroy the socialist system.

He accused them of forming illegal organisations and trying to create an anti-communist opposition party.

"They have damaged production and social order, and our country's international reputation," he said.

"They have even launched attacks on Comrade Deng Xiaoping who has made great contributions to our reforms."

The 84-year-old Mr Deng, China's senior leader, has been a particular target of the anti-government demonstrators who have called for his retirement.

Mr Li said the meeting, called by the Politburo Standing Committee, was aimed at mobilising all to maintain stability and unity in order to ensure the smooth progress of the reform, the open policy and socialist modernisation.

He said a briefing by the Beijing Municipal Party Committee Secretary, Li Ximing, proved that the capital was in a critical situation.

"The anarchic state is becoming from bad to worse, and law and discipline are being violated," he said.

Mr Yang told the meeting he was in total agreement with Mr Li.

"Beijing has been in a state of anarchy. I completely support Li Peng's report ... If the situation were to continue our capital would no longer be a capital."

"If disruption from the demonstrations continues, there would be no work to be done and no way to do the work of the Government," he said.

Mr Yang confirmed that troops had come from out-

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 4)

Reuter

A crowd of demonstrators swarm around a truck carrying troops into central Beijing.

## Party rejects Zhao's offer to step down

By our China Staff

THE General-Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party Zhao Ziyang yesterday offered his resignation after he failed to persuade his colleagues on the Politburo Standing Committee to adopt a more conciliatory attitude towards student activists.

The Standing Committee declined to act on his offer and said the matter would have to be considered by a larger party body, either the entire Politburo or the Central Committee.

Two of Mr Zhao's aides also offered their resignation and their offer was accepted, according to reports.

Mr Zhao offered his resignation at a lengthy session of the Standing Committee on measures to take in the face of increasingly intransigent attitude by the students following a morning hospital visit and a meeting with student leaders by the Prime Minister Li Peng, on Thursday.

Shortly after his defeat, Mr Zhao and Mr Li went to Tiananmen Square where a distraught Mr Zhao made an impassioned plea to the students to end their hunger strike.

During the lengthy Politburo session that began on Thursday night and continued well into the small hours of yesterday, Mr Zhao made a last-ditch effort to convince his colleagues to start "a genuine dialogue" with the students.

Mr Zhao was also in favour of acceding to some of the "lower-level" demands of the students, including holding a televised dialogue and recognising in some capacity student organisations formed by the campus activists.

Two votes were taken. In the first ballot he was humiliatingly defeated by a 4-1 vote.

A second ballot was taken. Two of the Standing Committee members changed their minds. Mr Hu Qili, head of the party's Leading Group on Ideology and Propaganda, sided with Mr Zhao. Mr Qiao Shi, head of the country's legal and security establishment, desisted from giving any opinion: he abstained.

Mr Li and the senior Vice-Premier, Mr Yao Yilin, voted against the proposal for a soft approach. It was a 2-2 tie.

Within an hour, Mr Zhao and Mr Li went to Tiananmen Square to talk to the students.

They appeared at 4.45 pm, and it was Mr Zhao who did most of the talking.

He stuck to the conciliatory attitude he had adopted since returning from North Korea on April 30.

He began his speech with the declaration: "We come here not to ask for your forgiveness." Apart from asking the students to go home, he offered nothing to the students except vaguely promising that the door to dialogue is wide open.

He appealed to them to end their hunger strike and promised that "we (the leadership) can continue to discuss the question you have raised".

"We have come too late," Mr Zhao said. "We are sorry. And it is right for you to criticise us."

"We are old and it doesn't matter for us," Mr Zhao said.

According to students in Tiananmen Square, Mr Zhao had proposed, before the decision to crack down on the students, a plan to defuse the situation. The main points of the plan were:

First, an April 26 *People's Daily* editorial characterising the protest as a conspiracy should be repudiated.

Second, all Central Committee members and ministerial-level officials, including vice ministers, and their children should be subject to financial scrutiny. Mr Zhao said his two sons would be the first to come under scrutiny and be criticised.

Third, the system of special access stores for high-level cadres should be abolished.

Fourth, immediate dialogue with the students on their terms.

Fifth, the student movement be affirmed as a patriotic movement.

## Panic as HK share prices plunge

By ANGUS FOSTER and EVA TO

SHARE prices went into free fall yesterday as the Hongkong market started panic selling because of political worries in China.

The Hang Seng Index, the leading barometer of local sentiment, plummeted 132.8 points, or more than four per cent, as both Hongkong and overseas investors pulled money out of the market.

The index closed at 3,145.63, having suffered the biggest single-day drop since October 21, 1987, when shares plummeted 420.81 points, or 11 per cent, as trading resumed after a four-day closure brought on by the worldwide "Black Monday" collapse.

The market yesterday was down even further at one stage before a slight rally in the afternoon pulled prices back up slightly. But in the last half hour of trading the selling started again and sent the index sharply lower.

And share prices were still being marked down in London after Hongkong closed, suggesting the local market is in for a bumpy ride next week.

Brokers said the situation in China was entirely to blame for the day's losses and that a succession of rumours during the day – some good, some bad – had made investors panic.

There were worries that hardliners in the Chinese Government may get the upper hand and resort to military force.

"The market is going to believe any worst case scenario. The trouble is people hear a story and put the worst interpretation on it," South China Securities director Howard Gorges said.

Prices started falling in the morning on fears that troops were being prepared to shift the students out of Tiananmen Square. Reports that senior leader Deng Xiaoping had left Beijing sent shares sharply lower in the afternoon.

Confusion about what the Chinese leadership was going to do in the face of the crisis also prompted dealers to close some positions.

**LIBERAL groups massed ranks in Hongkong early this morning to denounce the decision to send troops into Beijing and vowed to join a weekend of protest marches in the territory.**

**By early this morning more than 30 groups had joined a new coalition, called the All Hongkong Alliance, in support of the student campaign on the mainland.**

**Despite storm warnings, they vowed to take part in a demonstration at dusk today with a march from Victoria Park to the Happy Valley headquarters of the Hongkong branch of the New China News Agency (NCNA).**

**They said they would go ahead with a round-the-city march tomorrow to demonstrate "the power of the people".**

**Students marched from the university campus at 1.30 am to join the protesters and student hunger strikers outside the NCNA office.**

**About 1,000 residents, including Senior Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei, gathered outside the NCNA office early this morning to extend their solidarity to the hunger strikers.**

**The students yesterday had called off a dialogue with China's top official in Hongkong, Mr Xu Jiatun, after he refused to hold the meeting in public.**

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"Our view is that you cannot make an investment decision at the moment because you cannot second-guess what is going to happen," an analyst with a British investment bank in Hongkong said.

"It's wrong to panic but the longer this goes on the more people will worry. The worst case scenario is a general strike since if you bring a country that big to a standstill, it is very difficult to start up again," he added.

All Hongkong blue chips were hit. Li Ka-shing's Cheung Kong lost 60 cents to $18.70 while Hutchison dropped 70 cents to $11.60. Hongkong Bank ended 25 cents lower at $6.30 while Jardine Matheson lost a whole $1 to end at $23.50.

The selling was across the board but the market was mainly driven by locals, Mr Gorges said.

"Overseas investors are

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 1)

## No 3 hoisted for Brenda

THE strong wind signal Number 3 was hoisted last night as Typhoon Brenda – the first cyclone of the year – continued to move across the South China Sea towards Hongkong.

The Royal Observatory said the typhoon was today expected move closer to Hongkong raising the possibility of signal Number 8 being hoisted by this evening.

The Royal Observatory raised the signal at 9.45 pm as the typhoon, which has centre winds of 120 kilometres per hour, was centred about 380 km south-south-east of Hongkong.

The typhoon is forecast to move northwest at 16 kilometres per hour towards the coast of Guangdong. At 11 pm yesterday, Typhoon Brenda was centred near 19.1 degrees north 115.5 degrees east.

Royal Observatory spokesman Eddie Lee said if Typhoon Brenda continued along its present track it would be closest Hongkong by tonight.

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 9)

## Viets taken off boats as typhoon approaches

By FIONA MACMAHON

A MASSIVE operation to evacuate Vietnamese boat people from the five ferries moored off Stonecutters Island and the Green Island reception centre was forced on the Government yesterday by the approach of Typhoon Brenda.

About 3,000 Vietnamese were moved on to land from the five ferries and Green Island reception centre – 2,200 to the newly converted Shamshuipo detention centre and over 700 to the old Macau ferry terminal.

The operation involving hundreds of Police, Correctional Services Department staff and Civil Aid Services volunteers, lasted well into the night as the Government struggled to cope with the emergency.

The large scale movements involved the use of Royal Navy landing crafts and about 30 police trucks.

Further pressure was forced on already stretched resources by the arrival of another 432 boat people yesterday, taking the total number of arrivals in the past two days alone to 1,139.

In all, 20,198 Vietnamese boat people have arrived since the Government introduced screening on June 16 last year – 9,870 of these arrived this year.

This month alone has seen the arrival of 5,640 boat people – an average of 300 daily.

Thursday saw the highest number of arrivals in a single day since 1979 when 707 Vietnamese sailed into Hongkong.

Thursday's arrivals were initially housed on a ferry, but were moved last night to the old Macau ferry terminal.

It is understood that once Brenda has passed the refugees will be moved back on to the ferries.

The advent of the typhoon has also led the CSD to cram the 1,000 Vietnamese housed in tents at Whitehead detention centre into the centre's dining hall and services huts.

The Shamshuipo detention centre appeared to be in complete chaos yesterday as police and the CSD started moving hundreds of Vietnamese into the newly vacated camp. The centre was yesterday covered in rubbish, abandoned clothes, blankets, rotting food and human faeces.

An official admitted yesterday that conditions in the camp were unsatisfactory. The Government had not intended to open the newly vacated centre until security had been improved.

A group of 2,765 Vietnamese refugees, who used to live in the Shamshuipo centre, were moved to a newly converted camp adja-

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 9)

## Marcos near death, say doctors

HONOLULU: Former Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos lay in a coma in a Honolulu hospital late last night with doctors warning he is near death.

Marcos, 71, who was forced into exile with his family in February 1986, has heart, lung and kidney failure, pneumonia and severe infection, said spokesman Eugene Tiwanak at the St Francis Medical Centre.

"His condition is very critical and he may die at any time. His prognosis is very poor. His condition has deteriorated."

Marcos, his frail body attached to a respirator and a haemodialysis blood-cleansing machine, is mainly unconscious but occasionally shows faint signs of life, doctors said.

His wife Imelda and other members of his family have been at his bedside.

The Marcos' personal physician, Dr Azucena Ignacio, said he had prescribed antibiotics and heart medication, but not all were working.

Marcos spokesman Gemmo Trinidad said the ex-President had only a two per cent chance of surviving.

Mrs Marcos, looking dazed, refused to discuss her husband's medical condition when she left the hospital briefly.

"I believe the hospital has issued a medical bulletin and that's all I'm going to say," Mrs Marcos said before getting into a van.

"She's on her way to the house to make one call, one last appeal to Corazon Aquino to let Marcos return home," said Marcos aide Arturo Aruiza.

However, Mrs Aquino's daughter, Maria Elena Cruz, said there were no calls from Mrs Marcos.

When Mrs Marcos returned to the hospital later she refused to comment.

In Manila, Mrs Aquino rejected a burial in the Philippines for Marcos, suggesting the presence of the deposed ruler's body could provoke violence.

She made the statement hours after Mrs Marcos appealed in a Manila radio broadcast for her to "open up her heart" and allow Marcos to return to his homeland from exile in Hawaii.

"I regret to inform Mrs Marcos that much as I agree that Mr Marcos has his

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 2)

## Saturday Review

**EXCLUSIVE EXTRACTS**

John le Carré
The Russia House

Interview and extracts from the master spy writer's new novel

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Windy and rainy.
Max temp 27 degrees.
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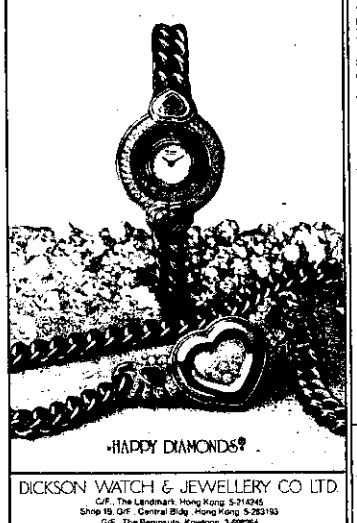
Chopard
GENEVE



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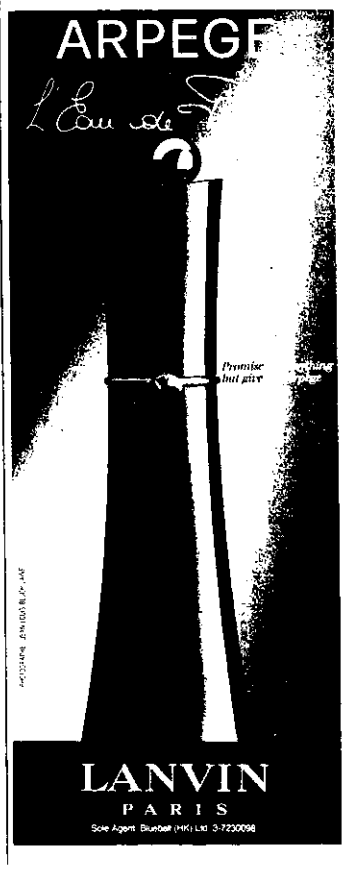

Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1989 | $3.00

# PLA ordered into Beijing

## ...but the people hit back

**By Terry Cheng, Priscilla Leung, Tammy Tam** and agencies

THE people of Beijing hit back early today after the People's Liberation Army was ordered into the city to restore order.

Tens of thousands of students gathered in Tiananmen Square started a new round of hunger strikes, just hours after the original strike by 3,000 students had been called off.

Thousands more people were in the streets, many of them obstructing army columns on their way to the city centre.

The students decided to fast again after Premier Li Peng announced on national television the "anarchy" situation must be brought to an end.

Some of the trucks carrying soldiers from the PLA's 27th Army had to stop when their tyres were punctured by the angry crowds. Mr Li announced the crackdown on national television after more than a month of student demonstrations that have shaken the Communist leadership.

It came amid reports that Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang had offered his resignation.

Top leader Deng Xiaoping has left the capital and last night was said to be directing operations from Xishan, 50 kilometres west of Beijing.

Mr Li made his announcement in a forceful and determined speech to a cadres meeting in the Great Hall of the People.

It drew loud applause from the audience of several thousand, including all members of the Politburo Standing Committee except Mr Zhao.

But students maintaining their vigil in Tiananmen Square jeered when the speech was relayed over loudspeakers.

Mr Li said he represented the Communist Party leadership and the State Council, a role which would usually have been filled by Mr Zhao as party chief.

He said the party and the government had made a firm decision to crack down on the "chaos" created by what he termed a handful of people, who were aiming to overthrow the party leadership and China's socialist system.

He said they were using the student hunger strikers as "hostages to force the government to give in, endangering the students' lives for their own political purposes, and agitating the students to attack state leaders, "even our great leader who has engineered the economic reforms, Mr Deng Xiaoping".

Analysts said he appeared to be referring to supporters of Zhao.

Mr Li appealed for the students to end their hunger strike and return unconditionally to classes, for workers to return to their production lines and for others in society to refrain from declaring themselves as supporters.

In the same broadcast, President Yang, vice-chairman of the Central Military Commission, said the People's Liberation Army had been sent to Beijing to maintain social order, "absolutely not" to move against the students.

"In fact," he said "the PLA was forced to move into the capital because it was seriously out of order."

He urged all sectors of society to support the PLA.

Informed sources in Beijing said soldiers of the PLA's 38th Division stationed in the capital had refused to take orders to remove the students from Tiananmen Square and the commander had been dismissed.

The operation was being conducted by the 40,000-strong 27th Army from bases east and west of Beijing.

Mr Yang also said the chaos which had disrupted the visit of Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev had severely damaged China's international standing.

Earlier, the Government had given tens of thousands of demonstrators who have clogged Tiananmen Square for a week a deadline of midnight to clear out voluntarily.

The hunger strikers who were at the centre of the protest ended their strike at 9.30 pm, after appeals from Mr Zhao and Mr Li in the morning, but the student leaders said the pro-democracy protest would continue.

As the troops moved in, thousands of people blocked one convoy of 50 trucks carrying about 2,000 soldiers gathering outside central Beijing to the west.

Another convoy of 34 trucks was moving in unimpeded from the east, witnesses said.

Thousands of people swarmed around the western convoy, many crawling over the trucks, Reuter correspondent Guy Dinmore said.

They shouted "The army trucks cannot move" and "Do not let them pass."

The western side of the capital was in ferment as groups of people headed towards the stalled army convoy.

In Tiananmen Square, a student announced on loudspeakers: "I have good news for you all – our Peoples Liberation Army comrades have come to help keep order. Let's welcome them."

Tiananmen has been at the heart of the protests which have centred on about 3,000 student hunger strikers huddled in 100 foetid municipal buses parked there.

The mood in the square, once festive and carnival-like, turned abruptly to apprehension as the government's intentions became certain. Doctors broadcast instructions over loudspeakers about how to cease fasting safely.

Around the stalled army convoy, the 10,000 people of all ages and from all walks of life supporting the students were in a defiant mood. A 19-year-old poseit at the bonnet of an army truck for a photograph while the crowds cheered.

Protesters pasted posters in support of the students on the sides of the truck. The troops sat impassively in their vehicles. At the square, one student said they would welcome the soldiers and did not believe the army would obey orders to use force.

INSIDE:
■ Zhao's tears; profile; chronology: **Page 6 ▶**
■ What the leaders said; Harsh words for tough talker: **Page 7 ▶**

■ Premier Li Peng on television early today

## Citizens block road to square

MORE than a million Beijing citizens last night blockaded the Third Circular Road to keep out People's Liberation Army vehicles moving to crack down on the student protest in Tiananmen Square.

At the same time about 150,000 people flocked to the square at midnight as unconfirmed reports of Mr Zhao Ziyang's resignation spread.

Half an hour later, the crowd listened to Premier Li Peng's speech to the Beijing cadres' meeting on a China Central Television broadcast.

Enraged by Mr Li's criticism of the mass movement as "chaos", disgruntled people jeered and hurled abuse against the remarks.

Chants of "Down with Li Peng", "Li Peng resign" reverberated around the square.

Supporters swarmed into the square while the broadcast of Mr Li's speech was repeated.

Almost all the people on the square seemed to be aware of the deployment of the People's Liberation Army troops and they alerted one another not to resort to violence.

But there was no signs of troops on the square while dozens of troop carriers had been deployed.

For safety's sake, the autonomous student organisations urged weakening hunger strikers and female students to leave.

"We will never give up until we achieve our goals," students chanted.

At 1 am, the anger reached boiling point.

While hundreds of students and people rushed to the square, the autonomous student organisations announced the restoration of the hunger strike in protest against Mr Li's remarks.

The original 3,000 hunger strike were joined by tens of thousands of students and citizens on the fast.

Other students formed a wall to protect the hunger strikers in the square.

About 200,000 people on the square vowed to stay on even though troops were deployed.

## The Standard says:

CHINA'S leaders today got tough, moving the PLA into Beijing – and no doubt to other cities.

The leadership says the soldiers have been sent in to "restore law and order."

The reaction of the people of Beijing has been to hit back. Reports say that tens of thousands have flocked to Tiananmen Square to join the hunger strike for democracy.

A direct confrontation between the government and the people now seems unavoidable. Hopefully there will be no bloodshed.

Mr Li Peng, assuming full authority of the government and the party, has extended the olive branch to the students, some virtually paralysed by going without food for days.

While praising the students for their "patriotic enthusiasm," Mr Li joined President Yang Shangkun in saying the troops had been sent only to restore law and order and not to harm the students.

But both men insist there is "chaos" and "anarchy" in the Chinese capital. So is there any chance of avoiding bloodshed in the streets of Beijing?

The government does not seem to have drawn any lessen from the past week. It must take a large part of the blame for the demonstrations over the past days.

The government again appears determined to test the strength of the people.

What sort of a leadership is it which speaks so much of "chaos" and "anarchy" when these could have been prevented earlier?

It had been clear to many for some months now that Mr Li and Mr Zhao Ziyang had been engaged in a power struggle. It had been equally clear that heated debates had been going on all through these weeks, with thousands massed on the square and the leaders ostensibly busy playing host to Russia's Mikhail Gorbachev.

If Mr Li and others believe they have now solved the "problem" there may be surprises in store for them. Mr Hu Yaobang, the previous party chief, was such a "problem."

He had to yield. And in giving way, enabled men like Mr Li to push through an "anti-bourgeois liberalisation" campaign which dealt a harmful blow to China's reform programme.

Mr Hu's death triggered the current demonstrations. Because there are many who remember what he stood for, many more will now remember what the students and Mr Hu's successor, Zhao Ziyang, stand for.

The "problem" is far from over because it is one of human spirit. Troops can crack heads and break ranks but it is clear to many millions in China and the outside world that the seeds of democracy and freedom are now implanted deep in the hearts of the people.

To cure this "problem" Mr Li must close doors and take China back to isolation. He has no other option. Because an open door will nurture those seeds.

Those seeds will grow and bloom even faster now because the people have no confidence in this leadership. If Mr Li and Mr Yang Shangkun have been reading their shortlived free press, they might have come across those heart-rending pleas from mothers of some of those students and others urging the government to reach out to the students.

But paramount leader Deng ought to know all this. He's been through it several times and should be able to pass on the lessons.

Perhaps it is Mr Deng who will also provide the silver lining behind this morning's dark clouds over Tiananmen Square. He opened the doors and insisted they stay open.

Once he has got the country back to normalcy, he should hold Mr Li to his words – to listen to the students, take real action to eradicate corruption, to improve the country's economy and to restore confidence in the government.

## Countdown to confrontation

**Day 1:**
Saturday, May 13. 200 high-spirited Beijing students stage a hunger strike at Tiananmen Square despite repeated calls by Chinese authorities to keep cool heads.

**Day 2:**
Sunday, May 14. Thousands of Chinese flock to the square in support of the students' action.

Meanwhile, senior party and state officials meet a delegation of student leaders but no agreement is reached as the students complain about the government's refusal to arrange a live broadcast of the discussions.

**Day 3:**
Monday, May 15. Soviet leader Mr Mikhail Gorbachev arrives in Beijing for the start of the four-day summit between the two socialist superpowers.

Defying urgent appeals by Chinese leaders to stay calm, about 500,000 Beijing residents march in the streets to support the students.

**Day 4:**
Tuesday, May 16. Entering the fourth day of the hunger strike, the number of students participating rises to 3,000 and some even refuse to drink.

About one million people, including workers, academics and civil servants march to Tiananmen Square to call for direct talks between the students and the government.

Party chief Mr Zhao Ziyang urges the students to return to campuses and promises no retaliation for their action.

**Day 5:**
Wednesday, May 17. 2,000 hunger-striking students are taken to hospital but others vow to continue the protest.

About one million people, including soldiers and policemen, demonstrate in Beijing and call for the resignation of Chinese paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping.

**Day 6:**
Thursday, May 18. Two million people demonstrate in Beijing. Meanwhile Chinese prime minister Mr Li Peng and party chief Mr Zhao visit the fasting students and appeal to them to stop their action.

**Day 7:**
Friday, May 19. Students end their hunger strike at 9.30 pm but vow to continue their pro-democracy protest. Premier Li Peng vows to end the anarchy in Beijing on television. The People's Liberation Army moves towards the city centre.

## Stock Exchange takes a bashing

THE Hongkong Stock Exchange took its biggest one day loss since the October, 1987 crash as nervous investors showed their deep concern at the situation in Beijing.

The Hang Seng index tumbled 132.03 points, or four percent, as foreign fund managers pulled their money out of Hongkong.

One stockbroker called it "a bloodbath".

Local firms with operations in China expressed concern that any labour strife could cause serious damage.

The director of South China Securities, Mr Howard Gorges, said most investors had been looking at a worse case scenario, although the situation was still under control.

The Secretary for Monetary Affairs, Mr David Nendick, said while the drop in the stock market was expected, there was no real cause for alarm.

"The impact of all these events in China to the local business environment remains to be seen. But I don't think there's really any reason to panic."

Some firms with operations in China said last night they were sending officials to their factories to gauge the feeling of staff and to head off any possible disruption.

"It would be a disaster to have a shutdown," said Mr Dick Chow, general manager of Benelux Manufacturing Ltd, which has several plants just across the border.

Some owners were optimistic. "I doubt our workers are as frustrated as people in Beijing," said a senior official of Lafe Holdings Ltd, which has factories in China.

## Liberals call for local support

LOCAL political leaders last night warned that any deterioration in the situation in China would have an adverse affect on Hongkong.

All agreed developments would depend on the line taken by the students in China.

The local liberal lobby called on Hongkong people to speak up in support of the students in China. They said failure of the movement would not bode well for democratic freedoms here.

Legislative Council member Mr Ho Sai-chu, a member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference said Hongkong businessmen who had ties with China, needed a stable business environment.

He said if the Beijing government could stabilise the situation soon, the repercussions would not be too great. But any violence would definitely be to the detriment of Hongkong.

He described Mr Zhao Ziyang as a liberal Chinese leader and said his resignation, if confirmed, would add to the jitters of local investors.

■ Continued Page 6

## Midnight meeting start of the end

■ Zhao Ziyang is pressured by students. Hours later he offered to step down.

GENERAL-SECRETARY Zhao Ziyang was doomed after two Politburo Standing Committee meetings this week.

Reliable sources said that at the first meeting convened at midnight Tuesday, Mr Zhao made six proposals to defuse the worsening crisis.

These proposals, which virtually were to meet the demands of the students, were rejected by a vote of four to one at the five-member Politburo Standing Committee which included Mr Zhao, Mr Li Peng, Mr Yao Yilin, Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Hu Qili.

His proposals were:
■ to retract the People's Daily April 26 editorial which described the student protests as a "plotted conspiracy";
■ to hold him responsible for it (it was published during his tour of North Korea);
■ to combat profiteering by party and government officials and start with his sons;
■ to publicise family backgrounds and income of cadres ranked minister and above;
■ to publicise the privileges of high-ranking officials; and,
■ to cut the privileges.

After the meeting, Mr Zhao made a pre-dawn appeal to students to end the fast and assured them there would be no reprisals.

The next day another Politburo Standing Committee meeting was convened and Mr Zhao was asked to resign.

In the voting, Mr Zhao was defeated by Mr Li and Mr Yao, while Mr Qiao and Mr Hu abstained.

After that Mr Zhao's duties were assumed by Mr Li. According to the Party Constitution, as the General-Secretary his resignation has to be passed by the Central Committee.

But the former General-Secretary, Mr Hu Yaobang, was ousted by an enlarged Politburo meeting in January, 1987, and confirmed by the Central Committee a few months later.

After the resignation, Mr Zhao wanted to call on fasting students to have his "last words" in the Tiananmen Square. However, his request was first rejected and he was told that such an act would violate party discipline.

The request was entertained after he persisted and said he would go in his personal capacity, rather than representing the party.

His visit delayed a planned removal of the students from the square.

Moreover, one of the reformist leaders, Mr Yan Mingfu, will also resign within a couple of days, according to the sources.

Mr Yan, who has cancer, has been in hospital several times recently.

Another Zhao supporter, chairman of the National People Congress Wan Li, however, is on an official visit in Canada. His earlier call for an emergency session of the NPC Standing Committee to discuss the student movement was rejected by the Party.

# 人民日报

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1989年5月 21 星期日 己巳年四月十七

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴间多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 31℃ 最低 15℃

人民日报社出版


## 人民日报社声明

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1989年5月20日

### 李鹏总理签署国务院令

# 北京部分地区实行戒严

**新华社北京5月20日电** 中华人民共和国国务院关于在北京市部分地区实行戒严的命令

鉴于北京市已经发生了严重的动乱，破坏了社会安定，破坏了人民的正常生活和社会秩序，为了坚决制止动乱，维护北京市的社会安宁，保障公民的生命和财产安全，保障公共财产不受侵犯，保障中央国家机关和北京市政府正常执行公务，根据中华人民共和国宪法第89条第16项的规定，国务院决定：自1989年5月20日10时起在北京市部分地区实行戒严，由北京市人民政府组织实施，并根据实际需要采取具体戒严措施。

国务院总理 李鹏

1989年5月20日

## 陈希同市长签署

# 北京市人民政府令

（第一号）

根据李鹏总理签署的国务院关于在北京市部分地区戒严令，为迅速制止社会动乱，维护首都正常的工作、生产、教学、科研、社会生活秩序，北京市人民政府特发布此令：

一、自1989年5月20日10时起对东城区、西城区、崇文区、宣武区、石景山区、海淀区、丰台区、朝阳区实行戒严；

二、在戒严期间，严禁游行、请愿罢课、罢工和其他聚众扰害正常秩序的活动；

三、严禁任何人以任何方式制造和散布谣言，进行串联、演讲，散发传单，煽动社会动乱；

四、严禁冲击党政军领导机关，严禁冲击广播、电视、通讯等重要单位，严禁破坏重要公共设施，严禁打、砸、抢、烧等一切破坏活动；

五、严禁骚扰各国驻华使馆和联合国驻京机构；

六、在戒严期间，发生上述应予禁止的活动，公安干警、武警部队和人民解放军执勤人员有权采取一切手段，强行处置。

以上各项，望全体市民遵照执行。

市长 陈希同

1989年5月20日

（第二号）

为了执行国务院关于在北京市部分地区戒严令，维护首都的正常秩序，北京市人民政府特发布此令：

一、外国人必须遵守北京市人民政府根据国务院李鹏总理签署的戒严令所发布的各项命令；

二、在戒严期间，外国人不准介入中国公民违反戒严令的活动；

三、违反以上规定的，执勤人员有权采取一切手段，予以制止。

市长 陈希同

1989年5月20日

（第三号）

在戒严期间，对记者采访特作如下规定。

一、严禁中外记者利用采访，进行挑唆、煽动性宣传报道；

二、未经北京市人民政府批准，外国记者、港澳台记者不得进入机关、团体、学校、厂矿、企业、街道进行采访、拍照、录相等活动；

三、违反以上规定的，执勤人员有权予以制止。

市长 陈希同

1989年5月20日

（新华社北京5月20日电）

## 北京戒严第一天

**本报北京5月21日4点30分讯** 李鹏总理签署的国务院关于在北京市部分地区实行戒严的命令发布第一天，首都社会秩序一如往日，市民生活大体如常。

天安门广场上，数十万大学生仍在和平静坐。白天，大街上游行队伍不断；夜晚，广场附近、东西长安街及一些主要街道道口满是市民。

### 从查处群众反映强烈的问题入手

# 定西县推进廉政建设

## 严肃查处以权谋私的干部

**本报讯** 甘肃省定西县从领导机关做起，从查处群众反映强烈的问题入手，扎实推进廉政建设，促进党风好转。

甘肃日报的报道说，定西县制定了严禁党政干部以权谋私、用公款请客送礼和公费旅游，不许党政机关、党政干部经商办企业，加强党政机关的监督检查，增强工作的透明度等规定，以及关于科级以上干部保持廉洁的10条守则。县农行党支部设立“支部信箱”，监督党员把好“用权、用钱、吃喝、人情、政策”五关。促进了党员的自我教育。去年以来，县委对全县各级党组织贯彻落实党风责任制的情况，分4次全面深入进行检查，及时发现和解决工作中的问题，克服了薄弱环节。

这个县还宣扬用表彰先进、鞭策后进的办法，引导各级干部和党员提高保持廉洁的自觉性。去年，全县在党组织中开展了评选先进党支部和优秀党员活动，表彰奖励了71个先进党支部和710名优秀党员的事迹，收效甚好。今年，全县城乡开展的评选廉洁好党员、好干部的活动，又收到了用身边的事教育身边的人的作用。同时，他们从领导机关抓起，从群众反映强烈的问题抓起，今年先后查处了审计局局长利用职权，贪占职工宿舍补助款和挪用水利建设专款1.8万元；县经委主任贪占土地管理费和固定资产折旧费9760元；县政府办公室主任也将3800元土地管理费用于自己建私房等以权谋私问题。还查处了一些乡干部贪污教济款、超计划生育、工作失职、不服从调动和县直一些单位乱发钱物，违反财经纪律等方面的问题。这些问题的及时查处，也切实促进了党风好转。

## 继承父亲遗志

兰考县胡头乡党委书记焦联进（左一），继承爸爸焦裕禄的遗志，深入实际调查研究，带领群众兴修水利，使全乡新增有效灌溉面积8000亩。图为朱寺村民为焦联进赠匾一块，上书“人民公仆焦联进”。 薛士礼摄

新闻摄影比赛

# 十城市市长在宁纵谈蔬菜供应

## 强调通过保护生产来保护消费

**本报讯** 市场报记者鲁秀芝报道：不久前，在南京举行的第五届全国10城市蔬菜体制改革经验交流会上，来自10大城市的市长们，考察了南京市蔬菜产供销的各个环节，并互相交流经验，探讨怎样解决城市居民吃菜难的问题。

市长们对南京的蔬菜供应表示赞许，一致认为南京市政府抓“菜园子”花了力气。同时，对照各自的“菜园子”有感而发。沈阳市负责人张璐晶挤到持着菜篮子的人群中，详细询问四季豆、蒜苗、黄瓜等品种的价格和产地后说，南京的夏菜品种，沈阳也有不少，但相当一部分是从南方运过去的，他认为，蔬菜经营者应避免建立蔬菜市场大流通观念，利用地区差价组织调运，满足市场需求。

蔬菜产销平衡难度较大，护中一带半年和灾年的产量要相差五六倍。武汉市负责人董绍简说，菜少了不好，不多不少很难办到，我们的体会是，还是多一点比少一点好。他介绍说，武汉蔬菜还将继续以放开经营为主，通过保护生产来保护消费。

市长们认为，蔬菜工作要通过保护生产来保护消费，通过稳定生产来稳定消费。西安市负责人卢剑国说，南京在一年内花了这么大的力气，抓蔬菜基地的基础设施建设，对我们是个促进。西安市在科技与农业生产结合方面也花了大劲，去年投入450万元。他表示，西安市将继续推行行政领导，科技引导，市场诱导的做法，努力搞好产前产后服务工作。

广州市负责人黄伟宁此行很有感受。他认为，广州的蔬菜价格放开后，居民随行就市已适应了。当地对蔬菜小品种需求量较大，市场上两元多1斤的毛瓜好销，每公斤4角钱的包菜却无人问津。广州根据自己特点，种菜面积保证，种什么菜由农民决定，蔬菜品种上市也由市场调节。

南京市负责人李英俊听着同行的赞美声，想着前冬去春蔬菜受灾，群众骂娘的情景，心中像打翻了五味瓶。去年，他闷着头抓“菜园子”，抛荒的菜地种上了菜，破坏了的水利设施修复了，部分大棚盖上了塑料薄膜，具备了一定的抗灾能力。南京蔬菜管理体制经过10年改革，终于搭起了初步框架。

哈尔滨市负责人赵明孝声音宏亮地对同行们说，哈尔滨之夏气候适宜，明年欢迎各位前去看菜市。摘好蔬菜供应，让我们来个竞赛。

### 向孩子们祝贺节日

# 首都市场投放新型食品

**本报讯** 据市场报报道：一批由北京市儿童食品公司新研制的多口味、高营养、新外型、精包装的儿童食品，“六一”节前陆续投放首都市场。

他们最近新研制的果酱酥、麻酱酥等十几种食品既有营养，又适合儿童不同口味的需要。其中陶然亭食品厂生产的儿童果汁系列营养蛋卷一改传统蛋卷大和粗的形象，生产出山楂、乌梅、鲜桃、秋梨等不同口味的品种。北京儿童食品厂也在中国医科院儿科研究所和宋庆龄基金会的帮助下，研制出有利于儿童大脑发育的“增智饼干”。信远斋食品厂生产的乌梅汁饮料，北京食糕厂小包装的塑料杯红果汁也将首次与广大儿童见面。此外，一些名、优产品供应量也有增加。

## 冈崎嘉平太第一百次访华

## 李先念邓颖超会见老朋友

**新华社北京5月20日电** 全国政协主席李先念今天在中南海会见中国人民的老朋友、日本日中经济协会常任顾问冈崎嘉平太。

冈崎嘉平太今年92岁。这次是他第100次访华。

冈崎嘉平太多年来为日中友好奔走。会见时，李先念称赞冈崎为发展中日经济贸易关系作出的贡献。

**新华社北京5月20日电** 邓颖超同志今天下午在中南海西花厅会见了中国人民的老朋友冈崎嘉平太。

邓颖超对冈崎嘉平太说：“这是您第100次访华，说明您对中日友好热心，为中日友好而努力”。

冈崎嘉平太一行46人是于5月14日到达中国的，定于明天离开北京回国。

### 社会党和天民党矛盾激化

# 意大利总理辞职

## 科西加总统接受德米塔辞呈

**本报罗马5月20日电** 记者罗雪梅报道：意大利政府总理德米塔昨天下午向科西加总统提出辞职。按照惯例，科西加总统有保留地接受辞职，请德米塔总理继续主持政府日常工作。科西加总统将于下星期一开始与各政党磋商。

社会党和天民党之间发生矛盾是导致这次意大利政府危机的主要原因。昨天闭幕的社会党第45次代表大会强烈批评德米塔政府在执行计划，实行体制改革等方面行动“迟缓”。

德米塔政府于1988年4月13日组成，参加政府的有天民党、社会党、社民党、共和党、自由党。

# 万里抵多伦多访问加拿大之行最后一站

## 称对访加结果感到非常满意

**新华社多伦多5月19日电**（记者徐林兴）正在这里访问的万里委员长今晚在安大略省总理莱维·彼得森为他举行的宴会上说，他对这次访问加拿大的结果“感到非常满意”。

万里说，通过对加拿大3省5市的访问，他亲眼看到了加拿大各地生机勃勃的发展景象，亲身感受到了加拿大人民对中国人民的深情厚意。

万里于今天上午离开渥太华安大略省省会到达多伦多。多伦多是他访问加拿大的最后一站。

万里还说，在同加拿大领导人的友好会见中，双方满意地回顾了中加关系的发展，并且就进一步扩大两国友好合作进行了有益的探讨，“可以预料，中加关系今后将会有更大、更快的发展”。

# 切实加强劳动管理 广东整顿劳务市场

**本报讯** 据南方日报报道：广东省政府近日批转了省劳动局《关于整顿劳务市场秩序，加强劳动管理的意见》，要求各地合理安排使用劳动力，以加强社会治安和各方面的综合治理。

近年来，有相当数量的外省和省内农村劳动力在省第二三产业中从事临时性劳务，对促进和发展全省经济起了积极的作用。但是，它也给广东省粮食供应、社会治安、计划生育、劳动就业等方面增加了新的压力。为此，省劳动局在《意见》中要求各级政府、各部门结合清理，压缩固定资产规模和整顿经济秩序，认真清退来自外省和农村的劳动力。目前，清退的重点是外省民工及建筑民工。对清退的民工，用人单位应做好思想工作，协助解决遣返路费。清退回本省农村的民工，当地政府要为其解决好耕地、口粮等实际问题。

与此同时，各级政府还要加强劳动管理工作，招用民工应根据当地粮食生产、市场供应等方面的承受能力，综合考虑，按照先城镇后农村，先本地后外地，先省内后省外的原则，严格控制，统筹安排。任何单位都不得就地招收盲目流入广东的外省劳动力。

五月十五日，在湖南省七届人大二次会议上，七百六十六名代表以五百零六张赞成票免去沈惠筑湖南公司工作中严重失职的杨汇泉副省长职务。这是杨汇泉在会议上。

新华社记者 王平摄（传真照片）

### 加拿大科学家调查发现

# 全球海平面上升

**新华社华盛顿5月20日电** 加拿大研究人员调查发现，世界海平面正以平均每年约0.245厘米的速度上升。

据《科学杂志》报道，多伦多大学的科学家根据在全球470个地点测量的调查发现，本世纪海平面升高具有气候变暖引起的特征。

科学家通过高级计算机计算的结果发现，地理差别对海平面升高影响不大。

在选出的40个地点的详细调查中发现，在1920—1970年间全球海平面平均每年上升约0.294厘米。

# 大公報

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【本報訊】本報昨日收到許多讀者和社團發來的信或電話，對北京學生運動表示關心，並提出對處理問題的意見。

一、懇請我國政府切勿用武力鎮壓學生，方法處理問題。

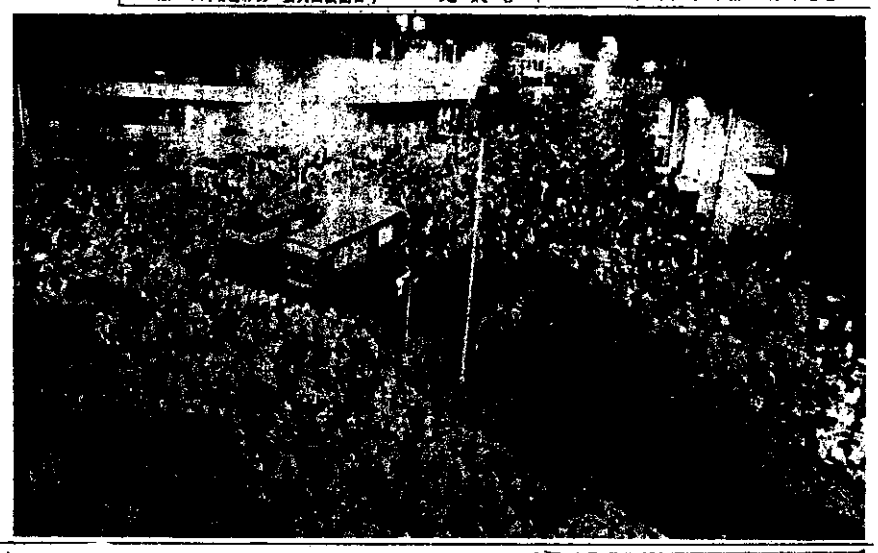
二、學生是人民的子弟，我們應該愛護他們，而今次事件，應用疏導方法去引導和處理，勿使用強硬手段。

三、懇請全國人大召開會議，集合廣大人民代表智慧去解決這次事件。

四、懇請學生們保重自己身體健康，停止絕食，為將來興旺國家而作出貢獻。

## 香港四萬人冒風雨大集會

**逾四萬名市民昨晚在皇后大道東會展暴雨席地而坐舉行大集會，聲援內地的愛國民主運動。（詳情列八版）**（本報攝）



【本報訊】本報昨天接到多位讀者打來的電話，囑託本報把他們的意見代轉北京中國最高當局，並希望今天大公報社主持公道，表達中國人民的心聲。

打來電話的讀者，要求中共中央和國務院尊重民意，盡量採取克制態度，切勿以暴力鎮壓學生運動。

一個已獲移民加拿大查機的人，妻子已在那邊定居，並一再催他把香港的房產變賣前去，他自覺是一名中國人，熱愛祖國，不想移民，代表了中國老百姓的心聲，但中國政府的做法令人難以接受了。他們都是普通的學生，愛國青年，怎能用這種態度對待他們呢？

「我已是一個四十多歲的人了，我隨時都可以買機票離開香港，永不回來，但我看著我們這些好青年這受這樣的對待，我不忍心，我希望能去北京，讓學生們知道，我這個年近半百的香港人在支持他們，我不怕死，如果為了祖國而死，我在所不惜，我希望你們能提供這個意見反映上去。」

## 讀者致電本報表心聲
### 盼代向北京轉達意見
#### 促尊重民意繼續克制避免流血

十九人罷餐，香港中文大學學生會幹事會、學友社、香港教研人員北京學生運動支援團、香港學者協會、新一代文化協會、珠海書院學生會、社會工作人員協會、社工界一百一十七名代表。（尚有有關消息刊六版）

## 今日凌晨二時 未見軍隊
## 北京百萬人聚廣場
## 學生籲勿挑起衝突
### 學生決不後退但不採過激行動反抗

【本報北京二十一日電】北京時間凌晨兩三點，天安門廣場和西長安街上仍然聚集了近百萬人。長安街上有源源不斷的人群在湧，軍隊甚麼時候開進來。

幾乎所有人都是為著前晚的不幸事件而來的，不斷在交換著引發的歡呼聲和憤怒空。

●廣場安街上的人羣向東直延到王府井一帶，不時有憤怒的口號出現，「為什麼要調回軍隊到北京來？」

●安裝在人民英雄紀念碑上的擴音喇叭不斷提醒學生和市民，提防有人用燒毒物散佈病和流血。

●廣播又一再要求學生，在發生突發事件時不要用激烈行動

成千上萬的學生和市民把愛心編往北京的軍車圍圍住

（本報北京傳真）

## 工人組成敢死隊
## 設防線保衛學生
### 準備施放風箏汽球對付直升機

【本報北京二十一日電】北京市長辦公會議今天決定，為了保衛學生的安全，決定在人民大會堂正門的金水橋以東設置一條防線，由工人組成敢死隊，他們都是為保護學生而來的，在廣場內曾經過中國的愛國主義教育，決不會使一個學生流血和犧牲生命的決心。在廣場內曾經過一周的鍛鍊下去，為著中國未來歷史寫下序言，走上街頭來了。

為著東長安街各主要街道的兩旁都堵滿了手拉著手，一羣羣的市民，天安門廣場外圍，是百都工人、自治聯會組織起來的

## 天津電台晨早宣佈
## 「今天沒有新聞」
### 該台昨已由武警進駐

【本報訊】天津消息，天津電台昨天在早上第一個節目《海河晨光》中說，「請各位聽眾記住今天這個日子，今天沒有新聞，一說完這句話，便停止了廣播。

天津電台今天已由武警進駐。

## 李鵬昨簽署發布命令
## 首都四十年首次戒嚴
### 劃出主要地區禁遊行罷課請願演講
### 港澳台記者不准上街採訪拍照錄像

【新華社北京二十日電】中華人民共和國務院今天發布關於在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴的命令，命令全文如下：

北京市戒嚴令

第一號

【新華社北京二十日電】根據國務院今天下午發布的北京市戒嚴令，北京市部分地區從今天起實行戒嚴。

第二號

【新華社北京二十日電】根據國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，北京市長今天宣布了三個北京市人民政府為了執行國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，維護首都的正常秩序，北京市人民政府特發布此命令：

一、外國人必須遵守北京人民政府根據國務院李鵬總理簽署的戒嚴令所發布的各項命令。

二、在戒嚴期間，外國人不准介入中國公民違反戒嚴令的活動。

三、違反以上規定的，執勤人員有權採取一切手段，予以制止。

第三號

【新華社北京二十日電】根據國務院關於在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴的命令，北京市市長今天宣布了北京市人民政府為了執行國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，維護首都的正常秩序，北京市人民政府特發布此命令：

一、自一九八九年五月二十日十時起對東城區、西城區、宣武區、石景山區、海淀區、豐台區、朝陽區、崇文區、大興縣、通州縣、順義縣、昌平縣、門頭溝區、房山縣、懷柔縣、平谷縣、密雲縣、延慶縣實行戒嚴。

二、在戒嚴期間，嚴禁遊行、請願罷課、罷工和其他擾亂、破壞社會秩序的活動。

三、嚴禁任何人以任何方式製造和散布謠言，進行煽動、演講、散發傳單，煽動社會動亂。

四、嚴禁衝擊黨政軍領導機關，嚴禁衝擊廣播、電視、通訊等重要單位，嚴禁破壞重要公共設施，嚴禁打、砸、搶、燒等一切破壞活動。

五、嚴禁罷課等各種非法集會、遊行、示威活動。

六、在戒嚴期間，學生上述應予禁止的活動，公安幹警、武警部隊和人民解放軍執勤人員有權採取一切手段，強行制止。

以上各項，望全體市民遵照執行。

北京市戒嚴令

第一號

【新華社北京二十日電】根據李鵬總理簽署的國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，北京市市長今天宣布了三個北京市人民政府為了執行國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，維護首都的正常秩序，北京市人民政府特發布此命令：

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以上各項，望全體市民遵照執行。

【新華社北京二十日電】根據國務院關於在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴的命令，命令全文如下：

北京市戒嚴令

第一號

【新華社北京二十日電】根據李鵬總理簽署的國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，北京市市長今天宣布了三個北京市人民政府為了執行國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，維護首都的正常秩序，北京市人民政府特發布此命令：

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以上各項，望全體市民遵照執行。

【新華社北京二十日電】北京市人民政府今天發布了戒嚴令，決定從二十日十時起，在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局報刊第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期日 21 五月 一九八九年

港幣一角 第一張四版 零售 三仙 每日出版


# 北京實施戒嚴民情激憤
# 車軍阻力續民市萬十數

北京市民生舉車軍阻止在鳴道的京北入進車軍（美傅社聯供）

## 傳武裝軍人短期內採行動
## 近百萬人仍聚天安門
### 學生備水和布防催淚瓦斯　廣場氣氛緊張

【本報記者組北京二十一日總農電】截至此間時間凌晨四時止，北京天安門廣場依然聚集了多達一百萬的市民。他們都是在聽說軍隊將會在短時期內採取行動驅散在廣場上的學生的消息後趕來保護學生的。絕食學生團於昨晚六時二十分舉行記者會，宣布三千名絕食學生於今日下午四時二十分第二度恢復進食。

據記者在現場所見，廣場上雖然依然秩序井然，但由於不斷傳來軍隊逐步逼近的消息，甚至有消息傳播說軍隊已沿地下通道及地鐵進抵前門及故宮一帶，更令氣氛十分緊張。另有一項消息稱，學生已接到軍隊發的傳單，稱於在稍後時間採取行動，學生已準備了大量的水和布，準備應付催淚粉和催淚瓦斯的襲擊，首都北京的公共交通系統今日全面停駛，使很多工人不能上班，局面出動全副武裝在廣場上的學生進行警告。

【本報記者組北京二十一日總農電】當局出動全副武裝的軍隊進入北京的行動，今日被到了數以十萬計的市民自發的阻截。直至一時半，絕大部份軍隊還未能進入城。

本報記者今日駕車環視京城，但見市西區、全國總工會大廈兩路人及公主墳，均有數萬市民圍在那裏攔阻。據悉軍人們已有一下台」等口號警告市門外，一輛工人聚求總工會下令全國總罷工，不過，並未有人出來。

【本報記者組北京二十一日總農電】當局出動全副武裝的軍隊進入北京的行動，視及聽廣播，完全不一清楚北京的情況，而個星期不准看報看電他們今次進京前所接到的命令，也只是「清理因暴演習」「清理因暴」。

## 中青報昨脫期
### 傳因工人拒排李鵬講話

【本報記者組北京二十日電】今日此間並未見到當天的《中國青年報》，據稱是因為該報的排字工人不滿李鵬昨日的講話，拒絕排字，以示抗議。

【本報記者組北京二十日電】全國工人自治聯委會已於前晚正式成立，成員逾四千人，且人數不斷增加。此外，北京市自治聯委會，由工人及學生成立，委員表示，學生已不能單方承担今次運動繼續下去，因此需要工人支持。

## 兩個自發組織
### 昨日在京成立

今晚，校和北京高校的學生代表，經過民主程序，退出新的學運領導機構，解散會議共二十二人，總指揮部，為北京航空大學的張旭光，副總指揮為天津民航大學的連勝德，而原來的北京高校自治聯的總指揮高炬也在聯席會議中。

## 李鵬的戒嚴令

【新華社北京二十日電】中華人民共和國國務院今天發布關於在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴的命令，命令全文如下：

鑒於北京市已經發生了嚴重的動亂，破壞了社會安定，破壞了人民的正常生活和社會秩序，為了堅決制止動亂，維護北京市的社會安寧，保障公民的生命和財產安全，保障公共財產不受侵犯，保障中央國家機關和北京市政府正常執行公務，根據中華人民共和國憲法第八十九條第十六項的規定，國務院決定：自一九八九年五月二十日十時起在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴，由北京市人民政府組織實施，並根據實際需要採取具體或戒嚴措施。

國務院總理李鵬　一九八九年五月二十日

## 傳中央已通令全國
### 要各省市今日表態

【本報記者組北京二十一日總農電】據此間一項未經證實的消息稱，中央已通知全國各省、市、自治區在今（二十一）日中午前，就李鵬日前在中央及北京市黨政軍幹部會議上的講話表態。李鵬在這次講話中指學生運動為一場動亂。

## 軍用飛機數度盤旋
### 市民繼續上街巡行
#### 「反對軍管」等口號響徹市空

【本報記者北京二十一日電】中華人民共和國的首都北京，今日渡過了戒嚴後的第一天，這是建國以來，那怕是十年動亂中，都未採取過的嚴厲措施。

中共前日突然召開中央及北京市黨政軍幹部大會，指學潮已演變成動亂，並決定出動軍隊入城，已在京城引起了強烈的不滿和抵制。中共中央是北京四十年來罕見的最高決策集團，亦在此間引起廣泛的不安，局勢空前緊張。

【本報記者北京二十一日電】中華人民共和國國務院今天上午十時，宣布市區戒嚴，不准罷工、罷課、遊行、請願及散發傳單，一切外國及港澳台記者一律不准在戒嚴區採訪。但因軍隊進入不了城，戒嚴無法實現，清理天安門廣場及強行送走學生也無法實行。從早上開始，多架軍用直升飛機在北京上空盤旋，這是北京四十年來罕見的景象。

【本報記者北京二十一日電】據此間一項未經證實的消息稱，中央已通知全國各省、市、自治區在今（二十一）日中午前，就李鵬日前在中央及北京市黨政軍幹部會議上的講話表態。李鵬在這次講話中指學生運動為一場動亂。

【本報記者北京二十一日電】截至此間時間凌晨四時止，北京天安門廣場依然聚集了多達一百萬的市民，他們都是在聽說軍隊將會在短時期內採取行動驅散在廣場上的學生的消息後趕來保護學生的。絕食學生團於昨晚六時二十分舉行記者會，宣布三千名絕食學生於今日下午四時二十分第二度恢復進食。

據記者在現場所見，廣場上雖然依然秩序井然，但由於不斷傳來軍隊逐步逼近的消息，甚至有消息傳播說軍隊已沿地下通道及地鐵進抵前門及故宮一帶，更令氣氛十分緊張。另有一項消息稱，學生已接到軍隊發的傳單，稱於在稍後時間採取行動，學生已準備了大量的水和布，準備應付催淚粉和催淚瓦斯的襲擊，首都北京的公共交通系統今日全面停駛，使很多工人不能上班，局面出動全副武裝的軍隊進入北京的行動，視及聽廣播，完全不一清楚北京的情況，而個星期不准看報看電他們今次進京前所接到的命令，也只是「清理因暴演習」「清理因暴」。

## 民衆躺地以死攔車
## 軍人表示不知情況
### 東西入京咽喉已有數萬市民攔阻

在南邊的三環路，東邊的復興門立交橋路，在西邊的公主墳，北京城到一位市民吹著小號，帶領大家高唱《國歌》，直吹到晚上，並用街中的路標，設下了一重重路障，市民為了保衛在天安門廣場再次宣布，不肯停止。

一些學生發表倡下一代，要好好地想一想吧，他們在敬騙你們和全國人民！我們二」

數百市民更睡在地上，

## 軍人若開一槍
## 首鋼號召罷工

在復興門外，三位北大博士生正在用話筒向東裏的官兵講話，又一位說，告訴你們，北京市民說，如你們強行開進市區，誰你們發出的命令，他們就聽在路上，一動過去。

## 調軍入京幾個特點

·本報記者組·

【本報記者組北京二十一日總農電】當局出動全副武裝的軍隊進入北京的行動，視及聽廣播，完全不一清楚北京的情況，而個星期不准看報看電他們今次進京前所接到的命令，也只是「清理因暴演習」「清理因暴」。

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【新華社北京二十日電】北京市市民應該相信經過我們國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，今天發布了三個北京市人民政府令，第一號令全文如下：

根據李鵬總理簽署的國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，為迅速制止社會動亂，維護首都正常的工作、生產、教學、科研、社會生活秩序，北京市人民政府特發布此令

一、自一九八九年五月二十日十時起實施戒嚴。戒嚴地區為：東城區、西城區、崇文區、宣武區、石景山區、海淀區、豐台區、朝陽區實行戒嚴。

二、在戒嚴期間，禁止一切破壞交通、通訊等設施，嚴禁破壞軍事設施，嚴禁衝擊黨政軍領導機關，衝擊外國駐華使館和外國人住宅，嚴禁一切破壞活動。

三、違反以上規定的，執勤人員有權採取一切手段，予以制止。

第三號號令全文如下：

在戒嚴期間，對記者採訪作如下規定

一、嚴禁中外記者到用採訪，遇有破壞戒嚴、煽動性宣傳報道，行煽動、煽動性宣傳報道，

二、未經北京市人民政府批准，外國記者、港澳台記者不得進入戒嚴地區採訪。

三、嚴禁任何人以任何方式製造和散布謠言，進行串聯，演講，散發傳單，煽動社會動亂。

四、嚴禁衝擊黨政軍領導機關，衝擊外國駐華使館和外國人住宅，嚴禁破壞軍事設施，嚴禁破壞軍事設施，嚴禁破壞公共設施，嚴禁打、砸、搶、燒等一切破壞活動。

五、嚴禁破壞軍事設施，嚴禁破壞軍事設施，嚴禁破壞軍事設施，

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)・五月廿一日・星期日・夏曆己巳年四月十七日

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五一七號
夏曆四月十七日宜會友納采
一九八九年 五月 廿一 日星期日
今天天氣：吹東南風，有雨及狂風雷雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿四至廿七度之間
每份四張半 零售二元正

# 一輛坦克今晨四時向天安門進發

# 百萬人誓死保護學生

## 攜備手提機槍與催淚彈 空降部隊入京採行動 陸軍用隧道配合夾擊

（快報採訪組北京報道）中國總理李鵬宣布了要戒嚴學運的公布後，廣內外的中國人均緊張要他對策，但至今晨四時，未見任何動靜。

北京今晨三時，解放軍坦克兵團部隊在市中心五十多公里的通州，正向天安門廣場方向增援。另一四輛運兵車抵達西天安門十四公里的安定門，但這輛車所開，退回原駐紮的營，並改裝地點測試期間。

入京的軍隊昨晚已開始，但至今晨四時，未見任何動靜。

今凌晨，結集在廣場上的八萬學生開始撤離廣場，但至今晨四時，未見任何動靜。

四周的交通要道，仍有大批軍車把守，以防市民前往廣場。

北京市面，仍有少市民騎單車到天安門，不少都在喊「李鵬下台」的口號，集體遊行。

天安門以西三十公里，數萬軍隊正發動阻止二十人軍地區，而軍隊遲手執動靜。但他們就不同學生開槍。

內經過優化，廣行，燃燒，計劃的部隊——進一進逼廣場的人心的「命令」，在場的士四小時，不斷發出，維持人心。這種「與民對立」，戰人民為公敵的指揮，竟可以這樣明確，是無（合不合法已是的一個過了），然無不驚訝！

五月十八日，李鵬在人民大會堂與各國領者舉行歡迎晚會，但最大會堂與各國領者舉行歡迎晚會，但最大會堂與各國領者舉行歡迎晚會，但最

# 東方日報

香港政府特許刊登法律性質廣告之有效刊物

銷量領導全港最多 廣告效力公認最大

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一九九一年八月七日星期中 五月二十一日 星期日 第一二七七期 每份港幣元二零

手利器出作和論輿由華，學武的生學持支一●
（真傳社聯共）。」學必生學大」示表，會

，就得商生學教軍與生學的學士指揮與兵士卷一，上路公一面西東北●
（路傳社通真）

兵士的上車，走敏開持迫被下「城天內北」的民人在，人軍的裝武動自持手●
（真傳社通路）。手揮衆軍示與

# 十一萬解放軍三路挺進天安門

## 趙紫陽辭職 人事大搬位

## 李鵬暫代・后歸喬石

## 趙則以病・賦予閒職

（本報綜合報道）據北京的中國消息人士表示，中國總理李鵬將接替趙紫陽出任中共總書記，趙紫陽因病和其他領導人如何處理學生示威方法，上出現歧見，已早辭職。

消息人士指，當北京局勢平靜下來後，趙紫陽將以病不能視事為由，要求辭去總書記的職務，李鵬會出任代總書記。

一名西方外交官員說：「這是對外國人講了故事。」

一名中國消息人士則說，已設圖讓趙紫陽保留官方職位，但被拒絕。

一位

# 鎮壓陰影下百萬人聚天安門

# 對調動軍隊鎮壓學生 徐向前鄧穎超表不滿

## 趙紫陽傳話學生停絕食養好身體

【本報記者北京專電】北京市長陳希同昨日發表三項北京戒嚴令，宣布：北京市長陳希同昨日發表三項北京戒嚴令，宣布：對包括天安門廣場在內的八個區實行戒嚴，禁止遊行示威，違者將受懲罰。今日晚抵北京的二十萬名軍人，部份已在天安門廣場佈防，而廣場內的百萬人群仍在靜坐。

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【本報記者北京專電】北京市長陳希同今日發表三項北京

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
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# 中共軍管北平 槍桿控制傳媒
# 全民誓以血肉之軀保護學生

## 共軍承認從各地調至 三晝夜兼程
## 盛傳中共今晨採取驅逐行動
## 全市民衆情緒激昂通宵守候

【本報特派記者北平二十一日電凌晨三時半電話】北平市民經歷一天的戒嚴後，晚上情緒激昂起來，全城不斷聲，坐街口或走到街頭，準備共軍強力進城或開入天安門鎮壓時，與共軍對抗。

所有通路都被民衆所封鎖。在天安門廣場，有超過一百萬民衆在示威。

在長安大街，警察都戒備，嚴密巡大，從北京飯店」往下望，整條長安大街都是人頭。

而以現時北平市的氣氛來看，任何鎮壓，都能觸起全民對抗軍隊，引發大規模血腥事件。

北平時間一時，學生不斷用廣播車送醒學生，截面軍訪，繼續呼籲，外圍的人繼續成為成千成萬的人，參加天安門廣場的請願行列，高呼「要民主，要自由」，「打倒李鵬」，「打倒官倒」，「反對軍管」，「反對戒嚴」，「反對鎮壓」，「反對屠殺」，「反對血洗天安門」，「反對法西斯」，「反對獨裁」，「反對專制」，「反對官僚」，「反對腐敗」，「反對通貨膨脹」，「反對物價飛漲」，「反對官倒」，「反對特權」，「反對不公平」，「反對不合理」，「反對不合法」，「反對不合憲」，「反對不合人道」，「反對不合民意」，「反對不合學生意」，「反對不合工人意」，「反對不合農民意」，「反對不合知識份子意」，「反對不合市民意」，「反對不合全國人民意」，「反對不合世界潮流」，「反對不合歷史潮流」，「反對不合時代潮流」，「反對不合未來潮流」，「反對不合現代潮流」，「反對不合過去潮流」，「反對不合現在潮流」，「反對不合將來潮流」，「反對不合過去現在將來潮流」，「反對不合現在將來過去潮流」，「反對不合將來過去現在潮流」，「反對不合過去將來現在潮流」，「反對不合現在過去將來潮流」，「反對不合將來現在過去潮流」，「反對不合過去將來現在潮流」，「反對不合現在將來過去潮流」，「反對不合將來過去現在

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Match report Page 20

South China
# Sunday Morning Post

INSIDE IN COLOUR asia magazine

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# Beijing blockade grows

## Martial law fails as demonstrators prepare for troops

From SETH FAISON in Beijing and agencies

MORE than one million people defying strict martial law orders seized control of most of Beijing early today, blocking all access amid fears of an army crackdown.

Groups of students, workers and even elderly residents occupied virtually every major intersection to prevent the advance of police or soldiers.

Tens of thousands of students still camped in Tiananmen Square were afraid that soldiers with tear gas or arms would appear before dawn, even though truckloads of soldiers stopped at several points on Friday night retreated yesterday.

At 2 am today, Beijing time, there was still no visible troop movement.

Instead, hundreds of thousands of people defiantly swarmed through the centre of the city in an open challenge to the authority of the Chinese Government. Crowds lined all major roads, surrounding and checking the identification of every passing vehicle.

The prospect of actual martial law seemed far away. Although there were only minor incidents of violence, the raucous mood of ordinary people and the total absence of police created a tense atmosphere.

At the Liuliqiao district in western Beijing, thousands of students blocked the path of 20 truckloads of soldiers which were still unable to move either forward or back last night.

Students there were undaunted by a surprise attack on them from armed police at 1 pm, which reportedly sent at least 45 students to the hospital.

Students in the square prepared for a clash by assembling in formation and donning face masks to protect themselves against tear gas.

Truckloads of students and workers continued to parade back and forth on Changan Avenue, Beijing's main thoroughfare, waving bright red flags and responding to cheering from the crowds.

"Workers have the power!" read a banner on one truck.

Near the Worker's Stadium in northeast Beijing, a huge tractor-trailer was parked across the road to prevent the passing of all but one slim lane of traffic.

The Government announced martial law on Saturday morning but a stunning display of people power kept the armed forces from getting within five kilometres of Tiananmen Square.

The Government's new rules – requiring students to leave Tiananmen Square and preventing all foreign journalists from reporting or taking photographs – were ignored.

Foreign television crews had their broadcast lines cut, and Chinese media virtually halted work. The *People's Daily* and other major papers failed to come out.

The attack on the students occurred at a spot in the western end of the city where thousands of students have blocked the path of a convoy of army trucks.

"About 150 armed police came out from behind the army trucks. They started beating all the girls, four or five of them for each of us," said Miss Ma Liying, a student at Beijing No 2 Foreign Language Institute.

Showing bruises on her arms and hands, Miss Ma said 45 students had been beaten so badly they needed medical attention at hospital.

The thousands of students who have made their home at the square hardened their attitude in the face of a powerless government, although none of them knew how long they would stay.

"There is nothing to be afraid of. Let's show the world how brave we are," said the students' independent broadcasting system.

Mr Zhang Wei, a student from Beijing Normal University, said he felt a change of the students' attitude after the broadcast of Premier Li Peng's address late on Friday night.

"They have completely lost the trust of everyone. Until yesterday, we were still supporting the Government. Now we oppose it entirely," he said.

"They are still using the old methods, which are completely useless. They have no idea what to do," added one of his classmates.

Many students said they saw only two possibilities: an attempt to forcibly clear the square or the arrest of top leaders.

The Communist party leader, Mr Zhao Ziyang, is believed to be powerless and to have offered his resignation after being overruled in his suggestion of compromise with the students earlier this week.

People's Liberation Army troops ordered into Beijing would not suppress protesting students, a spokesman for the Beijing municipal government said early today.

"The People's Liberation Army is the people's own army and they are to defend the country and the people. Their entering into Beijing is by no means directed at the students, let alone 'suppressing the students'," the official New China News Agency reported the spokesman saying.

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- Appeal to China – Page 3
- Editorial – Page 12
- The week that shook China – Four-page Spectrum special

Wan Kam-yan

☐ Thousands of people rally outside the NCNA offices in Happy Valley last night in support of the Beijing protest.

## Massive HK rally vents fury on Li

By CHRIS YEUNG, JOYCE NIP and KENT CHEN

MORE than 50,000 people braved strong winds and heavy rain outside the New China News Agency offices last night to protest against the Chinese Government attempted crackdown on the student-led democratic movement in Beijing.

High-spirited protesters sang and chanted slogans in unity throughout the three-hour demonstration in front of China's de facto consulate in the territory.

The rally was the biggest pro-democracy event the territory has ever seen and thousands upon thousands of people thronged through Wai Chai streets demanding the resignation of Premier Li Peng.

Carrying pro-democracy banners and wearing headbands in support of the Beijing students, the demonstrators were undaunted by the fury of Typhoon Brenda.

Wearing a yellow headband, leading liberal and Legislative Councillor Martin Lee Chu-ming was on the verge of tears.

"Li Peng, how can you stand up before the late Prime Minister, Zhou Enlai now that you have treated the Chinese people in such a way? You should kneel down before him and offer your resignation.

"Premier Li seemed to have forgotten the name of the country – the People's Republic of China – when he ordered troops and tanks to crack down on the people."

In an unexpected move, a rising star in the pro-China camp, Mr Cheng Kai-nam, also launched a scathing attack on Premier Li, who is an adopted son of the late Premier Zhou.

Mr Cheng is a leader of the Federation of Education Workers, the territory's major pro-China education body.

He led the crowd as it roared: "Li Peng step down."

Mr Cheng said: "The Government's crackdown has not only irritated the people but the heavens. While our brothers and sisters are shedding their blood in Beijing we are shedding our tears. But the blood they shed will be paid back.

"Those who cracked down against the people will be judged by history," he said, leading the crowds to chant "Anti-crackdown," "Patriotism is not guilty" and "People are not afraid of death."

● Continued Page 3

**BRITAIN yesterday expressed concern at China's imposition of martial law in Beijing and urged the Chinese Government and demonstrators to exercise "restraint and moderation".**

**The Foreign Office said it had been following the situation very closely.**

**"It is far from clear precisely what is happening on the ground. We are naturally concerned that the Chinese authorities have felt it necessary to impose martial law in parts of the capital," the Foreign Office said.**

**"In these difficult circumstances we would urge all concerned to exercise moderation and restraint," it said.**

**The Foreign Office also advised Britons planning to visit China, and particularly the Beijing area, to postpone trips until the situation becomes clearer.**

*Associated Press*

## Business community stays optimistic

By JOHN TANG

EXECUTIVES from the major local chambers of commerce yesterday held cautious but optimistic views about the financial outlook for Hongkong despite the situation in Beijing.

Both the Federation of Hongkong Industries director-general, Mr Lawrence Mills, and Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce director, Mr Ian Christie, said it would be too premature to make any pessimistic comments on the crisis.

They dismissed Friday's stockmarket plunge of more than 132.8 points as an emotional reaction.

"It's just a correction. It will come back. Hongkong can always face these crises," he said.

Asked how the stock market would react tomorrow should the crisis carried over the weekend, Mr Christie said: "Hongkong is used to witnessing historic events happening in China."

He said he was confident the stockmarket would bounce back after a reasonable period.

Hongkong Tourist Association chairman, Mr Martin Barrow, said Hongkong people need not over-react to what hopefully would merely turn out to be a short-term situation.

"It's far too early to say. One must always take a long-term view," said Mr Barrow, who is also deputy chairman of Jardine Matheson.

"In the very short term the travel business to China will be affected, hopefully not in the medium and long term. We have to take a wait-and-see attitude."

Mr Peter Wong Hong-yuen, who represents the accounting profession in the Legislative Council, agreed it was difficult to predict how the market would react to the Beijing developments.

"Everything is uncertain, I can see the stock market next week will be very unpredictable. It will be very weak. It will go down but how low hinges on further development.

"Obviously, all people are very concerned. Naturally anyone who has an investment plan will have to wait and see," said Mr Wong.

But another accountant-cum-legislator Mrs Nellie Fong Wong Kut-man was less optimistic.

Mrs Fong said many local businessmen and foreign investors were very worried about the situation in China.

"I have learned that many investors are withdrawing their employees and families from China because of the unrest.

**BROKERS are expecting the Hongkong stock market to plunge further tomorrow.**

**It is feared that overseas investors, alarmed by events in China, could join the plunge which sent the Hang Seng Index plummeting 132 points on Friday – its biggest one-day fall since the stock market crash in October 1987.**

**London brokers contacted over the weekend indicated that Friday's fall had awakened concerns among the investment community there.**

**"There is no question that people are viewing the situation unfavourably and are coming in as sellers; the feeling is definitely getting more nervous," said Mr Patrick Galvin, a director of Barclays de Zoete Wedd in London.**

**"The sentiment is negative and there are clearly other places to put money. Fund managers don't have to put it in Hongkong and are likely to move funds to other Asian centres," said Mr Galvin, noting that Taiwan, Singapore, Malaysia and Thailand were looking increasingly attractive to overseas funds.**

● Full story – Sunday Money

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## WEATHER

WET AND WINDY

**Today will continue to be rainy with squally showers. Maximum temperature will be around 27 degrees.**

## Typhoon leaves 3 dead, 62 injured

By STAFF REPORTERS

GALE-force winds and fierce rain whipped up by the approach of Typhoon Brenda left at least three people dead and more than 62 injured yesterday as Hongkong battened down for its closest brush with a tropical storm for years.

Sea, road and air traffic was severely disrupted as wind gusts of up to 101 kilometres per hour lashed the territory after the hoisting of the Number 8 signal at 5.15 am, bringing Hongkong to a virtual standstill.

More than 314 mm of rain had fallen over the territory between midnight Friday and 11 pm yesterday, sparking at least 54 incidents of flooding, mainly in the New Territories, and forcing at least seven minor landslips. Water rose to nearly a metre in the Austin Road-/Chatham Road area of Tsim Sha Tsui.

The first typhoon of the season packed winds of up to 140 kph as it swept across the South China Sea. It had knifed through the Philippines on Tuesday and Wednesday, leaving 50 people dead or missing and more than 5,000 displaced.

A 62-year-old crewman was still missing last night after falling into choppy harbour waters off Stonecutters Island when his tugboat capsized in the early hours of the morning as it was towing a barge. Marine police eventually called off a six-hour search for the man because of unsettled weather. Another crew member was plucked from the turbulent water by a nearby vessel.

A 30-year-old taxi driver, Mr Chan Kai-chi, died after his vehicle collided with a stationary truck on New Clearwater Bay Road in a heavy downpour during the afternoon.

Two passengers, Mr Fung Kam-luk, 57, and Ms Fung Sau-lai, 21, were also pronounced dead on arrival at the United

● Continued Page 4

☐ Inside out deluge in Sha Tin

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Only good at losing money — Page 12

**Holy Vigilante, Batman's back**

Can Bush cope with Gorbachev? — Page 11

**Poisoning the Arctic population** — Page 10


# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong | May 21, 1989 | $3.00


# Martial law splits leadership

## Millions join call for the sacking of Li and Deng

**From Terry Cheng, Tammy Tam and Priscilla Leung in Beijing**

MILLIONS of Chinese across the country rose in rebellion against the unprecedented imposition of martial law in Beijing yesterday.

The Communist Party is not only split at the top but also in the middle, at regional levels and in the armed forces on whether a crackdown on the student-led mass movement is justified.

"Down with Li Peng" and "Xiaoping to retire" were chanted by protesters nationwide.

They referred to Premier Li Peng, who issued the martial law order yesterday, and Deng Xiaoping, paramount leader and chairman of the Party Central Military Commission who masterminded the troop movement.

Emulating the Philippines' "people's power" that deposed President Ferdinand Marcos, 2.5 million students and residents in Beijing employed "non-violent and emotional" tactics to lure riot police and stopped the penetration of troops with human barricades.

A ban on foreign news coverage, the first since 1949, fuelled speculation and belief of an imminent crackdown like that in Tibet in March.

The ancient capital of Xian in northern China came to standstill when 300,000 protesters, sympathetic citizens and onlookers packed the city's streets, a Westerner said.

On Shanghai's waterfront, 20,000 students flanked by thousands of sympathetic city workers protested for the fifth day running in support of 400 hunger strikers there.

But municipal party chiefs in Beijing and Shanghai and the Beijing mayor declared allegiance to Premier Li.

Leading intellectuals Yan Jiaqi, Bao Zunxin and

■ Premier Li Peng

Su Xiaokang have written to the Chairman of the National People's Congress, Wan Li, calling for his return from a visit to Canada to convene an emergency session and exercise constitutional power to veto Li's decision.

People are pinning their hope on Mr Wan, one of a few powerful reformist leaders and supporter of the Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang's conciliatory line to students, to arrest escalating tension.

In fear of a brutal suppression at midnight, Beijing residents flooded avenues, streets and Tiananmen Square to form human barricades.

The atmosphere was "artificial calmness" as residents were told to treat soldiers well if they marched in.

Throughout the day, helicopters cruised low over Tiananmen Square where 200,000 fasting students and their supporters have taken over in the past three days.

For the first time in 40 years, Premier Li summoned the army and imposed martial law to quell anti-government fervour that has drawn millions of people to protests across the country.

Demonstrations, sit-ins and hunger strikes were reported in more than 35 major cities, including Shanghai, Xian, Shenyang, Hongkong and Macau.

Hongkong people reacted anxiously and resentfully to the move-in of troops and armoured vehicles by holding a demonstration involving about 50,000 under threat of a strong typhoon.

Foreign countries, including Britain, France and Japan, yesterday issued travelling warnings to nationals and warned those in the country to take appropriate measures to stay away from trouble spots.

United States President George Bush, French President Francois Mitterrand and the Thai government expressed concern.

"What you're seeing in China is a desire for a Chinese form of openness," Mr Bush said.

He said he would never have imagined this was possible when he served as US envoy in China in the 1970s.

Mr Mitterrand said of the mass movement "freedom is knocking down walls. But the walls will resist. It is a great struggle for humanity."

Reports from various sources said Mr Zhao had been ousted and was under a house arrest.

The only official English-language newspaper, *China Daily*, reported Mr Zhao's absence from an assembly on Friday and said he was "sick".

During the day, truckloads of troops and tankers were blocked from entering the city by either a "human great wall" or vehicles across roads.

Students solicited sympathy from troops.

"We are your brothers, protect the people. Protect the People's Republic of China," they said.

But the students' appeals were drowned out by loudspeakers repeating Premier Li's announcement that martial law was imposed in parts of Beijing at 10 am.

Inspite of a discipline of non-violence, there were minor clashes.

Before noon, several hundred troops fought with demonstrators. One soldier was carried away unconscious and the troops later retreated.

Striking bus drivers ferried student protesters to the frontline and truck drivers blocked roads.

"This is people's power," said one worker. Scores of riot police with shields and truncheons stormed out of nearby Da Jing village to break the blockade but were repelled by a barrage of rocks, but not before injuring three students, witnesses said.

A third attempt by more than 200 policemen to surge through the wall of protesters ended in near-tragedy with at least four men seriously bloodied by another shower of stones.

"The writing is on the wall for this government," said a student protester, expressing a widely felt fury that the government had resorted to force to quell the protests.

Reliable sources said the People's Liberation Army's 27th division had abandoned its attempt to enter the city and withdrawn.

The PLA's 38th division remained in its barracks in Baoding, about 150 kilometres southwest of Beijing.

"Forty years ago, the People's Liberation Army entered Beijing. The people greeted them in triumph. Today, they again entered Beijing; the people are not celebrating," read a poster in the capital.

Late in the morning, tracts denouncing martial law were thrown from the top of the China International Trust and Investment Corp. (CITIC), one of China's biggest financial institutions.

"The moment is critical for the Chinese. We must act immediately to fight with effective, legitimate and non-violent means," a tract signed by the student leaders of Beijing University said.

"The situation is one of life or death for the People's Republic of China and the Communist Party."

All news reporting from Beijing, including television broadcasts and use of telecommunications channels, is forbidden under martial law, state-run television said.

Spreading rumours and making speeches or distributing tracts promoting social disorder is also forbidden, it said.

INSIDE:


■ Reports from Beijing and Hongkong on yesterday's developments. **Pages 2 , 3 ▶**

■ China at the crossroads: **Page 8 ▶**

■ Emotions like a 'volcano erupting': **Page 9 ▶**


AUGUSTINE LAM

■ Protesters block the road outside the Xinhua News Agency offices in Happy Valley yesterday.

## Thousands defy typhoon and march on Xinhua

**By Tonny Chan and Ong Hock Chuan**

AT least 30,000 people last night defied the fury of Typhoon Brenda to attend a spirited protest rally against the Chinese leadership's handling of the student demonstrations in Beijing.

The mammoth crowd began converging at Victoria Park in spite of strong winds and heavy rain at 6 pm, and began marching towards the Xinhua building an hour later.

Most of the protesters were students but among the ranks were housewives, children, factory workers and clerks.

"It was a fantastic display. It was as if the whole under 30s population had turned up," a witness said.

As the protesters marched 10 abreast, they sang over and over again the lyrics from the patriotic song, *Heirs of the Dragon*.

The discipline of the rally and the organisation behind it was reminiscent of the Beijing protests.

The procession marched in sections which were bordered by "marshals" who linked hands while many took up the chant: "Down with Li Peng."

Many wore yellow and white headbands which said "support the Beijing students" while others wore T-shirts with the words "long life to the democratic movement".

The head of the procession reached the Xinhua building at 7.15 pm and people were still streaming in to join the procession at 8 pm.

On reaching the building on Queen's Road East the crowd occupied half the road as about a third of the 300 policemen on duty had formed a line in the middle.

But when the crowd grew the police allowed them to occupy the other half of the road.

But it still grew so large it stretched to the Lee Theatre, about a kilometre to the north and to the junction of Queen's Road East and Stubbs Road to the west.

Because of the storm, the exact number of people attending the rally was hard to gauge.

An organiser claimed that there were 100,000 protesters while the police claimed that there were only 15,000. But many pressmen estimated the crowd varied between 50,000 and 100,000.

They were met by a line of speakers who included liberal leaders Mr Szeto Wah, Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming, Mr Lee Wing-tat and Mr To Kwan-hang who stood on a platform next to the Xinhua building.

One of the organisers, speaking through a public address system rigged to a truck, said: "Do you fear rain?"

The crowd replied with a resounding, "No" as many of them punched the air with a clenched fist.

"Then close your umbrellas and sit down on the road," said the organiser as the crowd took up the chant. "Sit down, sit down."

The crowd then chanted: "Down with Li Peng" as Xinhua staff peered from the windows as the organisers played a recording of *"Heirs of the Dragon"* over the loudspeakers.

Amid loud cheers, Mr Szeto Wah began addressing the crowd. He said Hongkong and China were inextricably linked and that if the democracy movement in China was suppressed it boded ill for Hongkong's democracy movement.

Mr Lee then took the stand and said: "Students,

**Continued Page 2 Column 8**

## Hongkong brought to a halt as Brenda blows in

**By Vivian Tse**

TYPHOON Brenda, the first to affect Hongkong this year, brought the territory to a halt yesterday.

One man was missing, feared drowned and another rescued, after a tug sank near Stonecutters Island and 39 people were slightly injured during the typhoon.

And the bad weather may have contributed to a traffic accident in which three people died and one was seriously injured.

About 80 typhoon shelters were opened for people who needed safer accommodation.

Bus, tram, and ferry services were all suspended and jetfoil and hi-speed ferry services to China and Macau were cancelled.

The airport remained open but more than 100 flights were diverted, delayed or cancelled.

The Mass Transit Railway operated at 10-minute intervals, the Kowloon-Canton Railway at 20-minute intervals and the Light Rail Transit every 10 minutes.

After disrupting Hongkong for two days with winds gusting up to 77 kilometres an hour, Brenda reached the south-western coast of Guangdong province about 150 kilometres from here at 10pm last night.

According to the Royal Observatory, winds are expected to moderate today but it will continue to rain with squally showers.

The Royal Observatory hoisted the standby signal number 1 at 8.45 am on Friday which was replaced with the number 3 signal at 9.45 pm on Friday.

The number 8 signal was raised at 5.15 am yesterday morning and remained effective until the number 3 signal was posted at 11.15 pm last night.

The Royal Observatory recorded more than 314 millimetres of rain up to 11 pm on Saturday night.

More than 42 incidents of flooding were reported, mainly in the northwestern part of the New Territories.

There were also reports of collapsed scaffolding but no casualties were reported; examinations were postponed and schools were closed.

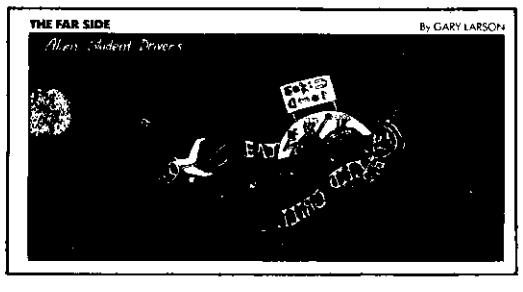
About 2.30 pm yesterday, a taxi travelling south along New Clear Water Bay Road crashed into a goods vehicle parked on the pavement.

The driver and a man and a woman travelling in the taxi were certified dead at United Christian Hospital and another woman involved in the accident was transferred to the Prince of Wales Hospital in critical condition.

A boat carrying eleven illegal immigrants, aged 19 to 40, sank off Sai Kung at about 11 am.

BEN WONG

■ Brenda caused chaos throughout the territory and is seen here claiming the umbrella of Leung Mei Ling, 17, (left) and Ho See Yuen, 17.




## Liverpool win FA Cup

**LONDON: Ian Rush struck twice in extra time at Wembley yesterday to give Liverpool a 3-2 win over rivals Everton in the FA Cup final.**

**Everton, trailing from the fourth minute, grabbed a last-gasp equaliser to draw level at 1-1.**

**That was only the start of the drama with three goals in nine minutes.**

**In Scotland, Joe Miller salvaged some glory for Celtic in a season dominated by Rangers by netting the only goal in the Scottish Cup final, denying Rangers the treble after their victories in the League and Skol Cup.**

**Full reports on back page**

## Marcos men threaten US

**MANILA: Filipinos loyal to desposed President Ferdinand Marcos, said to be dying in Hawaii, threatened to kill Americans saying Washington was responsible for their leader's exile.**

**"If Marcos comes back dead, many Americans will die," Leo Obligar, a radio commentator and rally leader, told a crowd of 1,000 loyalists near President Corazon Aquino's presidential palace.**

**Full story on Page 8**

## Nakasone to quit politics

**TOKYO: Former Japanese prime minister Yasuhiro Nakasone, considered to be a key figure in the Recruit scandal, is to retire from politics, the *Asahi Shimbun* newspaper reported yesterday.**

It said Mr Nakasone made the decision because his closest aide, Mr Takashi Fujinami, was likely to be indicted on charges of corruption.

## Today in your Sunday Standard

THIS week in the Sunday Standard's new magazine section, we examine the renewed interest in comic book character Batman who is 50 years old this month.

Bruce Wayne, the millionaire philanthropist who donned a mask and costume by night to become the Caped Crusader. We tracked down Wayne in a Gotham City rest home for an exclusive interview.

And we take a look at today's world of comic books and find that they no longer cater for kids.

We have an exclusive interview with Saul Bellow - the reluctant American hero. Plus a review of Solomon Bard's book *In Search of the Past: A guide to the Antiquities of Hongkong*.

Arts editor Vernon Ram talks to Frances Chaves who has brought the multi-million dollar Reader's Digest Collection of Modern Masters to Hongkong.

Ram also takes a look at celebrated soprano Dame Kiri Te Kanawa who makes a welcome return to Hongkong this week.

On travel, Kevin Sinclair takes a trip through old Singapore.

Also in *Your World on Sunday*: fashion, cooking, wine, restaurants and a full TV and radio guide for the week.

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转阴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴转晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 27℃ 最低 15℃

人民日报社出版


## 聂帅徐帅答复科大部分学生

# 戒严部队绝不是针对学生来的

## 希望同学们不要听信谣言尽快返校复课

**新华社北京5月21日电** 今天下午7时，中国科技大学朱忠之、罗志强等11名学生来到聂荣臻老帅住地，请求聂帅会见并递交了一封信。信中说：敬爱的聂帅，今天下午李鹏去拒会议作出四点决定：一、这次学生的爱国运动定性为叛乱；二、不惜用20天时间镇压掉天安门广场上的20万大学生；三、戒出首都各大监狱；四、明晨5点所有环卫工人上班清扫天安门广场。消息千真万确，部队已调集完毕，情况万分危急。请求聂帅从天安门广场上200万市民、20万学生的性命着想，出来说句公道话、表态，并恳求聂帅立即回音。我们在门外等着您！有可能的话请聂帅务必于今晚到天安门广场看望群众和学生。聂帅说："一、这四条纯属谣言，请同学们不要轻信；二、军队到北京来，实施戒严。完全是为了维护首都的社会秩序和安定。希望同学们协助解放军做好这一工作；三、希望同学们为了国家尊严、首都的秩序、市民的生活、自己的健康和学习，能尽快撤离天安门广场。希望科大同学带个头，返校复课。"

**新华社北京5月21日电** 今晚9时左右，中国科技大学7名学生来到徐向前老帅住地，徐帅住地工作人员接待了他们。学生的代表说，军队要镇压学生，很可能在今晚发生流血事件，请求徐帅说句话。徐帅住地工作人员回答说，部队执行戒严任务是为了恢复首都的正常秩序，维护安定团结的局面，绝不是针对学生来的。部队的同志决不愿意发生流血事件，并会采取一切措施来避免。请你们不要听信谣言。希望同学们尽快返校复课，以理智态度协助政府平息事态。徐帅住地的工作人员把答复的意见报告了徐帅，徐帅表示同意。同学们听完答复后很快离去。

# 戒严部队指挥部告北京市民书

## 执行戒严任务完全是为了恢复正常秩序决不是对付学生 希望学生和社会各界人士能充分理解给予大力支持协助

**新华社北京5月21日电** 中国人民解放军戒严部队指挥部今天发布告北京市市民书，全文如下：

1989年5月20日10时，中国人民解放军遵照国务院戒严令和北京市人民政府令，派部队到北京部分地区协助北京市的公安干警和武警部队执行戒严任务。为使戒严部队能够顺利履行职责，现就有关问题向首都人民通告如下：

一、中国人民解放军是中国共产党领导下的人民军队，是人民的子弟兵。全心全意为人民服务，是我军的唯一宗旨。根据宪法履行保卫祖国、保卫人民和平劳动的光荣任务，是我军的神圣义务。部队执行戒严任务，完全是为了维护首都治安，恢复正常秩序，决不是对付爱国学生的。

二、戒严部队在执行任务过程中，受到一些阻拦。部队从大局出发，采取了最大限度的克制态度。广大人民群众也从各方面给予了配合。目前，首都的秩序仍然处于十分混乱的状态，交通中断，某些商品供应短缺，治安形势有可能进一步恶化，人民群众深感不安和忧虑。戒严部队必须坚决执行政府的法令，我们有责任采取各种有效措施扭转这种局面。对于极少数煽打、砸、抢、烧的犯罪分子，我们将根据法律，按照首都人民包括爱国学生的意愿，采取坚决措施予以处置。希望广大爱国学生和社会各界人士能够充分理解，并给予大力支持和协助。

三、广大人民群众关于惩治"官倒"，反对腐败，推进社会主义民主和法制建设的要求，人民解放军给予坚决的支持。我们执行戒严任务，恢复首都的正常秩序，正是为了创造实现这些要求的社会环境。我们相信党和政府会代表人民的意志，采取有力措施，在民主和法制的轨道上解决各种现实问题。

四、执行戒严任务的部队，将严格遵守各项纪律，并在部队中开展"热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生"的教育，发扬我军拥政爱民的光荣传统，反对任何有损军民之间鱼水感情的言行，以实际行动维护国家和人民的根本利益。

我们相信，首都人民和青年学生，一定能够以高度的爱国热情和社会责任感，顾全大局，进一步采取理智和克制的态度，支持部队完成戒严任务，尽快恢复首都的正常秩序。

### 就调入部分解放军参加执行首都戒严任务

# 北京市政府发言人答记者问

**新华社北京5月20日电** 北京市人民政府发言人今天就调入部分人民解放军参加执行首都戒严任务一事，回答了记者提出的问题。

**问：为什么要调军队到北京来？**

**答：**大家知道，近几天北京市的无政府状态越来越严重。这种状况已经严重影响了全市人民的生产、工作、学习和生活秩序。各种社会闲杂人员也涌入北京，社会治安日趋恶化。北京是党中央、国务院所在地，还有许多外国驻华机构。北京市原有的公安干警和武装警察队伍是根据正常形势的需要配备的。在当前的特殊情况下，由他们担负维护首都秩序的任务已不可能。根据执行国务院发布的北京市部分地区戒严令的需要，经中央军委批准，从外地调一些部队进入北京市，协助北京市的公安干警和武警部队执行戒严任务。

**问：调进北京市的部队担负哪些任务？**

**答：**关于这个问题，昨天杨尚昆同志在首都党政军干部大会上已经讲了。概括来说，部队的任务有四项：第一，维护首都秩序，保障全市人民能够正常地进行生产、工作、学习和生活。第二，保障中央和北京市党政领导机关的正常工作。第三，保障重要部门和单位的安全。第四，保障公共财产不受侵犯和公民个人的生命财产安全。

**问：军队进入北京，是否意味着要镇压学生？**

**答：**在当前社会秩序严重混乱的情况下，社会上谣言很多，其中之一就是"军队进入北京是镇压学生的"，这是毫无根据的。人民解放军是人民的子弟兵，他们是保卫国家和人民的。他们进入北京，决不是对付学生的，更谈不上"镇压学生"。

**问：对高等学校是否要进行军管？**

**答：**根据戒严令的要求，有些部队可能会在学校周围执行任务，这是为了协助本市公安干警和武装警察维护学校周围的正常秩序，保证学校师生员工能够进行正常的工作、学习和生活，保护师生员工的生命财产安全，根本没有军管的任务。

### 北京市常务副市长张百发发表讲话

## 呼吁市民共同努力 维护公共交通秩序

**据新华社北京5月21日电** 北京市常务副市长张百发今天在北京电视台发表讲话，呼吁全市人民共同努力，保证市民基本生活需要不受太大影响。

张百发说，现在北京市煤气、液化气告急，电热告急，菜奶蛋等主要副食品运不进来，垃圾运不出去。这一切问题的关键是交通。他呼吁全市人民维护公共交通秩序，保持公共电汽车线路的畅通。

20日中午，被阻拦在北京朝阳区呼家楼通口上的军车缓缓后撤。一位解放军军官对聚集在军车周围的群众说："我们是人民子弟兵，决不会镇压人民"，群众报以热烈的掌声。

本报记者 沈 进摄

# 北京戒严第二天

**本报北京5月22日晚最后时刻**

国务院在北京部分地区实行戒严的命令生效业已40多小时。在市政府划定的戒严区域内，仍未见到异于往日的突发情况。

21日星期日，天安门广场上，和平请愿的首都的和从外地赶来的大批大学生比肩静坐。东西长安街上，人流夜以继日；在不到百米的低空，数架军用直升机往复掠过，不时撒下用大号字印的李鹏总理讲话传单，引起阵阵骚动。

戒严令发出以后，广大市民担心执行戒严令的解放军进城后发生流血事件，夜间在通向郊区的一些主要交通路口设置道道障碍。城市公共汽车、电车已中断两天，地铁停运。东西长安街等主要街道，群众自动维护交通秩序，指挥过往的各种车辆和行人，一些居民给报社打电话，抱怨看不到报纸，拿不到牛奶。入夜，在用各种大型车辆及其他什物设起路障的许多交通路口，又聚集起黑压压的人群。

1989年5月20日

## 河北省委的电报

中共中央：

5月20日上午，省委、省顾委、省纪委、省人大、省政府、省政协、省军区的负责同志举行联席会议，认真学习讨论了李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的重要讲话，并传达了李锡铭同志介绍的有关北京市的情况。省委书记邢崇智主持了这次会议。

与会同志一致表示，坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，坚决拥护党中央、国务院为迅速制止首都发生的动乱而已经和正在采取的各项决策、措施。大家认为，目前所发生的动乱，已经给我们的政治、经济以及对外工作等造成了恶劣的影响。如不迅速扭转局面，将会造成不堪设想的后果。在这种关系党和国家命运和前途的关键时刻，党中央、国务院采取果断措施，并号召全党全军全国各族人民紧急动员起来，坚决制止动乱，稳定局势，是非常及时和正确的。这充分证明，我们党是坚强的、有战斗力的，是坚决代表和维护国家和人民的利益的。大家表示，一定要贯彻落实好中央的指示精神，立即动员全省广大党员和人民群众，紧急行动起来，迅速投入制止动乱的斗争，为稳定局势，巩固安定团结的政治局面，保证建设和改革的顺利进行作出不懈的努力。

（下转第二版）

# 一些省市党政领导机关致电党中央国务院

**新华社北京5月21日电** 上海、陕西、湖南、河北、河南、福建等省市党政领导机关认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，并致电党中央、国务院表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院为迅速恢复首都正常秩序而采取的措施。

## 上海市委的电报

党中央：

上海市委常委全体同志以极其振奋的心情收看了中央召开的党政军负责干部大会的实况转播，聆听了李鹏同志和肖昆同志的重要讲话。市委常委全体同志一致表示坚决拥护李鹏同志代表中央政治局常委所作的报告和提出的各项意见。市委常委并立即召集主要高校党政负责同志和公安、卫生部门负责同志，部署了有关工作。接着由江泽民、朱镕基等市党政负责同志去学生静坐绝食现场，劝告他们停止绝食，接受治疗。

市委决心更加紧密地团结在党中央的周围，号召全市共产党员和全市人民，坚决贯彻中央政治局常委的各项决定，和党中央保持一致，为维护社会的安定和经济的稳定，为坚持四项基本原则，为坚持改革开放而努力奋斗！

中共上海市委员会

1989年5月20日凌晨二时

## 陕西省委、省政府的电报

党中央、国务院：

今天上午八时半，我们紧急召开省委常委扩大会议，再次收看了昨天晚上党中央、国务院召开首都党政军干部大会的录相，进行了认真学习讨论。到会同志一致表示，坚决拥护党中央、国务院作出的制止动乱的英明决策，坚决拥护李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的重要讲话。

西安地区出现的情况说明，全国最近一个时期发生的动乱，其实质是否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度，是一场严重的政治斗争。如果任其发展，就可能使少数人的阴谋得逞，就会把一个很有希望的中国变成一个混乱不堪的没有希望的中国。这是全党和全国人民绝不能容许的。党中央、国务院的决策，代表了全国人民的根本利益，必将得到广大人民的支持和拥护。

陕西省委、省政府，已经对学习贯彻党中央、国务院的决策，作出了安排部署。全省党员和广大人民，决心在党中央、国务院的领导下，和衷共济，团结一致，立即行动起来，坚决反对动乱，制止动乱，坚守岗位，努力工作，稳定陕西形势，把我省改革和建设推向前进，为夺取这场斗争的全胜做出自己的贡献。

中共陕西省委　陕西省人民政府

1989年5月20日

## 湖南省委的电报

党中央：

5月20日凌晨，中央电视台播放了李鹏同志代表党中央和国务院在中央和北京市机关干部大会上的重要讲话以后，湖南省委在家的常委立即组织了学习讨论，大家一致表示，坚决拥护李鹏同志的重要讲话，坚决拥护杨尚昆同志的讲话。拥护党中央的重大决策和所采取的果断措施。大家认为，当前出现的这场动乱决不能任其发展，这种严重情况决不能继续下去了。李鹏同志的重要讲话和中央所采取的措施，很及时，很重要，是解决当前动乱的有力武器，全省各级党委、政府和广大军民要坚定不移地贯彻执行。

最近几天，我省长沙等地也接连发生了大规模的示威游行活动，已经影响到一些机关和部分企事业单位工作的正常运转，给经济工作和社会治安也带来了很多困难和问题。在人民群众中造成了严重的思想混乱。为了保持湖南局势的稳定，我们采取了一些措施：（一）切实加强领导，积极做好工作，稳定局势。各级领导班子一定要经得起考验，坚定不移地同党中央保持一致。同时，要主动做好工作，稳定本地区、本单位、本部门，要继续稳定学校、稳定工厂、稳定机关、稳定农村。要通过艰苦细致的工作，千方百计地缓解各类社会矛盾。（二）各级领导班子要搞好分工，组成两套人马，切实做好稳定社会局势和经济生产两方面的工作。省委、省政府成立了两套班子，一套班子抓稳定社会局势工作，一套班子抓生产指挥。要求抓好工业生产，努力增加有效供给。特别要抓好当前农业生产，确保今年农业丰收。各高校要做好工作，要求学生不再搞游行活动，由校长出面动员学生复课。同时，做好给食学生的思想工作，动员他们迅速停止绝食，返回学校。（三）要确保城市服务部门工作的正常运转。城市的供电、供水、供气和公共交通要正常运行。各地要切实安排好市场，确保粮、油等食品和群众日常生产用品的供应，千方百计保障城市人民生活的正常需要。（四）切实维护好社会治安、交通秩序。要求公安部门加强对社会面的控制，严防恶性事件的发生。对打砸抢烧分子采取果断措施，依法惩处。

中共湖南省委

# 不准用军队解决内政问题 匈牙利面临动荡潜在危险

## 内梅特总理说

**新华社布达佩斯5月20日电** 匈牙利社会主义工人党政治局委员、政府总理内梅特19日指出，在今年6月16日重新安葬纳吉和10月23日匈牙利事件周年之际，匈牙利面临着发生动荡局面的潜在危险。

内梅特是在19日匈牙利人民军高级将领会议上说这番话的。此间新闻媒介20日发表了他的讲话。

内梅特说，"我认为，应该不准许任何政治力量利用军队来解决内政问题"，"斯大林模式的一个最可恨的特点就是靠动用武装力量整治本国人民。我们应该最坚决地同过去的这种做法决裂。过去的做法造成的后果是，至今在公众当中和在人们心理上还存在着一种潜流，那就是对武装力量惧怕和怀疑。"

在匈牙利实行政治多元化的过程中，社会上许多人担心军队干预和阻拦政治进程的发展。此间观察家认为，内梅特的讲话就是针对这种顾虑而言的。

# 维护首都和全国稳定的重大措施

## 新华社转发《解放军报》社论

**新华社北京5月21日电** 《解放军报》今天发表题为《维护首都和全国稳定的重大措施》的社论，全文如下：

根据中华人民共和国宪法的规定，李鹏总理签署国务院命令，从5月20日10时起在北京部分地区实行戒严。这是迅速制止正在蔓延的动乱，维护首都和全国稳定的果断措施。充分反映了全党、全军和全国人民的利益和愿望。全军同志对这一保卫四项基本原则和十年改革成果的英明决策热烈拥护，坚决贯彻执行。

实行戒严是不得已的。近一个时期以来，极少数人利用青年学生的爱国热情，煽动闹事，制造动乱。他们利用各种大小字报、传单标语，放肆地诋毁、丑化、谩骂、攻击党和国家领导人，反对中国共产党的领导；他们制造各种谣言，蛊惑人心，挑拨离间，煽动对党和政府的不满情绪；他们鼓动一些人四处串联，煽动罢课、罢教、罢工，搞游行示威，静坐绝食，向党和政府施加压力。进入5月份以来，卷入游行示威的学生和其他群众越来越多，许多高等学校陷于瘫痪，公共交通到处堵塞，党政机关受到冲击，社会治安恶化，严重干扰和破坏了全市人民的生产、工作、学习和生活的正常秩序。本世纪目的中苏高级会晤中的一些国事活动安排，也因此而被迫变更或取消，极大地损害了我国的国际形象和声誉。尽管党和政府一直采取了忍让和克制的态度，一些领导多次与部分学生代表对话，反复地进行耐心的说服和解释，但事态并没有平息，反而向外地蔓延，愈演愈烈。这几天北京发生的问题，已经类似"文化大革命"开始时的情形。很显然，如果再不采取果断措施坚决加以制止，中国就将天下大乱，十年改革成果就会毁于一旦，治理整顿、发展经济、整治腐败、加强民主与法制建设，以及改善人民生活等等，都将化为泡影，一个很有希望的中国就会变成一个没有希望的中国。

我们清楚地知道，广大青年学生的心灵是善良的，他们在主观上是不想搞动乱的。他们有爱国热情，希望促进民主，消除腐败，许多正确的意见同党和政府要努力实现的目标是一致的，同广大人民群众、同我军干部战士的愿望也是一致的。他们同一心制造动乱的极少数人有根本区别。但事态的发展已经完全不以青年学生的主观愿望为转移，正在越来越走向他们愿望的反面。大量事实越来越清楚地表明，极少数人制造的这场动乱，完全是有计划、有组织的阴谋活动，其目的就是要推翻中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。这是一场关系到改革和建设的成败，关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃的严重的政治斗争。全军同志一定要看清这场动乱的真相，清醒地认识这场斗争的实质，认识这场斗争的严重性，千万不可掉以轻心！

中国人民解放军是中华人民共和国的武装力量，是人民民主专政的主要支柱，是人民利益的忠诚卫士。宪法明确规定，人民解放军的根本任务，是巩固国防，抵抗侵略，保卫祖国，保卫人民的和平劳动。制止动乱，恢复秩序，维护社会安定，军队有责任、有义务发挥自己应有的作用。全军干部战士一定要紧紧团结在党中央、国务院、中央军委的周围，保持高度的集中统一，发扬军委邓小平主席倡导的"五种革命精神"，坚决维护党和政府的权威，竭尽全力圆满完成宪法赋予我军的神圣使命。

人民军队同人民血肉相连，我军履行职责，制止动乱，为的是维护人民的根本利益，维护包括广大青年学生在内的全体人民的生产、工作、学习和生活秩序，使改革开放有一个稳定的环境。部队在首都执行戒严任务，协助首都武警、公安干警维护社会治安，绝对不是针对青年学生的。部队干部战士将严格遵照党和政府的命令，绝不伤害好人，更不会伤害青年学生。我们相信，广大的工人、农民、知识分子、青年学生，以及一切希望安定团结、盼望国家振兴富强的有责任感的公民，都会对执行戒严任务的部队给予充分的理解，给以各方面的支持。执行戒严任务的全体干部战士，要时时处处模范地执行国家的法律、法规和政策，严格遵守党、国家和军队的纪律，爱护首都一草一木，不拿群众一针一线，同各界人民群众一道，为制止动乱、恢复秩序，维护安定团结的政治局面，推进改革和建设大业而共同努力奋斗！

# 香港有史以來最大規模遊行
# 百萬民眾上街聲援北京學生

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號二四三道詩尼軒港香：址　地
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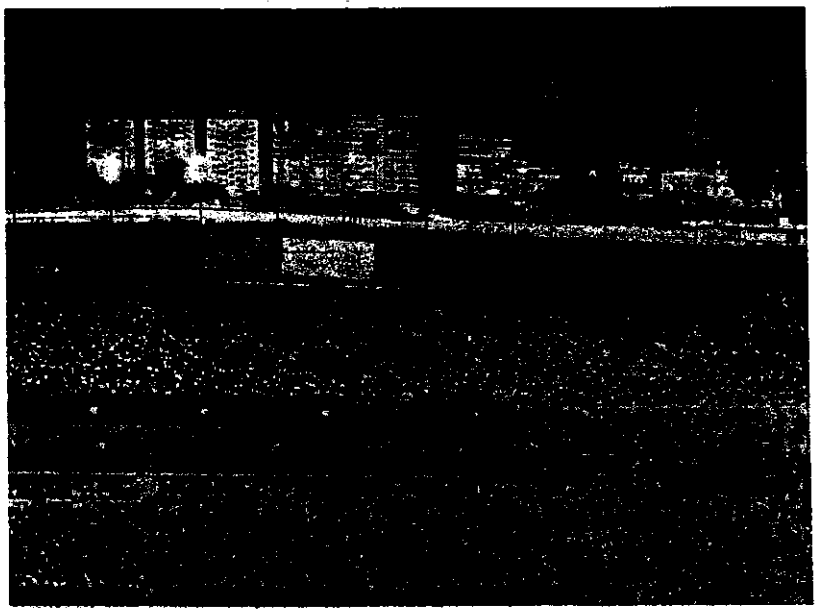
## 新聞簡報



香港市民大遊行後行遊馬場到復，會集場馬到後行遊大民市港香。晚夜，仍無意離去，垂低幕夜。（攝文章周　者記報本）

## 從中環至北角再轉往跑馬地
## 大遊行歷時八小時
## 圍觀市民夾道歡迎

通過宣言要求解放軍不要鎮壓同胞

【本報訊】香港市民昨（二十一）日舉行歷史性環市大遊行，聲援北京學生的愛國民主運動。參加遊行市民和旁觀者人數估計超過一百萬，遊行隊伍由中環出發，浩蕩地前往北角，再折返跑馬地，在馬場舉行集會。參加人數的測算可謂史無前例，首批到達馬場的遊行者與最後一批抵步時間相距達四小時。

在馬場集會的市民團體代表一致通過宣言，要求全國解放軍、武警不要鎮壓同胞，停止軍隊出動、性質的市民加入，一旦北京實行戒嚴，立即舉行總罷工，直至到達為止。

昨日的環市遊行歷時四小時，於下午二時提前結束。集會上，一個名為「全港市民支援愛國民主運動聯合會」的市民團體宣布成立，呼籲有不同界別、信仰、階級的市民加入，再沿遊行道往銅鑼灣及遮打花園，舉行新一輪集會，通宵絕食，並要求李鵬向全國人民道歉。

集會上，一個名為「全港市民支援愛國民主運動聯合會」的市民團體宣布成立，呼籲有不同界別、信仰、階級的市民加入，一旦北京實行戒嚴

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期一 22 五八六 月

一九八九年五月二十二日 己巳年四月十八 夏曆

今日出紙九張半 香港一四六四號 元二毫


# 港百萬人大遊行聲援京學生

國文並茂 刊港聞版

# 北京戒嚴翌天仍未能實施

# 大批軍隊携重型武器壓城

## 廣場高校代表呼籲 人大常委協助斡旋

## 數十常委促軍隊不進城學生撤離

## 曹傳出拂曉清場一度緊張

## 廣場情況凌晨仍平靜

### 四時仍有四十萬人 學生不贊成結束靜坐

【本報北京二十一日電】天安門廣場百餘所高校代表今日晚上七時二十分在廣場舉行記者招待會，發表了《告全國人民書》，號召全國人民支援北京的學生運動。

書中說：「我們學生和北京市的廣大市民經過艱苦卓絕的和平抗爭，已經證明政府的軍事鎮壓不到，當我們得知數十位人大常委向全國人大常委會提出緊急呼籲，要求立即召開全國人大常委會緊急會議的消息，我們十分振奮。我們向最高權力機關人大常委會呼籲：請你們立即採取以下行動：①堅決地對不能進城、②學生撤離天安門廣場、③派出代表和我們直接對話，共商如何解除戒嚴、撤退軍隊的問題。

又訊，此間傳出消息，數十名人大常委今日要求常委會召開緊急會議，討論如何使用軍隊返校復課的問題。

消息人士指出，由常委會向黨中央提出要求，要求全國人大緊急上作出決定。

他們提出，撤走進京學生對話，對話之首有兩個條件，①堅決地對不能進城，②學生撤離天安門廣場。

【本報北京二十一日電】天安門廣場今晚在天安門廣場舉行的有關北京市的戒嚴令，已經引起廣場一帶人數明顯比昨天減少。但人夜後，圍觀到天安門廣場的人數再度急增。

天空上，數架軍用直升飛機來回巡視，不時地下印有學聯字樣的傳單。

學生們說在廣場的責任不停地勸學生不要單獨行動，要冷靜理智，及在遇到軍隊行動時應打不還手，並且向軍隊說明，在目前階段是否應該結束靜坐，改用更為長遠的鬥爭形式去爭取民主，另一位學生領袖王丹亦同意他的觀點，但大多數學生表示不贊成，上宣誓加入了「誓死保衛廣場」行動。

在激烈的爭論中各團體希望支援下，被送三時半在天安門廣場通過廣播向廣大學生詢問，在目前階段是否應該結束靜坐，改用更為長遠的鬥爭形式去爭取民主，另一位學生領袖王丹亦同意他的觀點，但大多數學生表示不贊成，上宣誓加入了「誓死保衛廣場」行動。

今晚在天安門廣場，情況平靜，由於較早時候有消息傳出官方將於今晨五時出兵鎮壓，故人們一度表現緊張。有些同學們在廣場

## 卅餘人大幫委 促人大急開會

### 胡績偉團以事等簽名

【本報記者組北京二十一日電】全國人大常委胡績偉、閻以寧、楚庄、嚴曉輝等三十餘人聯名上書，請求召開全國人大常委會議或在京人大常委會議，以解決目前問題。

據悉，這次簽名信是繼於社會各界強烈呼籲而發出的，到截稿時為止，簽名尚在全國人大常委中進行。

## 全國人大須即會議 萬里應當盡速返京

### 本港六名人大代表緊急動議

【本報訊】香港六名全國人大代表吳康民、鄒耀業、徐是雄、唐柏安、陸運濤及汪明荃，昨日中午發出兩點緊急動議，一、動員北京、廣東、四川、山東、上海五省市全國人大代表，按照法規定，以五分之一全國人大代表名義，倡議緊急召開全國人大特別會議。

吳康民及鄒耀業指出，全國人大常委才是最高權力機關，國務院只是執行機關，這次處理學潮事件，未經人大批准，擅作主張，不合手續，根據憲法規定，作為最高權力機關的全國人民代表大會，有權決定撤銷國務院予以執行、並修改憲法規定，由五分之一代表提出立即召開臨時會議的行為，同意主持全國人大召開緊急會議事宜，並監督國務院執行正確指示。

六人給上述省市的人大代表的電函說，鑒於目前全國局勢嚴峻，首都於建國以來第一次實施戒嚴，事情激變，發展迷離，作為最高權力機關的全國人民代表大會，理應商討對策，作出決定，實施國務院予以執行。並依憲法規定，由五分之一代表提出立即召開臨時會議的行為，同意主持全國人大召開緊急會議事宜，並監督國務院執行正確指示。

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## 若學生原地就坐 軍方代表保證 不會進入廣場

【本報北京二十二日晨凌晨三時半發電】高校自治聯代表今日凌晨三時半曾與一名解放軍代表接觸，該名代表保證，若學生停持安靜，原地就坐，解放軍不會進入廣場。

## 學生全部停止絕食 廣場出現流行病症

### 包括兩名病疾及一名甲肝患者

此外，有消息稱，北京全部已有一個加急人民大會堂，在人民大會堂內。

## 昨日下午六時 王丹帶領宣誓

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## 傳老帥致電鄧小平 指出絕對不能動武

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鄧小平在同答時說：「應該是避免流血的。」

消息來源說，有一百多名黨、政、軍有影響、有威望的老幹部名向黨中央致函，提出三點：

①肯定青年學生的行動是愛國的、追求民主的。

②四月廿六日的《人民日報》社論是有缺點的，應該糾正。

③希望黨和國家領導同志和學生代表直接對話。此外，消息來源說，全國軍區會議正在武漢舉行。有消息說，鄧小平在接到老帥的勸諫電後，已從武漢飛返北京，看來，事情似有轉機。

據稱，北京傳出使用武力的消息後，各地軍區有不同的反應。來自廣州軍區的消息說，他們已致電中央軍委，指出不能使用武力對待學生。

## 北京四項傳聞 市府指為謠言

【據中新社北京二十一日電】據北京電視台今天晚間報道，今天下午一些人在天安門廣場、一些高校以及大街小巷散布謠言說，中央領導作出三點決定，最遲在明天五點開始對學生鎮壓，學校工作人員明天到堅守崗位上班，具體任務到天安門廣場打掃戰場，北京戒嚴部隊除外，其它部人白調出城。

北京市人民政府發言人說，經向有關部門核實，這些謠言，是用心極其險惡的人製造的，其目的在於製造動亂。

## 小啓

今日報價，彩色《華采》、《旅遊》和《國貨》版暫停。

——編輯部

## 北京青龍橋地區發生 武警揮棍毆打學生

### 農業大學學生六人受傷頭破血流

【本報北京二十一日電】在頤和園附近的青龍橋地區，昨晚傳出武警與學生發生衝突的消息。

昨日下午，該處的三〇九醫院出現了一批由內蒙古調來的軍隊，還有四十多輛運兵的大卡車和三十多輛裝甲車和坦克。據悉，現場的公安武警與農業大學的一些學生發生爭執，其後曾動用警棍，約五、六名學生頭破血流。

## 重兵臨京爲何事？

本報記者

目前可能已達五個軍的規模。在人京的軍隊中，除了前八廿二日發現有帶有重機關槍的裝甲車外，昨（廿一）日還發現有裝上重炮的坦克車。從目前京郊集結的兵力（從數量到火力）看，已遠超出一般鎮壓學生運動、驅散差行革命、維持機要部門安全，恢復社會秩序的需要。這是人們關注的

次出兵京城，可能是為了應付比學生運動更嚴峻的問題，這種說法，否則中央高層人事異動有關；或者否則止兵動用軍隊進入北京火車站。

軍車車隊在今晨也減少。有的市民乾脆在車輪下鋪開睡覺。

今午，一列客車從四川拉了一支部隊進入北京火車站。

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## 北京戒嚴翌天仍未能實施

## 大批軍隊携重型武器壓城

示威學生翌期日凌晨坐在試圖進入北京城的軍隊前面。（美聯社傳真）

市民圍着坦克車，和士兵對話。（本報北京傳真）


FUJITIME 富士牌

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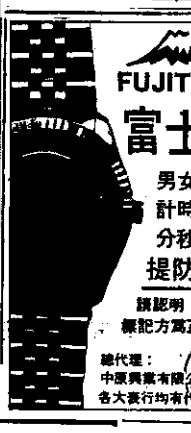

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# 灣仔分社遷址營業

爲適應業務發展需要，本社灣仔分社謹定於一九八九年五月二十二日(星期一)遷往自置物業**灣仔軒尼詩道138號修頓中心地下**新址營業，電話：5-8323888，敬希垂注，歡迎惠顧。

香港中國旅行社有限公司

## 香港中國旅行社灣仔分社業務簡介

1. 辦理機、車、船票等各類票務，行李託運及票務聯運；代訂各地酒店。
2. 代辦"港澳同胞回鄉證"、"台灣同胞旅行證明"及辦理往中國旅遊簽證。
3. 組辦國內及國際線旅行團，接受報名、訂位及有關旅行團事項查詢。
4. 辦理華僑、外籍華人、外國人仕往內地探親、旅行、商務及入境簽證等各項服務。
5. 辦理台灣同胞往內地旅遊、探親等業務。
6. 代訂世界各地廉價機票及辦理往國內各綫包機業務。
7. 辦理全國廿九省、市、自治區居民"香港遊"旅行團。
8. 辦理"香港買單、內地提貨"業務。

# 快報

EXPRESS

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第九五一八號
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一九八九年 五月 廿二 日・星期一
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## 要聞・民運動態


- 香港大遊行圖文傳真 (刊第二版)
- 各界聲明及來港學運評論 (刊第三版)
- 京港民運活動 (刊第四版)
- 北京民運傳真 (刊第十一版)
- 其他本港新聞 (刊第五版)


# 吾爾開希突承認失敗

## 軍方廣播如學生靜坐則不用暴力

# 學生嘩然仍堅決死守

北京今晨三時十五分，指揮回防部隊首批開抵天安門廣場附近，但於有明顯武裝開路，由於有明顯武裝開路，軍用吉普車在天安門廣場橫衝，並呼籲所有在天安門廣場的學生回便宣布今次民主運動已經失敗

# 發即觸一壓鎮・近迫克坦晨今
# 守死生學萬十・屆期牒通後最


# 東方日報

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## 部隊換防派遣軍痞衝鋒
## 騰空監獄擬拘禁廿萬人
### 六里橋傳起衝突　四百人被打傷

（本報特派記者梁錫鵬北京專電）北京市實施戒嚴令，昨日（廿日）凌晨五時，正式從取締學生行動，大舉拉人，北京市各監獄，據說已騰空，準備容納二十萬人。

此間流傳的消息，指駐紮市郊之人城的解放軍部隊，昨日已經被換防，由軍隊（俗稱稱流氓軍，又稱野狼隊）和裝甲兵擔任先頭部隊，並且已有大量解放軍、武警部隊及市民，湧至學生及安門和天安門廣場，準備圍攻靜坐的學生和團體。

天安門廣場靜坐的學生人羣，昨日最少還有三萬人，是解放軍指揮不斷，廣場總指揮部多次透過廣播，向北京的使館區播送。

香港傳來宣布：這次民主運動失敗了。在北京西郊已出現解放軍、坦克部隊和裝甲兵，在地鐵站出口亦有裝的活動。他作宣布時，廣場上仍有五、六十萬人，一時全場鴉雀無聲，場面甚為淒壯。

香港傳來消息，北京高校自治聯會領導人之一的吾爾開希，在北京當局的最後通牒到期前兩小時，即北京時間今晨三時十分，向仍在天安門廣場靜坐的學生會建議，向北京的使館區撤退。

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呼籲撤退的廣播台由於機械有問題，不能轉弱息再請是地出席各人，廣場上的學生議論紛紛。

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●北京大學生李進進在天安門廣場上在公共汽車頂上高呼「防止強武裝」。（路透社傳真）

●北京大學生李晨光在天安門廣場上在公共汽車頂上高呼「防止強武裝」。（路透社傳真）

## 潤息未經證實：李鵬辭職

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## 不滿中央鎮壓學運
### 瀋陽軍區黨委抗命
### 鄧到武漢完成調兵已返京

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## 擬黑名單捕卅六人

（東京中央社廿一日電）北京學生的民主運動，已經進入白熱化階段，據北京消息指出，北京市已經開始擬黑名單，逮捕卅六人。

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【本報訊】北京各處地方的工人進行罷工，工廠的工人沒有上班，公共交通全部停駛，全市出現糧荒跡象。

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## 解放軍發告市民書
## 強調態度克制
## 戒嚴聽命而已

（本報特派記者梁錫鵬北京專電）北京市民今晨在睡夢中，突然聽到一個震撼人心的聲音，原來是解放軍發出的「緊急通告」。

## 五直升機低飛偵察惹緊張
## 幹道遍架路障
## 誓死堵截軍隊

【本報訊】北京消息：昨日（廿日）北京市內交通全部癱瘓，市民紛紛走上街頭，設置路障，阻止軍隊進入市區。

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來六百餘名學生組成秩序糾察，維持秩序。車站廣場上，用白灰畫出一條通道，用以疏導旅客進出。

來學生向軍車上的士兵宣傳，「北京的市民實際是保護解放軍的，而是愛國運動的，解放軍決不能向人民開槍，而是要保護人民的。」

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## 徐向前出力
### 五月二十日晚先勸告

「五月二十日晚先勸告」（北京時間）左右，中國科技大學七名學生突到徐向前元帥住宅，徐向前在地工作人員接待了他們。

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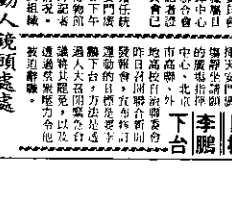

●一名學生在天安門廣場的人羣中，舉起一張寫有「獨裁統治」字樣的大字報，表示抗議。（美聯社傳真）

●昨日北京市的學生在天安門廣場的帳篷中起床後在與帳篷外的城外的士兵對峙。（路透社傳真）

## 神州大地在沸騰！

## 滬寧數十萬羣衆示威
## 長沙西安「打倒」聲喧

（本報綜合報道）上海學生兩日高呼「李鵬辭職」的口號，不理會市政府警告，舉行另一次罷課示威，市政府指示將嚴厲懲處。

超過十萬名學生及羣衆，昨日（廿日）繼續在外灘，隨實施戒嚴後，首次出現大型羣衆集會。

示威者其中的一張大字報寫着「彈劾李鵬」的口號。

據目擊者稱，三百名在上海市黨部及市政府前的學生已經絕食，參加絕食的學生，已經超過一千人。

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（北京合衆國際社二十一日電）解放軍戒嚴令，解放軍的警告，表示已準備在北京執行戒嚴令，解放軍的警告，表示已準備在北京執行戒嚴令，必須嚴格「執行政府的命令，在實施戒嚴令地下，假若遇到反抗，解放軍是可以「格殺勿論」。

星期日凌晨時分，北京已有一千名學生在電話中表示，警察已把自從上周被部隊示威學生阻塞的長江大橋上之交通恢復。

在陳近頌衛者，周六發少有十萬人在長沙火車站舉行示威。

示威的學生揮舞紅旗，打鼓及高喊口號，並且用外開學生表示，不會倒入陷阱。」

西安外語學院一名中國教師稱，過一萬名學生在西安市內廣場遊行，他們大喊「拿鵬下台」以及「我們支持北京學生」。

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在陳近頌衛者，周六發少有十萬人在長沙火車站舉行示威。

示威的學生揮舞紅旗，打鼓及高喊口號，並且用外開學生表示，不會倒入陷阱。」

西安外語學院一名中國教師稱，過一萬名學生在西安市內廣場遊行，他們大喊「拿鵬下台」以及「我們支持北京學生」。


## 廣告

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# 軍方七元老函鄧小平
## 反對共軍開進北京城

【本報記者北京專電】中共中央國務院要求各省市自治區盲目調兵進京一事，已經實行的消息來源說，截至今日晚上，有上海、廣東、天津、湖北、北京、江西、江蘇等地的中共高級官員表示，「你們前一段時間報道非常感動，火上加油，造謠天天有，不信可問問記者。」

不過，業務、商業部、鐵道部、衛生部、廣播事業局及國家計劃委員會等中央部委的負責人，仍在前往車站，護送其下屬乘車返回原地。

【本報記者北京專電】中共中央軍委副主席楊尚昆今日晚在中南海召開緊急會議，討論目前的局勢。

出席會議的有鄧小平、趙紫陽、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、宋平、李先念、王震、萬里、胡啓立、鄧穎超、楊尚昆、楊白冰、王兆國、劉華清、秦基偉、張震、遲浩田、王首道、王任重、余秋里、谷牧、薄一波、宋任窮、陳慕華、彭沖、陳丕顯、烏蘭夫、倪志福、王丙乾、吳學謙、李瑞環、胡啓立、姚依林、李鐵映、喬石、宋平、王震、萬里、田紀雲、王丙乾、王任重、王兆國、鄧力群、胡喬木、胡績偉、廖蓋隆、閻明復、閻揆要、王瑞林、王鶴壽、王首道、王光美、王恩茂、王震、王任重、烏蘭夫、包爾漢、史向可、白如冰、白堅武、朱穆之、伍修權、劉瀾濤、劉西堯、劉賓雁、劉導生、劉華清、劉寧一、劉仁、劉志堅、劉昆、劉英、劉春、劉振華、劉振華、劉振華

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# 學生面對面槍砲脅威

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## 李鵬發出最後通牒

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## 北平市府否認傳言

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## 北平傳媒口徑統一
## 員工仍然走上街頭

## 今日新聞提要

一、北平市今日進入危急時刻，刊第一版。
二、我政府與人民莊嚴宣告，即停止武力鎮壓恢復記者採訪，刊第一版。
三、香港百萬人進行要求李鵬下台，刊第十六版。
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在卡車上的工人做出勝利的手勢，他們正朝著天安門廣場進發。（美聯社傳真）

（美聯社傳真）

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# South China Morning Post

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# Huge HK rally backs students

## Up to 600,000 call on Li Peng to quit

By ANDY HO, CHRIS YEUNG and JOHN TANG

HUNDREDS of thousands of Hongkong residents yesterday voted with their feet to express solidarity with the Beijing students in an historic round-the-island march, demanding the resignation of Chinese Premier Li Peng.

"Although we don't have any official figures, we have made a brief estimate that the crowds would be in the region of 500,000 to 600,000," a police spokesman said.

Tens of thousands watched the eight-hour march along the more than 15-kilometre procession from Central to North Point. It was the largest demonstration in the history of Hongkong.

Wearing head-bands and holding banners, the sea of protesters kept chanting slogans such as "Down with Li Peng" from the time the procession left Chater Garden at 2.15 pm.

The emotive but peaceful protest ended at 10.30 pm after a mass rally at Happy Valley race course, which was packed with people from all walks of life.

A new coalition, the All Hongkong Alliance In Support Of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-democracy Movement, was inaugurated at the rally.

The Alliance hailed the march as Hongkong's answer to the "People Power of the Philippines" as politicians, students, workers, farmers, pop singers, among others, closed ranks to lend their support to the Chinese students.

In a four-point statement, they demanded that:

- The People's Liberation Army (PLA) should not fight against Chinese people.
- All Chinese people need not be pessimistic but should launch a long-term peaceful struggle for democracy.
- The Chinese National People's Congress (NPC) should hold an urgent session to overrule the decision of Mr Li and to recognise the patriotic student movement.
- The Chinese troops should withdraw immediately.

Among the participants were local staff of the New China News Agency and left-wing papers, *Ta Kung Pao* and *New Evening Post*. They voiced their anger over the crackdown on the pro-democracy movement.

An Alliance leader, legislator Szeto Wah, urged all residents to call up at least 10 relatives on the mainland to use every means to protect the students at Tiananmen Square.

He demanded that local NPC delegates hold an emergency meeting on the imminent military suppression of students.

Mr Szeto, who also heads the Professional Teachers' Union, also urged his 42,000 teacher members to be prepared to launch a class boycott if any of the Chinese students are hurt.

The race course rally began shortly after dusk while throngs of demonstrators were still in action on the streets.

Among the last batches of marchers to join the rally were members of the 170,000-member left-wing Federation of Trade Unions (FTU), who arrived shortly after 9.30 pm.

FTU chairman Cheng Yiu-tong told the rally: "Beijing students sacrifice their bodies to contribute to the future and the democratic development of the country.

"We should learn from them and cherish and protect their patriotism," he said.

Another speaker, Legislative Councillor Martin Lee Chu-ming said: "Any patriotic Chinese will support the demands of the Beijing students.

"The Government has tarnished the patriotic move of the Beijing students when they likened it to the Cultural Revolution.

"Li Peng should apologise before the 1.1 billion Chinese people and step down. The only thing he can do now is to resign," he said.

Film director John Shum Kin-fan, who spoke for some 200 show business personalities, said: "We might not be well-versed in politics. But the blood flowing inside our bodies is the blood of Chinese.

"We love democracy and the rule of law. But Li Peng defied democracy by refusing to talk to students and defied the rule of law by imposing a news blackout.

"We will become today's students in Beijing in the future if we don't speak out now," he told the crowd.

A leader of the independent Federation of Hongkong and Kowloon Labour Groups, Mr Lee Kai-ming said: "Workers have been described as the silent majority. We can no longer remain silent. Workers should rise up to back the democratic cause of students because China's future lies with them."

The former president of the Hongkong Affairs Society, Dr Huang Chen-ya, said: "The Communist Party should isolate Li Peng and his 'very, very few' cronies and expel them."

"The NPC should dismiss Li Peng from all his posts."

A student who returned

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 8)

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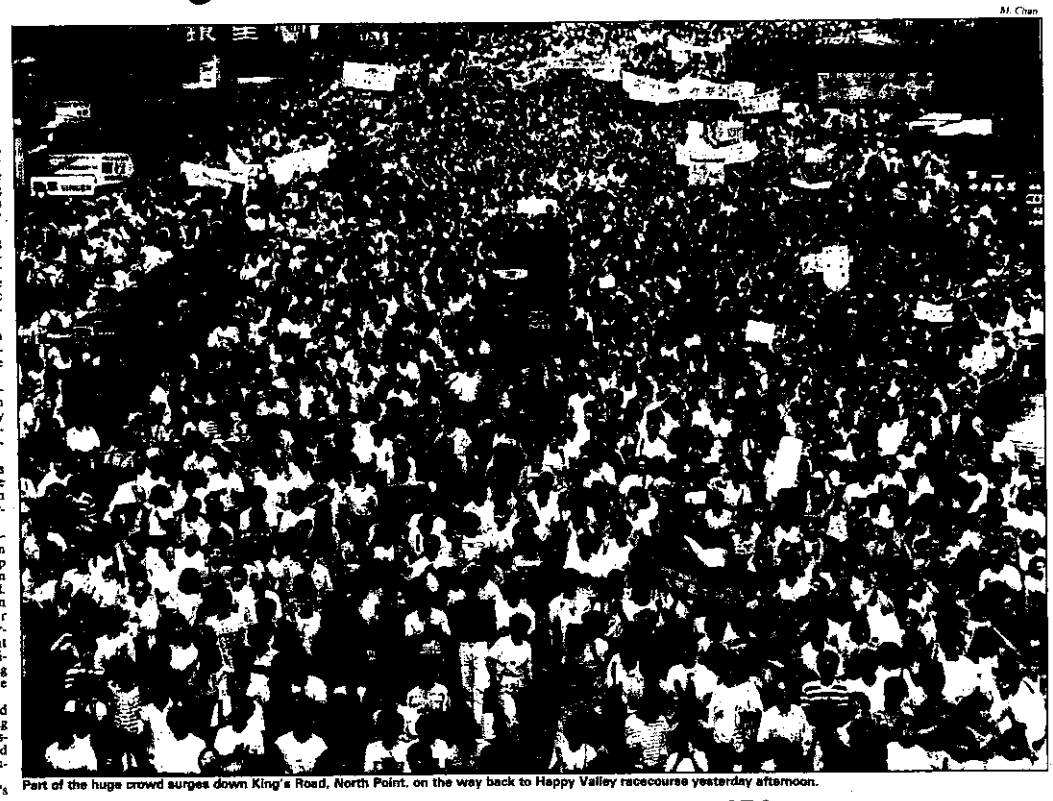
**WEATHER**

Mainly cloudy.
Max temp
29 degrees.
See Page 6.

M. Chan



Part of the huge crowd surges down King's Road, North Point, on the way back to Happy Valley racecourse yesterday afternoon.

## The square prepares for military move

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINA'S martial law authorities warned yesterday the army must restore order in Beijing and diplomats said they believed troops would take action in the capital within hours.

A statement from the Martial Law Enforcement Headquarters said troops had been "somewhat blocked" from enforcing martial law declared on Saturday.

"The troops imposing martial law must firmly carry out orders of the Government and they have the duty to adopt very effective measures to put an end to the situation," the statement broadcast on radio, television and by the official New China News Agency said.

But an immediate invasion of Tiananmen Square, the heart of mass pro-democracy demonstrations that have intensified over the past eight days, was less likely, they believed.

The People's Liberation Army (PLA) command's statement stressed that the troops were not being sent against the "patriotic students" but against criminal elements in the city.

About 100,000 student hunger strikers, workers and residents occupying Tiananmen Square and surrounding streets in violation of martial law yesterday rejected a reported ultimatum by Prime Minister Li Peng to leave by dawn or face a military attack.

However, state-run television and radio, quoting a Beijing Municipal Government spokesman, denied that any such ultimatum had been issued.

"After checking with the authorities concerned these are rumours started by people with evil intentions with the aim of creating chaos," the spokesman was quoted as saying.

Mr Nie Rongzhen, a 90-year-old former marshal of the PLA, was also quoted as denying the rumours.

Students yesterday handed out cotton surgical face masks in preparation for an expected tear-gas attack from military helicopters which had circled overhead.

The student loudspeaker announced that their union rejected any ultimatum to leave and called on the protesters to remain calm and restrained.

"We call on all of you to come stand with us," a student said after the announcement.

"The students are very weak and they need the people of Beijing to help them."

Tensions rose sharply among students in the square last night as a report circulated saying Mr Li had ordered the plaza cleared by 5 am (4 am Hongkong time).

A three-point statement attributed to Mr Li was read out on the public address system put up by the students.

It said:

- The students must leave the Square.
- The city cleaners will move in at 5 am to clean up.
- Beijing prisons have been cleared to receive any students remaining on the square after 5 am.

Troops occupied major state-run news organisations and sealed off Beijing by setting up roadblocks.

Convoys of lorries and vans carrying troops stood on roads into the capital for a second day surrounded by thousands of students, workers and peasants blocking their way by sitting in highways and erecting barricades of buses.

The troops made no attempt to break through, although 40 students were reported to have been injured in a clash with a group of People's Armed Police who got off their bus to try to clear a way through the crowd.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

## Democrats urge Cha to repudiate model

By VIOLA LEE and JOHN TANG

CONTROVERSIAL publisher Louis Cha, advocate of a conservative democratic model for Hongkong after 1997, has resigned from both the Basic Law Drafting and Consultative Committees as the crisis in Beijing remained unresolved.

Mr Cha, owner of the *Ming Pao* newspaper, notified the local branch of the New China News Agency of his decision to quit both the Basic Law bodies but gave no reason.

Mr Cha's resignation was viewed with reservation by fellow drafter Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming, who said Mr Cha should have repudiated his conservative post-1997 political model before resigning.

Mr Cha had proposed to postpone introducing universal suffrage for selecting the future chief executive and the legislature for 15 years after the 1997 changeover.

Mr Lee said: "Bearing in mind that he had been until recently one of the BLDC special group co-convenors on political structure, he could see that his proposal had been attacked widely in Hongkong.

"Just by resigning from the BLDC and BLCC without doing more is not a fair thing to do, because at least he should have tried to do something about the political model," Mr Lee said.

He said Mr Cha should have expressed regret for putting forward the conservative model.

Mr Lee said he could play a more positive role in striving for greater democracy for Hongkong by remaining on the Beijing-appointed BLDC.

Fellow liberal drafter, Mr Szeto Wah, took a similar line.

Meanwhile, Mr Ho Sai-chu, a Hongkong delegate to the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, said he would consider resigning if China resorted to a military crackdown.

"I will try to make use of all possible channels to influence China against causing bloodshed and harming lives," he said.

"Should that fail, there is no point for me to remain as a member. I shall then resign."

He urged Chinese Communist Party secretary-general Zhao Ziyang not to resign.

Mr Ho said China's crisis could be resolved if Mr Zhao was invited to come out and appeal to the students to end their month-old protests.

Another CPPCC delegate, Mrs Peggy Pei Lam, said: "I do not rule out resigning as a protest against violent suppression."

Mrs Lam said she would fail to discharge her duty if the clear local voice against violence was unheeded.

However, Basic Law drafter and liberal legislator Mr Szeto Wah said he certainly would continue his fight for democracy within the BLDC.

Another drafter, Miss Liu Yu-chu, who is also a NPC deputy, said: "I will use the last drop of my energy to do the utmost."

CPPCC member, Mr Ng Tor-tai, said it was irresponsible to resign when China was facing a crisis.

Mr Ng offered to go to Beijing to represent Hongkong CPPCC members as a go-between to negotiate between the Chinese Government and the students.

Mr Wong Po-yan, a BLDC member, said the idea of resigning had occurred to him when he heard that curfew was imposed in Beijing.

But he later decided against the idea, saying: "It will be better to have somebody working for the benefit of Hongkong than taking a passive attitude by resigning," he said.

He said he would use proper channels to express his dissatisfaction with the Chinese Government for using the army to suppress the student movement.

Mr Wong said he found it unnecessary for Mr Cha to resign, or for the Beijing students to carry on with their hunger strike.

## Bond pays dividend

ALAN Bond's Hongkong firm, Bond Corporation International Limited, (BCIL) will pay a special dividend to shareholders from the $1 billion profits it will make from the sale of its flagship building, the Bond Centre, it was announced yesterday.

The company is also planning to put some of the money back into Hongkong property. Directors of the company will meet to set the level of the dividend on Thursday.

There have been widespread fears that BCIL would use the money to buy an asset from its cash-starved Australian parent company, Bond Corp Holdings, and local investors threatened to sue BCIL if it did so.

●See Business Post

## Soviets expel 11 Britons in 'mirror' spy row retaliation

MOSCOW: Eleven Britons have been ordered to leave the Soviet Union as a fresh espionage row erupted over the weekend, dealing a sudden blow to relations which Britain said had been flourishing.

The British ambassador in Moscow, Sir Rodric Braithwaite, said the Soviet Union was expelling eight British diplomats and three journalists in a "mirror image" of a previously unannounced move by the Foreign Office on Friday.

He named the three British journalists, whom he had informed earlier yesterday, on Sunday as Angus Roxburgh of the Sunday Times, Ian Glover-James of Independent Television News and Jeremy Harris of the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC).

A further three diplomats, who had already left the country, have been declared persona non grata.

In London, a Foreign Office spokesman confirmed that eight Soviet diplomats and three journalists had been ordered out and that three other Soviet officials currently out of the country would not be allowed back.

"This is particularly regrettable at a moment when Anglo-Soviet relations were better than at any time in the past," the spokesman said.

He added that the Soviet officials had been involved in "activities incompatible with their status" – diplomatic parlance for spying.

The Foreign Office spokesman refused to say if Britain was considering retaliatory expulsions on this occasion.

"Let's take this one stage at a time," he said.

In the past, Moscow usually responded to expulsions of its officials by ordering out a lower number of officials from the country in question. But under Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, its policy has been to reciprocate man for man.

If there were any further expulsions from London, Moscow would be almost certain to respond in kind.

Sir Rodric said the Soviet move was without "objective justification" but suggested Britain was anxious to avoid a major row.

Reuter

## Five buried in mudslide

A COUPLE were killed and a man is missing after they were buried under tonnes of mud in a landslide at Lion Rock yesterday.

The slide, caused by heavy rain from Typhoon Brenda, struck three huts in the Yan Yi squatter area in Tse Wan Shan – burying at least five people.

However, firemen managed to rescue two of those entombed under the rocks and mud.

●Report: Page 5

## The runaways

IN the first three months of this year, a total of 1,612 people were reported missing – more than half of them children under 16 and many not even in their teens. A special report on Pages 10 and 11 today looks at the growing problem.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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

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# Beijing readies for the crunch

## Masses keep soldiers out of city

BEIJING: Chinese martial-law authorities warned yesterday that the army must restore order in Beijing and diplomats said they believed troops would take action in the capital within hours.

A statement from the Martial Law Enforcement Headquarters said troops had been "somewhat blocked" from enforcing martial law declared on Saturday.

"The troops imposing martial law must firmly carry out orders of the government and they have the duty to adopt very effective measures to put an end to the situation," the statement broadcast on radio and television and by the official Xinhua News Agency said.

Among the hundreds of thousands of students still in and around Tiananmen Square there was a feeling of growing fear as belief grew that authorities had reached the end of their patience and were prepared to come down hard on the protesters.

The student radio had broadcast a three-point statement attributed to Premier Li Peng that the students must quit the square by 5am, that cleaners would be sent in to sweep the plaza clean at that hour and space had been cleared in Beijing's prisons for 200,000 people.

Witnesses said the atmosphere was approaching panic. A few scuffles broke out between students and student marshals trying to maintain order. The loudspeaker system squawked with a stream of announcements.

"They're panicking," a Chinese observer said. "They're broadcasting every rumour across the square. They should calm down a bit. I don't think the army is going to come in."

One visibly distraught student activist said: "We don't want to use violence but if the tanks come we may have to defend ourselves with our fists."

In open defiance of martial law, Beijing residents continued to block major intersections around the capital during the day.

"We're here to thrust the army back to the outskirts of the city, if they dare to come at all," said a factory worker in his 30s at a roadblock in northeastern Beijing.

Martial law was imposed on Beijing on Saturday after millions of people in the capital and other cities staged the biggest protests since the beginning of communist rule in 1949.

Despite the order, more than 200,000 demonstrators remained in occupation of the 40-hectare square yesterday.

On the Third Ring Road encircling the capital, citizens said they broke into a bus depot nearby and pushed seven large empty buses up the road into barricade position.

Two hundred workers gathered in the centre of a ring formed by the buses, and trucks driven in by sympathetic drivers.

INSIDE:

■ More troops move into the capital: **Page 6 ▶**

■ Support sent from around the globe: **Page 7 ▶**

■ Shanghai on the march: **Page 8 ▶**

They said they would confront the army directly if it tried to break through their lines.

"We're not afraid of the army's guns," said a middle-aged housewife.

"There are so many of us supporting the students."

Witnesses reported similar scenes throughout the city, with thousands of people gathering at intersections closer to Tiananmen Square.

The people manning the roadblocks swarmed over any car trying to drive through the lines, questioning the driver and checking identification.

Demonstrators dragged concrete blocks into the middle of the Avenue of Eternal Peace, Beijing's main thoroughfare, to block all but bicycle traffic from the broad street leading to the square.

The protesters screamed "You can't do that" when cars tried to drive through.

Even the ambulances that have been steadily carrying to hospital hunger-striking students at the centre of the protests had to drive up onto the pavement to pass through, witnesses said.

"The state of anarchy in Beijing in the last few days has been getting ever more serious," said a spokesman for the Beijing municipal government.

"The situation has seriously affected people of the whole city in their work, production, study and life order."

He said troops would go to the city's campuses, but said there was no plan to control the universities.

Rumours swept from one end of Tiananmen Square to the other throughout the day, some saying troops would launch an assault by air, others that they would come through the city's underground railway system.

The commitment of Mr Li's troops to their task seemed in doubt from the very beginning of the vast military operation when thousands became swiftly mired in the masses on Friday night.

Students at the forefront of the nationwide pro-democracy movement climbed over army trucks, making political speeches, giving soldiers tea and cigarettes and appealing for unity.

China Central television said last night that seven students had visited the home of Marshal Xu Xiangqian and had been told troops were "absolutely unwilling" to have blood on their hands over the protest. —Agencies

EDDIE JIM

■ Marchers in Hongkong's biggest-ever protest raise their fists in defiant support of Beijing students.

## No blood will be spilled, Deng pledges

By Tammy Tam in Beijing

CHINA'S paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, promised yesterday to avoid bloodshed in Beijing.

Sources told *The Hongkong Standard* that Mr Deng, who had been visiting military area commands to lobby support for a crackdown, had been persuaded to take a softer stand after two veteran marshals voiced opposition.

At the same time, party General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang, was making an 11th hour bid to keep his power, sources said.

Marshals Nie Rongzhing and Xu Xiangqian, reportedly made an urgent long distance call to Mr Deng in Wuhan, immediately after Premier Mr Li Peng signed the martial law order.

Both respectable military leaders and old friends of Mr Deng, the two marshals appealed to him not to use force against the students.

Marshal Nie, who has close relations with late former party chief, Mr Hu Yaobang, had warned Mr Deng that a crackdown on the students would badly ruin his reputation.

Marshal Xu, according to sources, said: "Whoever opens fire at the students, he will be fired at too."

"In reply to their phone calls, Mr Deng said bloodshed should be avoided," the source said.

Analysts said Mr Deng's remark only indicated he would try to avoid bloodshed, but it did not mean martial law would be lifted or troops would be withdrawn.

"Mr Deng left for Wuhan on Saturday to convene a meeting of major leaders of seven military area commands to discuss the current situation and to seek a united opinion from the army," the source said.

As the Chairman of the party Central Military Commission, Mr Deng has the power to order army commanders and deploy forces.

"Commanders of the Guangzhou and Lanzhou military area commands have written letters to Mr Deng, showing their unwillingness to suppress the students," sources said.

But there had been a split of opinion on how to handle the student movement within the military, it is believed.

The Beijing Military Area Command, the 38th Army division and 27th Army division have reportedly refused to use force against the students.

Madame Deng Yingchao, widow of late premier Zhou Enlai and stepmother of Mr Li, also reportedly criticised the imposition of martial law and deployment of troops.

Sources said more than 100 high-ranking officials with more than 40 to 50 years of party membership at ministerial level yesterday wrote an urgent letter to the Politburo Standing Committee calling the government to recognise the students as patriotic.

The dramatic escalation of anti-government sentiment after Mr Li made his notorious speech against the students on Friday night gave Mr Zhao the golden chance to strike back, analysts said.

"Mr Li believed that taking an immediate and tough stand on the students would please Mr Deng, but that led to people's increasing discontent which in turn gave Mr Zhao the last chance," said a source.

Mr Zhao was reported to be considering using his trump card to win the power struggle by calling an emergency Central Committee meeting to discuss the situation.

Sources said Mr Zhao offered his resignation last Thursday under pressure from the hardliners who disagreed with is taking a conciliatory line in dealing with the students.

His resignation was accepted by Mr Deng but was withheld for fear of further worsening the situation.

# Million march in HK protest

ABOUT one million people yesterday marched through Hongkong's streets to protest against the Chinese Government's crackdown on the students' democratic movement.

The high turn-out surprised police and overjoyed rally organisers – it was by far the largest crowd ever assembled in the territory.

The march began at 2 pm at Chater Garden and wound like a giant snake to the Happy Valley Racecourse where a rally was held.

When the rally ended at 10.30 pm several thousand people, caught up by the emotion of the occasion and the clear sense that they were making history, gathered at the local branch of the Xinhua news agency to further push their cause.

The marchers came from all walks of life: students mingled with workers; teachers marched alongside the elderly; priests mixed with pop-stars; parents took their children.

For most of them it was the first time that they had ever attended a political rally.

They were attracted to the march by press advertisements; radio broadcasts and the urgings of fellow demonstrators.

The further the procession went the larger it grew. Builders climbed down from their scaffolding to join the march, clerks left their offices, shoppers fled department stores.

Wearing headbands and carrying home-made banners the marchers loudy chanted slogans, the most popular of which was: "Down with Li Peng! Li Peng step down!"

They also shouted "Long live democracy!" and "Patriotism is not a sin!"

Although ostensibly in support of the students the march also underlined other concerns.

The marchers were worried about what would happen if China lets the political situation deteriorate. Many of them had experienced the chaos of the Cultural Revolution. None wanted it repeated.

Despite their fears, the marchers were high-spirited. Rubbing shoulders with so many like-minded people seemed to give them confidence the future could be changed for the better.

The large crowd began to assemble at Chater Garden at noon, two hours in advance.

They were treated to speeches by students but began to grow restless and at 1 pm the first chants began.

"Down with Li Peng, down with Li Peng." The sound echoed around the city.

One speaker, encouraged by the feeling of restlessness, urged the crowd to withdraw all deposits in Chinese banks. This would weaken the Chinese bureaucrats and stop them persecuting the students, he said.

At 2.15 pm, led by organisers in a lorry, the crowd began to march along Chater Road and turned into Murray Road, heading eastward to the Xinhua office.

Initially, they were kept in order by volunteers who lined up, hand-in-hand, along the sides of the road.

But any semblance of order was lost as the crowd swelled. Hundreds of people trying to join the march at Central MTR station found they could not even leave their trains.

Rally organisers were overtaken by the marchers. They were forced to ask the police for help to hail a taxi to take them to Causeway Bay to regain the head of the procession.

The marchers followed the tramway through Admiralty, Wan Chai, Causeway Bay, and North Point before heading towards the racecourse.

Police, caught unawares by the tremendous scale of the march, could not stop traffic snarls on Hennessy Road and King's Road.

At the racecourse the public stand was packed to capacity within a short period of time, latecomers were then directed on to the sand track and the football pitches in front of the stand.

The crowds sang and shouted slogans, led by organisers.

Legislative Councillor and Basic Law drafter Mr Martin Lee was the first to speak.

"Who will ever label Hongkong people as apathetic apart from making money and horse-racing?" he asked.

"Hongkong people are coming out from silence to fight for democracy. They can no longer put up with the crackdown by the Chinese authorities on the student democratic movement."

The pro-Beijing Federation of Trade Unions also took part organising the rally, which was originated by people from the liberal camp.

"The recent move of the Beijing government has really hurt its people deep in the heart," federation director Mr Cheng Yiu-tong said in his speech.

Mr Cheng said the student democratic movement in Beijing was a patriotic act.

Echoing Mr Cheng's views was a group of eight officials and workers from the local branch of the Xinhua News Agency.

They said they supported the movement in Beijing despite the denouncement by the Chinese government and were strongly against the use of force to clear the students from Tiananmen Square and the blackout of news coverage in the Chinese capital.

INSIDE:

■ Pro-Beijing papers condemn Li; Hopes still flying high; Religious groups in prayer: **Page 5 ▶**

## Investors set to act quickly

HONGKONG'S financial community is set to react swiftly to the weekend's events in China with most stockbrokers expecting share prices to plunge when the Stock Exchange opens for business today.

Last Friday the Hang Seng Index shed four percent in reaction to the worsening situation and that was before the imposition of martial law and a blackout on news.

Sell instructions from foreign investors will lead the way this morning as institutions pull their money out. Potential buyers are unlikely to take bargains, preferring instead to wait.

Brokers said yesterday's demonstration in Hongkong would have further eroded overseas confidence in the local bourse.

In the longer term, the trend for Hongkong firms to redomicile is likely to accelerate.

■ Details: Business Page 1

## Drafter Cha quits key positions

WITH China facing a major political crisis which has spilled over into Hongkong, Mr Louis Cha has resigned from his posts on both the Basic Law drafting and consultative committees.

In a surprise move, Mr Cha – who is a proposer of the controversial "Cha-Cha" political model for the post 1997 Hongkong government – issued a statement early yesterday saying he had resigned from the Standing Committee of China's National People's Congress and a member of the 56-strong BLDC.

At the same time, he also resigned from the Basic Law Consultative Committee and the BLCC's 19-member executive committee.

Mr Cha, chairman of the Ming Pao Group of newspapers and also a co-convenor of the BLDC's political sub-group, did not give reasons and could not be reached for comment yesterday.

He is the first drafter to realign from the committee since its inception more than three years ago.

If his resignation is accepted by the NPC's standing committee, which appoints members of the drafting committee, it will be a big blow for the Chinese authorities.

They will have to find a replacement while local disagreements over the post-1997 political structure in the Basic Law still have to be resolved.

The final round of consultations on the Basic Law is due to end in July and the mini-constitution will be promulgated early next year.

His resignation could shatter the already shaky confidence of Hongkong people about the post-1997 mini-constitution at a critical time with China facing a crisis.

His resignation was submitted to BLDC chairman, Mr Ji Pengfei, and the chairman of the NPC standing committee, Mr Wan Li, who is overseas.

■ Continued Page 4.

# Moscow expels Britons in retaliation

MOSCOW: The Soviet Union ordered eight British diplomats and three journalists expelled for alleged spying activities, the British Foreign Office said yesterday.

The move follows the expulsion of identical numbers of Soviet diplomats and journalists ordered out by the British government on Friday.

Britain denounced the Soviet move as revenge.

"It's a mirror-image act of retaliation," Sir Rodric Braithwaite, Britain's ambassador to Moscow told a news conference hastily called to announce both sets of expulsions.

Mr Roderic Lyne, the embassy's political counsellor, said Sir Rodric was summoned to the Soviet Foreign Ministry on Saturday night and told that 11 British nationals – eight diplomats and three journalists – would have to leave Moscow within 14 days.

The previous day, Soviet ambassador Mr Leonid Zamyatin was called into the British Foreign Office in London and told that 11 Soviets in Britain were engaged in "activities incompatible with their status" and had 14 days to get out, according to the Foreign Office spokesman.

He said Britain had not planned to make public the expulsions, and did so only after the Soviets retaliated in kind.

"It is particulary regrettable at a moment when Anglo-Soviet relations were better than at any time in the past," the spokesman said. He refused to say exactly what the Soviets were accused of doing, but the charge he used of "incompatible activities" is diplomatic jargon for espionage.

Mr Jeremy Harris of the British Broadcasting Corporation, Ian Glover-James of Independent Television News and Angus Roxburgh of the *Sunday Times* of London were given two weeks to leave the Soviet Union, Mr Lyne said.

Mr Roxburgh said he and the other journalists were informed by Sir Rodric yesterday that the Kremlin had ordered them and the eight diplomats to leave "because we had engaged in impermissible activities".

"Needless to say, I find the accusation ludicrous, almost too silly to comment on," he added.

Mr Zamyatin was also told that three former staff members at the Soviet embassy could not come back to Britain, Mr Lyne said.

Asked why the British government had not announced earlier its decision to expel the Soviets, the Foreign Office spokesman said: "We look at these on a case-by-case basis and in this case we decided not to initiate publicity. But obviously once they (the Soviets) retaliated, it just broke." – AP

■ Spy war sours ties: **Britain Today Page 2**

## Good Morning

**Today, Page 2 of *The Hongkong Standard* takes on an informative and entertaining new look.**

**Informative, because it is packed with facts that busy Hongkong people needed to know ... air movements (listed by destination, not, as previously, by airline), useful business numbers, where to find emergency help and make a complaint, and what's good on television.**

**Entertaining, because along with some excellent reading – a daily *Openers* column and news and pictures about people, you'll also find a quick crossword, your fortune in the stars, and Gary Larson's hilarious *Far Side* cartoon.**

**It's all in the new Page 2. Good morning.**

**WEATHER:** 25°C — 29°C. Mainly cloudy.

Details on Page 19

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14927期 （代号1—1）

1989年5月 23 星期二 己巳年四月十九

北京地区天气预报
白天 多云间晴 风向 偏北 风力 二三级 阳四强
夜间 多云转晴 风向 偏北 风力 一二级
温度 最高 28℃ 最低 15℃

人民日报社出版


万里在多伦多对华侨和华人说

## 要坚决保护广大青年爱国热情 也要坚定维护社会秩序的稳定

**新华社多伦多5月21日电** （记者徐林兴）正在加拿大访问的万里委员长今天在这里表示："我们要坚决地保护广大青年的爱国热情，同时也要坚定地维护社会秩序的稳定。"

万里委员长是在多伦多华人社团为他举行的晚宴上谈到中国学生的游行示威活动时作出上述表示的。

万里说，中国学生的爱国热情是可贵的，他们希望促进民主和整治腐败，是同政府的主张和努力目标相一致的。

他接着强调说："这些问题应该在民主与法制的轨道上解决，应该用符合理性和秩序的办法来解决。"

万里表示相信，中国政府"能够以冷静、理智和克制的态度，克服困难，妥善地解决问题"。

万里的上述表示受到出席宴会的500多名华人和华侨的热烈欢迎。

**新华社多伦多5月21日电** （记者徐林兴）正在加拿大访问的万里委员长今天在谈到和平统一祖国问题时说，近年来，台湾海峡两岸的关系发生了显著的变化，长期紧张对峙和相互隔绝的不正常状态已有了初步的改变，两岸的经济和文化交流以及人员来往正在日益增多。

万里希望台湾当局尽快放弃不合情理的"不接触、不谈判、不妥协"政策，双方直接进行"通商、通邮、通航"。

他还表示相信，在两岸同胞的共同努力下，大陆和台湾的关系必将更加深入地发展，祖国统一大业一定能够实现。

## 万里抵华盛顿开始访美

**据新华社华盛顿五月二十二日电** （记者魏国强）中国人大常委会委员长万里今天上午抵达美国首都华盛顿，开始对美国进行正式友好访问。

万里将在华盛顿逗留五天，会见美国总统布什、副总统奎尔、国务卿贝克、国防部长切尼、参众两院领导人及部分国会议员。此后，他将前往纽约等地参观访问。

万里是在国情结束对加拿大的十天访问后抵达这里的。

南京沈阳成都广州军区和国防科工委党委常委表示

## 坚决拥护党中央国务院重大决策

### 一些省、自治区、直辖市党委政府致电中央

**新华社北京5月22日电** 连日来，南京、沈阳、成都、广州军区和国防科工委党委常委学习李鹏、杨尚昆在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院的重大决策，以实际行动维护国家安定团结的局面。

南京军区党委常委在学习李鹏、杨尚昆讲话时认为，这是一场关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃的政治斗争。党中央、国务院采取果断措施制止动乱，非常必要，完全正确。常委一致表示，一定要坚定地站在党和人民的立场上，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱。坚定不移地维护党中央、国务院的领导权威，一切行动听从党中央、中央军委的指挥。积极为制止动乱、稳定局势做出贡献。南京军区还召开驻宁机关、部队党员干部大会，要求大家带头用党中央精神统一思想，带头肩负起宪法赋予军队保卫祖国、保卫人民和平劳动的光荣任务和重大责任。严格部队管理，严格组织纪律，确保机关、部队高度稳定和集中统一。做到一声令下，不折不扣地完成任务。

沈阳军区党委常委在学习李鹏和杨尚昆的讲话时说，北京局势如何，牵动着全国人民，引起世界关注。中央做出实行戒严的决策，是适时的，正确的，是形势的需要。党中央、国务院要军队执行戒严任务，担负维护首都正常秩序，是宪法赋予的职责，是从根本上维护人民利益。我们坚决服从党中央、中央军委的命令，听从指挥，通过扎扎实实的工作让中央放心。

成都军区党委常委在学习讨论中结合实际，研究制定了贯彻执行的具体意见。常委们认为，中央关于北京实行戒严的决定非常及时、非常关明，完全必要。他们说，现在党中央在关系到党和国家民族前途命运的关键时刻，要我们军队发挥应有的作用，我们一定要坚决同党中央保持一致，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱。

广州军区今天召开军区机关干部大会，号召全区部队动员起来，团结一致，为制止动乱和稳定局势作出贡献。军区党委要求全区部队要充分认识这场政治斗争的严重性和中央采取果断措施的重要意义；要明确军队在制止这场动乱中的重大责任；要加强管理，严格组织纪律；要及时掌握部队的思想动态，积极主动地做好思想教育工作。

国防科工委党委常委认真学习讨论李鹏、杨尚昆在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院作出的制止动乱的英明决策，并向所属部队发出通知，要求各基地、院校、研究所等积极引导广大干部战士深刻认识这场动乱的严重性和复杂性，把思想认识真正统一到中央精神上来，旗帜鲜明地反对和制止动乱。各级领导干部要坚守岗位。加强对机关和部队的管理，不辜负中央对军队的期望。

**新华社北京5月22日电** 一些省、自治区、直辖市党委、政府致电党中央、国务院，表示坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，并表示坚决支持党中央、国务院为稳定首都局势而采取的措施。

### 天津市

天津市全市广大党员干部职工，收听收看李鹏同志在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，普遍认为李鹏同志讲话完全表达了亿万人民的心愿。大家表示，坚决拥护李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的讲话，坚决拥护党中央、国务院为平息动乱采取的重大决策。

一、认为李鹏同志的讲话旗帜鲜明，对稳定局面，反对动乱起到了重要的指导作用。讲话充分表明党中央、国务院是有力量驾驭局势的，中国是有希望的。

（下转第二版）

## 苏共中央政治局召开会议 赞同戈尔巴乔夫访华结果

**新华社莫斯科5月21日电** 苏共中央政治局20日开会，赞同苏共中央总书记、苏联最高苏维埃主席团主席戈尔巴乔夫对中国进行正式访问所取得的结果。

据塔斯社21日报道，政治局称为满意地指出，苏中高级会晤具有划时代意义，开辟了苏中关系的新阶段。

政治局指出，此次中苏国和两党关系新基础达成一致意见是这次会晤的重要成果，新基础反映了双方相互尊重主权、独立自主、考虑双方利益和全力发展两个平等伙伴和友好邻邦的合作。政治局表示相信，苏中关系正常化不仅对苏中关系，而且对亚太地区和世界形势会产生有利的影响。

## 北京戒严第三天

**本报北京5月23日晚晨讯** 在度过紧张不安的又一夜后，首都迎来了国务院下达戒严令的第三天，北京市内秩序基本恢复到三天前的状态。执行戒严任务的一些受阻解放军部队仍在原地待命，也有一些部队向后移动了。

记者昨天中午时分看到，东西长安街、天安门广场周围以及城区的一些主要街道，商店照常营业，道路交通顺畅，但大部分公共电汽车和地铁依然没有恢复运营，上下班的职工感到不便。

在天安门广场和新华门前，尽管高校师生仍在静坐请愿，但围观群众已比前几日减少。

一些大学生配合环卫工人清除广场和街道上的垃圾，喷洒消毒药水，以防传染病流传。

天安门前仍有断断续续的游行队伍。22日下午打着"首都知识界、教育界、文艺界、新闻界"横幅的队伍引人注目。

入夜，各主要路口的路障虽明显减少，一群群的市民仍在守候着……

## 中央电视台记者现场采访录

**据中央电视台五月二十二日晚间新闻：**

▲街头一位指挥行车的妇女对记者说，作为一个普通公民，我们能够自己管理自己，自己完全能够维持好秩序。

▲一位男子说，过去街上车一碰着，车就要吵架，现在都互相理解，招招手就走了。

▲一位五十来岁的男子说，我是外地出差来京的，从打戒严令发布之前，我就观察，街头交通秩序是好的，虽然人多，但秩序非常好，因为有学生在帮助警察维持秩序。

▲记者问一位售货员，"现在副食品供应还畅通吧？"

▲售货员："对，挺畅通的，而且也没有什么抢购的。"

**中央电视台五月二十二日消息：** 昨天晚上，北京街头流传着部队要镇压学生的说法，几十万市民涌向街头，涌向广场。这种谣传与五月二十日发布的戒严令有关。为此，今天凌晨本台记者采访了前来北京执行戒严任务的某部官兵。

**记者：** 聂帅和徐帅的讲话，澄清了天安门广场上的一些事实，您能不能对此发表一下看法。

**某部上校甲：** 聂帅和徐帅讲话的新闻我们没有看到。

**记者：** 那您能不能说一说您的部队现在在什么地方，为什么没有进入天安门广场呢。

**上校甲：** 我们部队是在石景山，没有进到天安门广场。我们受到了人民群众的阻拦，没有办法前进。上级让我们原地待命。

**记者：** 如果发生部队与学生的冲突，你们会不会象徐帅和聂帅说的那样，避免和学生发生冲突？

**上校甲：** 完全可以，并且我们现在也正是这样做的。我们来到之后，看到大学生比较理智，和我们想的一样避免发生冲突。我们来到以后，也是按照军委的要求维护社会秩序，但人民群众不了解我们，尤其是昨天上午很多人说了一些不友好的话。我们教育部队对于这些不要理睬，尽量避免发生冲突。在这一方面，大学生也协助我们做了许多工作。到目前为止，我们的部队没有与大学生和人民群众发生一次冲突。

我们的战士昨天一天在车上，太阳晒，吃不上饭，但是他们都严守纪律。今天（上级）让我们撤回去，但是出于种种原因，没有撤回。我们的战士没有带锅子，再加也没有，现在都躺在地下。刚才我看了看，也非常心疼。我告诉我们的干部，四点之后，天气放了，也很潮，要把战士叫醒，起来坐一坐，再回到车上。

**上校乙：** 我们到了这里之后，今天首钢为我们解决了食物和饮水问题，他们送来了面包、馒头、稀粥和咸菜。

**记者：** 现在部队进城的可能性还有吗？

**上校甲：** 刚才我上前边看了一看，阻挡的人民群众还比较多，处于这样的情况，我们也非常难办。上级让我们往后撤。但是撤也没能撤出去。

**记者：** 您接到命令的时候，说明了北京市是什么情况吗？

**上校甲：** 当时，对我们说是到北京来执勤，维护首都治安。

**记者：** 战前动员，对指战员们讲了些什么？

**上校甲：** 讲得很清楚，我们说按照上级的要求，来到北京执勤，应该热爱北京市人民，热爱大学生，我们对部队进行了教育。我们的战士表现得是很好的。我们吃不上饭，喝不上水，睡不了觉都没事，只是受不了这个气。我们的战士没有违反纪律的。

## 邓颖超致首都同学市民的信

亲爱的同学们、市民们：

几天来，我不断接到各方面的来电、来信和电话，他们向我反映北京市出现的情况和他们的心愿。我也对北京近一个月来出现的局面极为关切、极为焦虑。我想大家谁也不愿意这种局面再继续下去了。大家都希望安定团结。这几天，社会上的谣言很多，对我的谣传也不少，我希望大家不要相信。

我作为一名老共产党员，从来对孩子们是有深厚感情的，希望孩子们长大为祖国、为人民做贡献，成为爱祖国、爱人民、建设祖国的有用人才。

我作为一名北京的市民和大家一样有责任自觉维护首都的安定和荣誉。

亲爱的同学们、市民们，我恳切希望你们要相信党，相信人民政府，相信人民解放军。这次解放军奉命进驻北京是为了维护首都的社会秩序，保证大家有一个正常的工作、学习和生活环境。我希望广大同学和市民给予大力支持。

希望广大同学尽快返回学校，恢复正常的学校生活。

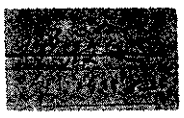
我相信，你们一定会以高度的爱国心和责任感，帮助党和政府以及人民解放军顺利完成恢复首都正常秩序的任务。

我衷心地感谢日夜坚守工作岗位、为维护首都秩序、为保证同学们和市民们的安全、健康做出贡献的广大医务人员、公安干警、武警和人民解放军指战员，以及各条战线的同志们！

谢谢大家。

祝同学们和市民们身体健康！

（新华社北京5月22日电）



## 北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部 关于尽快恢复首都正常秩序的通告

**新华社北京5月22日电** 北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部关于尽快恢复首都正常秩序的通告

目前，首都生产、生活秩序处于相当严重的混乱状态。许多地方交通受阻，公共交通尚未恢复，一些单位的生产、工作难以进行，学校的教学没有转入正常，市区环境卫生状况令人担忧，极少数不明身份的人乘机制造事端，扰乱社会治安。他们拦阻、抢劫车辆，扭打军人，非法设立哨卡、对行人搜身，检查身份证。更有一伙麻托车队，在街道上横冲直撞，严重地危及了市民的人身安全。这些，已经引起首都广大人民群众极大的不安和忧虑，迫切希望尽快恢复正常秩序。为此，北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部就有关事项通告如下：

一、现在社会上有不少谣言，是极少数别有用心的人故意制造的，企图搞乱人心，激化矛盾。这是不能允许的。广大人民群众要明辨是非，谨防上当。

二、最近涌入北京市的外地人员明显增多，不仅吃住问题难以解决，而且给首都恢复正常秩序增加了很大困难。希望这些人员尽快离开北京，返回原单位。各有关方面要积极做好工作。

三、各机关、团体、工厂、学校、商店和企事业单位的工作人员，要坚守岗位，坚持生产，做好工作。所有学校都应坚持正常教学。

四、举命执行北京市部分地区戒严任务的部队，要认真履行自己的职责。各有关方面和人民群众要积极配合，尽力支援。

五、交通警察应坚守岗位，尽职尽责。其他人员不得擅自设岗设卡，扰乱交通指挥。当前有些人拦阻车辆，强行检查，设置障碍，必须立即停止。

北京市人民政府
戒严部队指挥部
1989年5月22日

五月二十一日，一队满载士兵的军车在北京六里桥受到拦截，当地群众为战士们送水送饭，一名儿童跑上车厢，把冰镇过解放军叔叔喝。

新华社记者 王继刚摄

## 全总发言人发表谈话 所谓号召举行全国总罢工纯属造谣

**本报讯** 近日，一些地方谣传"全国总工会号召举行全国总罢工"。中华全国总工会发言人5月22日说，这纯属别有用心的造谣。

发言人郑重指出，全国总工会最近一再强调，广大职工应当坚守岗位，搞好生产和工作，维护安定团结的局面，使改革开放和现代化建设能在稳定的社会环境中进行。全总再次重申和强调这个一贯态度。

## 北京城区昨天气氛趋于缓和

### 戒严部队仍在城郊附近军民相互热情恳谈

### 天安门广场人数有所减少学生仍在静坐外地学生开始返回

**新华社北京5月22日电** 在国务院关于北京地区实行戒严的命令下达的第三天，北京城区的气氛趋于缓和，多数市民表现沉着。

执行戒严任务的解放军部队，今天仍在北京城郊附近。一些大学生和市民向解放军官兵送食品和饮料，相互热情恳谈。气氛融洽。戒严部队普遍进行了"热爱北京城，热爱北京人民，热爱青年学生"的教育。一些解放军官兵向学生和市民表示，人民军队爱人民。

今天，整个天安门广场比较平静。广场上的人数有所减少，学生仍在静坐。广场的卫生状况不佳。一些大学生协助环卫工人清除垃圾，喷洒消毒药水，防止传染病流行。

下午，有人上街游行，但人数比前几天要少得多。

据了解，北京东城、西城、海淀、崇文、宣武五个城近郊区已组成7万多人的"首都群众维护秩序工作队"，并于今日下午分赴一些地段清理路障，疏导交通，维持秩序。据北京市公共交通总公司负责人介绍，全市172条公共电汽车线路中，已有88条全程或区段恢复行驶，其他线路和地铁仍未开通，多处交通岗前来由交通民警指挥。

北京的商业职工坚持上班，店铺照常营业，市民生活秩序大体正常，各大影剧院的文娱活动照常进行。

据北京火车站负责人介绍，从外地乘火车来京的学生明显减少，前几天来京的外地学生已开始陆续返回。

## 就执行国务院有关戒严令问题 公安部发言人答记者问

**本报讯** 公安部新闻发言人五月二十二日就公安机关执行国务院戒严令的有关问题回答了记者的提问。（全文见第二版）

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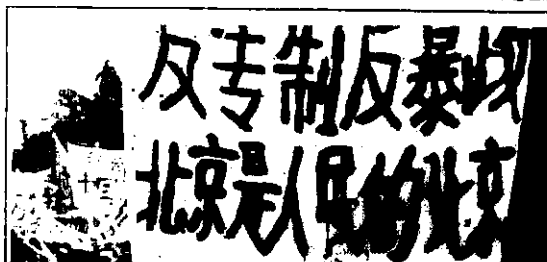
# 豐台發生流血事件 戒嚴部隊傷毀人民市

## 目擊者稱卅餘人受傷 傳傷者最小年僅十歲

### 學生向士兵宣傳學運時起衝突



北京知識分子昨高舉橫幅遊行（本報北京傳真）

【本報北京二十三日凌晨二時專電】部分地區的軍人已不理市民和學生的勸阻，進入市區。今晚豐台路口有三百名軍人以石頭和皮帶打學生和市民，打傷了三十多人。

今晚十時三十分左右，在豐台路分別載有三百名軍人的軍車向公路前進，受到百多名學生和千多名市民勸阻，解釋這次學生運動是愛國民主運動，有些士兵理解，有些則緘默，後來，一名營級幹部首先發號命令，「打！」士兵們便拾起石塊向著手無寸鐵的市民投去，有的即舉起鐵鍬，成千上萬學生一直連到該軍營。

新控制北京城，但戒嚴部隊仍駐在古城（北京西郊）和有數十輛軍車被市民勸阻駐紮。

據學生方面得知，並與學生和工人發生衝突，至少造成四十人受傷。

名學生和市民被打傷。一位學生如此表示：「我作為一名北京的市民和大家一樣，有責任自衛組織首都的安定和榮譽。」

鄧穎超昨離祝：來對孩子們都是有深厚感情的，希望孩子們要相信黨，相信人民政府，我想切希望你們長大為祖國、為人民做貢獻，成為愛祖國、愛人民、愛社會主義的有用人才。」

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【本報北京二十二日電】北京知識界、新聞界、教育界人士，今天下午在天安門廣場，長安街一帶舉行了大遊行。隊伍分東西兩路進入天安門廣場，又循兩路沿長安街進行，老鬼、嚴家其、王若水等著名作家在行列中。

向東行的隊伍長達數千人，西行隊伍也有數千人。

中國社科院各研究所、世界知識等出版單位，和《人民日報》、《科技日報》、《北京晚報》等報社。

隊伍陸續到台基廠大街，在中共北京市委大樓前通過時，適時，陳希同下令開槍，打倒陳希同」等口號。

五月十五日大遊行之後又一次聲勢浩大的遊行。隊伍分東西兩路進入天安門廣場，又循兩路沿長安街進行。老鬼、嚴家其、王若水等著名作家在行列中。

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【本報北京二十二日專電】北京知識界、新聞界、教育界人士，今天下午在天安門廣場，長安街一帶舉行了大遊行。

【本報北京二十一

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

一九八九年五月二十三日　星期二　23　五月

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# 在港人大政協委員聲明 籲中央勿武力鎮壓學運

## 萬里在加談中國學潮 強調保護學生愛國情

### 重申在民主法制軌道上解決問題

【據中新社多倫多二十一日電】正在多倫多訪問的中國全國人大常委會委員長萬里今晚對記者說，要堅決維護廣大青年的愛國熱情，同時也要堅定地維護社會秩序的穩定，根據中國憲法，政府有權採取必要的戒嚴措施，制止動亂，以保障社會秩序的正常進行。

萬里是在多倫多各界華人為他舉行的歡迎宴會上發表這些講話的。

他在談到海外普遍關注的中國學潮和動亂時說，學生的愛國熱情是可貴的，希望促使民主、禁治解放與政府的主張和努力目標是一致的，在動亂中是不可能解決這些問題的。

萬里表示，應該用符合理情和秩序的辦法來解決，在此之前他曾辭「病假」三天，抗議李鵬動用軍隊對付示威學生，這位外交人士說，「趙紫陽還沒有離開領導崗位。」

萬里是在結束對加拿大的訪問，今天起開始對英國進行訪問，這位發言人是在有記者要求讓貴賓里委員長已從國外回到北京的傳統時作上述表示的。

## 路透社有此報道 趙紫陽復出 曾請「病假」抗議調兵

【路透社北京廿二日電】一位外交人士引述一位中國有地位人士的話說，趙紫陽與一已返回他在中南海的辦公室，在此之前他曾辭「病假」三天，抗議李鵬動用軍隊對付示威學生，這位外交人士說，「趙紫陽還沒有離開領導崗位。」

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## 逾40人大常委已簽名 動議開常委特別會議

### 指出李鵬最近一些做法應受彈劾

【本報北京廿二日電】今日繼續有全國人大常委會名要求召開全國人大常委會特別會議，解決目前的問題。至今日止，已有四十多名常委簽名。

除了在京的常委外，組織者並已致電各地的常委，希望他們多與行動。

本報記者按：據了若干參加簽名的人大常委，他們指出，召開人大常委特別會議，一般有兩個途徑，一是由人大常委會委員提出要求。

不過，他們同時指出現時制度上的不合理，原來上述兩個途徑，無論採取哪一種，都有一種不明文的規定，就是必須經過中共中央政治局批准，常委們指出，這個規定實際上是把寫成寫於全國人大之上，有違「全國人大是全國最高權力機關」的精神。

常委們指出，由於權威歷史原因，全國人大的憲法地位沒有獨立性，實和全國人大內的黨組仍然對全國人大的工作有很大的影響，必須改變過來。

他們又說，只要所有的三十名常委簽名，即可正式提出召開常委特別會議的要求。

接受訪問的常委，一般都認為學生們今次學生運動組織得很好，道是很少見的。其作用除了推動民主改革外，也刺激了全國男女老幼關心國事的心，領導人必須遵照潮流，明辨是非，以和為貴了。

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本報記者按：據了若干參加簽名的人大常委，他們指出，召開人大常委特別會議，一般有兩個途徑，一是由人大常委會委員提出要求。

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## 學生協助恢復交通 北京市面秩序正常

### 傳七千外地學生已陸續離京城

【本報北京廿二日電】由於得到多位德高望重的軍隊元老決定出來干預，北京市戒嚴部隊指揮部已決定，從今日下午起，開始撤離內環，進駐西城、海淀、崇文、「豐」台地區，以協助恢復交通秩序。

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今天白天在天安門廣場和新華門，仍有一些高校的師生在靜坐請願，但圍觀的市民已經比前幾天大為減少，據了解，大約七千名外地學生，在京市公共交通運營公司體正常，各大影劇院的文娛活動照常進行。

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【本報武漢二十三日電】昨晚，武漢三鎮並無戒嚴，市面平靜，沒有看見有任何實際的軍人。昨日，武漢市部份學生上街遊行，但秩序井然，沒有發生任何打砸搶事件。

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北京大學生聚在天安門廣場上，迎來了又一個黎明。（美聯社傳真）

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## 萬里在加談中國學潮 強調保護學生愛國情

### 重申在民主法制軌道上解決問題

【據中新社多倫多二十一日電】正在多倫多訪問的中國全國人大常委會委員長萬里今晚對記者說，要堅決維護廣大青年的愛國熱情，同時也要堅定地維護社會秩序的穩定，根據中國憲法，政府有權採取必要的戒嚴措施，制止動亂，以保障社會秩序的正常進行。

萬里是在多倫多各界華人為他舉行的歡迎宴會上發表這些講話的。

他在談到海外普遍關注的中國學潮和動亂時說，學生的愛國熱情是可貴的，希望促使民主、禁治解放與政府的主張和努力目標是一致的，在動亂中是不可能解決這些問題的。

萬里表示，應該用符合理情和秩序的辦法來解決，在此之前他曾辭「病假」三天，抗議李鵬動用軍隊對付示威學生，這位外交人士說，「趙紫陽還沒有離開領導崗位。」

萬里是在結束對加拿大的訪問，今天起開始對英國進行訪問，這位發言人是在有記者要求讓貴賓里委員長已從國外回到北京的傳統時作上述表示的。

## 趙紫陽復出 曾請「病假」抗議調兵

【路透社北京廿二日電】一位外交人士引述一位中國有地位人士的話說，趙紫陽與一已返回他在中南海的辦公室，在此之前他曾辭「病假」三天，抗議李鵬動用軍隊對付示威學生，這位外交人士說，「趙紫陽還沒有離開領導崗位。」

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## 表代校高餘百京 會委常大人函遞 學促人大人會開 免豁兇追動發

【本報北京廿二日電】北京高校聯合會委員王丹今晚在北京大學發表講話說，目前北京市各高校學生大會已經決定，今天下午舉行遊行，要求人大常委會召開特別會議，罷免總理李鵬的職務。

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## 大流血似可避免

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典型病例

1. 林睿桂，女，26歲，門診號：129031，右胸背皮膚發病，伴暴疾皮疹五疹疱疹23天，診斷，帶狀疱疹，經採用複方片仔癀軟膏2天後皮疹發病開始減輕，用藥5天而癒。
2. 柯文基，男，59歲，口唇周緣發病發痒，伴發帶紅斑小水泡3天，診斷單純疱疹，經外擦複方片仔癀軟膏，2天後見效，4天而乾涸治癒。
3. 古學海，男，30歲，門診號：308761，面部部屬平疣2年，無多，經用其他療法無效，用複方片仔癀軟膏4天後少數皮疹開始平滑，共用藥20天而全部疹消失。
4. 楊瑾，女，4歲，面部臘泡瘡2天，經用複方片仔癀軟膏2天後，疹疹乾涸治癒。
5. 何惠娟，女，19歲，門診號：630006，面部痤瘡（暗瘡），3個月無多，經用複方片仔癀軟膏外擦6天後，新關始好轉，共用藥14天，皮疹基本消失。
6. 吳魏，女，22歲，門診號：77967，面部脂性皮炎4個月，給予複方片仔癀軟膏，4天後好轉，共用藥20天疹疹消失。
7. 鄧路曙，女，76歲，門診號：319247，面頰部蕁麻疹4個月，以複方片仔癀軟膏外擦，第6天起現點漸退，共用藥14天面頰蕁麻斑消失。

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# 快報

EXPRESS

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夏曆四月十九日宜栽種畜產
一九八九年五月廿三日・星期二
今天天氣：吹東至東南風，多雲有驟雨
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●京港學運專論（刊第三版）
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●中國各地民運活動傳真（刊第六版）
●世界各地團體聲援活動（刊第七版）
●港股狂瀉・經濟消息（刊第五版）
●其他本港新聞

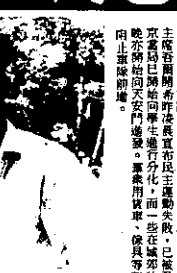

# 數百解放軍城郊動武 狂毆學生至跪地求饒

## 共軍持石頭鋼盔打人 學生堅持握打不還手

### 四十人受傷男童情況危殆

（快報綜合報道）三百多名解放軍昨晚十一時許，在匪安門約二十公里的雙合屯，與約一千名學生及市民相遇，軍隊即不由分說動粗毆打學生，痛毒手段，陀地求饒也退去。另一消息說，軍隊有向天安門靠攏的迹象。當時的學生與市民是聞訊後，乃往該處，要方相遇後，一營級軍官即向軍隊下令攻擊，乃往該處，要用鋼盔及石頭向學生猛打，「打不還手」的原則。軍隊毆傷多人，直至有人跪地求饒始罷休。

（快報綜合報道）北京高校學生自治聯委會主席吾爾開希昨凌晨宣布絕食，其個，相信這仍自覺的表現，他也未得不服兩個的領導才能之下。



自信 只要這位領袖北京高校學生自治聯委會主席吾爾開希事看護吾爾，其個，相信這仍自覺的表現，他也未得不服兩個的領導才能之下。

### 羣衆用貨車傢俬擋路

據悉有三千多人受傷，其中包括一名十二歲男童，他現在被無辜捲入這場暴亂，恐有性命危險。

而仍在天安門靜坐的學生，因爲原北高校自治聯委會主席吾爾開希昨凌晨宣布絕食抗議，北京高校學生自治聯委會已開始向天安門進發。羣衆用貨車、傢具等築設路障，阻止裝甲車開進。

過安家除是奉命起義宣開低一環外的第二輛時警員。軍隊控機命令後，出動裝備AK四七步槍的機動的軍警，開路，分批過過路線前進，但遭到工人羣衆主動。

### 人大簽名求解除戒嚴

天安門廣場昨日就出現一些零星的人向學生表達聲援。內容特多北京高校學生自治聯委會主席吾爾開希，他沒有在廣場上晚的學生，點名要求趙紫陽下台。

據悉，吾爾開希昨凌晨在廣場指揮學生絕食以爭取戒嚴部隊撤離天安門廣場，宣布絕食。

不過，北京的政治形勢，現時出現了外強內弱的形勢，很多西方分析家認爲中共高層權力鬥爭正如火如荼，消息說，人大委員中，有人已收集到五十個簽名，只要有其個三天的絕食，就可要求召開特別會議，以解除戒嚴令。

### 鄧穎超促學生快復課

而戒嚴部昨日凌晨發表聲明後，由於受到輿論的壓力，所以昨日北京市面的形勢外強內弱，政府機構和商店照常開門營業，但市民的反對戒嚴的情緒，已達到頂點。

在廣場內的學生和北京市民，已經在廣場上築起了多重的路障，以防止軍隊的衝擊。

今天早晨是星期二，西方觀察家正密切注視，可以對軍隊開始行動的時間作出較準確的預測。

昨天人民日報頭版的新聞報道，令人感到疾風怒內形勢，在百上角是總理李鵬的報道，但左下角是一篇學運領導人柴玲的報道，標題是「首都各界人民熱烈支持人大常委會的決定」，表示廣大羣衆對戒嚴的反對。

胡耀邦逝世後，北京學生一直悼念胡耀邦，並要求平反胡耀邦的錯誤，但在五月四日，學生的悼念活動，已變成了一場要求民主的運動。

學生的要求，已由悼念胡耀邦，變成要求政府改革，要求政府公開官員的財產，要求新聞自由，要求人大常委會召開特別會議，以解除戒嚴令。

消息說，鄧小平在過去兩星期，曾多次會見軍委的領導人，要求軍隊不要開槍，但軍隊在過過路線前進，遭到學生的阻擋，軍隊開始用槍托打學生，引起學生的憤怒，學生開始還擊，軍隊開始開槍，造成傷亡。

另外，在北京市民之間，有人開始組織糾察隊，維持秩序，防止暴徒搗亂。

新華社發出了七千名省外學生自動離開北京的消息，但在戒嚴部隊來自河北的學生拒絕離開。

均表示出支持學生愛國活動的態度，但會過過全力執行中央軍委的命令，却未能保証，軍隊切實執行這些命令。並強調，軍隊使用武力，以恢復秩序，指出胡耀邦逝世後，北京的局勢，已經不受控制，學生過過全力保護北京市民的安全，並要求高層領導人出來說話，以平息事態。

此外，安排學生的領袖，亦已向學生解釋，由王丹領導的保守派，和以柴玲爲首的激進派，已經在廣場上展開激烈的鬥爭，但王丹的保守派，在學生中仍佔多數。

消息說，現在北京市民，已經在廣場上築起了多重的路障，以防止軍隊的衝擊。

今天早晨是星期二，西方觀察家正密切注視，可以對軍隊開始行動的時間作出較準確的預測。

### 趙紫陽銷假上班 李鵬處境並不妙

（合外電）

（美聯社傳真）

並非執行任務

在圖書時，有的報導，有的報導，打算開始開。

### 軍警重申執行戒嚴任務 要維持治安非針對學生

（快報綜合報道）中共國務院昨日發出公安部新聞發言人就公安部執行國務院戒嚴令的有關問題答記者的問答。

問：在外地晚時的過程中，如何保障北京市的交通？

答：在外地晚時的過程中，北京公安機關將採取一系列措施，力保北京市的交通秩序，以保障市民的生活需要。

（一）加強戒備和治安管理，力保北京市的交通秩序，以保障市民的生活需要。

（二）努力疏導交通，確保北京市的交通秩序，以保障市民的生活需要。

（三）加強對車輛的管理，力保北京市的交通秩序，以保障市民的生活需要。

（四）嚴防少數壞分子利用戒嚴之機，進行破壞活動，以保障市民的生活需要。

問：戒嚴部隊進入北京市後，將採取什麼措施？

答：戒嚴部隊進入北京市後，將採取以下措施：

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### 民促會昨籲萬里 速返國緩和局勢

### 並擬發起刺激性行動

（快報消息）民主政制促進會昨晚決定發表聲明，要求萬里盡速返國。

民促會昨晚時會商討支援北京學生行動，保衛北京市民，並決定發表聲明，要求萬里返國，希望萬里能夠在國內解決問題。

### 萬里給學運打氣！

### 要堅決保護愛國熱情青年

### 籲政府理智妥善解決問題

（快報綜合報道）正在多倫多訪問的中國前高立法機構——全國人大委員長萬里，日前在多倫多接受中國籍內的採訪時，表示：學生的愛國熱情是可貴的，希望政府理智妥善解決這些問題。

萬里表示，學生的愛國熱情是可貴的，希望政府理智妥善解決這些問題。

### 李鵬下台・還我紫陽 京知識界・發出怒吼

（快報綜合報道）北京知識界一百多名著名學者，在反對戒嚴部隊進入北京市後，發出怒吼，要求李鵬下台，還我紫陽。

### 岂祇愛國熱情咁簡單！ 並肩作戰種愛果情花 兩學生天安門締良緣

（快報消息）北京市高校學生自治聯合會昨午向人大常委會公宣佈訪問過去兩個月來的學運，要求人大常委會召開緊急會議，討論學生運動及作正面評價。

### 願議價 請會評 聯會運 高校作 緊急開 正面對 大人學 函盼

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### 軍警申執行戒嚴任務 要維持治安非針對學生

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### 風平浪靜其外・劍拔弩張其中

### 快語

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### 吾爾開希犯錯下台・

### 武漢局勢突告急 昨日亦宣佈戒嚴

（快報綜合報道）北京市高校學生自治聯合會昨午向人大常委會公宣佈訪問過去兩個月來的學運，要求人大常委會召開緊急會議，討論學生運動及作正面評價。

### 七軍區司令促鄧小平 撤除李鵬職務平民憤

### 卅八軍抗命・軍長遭軟禁解職

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### 羣衆要結集

（快報綜合報道）北京市高校學生自治聯合會昨午向人大常委會公宣佈訪問過去兩個月來的學運，要求人大常委會召開緊急會議，討論學生運動及作正面評價。

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# 嚴戒漢武・血流郊京
# 變應生學・場廣晨今

## 四千知識分子遊行
## 中央黨校師生參加
### 高喊「先捉李鵬、再捉小平」

（北京路透社廿二日電）中央電視台周一報道，當局已在武漢市中心實施戒嚴。這是北京以外地區戒嚴的首次向外界通報。

該電視台說，晚上報道說武漢市政府發出緊急通告，宣佈從北京通往武漢的一切長途電話線路已經切斷。

三部電視台的報導人員，在武漢市內採訪時，被一群人包圍，並被迫交出錄影帶。

（本報特派記者黎錦熙、林社鈞北京專電）北京市高校學生示威運動，昨日晚間已蔓延至中南海，並有數千名學生，在中南海新華門外靜坐，要求與中共總理李鵬對話。

（北京路透社廿二日電）外交人士稱，中國學者昨晚在北京天安門廣場，要求與中共總理李鵬對話。

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該電視台說，晚上報道說武漢市政府發出緊急通告，宣佈從北京通往武漢的一切長途電話線路已經切斷。

三部電視台的報導人員，在武漢市內採訪時，被一群人包圍，並被迫交出錄影帶

明報·1989年5月23日 星期二

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

ABC 明報

# 中共元老說你們不能這樣做！

## 中顧委中紀委聯函中央 反對動亂堅學運

### 人大副委員長電請萬里回國

【本報特約記者袁鳳凰電】在北京的人大常委會所有副委員長，昨日聯名向國務委員兼秘書長陳慕華提出要求，希望萬里副總理能夠提早回國，主持人大常委會緊急會議，商討北京學生運動的問題。

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要求萬里回國召開人大常委會緊急會議，主要是因為有學生和知識界人士認為，目前北京的局勢，已經到了一個非常嚴重的地步，要求人大常委會行使憲法賦予的權力，採取緊急措施，以平息動亂。

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據悉，自上周末五月廿日戒嚴部隊開始進入北京市區以來，全國各地的學生和市民，已經連續舉行了三天的大規模示威遊行，抗議戒嚴部隊的行動。

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勝利手勢 圖昨日農在北京火車站前用加強裝甲車掩護的巴士頂蓋上，示意李鵬勝利的手勢。（美聯社傳真）

## 軍人用皮帶磚頭毆打 豐台今晨軍民衝突 八十多名學生受傷

【本報記者北京電】綜合本報記者及外電報道，今日凌晨一時，由於通往八寶山革命公墓的道路，被大量交通工具堵塞，數以萬計的市民，在豐台區附近，與軍隊發生衝突，結果，有八十多名北京市民被軍人用皮帶及磚頭打傷，部分傷者傷勢嚴重。

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目擊者稱，當時一列載有中共中央委員、中顧委委員及其他領導人的車隊，正在豐台區附近的馬家堡路口，準備前往八寶山革命公墓，參加前中共總書記胡耀邦的追悼大會，但車隊被數以萬計的市民堵塞，結果，車隊被迫停下來

# 天安門氣氛緊張民眾夜戒備

香港時報
社址：香港灣仔軒尼詩道六四五六六號
分社：臺北市羅斯福路二段三三三巷五號四樓
第四一五一五號
HONG KONG TIMES
中華郵政香港特准掛號認為新聞紙類
中華郵政臺灣特准掛號認為新聞紙類
中華郵政臺灣特准掛號認為第二類新聞紙
月刊每份港幣一元
五—二七三—二一四
五—二七一—七八四
五—二七二—六八八
五—二七三—六三九
台灣分社
三六二八五九四
電報掛號
一八五〇
社址：香港灣仔軒尼詩道六四五六六號
電話：印務
五—二七三—二一四
編輯部
五—二七一—七八四
五—二七二—六八八
採訪組

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 141 Price $3.00


# Soldiers break barricade

## Clash comes despite protest by generals on martial law

From MARLOWE HOOD in Beijing and agencies

SOLDIERS fought through a barricade of pro-democracy demonstrators on the outskirts of Beijing early this morning, injuring about 40 people and allowing a convoy of tanks and trucks to drive into the capital, witnesses said.

A Western reporter who saw the confrontation – the first major violence reported in one month of protests – said soldiers and People's Armed Police (PAP) paramilitary units, armed with AK-47 assault rifles and truncheons, cleared a path through the crowd for the convoy.

Much of the convoy of 72 tanks and 300 trucks, stalled last week by barricades of trucks, furniture and demonstrators, drove to a military camp about 1.6 kilometres closer to the centre of Beijing.

Thousands of people rushed the camp's gate and threw rocks at windows and soldiers inside, the witness said.

Minutes later, soldiers charged out of the encampment in formation, armed with bricks and rocks and with a battle cry rushed the students and workers and another battle erupted.

Soldiers ran through the streets breaking shop and home windows as one group of students chanted "down with violence". A reporter at the scene was forced to seek shelter in a shop which had its windows shattered by rocks and bricks thrown by troops.

Parts of the convoy had begun to try to move around the roadblock by a different street but were confronted by thousands of students and workers.

At least 40 people were injured in the clash in the southwestern suburb of Liuliqiao, the witnesses said.

It was not immediately clear if the convoy, which had been stopped by throngs of people on Saturday after martial law was declared, had intended to head towards central Tiananmen Square, the focus of the mass demonstrations.

Zhang Aiping

Yang Dezhi

Xiao Ke

Ye Fei

The clash came as a diplomatic source reported new elite troops moving into the capital, indicating that a crackdown on student protesters in the square was still possible.

A foreign resident quoted a Chinese military source as saying that 12 trainloads of troops were waiting at the main Beijing railway station and an unspecified number of troops inside the Great Hall of the People, on Tiananmen Square.

However, just a few hours earlier, seven of China's most respected military chiefs publicly opposed Prime Minister Li Peng, indicating that Mr Li, senior leader Deng Xiaoping and other top political chiefs could soon face an attempt to remove them from power.

The latest move against Mr Li came in a letter signed by six generals and an admiral, opposing martial law in Beijing and vowing "the People's Liberation Army will never shoot the people".

There are unconfirmed reports that the letter has been signed by about 100 senior officers, but the copy in the possession of the *South China Morning Post* only carries the seven signatures, including that of a former Defence Minister.

The other senior leaders likely to fall with Mr Li and Mr Deng should there be a military-backed purge would be Communist Party Standing Committee member Qiao Shi, and possibly President Yang Shangkun, who is vice-chairman of the crucial Military Affairs Commission (MAC).

Beijing mayor Chen Xitong, who according to sources has favoured a hard line against student protesters from the beginning, would also be vulnerable in the event of a military move.

The letter, circulated in the capital yesterday, is a de facto rejection of Mr Li's leadership.

"Because of the seriousness of the present situation, as old military leaders we make the following demands. The PLA belongs to the people. It should not confront the people, much less suppress them. Most important, it will not fire on the people. In order to avoid any further aggravation of the situation, the PLA should not enter the city," it reads.

The letter is addressed to the Capital PLA Martial Law Headquarters and to the Military Affairs Commission.

A source who disclosed the letter confirmed its authenticity with the personal secretaries of two of the signatories.

The letter is signed by Generals Zhang Aiping, former Defence Minister; Yang Dezhi, former Deputy Secretary-General of the MAC and a former Chief of General Staff; and Xiao Ke, a former Vice-Minister of Defence.

The others were Admiral Ye Fei, General Song Shilun, General Li Xuqui and General Chen Zaidao.

Besides these signatories, Chief of General Staff Chi Haotian is also opposed to enforcing martial law in Beijing, according to a source who spoke to him on the phone. "We will never suppress the people", he was quoted as saying.

The refusal of the military to comply with orders to move into the capital strongly suggests that at least some units of the PLA have joined what has become a popular movement against Mr Li and Mr Deng.

Meanwhile, according to a source, Mr Li, President Yang and Mr Qiao have formed a "temporary small leadership group" to supplant the Politburo of the Communist Party. The group was formed after a Politburo meeting on May 17 with Mr Deng's approval, according to the source.

At that meeting, both party leader Zhao Ziyang and Standing Committee member Hu Qili voted against the implementation of martial law in Beijing.

This was the first indication that Mr Hu – now widely believed to be the author of the notorious April 26 *People's Daily* editorial which helped spark the student demonstrations – had aligned himself with Mr Zhao.

The origin of the April 26 editorial, according to a document made available to the *South China Morning Post*, is the Beijing Municipality.

On April 24, the Beijing Party Committee characterised the student demonstrations as "turmoil" *(dong luan)* in an internal circular.

That description, along with a recommendation for

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)

Reuter

Students in Tiananmen Square reaching for pamphlets dropped by a helicopter.

## More behind propaganda drop than meets the eye

From SETH FAISON in Beijing

A WHITE helicopter swept low over Tiananmen Square, dropping sheets of paper that slowly drifted down into the waiting hands of students.

Many of the pamphlets were blown out of reach, and the helicopter – clearly marked "CAAC" on the side – swung around a second time to ensure that its cargo reached the targeted audience.

In a fully-fledged power struggle, such as the one being played out in Beijing, propaganda and rumours take on unusual importance and are manipulated by different sides with vigour.

The pamphlets dropped into Tiananmen Square yesterday, entitled "Slogans to Firmly Oppose the Chaos", certainly looked like government propaganda prepared by the conservative faction which ordered martial law but had so far been unable to implement it.

"Everyone has a responsibility to oppose chaos!" was the first of 20 slogans on the pamphlet, which was unsigned.

"Firmly support Comrade Li Peng's important speech!" was the fifth.

The students, many of whom now say they will be happy with nothing less than the fall of senior leader Deng Xiaoping and Prime Minister Li Peng, normally ignore such propaganda.

The loudspeaker system had re-broadcasted martial law orders all day on Saturday and few students seemed to listen.

But many students who had eagerly reached for the pamphlets, which were dropped at 4 pm yesterday, expressed their disgust by tearing them up. One was even snatched out of a journalist's hands and torn into shreds.

"Li Peng is a jerk," spat one student from Qinghua University.

If the students needed something to encourage them to stay in the Square for one or more crucial nights longer, this was it.

As a veteran Communist Party member pointed out, Mr Li was the least popular leader among students and anyone attempting to per-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)

## Resignations cast shadow on Basic Law

By CHRIS YEUNG and DAPHNE CHENG

UNCERTAINTY surrounds the future of the draft Basic Law following the resignation of a second drafter and a decision by the consultative committee to suspend its work indefinitely because of the political crisis in China.

The Anglican Bishop of Hongkong and Macau, the Right Reverend Peter Kwong Kong-kit became the second drafter in three days to quit both the drafting and consultative committees while a third drafter said she was considering her position.

Local drafter Maria Tam Wai-chu said she may resign from the drafting body if China used force against student demonstrators in Beijing.

Meanwhile, newspaper publisher, Mr Louis Cha who resigned from the two committees on Saturday, last night broke his silence, claiming it was in protest against Chinese Premier Li Peng's crackdown on prodemocracy students.

Mr Cha criticised the martial law imposed by Mr Li as unconstitutional and against public wishes. Mr Li should resign, said Mr Cha.

Following an emergency meeting last night, the consultative body's executive committee expressed deep concern over the recent events in the mainland which it said had profoundly affected its consultative work.

"We are temporarily unable to carry out our work as planned. We note that these events have done great damage to Hongkong people's confidence in the Basic Law," the committee said in a statement.

The committee, in charge of overseeing consultation on the Basic Law, failed to indicate whether it would resume its work before the end of July, when the current five-month consultation period is due to end.

It revealed that the planned visit by a second group of mainland drafters scheduled to start yesterday, would be cancelled.

A vice-chairman of the consultative committee, Dr Rayson Huang said: "Everyone is very concerned about China. Public attention is being drawn to the mainland development and I think we should stop our work for a while."

He declined to say whether the current consultation would be extended, adding: "It all depends on the situation in China but it's difficult to predict what will happen next."

Dr Huang urged Hongkong people not to lose confidence in the Basic Law even though one political analyst said the revised draft should be torn up and drafters should start again.

"Some people might lose their confidence in the Basic Law. But no matter what happens, the Basic Law must be in place. The Joint Declaration is an international agreement that must be respected," Dr Huang said.

He said the executive body would try to persuade Mr Cha and Mr Kwong to change their minds.

A terse statement issued by the diocese said Mr Kwong had written to the chairmen of both the China's National People's Congress, Mr Wan Li and the consultative committee, Mr Ann Tse-kai, informing them of his decision.

No reasons were given and Mr Kwong could not be reached last night.

But at a congregation of Christians on Sunday to pray for the future of China, Mr Kwong said he hoped Chinese leaders would resort to peaceful measures to settle the student demon-

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 8)

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**Page 23:** HK awakening


### WEATHER

Mainly cloudy.
Max temp 29 degrees.
See Page 6.

TREASURE:
DISCOVER
The Rare And
PRECIOUS


## $65 billion wiped off shares as index plunges 339 points

By MARTIN WINN

HONGKONG share prices yesterday suffered their heftiest one day fall since the October 1987 crash as waves of panic selling, prompted by the political crisis in China, swept through the stock market with analysts predicting further falls this week.

More than $65 billion was wiped off the value of shares as local and foreign investors rushed to dump stock in reaction to the continued unrest in Beijing.

The Hang Seng index plummeted 339.06 points or 10.8 per cent to 2,806.57, close to its low point for the day after a late morning rebound was squashed by an onslaught of sellers.

It was the biggest one-day drop since October 26, 1987, when the index plunged more than 30 per cent after re-opening from a four-day closure, and followed a 132.03-point slump last Friday.

Turnover also hit a post crash high, with $3 billion of shares changing hands, compared with the previous record of $2.93 billion on January 30.

Market experts said that further falls were likely in the next few days because investors were nervous about how the confrontation between students and the Chinese Government will be resolved.

They noted that overseas institutions, which account for about 40 per cent of the local stock market, were concerned about the knock-on effects of the mainland unrest and had resumed selling Hongkong stocks late yesterday, pointing to continued selling pressure today.

"Any bounce in the market is likely to be met by more selling," said Cincorp Scrimgeour Vickers' research director Nick Peacock. "The uncertainty in China will cast a cloud over the market for some time".

South China Securities' director Howard Gorges added: "The market is entirely driven by uncertainty. If there's good news from Beijing tomorrow, it could shoot up. If there's bad news, it could fall sharply."

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

## NPC chairman pleads for unity

THE chairman of China's National People's Congress (NPC), Mr Wan Li, has expressed sympathy for prodemocracy demonstrators, but urged them to end the unrest and co-operate with authorities.

"Without stability and unity in China we cannot accomplish the goals of reform," Mr Wan, 73, told a group of about 400 Chinese-Canadian businessmen at a Toronto banquet last night.

Mr Wan is due to arrive in Washington today on an 11-day official visit.

In a prepared text, Mr Wan acknowledged that China's ambitious economic reform program had spawned corruption, inflation and gaps in income distribution. But he said the Government had set out to solve the problems.

"None of these problems can be settled through unrest," said Mr Wan, who urged Chinese demonstrators and hunger strikers to end their protest.

Before Mr Wan spoke, a Chinese-Canadian pianist who had been performing during the banquet, seized the microphone and began calling for democratic reforms in China.

He was quickly escorted from the banquet by guards.

Many intellectuals and members of the NPC in China have asked Mr Wan to cut short his visit and return home to convene an NPC Standing Committee session to discuss the current crisis in Beijing.

United Press International

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### Cup opener

HONGKONG opened its World Cup soccer campaign with a 0-0 draw against Japan at the Government Stadium last night.

● See Page 36

## UK plans to slash Gurkha forces by half from 1992

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE Brigade of Gurkhas will be cut by nearly half and reduced to a force of about 4,000 soldiers under a British Government plan announced last night.

The sweeping cuts, which would not take place before 1992, were announced in the House of Commons by Defence Secretary George Younger, who was giving the Government response to the Defence Select Committee investigation into the future of the force, reported earlier this year.

The report said: "No change in the current deployment of Gurkhas is envisaged until withdrawal of a battalion from Hongkong takes place, which would not be before 1992.

"There is therefore no need to make a decision on the future of this battalion until next year, when there will be a clearer picture of the impact of demographic trend on army manning."

The cuts were more radical than had been expected although the report from Mr Younger left room for some flexibility.

At present the force comprises more than 7,500 men. The Ministry of Defence report said: "The Government has decided to plan on a future Gurkha force comprising 4,000 personnel and including four Gurkha infantry battalions."

It said this would enable the identities of all four Gurkha infantry regiments to be preserved and would provide a firm basis for further planning along with "the reassurance of a worthwhile future".

Mr Younger said the Government had consistently made it clear that it intended there should be a role for the Gurkhas after Hongkong was handed over to China in 1997.

The report added: "There are many uncertainties in trying to look far ahead to 1997 and beyond. The international scene is currently in a period of change with welcome improvement in East-West relations."

Demographic factors – the number of young people

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

## 3 killed in air crash

THE Royal Hongkong Auxiliary Air Force yesterday spotted the wreckage of a Chinese helicopter which crashed into a mountain after an oil rig support flight.

Three people are believed to have been killed in the crash on the coast of Mirs Bay in Chinese territory to the northeast of Hongkong.

The helicopter, belonging to the Shenzhen-based China Ocean Helicopter Company, was flying back from the South China oil field when it was reported missing.

The RHKAAF and Hongkong Marine Police were called at the request of the company. After the helicopter was spotted, the Chinese authorities were informed.


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Average daily sale last week 61,634

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1989 | $3.00

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Just for openers, and to be entertained, informed and diverted, turn to our new-look
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Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition on Friday

**Bugged**

Computer viruses are the scourge of users big and small, but help is at hand. For advice on how to combat the menace, turn to
Page 17

Mitterrand and Bush end arms talks; Jesse Jackson is accused of sexism; guerrillas are feared more than the USSR – and it's Batman's birthday. This and more in AMERICA TODAY – one of five exclusive weekly sections that also bring you up to date on Britain, Canada, Australia and China
Liftout

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WEATHER: 26°C – 29°C. Mainly cloudy. Details on Page 23.

# Troops break blockade

**By Tammy Tam** in Beijing and agencies

BEIJING: Soldiers fought through a barricade of pro-democracy demonstrators on the outskirts of Beijing yesterday, injuring about 40 people and allowing a convoy of tanks and trucks to drive into the capital, witnesses said.

A Western reporter who saw the confrontation, the first serious violence reported in one month of protests, said soldiers and People's Armed Police paramilitary units with AK-47 assault rifles and truncheons cleared a path through the crowd for the convoy.

The action came as paramount leader Deng Xiaoping and Premier Li Peng were said to be facing calls for their resignation in the Politburo.

Mr Deng and Mr Li were explicitly blamed by some of the 16-member Politburo for the unrest that has gripped the country, sources said.

And it was announced yesterday that authorities had imposed martial law-type control in the central city of Wuhan, the first public disclosure of such curbs outside the capital.

In the Beijing clash, much of the convoy of 72 tanks and 300 trucks, stalled last week by barricades of trucks, furniture and demonstrators, drove to a military camp about one and a half kilometres closer to the center of Beijing.

Thousands of people rushed the camp's gate and began throwing rocks at windows and soldiers inside, the witness said.

Parts of the convoy had begun to try to move around the roadblock by a different street but were confronted by thousands of students and workers.

At least 40 people were injured in the clash in the south-western suburb of Liuliqiao, the witnesses said.

It was not immediately clear if the convoy, which had been stopped by throngs of people on Saturday after martial law was declared, had intended to head toward central Tiananmen Square, the focus of the mass anti-government demonstrations, the witnesses said.

The embattled government posted troops in newspaper offices and put hospitals on alert yesterday in its struggle to regain control of Beijing, but faced a growing power struggle between leaders calling for a crackdown on the unrest and those calling for moderation.

Hours before the reported violence in the suburbs, the Beijing city government and the party issued back-to-work orders, stepped up criticism of the protests and mounted a drive to regain control of the capital.The controls in Wuhan were announced on state television.

The evening broadcast said the Wuhan municipal government had issued a note "similar in spirit" to regulations imposed in Beijing.

The clampdown was imposed after students began a sit-in at one end of a strategic bridge over the Yangtze river on May 16, bringing traffic of about 30,000 vehicles a day to a standstill, the broadcast said.

Military police had helped to restore the situation to normalcy by Sunday, it said. The broadcast did not say whether the regulations were still in force in the city, where Deng Xiaoping is widely believed to be staying with his daughter to distance himself from the crisis.

Meanwhile the calls for the resignations of Mr Li and Mr Deng were resounding within the highest circle of the ruling Communist Party.

*The Hongkong Standard* has learned that their resignations were demanded at a session of the party Politburo.

Mr Li is held responsible for the imposition of martial law last weekend, and the subsequent failure of the declaration to end turmoil in the capital.

Mr Deng, who is chairman of the party and state Central Military Commissions, is generally believed to be the mastermind of the move.

The Politburo is deeply divided on how to end the unrest and deal with growing resentment across China.

Slogans chanted by demonstrators have frequently demanded the removal or resignation of Mr Li and Mr Deng. Resentment is particularly strong against Mr Li, who announced the martial law order on Saturday and has bitterly criticised the student movement.

Last night on Tiananmen Square, tens of thousands of protesting students shouted: "Down with Li Peng!"

In addition to the Politburo move, a group of members of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress (NPC), China's parliament, is making a last-ditch effort to collect enough backing to call a special session.

*The Standard* has learned that the group is close to the 50 percent support level needed for the session.

They see the session as the only way to get a meeting of the NPC Standing Committee, which has the right to remove Mr Li as premier and Mr Deng from the state military commission.

The group has kept in contact with the NPC's reformist chairman, Mr Wan Li, who has been on an official visit to Canada. Sources said Mr Wan was prepared to return home immediately if enough signatures were collected.

"But we are not yet sure whether the meeting could be held because some leaders do not agree with us," a Standing Committee member said.

The possibility of a session being called on the authority of the NPC chairman has been ruled out. Such an order would require the approval of the five-member Standing Committee of the Politburo, which has been taken over by hardline members.

The sole voice opposed to the hardliners, General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, was deposed over his views. Mr Zhao has not been under house arrest as reported, but is under surveillance by a team of guards, the sources said.

The Politburo also decided yesterday to hold a plenary session of the Central Committee within a week.

Hardline members hope Mr Zhao's "resignation" will be confirmed at the plenum.

Yesterday's meeting was the first since armed forces were sent into Beijing to enforce the martial law order.

INSIDE:

CHINA AT THE CROSSROADS

■ In Hongkong – The force of nationalism; Withdraw troops call; Police alert for exodus: **Pages 3 4 5 ▶**

■ In Beijing – Strikers sack leader; Students demand new talks; The role of the PLA; Power struggle behind the scenes: **Pages 6 7 8 ▶**

■ Editorial; Commentary: **Page 14 ▶**

■ Mr Deng ... with daughter in Wuhan?

# Second drafter quits in protest

**By Ma Miu-wah and Stanley Leung**

■ Bishop Kwong... quits all posts

A SECOND Basic Law drafter has resigned in protest against China's handling of the student movement and the handling of Hongkong's post-1997 mini-constitution.

Anglican Bishop Peter Kwong Kong-kit joined publisher Mr Louis Cha who resigned on Saturday from both the Basic Law Drafting and Consultative Committees.

One drafter who refused to be named said quitting now when the situation was so unstable could only make matters worse.

The resignations – which may trigger more, depending on the behaviour of the Chinese leaders in the next few weeks – prompted fears the Basic Law could be no more than pieces of paper not binding on Beijing.

Bishop Kwong, one of the most influential figures in Hongkong's Christian community, resigned from all his posts in the drafting committee, the Basic Law Consultative Committee and its 10-strong executive committee.

He did not disclose his reasons for resigning and could not be reached for comment yesterday.

But at a prayer meeting two days ago, he said measures taken by China "had aroused worldwide discontent and concerns".

Mr Cha said yesterday that local confidence hinged entirely on China.

He said events of the past few days had shown the "Basic Law is totally irrelevant to the question of confidence and the brain drain".

He said he quit both posts as a strong protest against the Chinese Government's suppression of the student movement.

He dismissed suggestion that he resigned to evade criticism over the "Cha-Cha proposal", which was partly his brainchild.

Some local drafters said yesterday they would not quit the Basic Law Drafting Committee because they had the well-being of the local people at heart.

Mr Simon Li Fook-sean, a former judge and a local co-convenor of the drafting sub-group on the inhabitants' rights and duties, said he preferred to be neutral on the question of student movement.

"Whoever is in power in the Chinese leadership, I think nobody would damage the Basic Law," he said.

Mr Lau Wong-fat also declared his "loyalty" to the Drafting Committee.

Any decision to quit the committee at present would hit the confidence of Hongkong people very hard, he said.

The Basic Law Consultative Committee held a special meeting yesterday and afterwards expressed "deep regret and concern" over the events in China.

"These events have profoundly affected our consultative efforts and we are temporarily unable to carry out our work as planned," the statement said.

# Shares dip over Beijing jitters

**By Divina Yumol** of our Business Desk

FEARS over the worsening political crisis in China sent the Hang Seng Index plummeting almost 340 points to crash below the key 3,000 level yesterday.

It was the biggest single-day drop since the worldwide market collapse in October 1987.

The index, which is viewed as the barometer of business confidence in the territory, plunged 10.78 percent to 2,806.57 while turnover surged to almost $3 billion.

Panic gripped Exchange Square right at the opening bell as investors reacted wildly to the hard-line stance of Chinese leaders on pro-democracy protests over the weekend.

In just 30 minutes of trading, the index dropped more than 315 points in a day of panic selling which saw dealers running around the trading floor, shouting across the hall.

"The day certainly reminds us of Black Monday. Its absolutely chaotic, everyone is selling," a broker said.

Sporadic buying for the next hour trimmed the morning losses to 245 points as local institutions supported their stocks.

The index stabilised around this level for the rest of the morning until it finished 257.74 points or 8.19 percent down at the end of the half-day session. Turnover was a hefty $1.8 billion by mid-session break.

Analysts said the early sell-off was expected as a result of the continued tense situation in the mainland but they added that local investors were reacting rather prematurely.

"It was a dramatic plunge because there was no confrontation yet, all we heard were rumours the whole day and investors are already reacting as if blood was being shed in China," South China Securities' director, Mr Howard Gorges said.

Stock exchange officials appealed for calm among investors after the initial fall but panic sellers returned to the market after lunch.

The index resumed its dive all throughout the afternoon session before closing almost 11 percent down.

Mansion House Securities' research manager, Phillip Chan, said the index might bounce back today if large companies stepped in to support the market or if Chinese Premier Li Peng decided to step down.

But Baring Securities' managing director, Mr William Phillips, said people were expecting only two possible scenarios that could possibly emerge in Beijing – "cracked skulls or anarchy".

"Neither is good for business," he said, so investors would rather wait and see what's going to happen next.

Mr Phillips also said sellers were mostly local investors who tended to over-react on unfounded concerns.

"Most of our overseas clients are not too keen on selling at low levels."

Other brokers said, however, that about 60 percent of sell orders in the afternoon came from foreign fund managers, specifically from London and Europe.

There is mounting concern in the territory now.

"How can they make people believe that the "one country, two systems" formula is still possible when the way they handled the events over the weekend showed they had moved backwards in their promise of reforms," another broker said.

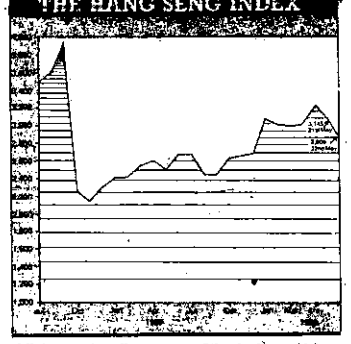
Analysts were also gloomy about the future of the property market.

If it takes a turn for the worse, it could slice as much as 20 percent off values, they said.

Shun Tak group executive chairman Mr Stanley Ho said prices could drop 10 percent as buyers took a wait-and-see attitude.

■ Blow to market standing: **Business Page One**
■ Greenback last refuge **Business Page 3**
■ Effect on property **Business Page 10**

UPS AND DOWNS OF THE HANG SENG INDEX



# Investors mostly calm says Nendick

ACTING Financial Secretary David Nendick yesterday described local investors' reactions as generally calm in the massive selling of local stocks sparked by the political crisis in China.

The leading barometer of local stocks, the Hang Seng Index, tumbled almost 340 points or 11 percent to crash below the psychological 3,000 barrier in chaotic trading yesterday.

Mr Nendick said the investors' behaviour was generally calm compared with their reaction during the 1987 October crash.

"They behaved in the best possible way, there were no massive orders to sell and there was classic two-way trading, a sign of a healthy market."

Although there was a great deal of uncertainty over the events in the mainland, Mr Nendick said this had not changed the strong fundamentals of Hongkong.

"Some people may already be thinking of the worst that could happen, but that hasn't happened yet so there is no reason to be wary at this stage," he said.

Stock Exchange chief executive Francis Yuen vowed the market would not be closed despite the current turmoil.

"The size of the drop is not an issue for us to consider closure. We find trading still satisfactory at the moment and I don't think it reflects panic selling," he said.

■ Continued Page 4

■ Zhao Ming and Li Lu, right, hug each other after declaring their marriage, as their classmates from Nanjing University cheer them on.

# Marital law declaration has thousands cheering

**LOVE blossomed amid the banners and barricades of central Beijing on Sunday night when two Chinese students took a break from pro-democracy protests to get married.**

**Li Lu and Zhao Ming ignored rumours of an imminent army crackdown to hold their wedding in Tiananmen Square with 40,000 student demonstrators as "guests".**

**With auspicious crimson ribbons pinned to their clothes, Li Lu and her husband stood on the Monument to the People's Heroes in the centre of the square and declared to the crowd's cheers: "We are now married".**

**The newly-weds, holding a hand-written marriage certificate, then led 100 classmates from Nanjing University in a triumphant procession around the square, occupied for 10 days by tens of thousands of protesters.** – Reuter

# Brenda's silver lining: a $1 billion race day

**By Ken Martinus,** Racing Editor

**THE Jockey Club has lined up what promises to be Hongkong's first $1 billion race day.**

**The last race day of each season, which this year falls on Sunday, has traditionally set records for the biggest single day turnover.**

**Last year it reached a massive $784 million with a nine-race programme at Sha Tin.**

**But with Typhoon Brenda forcing the cancellation of last Saturday's Hilton Jubilee Cup meeting, the Jockey Club has decided to increase Sunday's Sha Tin programme to 10 races, with the first event starting at 12.45 pm.**

**With turnover this season already running around 20 percent higher than last year, betting on Sunday could reach $1 billion.**

**To cope with what the Jockey Club anticipated would be a "higher than average attendance," the public gates at both the Sha Tin and Happy Valley racecourses will be open from 10.30 am.**

**The Kowloon Canton Railway will also arrange for the first special Racecourse train to leave Kowloon Station earlier, at 10.18 am.**

■ Race Guide: Pages 21, 22

# Britain to slash the Gurkha force by half

**By Antony Cheesewright and agencies**

LONDON: THE BRITISH Government is reducing by half the number of Gurkhas serving in the British Army in the lead-up to the handover of Hongkong to China.

The remainder will, however, continue as an integral part of the British Army.

Defence Secretary George Younger told the House of Commons that there would be a "progressive restructuring" of the Gurkhas, reducing their number to 4,000 soldiers. At present most of the 8,000 Gurkhas serve in Hongkong. Mr Younger told MPs: "I have decided that although the Hongkong commitment will have ceased, we should plan on a future for the Gurkhas after 1997 based on a viable brigade structure.

"At present, we see this force being a balance of four Gurkha infantry battalions, squadrons of the Queen's Gurkha engineers, the Queen's Gurkha signals and the Gurkha transport regiment, together with the necessary infrastructure."

He said that none of the changes would be made until after a Gurkha battalion had been withdrawn from Hongkong, which would not be before 1992.

There will be no change to the present arrangements with the Government of Nepal, under which Gurkhas are recruited and discharged in Nepal and remain Nepalese citizens at all times.

Mr Younger praised the Gurkhas for their service to Britain. "I should like to emphasise that the Gurkhas have served the Crown with distinction since 1815. They have fought alongside British troops in many theatres, including two World Wars and the Malayan emergency, and most recently they served in the Falklands campaign."

Mr Younger added that his announcement demonstrated to the Gurkhas "that we are planning for them a worthwhile and viable future in the British Army after our withdrawal from Hongkong. But there are many uncertainties inherent in trying to look this far ahead."

Improvements in East-West relations meant there were "better prospects for progress in conventional arms control", he said, but demographic factors might cause recruitment problems in the 1990's with a shortage of young people. "These difficulties may lead us to increase the number of Gurkhas to be retained", he added.

Mr Younger added: "The timing of these changes will depend on both the commitments and circumstances facing the entire British Army at the time."

"And in particular, on the extent to which it is possible to recruit and retain British soldiers within the army."

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 25℃ 最低 15℃

人民日报社出版


## 布什总统会见万里委员长

### 万里因健康原因提前回国

本报华盛顿5月23日下午急电 记者张启昕、仓立德报道：万里委员长因健康原因，提前结束对美国的正式访问，于5月23日下午回国。

又讯 美国总统布什今天下午在白宫会见了中国人大常委会委员长万里，双方进行了友好交谈。

新华社华盛顿5月22日电（记者魏国强）正在这里访问的中国人大常委会委员长万里今天下午分别会见了美国副总统奎尔和国务卿贝克。宾主双方就进一步发展中美两国关系以及双方共同关心的国际问题交换了意见。

双方对近年来中美关系的不断发展表示高兴和满意，并一致认为，中美进一步发展两国关系有着很大潜力。

万里委员长在向奎尔副总统介绍中苏首脑会晤的情况时说：中苏两国关系实现正常化，不仅有利于两国人民，也有利于亚太地区和世界的和平与安全。

奎尔副总统也向万里委员长介绍了他不久前东南亚之行的情况。双方认为，国际社会应该继续向越南施加压力，以便使柬埔寨成为真正和平、中立、不结盟的国家。

在会见贝克时，万里委员长说，近年来，由于各国人民的努力，国际形势有所缓和。最近中苏首脑会晤，确定以和平共处五项原则为基础，建立两国的新型关系。

在会见中，宾主双方还就中国国内目前局势交换了看法。

傍晚，万里委员长来到中国驻美大使馆，亲切会见了中国在美的留学生代表以及旅美华侨和美籍华人代表。

万里委员长是今天上午从加拿大乘专机到达这里进行正式友好访问的。

五月二十二日，美国国务卿贝克（右）在华盛顿会见万里委员长。

传真照片（新华社发）

奉行人道主义宗旨　履行救死扶伤义务

## 中国红十字会总会紧急呼吁

本报讯 中国红十字会总会5月23日发出紧急呼吁书，全文如下：

中国红十字会奉行人道主义宗旨，履行救死扶伤的义务。几天来一直从事天安门广场绝食静坐请愿学生的健康服务工作。鉴于广场目前环境恶劣，随时可能发生大规模的疾病爆发流行，后果不堪设想，为确保爱国学生和首都人民的健康，为恢复首都的正常社会秩序并减少各方面的损失，我们做如下紧急呼吁：

1、为对学生的健康负责，希望各医疗单位支持，不要撤离目前设在天安门广场的所有急救车辆、设施和医疗点。

2、天安门广场目前污染严重，垃圾成堆，我们恳请卫生防疫、环境卫生和食品卫生等部门继续组织力量清理垃圾、消毒环境，切断疾病传播途径，控制传染源。并对食品和饮水进行卫生监督。

3、鉴于广场人群密度过大，已被严重污染，并继续恶化的现实情况，我们紧急呼吁学生应尽快撤离广场。希望市民特别是老人、儿童不要前往。学生（包括外地学生）撤离时，请政府提供必要条件。

4、学生撤离广场是从大局出发，政府应予欢迎。撤离后要保证学生代表同政府对话渠道的畅通。

5、我们将敦促政府保证履行对学生不搞秋后算帐的诺言。

6、希望政府和学生都能从大局出发，注意民族大义，响应我们这一真诚的呼吁，也恳请社会各界支持中国红十字会的这一紧急呼吁。

就执行戒严任务的有关问题

## 戒严部队指挥部发言人答记者问

新华社北京5月25日电 戒严部队指挥部发言人今天就执行戒严任务的有关问题回答了记者的提问。

问：当前北京有些群众对戒严有疑虑，你对此有何看法？

答：在北京部分地区实行戒严，是根据北京目前社会秩序的混乱状况，迫不得已采取的措施。有些市民、青年学生对戒严产生某些疑虑，是由于对戒严不理解，加上极少数别有用心的人造谣、挑拨引起的。人民解放军是人民养育的军队，是全心全意为人民服务的，这次执行戒严任务，完全是为了保护人民利益，恢复首都生产、工作、生活、教学秩序。有人说"戒严就是镇压群众"，这完全是误解。近来不断有人谣传部队要"镇压天安门广场的大学生"，现在已经很清楚了，这完全是造谣。

问：维护社会治安有公安干警和武警，动用军队是否合适？

答：我国《宪法》第28条规定："中华人民共和国的武装力量属于人民。它的任务是巩固国防，抵抗侵略，保卫祖国，保卫人民的和平劳动，参加国家建设事业，努力为人民服务。"第89条还规定：国务院有权"决定省、自治区、直辖市的范围内部分地区的戒严"。广大市民和青年学生都不愿意看到北京市的混乱状况再继续下去。部分部队进北京市协助维护社会治安，正是为了保障北京市人民的正常生活。由此可见，人民解放军奉命执行戒严任务是完全合法的，也是完全合乎当前实际需要的。

问：当前，执行戒严任务的部队情况怎么样？

答：目前，执行戒严任务的部队正在进行热爱首都、热爱首都人民、热爱青年学生的教育和政策纪律教育，情绪饱满，纪律严明。戒严部队官兵同北京市民、青年学生的关系是融洽的。广大市民和青年学生给部队很大的支持和帮助，部队官兵对此是感激的。戒严部队官兵和北京市广大市民、青年学生的利益与愿望是完全一致的。但是，目前由于有些人不理解或不明真相，加上极少数别有用心的人的挑动，使有的部队在开进中受到阻拦，甚至遭到某些人的辱骂和殴打。有些官兵被不法分子打伤，有的伤势较重，被送进医院。即使在这种情况下，戒严部队官兵为了人民的利益，采取极大克制、忍耐的态度。我们相信，一些暂时不理解或不明真相的市民和青年学生通过实践会逐步消除误解、解除顾虑，会同戒严部队官兵一起揭露极少数别有用心的人的造谣、破坏活动。我们相信，在广大市民、青年学生的积极配合、支持下，戒严部队官兵一定能协同公安干警、武警部队完成戒严任务，尽快恢复首都的正常秩序。

空军、海军和兰州、济南军区党委常委表示

## 拥护中央重大决策

### 中央国家机关工委和一些地方党委政府致信致电中央

新华社北京5月23日电 连日来，空军、海军和兰州、济南军区党委常委认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，表示拥护中央的重大决策，决心为维护安定团结的政治局面做贡献。

空军党委常委学习李鹏、杨尚昆的讲话，加深了对这场关系到国家和民族前途命运的政治斗争的认识，表示一定要保持清醒的头脑，严格区分、正确处理两类不同性质的矛盾，广泛开展宣传教育，真正把广大指战员的思想认识统一到中央精神上来。空军党委要求广大指战员坚决服从党中央、中央军委的指挥，为制止动乱、维护社会稳定做出自己的贡献。

海军党委常委学习李鹏、杨尚昆的讲话，一致表示要同党中央、国务院、中央军委保持一致，并要求各舰党委要认清军队在维护社会安定团结中的重要责任，各级领导要严守岗位，忠于职守；部队要坚决服从党中央、国务院、中央军委的命令和指挥，自觉遵守纪律；及时了解和掌握部队的思想反映，做好深入细致的思想政治工作。

兰州军区党委常委在学习讨论中一致认为，为了维护首都社会治安，恢复正常秩序，党中央、国务院从国家的长治久安出发，决定对北京市部分地区实行戒严，是非常正确果断的。他们表示，坚决贯彻执行党中央的重大决策，与广大人民群众一起为稳定局势，保卫改革和建设的顺利进行做出不懈的努力。

济南军区党委常委在学习讨论中表示拥护党中央、国务院的重大决策，听从指挥，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，为保卫改革成果、维护社会安定做出贡献。他们还要求全区广大干部战士，认清自己肩负的责任，时刻保持政治上的坚定性，执行命令，听从指挥，加强管理，严格纪律，确保部队的高度稳定和集中统一，全力以赴完成党交给的各项任务。

新华社北京5月23日电 中共中央国家机关工委致信党中央、国务院。全文如下：

中共中央、国务院：

中共中央国家机关工作委员会拥护中共中央、国务院召开的首都党政军领导干部大会。拥护李鹏同志、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话。拥护中央和国务院为恢复首都正常秩序而采取的各项措施。我们保证在党中央、国务院的领导下，按着中央精神和要求，积极做好以下五项工作：

一、认真组织机关和直属单位党员、干部、职工学习李鹏同志、杨尚昆同志的讲话，充分认识制止动乱，稳定局势，恢复正常社会秩序的重要性。当前，最重要的是要统一对时局的认识，关键是党组织要去做工作。要引导大家逐步把思想统一到李鹏同志讲话的精神上来，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，顾全大局，稳定局势。

二、要求中央国家机关全体共产党员坚持四项基本原则，坚信党的领导，不要听信社会上的种种谣传和煽言惑语，自觉地抵制和反对各种否定党、否定社会主义制度的错误言行。

三、要求中央国家机关全体共产党员认真遵守国务院和北京市政府发布的戒严令，积极支持和协助执行戒严任务的部队和公安干警做好维护首都治安的工作，不要上街游行，不做对稳定局势不利的事情，带头遵纪守法，以实际行动维护社会秩序。（下转第二版）

## 北京戒严第四天

本报北京5月25日凌晨讯 昨天上午，街头疏密奔驰的公共汽车，给首都市民带来了欣慰的笑容。戒严令发布第四天，北京的社会秩序继续向稳定方向发展，绝大多数市民沉着冷静，生活日趋正常。

昨日起，首都已有100多路公共电汽车恢复运营，停驶三天多的地铁也于上午10时28分开出了第一趟列车。在学生和市民们的疏导下，全市街道基本畅通，职工上下班大多转入正常，运送煤炭、液化石油气及肉蛋菜奶的车辆受到格外关照。

天安门广场上，沉睡了一夜的清愿学生歌声即起，酒扫厕围场地。在高声播放的国歌声中，一些同学向冉冉升起的国旗行注目礼。请愿学生广播，同意撤出体育广场上公共汽车（原来供绝食学生用），由会交公司投入正常营运。

下午，长安街上出现了数以万计的游行队伍。游行队伍里，有人认出了一些知名人士。在黑云压城、雷电交加的大雨中，市民纷纷给游行队伍送来各式雨具。

雨后的天安门广场，气温骤降，大批塞衣和赛塘水送到学生手中。某中央机关捐赠的4000件衣服，不到晚9点已分发到学生手中。

据中央人民广播电台和电视台报道，执行戒严任务的部队大部停在城外原地。

入夜，街头仍有许多关切事态发展的市民难以入睡——

北京市政府发言人

## 举行中外记者新闻发布会

新华社北京5月25日电 北京市政府发言人丁维峻今晚在京丰宾馆举行中外记者新闻发布会。会上，北京市丰台区常务副区长叶上诗介绍了23日发生在丰台区大井附近执行戒严任务的解放军某部战士被打伤的情况。

叶上诗说，22日晚10时左右，在丰台区大井附近，被阻拦的执行戒严任务的解放军某部队车命转移。部队在同大学生达成协议后并在大学生帮助维持秩序的情况下开始转移。这时，一个身份不明的人制造谣言，进行煽动，混在学生和围观者中的一些不明身份的人用事先准备好的砖头瓦块袭击解放军战士。在这个过程中，大学生请求那些人不要再打了，但大学生也遭到了袭击。解放军保持了高度的克制，一边撤离，一边保护学生。在这一过程中，60多名战士受伤，其中17名住院治疗，4名受重伤，有的头部缝合9针，有的手指骨折。同时也有11名大学生受轻伤，另外有12人受轻伤，1人受重伤。在这一过程中有10人被解放军战士扭送到公安机关，这些人已被拘留审查，其中有5名是外地人，有5名是北京市人，他们都不是大学生。23日上午11时，北京市常务副市长张百发、市政府秘书长铁英到医院看望了被打伤的解放军战士。

在新闻发布会上还播映了事件发生后拍摄的录像。录像中有被砸坏的房舍、被砸碎的玻璃，房舍周围的地上布满了碎石块，还有几名被打伤的解放军战士。

会上，丁维峻、叶上诗还回答了中外记者提出的问题。

5月23日10时38分起，地铁北京站至古城路段恢复运行。这是歌舞在地铁北京站站台乘车情景。新华社记者张燕辉摄

国家教委发出紧急呼吁

## 希望各界劝导高校学生尽快复课

### 团中央要求各地团组织劝导同学不要赴京

新华社北京5月25日电 鉴于高等学校毕业分配和招收新生在即，国家教育委员会今天发出紧急呼吁，希望社会各界劝导高校学生尽快复课。呼吁书全文如下：

4月中旬以来，从北京到各大城市的高等学校，陆续发生了学生罢课的现象。有的学校被迫完全停课，有的学校只能断断续续地上课，教学秩序无法维持，教学质量难以保证。现在已到5月下旬，离学期结束越来越近了。这种状况如果继续下去，各年级学生课业的损失是难以弥补的。特别是应届毕业生如果要按规定的教学要求完成学业，就势必推迟毕业时间，再加上毕业分配工作所需的时间，他们就不得不推迟离校。

长期以来，高等学校的教室、宿舍十分紧张，许多学校处于超负荷运转之中。如果大批毕业生不能按时离校，将影响到1989年的招生工作，使录取的新生无法按期入学。大批学生不上课的状况如再延续下去，即使暑假不放假，他们的学业也不容易完全弥补。同时为迎接新生，又势必被迫腾出一些高校的招生任务。往后各年级的教学过程也将受到很大影响，会给教学安排带来极大的困难。这样发展下去，受损害的将不仅是高等学校的学生，而且要涉及所有用人单位。许多中等学校应届毕业生和千千万万个家庭，后果是严重的，是大家都不愿意看到的。

国家教委将会同各高等学校尽一切努力来弥补已经造成的损失。但目前事态的发展，已经不是单靠高等学校和教育部门所能解决的。为此，国家教育委员会以忧虑、急迫的心情郑重地吁请社会各界。首先是教育界、新闻界以及所有的学生家长，以各种方式劝导没有复课的学生立即恢复上课。希望各界人士本着对国家负责、对青年学生负责，为子女着想的精神给我们以支持。

广大的高等学校同学们，祖国和人民对你们寄予厚望，希望你们将来成为德才兼备的人才。你们热爱祖国、关心国家大事的心情，党和政府是理解的。你们已经用各种方式表达了你们的意见，党和政府是会认真考虑的。我们诚恳地希望你们尽快复课。

国家教育委员会 1989年5月23日

新华社北京5月23日电 共青团中央今天发出通知，要求各地团组织协助党委和有关部门，做好要求赴京同学的劝导工作。

通知说，近日来，一些地方的学生来北京搞声援活动，这不仅会加剧铁路运输的紧张状况，影响正常的交通秩序，增加首都各方面的负担，进入北京的同学食宿也发生困难，不利于同学们的身体健康，也无助于当前问题的解决。为此，希望各地共青团组织协助党委和有关部门做好要求赴京同学的劝导、说服工作，请同学们不要来北京，要沟通党和政府与同学对话的渠道，通过正常的民主程序反映自己的意见，坚决保护广大学生的爱国热情，坚决维护安定团结的大局。

## 北京交通事故显著减少

### 五月份来治安案件数无明显变化

本报讯 据北京人民广播电台报道，5月15日到21日北京市总共发生重大交通事故6起，死亡6人，是今年以来交通事故比较少的一周。

另外据了解，5月份以来，北京市治安案件发案数较以往没有明显变化。

北京市的火灾火警事故从5月1日起到22日17时为止，一共接到火警136起，比去年同期下降32.7%。

## 天津确保有效供应　生产良好秩序正常

本报天津5月23日电 记者肖获报道：今天上午天津市政府在抓好当前人民生活会议上透露：目前，天津市工农业生产和市场供应情况良好，电力生产和公用事业运营正常。市长李瑞环指出：这是广大群众包括青年学生共同努力和各部门日以继夜工作的结果。要避免失误，保持人民生活正常并逐步得到改善。

一个多月来，鉴国以来所没有过的学潮使天津也碰到不少问题。但由于各方努力和几年来的工作基础，天津没有出现大的困难。4月份商业纯购进和纯销售分别比去年同期增长20.3%和13.6%，社会商品零售额增长14.6%。肉、蛋、菜、水产供应良好，蔬菜价格稳中有降。粮、油、盐、肥皂、火柴、碱面等库存充足供应充裕。自来水、煤、气、电力确保供应。公共交通出车率达96%，游行队伍过后马上恢复正常运营，没有发生过行车事故和服务事故。在保证有效供给上，各委局就就业业分清缓急。电力供应重点保证大专院校、机关、粮食部门、居民、农业和19种敏感产品。

## 苏共中央全会建议人代大会　选举戈氏为最高苏维埃主席

新华社莫斯科5月22日电 苏共中央今天在莫斯科举行全会，建议即将召开的苏联人民代表大会选举苏共中央总书记戈尔巴乔夫为苏联最高苏维埃主席。

据塔斯社报道，这次全会讨论了与举行人民代表大会有关的问题。戈尔巴乔夫在会上作了报告。苏联部长会议主席雷日科夫、国家建委第一副主席叶利钦等34名中央委员在会上发了言。全会就所讨论的问题通过了相应的决议。此间今天没有公布报告和决议的内容。

苏联历史上第一次人民代表大会将于本月25日在莫斯科开幕。来自全国各地的2250名代表已陆续报到。

报道说，在全会上还宣读了苏共中央政治局委员、中央书记利加乔夫的一项声明，苏联检察院正在对利加乔夫声明中提出的问题进行调查。据悉，苏联侦查员戈德良在竞选人民代表活动时曾指控利加乔夫有受贿行为，利加乔夫对此已断然否认。估计利加乔夫的声明与此事有关。

## 美元汇价猛涨　白宫深感忧虑

本报华盛顿5月22日电 美元汇价今天猛涨，已突破1美元兑换140日元或2马克大关。据说这一汇率已超过"警戒线"，因而引起了白宫的严重不安。

在纽约外汇市场，美元对日元、马克、英镑和法郎四种西方主要货币的比价分别升至1：142.15、1：2.012、1：0.6342和1：6.81。

白宫就此发表声明说，这是一个令人忧虑的问题，如果美元继续升值，可能会损害世界各国为纠正全球贸易失衡状况所进行的努力。声明宣布，美国将信守西方七国集团达成的协调经济政策的协议。

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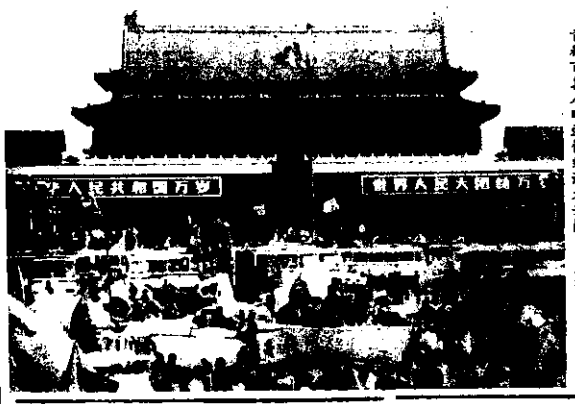
# 北京百萬民眾大遊行
# 冒風雨反戒嚴令對



首都百萬人昨遊行經過天安門（本報北京傳真）

## 戒嚴部隊並非撤走 留駐北京市郊候命

### 指揮部發言人稱入城執行戒嚴任務合法 指開進中受阻攔是因極少數人造謠挑動

【本報北京二十三日專電】據警北京市郊各主要進城路口的軍隊已作後退，但據記者觀察，準備進城的軍隊並沒有撤走。

據悉，北京城郊已駐有九個軍的兵力，而還有一個軍正在增援途中。

「軍隊遲遲不動的原因，據稱是等待各省、市、自治區和大軍區的表態，而至今有十一省、市表態支持國務院。

【新華社北京二十三日電】戒嚴部隊到達北京已進入第四天，但至今尚未進入市區。戒嚴部隊指揮部發言人說，「目前，執行戒嚴任務的部隊正在進行熱愛首都人民、熱愛青年學生的教育和政策紀律教育。」

這位發言人是今天在回答記者有關戒嚴部隊執行任務的問題時說上述一番話的。

## 中央機關員工參加 集中要求李鵬下台

### 口號聲響徹雲霄高呼「人民萬歲！」

【新華社北京二十三日電】首都約一百萬名各界人士今天下午走上街頭遊行，參加遊行隊伍的除了高等院校的師生，還有新聞、文化、科技、工業界人士和機關幹部。來自外地的一些大學生也參加了遊行。

【本報北京二十三日專電】首都的遊行隊伍到達天安門廣場後，即與廣場上的人流匯合，洪濤引起的。人民解放軍是人民養育的軍隊，人民解放軍是人民的軍隊，決不允許任何人加以歪曲和誣衊。

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【本報北京二十三日專電】在北京戒嚴令以來最大的一次。

今天遊行隊伍的主要針對國務院總理李鵬，要求他下台。

【本報北京二十三日專電】首都的一百萬名各界人士今天下午走上街頭遊行，次。

都北京百萬人今天下午舉行示威大遊行，包括中央直屬機關和科研單位以及市民、學生均有參加。遊行口號聲響徹雲霄，集中要求李鵬下台，反對軍管及取消戒嚴。

遊行人士來自中共中央和國務院一些直屬機關單位如外交部和文化部，各民主黨派、團中央機關、首都新聞界、知識界、電影界、科研單位和各大高等院校，遵守香港一批師生組成的聲援團。遊行隊伍於下午一時半由各方會合後，按長安街向東進發。

遊行隊伍所經過的【新華社北京二十三日電】在北京地區下了一場大雨，成千上萬的羣衆仍聚集在天安門廣場，高呼口號。

五月二十日發布在北京部分地區實行戒嚴命令以來，北京街頭每天都有人遊行。

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# 文匯報

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香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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## 窮途末路

窮途末路 國務院日前北京市百萬羣衆大遊行中市民舉着的一幅政治漫畫。（本報北京傳真）

## 被阻截數天未能入城
## 戒嚴部隊昨奉命後撤
### 撤至附近營地 學生市民手歡送

【本報記者鍾北京二十三日電】在北京城郊被阻入城的戒嚴部隊今日凌晨已奉命後撤，上午已撤至附近營地待命。在六里橋，十多輛滿載士兵的軍車，被市民和學生包圍了三天，已於凌晨四時撤走。在古城，一百三十輛部隊車後撤時，受到市民和學生們的歡送。德勝門外，呼家樓和豐台等處的入城戒嚴部隊，也已奉命撤至附近營地。

除了昨日在豐台發生衝突事件外，在北京南部東郊地，軍車後撤時，由於秩序有四輛軍車已開始從城區，進到市民和學生的圍攻，被現場目擊者證明，有二十人受傷被送往醫院，其中軍人十七名，有一人傷勢嚴重，另有大學生兩名和市民一人受傷。在其餘各處，戒嚴部隊後撤時，均未發生衝突。在城郊各主要路口，大學生和市民仍有人執勤放哨，監視戒嚴部隊動向。他們的口號是，「解除戒嚴令」和「反對軍管！」

（據，香港中評通訊社廿三日亦曾作出相同報道。）

## 遊行隊伍綿延數公里
## 中央電視台播映實況
### 北京發言人仍稱未考慮取消戒嚴

【本報記者鍾北京二十三日電】一百萬學生及市民不顧李鵬五月二十日官方宣布頒布戒嚴令已經四天，今天下午走上街頭示威羣行，强烈要求立即召開人大常委會緊急會議，要求罷免李鵬的一次，遊行隊伍以大工廠的工人也參加了。下午一時開始，各路隊伍陸續向天安門會場進發，東西從安街，步行隊伍，數車隊伍及數人的大卡車綿延數公里長。至下午三時，隊伍還未完全進入天安門廣場。今天遊行的口號比較集中，幾乎圍繞市民歡迎的口號是，「打倒李鵬！」、「反對軍管！」、「要對話不要對抗！」、「要改革不要倒退！」、「要民主不要專制！」、「要法制不要人治！」、「要新聞自由！」、「要監督不要腐敗！」、「要人民不要官僚！」、「要人民不要特權！」、「要人民不要官倒！」、「要人民不要官商！」、「要人民不要官宦！」、「要人民不要官娼！」、「要人民不要官賭！」、「要人民不要官嫖！」、「要人民不要官吃！」、「要人民不要官喝！」、「要人民不要官玩！」、「要人民不要官樂！」、「要人民不要官享！」、「要人民不要官受！」、「要人民不要官用！」、「要人民不要官行！」、「要人民不要官走！」、「要人民不要官跑！」、「要人民不要官逃！」、「要人民不要官藏！」、「要人民不要官匿！」、「要人民不要官隱！」、「要人民不要官瞞！」、「要人民不要官騙！」、「要人民不要官詐！」、「要人民不要官假！」、「要人民不要官僞！」、「要人民不要官欺！」、「要人民不要官壓！」、「要人民不要官制！」、「要人民不要官治！」、「要人民不要官管！」、「要人民不要官統！」、「要人民不要官領！」、「要人民不要官導！」、「要人民不要官教！」、「要人民不要官養！」、「要人民不要官育！」、「要人民不要官救！」、「要人民不要官助！」、「要人民不要官援！」、「要人民不要官保！」、「要人民不要官護！」、「要人民不要官衛！」、「要人民不要官防！」、「要人民不要官守！」、「要人民不要官看！」、「要人民不要官顧！」、「要人民不要官照！」、「要人民不要官料！」、「要人民不要官理！」、「要人民不要官管！」、「要人民不要官統！」、「要人民不要官領！」、「要人民不要官導！」、「要人民不要官教！」、「要人民不要官養！」、「要人民不要官育！」、「要人民不要官救！」、「要人民不要官助！」、「要人民不要官援！」、「要人民不要官保！」、「要人民不要官護！」、「要人民不要官衛！」、「要人民不要官防！」、「要人民不要官守！」、「要人民不要官看！」、「要人民不要官顧！」、「要人民不要官照！」、「要人民不要官料！」、「要人民不要官理！」

## 美官員證實
## 萬里縮行程
### 會見布什後即行返國

【法新社、路透社華盛頓廿三日電】美國官員說，中國人大委員長萬里會晤布什總統後，將二度縮短在美國的訪問行程，返回中國。

七十三歲人大常委會委員長萬里被廣泛認為是解決中國這次政治危機的關鍵人物。

一位隨同萬里訪美的中國官員證實，萬里正縮短訪問。但《紐約時報》引述美國政府官員的話說，萬里告訴美國總統布希，「學生的合理要求應該得到滿足。」

## 趙紫陽仍任總書記
### 新華社報道泰總理擬邀趙訪曼谷

【路透社北京二十三日電】國家控制的新華社星期二對北京示威事件最權威的報道說，約一百萬人在北京進行，高喊李鵬下台的口號。此項報道是中國官方媒介在李鵬連續數星期六宣布，北京實施戒嚴以來首次報道對李鵬的攻擊。

外交人士說，新華社的報道表明，李鵬在與趙紫陽總書記的權力鬥爭中可能失敗。

在另一次表明趙紫陽尋求此次權力鬥爭的事態發展中，外交人士透露說，錢其琛外長星期二晚上告訴歐洲共市大使們說，趙紫陽仍然是總書記。這是趙紫陽上星期五沒有公開露面以來，官方首次證實趙紫陽（六十九歲）仍然担任黨總書記。

新華社這樣報道，標誌出一條橫跨趙紫陽地位問題。

大使，表示對中國沒有在北京使用武力對付學生表示，鬆弛。

該社說，「他說，一當（局勢）完全正常化後，他將邀請中共總書記趙紫陽訪問泰國。」

北京市民昨日舉行大遊行，高呼「李鵬下台」。（本報北京傳真）

## 錢其琛告共市大使
## 趙紫陽仍任總書記
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## 北京大遊行
### 新華社報道
### 開口統計計劃勝實際

【本報新華社北京二十三日電】首都約一百萬各界人士今天下午走上街頭進行，這是五月二十日全國戒嚴以來規模最大的一次，參加遊行的除了高等院校的師生，還有新聞、文化、科技、工商界人士也參加了。今天遊行隊伍的橫幅口號主要針對國務院主要領導人，其它口號包括「撤出軍隊」、「取消戒嚴令」、「糾正新聞報導」、「保護人權」等。五月二十日發布在北京部分地區實行戒嚴令以來，北京街頭每天都有人遊行。

## 北京戒嚴後一度取消
## 衛星傳送昨恢復
### 中央電視台稱因戒嚴令無明確規定禁傳

【本報訊】北京中央電視台今日晚間突然停止傳送外國通訊社的影像。中央電視台在昨日傍晚恢復了衛星的傳送，所以四日來電視台都只能播放中央電視台的節目。

【本報記者鍾北京二十三日電】昨晚在六里橋，首萬人與大學生交鋒時，雙方都有人受傷，雙方都有人被捕。

【本報訊】廣州民航今日突然停止接受國內衛星，據知，廣州銅山九架大型客機，導致運力緊張不足，廿四日前已經售出的機票亦不能保證有機飛出。至於飛納去向，廣州方面只知道是先赴北京。

綜合各方面人士分析，此項調動最大的可能是赴北京運送學生返回原駐地，以自己為根據地，有三千餘名首長受傷。

知情消息指出，國事有人的，但不是大學生。

## 北京街頭昨日消息
## 李鵬楊尚昆傳去職
### 據稱由萬里及李先念暫代其位

【綜合外電二十三日消息】北京街頭今日有許多傳言，主要是針對引人爭論的國務院總理李鵬，指其已在中共一次秘密的政治局擴大會議上，被暫時除去內外一切職務。

另一項消息更正是美國兼程返華的金國人大常委會委員長萬里已被定為暫時代理總理職務的人選。而現任國家主席楊尚昆的職位，亦會由其前任李先念代理。此間人士認為，李鵬及楊尚昆兩人，必須對近日一連串造成人民與政府嚴重對立的事件負責。

## 小啓

今日廣告太擠，《工商晚報》、《中報》和《新晚報》等報紙，因為要刊登有關北京學生運動的最新消息，無法刊出，不少忠實的讀者來函來電，要求我們盡快恢復刊登，我們為了滿足讀者的需要，決定在今天增加篇幅，多版分類廣告亦

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# 李鵬眾叛親離下台成定局

## 派出嫡系遊說傳媒工會支持圖作最後掙扎

要聞・民運動態
●京港澳民運活動 (刊第二版)
●本港民運活動消息 (刊第三版)
●京港學運評論 (刊第五版)
●本港民運及其他消息 (刊第六版)
●民運花開正艷必勝圖片傳真 (刊第十三版)
●重民一心振興中華圖片傳真 (刊第十四版)
●世界各地國慶聲援活動 (刊第十六版)
●其他本港新聞 (刊第十二版)

## 傳鄧小平已簽署撤軍令

## 學運危機推卸李鵬負担

## 萬里返國即宣佈撤除李所有職務

（快報採訪組北京報道）北京盛傳，在昨晚舉行的中央委員會及政治局擴大會議上，鄧小平已被要求將去年「六四」一般性質定為「動亂」，並要求撤銷李鵬在這次事件中的一切職務，而會上鄧小平對此建議並無異議。

由於在昨日下午舉行的全市百萬人大遊行中，軍隊已一致地擁護支持學運領袖的要求小平將鎮壓學運的責任全由李鵬負責，因此相信一直未對學運表態的鄧小平將能夠身於此次事件，會以一個安定團結的局面，只有這樣，才能使中國走出困境。

據悉，昨晚的會議是由政協主席李先念所要求召開，會上討論了準備引退的鄧小平，趁此機會提出要求李鵬下台，及依憲趙紫陽所有職務，北京市中心已在學生控制下，軍隊清晨表示控制作出最後掙扎，全市已實施戒嚴。

（快報消息）中共正受到空前嚴重的學生活動的衝擊，面臨執政以來最大的合法性危機，政協主席、趙紫陽及李鵬等領導人對學運的處理意見分歧，陽奉陰違，趙紫陽大多數的領導人都支持任何一個和平的解決辦法，而李鵬等則堅持採取強硬手段，鎮壓學運，雙方的矛盾已發展到不可調和的地步，鄧小平本人在兩次與趙紫陽的談話中，表示支持趙紫陽的主張，但鄧小平在會議上均沒有提出明確的決定，而是要求雙方繼續協商，尋求解決辦法，但雙方的矛盾已發展到不可調和的地步，鄧小平本人在兩次與趙紫陽的談話中，表示支持趙紫陽的主張，但鄧小平在會議上均沒有提出明確的決定，而是要求雙方繼續協商，尋求解決辦法，但雙方的矛盾已發展到不可調和的地步，

（快報採訪組北京報道）李鵬在今天凌晨事件中，從各方面的消息顯示，他是處於下台，但目前仍作最後掙扎，派出嫡系手下四出遊說各單位，而趙紫陽亦派出親信，到各單位尋求支持。形勢顯示，趙紫陽獲大多數的單位支持。

李鵬嫡系系統昨日鼎最後勢力，希望藉扭轉局勢，分別會晤各傳媒主管、共青團及總工會的代表，希望得到他們的支持，但會上各傳媒主管及共青團並無表態，而總工會方面即表示不會支持李鵬。

傳媒主管、共青團及總工會的代表，並與團並無表態，而總工會方面即表示不會支持李鵬。

中宣部長王忍之在會上提出希望大家繼續李鵬的講話，貫徹執行，他提出兩點：(一)不要報道反面新聞，多採用主觀報道，目的是避免有機會給學生製造動亂；(二)各新聞媒體負責人及有出席外，其他各報及電視台的總編輯均有出席。

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會議上各傳媒代表並無表態。

李鵬嫡系親信昨日上午亦曾與總工會負責人聯會，希望他們支持中央的立場。

李鵬嫡系親信昨日上午亦曾與總工會負責人聯會，希望他們支持中央的立場。但會議並無結果。

會議上各傳媒代表並無表態。

否

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# 熱白爭鬥層高·持爭隅負鵬李
# 集聚然仍生學萬數場廣晨今

## 政治局會議中曾提出 李鵬楊尚昆都要下來 分由萬里李先念暫代

【本報訊】本報今晨一時得自可靠消息，中共中央政治局昨日曾召開擴大會議，但沒有結果，尚待續決。據了解，會上曾有各方面的人提出下列方案：

（一）李鵬辭職；

（二）楊尚昆亦辭職；

（三）萬里任「代總理」之職；

（四）李先念以政協主席身份任「代國家主席」之職；

（五）鄧小平保留中共中央軍委主席的名義。

據了解，這次會議外地與解放軍的總參、總政、總後三總部負責人均未參加，不屬堅學生，他立即起草了講話稿，說「不幹了」。

消息透露，一度認為不夠格的趙紫陽，前晚突然獲得轉機，主要是因為前晚前國家主席、現任榮譽主席王震的支持起了決定性作用。王震在會上發言時，亦作出了嚴厲的要求，加以一些省市領導人的堅決支持，終於使趙紫陽不再有辭職的念頭，有關李鵬的一方面，主要是鄧小平不以中央委主任身份下令的，而是以國家主席的名義，以中央軍委主任令的名義，命令戒嚴部隊執行清場任務。

從學潮爆發以來，李鵬一直被認為是學生的最大敵人，在加拿大訪問的萬里已先後兩次表示，李鵬的阻止對話，對事不由己，對人不由己。

另據中共最近的動向，趙紫陽主張採取和平解決的方案，而李鵬則堅持採取強硬手段，雙方各不相讓，以致會議一度陷入僵局。

## 李鵬深懼人大罷免 力阻萬里即時返國

【本報訊】據可靠消息人士透露，中國總理李鵬日前向中共政治局擴大會議提出辭職，並已得到鄧小平的支持，但遭到多數人的強烈反對，最後決定，不退出政治局，繼續留任國務院總理職務，負責處理學潮。

據悉，李鵬在提出辭職時，曾表示，由於他在處理學潮問題上，已經成為全國人民的眾矢之的，為了不使問題更加複雜化，他決定辭去總理職務，以平息學潮。

但是，李鵬的辭職要求，遭到在場絕大多數人的強烈反對，認為在目前這種情況下，李鵬的辭職，將會使學潮更加複雜化，不利於問題的解決。

會議決定，李鵬繼續留任總理職務，負責處理學潮問題。

## 軍隊是否開入廣場 戒嚴部隊權宜決定

【本報記者今晨二時北京電】北京市政府新聞發言人丁維今日零時發言，解放軍已進駐北京市內二十餘個要點，但未進入廣場。

在北京戒嚴後首次召開記者會，講述「解放軍」在豐台區大井設立指揮部的事件，他表示目前未考慮取消戒嚴令，亦沒有發布要管，只是實施戒嚴，即是市民不理解，以為解放軍會鎮壓學生及市民。

## 京都各界聯合聲明 今將成立護憲組織

【北京消息】北京各界昨日下午，在天安門廣場舉行「保衛天安門誓師大會」，會上將宣布成立由首都各界人士組成的「愛國運動社會協商聯席會議」。

成立組織的各界的公開信，指目前集結在京的部隊，是從山西、四川、廣西、新疆等地調來的，「絕大部分是不明真相，正是由於部隊進京導致的。」

信中說，「我們希望部隊迅速撤走，北京現時的緊張局勢即可緩和。」

信中說，「我們要求部隊撤離北京，是為了使北京的局勢儘快恢復正常秩序，使我們的國家儘快走上改革開放的軌道，而不是為了反對改革開放。」

信中說，「我們要求部隊撤離北京，是為了使北京的局勢儘快恢復正常秩序，使我們的國家儘快走上改革開放的軌道，而不是為了反對改革開放。」

## 「倒李」遊行實況 新華社首次報道

（北京綜述社廿三日電）新華社周二發表一項針對李鵬的報道稱，北京一百萬人遊行，高呼反對李鵬的口號。

新華社指示，遊行口號絕大部分都是直接指控「國務院負責人」的，這項報道顯然是為李鵬成為中國各地反政府示威的矛頭，也增加該社應變的彈性。

這是中國官方媒介首次詳細報道對李鵬的人身攻擊。

（一）要害四月二十六日「人民日報」的社論。

（二）要與基層幹部對話。

（三）要公開李鵬的言論。

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明報

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# 天安門毛像首次被塗污
## 學生抓獲搞動亂三警員

【本報記者北京專電】天安門城樓上懸掛的巨幅毛澤東畫像，四十年來第一次被人塗上墨汁。

事件發生於昨日凌晨二時半左右，當時，一名男子及兩名女子，乘坐一輛三輪車，駛至天安門廣場，其中一名男子爬上城樓，將毛像的臉部塗污。

事件發生後，即有人報警，三名肇事者當場被捕。

昨日下午，北京市公安局召開記者會，宣布逮捕三名肇事者的消息。

三人分別是：北京市第二輕工業局幹部王志華，三十歲；北京市第二輕工業局幹部王志強，二十九歲；及北京市第二輕工業局幹部王志剛，二十七歲。

公安局指出，三人是在前晚十一時許，乘坐王志華的單車，載同王志強及王志剛，從東單出發，前往天安門廣場。

王志華及王志強，擁有實力的最主要地位是以武鬥為主，如果多數派老是不動武，那麼，實力的地位就會下降。

王志華說，他們是為了表達對胡耀邦的懷念，才作出這種舉動

# 中共高層開突擊緊急會議商討學潮

# 李趙權爭白熱化未知鹿死誰手

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## 今日新聞提要

一、大陸領導人喬冠華逝世消息在二、我學生大陸各地示威三、外圍多重反大陸學生運動，刊第一版。四、陳履安首定赴大陸探親，刊第三版。五、公港市民支援大陸學生事件大遊行，刊第十六版。六、訊門十幅為大陸救災募款，刊第十五版。

## 晤布希後起行料將召「人大」緊急會議

## 萬里縮短訪美返大陸

## 協助趙紫陽批李鵬？

【本報華盛頓廿二日電】本報收悉頃美國駐華公使館華府消息人士透露，中共「人大委員長」萬里應四北平，主持「人大委員會緊急會議」，商討美國布希總統訪華後，對中國人民的民主要求，改革開放的態度，以及中共今後對策。

【本報華盛頓廿二日電】在天安門廣場參加遊行的一千餘名大學生，昨日發動本港一間電子公司，籌集一份讀報費，用於中共總書記趙紫陽，國務院總理李鵬和「國家主席」楊尚昆三人，以表示支持。

【本報東京

# South China Morning Post ★★

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## High death toll feared in train crash

BANGKOK: A passenger train derailed in northern Thailand early this morning, killing an unknown number of people and injuring hundreds.

Police said rescuers pulled hundreds of injured people from the wreck and a first group of about 200 were being ferried to hospital in Lampang, about 50 kilometres from the crash site.

"There are deaths – the toll could be high," a railway official in Lampang said.

"We only have sketchy reports. It's dark and it's all jungle and steep hills out there."

Police said 13 of the 15 cars of the Chiang Mai-Bangkok express, which normally carries about 1,000 passengers, derailed into a deep ravine about 580 kilometres north of Bangkok.

Rescuers, who rushed to the crash site by train, were trying to evacuate more casualties from the wreck.

Chiang Mai is Thailand's second biggest city and a popular destination of Thai as well as foreign tourists.

Reuter

## US film wins at Cannes

CANNES: The Cannes film festival's Palme D'or top prize was awarded last night to *Sex, Lies and Videotapes*, an American film directed by Steven Soderbergh.

Best actor award went to James Spader of the US for his role in the film.

Meryl Streep won best actress for her role in *A Cry in the Dark*, by the Australian director Fred Schepisi.

A special prize was awarded to the American actor Gregory Peck for the whole of his career.

Agence France Presse

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### WEATHER

Some showers.
Max temp 28 degrees.
See Page 6.

# Deng calls Zhao a traitor

## Attack marks bitter struggle for power

From MARLOWE HOOD and WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing and DAVID CHEN

THE beleaguered General Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party, Mr Zhao Ziyang, who has disappeared from public view since last Friday, has come under bitter attack by the paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, who called him "a traitor to the party . . . and a counter-revolutionary."

The outburst came during a two-day enlarged Politburo meeting in Beijing, which decided to formally strip Mr Zhao of his position of party General Secretary at the next Central Committee plenum which could be as early as Friday or next Monday.

The Politburo also summoned the chairman of the National People's Congress, Mr Wan Li, from an official visit to the United States. Mr Wan, who met President George Bush late last night, will leave Washington this morning and is due in Beijing tomorrow morning. He is also a Politburo member.

One of the resolutions made at the meeting was that, until Mr Zhao had been stripped of all his party posts, he would be allowed to make public appearances to present a semblance of unity.

Meanwhile, confusion reigned in China and Hongkong as reports circulated widely that the Prime Minister, Mr Li Peng, who declared martial law, had resigned. The news was greeted with glee among students in Beijing and demonstrating crowds in many cities, who broke into wild cheers.

However, sources close to the hierarchy denied that Mr Li had resigned.

The New China News Agency reported an overt attack on Mr Li Peng, saying around one million people had marched through Beijing, many chanting slogans against him.

"The overwhelming majority of the slogans of the parade were directed against the chief leader of the State Council," NCNA said, referring to Mr Li.

However, the release by NCNA, issued at 9.30 pm, also indicated that Mr Li is still Prime Minister.

"Since Premier Li Peng declared the imposition of martial law in some areas of Beijing last Saturday, people took to the streets every day," the agency said.

The Politburo meeting was convened to deal with the political crisis unleashed by student protests as well as the leadership crisis which began when Mr Zhao opposed Mr Deng's hardline position against the students.

Apart from the decision on Mr Zhao, the Politburo also decided to purge officers and troops loyal to Mr Zhao, who is also first vice-chairman of the Central Military Commission (CMC).

### INSIDE


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**Page 5:** Price of reform
**Page 24:** Editorial


Many of Mr Zhao's civilian followers, some of whom are recognised as leading reformists by the Western press, would also be relieved of their jobs.

Chinese sources in Beijing said the military had prepared a list of 40 intellectuals and Zhao loyalists to be arrested.

Two of the names mentioned were Bao Tong, the director of the party Institute for the Restructuring of Political System, and Yu Hongcheng, a vocal advocate of political reform.

The enlarged Politburo meeting also decided to continue to adopt a hard line towards the student movement. Participants in the meeting did not rule out the use of force in quelling the activists' challenge to the regime.

Also attending the meeting were Central Committee members who are now in Beijing, as well as members of the Central Advisory Commission and the Central Commission for Disciplinary Inspection.

Mr Deng spoke at the opening of the session but left before the conclave ended yesterday.

The chairman of the CMC explained why the party Central Committee should relieve Mr Zhao of his duties as General Secretary and first vice-chairman of the CMC.

"Mr Zhao is a traitor of the party," Mr Deng thundered. "The General Secretary is also a counter-revolutionary."

This is the first time that Mr Deng, a long-time supporter of Mr Zhao, has used such strong language against the reformist leader.

The detailed "crimes" of Mr Zhao were explained by President Yang Shangkun, who is also executive vice-chairman of the CMC.

"Mr Zhao Ziyang has supported and instigated anti-party elements within the PLA," Mr Yang said.

"His aim is to create divisions within the Army and to seize power himself.

"Moreover, from behind the scenes, Mr Zhao has orchestrated the student movement and given support to the students' challenge to the authority of the party."

Mr Yang then hinted that part of the mission of the estimated 150,000 soldiers called into Beijing is to smash PLA elements loyal to Mr Zhao.

The president also defended the declaration of martial law in Beijing and Wuhan.

"Comrade Xiaoping has pointed out that there are many virtues to martial law," Mr Yang said.

"We must resolutely carry out martial law until stability and unity is restored."

Other Politburo members, including the Prime Minister, Mr Li Peng, also cited four crimes against Mr Zhao.

Firstly, Mr Zhao is accused of having given behind-the-scenes support to the counter-revolutionary student movement.

Secondly, the General Secretary is said to have disclosed state secrets to President Mikhail Gorbachev. This was a reference to his disclosure of splits within the party by saying that at the first plenum of the 13th Central Committee, it was decided that Mr Deng would continue to be the party's helmsman.

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 6)

Reuter

The paint-splattered giant portrait of Chairman Mao at Tiananmen Square is soon covered up by workmen.

Student protesters block the path of one of the three people (centre, facing) they say defaced the portrait.

## Activists hedge bets with twin banners

By S.Y. WAI and JOHN TANG

LOCAL liberals were caught in the confusion of the Beijing political power struggle last night with activists preparing two sets of banners for today's mass rally in Hongkong.

A spokesman for the All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-Democracy Movement, Mr Cheung Man-kwong, said they would be on the streets demanding Premier Li Peng's ousting, or celebrating his fall from power.

"One set of banners will be used against Mr Li's crackdown on students and the other will be for a big celebration if he resigns," he said.

This morning, the alliance will ask the Education Department to free all pupils and students from afternoon classes so that they can take part in the demonstration.

Civil service unions will also ask the Government to let them leave their offices before 5 pm to join in.

Meanwhile local students yesterday remained at the forefront of Hongkong's popular campaign in support of the Beijing movement.

About 70,000 students from 100 secondary schools signed a petition and donated about $400,000 for the Beijing demonstrators. The petition was handed to the New China News Agency (NCNA) late last night.

A Hongkong Federation of Students delegation, comprising 150 representatives from 14 tertiary institutes, arrived in Guangzhou in time to take part in a round-the-city demonstration in the capital of Guangdong province which went on into the early hours of today.

More than 7,000 tertiary students gathered at Victoria Park around noon and once again marched in groups to Queen's Road East outside the Happy Valley headquarters of the NCNA.

The number of protesters grew to 15,000 at 3 pm when they were joined by thousands of secondary students in their gingham summer uniforms, many of whom

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 4)

## Students seize trio who vandalise Mao portrait

From SETH FAISON in Beijing

THREE vandals yesterday splashed paint on the portrait of Mao Tsetung overlooking Tiananmen Square from the Gate of Heavenly Peace, tarnishing one of China's most sacred communist images.

Red and black paint blemished Mao's chin and smeared a spot between his eyes.

Responsibility for the action was quickly denied by student leaders, who feared that such a highly symbolic gesture could damage the reputation of their movement.

The remarkable absence of violence and vandalism in the demonstrations has won the students large support from ordinary citizens, and given political ammunition to reformers who favour restraint and conciliation in the crisis.

Most of the demonstrations of recent weeks have passed by Mao's portrait, and the absence of any attacks on it seemed to reflect the movement's reformist – not revolutionary – approach.

Yesterday, more than 10,000 students, workers and Government employees staged a demonstration apparently aimed at reviving weary students, some of whom considered leaving the square.

A meeting of 10 student leaders decided to continue the sit-in indefinitely.

According to student leader Wang Wen, the meeting also decided to expel charismatic leader Wu'erkaixi – who gave Prime Minister Li Peng a dressing down on national television last week – for advocating evacuation from the square against the majority of student wishes.

In the march, about 500 leading intellectuals from the Academy of Social Sciences accused Prime Minister Li Peng of trying to mount a military coup in his struggle for power against Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang.

"Punish Li Peng," said one of their banners.

Joining the march were about 20 students from Hongkong's Chinese University, who carried a banner stating: "One million Hongkong people demonstrate in support of students".

Witnesses of the Mao portrait defacing said the three young men, wearing white headbands like student protesters, were immediately jumped on by students who paraded them through the square.

Student organisers accused the three, apparently carrying journalist identification cards from Hunan province, of trying to discredit the student movement.

"They were doing the Government's work. That's why we didn't take them to the police – they'll just use them some more," said student leader Wang Wen.

Mr Wang said he thought most students in the square automatically assumed the vandals were agents of Mr Li, for whom they seem to have more contempt than anyone.

However, he added that it was possible they were extreme anti-Maoists.

"Mao is still a very powerful figure in China. He was our great leader. It is difficult to separate him from communism," he said.

Some students in the square have been spotted wearing Mao buttons, and one such student even put forward Mao's name when he was asked who he would support to replace the current leadership.

"He led us in our greatest time. We were all unified then," said the student, from the Xian Language Institute.

Mao's portrait has hung over Tiananmen Square since the 1950s.

After senior leader Deng Xiaoping emerged as China's top leader in the late 1970s and repudiated Mao, there was widespread speculation that the old symbol would come down.

After the defacing, workmen were rushed in to cover the portrait with a huge drape. Last night, a new copy of the portrait was in place.

## Wuhan clash

CHINESE soldiers beat demonstrators in the central city of Wuhan yesterday, witnesses said.

Four foreign teachers in the city said at least three truckloads of People's Liberation Army troops beat more than 40 people.

## Shares rebound to recoup losses

By MARTIN WINN

THE Hongkong stock market staged a spectacular rebound yesterday to recoup most of Monday's savage losses, as fears of a military crackdown in Beijing diminished.

Frantic buying by local and foreign investors sent the Hang Seng index soaring a massive 261.08 points or almost 10 per cent to 3,067.65, its sharpest one-day rise for more than four years.

The huge jump in share prices marked an astonishing recovery by the market from Monday, when a 339-point slump in the index wiped a colossal $65 billion off the value of local stocks.

The sudden turnaround took brokers by surprise and prompted predictions that trading would remain volatile and prices might retreat again in the next few days.

"A technical bounce was always likely, but the magnitude was unexpected," said James Capel analyst Chris Chong.

"The market can take these rallies, but it could equally fall 100 points tomorrow".

Yesterday's trading scenes were even more frenzied than Monday as turnover hit $3.67 billion, a record since the October 1987 crash and well up on the previous day's $3 billion.

Overnight buying from Europe and position-covering by investors who sold short on Monday pushed shares up sharply from the opening bell, while rumours that Chinese Premier Li Peng would resign and army units had withdrawn in Beijing brought local punters piling back into the market.

The Hang Seng index reached a peak of 3,125 in mid-afternoon, up almost 320 points on the day, before profit-taking in the final 30 minutes.

Sentiment was dampened by towards the close by rumours that the Chinese Government might still crack down on protesters and that the mayor of Shanghai had criticised the student movement again.

●See Business Post

## Labour quashes Hongkong hopes

From DAVID WALLEN in London

LABOUR Foreign Affairs spokesman George Foulkes yesterday held out no hope that a future Labour Government in the UK would be any more flexible than Conservative Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher on the Hongkong nationality issue.

He told Chief Secretary Sir David Ford in a meeting at the House of Commons that some Labour MPs had reservations about allowing all the 3.25 million Hongkong British passport holders full right of abode in the UK.

Mr Foulkes told Sir David, who was accompanied by outgoing Hongkong Government Commissioner in the UK, Sir Selwyn Alleyne, and incoming Commissioner John Yaxley, that there was some concern about setting a precedent, and the implications this could have for relatives of other immigrants from the New Commonwealth already in the United Kingdom.

But in the 45-minute meeting Sir David put up a full argument for the people of Hongkong being made a special case, stressing that Hongkong was a dependent territory and not a soon-to-be-independent country, and that other special cases had been made for the Falklands and Gibraltar.

Said Mr Foulkes later: "I said they didn't need to convince me, I was probably the most sympathetic person in the foreign affairs team, but work had to be done to persuade some of my colleagues."

Mr Foulkes told the Hongkong Government team that he was worried about making exceptions for various groups such as civil servants on the nationality issue as this could look elitist and discriminatory.

They also discussed progress on the Basic Law and consultations with China along with the crisis over the Vietnamese boat people.

Sir David Ford

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# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

■ LI PENG FACES CALL TO QUIT ■ WAN LI CUTS HIS U.S. VISIT ■ DENG YET TO SHOW HAND

# China holds its breath

By Tammy Tam in Beijing

STRONG indications emerged yesterday that China's embattled premier, Li Peng, is on his way out.

A decision on his future is expected soon.

The speculation follows a request at a meeting of the party Politburo yesterday for Mr Li – believed to have been acting as Communist Party chief for the past few days – to step down.

Informed sources said Politburo members were split on whether he should step down.

But opposition to him was growing within the decision-making body, they said.

The meeting, also attended by members of the Central Advisory Commission (CAC) and Central Disciplinary Inspection Commission (CDIC), was called to discuss Mr Li's position.

"Because paramount leader Deng Xiaoping has still not clearly shown his attitude, and neither side could convince the other, a decision cannot be reached," said a source.

He said that Mr Li was still adamant on the decision to impose martial law in Beijing.

Mr Deng, who had left Beijing for southern regions to meet commanders of the seven military regions, returned on Monday and attended yesterday's meeting.

He consulted Mr Chen Yun, chairman of the CDIC, who said: "It should not be handled too hastily."

"But Mr Deng, perhaps annoyed by the anti-Deng slogans, still would not agree to lift martial law," the sources said.

Nevertheless, he repeatedly stressed that the troops would not march into Tiananmen Square where students were gathering.

At yesterday's meeting, Communist Party General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang, who was said to have been forced to resign, attended the meeting.

Mr Hu Qili, a member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo who until then had remained neutral, supported Mr Zhao.

Meanwhile, Mr Wan Li, chairman of the National People's Congress has cut short his visit to the United States after he met President George Bush yesterday, a US official said.

Mr Wan, a member of the Politburo, was said to be returning home to deal with the political crisis.

■ Li Peng ... reported to be on way out.

INSIDE:

■ In Hongkong – Stars pitch in with music; Business pitches in with cash; Xinhua mobbed by marchers; Left-wing bodies declare their stand; what people say: **Pages 3, 4** ▶

■ In Beijing – Li Peng and the propaganda unit; troubled provinces look to the capital; Analysis, Reaction: **Pages 5, 6, 7** ▶

■ Power struggle shows that nothing has changed: **Page 15** ▶

Meanwhile, pressure against imposition of martial law was increasing as elderly party advisers had pressed the Central Committee not to employ violent measures to curb the demonstrating students.

Several hundreds of highly-respected elderly members jointly signed the letter to the Central Committee when they met at a funeral service of late leader Mr Xiao Wengdong.

Many are members of the 200-member CAC, 69-member CDIC and the People's Liberation Army.

This is yet another open expression of central party cadres vowing support for the students after various party and state organisation staff had taken sides.

Influential Chinese legislators two days ago held a meeting in Beijing which ended with a resolution that the NPC chairman Mr Wan should call an emergency meeting.

All vice-chairmen of the National People's Congress Standing Committee attending the meeting, except Mr Wang Hanbin, also a Basic Law drafter, said the student movement should be positively appreciated. They also strongly denounced the martial law order imposed in Beijing last Saturday by Mr Li.

Mr Li was reported to have failed to obtain allegiance from the non-Communist parties.

Apart from ordering provincial authorities to show their allegiance, he was also asking the democratic parties to do so, but it met strong resistance from the leaders of the parties.

Although troops in Beijing suburbs began to retreat yesterday, they did not leave the boundary of Beijing.

An army officer interviewed by the China Central Television said: "We won't kill our people, but the troops are still waiting for further orders."

"There is now only 10 to 20 percent hope for Mr Zhao to return to power. If any of the students can stay in Tiananmen Square for one or two days longer, the whole situation may have significant changes," said an informed source.

Late last night, Beijing municipal authorities held a press conference, the first since implementation of martial law, to explain the details of the reported confrontation between the troops and the citizens two nights ago.

Releasing a video on the aftermath of the confrontation, the officials said unidentified persons, instead of troops sparked the clash.

Officials said the clash broke out when these people started to throw stones at the soldiers who were retreating from Beijing.

Ten people were kept in custody and the officials said there were no university students among them.

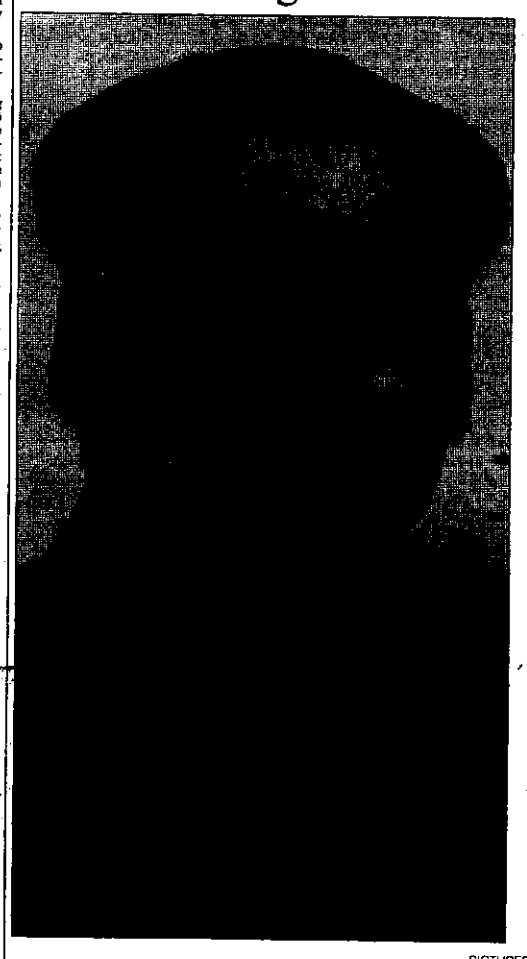
More than 60 soldiers were injured, with seven being sent to hospital, among them four seriously injured.

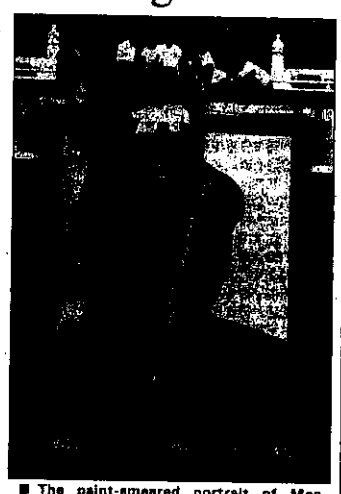
Another 11 citizens and 12 students were also injured, the official said.

■ Meanwhile, the formation of an alliance comprising students, workers and intellectuals to protect China's constitution will be announced today.

The alliance was proposed by Mr Yan Jiaqi, the former director of the Political Institute of the Academy of Social Sciences, who said the campaign to overthrow the Li Peng government should not be carried out by students alone.

## Students grab vandals defacing Mao





■ The paint-smeared portrait of Mao (left), the cover-up (above), and later, a new portrait is erected.

PICTURES: Reuter, Associated Press

**BEIJING: Three men claiming to be from Mao Zedong's home province defaced his huge portrait overlooking central Tiananmen Square yesterday, hurling black paint at the face of the founder of the communist nation.**

**The men were caught by students and turned over to police and twice in the evening, state-run television broke into regular programmes to broadcast brief taped interviews with the three, who admitted they were responsible for the vandalism.**

**The three, one of whose jackets was spotted with black stains, did not disclose their reasons for hurling the paint, which left blotches on the late leader's tunic and the background on the left side of the portrait.**

**About an hour after the incident, maintenance workers scrambled aboard a cherry-picker and were lifted up to drop a green tarpaulin across the giant portrait, a rare public remnant of one of the largest personality cults in history.**

**Later, a new portrait was erected.**

**The vandals were interrogated by students for 30 minutes and then handed over to authorities.**

**The portrait hangs over the entrance to the Forbidden City, the former imperial palace which is now a state museum.** – AP

■ What it means **Page 5**

## INSIDE

### OPENERS

Just for openers, and to be entertained, informed and diverted, turn to our new-look **Page 2**

JOBMARKET

Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition on Friday

### Gurkhas

They have just been told their numbers are to be cut by half. What will be the effect in Hongkong, London and the villages of Nepal?

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**WEATHER:** 25°C – 28°C. Some showers. Details on Page 21.

## Mark Six

THERE were three winners of the first prize of $706,131 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 1, 2, 29, 35, 40 and 41 yesterday. The extra number was 39.

The second prize of $286,269 each had four winners while the third prize of $15,782 each had 156 winning units.

# Marchers defy ban as news flows again

MARTIAL law in Beijing was effectively shattered last night with a million protesters defying the ban on demonstrations, the media blackout removed and troops being withdrawn.

Despite an official announcement, Beijing was virtually released from the emergency arrangement and experienced the calmest day since martial law was declared on Saturday.

In a surprising move, the state-owned China Central Television (CCTV) last night lifted the ban on transmission by satellite.

According to the Television Broadcasts Limited (TVB) reporter who appeared suddenly in the news programme last night, the authorities gave no reasons for the latest development.

"Judging from the CCTV's move, I think the martial law is now invalid," the reporter said from Beijing.

The martial law stipulates that foreign media were banned from reporting in Beijing, people were banned from demonstrating and troops were ready to restore order.

Meanwhile, a million Beijing students, intellectuals and government officials yesterday fighting sandstorms along the Changan Avenue in Beijing, chanted "Down with Li Peng".

Bitterly accusing Premier Li of being "a rat in the street" and "the common enemy of the people", people disregarded the demonstration ban without any official opposition.

Clouds turned Tiananmen Square into a sea of darkness and a storm comparable to that of Typhoon Brenda swept the Changan Avenue, causing sands and rubbish whirling in the air and blowing against the sea of anti-government banners.

But it failed to shatter the demonstrating crowds.

Instead, demonstrators held their banners tight and they began to chant "With Li Peng still on the stage, we'll still come everyday".

The demonstrators included government officials from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Aeronautics Ministry, the Patents Bureau and various state publications and university students.

The procession passed in front of the defaced portrait of Mao Zedong hanging from the Gate of Heavenly Peace.

Some army units have been withdrawn after the implementation of martial law four days ago.

The party's mouthpiece, the *People's Daily* said that while some units had been pulled back, others remained in the suburbs.

Both the state radio and the Xinhua News Agency confirmed a clash between soldiers and residents on the southwestern fringes of Beijing.

It is reported that more than 40 students were injured, one badly.

# Hongkong ready to celebrate

A MARCH to celebrate the expected downfall of Premier Li Peng is to be held on Hongkong Island this evening.

The All Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Movement, which is hoping Mr Li's resignation will be announced before the event starts, yesterday appealed to all Hongkong people to join the procession.

Even if the premier's resignation was not announced the event could be turned into a demonstration to denounce him, a spokesman said.

The resignation of Mr Li would mark only the first step of long-term democratic development in China, said the spokesman.

"There is still a long way to go," he said.

The procession is to start from Victoria Park at 6 pm heading for Chater Garden in Central.

The alliance comprises about 50 groups and forms the backbone of the Joint Committee for the promotion of Democratic Government. The committee is the flagship of Hongkong's liberal coalition.

# Market rallies amid cheap stock buying

THE stock market yesterday rebounded, gaining a massive 261 points at the close.

Analysts said the recovery was due to rumours that Chinese Communist Party leader Zhao Ziyang had gained the upper hand in the student crisis.

In a complete turnaround, investors poured into the market and recouped most of the ground lost the previous day.

The Hang Seng index rose 9.3 percent to close at 3,067 points.

To Sun Hung Kai Securities executive director, Larry Tam said most investors had already "regained their senses".

"They probably recalled that before these demonstrations in China started, the market was on its way up. Despite the plunge on Monday, the uptrend is still intact," he said.

But he added trading would continue to be volatile and sensitive to the developments in China.

County Natwest equity dealer McMan Miles said the rally was sustained by overseas buyers, mainly from the United Kingdom and the United States who were cashing in on low levels.

■ Zhao Ziyang ... confidence here.

"Foreign fund managers saw this as a good opportunity to step in and acquire shares at cheap prices," he said.

But while share prices shot up, foreign investments in China through Hongkong ground to a halt yesterday.

"We'll put a brake to new investment items on our agenda until the situation in China clarifies," said Andrew Chow, general manager of locally-listed Tian An China Investment Ltd, which has a China property portfolio spreading from Beijing to Guangzhou.

A senior manager of Nomura Research International Co Ltd Chan Kwok-kei, said "any bank should think twice about making loans to China which now poses a high risk."

The property market also remained slow.

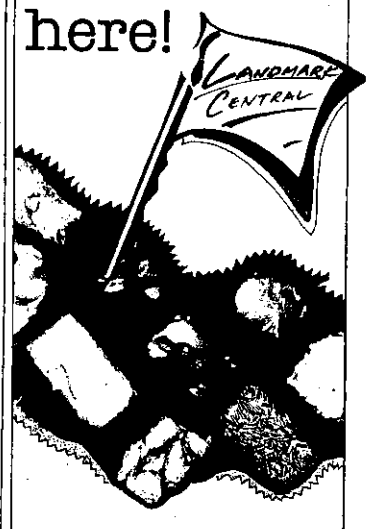
Affected by the political crisis in Beijing, Hip Shing Hong's new residential project in Sham Shui Po drew a poor response from the market.

Not even one unit of Lai Chu Building has been sold since being put on the market last Friday.

Midland Realty sales manager Patrick Lui said the owners of some Hongkong properties were willing to cut their prices by five to 10 percent.

Fumio Ochiai, head of the Japanese Tokai Bank's China division here, said he was "very worried" over the current crisis in Beijing.

We're still here!

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# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14828期 （代号1—1）

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人民日报社出版


## 国务院秘书长罗干受李鹏总理委托

# 看望保卫电报大楼广播影视部指战员

新华社北京5月24日电　国务院秘书长罗干受李鹏总理的委托，今晚看望和慰问了负责北京电报大楼、形电中心、中央人民广播电台、国际电台保卫工作的北京卫戍区指战员和武警战士。

罗干对指战员说，在北京市社会秩序混乱的情况下，你们在执行任务中遇到很大困难。连日来你们吃不好饭，睡不好觉，得不到休息。你们严守纪律，热爱首都；热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生。你们的行动逐步得到青年学生和社会各界人民的理解和支持。现在首都秩序正在恢复，我们坚信，在党中央和国务院的领导下，在广大指战员、公安干警、武警、青年学生以及社会各界的共同努力下，首都北京一定能够尽快恢复正常的生活秩序和社会秩序。希望广大职工支持解放军指战员，共同做好重要部门的安全保卫工作。

罗干还看望和慰问了广播电影电视部部分值夜班的同志。

# 首都医务界救治学生九千多人次

## 至今无一人死亡

本报讯　记者魏仁耀报道：记者从北京市急救中心获悉。在天安门广场学生绝食及后来和平静坐请愿的11天里，首都医务界广大医护人员竭尽全力救治学生。至今无一人死亡。截至5月24日晚6点，全市82所医院救治学生共9156人次，留院观察8305人次。今天，在几家医院继续留观的只有66人。

据北京市卫生局负责人介绍，天安门广场学生绝食以来，北京市急救中心及同仁、协和、友谊等几十家医院全力以赴，不分昼夜精心救治学生。许多医护人员几天几夜不回家，还有的带病坚持在广场抢救学生。在学生、家长及社会各界的大力协助、配合下，出色地完成了紧急、紧急的抢救任务。

在绝食学生改善坐情愿以后，有学生患感冒、发烧、腹泻等，仍坚持在广场医疗点的急救中心的医护人员及时采取有效措施防治。到目前为止，学生中没有烈性传染病流行。

北京医生大学生绝食情愿活动后，中国红十字会总会从人道主义出发，积极呼吁，并在天安门广场开展卫生救护，运送救急物资及药品。图为中国红十字会总会捐助的2000余瓶氨。　李朝宁摄

新闻摄影比赛

# 慰问戒严部队全体官兵

## 解放军三总部致信

新华社北京5月24日电　解放军总参谋部、总政治部、总后勤部5月22日向担负北京市部分地区戒严任务部队全体官兵发出慰问信，全文如下：

致担负北京市部分地区戒严任务部队全体官兵的慰问信

亲爱的戒严部队的全体官兵同志们：

你们好！你们辛苦了！

为了维护首都的社会安定，制止越来越严重的社会动乱，迅速恢复正常秩序，你们奉中央军委的命令，来到伟大祖国的首都，执行神圣的戒严任务。这是党和政府就予你们的重托，是祖国和人民对你们的高度信任。你们的行动不仅直接关系到首都的安宁，而且对全国的稳定也将起到重大的作用。现在，北京市各界人民在关注着你们，全军官兵在关注着你们，全国人民在关注着你们！

几天来，你们用自己的实际行动，表明你们确实是能够肩负起神圣的使命，无愧于党和人民殷切期望的部队。中央军委一声令下，你们雷厉风行，立即出动；开进途中，你们不顾炎热饥渴，不顾颠簸劳累，星夜兼程，风餐露宿；在行动受到拦阻的情况下，你们尽管吃不上饭、喝不上水、睡不上觉，但始终保持了高昂的士气。在新的任务和考验面前，从各级领导到每个同志，都表现出了很高的政治觉悟，很强的组织纪律性和良好的军事素质。事实再一次证明，我们的部队是听党的话的，是完全可以信赖的。我们向你们表示亲切的慰问和崇高的敬意！

你们到北京来，执行的是一项新的任务。在这场关系到国家前途命运的严肃政治斗争中，在完成制止动乱、恢复正常秩序的任务中，部队将会遇到各种困难，面临各种考验。为此，我们希望同志们：

要努力学习，认清责任。现在，极少数人制造的动乱还没有平息，有的人仍在进行活动。如果让他们的阴谋得逞，全国人民十年艰苦奋斗的改革成果，社会主义现代化建设事业，都将毁于一旦。戒严部队的每一个同志，都要深入学习李鹏总理、杨尚昆主席5月19日的重要讲话和《人民日报》4月26日社论，充分认识这场斗争的性质，认识部队执行戒严任务，反映了广大人民群众息安定、盼团结。迅速制止动乱的强烈愿望，责任重大，无尚光荣。

要立场坚定，旗帜鲜明。极少数人煽风点火，制造动乱，目的是要否定中国共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。在这场大是大非的斗争面前，我们必须保持清醒的头脑，坚定革命的立场。无论在任何严峻的情况下，无论在任何复杂的斗争面前，都要坚定不移地执行党中央和中央军委的命令，毫不动摇地听从首都戒严指挥部的指挥，保护人民群众的根本利益，旗帜鲜明地同极少数人的阴谋作坚决的斗争。

要不怕困难，百折不挠。部队远离家房，在新的环境下执行特殊任务，不仅在物质保障、生活条件上存在许多困难，而且在执行任务中还会遇到许多意想不到的新情况、新问题。我们要发扬邓主席倡导的“五种革命精神”，不怕苦，不怕累，就就业业，任劳任怨，以坚韧不拔的毅力，夺取这场斗争的胜利。

要加强纪律，执行政策。执行戒严任务，面临着错综复杂的情况，涉及到许多政策性很强的问题。因此，每个同志都要加强组织性纪律性，自觉遵守三大纪律八项注意，爱护首都的一草一木，不拿群众的一针一线。要服从命令，听从指挥，模范地遵守国家的法律法规，坚决按照有关的政策规定办事。

要热爱人民，加强团结。我军是人民的子弟兵。全心全意为人民服务是我军的唯一宗旨，拥政爱民是我军的光荣传统。我们要热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生，文明执勤，以实际行动赢得广大群众的支持和信赖。我们不但要搞好军队内部的团结，搞好军或军民团结，还要搞好和公安干警、武警部队的团结，齐心协力，互相支持，为恢复首都的正常秩序，促进全国的安定团结，共同努力奋斗。

执行戒严任务，这是一项艰苦复杂的工作。广大共产党员、共青团员，特别是各级领导干部，一定要发扬先锋模范作用。时时处处为部队作表率。我们相信，戒严部队的全体同志，一定会不辜负党中央、国务院、中央军委和全军同志的期望与重托，在执行戒严任务的过程中经受新的考验和锻炼，为改革开放和四化建设的顺利进行作出新的贡献！

党和人民不会忘记你们，共和国不会忘记你们，历史将铭刻你们的功绩！

总参谋部
中国人民解放军　总政治部
总后勤部
1989年5月22日

## 一些省和自治区党委政府表示

# 拥护党中央国务院决策

新华社北京5月24日电　一些省、自治区党委、政府致电党中央、国务院，表示坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，坚决拥护党中央、国务院关于恢复首都秩序的决策。

**湖北省**　5月20日，关广富同志主持召开省委常委会议，认真学习了李鹏同志代表党中央、国务院在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话及杨尚昆同志的讲话，一致认为，在极少数人变图制造大规模动乱的紧急关头，中央果断地作出制止动乱、稳定局势的决策，非常英明；一致表示衷心拥护，并要坚决贯彻执行。

省委认为，近一个月来，全国和湖北的事态发展表明，当前出现的问题确实是极少数人企图制造一场全国性的动乱，形势相当严峻，危害很大。我们湖北，主要是武汉市，进入5月以来，事态也日益扩大，甚至全国铁路干线京广线也在武汉被一度中断，已经严重地干扰了教学秩序、交通秩序、工作秩序、生产秩序和人民的生活秩序，干扰了治理整顿和深化改革的工作，并且造成了严重的思想混乱。这种情况，再也不能任其发展下去了。

省委认为，旗帜鲜明地、坚决果断地制止动乱，是当前摆在全党和全国人民面前的一场严重的政治斗争。这场斗争的核心问题是在坚持经济建设这个中心和坚持改革开放的同时，要不要坚持四项基本原则，在这场关系到我们国家命运和前途的严重的政治斗争面前，我们决心坚定不移地在政治上和党中央保持高度一致，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，制止动乱，坚持党的基本路线，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，保卫社会主义现代化建设事业顺利进行。

我省前一段的工作，贯彻了中央提出的旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，稳定局势，具体工作注意领导的指示精神。5月20日凌晨收听了李鹏、杨尚昆同志的讲话以后，省委立即根据中央决策的精神和要求，进一步做了部署。中央的决策是指导我们稳定湖北局势的强大武器。我们必须更头脑清醒，坚定立场，掌握政策，注意方法，经过艰苦而卓有成效的工作，坚决地正确地有效地把中央的决策落到实处。

全省各级党组织和党员，决心和衷共济，团结一致，坚决贯彻中央的决策，努力把湖北的工作做好，为制止动乱和稳定局势做出贡献。

**广西壮族自治区**　5月20日凌晨，我们收听了李鹏同志的重要讲话，当天上午召开了自治区党委常委、自治区人民政府领导会议，进行了认真的学习讨论。与会同志一致拥护党中央、国务院恢复首都正常秩序稳定局势的重大措施，和党中央保持一致，并研究了在我区贯彻落实的具体意见。当天下午，区党委又召开了自治区各民主党派、工商联负责人以及无党派爱国人士的座谈会，进行学习，共商如何在我区贯彻落实。大家一致表示，李鹏同志的讲话很重要，必须认真贯彻落实。这两天，自治区党委常委和自治区人民政府领导继续研究如何维护我区安定团结以及进一步搞好各项工作的措施。自治区顾委、人大、纪委、政协、广西军区和各民主党派领导都进行了学习讨论。全区各地、各部门也都组织广大干部群众进行了学习。

（下转第二版）

# 开展「双学双比」竞赛

## 全国广大农村妇女

新华社济南5月24日电　（记者郭修业）一场“学文化、学技术，比成绩、比贡献”的“双学双比”竞赛活动，正在我国广大农村妇女中扎扎实实展开。据16个省、市、自治区的不完全统计，参加这项活动的妇女劳力已占妇女劳动力总数的70%左右。

据了解，目前，在全国2.3亿文盲中，有2.1亿在农村，而文盲中妇女又占到70%。农村妇女的文化技术素质基状况与其在农业生产中所处的地位极不适应，在很大程度上影响了农业的发展。

1986年以来，全国妇联不断向全国各级妇联发出提高妇女素质，帮助妇女脱贫致富的号召，各地妇联也从本地实际出发，组织农村妇女学文化、学技术，通过多形式、多渠道、多层次、长短结合、集中与分散结合的培训方法，对不同文化、不同技术程度的妇女施以不同层次的教育培训，向广大农村妇女传授文化技术知识，使他们掌握生产技能。在许多地方参加培训的妇女中，80%的人掌握一至二门生产技术。

全国妇联在总结各地经验的基础上，联合11个单位，于今年3月发出了《关于在全国各族农村妇女中深入开展学文化、学技术、比成绩、比贡献竞赛活动的通知》。这项历时5年的竞赛活动，将改变过去农村妇女工作单靠妇联一家抓的局面。近日全国妇联召开了有各省、市、自治区和部分基层妇联负责人，以及河南、河北、山东3省83个贫困县妇联负责人参加的会议，交流开展这项活动的经验。

# 联合国秘书长关注中国局势

## 希望不要发生暴力事件

## 意共总书记对中国局势表示不安

新华社罗马5月24日电　意共总书记奥凯托今天下午来到中国驻意大利大使馆，对中国目前的局势表示不安和忧虑。

奥凯托总书记在同杜意大使谈话时说，他对中国目前局势的发展非常关注。他说，他一直希望在中国不要发生暴力事件，没有任何人愿意发生暴力事件。“中国人自己也非常反对非暴力的方式解决问题”。

奥凯托说，“我们本着友好和朋友的意见，我们意大利共产党人对中国的改革十分关注”。

意大利总理安德奥蒂后表示，意大利共产党真诚地希望中国政府要善始善终地在北京和全国其他许多大城市出现的事件，“他认为‘这不仅对中国，而且对整个世界都是十分重要的’‘他说’”。

奥凯托说，“社会主义国家能够不断地实现进步和民主化，反之，对中国的发展和世界进步力量同样将是极为不利的”。

这次事件的顺利解决可以表明，“社会主义国家能够在不断发展和进步的过程中解决自己的问题”。

# 银行增设三个月存款档次

## 从6月1日起实施

新华社北京5月24日电　（记者丁望锦）总国务院批准，中国人民银行最近作出了增设3个月存款档次的决定，这一决定将于6月1日起实施。

据了解，目前我国居民手中持有的现金已达到1500亿元左右。这一部分现金滞留在社会上的主要原因，除了通货膨胀严重，居民心理不稳定以外，也与银行现有存款档次过少，定期储蓄存款最低档次的期限较长，储户感到不方便有关。

据悉，中国人民银行最近已发出通知，要求各家专业银行及邮政部门办的储蓄机构，从6月1日起对城乡居民个人和企事业单位开设3个月的存款档次。存款利率最高限为月利率6.3‰。人民银行各省、自治区、直辖市分行及计划单列市，经济特区分行，都有权根据当地情况，以地、市为单位，确定具体利率水平。中国人民银行总行同时还要求同一地区的利率水平必须一致，以避免由于利率不统一而扰乱金融市场。

## 科学论证　重振经济

# 四川决定开发“三江”水能

据新华社成都5月24日电　（记者李正杰、凌云）依靠科学论证，尊重专家意见，四川省最近作出重要决定，全力开发以金沙江、大渡河、雅砻江为主的水能源资源，推动工农业的稳定发展，重振“天府之国”经济。

为了制定科学、切实可行的水电开发方案，四川省政府邀请了全国水电、地质、水利、经济、化工、农业、生态等方面的几十位专家，对“三江”进行了全面系统的实地综合考察。

从4月18日到5月24日，考察团在历时一个多月的考察、论证中，老专家们爬山涉水，行程5000余公里，先后考察了金沙江、大渡河、雅砻江、岷江、嘉陵江等十几条河流，查看了已建和在建的大中型水电站以及初步规划的近30个电站坝址，了解了当地的矿产、工业、农业、生态等方面的情况。经过考察和论证，专家们认为，四川的水能资源得天独厚，水能的理论蕴藏量达1.5亿千瓦。其中的“三江”流域又是我国水能资源最富集的地区，河流不仅落差大，而且水量平稳，开发条件之好在世界上也是罕见的。而从四川的能源构成比例来看，煤炭占19%，天然气占1.2%，石油占0.1%，占绝对优势的水电占71.7%。这就决定了四川建设的出路主要是发展水电。

专家们指出，四川的河流不仅有雄巨型电站的好坝址，而且拥有众多的可建中小型电站的好电站点。专家们建议，实行大型水电站为骨干，中小型水电站为基础的水电开发方针。特别是近几年内，应鼓励、支持地方办电的积极性，实行以电养电的政策，集中力量建成一批投资小、见效快的中小型电站，以缓和当前用电紧张的矛盾。

# 北京戒严第五天

本报北京5月25日凌晨2时讯　170多条城路公共电汽车通车了，环城地铁运营了，交通警察上岗了，全市交通网络基本畅通，尽管生活秩序趋于正常，人们对时局的关注有增无减。

截至23日傍晚首都医院，北京昨天四日当空，天安门广场上广大格 风沐 雨的学生的健康状况受到北京市民关怀。23日傍晚出现的为请愿学生送衣服、食品、药物的人流，一直持续到24日清晨。前些天为救护绝食同学忙得一刻不停的医务人员，现在正忙着喷洒消毒药水，以防疾病蔓延。大学生刚组织就问团，向医务人员表示感谢。

长安街头及广场周围，仍有零星游行队伍出现。一些已拆除路障的交通路口，入夜仍聚集着很多市民。

据昨天的《北京晚报》报道，目前静坐请愿学生的健康状况趋向好转，外地来京学生病倒者增多，被限于城外的戒严部队战士身体抵抗力急剧下降。

据北京车站有关人员介绍，外地学生每天进出人数大体相当。

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# 北京各新聞單位首腦昨奉召到中南海開會

（本報攝）

## 圍城狀態下萬衆一心 北京市民說：「都遭時候了」

【新華社北京二十四日電】據《人民日報》一篇署名文章說，連日來，北京人的公德意識持續上升，似乎人人都隨處到，為個人着想就是為社會着想。

來過北京的外地人，過去大多為服務行業人員的服務態度氣憤過。五月二十一日，在王府井百貨大樓，一位顧客買了一輛自行車，他當場沒有提出調試，售貨員主動耐心地給他額外加了一小時服務，把自行車上的所有螺絲全擰緊一遍，說，「放心騎吧，包您跑遍北京不用維修！」流傳頗為《當今北京人的公德意識》的文章說，人與人之間的冷漠似乎在市民中消失了。五月中旬，在北京站，神牛一輛車上貼着一張紙條，稱「專送教授和女學生」的紙條，幾位老聞對我們說，兩三天來，他們義務接送老教授和女學生，十七日，一位遊行的研究生匆忙中將衣服交給了一位不相識的導女，只說自己是社會科學院的。一天之後，他的外衣被人送了回來。二十日，一位西安交大的女學生到商店買了東西，到天安門廣場後才發現自己缺有相機的黃背包丟失了。她萬分焦慮，夜晚九時，當她沿路問尋到東單路口時，有個人正靜靜地等在那兒。五月十三日以後的日子裏，市中心的一些路段公共交通中斷，只靠在市區內步行的路人向遇路的汽車招招手，很容易得免搭載，而且分文不收。平日裏，掏錢乘「出租」的時有發生，這兩種行為說明了什麼？一位司機用「理解」二字道出了他們的心態。

自天安門廣場數千學生絕食以來，每日上街遊行聲援學生的隊伍和前往觀看的人流絡繹不絕。不少路口有學生刻意隊員在值勤，仍然免不了發生人車碰撞，若在以往，只要相互碰撞的有，一個說「沒事沒事」，該有便是一對紅，真對不起。」

十九日夜至二十日午，在停家樓，二十多輛車被市民截在大街口。圍觀的一些青年工人走到軍車前，遞上香煙，送上報紙，熱忱而誠摯地給戰士們介紹這日來發生在官前的大規模暴動情況。一位先是呼喊着「要把鋼架子身上砸個窟窿」的老太太，隨後又給戰士們送來了開水和饅頭。

二十一日這天，西郊某蔬菜機點，雖位菜農明知這是大菜蔬菜供應緊張，但仍堅持不漲價。在小販有的菜攤主動將黃瓜、西紅柿等每斤降低一角錢銷售。有人問他們為啥沒乘機漲價，一位菜農說，「都這時候了，是人總要講點良心！」

一方指解不慎，常遇致磁話。相地，拳腳相加，然而，現在，道理現象幾乎絕迹了。

五月十九日下午，在王府井大街和東長安街的交叉路口，一位年輕人騎自行車被一輛康托車撞倒，造人當程忙扶起被撞人，一個問急了沒真對不起。」

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## 北京觀察家分析 中央高層會議內容 通報首都新聞單位

### 中央電視台今再度停止傳送衛星服務

【本報北京二十四日專電】今天下午三時，北京各大新聞單位的第一把手將召到中南海開會。此間分析家認為，這是中共中央要把高層會議的重要決定向各新聞單位通報。

【本報北京二十四日專電】北京的局勢發展成為世界新聞的焦點，但一些外國記者的工作簽證到期，或未能獲得中國政府的延期。

這些是李鵬接見香港訪問團時宣佈的消息。

【本報訊】北京，由今日凌晨零時開始，再度中斷傳送衛星服務，而有關服務在前日北京時間下午七時半才獲得恢復。

據到中國採訪的記者，而非長期駐京記者。據悉，當局沒有向他們解釋不予延期的原因。

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## 羅幹往電台電視台 慰問軍隊武警戰士

### 新華社報道說他是受李鵬委托

【本報訊】十萬名北京市民昨（二十四日）晚冒雨舉行「打倒李鵬」、「反對內戰和要求實現民主」集會進行旨在反對戒嚴，反對鎮壓，反對內戰和要求實現民主。集會於七時在金魚胡同路口多位講表分別發表講話後，民衆分批繞行，多位講表分別發表講話後，民衆分批繞行，繞圍總圍進行至中午。大概在午夜時分，遊行才全部完成。

在集會的尾聲，遊行出發前，大會負責人朗聲地出大會宣言，說：

「民主是人心所向，大勢所趨，這個歷史潮流是不可抗拒的，但現在目標還未達成，我們仍須努力！」

宣言說，「駐紮在北京周圍的軍隊遲沒有全面退出，戒嚴令未取銷，而且有些軍區已開始支持和鼓吹軍隊應立即入城，目前形勢仍然緊急。中國人民絕不能稍有鬆懈，仍然必須集中最大的力量反對戒嚴、反對鎮壓，保衛學生、打倒李鵬。」

集會在時有時無的雨中進行，但與會者

文匯報
一九八九年五月廿五日（己巳年四月廿一）星期四

# 人大常委五十七人上書 要求召開常委緊急會議

## 在美著名華裔學者 呼籲撤軍罷免李鵬

陳省身楊振寧等36人急電鄧小平

【香港中國通訊社短訊二十四日電】連日來，包括陳省身、楊振寧、吳健雄、李遠哲等著名在美的華裔科學家、學者分別致函鄧小平和人大常委會，要求撤軍避免流血或呼籲人大常委會召開緊急會議免李鵬總理的職務。陳省身、楊振寧、吳健雄、李遠哲等三十六名著名在美華裔科學家、學者五月二十一日急電鄧小平說，值此內憂外患之際，我們懇請您鄭重考慮，立即採各項措施，以避免流血，立即召開全國人民代表大會常務委員會，和立即召開中國共產黨中央委員會。

加州大學柏克萊校區陳省身、李遠哲等二十名著名華裔教授二十二日聯名發出致中國人大常委會的「緊急呼籲」，要求人大常委會即刻召開緊急會議，取消戒嚴，對請罷免總理職權的李鵬總理職，以平民憤，化解危機。簽名呼籲「緊急呼籲」上附簽，敦促通過下列四點給人大常委參考：

（一）由人大常委會決議撤銷所頒布的北京戒嚴令作廢。（二）由於人大所任命的李鵬總理濫用職權喪失民心，人大常委會必須撤銷對總理的免職任，以正法統，以平民憤。（三）指定貫徹實學生的愛國運動，並請學生推舉代表列席人大常委會的緊急會議，共商國事。（四）召開人大全會，研討實行民主法治的切實具體途徑。

## 以健康理由縮短行程 萬里離美今日抵上海

### 布什對中國局勢表關注望能順利平息事態

【本報訊】上海消息，消息來源說，視前結束對美訪問的萬里委員長，在二十三日下午於華盛頓啓程返國，於當二十五日凌晨抵達上海。消息來源稱，萬里在前事停留後，就該離開上海。

【本報華盛頓廿三日電】正在華盛頓訪問的中國全國人大常委會委員長萬里，因健康原因，於今天下午在拜會美國總統布什後，提前結束對美國的正式友好訪問，乘專機回國。

又訊：全國人大常委會委員長萬里今天下午二時半在白宮拜會了美國總統布什，雙方就中美關係和共同關心的國際問題進行了一個半小時真摯友好的交談。會見時，美國國務卿貝克、白宮辦公廳主任蘇努斯、白宮安全事務助理斯考克羅夫特在場。

萬里委員長對布什總統說，在他離開中國之後，國內發生了兩件大事情，一是集生示威遊行，二是戈爾巴喬夫訪華，並介紹了集進行之背景及原因。布什對中國目前的局勢表示關切，希望中國境內的騷動能很快平息下來，事情能得到順利的解決。同時，表示美國希望與中國進一步發展正常關係，希望中國政治改革和經濟改革能順利發展。

萬里委員長對布什總統說，在他離開中國之後，國內騷動業好能在本月廿四日至廿六日左右舉行，不過，他們又表示，日期還可以彈性安排。

信件交到人大常委辦公廳時，胡耀邦曾人士說，《全國人民代表大會組織法》，並無規定要有超過一半的常委才能要求召開常委會，只要有十名或以上的常委聯名也可提出提案。現時共有五十七名常委簽名，已超過常委總數（一百五十六人）的三分之一。

【本報訊】北京消息：十多萬北京及外地學生今晨在天安門廣場舉行宣誓儀式，首先由新組成的保衛天安門廣場指揮部總指揮柴玲宣讀誓詞。

【本報記者組北京廿四日電】為加強學生「愛國民主運動」的組織，昨晚晚在天安門廣場內宣布成立，該組織仍以學生為主，另加入教育界、新聞界、知識界與工人等多方面代表，本着「愛國互助、社會協商」的精神，繼續支持學生運動。

經過決定，聯席會議的總指揮為北師大學生柴玲、副總指揮李路。其餘宣傳部長為時人老木，聯絡部部長王丹，及各組部部長劉江。

此外，聯席會議常委計有王丹、柴玲、張博力、李路、封從德及郭地霖，另設委員四十多人。

王丹在記者會上表示，學生在什麼條件下不再在天安門靜坐的問題，將於今天下午開會討論。

同時結束中斷和影響了公開信，提出上述要求。

又訊：熟悉情況的人士說，《全國人民代表大會組織法》，並無規定要有超過一半的常委才能要求召開常委會，只要有十名或以上的常委聯名，即可提出提案。現時共有五十七名常委簽名，已超過常委總數（一百五十六人）的三分之一。

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（一）由人大常委會決議撤銷所頒布的北京戒嚴令作廢。（二）由於人大所任命的李鵬總理濫用職權喪失民心，人大常委會必須撤銷對總理的免職任，以正法統，以平民憤。（三）指定貫徹實學生的愛國運動，並請學生推舉代表列席人大常委會的緊急會議，共商國事。（四）召開人大全會，研討實行民主法治的切實具體途徑。

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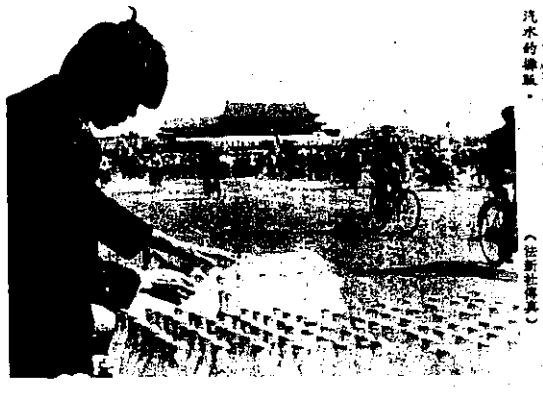
【本報記者組北京廿四日電】港澳及外國各電視傳播機構今日先後收到通知，由明日凌晨零時起，衛戍區將撤銷戒嚴令，取消戒嚴，對請罷免總理職權的李鵬總理職，以平民憤，化解危機，實金山地區六個衛戍區亦在「緊急呼籲」上附簽，敦促通過下列四點給人大常委參考：

（一）由人大常委會決議撤銷所頒布的北京戒嚴令作廢。（二）由於人大所任命的李鵬總理濫用職權喪失民心，人大常委會必須撤銷對總理的免職任，以正法統，以平民憤。（三）指定貫徹實學生的愛國運動，並請學生推舉代表列席人大常委會的緊急會議，共商國事。（四）召開人大全會，研討實行民主法治的切實具體途徑。



北京衛戍部隊秩序漸復正常，圖為天安門廣場前一名貴汽水的攤販。（法新社傳真）

布什昨在白宮會見萬里（法新社傳真）

## 北京市民互諒互讓 公德意識持續上升

### 《人民日報》文章稱

【綜新華社北京二十四日電】據《人民日報》一篇署名文章稱，北京人的公德意識持續上升。

社會輿論認為《當今北京人的公德意識》的北師範學院、中央廣播電視大學、自天安門廣場數千學生絕食以來，每日上街進行聲援學生的聚街和前往圍堵天安門廣場的大流絡繹不絕。儘管不少路口有學生糾察隊員在值勤，仍然秩序和社會秩序。

他們在倡導秩序、理智、幫助相加，然而相互碰撞的一方消防不慎，常導致起相當嚴重後果。

## 稱受李鵬所托 羅幹慰問戰士

【綜新華社北京二十四日電】國務院秘書長羅幹受李鵬總理的委托，今晚看望和慰問了負責北京電報大樓、彩電中心、中央人民廣播電台、國際電台保衛工作的北京衛戍區指戰員和武警戰士。

羅幹對指戰員說，我們緊信，在黨中央和國務院的領導下，在廣大解放軍指戰員、公安幹警、武警、青年學生以及社會各界的共同努力下，首都北京一定能夠盡快恢復正常的生活秩序和社會秩序。

## 北京傳言四播情況下 軍報文章引起關注

### 各省市首腦聚北京 傳政治局擴大會未開

【本報北京二十四日電】昨今兩日，《解放軍報》刊登了日報編之源頭的文章，引起了此間人士的高度關注。二十三日該報在報道全軍總政治部會議時指出：「事實越來越清楚地表明，這場動亂是有組織、有計劃、有預謀的，背後的就是極端反動的一小撮人。其目的就是要顛覆中國共產黨的領導，顛覆社會主義制度，我們一定要透過現象看本質。」

而在二十四日刊登的解放軍三論都（總政治部、總參謀部和總後勤部）社成聯部隊的慰問信中，明確表示解放軍執行戒嚴，是為了「制止暴亂，保護人民的生命財產不受侵害，是為了保衛社會主義制度，而且，現正進行的是一關係到國家和民族前途命運的嚴肅政治鬥爭」，是「大是大非的鬥爭」，「極少數人煽風點火，製造動亂，目的是要否定中國共產黨的領導，否定社會主義制度」。

（又訊）一項消息透露，全國各省、直轄市及自治區的主要負責人已到達北京，但尚未舉行政治局擴大會議。此外，總部、中共中央政治局委員、中央上海市委書記江澤民已於今日（二十四日）凌晨，乘坐飛機離開上海前往北京。

## 《人民日報》文章稱 北京市民互諒互讓 公德意識持續上升

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## 愛國憲護聯會 天安門前立成

### 包括學生人工知識界

【本報記者組北京廿四日電】據知情人士透露，《人民日報》編輯部昨日收到通知，從即日起，該報的大標題送交有關方面審查通過可印刷發行。

王忍之、袁木和何東昌昨日晚上分別向《人民日報》總編輯部傳達了中央領導人的指示，近日來，《人民日報》版面上出現的內容和編排方法，與有關方面的意圖不符，故有關方面曾提出要在該報編輯部內進駐人員，但該報人員表示，如果這樣做的話，倒不如該報主要成員集體停工，撤有關方面派人接管，雙方爭論後，終於採取了該報的編輯部人員，但大標必須送審查通過可印刷發行。

## 人民日報大標 要送當局審查

### 王忍之袁木何東昌傳達規定

【本報記者組北京廿四日電】據知情人士透露，《人民日報》版面上出現的內容和編排方法，與有關方面的意圖不符，故有關方面曾提出要在該報編輯部內進駐人員，但該報人員表示，如果這樣做的話，倒不如該報主要成員集體停工，撤有關方面派人接管，雙方爭論後，終於採取了該報的編輯部人員，但大標必須送審查通過可印刷發行。

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## 首都知識界 今晨起遊行

【本報記者組北京廿四日電】由首都九十名著名知識界分子發起組織的北京知識界聯合會今日宣布成立。聯合會成立的綱領三條包括①政消戒嚴令，軍隊撤回原地；②立即召開全國人大常委會；⑧召開金頂人大常委會，審議李鵬案；⑤在前述三項基礎上，切實推進中國民主化進程和保障中國公民在憲法上賦予的公德意識持續上升。

## 京華天氣變化無常 學生士兵病患增

### 醫院曾診治近萬人次

【本報記者組北京二十四日電】來自北京衛生部門的消息說，由於連日天氣變化無常，一些外地來京學生中病倒者增多，且城外戒嚴部隊士兵身體抵抗力急劇下降，病倒者亦增多。

消息說，初夏時候，晝夜溫差較大，早晚氣溫低，中午氣溫高，容易造成感冒和急性腸胃炎。

據衛生部門統計，自五月十三日至十九日絕食學生中，到醫院就診的學生和士兵已達萬人，已遠遠超過「戒嚴學生」所需的兵力。

## 大軍壓境背景初探

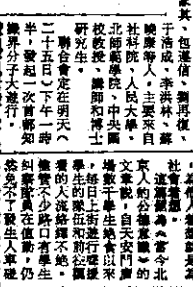
### ・本報記者・

消息來源說，現時已抵達北京周圍的軍隊，分別來自北京軍區的六十三軍、六十四軍、六十五軍、三十八軍、二十七軍、二十八軍和二十四軍，來自南京軍區的三十九軍，以及安徽的十五軍。有關方面從上述各軍中抽調出若干個師來京，現時已在北京市範圍外形成了兩個大的包圍圈。此外，消息又說來自廣州的三個師現正開來北京途中。

消息來源又說，現在由於北京周圍的軍隊，兵種包括空降兵、裝甲兵、炮兵、防化兵和陸軍。較早時候，部分軍隊較近市區，引起一陣恐慌，並被數十萬幕集質疑。

據消息透露，至今日上午止，駐紮在北京市周圍的軍隊，已達十萬人，已遠遠超過「戒嚴學生」所需的兵力。顯示大軍壓境的作用很可能是對付學生無疑。

較早時候，軍方已表明解放軍不會向學生動武，並明言來京的軍隊，是以和平方式進駐北京。



## 大軍壓境背景初探

### ・本報記者・

死阻擋，其後終於「說服撤離」，從撤到較遠的地方。

據觀察家分析，上述的布局並不意味着要打壓，但肯定是有一定的威嚇作用。例如萬一中央出現人事變動或內部有大動作時，大軍壓境可起生心理上的攝服作用，避免最高權力落「會議桌」上。

（北京廿四日電）


經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
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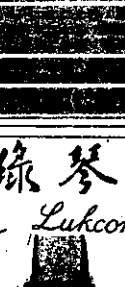
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# 快報

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五二一號
夏曆四月廿一老日・宜嗣市慶展
一九八九年五月廿五日・星期四
今天天氣：吹東風・大致多雲有陣雨
是日業滇：介早廿五至廿八旗之間
部份七大強 零售二元正

# 鄧小平不惜全國軍管
# 包括廣州軍區軍隊進京佈防

## 政治局通知各單位
## 趙李二人先後下台

（今晨四時消息）北京若干政府機關的高級幹部，昨天已收到一份政治局會議所決定的七項指令，趙會傳被指有三項罪狀，下台已成定局，至於李鵬，未獲選用。

一會還，不過會在敏感時間才會公布。
有關指示，今天將會發出，但本身是機密，內容不會向外公布。

（快報綜訪組北京報道）北京另一項消息稱，鄧小平在結束本周內早巡會議各地的學生反智風潮後，即將發動一場全國性的輿論攻勢，以換取軍方支持，而人大常委會及中共黨會將會於今晚緊急召開會議，討論實行戒嚴及調動軍隊進京佈防的問題。

據可靠消息稱，鄧小平等軍方元老的軍隊支持，已經獲得。

該項消息稱，鄧小平上週末在其寓所召開軍委擴大會議，決定動用軍隊，以武力鎮壓學生運動，並決定調動廣州軍區軍隊進京佈防，以確保北京的「穩定」。

會議決定，首先要求北京戒嚴部隊在今晚十時開始行動，以武力清場，並在明日凌晨前完成佔領天安門廣場的任務。

會議決定，在清場行動中，要不惜一切代價，不惜動用重武器，以最快速度清場，並要求

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# 北京今晨緊張

# 廣場增設障礙·阻止入攻

# 萬人至十萬·衆羣守死

## 高層鬥爭·局面突變

## 趙紫陽勢危！

### 有謂李鵬將取代總書記

【本報訊】今晨（香港時間）美國CNN報道：中共中央政治局擴大會議已決定李鵬總理職務。趙紫陽的去向和鄧理事職位人選的安排尚知。

【本報訊】據了解：因學潮而導發的中共高層權力鬥爭，至今表仍未有明顯結果，總理李鵬與總書記趙紫陽之間的對峙仍而仍處膠着狀態。

不過，來自北京的另一項消息則對本報記者說：自從本月十九日晚，鄧理事長宣布對付學生「動亂」的軍事措施之後，直至昨日下班前的過去天內，中共高層並沒有舉行過任何政治局、或政治局常委會議。因此，任何有關李鵬或趙紫陽權力鬥爭正於僵持不下的情況，未聽或趙紫陽暫方都並沒有讓步，繼續堅持原來的立場。

他又說，中共軍委主席小平今遭柔對事件表態，因此，各方力量正運用本身所掌握的渠道及實力，試圖影響局勢發展。這些場外動作包括支持趙紫陽一方組織除伍上所提行，支持學生，而另外支持李鵬的一方，則發動各省市軍區負責人表態。

據中新社報道：近幾天來，一些省、市、自治區的黨政領導機構，陸續致電中共中央、國務院表示擁護中央對制止動亂的措施。

【本報訊】今晚（四日）國務院發言人袁木在記者招待會上宣佈：戒嚴令從今晚十時起在北京市部分地區實施。

袁木說，戒嚴令頒佈後，北京市人民政府將採取一切必要措施，堅決執行戒嚴令，堅決制止動亂，堅決維護首都的社會秩序，保障人民的生命財產安全，保障改革開放和現代化建設的順利進行

明報·1989年5月25日 星期四

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# 老將葉飛拍桌大罵 李鵬斷送中共江山

## 論討高層中共 案方機危決解

## 趙紫陽李鵬都要下台 萬里將全權處理動亂 趙秉忠田紀雲會議處理

【本報記者北京電】鑑於高層內部對學運的處理意見嚴重分歧，趙紫陽因學運而引發的中共高層權力鬥爭仍令人有種隨時爆發之感，但據最新發展的跡象顯示，趙紫陽已決定不再與李鵬一起，繼續承擔處理學運的責任，而是把這個燙手山芋交給萬里全權處理。趙紫陽本人則被指定為「六人小組」的組長，負責處理中共十三大的一些善後問題，包括中共總書記的人選問題。

據悉，中共許多高層人士認為，趙紫陽不能夠與李鵬一起下台，是因為趙紫陽的地位比李鵬高，而且趙紫陽在中共高層歷來的鬥爭中，都被指為「軟弱」的一方，因此，趙紫陽若與李鵬一起下台，將會令中共的政治危機加劇，引致人們對中共政治局常委的不滿，甚至引發學生運動的進一步擴大。

然而，李鵬的人馬目前仍然在四處活動，以實力來爭取

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四五一七號
總社：香港灣仔軒尼詩道二百四十五至六六號
分社：華北京朝新疆路三段三三三號五號四樓
中華民國郵政特准掛號認為第類新聞紙
中華郵政登記認為第類新聞紙
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啟事：本報為供應讀者需要，歡迎各界投稿，惟來稿請勿一稿兩投，並請自留底稿，以免遺失。

# 李趙可能雙雙垮台

# 趙被指反黨反改革

## 中共統一宣傳口徑 召各報總編輯訓話

### 鄧小平一錘定音趙紫陽難逃惡運

【本報特派記者北平廿五日電】昨日下午三時，「中宣部」召開北平各報總編輯會議，傳達「政治局」擴大會議的決議，以統一宣傳口徑。據說，會議通過了鄧小平講話。其精神主要就是「整反」，反革命反改革。

預料今日上午傳達的內容將傳達到各縣中層幹部。

據說，李鵬也可能與趙紫陽一同下台，但趙紫陽下台快將宣布。李鵬下台後，會能延長一段時間。

據可靠消息人士說，萬里今晚二時乘飛往四七到了上海。

（本報特派記者北平廿五日電）

報載趙紫陽會晤、傳達「政治局」擴大會議的決議，以統一宣傳口徑。

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【本報特派記者北平廿五日電】北平知識界聯合會今日夜晚舉行記者會，宣佈正式成立，並將在今日一時半舉行大遊行，以是行動由全世界，全力聲援和全北平知識分子決定。

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## 北平知識分子結合 組聯合會今大遊行 昭告全球力爭民主自由

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## 中共對局勢舉足輕重 秦基偉意向迄今未明

## 共軍對局勢舉足輕重 秦基偉意向迄今未明

## 「政治局」會議由局外人主持 鄧李將擺親民姿態 民運轉化路線鬥爭

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## 鄧李重兵包圍北平 旨在壓制擁趙部隊

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## 七個軍區其六表態支持李鵬

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消息人士向本報記者表示，李鵬及其他被鄧小平在「政治局擴大會議」上召開「四中全會」，鄧小平今天不出現，是為了不讓人們在「政治局擴大會議」上，逼迫他改變決定。

## 萬人大遊行 昨晚在北京 學生要求對話 遭拒絕

## 萬人大遊行 昨晚在北京 學生要求對話 遭拒絕

## 蕭昌樂談大陸民運

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## 必然否定馬列道路

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## 支援大陸同胞爭取民主 勿讓他們的血白流熱情不要浪費

## 支援大陸同胞爭取民主 勿讓他們的血白流熱情不要浪費

## 李總統籲速採有效措施

## 李總統籲速採有效措施

## 支持大陸學生 爭取民主自由

## 支持大陸學生 爭取民主自由

## 九龍總商會全體同仁

## 緊急呼籲

李鵬的動員令尚未解除，請各界繼續動員每一個熱血的中國人，全力支援中國大陸民主愛國運動。

香港工商總協會田新橋暨全體理監事啓

## 今日新聞提要

一、中國國民黨中央常會通過提名李煥任行政院長，刊第二版。

二、趙紫陽似處不利地位，刊第一版。

三、大陸局勢動盪，影響投資信心，刊第二版。

四、十餘萬學生市民機圍集會現上大遊行，支援北平學運，刊第十六版。

五、昨日又有大批各界民衆往「新華社」請願，刊第十五版。

## 對外北京星衛傳送 昨平再中斷傳送

## 對外北京星衛傳送 昨平再中斷傳送

## 平城外軍已退 是否撤走未明

## 平城外軍已退 是否撤走未明

## 北平知識分子結合 組聯合會今大遊行 昭告全球力爭民主自由

## 北平知識分子結合 組聯合會今大遊行 昭告全球力爭民主自由

264

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 143 Price $3.00


# 92 per cent want more democracy for Hongkong, survey finds

**# POST POLL**

AN overwhelming majority of Hongkong residents want better safeguards for democracy after 1997 built into the Basic Law.

But continuing political uncertainty in Beijing has raised local doubts about China living up to its promise of "one country, two systems" for Hongkong when it is handed back. This has resulted in a corresponding drop in local confidence.

These are the major findings of an independent opinion poll, the first gauge of local feelings since martial law was declared in parts of Beijing last week.

Polled this week by the independent Inrasia Pacific, a resounding 92 per cent of Hongkong residents want more provisions for democracy written into the draft mini-constitution.

However, events in China these past few days have raised uncertainties with 57 per cent of respondents saying their confidence has dropped. And an equal number say they no longer believe Beijing can keep its pledge of allowing Hongkong to maintain its capitalist system for 50 years after 1997.

"More than half the population doesn't believe the "one country, two systems" promise. For most, recent events have decreased their confidence, though some can see the popular opposition to the Chinese Government offers hope for Hongkong," said Inrasia Pacific managing director David Bottomley. "But most are worried, they want strong safeguards in the Basic Law".

Of the 600 respondents polled, all aged 15 or above, 554 said they wanted more provisions for democracy in the final draft of the mini-constitution for the Hongkong Special Administrative Region.

Only a minority felt that existing provisions in the Basic Law were adequate. The telephone poll, commissioned by the *South China Morning Post*, was carried out on Tuesday – two days after local support for the democracy movement in China saw record numbers turn out for a rally on Sunday.

Despite the uncertainty about political developments in China, locals generally feel positive that this will ultimately lead to greater democracy in both China and Hongkong.

Mr Bottomley estimated an average of two persons in every third household took part in the rally.

"Either they took part in the big march, attended the Happy Valley rally or just went along to see what was happening," he said.

Support for Beijing students, help China reform, appeal for leniency in dealing with mainland protesters and demands for more democracy in Hongkong after 1997 were the main reasons given by participants for marching on Sunday. Four in five polled were optimistic that Sunday's march would encourage the Hongkong Government to introduce greater democracy here before the handover.

About 80 per cent said it was either very or fairly likely that democracy would be increased before 1997 while only 16 per cent thought it was fairly or very unlikely.

Most people were equally hopeful about the outlook for democracy in China as nearly 90 per cent felt democratic changes would result.

A negligible eight per cent believed it was either very or fairly unlikely that the protest action would bring about more democracy in China.

Mr Bottomley said many who joined the Sunday march had more than one reason for going. The respondents were allowed to give more than one reason.

"Eighty per cent went to support the Beijing students, 58 per cent felt their presence in some way would help the cause of reform in China," he said.

"Forty-eight per cent thought their protest would help to indicate their feelings that Hongkong must have democracy after 1997

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 1)

# Deng, army in power pact

From WILLY LAM, MARLOWE HOOD and SETH FAISON in Beijing and DAVID CHEN

SENIOR Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping has been promised the "unreserved support" of the military in his efforts to assert control in the leadership crisis gripping China.

But Mr Deng has had to pay a high price in meeting certain conditions applied by the military.

These include a larger political role, a bigger share of the budget and assurances for a return to orthodox Marxism-Leninism.

Sources said that with the People's Liberation Army (PLA) supporting Mr Deng, and the People's Armed Police already actively behind Prime Minister Li Peng, it remains to be seen if the militia, which number about 10 million, would also back Mr Deng.

Mr Deng early this week formed a high-level body within the Central Military Commission (CMC) to tackle the political crisis.

He has established a National Leading Group To Prevent Turmoil (NLGPT) within the commission, the country's highest military organisation of which he is chairman.

The task of the group, with Mr Deng as head, is to handle the challenge posed to the regime by students, intellectuals and workers.

The deputy leader is President Yang Shangkun, executive vice-chairman and secretary-general of the CMC.

Defence Minister General Qin Jiwei, who was formerly commander of the Beijing Military Region, is the body's general secretary.

The formation of the NLGPT, political analysts in the capital say, means that the Chinese Communist Party will persist with its hard line against students and liberals.

That the headquarters for curbing the mass movement for democracy is located within the CMC – and not the State Council – also signals a considerable militarisation of political life in China.

By winning concessions from Mr Deng in helping to solve the current crisis, the military would like to see itself with the considerable influence it wielded before the Cultural Revolution.

The PLA, the country's regular armed forces with some three million men, is under both the party's Military Affairs Commission and the CMC.

The People's Armed Police, created only a few years ago, is charged with maintaining law and order largely in the urban regions.

It falls under the direction of the country's security establishment, controlled by Politburo Standing Committee member, Mr Qiao Shi.

The militia, which could call up about 10 million men and women, has long been a loose group of military units called into action only in times of emergency.

Members of the militia are ordinary citizens or ex-servicemen and train only for a specified number of weeks a year.

Mr Deng is understood to be determined to have a political solution to the current crisis by Saturday at the latest.

The major decisions in achieving it are expected to come from two crucial meetings to be convened today or tomorrow.

A session of the Party Central Committee will meet to resolve the leadership crisis and the fate of party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

The Standing Committee of the National People's Congress (NPC) will address the issues of martial law and student demonstrations.

The chairman of the NPC and a member of the party Politburo, Mr Wan Li, cut short a visit to Washington and is due back in the capital today.

Mr Wan cited "reasons of health" for his early return.

A long-time ally of Mr Deng, Mr Wan may also be called upon to fill a top position that falls vacant.

More than 20 municipalities, provinces and autonomous regions have cabled Beijing supporting the party centre, the martial law and other measures adopted in the current crisis.

Sources said the remain-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 3)

## INSIDE


**Page 2:** Life on square
**Page 3:** Tycoons join
**Page 4:** Other cities
**Page 5:** Bush speaks
**Page 22:** Editorial
**Page 23:** New grouping

Clenched fists raised, Hongkong students and workers chant slogans for the removal of Prime Minister Li Peng. *Chu Ming-hoi*

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## WEATHER

Occasional showers.
Max temp 28 degrees.
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# Hang Seng index declines 59 points

THE Hang Seng index dropped 58.92 points to close at 3,008.73 yesterday with brokers and investors worried about events in China.

Dealers said the market lacked direction and volatility was likely to maintain its grip on the bourse for some time.

Most said they expect market instability to continue through this week until political trends in China become clearer.

"People are beginning to discount the outcome of the leadership struggle in Beijing and are looking ahead to what will happen after the dust settles," said Mr Barry Yates, research director at First Pacific Securities.

Hongkong's blue chips all fell at a more or less even rate. Cheung Kong fell 40 cents to $10.10 from $10.50.

Hongkong Bank was down 15 from $6.25 to $6.10. Hongkong Land fell 30 cents to $10, and Wharf Holdings came down 50 cents to $10.70.

There were some buoyant stocks though – mostly the bigger players.

Hongkong Electric rose 10 cents, closing at $7.80, Jardine Matheson rose 20 cents from $22.10 to $22.30, and Jardine Strategic Holdings rose 10 cents to $13.10.

● See Business Post

# 60,000 in HK rally against Li

By S. Y. WAI

**ABOUT 60,000 people last night gathered at Victoria Park and marched along the island's main roads to Central, raising clenched fists and singing protest songs in a show of solidarity with the pro-democracy movement in China.**

**The event, called the "Down with Li Peng Rally", was organised by the All Hongkong Citizens' Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-Democracy Movement which was set up at Sunday's 600,000-strong demonstration.**

**Shouting "Down with Li Peng" the crowd echoed the call of protesters in Beijing and elsewhere in seeking Mr Li's resignation as Prime Minister.**

**Police Eastern District Commander Christopher Glover, who was in charge of escorting the protesters, said**

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Omelco wants to speed up timetable for direct polls

By CHRIS YEUNG

MEMBERS of the Executive and Legislative councils (Omelco) say that the pace of direct elections to the legislature should be speeded up in the light of the pro-democracy movement in China.

Omelco members agreed at a special meeting yesterday that 50 per cent of the legislature or 30 members should be directly elected by 1997 and that by 2003, all 90 members of the legislature should be chosen by universal franchise.

Senior Executive Councillor, Dame Lydia Dunn, said after the 2½-hour meeting: "We firmly believe that the community needs to be united so that the Chinese authorities are able to determine which model receives the widest support."

"Inevitably, some wish to be more conservative and some want to go a bit faster. But all agreed it's not the time to continue to hold on to very strong personal views no matter how desirable they may be."

This is the first time that unofficial members of the territory's highest law and policy making bodies have taken a collective stand on the make-up of the legislature.

"This is a time to seek consensus and reach agreement and that we should provide leadership to the community. We hope we have done this," said Dame Lydia.

"Of course, the student movement in China has affected our considerations. But the major reason is that Hongkong people have been so enthusiastic to speak up in a responsible way that we can no longer say people here are not interested in politics or politically immature.

"We ought to give the public a clear goal ahead and to let them know they can take part in politics to elect their legislators," she said.

The proposal will be forwarded to the Basic Law Drafting Committee which is responsible for drafting the mini-constitution.

"It's difficult to say whether it will be accepted by the drafters and the Beijing leadership. But unless the community is united, there's no chance of getting what we wish to have," said Dame Lydia.

Under the plan, half of the first legislature, or 30 members of an expanded 60-member legislature, should be directly elected in 1997 with the remainder chosen by functional interest groups.

By 1999 the legislature should be expanded to 90 members with two-thirds or 60 members chosen by direct elections and by 2003, all 90 members should be directly elected.

Dame Lydia explained it was desirable not to drop the number of seats for functional groups in 1999 in order to minimise disruption.

She said Omelco members, some of whom are

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 9)

# UK rules out right of abode

THE people of Hongkong did not belong in the UK and there was no possibility of granting them the right of abode in Britain, the Minister with Special Responsibility for Immigration, Timothy Renton, said yesterday.

Speaking before the House of Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee investigating the future of the territory, Mr Renton said existing legislation ruled out any possibility of Hongkong citizens settling in the UK.

The British Nationality Act was only intended to grant citizenship to people with strong links to the UK or who had a relative with links to Britain.

"It was only intended to give citizenship to people who clearly belonged in this country who have put down roots," he said.

"Clearly the majority of the people in Hongkong do not belong in this group."

Mr Renton said it would go against the Government's policy of trying to control primary immigration to the UK if all British Dependent Citizens in Hongkong were allowed to settle in Britain.

"All of us would find it hard to believe, if not impossible, that it would be reasonable to allow this number, 3¼ million, to come to this country for settlement," he said.

The members of the committee urged Mr Renton to seek a "middle way" in which to grant British citizenship to some, if not all, of the 3.28 million British Dependent Citizens in Hongkong.

But Mr Renton was insistent that any changes to existing legislation on nationality would not be acceptable to Parliament.

However, he did concede that the Government might be prepared in future to be more flexible to granting citizenship to Hongkong civil servants who wished to settle in the UK and to war widows who wished to take up British citizenship.

Mr Renton was not specific, however, on how many war widows or civil servants would be allowed into the UK and said the numbers so far granted British citizenship were small.

Mr Renton said he could not rule out the possibility of a further flexibility when considering the merits of applications for residence in the UK by war widows.

Civil servants might also expect a more favourable reception to requests for citizenship but he did not say how many passports would be made available to crown servants in Hongkong.

Mr Renton said applications for British citizenship by civil servants were considered by the Home Secretary in conjunction with advice given by the Governor.

But he refused to reveal how often the Governor's advice was accepted in these cases.

Applications by civil servants were considered on the basis of length of service, links with the UK and indications that their service had been of direct benefit to Britain.

Mr Renton said the Home Secretary did have the discretion to waive certain residency requirements for people who came to UK to seek British citizenship.

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 1)

● See Business Post

# Interest rates go up in UK

INTEREST rates went up a full one per cent in Britain yesterday as Chancellor Nigel Lawson tried to protect the battered pound.

British interest rates are rising by one per cent to 14 per cent, the 10th rise in base rates in less than a year.

Sterling has been weak recently because of the American dollar's strength, an annual inflation rate of eight per cent and the likelihood that trade figures due today will be poor.

The Conservative Government, trying to choke inflation by ending a spending boom, increased interest rates from 7½ per cents to 13 per cent between June and November last year.

● See Business Post

# HK target in Thatcher call for total ivory ban

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE British Government is calling for a total ban on the ivory trade in a move aimed directly at the world illegal market centred in Hongkong.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher told the House of Commons that Britain would make the call at the meeting of environment ministers of the European Community in Luxembourg on June 8.

The British move is also to be discussed at a worldwide conference on animal conservation at Lausanne in Switzerland in October, when Britain hopes the global ban will be agreed.

Mrs Thatcher told the Commons: "We really believe that the sale in new ivory should be stopped altogether."

Her decision to call for the ban came after the Environment Minister, Lord Caithness, reported to the Prime Minister following a fact-finding mission to East Africa.

The move follows increasing concern in Britain at the extent of the trade – estimated to be worth HK$400 million a year in Hongkong alone – and the way it is threatening the extinction of the African elephant.

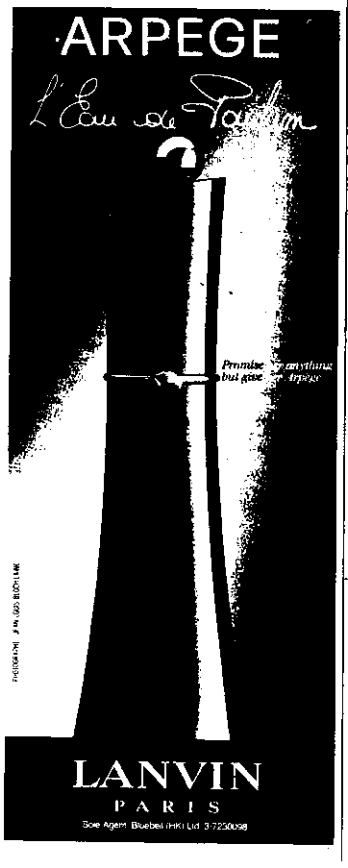
Even if the Switzerland meeting of parties to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna (CITES) does not agree to a total ban on the ivory trade, it is almost certain measures will be taken to tighten control over the trade.

Mr David Melville, conservation officer for the World Wide Fund for Nature – Hongkong, said if CITES agreed to a total ban Hongkong might ask Britain to enter a "reservation" for it under the convention so the territory would not have to comply.

In London, senior WWFN conservation officer Simon Lyster said: "It's extremely important that Britain does not enter a reservation on behalf of the colony. However, it could be under massive pressure because a ban could put a lot of people out of business in Hongkong."

Meanwhile, one of the world's top elephant experts last night called on Britain not to let Hongkong opt out of its obligation over the ivory trade.

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 6)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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Li and Zhao tipped to fall

## Wan Li back for party shakeup

**Mr Wan Li, chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress (NPC), is flying back to a political crisis which will see a top-level reshuffle.**

**He is expected to return to Beijing early today as more members of the NPC Standing Committee are joining a call to convene a NPC special session to discuss the crisis triggered by the month-long student unrest.**

**The reform-mined leader, an ally to the beleaguered Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, cut short his official overseas visit to help settle reshuffle problems.**

**Beijing students, who are waiting for the return of Mr Wan, plan to ask him to convene a special session of the NPC to discuss the current unrest in China.**

**A delegation of seven students were preparing to meet him at the Beijing airport terminal used by the top leaders and visiting dignitaries.**

**"We will ask Mr Wan to save the nation, and our students," their representative, Mr Xue Xianggian said. "Now 80 to 90 percent of the nation recognises Li Peng as an enemy."**

**Hundreds of thousands of student demonstrators have been demanding the resignation of Mr Li, who announced martial law in Beijing six days ago.**

**Mr Xue, a student from Beijing Agricultural Engineering University, said the students would also "check whether Mr Wan is really sick." Ill health was given as the official reason for the interruption of Mr Wan's visit to Washington on Tuesday, after he met with US President George Bush who urged restraint in dealing with the crisis.**

**The students admitted that they were not certain they would be able to pass their message to Mr Wan, whose time of arrival here was not known.**

**But Mr Xue said the students were discussing the possibility of leaving their appeal with Chinese officials.**

**Two of the seven students were at the airport terminal yesterday evening, surrounded by a supportive crowd, while the five others were "resting" at a nearby police station, Chinese sources said. Another group of students set off on foot from central Tiananmen Square carrying banners and wearing armbands and said they would hitch a lift to the airport, 30 kilometres from the plaza.**

**They said they were heading to the airport "to welcome Wan Li".**

**Mr Wan, 73, also an ally of the late party general secretary Hu Yaobang, has spoken in support of "patriotic" students.**

**Analysts believe he could play an important role in the resolution of the current crisis and his name has even surfaced as possible interim leader.**

## Accusations fly before Politburo

**By Tammy Tam in Beijing**

COMMUNIST Party General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang and Premier Li Peng may both be casualties in China's political crisis.

An enlarged meeting of the party Politburo, in its third day yesterday, is believed to have a proposal before it that Politburo Standing Committee member Mr Qiao Shi replace Mr Zhao.

It is understood the increasingly unpopular Mr Li's position has been tipped to go to another Standing Committee member, Mr Yao Yilin.

The enlarged meeting of the Politburo was held at Xishan, the headquarters of the General Logistics Department of the People's Liberation Army.

This is also where paramount leader Deng Xiaoping is arranging army deployment under Beijing's martial law order, according to an informed source.

In a confrontation the anti-Li Peng faction, including Mr Li Xiannian, chairman of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Mr Qiao, and some members of the party Central Advisory Commission, accused Mr Li and State President Yang Shangkun of preparing a coup d'etat by imposing martial law in Beijing.

Charges against Mr Zhao include the organising of counter-revolutionary cliques and being the biggest official profiteer.

The source said if Mr Deng decided to declare Mr Zhao and his close aides a "counter-revolutionary clique" and, in order to prevent a counter-offensive, the paramount leader would put the nation under full military control.

And as tension mounted in the capital, the news blackout imposed under martial law was suddenly reimposed, after being lifted for less than 36 hours.

International Direct Dial facilities were also cut.

The state-owned China Central Television (CCTV) told foreign media about 6pm yesterday that transmission would be banned by midnight. No official explanation was given, but a CCTV official told Beijing reporters it was "somewhat related" to the political crisis.

"It is definitely related to martial law," he said.

Meanwhile, a third political force including veteran army generals such as marshals Nie Rongzhen and Xu Xiangqing emerged yesterday.

■ Mr Li Peng

■ Mr Zhao Ziyang

This group, which opposes violence against demonstrators, was said to be neutral in the leadership power struggle.

Another informed source said Mr Zhao would step down within days in the coming fourth plenary session of the Central Committee.

"Mr Zhao is almost doomed after being accused as head of counter-revolutionary cliques at Tuesday's meeting," a source said.

More party leaders are gathering in Beijing for an important meeting of the party. Some said it would be the enlarged meeting of the Politburo and others said it was the full session of the Central Committee.

Mr Xu Jiatun, the Xinhua director in Hongkong, arrived in Beijing last night.

Meanwhile, more troops were deployed around Beijing yesterday. An informed source said eight armies were sent to the capital, two coming from Jinan and two from Shenyang.

It was said the first army marching into the capital was the one under control of General Yan Baibing, brother of Mr Yang.

In China, only the chairman of the Central Military Commission has the power to order a group army to move. At present, there are 24 group armies.

On Tuesday, air force planes transported weapons and living necessities through Nanyuan military airport. There are about 500,000 soldiers deployed around Beijing.

An army officer interviewed by CCTV said the troops were waiting for further orders but did not come to suppress the students.

Analysts said the number of armies mobilised had far exceeded that needed to handle the student unrest.

Mr Deng was prepared for any possible coup by bringing in troops, the sources said.

"Deng is still firmly in control of the army. More military area commanders have openly showed their support to martial law. That does not mean they support Li Peng. They support Deng because there will be no excuse to send in troops without martial law," a source said.

Meanwhile, a group of members of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress are continuing their effort to collect more signatures in support of a special urgent meeting.

A Standing Committee member said yesterday they were preparing material to be used against Mr Li and they would call for the premier's resignation if the special NPC session could be convened.

Mr Huang Shunxing, a Taiwan-native member of the NPC Standing Committee, said that by yesterday they had collected 57 signatures.

But Mr Peng Chong, Secretary-General of the NPC Standing Committee, said some leaders would not favour such a meeting because a number of NPC delegates would suggest an end to one-man rule.

Meanwhile, an agency said a report made three days ago by Mr Li Ximing, the Beijing party chief, claimed the student movement was not started spontaneously.

He said it was controlled by prominent dissidents such as Professor Fang Lizhi and Mr Ren Wangding, who had served jail terms for the Beijing Spring movement 10 years ago. Mr Li urged the party to crush this "small band of troublemakers".

### CHINA AT THE CROSSROADS

■ On the march again in Hongkong; Group to ponder new pace on vote: **Page 3 ▶**

■ Deputies press NPC on meeting; Freedom march ends with crackers, cheers: **Page 4 ▶**

■ Pro-Taiwan union backs demonstrators; Elderly on song for students: **Page 5 ▶**

■ Military backing claimed; The plea that sent an ancient nation in search of its pride: **Page 6 ▶**

■ Zhao 'still in charge', Attacks on Li sweep provinces; Bush keeps quiet: **Page 7 ▶**

■ Wanted -- a leader with inspiration: **Page 8 ▶**

■ Editorial: **Page 14 ▶**

■ An estimated 60,000 marchers set off along Hennessy Road towards Central after the rally.

## 70,000 in Hongkong marches

**ABOUT 70,000 Hongkong people braved heavy showers last night to support the protesting Beijing students.**

**A crowd of 60,000, 3.6 kilometres long, wound its way on a march from Victoria Park to Chater Gardens.**

**The marchers called for Premier Li Peng's resignation and warned against the threat of civil war on the mainland.**

**The march was well-ordered but emotions were high.**

**In contrast to the almost festive feeling of Sunday's giant rally, there was a sense of impatience last night.**

**Strongly-worded banners, slogan chanting, and angrily-waved fists indicated the marchers' desire that China resolve her turmoil.**

**The crowd began to gather on the soccer pitches at Victoria Park at 5.30 pm, an hour before the scheduled time.**

■ Continued Page 3

## Councillors hope new consensus will end rift

**By Johnson Sze**

EXECUTIVE and Legislative Councillors hope their consensus on speedy post-1997 political developments will bridge the rift between political rivals.

Councillors reached a compromise on how fast post-1997 political reforms should proceed, breaking three years of impasse on the issue in the councils.

After a 2½-hour meeting of both councils yesterday the conservatives sided with their liberal colleagues and asked that 50 percent of the local legislature seats be open to direct elections in 1997.

The enthusiasm shown by Hongkong people in Sunday's rally by a million people was cited by some conservatives as the driving force for the about-face.

All councillors agreed the number of directly-elected seats should be increased to two-thirds in 1999 (the second post-1997 legislature), leading to a fully directly-elected legislature in 2003 (the third term).

Before the year 2003, legislature seats other than those directly-elected should be filled by legislators elected through functional constituencies.

The official reaction of the business and professional Basic Law lobby, better known as the Group of 89, is not known but its members in Legco shifted ground yesterday.

In a rare move, the group decided to call a full meeting tomorrow to study the latest development.

Senior Executive Council member, Dame Lydia Dunn said all legislators had pledged to commend the unanimous proposal to their supporters and constituents.

"All of us see this is not the time to continue to hold on to personal views no matter how desirable they may be," she said.

"This is a time to seek consensus and to reach agreement and that we should provide leadership to the community," Dame Lydia said.

She said that yesterday's meeting opened with some legislators holding very different views, but members were able to compromise in the end.

Asked whether the recent political developments in Beijing had had any bearing on the councillors' decision, Dame Lydia said that whatever happened in China would obviously have an influence on what happened in Hongkong.

But the most important consideration should be

■ Continued Page 3

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Why is the Government spending $34 million to upgrade the Land Registry computer? The answer's in INFOTECH, our exclusive weekly roundup of the latest in technology
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**Kevin Sinclair** talks to Helmut Sohmen about Dragonair's high-flying plans for the future
**Page 16**

OPENERS

Just for openers, and to be entertained, informed and diverted, turn to our new-look
**Page 2**

JOBMARKET

Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section.

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**TELEPHONES**

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**WEATHER:** 25°C — 28°C. Occasional showers. Details on Page 21.

## Nationalists choose Lee for election drive

TAIPEI: Mr Lee Huan, secretary-general of Taiwan's Nationalist Party, was yesterday nominated prime minister to lead the government into crucial elections this year.

The nomination of Mr Lee, 71, by President Lee Teng-hui was confirmed at a weekly meeting of the party's policy-making Central Standing Committee. It now needs parliamentary approval.

Mr Lee will replace Mr Yu Kuo-hwa, who was viewed by liberals as a relic of Taiwan's authoritarian past and a liability in December's elections when, for the first time, the Nationalists will seek a popular mandate.

"Lee's primary mission is to win the elections this year," said Professor Hu Fu, of National Taiwan University.

A large number of parliamentary seats will be open for election under democratic reforms sponsored by the Nationalists.

In previous limited elections, the opposition, backed by Taiwanese natives opposed to rule by Chinese mainlanders, won up to 40 percent of the vote.

Analysts portray Lee as a shrewd politician who, while publicly preaching democracy, is committed to maintaining the absolute supremacy of the Nationalist party. -- Reuter

## Volatile market

**SHARE prices ended lower in volatile trading yesterday as investors waited for news about the political situation in China.**

**The Hang Seng index dropped 58.92 points to 3,008 as $3.03 billion worth of shares traded hands.**

**Exchange Square was dominated by local punters who switched heavily between stocks in a day of seesaw trading. Most investors appeared to be regaining touch with the underlying strong economic fundamentals for Hongkong, but they remained concerned about the outlook after the crisis is over.**

Details in Business

## Students say they will die to hold square

**By Fan Cheuk-wan in Beijing**

MORE than 100,000 Chinese university students yesterday vowed to protect Tiananmen Square with their lives to continue their month-long pro-democracy movement.

The pledge came as they inaugurated a new umbrella organisation, Command for Protection of Tiananmen, which also includes intellectuals and workers.

In a ceremony at the square, the students raised their right hands and, led by Miss Chai Lin, the organisation's newly selected general commander, made the pledge: "I hereby vow that I will risk my life and invest my wholehearted loyalty to protect Tiananmen Square, to protect our capital Beijing, and to protect the People's Republic."

As they did so, the student broadcasting system played *The Internationale* and Beethoven's *No. 6 Hero Symphony*.

In her inauguration speech, Miss Chai – former secretary to sacked student leader Wu'er Kaixi – said: "Our movement will not be used by anyone as a means for power struggle."

Mr Wang Dan, another student leader, delivered a speech titled "The last battle between the brightness and the darkness".

He declared: "Our movement has entered into the most critical moment.

"If Li Peng and a handful of people insist on retrogression ... we will lose our achievements gained in the 10 years' reform ... if we leave the square now, we will be guilty for thousands of years.

"Our student movement is fighting for democracy, human rights and social progress.

"What we are doing is something greater than any other revolutions in our history.

"Even the May Fourth Movement in 1919 and the April Fifth Movement in 1976 do not compare.

"Succeed or not, history will give the people most glorious victory."

The students said they would not leave the square until the authorities removed troops from the city, lifted martial law and restored social order.

Since martial law was imposed last Saturday in parts of Beijing, student leaders had been severely split on whether they should leave the square and whether the movement could last.

People claiming to represent different factions within the party and the government kept talking to the students, giving conflicting advice about whether to stay on or go.

Mr Wu'er, the former chairman of the Beijing Students' Autonomous Association, was sacked three nights ago because he asked the students to leave the square.

His request followed a talk with a representative of the China Welfare Fund for the Handicapped, headed by Deng Xiaoping's eldest son, Deng Pufang.

The next day, Mr Wang Dan was also taken to a hotel by a group of people from a computer company which was headed by a relative of Mr Wan Li, Chairman of the National People's Congress.

Meanwhile, government and student authorities yesterday gave conflicting versions of whether any hunger strikers had died.

The students said two fasters were dead, but the China Central Television reported denials from the hospital authorities.

Mr Chen Wei, press spokesman of the Command for Protection of Tiananmen, said two had died, but gave no further details.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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1989年5月
26
星期五
己巳年四月廿二
北京地区天气预报
白天 晴转多云
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 多云间晴
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 33℃
最低 16℃

人民日报社出版


## 李鹏总理昨天签署

# 国务院给戒严部队全体官兵的慰问信

新华社北京5月25日电　李鹏总理今天签署了国务院给北京戒严部队全体官兵的慰问信，全文如下：

亲爱的北京戒严部队官兵同志们：

为了制止动乱，恢复首都秩序，保卫要害部门和公共财产不受侵犯，保卫人民的生命和财产安全，你们奉命来京执行戒严任务，你们辛苦了！国务院向你们表示亲切的慰问和最高的敬意！

在执行任务的过程中，你们立场坚定，旗帜鲜明，表现出很高的政治觉悟和良好的军事素质；在社会秩序混乱的情况下，你们连日来吃不好饭，睡不好觉，得不到休息，不怕苦，不怕累，始终保持高昂的士气。在受到不明真相的群众围阻和少数不法分子殴打时，你们顾全大局，忍不还口，打不还手，忍辱负重，严守纪律，充分体现了对人民的热爱和忠诚；你们发扬我军做群众工作的优良传统，主动、耐心地向人民做宣传、解释工作，热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生，以自己的实际行动谱写了特殊条件下拥戴爱民的新篇章，为恢复首都秩序，稳定北京乃至全国的局势作出了很大贡献，得到了社会各界的高度评价和赞扬。实践再一次证明，你们无愧为人民共和国的坚强柱石，无愧为忠于党和人民的仁义之师、文明之师。党和政府感谢和信任你们！人民理解和支持你们！

最近，中国人民解放军三总部致信慰问你们，希望你们在执行戒严任务中努力学习，认清责任，旗帜鲜明地同极少数人的阴谋作坚决的斗争，希望你们不怕困难，百折不挠，严明纪律，执行政策，文明执勤，加强团结。这些要求代表了全国各族人民的根本利益，也反映了党中央、国务院对你们的殷切期望。北京市政府一定会做好解释工作，教育群众热爱人民子弟兵，并采取有效措施，从工作上、生活上、学习上提供便利条件，配合你们执行戒严任务。我们相信，在党中央、国务院和中央军委的正确领导下，在人民群众的支持下，北京戒严部队全体同志一定能不负众望，克服种种困难，胜利完成戒严任务，为结束混乱状态，维护安定团结，促进改革和建设作出新贡献。

国务院　1989年5月25日

## 结束对加拿大、美国的访问

# 万里委员长昨天抵达上海

## 因身体不适留沪治疗

新华社上海5月25日电（记者陈毛鼎）全国人民代表大会常务委员会委员长万里结束了对加拿大、美国的访问，从美国回国，于今天凌晨3时抵达上海。

中共上海市委书记江泽民、市人大常委会主任叶公琦、市长朱镕基等同志前往机场迎接。

万里委员长因身体不适，经医生检查，留沪治疗。

## 北京军区党委二炮党委常委等表示

# 坚决拥护中央决策

## 四省市的党委政府致电中央

新华社北京5月25日电　连日来，北京军区党委和第二炮兵党委常委认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆同志5月19日的讲话，决心紧紧团结在党中央、国务院、中央军委的周围，一切行动听指挥，以实际行动贯彻执行党中央和国务院的正确决策，为稳定首都和全国的局势作出贡献。

北京军区党委在学习讨论中认为，当前的斗争，是一场关系到改革和建设成败，关系到国家和民族命运的严肃政治斗争。在这种严峻局势下，坚决制止和平息这场动乱，维护社会安定，是我们义不容辞的任务。

北京军区所属部队，特别是执行戒严任务的部队，通过学习讨论，进一步认清了这场动乱的性质和危害，明确了自己肩负的重大责任。广大官兵在新的任务和考验面前，表现了很高的政治觉悟，很强的组织纪律性和良好的军事素质。目前，各部队正在按照军区党委的要求，广泛深入地进行思想教育，大力发扬我军拥政爱民的光荣传统，利用各种形式开展群众工作，及时组织部队听听中央的声音，不听不信各种政治谣言，积极开展面向社会的宣传工作，讲明实行戒严的必要性。广大官兵决心发扬我军上下一致的好作风，紧密团结，听从指挥，服从命令，努力完成好党中央、国务院、中央军委赋予的任务。

第二炮兵党委常委在学习讨论中表示，坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆的讲话，坚决拥护国务院采取戒严的果断措施。党委还发出通知，要求所属各单位教育广大官兵掌握好政策，严格遵守纪律，自觉爱护群众，多做宣传解释工作，不做有损于军民关系的事情。

新华社北京5月25日电　近日来，军事科学院和国防大学党委常委认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆同志在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，表示坚决拥护中央为了制止动乱所采取的重大决策。

军事科学院党委常委在学习讨论中认为，这场动乱的目的就是要颠覆共产党的领导，反对社会主义制度。一切具有爱国良心的人们都必须立即行动起来，坚决制止动乱。他们认为，保卫人民的和平劳动，是宪法赋予我军的神圣使命。军队执行戒严任务，符合我军的根本职能，符合人民的根本利益，一定会得到广大人民群众的理解和支持。党委还要求全院同志必须旗帜鲜明地同党中央保持高度一致，服从命令，听从指挥，坚守岗位，忠于职守，以实际行动为稳定局势作出积极的贡献。

国防大学党委常委在学习中一致表示，在这场反对动乱的斗争中，一定要坚定不移地贯彻执行党中央、国务院和中央军委的正确方针。他们说，在当前严重的局势面前，国务院决定对北京部分地区实行戒严，这是迅速制止动乱、稳定首都和全国局势、保卫十年改革成果、捍卫四项基本原则的英明决策。每一个共产党员、革命军人都必须旗帜鲜明地为维护安定团结的政治局面作出应有的贡献。

新华社北京5月25日电　山东、北京、四川、吉林等省市党委、政府致电党中央、国务院，表示坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，坚决拥护党中央、国务院关于恢复首都秩序的决策和措施。

（下转第二版）

## 韩怀智周文元宗顺留代表军委和三总部

# 看望被打伤住院的指战员

新华社北京5月25日电　人民解放军副总参谋长韩怀智、总政治部副主任周文元、总后勤部副部长宗顺留代表中央军委领导同志和三总部机关，今天下午前往解放军304医院看望在执行首都部分地区戒严任务中被打伤住院的29名指战员。

这批伤员是5月22日下午在部队转移途中被一些不明身份的人用石块、砖头击伤的。记者在病房里看到，有的战士头部、手部受伤达六七处之多，有的虽经治疗伤部依然红肿。

韩怀智、周文元、宗顺留对伤员们说，中央军委领导和三总部机关的同志听说大家受伤后，很关心、很惦念，委派我们来看望大家。你们在执行戒严任务中，不怕苦，不畏难，表现了很高的政治觉悟。在遭到围攻、辱骂甚至被打伤的情况下，你们仍然表现了极大的克制和忍让。你们以自己的模范行动表明，你们不是来镇压群众的，也不是来对付青年学生的，而是为了制止动乱、维护首都的社会秩序，保护首都人民生命财产的安全而来的。你们的任务是光荣的，一定会得到包括青年学生在内的首都人民的理解和支持，也一定会得到全国人民的理解和支持。

伤员们表示，感谢军委、总部首长的关怀，要争取早日痊愈，在首都人民和青年学生的支持下，完成好党中央、国务院、中央军委交给的戒严任务。

# 北京戒严第六天

本报北京5月26日凌晨讯　昨天，北京酒日当空。下午起，东西长安街和广场周围的游行队伍一时不见头尾。从横幅看，有来自科研、教育、卫生、文化、新闻等单位和部分工厂的，也有不少是外地学生。长安街交通一度中断。

北京各大小副食店和农贸市场，蔬菜肉蛋等生活必需品充足。货架、摊床琳琅满目。据北京人民广播电台报道，全市工业系统的职工出勤率已达80%左右，大多数企事业单位的工作秩序基本稳定，中小学校书声琅琅。

## 外交部发言人说

# 中国祝贺阿拉伯特别首脑会议召开

## 杨主席因工作安排推迟出访拉美四国

## 越方必须立即停止对我领土主权的挑衅行动

新华社北京5月25日电　外交部发言人李金华今天在新闻发布会上说，在卡萨布兰卡召开的阿拉伯特别首脑会议是阿拉伯世界的一件大事。中国对会议的成功召开表示祝贺，对会议体现的团结精神表示赞赏。

他说，中国相信这次会议将为进一步加强阿拉伯团结，推动中东和平进程，缓和黎巴嫩形势，实现中东地区的和平与稳定作出积极贡献。

这位发言人还说，继越南人民军总参谋长段奎之后，越南国务委员会副主席阮决最近又到中国南沙群岛被越南非法侵占的一些岛屿进行所谓的“视察”。这是对中国领土主权的严重挑衅。

他强调指出，越南方面必须立即停止这种挑衅行动。

当有的记者问及国家主席杨尚昆出访拉美一事时，发言人说，由于工作安排的原因，杨尚昆主席原订于今年5月底对墨西哥、巴西、乌拉圭和阿根廷4个拉美国家的访问推迟到今年晚些时候进行。

# 新德意志报新闻节六月初举行

## 人民日报应邀派代表团参加

本报讯　《新德意志报》第30届新闻节将于今年6月3—4日在柏林举行。本届新闻节将专门设立“人民日报中心”，人民日报将应邀派代表团参加新闻节活动。

《新德意志报》新闻节将有来自世界各大洲40个国家的客人参加。今年是德意志民主共和国和中华人民共和国成立40周年，又是两国建交40周年，因此，本届新闻节专门设立“人民日报中心”，作为新闻节活动的重要组成部分，并邀请人民日报派代表团参加。

《新德意志报》是德国统一社会党中央机关报。《新德意志报》新闻节每年举行一次，已成为民主德国首都人民的传统节日。它是柏林各界人民广泛参加的盛会，是党报与读者亲密关系的生动表现，也是党和人民群众密切联系的形式之一。据估计，在120万柏林市民中，将有50万人参加新闻节的活动。

# 纺织行业滑坡得到扭转

## 原料短缺问题仍然突出

新华社北京5月25日电（记者李安定）年初纺织行业一度出现的严重滑坡局面，4月份已得到扭转。全国纺织工业总产值一至四月累计完成420亿元，比去年同期增长3.03%。

到4月底为止，已有化纤、纱、印染布、毛线、纺织机械5种产品完成了计划进度，但仍有8类产品低于去年同期水平。

纺织原料短缺的问题仍然是困扰今年纺织生产的主要问题，多数地区缺口较大，库存减少。纺织工业部门加强了生产的组织协调工作，各地区也采取紧急措施，从能源、资金等方面关心支持纺织生产。

## 国务院发出紧急通知

# 制止各地学生强行乘车进京

新华社北京5月25日电　国务院今天发出关于坚决制止各地学生冲击铁路、强行乘车进京的紧急通知。

通知说，5月16日以来，一些城市和地区的学生冲击车站、强行乘车进京，有的甚至卧轨拦车，严重干扰了铁路运输的正常进行，不仅给国民经济造成了重大损失，而且大批外地学生涌进北京，不利于首都制止动乱和局势的稳定，也不利于各高等院校早日复课。现在，在天安门广场的学生多数是外地来京的，他们来京后吃、住都很困难，再加上近日天安门广场卫生条件很差、环境恶劣，随时有可能爆发大规模的流行性疾病，对来京同学身体健康极为不利。为了尽快制止这种不正常状况，维护交通运输的正常秩序，通知要求：

一、各地人民政府及公安厅（局）、铁路局的主要负责同志，要亲自到现场，组织力量，采取切实有力的措施，坚决劝阻强行乘车来京的学生。各大专院校负责人以及共青团和学生会组织要认真做好在校学生的工作，劝说他们不要来京。

二、全体铁路干部、职工要坚守岗位，严格执行检票、验票制度，坚持凭票进站，凭票乘车，不准无票人员上车。高等院校较多的大中城市，公安机关和武警部队要派出适当警力，进站协助维持秩序。

三、对无票强行乘车、冲击车站、拦截列车、卧轨断道等违法行为，在劝阻无效时，要迅速采取强制措施，对为首滋事分子要尽快依法处理，并及时予以公开报道，以正视听。

四、凡参加这项工作的公安干警、武警指战员和铁路干部职工，都要严格依法办事。

通知要求各级人民政府及各公安厅（局）、铁路局要立即采取措施，认真贯彻执行。

## 戒严部队某团干部

# 与一自称大学生代表的人交谈

新华社北京5月24日电　据有关单位提供的材料介绍，5月21日下午，一位自称天安门大学生代表的人，来到根据国务院命令执行戒严任务的解放军某部驻地，要求与部队负责同志见面。某团政治处主任刘智军等同他进行了交谈。某医院俱乐部两名放映员也主动参加。

学生代表说，我在天安门前收到许多同学写的条子，让我到外面了解一下解放军、市民及各方面对学生的态度。刘智军回答：进京一天多来，我们看到北京形势很乱，虽然学生组织得好，主动帮我们维持秩序，但也有一部分人在捣乱，这种局面不赶快解决，工作秩序、社会秩序都将出现严重混乱。

学生代表谈到，学生是爱国的，是为了国家好。

刘智军说：学生的爱国热情是好的，提出清除腐败、打倒官倒的口号是好的，不仅中央这样认为，我们也是这样看。但我们做事只有好的动机和热情是不够的，更重要的是把动机和效果统一起来。如果学生们确实爱国，就应从民族、国家的大局出发，尽快结束游行、罢课等活动，撤出天安门广场。这样，社会形势就会平静下来。他还说，我认为当前的主要矛盾是尽快恢复社会秩序，学生现在就应立即从广场撤出去，其他问题以后可以慢慢谈。如果正常的社会秩序没有了，经济体制改革要受到影响，政治体制改革也要受到影响。

学生代表说：我们认为市民对我们很支持，学生受到各方面的关心，如果一下子撤出天安门广场，很可能辜负市民的希望。某医院俱乐部放映员四少华回答：市民的态度你们不一定都了解，其实并不是市民都支持你们。就拿我来说，开始是50%支持你们，现在已经反对你们继续这样干下去。我建议你们很好地分析一下上街的人的情况。我认为上街的人“两多”、“两少”，30岁以下的人多，30岁以上的人少。这就是认识能力强的人在往冷静，年轻人易于冲动，他们并不很了解自己的行动可能产生的后果。再就是真正的工人少。工人们大都在坚持工作。如果学生只看到街上人多这种表面现象，而看不到大多数人反对动乱的实质，就会错误估计形势，得出错误结论。

当学生代表问到军队的态度时，刘智军说，人民解放军是中国共产党领导的，党指挥我们怎么做，我们就会怎么做。党中央和政府明确指示军队不许开枪，要尽一切努力防止流血事件，并一再讲军队仅仅是维持秩序，不是镇压学生。我们现在保持克制态度，是认真执行中央决策，决不是对戒严态度消极。他还说，我认为学生退出广场越快越好。有一点可以告诉你们，军队不会对学生开枪。但对那些坚决同政府对立，从事破坏活动的坏分子，我们也决不会手软。



山东省潍坊市潍城区农业生产资料公司，积极购进化肥、农药、农膜470多吨，在销售中制定、设立“三公开八不准”监督条款和监督电话，廉洁了市容集道。图为化肥货场一角。　张路田摄

新闻摄影比赛

# 广州清理“包房”公司

## 发现半数以上有违法经营活动

本报广州5月25日电　记者梁兆明报道：自上月开始，广州市工商部门连续对21个宾馆、旅店内的460家“包房”公司（企业）进行清理、整顿，发现违法经营活动相当严重。

这些“包房”公司（企业）大多不挂牌匾，长期在宾馆、旅店内包房洽谈生意，业务范围甚广，经营项目无所不包。

经过初步清理整顿，发现占50%以上的“包房”公司（企业），都从事违法经营活动。有倒卖高档家用电器的，有非法进口紧俏商品或非法出口棉纺、纺织品的，还有的大肆进行诈骗活动。

新华社更正：本社5月24日播发的《银行将从6月1日起增设3个月存款档次》一稿（见本报昨天一版）第三段中，月利率“6.3%”应为“6.3‰”。

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## 新聞簡報

# 李鵬談北京戒嚴令
# 稱爲一種警戒措施
## 並强調部隊非沒有能力進城
## 他說小平是改革開放總設計師不可別人麼什的

【新華社北京二十五日電】國務院總理李鵬今天下午在中南海會見日利亞、墨西哥和烟句三國的新任駐華大使，向他們介紹了中國當前的形勢，並重申了中國的對外政策。

李鵬說，目前中國發生了一些不正常的情況，有些地方甚至出現了動亂。但中國政府是穩定的，有能力逐步自己的事情，有能力妥善地解決當前所發生的問題。

李鵬說，我們根據憲法第八十九條第十六項的規定，在北京部分地區實行戒嚴，是爲了製止動亂而採取的一種警戒措施。從外地調來一部分人民解放軍部隊，是爲了協助武警和公安幹警維護北京的社會秩序，保障公民的生命和財產安全，保障公共財產不受侵犯，保障中央國家機關和北京市政府正常執行公務。在電台、電視台值勤的解放軍，只負責守護這些要害部門，直接單位的工作仍然按照原有的工作程序進行。戒嚴的具體措施體現在北京市人民政府今中。

李鵬指出，戒嚴不同於軍事管制，從一些國家實行的軍管來看，一般是因為全國或局部地區失控，政府不能有效地行使國家行政管理職能而採取由軍事當局接管政府全部或部分職能的一種措施。中國現在沒有發生這樣的情況。

李鵬說，戒嚴部隊進到阻攔，沒有進入北京市中心地區。有幾隊的人群會看到，這不是因為部隊沒有進城的能力，而是因為我們的政府是人民的政府，解放軍是人民的子弟兵。在人們還沒有充分理解戒嚴意義的情況下，為了最大限度地避免衝突，軍隊表現了極大的克制。我們相信，絕大多數的北京市人民和國家的利益，終究會得到人民的理解和支持。符合全北京市人民和國家的利益，終究會得到人民的理解和支持。

李鵬對大使們說，中國政府將堅定地執行獨立自主的和平外交政策，加强同第三世界國家的友好合作是中國外交政策的一個基本點。

他重申，中國改革開放的政策是不會改變的，十年來改革開放取得了很大成績，中國政府將堅定地執行獨立自主的和平外交政策，加强同第三世界國家的友好合作是中國外交政策的一個基本點。

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李鵬強調，現在發生的事情完全是中國的內政，希望外國，特別是願意同中國保持良好關係的國家，不要用這樣那樣的方式進行干預。中國的事情是很複雜的，外國朋友一時看不清，不妨多觀察一段時間再作出判斷。

李鵬說，參加遊行示威、聽講、靜坐的人大多數人的本意是好的，他們希望國家進步，要求政府清除腐敗現象，他們的很多意見同黨和政府是一致的，他們同黨和政府之間沒有根本矛盾。他們並不了解事情真相，一旦了解了，他們熱愛黨和政府在認識上的距離就會縮小，我對此充滿信心。

## 外長錢其琛會見時在座
## 表示將支持各大使工作

參加會見的是尼日利亞大使伊．恩．奧巴、墨西哥大使納瓦賀特和烟句大使伊．恩．奧巴。李鵬代表中國政府對三位大使到任表示歡迎。他說，「你們在履行公務時將得到中國政府和有關部門的支持。」

在座的錢其琛外長說，外交部是政府的一個部門，將積極支持大使們的工作。他相信政府其他部門也會給予支持。

# 近十萬人參加　主要知識界
# 北京各界昨續遊行
# 强烈要求撤銷戒嚴
## 陝豫粵深圳等幾十所院校陣容强大

【新華社北京二十五日電北京今天下午又有大批羣衆在天安門廣場及其兩側的長安大街再次舉行遊行。

今天參加遊行的人中有大專院校的師生和科技、文化、企業界人士。

【本報北京二十五日專電】北京各界人士及外地學生近十萬人今天舉行遊行，繼續要求李鵬下台，撤銷戒嚴令，並一主要是知識界人士，兩萬多名來自京郊各縣市院校的赴京聲援學生，以及一些工人和國家機關員工。參加今天遊行的一些市院校的赴京聲援北京各界昨舉行遊行，紅旗、橫幅如海。（本報北京傳真）

遊行人士從橫幅和口號中表達出來的最强烈願望是：「李鵬下台」和「撤銷戒嚴令」。由於委員長之行返國，遊行者希望萬里能迅速召開人大常委會議，對目前不正常的政局有所作為。遊行者高舉的橫幅中，常見到「强烈要求召開人大」字句，人們又寫上「歡迎萬里歸來人民期待」等句子。

遊行下午二時開始，隊伍由體育館和復興門出發，浩浩蕩蕩地向天安門廣場開進。

五日專電】天安門廣場今天指揮部指揮部今天下午指出，坐糧種進參加遊行的人員，不要帶糧票，廣場有充足的糧食供應。

【本報北京二十五日專電】天安門廣場今天下午二時開始，隊伍由體育館和復興門出發，浩浩蕩蕩地向天安門廣場開進

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

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# 廣場十萬學生堅持下去 主流主張見好就收

# 北京即開重要會議 各地首腦陸續抵步

## 傳有關方面將解釋形勢進行說服

【本報記者組北京二十五日電】各省、市自治區的高層負責人已陸續抵達北京，預計有關方面將召開會議。

較早時候，有消息傳出政治局擴大會議正在舉行，但據消息來源稱，此會議並未召開，原因是有關方面希望在舉行擴大會議前先行在各省、市、自治區作出安撫的工作，好讓輿論對形勢和親展工作、各省、市、自治區担任要職的人士，不少是在三十六之後安排以配合進行各項改革工作的。

又訊：新華社香港分社社長許家屯亦已抵京，據稱將出席此間即將舉行的重要會議。

# 萬里滯滬傳因須治病 人大常委會議難召開

## 五十七常委已循正式手續提緊急開會動議

【本報記者組北京廿五日電】當週消息透露，中共中央高層人士已否決了召開全國人大常委會緊急會議的要求，有關方面表示，按目前的條件，「暫時沒可能召開緊急會議」。據悉，中共中央辦公廳已給各省發電報，除通知現在未有條件召開緊急會議外，並要求各地人大組織做好本地人大代表的工作，希望減輕上級有關方面的壓力。知情人士透露，中共高層人士認爲「暫時沒可能召開緊急會議」的理由之一，是萬里正在住院，萬里今日清晨抵達上海後，即在上海住院，而其隨行人員則已於今日飛返北京。

在此之前，五十七名全國人大常委已循正式手續聯名要求召開緊急會議，但由於一種不明文的規定，所有這類會議都要經過中共政治局批准，故緊急會議估計一時間難以舉行。

【本報訊】上海消息：此間傳媒據新華社報道，於今日凌晨三時從美國返抵上海的萬里委員長，因身體不適，經醫生檢查後留滬治療，而萬里的隨行人員已於今天上午離滬去京，據悉，上海市委書記江澤民曾在萬里抵滬之前親赴北京機場迎接萬里。

# 會經提出四個方案 通宵商議未獲結論

## 惟一致堅持要反映民主改革呼聲

【本報記者組北京廿五日電】在二十六日凌晨三時電】天安門廣場的學生今日凌晨前得較過往緊張，一隊流行樂隊到達廣場表演，歌舞昇華生台下和圍及圍觀者樂起舞。

在廣場附近圍觀的市民人數較過往減少，而過往負責傳遞資料及消息的電單車隊亦不復見。

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【本報記者組北京廿六日凌晨三時電】天安門廣場上

快報

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# 鄧小平迫八老人取捨

# 趙系被判反黨「七大寇」

## 近四十知識分子受株連·秦基偉遭解職另案處理

（快報消息）中共這次因北京學生運動引發四次重大會議，在政治局擴大會議結束後已大局底定，以趙紫陽為首的七名高級領導人，還有接近四十名知識分子，一併受到株連，五有八十人因這次系列鬥爭被清，這批被打為反黨、反革命的黨政負責人及知識分子的罪名及材料，佔計於短時間內，於中共中央委員大會召開後宣布，並會像一四人幫」及魏京生般進行不公開的審判。

相反，被擴大及擴展要求下台的李鵬，胡耀邦等人，被指為高及國家的英雄，繼續扮演拿生命取民主改革的希望。

據可靠消息來源透露，鄧小平與其他八名中共元老——包括薄一波、徐向前，李先念、楊尚昆、王震及彭眞，在中南海一次緊急會議中，指趙紫陽是利用第次學生運動，篡奪黨政軍的控制權，必須在他及趙紫陽兩人實力遠遠一向優越參與中國政經改革的知識分子，全數成為反黨反革命集團。

可靠消息來源指出，在政治局擴大會議中，被打為反黨、反革命集團的，是包括趙紫陽、胡啓立、溫家寶、鮑彤……等七人，並被命名為「七大寇」。至於一直被視為趙派主要成員的田紀雲，則暫時不予點名。

消息人士說，鄧小平已在軍隊中取得絕大多數的控制權，因此在決定在完成中共中委會議後，就會馬上公布，有關的決定在完成中共中委會議後，但為免引起社會的民憤，對於如何處理天安門廣場的學生，則暫時尚未有定案，但學生認為不會馬上全面清算，以避免再引起社會動亂。

此外，鄧小平又在中共中央委員會會議上強調，今次政治鬥爭不會影響經濟改革，政治鬥爭後，經濟改革進度會更為迅速。

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此外，鄧小平又在中共中央委員會會議上強調，今次政治鬥爭不會影響經濟改革，政治鬥爭後，經濟改革進度會更為迅速。

地方政府的壓後方面，自發生學潮後，全國各省市，自治區及軍區陸續調動軍隊示支持中央政府的重大決定，至昨日全國各省市，自治區均已全部表態支持。

至於前晚由外場改調中國的大型長具長里朝的末及回北京，現時仍留在上海，官方公布的原因是他生病休養，所以未因原因會議急行期間，緊急會議取消前往參加。

天安門廣場上聚集各界的學生昨晚開討論下一步行動，其中一個議題是討論是否撤離，據悉學生代表經已表決，至昨晚仍要今日才公布決定結果。

此外，趙紫陽在北京的勢力仍然十分緊張，內地新聞工作者和知識分子，通常是樂意接受西方記者訪問的，但由於見到趙紫陽已失勢，故不敢接受訪問，有些知識分子有後悔。

中方的最大上載，以鄧小平為首的決策小組，為了要保持北京的穩定，不惜一切代價，要不計一切後果，將會被逮捕審判的人，超過一百名。

據悉基本反對動用武裝部隊鎮壓學生，但現在並無能力阻止。

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# 李鵬接見外賓顯實力

## 聲稱政府足制動亂

（快報訊息）北京政治局勢繼續緊張，但外交部發言人在例行新聞發布會上表示，目前北京政局已經穩定，而外交部發言人在例行新聞發布會上表示，目前北京政局已經穩定，而國務院總理李鵬在中南海會見三組國家領導人，並且談話北京部分地區實施戒嚴問題，而天安門廣場上仍有學生絕食。

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李鵬說，戒嚴部隊早已進入北京市中心，這不是軍隊要接受群眾的檢閱，而外交部發言人在例行新聞發布會上表示，目前北京政局已經穩定，而國務院總理李鵬在中南海會見三組國家領導人，並且談話北京部分地區實施戒嚴問題，而天安門廣場上仍有學生絕食。

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他又說，北京現時的交通秩序已經恢復正常，商店已經開門營業，但仍有部分地區實施戒嚴。

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# 傳鄧小平將赴滬

## 替萬里進行教育

（快報消息）全國人民代表大會常務委員會委員及萬里於昨日凌晨二時抵達上海，因身體不適，經醫生檢查，暫時留滬接受治療。

據悉目上海的消息指出，鄧小平正準備前往上海，向正在當地一些病人進行思想教育工作。

同時，上海市的人大常委會發出內部文件，向委員們通知進行思想教育工作，通知他們不要再發表不利中央的言論，否則將受到嚴重的處分。

凌晨二時抵達上海，上海市委書記江澤民，市人大常委會主任陳公綽，市長朱鎔基等均有前往機場迎接。

另外，消息透露，趙紫陽及李鵬昨晚均會知悉，鄧小平正準備前往上海，向正在當地一些病人進行思想教育工作。

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# 緊急啓事

本報支持各界聲援學生運動，由五月廿五日起，所有聲援學運廣告，一律照普通廣告五折收費（每方吋廿九元），除支付印刷紙張費用，餘款全部捐出，支持北京學運。

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## 快語

### 愛國學運面臨轉折點

北京天安門廣場的學生代表，昨晚開始討論下一步採取何種行動，全國三百餘間高等院校的八百多名代表參加討論，北京夜間統計結果。

各代表的意見歸納為四項：

一、堅決保衛天安門廣場，並主動舉辦十八萬人大型記工一連行動，對當局增加壓力。

二、留在天安門廣場靜坐，最主要是為了爭取時間，再發動更廣泛的群眾運動，並爭取解決一切問題。

三、爭取與官方某些部門對話，於獲得某些承諾後撤出天安門廣場，以後再作進一步對話。

四、為了學生的最高利益，主動撤出天安門廣場，各回原校，進行民主運動。

第一項意見比較多人支持，認為目前天安門廣場靜坐，最主要是為了爭取時間，再發動更廣泛的群眾運動，並爭取解決一切問題。

第二項意見認為，要求撤出天安門廣場，各回原校，進行民主運動，但現在並無能力阻止。

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### 軍管戒嚴官字兩個口

### 李鵬意氣風發談學運

### 十年改革榮耀全歸鄧

（快報訊息）在一連串的事件中，李鵬所任的職責，有能力安排地處理，但現在李鵬已經不能夠再執行自己

# 東方日報

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# 鄧小平一語射三鵰

## ●誰說這不是動亂？（針對「六點聲明」）
## ●誰說不秋後算賬？（針對趙紫陽）
## ●誰說不能軍管？（替李鵬打氣）

楊尚昆下令軍隊
作一級戒備
做好在京過冬準備

【本報記者北京專電】據軍方消息，楊尚昆指揮要命令，要部隊在北京長安街駐紮，做好過冬準備。

【本報記者北京專電】可靠消息：戒嚴部隊目前衝擊實彈，最新一批戒嚴部隊，並非一般防暴部隊，此舉令各方不安。

【本報專訊】北京的消息人士稱，約二十萬人的「四二六」北縱和李鵬的「五一九」北縱，指一二小撮人在操縱幕後，矛頭是針對鄧小平的。

目前，這些人士形容北京的政治氣氛非常危險。

消息人士稱，鄧小平也是最近才決定要對這些人採取行動的。

消息人士指出，這些人的行動，是在鄧小平的默許下進行的。

【本報記者北京專電】據北京消息人士稱，戒嚴部隊的任務，是保護北京的重要軍事設施，以及中南海的領導人。

消息人士指出，這些部隊的裝備，包括衝鋒槍、手榴彈和實彈。

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【本報記者北京專電】中共中央政治局會議已經結束，聯合聲明大致已經定稿，會議的性質確定為動亂，並指出這是一個有組織有計劃的陰謀

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# 總統提名新閣揆任命案
# 立法院卅日行使同意權
## 俞內閣昨總辭新閣名單下週三中常會提出

【本報駐台記者方雄廿五日電】行政院院長俞國華今天上午主持他知任前的最後一次行政院院會，會中並接受內閣同仁的總辭案。下午俞國華又前往總統府向李總統提出內閣總辭，並面呈總統提名連戰組閣的新內閣名單。

行政院秘書處今天下午四時發出新聞稿表示，俞國華今天上午主持行政院院會，會中並接受內閣同仁的總辭案。下午俞國華又前往總統府向李總統提出內閣總辭，並面呈總統提名連戰組閣的新內閣名單。

行政院秘書處說，俞國華院長、連戰副院長、李煥秘書長、趙耀東國防部長、王作榮財政部長、郭婉容經濟部長、毛治國交通部長、吳伯雄內政部長、丁懋時僑務委員會主委、蔣彥士中央研究院院長、李國鼎國策顧問、孫運璿國策顧問、李元簇國策顧問、王昇國策顧問、倪文亞國策顧問、黃少谷國策顧問、張寶樹國策顧問、費驊國策顧問、張群國策顧問、何應欽國策顧問、陳立夫國策顧問、谷正綱國策顧問、黃杰國策顧問、王雲五國策顧問、張其昀國策顧問、梁寒操國策顧問、陳雪屏國策顧問、沈昌煥國策顧問、蔣經國國策顧問、李登輝國策顧問、秦孝儀國策顧問、馬紀壯國策顧問、袁守謙國策顧問、蔣緯國國策顧問、倪志功國策顧問、胡秋原國策顧問、徐柏園國策顧問、陳奇祿國策顧問、王惕吾國策顧問、王寵惠國策顧問、王大任

# South China Morning Post

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## Irish grey wins title

IRISH sprinter Quicken Away is Hongkong's Horse of the Year.

The grey three-year-old – the winner of the Chairman's Prize sprint championship earlier this month – beat off Champions and Chater Cup winner San Domenico and Handclap for the title.

● Report: Page 32

## Moore loses court bid

CHAMPION jockey Gary Moore yesterday failed to get a permanent injunction restraining the Royal Hongkong Jockey Club from instituting disciplinary action against him.

● Report: Page 7

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 2, 12, 25, 31, 33 and 35.

The extra number was 7.

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## WEATHER

Mainly cloudy.
Max temp 27 degrees.

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# Beijing tension grows as hard-liners claim victory

From *Post* Correspondents in Beijing and agencies

CHINESE Prime Minister Li Peng yesterday appeared in public for the first time in six days, the strongest sign yet that conservative leaders had the upper hand in a power struggle and might move to crush the democracy movement.

"The Chinese Government is capable and stable and we are able to carry out our duties to solve the problems properly," he said.

Mr Li was the first Chinese leader to re-emerge after senior officials went behind the scenes to play out their hands following his declaration of martial law in Beijing to stamp out weeks of pro-democracy demonstrations led by students.

A source said the Politburo had met and Mr Li was now in a position to implement its decisions, including the forcible clearance of about 30,000 students from Tiananmen Square, where they are continuing their hunger strike supported by workers and Beijing residents.

There were strong indications that a crackdown was coming:

● The State Council, China's cabinet, yesterday distributed a letter to troops camped in bases on the outskirts of the capital expressing concern for them.

The letter, signed by Mr Li, expressed "hopes the troops will overcome the difficulties confronting them (and) successfully impose martial law, further contribute to the ending of chaos, and safeguard stability and unity".

It noted they had helped to restore order despite their being unable to sleep and eat.

● The State Council also issued an urgent circular requiring local government officials, police and railway bureaus to adopt "immediate and forceful measures" to dissuade and stop students from coming to Beijing.

The circular says students from other parts of the country have forced their way on to trains since May 16, hindering efforts to end the turmoil and disrupting the normal operation of railways.

College and school authorities were instructed to dissuade students from taking part.

● President Yang Shangkun, who last Saturday announced the calling of troops to the city, has postponed his visit to four Latin American countries until later this year because of work arrangements.

The visit to Mexico, Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina, was originally scheduled to begin within the next few days.

● Mr Li sent the Secretary-General of the State Council, Mr Luo Gang, to visit the troops occupying radio and television stations and inside the telex office, urging them to implement martial law.

● An employee of a Beijing hotel put up a notice in the business centre saying communication links would be cut at midnight last night. The notice was quickly taken down.

Earlier, Mr Li was shown on Government television meeting the ambassadors of Mexico, Burma and Nigeria.

He appeared relaxed, smiling as he spoke with the ambassadors, and referred to the continued unrest as "abnormal phenomena" and "disturbances", but played it down.

Mr Li was quoted as saying that "the standard bearer of our reform and the open door policy is Comrade Deng Xiaoping and no one else".

He also reaffirmed support for the martial law decree, saying it was in effect to "prevent turmoil".

He said the troops called up around Beijing were there to assist police.

Mr Li warned the army had not stopped because it was unable to move, but because it had been "tolerant" toward the demonstrations, the biggest in China since the communist nation's founding in 1949.

But in what appeared to be a new bid to end the stalemate peacefully, he was more conciliatory towards the protesters than in speeches last weekend when he called out the troops.

"The people who participate in the demonstrations are mostly young students and the masses," he said. "I believe that most of them have good intentions. They hope China will move forward".

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 1)

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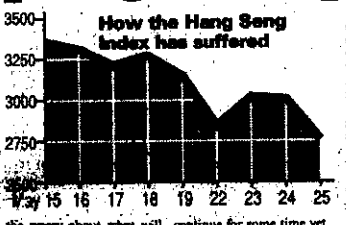
Reuter

A student and her mother give the victory sign in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

# Index plunges 256 points

THE Hongkong stock market crashed again yesterday as fears grew that the Chinese authorities were preparing to use the army to end student protests in Beijing.

The Hang Seng Index dropped 256.22 points, or nine per cent, to 2,752.51 at the end of a roller-coaster session that had brokers shouting at each other and rushing around the normally sedate trading floor.




Turnover was high at $3.44 billion, up from Wednesday's $3 billion.

Yesterday's rumours that Chinese Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, who is very much in favour of economic reforms, had been forced to step down sent the market into a spin.

China is Hongkong's largest trading partner and most companies have some connection with the mainland. Some two million people in southern China work directly for Hongkong manufacturers, and mainland firms have been strong buyers of the territory's property.

If the hawks win their battle to clamp down on the students, analysts fear that there will then be an economic clampdown, with serious repercussions for Hongkong firms.

Longer term there is also the worry about what will happen when the territory is handed back to China in 1997.

Within minutes of the start of trading, the index plunged 245 points, following a 58-point fall on Wednesday. During the morning it fell 11.3 per cent, or 340.03 points.

Stock Exchange chairman Francis Yuen insisted that the exchange would not close, despite the magnitude of the fall.

"We will not close when trading is orderly, as it has been," he said.

An official statement in Beijing later in the day that Mr Zhao was still in office brought some buyers back into the market but $57 billion was still wiped off the value of the territory's shares, and dealers expect the roller coaster trading to continue for some time yet.

"More than anything else, the market hates the uncertainty. It would be better, from the market's point of view if Li Peng was seen to be back in control again," said Baring Securities managing director William Phillips.

Hongkong's biggest tycoon, Hutchison Whampoa and Cheung Kong boss Li Ka-shing, said he did not think the conflict in China would cause long term problems for the territory.

Speaking after Cheung Kong's annual meeting, Mr Li said: "There is no doubt the market slump was because of the situation in China. But I don't think one or two persons here can do much now regarding the political crisis. At the time being, I'll not buy or sell any stock shares."

"But I think it is only a temporary suffering. I don't think the political crisis will worsen to a situation that will jeopardise Hongkong's interests in the long run," he said.

"Hongkong people are always very sensitive," he added.

The man who is widely regarded as the biggest investor in China, Hopewell Holdings boss Gordon Wu, yesterday said he was sure the mainland would continue its open door policy.

"All sides, both reformers and hard liners, say that the open door policy will continue and I have been given no reason to doubt either camp," Mr Wu said.

But he added: "The interpretation of the open door policy is another matter, and that is what this power struggle is all about. If China goes back to the old days of tight control, people will probably view it as another North Korea."

● More reports: Business Post

# NCNA man 'escapes kidnap'

A RESEARCHER at the New China News Agency's (NCNA) Hongkong branch has apparently gone into hiding after escaping what he said was a "kidnap" attempt on Tuesday night due to his open support of the pro-democracy movement in China.

Mr Xu Haining, who came to Hongkong from the mainland two years ago, has recently set up an alliance to support the Beijing protesters and has spoken against Chinese Premier Li Peng and senior leader Deng Xiaoping.

He said the group already had 4,200 members, 300 of whom are NCNA staff.

A spokesman for the NCNA last night denied local press reports that Mr Xu's home at Broadwood Road had been searched.

Mr Xu believes his participation in rallies and demonstrations over the past few days has put him in danger.

"I was at home on Tuesday night. Someone came and searched my place and I barely escaped a kidnap," claimed Mr Xu who did not elaborate further.

Despite the incident, Mr Xu said he did not regret what he had done and would continue his protest.

He said most NCNA employees supported the movement but some of them dared not speak up.

A colleague at the NCNA said Mr Xu did not turn up for work yesterday and his whereabouts were unknown.

Mr Xu joined a sit-in protest on Wednesday outside the local office of the NCNA, China's *de facto* consulate.

He also read out publicly on Sunday a statement on behalf of a group of NCNA staff during a mass rally joined in by up to one million people in the territory.

The fact that NCNA employees here came out publicly in support of students' demands in China took local political analysts by surprise.

# Services exempt from 3pc sales tax

By C.K. LAU

SERVICES and unprocessed food would be exempt from any sales tax introduced by the Government as a means of broadening Hongkong's narrow tax base.

A wholesale tax of three per cent is being considered by the Government but is unlikely to be introduced before April 1992, according to sources.

To offset criticism, official sources said direct and indirect tax rates could be reduced, but gave no indication by how much.

Luxury items could also be taxed at a higher level, although officials said no details had been worked out yet.

It is estimated that each percentage point would yield about $1 billion at 1988 prices, meaning a total yield of about $3 billion to $4 billion if a three per cent tax was levied.

The sales tax would be collected at wholesale level and wholesalers would have to be licensed.

However, businesses with annual sales value of less than $500,000 are likely to be exempt from registration and would not have to collect the sales tax.

The cost of administering the tax is estimated to cost about $30 million annually.

Financial Secretary Piers Jacobs is keen to introduce the new tax, which he considers essential in moving towards a more stable revenue base and be less vulnerable to unpredictable economic cycles.

He also hopes that this will gradually reduce the Government's dependence on direct taxes. This year, as a percentage of the total tax revenue, direct taxes – personal and profits – represent 65 per cent of the total.

The long-awaited consultation document was yesterday issued by Mr Jacobs to about 20 professional and interested organisations for a four-month debate.

The Executive Council is expected to make a decision on whether to introduce the controversial sales tax plan before the end of the year.

Officials said if the proposed tax was accepted, a bill could be introduced into the Legislative Council where further public discussion could take place.

The Government has decided to exempt unprocessed food such as rice,

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

# Poll gives support to towing boat people back out to sea

By SIMON MACKLIN

MORE than 50 per cent of people in Hongkong would support any plan to tow newly arrived Vietnamese boat people back out to sea, although many recognised this would be inhumane and likely to draw criticism from the international community.

A telephone poll conducted last night following a debate on the Vietnamese issue broadcast on television and radio also found overwhelming support for an end to the first asylum policy.

Only 16 per cent of those who responded to the poll were prepared to back the current policy of providing shelter to all Vietnamese boat people who arrived in Hongkong, compared with 80 per cent who opposed the policy.

The greatest support for scrapping the first asylum policy came from the better educated section of the community.

A total of 91 per cent of those questioned who had received post secondary education believed Hongkong should no longer provide shelter to all the new arrivals.

About 55 per cent of those polled said they believed Hongkong should tow new arrivals back out to sea while only 36 per cent said they were prepared to oppose this policy.

Views on this issue seemed varied between the 525 people interviewed by telephone in the poll, conducted by Survey Research Hongkong, among the different social groups in the community.

Of those who had received post secondary education, 47 per cent accepted the proposal to tow boat people away compared with 59 per cent of those who had received some primary or less education.

Opinion was split on whether or not it was "inhumane" to tow the boat people back out to sea with 45 per cent agreeing it was inhumane, while 46 per cent said they did not think this policy would be inhumane and nine per cent saying they did not have any opinion.

There appeared to be little disagreement between the sexes on this issue with 45 per cent of both men and women believing it was inhumane and 46 per cent of both groups who rejected this view.

The spread across the community in terms of levels of education also revealed little difference on this issue.

Out of the respondents to the poll, 54 per cent of those who had received a post secondary education believed it was inhumane to tow the boat people back out to sea compared with only 39 per

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 3)

# UK expels four Czech diplomats

BRITAIN yesterday ordered the expulsion of four members of the Czechoslovak Embassy for "activities incompatible with their status" but said the move was not related to last week's expulsion of 11 Soviet diplomats and journalists.

The British Foreign Office said Czechoslovak Ambassador Jan Fidler was summoned and told the four had 14 days to leave.

The Foreign Office said Mr Fidler was told the three diplomats and one technical adviser "had been engaged in unacceptable activities incompatible with their status" – a diplomatic euphemism for spying.

The wording was identi-

(Cont'd on Page 16, Col 7)

# US Speaker seeking deal over ethics charges

From DENNIS WHITELEY in Washington

THE Speaker of the US House of Representatives, Mr Jim Wright – the most powerful elected Democrat in the land and third in line to the presidency – plunged his party deep into a political crisis with speculation that he is about to resign over the ethics charges that have been levelled against him.

Never before in US history has a Speaker resigned in disgrace, but never before has a Speaker been indicted by his colleagues on such serious charges.

ABC TV news reported on Wednesday night that Mr Wright was attempting to do a deal with the House of Representatives Ethics Committee under which they would drop the bulk of the 69 charges against him.

In return he would resign from the Speakership, and possibly from Congress altogether, at the weekend – making it possible for the Democrats to elect House Majority leader, Washington State Democrat Thomas Foley, into his position next Wednesday.

The charges that Mr Wright wants dropped are those which allege he and his wife Betty, a former congressional employee, accepted an apartment in Fort Worth, Texas, the use of a Cadillac car, and that his wife was paid US$18,000 (about HK$140,400) by a family friend, Charles Mallick, who had an interest in legislation before Congress which Mr Wright might have been able to influence.

A month ago Mr Wright made an emotional appearance before TV cameras, crying that the charges were an assault on his wife, and that he would clear her name.

The plea bargaining his lawyers and senior figures in the Democratic Party spent virtually all of Wednesday doing were aimed at achieving exactly that.

They would leave seven charges that he attempted to bypass congressional limits on outside honoraria earnings by selling copies of a book he had written to various organisations, instead of being paid a speaking fee by them.

Mr Wright's final denouement appears to have started yesterday when his lawyers tried to get the Ethics Committee to drop the charges involving Mr Mallick on legal technicalities.

The committee spent yesterday closeted in secret on Capitol Hill studying the arguments, but the most senior member, Indiana Democrat John Meyers, had already told people he was "not swayed" by Mr Wright's denials.

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英文虎報

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■ Wan Li ... asked to convene meeting.

## 'Ill' Wan waits for call to Beijing

THE chairman of the National People's Congress (NPC) Mr Wan Li was yesterday resting in a Shanghai hospital while waiting for permission to return to Beijing.

Sources said paramount leader Deng Xiaoping wanted to persuade Mr Wan to follow the offical line before allowing him back to the capital.

The chief legislator, who is an ally of Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, is being asked by some NPC Standing Committee members to convene a special NPC session to discuss the present government crisis.

Mr Wan had cut short his overseas visit and arrived at Shanghai at 9am yesterday. Official Chinese media said Mr Wan was greeted at Shanghai airport by local Communist Party Secretary Mr Jiang Zemin, mayor Zhu Rongji and Municipal People's Congress leader Mr Ye Gongqi.

He then entered hospital for "medical treatment".

Mr Wan returned to China for "health reasons" officially.

Sources said that although Mr Wan was tired, he was not ill enough to be in hospital.

"He was asked to stop in Shanghai by the party Central Committee, which did not want him to come back so early. Deng Xiaoping wants to persuade him (to accept his plan) first," sources said.

Mr Wan was expected to fly to Beijing in an attempt to solve the student unrest which could lead to a top-level reshuffle for the leadership.

Sources in Washington said Mr Wan appeared to be very healthy on Tuesday, but had expressed concern for events in Beijing.

"This is the time that my country needs me," Mr Wan told US officials.

China Central Television in its noon news yesterday said that Mr Wan would return to Beijing after resting in Shanghai. But at 4pm, the Central People's Broadcast Station announced he would be hospitalised because of his "health problem."

Mr Wan, 73, theoretically held the power to meet two of the students' key demands – the removal of Premier Li and the cancellation of martial law.

He was once an ally of the late party general secretary Hu Yaobang. While he is believed to be a supporter of party chief Zhao Ziyang, he has also been closely linked with the paramount leader Deng Xiaoping.

Mr Wan was expected to play a middle-man role in the resolution of the current crisis and would be a possible interim leader.

Mr Wan's return was seen as a potential threat to the hardliners, said Beijing analysts.

# Li comes out fighting

**By Tammy Tam** in Beijing and agencies

CHINESE Prime Minister Li Peng yesterday made his first public appearance since declaring martial law last Saturday and defended his decision to bring in the military.

Mr Li, who called in troops to quell pro-democracy unrest in the capital, has been the focus of bitter anger and calls for his resignation from millions of Chinese protesting at home, in Hongkong and Macau and overseas.

He was shown on the main evening news welcoming foreign dignitaries and answering questions on military intervention and the student-led protests.

His reappearance seemed to scotch speculation he may have lost his job or been sidelined following a power struggle in the government and the Communist Party leadership, analysts said.

Mr Li appeared on the state-run TV news after more than 100,000 workers and intellectuals converged on Tiananmen Square yesterday to add their voices to students demanding that he resign.

Some 150,000 troops mobilised by Mr Li to "restore order" in the capital were blockaded by Beijing residents on the outskirts of the city and were withdrawn to the western suburbs on Wednesday.

Mr Li said the army had not entered the city because "our government is a people's government and our army is a people's army."

The television news added the premier said the thousands of troops surrounding Beijing would enter the capital only after the local citizens "understood their purpose."

And a letter to the army signed by Mr Li yesterday said he hoped Chinese troops would "successfully impose martial law", the official Xinhua News Agency reported.

The message of encouragement from the government said it hoped the troops "will overcome the difficulties confronting them, successfully impose martial law, further contribute to the ending of chaos, and safeguard stability and unity."

The letter to the soldiers, who have been blocked at the city outskirts by residents since martial law was declared on Saturday, noted they had helped to "restore order" despite being unable to sleep and eat.

■ Mr Li on Chinese television yesterday.

CHINA AT THE CROSSROADS
Pages 3 - 10. Editorial: Page 16

So far 27 of 30 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions in China have expressed their support for Mr Li's decision.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman denied either Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang or Mr Li had lost his job.

But an informed source told *The Hongkong Standard* that paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping had made up his mind to sack Mr Zhao and decided not to protect Mr Li.

"The major conflict within the leadership now is between Mr Deng and Mr Zhao," the source said.

"But the paramount leader has also clearly sensed people's growing anger at Mr Li. Mr Deng's current principle is that Mr Zhao must be sacked, but Mr Li would not be deliberately protected," said the source.

Sources said the fourth plenary session of the party Central Committee would be held within days to formalise the resignation of Mr Zhao. The fate of Mr Li may also be decided then.

Party chiefs of all provinces have been summoned to Beijing for the meeting. Mr Xu Jiatun, director of the Hongkong branch of Xinhua, was recalled to Beijing on Wednesday for the purpose.

Mr Deng, who accused Mr Zhao of being head of an anti-party clique, has asked his supporters to persuade all provincial officials to accept his position.

But a number of provincial leaders, who are proteges of Mr Zhao, are trying to persuade Mr Deng to sack the general secretary on the grounds of "serious mistakes in works" instead of branding him as a counter-revolutionary.

Mr Deng is said to have prepared a blacklist of about 30 intellectuals and members of Mr Zhao's think tank. Mr Zhao's former secretary and Director of Economic System Reform Research Institute, Mr Bao Tong, is not only under close surveillance, but has been deprived of special treatment in hospital, due to him as a minister-ranking official.

Mr Deng also now seems to have the support he needs from the People's Liberation Army.

In a front-page article in the Communist Party newspaper, *People's Daily*, the headquarters of the PLA general staff, the PLA's general political department, and the PLA's general logistics department called on the armed forces to "act without hesitation" to implement the martial law decree.

The statement said the "challenge to socialism" was becoming "more and more critical" and the future of the nation was threatened by a "severe political struggle."

The army must be "totally clear" on where it stands on the issue, the message said, urging soldiers to "study in depth" Mr Li's televised speech when he called in the army to quell "chaos and anarchy" in the city caused by pro-democracy demonstrations.

The message urged soldiers to study a *People's Daily* editorial of April 26 attributed to Mr Deng as chairman of the party Military Commission.

The vitriolic editorial, accusing students of "plotting to overthrow the

■ Continued Page 6

# Stocks dive again over crisis fears

**By Divina Yumol** of our Business Desk

RENEWED fears over China's leadership crisis sparked a massive sell-off at Exchange Square yesterday and sent the Hang Seng index tumbling 256.22 points.

The barometer plunged another 8.52 percent to 2,752.51, the fourth sharp drop in five trading days. Turnover remained a hefty $3.44 billion.

Over the past week, political uncertainties in China have chopped 16 percent – or more than 525 points from the Hang Seng index, the leading barometer of business confidence in Hongkong.

Selling triggered by rumours that hard-line Premier Li Peng had won a power struggle against moderate Communist Party Secretary General Zhao Ziyang, hit the trading floor when it opened.

Selling orders streamed into Exchange Square, pulling the index down more than 245 points in the first 15 minutes. By noon, the barometer was down a massive 306 points as more sellers emerged.

Continued unloading of shares in the last 30 minutes dragged the index more than 349 points by the end of the morning session.

"The market was besieged by rumours of a military crackdown, making investors jittery," a local broker said.

"Reports of the official Chinese media branding student protesters "counter-revolutionary" made matters worse," another dealer said.

The term "counter-revolutionary" reminded people of the Cultural Revolution, he said.

The selling spree continued in the afternoon and only support from local institutions avoided complete disaster.

Overseas buyers also helped cushion the fall, grabbing stocks at low prices and preventing a worse slide than the 399-point drop on Monday.

"Investors are over-reacting again, a lot of them don't want to be involved in this market any more so they're selling at any price," Mansion House Securities' manager of equities research, Phillip Chan, said.

First Pacific Securities research director Barry Yates called yesterday's plunge a "climactic sell-off".

"The selling has been overdone. It was a reaction to rumour. Until we get confirmation, everybody will continue guessing," he added.

Lawrence Amerine, of DMT Securities, said it was classic hit-and-run trading.

"The damage has been done. The market is now held hostage by the political events in China," he added.

South China Securities' director, Howard Gorges, said if the crisis was not settled by the weekend, Hongkong was going to pay a high price.

"Even when the immediate problem is resolved, we cannot expect miracles overnight," he added.

The index plunged 10.78 percent on Monday, recouped some of its losses on Tuesday and seemed to have stabilised on Wednesday when it shed a comparatively lower 59 points or 2 percent.

Many analysts were concerned about the damage a continuing power struggle in China would have on Hongkong's reputation as a financial centre.

■ Details in Business

ASSOCIATED PRESS

■ As tension grew in Beijing, students kept coming to Tiananmen Square. These were from the China Industrial College in the south-central city of Changsha.

# Xinhua man in hiding after protest march

■ Mr Xu at his hiding place last night.

**By Stanley Leung**

AN official of the Hongkong branch of the Xinhua News Agency, who openly defied Premier Li Peng, has gone into hiding after resigning from the agency.

Mr Xu Haining, who made his stand at Sunday's pro-democracy protests backing Beijing students, said from his hiding place yesterday that his Happy Valley home had been ransacked.

He said the people who searched his home were probably looking for an important list containing the names of thousands of Hongkong-based cadres who support the Chinese student movement and party chief Zhao Ziyang.

Mr Xu said the names they were looking for were those of members of his new coalition which was formed a few days ago in support of the mainland movement.

Up to last night, more than 4,000 Chinese nationals based in Hongkong had joined his organisation, he said.

A spokesman for Xinhua said yesterday that Mr Xu had not turned up for work for a few days and his whereabouts were not known.

Mr Xu was the first Hongkong-based Chinese official to address a mass rally against the mainland leadership.

He claimed to be representing "some employees working in Xinhua", when he appeared before the huge crowd at the Happy Valley racecourse last Sunday to say they firmly opposed any use of force to suppress the students.

In an open letter to the people of Hongkong, he and three others urged Mr Li to resign and lift the martial law decree imposed on parts of Beijing last Saturday.

He told reporters last night he would continue his battle against the "feudal dictatorship" of Mr Deng Xiaoping.

To protect members of his organisation – called the Association of Hongkong-based Mainland Chinese Nationals in Support of Democracy and Liberty – Mr Xu said he had destroyed documents containing the names.

On Wednesday night, he said three strangers went to his flat "without authorisation" and tried to remove the list.

About 11pm, he returned to Xinhua headquarters in Wan Chai and joined a sit-in protest outside the office.

Shortly after midnight, he turned down the request by two of his Xinhua colleagues to return to the office and left about 4 am.

Mr Xu said he would take part in open demonstrations and marches in the territory over the next few days.

Mr Xu worked at the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in Beijing before being posted to the Xinhua branch in Hongkong.

He came up with some crucial models on political reforms between 1965 and 1986.

## TODAY

**74 PAGES**

of better jobs for everyone in FRIDAY JOBMARKET, bumper edition of the territory's premier daily employment section

**Revolution**

People power is sweeping Asia, as economic growth brings prosperity and with it a strong desire for freedom

Page 17

**Tomorrow**

Don't miss great weekend reading in your Saturday *Standard*. **Alan Rimsden** opens in OPENERS with his weekly commentary; CANADA TODAY brings you an exclusive insight into events in a country with growing ties to Hongkong. BUZZ, the zany entertainment liftout brings you up to date with the stars and the starstruck. **Roger Boschman** is Over the Top about the things you care about.

Tomorrow

**Your World on Sunday**

She knows racial persecution, speaks out for Algerian rebels, and became the victim of a ferocious AIDS rumour – Isabelle Adjani is a warrior of the oppressed and France's greatest young actress. **Robin Smyth** profiles the actress about her rock-strewn path to acclamation. PLUS the third part of a series on the end of the Cold War looks at Berlin where the Allies still believe the Red threat is real. PLUS: regular columnists including **Barry Grindrod's** restaurant review, **Maisie Pearson** on Wine, **Felicia Sorenson's** cooking, The Arts with **Vernon Ram**, fashion with **Winsome Lane.**

**All this and lots more in *Your World on Sunday*, with *The Sunday Standard***

**WEATHER:** 23°C – 27°C. Mainly cloudy. Details on Page 23

## Mark Six

THERE were no winners of the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 2, 12, 25, 31, 33 and 35 yesterday. The extra number drawn was 7.

The second prize of $237,046 each had 4.5 winning units while the third prize of $11,883 each had 193 winners.

# Gorbachev admits mistakes

MOSCOW: As the first competitively elected Soviet parliament convened yesterday, Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev admitted there had been major failures in his reform policy.

But he appeared headed for certain election by deputies as the country's first executive president after the registration of one alternative candidate was refused by a majority vote and another, Kremlin rebel Boris Yeltsin, declined to stand.

"There have been mistakes, there have been major failures," the 58-year-old Mr Gorbachev told the legislature, the Congress of People's Deputies, which was meeting for the first time since history-making elections in March.

"There have been disasters which could have been avoided," he told the 2,155 deputies in the Kremlin Palace of Congresses who quickly divided into a minority of radicals and a majority preferring a more traditional approach.

"He has no serious opposition," Estonian activist Marju Lauristen said before she offered Mr Gorbachev her vote on condition he first answer some questions.

She said she wanted to know who in the ruling Politburo knew about plans to use troops to break up a pro-independence demonstration in Soviet Georgia last month and how soon Mr Gorbachev learned of such plans.

Other deputies demanded explanations for the privileges enjoyed by Soviet leaders and of a decree banning statements that discredit authorities.

The Soviets' lack of experience with democratic parliamentary procedure showed on the opening day of the Congress, which immediately departed from the traditional uniformity and unanimity that characterised earlier Soviet parliamentary proceedings.

Mr Gorbachev, as presiding officer, arbitrarily called for votes on some procedural issues while ignoring others. Only a few deputies objected.

At times, the proceedings became confused over whose turn it was to speak. The entire session of the first Congress of People's Deputies was being televised live, offering Soviets a rare look at the workings of their government.

The opening session was peppered with heated debate over procedural issues, but the agenda hammered out in advance by Mr Gorbachev and a few hundred deputies in a nine-hour private caucus on Wednesday was easily adopted. Reuter

# HK's role in ivory trade condemned

**By Antony Cheesewright** in London

HONGKONG was declared public enemy number one yesterday by conservationists battling to save the African elephant from extinction.

They claimed four Hongkong syndicates were secretly bidding for the world's largest consignment of poached ivory, worth more than £3 million (over HK$36 million).

Almost 30 tonnes of tusks from elephants slaughtered illegally in East Africa have been put on the market by Burundi, a tiny Central African state.

It was claimed that initial bids had been tendered by Hongkong syndicates and a British-based company which is run "off shore" from the tax haven of Isle of Man.

Investigators from the Swiss-based Convention of International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) are looking into the firm's background. Any company discovered to have dealt before in poached ivory will be excluded from the sale.

The Hongkong Government hit back, saying it had always complied fully with its obligations under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora with regard to all endangered species, including controls on the ivory trade.

In a statement issued yesterday, the Government said it was closely monitoring policies and practices of other governments and world opinion.

The Government was also urgently studying the implications for Hongkong if the CITES meeting in October decided to endorse the idea of stricter controls on the ivory trade.

It said the Government would be "ready to participate fully in CITES meetings in July and October to discuss the subject."

For years, Burundi was a staging post for poached ivory, but in 1987 the country joined CITES.

The organisation approved the sale of ivory on condition all proceeds went back into conservation, and the buyer had no history of illegal ivory dealings.

In another move, the World Wide Fund for Nature has urged Britain to press Hongkong, the largest importer of ivory in the world, to ban all imports of new stock.

Last year 260 tonnes were imported into Hongkong and most of it was then exported to Japan.

The world's leading expert on African elephants called for a tougher stand on the ivory trade.

Dr Ian Douglas-Hamilton wants Britain and all leading Western nations to ban immediately all ivory imports.

During a meeting with Environment Minister Lord Caithness, he stressed the importance of not allowing Hongkong or Japan to "slip out of the worldwide ban on the ivory trade."

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

1989年5月27日 星期六 己巳年四月廿三

北京地区天气预报

白天 晴转阴傍晚有小阵雨 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级

夜间 阴有小阵雨转多云 风向 南转北 风力 二、三级

温度 最高 31℃ 最低 18℃

第14951期 （代号1—1） 人民日报社出版


## 中纪委向党中央汇报学习讨论情况

# 赞同拥护中央重大决策

## 要求纪检干部为维护安定团结作贡献

**新华社北京5月26日电** 今天，中共中央纪委就学习讨论李鹏、杨尚昆同志讲话的情况向党中央写了一份汇报材料。

中央纪委的汇报说，连日来，中央纪委常委和机关全体职工反复收听、收看和学习讨论李鹏、杨尚昆同志在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话，并先后召开机关司局级干部大会和全体党员干部大会，传达李锡铭同志在首都党政军干部大会上关于北京市学潮的发生和发展情况的介绍。大家认为，中央领导同志的讲话非常重要，党中央、国务院作出的决策，对于统一全党、全国人民的思想，制止动乱，恢复首都的正常秩序，维护全国安定团结的政治局面将起重大作用。大家表示赞同和拥护。

大家表示，李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的讲话代表了全党、全国人民的心愿，中央关于在首都部分地区实行戒严的决策，体现了广大人民群众的根本利益。极少数人利用青年学生的爱国热情制造的动乱，必须予以制止。否则，国无宁日，人民遭殃，改革和建设难以进行，一个很有前途和希望的中国就会变成一个没有前途没有希望的中国。

为了认真贯彻首都党政军干部大会精神，中央纪委常委进一步要求纪检干部：

（一）继续深入学习李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志的讲话，统一思想，统一认识，认清形势，坚定信心，紧密团结在党中央周围，为制止动乱、维护安定团结大局作出贡献。

（二）全体党员和干部要以大局为重，坚信党的领导，坚决按照中央的决定精神办事，不听信谣言，不传播小道消息，不做有损于安定团结的事，在行动上同中央保持一致。

（三）严格组织纪律，遵守党纪国法，不仅自己不参与游行和声援活动，而且积极做好家属子女和周围群众的工作，为共同维护安定团结大局、维护党和政府的权威而努力。

（四）坚守岗位，做好本职工作，继续抓好党员违纪案件的查处工作，为严肃党纪，惩治腐败行为，作出新的贡献。

## 中央国家机关广大干部表示

# 坚决贯彻执行中央重要决定

**新华社北京5月26日电** 近日来，中央国家机关的广大干部，认真学习5月19日李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的重要讲话，表示坚决拥护并认真贯彻执行党中央、国务院做出的重要决定。

最高人民法院的领导同志和各厅室负责同志，学习了李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，及时通知各地高级人民法院，强调各级人民法院必须反复认真学习、深刻领会，统一思想，统一认识，统一行动，同党中央保持高度一致，坚决贯彻、执行中央的决定。最高人民检察院向全国各级人民检察院发出通知，要求各级检察机关和全体检察人员坚定不移地贯彻党中央、国务院的指示，迅速行动起来，和公安等有关部门密切配合，全力以赴地参加制止动乱，运用法律武器，强化社会治安，坚决打击各种违法犯罪活动。公安部门的广大干警表示，坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，要坚守岗位，贯彻执行国务院戒严令，旗帜鲜明地制止动乱，维护好首都的治安秩序和交通秩序。国家安全部门广大干部、职工表示，在这场关系到党的命运、国家的前途和人民的利益的斗争中，他们决心坚守岗位，忠于职守，为保卫国家安全，维护安定团结做出新的贡献。司法部门的广大干警认为，保证我国改革与建设的顺利进行，不仅需要一个良好的经济环境和社会环境，更需要全党、全国人民和衷共济、团结一致。 （下转第二版）

# 陈云主持开中顾委常委会议
# 与会同志一致拥护中央决策

**新华社北京5月26日电** 中央顾问委员会主任陈云今天主持召开了中顾委常委会议，并在会上作了重要讲话。

会议传达和学习了党中央和国务院关于反对动乱、维护社会安定的一系列重要指示精神。

与会同志一致表示，坚决拥护陈云同志的重要讲话，坚决拥护李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话，坚决拥护党中央和国务院为制止动乱、稳定局势作出的正确决策和采取的果断措施。

大家认为，中国革命经过了几十年的艰苦奋斗，牺牲了两千多万人，才建立了中华人民共和国。胜利来之不易。我们都是为社会主义共和国的创建和建设奋斗了几十年的老同志，深知如果不把极少数极少数人制造的这场动乱坚决平息下去，就会党无宁日，国无宁日。不仅十年改革的成果保持不住，而且用鲜血换来的革命成果和社会主义建设的成果，都有丧失殆尽的危险。所以，在这样的紧急关头，我们老同志一定要挺身而出，和全党同志一道，坚决揭露极少数极少数制造动乱的人的阴谋诡计，坚决同他们进行斗争，决不能退让，决不能有丝毫的含糊。同时，我们要把极少数极少数人同广大青年学生严格区别开来，坚决保护广大青年学生的爱国热情。这是我们每个老同志的责任。大家相信，我们的党和政府有能力有办法制止动乱，并且一定会按照全国各族人民的共同意愿，妥善处理好面临的问题。

同志们指出，这场动乱的出现，绝不是偶然的。其中一个重要的原因，就是相当一段时期以来，放松了马克思主义的思想教育，削弱了党的思想政治工作。事实再一次告诉我们，要维护社会的安定团结，要保证社会主义现代化建设和社会主义改革事业的顺利进行，必须坚定地坚持四项基本原则。

大家一致认为，广大同学的爱国热情是非常可贵的，一定要充分肯定。他们希望促进民主、整治腐败的要求与党和政府的愿望是一致的，一定要认真听取，积极改进党和政府的工作。同时大家殷切希望同学们发扬爱党爱国之心，顾全大局，尽快回到学校复课，努力学好本领，以担当历史赋予的建设祖国未来的重任。

全体与会同志还向一切坚守生产、工作岗位，为治理整顿和深化改革，为制止动乱、维护社会秩序做出贡献的广大工人、农民、知识分子、医务人员、机关干部，表示慰问和感谢；向严守纪律，积极履行戒严任务的人民解放军指战员表示慰问和敬意；向广大公安干警、武警指战员表示慰问和敬意。

出席会议的有中顾委副主任薄一波、宋任穷，常委王平、王首道、伍修权、刘澜涛、江华、杨得志、肖克、余秋里、宋时轮、张劲夫，陆定一、陈丕显、陈锡联、胡乔木、段君毅、耿飚、姬鹏飞、黄镇、康世恩。黄火青同志也参加了今天的会议。

有五位常委因病因事请假。

程子华同志给会议打来电话，表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院关于制止动乱的正确决策和采取的一系列措施。

右上图：5月26日，陈云同志主持中顾委常委会议并作重要讲话。

右图：5月26日，出席中顾委常委会议的全体同志一致举手拥护党中央制止动乱的正确决策。

商 勇摄（新华社稿）

## 民政部负责人看望受伤官兵

**新华社北京5月26日电** 民政部副部长范宝俊今天下午代表民政部前往解放军304医院，看望在执行首都部分地区戒严任务中受伤的解放军官兵。

范宝俊说，拥军优属、拥政爱民是我们的光荣传统。在当前，我们要特别珍视和维护军政、军民团结。我们要教育群众理解和支持解放军执行戒严任务，军民同心协力，尽快恢复首都的正常秩序。

# 中直工委发出紧急通知

## 要求各级党组织在稳定局势中发挥核心作用

**新华社北京5月26日电** 中共中央直属机关工作委员会今天向中直各机关党委发出《关于坚决执行中共中央和国务院迅速结束动乱的指示的紧急通知》。全文如下：

中直各机关党委：

为了制止动乱，尽快恢复首都生产、工作、生活、教育的正常秩序，根据李鹏同志代表党中央和国务院在首都党政军干部大会上所作重要讲话中的指示，中直工委向中直机关各级党组织和全体共产党员，再次发出如下紧急通知：

一、要继续组织广大党员、干部学习李鹏、杨尼同志5月19日的重要讲话。认清当前的严峻形势，认清迅速制止动乱，扭转局面，稳定局势，维护党的领导，维护社会主义制度的极端重要性。坚决拥护中央的重要决策，一定要在思想上、行动上与党中央保持一致。

二、全体共产党员必须严格遵守党的纪律，加强组织性、纪律性，不仅不得参与任何损害安定团结的活动，而且要在团结群众制止动乱中发挥先锋模范作用。

三、全体共产党员必须坚守工作岗位，忠于职守，做好本职工作，认真遵守国务院发布的戒严令，带头执行北京市人民政府关于戒严期间严禁游行、请愿、罢课、罢工活动的命令，立即停止一切游行示威活动，停止上街圈观和搞“声援”活动。每个党员，不仅自己要严格做到，而且要协助行政领导做好工作，团结广大干部和群众，并教育自己的亲属，不要上街、不要去天安门游行或搞所谓的声援活动。

四、各级党组织必须积极主动地配合各级行政领导，做好深入细致的思想政治工作，团结广大干部群众，在稳定局势中充分发挥核心领导和战斗堡垒作用。

五、各级党组织必须将上述要求，迅速通知到每一个共产党员，并认真检查贯彻执行情况。

中共中央直属机关工作委员会

1989年5月26日

# 北京戒严第七天

**本报北京5月27日凌晨讯** 昨日北京全城气氛平静。

街上没有出现游行队伍。在最高达36°C的酷热气温下，天安门广场上的许多学生纷纷转移到人民大会堂和历史博物馆前的树荫里。前些时候提供给绝食学生避雨的一百多辆大客车，到下午只剩一辆停在广场，其余全部开走投入运营。

北京火车站前，大量外地进京学生排队等待返回，新来的学生已经不多了。车站一位负责人说，他们已准备了一些专列或车厢，供疏散返回各地的学生们使用。

来自部分大学的消息表明，不少连日请愿疲惫不堪的学生已返回学校，其中也有人清晨回校，傍晚重返广场。

旅游部门人士称，近日来京旅游团组和探亲台胞人数锐减，一些旅游饭店经理抱怨生意清淡。

昨在城外整体待命的戒严部队，开始接待各级政府组织的慰问队伍。有些官兵还与当地居民联欢。据新华社记者在一篇报道中反映，驻在大兴县的戒严部队正逐步为群众理解，一位军官说，他们想以严整的军容军姿出现在首都人民面前。

## 人民代表大会民主活泼 一扫停滞时期沉闷气氛

# 戈氏当选苏最高苏维埃主席

**据新华社莫斯科5月25日电**（记者盛雪飚）在今天开幕的首届苏联人民代表大会上，通过民主、活泼的讨论，以无计名投票方式选举戈尔巴乔夫为首任苏联最高苏维埃主席。

在今天的会议上用了2小时提名并讨论最高苏维埃主席人选。吉尔吉斯作家史特马托夫率先发言赞扬戈尔巴乔夫“唤醒了沉睡的伴游王国”，男航地挑起社会革新的重担，使苏联改变了形象。他呼吁代表们选举戈尔巴乔夫为最高苏维埃主席。

接着近40人发言表示赞同，但不少人认为要避免独裁之弊，有人主张戈辞去苏共中央总书记职务，集中精力处理国家事务，还有人就改革中的某些失误、民族问题、领导人优惠条件等问题对戈尔巴乔夫提出质问。

戈尔巴乔夫在发言时承认改革中有重大失误，目前是改革的最困难时期，应学习民主，通过对话，使苏联社会团结到改革这个大目标上来。他将坚决执行改革方针，反对官僚主义。他认为目前党与苏维埃最高职务不宜分开。在谈到今年4月第比利斯街头冲突时，他说，军队应干自己份内的事。

46岁的非党人士、工程师奥博连斯基毛遂自荐要竞选最高苏维埃主席，并用15分钟时间介绍了他在法制、政治、经济和福利方面的竞选纲领。他说，同戈尔巴乔夫相比，他的获胜机会几乎是零，但他的行动是为了打破苏联领高职位的选举只有一个候选人的常规。他的发言博得热烈的掌声。

叶利钦工作过的斯维尔德洛夫斯克地区有两位代表提名叶利钦为最高苏维埃主席候选人。叶利钦字斟句酌地作了3分钟发言。虽然他认为任何职务都应有一名以上候选人，但他拥护改革，拥护苏共第19次代表会议有关党和苏维埃主要领导兼职的决议，请求撤销自己的候选人资格。

经过长时间的无计名投票和计票，戈尔巴乔夫共以2123票赞成、87票反对的结果当选苏联最高苏维埃主席。

今天会议的特点是气氛民主活泼，发言短小精悍。不论是大会主席团和计票委员会人选，还是戈尔巴乔夫主持第一次会议是否合法，某项问题的讨论是否可结束，一律由全体代表举手表决，共表决20次。在今天会上发言、插话、即席提问的，达80多人次。有名核物理学家萨哈罗夫三次登台发言。有时十余人排队等候上台，发言长的20分钟，短的20秒，一扫苏联“停滞时期”开大会原本喜料、长篇大论的沉闷气氛。

洛阳市交通局在市公安局支持下，于1988年7月组建了“洛阳市公安局公路运输乘警大队”，维护客运秩序，预防和打击违法活动。自组建以来，共查处各种治安案件189起，摧毁犯罪团伙37人。

记者 张雅心摄影报道

## 首季人均达四十点九元

# 农民生产性投入增加

**新华社北京5月26日电**（记者潘立业）由于各级政府采取了一系列为农业“开源”的有效措施，使我国农民发展生产的积极性开始恢复。有资料显示，首季农民生产投资比去年同期明显增多，化肥、农药等实物投入也开始出现回升的势头。

国家统计局农村调查总队最新抽样调查，今年一季度农民人均生产投资达40.8元，比去年同期增长28.8%，扣除物价上涨因素，仍增长2.4%。与去年同期相比，首季农民平均每户购买的几种主要生产资料：化肥101.6公斤，增长6.7%；农药1.4公斤，增长8倍；农用薄膜0.45公斤，增长18.4%。农民不仅注重短期投入，而且还注意增强农业后劲。

与生产投入增多形成鲜明对比的是，今年一季度农民生活消费支出增长速度已趋向缓慢。1988年一季度农民生活消费货币支出比1987年同期增长28%；今年一季度情况则有所改观，农民人均生活消费额113.5元，比去年同期增长23.9%，扣除物价上涨因素，实际减少3.4%。

# 山东夏粮收购资金落实
# 保证不再向农民打白条

**本报济南电** 记者夏建舟、宋学春报道：我国小麦主要产区——山东省的6000多万亩夏粮丰收在望。省委、省政府在部署夏粮收购工作时，要求各地不折不扣地落实夏粮收购政策，让农民放心售粮。

今年，因国家压缩信贷规模，各项资金都比较吃紧。对此，山东省确定对粮油收购所需的26亿多元资金，千方百计地给予保证，坚持做到随收购随兑付现金，不打“白条子”。

对完成合同定购小麦的农民，省政府规定，坚决把平价化肥、柴油这些挂钩物资如数兑现到户，任何单位和个人不得截留克扣，并继续实行挂钩化肥、柴油凭票定点供应的办法。粮食部门要坚持随收购粮食，随发放票证，供销部门要及时做好化肥、柴油货源的储备，保证农民随时都能凭票买到挂钩物资。

# 黑龙江物价涨幅趋于下降

## 抑制滞销商品 确保有效供给

**新华社哈尔滨5月26日电**（记者雁万明）黑龙江省今年以来采取倾斜政策调整经济结构，确保有效供给，使物价涨幅出现逐月下降趋势。

黑龙江省今年年初围绕与人民生活密切相关的383种适销对路商品，调整经济结构，对有关的产业从电力、原材料、资金等给予大力保证，使经济结构调整向着抑制滞销商品，增产适销商品的方向发展，物价涨幅呈稳定回落趋势。

今年前4个月，全省轻工业产值比去年同期增长15.5%，重工业产值比去年同期增长4.1%，轻工业产值增长大大超过重工业，市场商品供应充足。全省今年前4个月出现物价涨幅逐月下降的趋势，4月份比3月份物价涨幅回落2.5个百分点，比1月份降低5.6个百分点，农用生产资料价格4月份比1月份回落8.8个百分点。全省前4个月物价上涨幅度低于全国平均水平。

# 我核安全工作进入法制轨道

## 已发布6个核安全法规24个安全导则

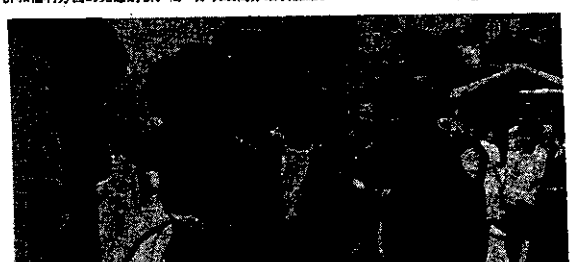
**据新华社北京5月26日电**（实习生包安舞）经过几年的努力，我国的核安全管理和保障事业已经初成框架。全国民用核设施的安全监督管理工作，已开始进入法制轨道。

几年来，国家把核安全法规的制订摆在核安全工作的优先地位。目前已经发布了《中华人民共和国民用核设施监督管理条例》、《中华人民共和国核材料管制条例》和6核电站设计、运行、选址和质量保证安全规定》等6个核安全法规、24个安全导则。另外《原子能法》、《核事故应急管理条例》等一系列法规正在制订之中。

根据《民用核设施监督管理条例》规定，国家对民用核设施和核材料实行许可证制度。核电厂的选址、建造、调试、运行和退役的全过程，都将严格实行安全审查和监督，符合安全的才能发给许可证。

我国自行设计和建造的30万千瓦压水堆的秦山核电厂和两座90万千瓦压水堆的广东大亚湾核电站都已批准并颁发了建造许可证。

国家核安全局负责人说，今后短期内核安全工作重点，将放在调试运行的安全监督方面。对核材料的管制、核燃料的循环设施也要采取加强监督工作。



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## 新聞簡報

- 廣東今年農業雨水將偏多
- 大專院校學生會代表大會在京舉行
- 何魯豫就華東地區水稻病蟲害發生趨勢發表談話
- 中顧委常委會議今晚八點半舉行

## 中顧委常委會陳雲講話

## 稱堅決揭露極少數人陰謀

### 擁護黨中央國務院制止動亂決策與措施　認爲廣大同學愛國熱情可貴要充分肯定

【香港中通社北京二十六日電】今晚八點半，久不露面的中共元老陳雲，第一次現身的照片在中央電視台的屏幕上出現。

出席陳雲主持今天召開的中顧委常委會議的，一致擁護李鵬、喬石在會上發表了「重要講話」。

中央電視台在晚上八點半中斷節目，播發此一「重要新聞」，但無錄像實況錄相，僅有幾張老人們開會舉手的照片。

學運結果如何，他們已作出了以和平、克制的方法爭取民主的示範作用，顯示在中國過去十年安穩持續時期下新一代已經成長，並顯示每個人都可以成為領袖，因此，無游行，無北京市民上街，北京是冷靜而又緘默，已為市民謀福利，學生又自覺維護秩序，這是真知灼見，學生又自覺維護秩序，這是真知灼見，學生又自覺維護秩序，這是真知灼見

# 文匯報

超中國人民郵政掛號登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局核准第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

一九八九年五月廿七日（己巳年四月廿三）星期六

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# 傳兵力廿萬 達全國十五分一

## 圍城軍隊作長駐準備

### 部署進城行動 部分再接近西郊

【本報記者組北京廿七日電】至今日下午三時，北京已有二十三個軍的軍隊開進市區，包括：瀋陽軍區的第十六軍、第十九軍、第二十軍；濟南軍區的第二十七軍、第二十八軍；蘭州軍區的第四十七軍；北京軍區的第二十四軍、第二十七軍、第二十八軍、第三十八軍、第三十九軍、第六十三軍、第六十四軍、第六十五軍、第六十六軍、第六十七軍、第六十八軍、第六十九軍、第六十軍、第六十一軍、第六十二軍。

此外，還有空軍、裝甲兵、炮兵、工程兵、鐵道兵、通信兵、防化學兵等部隊。

【本報北京二十六日電】北京各大機構連日來都在傳達中央關於趙紫陽問題的一個「白頭文件」，（有別於由中共中央正式發布的「紅頭文件」），到今日爲止，這一文件在軍隊已傳達到團級幹部，地方則傳達到省局一級。

這個文件內容只涉及趙紫陽一人，主要罪名之一是「反對四項基本原則」。據悉，文件指趙紫陽訪朝期間，曾看過政治局常委會給他的《人民日報》四、二六社論，通常時沒有說不同意，但三日後朝說有問題，表示「如果照這樣講，我的工作就很難做」，及至回京後，趙提出要否定「四、二六社論」，但因這一社論都先已經多位元老拍板，因此趙的意見在政治局常委會內成爲「極少數」，不獲通過。

此外，趙的另一罪行是「分裂黨中央」，包括在與戈爾巴喬夫會晤時透露有關鄧小平不仍是最高領導人的秘密決議。

有消息人士說，在中國大陸發動的「反對資產階級自由化」的運動中，趙紫陽一直是「兩個凡是」的堅決擁護者，因此趙的表現，包括胡耀邦的追悼會，趙紫陽一直沒有出席，而是派了一個「反革命集團」的人去參加，這些都先已經多次被批判，不過，這次是第一次點名批判趙紫陽。

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【本報記者組北京廿七日電】至今日下午三時，仍有大批軍隊開進市區。

【本報記者組北京廿六日電】堅持在天安門廣場的十萬大學生的代表，北京市三萬多名高級知識份子，以及三百多名各界知名人士，今日又發現有部分軍隊再次基本完成包圍北京市區西郊，（約在古城西部）都準備，首先由裝備最精的三十八軍和廿七軍打頭陣，包括射擊項目，這是因為今次調京的軍隊中，有不少是入伍三數月的新兵，現時每名士兵最少已獲發給十發實彈和五發橡皮子彈，沒有橡皮子彈的則可獲十五至二十發實彈。

此外，士兵們也獲鋼盔和壓縮餅乾，以備不時之需。

消息說，軍隊基本已部署了萬一要進城的行動安排。其實現時已有不少兵力進駐軍事博物館、人民大會堂、革命歷史博物館、中山公園、北京火車站等的倉庫和天安門廣場附近的地下通道，如有需要，一聲令下即可出動。

消息又說，軍方基本作好部隊入城先後次序的準備，首先由裝備最精的三十八軍和廿七軍打頭陣，今晚已有一名台灣歌星前來表演唱，更提出要求搞實況現場轉播……

【新華社北京二十六日電】中央顧問委員會主任鄧雪今天主持召開了中顧委常委會議，並在會上作了重要講話。

會議傳達和學習了萬中央和國務院關於基本原則。

大家一致認為，廣大同學的愛國熱情是非常可貴的，一定要充分肯定。他們希望促進民主，整治腐敗的要求與滿和政府的決心是一致的，一定要認真聽取。積極改進黨和政府的工作。同時大家殷切希望同學們發揚愛黨愛國之心，顧全大局，為供回到學校復課，努力學好本領，以担負歷史賦予的建設祖國未來的重任。

全體與會同志還向一切堅守生產、工作崗位，為治理整頓和深化改革，為制止動亂、維護社會秩序做出貢獻的廣大工人、農民知識分子、醫務人員、機關幹部，表示問候和感謝。而廣守崗位，積極執行戒嚴任務的人民解放軍指戰員表示慰問和敬意。

出席會議的有中顧委副主席薄一波、宋任窮、習仲勳、王首道、伍修權、劉瀾濤、江華、楊得志、秦基、余秋里、宋時輪、張勁夫、陳定一、陳丕顯、陳錫聯、胡喬木、段君毅、胡耀邦、黃鎮、廖世豪、黃火青同志也參加了會議。

有五位常委因病因事請假。

【新華社北京二十六日電】中央顧問委員會常務委員會今天上午舉行會議，聽取和討論了趙紫陽同志在中央政治局常委會議上的講話，堅決擁護萬中央和國務院為制止動亂、穩定局勢作出的正確決策和採取的果斷措施。

大家認為，中國革命經過了幾十年的艱苦鬥爭，犧牲了兩千多萬人，才建立了中華人民共和國。勝利來之不易。我們都是為社會主義共和國的創建和建設奮鬥了幾十年的老同志和建設者。深知黨不把握少數極少數人製造的動亂堅決平息下去，就會葬送整個社會主義現代化建設和社會主義改革事業的順利進行，必須堅定地堅持四項基本原則。

與會同志一致表示，堅決擁護鄧雪同志和楊尚昆同志在中央和北京市萬政軍幹部大會上的講話，堅決擁護萬中央和國務院為制止動亂、穩定局勢作出的正確決策和採取的果斷措施。

前些時候提供給絕食學生的一百多輛大客車，到下午只剩一輛留在天安門廣場，其它的已全部陸走。

中國紅十字會辦公室負責人說，現在廣場上的衛生員持續減少，醫護人員校的校方說，現在廣場上的衛生員持續減少，醫護人員校的校方說，現在廣場上的衛生員持續減少，醫護人員校的校方

中華民國七十八年(一九八九年)五月廿七日(星期六)・夏曆己巳年四月廿三日

# 快報

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# 鄧對北京市委談話內容揭秘

# 堅信槍桿保江山・狠批學潮三不怕

## 學潮不能蔓延中學 指出農民亦有問題

（快報消息）鄧小平針對近日北京學潮，在鄧約見了北京市委的幹部後，所發表的一系列談話，已被初步整理出四趙紫陽「七大點」。鄧的主要談話中，強調人民方面要有開明的程度，但有幾項原則問題，是政府決不能讓步的。

本報所獲得的一份鄧小平對北京市委的談話內容摘錄如下——

（一）我常常向應該來北京市委的意見，這不是一般的學潮，是一場動亂，必須實事求是地對動亂，不要怕人家說我們的名聲不好，不要怕人家說我們實現四化就不行了。

（二）這次學潮的發生，有一個背景，就是國際上有一股反共反社會主義的潮流，這股潮流一直在影響中國的青年學生。

（三）這次動亂的特點，是有一批骨幹分子，他們有計劃、有組織、有綱領、有口號，煽動廣大學生上街遊行，衝擊黨政機關，衝擊新華社，衝擊電台，衝擊電視台，癱瘓交通，癱瘓整個首都的工作秩序，製造動亂的氣氛。

（四）這次動亂的目的，是要推翻共產黨的領導，推翻社會主義制度，這是一場有計劃、有組織、有綱領、有口號的動亂。

（五）對付動亂，我們有理由、有力量、有辦法，可以做到不流血，不開槍，不坦克車上街，不戒嚴，不實行宵禁，不動用軍隊，不使用武器，不死人，不傷人，不逮捕人，不搞大規模的逮捕，不搞株連，不搞秋後算帳，不搞打擊報復，不搞大規模的清洗，不搞運動，不搞群眾專政，不搞大民主，不搞大鳴大放，不搞大字報，不搞辯論會，不搞遊行示威，不搞罷工，不搞罷課，不搞絕食，不搞靜坐，不搞請願，不搞對抗，不搞公開的組織，不搞公開的領導，不搞公開的綱領，不搞公開的口號，不搞公開的標誌，不搞公開的旗幟，不搞公開的徽章，不搞公開的報紙，不搞公開的刊物，不搞公開的電台，不搞公開的電視台，不搞公開的記者，不搞公開的採訪，不搞公開的報導，不搞公開的新聞，不搞公開的消息，不搞公開的傳播，不搞公開的散發，不搞公開的張貼，不搞公開的演講，不搞公開的辯論，不搞公開的集會，不搞公開的結社，不搞公開的組織，不搞公開的團體，不搞公開的黨派，不搞公開的會議，不搞公開的決議，不搞公開的決定，不搞公開的命令，不搞公開的指揮，不搞公開的領導

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# 趙批烈猛・團戰入加老元
# 面一開網或國愛生學定肯

趙紫陽 胡耀邦 胡啓立 萬里

## 與黨高層鬥爭劃界 今晨廣場學生孤守

【本報訊】北京消息：北京街頭和北京天安門廣場的情況，昨日漸趨正常和平靜，人夜後，天安門廣場除了廣東籍學生外，已經全部撤離。

學生代表昨日晚召開會議，「堅守廣場」主動出擊」的口號仍未有結果。

聯席會議一直通宵舉行，但堅守廣場、主動出擊」的口號仍未有結果。

具體措施和做法，但到今日清晨仍未有結果。

對於趙紫陽被圍毆，一些學生表示：中國共產黨的內部鬥爭，與學生運動不能相提並論，共產黨的內部鬥爭，結果，也不會影響學生爭民主、爭自由的決心，因爲兩者之間，沒有關係。

在睡覺，「學生之愛」的廣播已經聽得「閉腔」，連經音樂也不放了。昨晚一通宵未眠，到北京廣場的學生外，圍觀的羣衆也不多了。

指揮部」與北京紅十字會連絡的有幾輛車，好一陣子，中央電可能有會合車輛下台，但未見有車輛上來，相信在這次會議之後，便會正式宣布趙紫陽下台及有關「鄧名」。

目前據稱，學生中央已向各軍區發出「不要動武」的通知，呼籲四千六百萬黨員團結一致，必須得到中央委員會最高的通過，這樣才合法。

## 馬列主義教育料再加強 陳雲露面措辭強硬

### 薄一波、王震、姬鵬飛出席中顧會

【本報綜合北京廿一日電】中共中顧委第六日會議，今天主持召開了中顧委常委會議，並在會上作了重要講話。

中央電視台引述八十四歲的陳雲的話說：「我們一定要堅持馬列主義，堅持毛澤東思想，堅持四項基本原則，堅決反對資產階級自由化。」

他說，「其中一個關鍵一向很少向公衆露面，他已於一九七七年，被聯合國秘書長韓念龍，和外交部長黃華，分別代表中國政府，向聯合國大會提出，中國和西方消息人士透露的，中國和西方消息人士透露的，中國和西方消息人士透露的

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# 整頓六種人·黑窩三大處
## 趙紫陽親信閣明復將升官
### 鄧小平左右手交惡 秦基偉受牽連

【本報記者北京電】趙紫陽親信、對知識分子寬鬆態度的胡啓立，最新消息稱，已被列入新的領導班子名單，將出任中央書記處書記，負責意識形態工作，主管宣傳、教育、科技、文化等工作。

胡啓立，國防部長秦基偉，中共中央辦公廳主任溫家寶，中央組織部副部長王丹等，都是鄧小平的親信，在今次學潮中，他們都支持學生的愛國行動，對趙紫陽採取同情態度，因此，他們的升官，被視為趙紫陽親信勢力的擴張。

胡啓立，現年五十六歲，曾任團中央第一書記，中央候補委員，中宣部部長，中央書記處書記，全國政協副主席，中央委員，現任國務委員兼國家教委主任。

秦基偉，現年七十六歲，曾任北京軍區司令員，中央委員，國務委員兼國防部長，中共中央軍委副秘書長，現任中共中央軍委委員。

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## 鄧小平左右手交惡 秦基偉受牽連

## 趙紫陽親信閣明復將升官

## 整頓六種人·黑窩三大處

## 中共當局文件列舉 趙紫陽反黨五罪狀

【本報記者北京電】趙紫陽總書記將下台的消息，已在北京高幹圈內傳開，而中央高層內部的指示，則指出趙的下台，是「法律性質與本之有效刊物」，即是說，趙的下台，是以「組織程序」的形式，而不是以「群眾運動」的形式下台

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月二十七日　星期六　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月二十三日　◎要聞　第一版

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## 今日新聞提要

一、北平市「黨委」傳建趙紫陽罪狀，刊第一版。

二、大陸學生運動升級，刊第二版。

三、我未列入「三〇一條款」打擊對象，刊第三版。

四、維園昨夜二十餘萬人支持大陸民運，刊第十六版。

# 李鵬大數趙紫陽罪行
# 內鬥結果已向下傳達

## 被指煽動學潮違反黨紀
## 趙大勢去迄未正式下台
### 「政治局」收回「反黨集團」論調再議處

【本報特派記者北平廿六日電】中共已向中層幹部傳達了關於趙紫陽問題的主要內容，指責趙煽動學潮，違反黨紀，但尚未說出趙紫陽已被撤職的消息，也沒有說明他的「罪狀」。

二十六日下午北平市委書記、李鵬總理（「主委」）傳達了二十三日夜晚召開的「中央政治局」第六次會議的情況，主要是講趙紫陽問題。傳達內容中約多是去年鎮壓動亂的「成績」。

據說，主要是四個問題。

問題之一，趙紫陽在一九八七年初「反資產階級自由化」運動中是兩面派，實質上小平的面前一個樣，背地裏一個樣，對鄧小平陽奉陰違，對鄧小平的反資產階級自由化運動採取抵制態度。

問題之二，趙紫陽在一九八七年十月中共十三大前夕，在小平的支持下，決定開除王若望、方勵之的黨籍，但趙紫陽卻對王若望、方勵之採取保護態度，使王若望、方勵之在十三大後繼續煽動資產階級自由化。

問題之三，趙紫陽在一九八八年下半年，在經濟上採取了一系列錯誤的政策，導致通貨膨脹，物價飛漲，人心不安，社會動亂。

問題之四，趙紫陽在今年四月以來，在學潮問題上，採取了一系列錯誤的政策，導致動亂的發生和發展。

傳達說，趙紫陽在這四個問題上犯了嚴重錯誤，違反了黨的基本原則，破壞了黨的團結，應該撤銷他的職務。

傳達說，中央政治局會議決定，趙紫陽的問題暫不公開，先在黨內傳達，以便統一思想，穩定局勢，防止動亂

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## China girls still the best

HONGKONG'S women failed in their bid to topple the mighty Chinese at the First Pacific Bank Hongkong Table-tennis Open last night.

The territory's girls were humbled 3-0 in the women's team competition final, as China proved that they are still the best in the world.

● Report: Page 24

## Bid to clear share deals

THE stock exchange is expected to invoke new emergency powers on Monday to help clear the backlog of share deals made during the past week of frantic buying and selling.

The Hang Seng Index yesterday closed 13.16 points up at 2,765.67.

● See Business Post

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WEATHER

Cloudy with rain. Max temp 25 degrees. See Page 6.

# Gang of Seven purged

## Deng moves to rid party of reformers

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

SENIOR Chinese leader Mr Deng Xiaoping has decided to purge a seven-member "Counter-revolutionary Clique" within the party.

The purge is expected to be formalised by the Fourth Plenum of the 13th Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), which Chinese sources said will be convened within the next few days.

The so-called Gang of Seven include:

● Zhao Ziyang, general secretary of the Communist Party;

● Hu Qili, a member of the Politburo Standing Committee;

● Yan Mingfu, chief of the United Front Department;

● Wan Jiabao, head of the Central Committee General Affairs Department;

● Du Rensheng, Director of the Central Committee's Rural Policy Research Centre;

● An Zhiwen, vice-minister of the State Commission for the Reform of the Economic Structure; and,

● Bao Tong, head of the Institute for the Reform of the Political Structure.

At the same time, an Anti-Party Coalition (CRC) of 36 intellectuals has been fingered by Mr Deng as being the "think tank" for the Gang of Seven.

The list of 36 liberal scholars and thinkers is headed by dissident astrophysicist Mr Fang Lizhi, political scientist Mr Yang Jiaqi, academic Mr Yu Haocheng, Marxist-Leninist scholars Mr Su Shaozhi and Mr Zhang Xianyang, philosopher Mr Wang Ruoshui, journalist Sun Changjiang, playwright Su Xiaokang, and literary theorist Mr Liu Zaifu.

The two lists were established in a series of Politburo meetings which were held from Monday to Thursday.

Informed sources say that members of the Gang of Seven have already been relieved of their duties and might be arrested if they fail to confess their "crimes" and co-operate with Mr Deng.

So far, the authorities have done nothing to the intellectuals named as members of the APC.

According to analysts, the purge of the CRC and the APC signals a revival of conservatism in the Communist Party.

After dealing a heavy blow to his enemies, Mr Deng is expected to hold on to power with an even tighter grip, shelving political reforms such as separation of power and Government, the delegation of powers to the regions and "democratisation of the decision-making process"

"We are witnessing an across-board turning back of the clock," said a diplomatic analyst.

"Not only will political reform be scaled back, economic reform will also take a drubbing."

Analysts expect Mr Li to roll back economic liberalisation measures introduced by Mr Zhao, since both Mr Du and Mr An are liberal economists who have never been known to take part in ideological matters.

They have been implicated in the Gang of Seven solely for helping Mr Zhao formulate his economic reform policies.

Conservative Chen Yun, the frail 84-year-old chairman of the party's Central Advisory Commission, made a rare public appearance, when national television interrupted normal programs last night to show him giving a speech in support of Prime Minister Li Peng.

He warned of a secret plot apparently hatched by a small liberal faction of the party leadership aimed at toppling Mr Deng and his allies, including Mr Li.

"We old comrades must resolutely expose and struggle against a very, very small number of people who have fabricated schemes and intrigues and never yield to them," Mr Chen said.

"This turmoil is truly not coincidental. One of the important reasons is that for a certain period of time we have eased off education in Marxist thought," he said in a direct attack on the reformists.

Those named in the purge are all close followers of Mr Zhao, identified by Western analysts as the leader of the liberal wing of the party.

For example, Mr Bao Tong, a former secretary of Mr Zhao's, is the party boss's main adviser on implementing political reform. Mr Bao also drafted the

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 3)

Zhao Ziyang

Hu Qili

Wan Jiabao

Yan Mingfu

Bao Tong

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## NCNA employee in hiding accused of signature bluff

By DAVID CHEN and DAPHNE CHENG

A NEW China News Agency employee who went into hiding after joining a protest march on Sunday is accused of taking with him a list of 286 signatures of NCNA staff in connection with an appeal to their director Mr Xu Jiatun, according to sources close to the agency.

The staff on the list had written to the director to seek a clarification of the situation in China.

However, the sources said, the employee is accused of claiming that the document is a list of signatures supporting a coalition he had formed to back the mainland student movement.

The employee, Mr Xu Haining, claimed that he and three others had written a letter asking Chinese Prime Minister Li Peng to resign.

He maintained that the list of NCNA signatures on the letter to Mr Xu Jiatun was in fact the list of staff in support of his letter.

Mr Xu Haining, who arrived in Hongkong two years ago to join the NCNA, was a clerk in the research department of the local branch.

Xu Haining

On Sunday, he joined the mammoth protest and was one of the more vocal protesters at the rally in Victoria Park.

A day or two after the rally, he disappeared. And when he resurfaced briefly on Thursday, he claimed that his room in the NCNA quarters in Happy Valley had been ransacked and fearing for himself, he went into hiding.

He also claimed that he had, in the meantime, formed an organisation, called the Association of Hongkong-based Mainland Chinese Nationals in Support of Democracy and Liberty, and claimed some 4,000 people had joined his organisation.

Meanwhile, NCNA vice-director and director of the propaganda department of the NCNA, Mr Zhang Junsheng, denied that Mr Xu's room had been ransacked.

"There is absolutely no such thing," Mr Zhang said. He said he only learned from news reports that Mr Xu had disappeared.

But he said Mr Xu was seen outside the agency at Happy Valley on Thursday morning but disappeared in the afternoon.

He said he did not know where Mr Xu was but appealed to his friends to ask him to go back to work.

"Mr Xu is our staff member and should come back to work as normal," Mr Zhang said.

On the open support lent by some staff of the agency to the student movement, Mr Zhang refused to comment. "There is nothing to say."

Mr Zhang also confirmed that Mr Xu Jiatun was in China but would not specify whether he had gone to Beijing.

"He has gone to the mainland a few days ago," Mr Zhang said.

The giant face of a jockey flashes on to the screen at Happy Valley race-course as Cindy Fong rehearses for today's concert. See Page 3.

## 200,000 hold rally in Victoria Park

By DAPHNE CHENG and JOHN TANG

MESSAGES written by about 200,000 Hongkong youngsters, who took part in a rally at Victoria Park last night, will be delivered to Beijing students.

Paying tribute to the Chinese students, the young demonstrators observed one-minute of silence.

They then wrote their wishes and feelings on stickers, which were then stuck on to a huge banner to be sent to Tiananmen Square with donations collected last night.

The gathering, organised by the Christian group, Breakthrough, carried the theme of "Youngsters of China and Hongkong sharing the same goals".

A heavy downpour failed to dampen the spirits of the participants, many wearing school uniforms. The pupils packed the park hours before the rally started at 6 pm.

Executive Councillor Rosanna Tam Wong Yick-ming, who heads the Hongkong Federation of Youth Groups, attended the pro-democracy rally.

She made an emotive speech praising the Beijing students in their fight for democracy and the local students for their deep concern.

"People in many countries have in the past neglected the power of the youth. Students in China have shown that the youth can bring progress to society," she said.

"Even facing political uncertainty, they still fight hard for democracy. It is a good lesson for us and I must pay tribute to them.

"Irrespective of the outcome, a seed has been sown in our hearts and it will sprout and mature. The future of both China and Hongkong belongs to everyone of you sitting here."

Legislator Martin Lee Chu-ming denounced efforts by the Chinese leadership to brand the student movement as a riot.

"If there is a riot, the ones held responsible should be the small group of Chinese leaders who were keen to grasp political power.

"The torch of democracy cannot be put out by armed forces, tanks or machine guns," he said.

Teacher Leung Yuk-wai told the students: "It is you who have educated us teachers and school principals on

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 4)

Hong Kong
Matsuzakaya


## Five million people shun HK's polluted beaches

By JOHN DYKES

FIVE million less people visited Hongkong's beaches last year than in 1987 and pollution has been blamed for the drop.

About 18 million people visited the territory's 42 gazetted beaches in 1987, and a similar figure had been recorded the two preceding years. In 1988, that figure had slumped to 13 million.

Paul Holmes, of the Environmental Protection Department (EPD), said that councils generally had reported a significant drop in numbers of beach-goers last season.

According to Mr Holmes, the EPD's principal environmental protection officer (water policy), there was a "direct link" between government monitoring and publicity about pollution and the drop-off in use.

"People are just not using the beaches in the same way as before," he said.

"That's a pity because they are so important to Hongkong as a recreational outlet.

Saturday Review

Today: A complete guide for summer

"Somehow, we've got to get them back in shape so that people can go back to using them again."

OMELCO environmental affairs panel member and Legislative Councillor Jimmy McGregor said: "That's a disgraceful record, which indicates in the clearest possible terms the deplorable state of beaches."

Mr McGregor added: "On a positive side it indicates that at long last people are aware of the state of beaches and that the Government is issuing information which lets us know about the situation.

"The disgraceful thing is that we got into this state in the first place."

EPD water quality figures released this week show that seven beaches were downgraded from good to acceptable while only two moved up a grade.

This season, six beaches are closed based on water quality in past seasons. They are Anglers' and Ting Kau in Tsuen Wan, Castle Peak and Old Cafeteria in Tuen Mun, Silvermine Bay on Lantau Island and Rocky Bay on Hongkong Island.

Mr Holmes said the degree of attention now being given to environmental protection was largely because of publicity about problems.

"The Government is only going to take action if it believes the community wants action," he said.

## Taxpayers' $5.5m bill for Royal visit

By ANDY HO

TAXPAYERS will have to spend at least $5.5 million for the three-day official Royal visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales from November 8 to 10.

The amount will include $88,000 for inviting an overseas consultant to come to Hongkong for a presentation on how a festival procession to welcome the Royal couple should be organised.

Prince Charles and Princess Diana's visit is estimated to cost Hongkong about $12 million, of which $6.5 million is expected to come from private sponsors.

The balance will have to be covered by taxpayers.

The Government presented its request for $5.5 million to members of the Legislative Council's Finance Committee yesterday as an urgent item for approval at their next meeting on Wednesday.

A Royal Visit Office, headed by the Director of Portocal, Air-Commodore Vivian Warrington, has been appointed by Governor Sir David Wilson to coordinate planning for the event.

In a briefing note for the legislators, the Government Secretariat said: "The Office is not yet in a position to provide an accurate estimate of the overall cost as various elements of the program have not been finalised."

But a festival procession, hopefully to be largely funded by the private sector, will be staged.

Six Hongkong firms have already agreed to contribute $3 million for the event.

Other expenses include press and publicity arrangements, decorations and displays, and official receptions.

The procession is meant to be "an event for community participation and which will be enjoyed either directly or through television by a large number of Hongkong's population."

It will feature a theme of modern Hongkong, emphasising the territory's progress

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 9)

## Armed forces lost training yacht during typhoon

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE yacht used by the armed forces for adventure training exercises sank 120 kilometres south-west of Hongkong in heavy seas last Saturday at the height of Typhoon Brenda.

The eight crew on board the East Wind of the Orient were taken off the boat by the Peacock class patrol vessel, HMS Plover, after issuing an SOS.

It is understood that there was nothing seriously wrong with the yacht when the crew issued their call for help.

After the crew – all apparently members of the army – were taken off, the yacht was attached to the Plover with a tow line.

But as the yacht, a Contessa 38, was being towed in heavy seas she started taking in water and sank. It is believed that no trace of the yacht has been found.

Owned jointly by the Royal Navy, Army and Air Force, the East Wing of the Orient was being sailed back to Hongkong after completing a training exercise, "Distant Venture", in the Philippines.

It is not known when the yacht actually left the Philippines, but depending on the wind it normally takes between five and six days for a yacht of that size to sail back to Hongkong from Manila.

East Wind of the Orient is the second yacht the armed forces have lost in less than two years.

About 18 months ago the former services yacht, White Dragon, went aground off Hainan Island and could not be salvaged.

A spokesman for Joint Services Public Relations said a Board of Inquiry was investigating the incident, but it is not known whether its findings will be made public.

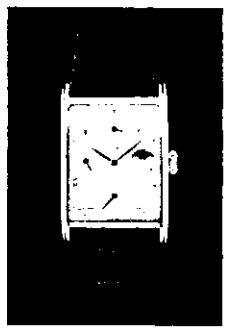
The yacht is normally moored at the Royal Hongkong Yacht Club.

Contessa's are considered solid cruising boats and many sailors are surprised that the crew abandoned ship and allowed it to be towed in heavy seas.

Sailors said the normal storm precautions, particularly in what is considered a solid boat, is to take all sails down, batten down the hatches and for the crew to go below and wait.

They admitted this course of action was uncomfortable, but they described it as the safest way to look after a yacht in such conditions.

Because of the inquiry, the spokesman refused to comment on the actual incident.

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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

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Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition on Friday

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**ACCUSED:** **Zhao Ziyang, 69,** party General Secretary since 1987

**ACCUSED:** **Hu Qili, 60,** member of party Politburo Standing Committee since 1987

**ACCUSED:** **Qin Jiwei, 75,** National Defence Minister since 1988 and party Politburo member since 1987

**ACCUSED:** **Tian Jiyun, 60,** vice premier since 1983 and party Politburo member since 1985

# Heads meet to oust Zhao

**By Tammy Tam in Beijing**

THE Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party is meeting to discuss how to sack General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang, sources said yesterday.

An informal document accusing Mr Zhao of leading an anti-party clique was passed to senior army officers and heads of major government ministries on Thursday at the start of the special four-day meeting.

The document also ordered the army be put on alert for any counter-offensive by supporters of the General-Secretary.

Preparations included the cancellation of civil flights, with no tickets available until tomorrow, according to the Hongkong-based pro-Beijing newspaper *Ta Kung Pao* yesterday.

An official announcement on Mr Zhao's clique will be released when the meeting ends tomorrow.

Meanwhile, more troops were being deployed in Beijing.

"Mr Deng Xiaoping has accused Zhao as being head of an anti-party clique which includes Politburo Standing Committee member Mr Hu Qili, Defence Minister Qin Jiwei, Mr Bao Tong, former secretary to Mr Zhao, scholars Yan Jiaqi, Bao Zunxin, Yu Haocheng and a number of intellectuals," the sources said.

Other sources said close to the top of the list were Mr Wen Jiabao, alternative member of the Secretariat and director of the party's General Office; Mr Yan Mingfu, head of the United Front Work Department, and Mr Chen Junsheng, State Councillor.

These officials have been close associates of the party boss for years.

"The hardliners are accusing these associates of Mr Zhao as a small handful of people making use of the students in their conspiracy," the sources said.

"They have been accused of negating the leadership of the party and the socialist system."

But another source said Mr Hu would only be criticised for violating party discipline for his support for Mr Zhao in an earlier Standing Committee meeting to discuss the handling of the student movement.

The head of the party's Central Propaganda Leading Group, Mr Hu's power is now shared by the five-man Emergency Period Propaganda Work Group headed by Mr Wang Renzhi, of the party's Propaganda Department, and Mr Yuan Mu, spokesman for the State Council and top adviser to Premier Li Peng.

Unconfirmed reports said Mr Bao had been ordered to stop working while Mr Yan had not reported to his office after imposition of martial law.

Vice-premier Tian Jiyun and Minister of National Defence General Qin Jiwei were said to be suspected of supporting Mr Zhao's conciliatory approach to the students.

General Qin, former head of the Beijing Military Area Command, had been blamed for voicing opinions opposing an armed crackdown.

"Mr Deng suspected General Qin of giving military support to Mr Zhao after he declared support for Mr Zhao's conciliatory line," sources said.

"But the hardliners are trying to brand General Qin as a member of Mr Zhao's clique. They are collecting evidence of the collaboration between Zhao and Qin to stage a coup d'etat," the source said.

Mr Zhao was said to have been taken to hospital recently but is now under house arrest.

"But a number of local party leaders are still trying to persuade Mr Deng not to define Mr Zhao as an anti-party clique organiser," the sources said.

"Heated debates are expected in the meeting but the final say will rested with Mr Deng, a very tough person."

Meanwhile, more government organisations yesterday declared support for martial law.

Other sources said the director of the State Education Commission, Mr Li Tieying, and Mr Qiao were tipped to be promoted after Mr Zhao and his followers were sacked.

"Mr Li Tieying has a closer relationship with Mr Deng than Mr Li Peng has," said the sources.

"He is the son of Mr Deng's ex-wife and he is maintaining the same line as Mr Deng.

"He has never praised the students but just expressed his opinion by saying that history will make a fair assessment on the current student movement."

And Mr Li Tieying yesterday appeared in the news programme when he attended a gathering of African ambassadors in Beijing celebrating African Liberation Day.

"Mr Li is director of the State Education Commission. But he is participating in diplomatic activities now. It is a sign of change," one observer said.

A group of intellectuals have decided to quit the party when Mr Zhao is sacked, an intellectual said yesterday.

Mr Zhao has not appeared publicly since May 19 when he admitted to demonstrating students that he and Mr Li Peng came "too late" to console the hunger strikers.

**CHINA AT THE CROSSROADS:** Yesterday's events **Pages 3 - 6**
**Editorial Page 12;** Commentary **Page 13**

# The old guard backs moves for tough line

**By Yau Shing-mu in Beijing**

VETERAN Communist Party cadres yesterday pledged support for martial law in Beijing.

The approval for martial law by two major bodies – the Central Advisory Commission (CAC) and the Central Commission for Disciplinary Inspection – indicates the hardliners have won an initial victory in the power struggle.

Mr Chen Yun, who enjoys respect approaching that of paramount leader Deng Xiaoping, yesterday appealed to the "old comrades" to stem the unrest.

His speech, delivered to a meeting of the Standing Committee of the CAC, was carried in the main news bulletin of the official China Central Television yesterday.

Chairman of the 200-member body, Mr Chen expressed support for the speeches last Friday delivered by Premier Li Peng and State President Yang Shangkun, which called for tough actions against student protest.

"We must defend the socialism and the achievements of the revolution against a handful," he said.

Mr Chen, 84, said the party and the government had the ability to quell the unrest.

He said the unrest in Beijing was not accidental, but was due to the loosening indoctrination of the Marxism.

Mr Chen called for the party members to persist on the four cardinal principles of socialism, party leadership, proletariat dictatorship and Marxism-Leninism-Mao Zedong Thought.

He also said the agitators in Beijing should be distinguished from the students.

He said the students' patriotism should be affirmed and hoped they would give full display of patriotism.

Some of those at the meeting said the government and the party would be turned into a state of long-lasting unrest if the turmoil was not cracked down suppressed, sources said.

And even the communist revolution achieved by the blood of old cadres would have been in vain, they said.

Mr Chen paid tribute to those workers who insisted on production and soldiers who were enforcing the martial law.

Old cadres attending the meeting included the CAC vice-chairman Mr Bo Yibo, members Mr Wang Zhen, Mr Ji Pengfei, Mr Yang Dezhi, Mr Wu Xiuquan, Mr Song Renqiong and Mr Hu Qiaomu.

The Central Commission for Discipline Inspection, headed by Politburo Standing Committee member Qiao Shi, yesterday also sent a letter to the party's Central Committee pledging its support for martial law.

## Wan still in Shanghai

**MR Wan Li, the man many hope will curb the strife in China, is still in Shanghai where he landed after returning from the United States.**

**The National People's Congress chairman, considered an ally of the much-battered Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, cut short his official visit in the US three days ago.**

**Unexpectedly, his plane landed at Shanghai instead of Beijing and he went into hospital for "medical treatment". His whereabouts were not known yesterday.**

**According to an informed source, Mr Wan is being persuaded by Mr Deng Xiaoping's followers to show his support for Mr Deng.**

**But Mr Wan does not want to return to Beijing too early.**

**"He will be one of the few reformers that Mr Deng must rely on for continuing Mr Deng's economic reform programme, an analyst in Beijing said.**

## Index posts modest gain

**A LATE afternoon rally enabled the Hang Seng index to post a modest gain of 13.16 points to 2,765.67 amid the continuing political turmoil in China.**

**Turnover amounted to $2.5 billion, down from Thursday's $3.4 billion.**

**The index has shed 511.89 points in six trading days and the market is expected to remain volatile until China resolves its leadership crisis.**

■ Details in Business

KY CHENG

■ Wed Thurs/Fri ... Paul and Claudia celebrate the best days of their lives.

# Bride flies over a threshold

**By Sunny Sung**

CLAIMING to be the first to exchange marriage vows aboard an airliner as it flew over the International Dateline, a couple arrived in Hongkong yesterday hoping to make the Guinness Book of Records.

Paul and Claudia Cook were united aboard a United Airlines flight from San Francisco to Hongkong.

The couple left San Francisco on May 25 accompanied by a church minister and some 30 relatives and friends.

As the plane flew over the International Dateline, on Thursday/Friday May 25/26, the couple went down the aisle in full view of more than 200 cheering passengers.

The newlyweds will leave for Guangzhou and Beijing after a two-day stay in Hongkong.

Despite the political crisis in China, the couple said they would not hesitate to visit China.

"We would like to see the students in Beijing. We will visit the Great Wall and the Forbidden City," they said.

The bride, Claudia Ellison, 40, is a craftsman and past president of a piano technicians' guild.

She said she and husband Paul fell in love 26 years ago when they met on board another aeroplane.

The bridegroom, 43, is the president of a civil engineering firm in Los Angeles.

This is their first visit to the Orient, and the couple said they would do "a lot of shopping in Hongkong."

"It's a great day to be in Hongkong," they said.

## Japan sees red over US hit list

**WASHINGTON: Japan and India have responded angrily to being included on a United States "hit list" citing unfair trading practises.**

**The US list, which includes Brazil, sets the stage for negotiations and possible retaliation if the countries named fail to open their markets to US-made goods.**

**But Japan's Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita said the US move was "regrettable" and his ministers in charge of products mentioned in the list yesterday refused to meet US representatives for talks.**

**Japanese Foreign Minister Sousuke Uno said the US was being "unfair" and Japan would not negotiate under unilateral conditions set by the US.**

**Ms Carla Hills, US trade representative, said Japan had been cited for closed markets in supercomputers, satellites and forest products.**

**India was cited for regulations discouraging foreign investment and insurance and Brazil was cited for overly strict import licensing requirements.**

**The US has also created a "watch list" which includes China and South Korea among the 23 nations that "lack adequate protection for intellectual property rights such as patents, copyrights and trademarks".**

**Those on the hit list have 18 months to negotiate, while those on the watch list have five months to provide better protection.** Agencies

■ Details, reaction: Business 1, 2

## I lied says police chief

**SHEFFIELD: The police chief in charge at Hillsborough soccer ground at the time of last month's tragedy admitted yesterday he had lied over the opening of the gate that led to the disaster. Chief Supt David Duckenfield offered a public apology at the inquiry into the deaths of 95 fans. He admitted giving the impression fans had broken down the gate.** –AFP

# Pollution fighters want curb exemptions axed

THE Government's pollution-control advisers have proposed cancelling all exemptions that allow factories to dump untreated effluent into water control zones.

The proposals include licensing all factories intending to discharge effluent, binding them to install treating equipment.

Affected factories are expected to oppose the proposed curbs which will improve water quality in the zones.

The Environmental Pollution Advisory Committee made the suggestions after a recent closed door meeting.

*The Hongkong Standard* has learned the committee will review the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and examine how exempted factories operate.

About 200 factories are exempted of controls by the Environmental Protection Department in their discharge of effluent into the Tolo Harbour control zone, Hongkong's first. About 400 more will be exempted in the newly created southern zone – which includes southern Hongkong and Lantau – when the department extends its control to cover industrial effluent there in August.

Environmentalists have criticised the ordinance for not being tough enough, and the pollution problem in Tolo Harbour has been increasing since the rules took effect.

Two more control zones – Junk Bay and Port Shelter – will be created in August.

An committee member said the proposal suggested the ordinance be amended so that all factories discharging effluent into any water control zone would have to be licensed and use proper equipment to treat effluent.

Industry groups have strongly opposed such a move, saying it would increase production costs, damage Hongkong's competitiveness and force firms to relocate in China. But the member said the committee believed production costs would increase only one percent if factories installed the equipment.

Factories set up after April 1 last year and needing to discharge effluent into Tolo Harbour have to apply for a licence and treat effluent according to EPD standards.

But factories which existed and applied before that date are exempted from the controls.

About 60 licences have been issued to factories in Tolo Harbour while another 60 applications are being processed.

Refiecnsing the 200 factories in Tolo Harbour was expected to take two years, the committee member said.

About 220 factories discharging effluent into the harbour since April 1, 1986 are exempted.

About 80 of them are involved in food processing and 40 in electronic or metal treatment.

An environmentalist, the Rev Fung Chi-wood, welcomed the idea but doubted if medium and small-sized factories could afford such equipment. He said the Government could consider building treatment plants and direct effluent from small factories to them.

The Environmental Protection Department director, Dr Stuart Reed, said that if things went smoothly, the recommendations would go to the Executive Council. "Our target is to have a bill tabled before the Legislative Council by the beginning of next session," Dr Reed said.

# S African court rules 14 Blacks must die

UPINGTON, South Africa: A court yesterday sentenced to death 14 Blacks, the biggest single group sent to the gallows for a politically motivated crime in modern South African history.

The 13 men and one woman, sentenced after a three-year trial, are among 25 convicted of killing a Black policeman at the height of anti-apartheid riots in November, 1985.

The case of the "Upington 25", named after this remote mining town, bears similarities to the trial which condemned the "Sharpeville Six" to death.

Like the Sharpeville Six, many of the the Upington 25 were convicted not of actually killing the victim but of sharing a "common purpose" with a mob of about 120 which did.

The policeman, Lucas Sethwala, was beaten, stoned and then set alight in Paballello, a Black township near this town on the edge of the forbidding Namib desert in the northern Cape.

The 14 were sentenced after Judge J Basson found no extenuating circumstances for them. The 11 others convicted are expected to be sentenced next week.

Before sentence was passed, one of the 14, Kenneth Khumalo, told the court "I know I am innocent. A lot that was said against me were fabricated lies."

"I wish the judge to live longer to see me walking free in the streets of South Africa."

As Judge Basson passed sentence, the 14, apparently resigned to their fate, said "Thank you" in turn. Relatives wept.

The death sentence has loomed large in South Africa this week. On Thursday a White ex-policeman who killed eight Blacks, seven in a shooting rampage in Pretoria, was sent to the gallows.

Five people, two Whites and three Blacks, were executed earlier this week after being convicted of murder.

South Africa has one of the world's highest execution rates. The human rights organisation Amnesty International says at least 537 South Africans were hanged between 1985 and mid-1988.

Lawyers said they could not recall a case in recent decades in which so many people had been sentenced to death in a single trial.

The woman who was condemned, 54-year-old Evelina de Bruin, told the court: "This case will serve as a scale with which South Africa's justice will be measured."

Defence lawyers said they would appeal against both the convictions and sentences. On Thursday night police dispersed relatives of the convicted who had gathered to pray in Paballello. A Coloured priest present at the prayer meeting accused the police of using whips against the crowd. Reuter

## Your World on Sunday

**She knows racial persecution, speaks out for Algerian rebels, and became the victim of a ferocious Aids rumour – Isabelle Adjani is a warrior of the oppressed and France's greatest young actress. Robin Smyth profiles the actress about her rock-strewn path to acclamation.**

In the third part of our series on the end of the Cold War we look at Berlin where the Allies still believe the Red threat is real.

On the Books pages we carry a review of Stanley Karnow's *In Our Image: America's Empire in the Philippines*, soon to be released in Hongkong.

■ PLUS regular columnists:
■ Barry Grindrod's restaurant review.
■ Maisie Pearson on wine.
■ Felicia Sorensen's cooking.
■ The Arts with Vernon Ram.
■ Winsome Lane's fashion.
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All this and lots more in *Your World on Sunday*, with your *Sunday Standard*. Make sure to order your copy of *The Sunday Standard* Hongkong's alternative Sunday read.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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1989年5月28日 星期日 已巳年四月廿四

北京地区天气预报
白天 多云转阴有小雷阵雨 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级
夜间 阴转多云 风向 偏南 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 29℃ 最低 16℃

人民日报社出版


# 万里委员长在沪发表书面谈话

**新华社上海5月27日电** 全国人大常委会委员长万里今天在上海发表书面谈话，全文如下：

由于健康原因，我提前结束了对美国的国事访问，现在上海治疗。出访期间，我一直密切注视着国内局势的发展，回国后，又从多方面进一步了解了国内的情况。

我一贯认为，广大青年学生真诚地希望促进民主，惩治腐败，这种爱国热情难能可贵，党和政府给予了充分肯定。青年学生提出了社会生活和政府工作中存在的一些问题，迫切要求尽快解决，这同人大常委会和政府要努力实现的目标是一致的，已经并将继续对人大常委会和政府改进工作产生推动和促进作用。但是，事态的发展已经走向广大青年学生良好愿望的反面。种种情况表明，确实有极少数极少数人在搞政治阴谋，利用学潮，蓄意制造动乱，严重干扰了北京乃至全国许多地方正常的社会、生产、工作、生活和教学、科研秩序，他们的目的就是要推翻共产党的领导，改变社会主义制度。这是严重的违反宪法的行为。对此，广大公民包括青年学生要高度警觉。我认为，对于青年学生和广大群众的爱国热情必须加以保护，对他们在学潮中的过激言行不予追究。对于煽动和制造动乱的极少数人必须予以揭露。

我坚决拥护中共中央政治局常委会的重要决定，完全同意李鹏同志和杨尚昆同志5月19日在首都党政军干部大会上的重要讲话。国务院根据宪法第89条赋予的权力，决定在北京部分地区实行戒严，是符合和维护宪法的，这对坚决制止动乱，迅速恢复秩序，是完全必要的。我完全支持国务院采取的这一坚定措施。我相信政府能够妥善地解决问题。我们的人民要信任自己的政府，支持政府，支持人民解放军和武警部队，做好维护首都正常秩序的工作。

我认为，青年学生提出的加速民主和法制建设、清除腐败、惩治官倒、克服官僚主义等问题，只能在安定团结的条件下，在民主和法制的轨道上逐步解决。全国人大常委会决定6月20日左右召开会议，讨论人民群众普遍关心的问题，以督促政府改进工作。要开好这次会议，必须增强民主和法制的观念，必须有一个安定和有秩序的环境，不然的话，预期的目的就难以实现。

目前，北京和一些地区的事态尚未完全平息，我殷切希望，全体有觉悟有爱国心的共和国公民团结起来，社会各界人士团结起来，在共产党和人民政府的领导下，为迅速结束混乱状态，恢复正常秩序，作出应有的努力。我坚信，由邓小平同志开创和亲自指导的、并被实践证明是正确的改革开放事业，一定会更加健康地向前发展。

最后，我愿借此机会，向加拿大、美国的议会和政府，对我访问期间的友好接待，表示感谢！对在那里的华侨、华人和留学生对我的关心和热情，也一并表示谢意。

一九八九年五月二十七日

# 全国政协昨天举行主席会议
# 一致拥护党中央国务院决策

## 李先念出席会议并作重要讲话

**新华社北京5月27日电** 政协第七届全国委员会第十八次主席会议今天下午在中南海举行。会议一致表示，坚决拥护党中央、国务院为制止动乱、稳定局势作出的正确决策和采取的果断措施，坚决拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志在中央和北京市党政军干部大会上的讲话。

会议希望政协委员、各民主党派同志通过各自广泛的联系，帮助各界人士、广大知识分子和青年学生认清形势，团结各族人民群众，共同做好制止动乱、维护社会安定的工作。

全国政协主席李先念出席了会议并作了重要讲话。

会议传达并学习了党中央、国务院关于反对动乱、维护社会安定的指示精神。

会议由王任重副主席主持，马文瑞、胡耀邦、方毅、孙晓村、司马义·艾买提、程思远、侯镜如、阎明复、钱正英、钱学森副主席先后在会上发了言。

他们认为，几十年来，人民政协、各民主党派和各界人士同共产党一直风雨同舟、患难与共。人民政协在当前这场大是大非的政治斗争中，要支持党和政府所采取的措施，做好制止动乱、维护安定团结的工作。

他们提出，广大青年学生提出反对官倒，惩治腐败，促进民主，希望社会进步、国家富强等等，愿望是好的，要求是合理的，同党和政府的目标是一致的。他们希望广大学生顾全大局，尽快回学校复课，努力学好本领，以承担起历史的重任。他们表示相信，党和政府一定会认真听取广大学生和群众的意见，采取有力措施，克服存在的问题，以保证社会主义建设和改革、开放的顺利进行。

他们指出，执行戒严任务的人民解放军官兵，维护首都社会秩序的武警部队和广大公安干警，坚守工作岗位的广大工人、农民、知识分子、医务人员、机关干部，在困难的条件下，做出了巨大努力和重要贡献。在这场斗争中，工人阶级表现很好，不愧是四化建设的生力军，广大农民、知识分子和各界人士表现也很好，我们对他们表示亲切的慰问和衷心的感谢。

李先念主席最后讲话说，长期以来，邓小平同志提出的坚持四项基本原则、反对资产阶级自由化的正确方针，没有得到很好的贯彻执行，造成了一定程度的思想混乱。最近，极少数人利用广大青年学生的善良愿望，利用一些人的思想混乱，利用党和政府决策上的某些失误和我们队伍中的一些腐败现象，幕后策划，制造谣言，挑拨煽动，恣意扩大事态，企图通过动乱，达到他们否定共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度的政治目的。他们的活动完全是有组织、有计划、有预谋的。如果他们的阴谋得逞，我们的国家和民族就会陷入深重的灾难之中。一切爱国的、有良知的公民，包括各民主党派、广大知识分子和各界人士，也包括广大青年学生，都是不愿意看到这种悲剧的，也是绝对不会容许的。

李先念主席讲话后，与会同志热烈鼓掌，一致表示拥护。

出席今天会议的还有全国政协的副秘书长和政协机关的负责干部。

5月27日下午，政协第七届全国委员会第十八次主席会议在北京中南海举行。会议一致拥护党中央、国务院关于制止动乱的决定。

新华社记者 王敬德摄

# 在全国政协主席会议上的讲话

（一九八九年五月二十七日）

李先念

听了各位副主席的发言，我非常高兴。最近，有一些全国政协委员和其他人士联名或单独写信给我，就当前国内特别是北京的局势，提出了各种看法和建议，希望全国政协能够在维护首都和全国局势的稳定方面发挥作用。各位的来信，不论具体意见和建议如何，都对当前的混乱局面表示深深的忧虑，都希望事态能够很快平息。有的还对形势作了公正的分析，提出了很好的建议。我对这些意见和建议是十分重视的，并已如实地转达给党中央和国务院。

我和大家的心情是一样的。我已经80岁了。作为一个征战半生的老战士，作为一个为创建新中国和建设新中国作大斗争的参加者，对于无数革命先烈的生命换来的共产党的领导和人民共和国，是无限忠诚的。对于当前的混乱局势，我不能不表示关切。我愿意同大家一道，为迅速扭转这种局面共同努力。

广大青年学生提出反对“官倒”，惩治腐败，促进民主，希望社会进步、国家富强，等等，愿望是好的。他们的许多要求也是合理的。我们的工作中确实存在失误，我们的队伍中确实有腐败现象，我们的民主和法制建设确实需要加强，学生们的愿望和要求，也是我们广大共产党员、各民主党派、广大知识分子和各界人士的共同愿望和要求，同党和政府的目标是一致的。他们所表达的愿望和要求，对帮助党和政府纠正失误、清除腐败，会起一定的推动作用，这是有积极意义的，党和人民不会看不到这一点。正因为如此，党和政府才郑重宣布并且反复强调，要把广大青年学生同那些蓄意制造动乱的极少数人严格区别开来，对学生们的某些过激言行，也一概不予追究。大家应该相信，党和政府的这种态度是基于对情况的正确估计，是真诚的。广大青年学生是拥护社会主义制度、拥护共产党的领导的。中国共产党除了为人民的利益而斗争以外，没有自己特殊的利益，我们的政府是全心全意为人民服务的，我们应该坚信党和政府有能力、有办法也一定会采取有力措施，解决存在的各种问题。但是，现在这种任意采取罢课、游行、示威、绝食、静坐请愿的方式，我认为是不妥当的，也是不赞成的。因为这些方式于国、于民、于他们自己都不利，也无助于问题的解决，而且会被极少数人所利用，造成动乱，走向广大青年学生善良愿望的反面。事态的发展已经完全证明了这一点。

长期以来，邓小平同志提出的坚持四项基本原则、反对资产阶级自由化的正确方针，没有得到很好的贯彻执行，造成了一定程度的思想混乱。最近，极少数人利用广大青年学生的善良愿望，利用一些人的思想混乱，利用党和政府决策上的某些失误和我们队伍中的一些腐败现象，幕后策划，制造谣言，挑拨煽动，恣意扩大事态，企图通过动乱，达到他们否定共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度的政治目的。他们的活动完全是有组织、有计划、有预谋的。如果他们的阴谋得逞，我们的国家和民族就会陷入深重的灾难之中。一切爱国的、有良知的公民，包括各民主党派、广大知识分子和各界人士，也包括广大青年学生，都是不愿意看到这种悲剧的，也是绝对不会容许的。李鹏同志代表党中央和国务院宣布的制止动乱、稳定局势的决策和一系列措施，杨尚昆主席的重要讲话，是完全正确的，我们应当坚决拥护。中国人民解放军为制止动乱，维护首都的社会安定，保卫首都人民包括广大青年学生的利益，执行神圣的戒严任务，是完全必要的，我们应当坚决支持。执行戒严任务的全体官兵，维护首都社会秩序的武警部队和广大公安干警，在极端困难的条件下，做出了巨大的努力和重要的贡献，我们对他们表示亲切的慰问和衷心的感谢。

政协在这场大是大非的政治斗争中，在团结各界人士协助党和政府制止动乱、维护安定团结的工作中，有义不容辞的责任。我真诚地希望各位政协委员，能以大局为重，理解、支持党和政府所采取的措施。至于有些委员在前一个时期以至现在对某些问题有不同的看法，可以通过各种方式交换意见，并在实践中逐步求得一致。即使认识不那么妥当，也是完全可以理解的，因为许多人并不了解事实真相，造成目前这种复杂局面的一个重要原因，是在我们共产党内部领导层的个别人。几十年来，共产党同各民主党派和各界爱国人士，一直是风雨同舟，患难与共的。共产党同各民主党派和各界爱国人士的团结与合作，是经得起任何考验的。我完全相信，在他们了解了事实的真相后，一定会更加坚决地拥护党和政府所作出的决策。我希望各位政协委员、各民主党派的同志能够通过各自广泛的联系，帮助各界人士、广大知识分子和广大青年学生认清形势，团结各族人民群众和各方面人士，共同做好制止动乱，维护社会安定的工作。只有实现了社会稳定，才可以使我国的社会主义现代化建设和改革、开放事业沿着正确的道路健康地向前发展。

（新华社北京5月27日电）

5月27日下午，全国政协主席李先念在北京中南海举行的政协第七届全国委员会第十八次主席会议上作重要讲话。

▽新华社记者 王敬德摄

# 杨尚昆电贺戈尔巴乔夫
# 当选苏最高苏维埃主席

**新华社北京5月27日电** 中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆26日打电报给苏联领导人戈尔巴乔夫，祝贺他当选为苏联最高苏维埃主席。电报全文如下：

苏联最高苏维埃主席
米·谢·戈尔巴乔夫同志

在您当选为苏维埃社会主义共和国联盟最高苏维埃主席之际，谨表示衷心的祝贺，祝您在这一崇高、负责的岗位上取得成就。

不久前您对中华人民共和国进行了有历史意义的访问。您同中国领导人举行的会晤结束了过去，开辟了未来，实现了中苏关系正常化。祝中苏两国关系不断得到发展和加强。

# 北京戒严第八天

**本报北京5月28日凌晨讯** 北京又在平静的气氛中度过戒严后的第八天。

昨日仨立街头，只见行人神色安详，市区秩序井然。戒严，似乎不再是市民们最激烈的话题了。

世人瞩目的天安门广场，静坐请愿的学生在烈日下支撑。是继续静坐还是撤离回校，学生们意见不一。学生的指挥中心已就此问题反复征求广场上各高校代表的意见，据说将付诸投票表决。

据北京日报昨天报道，在一批批外地学生离京的同时，一队队外地学生还在涌入北京，他们的生活目前遇到很大困难。为学生送饮食的人少了前些天。

入夜，城区一些主要街口，仍有一些分散的人群，议论时局是他们的主要话题。

# 李锡铭陈希同等北京市领导人
# 看望戒严部队武警部队和公安干警
## 北京市委市府发出慰问信

**据新华社北京5月28日电** 今晚，中共中央政治局委员、北京市委书记李锡铭，国务委员、市长陈希同等北京市领导同志，代表北京市委、市政府和全市人民，先后看望了首都戒严部队、武警部队官兵和公安干警，向他们表示亲切慰问和崇高敬意。

李锡铭、陈希同向指战员们说，在当前这场关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃政治斗争中，你们执行党中央、国务院和中央军委的决定来到首都执行戒严任务，这不仅为保卫首都的安全，恢复首都的正常秩序作出了贡献，而且对全国的稳定起到了重大作用。你们肩负了这一神圣历史使命，历史将铭刻你们的功绩。

李锡铭、陈希同说，外地来京的戒严部队到北京后，表现出人民军队很高的政治觉悟、很强的组织纪律性和良好的军事素质。在行动受阻，甚至受到少数不明真相的群众辱骂和少数不法分子殴打时，你们顾全大局，忍辱负重，严守纪律，表现了极大的克制，保持了高昂的士气，并发扬我军优良传统，主动、耐心地向群众做宣传解释工作，充分体现了人民军队对首都、对首都人民和青年学生的热爱。我们相信，你们的实际行动一定会赢得广大人民群众的支持和信赖，一些暂时不理解或不了解真相的市民和学生，也将逐步消除误解，最终会理解和支持你们，胜利完成戒严任务。

李锡铭、陈希同还告诉指战员们，当前，北京市从市、区、县到基层，正在广泛开展拥军工作，教育群众热爱人民子弟兵，从各方面尽力为戒严部队提供便利条件，配合执行戒严任务。

**又讯** 中共北京市委北京市人民政府于5月26日给中国人民解放军戒严部队全体指战员、武警部队全体指战员和全体公安干警发出慰问信。

# 北京市政府通知首都医务部门
## 认真做好绝食学生治疗工作

**新华社北京5月27日电** 北京市人民政府26日向首都各高等院校、市卫生局及所属各医院发出通知，要求认真做好绝食学生的身体治疗工作。

通知说，参加天安门广场绝食请愿的学生，已经停止绝食，大都返回了学校。他们当中有些同学的身体仍很虚弱，需要一定的时间继续恢复和治疗。为了保证他们的身体健康，市政府要求各高等院校认真重视这项工作。各院校的医务部门要认真负起责任来，对凡是参加绝食的学生逐人进行一次身体检查，发现病情，及时诊治。如果学校的医疗力量不足，应立即与市卫生局和市属各医院联系。市卫生部门和各医疗单位要积极支持，主动配合，做好治疗和医护工作。对需要住院治疗的学生，应千方百计安排床位，予以照顾。

# 王芳看望受伤公安干警等

**据新华社北京5月27日电** 国务委员、公安部长王芳以及公安部有关领导同志5月26日下午前往京郊医院，看望了在制止动乱中被少数不法分子打伤的公安干警和武警指战员，向他们表示亲切的慰问。

王芳等同志还于当日下午前往北京市东城公安分局看望了日夜坚守岗位的公安干警，勉励他们为维护首都治安作出新贡献。

# 一幅新闻照片引起社会传言
# 空军某部公开辟谣以正视听

**新华社北京5月27日电** 或严指挥部消息：5月22日，《人民日报》第一版登载了一幅新闻照片后，社会上纷纷传言，照片上一台形似罐子的车辆是储存瓦斯毒气的，是用来镇压学生的。

今天，空军某部写信给戒严部队指挥部，要求公开辟谣，以正视听。

照片画面上形似罐子的车辆，不属于执行戒严任务的部队，而是属于空军某部的装载防空武器的运输车，根本不是什么瓦斯车。5月15日，空军某部接到上级通知，派出五辆车前往工厂接收按计划维修完毕的防空武器。19日返回驻地途中，与戒严部队同时受阻，这纯属一种偶然的巧合。后经部队多次向群众解释，说明情况，于20日晚统遣返回部队驻地。

戒严部队指挥部负责同志说，部队到北京部分地区执行戒严任务，是为了迅速制止动乱，维护首都社会秩序，保护人民群众的利益，绝不是来镇压青年学生的，根本不可能携带瓦斯毒气，相信广大群众是不会轻信这些谣言的。

# 敦煌壁画失窃案破获
## 两名犯罪分子被捉拿归案
## 四幅被窃壁画已追回一幅

**本报兰州5月27日电** 记者张述圣报道：今日凌晨，敦煌莫高窟465窟被窃的最大的一幅壁画，已被甘肃公安机关追回。至此，举国关注、震动中外的敦煌盗宝案宣告破获。

盗窃世界文化瑰宝的犯罪分子是玉门市轻工机械厂工人李清玉和玉门市水泥厂工人何存勤。二犯已于5月23日被警方抓获归案。今日凌晨，何存勤供认了他与李清玉合伙犯罪的过程。根据何犯供述，警方将罪犯埋在敦煌莫高窟西崖一度旧洞窟下面的一幅壁画取回，经鉴定确与465窟被窃壁画无异。

此间公安机关负责侦破工作的官员向记者披露，今年1月14日凌晨，敦煌莫高窟465窟壁画被窃后，甘肃省公安机关干警在广大群众的积极协助下，坚持不懈，日夜奋战，百折不挠，穷追不舍，经过4个多月艰苦细致的工作，不仅把盗宝罪犯抓获归案，而且侦破了130余件倒卖、盗窃文物的积案。

据了解，被追回的这幅壁画，是被窃走4幅中的一幅，其他3幅正在追缴之中。目前此案正在加紧审理。

# 黎巴嫩局势又趋紧张

## 以、叙战斗机十年来首次在黎上空同时出现

**新华社贝鲁特5月26日电** 正当阿拉伯领导人在卡萨布兰卡努力寻求黎巴嫩危机的解决办法时，饱受战火蹂躏的黎巴嫩局势又趋紧张。

以色列和叙利亚战斗机19年来第一次在黎巴嫩上空同时出现。与此同时，叙利亚和黎巴嫩基督教武装又隔着贝鲁特绿线发生交火，目前没有伤亡的消息。

据来自以色列的消息说，叙利亚正在用一个坦克旅和一个直升机载突击队来增援它部署在黎巴嫩的3.5万名军队。

消息说，以色列内阁讨论了叙利亚军队的调动，并命令军队密切监视叙利亚的行动。

以色列飞机的F—16侦察机26日上午对黎巴嫩南部和一些难民营进行了侦察。叙利亚飞机26日上午也在贝鲁特上空和基督教武装的基地上空飞过。此前几天，叙利亚飞机曾3次飞越黎巴嫩北部。

# 大公報

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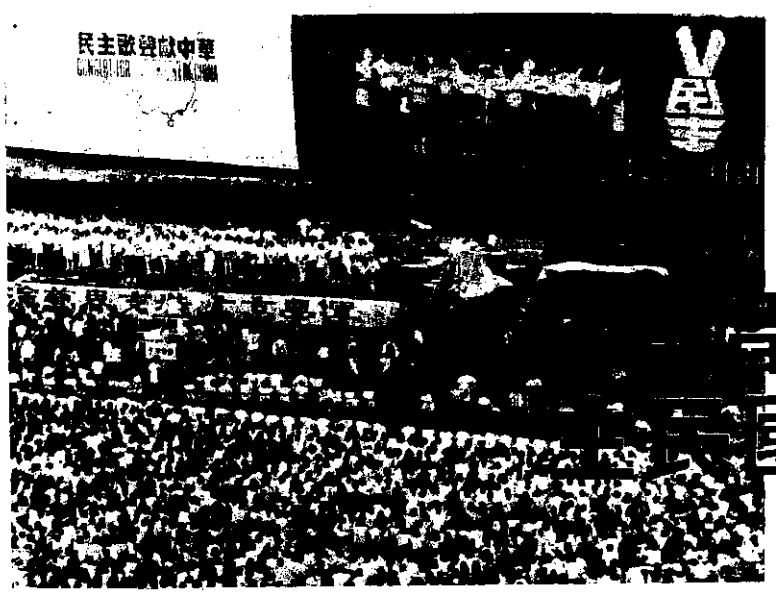


香港五十萬市民昨參加活動「反主歌聲獻中華」音樂會（本報攝）

# 五十萬港人出席演唱會 馬國愛頌聲歌松拉馬

## 萬里書面談話在滬發表 人大常委按原日期開會

### 認為北京部分地區戒嚴符合憲法 表示一貫認為學生愛國熱情可貴

【新華社上海二十七日電】全國人大常委會委員長萬里今天在上海發表書面談話，全文如下：

由於健康原因，我提前結束了對美國的國事訪問，現在上海治療。出發前，我一直密切注視着國內局勢的發展。回國後，又從多方面進一步了解了國內的情況。

我一貫認為，廣大青年學生真誠地希望促進民主，懲治腐敗，這種願望熱情可貴，黨和政府給予充分肯定。青年學生採出社會生活和政治工作中存在的一些問題，迫切要求盡快解決，這同人大常委會和政府努力實現的目標是一致的。已經並將繼續解決這些問題。我堅決擁護李鵬同志和楊尚昆同志在中央和北京黨政軍幹部大會上的講話。

會議希望政協委員、各民主黨派和各界人士同共產黨人一直親密共事，人民政協在當前這場大是大非的政治鬥爭中，要支持黨和政府所採取的措施，做好制止動亂、維護安定團結的工作。

他們提出，廣大青年學生提出反對官倒、懲治腐敗、促進民主，希望社會進步，國家強等等，願望是好的，要求是合理的，他們的許多要求也是合理的。我們的工作，就是要通過各種有效的方法，包括對話的方法，來解決這些問題。

會議傳達並學習了黃華中央、國務院關於……的精神。

全國政協主席李先念出席了會議並作了重要講話。

## 全國政協昨舉行主席會議 李先念講話目前複雜局面 歸咎黨內領導層個別人

### 會議表示擁護黨中央國務院制止動亂

【新華社北京二十七日電】第七屆政協全國委員會第十八次主席會議今天下午在中南海舉行。會議一致表示，堅決擁護黨中央、國務院為制止動亂、穩定局勢作出的正確決策和採取的果斷措施，堅決維護李鵬、姬鵬飛、胡啓立、喬石、姚依林、司馬義·艾買提、錢學森副主席先後在會上發了言。

他們認為，幾十年來，人民政協各民主黨派和各界人士同共產黨人一直親密共事，人民政協在當前這場大是大非的政治鬥爭中，要支持黨和政府所採取的措施，做好制止動亂、維護安定團結的工作。

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我認為，青年學生提出的加速民主和法制建設、消除腐敗、懲治官倒、克服官僚主義等問題，只能在安定團結的條件下，在民主和法制的軌道上逐步解決。全國人大常委會決定六月二十日左右召開會議，討論人民警察普遍加薪和改善教師待遇問題，以督促政府改進工作，要解決好這次會議，必須增強民主和法制的觀念，必須有一個安定和秩序的環境，不然的話，預期的目的就難以實現。

目前，我國一些地區的事態尚未完全平息。我殷切希望一切愛國心的共和國公民團結起來，社會各界人士團結起來，在共產黨和人民政府的領導下，為迅速恢復正常秩序，作出應有的努力。我堅信，由鄧小平同志開創和親自指導的，並被實踐證明是正確的改革開放事業，必須有一個安定的環境。最後，我願借此機會，向加拿大、美國的朋友們，特別是李鵬同志和楊尚昆同志在訪問期間的友好接待，表示感謝！對在那裏的華僑、華人和留學生對我的關心和熱情，也一併表示感謝。

一九八九年五月二十七日

## 持續十二小時 秩序紀律良好 演藝界三百人參加義演 眞情流露萬衆同灑熱淚 籌得捐款逾一千三百萬支持北京學運

【本報訊】由「全港市民支援愛國民主運動聯合會」主辦，長達十二小時的「民主歌聲獻中華」演唱會，昨日在快活谷馬場舉行。參與演唱的演藝界人士超過三百人，估計入場參觀演唱會的全日達五十萬人，籌得捐款總數超過一千三百萬元。

這個由全港演藝界自發組織的支援北京學運的演唱會，自上午六時許已在快活谷排隊，不斷湧進入場，整個演唱會進行期間不斷要求市民保持秩序，要向全港市民及全中國同胞證明，港人也是很有紀律的。同時，亦不斷呼籲市民捐款支援北京學生，並設有五十條電話，令全港市民都能直接或間接參與這項盛事。

主辦機構代表在演唱會開始時，宣佈今次演唱會的目的，包括：（一）表達演藝界對中國學生運動的支持，（二）號召全世界中國同胞關心及支持今次學運，（三）籌款支援北京學生，（四）呼籲港人關心社會及中國政局，（五）反對暴力鎮壓、反對北京新聞封鎖。

由於參觀人數非常多，而且設有五十條電話，令全港市民都能直接參與這項盛事。

今次演唱會打破了歷來演唱會觀眾最高紀錄，參觀人場的群眾坐滿了馬場的看台及營幕前面的一大片草地，並由一千五百多名糾察用繩圍成一個個小圈圈控制秩序。

演唱會開始時，大銀光幕上播放了約七分鐘有關今次北京學運的新聞短片，簡介事件發展，雙光幕旁並則懸掛了一幅巨型的中國地圖，數位演藝界人士在馬場的起火型舞台上，雙手捧着一個地球儀，象徵全世界中國人關心祖國。

在馬場的超大型銀幕上，不時打出了各種要求民主自由的標語，「民主自由是中國的希望」、「大家團結起來」、「我們要自由」、「不怕死」、「不怕官」、「不怕軍隊，只怕沒有民主」、「天安門萬元」、「八時超過九百萬元」、「八時超過九百萬元」、「百至十時完滿」、「一齊心疾首，我憤填膺」、「用熱血喚醒中國魂」、「還我民主自由」、「我們要自由」等等。標語用血紅色膠帶貼出，非常醒目。

司儀在演唱會進行期間不斷要求市民保持秩序，要向全港市民及全中國同胞證明港人也是很有紀律的。同時，亦不斷呼籲市民捐款支援北京學生，並設有五十條電話，令全港市民都能直接或間接參與這項盛事。

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## 北京學生發出號召 全球華人今大遊行

### 美七大城市三萬留學生熱烈響應

【本報紐約廿六日電】北京市各高校學生發出要求全國七個城市、以及各自的校園舉行相應的遊行作為聲援。

明天的遊行，主要集中在華盛頓、紐約、舊金山、洛杉磯、休士頓、芝加哥和波士頓七個大城市。遊行發起人表示，一些同學為了在時間上和北京的同學步，已準備先於今天上街遊行，在紐約，一名來自上海的留學生則在聯合國總部外絕食。

北京民眾明天的大遊行將分四條路線，從各院校出發，進行向天安門廣場。

北京市高校學生自治聯合會今天舉行常委會議決定，為保持時的愛國民主運動推向一個新的高潮，將舉辦「全世界華人大遊行」的倡議，是定明天上午十時開始遊行。遊行的目標，是全世界華人聯合起來，反對專制，保障人權。

他們認為，幾十年來，人民政協各民主黨派和各界人士同共產黨人一直親密共事，人民政協在當前這場大是大非的政治鬥爭中，要支持黨和政府所採取的措施，做好制止動亂、維護安定團結的工作。

他們提出，廣大青年學生提出反對官倒、懲治腐敗、促進民主，希望社會進步，國家強等等，願望是好的，要求是合理的，他們的許多要求也是合理的。我們的工作，就是要通過各種有效的方法，包括對話的方法，來解決這些問題。我相信政府能夠與廣大青年學生和廣大群眾的愛國熱情必須加以保護，對他們中極少數人必須予以揭露。我堅決擁護中共中央政治局常委會的重要決定，完全支持人民解放軍和武警部隊，做好維護首都正常秩序的工作。

我認為，青年學生提出的加速民主和法制建設、消除腐敗、懲治官倒、克服官僚主義等問題，只能在安定團結的條件下，在民主和法制的軌道上逐步解決。全國人大常委會決定六月二十日左右召開會議，討論人民警察普遍加薪和改善教師待遇問題，以督促政府改進工作，要解決好這次會議，必須增強民主和法制的觀念，必須有一個安定和秩序的環境，不然的話，預期的目的就難以實現。

目前，我國一些地區的事態尚未完全平息。我殷切希望一切愛國心的共和國公民團結起來，社會各界人士團結起來，在共產黨和人民政府的領導下，為迅速恢復正常秩序，作出應有的努力。我堅信，由鄧小平同志開創和親自指導的，並被實踐證明是正確的改革開放事業，必須有一個安定的環境。最後，我願借此機會，向加拿大、美國的朋友們，特別是李鵬同志和楊尚昆同志在訪問期間的友好接待，表示感謝！對在那裏的華僑、華人和留學生對我的關心和熱情，也一併表示感謝。

一九八九年五月二十七日

## 萬里書面談話在滬發表 人大常委按原日期開會

### 認為北京部分地區戒嚴符合憲法 表示一貫認為學生愛國熱情可貴

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由於健康原因，我提前結束了對美國的國事訪問，現在上海治療。出發前，我一直密切注視着國內局勢的發展。回國後，又從多方面進一步了解了國內的情況。

我一貫認為，廣大青年學生真誠地希望促進民主，懲治腐敗，這種願望熱情可貴，黨和政府給予充分肯定。青年學生採出了社會生活和政治工作中存在的一些問題，迫切要求盡快解決，這同人大常委會和政府努力實現的目標是一致的。已經並將繼續解決這些問題。我堅決擁護李鵬同志和楊尚昆同志在中央和北京黨政軍幹部大會上的講話。

會議希望政協委員、各民主黨派和各界人士同共產黨人一直親密共事，人民政協在當前這場大是大非的政治鬥爭中，要支持黨和政府所採取的措施，做好制止動亂、維護安定團結的工作。

他們提出，廣大青年學生提出反對官倒、懲治腐敗、促進民主，希望社會進步，國家強等等，願望是好的，要求是合理的，他們的許多要求也是合理的。我們的工作，就是要通過各種有效的方法，包括對話的方法，來解決這些問題。我相信政府能夠與廣大青年學生和廣大群眾的愛國熱情必須加以保護，對他們中極少數人必須予以揭露。我堅決擁護中共中央政治局常委會的重要決定，完全支持人民解放軍和武警部隊，做好維護首都正常秩序的工作。

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## 北京學生今大遊行 所訂口號不提李鵬

【法新社北京二十七日電】學生領袖宣佈計劃星期日舉行大示威，但將不會有指責總理李鵬的口號。

北京學生自治聯合會宣佈的海報星期六還在馬路上張貼，他們的口號是「反對官倒」、「懲治腐敗」、「言論自由」、「媒體要學生運動的「新高峯」。

## 首都各界昨開會建議 學生下周二撤離廣場 將遊行歡送同學返校

### 建議仍有待保衛廣場指揮部通過

【本報北京二十七日電】首都各界昨日在天安門廣場舉行大會，歡迎同學返校，廣場指揮部決定，五月二十日起學生在天安門廣場進行的和平靜坐請願。

五月二十日是成立不滿一年的國務院新一屆政府宣誓就職的日子，該建議提出，當日在天安門廣場舉行大會，歡送同學返校，廣場指揮部指出，由於七日下午在人民英雄紀念碑前舉行的「廣場指揮部」會議，才能成為最後決議，該指揮部指出，任何組織或個人沒有權力代表該指揮部。

但是，這一決議仍須得到「保衛天安門廣場指揮部」的同意。

在馬場的超大型銀幕上，不時打出了各種要求民主自由的標語，「民主自由是中國的希望」、「大家團結起來」、「我們要自由」、「不怕死」、「不怕官」、「不怕軍隊，只怕沒有民主」、「天安門萬元」、「八時超過九百萬元」、「百至十時完滿」、「一齊心疾首，我憤填膺」、「用熱血喚醒中國魂」、「還我民主自由」、「我們要自由」等等。標語用血紅色膠帶貼出，非常醒目。

司儀在演唱會進行期間不斷要求市民保持秩序，要向全港市民及全中國同胞證明，港人也是很有紀律的。同時，亦不斷呼籲市民捐款支援北京學生，並設有五十條電話，令全港市民都能直接或間接參與這項盛事。

主辦機構代表在演唱會開始時，宣佈今次演唱會的目的，包括：（一）表達演藝界對中國學生運動的支持，（二）號召全世界中國同胞關心及支持今次學運，（三）籌款支援北京學生，（四）呼籲港人關心社會及中國政局，（五）反對暴力鎮壓、反對北京新聞封鎖。

由於參觀人數非常多，而且設有五十條電話，令全港市民都能直接參與這項盛事。

今次演唱會打破了歷來演唱會觀眾最高紀錄，參觀人場的群眾坐滿了馬場的看台及營幕前面的一大片草地，並由一千五百多名糾察用繩圍成一個個小圈圈控制秩序。

演唱會開始時，大銀光幕上播放了約七分鐘有關今次北京學運的新聞短片，簡介事件發展，雙光幕旁並則懸掛了一幅巨型的中國地圖，數位演藝界人士在馬場的起火型舞台上，雙手捧着一個地球儀，象徵全世界中國人關心祖國。

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## 北京學生發出號召 全球華人今大遊行

### 美七大城市三萬留學生熱烈響應

【本報紐約廿六日電】北京市各高校學生發出要求全國七個城市、以及各自的校園舉行相應的遊行作為聲援。

明天的遊行，主要集中在華盛頓、紐約、舊金山、洛杉磯、休士頓、芝加哥和波士頓七個大城市。遊行發起人表示，一些同學為了在時間上和北京的同學步，已準備先於今天上街遊行，在紐約，一名來自上海的留學生則在聯合國總部外絕食。

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一九八九年五月二十七日

## 首都雲集北京 各省市書記聽傳達 隨即離京返原地 準備

【本報北京二十七日電】此間消息靈通人士透露，各省省委書記到京參加中央對新聞界的重大停止後，即連夜乘飛機返回各自的省市。此間分析家認為，這可能是為了保證做得到舉行的中央委員會議順利進行，通過某些重大決定。據悉，軍方的傳達已到達第一線。

據中新網人士稱，在發言人還沒在大會上講話，強調中國人應該自願結束這場動亂的時候，北京學生作長期的抗爭，把民主運動進行到底。

演唱會舉辦時於十時結束，全港一支歌聲在《朋友》的歌聲之下，非常有秩序地散會。

全港一支歌聲會上，演唱者在四、二六社論、答記者問的五、二〇講話，公開承認自願結束這場動亂的人進行鬥爭，有許多學生組織的領導人，包括王丹、吾爾開希、封從德、柴玲、李錄、王超華、張伯笠、張智勇、張銘清、張倫、張健、張朝陽、張銘清、張倫、張健、張朝陽、張銘清、張倫、張健、張朝陽

# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

星期日 28 五月 一九八六年

港第一第字四四四號
元日出版大六張大紙售二會


# 學生華球全動發行遊人
# 擬周二撤出天安門廣場

北京三名學運領袖柏玲（左）、王丹（右）及晉爾開希昨日在北京華新所門前移會時。（本報北京傳真）

## 甘萬港人高歌籌款千三萬

（詳見第八版）

## 如美日大幅削減對華貸款
## 對外經貿方針擬變動
## 中蘇合作關係將加强

國務院有關部門奉命速派團赴蘇聯談生意

【本報記者趙北京二十七日電】一項消息透露，現已暫時負責主持國務院工作的姚依林、日前在國務院常務會議上強調，中國政府已決定即大幅度增加與蘇聯的經濟貿易合作，作為其一美、日等西方國家削減對華貸款時的回應。而國務院各有關部委均已奉令電告各省市區有關進口蘇聯產品的計劃，務須在今年內減少百分之三十。

消息稱，姚依林在會上傳達了李鵬的講話，他並強調，美日等國出於中國現時的形勢而大幅度削減對華貸款，國務院對此早有準備，李鵬在蘇共領袖戈爾巴喬夫訪華時就已經好，並與蘇聯領導人達成了一系列的協議。

消息透露，中國三年內將要從蘇聯引進兩套核電站計劃，也可以不在那裏建造。但是，近期從蘇聯引進四座核電站計劃，不在那裏建造。東北已有最大型核電站計劃，都是服務性加工性為主的，效益並不好，也不利於目前經濟全盤缺的情況，現在停建核電站是解決可行的。

據透露，李鵬目前主持國務院的常務會議，決定進口的投資，都是服務性加工性為主的，效益並不好，也不利於目前經濟全盤缺的情況，現在停建核電站是解決可行的。

## 同學昨發表十點聲明
## 要求領導人順應民心

應以民主為出發點推進政治改革

【本報記者趙北京二十七日電】北京高校學生自治聯合會今日以八點要政，一點缺席通過在明（廿八）日上午十時，在首都體育館召開一次「全世界華人大遊行」，希望將這次愛國民主運動推向另一個新高潮。今次進行的目標是呼籲全球華人聲合起來，反對專制，保障人權，並且會喊出「民主萬歲」、「自由萬歲」和「新聞自由」的口號。

【本報記者趙北京二十七日電】在北京市頒布戒嚴令的第八日，堅持在天安門廣場靜坐請願的十萬名本地和外地高校學生的代表，今日與首都各界聯席會議及北京市高聯代表舉行會後，於今晚七時在廣場召開中外記者會，宣布撤離在下星期二（三十日）實施戒嚴第十一天後離廣場，並且決定在撤離當日發起另一次全市大規模和平進行高校學生代表吾爾開希，出席了今次中外記者會。

參與今次學運的主要學生領袖，北大自治籌委會主席王丹，即大廣場指揮部、工人自治會、市民自治會上代表北京高聯、首都各界聯席會議、外地支援聯絡站指揮部、教育界聯席會議、外地支援聯絡站指揮部、工人自治會、市民自治會

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)五月廿八日 星期日 · 夏曆己巳年四月廿四日

# 光榮撤退或死守天安門廣場

# 北京學生今凌晨未作出抉擇


# 快報

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●李先念改組書記處上銳減（刊第二版）
●趙元凱談學運（全文刊第三版）
●解放軍士兵「向錢看」（刊第六、七版）
●跨島地書港市民「民主歌聲獻中華」（圖文刊第六、七版）


## 民主大旗絕對不能倒

### 擬用港人捐款辦廣場民主大學

〔快報報道〕負責統籌今次天安門廣場學生靜坐的「保衛廣場學運指揮部」今日沒有舉行會議，研究是否於今日以進行結束靜坐、撤退指揮部為前提，與政府進行談判。

在指揮部的五位常委中，除趙指揮柴玲堅持死守廣場外，其餘四位均希望撤退廣場，撤離廣場之前體然在常委中取得一人力主死守，但在得知絕大部分仍希望不撤退，他們認為，廣場上的民主大旗不能倒下的，保衛廣場學運指揮部指揮權將力鼓支持撤退的一方。

總指揮柴玲表現，現時的決定權在每一個參與的學生身上。

保衛廣場學運指揮部力鼓話時表示，已計劃利用香港中文大學和香大學的部份帳篷，在廣場上設立臨時民主大學。他說，廣場上這一枝民主大旗是不能倒下的。團體的學生即時發出號召，全國各地的學生及市民，立即作出一切必要的支援，包括為學生籌集資金，再次發動遍及全球的「百萬人遊行」。昨天「百萬人遊行」，目前仍在進行中。

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因此，中共領導層內部，對學生運動的處理，出現了嚴重的分歧。

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## 李鄧爲解決學潮傷腦筋

## 元老派反對鎮壓惹民憤

### 必要時經濟制裁阻民衆聲援

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# 城入即隊軍・狀罪趙布公
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## 撤離廣場・未爲全體接受
## 轉變策略・發起空校行動

有少數學生仍在熱烈辯論是否撤離

【本報訊】北京消息：北京時間今晚三時，天安門的數萬學生，大部分已經入夢，今日能有結論。

由北京高校學生、工人、農民、知識分子及北京各界臨時聯席會議，昨日的第十次代表會議產生的四月二十七日宣言（第二號），即北京政府今頒發告北京市高校學生書，及把每年的四月二十七日定爲「民主節」。

該宣言指出：「北京市高校學生的絕食行動，已經進入第六天，絕食的學生已達三千多人，其中有許多人已經昏倒，情況十分嚴重。」宣言要求北京市政府立即採取緊急措施，挽救絕食學生的生命。

宣言說：「我們要求政府立即採取緊急措施，挽救絕食學生的生命，我們要求政府立即採取緊急措施，挽救絕食學生的生命，我們要求政府立即採取緊急措施，挽救絕食學生的生命，

周日海報隨報附送

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第31年　第9號
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明報

# 鄧小平陷保守派重圍 與李鵬陳雲矛盾漸露

## 提升閻明復安撫改革派和知識界

## 爭取中國邁向民主自由之路

# 全球華人今日大遊行 遊行民運扛花園出發

## 學生說發動大遊行 旨在重振人民力量

【本報記者柏克萊電】一位北大學生領袖昨晚在柏克萊華人社區的大遊行集會上說，發動今日的大遊行，旨在重振人民力量，並號召全球華人支持中國學生的民主運動。

## 激發了人民的道德勇氣

## 訪攝軍用機場 兩洋記者被扣

## 靜坐學生一致同意 本周二撤離天安門

## 參與學運大學生 面對就業難困境

## 各人已有準備不在乎報復

## 十點聯合聲明

## 下一階段爭取 建立制衡力量

## 中國紅會拒轉捐款 廣場學生彈盡糧斷 靜坐行動被迫提前結束

## 胡、趙是不一樣的

■夏蓮

## 鹿死誰手？

■石柳子


◆【本報記者北京廿六電】中國強調的老改治軍鄧小平日前宣示，要貫徹…
◆鄧小平與中共前總書記胡耀邦…
◆趙紫陽在北京召集情況人士會議，由各省、自治區、直轄市負責人參加的中…
◆央工作會議，討論共產黨…
◆打招呼時說：「總算解開了一個結」，指的是小平和趙紫陽…
◆高了，可以開解個…
◆據悉昨日人士透露，在…
◆中國十年改革的旗手，…
◆相提並論，故新華社在發稿時，將李鵬的講話刻意改寫，把鄧小平和李…
◆年改革的總設計師」…
◆此外，李鵬當局控制…
◆推向高潮…
◆遭壓制，新聞發佈…
◆為不論…
◆各界聯合…
◆將工作總…
◆市高校學生自治聯合會、市民聯合會、工人自治會的五人組代表，…
◆十時正，參加全球華人大遊行。
◆【保衛天安門民運聯指揮部】也發出，在天安門廣場上舉…
◆大遊行的人數。
◆在等待今日的大遊行中，二時正舉行的紐約華埠大遊行，預期…
◆金鐘，滑仔新尼詩道、新機場快線和…
◆道，然後轉上亞皆老街向北進發，遊行到…
◆【保衛天安門民運聯絡站】…
◆參加今日遊行的五大團體，包括：①全球華人大遊行委員會；②…
◆台，於今向北前進，預期…
◆員人間維持秩序，大會並…
◆的呼籲，於今日下午…
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# 響應北平學生爭取民主自由

# 全球華人今日舉行大遊行

## 港人下午中環集合 民聯會籲踴躍參加

【本報特派記者北平二十七日電】北平的「首都各界人士自治聯合會」，今天在四通會宣布，為了配合示威學人聲援民主大遊行，明日將在北平舉行大遊行。

【北平二十七日路透社電】計劃在週日舉行的全球大遊行，今天在北京地區行「市高潮」的前奏人民解放軍，在北京、天津等地舉行「市高潮」的前奏人民解放軍，在北京、天津等地舉行「市高潮」的前奏人民解放軍，在北京、天津等地舉

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# Wan Li endorses purge

## Final blow for reform movement

THE chairman of China's National Peoples' Congress, Mr Wan Li, who had carried the hopes of reformists, yesterday threw his weight firmly behind hardline Premier Li Peng as students voted to end their demonstration in Beijing.

With the country's two-week old political crisis drawing to a close with the defeat of the reformist movement, Mr Wan Li issued a statement of unequivocal support for the martial law in force in Beijing and the authorities under Mr Li Peng.

"All sorts of things have indicated that a very small number of people are plotting to political conspiracy," he declared in a speech issued in Shanghai where he is receiving medical treatment.

Tens of thousands of people who have staged massive protests in Tiananmen Square over the past few weeks had placed great store in Mr Wan convening an emergency NPC Standing Committee session to resolve several issues to their advantage.

But he failed to do so, instead saying he would call a regular session on June 20 "to discuss problems which the masses of the people are most concerned about so as to urge the Government to improve its work".

Students yesterday resolved to leave the square by Tuesday, but have called for one final march today.

"We hope for at least a million people in Beijing," said Mr Lu Xiang, a spokesman for the city's independent student union, and student leader Mr Chai Ling said the theme of the march would be "Chinese all over the world unite".

The students have acknowledged that 69-year-old reformist and Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang was in a hopeless position and would soon be dismissed by hardliners led by senior leader Deng Xiaoping on charges of plotting against the party.

Senior officials in government ministries were summoned to meetings yesterday at which leadership figures, in some cases ministers themselves, read out a circular from the Communist Party Central Committee.

According to participants at one of the meetings, the circular dismissed the student movement as in "organisational, principle and leadership turmoil" and criticised Mr Zhao, referring to him only as "Comrade Ziyang," omitting his title as party chief.

It also called on all party members to support the Government's tough stance against the democracy movement and help end the stand-off with the students as soon as possible, the sources said, adding reaction was negative.

In his speech, Mr Wan supported comments by Mr Li Peng and President Yang Shangkun, who called in troops last week to restore order in the capital.

Mr Wan said the plotters were "making use of students' strikes and deliberately creating turmoil, thus seriously disrupting the normal order of society, work, production, life, teaching and research in Beijing and other parts of the country".

He called on "the broad masses of the citizens" to be on the alert because "the very few people are attempting to overthrow the leadership of the Communist Party and alter the socialist system".

● Continued Page 2

**INSIDE**

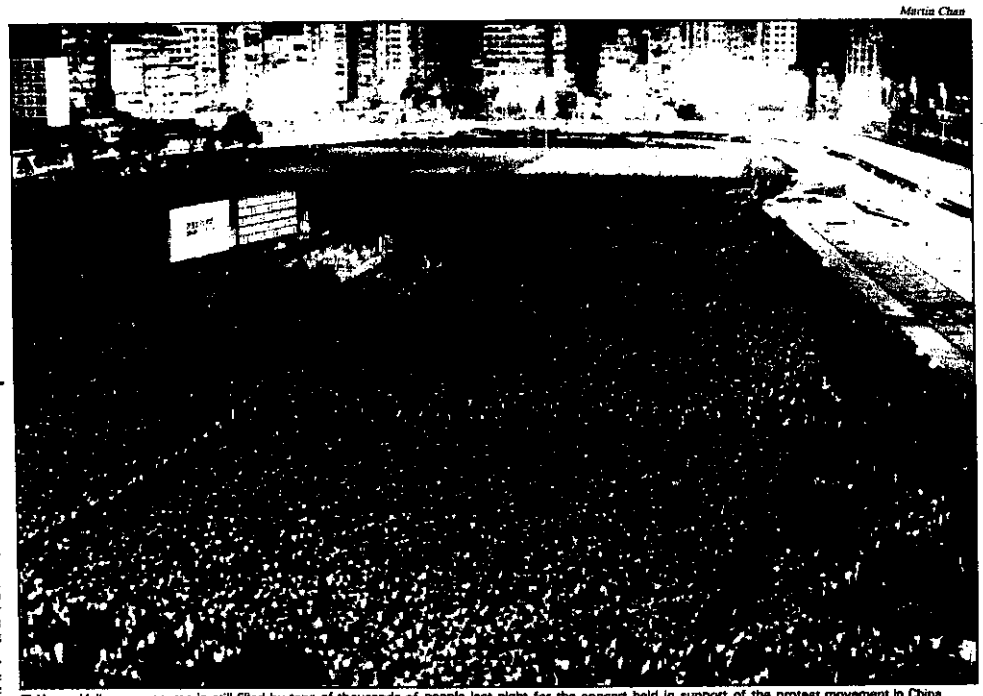
**Night of the long knives – Page 2**

**Call to speed up draft – Page 3**

**Editorial – Page 10**

**Return of the dinosaur – Special Spectrum report**

Martin Chan



☐ Happy Valley race course is still filled by tens of thousands of people last night for the concert held in support of the protest movement in China.

## Deng faces threat from party elders

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

AFTER it has become clear that senior leader Mr Deng Xiaoping has decided to purge the "counter-revolutionary clique" led by General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang, party elders and leftist ideologues are scheming to fill the power vacuum.

Long-retired cadres are seeking to play an active role in politics, according to Chinese sources in the capital.

Mr Chen Yun, Chairman of the party's Central Advisory Commission, said on Friday that at a time of national crisis, "we old cadres must come out and, together with other members of the party, resolutely unmask the conspiracy of an extremely small minority of people who create chaos".

Other CAC stalwarts, including vice-chairmen Mr Bo Yibo and Mr Song Renqiong, have also vowed to take part in the "struggle" against counter-revolutionary and anti-party elements.

The three have long been opposed to reformist programs formulated by Mr Deng Xiaoping and Mr Zhao Ziyang since the early 1980s.

Party elders have seized on the split between Mr Deng and Mr Zhao to push the conservative line.

The power *putsch* of the elders could directly threaten the position of Mr Deng.

Mr Chen, 84, is regarded as the "godfather" of central planning as well as a keen advocate of rigid ideological indoctrination. Within the party, Mr Chen's seniority is higher than that of Mr Deng.

In his speech, Mr Chen said a major reason for the turmoil engulfing the nation was that "for a considerably long time, the party has relaxed Marxist ideological education".

While Mr Chen is accusing Mr Zhao, there is little doubt he is also implicating Mr Deng, who, after all, has been the party's helmsman since 1979.

Joining Mr Chen's group is a cadre of leftist ideologues led by Mr Hu Qiaomu and Mr Deng Liqun.

Mr Hu, also a member of the Standing Committee of the CAC, used to be a Politburo member in charge of ideology.

● Continued Page 2

## Cash and tears flow at concert

By EAMONN FITZPATRICK and DEAN NELSON

**THE things some people will do to show how much they love democracy ...**

**Canto-pop stars will make themselves look silly waving yellow handkerchiefs in formation, balding film directors will squeeze themselves into ill-fitting radical t-shirts, and normally sensible populations will mummify themselves with red, anti-feudalism pro-democracy Giordano labels.**

**The only conclusion must be that these people really do care about what is happening in China.**

**As crowds filed into the Happy Valley Racecourse yesterday, four chrome bins placed strategically near each entrance filled with $10 notes, fifties, and more than a few crisp red ones.**

**Indeed the money was pouring in. By 4 pm, organisers said they had already raised more than $4 million. By 11 pm that sum had grown to $12 million, with more to come.**

**One of the leading organisers, Mr Szeto Wah, declined to say how the money would be spent to help the Beijing students for fear the Chinese authorities might confiscate it.**

**Estimates put the size of the crowd at between 45,000 and 200,000. Whatever the exact figure, they turned out to see a Canto-pop treat, and give their support to the cause.**

**The list of stars scheduled to appear read like a who's who of the entertainment world, and included sexy megastar Anita Mui, and local heroes Kenny Bee, Roman Tam and kung fu actor Jackie Chan.**

**The show kicked off with the cast performing Lowell Lo's special composition *For Freedom*, dedicated to the Beijing students.**

**Later, Blue Jeans, an all-male group renowned for their flamboyant dress sense and flowing locks of hair, underwent a sponsored haircut before taking to the stage later in the evening.**

**During the day, organisers linked hands to form human railings to direct the crowds and nurses set up red cross medical points under the goal posts of the football pitches. By late afternoon, several people had fainted and a few were treated for minor injuries.**

**This was a family day out; even babies sported pro-democracy yellow headbands. More obviously, it was a star-studded concert for the masses.**

● Continued Page 3

☐ Frances Yip entertains the crowd.

## Decision on refugees postponed

By KATHY GRIFFIN

THE crucial decision on whether Hongkong could introduce forced repatriation of Vietnamese boat people will not be made at next month's Geneva conference on refugees, a senior United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees official said yesterday.

Major participants have instead agreed to postpone discussions on the issue until after the June 13-14 gathering.

Hongkong and other first asylum countries had pressed hard to get forced repatriation on the agenda of this, the first top-level international conference on Indochinese refugees in 10 years.

But the head of the UNHCR's regional bureau for Asia and Oceania, Sergio Vieira de Mello, said it was agreed otherwise at the final preparatory meeting for the conference which ended in Geneva early yesterday morning (Hongkong time).

"We had a long and difficult discussion on that and we have reached a consensus this evening on what we wish to recommend to the international conference," said Mr Vieira de Mello, who chaired the meeting.

"It falls short of Hongkong's expectations but that does not come as a surprise. Don't forget, Vietnam and Hongkong are not the only elements of this equation."

Delegates will be asked to let a steering committee, to be set up after the conference, handle the question of forced repatriation of boat people screened out as illegal immigrants. The committee will also monitor the progress of measures adopted at the gathering.

"We recommend that the steering committee work as a priority on the question of a date for which alternatives (to voluntary repatriation) would be examined and adopted as necessary," Mr Vieira de Mello said.

So far in Hongkong only about 300 of the more than 20,000 boat people have asked to go home and 143 have made the journey.

Delegates to the conference will be asked to adopt the Comprehensive Plan of Action (CPA), a document which calls for greater promotion among boat people of voluntary return.

The document says if this does not work then "alternatives" should be discussed at an unspecified date. It is widely held that forced repatriation, which is not mentioned by name in the CPA, is the only alternative. Even the UNHCR, which opposes forced returns, agrees on this point.

Mr Vieira de Mello said Vietnam agreed to study other options if voluntary repatriation failed, but did not indicate if it would take back boat people determined not to be refugees.

Vietnam attended the two-day preparatory meeting along with other members of a co-ordinating committee set up in March to look at how the CPA could be implemented.

Hongkong was represented by Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes, who was part of the British delegation. He could not be reached for comment. Refugee co-ordinator Mike Hanson yesterday said he had not yet spoken with Mr Barnes and would not comment on the results of the meeting.

Hongkong legislators supported the government's efforts to get a speedy introduction to forced repatriation, but some said in the May 17 debate on refugees that the first asylum policy should be reviewed if this did not happen.

Mr Vieira de Mello said that in addition to forced repatriation, screening and resettlement were discussed and there was "a great deal of satisfaction" in these areas.

Members heard how each first asylum country would determine whether a boat person was a refugee or an illegal immigrant, including Hongkong's plans to speed up its procedures.

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**WEATHER**

SUNNY PERIODS

**Today will be warm with sunny periods. Maximum temperature will be around 29 degrees.**

SUNDAY SPORT

## Soccer fans on rampage

POLICE arrested more than 100 people in Glasgow yesterday after running fights between Scottish and English football fans before the two countries clashed.

Police moved in after stones had been hurled through windows in the city centre and a smoke bomb had been set off. The game, won 2-0 by England, went ahead on schedule.

The disturbances occurred despite one of the biggest ever security operations mounted in Britain for a match that is regularly the target of hooligans.

Police had been alerted by a newspaper report that 3,000 English fans were heading north to cause havoc.

● Match Report: Page 16

● TODAY is the final race meeting of the season and all the latest news and views on the bumper 10-race program are in your 16-page *Racing Post*. Top tipsters, top form, top views – they'll be in today's *Racing Post*.

## Liberals lose heavily in Soviet polls

BORIS Yeltsin, the maverick former Moscow Party boss, was crushingly defeated yesterday along with almost every liberal *perestroika* supporter who aspired to membership of the first real Soviet legislature in 71 years of communist rule.

Historian Yuri Afanasyev, who has led the fight to debunk the myth of Josef Stalin as a god-like leader, immediately stood up and censured the conservative voting by members of the new Congress of People's Deputies.

"The Congress has selected a Stalin-Leonid Brezhnev-like Supreme Soviet," Mr Afanasyev said. "As regards qualification and expertise, it is of a low level."

Results of Friday's late-night vote for members of the new Supreme Soviet, the legislative body of the Soviet parliament, showed Mr Yeltsin lying 12th in a poll for 11 seats allocated to the Russian Federation, the largest Soviet republic.

Mr Yeltsin was the only candidate for the 271-member Council of Nationalities, one of the two chambers of the Supreme Soviet, to fail to get elected. In every other Soviet republic, the number of candidates matched the number of seats available.

The rejection of Mr Yeltsin was likely to provoke an angry reaction from Muscovites, who overwhelmingly elected him for a constituency representing the whole of Moscow on March 26.

Results of voting to the Council of the Union, announced later, showed that several other leading radicals besides Mr Yeltsin had failed to make it into the Supreme Soviet.

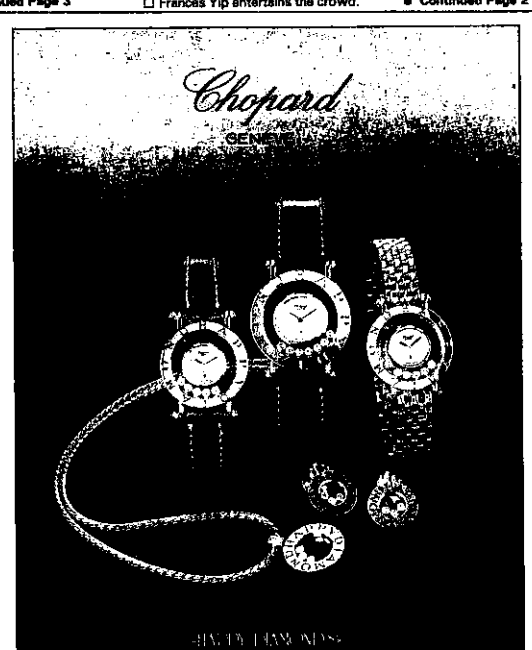
☐ Mr Yeltsin

Another defeated Moscow reformist, Gavril Popov, declared "the apparatus has undoubtedly won" and called on progressive deputies from throughout the country to form an independent deputies' group to fight the Communist Party and state bureaucrats.

"The apparatus clearly wants to get retaliation, clearly wants to impose its own way at the Congress," Mr Popov said. He said "deputies of a democratic orientation" sought at first to work with fellow parliamentarians, but that "from the beginning, our work has met with disbelief and prejudice."

The 2,250 members of congress voted through the night to select 542 members of a new Supreme Soviet – a body which will be divided into two houses – and meet eight months of year much like a Western parliament.

*Agencies*

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**The face of a fanatic** – Page 12

Stemming a tide of boat people – Page 10

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Thaw may spell doom for Nato – Page 11

**Summer Fashion** – Special Report


# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

May 28, 1989 Subscriber's copy/Not for sale


# Beijing braces for crackdown

## 200,000 troops, tanks deployed in the capital

**From Yau Shing-mu in Beijing**

BEIJING is bracing itself for possible military clashes which could be sparked by the simmering power struggle in the Communist Party.

And fears were intensified yesterday by the arrival of troop reinforcements despatched from diverse areas in China.

Reliable sources said about 200,000 army personnel were deployed in the capital along with heavy armoured vehicles, tanks and missiles.

The troops were drawn from military blocs who owed allegiance to various factions within the party.

One of the major factions was headed by Chinese President Yang Shangkun and Premier Li Peng, who declared martial law and mobilised troops on May 20.

They have accused a "small number of people" of using the student movement to attack the party.

The other influential faction was headed by Defence Minister Qin Jiwei, who has long been a close associate and supporter of China's paramount leader Deng Xiaoping.

However, it was not known whether Mr Qin's opposition to a crackdown on the student movement had caused a split between him and Mr Deng or moved him closer to the party's General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

Mr Zhao had been expected to step down after reportedly losing Mr Deng's backing.

An announcement about this was expected within a couple of days.

One source said more than 11 corps of troops had surrounded the outer city in two circles.

Eight of the corps were under the command of the Beijing Military Area, loyal to Mr Qin. Troops had also arrived from the Jinan, Chengdu and Guangzhou military areas.

Mr Qin was said to have clashed with the director of the PLA's general political department, Mr Yang Baibing, the Chinese president's younger brother.

In an unusual move, Mr Yang Baibing was said to have sent his men to troops to ensure that the party line, represented by Mr Li and Mr Yang, was adhered to.

Supporters of the Yangs basically come from middle-ranked officers in the army.

Residents, intellectuals and students have been disturbed by the heavy deployment of troops.

Students planned to withdraw from their protest at Tiananmen Square and didn't want to give the army a pretext to attack.

The people of Beijing now recognised the importance of the power struggle in the party and that the troops could be in the city for reasons other than cracking down on the students.

Mr Deng hadn't been seen in public for 10 days.

He disappeared from the spotlight after the Sino-Soviet summit on May 16 and hasn't said a thing since then. Mr Deng is the chairman of both the Communist Party and Central Military Commission.

The mobilisation and deployment of so many troops would normally need his approval.

At present there were three theories about Mr Deng.

The first held that Mr Deng was still in control and the actions of Mr Li and Mr Yang were fully backed by him. The troop deployment was intended to coerce other party leaders into line.

The second said that Mr Deng was no longer in control and the Li-Yang alliance was acting in his name while troops were being used to keep Mr Deng's supporters in the army in check.

The third theory held that Mr Deng had stayed above the factional fray. The display of troops was to balance the rival factions.

The above scenario suggested that the student movement had now become a pawn in the battle for power within the party.

Intellectuals and residents said they didn't think people would take to the streets if Mr Zhao's downfall was announced.

"We won't bother to save him," several workers said.

Though some leaders had accused Mr Zhao of "anti-party" activities, others felt the charges would not convince most party members.

Veterans like Chen Yun, Peng Zhen, Wang Zhen and Bo Yibo want Mr Zhao, a chief supporter of Deng's reforms, stripped of power.

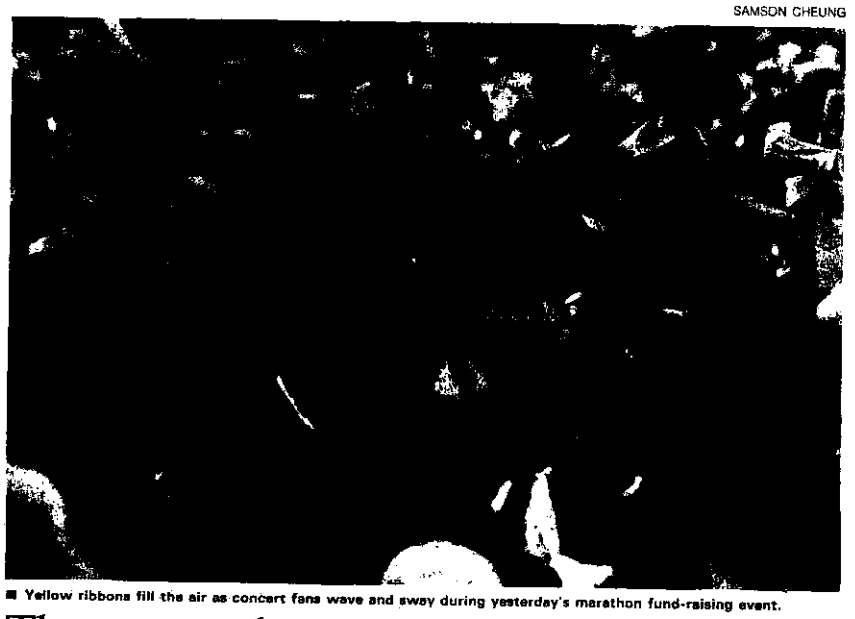
**A LOCAL pro-democracy group said yesterday it expected more than one million people to turn up for a massive demonstration today to support the demonstrators in Beijing.**

**A spokesman for the Hongkong Alliance for Supporting the Democratic Movement in China said the group planned to hold the biggest political rally ever seen in Hongkong.**

**Cheung Man-kwong said the alliance expected more than a million people to march from Central to North Point.**

**Mr Cheung, speaking at yesterday's fund-raising concert also reiterated the group's demand that Chinese Premier Li Peng stand down.**

SAMSON CHEUNG



■ Yellow ribbons fill the air as concert fans wave and sway during yesterday's marathon fund-raising event.

## Thousands cheer in support of democracy

**By Penny Mote**

**HUNDREDS of thousands of pro-democracy supporters turned Hongkong's first open-air fund-raising pop concert into a spectacular success.**

**The territory's "Live Aid" raised more than HK$12 million for the student movement in China yesterday, as supporters streamed into the Happy Valley race course from 10 am.**

**The stadium was packed with a well-behaved crowd that sat crossed legged waving bright yellow silk ribbons in time to the live Canto-pop.**

**Organised by the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Beijing Democratic Movement, the Concert For Democracy in China the 12-hour event drew many of the territory's top performers.**

**More than 150 artists including Anita Mui, Jacky Chan, Sally Yip, Kenny B and Maria Cordero donated their voices for the concert, arranged in just three days by the Alliance committee.**

**The audience – largely young Chinese school students – responded only to the better-known artists with frenzied rag-waving and screams as local heartthrobs took to the stage.**

**Some of the more obscure artists were greeted with indifference. Ribbons were cast into the mud and the crowd talked amongst themselves.**

**There were few similarities to those idealistic open-air concerts of the Sixties.**

**Yesterday they sipped Vitasoy, clapping politely at the end of each act. But by Hongkong standards it was an historical occasion, a whisper of protest against mainland oppression.**

**Throughout the day the makeshift stage was crammed to capacity with artists, musicians, bouncers and Alliance volunteers – all clad in the much-coveted Campaign For Democracy in Beijing T-shirts.**

**When, halfway through the concert, a newsflash announced the occupation of Tiananmen Square had ended, an Alliance spokesman informed the audience that Chinese students would still get the money raised from the concert. But he said he was unable to reveal how the money would get to them.**

**One of the two organisers, vice president of the Hongkong Affairs Society, Lee Wai Kit said the Alliance committee was in constant contact with the protesters in Beijing through student groups in Hongkong and journalists in the Chinese capital.**

**"The students in China really support the Hongkong people and what we are doing here."**

**"When they heard about our mass rally last Sunday they were very enthusiastic."**

**Mr Lee said all the performers felt it was necessary to show their support in the struggle for democracy and freedom in China.**

**"Everyone understands our future depends on the outcome**

**Cont'd Page 3, Column 7**

## Pop stars raise $12m at concert

**By Leung Sze-man**

MORE than $12 million was raised yesterday for students protesting in Beijing during a 12-hour concert at Happy Valley racecourse featuring singers from Taiwan, China and Hongkong.

About 200,000 people streamed into the racecourse for the show – the longest ever in Hongkong with the biggest crowd.

The proceeds will be handed directly to student leaders in the Chinese capital through representatives of the All Hongkong Alliance in support of the Chinese Patriotic Democratic Movement, a 50-group coalition formed during last Sunday's mass rally.

The huge crowd was in high spirits throughout the concert which was compered by James Wong and John Sham, who stressed that the fight for a strong and democratic China was a long-term one.

"Don't be disheartened. Let's fight on. Sing with all your passion and donate as much as you can for freedom and for a democratic China," said Mr Wong.

The crowd started pouring into the racecourse at 6 am and some early birds arrived at 2 am.

The concert opened with a documentary film about the movement after the death of former Communist Party chief, Hu Yaobang, on April 15.

This was followed by all the performers singing theme song *For Freedom* which was especially composed for the occasion.

Patriotic songs like *Heir Of The Dragon*, *Be A Brave Chinese*, *Chinese Dream*, *I Am Chinese* and morale-boosting songs like *We Shall Overcome* and *The Greatest Love Of All* were performed by artistes.

News reports about latest developments in Beijing, screened live, sparked a strong reaction.

**Cont'd Page 2, Column 9**

# Diehards plan to withdraw from square on Tuesday

**From Fan Cheuk-wan in Beijing and Priscilla Leung**

STUDENTS demonstrating for democracy last night announced they would end their occupation of Tiananmen Square on Tuesday – 10 days after Premier Li Peng declared martial law.

The announcement came on the eve of anti-government marches across China.

Student leaders, claiming a "moral victory," made the announcement in the square as martial law entered its second week in Beijing.

But the main student leaders – Wang Dan, Wu'er Kaixi and Chai Ling – warned that "this does not mean the end".

"This is a long-term movement, and we reserve the right to deshonstrate again," they said.

They declared they would mark the end of the two-week occupation with a big demonstration on Tuesday to mark what they call the historic pro-democracy movement.

The decision to end the occupation came after a joint meeting of student leaders, workers and intellectuals yesterday.

Student leaders said the final decision to call off the demonstration would be made only after a democratic vote of 300 college representatives.

Despite the calls for solidarity, thousands of people have left the square as workers began moving in to clean up.

Despite the dwindling numbers, a hard core of students are determined to stay until Tuesday.

The students also proposed declaring April 27 to be the "Chinese Festival of Democracy and Liberty". April 27 was the day hundreds of thousands of students and workers took to the streets to protest a *People's Daily* editorial which accused the student's movement of creating chaos.

They also claimed that to end the demonstration in the Tiananmen Square did not mean it was an end of the pro-democratic movement.

Instead, they would send propaganda teams to different cities to educate people about the meaning of the movement and to make them understand the situation in Beijing to gain wider nationwide support.

Yesterday student representatives criticised the Chinese government who accused some party members of using the student movement to cloud the real issue – that being a struggle for power within the party.

The student leaders said the pro-democracy movement was a self-organised autonomous movement and their main purpose was to fight for political reform.

They said that if Premier Li Peng and Mr Chen Xitong, the Beijing Municipal Mayor, insisted on carrying out their policies, they were bound to fail.

Some student organisers said they were not sure whether their proposal would be accepted by most students.

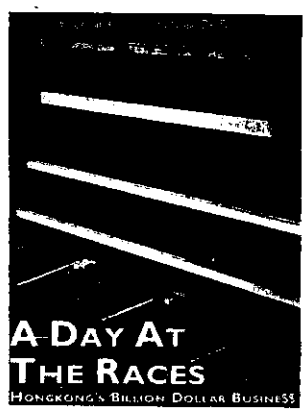
"It seems that students who have been involved in the demonstration for a long time tend to agree with us," said one organiser while expressing the difficulty they were facing as more students drifted away.

"It is hard to get a consensus with continuous changes of elements."

"Leaving actively and graciously is better than being driven and suppressed pitifully. We know that the government would not make any concessions to our requests no matter how much longer we are here," another organiser said.

"But we still insist on what we have been fighting for including the official denial of the *People's Daily* editorial and fair dialogue with the government."

■ Wang Dan announces actions for Tuesday.




## Your World on Sunday

No one would deny Hongkong's position as one of the world's leading horseracing centres.

Racing Editor Ken Martinus looks back on an industry which in the past 20 years has grown into a multi billion dollar industry.

She knows racial persecution, speaks out for Algerian rebels, and became the victim of a ferocious Aids rumour.

Isabelle Adjani is a warrior of the oppressed and France's greatest actress. Robin Smyth interviews her in her Paris home.

We also continue our series on the end of the cold war with a report from Berlin where the Allies still believe in the Red threat.

In our Books section we review Stanley Karnow's book: *In our Image:America's Empire in the Philippines.*

Plus regular features: Barry Grindrod's restaurant review; Felicia Sorensen's cooking plus Maisie Pearson on wine.

Arts editor Vernon Ram previews an exhibition of water colours and Kevin Sinclair wanders the world's newest wine trail.

Fashion writer Winsome Lane looks at the latest fashions and we introduce a new motoring column.

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON

"Don't encourage him, Sylvia."

## Ivory kings close shop

TWO brothers embroiled in an international outcry over ivory trading are folding their Hongkong business.

The multi-million dollar a year empire of Tat Hing Poon and his younger brother George has crumbled in the world's crackdown on a trade which preys on the wholesale slaughter of elephants.

● Full Story on Page 5

## Hooligans run riot

GLASGOW: Police made more than 100 arrests yesterday after running fights between Scottish and English football fans at Hampden Park.

The disturbances occurred despite one of the biggest ever security operations mounted in Britain.

## Uno tipped to take over

TOKYO: Japanese Foreign Minister Sosuke Uno appeared likely yesterday to succeed Noboru Takeshita as prime minister.

Mr Uno is one of the few senior politicians untouched by the country's biggest post-war political scandal which has ripped apart the ruling party.

The national broadcasting network NHK reported Mr Takeshita and Shintaro Abe, General Secretary of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP), had decided on Mr Uno in the latest meeting to find a successor.

Mr Takeshita has said he would resign to take responsibility for the Recruit scandal, which has paralysed much of the government process.

Recruit, a publishing and telecommunications group, gave massive amounts of money and unlisted shares to politicians, officials and businessmen to advance its business.

Mr Uno, 66, who is to leave Tokyo today for international meetings in Paris and Brussels, told NHK reporters he had not officially received any offer and was going ahead with his trip.

But analysts said the LDP, deeply embarrassed by the refusal of party elder Masayoshi Ito to accept the position, would not have let Mr Uno's name emerge if it had not secured his agreement.

This is expected to be formalised later this week.

Tadashi Iyasu, professor of politics at Osaka University, said: "Uno will probably accept. He is not as respected or as untainted as Ito, but he can shift the attention away from the (Recruit) problem. There seems to be no opposition which means no one seems to be afraid of him."

Mr Ito refused because LDP leaders would not support his aim of cleaning up a system where politicians depend on a variety of forms of sponsorship to meet the costs of maintaining parliamentary office.

Speculation that Mr Uno had been chosen emerged in Japan's national newspapers yesterday. Despite having steered clear of any connection with the scandal, Mr Uno is a leading member of a faction led by former prime minister Yasuhiro Nakasone.

Mr Uno had been ruled out of contention by Mr Nakasone's refusal to testify on his role.

But Mr Nakasone's appearance on Thursday, from which he emerged unscathed, cleared the way.

So far, 15 people, including Takao Fujinami, who was Mr Nakasone's chief cabinet secretary, have been charged with involvement in the Recruit affair. Three cabinet ministers including Mr Takeshita have resigned.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14953期（代号1—1）

1989年5月29日 星期一 己巳年四月廿五
北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 30℃ 最低 17℃

人民日报社出版


各地群众给党中央国务院来电来信

## 希望天安门广场静坐学生尽快返校复课

### 有些函电建议党和政府充分考虑学生合理要求

**新华社北京5月28日讯** 中央办公厅、国务院办公厅信访局消息：近几天来，各地群众对仍在天安门广场静坐的学生甚为关切，不断给党中央、国务院来电来信，要求转告这些学生尽快撤离天安门广场，回校复课。北京市海淀区一位市民来信说，市民、学生，大家都要理智，什么事情都有个过程。要尽快恢复秩序，只有政府能正常工作，才能解决存在的问题。黑龙江省大庆市大同区五金建材经销处负责人来电呼吁：亲爱的同学们，你们提出的问题党和政府已明确的答复了，现在需要的是理智、克制，在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题。希望同学们立即停止静坐，返校复课，用自己的行动证明自己的爱国之心。湖南省安化县梅城中学44位中学生来电说，我们高度赞扬大哥大姐们的爱国精神，但不赞成于国于民于己不利的游行、静坐。四川江津油溪综合厂党支部来电说，学生感受爱国，就要顾全大局，不能继续静坐了。

有些来信来电建议党和政府充分考虑学生的合理要求，并为他们撤离天安门广场提供方便。有的在天安门广场静坐的学生也反映了同样的意见。中办国办信访局已将这些意见转达中央领导同志。中央领导同志嘱中办国办信访局再次告诉广大学生：党中央、国务院充分肯定了学生的爱国热情，对一些有过激言行的同学不追究责任，为学生撤离广场提供方便，继续广泛地以多种层次、多种渠道与学生以及其他各界人士座谈对话。现在天气炎热，广场卫生条件恶差，一旦发生疫情，后果不堪设想。希望广大学生爱惜身体，尽快返校复课，为恢复首都和各地正常秩序而积极努力。

高法高检负责人全总书记处分别表示

## 坚决拥护党中央国务院决策

### 工业战线六个总公司致函中央

**新华社北京5月28日电** 最高人民法院负责人和最高人民检察院负责人分别发表谈话，表示坚决拥护中央决策，发挥职能作用，维护社会安定。

最高人民法院负责人的谈话如下：

“近一时期，人民解放军、公安干警、武警和社会各界为制止动乱、维护安定，进行了不懈的努力。我们坚决拥护负北京市部分地区戒严任务部队的全体官兵、公安干警、武警表示敬意和慰问。向日夜坚守工作岗位，为维护首都秩序、保证社会生活正常运转付出了艰苦劳动的机关、工厂、商店和企事业单位的干部职工表示感谢。

“北京的事态表明，极少数人利用青年学生的爱国热情制造动乱，如不迅速扭转局面，稳定局势，就会导致全国范围的大动乱。为了制止动乱，恢复首都秩序，保卫要害部门和公共财产不受侵犯，保卫人民的生命和财产安全，李鹏同志宣布了中共中央政治局常委会的重大决策，杨尚昆同志作了重要讲话，我们完全拥护。国务院关于在北京市部分地区实行戒严的决定，是根据我国宪法第89条第16项的规定作出的，是合法的、正确的。人民解放军奉命来京执行戒严任务，是符合广大人民群众利益的，是完全必要的。我们人民法院要认真履行宪法和法律赋予的职责，充分发挥审判职能作用。对聚机破坏社会治安，扰乱社会秩序，情节严重的首要分子；对一切进行打、砸、抢、烧的犯罪分子，要坚决依法严惩，努力为维护秩序、稳定局势做出应有的贡献。

“我们看到，广大青年学生出自爱国热情，要求惩治贪污、受贿、“官倒”等腐败行为，这同党和政府要努力实现的目标是一致的。这也是人民法院的一项重要任务。几年来我们在党中央的领导和全国人大及其常委会的监督下，一直坚持依法严厉打击各种严重危害社会治安的犯罪活动和各种严重经济犯罪活动。1988年，全国法院审结经济犯罪案件55710件，判处被告人74923名。其中，判处贪污案件被告人8428名，判处受贿案件被告人1594名。判处投机倒把案件被告人1699名，判处走私案件被告人198名。今年第一季度，人民法院又受理了13787件经济犯罪案件。今年2月20日，最高人民法院发出通知，要求全国各级人民法院在坚持依法从严惩处严重经济犯罪活动时，要特别注意依法严惩贪污、受贿、投机倒把和走私等严重经济犯罪分子。3月15日，最高人民法院与最高人民检察院联合发出了《关于当前处理企业事业单位、机关、团体投机倒把犯罪案件的规定》，对社会上关心的依法惩治“官倒”的适用法律问题作出了重要的司法解释，并通过新闻界向全国通报了司法解释的有关情况。3月初，我们召开了全国高级法院院长座谈会，对严厉打击严重危害社会治安的犯罪活动和严重经济犯罪活动，进一步作了具体部署。同时，我们还召开了全国法院廉政建设工作会议，向全国法院工作人员提出了拒绝腐蚀、清正廉洁、秉公执法的明确要求。这两个会议的精神，目前各级法院正在认真贯彻执行。

“为了保证治理整顿、深化改革的顺利进行，我们欢迎广大人民群众，广大爱国师生，对于经济领域的犯罪活动，尤其是贪污、受贿、投机倒把、走私等严重犯罪，进行揭发检举。人民法院将依照法律程序认真进行处理。对于检举人，一定依法保护，使之不受侵害。对于起诉到法院的案件，我们都将坚持公民在法律面前一律平等的宪法原则，严格依法办事。对于这类案件，我们坚持公开审判，并公开宣判，使法院的审判活动，置于广大人民群众的监督之下。我们真诚地希望广大人民群众，广大爱国师生给予支持，同贪污、受贿、投机倒把、走私等严重犯罪分子，作坚决斗争。

“大家知道，我们搞四化，搞改革开放，关键是稳定。没有稳定的局面，那什么事也就干不成了。什么改革开放，什么民主法制，什么社会主义现代化建设，都无从谈起；广大青年学生促进社会主义民主和法制、惩治贪污、受贿、“官倒”等腐败分子的良好愿望，也将落空。现在事态的发展已经完全不以广大青年学生的意志为转移了。我们真诚希望广大青年学生，要珍惜安定团结的局面，从大局考虑，以党的利益、国家的前途和民族的命运为重，立即返校复课，恢复正常的教学秩序，有什么意见和要求，完全可以通过正常的民主与法制的渠道反映，求得解决。”

最高人民检察院负责人的谈话如下：

“全国检察机关认真学习贯彻李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委为恢复首都正常秩序而采取的各项措施，发挥职能作用，维护社会治安，促进廉政建设，保卫改革和建设的顺利进行。

“5月20日，最高人民检察院召开干部会议，布置全体工作人员认真学习了李鹏、杨尚昆同志在首都党政军干部大会上的讲话。同志们认为，当前的形势是严峻的，极少数人践踏社会主义法制，否定中国共产党的领导和社会主义制度，严重地破坏了正常的生产、工作、学习和生活秩序。这是一场关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃的政治斗争。党中央、国务院决定采取的坚决果断措施是十分必要的，也是不得已的，不如此就不可能迅速制止动乱，后果不堪设想。在学习讨论中，同志们强调指出，李鹏总理签署的在北京部分地区实行戒严的国务院令，是符合我国宪法规定的。宪法第89条第16项规定：国务院有权“决定省、自治区、直辖市的范围内部分地区的戒严”。在北京部分地区实行戒严，是为了坚决制止动乱而采取的一种紧急措施，这对于恢复首都秩序，保卫要害部门和公共财产不受侵犯，保卫人民的生命和财产安全，具有十分重要的意义。

（下转第二版）

## 总政治部领导同志代表戒严部队 感谢首都和全国各界人士的支持

**新华社北京5月28日电** 人民解放军总政治部消息：人民解放军一些部队奉命担负北京部分地区戒严任务以来，不断收到一些机关、企业、院校和群众团体、街道居民、个体户等各界人士的慰问信和捐款，还有不少食品、饮料、蔬菜、肉蛋和其他慰问品。总政领导同志认为，这充分体现了广大群众对党中央、国务院迅速制止动乱、稳定局势的正确决策的拥护与支持，体现了社会各界对子弟兵的关怀与爱戴。这对担负戒严任务的部队和全军官兵都是很大激励和鼓舞，戒严部队广大官兵要总政代表他们向广大人民群众表示深切的感谢！

总政领导同志说，目前，戒严部队在后勤部门的组织和北京市委、市政府和一些区、县领导机关以及广大人民群众的关怀下，食宿都得到了妥善安排，物资供应是有保证的。北京地区天气日渐炎热，赠送物品特别是食品在运送途中不好保存，容易造成浪费，鉴于上述情况，请不要再向戒严部队赠款赠物。人民子弟兵决心完成好戒严任务，以实际行动回答党和政府的重托，回答首都和全国各族人民的关怀。

李锡铭陈希同等代表北京市委市府

## 慰问坚持生产维护稳定的首钢职工

今天晚上，中共中央政治局委员、北京市委书记李锡铭，国务委员、北京市市长陈希同等代表市委和市政府慰问了坚持生产、维护稳定的首钢职工。

在首钢负责人周冠五等陪同下，李锡铭、陈希同等来到首钢炼铁厂二高炉，看望了在这里坚持生产的炉前工，同他们一一握手。李锡铭亲切大声指出：“工人阶级真了不起，我们全市人民向你们学习，向你们致敬。”

首钢的同志汇报了今年以来的生产情况：1至4月，实现利润比去年同期增加24%，5月份又有新的提高，周冠五说：“首钢职工反对动乱，因为我们深深懂得安定团结的重要性。没有安定的社会环境，首钢的改革就难以取得连续十年利润递增20%的成就。”

李锡铭、陈希同对首钢工人在当前这场关系到国家和民族前途命运的严肃政治斗争中表现的高度主人翁责任感表示钦佩，赞扬他们旗帜鲜明，立场坚定，克服种种困难，坚持生产，为维护首都的安定团结和正常生产秩序作出了重要贡献，说明工人阶级不愧是发展生产和维护安定团结的主力军。

李锡铭、陈希同指出，当前极少数人并没有放弃继续制造动乱的企图，恢复首都正常秩序、维护社会安定的任务还很艰巨。他们希望首钢工人继续发挥主力军作用，为制止动乱、维护安定团结、尽快恢复正常秩序、推进改革和建设作出新贡献。

## 内部大力挖潜今年利税仍可大幅度增长

## 扬子冰箱总厂向用户让利二亿

### 企业平抑物价大有可为

**本报讯** 最近升为国家大型企业的扬子冰箱总厂，为平抑市场物价走出关键的一步，日前决定将每台冰箱售价下降23%，今年给消费者总让利可达2亿多元。

扬子冰箱冷冻室容量大，款式新颖高雅，耗电少，更有“外取冷饮，密封挂盒”两个专利为辅助功能，质量好，去年下半年一投放市场便成为抢手货，并迅速在国际市场打开销路。去年这个厂产值1.67亿元，利税6250万元，人均劳动生产率11万元，三项指标均居全国机械行业之首。从意大利引进的具有80年代先进水平的生产线，目前已形成年产50万台的能力，被国务院批准为出口基地企业。

扬子冰箱总厂的巨额让利，是以优化设计、强化管理为前提，以降低消耗、增大批量为后盾的。今年计划生产30万台，比去年增加3倍。该厂总经理、全国优秀企业家窦中光对记者说，企业不靠钱是要垮台的。这次尽管让利二亿多元，但内部挖潜工作做得好，库利多销，今年税利仍可比去年有较大幅度增长，创汇可达1000多万美元。在这次让利出台之前，这个厂对冰箱进一步优化设计，成本有所下降，性能更加稳定可靠，200升冰箱耗电量下降至每天0.8度左右，达到国内同类产品的最高水平。为确保质量，他们从原材料、零部件开始就严格检测；对关键部位从人员、设备、仪器到生产条件、制作工艺，都有质量控制点，每台冰箱都建有档案。与此同时，他们加强售后服务，严格执行“三包”政策，现在已建立了187个服务网点，各省都有维修中心，从而使用户对扬子冰箱增加了信任感。

扬子冰箱大幅度的降价后，工厂发扬风格，对于商业部门尚未售出的货，用变通办法给予妥善解决。他们还同销售部门签订合同，向群众公开出厂价格，防止“倒手”在流通领域渔利，保证做到真正让利于民。

（陈俊仓）

## 北京戒严第九天

**本报北京5月29日凌晨讯** 昨天是星期天，市民们似乎已经失去刚公布戒严令时的那种疑虑感，大小商店又是一派熙熙攘攘的景象。

下午2时许，以高校学生为主体的游行队伍口号声声，通过长安街绕行天安门广场，这一带交通短时间内受阻。据游行队伍的广播车宣称，这次游行是对海外华人发起的一次活动的响应。

天安门广场传出的消息说，尽管各地捐赠的一批新帐篷刚刚支起，学生们仍有可能近日内撤走。

入夜，暑气不退。各路口成了市民们纳凉、聚谈的场所。对北京人来说，歌星演唱会和高水平球赛吸引力似乎已不像以往那样大了。仍然驻扎城外的武警部队，不断接待被派去的慰问团。一些文艺工作者的演出，在官兵中博得阵阵喝采声。

## 黑龙江一些领导干部以权谋房

### 省委已制定出清理纠正的相应规定

**新华社哈尔滨5月28日电**（记者张铎坚）黑龙江省纪律检查委员会最近的一项调查表明，一些领导干部在住房建房中以权谋私的问题比较严重。省委已制定出清理、纠正的相应规定。

利用职权多要房，住房超过规定面积，是一个带普遍性的问题。省政府机关副处级以上干部中，住房超过规定面积的有520人。绥棱县77名处级干部中，有23人住房超过规定面积，最多的超过64平方米。省经贸厅一名局级干部有4套住房，其中一套长期空闲，群众反映强烈。

有些领导干部滥用公款或乱拉资金为自己买房、建房或装修住房。嘉荫地区一名处级干部挪用一项专款共21600元，为自己买了一处住房。望奎县物资局党委一名副书记，让物资局下属的3个公司“资助”他4万元，建了4间住房。伊春市副处级以上干部中，用公款装修住房的占28%。

有些领导干部借住房改革之名，利用职权低价买公房。北安市文化局一名副局长仅花426元，买了一处56平方米的住房，平均每平方米不到8元。阿城市宝克图镇一名副镇长用2800元买的一处住房，转手卖了17000元。

省纪委的这项调查，引起了黑龙江省委的高度重视。省委决定对党政干部在住房建房方面的不正之风，按以下规定清理和纠正：干部住房面积超过规定10平方米以下的，加收房租，超过10平方米以上的，原则上退出超过部分或予以调整住房；利用职权用公费装修住房的，费用由住房人偿还；对私自转让、出租或卖掉的公房，收回后另行分配，并追缴当事人的非法所得，对乱拉资金官建私房的，限期偿还全部资金，无力偿还的，以房产抵偿，等等。

省委还要求进一步建立健全住房建房方面的各项规章制度，并将这些制度公布于众。

△ 在5月14日辽宁第一△
个残疾人活动日中，全省开展残疾人为社会服务、社会为残疾人服务、残疾人与健全人联谊活动，受到社会各界欢迎。仅大连市就有300多名残疾人和数以万计的市民上街，展示项目有服装剪裁、理发、修理等。图为残疾人资本良在修表。

本报记者 廖 江摄影报道

国家统计局等部门公布六项重要经济指标

## 头四月固定资产投资有所减少

**本报讯** 国家统计局、国家计委、财政部、中国人民银行日前公布的六项重要经济指标表明：1至4月，固定资产投资有所减少，信贷逐月扩大，工业经济效益还在下滑。

据介绍，1至4月，全民所有制单位固定资产投资完成额为304亿元，比去年同期下降3.6%。信贷规模呈逐月扩大的态势。4月末，全国银行各项贷款余额达10615亿元，比年初增加83.78亿元。尤其是固定资产投资贷款在增加，4月末比年初增加了投资贷款的地区由一季度的4个扩大到9个，信贷又有支持投资扩大的趋势。

经济指标还显示，劳动生产率缓慢上升。全民所有制独立核算工业全员劳动生产率，1至2月比去年同期只增长0.6%，其后有所回升，1至4月增长3.1%。工业销售利税率继续下降。1至4月全民所有制预算内工业销售利税率为17.44%，比去年同期下降1.88个百分点。同时，工业产品成本不断上升。1至4月，全民所有制预算内工业可比产品成本上升17.1%，比去年同期多16.6个百分点，全国各地区几乎全面上升。

## 农牧产品价格提高 一季度农民现金收入增加

**新华社北京5月28日电**（记者瞿立业）在国家根据紧缩和生产资料价格暴涨的不利情况下，今年第一季度我国农民现金收入仍比去年同期有较大增加。据国家统计局农村调查总队最新抽样调查，今年首季我国农民人均现金收入达163元（不含储蓄借贷现金收入，下同），比去年同期增加37元，增长29.9%，扣除物价上涨因素，实际增长3.4%。

据调查，农牧产品价格提高是农民现金收入增加的主要原因。第一季度农民出售农牧产品收入人均为81.1元，比去年同期增加21.6元，增长36.3%，其中，由于价格上涨而增加的收入就占70.2%。首季农民从事二、三产业所得现金收入增长也较快。

## 首季查处价格违法案逾13万件

### 经济制裁总金额2.2亿多元

**新华社北京5月28日电** 据国家物价局提供的情况，今年第一季度，全国共查处各类价格违法案件137907件，表出非法所得23947.45万元，经济制裁总金额为22567.98万元，其中95.8%已上缴财政。

与去年一季度相比，查出的非法所得、经济制裁总金额和上缴财政金额都有较大幅度的增加，增幅分别为69.7%、87.8%、90.2%。

据分析，价格违法大案要案多发生于工交、物资、供销企业及批发商业企业。从商品分类看，又多是生活消费品。虽然工农业生产资料方面的违法案件在案件总数中只占7.86%，但违法金额却占总金额的61.8%。

## 利用职权私分公款受处分 马山县原县委书记和县长

**新华社南宁5月28日电** 广西壮族自治区纪委新近发出通报，马山县原县委书记霍维良，原县委副书记、县长陈义强利用职权私分公款2万元，受到党纪政纪处分：霍维良留党察看两年，降两级工资；陈义强留党察看两年，建议撤销行政职务，工资降两级。其他参与者也都受到了处分。

1984年底，由马山县税务部门负责征收大化电厂电力工商税超额完成，按规定，马山县应返还大化电厂33万元。大化电厂代厂长王其全、厂党委书记杨长宇和陈义强商定，从33万元中拿出5万元，其中3万元留给马山县财政局，其余2万元由马山县和大化电厂主要领导干部私分。霍维良表示同意。霍维良分得4000元，陈义强分得4800元。

1985年7月，马山县开始整党。霍维良、陈义强等人为掩盖私分2万元公款的错误，用县经委名义写了马山县向大化电厂借款的报报告。在一些干部、群众向上级揭发后，霍维良、陈义强等人感到压力越来越大，于次年2月返款。自治区纪委写出处定处理。

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# 全球華人民主大遊行
# 香港逾百萬民眾響應

## 新聞簡報

- 美商看中國政局與貿易機會……二版
- 竹下登周五辭職將由宇野繼任……三版
- 警方破獲「毒品超級市場」搜獲逾二千萬元毒品……五版
- 九龍新界有民主集會……六版

## 北京學生昨環市遊行
### 市民夾道歡呼　秩序井然不影響交通

【本報北京二十八日專電】北京市各大專院校和全國各省市到北京聲援靜坐的學生數萬人，今天響應「全世界華人大遊行」的倡議，舉行了環市遊行。

遊行隊伍分成多路，於上午十時從北京大學、人民大學、清華大學、對外經貿大學和天安門廣場出發，沿不同的路線環市遊行。

各遊行隊伍打出了「全球華人齊聲吼，一、二、三，我們要自由」、「全球華人血肉相連」等橫幅。

各遊行隊伍原定在建國門匯合，但由於遊行時間不同，隊伍未在建國門會合。

遊行隊伍由數百至數千人不等，在分散行進之下，內交通未受到嚴重影響。

隊伍沿途呼喊口號、高唱歌曲，吸引了成千上萬市民駐足而觀。所到處，市民都報以掌聲和歡呼，並隨即舉行聲勢浩大的市民大遊行。在北京的學生今日白天則在遊行，故他們只有一部份人參加今晚的示威活動。

遊行隊伍由數百至數千人不等，在分散行進之下，最大城市五萬人和上海約十萬人參加遊行。巨大橫額，走在隊伍前面。

遊行組織者說，希望配合今天全球大遊行的遊行隊伍所經之處，能進一步喚起廣大民眾的民主意識，聲援北京學生。

遊行者今晚顯得成一支活潑澎湃的隊伍。

遊行者不忘為中國的政治現狀大聲疾呼，要求「撤銷戒嚴令」、「罷免李鵬」、「懲辦凶手」、「召開兩會」、「新聞自由」等口號，表達人們對時局的關注。

遊行的標語亦以針對中國的政治現實為主，例如「堅決反對官倒」、「反對通貨膨脹」、「反對特權」、「反對腐敗」、「反對官僚主義」、「反對壟斷」、「反對貪污」、「反對軍閥」、「反對專制」、「反對獨裁」、「民主萬歲」、「反腐敗」、「反官倒」、「封建下台，民主上台」、「中國人民大團結萬歲」等口號，又高唱《為自由》、《男兒當自強》等歌曲，至於前一陣子最響亮的「李鵬下台」口號仍有人呼出這個口號，而且得到響應。

遊行隊伍加強了糾察工作，維持秩序，以防警車、電單車和自由萬歲」、「民主萬歲」、「反獨裁，反獨裁」、「反鎖壓，反官倒」、「封建下台，民主上台」、「中國人民大團結萬歲」等口號，又高唱《為自由》、《男兒當自強》等歌曲，至於前一陣子最響亮的「李鵬下台」口號仍有人呼出這個口號，而且得到響應。

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## 二時出發　九時結束
## 香港遊行達八小時
## 人數破上周日紀錄

隊伍熱情高漲不斷高呼「民主萬歲」等口號

【本報訊】佔前近一百五十萬香港市民昨日響應了「全球華人民主大遊行」。隊伍由遊行道出發後行至北角，然後沿東區走廊折返，至興發街散去。整個遊行達八小時，參加與觀群人數之多，打破了上周日「百萬人大遊行」的紀錄，寫下香港歷史新一頁。（遊行隊伍照片刊十六版）

「全球華人民主大遊行」在香港的響應，是於下午二時許正式出發，但昨天一早，已有不少市民陸續前往銅鑼灣、維園集合，準備參加遊行。

大遊行的人潮便開始於中午十二時許湧至維園一帶，當時維園已聚集了數萬人，而金鐘道上的行人天橋網絡，沿途的建築物平台或地下空地，地鐵站出口也被大批情侶插針不下，只待隊伍出發。

一連串演講之後，設在遊行道中央的「指揮部」於下午二時十分宣佈，隊伍正式出發。在警車、音響車開路下，龍頭打出「全球華人民主大遊行」的橫額，精神抖擻，萬眾開步，突破了連日來炎熱的天氣，以警員「開路」，使隊伍順利進發。

不少團體的隊伍早已集結在美利道、紅棉道、軍器廠街、公園街和慶雲道，和城市花園居民揮手致意，又或者迎面歡迎加入，他們包括留美學生會、團結、香港學生等。由於這次遊行的秩序良好，先頭部隊一小時後便開入假日的港島心臟地區銅鑼灣，沿途市民的歡呼、車輛的響號，加上標語的橫額，遊行隊伍熱情高漲。

昨日天色晴朗，步上空曠的東區走廊，都被團得滿滿通紅

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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# 全球各地華人昨日舉行大遊行
# 香港逾百萬人再上街支持學運

## 要求保障人權反對專制
## 京逾十萬人環市遊行
### 香港規模空前 滬遊行者達數萬

【本報訊】綜合各地消息：「通遠的東方有一條龍，他的名字就叫中國！」深沉的歌聲，全世界每一個華人都熟悉的旋律，在過去二十四小時內通過衛星在世界的許多角落，身為中國人的自豪感，與對自己擁有五千年歷史的古國的憂思之情，扣緊每一個黃皮膚、黑眼睛的中國人的心靈。他們紛紛走上街頭聲援北京學生「全球華人大遊行」的號召，要求在中國早日實現民主、自由，早日實現四個現代化，使中華民族，能夠真正自立於世界民族之林。

**北京** 勢浩大的環市遊行，要求保障人權，反對專制，並且喊出了民主萬歲，自由萬歲，新聞自由萬歲等口號。

**上海** 雖在人民大學生，打出了「首都」。

**香港** 昨日，人數最多的首次香港市民遊行，有近一百五十萬人參加，有的被稱為「國際歌的歌聲，穿過雨網，出現在今天集會上的標語，多集中於「爭取民主」、「愛國無罪」等內容上。

大學生們，從三點多鐘時開始，陸續由人民廣場出發，在上海各主要街道上遊行，至五點多鐘，學生們各自遊行回校。

**澳門** 參加遊行的人數亦逾四萬人，市民們首先舉行了民主集會，然後舉行了長達兩小時的遊行，遊行結束後通過今次「京港生的信息，他們並先後兩次將一份英文宣言送交領事館，但均被拒絕接受。

洛杉磯、南加州來自台灣、香港及中國大陸的華人昨日的大遊行中各自發表了自己的宣言，聲援大陸的學生運動。聲為北京學生的行動是愛國行動，目的是反對腐敗、反對貧窮及反官僚。隊伍集合後，從華中山銅像廣場出發，經市中心遊行至中國駐洛杉磯總領事館，他們手持橫幅，

**悉尼** 【又訊】據本報駐悉尼記者報道：在澳洲悉尼上午一時許集結人街，伍維言：中國一日未有民主，他們的支持一日不停。

【本報記者綜合報道】在澳洲悉尼、約三千餘名中國留學生及華僑昨日下午舉行了聲援北京學生的大遊行。

大遊行的隊伍，從悉尼市中心的海德公園出發，經過悉尼市中心的主要街道，最後到達悉尼市中心的中國城。

遊行隊伍中，有的舉著「中國人不可分離的關係」的橫幅，有的舉著「自由民主萬歲！」的橫幅，有的舉著「在北京市中心的廣西遊行，高呼支持大陸學生的口號。

在向北以南三百七十公里的高雄，警方說，約有一萬名學生和中山大學教師在街上遊行。文學系教授余光中在集會上朗誦了自己所作的一首名為「一天安門，我們來了。」的詩。

## 結束靜坐主張遭反對
## 柴玲深夜提辭呈
### 廣場指揮部凌晨盡力挽留

【本報記者綜合報道】「保衛天安門廣場指揮部」總指揮柴玲，昨晚在北京發出辭職，一般相信，她是由於自己與部份學生提出的「學生結束在廣場靜坐宣言」的意見遭到其他學生反對後，提出辭職的，目前，「指揮部」正力勸其不要辭職。

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**北京學生昨日舉行遊行**

（美聯社傳真）

## 手持橫額上街
## 悉尼三千華人支持爭取民主

【本報記者報道】悉尼二十九日電：學生人數已經由最高人數約十萬人，剔減至今日只有總數約三萬人左右。他對九成去兩日來向我發見分來自二百多間外地高校。

## 美國華僑響應號召
### 七市出現遊行示威
#### 二百中國學生絕食一天聲援京學生

早上十時起，北京市在大地維主流浮」的十多間高校的數萬名學生首先走出校門，分五路前往建國門一批知識界人士、外地來京學生以及香港同胞，亦加入了遊行的行列。相繼於一五二〇大遊行」，今日遊行了學生的遊行隊伍，其隊伍沿途所至，都獲的天空又洒下了陣陣的雨點，但上海的主要高校，如復旦、交通、同濟、華東師大、華東化工、中國紡織等大學的旗幟都出現在廣場上。大學大學生，打出了「首

## 港界各援支物資
### 昨送交廣場生學
#### 慰問團擬在北京逗留四天

【本報記者報道】北京二十八日電】由本港八十名來自學生、教師、社工、文員和醫生組成的慰問團，今日抵五百二十多件支援物資送交天安門廣場學生，並慰問學生。

慰問團團長侯叔棠表示，慰問團預算在京逗留四天，其間將會進一步了解學運的情況，全國學聯的代表等等，交換對今次學運的看法。

今晨，慰問團會晤了中國紅十字會兩名代表，了解天安門廣場的衛生和醫療情況。中國紅十字會一名發言人指出，如果學生繼續在天安門靜坐，就會出現肝炎、皮膚病等傳染病。

## 新聞自由受到限制
### 胡績偉對此表憂慮
#### 批評壓制報道事實及禁止刊登不同意見

【本報記者報道】北京廿八日電】全國人大常委胡績偉對記者說，他作為一個老新聞工作者，對當前新聞自由受到嚴重限制，表示十分憂慮。他說，現在壓制報道真實情況、片面宣傳一方情況，禁止刊登不同意見，小道消息盛行，嚴重影響國內安定的因素，而且還會助長謠言的流傳。

胡績偉又十三大的講話，重新提出「要使人民知道，監督」的重大決策，如果不設法糾正，不僅會助長謠言的流傳，而且還會助長國內安定的因素。

他說，堅決反對壓制報道真實情況，堅決反對禁止刊登不同意見，堅決反對壓制輿論監督。

他說，現在人民日報、光明日報、經濟日報、工人日報、中國青年報、中國新聞社、新華社等新聞單位，都是中央直接領導的，他們的報道，都要經過中央有關部門審查，甚至要經過中央領導人審查。

他說，現在新聞界的這種情況，是不正常的，是不符合憲法的。

他說，憲法規定公民有言論自由，有出版自由，有集會、結社、遊行、示威自由，有監督權，這些都是憲法賦予公民的權利，不能隨意剝奪。

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他說，現在新聞界的這種情況，是不正常的，是不符合憲法的，是不利於安定團結的，是不利於改革開放的，是不利於四個現代化的

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# 國務院利誘學生撤出廣場
# 指王丹向美尋求政治庇護

## 柴玲今晨辭職不獲接納 靜坐至少維持至下月人大會議

〔快報採訪組北京報道〕柴玲今晨在天安門廣場靜坐抗議時，曾經表示，她已經辭去北京高等教育自學考試委員會的職務，以抗議當局對學生的鎮壓。

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## 民主運動進入長期鬥爭

一九八九年五月二十八日，全球各地的炎黃子孫分別舉行民主大遊行，主題為爭取民主自由，反對專制獨裁，以實際行動告訴一小撮與廣大人民為敵的統治集團：中國人民站起來了，再也不容你們胡作非為了！

中南海的內閣與廣大人民無關，你們火併王倫也好，爆影搖缸也好，都是你們這個小集團的事，人民毫不關心。因為中國現在距已明白，統治中國幾千年的愚民政策的制度，已經由產上古希臘沒有分別，故對任何統治者都不必再存幻想。

再說那個上世而觸發北京的學生運動，由遊行、靜坐身而為絕食，由北京而擴展至全國、全世界，現在已經成全體中國人的愛國民主運動。

在天安門廣場的高校學生，初步決定於明日結束絕食，離開天安門廣場各回原地原校，繼續進行長期性的民主鬥爭。因為我們以七萬萬的高校學生把通用來的非門爭已經有所覺悟，這點就是最大的關鍵。這點就是我們一個鄧小平，七十年代末期，我們一個鄧小平，七十年代末期，很多人為追求自由而犧牲，很多人為追求民主而犧牲，很多人為追求人權而犧牲，很多人為追求人權而犧牲，很多人為追求人權

# 東方日報

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明報

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# 鄧小平說一生大錯 重用胡耀邦趙紫陽

## 楊尚昆指「有人想利用人大來反對黨」

一九八九年五月廿四日（根據記錄整理）

【本報記者陳天竺京電】中國國家主席、軍委會副主席楊尚昆在最近的一次軍委擴大會議上，談到了胡耀邦和趙紫陽。楊尚昆說：鄧小平同志說，重用胡耀邦、趙紫陽是一生大錯。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦在一九八六年年底的學潮中犯了嚴重錯誤，趙紫陽在五月十四日至十六日會見戈巴契夫時，也犯了嚴重錯誤。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，性質是不同的。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦的錯誤，是在政治上右傾軟弱，趙紫陽的錯誤，是在政治上動搖。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦的錯誤，是在學潮中，對極少數人鼓動學生鬧事，採取了不制止、不批評的態度，致使事態擴大。趙紫陽的錯誤，是在學潮中，對極少數人鼓動學生鬧事，採取了同情、支持的態度，致使事態擴大。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，都是嚴重的錯誤，但是，胡耀邦的錯誤，不是路線錯誤，趙紫陽的錯誤，也不是路線錯誤。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，都是在黨內犯的錯誤，不是在黨外犯的錯誤。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，都是在黨的十三屆四中全會以前犯的錯誤，不是在黨的十三屆四中全會以後犯的錯誤。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，都是在黨的十三屆四中全會以前犯的錯誤，不是在黨的十三屆四中全會以後犯的錯誤。楊尚昆說，胡耀邦、趙紫陽的錯誤，都是在黨的十三屆四中全會以前犯的錯誤，不是在黨的十三屆四中全會以後犯的錯誤。

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中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月二十九日　星期一　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月二十五日　◎要聞　第一版

# 全球華人遊行支持大陸民運

# 港人聲援規模再創歷史紀錄

## 經國號戰機首度試飛成功

詳情刊第三版

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### 今日新聞提要

一、全球華人大遊行，刊第一版。

二、香港多處遊行，刊第十六版。

三、經國號試飛成功，刊第三版。

四、大陸工人組織組獨立工會，刊第二版。

【本報專訊】中共紀報導，二十多名台北市的中學生，與民眾於昨天上午九時前後於中正紀念堂、以遊行、唱歌、呼口號等行動，聲援全球華人發起大陸學生的活動，他們利用週末假日，自發地大規模遊行，表示支持大陸學生的愛國民主運動。

在高峰，由於全球華人大遊行的消息，是在廿七日下午傳回台灣後才開始的，因此，台北市的學生沒有太多的準備時間，但仍有不少高中學生，自發地走上台前說話，他們紛紛表示，他們的愛國心不會停止，所以要遵循的愛國活動，將繼續參與。

昨天上午九時左右，在中正五十多名大專院校的全球華人遊行支持北平大學生愛國運動的紀念堂集會遊行，響應人同步參與遊行的行動。

【本報專訊】二百

「首都聯會」建議靜坐

須堅持至六月二十日

兩學生領袖稱達目標始撤退

【本報特派記者北平二十八日電】今天是北平愛國學生運動第八天。北京學生平二十八日電】「首都聯會」建議靜坐須堅持至六月二十日，兩學生領袖稱達目標始撤退。

各界人士聲援在台北中正紀念堂

台灣的二千名百多名青年，二十八日上午

由廣場。（中共社台北傳真）

（本報台北傳真）

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## 十多萬人參加 士氣高昂

## 北平學生遊行 高喊李鵬下台

來自大陸二十九個省市（中共統計下，共三十個省市）四百多所高等院校的學生，也參加了今天的遊行。他們一個個肩天安門廣場，並從廣場開始發動建國門鐵路事務，沿途高喊「李鵬下台」、「民主萬歲」等口號。

早晨十時（香港九時），來自外地的數萬高校學生開始陸續民安街遊行。他們大致分作市供應點，如清北名高校學生部集合在「湖北省駐急高朝」的旗幟下。說乎全大隊各省都有高校學生部加，包括許多個地區的高校，如北京農業大學、西南師範學院、醫學大學等。

來自哈爾濱的高校學生一邊遊行，邊高喊「東北虎，不怕苦，不達目的，不回府。」裡如大學打出的一條橫幅是「中國第一笨蛋——破煎不見了。」寒窗苦熬山大學呼出了「反對一黨專制」的口號。

最有趣的是許在四川高校隊中的農業大學生，他們被置用最遠地的四川話呼口號，「李鵬不下台，我們天天來；李鵬是條狗，小平是瘟神；打倒阿同鄧小平，殺無赦同老家吧。」，「鄧小平敗光光，帶領我們打藏將」。顯示了四川人的俏皮和幽默，引得圍觀民眾鼓掌大笑。

【本報專訊】中共紀報導，二十多名台北市的中學生，與民眾於昨天上午九時前後於中正紀念堂、以遊行、唱歌、呼口號等行動，聲援全球華人發起大陸學生的活動，他們利用週末假日，自發地大規模遊行，表示支持大陸學生的愛國民主運動，要求中共政府立即正視學生的訴求。

在高峰，由於全球華人大遊行的消息，是在廿七日下午傳回台灣後才開始的，因此，台北市的學生沒有太多的準備時間，但仍有不少高中學生，自發地走上台前說話，他們紛紛表示，他們的愛國心不會停止，所以要遵循的愛國活動，將繼續參與。

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【本報專訊】二百

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除上述海島遊行外，還有大型遊行在台北市中正紀念堂集會遊行，響應人同步參與遊行的行動，估計北平周圍的共軍進一步行動，估計北平周圍的共軍進一步行動，估計北平周圍的共軍進一步

# South China Morning Post ★★

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# Li suggests probe into foreign role in student protests

Li Peng

**"The deep-seated reason behind the social turmoil is a split within the party: there are black hands within the party."**

Yang Shangkun

**"Of course, we were somewhat hasty in declaring martial law. Originally, we thought of doing it two days later."**

Li Xiannian

**"Conventional wisdom has it that Zhao is the leader of the party's reformist faction. In reality, it is comrade Xiaoping."**

PRIME Minister Li Peng is said to have questioned whether there was foreign involvement, particularly from the United States, in the student movement which spearheaded the three-week demonstration for democracy in China.

"We have to further investigate this," Mr Li told a meeting of the Communist Party hierarchy at a meeting in Beijing a week ago.

He and various other leaders put forward strong views on the student movement, martial law and the mistakes committed by the party's disgraced General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang.

Their comments were disseminated in a circular to party members in Beijing and the regions over the weekend.

At the meeting to discuss the political crisis unleashed by the student movement and the impending departure of Mr Zhao were Mr Li, President Yang Shangkun, chairman of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Li Xiannian and Member of the Politburo Standing Committee Qiao Shi.

The *South China Morning Post* has obtained a copy of the transcript.

These are some excerpts:

Mr LI PENG:

"The Central Committee has not convened a Politburo meeting to discuss the political crisis.

"A few members of the Politburo Standing Committee as well as Comrades Deng Xiaoping, Peng Zhen and Li Xiannian had held a series of meetings (to assess the current situation).

"During the meetings, all of us thought that the *People's Daily* editorial of April 26 is correct. This movement (of students, workers and intellectuals) is an organised, planned and pre-meditated attempt to bring about socio-political turmoil.

"The editorial is correct. We cannot retreat from that position.

"Of course, the editorial can be improved upon. For example, we could have given more prominence to the two types of contradiction (that among the people and that between the people and their enemies).

"This will better serve the purpose of isolating a handful of people and uniting the majority.

"This, however, is just a matter of methodology. The nature of the editorial is unimpeachable.

"Social turmoil has erupted because of the spread of bourgeois liberalisation over many years. It is the result of the inculcation of Western ideas about democracy and freedom.

"Is there any (foreign) background behind the student movement? We have to further investigate this.

"For example, we know that the US is not happy over the visit of (Soviet President Mikhail) Gorbachev to China.

"Is there an American background behind the student movement?

"We cannot afford to retreat (from the position of the April 26 editorial). Whatever concessions we should make we have made.

"The flight of stairs (via which we can sue for compromise with the students) has been taken away from us.

"There are three types of bad people: those who work on the frontline; those who work behind the scenes; and the 'black hands'.

"The deep-seated reason behind the social turmoil is a split within the party; there are black hands within the party.

"The talk given by comrade (Zhao) Ziyang on May 4 had not been cleared with the Politburo Standing Committee.

"Its spirit is at variance with that of the *People's Daily* April 26 editorial. Those responsible for instigating the student movement immediately saw the point.

"Comrade Ziyang's speech on May 3 had been vetted by the Politburo Standing Committee. We suggested that comrade Ziyang insert (a paragraph) on the importance of combatting bourgeois liberalisation.

"He refused to do so. The students, too, soon realised (the significance of this).

"After these two talks, the student movement intensified. More than one million people took part in the demonstrations on May 17 and May 18. The Central Committee immediately decided to impose martial law.

"We must ascertain who represents reform – is it comrade (Deng) Xiaoping or comrade Ziyang? It was comrade Xiaoping who first raised the banner of reform. He is the chief architect of reform.

"Comrade Ziyang has done a lot of work (for reform), but he has also made many mistakes.

"When comrade Ziyang met (Mikhail) Gorbachev, he pointed out that comrade Xiaoping is our most senior decision-maker. This point should not have been raised at all.

"Comrade Ziyang has thus exposed comrade Xiaoping (to criticisms). After his talk (with Mr Gorbachev), anti-Deng Xiaoping slogans became more numerous.

"My May 19 talk (in which Prime Minister Li reaffirmed that the student movement was an instance of social turmoil and that troops should be called in to maintain order) had been cleared by the Politburo Standing Committee. My talk is in the spirit of the Chinese constitution.

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 5)

# Deng ready to 'rectify' the party

From
WILLY WO-LAP LAM
in Beijing

SENIOR Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping has decided to launch a large-scale rectification campaign within the Chinese Communist Party, reliable sources said yesterday.

An anti-corruption political movement will be initiated to purge the party of bourgeois-liberal elements.

Another aim of the campaign will be to curb graft-taking, profiteering and other economic crimes perpetrated by party cadres.

The movement was announced in a high-level circular now making the rounds of senior party members both in Beijing and in the regions.

Party sources say that the new anti-corruption political movement will be launched as soon as Mr Deng has finished with purging the "counter-revolutionary clique" led by Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

While the exact contents of the anti-corruption movement have yet to be determined, the political movement will consist of raising the ideological consciousness of the nation's 47 million party members.

Sessions of criticism and self-criticism will be held in party cells in government departments, factories, farms and schools.

During these sessions, party members will be asked to "bare their souls" on such issues as the student movement, the activities and beliefs of the Zhao Ziyang clique, and how to fight the "socio-political turmoil" now sweeping the nation as a result of the inundation of bourgeois-liberal ideas.

Those party members who refuse to condemn the Zhao line, to denigrate Western political ideas or to profess loyalty to the four cardinal principles of socialism and party leadership are expected to be penalised.

Punishments will include loss of party membership as well as party and government posts.

Beginning this week, party units throughout the country will launch investigations to identify which Chinese Communist Party (CCP) members have taken part in anti-government demonstrations or have otherwise uttered, or written, anti-party opinions.

Culprits will be asked to write detailed pieces in self-criticism. In serious cases, analysts say, they will be labelled as "counter-revolutionaries".

"By launching an anti-corruption campaign, Mr Deng hopes to rid the party of 'spiritual pollution', or the poison of Westernised, bourgeois-liberal ideas introduced into China by Mr Zhao Ziyang and his followers," a veteran party member in Beijing said.

Mr Deng launched the "Campaign Against Spiritual Pollution" in late 1983, and the "Campaign Against

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

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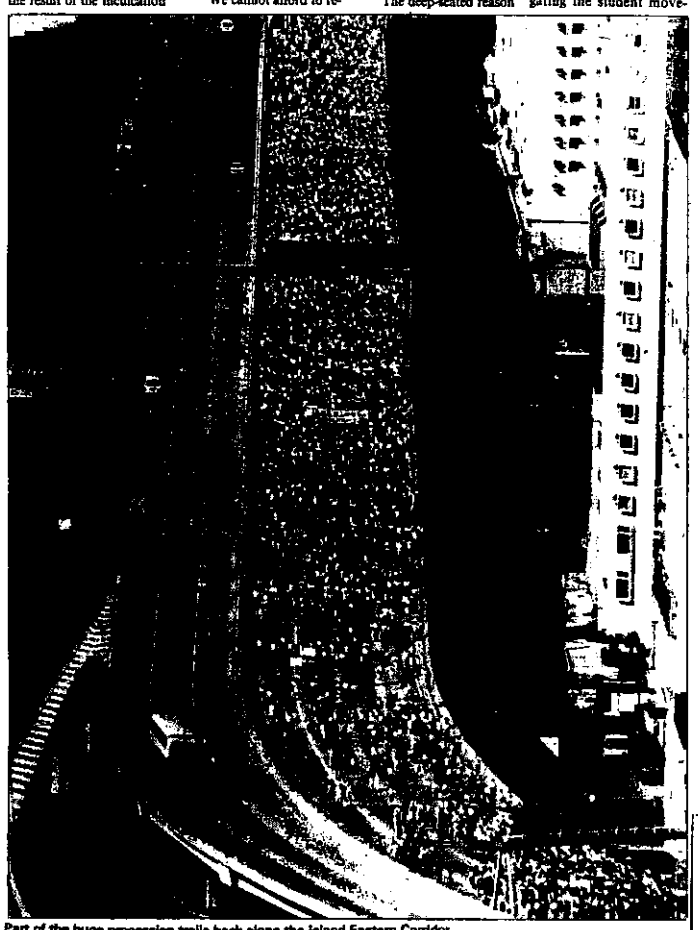
**Page 4:** Analysis
**Page 20:** Editorial
**Page 21:** Deng challenge

Part of the huge procession trails back along the island Eastern Corridor.

# Another vast crowd joins world-wide show of solidarity

By CHRIS YEUNG

A VAST crowd of Hongkong people joined millions of Chinese from all over the world yesterday in support of an appeal by Beijing students for solidarity in fighting for democracy and freedom in China.

Organisers claimed the turnout was greater than the demonstration the previous Sunday when more than 600,000 took to the streets in what was the territory's largest pro-democracy demonstration.

They put the crowd at 1½ million but the police estimated there were about 500,000 in a trouble-free march which left Statue Square at 2 pm.

While the head of the queue arrived at the finishing point at the Eastern Corridor around 4.30 pm, tens of thousands of demonstrators were still either waiting at Chater Garden or on their way from Kowloon to Central.

The marchers trailed from Central through the busy shopping areas in Causeway Bay and North Point and back along a closed section of the Eastern Corridor to disperse at the Hing Fat Street entrance adjacent to Victoria Park.

The tail of the procession reached the finishing point shortly before 10 pm.

A leading march organiser, the Hongkong Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movement in China, said the turnout showed there was no waning in support of the democracy movement in China although students were likely to withdraw from Tiananmen Square tomorrow.

Mr Lau Chin-shek said there was also a remarkable improvement in how the march proceeded.

"People are getting used to demonstrations," he said.

"Hongkong people should be proud. Now that they have spoken up for the democratic movement in China, we hope they will also fight for greater democracy in the territory."

Liberal leader Szeto Wah said at the beginning of the march: "Today will be remembered in history as the awakening of Chinese people in Beijing, Hongkong, Macau, Taiwan, the United States and Canada from pain and suppression to launch a long struggle for democracy, freedom, human rights and the rule of law."

"Until the four are being accomplished the battle will never end," said Mr Szeto to thunderous applauses.

Waving multi-coloured banners and homemade placards, the crowd was better prepared and a festive mood overtook feelings of grief and anger that dominated last week's rally.

A team from the Academy for Performing Arts carrying drums and trumpets turned a section of the long

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Bush says the West must stay vigilant

PRESIDENT George Bush said yesterday the sacrifice of Americans in Europe during World War II demonstrated that the West needed "a strong military deterrent" to preserve freedom and democracy.

On the eve of a North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) summit threatened by discord over nuclear weapons policy, Mr Bush appealed to the post-war generation of Americans and Europeans to remain vigilant against military threats.

He spoke at a ceremony at the Sicily-Rome American Cemetery on Italy's west coast, where some 7,800 Americans were buried from World War II.

Today is Memorial Day in the United States.

Mr Bush and other Western leaders arrived in Brussels this morning for the summit that was arranged to celebrate 40 years of unity but would confront the stubborn dispute with West Germany over short-range nuclear weapons and by reports that Mr Bush intended to pull 10 per cent of US troops from Europe.

Several administration spokesmen stressed that the US would not reduce the troop levels without consulting its NATO allies.

"In the final analysis, this is something that the President will want to discuss directly with his partners," presidential spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said.

He suggested a cutback in the estimated 300,000 troops was probable, but said he did not "want to signal anything in advance".

A senior US official said any such action would be taken as part of the Conventional Forces in Europe, or CFE, talks in Vienna.

The White House spokesman, in a subtle policy

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 5)

● Allies at odds: Page 21

# Record $34.1 billion turnover for racing

By ROBIN PARKE

**BETTING turnover during the racing season, which closed at Sha Tin yesterday, soared to a record $34.1 billion – up a staggering $5.8 billion on the previous year.**

**The Royal Hongkong Jockey Club, however, could not break the magical billion dollar figure in turnover for a single day as punters invested a record $851,961,881 through the totalisator at yesterday's final meeting.**

**The previous highest one-day turnover was $734,095,953, set on the final day of last season.**

**Jockey Club officials were anticipating an even higher figure but attributed the shortfall to the huge protest marches**

**"There were an awful lot of people marching and many of them would have been punting on a normal day. Not only that, some betting shops were clearly affected by the route of the march," said one official.**

**The pool for the Double Trio was only marginally up at $44 million.**

**A crowd of 63,602 were at Sha Tin with 13,855 using the cross-betting facilities at Happy Valley. This was almost 10,000 short of the existing record crowd on Invitation Cup day this year.**

**The last race of the season attracted bets totalling $114,085,931, almost $61 million of it on the quinella.**

● Full results, dividends – Pages 33, 34

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## WEATHER

Hot and Sunny.
Max temp
30 degrees.
See Page 6.

# Recruiting slump stalls police plans

By SA NI HARTE
and JENNIFER COOKE

AMBITIOUS police expansion plans in the run-up to 1997 have been hit by a dramatic drop in the number of recruits who want to join as constables and inspectors.

Since January, the police force has been unable to meet any of its monthly recruitment targets with the figure hitting record lows in the last two months and there are doubts it will meet its yearly quota of 2,310 recruits.

Out of a monthly target of 170 constables, only 32 recruits began training this month – one more than the previous month – contributing to an 80 per cent drop in target quotas.

Last month, only 24 out of 36 recruit inspectors began training.

Although there were two applicants for every constable post advertised, most were rejected because they could not meet the minimum entry requirements.

The low recruitment figures are "obviously a concern", admitted the acting director of operations, Assistant Commissioner Brian Wigley.

"Looking at it in the short term, it's a problem and one hopes it will pick up."

The chairman of the Local Inspectors Association, Mr Li Shu-fung is less optimistic.

"As I see it unless Government takes positive steps before the situation develops into a crisis, I am not hopeful at all that we can cope with the expansion needs," Mr Li said.

Aggravating the force's recruitment problems is a worrying wastage rate.

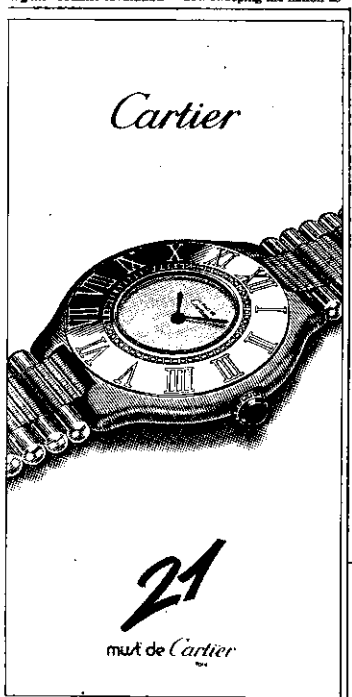
Out of a force of 28,000, a total of 1,639 left last year compared with 935 in 1987 and 627 in 1986, according to police statistics.

Low recruitment and high wastage have cast doubts on the force's plans to expand by another 2,000 by 1993 when the Tactical Unit starts taking over border patrol duties of the British Garrison.

Under the plan, five to six more companies (of 170 each) need to be formed so the tactical unit can form a "field force for illegal immigration duties" when the army withdraws from border duty.

Hopes are currently pinned on the police subcommittee of the Standing

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

Average daily sale last week 61,634

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, MAY 29, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# World marches for China

A sea of protest ... part of an estimated 1.5 million people who marched in Hongkong yesterday in support of the Beijing students.

MILLIONS of people all over the globe showed their support for China's defiant students with protests, rallies and demonstrations yesterday – starting with a million-strong rally and march in Hongkong.

The world-wide protests were held in response to a call for support by Beijing students, who continued their sit-in at Tiananmen Square for the ninth day since the imposition of martial law.

The global effort was led by Hongkong, where organisers claimed more than 1.5 million people turned up for a rally and procession calling for democracy on the mainland and the removal of hardline Premier Li Peng.

It was the second huge turnout in as many days. On Saturday, 200,000 people attended a marathon concert at the Happy Valley race course, raising $12 million for Beijing protesters.

Mr Szeto Wah, a Legislative Councillor and a member of the organising group, said the turnout showed Hongkong people were not frightened by pressure from Chinese leaders.

In addition to Mr Li's removal, the demonstators demanded democracy and liberty as well as "no revenge on the intellectuals and students" leading China's protest movement.

In Beijing, more than 100,000 students from 20 Chinese cities took to the streets. They chanted slogans calling for the resignation of Mr Li and attacking "dictatorship" in China.

In Shanghai, 1,000 students rallied under threatening skies, pressing for the resignation of Mr Li and senior leader Deng Xiaoping.

The protests in Beijing and Shanghai were considerably smaller than previous demonstrations.

In Macau, tens of thousands of people marched in support of the students in the enclave's fourth pro-democracy protest in 10 days. The Macau actions are fuelled by fears for the future of people in the enclave, which reverts to Chinese sovereignty in 1999.

Speakers expressed fears that Macau's still undrafted Basic Law, intended to preserve the territory's autonomy for 50 years after the handover, could be scrapped by Beijing as soon as it takes control.

In Taiwan, thousands of people demonstrated in the island's two largest cities.

About 10,000 students, celebrities and retired servicemen marched in a park in downtown Taipei, shouting slogans supporting the mainland students and carrying banners proclaiming "Long Live Freedom and Democracy."

"The students in Beijing are fighting for the future of all Chinese," veteran actor Sun Yueh told the gathering in a speech. "They have our full support."

In Kaohsiung, 370 kilometres south of Taipei, about 10,000 students and faculty members from the National Sun Yat-sen University took part in a protest march, police said.

Mr Yu Kuang-chung, a literature professor, read a poem he had composed, entitled "Tiananmen, We Are Coming."

In the United States, about 500 protesters demonstrated outside the Chinese consulate in Los Angeles and about 300 people gathered in St Paul, Minnesota, to pledge their support for the students.

In New York, actors Mike Farrell and Ed Asner and Detroit Bishop Thomas Gumbleton were among those who signed a statement supporting the right of students and workers in China to strike for democracy.

The statement was sent via facsimile machine to the students, the Chinese government and to President George Bush, according to organisers.

Philip Lam, an organiser of the Los Angeles demonstration, said a 24-hour hunger strike began at noon on Saturday. Participants were students from local universities.

Sympathy protests have erupted in several US cities – including Washington, New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Houston and Boston – since the historic occupation of Beijing's Tiananmen Square began.

China's student leaders have called for one more rally this week, as the number of protesters in Tiananmen Square has fallen to about 10,000. The students are debating whether to end their sit-in and adopt a new set of tactics in their battle for democracy.

In Sydney, an estimated 3,000 demonstrators marched through the streets yesterday in support of the student movement.

The group marched from the Chinatown district to the nearby downtown area waving banners and chanting slogans.

Police refused to let the marchers enter the Chinese consulate building, where they had hoped to present a petition to consular officials.

"The aim of the demonstration was to get public attention, so we are still happy," said Ms Elkie Yip, a 19-year-old Sydney University student from Hongkong who helped organise the rally.

"We have achieved that and we hope it will put international pressure onto the Chinese government to take positive action for a democratic China."

Police said the march was peaceful and reported no arrests.

In Canada, Chinese students and local overseas Chinese held demonstrations in Vancouver and Toronto.

INSIDE:
■ The Changing Face of China: Pages 3 -7 ▶
■ Editorial: Page 12 ▶

## Threat of Western loans squeeze on Beijing

By Tammy Tam in Beijing

JAPAN and the United States have threatened to cut loans and investments to China as the government crisis deepens, sources told *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday.

In a counter action the Chinese government may look to the Soviet Union for greater economic and trade co-operation.

Japan has informed China of its intention to temporarily stop all loans to China, while the US has asked its investors and business representatives in China to prepare to retreat or cancel joint-venture projects," said the sources.

The US embassy in Beijing has asked its nationals to prepare to leave China.

"The US and Japan ... think it is a good opportunity to bargain with China in many matters," said a local analyst. However a speech by vice-premier Yao Yilin to the State Council last Friday said: "China would not be afraid of any foreign pressure," said sources.

A diplomatic source said Japan and the US are also exerting pressure to push China away from the Soviet Union.

Mr Yao told the State Council that the government had reached an agreement with the Soviet Union to increase bilateral trade substantially.

China is facing an economic crisis with galloping inflation.

Informed sources said China's foreign trade in the first four months of the year decreased dramatically.

Some analysts fear that if Japan and the US withdraw investment, it would deepen the economic crisis leading to greater discontent among the people.

Mr Yao's speech also triggered speculation that he could become the next prime minister, while Mr Li Peng is set to succeed rumoured-to-be disgraced party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang with President Yang Shangkun getting more power in the Central Military Committee.

Meanwhile, the four-day special meeting of the party's Central Committee was wound up yesterday with heated arguments on how to decide on Mr Zhao's "crimes".

"Mr Zhao will probably not be accused of being the head of an anti-party clique," said a source.

## New betting records as season ends

By Ken Martinus, Racing Editor

BETTING records fell yesterday as the racing season came to an end with a massive 10-race programme at Sha Tin.

But the hoped-for billion dollar day did not materialise and the 63,000 attendance fell far short of the 72,000 people who turned up on January 29 to see the second running of the Invitation Cup.

Nevertheless, yesterday's turnover of just under $851.9 million was 16 percent up on last year's last-day record of $734 million.

The final race picked up $113.97 million, a record for one race, while the year's total turnover reached $34.1 billion despite the loss of one racing day due to Typhoon Brenda.

Royal Hongkong Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins said he was satisfied with the season and with the betting figures.

"Of course we would have liked to see betting on the last day reach the billion-dollar mark but at least we have something to aim for," he said.

General Watkins said the lower-than-expected turnout could have been the result of yesterday's democracy marches which involved more than a million people.

"Considering what was going on around Hongkong, I suppose 63,000 is a pretty good figure," he said.

"On the whole, it was a good season. We've had our ups and downs and we had a meeting washed out, but we've had some good racing and we've seen some new champions."

The champions were in the equine category with English-bred San Domenico being named champion horse, Irish three-year-old Quicken Away becoming champion sprinter and New Zealand-born Stingray winning the champion stayer award.

As the punters streamed out of the racecourse, the giant video screen read: "See you on September 16."

That's when the 1989-90 season gets underway with an enlarged 67-day season and, perhaps, the first billion-dollar racing day.

■ Results, comments Back Page, Page 20

## Traders brace themselves

HONGKONG stockbrokers are bracing themselves for another week of volatile trading as uncertainty continues to mount about the political situation in China.

The market dropped 12 percent last week as unrest on the mainland sparked a confidence crisis in the territory.

But last week's falls are not expected to stage a repeat performance this week, according to brokers contacted by *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday.

Last week's market drop was the biggest since the October, 1987 crash, hurting investors psychologically as well.

But brokers are pointing to Premier Li Peng's consolidation of power as a stabilising factor in the market.

Also, they say, many blue chip shares are undervalued as a result of last week's fall.

Aggressive bargain hunters and overseas investors are likely to snap these up this week, further strengthening the market.

But the brokers warn that if violence does erupt in Beijing's Tiananmen Square, the pro-democracy headquarters for the past nine days since martial law was introduced, local shares would be bound to take another heavy battering.

In contrast, the Hongkong dollar is expected to remain stable this week.

The potential for a fall in the dollar was averted last week when the Bank of China bought heavily into the local currency.

The bank has confirmed it bought big but stressed it was for commercial rather than political considerations.

■ Details: Business

## INSIDE

OPENERS
Kevin Sinclair has his say in OPENERS today and tackles bizarre and eccentric habits of politicians. Page 2

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher may sack Chancellor of the Exchequer Nigel Lawson and Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe, according to newspaper reports. This and all the other news from the United Kingdom in our BRITAIN TODAY section. Liftout

Better jobs for everyone Every day

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1989年5月
30
星期二
己巳年四月廿六
北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 晴转多云
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 32℃
最低 19℃

人民日报社出版


# 用宪法和法律统一思想

## ——彭真同志在部分民主党派负责人座谈会上的讲话（5月26日）

今天，我受中央委托，请几位老战友、老同志、老朋友谈一谈，通通气。

这次学生游行的动机是好的、纯洁的、善良的、建设性的，目的是为了克服工作中的缺点失误，把国家的事情、社会主义事业办得更好，这同我们的要求是一致的。但是，他们所采取的手段、方式不大妥当。这不怪孩子们。一是他们对法律不熟悉或不很熟悉。二是他们缺乏政治经验，对极少数极少数阴谋家、坏人乘机制造动乱的险恶用心，警惕不够。我们这些老同志有责任帮助他们，提醒他们。否则就对不起孩子们。

现在思想比较乱，有各式各样的口号，各式各样的看法、主张，各式各样的组织等等，问题旷日持久得不到解决。思想怎么统一？我们有宪法和法律，应该也必须以事实为根据，以宪法和法律为准绳来统一思想。不能再靠“文化大革命”那样“和尚打伞、无法无天”了。难道苦头还没有吃够吗？还要让灾难重演吗？我这样说，决不是主张惩办无辜的学生和其他善良的人们，对他们不存在进行制裁的问题。至于对极少数极少数阴谋家、坏人，另当别论。解放军决不是来对付学生的。

为了统一思想，我讲讲有关的宪法和法律规定。

一、宪法第一条规定，中华人民共和国是工人阶级领导的。不是资产阶级领导的，也不是工人阶级和资产阶级共同领导平分天下，是以工农联盟为基础的，不是以别的什么阶级、阶层为基础的；是人民民主专政，不是资产阶级专政，更不是地主阶级专政；是社会主义国家，不是资本主义国家，在我国搞资产阶级自由化的行动，是违宪的，也是违背全国各族人民根本利益和党的主张的。党的十二届六中全会决议明确指出：“搞资产阶级自由化，即否定社会主义制度，主张资本主义制度，是根本违背人民利益和历史潮流，为广大人民所坚决反对的。”统一思想，这是总纲。这一条不解决，思想不可能统一，问题无法解决。党内的问题也是发生在这里。

二、最近一个多月来首都是不是发生了动乱？是。看看事实和法律就清楚了。宪法第三十五条规定，公民有游行、示威的自由。合法的游行示威不是动乱。但是，还有一条，宪法第五十一条规定，公民行使自由和权利的时候，不得损害国家的、社会的、集体的利益和其他公民的合法的自由和权利。刑法第二条、第一百五十八条、第一百五十九条规定了禁止任何人利用任何手段扰乱社会秩序、生产秩序、工作秩序、教学科研秩序和人民群众生活秩序。现在阻得连国事活动都不能正常进行，连次迎戈尔巴乔夫的仪式和接待活动都不能正常进行，阻得连走路、上下班都成了问题，首都还有什么秩序？还能说没有损害国家利益、社会利益？还不是动乱？我们绝要承认这种行动不是动乱，实际上等于鼓励全国各地都可以像北京这样闹，那还怎么进行改革、开放，进行社会主义现代化建设！但是，必须把煽动、制造动乱的极少数极少数人，和动机纯洁的学生及其他善良的人们严格区分开。

三、国务院决定首都部分地区戒严合法不合法？有人说，国务院没有这个权力，全国人大常委会应当撤销国务院宣布的戒严令。这里，有些是对宪法不熟悉或者有误解，有的则是别有用心。宪法第八十九条第十六项规定，国务院有权决定省、自治区、直辖市的范围内部分地区的戒严。北京市总面积一万六、七千平方公里，实行戒严的地区不过千把平方公里。为了维护宪法的尊严，维护首都的社会秩序、生产秩序、工作秩序、教学科研秩序和人民群众生活秩序，国务院决定首都部分地区戒严，完全是合法的、必要的、正确的。宪法第六十七条第七项规定，全国人大常委会有权撤销国务院制定的同宪法、法律相抵触的行政法规、决定和命令。请注意，这里讲的是同宪法、法律相“抵触”的，不是别的。国务院的戒严令完全符合宪法和法律，同宪法和法律丝毫没有抵触。全国人大常委会怎么能不支持呢？

四、任何组织和个人都必须遵守宪法和法律。宪法规定，“全国各族人民、一切国家机关和武装力量、各政党和各社会团体、各企业事业组织，必须以宪法为根本的活动准则”，“必须遵守宪法和法律”，“一切违反宪法和法律的行为，必须予以追究”，“任何组织或者个人都不得有超越宪法和法律的特权”。中国共产党在党章中也明确规定，“党必须在宪法和法律的范围内活动”。国家机关，包括国务院，也包括全国人大常委会；各政党，包括共产党，也包括各民主党派；个人，包括普通老百姓，也包括党和国家领导人。法律面前人人平等，违宪必须在宪法和法律的范围内活动，谁都没有超越宪法和法律的特权。有的人嘴上讲法制，实际上不仅自己践踏宪法和法律，还煽动别人违反宪法和法律，请学生们和各界群众提高警惕。

（新华社北京5月29日电）

# 检察机关抓紧查处贪污受贿案

## 一季度共立案6400余件其中大案1300余件 涉及县、团级以上领导干部60人

本报讯 今年一季度全国各级检察机关把反贪污、受贿斗争作为工作重点，采取各种措施，加强工作，查处贪污、受贿案件取得明显成绩。

今年一季度共立案查处构成犯罪的贪污贿赂案件6400余件，比去年同期增加36.6%。占立案的各类经济犯罪案件总数的71.8%。其中行贿受贿犯罪尤其突出。检察机关共立案2000余件；比去年同期增加78.4%。各级检察机关特别注意查处那些贪污、受贿在万元以上和担任县、团级以上职务的领导干部的案件，共查处这类重大贪污、受贿案件1300余件，比去年同期增加1.07倍。涉及县、团级以上领导干部60人，比去年同期增加57.9%。原大庆石化总厂企业管理咨询委员会副主任关文彬（副厅级）受贿案，原大庆实业开发公司经理李立祥（副厅级）受贿案，均已立案侦查，并已决定起诉。

广大群众对检察机关查处案件给予了极大的支持。江苏省一季度立案的案件中，属于群众举报的占81%；湖南省、天津市立案的案件中，属群众举报的也都在40%以上。有些案犯在群众举报的声威下，到检察机关投案自首，争取从宽处理。

（瞿 辰）

# 北京戒严第十天

本报北京5月30日电 记者瞿辰 昨天是北京部分地区宣布戒严的第十天。首都市民生活仍然比较平静，长安街上没有出现游行队伍。但另一方面，天安门广场上静坐请愿学生却未见撤走的迹象，还新搭了一批旅游帐篷，并正在安装一座石膏塑像。

在一些街道上，部分清洁工人清洗掉贴在灯杆、墙角的传单，而另一些街道上，又有些新贴的传单，围观、议论者仍时有所见。

鉴于北京宣布戒严地区的社会秩序已日益正常，本报《北京戒严第×天》专栏，已无每天出现的必要。今后有关新闻，将随时用别的报道方式向读者介绍。

# 来京出京学生达37万人次

## 近日离京日逾两万来京不足二百

本报北京5月29日讯 截至昨日，外地学生进出京已达37万人次。现在，来京学生大量减少，离京返校学生日逾两万。这是北京站有关负责人提供的情况。这位负责人介绍，北京戒严后离京返校学生呈上升趋势。最多的一天走3万人次。这3天离京学生就达9万。近日进京学生锐减，昨天只有300人，今天估计不到100人。

北京火车站为学生顺利返校采取了积极措施。他们专门成立了外地学生运行领导小组，组织了千余名机关干部、民警、解放军战士维持秩序；在客流量最满的情况下，每天为学生空出70%客坐架，保证学生使用，增开了6列临时客车。

记者来到一群准备买票返校的学生中间，他们组率地告诉记者，他们已经太劳累了，天安门广场空气不好。而且久留北京会给北京人民带来许多困难，这几天吃用都是北京市民供给的。

华中理工大学一位同学说：“我们仍然希望政府真诚和我们对话，这样我们青年人才不至于绝望。我是带着满身泪水和汗水离京的。我会向同学讲述北京的真实情况。”

在进站的地方，仍然有北京市的学生在演讲，大约有300人左右在听演讲。

一位第三次来北京的安徽学生说，他们希望即将召开的人大常委会能解决一些实质性问题。

与前几天不同的是，外地来京的学生没有旗帜、没有组织队伍的领队。

（蔡华 鑫华）

5月3日下午，上海市某个信用社举行的“青少年爱国储蓄”专柜开张，附近13所中小学的学生参加储蓄，当天存款额达7695.76元，鲜红旗报

# 联合国秘书长呼吁 加速解决中美洲危机

新华社北京5月29日电 危地马拉城消息：联合国秘书长佩雷斯·德奎利亚尔二十八日在危地马拉城呼吁加速解决中美洲危机。德奎利亚尔在抵达危地马拉城时发表讲话说，目前，中美洲地区的谈判进程陷入僵局。但是，这次大会由于有很具体的目标，它将在解决中美洲地区问题方面迈出决定性的一步。他还透露，他将同危地马拉总统、外长和其他领导人就解决中美洲冲突的方式进行会晤。

# 以全国人民的利益为重

本报评论员

今天，本报转载了七名中年知识分子写给北京日报编辑部的信。这封信表达了他们对当前首都形势焦虑的心情，对国家前途焦虑的心情，对全国人民利益焦虑的心情。这深沉的忧患意识，这发自内心的呼声，很值得每一个热爱祖国的公民认真地倾听、深刻地思索。

什么是全国各族人民的根本利益所在？就是“实现四化，振兴中华”。要达到这个目标，必须集中精力搞以经济建设为中心，把发展社会生产力放在首要的地位。如果影响了这个中心，干扰了这个中心，就会耽误实现我们的奋斗目标。党的十三届三中全会以来，治理整顿、深化改革的任务十分艰巨，经济建设中的许多问题亟待花很大气力去解决。如果分了心，走了神，治理整顿、深化改革的任务也就不能如期完成。当前，经济建设也好，治理整顿、深化改革的任务也好，确实已开始受到一定的影响，继续发展下去，形势将变得更加严峻，全国人民的利益都将受到巨大的损害。

建设社会主义民主政治，是党的十三大确定的坚定不移的方针，是全国人民的共同要求，是不可阻挡的历史潮流。从根本上来说，它同发展生产力不但不矛盾，而且将对发展生产力起极大的推动作用。但是，在我国，民主政治的建设也无疑要经历一个长期的过程，不可能一蹴而就。民主政治的建设必须在法制的轨道上进行，必须与经济建设的发展相适应。学习资产阶级民主和法制的轨道上解决问题，不是一件容易的事，需要树立长期的观点，又要取恰当的步骤，才能把社会主义民主和法制的建设扎扎实实地推向前进。

广大青年学生要求推进民主政治建设，推进改革开放，惩治官倒、清除腐败，这同党和政府的目标是一致的。党和政府充分肯定广大青年学生的爱国热情；同时又希望他们冷静、理智，在民主和法制的轨道上解决问题，稳定局面，控制事态的进一步恶化，这是眼下压倒一切的大局。现在，党中央、国务院已为此采取了一系列紧急措施。七位中年知识分子以他们在“文革”中亲身的经验教训，共同为稳定形势，推进社会主义民主和法制建设作出努力，他们发自肺腑的忠告确实语重心长。

为了首都的建设，为了国家的前途，为了全国人民的最高利益，足应该冷静下来，三思而后行了。

# 七名中年知识分子的信

北京日报编辑部：

我们是在京工作的中年知识分子、共产党员，对本市当前形势十分不安，想通过市委机关报向全市人民谈谈我们的看法。

一个月来，首都部分大学生怀着爱国家、求民主的初衷，在天安门静坐、请愿，甚至一度采取了激烈的绝食手段。对此种方式，坦率地说，我们是不赞成的。然而，作为一代历经“文化大革命”磨难的老大学生，我们可以理解弟弟妹妹的心情。现在，这场学潮已持续了30多天，拖下去令人担忧。

事态是如何恶化到今天这种地步的？今后的时间和实践会得出正确的结论；眼下压倒一切的大局是从党和国家及全国人民的最高利益出发，稳定局面，控制事态的进一步恶化，冷静下来，回到法制和民主的轨道上解决问题。

刻不容缓需要解决的现状是：这场已经出现的混乱，正在从北京向全国蔓延。它严重地干扰了社会生产和生活秩序，引起了一切善良人们的不安和焦虑。中外历史无情地告诉我们：无政府状态下的混乱，必将导致一场全面的动乱。而动乱带来的灾难性恶果，就绝不仅限于党和政府承受，首当其冲的是接受害者恰是广大的人民群众，包括青年学生。

我们这些从“文革”炼狱中走出来的一代中年人，都还痛苦而清晰地记忆着：在那无法无天的十年动乱中，从共和国主席到“平民百姓”都毫无例外地丧失了基本人权；国民经济濒临崩溃；人民生活长期得不到改善；党无宁日，国无宁日，天无宁日。而就在那场被一小撮别有用心的野心家、阴谋家煽动起来的无政府主义动乱中，有多少优秀的青年呼喊着“毛主席万岁”的口号，悲壮、然而又糊涂地无谓献出了自己宝贵的生命；又有几代人被白白耽误了十载宝贵的年华！

我们呼吁：在十年浩劫的血雨腥风中失去亲人、耽误青春、受尽苦难的同胞们，拿出历史责任心和社会责任感；告诫自己的子弟和亲人，保持冷静须与法制的健全同步进行；没有法制的民主只能导致无政府主义的状态。同样，民主的发展，又必须与经济的发展相适应。不能天真地幻想，健全的民主和法制，在我们这个最大有希望，然而目前仍处在贫穷、落后、教育尚不发达的国家，会一个早上实现。

一切真正关心国家、民族前途的同胞，都应以对历史、对人民高度负责的态度，审时度势，进行坚韧的战斗；而不要用不负责任的冲动和过激的词藻去渲染一种不健康的民主乌托邦情绪，参与那些最后只能导致动乱的活动。必须审慎地看到：建设一个繁荣富强的中国一百年也许不多，而毁掉一个大有希望的中国一天就足够了！

青年朋友们、同胞们，三思啊！

七名中年知识分子

（原载《北京日报》）

# 受委託會晤七位副委員長
# 彭眞講以憲法為準繩
# 堅持法治不能搞人治
## 要愛護學生制止動亂恢復秩序

【新華社北京二十九日電】彭眞同志受中共中央委托，於五月二十六日下午邀請全國人大常委會副委員長中的民主黨派、工商聯負責人座談。彭眞同志在座談會上作了重要講話（全文見另版）。

彭眞同志在講話中指出，這次學生進行的動機是好的，純潔的，是愛國的，贊同彭眞提出的以憲法和法律為準繩來統一思想。他們說，風雨同舟，今天形勢嚴峻，我們應該團結起來，共渡難關。他們還說，學生的愛國熱情，是可以理解的。

彭眞同志說，學生中的極少數人，是別有用心的，他們的目的是為了反對共產黨，反對社會主義，反對人民民主專政，反對社會主義制度，反對中國共產黨的領導。

彭眞同志說，有的人說我們對學生的態度是軟弱的，是縱容。我們這樣做，是為了爭取絕大多數學生，是為了團結絕大多數人，是為了孤立極少數人，是為了分化瓦解極少數人。

彭眞同志說，我們對學生的態度是一貫的，是一致的。但是，我們的態度是有原則的，是有分析的，是有區別的。我們對學生的愛國熱情，是理解的，是支持的，是愛護的，是歡迎的。我們對學生中的極少數人，是要說服教育，是要爭取多數，是要孤立極少數，是要分化瓦解極少數

一九八九年五月三十日（星期二）（六廿四月四年己巳）

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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## 文匯報

## 議決頂四聯校高京 持堅續將坐靜場廣

### 天安門前學連坐夜趕造「民主女神」像

【香港中通社二十九日電】北京高校自治聯合會籌備委員會今天發表聲明，表示堅決支持北京高校的絕大多數學生，繼續堅持在天安門廣場進行的和平請願行動。

聲明說，目前在天安門廣場進行的和平請願活動，已經取得了重大的成果。廣大學生的愛國熱情，得到了全國人民的廣泛同情和支持。中國人民爭取民主的偉大運動，已經在全國範圍內蓬勃興起。

聲明說，北京高校自治聯合會籌備委員會在本月二十六日的會議上，對學生運動的形勢和今後的行動方針，進行了認真的研究和討論。會議認爲，廣大學生堅持和平請願的行動，已經迫使政府不得不採取一些重大的措施。

聲明說，會議決定，要求北京高校學生堅持和平請願的行動，堅持下去，直到取得更大的勝利

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# 老人幫爭權「鬥撼」
# 鄧小平將成大輸家

## 批趙下層阻力大 使黨政軍陷分裂

(快報消息)中共高層的政治鬥爭，並未因趙紫陽總書記的失勢而明朗化，相反鬥爭有更趨激烈的可能。已退休的老人幫勢力指向鄧小平。此外，由於批趙的工作，在中共的中、下階層受到很大的阻力，導致黨、政、軍方面，已就批趙的工作方針出現分裂。

據可靠消息來源透露，雖然趙紫陽下台已成定局，批趙的「白頭文件」亦已下達多時，但一直未能通過正式公布，相反最近還有三份不同的「白頭文件」向下傳達，內容方面較第一份文件有極大的差異，而三者間也有顯著的差異，由於這三份文件，分別由黨政軍的不同系統向下傳達，可能反映出三個系統間的意見分歧，從而眾使新的政治鬥爭危機。

消息來源表示，鄧荷見批趙的文件，是出趙尚是與黃克誠商討後決定，即由李鵬起草，有意促使中共分裂等罪名。

中央緊急向下傳達：至於國務院系統的文件，則由姚依林起草，中共內的傳達，則是由李鵬起草的文件，這三份文件均第一份是同樣的文件，只是指向趙紫陽一人，其他胡啓立等六人，已不再把他們定為常務動亂的勢力，純屬改革的錯誤與物價飛漲，及未有加強思想教育，導致黨、團形勢失控，有意促使中共分裂等罪名。

消息來源強調，雖然三份「白頭文件」批趙的口徑是一致的，但對於各自控制的範圍，亦有互相對對點的情形，分別指責李鵬在國務院系統的錯誤，姚依林的經濟政策過於保守，及趙尚是任用私人組織智囊團

# 東方日報

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# 北京大拾收度態和溫改
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## 安撫知識分子・紓解僵持局面
## 趙紫陽可望仍留黨中央
## 閻明復將任政治局常委

【本報訊】據一位知情人士透露，因學潮調整的中共高層政治鬥爭，結果已基本明朗化，中共總書記趙紫陽及政治局常委暨軍位將被免去一切職務，但中共高層最終決定，仍讓趙留在中央。

趙紫陽的「反常態」指示，顯然是為了安撫知識分子，紓解僵持局面，以便順利進行人事調整。

消息指出，閻明復一直是不主張強硬對付學生，認為他並不贊同趙紫陽的「動亂」定性，但在上周末，他終於同意了，這項建議。

對於閻明復的態度轉變，消息人士稱，由於閻明復身中共權力核心帶來的影響，消息人士稱，由於閻明復身中共權力核心帶來的影響，消息人士稱，由於閻明復身中共權力核心帶來的影響

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# 閻明復受命收拾殘局　答允出任政治局常委

趙紫陽滿意

【本報記者北京專電】一位接近北京權力核心的人士昨日透露，總書記趙紫陽已經答允出任政治局常委，他將負責處理學生運動所造成的殘局。在此之前，他曾與胡耀邦及趙紫陽兩度會面，勸說他接受這個職務。

據了解，國務院發言人閻明復獲得重用的主要原因是他與胡耀邦及趙紫陽兩人的關係良好，而且擁有高層決策的經驗。

閻明復曾於本月十六日下午前往天安門廣場同學生和知識分子，因此，閻明復與趙氏的會面，相信是在這個時候進行。

【本報記者北京專電】中共中央政治局常委今天下午舉行會議，討論如何處理學生運動。

有北京市一名學生和市民今凌晨一時半在東長安街目睹一人被解放軍士兵槍殺。

該名學生表示，他是親眼看到一名解放軍士兵用槍托擊打一名男子，然後用刺刀刺入該名男子的腹部，該名男子當場倒地。

目擊者說，該名男子被刺後，仍然掙扎了一會，才斷氣。

## 便衣警察今晨出動　拘捕與學生有關者

【本報記者北京專電】今晨在天安門廣場內的紀念碑附近，有大批便衣警察出動，拘捕與學生有密切聯繫的人。

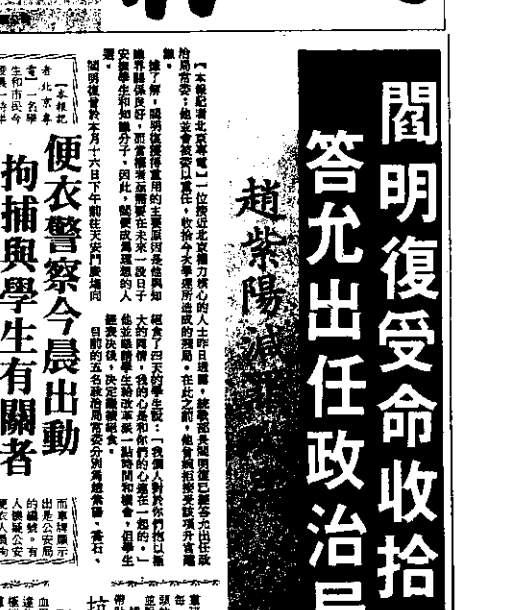
據目擊者說，便衣警察是從人民大會堂東門出動，他們在廣場內逮捕了多名與學生有關的人士。

另一方面，數組裝有無線電對講機的便衣人員，在天安門廣場內外，包括人民大會堂東門、西門、南門及北京飯店一帶，不斷來回巡邏，形成嚴密的監視網。

目前，天安門廣場內仍有數千名學生在靜坐，但氣氛已較為平靜。

而南韓總統盧泰愚今天訪問中國大陸，他的專機將於下午三時抵達北京，但由於天安門廣場內仍有數千名學生在靜坐，因此，盧泰愚的專機可能要改變降落地點。

## 自由之神　北京中央美術學院學生正在趕製一尊「自由之神」像，預計將於星期三豎立。（美聯社照片）



## 喬石談天安門廣場學生問題
# 軍隊圍城是威懾　適當時機要清場

【本報記者北京專電】中共中央政治局常委喬石在一個內部場合中，談到天安門廣場上的靜坐學生，他在本月廿二日晚表達簡單而清晰的信息：軍隊圍城是威懾，適當時機要清場。

喬石的講話要點如下：

「現在學潮自開始一個月沒任何休息了。這種局面如果持久，他們會認為我們好欺負了。

目前，一方面把軍隊作為威懾力量，一方面把握適當時機，用一部分警察，動員學校的骨幹來疏導，如果還是拒絕解決問題，要好這種，拖下來的原因就是不想流血，免流血但拖長了不行，我們不能被動，總要主動，總要有個辦法。

「我們不想採取強制，不想流血，但如果沒有別的辦法，不能再這麼下去，在戒嚴令實施後，我們不想採取強制，但在戒嚴令實施後，我們不想採取強制，但在戒嚴令實施後，我們不想採取強制，但

# 香港時報

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## 今日新聞提要

一、政院人事異動，刊第一版。

二、我發展第二代IDF戰機，刊第三版。

三、中大教職員呼籲港人小心研究「基本法」，刊第十六版。

四、一九九九年九龍區病床充分供應，刊第十五版。

五、港府不批准世華銀行購買恒隆銀行，刊第四版。

## 李煥夙孚衆望預料提名必獲高票通過

# 立法院院長選舉意向調查揭曉

## 政院部會首長異動將長

院院長時所得的得票最高，達百分九十三點三八，民國三十八年時，代總統李宗仁獲全國投票人選舉正式，則只得到一百分四十九點八三的得票率，是唯一未獲立法院通過行政院院長提名人李煥。

由於李煥夙孚衆望，但能順利獲得立法院同意，他的得票率也將低於前任院長俞國華的九十二點六四。

【台北二十九日中央社電】立法院院長選舉意向調查結果揭曉，現任行政院長李煥獲得高票，立法院將在明天上午舉行全院委員會議，由委員中推出候選人名單，並以李、立兩人為候選人，進行院長選舉投票。

立法院院長選舉意向調查，是由於李煥夙孚衆望，為使選舉順利進行，減少黨派間的對立，以及避免選舉過程中出現不必要的困擾，而由立法院秘書處主動發起的。

調查結果，李煥獲得一百五十票，立法委員總額為一百六十一人，李煥的得票率為九十三點三八，超過行政院院長提名人所需的過半數同意票。

立法院秘書處表示，調查結果已於今天上午十時通知李煥，李煥表示感謝。

立法院院長選舉，將於明天上午舉行全院委員會議，由委員中推出候選人名單，並以李、立兩人為候選人，進行院長選舉投票。

立法院秘書處表示，院長選舉投票，將採無記名投票方式，由委員在選票上圈選一人，投入票箱，並當場開票。

立法院院長選舉，依憲法規定，須經全體立法委員過半數同意，始能當選。

## 對權爭感迷惑靜觀其變而後動

## 戈不滿中共鎮壓學運

## 決暫緩與平經濟合作

【台北二十九日中央社電】可能作出政治、經濟兩方面決定，對中共鎮壓北京學運採取強硬態度的美國布希政府，在中共軍隊開進北京市區，並對學生採取大規模鎮壓行動後，已決定暫緩與中共進行經濟合作，並對中共領導人的權爭感迷惑，靜觀其變，而後採取因應行動。

【本報綜合報導】北平「新聞社」昨天報導，已退出政治舞台的前中共「人大委員長」彭眞，受中共「中央」委託，於二十六日下午召開「人大常委會擴大會議」，討論「中華人民共和國」負責人「正副職」選舉事宜。

彭眞的動作暗示現任「人大委員長」萬里已家喻可能，遲延後三天才發佈的消息稱，彭眞在主持會上指出：學生遊行受到極少數壞蛋，壞人利用，煽動鬧事。

彭眞明言中共高層和「工商界」負責人，不贊成學生遊行示威的行動。

他又指出：「在中國（大陸）搞資產階級自由化的活動，是違『憲』的，實質上是違『黨』的，其實質是根本違背人民利益和歷史潮流，主張基本上社會主義制度，主張基本上專政，這是絕對不能變的。」

他還指出：「一個國家，一個政府，一個領導，一個軍隊，這是絕對不能動搖的。」

他又

# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 | HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1989 | Vol. XLV No. 148 | Price $3.00


## $26m dilemma – how to distribute donations to students

By CHRIS YEUNG and JOHN TANG

HONGKONG supporters of the democracy movement in China are facing a serious dilemma: How to spend or distribute the $26 million which has flooded in to help mainland students.

They are also anxious to know whether funding the activities of mainland students will be considered as supporting "counter-revolutionary" activities by Beijing.

A prominent Hongkong barrister late last week made a secret delivery of $150,000 in cash to student leaders at Tiananmen Square.

The delivery is only a fraction of the donations which have taken organisers of various fund-raising campaigns by surprise, and which continue to arrive.

Mr Daniel Fung, an executive member of the Bar Association, agreed to act as a courier for the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Patriotic Democratic Movement in China.

He disclosed last night that he had handed the money to a student leader on Friday.

"It wasn't clandestine but we didn't want to publicise it beforehand. The fear was that there might be difficulty in getting the money through."

Mr Fung said that he had considered calling off the money drop at one point, after Chinese leaders accused "a very small number of people" of being "counter-revolutionary".

A number of other personal deliveries – comprising cash and supplies such as tents, sleeping bags, food and dried goods worth about $1 million – have been made by student representatives in recent days.

But yesterday, a delegation from the student body decided to hold back a cash delivery to the students in Beijing, following claims of corruption and misuse of funds among student leaders.

Last night, the Alliance met to discuss details of a trust fund to be formed this week to manage and use the money which has been placed in a bank account.

The Alliance has collected more than $12 million through sponsorship of the marathon concert at the Royal Hongkong Jockey Club on Saturday.

The rest of the $26 million collected has mainly been raised by various groups including the Hongkong Federation of Students (HKFS), April 5 Action, the left-wing Federation of Education Workers, and the Federation of Trade Unions.

The HKFS has set up the China Democratic Fund, which has reached the $10 million mark, and is considering merging it with the Alliance's fund.

Secretary-General of the HKFS, Mr Andrew To Kwan-hang, said the group was considering whether to set up an office in China, possibly in Shanghai, to coordinate delivery of necessities to the students.

The office, to be manned by mainland students, would also function as an information centre to promote the democratic movement on the mainland and in Hongkong, he said.

Mr To said he was aware of the concern that their escalated activities in China would be seen as being involved in the power struggle in Zhongnanhai leadership.

"But we aim to boost democracy. There will be risk, but we shall go ahead anyway. We are prepared," he said.

Legislator Martin Lee Chu-ming, a core member of the Alliance, said the huge sum collected had to be held until the political crisis in China had settled down.

Mr Lee, a prominent barrister and leading democrat, said: "It may pose a problem if the entire student movement is outlawed. There have been indications that the students have been accused of being counter-revolutionary.

"Anybody bringing in money to China could be accused of aiding and abetting the students and, in Hongkong terms, this could mean

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 8)

## Peng Zhen challenges Deng rule

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

A STRONGMAN in China's Old Guard has come out to challenge the supremacy of senior leader Deng Xiaoping.

Retired law and order advocate, Mr Peng Zhen, was shown on television yesterday defending Mr Deng's decision to impose martial law on Beijing.

But he dissociated himself from the hard line Mr Deng has taken on the student movement, describing the students' motive as "good, pure, wholesome and constructive . . ."

Mr Peng's sudden emergence is interpreted as a signal that the 86-year-old leader, whose health is better than that of Mr Deng, 84, is seeking to replace Mr Deng as the supreme patriarch of the party.

As Mr Peng was shown on television, a special meeting of the Communist Party Central Committee failed to agree at a unanimous verdict on the mistakes allegedly made by General Secretary Zhao Ziyang in handling the student movement.

Members of the party's Central Committee were divided over whether to brand Mr Zhao and his associates as a "counter-revolutionary" and "anti-party" clique.

Only about 100 members, including some Politburo leaders, attended the special session. Mr Zhao and his associates were absent.

Analysts said a full session of full and alternate members of the Central Committee was not called because Mr Deng was not sure of the support he could get.

Sources close to the Central Committee said the majority of those attending the session agreed that Mr Zhao was no longer fit to be party General Secretary but they were opposed to labelling Mr Zhao's words and deeds as counter-revolutionary and anti-party.

Mr Peng's televised appearance was recorded from a meeting last Friday with vice-chairmen of the National People's Congress (NPC), of which he was a past chairman.

The incumbent chairman, Mr Wan Li, is now in Shanghai reportedly under house arrest.

Mr Peng supported Mr Deng's stand that the student movement had given rise to socio-political turmoil.

Yet he also expressed views on the student movement and on the political process that are opposed to those of Mr Deng.

The former NPC chairman began his speech, entitled *United Thoughts Through the Constitution and the Law*, by defending Mr Deng's assertion that the student movement was an instant of "social turmoil".

Defending Mr Deng's decision to impose martial law, Mr Peng pointed out that "an extremely small minority of conspirators have taken advantage of the student movement to create social turmoil",

He said the constitution had conferred upon the State Council the authority to declare martial law on parts of the nation's cities and provinces.

But Mr Peng also noted that "the motive of the students' rallies is good, pure, wholesome and constructive" and that the students' aim was to overcome the mistakes and shortcomings of the work of the party and Government and to improve the affairs of state and the social enterprises.

Analysts said he had subtly tried to build a bridge to the students as well as to various social sectors who support the campus activists.

Throughout his speech, Mr Peng has sought to emphasise the primacy of the rule of law.

"We must unite our thoughts with facts as basis

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

Peng Zhen


**INSIDE**

**Pages 9-12:** More reports, analysis

**Page 24:** Editorial


Sarah Lock

THE statue of Chairman Mao Tsetung (above) stands above a crowd of demonstrators who turned out every day in Chengdu, capital of Sichuan province, in support of students in Beijing. About a million people turned out in Tiananmen Square last night to watch the students unveil their own statue of liberty, the Goddess of Democracy. See Page 9.

## Pressure to extend Basic Law talks

By CHRIS YEUNG

EXECUTIVE members of the Basic Law Consultative Committee (BLCC) will meet this week to decide whether to seek an extension to the consultation period, which was suspended due to the political uncertainties in China.

The 19-member committee will meet on Saturday to discuss extending the five-month consultation process, scheduled to end in July.

Should it seek an extension, the final decision would rest with the Chinese National People's Congress which will hold its next full plenum on June 20.

Pressure to lengthen the consultation period follows growing support for a radical rethink of the conservative political blueprint contained in the revised draft in the wake of the political situation in China.

Last week, unofficial members of the Legislative and Executive Councils unanimously decided to speed up the process of democratic reform by calling for the entire Legislative Council to be directly elected by 2003.

A BLCC spokesman said: "There are still a lot of uncertainties. We've stopped all the publicity such as television ads. But we still receive submissions from the public."

"The executive committee will meet more frequently to review the whole situation. It's likely that members will raise the possibility of asking for an extension of the consultation period although any decision has to be made by the Chinese National People's Congress (NPC) standing committee.

"Even the drafters cannot decide it," she said.

A number of local drafters, however, maintained the five-month-long consultative exercise needed to be lengthened to allow for more debate.

Left-wing trade unionist Tam Yiu-chung said: "It's absolutely necessary. A number of key provisions in the Basic Law draft have to be reconsidered by taking into account the recent student movement in China."

Apart from the political system, he said there was a lack of detailed provisions

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 7)

## Hopewell abandons $3.8 billion rights issue

**HOPEWELL Holdings yesterday called off Hongkong's biggest fund raising exercise because of political unrest in China and the recent collapse of the stock market.**

**The Hang Seng Index rose 79.34 points to 2,845.01 yesterday, but it has still fallen 14 per cent over the past two weeks.**

**The underwriters decided to call off Hopewell's $3.8 billion rights issue because shareholders were being asked to pay $2.60 for new shares which can be bought in the market for just $2.475. When the record rights issue was announced in April the shares were trading at $3.30.**

**Hopewell managing director Gordon Wu had promised to take up 60 per cent of the new shares and yesterday he claimed most of the 13 underwriters had wanted to go ahead, but that nervous sub-underwriters had persuaded them to call it off.**

**"Most of the underwriters said they did not want to see a lot of dead bodies floating around," he said.**

**The stock market received a boost yesterday with the news that three sites auctioned by the Government were bought for prices in line with analysts expectations.**

**The sites on sale were relatively small – two have been earmarked for industrial or warehouse use while the third is a low-density residential plot in the New Territories – and raised just $200 million for the Government.**

**The two industrial sites were snapped up by local tycoon Robert Ng, head of the Sino Land property group.**

**"We look beyond 1997, and even the political movement in Beijing could not affect our confidence in Hongkong," he said.**

●See Business Post

## 20pc cut in forces proposed by Bush

From DAVID WALLEN in Brussels and agencies

PRESIDENT George Bush last night surprised the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) Allies and seized the arms control initiative away from Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev by presenting a cut of 20 per cent in American forces based in Europe.

The package, twice the size of that expected, should be agreed to within six months and implemented by 1992 or 1993.

Mr Bush told the NATO 40th anniversary summit in Brussels that the move – which he called a "noble mission" – was aimed at wresting the arms initiative away from the Soviet Union, appeasing defence budget cutters in the US Congress, and helping the survival of the shaky West German coalition.

NATO leaders endorsed in principle Mr Bush's move.

Mr Bush said the four main points of his package are:

- A 20 per cent cut in US combat forces stationed in Europe.
- A manpower ceiling for both US and Soviet troops in Europe of 275,000. The United States currently has about 305,000 soldiers stationed there, but only about half are combat troops. He said the proposals would cut Soviet forces in Eastern Europe by 325,000 men.
- New ceilings on tanks, armoured troop carriers and artillery for NATO and the Warsaw Pact, with any equipment which is withdrawn being destroyed.
- A reduction in attack and transport helicopters and land-based combat aircraft by both sides to 15 per cent below current NATO levels. NATO had previously said aircraft and helicopters should be left until later in the negotiations.

The 16 NATO Allies – who are divided over the modernisation of nuclear weapons when they should be celebrating their anniversary – had expected cuts of up to 10 per cent in the 340,000 US troops in Europe.

The package will be presented to the Soviet Union at the new Vienna talks aimed at cutting conventional forces in Europe.

"If the Soviet Union ac-

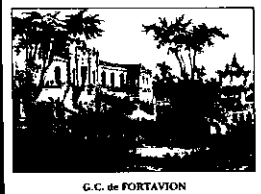
(Cont'd on Page 19, Col 1)


**The Asian Collector Gallery**

presents its May/June Exhibition

**17th – 19th Century Lithographs & Engravings**

30th May – 30th June, 1989



G.C. de FORTAVION
"Le Palais d'este"
Original Lithograph
From: "Guerre de Chine"
Paris. c.1862

The exhibition includes work by:
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On-site presentations and quotations

**The Asian Collector Gallery**

G/F Wilson House, 19-27 Wyndham Street, Hong Kong
Telephone: 5-252181, 5-241771 Fax: 5-443671
Gallery Hours: Mon-Fri 10am-5pm, Sat 10am-1pm


## Crisis as flood of boat people worsens

By FIONA MACMAHON

THE arrival yesterday of 863 boat people in a fleet of 21 boats – the biggest single-day influx so far this year – signals a new crisis for Hongkong.

The Government is faced with its most serious accommodation crisis, with refugee officials scrambling to find space to house the 1,591 boat people who have been detained in the past two days.

For now all the new Vietnamese arrivals will be housed in a tent at Whitehead detention centre or on Stonecutters Island alongside the four ferries that again have been pressed into service since last Thursday.

But this option only gives the Government another 3,000 spaces and officials admit that they will probably be forced to try and find something else within a week.

Yesterday's 863 eclipses Sunday's record 748 arrivals, giving further credence to fears that arrivals in June and July will escalate as conditions on the South China Sea improve.

So far this month 8,208 Vietnamese have arrived, almost three times the number in May last year and more than 3,000 above Government predictions.

The arrival rate this year represents a 150 per cent increase over the same period last year when 18,000 Vietnamese landed in Hongkong.

The decision to use tents at Whitehead detention centre and on Stonecutters Island was made yesterday at one of the regular "urgent" accommodation meetings.

Tents were chosen despite the fact that like ferries they have to be vacated in a typhoon.

Refugee Co-ordinator Mike Hanson said this had to be done because the Government had run out of accommodation.

Only three weeks ago the Government bowed to local opposition and decided not to proceed with plans to use a disused housing estate – Four Seasons Estate in Tsuen Wan – for the Vietnamese refugees, thereby freeing Shamshuipo as a detention centre to house the massive influx.

They have managed to juggle the Vietnamese and cram people into camps thereby freeing Shamshuipo but the crisis is such that the 5,000 places have only provided a temporary respite.

The Government's failure to implement plans such as those of the Four Seasons Estate two weeks ago means that it has to fall back on what are unsuitable accommodation plans.

Mr Hanson hedged the question of whether tents were a good way to house people.

"We are running out of accommodation and have to react quickly," he said.

Omelco Security Panel

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WEATHER

Cloudy with some showers.
Max temp 27 degrees.
See Page 2.

## Government to amend loitering law

By JACQUELINE LEE

THE Government has bowed to pressure to amend the controversial loitering law, which civil libertarians say infringes an individual's right to remain silent.

Amendments being drafted by the Legal Department will shift the burden of proof to the police to show he has reason to suspect a person's behaviour before charging him or her with a loitering offence.

Under current legislation, the onus is placed on the suspect to explain his presence to the police. Those who fail to give a satisfactory account on the spot will face prosecution.

The amendment follows a review requested 15 months ago by the former Chief Justice, Sir Denys Roberts, and the former Attorney-General, Mr Michael Thomas, to pinpoint any loopholes in the loitering law.

A nine-member task force, led by Executive and Legislative Councillor Mrs Rosanna Tam Wong Yick-ming, was formed under the Law Reform Commission (LRC) in February last year to examine the contentious provision.

Crime-fighters have seen the legislation, which compels a person found loitering by police in a public place to explain his presence, as a powerful weapon in crime prevention.

But lawyers have criticised the law as infringing the common law right of a suspect to remain silent and have asked for its abolition.

Concern has also been raised about possible abuse of the law by police. It is feared that once it is made an offence to refuse to provide information, people who are not articulate and who are afraid of the police could be taken advantage of.

The LRC sub-committee has the option to either abolish or amend the law, or retain the provision as it is.

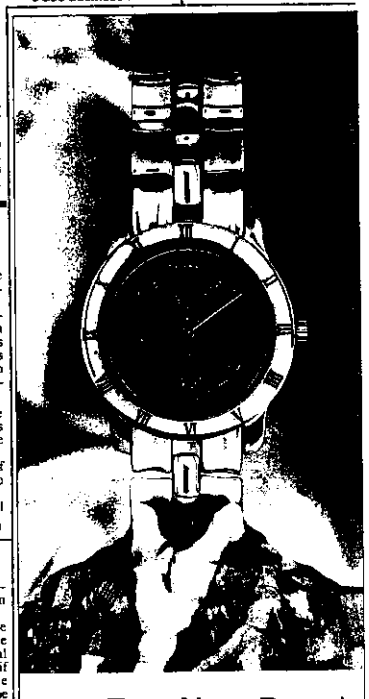
Sources said the group, comprising crime-fighters and legal professionals, was split between the two options of amendment or an outright repeal.

One source said the amendments now in the works were far from final and a repeal might stand if the limitations to the police's power could not be satisfactorily legislated.

All members recognised the law's value in combatting crime before it was actually committed, the source said. "But there must be some limitations if you really want better protection for the rights of individuals," the source said.

It is hoped that the new law will be accompanied by a schedule of offences such

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

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Asian Newspaper Congress award winner

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

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America's Democrats prepare for turmoil over ethics questions in which the looming resignation of Speaker Jim Wright is just one of their problems. This and more in AMERICA TODAY

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An American expert praises Hongkong for leading the world in rehabilitating drug addicts

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Frogmen find a gun believed to be connected with a robbery last week

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### Iran

The leadership battle intensifies in Iran with a defiant open letter by Ayatollah Hussein Ali Montazeri to Ayatollah Khomeini amid reports that the Imam has had a heart attack

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**WEATHER:** 24°C —27°C. Cloudy with some showers. Details on Page 19

# Students receive corruption complaints

By **Fan Cheuk-wan** in Beijing

STUDENT leaders in Beijing yesterday admitted they had received complaints of corruption and wastage of money donated from around the world.

Student representatives in Hongkong told *The Hongkong Standard* that they would withhold HK$1.5 million in donations, taken to Beijing last week, until they were assured the Beijing students had established a reliable way to administer their finances.

Mr Feng Congde, deputy commander of the students' General Office of Tiananmen Square, said the office had received complaints and warnings from students suspecting corruption and wastage of donations.

"The current financial management is very confusing. Corruption has been reported by students, but we have not collected concrete evidence," he said.

Mr Feng said it was difficult to supervise the use of donations since the students did not have an effective monitoring organisation.

"There was no clear record of the money used to purchase materials and food. Some students failed to provide receipts," he said, adding that thousands of yuan were spent without proper records.

To eliminate the risk of corruption, he suggested overseas donors use money raised to buy materials for the students instead of sending cash.

He said the financial department of the General Command Office would set up a supervisory group.

Mr Feng said the office had raised 105,384 yuan (HK$ 220,000) since May 24 from citizens in Beijing, but the students needed at least 50,000 yuan each day.

The office had only received 9,000 yuan from the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students, he said.

Because of this, the office had to borrow 30,000 yuan from Beijing University's Autonomous Student Union to maintain operations on the square.

"I don't know the whereabouts of a large part of the donations given to the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students and it has made no financial report to the students at the square," he said.

A delegation sent by the Hongkong Federation of Students to Beijing last Saturday took the HK$ 1.5 million raised by the federation and the April Fifth Movement, and another HK$ 370,000 raised by the Hongkong Affairs Society.

But Miss Helia S Y Hai, deputy secretary-general of the Hongkong Federation of Students, said: "The Beijing students' organisation is rather confusing and we did not meet any financial administrators from the Autonomous Federation of Beijing University Students."

Miss Hai said the Beijing students now had a greater need for materials and daily necessities than cash. Her delegation took 200 tents and 200 sleeping bags for students at the square.

Meanwhile some fundraisers in Hongkong plan to continue sending money to China even after the Tiananmen Square demonstration ends.

They have raised $7 million so far, of which $900,000 was sent to the students in the square last week. Another $800,000 was taken to the capital yesterday by a member of the students' federation after a call for help.

# China loan frozen by unrest fears

By **Lotte Chow** of our Business Desk

A HK$936 million loan to China's state-owned oil refining company has been shelved by a consortium of US and Japanese banks worried by the country's current political instability.

In a move that reflects sinking foreign confidence, a US-Japanese banking group has suspended HK$936 million worth of loans to China Petro-Chemical Corporation, a state-owned refinery operation.

It marks a setback in China's vast modernisation campaign, which had drawn investments of HK$15.6 billion in more than 500 projects from the Japanese, and another HK$26.5 billion from US enterprises investing in 600 joint ventures.

"It's a sensitive situation, and I don't want to comment on it at this time," said a Hongkong-based official of Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, one of the possible lenders in the consortium. He asked his name be withheld.

The consortium, consisting of six or seven members, includes Morgan Guaranty Trust, the Industrial Bank of Japan, Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, the Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, all of which have branch offices in Hongkong.

Earlier this month, the banking group reached an agreement with China to lend money to the Beijing-based petrochemical company. The firm has 30 major refineries in China and about 520,000 workers.

Under the agreement, the loans would have been made for seven years and carry an interest rate of several percentage points higher than the London interbank rate.

But since the news of massive student protests broke, the finance group has frozen the loans, says Kyodo News Service.

However, the freeze is said to be temporary, and the US and Japanese banks are reported to be taking a wait-and-see attitude.

China Petro-Chemical officials could not be reached for comment yesterday.

Established in 1983, the operation has 72 subsidiaries throughout China. Its registered capital and assets are HK$44.1 billion while total sales are HK$871 billion.

US investors are taking a wait-and-see approach before making any major changes to their business strategies in China, commented a Beijing director of the US-China Business Council.

"My opinion is that everybody is waiting and watching, continuing on the assumption that it is business as usual," said Mr John Frisble.

He said foreign corporations want to see if any changes occur in the Chinese leadership, or if there is any shift in China's policy towards foreign investment after six weeks of student upheaval.

But Mr Frisble said it is not the worst scenario from a businessman's point of view – violent clashes involving troops.

Japan's Foreign Minister Mr Sousuke Uno said Tokyo was closely monitoring events in China but was otherwise holding firm to its China policy.

Chinese authorities had previously insisted the open door policy would not change.

But the setback in the Japanese-US loan comes as trade between China and Japan is already suffering from an anti-inflation austerity programme initiated by Beijing in March.

"If Zhao Ziyang is out, there will be less encouragement for foreign investment," an analyst at Nomura Research Institute had said.

INSIDE:

- Hongkong donations will continue; Food for political thought; How tourism is being affected: Page 5 ▶
- Why purge announcement is delayed; Computer solves a trash problem; Diplomats puzzled by anti-protest overkill: Page 6 ▶
- Why Zhao had to go, by Yang Shangkun; Lone poster on a forgotten wall of protest; Deng keeps analysts guessing: Page 7 ▶

ASSOCIATED PRESS

■ Students in Tiananmen Square decorate new tents with a banner and Mao portrait. The tents were donated by Hongkong students

■ The 10-metre statue

# Statue of Democracy rekindles the struggle

A 10-METRE Statue of Democracy, similar to the Statue of Liberty, is being erected at Tiananmen Square by students who have occupied the square for 16 days.

Meanwhile, students insisting on a marathon sit-in protest are facing a leadership crisis after Miss Chai Ling resigned as commander of the group leading the protest in the square.

An activist said the Beijing students had lost control when tens of thousands of students from all parts of China flooded into the city after the imposition of martial law.

"The non-Beijing students now become the majority on the square and they even override the decision of the Beijing students," he said.

An umbrella coalition of students, workers and people's autonomous groups in Beijing was forced to amend its proposal to ask the students to quit the square today to June 20 after opposition from non-Beijing students.

"Currently about 80 percent of students staying in the square are from other provinces and cities while the remaining 3,000 Beijing students preferred to evacuate from the square to better deploy human and material resources in campuses for reorganisation of future movements," said the student activist.

The Statue of Democracy is the result of four days' work by students of the Central Academy of Fine Arts.

Some students believe the statue will help keep morale high on the square.

The statue was transported to Tiananmen Square before midnight and is expected to be erected by this morning.

Tens of thousands of people were assembling early this morning to witness the erecting of China's first non-official sculpture in the square.

"The government will not dare to pull down the statue which is the symbol of democracy, otherwise it'll arouse greater discontent from the people," a student leader said.

None of the student leaders such as Wang Dan, Wu'er Kaixi and Chai Ling appeared in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

## Bargains hunted

**PRICES moved up on the Hongkong Stock Exchange yesterday as bargain-hunters moved in to buy under-valued blue-chips.**

**The Hang Seng Index rose steadily to just over 2845, up more than 79 points or 2.87 percent. Futures also surged, June 141 points and August 130.**

**"It looks as if the market was in an over-sold position and is trying to make its way back up," a broker said. "If there is no bloodshed in Beijing, it looks as though we'll probably have a nice, slow upward movement."**

■ Details in Business

# Yeltsin elected to Supreme Soviet

MOSCOW: Kremlin rebel Boris Yeltsin was elected to the Soviet Union's new inner parliament, the Supreme Soviet, yesterday, after one of its members stepped down in his favour.

Mr Yeltsin, a former junior member of the ruling Politburo, had failed to secure a place in the 542-seat chamber on Saturday, provoking mass demonstrations in the capital.

On the fourth day of its inaugural session, the Congress of People's Deputies approved by an overwhelming show of hands an offer by Alexei Kazannick, a deputy from the Siberian city of Omsk, to step down.

This followed a vote by deputies on a formula by President Mikhail Gorbachev according to which Mr Yeltsin would automatically take a place in the Supreme Soviet if an existing member stood down.

– Reuter

■ Gorbachev aide elected vice-president: Page 10

# Bush unveils sweeping arms reduction proposal

■ Mr Bush proposes a 275,000 troop ceiling for both the United States and the Soviet Union in Europe.

BRUSSELS: President George Bush announced a major shift in US disarmament policy at the Nato summit yesterday, proposing a 20 percent cut in US combat troops in Europe and negotiated limits on aircraft and tanks.

Mr Bush told a news conference at the headquarters of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (Nato), where he had joined other Western leaders for a summit marking the 40th anniversary of the alliance, that he was proposing a 275,000 troop ceiling for both the United States and the Soviet Union in Europe.

Under the proposal the Soviets would have to withdraw 325,000 troops back to the Urals, the president said. The US would withdraw about 30,000 troops, 20 percent of US combat forces in Europe but only about 10 percent of the total of about 305,000 American troops on the continent.

Mr Bush's troop ceiling is 75,000 men lower than the most recent Soviet proposal on conventional forces presented earlier this month, which called for US and Soviet strength in Europe to fall to 350,000 by 1997. Mr Bush called for the cuts to be negotiated quickly and completed by 1993.

"Eyes wide open and here we go now, on the offensive," Mr Bush told reporters after presenting his plan to Nato leaders, "with a proposal that is good and tests whether the Soviets will move toward balance or whether they insist on retaining an unacceptable conventional force imbalance".

Asked if his disarmament plan would speed up the prospect of a superpower summit, Mr Bush responded. "I hadn't thought of it ... in this connection, but I would not rule it out. We'll see how it's digested in Moscow. I hope favourably."

INSIDE:

- Thatcher stresses importance of short-range nuclear forces to Nato: Page 10 ▶
- Arms squabble; consensus crumbling; and Germany's power card: Page 13 ▶

A senior administration official told reporters that Mr Bush sent a letter outlining his proposals to Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev on Sunday.

Acknowledging his administration "has taken a little bit of a hammering" for not matching Mr Gorbachev's recent arms control initiatives, Mr Bush said the Soviet response to the ideas he presented could determine whether the Kremlin is interested in arms reduction or in rhetoric.

Mr Bush challenged the Soviets to formally accept Nato-proposed numerical limits on tanks, armoured vehicles and artillery and, for the first time, said the administration agreed to add troops and aircraft to the negotiations, as favoured by Moscow.

He also urged an accelerated timetable for completion of the Vienna talks on conventional forces in six months to a year, with the negotiated cuts implemented by 1992 or 1993.

"If the Soviet Union accepts this fair offer, the results would dramatically increase stability on the (European) continent and transform the military map of Europe," Mr Bush said. "We can and must begin now to set out a new vision for Europe for the end of the century."

US officials predicted quick Nato endorsement of Mr Bush's proposals and support was quickly voiced.

One of the first to speak up was West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl, Mr Bush's principal antagonist in the recent standoff within the alliance over negotiations on the future of short-range nuclear weapons in Europe.

"With this great initiative for rapidly reducing conventional arms, President Bush has today paved the way for further success of our alliance," Mr Kohl said. "I congratulate him on this far-sighted step."

An aide quoted British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher as saying Mr Bush's proposal had "transformed the summit".

At the summit's formal opening ceremony, Nato Secretary-General Manfred Woerner said the 1949 North Atlantic Treaty had brought the longest period of peace in Europe since Roman times.

He urged Nato to seize the opportunities presented by changes in the Soviet bloc, which he said represented a triumph for Western values.

"The East is turning to the West – 150 years after the Communist Manifesto, communism has manifestly failed ... The post-war world, as we have known it, is coming to an end," Mr Woerner said. But he warned the leaders against complacency.

"Even with the most optimistic outcome of developments in East-West relations, we will face, for many years to come, a formidable and unpredictable military power as our neighbour."

UPI Reuter

# Tents set up for new Viet arrivals

By **Pamela Ngai**

TENTS are to be erected on Stonecutters Island to accommodate boat people.

The measure was part of an emergency package to cope with the latest upsurge of Vietnamese boat people arriving in Hongkong.

Tents have been erected in the Whitehead Detention Centre in Sha Tin but this would be the first time they had been used on Stonecutters Island.

Refugee Co-ordinator, Mr Mike Hanson, yesterday told members of the Omelco Security Panel that additional tents would be erected at Whitehead to boost the camp's capacity.

Whitehead yesterday held 5,378 boat people, already above the official capacity of 4,000.

Another measure was to advance the conversion of Lo Wu army camp to boat people accommodation from the end of June to next week.

But the whole package would only provide 3,000 extra places, which could be filled within a week if arrivals continued at the present rate.

Councillor Mr Hui Yin-fat said after the meeting that they had been told the Government had no other accommodation available.

The Government had opted for tents because they were readily available, Mr Hui said.

They were told the Government had to live from day to day in coping with the Vietnamese influx, he said.

Security Branch officials would have to work out further emergency plans for next week, he said.

Mr Hui said councillors were annoyed and frustrated at not being able to do anything about the situation.

"It's not the cost alone, but we just don't have any more accommodation whatsoever for them," he said.

Turning to violence at refugee camps, Mr Hui said he was very worried, especially in view of the proposed changes to speed up procedures to deal with appeals from boat people who had been refused refugee status.

"If they fail in their appeal, they will have nothing more to lose because they know their destination is back to Vietnam. I think more violence will ensue," he said.

He said the Government might have to take a serious look at whether a particular group was creating trouble in the camps.

"If there is a consistently difficult group, I suppose we have to call for a report. And certainly we should take appropriate action to handle this group."

Mr Hui also said Omelco members would discuss at their Friday in-house meeting a paper which summarised their views on the boat people issue.

"We will try our best to arm the Governor with information that truly reflects the views of Hongkong people before he goes to the Geneva conference," he said.

■ Refugee stabbed. US petitioned Page 4

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14335期（代号1—1）

1989年5月31日 星期三 己巳年四月廿七

北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转阴有雷阵雨 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴有小雷阵雨转多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 30℃ 最低 16℃

人民日报社出版


结合实际贯彻党中央国务院重大决策

## 中央国家机关一些部门决心抓改革建设

新华社北京5月30日电　中央国家机关一些部门结合本部门的工作实际，贯彻党中央、国务院的重大决策，决心抓好改革、建设和各项业务工作，以实际行动与党中央在政治上保持一致，维护安定团结的政治局面，巩固和发展改革和四化建设的成果。

监察部要求部机关干部和各级监察部门，积极努力做好监察工作，抓紧查处一批重要案件，在惩治官倒、消除腐败，保持廉洁方面作出贡献。

水利部向河海大学、华北水电学院等三所部属院校发出通知，要求组织师生学习李鹏同志的重要讲话，迅速恢复正常的教学秩序。部科教司组织外地高校领导做来京学生返校和劝阻学生来京的工作，部里要求所属部门坚守岗位，搞好防汛工作。部一些领导成员还分别到淮河、长江、海河检查防汛工作。

民政部要求民政系统坚决贯彻中央重大决策，认真做好拥军优属工作，帮助部队和烈军属排忧解难；做好今年春夏灾救济工作，把党和政府的关怀，送到千家万户；加强基层政权建设，加强社会各项福利工作和社会行政管理工作，促进社会稳定。

物资部要求所属部门坚守岗位，努力做好物资工作，更好地为重点建设生产服务；贯彻治理整顿和深化改革的方针，进一步整顿生产资料流通领域的秩序，加强和促进廉政建设，为制止动乱，稳定局势和保证国民经济的稳定发展作出贡献。

轻工部采取两项紧急措施，一是要求部属各高等院校做好思想工作，尽快恢复正常的教学秩序，劝阻学生来京或离人做好来京学生返校工作；二是要求各地轻工业战线广大干部职工坚守岗位，抓好生产，保证与人民生活息息相关的轻工产品的生产和供给。

地矿部5月28日发出“关于坚决贯彻李鹏同志讲话精神的通知”，要求所属部门、各生产单位、科研单位要教育干部、群众坚持生产、科研，确保各项业务工作的完成。

国家民委要求本部门党政领导做好思想政治工作，坚持与学生对话，旗帜鲜明地宣传民族大团结，制止动乱。

中国人民银行及各专业银行、保险公司对本部门机关的同志提出要求，做金融系统的表率，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，号召金融系统的全体干部职工，必须坚守工作岗位，保证银行各类业务工作正常进行，进一步加强对库房、运钞、印钞和基层营业网点的安全保卫工作，保证国家财产的绝对安全。

国家旅游局表示，旅游部门的干部职工，要坚守工作岗位，做好本职工作，尽量减少动乱给旅游业带来的影响。

海关总署机关的领导同志要求机关全体同志自觉维护安定团结的局面，为海关系统做好榜样。

国务院特区办的领导表示，要在涉外活动中，按照中央、国务院关于“改革开放的政策不变”的精神，以及当前为稳定局势采取的必要措施，对外宣做好宣传、解释工作。

国家科委、劳动部、人事部、文化部、广播影视部、建设部、国家计生委、新闻出版署、国家档案局、国家环保局、国家建材局、国家海洋局、国家地震局、国家土地局、国家统计局、国家物价局、国家气象局、国家技术监督局、国家医药局、国家工商局、国务院宗教局、国务院外专局、国务院台办、国务院港澳办、国务院侨办、国务院经济社会发展研究中心、中国社会科学院、中国科学院也都结合本部门、本单位的实际，认真采取措施，坚决贯彻党中央和国务院的重大决策。

中国国际贸促会、中国人民对外友好协会、中国科协、国家自然科学基金会、中国残疾人联合会、中国法学会、宋庆龄基金会、中国国际信托投资公司、中国康华发展总公司、中国工商经济开发公司、中国农村信托投资公司等单位也都纷纷表示，拥护李鹏、杨尚昆同志的重要讲话，拥护党中央、国务院为制止动乱，恢复首都社会秩序采取的果断措施，尽职尽责，努力做好业务工作，为稳定局势，促进改革和四化建设作出贯献。

## 人大常委会党组向党中央报告情况

### 就学习贯彻中央领导同志重要讲话

新华社北京5月30日电　全国人大常委会党组关于学习贯彻中央领导同志重要讲话的情况报告党中央：

5月30日，人大常委会办公厅负责人和人大机关党委布置全体机关工作人员和党员干部，认真学习讨论李鹏、尚昆同志19日在党中央、国务院召开的党政军干部大会上的重要讲话，并要求大家顾全大局，坚守岗位，做好工作，在政治上同中央保持一致，不要听信谣言和谣传，坚决按照中央的部署，认真执行戒严令，依照宪法和法律的规定办事。5月26日和27日，全国人大常委会党组分两批召集了在京的党员全国人大常委委员和人大机关司局级以上党员干部开会，传达讨论李鹏、尚昆、乔石、依林同志5月23日晚听取党组汇报后的重要讲话。5月27日，机关党委在机关全体党员干部中，传达讨论李鹏、尚昆、乔石、依林同志的重要讲话。

党组成员和党员委员以及机关党员干部认为，中央政治局常委会、国务院为制止动乱、稳定局势所作出的重大决策，体现了全国各族人民的根本利益，表示坚决拥护。为了保卫无数革命先烈前仆后继、流血牺牲、艰苦奋斗创建的中华人民共和国，我们一定要在党中央领导下，在政治上坚决同中央保持一致，立场坚定，旗帜鲜明地制止动乱，在这场严肃的政治斗争面前，绝不能有丝毫的犹豫，要坚决把极少数极少数人挑起的动乱平息下去。否则，就会党无宁日，国无宁日。

我国宪法规定，“中华人民共和国是工人阶级领导的、以工农联盟为基础的人民民主专政的社会主义国家。”最近一个时期以来，极少数极少数人制造动乱，妄图从组织上颠覆中国共产党的领导，推翻全国人民代表大会依法产生的国务院即中央人民政府，否定人民民主专政的国家制度和社会主义的社会制度，是严重违反宪法的根本原则的。宪法还规定，“中华人民共和国公民有言论、出版、集会、结社、游行、示威的自由”，“公民在行使自由和权利的时候，不得损害国家的、社会的、集体的利益和其他公民的合法的自由和权利”。在极少数人的煽动下，生产秩序、工作秩序、教学科研秩序和人民群众生活秩序，受到了严重的破坏，实际上陷入了严重的混乱的无政府状态，法律和秩序受到严重破坏。这是宪法和法律所不允许的。为了维护宪法和法律的尊严，坚决制止动乱，恢复社会正常秩序，维护安定团结，保证改革开放和社会主义现代化建设的顺利进行，国务院根据宪法第89条第16项的规定，决定在北京市部分地区实行戒严，是完全正确的、必要的。

同志们认为，广大青年学生出于爱国热情，希望促进民主、整治腐败的要求，与党和政府的愿望是一致的。一定要切实做到把广大青年学生的爱国热情同挑动动乱的极少数极少数人严格区别开来。他们提出的加强廉政建设、消除腐败现象等合理意见，要按照民主和法制的程序认真加以解决，这样可以提高党和政府的威望，增强凝聚力。

同志们表示，在人大工作的共产党员，一定要在中央的领导下，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，加强民主和法制建设，为在人大坚决贯彻党的主张而努力工作。

中共全国人大常委会党组

1989年5月29日

全国妇联举行在京常委会议

## 拥护中央正确决策和工作部署

### 国务院参事室为稳定局势和长治久安提出四点建议

新华社北京5月30日电　全国妇联消息。全国妇联在京常委5月29日上午举行会议，认真学习讨论了李鹏、杨尚昆同志在首都党、政、军干部大会上的讲话。与会同志一致认为，在这场关系到党的命运和国家前途的严肃政治斗争中，我们一定要在思想上和行动上与党中央保持一致，坚决拥护党中央、国务院的正确决策和工作部署，为迅速制止动乱，维护国家安定团结作出我们应有的贡献。陈慕华同志主持了会议，并作了讲话。

一、会议强调，坚决制止动乱，维护党的领导，维护社会主义制度，维护全国的安定团结，是当前压倒一切的大局，是关系到广大人民群众、广大妇女姐妹根本利益和长远利益的大事。各级妇联干部、各族各界妇女群众要认清当前的严峻形势，立场坚定，旗帜鲜明地同极少数极少数人的阴谋作坚决的斗争，以实际行动支持党和政府为稳定局势所做出的正确决策与采取的果断措施。

二、会议殷切地希望全国各族女职工、女农民、女干部、女知识分子、女军人、女学生和人民一起，坚守岗位，坚持生产。希望广大家长和母亲教育子女和亲属认清形势，理全大局，遵守纪律。希望广大妇女姐妹坚决做到不听信谣言，不参与游行请愿活动，停止上街围观和搞声援活动，希望女青年学生珍惜宝贵的学习时光，迅速返校复课。为尽快恢复首都和全国各地的生产、工作、教学和生活的正常秩序作出贡献。

三、会议认为，率命进京执行戒严任务的部队全体官兵，以实际行动谱写了特殊条件下拥政爱民的新篇章，为恢复首都秩序，稳定北京乃至全国的局势作出了很大的贡献，你们无愧为人民共和国的坚强柱石，向他们致以最高的敬意和亲切的慰问。会议衷心地感谢日夜坚守岗位，为维护首都和全国各地的正常秩序，保障人民的生活和健康作出了巨大贡献的公安干警、武警、人民解放军指战员、广大医务工作者和各条战线的职工。希望各级妇联和广大妇女姐妹积极支持他们执行任务，协助他们搞好工作，共同为结束混乱状态，维护安定团结，促进改革和建设、维护祖国事产作出新贡献。　（下转第二版）

## 洪学智刘华清钱正英看望戒严部队指战员

新华社北京5月30日电　中央军委副部长兼总参谋长洪学智、刘华清，今天代表中央军委看望部分执行戒严任务的部队指战员。

洪学智、刘华清来到各部队驻地，详细询问部队的生活情况，并深入班、排，与战士们一起就餐。他们勉励部队不怕苦、不怕累，坚决执行党中央、国务院、中央军委下达的戒严任务，经受了新的锻炼和考验。他们要求全体官兵继续认识执行戒严任务的重要意义，继续发扬我军的优良传统和作风，紧密团结在党中央的周围，为维护首都的安定，制止动乱，做出新的贡献。

洪学智同志昨天在何其宗副总参谋长的陪同下代表中央军委还看望了其他戒严部队指战员。

钱正英一行还到解放军304医院看望了正在执行戒严任务中负伤的官兵。

戒严部队指战员表示，坚定不移地同党中央保持一致，胜利完成戒严任务。

## 中办机关党委致信慰问戒严部队

新华社北京5月30日电　中央办公厅机关党委给戒严部队的慰问信。全文如下：

亲爱的戒严部队官兵们：

你们辛苦了！

为了首都的安宁，为了共和国的长治久安，你们率命肩负起在北京部分地区戒严的重任。在这场关系到党和国家前途命运的严肃政治斗争中，你们立场坚定，旗帜鲜明，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生，热爱首都的一草一木。你们的正义行动，极大地鼓舞了首都人民的士气，赢得了极少数极少数别有用心的人，你们不愧为人民子弟兵，不愧为共和国的钢铁长城。

正义之师不可侮。十多天来，你们为了完成党中央、国务院和中央军委交给的神圣的戒严任务，日晒雨淋，风餐露宿，甚至还要忍受一些不明真相的人的谩骂、殴打和极少数别有用心的人的造谣中伤。但你们始终保持了高昂的士气，表现出了很高的政治觉悟。你们以自己的实际行动赢得了首都人民的信赖和支持。我们坚信，一切有觉悟的共和国的公民，都会理解、支持你们，你们担负的戒严任务也一定会胜利完成。

我们中央办公厅的共产党员、共青团员和工作人员，决心以你们为榜样，坚决拥护党中央、国务院为制止动乱所采取的正确决策和得力措施，认真学习李鹏、杨尚昆同志5月19日的重要讲话，严守纪律，忠于职守，就地就业地为党中央服好务。让我们在不同的岗位上，为了一个目标——制止动乱，维护安定团结局面而奋斗。

中共中央办公厅

机关委员会

一九八九年五月二十九日

## 世界银行驻中国代表处一直在华进行各项业务

新华社北京5月30日电　（记者陈锦）世界银行驻中国代表处今天声明：香港一些报刊最近两天关于世界银行关闭驻中国代表处和中止所有贷款的报道是不真实的。

这个代表处的一位官员说，“世界银行一直在中国进行各项业务。我们相信中国政府开放改革政策是不会改变的。”

## 用民主手段推进民主建设

本报评论员

前天曾传出在天安门广场静坐的学生有throughout学校的消息。后来，又传出学生将继续静坐到6月20日的消息。此讯如属实，可能是意在对已宣布的于6月20日左右开会的人大常委会施加“影响”或“压力”，如确有此意，则最为人所期以为不可。

人大常委会开会是为了讨论人民群众（包括青年学生）普遍关心的问题，以便促使政府改进工作。正如万里委员长在书面讲话中所说的：“要开好这次会议，必须增强民主和法制的观念，必须有一个安定和有秩序的环境，不然的话，预期的目的就难以实现。”具体希望促进民主、整治腐败的广大青年学生，完全有可能通过各种正常渠道向人大常委会反映自己的意见。不必要也不应该采用聚众静坐之类方式。何况此种方式已持续了这么长时间，尽管政府采取十分克制的态度，学生也比较注意自己内部的秩序，但这样发展下去，终究要对社会秩序带来更多动荡不安的因素，也在实际上使不参加静坐的人们失去了使用广场的权利。

现在，党政军各方面领导人一再表示要听取同学们提出的合理要求，一再声明在北京部分地区实行戒严不是对待学生的。我们希望热心于民主建设的同学们也能冷静地思一思，赶快结束在广场上的静坐，复回学校，通过正常民主的手段，提出法制问题，来推进民主建设。

## 天安门管理处发表声明

### 反对在广场搭设“女神”像

#### ——女中年知识分子要求市府采取制止措施

新华社北京5月30日电　北京市天安门管理处今天就有些人在天安门广场搭设“女神”像一事发表声明。

声明说，天安门广场是我国举行政治性集会和迎宾活动的重要场所，是全国人民的广场，是非常庄严肃穆的地方。现在有人把什么“女神”像搭设在天安门广场，是极不严肃的，也是违反北京市人民政府1981年11月1日通告的。我们天安门管理处的重要职责之一，就是保护好天安门广场，所以，我们坚决反对一些人这样做，我们相信，全国人民也是会坚决反对的，请一些人立即停止这种活动。

声明指出，人民英雄纪念碑北侧是我国每年重大节日时矗立革命先驱孙中山先生巨幅画像的地方，在这个地方置出一个什么“女神”像，这是对我们国家尊严和民族形象的一种污辱和践踏。

新华社北京5月30日电　据北京市人民政府信访办消息，从昨天晚上到今天，一些人未经批准在庄严肃穆的天安门广场搭设什么“女神”像。国家机关某设计院的一位女中年知识分子前往市政府，要求尽快采取制止措施。

她在留下的书面意见中说，天安门是新中国的象征，是英雄先烈用鲜血铸铸的，只有英雄先烈的纪念碑才能体现为自由民主奋斗的人民的意志。口口声声要民主的人，你们这种做法征求过全国、全市人民的意见吗？口口声声要自由的人，你们不是把自己的意志强加于别人吗？请尊重这一事实，这是中国，不是美国，就是美国也不允许在国会大厦前随意修建雕像的。我强烈要求市政府采取相应的措施制止这一无法无天的强奸民意的行径。我认为他们的做法从最低的角度说，也是属于非法建筑，“六一”儿童节时众多的儿童即将来天安门瞻仰英雄纪念碑，为了不让儿童的心灵受到不健康的影响，我强烈要求市有关部门尽快解决这一问题。

## 向中小学生免费或者优惠开放国家教委等要求各类文化设施

## 四部委推荐八十本少儿读物

本报北京5月30日讯　在各地少年儿童出版社自荐的基础上，经过全国红领巾读书报报关赛活动推荐书目评审委员会评议后确定，国家教委、团中央、文化部、新闻出版署在“六一”儿童节之际，联合向全国推荐《给寻找理想的少年朋友》、《小学生百日问》、《我是怎样学习的》等80本（套）少年儿童读物。

四部委要求各地共青团、教育、文化、出版发行等部门认真配合，认真做好推荐图书的宣传和发行工作。国家教委还拟出30万元专款，用于补充各地部分经费困难、缺乏图书的小学购置推荐书籍。

本报北京5月30日讯　国家教委会同文化部、国家体委、全国科协、全国总工会、全国妇联、共青团中央等单位报定了《关于全国各类文化设施向中小学生免费或优惠开放的意见》。

《意见》提出：各博物馆、纪念馆、科技馆、文化馆、体育场（馆）、影剧院等公共文化设施和国家机关、部队、企事业、社会团体所属的礼堂、文化体育设施，每年应免费向中小学生开放一至二次。开放时间最好安排在国家法定的节假日（如“六一”、“十一”或寒暑假等），博物馆、纪念馆、展览馆等，应根据中小学校教育教学需要，免费或低费接待集体参观。各营利性文化设施，如体育场（馆）、游乐场、影剧院、礼堂等应在寒暑假期间，举办中小学生专场，实行低费或免费服务。今年各单位举办的建国40周年成就展览等，应免费接待中小学生集体参观。

### 精心哺育

浙江省杭州市南山路幼儿园，自1984年建园以来，已培养出2400多名学生，其中有不少已成为工程师、科学家、人民教师、解放军将士。如今该园9名教师把精心培养下一代作为己任，在幼教工作中，开展多种有意义的活动。

寓教于乐，不断开发幼儿智力，使幼儿德、智、体、美全面发展。图为该园教师孙志强在给幼儿们进行形象化教学。

黄曙林摄

## 5月30日：天安门广场即景

本报北京5月31日凌晨讯　由中央美术学院雕塑系20多名师生集体创作的“民主之神”雕像，安放在天安门广场人民英雄纪念碑北侧，吸引着数以万计的围观者。这个未经批准搭设“民主之神”的举措，也引起了天安门管理处和国家机关某委设计院一位女中年知识分子的异议。

尽管北京市政府第二、第三号戒严令中，对外外记者采访有严格限制，在纪念碑第三层台基上，外国和港澳台记者的数架摄像机仍然支在那里。

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# 洪學智劉華清代表軍委昨到駐地探望戒嚴部隊

## 要求部隊維護安定制止動亂做出貢獻

【新華社北京三十日電】中央軍委副秘書長洪學智、劉華清，今天代表中央軍委看望部分執行戒嚴任務的部隊指戰員。

洪學智、劉華清到各部隊駐地，詳細詢問部隊的生活情況，並察看營、排、與戰士們一起就餐。他們親切地問寒問暖，關心戰士們的冷暖，不怕累，堅決執行黨中央、國務院、中央軍委下達的戒嚴任務，經受了新的鍛煉和考驗。

洪學智、劉華清到達駐地後，分別向部隊傳達了中央軍委主席鄧小平、楊尚昆、楊白冰、王震、王任重同志的重要講話，代表中央軍委對部隊執行戒嚴任務的指揮員和廣大指戰員表示親切的慰問，並代表中央軍委向部隊全體幹部戰士表示敬意。

洪學智、劉華清指出，這次部隊執行戒嚴任務，是黨中央、國務院、中央軍委為了維護首都的安定，制止動亂，做出的重大決策，是為了維護我國的社會主義制度和改革開放的政策，為了保障我國的改革開放和現代化建設的順利進行，為了保障人民的生命財產安全，為了保障廣大人民群眾的根本利益，為了保障我們的偉大祖國長治久安，具有重大的現實意義和深遠的歷史意義。

洪學智、劉華清指出，這次部隊執行戒嚴任務的重要意義，集中表現在：維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的社會主義制度；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的改革開放政策；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的安定團結的政治局面；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的獨立自主的和平外交政策；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的社會主義現代化建設的順利進行；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的社會主義現代化建設的順利進行；維護和捍衛了我們黨和國家的社會主義現代化建設的順利進行。

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# 出席美中工貿聯席會議

# 二百美商在京洽談
# 中方強調繼續開放

## 部分外商仍觀望期局政轉趨穩定

【美聯社北京三十日電】約二百名美國商人，本週期間情地與他們的中國相應部門進行貿易談判。與此同時，在不遠的將來，對外經濟改革進行地區性試驗。

一個中國貿易展覽會，已因北京以外的參展者無法前往而取消。原安排運載美國的展品運香港而取消。

該民間計劃主席格雷斯會計公司的子公司格雷斯中國有限公司總裁威廉·金吉說：「美國方面對談的問題，而中國方面對未來的經濟改革產生影響。」

分來自小型及中型企業的美國商人作此旅行，比原估計的這為少。

【本報北京三十日電】約二百名工人和學生今天圍聚在北京市公安局門前，要求當局釋放三名據說被當局秘密逮捕的工人。人們後來又轉移到國家公安部門前靜坐。

據一首都工人自治聯合會」人士稱，被捕的三人中，包括王民和白星平是長、華盛頓前駐華使館前秘書，遇克爾·孔卡利亞說，「中國與會者強調，一站，被國內政治辯論中的各方均地對對西方開放的政策。」

但是，六周以來要求民主的學生運動，以及國之發生的中國領導層的分歧，已給這次會議投下了長長的陰影。

去年的會議是在胡耀邦的高級領導人日前考察支援商人致意，當時李鵬總理發表了歡迎演說。

今年的會議氣法在人民大會堂舉行——與之毗連的天安門廣場被成千上萬學生佔據着，他們中的許多人聚求李鵬總理辭職，因為他在北京實施戒嚴以圖平息他們的抗議示威。

由華盛頓州衛波坎民間國際公民大使計劃組織的美國一方探訪團體出規定，請遵照執行。在此期間，記者在北京市進行採訪活動有關事宜，請遵照北京市人民政府外事辦公室辦理。

# 外交部通知外國記者
# 採訪須遵照戒嚴規定

【新華社北京三十日電】據悉，外交部新聞司已向各國新聞機構駐華記者發出通知，內容如下：

一九八九年五月二十日北京市一九八九年五月二十日北京市分批實行戒嚴期間外國人員和記者採訪問題作出規定，在此期間，記者在北京市進行採訪活動有關事宜，請遵照北京市人民政府外事辦公室辦理。

# 同屬「工人自治會」成員
# 傳三工人被秘密拘捕
# 數百人昨圍聚公安局

## 工人學生呼籲勿採過激行動避免暴力

【本報北京三十日電】約二百名工人和學生今天圍聚在北京市公安局門前，要求當局釋放三名據說被當局秘密逮捕的工人。人們後來又轉移到國家公安部門前靜坐。

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# 新聞簡報

## 首季查處貪污案
## 高達六千四百宗
## 較去年同期增二成六

【新華社北京三十日電】中國各級檢察機關檢察查處貪污受賄案件，今年第一季度共立案查處構成犯罪的貪污賄賂案件六千四百餘件，比去年同期增加百分之二十六點六。

據悉，在立案查處的案件中，萬元以上案件和涉及到縣、團級以上幹部的貪污受賄案件一千三百餘件。

## 北京公安局昨宣布
## 搜捕「錢鵬隊」組織
## 捕十人　指其搜亂首都社會秩序

【新華社北京三十日電】支援首都正常社會秩序的號稱「飛虎隊」「摩托車隊」組織的一名骨頭、關事分子，已被公安機關拘留審查。

# 在蜀考察二灘水電站工程
# 外商談論中國政局
# 無礙對華經濟合作

## 世銀駐華代表否認中止貸款談判

【新華社成都三十日電】今天下午召開的二灘水電站土建工程國際招標標前會上，來自聯邦德國、瑞士、法國、意大利等國家的十五家投標商經過，目前中國的局勢並不影響他們與中國的經濟合作，他們都對在中國投標充滿信心。

這十五家建築投標商和中國五家建築企業的代表是應二灘水電開發公司邀請，來四川省實地考察二灘水電站前期工程的施工情況並商談有關投標問題的。他們對二灘的水電站的前期工程進展速度和工程質量表示高度讚賞，對二灘水電站投標書的編制水平給予了極高的評價，並對四川省創造的投標環境表示滿意。

應商以大局為重，以和工人冷靜、理智行事，不可衝動，並要求在場的學生、現場人。

代表進入公安局出，交涉結果時，與有關人員談了三名工人和兩名學生代表再進入公安局交涉。代表們提出三點要求：一、是不是抓了這三個人，二、抓人有沒有依據，三、如果抓了人，被捕的三人有沒有受到不公正待遇。

公安局交涉，一批外省市高校學生後來又到來聲援，堵塞住公安局門口。

# 千一足未數人名報
# 絕日食能定決無倘期
# 坐靜續繼生學外門華新

【本報北京三十日電】在新華門外已靜坐十三天的三十一，便秦紫宗等學生，表示仍會繼續靜坐，直至天安門廣場的學生運動全勝為止。

這批學生，從本十日、百餘輛摩托車，開到首都東大門附近，並動員數工人圍工，甚至新人廠內（被扣留），他們一聯繫，要有被嚴部隊的軍車，馬上就分發裝去。

他們還衝破工廠、汽水瓶砸碎玻璃，打傷交通民警的臉部，民族形象的一種污辱。他們衝開汽車加油站，公然搶油或強行加油。

從初步掌握情況，今天已有三百輛摩托車隊中起碼，有三輛人，一是刑滿釋放，解除勞教的人員；二是流氓氣的分子；三是開散人員和團伙者。這部分人中的大部分人已表示不再幹這種違法犯罪的活動了。

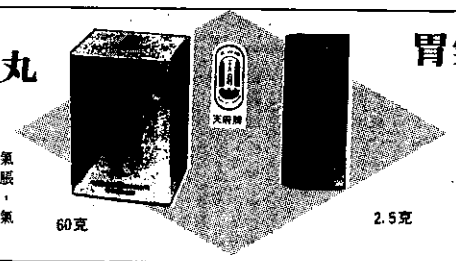
# 天安門管理處聲明
# 促停止搭設女神像
## 指其極不嚴肅並且違反市政府通告
## 「女神」落成儀式昨吸引十數萬人圍觀

【新華社北京三十日電】北京市天安門管理處今天就有些人在天安門廣場搭設「女神」像一事發表聲明。

聲明說，天安門是我國舉行政治性集會和慶賀活動的場所，一直在廣場上搭設各種建築物，都是嚴肅的。

這個代表處的一位負責人說，我們相信大多數人民是愛國的，我們相信一切有利於國家的事情，都會得到人民的支持。

# 越卓效療良質優貢獻　四川中國成藥新



總經銷：永康醫藥公司　電話：0-6056216（二線）圖文傳真：0-6912119

# 一九八九年中國東北地區暨內蒙古出口商品交易會

在國家對外經濟貿易部的支持下，國家對外經濟貿易部駐大連特派員辦事處的參與下，黑龍江省、吉林省、遼寧省、內蒙古自治區、哈爾濱市、長春市、瀋陽市、大連市共同定於一九八九年七月一日至十日在大連市舉辦“一九八九年中國東北地區暨內蒙古出口商品交易會”。為了促進我國內地進一步發展外向型經濟，交易會還將邀請其他一些省、區、市組團參加。

本屆交易會以出口商品成交為主，國際經濟技術合作為輔。採取展談結合，以洽談為主；專業、工貿、地貿公司和擁有外貿自營權的企業相結合，以專業公司為主。

我們竭誠地希望和歡迎國內外企業界、金融界、新聞界的朋友屆時光臨交易會。

一九八九年中國東北地區暨內蒙古出口商品交易會籌備委員會

文匯報
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
經中國人民郵政登記認為第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號
WEN WEI PO
31 五月 一九八九年
星期三 卅七日 四月 已巳年
港字第一四一五六號
每日出版新九張售二元

# 許家屯昨談北京局勢
## 目前狀況僅暫時現象
### 認為改革開放及一國兩制方針政策不會改變

【中新社香港三十日電】以日本野村證券株式會社萩野玲為首的日本地區銀行香港考察團今天到新華社香港分社拜會許家屯社長。

許家屯對香港發展的前景表示樂觀，相信香港在一九九七年後會比現在發展得更好，並歡迎客人們放進自光，積極參與中國及香港的開係。

該團是為考察香港和深圳的投資環境而赴港。在會見中，許家屯就一九八九年以後香港的形勢等問題作了回答。許家屯說：「對北京的形勢，我國領導人已有很清楚的認識。目前的狀況只是暫時現象，改革開放的方針不會變，一國兩制的政策不會變。」

許家屯說：「我們對香港的投資是有信心的。」

# 滬外經貿官員學者指出
# 開放十年成就來之不易
## 強調鄧小平開創的開放改革路線必須繼續

【本報上海三十日電】國務院有關負責人日前在國務院部屬會議上表達了自己對近年來中國引進、利用外資的不滿，主張緊縮縮橫方向，引起了此間相當一部份從事外貿工作的專家及研究此一問題的學者的強烈反響，他們認為，這種說法完全不符合客觀事實，是近十年來改革開放政策的否定。

一位長期從事外貿工作的官員稱，三中全會以來，以鄧小平為首的中央領導人堅持改革開放政策，全國上下共同努力，貫徹「對外開放，對內搞活」的方針，才出現了今天這樣利用外資的大好局面。就上海來說，今年一至四月利用外資達二億三千萬美元，共二百零四個項目，而且絕大多數屬於國內急需的工業和能源方面的項目。

調查，發現引進外資的經濟效益一般大於間接效益。化，工業性項目佔自分之八十以上，這些客觀事實，有目共睹。

還有一位經歷過五十年代中蘇友好合作時期的老幹部不無沮心地表示，如果現在的領導人改變對外經貿方針，直接引進外資，過去那種與蘇聯專家合作的教訓記憶猶新，誰都不會忘記六十年代初由於對方突然撕毀合同所遭遇的艱難困難，況且目前蘇聯自身不穩，根本不可能有更多的資金投向中國，領導人必須正視現實，他並強調說近年來由於改革開放，打通了與世界各國及西方發達國家發展經貿的渠道，這是各級領導、各階層和各界人士通力合作的結果，切不可毀於一旦。

## 四川簡陽縣 罷一人大代表

【香港中通社成都三十日電】正在簡陽的犯人潘大華竟被選為縣人大代表，這一怪事被此間新聞界披露之後，簡氏的人大代表資格日前才被選舉委員會取消。

簡大華曾因偽造合同詐騙、況且目前蘇聯自身不穩，根本不可能有更多的資金投向中林被警方多次逮捕。

# 外資來自美日港澳
## 引進結構已有改善
### 進種引進項目已多屬工業及能源

這些投資基本上來一加工性為主轉為材料、能源及基礎工業為主，效益亦逐步由低化，工業性項目佔自澳地區。他還稱，如能保持這個勢頭，上海多年外貿方面的工作會越來越好。

【香港中通社北京三十日電】青年學者認為，近年來，隨著中國對外開放的不斷深入，外資的結構已有所改善，引進項目已多屬工業及能源，而非一般加工裝配項目。

自美、日、西歐和港、台投資者為主轉為材料、能源及基礎工業為主，效益亦逐步由低化，工業性項目佔自商品發展，廣州市外，分之八十以上。這些經貿委員年有過一個客觀事實，有目共睹。

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# 成昌機銷書
舉書店今天九時開門營業，因多讀者前往選購《趙紫陽傳》的西四新華書店，有多達一位讀者相擁而入，造成擁擠混亂，一位讀者因此受傷。

另一位曾在廣東工作過的人士亦認為，廣東這兩年利用外資的情況，同一問題如何解決，也不同，已逐步從服務性、

# 駐華代表處昨有宣布
# 世銀否認撤出中國
## 稱世銀一直在華進行各項業務

【新華社北京三十日電】世界銀行駐中國代表處今天宣布，香港一些報刊最近關於世界銀行關駐中國代表處和中止所有貸款項目的報道是不真實的。

這個代表處的一位官員說，「世界銀行一直在中國進行各項業務，並將根據中國政府的開放改革的政策是不會改變的。」

# 外資來自美日港澳
## 引進結構已有改善
### 進種引進項目已多屬工業及能源

這些投資基本上來一加工性為主轉為材料、能源及基礎工業為主，效益亦逐步由低化，工業性項目佔自澳地區。他還稱，如能保持這個勢頭，上海多年外貿方面的工作會越來越好。

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# 老人幫密謀發動新政治鬥爭

# 鄧小平借助「趙派」勢力抗衡

## 50萬大軍臨城偏向支持保守派
## 重用秦基偉洪學智
## 明顯獲鄧大力支持

〔快報消息〕雖然北京的局勢，在表面上已有顯趨平靜之態，不過據稱有各方面的軍隊調入北京，而鄧的部隊，秦基偉及楊勇部長指揮調入北京，而趙的部隊，特別，即有迹象電新調鄧小平重用，顯示鄧小平重新增加其影響力，與〔老人幫〕日益膨脹的勢力抗衡。

來自北京的重要人士指出，實際掌握部隊的將領，支持趙紫陽的，已被調離，或被解除，切職務，再行另案處理，由於北京政局多數人士，包括原先的決定，是要

# 北京公安捕民運支持者

## 共十四人包括工會活躍分子下落不明

（本報綜合報道）北京當局拘捕大批參與支持民運的群眾，包括工會活躍分子。截至昨日為止，已有十四人，包括三名工會職員被捕，其中一人在公安局外拜訪，要求釋放被拘者下落。

據悉，「北京工人自治聯合會」三名領袖周一晚被捕，沈安慰（譯音）、陳平（譯音）、周三凌晨（譯音）三時許分在天安門廣場附近被捕，周二在公安局門口被捕。

（北京法新社卅日電）分析家周二評論，中國高層領導的分裂，力門爭已走向高峯，最高領導人鄧小平也不能保證改革派的地位。

據可靠的消息指出，鄧小平仍然持續。

（北京路透社卅日電）據駐北京的外交官員表示，過去六星期因學生示威引起的危機，是中華人民共和國自一九四九年建國以來最嚴重的一次。

洪學智、劉震洲今天代表中共軍委會副主席楊尚昆召開的軍委擴大會議，會議討論了學生運動問題。

洪學智、劉震洲兩人是在上週末被任命為軍委副主席，以取代被中共總書記趙紫陽罷黜的兩名軍委副主席。

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（路透社倫敦卅日電）據駐北京的外交官員表示：「這只是第一回合，現在評論解決方法還為時過早。」

【本報訊】北京消息：一個「全國各族人民」工人組織，周一晚被捕，而他們已被拘捕的人士聯合絕食請願團的組織。

這是消息稱，被捕的人士聯合絕食請願團的組織。

明報·1989年5月31日 星期三

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第31年·第125號 今天出紙十二大張 $2.00

# 明報

# 軍隊不滿成爲黨爭工具

## 中共可能六五開會公布對趙紫陽決定

## 一百人示威 六人領袖被拘

### 替學生通風報信「飛虎隊」十一人被扣查

【本報記者北京專電】消息人士稱，中共高層可能於六月五日召開中央人大常委會全國特別代表大會，並在會上公布對趙紫陽的處理決定。

據北京消息人士透露，掌握中共軍權的鄧小平、國務總理李鵬及六位元老人物多次向中共高層人士，目前仍在西山一帶召開會議，北京中南海目前已實施交通管制。

消息人士指出，人大常委會委員長萬里於本月初參加中共中央政治局常委會議時，曾就如何處理趙紫陽問題，提出「四項原則」，即：一、趙紫陽必須在中共十三屆四中全會期間作出檢討；二、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會委員面前作出檢討；三、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會委員面前作出檢討；四、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會委員面前作出檢討。

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消息人士透露，萬里於本月二十日在上海一個內部會議上，曾就趙紫陽問題，提出「四項原則」，即：一、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會面前作出檢討；二、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會面前作出檢討；三、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會面前作出檢討；四、趙紫陽必須在中共中央委員、候補中央委員、中央顧問委員會委員及中央紀律檢查委員會面前作出檢討。

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理論 三名支持北京學生的工人被捕之後，示威者昨日前往北京市公安局與公安人員理論。（路透社傳真）

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中華民國七十八年（一九八九）五月三十一日　星期三　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月二十七日　⊙要聞　第一版

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## 今日新聞提要

一、李總統頒令特任李煥爲行政院院長；刊第一版。

二、北平三名工人領袖被捕，刊第一版。

三、北平工人正式成立工聯會，刊第二版。

四、「特區行政長官」產生方式，兩局議員產生辦法，刊第十五版。

雄才偉略　執掌內閣　衆望所歸

# 立法院昨日行使同意權
# 李煥獲高票任行政院長

【本報駐台記者力維三十日電】立法院今天下午三點召開臨時會，展即投票行使行政院長提名人同意權，五點半開票，六時宣布投票結果，計開出二百五十票，同意李煥出任行政院院長者二百一十七票，投票者棄權通過，反對票二十四票，廢票九票。

國府發佈，反對票。

中民進黨籍立委共有十三票，棄權原因多數通過，票位置問題，可能出自一時昏花者之一手誤。

立法院於今天上午舉行全院委員會議，審查行政院提名人李煥等十三人，經過兩個多鐘頭的審查，決於下午三時召開院會，投票行使同意權。

## 總統令

民國七十八年五月三十日

總統令：

行政院院長職務重要，即將出任行政院長職務的李煥（左），於三十日下午立法院行使同意權後，到達立法院，與院長劉闊才握手，表示謝意。（中央社台北傳真）

行政院院長職務重要，特任李煥爲行政院院長。

需立法院院長劉闊才正式通知同意李煥出任行政院院長，李煥隨即在中華民國憲法第三十七條規定的職權範圍內，提出行政院其他閣員名單，下午再與李總統晉見後，於六月一日，新閣院長舉行交接典禮。

全院委員會開始，立法院院長劉闊才即宣佈投票結果，並即席宣讀總統提名李煥為行政院院長的令文。

同意權。六時，由大會主席立法院院長劉闊才正式通知總統府秘書長張京育，行政院院長李煥獲得出席委員二百一十七票的同意票，超過三十一票，依憲法規定，李煥即將組閣，並提名閣員名單，下午再與李總統晉見後，於六月一日，新閣院長舉行交接典禮。

全院委員會開始，立法院秘書長鄭彼先宣讀總統提名李煥為行政院院長案時，以交父投票方式，執政黨立委一致舉手由李煥順利通過，表示同意。

立法院全院委員經總統提名李煥為行政院院長案時，以交父投票方式，執政黨立委一致舉手由李煥順利通過，表示同意。

今天上午專案審查總統提名李煥為行政院院長案時，有多位委員提出質詢，李煥一一答覆。

李煥在答覆委員質詢時，曾經表示，他對於行政院院長職務的看法，他說：「我將以全力配合總統，執行憲法賦予行政院的職權，對立法院的質詢，我也將本著負責的態度，誠實答覆。」

李煥說，李煥「絕不」會濫用行政院對總統「總書記」解職的權力。

# South China Morning Post

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## Chief executive should be directly elected by 2003, says Omelco

By CHRIS YEUNG

MEMBERS of the Executive and Legislative councils (Omelco) have reached broad agreement that the future chief executive should be returned by direct elections no later than 2003, which is at least nine years ahead of the proposals contained in the Basic Law draft.

But the Omelco members are yet to agree on the exact timetable of holding universal suffrage because some want more time to consult and seek support from their respective groups and constituencies, such as the liberal Group of 190 which insists the chief executive should be directly elected in 1997.

Last night, the liberal flagship, the Joint Committee on the Promotion of Democratic Government, held a full meeting to discuss whether to change its stance.

The drastic advancement of universal suffrage was agreed upon by the Omelco members at its sixth special meeting in the wake of student-led democratic demonstrations in China in the past few weeks.

Members decided just a fortnight ago to have the chief executive elected by a "one man, one vote" system no later than 2007.

Under the so-called "Cha-Cha" proposal in the draft, the chief executive will only be elected by universal suffrage in 2012 at the earliest, pending the results of a referendum.

Without attributing the dramatic change of mind directly to the Beijing student movement, the Senior Executive Councillor, Dame Lydia Dunn, said: "We all agreed that the recent events in China have highlighted the crucial importance of the future 'one country, two systems' concept of Hongkong.

"It has highlighted that our system is very different to that of China. It's very important that the work of the Basic Law continues and that the Basic Law fully reflects the letters and spirit of the Joint Declaration.

"What's happening in China does indicate the importance of getting the Basic Law right ... that will enable Hongkong to maintain its unique system and lifestyle," Dame Lydia said.

"Although members always hold different views, all agreed that we should try our best to seek a consensus in order to provide leadership to the community.

"We hope the community can study the draft seriously and make more views," she said.

Senior Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei said: "We want to unite the community. We'd like to take the leadership and commend our consensus to the community to influence the Basic Law drafting."

Last night's special in-house meeting came on the eve of a two-day debate of the Legislative Council.

Leading the debate will be Mr Lee, followed by at least 28 colleagues while others are still considering whether to speak.

Mr Andrew Wong Wang-fat, convenor of Legco's Constitutional Development Panel, said he expects members will complete their consultation among their groups soon so that they can begin studying the transitional arrangements for the universal suffrage system.

These include the term of office and the detailed electoral methods of the chief executive before 1997 and its co-ordination with the electoral methods of a future legislature.

The Omelco members had earlier agreed the legislature should all be constituted by direct elections in 2003.

The Basic Law draft proposes that the first chief executive should be elected by a broadly-based election committee and have a five-year term.

Should the chief executive be directly elected in 2003, the Omelco members have to solve technical problems such as whether there should be a six-year term of office of the first chief executive, or two terms of office of chief executive that last six years before the switch to universal suffrage.

## Boat people towed out to Soko Islands

By STAFF REPORTERS

HONGKONG has been overwhelmed by the influx of Vietnamese boat people, who will now be towed to an outlying island and provided with dried food and water but no shelter.

The decision to use the barren Soko Islands on the southern edge of territorial waters was made yesterday afternoon following the arrival of another 794 boat people, bringing the number to have reached Hongkong in the last three days to 2,405.

A group of about 75 in two boats were towed to the island group last night and left in their boats under police guard until space becomes available at the Green Island reception centre.

"They will be provided with food and water but we are not able to provide them with shelter," Government refugee co-ordinator Michael Hanson said yesterday.

The Government has even run out of tents to provide cover on the island. The last of the tents have been raised in a makeshift camp at Whitehead detention centre.

"We simply have no accommodation left. I think it is important people in the camps and in the northern part of Vietnam understand we have no accommodation for boat people," he said.

New arrivals would be encouraged to sail on rather than seek shelter in the territory.

"There is simply no other accommodation in Hongkong," Mr Hanson said.

"There are limits to how much we are prepared to build and it has to be said I think we are getting pretty close to that limit."

A total of 8,952 Vietnamese have arrived in Hongkong this month, taking the total number of arrivals since screening was introduced in June last year to 23,510. In all there are now 37,825 Vietnamese in the territory.

New arrivals are now to be held on Tai Ah Chau, the largest island of the Soko group.

Those Vietnamese whose boats are still seaworthy when they reach Hongkong will be towed to the island by Marine Police and held there under guard until they can be moved elsewhere.

The decision to use the island was made at an emergency meeting with senior Government officials late yesterday afternoon when it was realised no more space was available.

Mr Hanson said when space was available, the boat people would be moved from Tai Ah Chau to the Green Island reception centre for port health clearance and processing by Immigration Department officers.

The Green Island reception centre together with five ferries chartered by the Government had already been filled by arrivals over the last few days.

Mr Hanson said the Soko Islands could hold a maximum of about 5,000 boat people and he expected them to be in use as an emergency transit centre for some time.

It was hoped space for a further 3,000 boat people would become available later this week as extra tents would be erected at the Whitehead detention centre and some extra space would be made at the Shamshuipo detention centre.

A detailed study on the construction of a permanent detention centre on Tai Ah Chau has been completed but Mr Hanson would not reveal how much it would cost.

The move is likely to draw criticism from relief agencies and members of the international community but the Government has no other choice, Mr Hanson said.

"The rate of more than 2,300 arrivals in three days speaks for itself," he said.

District boards throughout the territory had voiced opposition to moves to house Vietnamese in their neighbourhoods and the Government could not

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 4)

● $12m needed – Page 7

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### WEATHER

Cloudy with some rain.
Max temp 25 degrees.
See Page 2.

## Students press for news of missing 3

**PROTESTING Chinese students, their numbers and morale boosted by a giant statue of the Goddess of Democracy unveiled at Tiananmen Square, joined workers yesterday to confront police over the fate of three missing union leaders.**

**About 500 students and workers marched to the Ministry of Public Security and camped there after blocking the gates of Beijing's police headquarters for more than five hours to press for information on the three.**

**Leaders of the unofficial Beijing Workers' Autonomous Federation, which backs the students, said the workers had been taken away by police on Monday night and early yesterday morning, apparently for participating in pro-democracy protests.**

**Defying warnings that their assembly was illegal under martial law, the students said they would leave only after receiving word about the three, believed to be the first to be detained in connection with the demonstrations.**

**Mr Zhao Pingli, head of the Beijing Independent Workers' Union, said one of its leaders, Shen Yinhua, a 27-year-old official with the national airline, was seized by police in front of the Beijing Hotel.**

**The other two were employees of the Ministry of Railways.**

**Ms Li Zhihuang, wife of railway employee Qian Yiming, said her husband's work unit claimed he was arrested by police when he went "to find out about the situation at Tiananmen Square".**

**A third man, Bai Dongping, 26, was supposed to take his wife to the hospital on Monday but didn't show up, said his father, Bai Baofa.**

**"He would never just disappear," his father said. "The government's actions are vicious."**

**Police invited Western journalists inside the office, where a man who identified himself as chief of Beijing Public Security told a US television crew that no students had been arrested.**

**He refused to comment on whether workers were detained.**

**Members of Hongkong's April 5 Action yesterday petitioned the headquarters of the New China News Agency in Happy Valley to protest against alleged arrests.**

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 1)

Reuter

The Goddess of Democracy stares across Tiananmen Square at Mao Tsetung.

## Fears spread on whereabouts of donated funds

By SETH FAISON in Beijing, JOHN TANG and DAPHNE CHENG

MYSTERY surrounds the whereabouts of the vast amounts of cash already delivered to the headquarters of the student-run democratic movement in Tiananmen Square.

While money from Chinese all over the world continues to pour into Beijing, with another $500,000 being hand-delivered by a Hongkong courier only yesterday, finance officers at student headquarters claim they are short of cash.

They say they can barely keep feeding their classmates who have occupied the square since May 12.

One student leader, Chai Ling, who resigned her position as a leader of the Tiananmen Square protest on Monday, yesterday expressed her concern over the handling of the money by fellow students.

According to Mr Hu Linglong, a student from Xian who described himself as finance section chief, a comprehensive accounting system was set up only on Monday, and no record existed of donations made before this week.

Hongkong groups by the weekend had delivered about $2.2 million either directly or through the Red Cross, and Macau students had sent $375,000.

Mr Hu said he could account for only $2,800 that came from Hongkong.

Student accounts were virtually empty, he said, since the 75,000 yuan (HK$157,500) collected since Monday had immediately been spent on food and other expenses.

Not one dollar, Mr Hu said, had yet been received through bank transmissions because the student organisation is still not recognised as a legal body and the Bank of China blocked transactions.

Mr Hu said he knew that a lot of Hongkong money had been brought up and handed over in person to student leaders, but he could not say what had happened to it.

Another student finance officer, Mr Xin Yuzheng described the accounting situation as "chaotic"

"Under normal circumstances, I would suggest a government investigation, because there were a lot of abnormalities," he said.

Like Mr Hu, he declined to elaborate, saying that such questions should be answered by fellow Beijing University student Feng Congde, who was now responsible for all student finances. Mr Feng could not be contacted yesterday.

Mr Xin estimated that about 90 per cent of the money spent each day went on food, with the rest on operating costs for the printing press and broadcast station that students operated at their head quarters on the

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 4)

### INSIDE


**Pages 12,13:** More reports, analysis

**Page 23:** Human rights


## Japan raises interest rate

JAPAN said yesterday it would raise its key interest rate for the first time in more than nine years, but dealers warned it may have to act again soon if it wants to rein in the surging dollar.

The dollar barely budged after news that Bank of Japan will raise its discount rate by 0.75 of a percentage point, to 3.25 per cent, effective from today.

● See Business Post

## Soldiers prepare to move into Beijing

From WILLY WO-LAP LAM in Beijing

SOME of the 200,000 People's Liberation Army (PLA) soldiers now stationed on the outskirts of the capital are preparing to enter Beijing.

The remaining troops will stay outside the city. The entire cantonment is expected to stay on for more than six months, say Chinese sources.

Military establishments – offices, colleges, hospitals and other units – in Beijing have been told to make available space and other provisions for soldiers who may be entering the capital as early as the end of this week.

Sources say, however, that the leadership has not made a final decision on when the troops will move into the city centre.

Also, the exact number of troops that will enter Beijing has not been decided.

Sources close to the military say that less than half of the about 200,000 soldiers in the vicinity of Beijing will move in.

The rest will be stationed on the outskirts and in the surrounding counties.

Military units have already been issued orders "to pass the winter in Beijing", say reliable Chinese sources.

PLA logistics departments both in the capital and in the Beijing Military Region have been instructed to increase supplies of food and other essential provisions for the soldiers.

The exact time the troops will enter the heart of Beijing depends on the official perception of the level of resistance put up by students and citizens.

The Autonomous Students Union of Beijing Universities and organisations representing out-of-town colleges have vowed to stay in Tiananmen Square until June 20, when the National People's Congress is due to convene a special meeting to assess the political crisis.

The students have said they will organise Beijing residents to block the path of in-coming soldiers.

"The political leadership, including Prime Minister Li Peng and Politburo Standing Committee member Qiao Shi, want to move the troops in as early as possible," said an informed source.

(Cont'd on Page 13, Col 2)

## NATO summit ends on triumphant note

From Correspondents in Brussels

NATO leaders healed a rift over nuclear weapons yesterday and ended their summit on a triumphant note with a challenge to the Soviet bloc to create a new political order in Europe.

Buoyed by unanimous support for President George Bush's dramatic proposals to cut American troops and other conventional forces, the Allies forged a deal allowing negotiations with Moscow on short-range nuclear forces (SNF).

But they said that for the foreseeable future, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) would need SNF missiles and its other nuclear weapons to prevent war in Europe.

"We want to overcome the painful division of Europe, which we have never accepted. We want to move beyond the post-war period ... we seek to shape a new order of peace in Europe," the summit's final declaration said.

"T`s is an excellent birthday present," a beaming West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl said after the two-day meeting, called to mark NATO's 40th anniversary.

Upstaged by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's disarmament proposals and at odds internally over West Germany's call for SNF negotiations soon, the leaders had come to Brussels in desperate need of success.

And despite some differing interpretations of the SNF deal, all hailed the outcome as a triumph.

"I think that the successful results of this summit have given us a double hit (on) both conventional and short-range nuclear forces," Mr Bush said.

Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze yesterday welcomed Mr Bush's proposals, including a 20 per cent cut in US combat

(Cont'd on Page 18, Col 9)

● Editorial – Page 22

## Gorbachev unveils defence spending

MOSCOW: President Mikhail Gorbachev yesterday acknowledged the Soviet Union spends 77.3 billion roubles (HK$920 billion) a year on defence – nearly four times the last official figure given.

In announcing the defence total to the Congress of People's Deputies, Mr Gorbachev pledged military spending would be reduced by 10 billion roubles by the end of 1991.

The traditionally secretive Soviet Government has long concealed its true military expenditures, complicating East-West negotiations on mutual arms reductions.

In October, the official budget for 1989 allocated 20.2 billion roubles for the military, the same figure used the previous year.

Mr Gorbachev did not say exactly what the 77.3 billion roubles included.

United States Secretary of Defence Dick Cheney last month advanced a defence budget of US$296 billion (HK$2,308 billion), US$178 billion more than the Soviet figure.

Economist Leonid Abalkin, speaking after Mr Gorbachev's speech, said the figure represented about nine per cent of the Soviet gross national product, the total value of its annual output of goods and services.

Asked why previous defence spending figures were so much lower, Mr Abalkin said they represented only

(Cont'd on Page 18, Col 4)

## HK judges alarmed at Brunei law change

SOME Hongkong judges may refuse to sit in the Brunei High Court as a matter of conscience, following a change in Brunei law making corporal punishment mandatory for certain offences.

Hongkong's Judiciary provides judges for the High Court and Appeal Court in Brunei under a 1964 Treaty of Friendship between the United Kingdom and Brunei.

Judges are invited to sit in Brunei on a rota basis for several weeks four times a year, but are under no compulsion to do so.

Legal sources said in future it was likely that as a matter of conscience some judges would decline to sit there.

Corporal punishment is now illegal in England and although it is still part of the system here, it is discretionary whether the magistrate or judge imposes it.

Some judges question whether it is a good thing for British-appointed judges to be seen to be part of a system of justice which many would consider to be inhumane and say that, as British-appointed judges, they should administer British law, not one which they consider to be sadistic.

However others may argue that the judges' role is confined to administering the law, and not to comment on the laws.

It is understood the judges are so concerned about the situation that they have asked for their position to be clarified with the Foreign Office.

Judges sit without a jury in Brunei, which has recently adopted more stringent punishments in line with other fundamental Islamic countries. Corporal punishment has been brought in for various offences such as rape and is in addition to a jail sentence.

Many defendants are not legally represented, unless charged with murder, as there is no legal aid in Brunei.

Hongkong's judicial links with Brunei have been queried before on moral and ethical grounds because several political prisoners remained in jail without charge or trial for more than 24 years.

At the time, Sir Denys

(Cont'd on Page 8, Col 8)


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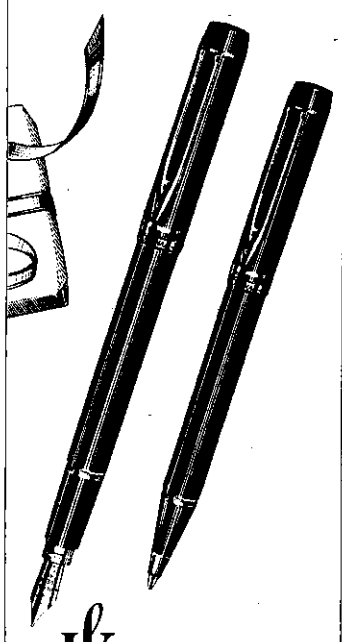

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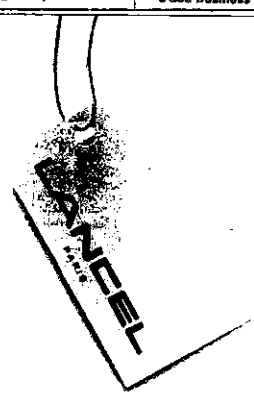


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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

Arrivals — May 27: **747**, May 29: **863**, May 30: **794**, March: **842**, April: **2,918**, May: **9,001**, 1989: **13,231**

# Refugees in open as space runs out

**By Pamela Ngai, Mark Brickwell and Yusuf Karamdin**

MORE than 100 Vietnamese boat people who arrived in Hongkong yesterday spent the night moored at a remote island without cover.

All available accommodation – camps, ferries, tents – was full, Refugee Co-ordinator Mike Hanson said.

The arrangement went into operation yesterday when police launches took about 350 of the latest arrivals to Tai Ah Chau as a temporary "stopover".

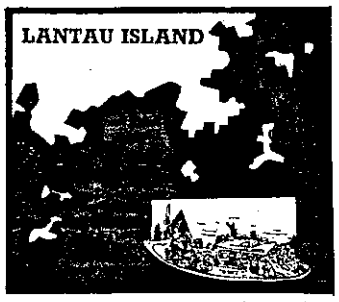
But when a *Hongkong Standard* reporter visited the island last night, he found only 109 boat people.

Tai Ah Chau, which has only two permanent inhabitants, is the main island of the Soko Islands, south of Lantau.

The charge de mission of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) in Hongkong, Mr Fazlul Karim, last night expressed regret over the move.

"I understand there are other possibilities which the Government has considered or is considering," he said.

Mr Karim said the UNHCR was prepared to do whatever it could to help the boat people. Mr Hanson said the Government had run out of space at the Green Island Reception Centre where Vietnamese boat people are processed.




All boat people must go through Green Island before they are moved into detention centres.

"The only option available is for new arrivals, on interception, to be towed to Tai Ah Chau for temporary accommodation," Mr Hanson said.

He said some boat people might find shelter in a school building but most would have no covered accommodation.

All were provided with food and water. But blankets were still on the way late last night while they were buffeted by strong easterly winds.

They might be moved to Green Island when space became available, Mr Hanson said.

But "it does not mean other boat people will not be towed there". He estimated Tai Ah Chau could accommodate up to 5,000 boat people.

The Principal Assistant Secretary for Security, Mrs Carrie Yau, said the Government had used up all available tents.

The recent influx of boat people had forced the Government to house new arrivals on ferries pending their turn to get on Green Island. But even the ferries were full yesterday.

Mr Hanson agreed the move might draw a backlash from the international community, but said: "We have no choice. We've been overwhelmed.

"I find it important that people in the camps and people in the northern part of Vietnam understand that Hongkong no longer has accommodation for boat people.

"The rate of arrivals speaks for itself – 2,300 is a lot of people to cope with in three days.

"There are limits to how much we are prepared to build. And it has to be said, I think, we are getting pretty close to that limit."

The 109 boat people arrived during the day and were intercepted by launches of the Marine Police South Division.

Two boats with about 75 people were towed to the deserted island and moored at the pier. The third boat sank and the 34 people on board were taken aboard a police launch.

Marine Police South Division Commander David O'Brien last night took reporters out to the island which does not have water or electricity.

He said the boat people had been supplied with basic provisions such as food, water and blankets.

Authorities will decide today whether or where to move them.

British Army officers were yesterday called in to help solve the accommodation problem.

The Queen's Gurkha Engineers spent the day putting up tents at the Whitehead detention centre.

The tents will be used to house boat people until Whitehead centre is completed.

Mr Hanson said boat people on Green Island and ferries would be taken to Whitehead when the tented camp was ready.

The places they vacated would then be filled by those waiting on Tai Ah Chau.

In a further attempt to solve the accommodation crisis, the Lo Wu army camp will be opened to Vietnamese boat people before the end of this week.

The camp has been adapted to hold more than 1,000 boat people.

# Racing pays record $4b tax

**By Ken Martinus**
Racing Editor

**THE Government is to receive more than $4 billion from the Jockey Club in betting and profits tax.**

**This is about $500 million more than estimated by Financial Secretary Piers Jacobs in his 1989-90 Budget.**

**Speaking yesterday at his annual end-of-season press conference, Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins said that while the figures had yet to be audited, the Government could expect to receive $3.778 billion in betting tax, more than 25 percent up on last year's figure.**

**In addition, it will receive $247 million in profits tax, making a total of $4.025 billion.**

**General Watkins also said that various charities in Hongkong stood to receive more than $800 million this year, substantially up on last year's figure of just under $600 million.**

**These increases, he said, were due to the record $34.1 billion turnover "which is more than we expected".**

**He said the Jockey Club now had a firm grip on security within the racecourse and illegal bookmaking there had been stamped out.**

**"We are reasonably confident that we won't get a resurgence of that on the racecourse," the general said.**

# Millions on offer

**THERE will be a special Mark Six jackpot on August 9 which, the Jockey Club says, is an auspicious day.**

**It is, actually, a day of nines and eights, the numerical calendar reading 9.8.89 so a jackpot of $3,898,988 will be added to the first prize of the Mark Six lottery drawn on that day.**

**In addition, there is the usual Dragon Boat lottery on June 7 for which the jackpot has been pegged at $15 million.**

**For racegoers, there is another special "lottery", the Kwangtung Handicap which traditionally kicks off the racing season.**

**In past years, a special lottery was run on the event but this was stopped when the Mark Six was introduced.**

**However, Jockey Club chief executive Major General Guy Watkins said yesterday that stewards had decided to start the 1989-90 racing season "with a bang" and will conduct a Lucky Draw in conjunction with the Kwangtung Cup on September 16. All racegoers will receive a lucky draw number with the winners getting gold coins which can be collected on course.**

**■ Three punters won $1,523,398 each in yesterday's lottery which drew numbers 1, 4, 8, 9, 27 and 33. The extra number was 41.**

**The second prize of $201,680 each had seven winners while the third prize of $7,083 each had 428.5 winning units.**

■ A demonstrator argues with security police over the detention of three workers.

# Workers arrested in China reprisals

**By Tammy Tam** in Beijing

CHINESE authorities have begun to act against supporters of student unrest, detaining three workers and 11 key members of a student messenger team.

Signs are emerging that authorities intend to deal harshly with workers who professed support for the formation of a Chinese version of Poland's Solidarity movement, a move which highly annoyed Beijing.

Late last night, more than 100,000 people gathered to view the Statue of Democracy, which was erected yesterday in Tiananmen Square facing the huge portrait of the late Chairman Mao Zedong.

While authorities have said repeatedly that student protesters would not be subject to reprisals, they have not offered the same assurances to workers, who have formed unofficial unions and taken part in demonstrations.

The three workers detained by police are leaders of the Beijing Workers' Autonomous Association (BWAA), set up recently as one of many groups supporting the students.

The other detainees were members of a motorbike team called the "Flying Tiger Brigade" – mainly operators of small private businesses, who acted as messengers for the students after martial law was imposed in Beijing on May 19.

Over a thousand workers and students yesterday marched to the Beijing Municipal Public Security Bureau to protest against the detentions.

A representative of the BWAA, Mr Hang Dongfang, said Mr Shen Yinghan, deputy general director of the association, was arrested at 2 am yesterday near the Beijing Hotel by several unidentified people in a white minibus.

The other BWAA detainees were Mr Qian Yumin and Mr Xiang Dongping, both members of the association's standing committee.

The organisation claims more than 6,000 members, and has been attacked as an illegal organisation by the government.

Mr Qian and Mr Xiang work at the Beijing Railway Bureau. They were taken to the Security Bureau on Monday evening by plainclothes police, who said they were seeking information from the pair.

The detention of the 11 members of the "Flying Tiger Brigade" was reported yesterday by the *Beijing Daily*.

More than three-quarters of the team's members are private businessmen. The newspaper, however, accused the group of accepting former criminals as members.

The group provided up-to-date information to student protesters on the deployment of troops around Beijing after the declaration of martial law.

Sources said the order to arrest brigade members was issued by the Beijing municipal government on May 27.

All 300 motorbikes owned by the group had been photographed by police over the past few days.

Despite government promises not to take reprisals against students, a number of activists, including some Hongkong students, have gone "underground" to avoid arrest, *The Hongkong Standard* has learned.

Sources said that the government's next move would be against intellectuals who had supported demonstrators, including Mr Yan Jiaqi, Mr Bao Zunxin, Mr Hu Jiwei and Mr Yu Haocheng.

Mr Yan has been listed as a "US agent" by security authorities.

Mr Bao Tong, former secretary to Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, has been accused of organising anti-government activities.

INSIDE:
■ Talks fail as government rejects demands: **Page 8 ▶**
■ Foreigners stick it out in the capital: **Page 9 ▶**

**INSIDE**

OPENERS

In OPENERS, **Ong Hock Chuan** finds it odd that, at a time of crisis in China, **Legco** is about to be asked to provide **$5.5 million** for a visit by the heir to the British throne

**Page 2**

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**WEATHER:** 22°C — 25°C. Cloudy with some rain. Details on Page 19.

# Inexperienced guards to man closed camps

**By Mark Brickwell**

THE Correctional Services Department has lowered its standards for guards at Vietnamese refugee and detention centres.

The move was forced by a severe manpower shortage and the increasing influx of boat people into the territory.

Most centres now have 40 percent fewer staff than recommended.

Senior officers have warned the situation is nearing crisis point. The department has responded by recruiting temporary guards.

They will not have to meet the high selection standards demanded of permanent staff.

They will only have to undergo two weeks' training instead of the normal 26 weeks.

A department spokesman gave details of the move to *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday.

She said about 300 temporary guards would be recruited in the next eight weeks.

It was hoped the first of them would be stationed in refugee and detention centres before the end of this month.

The spokesman said about 1,300 staff were required to man the 11 centres controlled by the department.

■ Tuen Mun board seeks top-level talks on boat people: **Page 4 ▶**

But the manpower shortage meant that only about 750 staff were working at the centres at present.

She said the 300 temporary guards would go some way to making up the shortfall.

The spokesman cautioned it would take some time before the centres were fully staffed.

It took between six and eight months to recruit a permanent correctional services officer, she said.

The option of temporary guards was taken as it only took a matter of weeks to recruit them, the spokesman said.

Senior correctional services officers yesterday gave tentative support to the plan.

While they expressed fears about working with inexperienced staff they said they welcomed any attempt to solve the manpower shortage.

"It (the shortage) is a very real problem," said an office bearer of the Correctional Services Officers Association.

"We are very concerned about our staff situation at the moment."

He said the shortage had meant that guards were being transferred from prison duty to work at the refugee and detention centres.

"This is a bit of a problem and I don't want to say how many officers have been transferred because prisoners read newspapers too," he said.

The office bearer said the staff shortage had raised administrative as well as security concerns.

"Officers have been requested to defer their leave," he said.

As a result more than 2,000 hours in overtime had been clocked up."

"We have been stretched to the limit, but thanks to the dedication of our staff no corners have been cut," he said.

# Gorbachev wants lower defence bill

MOSCOW: Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev yesterday announced for the first time the total figure for Soviet military spending, which he said was the equivalent of US$129 billion (about HK$1 trillion) in 1989.

Addressing the inaugural session of the Soviet parliament, the Congress of People's Deputies, he said this figure would be reduced by about 14 percent over the next two years to release funds for the civilian economy.

"Soviet milliary spending in 1967 was frozen, saving 10 billion roubles (about HK$129.48 billion).

Military spending for 1989 amounts to 77.3 billion roubles (about HK$1 trillion)," Mr Gorbachev told the session.

The previous official figure of 20 billion roubles (about HK$257 billion) had been regarded by Western governments as grossly underestimated and last October Finance Minister Boris Gostev said the referred only to the upkeep of military personnel.

Western experts said it was difficult to calculate the real figure because defence production was closely linked with civil industry, but many estimates put it at about US$120 billion (about HK$936 billion).

While the new figure is considerably lower than the US defence figure of US$300 billion (about HK$2.340 trillion), it represents about 15 percent of the Soviet budget and underlines the priority given to cuts.

Mr Gorbachev, pledging that 10 billion roubles (about HK$129.48 billion) would be cut from military spending in the 1990-91 financial year, said that this would release funds for improving social conditions.

In another development,

■ Mr Gorbachev ... cuts in defence spending.

Mr Gorbachev called yesterday for the Soviet electoral system to be made more democratic following "errors" in the polls for the Congress of People's Deputies.

Mr Gorbachev said that elections this autumn to parliaments and Supreme Soviets of republics throughout the country may be postponed until spring 1990.

The Soviet leader said "corrections" were needed to electoral reforms made last year.

– Reuter, AFP

# Nato forges nuclear deal

BRUSSELS: Leaders of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (Nato) healed a rift over nuclear weapons yesterday and ended their summit on a triumphant note with a challenge to the Soviet bloc to create a new political order in Europe.

Buoyed by unanimous support for US President George Bush's dramatic proposals to cut US troops and other conventional forces, the allies forged a deal allowing negotiations with Moscow on short-range nuclear forces (SNF).

But they said that for the foreseeable future, Nato would need SNF missiles and its other nuclear weapons to prevent war in Europe.

"We want to overcome the painful division of Europe, which we have never accepted. We want to move beyond the post-war period ... We seek to shape a new order of peace in Europe," the summit's final declaration said.

"This is an excellent birthday present," a beaming West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl told a news conference after the two-day meeting, called to mark Nato's 40th anniversary.

Upstaged by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's disarmament proposals and at odds internally over West Germany's call for SNF negotiations soon, the leaders had come to Brussels in desperate need of a summit success.

And despite some differing interpretations of the SNF deal, all hailed the outcome as a triumph.

"I think that the successful results of this summit have given us a double hit (on) both conventional and short-range nuclear forces," Mr Bush told a news conference.

"There will be no third zero," he said in reference to arms control jargon for scrapping the missiles.

"Partial is partial," Mr Bush said referring to the language of an official Nato communique under which the alliance will negotiate cuts in short-range missiles, but only after East-West conventional force reductions are under way.

"To try to interpret it some other way misses the boat," Mr Bush said before leaving for West Germany.

Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze also welcomed Mr Bush's proposals, including a 20 percent cut in US combat troops in Europe, a 15 percent cut in aircraft and military helicopters and a one-year deadline for reaching an agreement at conventional forces reduction talks (CFE).

"As far as President Bush's proposals are concerned, I think these are serious propositions and called them a step in the right direction," Mr Shevardnadze said on arrival in Paris for a human rights conference.

The compromise hammered out by foreign ministers in a marathon bargaining session overnight allows negotiations for "a partial reduction" in SNF missiles – with the word "partial" underlined – once a CFE agreement to reduce Warsaw Pact superiority in conventional weapons is being implemented.

The United States will meanwhile continue research and development for a new SNF missile, though a decision to deploy it will wait until 1992.

Mr Bush and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, the last leader to accept the deal, said it meant that SNF forces would not be eliminated from Europe altogether.

Asked at a news conference about suggestions from West German officials that SNF weapons could still be scrapped one day, Mrs Thatcher quoted extensively from the summit texts.

"Wriggle as some people may, just read what they signed. We've all, everyone of us, signed up to that, so that's that." – Reuter, AP

■ Taking the Soviets at their word: Page 12

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# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报
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夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级
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人民日报社出版


# 万里委员长从上海回到北京

## 吴学谦彭冲到机场迎接

**新华社北京5月31日电** 全国人大常委会委员长万里今天中午从上海乘专机回到北京。

中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理吴学谦，全国人大常委会副委员长彭冲，有关方面负责人等，到机场迎接。

5月31日，全国人大常委会委员长万里从上海乘专机回到北京。中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理吴学谦、人大常委会副委员长彭冲到机场迎接。

新华社记者 李 平摄

# 我关心着全中国的孩子

## ——邓颖超同志致全国少先队员的信

全国的少先队员小朋友们：

在“六一”国际儿童节40周年到来之际，我向你们热烈地祝贺、向你们的辅导员老师们致以节日的问候和敬意！并向你们的父母问好！

我历来关心着全中国的孩子。我盼望着你们在党和人民的亲切关怀下，健康地成长为社会主义和共产主义事业的接班人。这几年，我一直关切地注视着少先队组织和少先队员的行动。五年前，我曾出席你们的全国代表大会，向你们提出过“树立创造的志向，培养创造的才干，开展创造性的活动”的要求。尔后，我又非常高兴地参加过你们开展的以基础的共产主义教育为内容的少先队活动。看到你们的成长和进步，我由衷地感到高兴。

今天的少先队员们，是跨世纪的一代，中华民族建设一个具有中国特色的社会主义现代化国家的希望寄托在你们身上。今天我们这一代人仍在尽我们的责任，为你们开辟了一条民族振兴的道路，但是你们在明天所要遇到的任务，将更宏伟、更复杂。祖国和人民要求你们比前辈人有更多的知识、更高尚的品德、更刻苦的奋斗精神和更文明的行为习惯。所以，你们从现在起就要抓紧时间，在少先队组织的活动中，提高自己的本领、提高自己的素质、提高自己的思想境界，使自己真正成为建设祖国现代化的预备队。

乘这个机会，我再一次希望我们全社会要更加关心下一代的成长，尤其是他们的思想品德的健康发展。因为自然的法则无法违背，再过几十年，我们的事业能不能继续，我们的理想能不能实现，都将取决于现在还是红领巾的这一代孩子。因此，我愿意为红领巾事业呼吁，希望每一个真正关心社会主义事业前途的人们都关心红领巾事业，支持红领巾事业，理解红领巾事业。

全国的红领巾小朋友们，我虽然和你们相差70多岁，但是我的心是和你们一起跳动的。这就是我在你们的节日里所想讲的话。

邓颖超

1989、5、31

## 北大八名教授副教授呼吁

# 同学们，快复课吧！

**新华社北京5月31日电** 北京大学一些教授、副教授5月29日写信给北京大学校领导，希望同学们复课。冯钟芸、赵齐平教授、周强、李光中、董学文、王瑾嘉、闵开德、朱士毅副教授的联名信全文如下：

同学们，快复课吧！

从4月中旬以来，我校的教学基本上不能正常进行，校园秩序亦无法维持。同学们出于满腔爱国热忱，要求清除腐败，振治官僚，加速民主化进程，这些都代表了广大教职员工和广大人民的共同心愿，也与党和政府的愿望一致。但是，一个多月的事实，清楚地表明，采用罢课、游行和绝食等手段，能充分表现群情激愤和希望的殷切，不能切切实实地解决具体问题，并且容易形成僵持不下的局面，旷日持久，于事无补。时至今日，不少同学副未复课，离暑假却越来越近。如果不尽快复课，原订的教学计划难以完成，将给同学们造成影响终生的巨大损失。有鉴于此，我们诚恳地动告尚未复课的同学们，对待严肃的政治问题，必须慎之又慎。在当前异常复杂的形势下，尤其需要高度的冷静和理智。希望同学们从长远考虑，当机立断，一面复课，一面在民主与法制的轨道上，通过多种渠道、多种层次，与党和政府各级领导人进行对话，谋求问题的妥善解决。不要把爱国与为祖国而刻苦学习对立起来，请珍惜自己的青春年华吧！

# 国家教委召开办公会议
# 要求高校学生尽快复课

## 今年高考时间不变

**新华社北京5月31日电** 据国家教委新闻宣传处消息：国家教委于5月29日召开办公会议，分析了当前高等学校的形势，研究了今年高等学校的招生、毕业生分配工作和在校学生按时完成学业等问题，会议提出，高等学校学生应该尽快复课。

会议认为，自4月中旬以来，全国一些高等学校学生因罢课、游行，不同程度地影响了学业。今年高等学校毕业生分配派遣工作、招生工作在即，如果目前的情况再继续下去，就会给毕业生的分配派遣带来严重困难，甚至有可能使今年计划招收的60多万新生不能按时进入高等学校，如出现这种情况，整个高等学校的正常教学秩序就会被打乱，从而给国家和学生本人造成难以弥补的损失。

在分析当前高等学校的形势时，会议认为，大部分学生是愿意尽早复课的。不少学生及家长最近纷纷给国家教委写信或打电话，希望尽快恢复高等学校的正常教学秩序。按时完成学业，按时毕业，已成为大学生普遍关注的问题，在前一时期一些高等学校正常教学秩序被打乱的情况下，仍有一些高等学校坚持上课，毕业班的绝大部分学生也在坚持完成预定的毕业设计和毕业论文。云南、安徽、湖南、黑龙江等地的大部分高等学校的学生已经复课。各地高校都有不少学生坚持正常上课。他们以刻苦学习的行动，体现出爱国之心。这些学生同样有消除腐败、推进民主进程的强烈愿望，但他们主张这些问题要在党和政府的领导下，通过民主和法制的轨道来解决。

为了尽量减少学生在学业上的损失，会议提出，各有关高等学校应尽快复课。各高等学校应根据不同年级、不同专业的具体情况，充分利用本学期的剩余时间，统筹考虑，合理安排。在严格要求、保证教学质量的前提下，对学业损失较大的非毕业班学生可适当调整教学计划。今年毕业的研究生、本专科生，应抓紧时间，力求按预定教学计划要求完成毕业设计、毕业论文，认真进行答辩和评定成绩等工作，在不降低基本要求的情况下如期毕业。今年的高考时间不变。

## 儿童的乐园

为庆祝“六一”儿童节，北京天坛公园新建成的儿童乐园6月1日向少年儿童开放。儿童乐园共分牌坊、电梯、智力开发、娱乐等四个部分。这是儿童从高9米造型奇特的空心智慧树上沿17米的滑梯下滑。

新华社记者 宋建峰摄

# 迟浩田杨白冰赵南起看望戒严部队

## 转达邓小平杨尚昆对部队的关怀和慰问

**新华社北京5月31日电** 连日来总参谋长迟浩田、总政治部主任杨白冰、总后勤部部长赵南起等领导同志，分别看望了在首都部分地区执行戒严任务的部队，转达了中央军委主席邓小平和常务副主席杨尚昆对部队的关怀和慰问。

迟浩田、杨白冰、赵南起等领导同志来到戒严部队驻地，详细听取了汇报，并深入到营房帐篷、野战灶旁和执勤点上，同干部战士亲切交谈，仔细了解了他们的执勤、学习、生活和思想情况，赞扬他们坚决执行党中央、国务院、中央军委命令，吃苦耐劳、严守纪律、爱护人民的优良作风。迟浩田说，部队以实际行动表明，我们不仅能够胜利地肩负起保卫祖国的神圣使命，而且能够担负起维护社会安定，制止动乱，保卫人民和平劳动的光荣任务。杨白冰在看望北京军区执行戒严任务的部队时，周次冰司令员、刘振华政委向他汇报了部队在执行戒严任务中所表现出的良好精神风貌和军政素质。杨白冰在讲话中希望戒严部队广大官兵努力学习，认清责任，在执行这项特殊情况下的特殊任务中，服从命令，加强纪律，执行政策，模范地遵守三大纪律八项注意和国家的法律法规，为恢复首都的正常秩序，促进全国的安定团结，共同努力。

在看望中，总部领导同志还和戒严部队研究了后勤保障、学习等具体问题。尽最大努力，保证广大官兵吃好、住好、学习好。

# 首都重点警卫目标区
# 戒严部队已开始上哨

**新华社北京5月31日电** 进驻首都重点警卫目标区的戒严部队官兵近日开始着装上哨。

肩负首都10多个重点目标警卫任务的官兵是5月21日陆续进驻的。进驻的单位包括首都机场、北京火车站、电报大楼等。

在北京火车站，前几天那种混乱现象不见了。电报大楼里，电讯通信系统正在正常运转。

担负北京火车站戒严任务的某部团长刘寅生上校告诉记者，部队进驻后，主动协助车站疏导、输送10余万外地学生离京返校，抢运积压邮件、报纸25000余件，协助公安干警对250多名冒充大学生的社会闲杂人员进行了查处，协助车站恢复正常的工作秩序。

戒严部队一位领导同志对记者说，现在社会上一些人将解放军执行“戒严”任务说成是“军管”，这是非常错误的。所谓“军管”，是指军队干部将地方部门的权力接管过来。这次我们对首都重要目标实行戒严的主要任务，是协助武警部队确保国家重要部门的安全，做到万无一失。

担负这些重点警卫目标戒严任务的官兵以自己的模范行动赢得了所在单位群众的理解和支持。连日来，不少群众主动为进驻部队官兵送水送饭，腾房让房，帮助解放军解决了许多生活上的困难。

# 北约首脑会议闭幕

## 对活动趋向达成三点一致意见

**本报布鲁塞尔电** 记者魏耀报道：北约首脑会议于6月30日中午闭幕。会议结束前发表了《关于控制军备和裁军的总体构想》和一项政治宣言。北约秘书长韦尔纳在会议结束后举行的记者招待会上认为，此次首脑会议取得了“重大成功”。

自从美国总统布什昨日公开发表了美国政府关于东西方裁军会谈的建议之后，笼罩在会议上空的悲观气氛为之一扫。29—30日夜间，参加会议的16个成员国外长经过了“激烈的争论”，终于达成妥协。

出席会议的16国国家或政府首脑在“宣言”和“总体构想”两文件中，阐述了北约今后的活动趋向：1、加强和苏联在东欧国家的政治、经济、科技、社会等领域内的合作，“在欧洲建立一个和平的政治新秩序”。2、在坚持威慑原则的同时，表示愿意把现有的军事力量削减到“最小限度”。3、在坚持常规力量与核力量均是“威慑战略的不可分割的一部分”的同时，同意在短程核武器问题上，和苏联进行会谈，但对于“第三个零点方案”，两个文件都没有涉及。

## 城市雕塑规划组发言人说

# 天安门广场搭建的一座雕像
# 没有申报未获有关部门批准

**新华社北京5月31日电** 最近两天，天安门广场出现了一座“民主之神”雕像，许多人向全国城市雕塑规划组办公室询问，此事是否经过全国城市雕塑规划组同意。对此，全国城市雕塑规划组发言人说，在天安门搭建“民主之神”雕像，事先事后都没有向我组申报，也没有通报过任何情况。

这位发言人说，天安门广场是非常庄严的场所，在天安门广场设置任何雕塑或建筑物都必须报请有关部门周密规划、设计和反复论证，并取得首都有关部门的批准，决不能任意修建或设置。

# 世行向我增加贷款

**据新华社北京5月31日电**（记者陈铭）财政部一位负责人今天说，世界银行在1989财政年度共向中国提供贷款21.2亿美元，比上届财政年度增加24%。

财政部世界银行业务司副司长陈君硕说：“这个增长幅度无论是世界银行对华的贷款，还是对其他第三世界国家的贷款，都是以往几年最高的。”

这些贷款将用于18个项目的建设，其中有农业、公路、港口、铁路、调矿和轻工等项目。

陈君硕估计1990财政年度的贷款不会少于本年度。

在今年的贷款中，无息偿还期为35年的软贷款占36.9%；年息为7.65%、偿还期为20年的硬贷款占63.1%。

# 天安门广场出现“民主之神”像意味着什么？

吴 叶

在庄严的天安门广场上，一些人擅自放置一座“民主之神”像，引起人们议论纷纷。在天安门广场设置纪念物，必须按照政府有关法令，才能进行，这是常理常规。广场上的城楼、旗杆、纪念碑、纪念堂、博物馆、大会堂，错落有致，整齐肃穆，这是举行隆重庆祝典礼、重要外事活动以及国内外人民瞻仰游览的地方，是中华人民共和国的心脏，举世注目。

对天安门广场，每一位公民都要爱护。这既是对国家、民族的爱护，也是对自己的爱护。广场是神圣的，谁也没有权利在这里随便增都或减少点什么永久性纪念物。中国不允许发生这种事情，外国包括一些西方国家的也不允许在类似的地方发生类似的事情。

广大青年学生要求促进民主建设的心情是完全可以理解的，推动社会主义民主政治的建设，这也是全国人民的要求，是党和政府努力实现的目标。广大青年学生的积极要求对实现这个目标起到了推动作用。但是，一些人在天安门广场建起一座“民主之神”像，并不是追求自由、民主的积极行动，而是对自由、民主的严重误解，也是对其他人自由、民主权利的不尊重。

自由要在法律允许的范围内实行，任何公民在行使自由和权利的时候，不得损害国家的、社会的、集体的利益和其他公民的合法的自由和权利，为所欲为是不行的。

## 经公安部门批准

# 京郊三县农民职工集会游行

**新华社北京5月31日电** 今天，京郊三个县数以万计的农民、职工、教师和机关干部集会并举行游行，抗议极少数人制造动乱。

清晨，顺义县1万多名农民、工人、商业职工、教师聚集在顺义县第一中学的广场上，召开了“坚决反对动乱群众大会”。集会者以群众大会的名义给中共北京市委、市政府发出一封公开信。信中说：“广大青年学生的爱国热情是宝贵的，他们要求整治腐败、缩治官倒、克服官僚主义、推进民主进程的愿望是好的，同党和政府的主张是一致的，也是我们农民的愿望。但是，我们不赞成他们任意采取游行、示威、静坐、绝食的做法，这样做不但无助于问题的解决，反而容易扩大事态，给极少数极少数别有用心的人制造动乱提供可乘之机。我们希望青年学生冷静下来，尽快复课，学好本领，成为四化建设的有用之才，不辜负党和人民的期望。”

据了解，大兴县和怀柔县今天下午也分别在县城举行了类似的集会。

群众大会结束以后，一部分集会者在县城举行了游行。今天的游行是经公安部门批准的。游行队伍举的横幅和呼喊的口号主要有：“坚决反对动乱！”“坚决拥护李鹏、扬尚昆同志的讲话！”“反对资产阶级自由化！”“人民解放军万岁！”“打好三夏这一仗！”

# 戈氏提出苏对外政策五原则

**据新华社莫斯科5月30日电** 苏联最高苏维埃主席戈尔巴乔夫今天在首届苏联人民代表大会上作“施政报告”中，提出了苏联对外政策五项基本原则。

戈尔巴乔夫阐述的五项原则是：

——一国的安全是普遍安全和同等安全的组成部分，首先应通过政治手段来保障，即在国际关系非军事化，民主化和人道主义化的过程中和依靠联合国的威信和潜力来保障；

——通过谈判来销毁核武器，这种谈判应导致裁军和把国防能力削减到合理足够水平；

——不允许用武力和武力威胁来达到政治、经济或其他目的，在同其他国家的关系中必须尊重主权、独立和领土完整；

——不以对抗，而以对话和谈判来确定利益平衡应当成为处理国际问题和解决冲突的唯一办法；

——在互利和平等的基础上使苏联经济加入到世界经济的行列，苏联将积极参与现代国际劳动分工、科技交流和国际贸易，并遵守有关规则。

戈尔巴乔夫指出，过去苏联对外政策中的有些做法违背了社会主义外交政策的崇高原则。

大公報

# 國家教委促學生及招生工作在即
## 今年高考時間不改變
### 分派畢業生及招生工作在即
### 京「高校聯」續號召罷課離校做宣傳

【新華社北京三十一日電】據國家教委新聞宣傳處消息，國家教委於五月二十九日召開辦公會議，分析了當前高等學校的形勢，研究了今年高等學校的招生、畢業生分配工作和在校學生按時完成學業等問題。會議指出，高等學校學生應該盡快復課。

會議認為，自四月中旬以來，全國一些高等學校學生因罷課、遊行，不同程度地影響了學業。今年高等學校畢業生分配工作即將開始，如果目前的情況再繼續下去，就會給畢業生的分配派遣帶來較大的困難，甚至給國家和學生本人造成難以彌補的損失。

會議認為，大部分學生是愛國的，絕大多數學校的形勢好，會議要求各地各校採取切實有效的措施，堅持正常教學秩序，按時完成學業，按時畢業，已成熟畢業生的分配派遣為大學生普遍關注的有可能使今年計劃招收的六十多萬新生不能按時進入高等學校。如出現這種情況，教委除責令有關學校採取補救措施，堅持上課，畢業班的教學秩序就會被打亂，從而給國家和學生本人造成難以彌補的損失。

會議要求各地各校採取切實有效的措施，堅持正常教學秩序，按時完成學業，按時畢業，已成熟畢業生的分配派遣為大學生普遍關注的有可能使今年計劃招收的六十多萬新生不能按時進入高等學校

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

經中國人民解放軍駐港部隊許可證為第一張新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局試用第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

一九八九年六月一日　星期四　（己巳年四月廿八日）　文匯報　第一張

今日出四張半　元二張　九九年四月一日　六月　一九八九年　星期四


# 鐵山探北美國土四訪 強調獨立外交政策不變

## 中美關係將不斷發展 改革開放將獲堅持

【中新社北京三十一日電】中國外長錢其琛今天上午離開北京，應邀前往厄瓜多爾、古巴和美國進行正式訪問。

這是錢其琛外長第一次訪問拉美國家，而對於近美國家中第一個同中國建交的古巴來說，則是中國外長近三十年來首次訪問。錢其琛在談到對古巴的訪問時說，中拉兩政府領導人的互訪，為兩國關係的發展開闢了道路。中國同古巴的關係有不斷向前發展的良好勢頭。據悉，錢其琛在厄瓜多爾訪問五天，六月七日至十日訪問古巴；六月十二日至十五日訪美。在這三國，錢其琛將分別同厄瓜多爾外長科多華斯、古巴外長馬爾米耶卡、美國國務卿貝克和有關領導人，就其環球訪問中國民族獨立外交政策和有關國際形勢作一次溝通，並就接受厄瓜多爾政府授予的大十字勳章。

錢其琛在談到對日本社會黨的訪問時說，中拉兩政府領導人的互訪與交往增多，反映了今年以來國際形勢的一個重要特點，即和平與發展的時代潮流在不斷發展，國際關係中的民主化趨勢在不斷加強。

錢其琛說，他這次訪問拉美國家，是應厄瓜多爾、古巴和美國政府的邀請，同時也是為了同這些國家的領導人交換對國際形勢的看法，增進相互了解，為中國的獨立自主的和平外交政策爭取更多的理解和支持。

錢其琛說，中國的獨立自主的和平外交政策是不會改變的，中國政府將繼續奉行獨立自主的和平外交政策，發展同世界各國的友好關係。

錢其琛說，中國的改革開放政策將繼續堅持下去，中國的對外開放不僅不會縮小，而且還會擴大。

錢其琛說，中國的社會主義現代化建設事業，需要一個和平的國際環境，中國的改革開放政策也不會改變，要相信中國領導人的決心和能力。

錢其琛說，中國人民在建設社會主義現代化國家的過程中，要堅持獨立自主的和平外交政策，這是由中國的國情決定的

中華民國七十八年(九八九一)六月一日星期四・農曆四月廿八日

# 快報

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EXPRESS

# 各軍區紛增兵入京城圖分肥

# 政治權鬥可能變成軍閥割據

## 武漢軍區會議火藥味極重 反對楊尚昆建立個人勢力

### 楊系部隊率先不接受軍委會調動

〔快報消息〕中共的權力鬥爭，已導致軍方勢力大舉擴張，已接近調兵自重的邊緣，目前駐北京附近的部隊不斷增加，其調動已出現不受中央軍委支配的情形，局部派兵進駐北京的軍區開始，更以民間城下的姿態，要求中央常委同意，除應付的軍餉外，可在駐在地自行籌集津貼。自行調動財源，如果這種不尋常的情況繼續下去，極可能會導致軍區割據的局面。

據一項熟悉中南軍方情況的消息透露，由中共中央已開始失去對軍方的控制，其職權已被架空，但期間可能是武漢軍區會議上，各大軍區的負責人一致反對楊尚昆透過其在中央軍委的職務，並希望由新成立的國家安全委員會，或由鄧小平直接出面，重新掌握軍委會議上一項主要議題，即討論軍區的軍隊人員，中央軍委會下令調動部隊的權力，以及

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# 軍隊入城控重點

## 民主之神難久存 廣場結營組方陣

### 男子闖廣場圖推毀雕像被制服

【本報訊】北京消息：天安門廣場聳立的「民主之神」雕像，昨日離開現引大批市民參觀。學生堅稱雕像象徵「民主」，但官方則認為雕像「醜化」了社會主義。

據學生表示，原則上雕像會保留至所有學生均已撤離廣場為止，但因為雕像已面臨嚴重損毀和資料不足問題，預計不能長久放置。

前晚中央電視台、及昨日的「人民日報」均有報道天安門廣場管理之整頓，指當時（星期一）即有兩個方陣，共逾四千多個帳篷，仍未有學生離開。

另外，天安門廣場指揮部、首都治安總指揮部、昨日在北京市委舉行聯席會議，研究了廣場管理之整頓問題。會議要求，廣場上的學生要堅持秩序，不要讓壞人混入學生隊伍，不要讓廣場成為動亂的場所。

會議指出，廣場上的學生絕大多數是愛國的，但是，廣場上也混入了極少數壞人，他們利用廣場煽動鬧事，製造動亂，破壞安定團結的大局，這是絕對不允許的。

會議要求，廣場上的學生要堅持文明，不要讓壞人混入學生隊伍，不要讓廣場成為動亂的場所

MING PAO DAILY NEWS
第31年　第139號
今天出紙十三張半　$2.00
明報

# 擔心當局今清理廣場 京各界力阻拘捕行動

## 二千人冒雨遊行　三工人領袖獲釋

【本報記者京滬實寫】今日是「六一兒童節」，不過，北京學生卻担心當局會清理天安門廣場。為了保護廣場上的學生同學，組織律師團隊伍和社會各界聲援力量，阻止和抗議當局高壓政策。在昨晚，約二千名北京學生和工人冒雨遊行，他們抵住北京市公安局，要求釋放三名首都工人自治會的領導人。其後公安局以「各負責人對此主張，缺三人已於昨日黃昏釋放，並答應在今晚十時回復學生所提出的問題。學生前日曾向公安局提出三項問題：(一)政府有沒有拘捕工人代表；(二)拘捕的程序是否合法；(三)公安局是基於什麼原因拘捕那些工人代表。

此外，廣州市數十人為首都工人自治聯合會聲援安全委員成員被捕，其中易氏被指煽動工人罷工，亂喊口號，和嚴重擾亂社會秩序。首都各界聯合會聲援決定明晚舉行和平請願遊行，阻止和抗議當局逮捕有關人士。

## 學生擬採極端行動抗議 計劃包括强行攔截火車

【本報記者北京特派員電話】北京學生為了抗議當局逮捕工人領袖，決定採取極端行動，包括攔截火車，迫使公眾關注事態的嚴重性。

據知，學生計劃在今日下午，分別在北京各火車站，攔截火車，並呼籲乘客支持學生的行動。

學生領袖說：「我們已經沒有退路，如果不放出因行動。」

據知，他們的確切行動包括強行攔截北京的四個火車站，一旦學生被捕，或遭到武力鎮壓，他們將會採取極端行動。

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## 軍人巡邏 維護北京軍區的解放軍昨日在北京街頭巡邏。

（美聯社照片傳真）

## 冰心禮贊 冰心老人與本報記者：「學生愛國，沒愛學生。」

## 台百萬學生聲援學運 長四百公里心手相牽

### 各簽名信片用氣球飄送大陸

## 「青年人總比老年人希望更大」 冰心談局勢：我不悲觀 今次學運意義超越「五四運動」

本報專訊

名老作家冰心對本報記者說，這次學生運動的意義，超過五四運動，「現在是青年人的天下，青年人總比老年人希望更大！」

冰心老人希望未來的門人，因為這門學生是偉大的，他們堅毅不撓，他們的精神，應該學習。

冰心說：「我不悲觀，我覺得學生運動的前途是光明的。」

冰心說：「這是歷史的必然，中國民族仍有希望，中國人的

# 香港時報

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## 今日新聞提要

一、中常會通過行政院部會首長名單，刊第一版。

二、台灣百萬青年由北至南手牽手，行動後北平民運，刊第一版。

三、國民黨動員黨員幹部由家庭婦代理，刊第二版。

四、趙紫陽論「基本法」要求中共「四堅持」不能在港施行，刊第十六版。

五、港府公布選舉結果綠營皆勝，刊第十五版。

六、耶魯華裔光已考夫婦力邀大，刊第二版。

# 中常會通過李內閣名單

## 主席推崇為國開佈新局

### 為民衆謀求福祉相信必能有更大貢獻

【台北三十一日中央社電】總統蔣公今天通過李登輝先生提請，由行政院長李煥提名的行政院副院長、各部會首長及政務委員名單，交中國國民黨中央常務委員會第七十八次會議通過。

【台北三十一日中央社電】中國國民黨李主席登輝先生今天指出，執政黨為國事多，擔負重任，必有更大貢獻，依據憲政主義分工合作，共同為國家開創新局面，以從政主管分別負責，經與會中常委一致贊同通過。

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## 基隆通高雄　冒雨熱烈響應　盛況空前

## 台灣青年手牽手心連心

## 逾百萬人萬人聲大援大陸民運

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## 總統令

【台北三十一日中央社電】中華民國七十八年五月三十一日總統令：

行政院院長兼國家統計總報告人李煥。

行政院政務委員連戰、張豐緒、蔣彥士、吳伯雄、李元簇、陳長文、王建煊、施顏祥、陳履安、吳化鵬、王昭明、趙守博、邱創煥、俞國華、郭婉容、蔣彥士、趙耀東、張豐緒、許水德、張劍寒為行政院政務委員。

行政院政務委員兼內政部部長許水德、政務委員兼外交部部長連戰、政務委員兼財政部部長郭婉容、政務委員兼教育部部長邱創煥、政務委員兼經濟部部長蔣彥士、政務委員兼交通部部長趙耀東、政務委員兼交通部部長張豐緒、政務委員兼內政部部長吳伯雄、政務委員兼財政部部長俞國華為行政院政務委員。

特任王昭明為行政院副院長。

特任吳伯雄為行政院秘書長。

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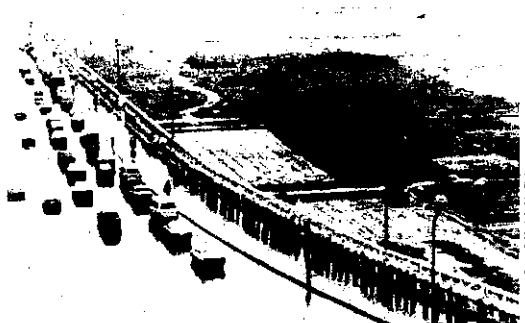

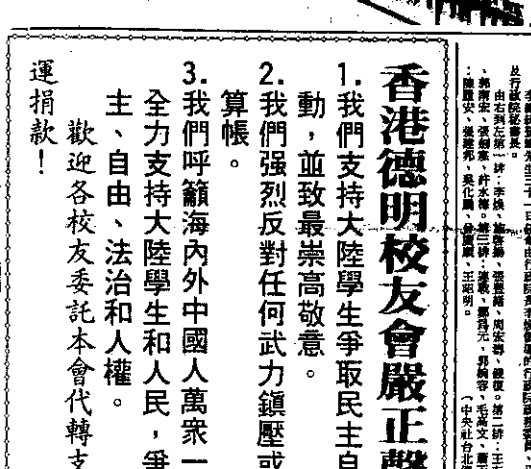

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# Safeguards urged over martial law

By CHRIS YEUNG and DAPHNE CHENG

LEGISLATIVE Councillors have called for greater safeguards in the Basic Law to avoid abuses of power in the imposition of martial law in Hongkong after 1997.

Opening a two-day debate on the Basic Law draft yesterday, legislators stressed the need for strict provisions in the mini-constitution to deal with the imposition of martial law and the declaration of a state of emergency in the territory after 1997.

They also maintained human rights should not be violated or infringed if a state of emergency was imposed on the Hongkong Special Administrative Region (SAR) after 1997.

The recent unrest in China resulting in the imposition of martial law and the implications for Hongkong raised serious concern among legislators during the 2½-hour motion debate in which 13 legislators spoke.

The motion debate wording called on "the people of Hongkong to express their views on 'The Basic Law of Hongkong SAR of the People's Republic of China (draft)' and urge the authorities concerned to take such views fully into account before the promulgation of the Basic Law".

Legislator and Basic Law drafter Tam Yiu-chung said he would seek changes to provisions concerning a state of emergency in the Basic Law draft when drafters resumed their discussions in October.

The revised Basic Law draft does not specifically address the issue of martial law.

But a provision under Article 18 says: "In case the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress (NPC) decides to declare a state of war or, by reason of turmoil within the SAR which is beyond the control of the region, decides that the region is in a state of emergency, the State Council may decree the application of the relevant national laws in the region."

Mr Tam cast doubt on whether the NPC standing body should be given the sole power to declare a state of emergency, adding "any declaration of a state of emergency will definitely create restraints over the freedoms of Hongkong people".

Even though the chief executive was empowered to declare a state of emergency, he said these powers should be monitored by the legislature and the conditions under which they could be used needed to be spelled out clearly in the Basic Law.

It was of paramount importance to ensure civil liberties were protected even under an emergency state, said Mr Tam.

Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming urged Hongkong to stop "second guessing" China and stressed the need for the draft to contain a special chapter outlining detailed conditions under which martial law and a state of emergency could be imposed.

He said the future chief executive should be given sole responsibility for declaring a state of emergency and have the power to call in the garrison to handle civil unrest or disturbances.

Any period of emergency should be short, possibly three days, he suggested. Anything longer should require the approval of the legislature.

During a state of emergency, the Hongkong SAR government should have the right to administer the region and the role of the garrison confined to restoring law and order.

"We should insist that even when the HKSAR is in a state of emergency, the right to administer the region should still be vested in the HKSAR government," he said.

Mr Lee, who is also a Basic Law drafter, proposed the Chinese Constitution be amended so that its four cardinal principles would not be applied in the future SAR.

The Chinese constitution should also ensure that the leadership of the Chinese

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 8)

Officers in the People's Armed Police chant slogans during the pro-Government rally in Hualrou.

## Rallies attack democracy movement

THOUSANDS of farmers and workers yesterday marched in support of the hard-line policies of Prime Minister Li Peng in Chinese Government-backed rallies opposing the student movement for democratic reform.

The officially orchestrated rallies in several Beijing suburbs where martial law does not apply signalled a growing campaign against the democracy movement and a revival of attacks on Western political thought.

Farmers and workers wearing straw hats marched to a stadium in Huangcun, a village southwest of Beijing, under banners saying "We support Li Peng" and "We oppose the small group causing turmoil".

Mr Li is the main target of student protesters, who demand he resign for imposing martial law on Beijing on May 20 and ordering a crackdown on the democracy movement.

More than 1,000 people last night marched to the gates of the walled Zhongnanhai compound, the Communist Party headquarters and the home of Mr Li and most of China's senior leaders.

Ignoring emergency regulations, the crowd chanted "Down with Li Peng" and "Long live democracy".

A handful of troops guarding the ornate gateway took no action against the demonstrators but officials pushed away Western television crews, witnesses said.

The pro-Government demonstrators expressed support for the Communist Party's "four principles", which include allegiance to the dictatorship of the proletariat, socialism, Communist Party rule, and Marxist-Leninist-Mao Tsetung thought.

● More reports and analysis – Pages 10, 11

Sponsors said up to 10,000 people participated in the rally and speeches at a local stadium.

In rural Daxing county, about 90 minutes from Beijing and well outside the martial law zone, young demonstrators burned an effigy of leading Chinese dissident Fang Lizhi at a rally apparently sanctioned by the authorities, witnesses said yesterday.

Some 4,000 people, mostly youths, filled a soccer field for the two-hour rally.

There they waved banners and pink or green paper flags with slogans written on them. They also shouted slogans such as "Down with Fang Lizhi, down with conspirators, destroy the bad elements", the witnesses said.

The climax came when a straw-stuffed effigy of Mr Fang, blamed by Chinese officials for helping to inspire six weeks of student unrest,

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 4)

# ASEAN to ask West to resettle 60,000 refugees

From ALAN BOYD in Bangkok

THE Southeast Asian countries will ask the United Nations to guarantee that all Vietnamese refugees in the region are resettled by the end of the year or else take action to repatriate them by force.

They want the West to accept all 60,000 who arrived in ASEAN nations before the March cut-off date for new arrivals to be granted refugee status.

The ASEAN nations will seek the commitment from the West to resettle the refugees at the coming UN conference in Geneva next month.

"Those who aren't resettled, we will ask the Vietnamese government to take back. This is the commitment we want from Geneva," said Mr Kasit Piromya, director-general of the Thai Foreign Ministry's Department of International Organisations.

ASEAN which groups Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand, announced a cut-off date on March 14, for automatically granting refugee status to Vietnamese boat people arrivals in imitation of Hongkong's screening policy.

Hongkong, however, has always maintained those who arrived before the territory's own cut-off date on June 16 last year, will retain refugee status and has never suggested they should be forced to return to Vietnam.

The ASEAN nations may be in a stronger position than Hongkong to adopt a tough line on forced repatriation even though most of them have seen smaller numbers of arrivals of Vietnamese boat people in recent months.

ASEAN representatives said they believed a commitment from the West on resettlement was the only possible way of overcoming the problem.

The policy, which is seen as harsher than the position held by the Hongkong Government, was decided at a meeting of ASEAN government representatives in Bangkok yesterday.

The two-day ASEAN working committee on refugees was holding its final discussions before the Geneva conference, which will formulate a policy for repatriation and orderly resettlement of all future refugee arrivals.

THE Foreign Office in London last night backed the Hongkong Government's decision to use the Soko Islands as a transit point for new arrivals.

London realised Hongkong faced an "absolutely crisis" with the massive exodus from Vietnam, a spokesman said.

"Hongkong has simply run out of places to put them," he said.

The spokesman said the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, was taking a close interest in the problem.

The spokesman said talks with Vietnam so far had produced little and he admitted the Hanoi Government found it difficult to police its coastline.

"We have talked to the Vietnamese and the Chinese on this problem until we are blue in the face and they have replied until they are blue in the face saying that they are doing their best.

"The trouble is their best is not stopping the flow."

● See Page 3

Officials from throughout Southeast Asia are reviewing the success of earlier measures aimed at stemming the flow of Vietnamese.

ASEAN countries will put pressure on resettlement countries such as the United States, Australia and Canada to honour the pledges they made to accept the Vietnamese at the first international conference on refugees in Geneva 10 years ago by clearing the entire 60,000 still eligible for settlement in a third country.

"There will be general recommendations from Geneva, but each country will have its own way of implementing them according to its national laws," said a senior Thai refugees official.

"We will ask the resettlement countries to up their

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 9)

## Connors out

PARIS: Jimmy Connors was beaten by fellow-American Jay Berger last night in the second round of the French Open, robbing him of what must surely be his last chance of winning the only major title to elude him in a glittering career.

Connors, 36, was given a standing ovation by the crowd as he left the court after his 6-4, 3-6, 5-7, 5-7 marathon with 22-year-old Berger.

More tennis Page 40


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WEATHER

Light rain at times.
Max temp
28 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Tear down Berlin Wall, says Bush

MAINZ, West Germany: President George Bush yesterday called for freedom and democracy throughout Europe, saying communism had failed to live up to its goals.

He challenged Moscow to join the West in healing Europe's "tragic division" and said a first step would be to tear down the Berlin Wall.

Fresh from his debut at the summit of North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) leaders, Mr Bush made his comments in a half-hour speech at the main meeting hall in the Rhine River city of Mainz.

A heavy police presence watched as about 250 people rallied four blocks away in protest at the President and his policies, pushing a variety of causes.

They carried banners and placards saying: "Bush go home", "Bush is not welcome here", and "Bush – Hands Off Nicaragua".

Mr Bush clearly intended his message not only for the audience in Mainz – who interrupted him numerous times with applause – but also for Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

"In the East, brave men and women are showing us the way," Mr Bush said.

"Look at Poland, where Solidarity and the Catholic church have won legal status. The forces of freedom are putting the Soviet status quo on the defensive.

"In the West, we have succeeded because we have been faithful to our values and our vision," Mr Bush said. "But, on the other side of the rusting Iron Curtain, their vision failed".

Mr Bush, who will visit Poland and Hungary in July, said: "The world has waited long enough. The time is right. Let Europe be whole and free. The Cold War began with the division of Europe. It can only end when Europe is whole."

He was to travel to London early today for talks with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher on the final stop of a four-nation European trip.

Mr Bush said that nowhere is the East-West division more obvious than in Berlin, which should become a centre of commerce and co-operation instead of confrontation.

"There, a brutal wall cuts neighbour from neighbour and brother from brother," he said. "That wall stands as a monument to the failure of communism. It must come down".

Referring to Mr Gorbachev's reforms to promote openness in the Soviet Union, Mr Bush challenged: "Bring glasnost to East Berlin."

Soviet Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov indicated in an interview from Moscow with the US television network ABC that the wall would stand for now.

"In my view, this is the border between the two independent states, two German states," Mr Gerasimov said.

"But I guess that as soon as the process of European co-operation, (and) disarmament moves forward, this particular point will be less pinchy, so to say."

Mr Bush also said the West and East should join together to foster free elections in Eastern Europe.

He said the power of democracy was "sweeping across Eurasia. This one idea is why the communist world, from Budapest to Beijing, is in ferment".

Mr Bush told the leaders of the East they were "unleashing a force they will find difficult to channel or control: the hunger for liberty of oppressed peoples who have tasted freedom"

Associated Press

● Soviets unhappy with timetable – Page 19

Peter Duffell

## UK forces chief to be replaced

THE Commander of British Forces in Hongkong, Major-General Garry Johnson, will be replaced on August 4, the Ministry of Defence announced last night.

He will be succeeded by Brigadier Peter Duffell who will be promoted to major-general on appointment, the ministry said.

General Johnson, 51, was posted to Hongkong in 1987.

A ministry spokesman last night declined to disclose General Johnson's next appointment although it is understood that this has already been fixed.

The spokesman said there was nothing unusual about General Johnson's move, adding that "it is just a general transfer".

As commander of British Forces, General Johnson also sits as an ex-officio member of the Executive Council.

Brigadier Duffell was commissioned into the 2nd King Edward VII's own Gurkhas Rifles in 1960. He spent the next 10 years with the first battalion, mainly on internal security duties and active service in Southeast Asia. He was awarded the military cross in 1966 as a company commander in the Borneo campaign.

In 1984 he was appointed commander of the Gurkha Field Force in Hongkong with the rank of brigadier. Two years later he became Chief of Staff of 1st British Corps in Germany and in 1988 he attended the Royal College of Defence Studies in London. After graduation he was attached to the cabinet office, working with the efficiency unit. He was awarded the OBE in 1981 and the CBE in 1983.

Brigadier Duffell is married with two children, Rachael and Charles, who will attend school in Hongkong.

# Uno accepts party nomination to become Japan's prime minister

From Correspondents in Tokyo

FOREIGN Minister Sosuke Uno will become Japan's next prime minister, replacing Mr Noboru Takeshita who was forced out by the Recruit Company shares-for-favours scandal, a senior official of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party announced yesterday.

Acting party secretary General Ryutaro Hashimoto said Mr Uno, a political loner untainted by the scandal, had accepted the party's nomination to succeed Mr Takeshita, who would step down later this week to take responsibility for his links to Japan's worst political crisis since World War II.

Mr Uno, attending a meeting of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development in Paris, would fly home for a special congress tomorrow to be elected party president, a post which included the premiership by virtue of the party's parliamentary majority.

The 66-year-old Mr Uno agreed in a telephone call to take the job after expressing some reluctance, Mr Hashimoto said.

"I am not confident I can handle the job when the party is facing such a difficult time," Mr Hashimoto quoted Mr Uno as saying. "But now that the party is in an unprecedented crisis, I will commit myself for the party".

Mr Hashimoto said party leaders decided that Mr Uno

Sosuke Uno

was "currently the most suited candidate as successor" to Mr Takeshita.

Mr Uno's name emerged last weekend as Mr Takeshita's choice, and while the party leaders fell into line, some elders and many younger members urged the party to adopt more of a collective leadership.

Some opposed Mr Uno because he was a senior member of the party faction of former Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone, during whose 1982-87 tenure most of the Recruit scandal took place.

It had taken over a month to find a successor, since Mr Takeshita said on April 25 that he was stepping down.

The search was complicated because many party leaders were tainted by political donations or stock profits from Recruit, an information and publishing conglomerate accused of trying to buy favours and influence.

(Cont'd on Page 15, Col 1)

# $29b road, rail program unveiled

A COMPREHENSIVE plan to solve Hongkong's chronic traffic congestion was thrown open for public comment yesterday with no promises that traffic jams would go away despite massive road and rail building programs.

The plan envisages a $29-billion road and rail building program which includes the construction of two more harbour crossings and new trunk roads and rail extensions.

Drastic measures such as higher taxes on vehicle ownership and fuel are also proposed to curb growth in the number of vehicles and regulate traffic.

A new form of the controversial Road Pricing Scheme, rejected by the public in 1985, has been suggested.

The 45-page document, entitled "Moving into the 21st Century", warns that even with currently committed transport projects, congestion will continue to build up after 1991.

Without further measures to restrict ownership or usage, the number of private cars and motorcycles will increase from 144,000 to 363,000 between 1986 and 2001 while goods vehicles are expected to increase from 84,000 to 202,000 during the same period.

From 1986 to 2001, peak hour traffic speeds in the New Territories, Hongkong Island and Kowloon are projected to reduce substantially, from 33 to 15 kilometres per hour, 22 to 12 kph and 22 to 15 kph respectively.

The major congestion areas would be the cross harbour links, Lion Rock Tunnel, Tate's Cairn Tunnel, Tuen Mun Road and Tolo Highway.

The Green Paper has been drafted based on the Second Comprehensive Transport Study which was commissioned in 1986 to project the growth in transport demand up to 2001.

The public will be given four months to comment on the document, before detailed proposals are submitted to the Executive Council.

Secretary for Transport, Mr Michael Leung Man-kin, said yesterday the road and rail projects were tailored to meet the anticipated need for linking the new towns

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)

● See also Page 5


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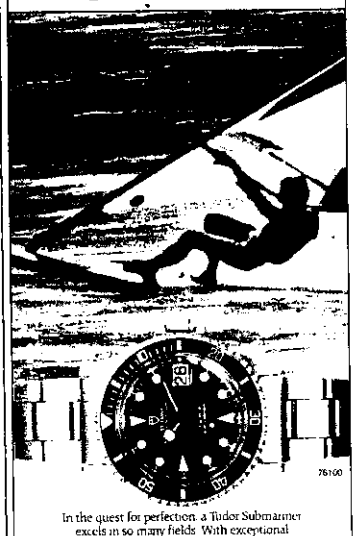

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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

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**WEATHER:** 22°C—26°C. Light rain at times. Details on Page 23.

# Beijing protesters celebrate release of jailed workers

**By Cheung Po-ling and Tammy Tam in Beijing and agencies**

THREE workers arrested Monday for supporting student demonstrations were released yesterday after tens of thousands of people staged a protest outside the Beijing Public Security Bureau.

However, Chinese sources said four other workers had been arrested in Shanghai during recent protests, apparently for making pro-democracy speeches.

Meanwhile, National People's Congress chairman Wan Li returned to Beijing yesterday from Shanghai, where he had been in hospital since cutting short an official trip to the United States. His "illness" came in the midst of a bitter power struggle among China's top leaders, and raised doubts about the real nature of his malady.

China Central Television (CCTV) showed Mr Wan arriving at Beijing airport, where he was met by senior government and party officials.

He looked well, though he needed help in leaving the plane. The CCTV report did not mention his medical treatment.

A Beijing security official announced the release of the three workers to demonstrators who had gathered outside the bureau's offices. The three had already been reunited with their families, he said. He said the bureau was willing to hold a meeting today with representatives of students and workers.

Worker representatives are demanding a full account of the detentions. They also want the bureau to explain the arrest of 11 members of the "Flying Tiger Brigade", a group of motorcyclists who helped protesters keep track of troop movements after last week's declaration of martial law.

Mr Han Dongfang, chairman of the Beijing Workers' Autonomous Association (BWAA) said they may launch legal proceedings over the arrests.

INSIDE:
■ Workers march for Li Fang Lizhi awaits arrest. **Page 10 ▶**

About 2,000 students gathered at Beijing Normal University last night after learning of the arrests. They marched to Tiananmen Square, where they were joined by tens of thousands of supporters before continuing the march to the Public Security Bureau. Sources said the arrests in Shanghai were all made at People's Square during recent student rallies.

The sources were only able to name one of the detainees, saying Mr Shen Jizhong, a florist in his 40s, was taken away after making a speech supporting press freedom and a quicker pace to reform.

They said Mr Shen had been jailed for political offences during the Cultural Revolution, but was released when it ended in 1976.

The three others arrested were industrial workers. The sources said police had not detained any students.

"These people said the same things that the students were saying. Their crime was to be workers rather than intellectuals," a Chinese journalist in Shanghai said.

The return of Mr Wan last week — and his unexpected hospitalisation — caused controversy because of the sensitivity of his position amid the jostling for power. Some 50 NPC Standing Committee members had signed a petition calling for an emergency meeting to discuss the political situation in Beijing, and student demonstrators hoped Mr Wan would convene the meeting after his return.

Mr Wan's trip to the hospital prevented his return to the capital. In a written speech attributed to him and read on state television last Saturday, Mr Wan said he supported the decision of Premier Li Peng and President Yang Shangkun to declare martial law in Beijing after six weeks of pro-democracy demonstrations.

He also said an NPC Standing Committee meeting scheduled for June 20 would go ahead as planned, ruling out the possibility of an emergency session.

Sources said Mr Wan had been put under house arrest in Shanghai.

Mr Wan was considered a close associate of the Communist Party's reformist General Secretary, Mr Zhao Ziyang.

Mr Zhao is also reported to be under house arrest, and is assumed to have lost the power struggle to Mr Li.

# Confidence in China shaken say legislators

**By Ong Hock Chuan**

LEGISLATIVE Councillors said yesterday their confidence in China had been shaken by recent events and this had prompted a greater need to strengthen the Basic Law.

They also called for a revision and a tighter definition of emergency provisions in the future Special Administration Region (SAR).

They said the recent mass demonstrations in Hongkong were a sign that Hongkong people were no longer politically apathetic, and called for a faster pace of democracy.

The calls were made during the first day of the motion debate on the Basic Law which saw 14 people speak from prepared texts.

The debate, which will continue today, is on the motion that the council calls on the people of Hongkong to express their views on the draft Basic Law and "urges the authorities concerned to take such views into account before the promulgation of the Basic Law".

INSIDE:
■ Legislative Council reports: **Pages 6, 7 ▶**

Leading the debate, Senior Member Mr Allen Lee said the councillors had recently arrived at a consensus on the timetable for the election of the legislature and the Chief Executive because "they have recognised the need to come together with a unity of purpose in the overall interests of Hongkong."

He said he hoped the consensus reached would provide an inspiration and focus for the people of Hongkong to study the Basic Law draft. Outlining the recommendations of the political structure agreed by Omelco members, Mr Lee stressed the need to formalise and preserve the many unwritten conventions which had grown around the existing system of government.

He said the system of consultations between the government and advisory bodies should be maintained, as should the important role played by advisory boards and committees.

Almost all councillors also said recent events in China had shown more clearly the need for Hongkong to have a separate political system as contained in the one country, two systems model.

They said the best hope for Hongkong lay in formulating an effective Basic Law.

"Of course there are cynics who say that no matter how good the Basic Law is, China may not follow it," said Mr Martin Lee.

"As to that we must wait and see," he said, adding that Hongkong's best hope lay in improving the draft and hoping that its terms would be honoured by China after 1997.

Other councillors also called for more checks and balances. "We have to strengthen the safeguards," Mr Chung Pui-lam said.

Agreeing with this sentiment many councillors, notably Mr Chung, Mr Chan Ying-lun, Mr Martin Lee and Federation of Trade Unions vice-chairman Tam Yiu-chung all asked for a revision of the procedures and conditions under which the future Hongkong SAR may be classified as being under a state of emergency.

Mr Chung and Mr Chan asked for the definition of "turmoil." Under the draft of the Basic Law, turmoil would be sufficient grounds to declare a state of emergency.

"Would the student demonstrations in Beijing and the mass demonstrations here constitute turmoil?" one of them asked. Hongkong people were also commended for their ■ Continued Page 6

**Hands across the Strait**

AN estimated one million students from across Taiwan formed a 400-kilometre (240-mile) human chain despite a monsoon yesterday to voice their support for the movement for democracy in China.

Waving flags and singing patriotic songs, the students joined hands along highways connecting the northern city of Keelung to the southern city of Kaohsiung. An organiser of the event said the human chain, dubbed "Hand in Hand, Heart to Heart" was designed to symbolise a great wall of flesh and blood of Chinese youth in Taiwan. The event began with a gathering of some 5,000 people at the Chiang Kai-shek Memorial Hall.

# $5m for Royal visit sparks row

**By Ma Miu-wah**

HEATED debate broke out among Legislative Councillors yesterday over whether local taxpayers' money should be spent to provide hospitality for the Prince and Princess of Wales in November.

The appropriation of $5.5 million was finally approved in the Finance Committee meeting with 16 Councillors voting for it, three against and four abstaining.

Most of those who opposed the appropriation were against spending money on visitors from the United Kingdom, which has been frequently accused in recent months of lacking a commitment to Hongkong.

Councillors supporting the appropriation countered that any bitter sentiment towards the UK should not be mixed with the hosting responsibility already taken up by the Hongkong Government.

During the debate Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming asked the Finance Secretary if it were true that money would not be taken out from taxpayers' money if the council turned down the appropriation, forcing the steering committee to solicit the whole support from the private sector.

Mr Piers Jacobs said the committee would try their best.

"Then, I'll say yes to the visit but no to the appropriation," Mr Lee said.

But Mr Jacobs said such a suggestion was not a productive one.

Mr Lee also said that the Government should ask for the money from the private sector as a lot of people would be willing to do so in exchange for a CBE.

Mr Jacobs countered that it was not appropriate to say so in the Finance Committee meeting.

The total cost is estimated to be around $22 million, but actual expenditure to be met by the Government would be at most $6.5 million, with the balance met by sponsors.

Senior Legislative Councillor Mr Allen Lee Peng-fei, leading off the discussion, said a steering committee was arranging fes- Continued Page 6

# Uno to become premier

**TOKYO: Foreign Minister Sosuke Uno will become Japan's next prime minister, replacing Mr Noboru Takeshita.**

**Acting party Secretary-General Ryutaro Hashimoto said yesterday that Mr Uno, currently in Paris, had accepted the party's nomination to succeed Mr Takeshita, who will step down this week to take responsibility for his links to the Recruit scandal.**

**"We concluded that Foreign Minister Uno was our best choice," Mr Hashimoto said.**

**"Foreign Minister Uno told me over the telephone from Paris that he will offer his services to the party."**

**Mr Hashimoto said Mr Uno, attending a meeting of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), would fly home for a special congress tomorrow to be elected party president, a post which includes the premiership by virtue of the party's parliamentary majority.** – AFP

# Bush asks Moscow to tear down Berlin Wall

BONN: US President George Bush challenged Moscow yesterday to tear down the Berlin Wall and unite Europe in a "democratic home" of free nations.

Mr Bush, in an upbeat mood after a North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (Nato) summit in Brussels that settled an alliance row over tactical nuclear missiles, said the Cold War could end only when Europe was reunited.

Meanwhile, Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze said he was disappointed with Nato's proposed timetable for superpower talks on reducing short-range nuclear missiles (SNF).

Speaking to reporters in Paris where he attended a human rights conference, he called for the SNF talks to run in parallel with negotiations on conventional disarmament.

The US plan adopted by Nato would delay SNF talks until after a full agreement on reducing conventional weaponry and troop numbers in Europe.

"As far as short-range missiles are concerned I must say I was disappointed," the Soviet minister said. "We must have parallel talks on this subject," he added before flying back to Moscow.

■ **Mr Bush ... upbeat**

"Let Europe be whole and free," Mr Bush said in a speech in Mainz, the high point of his 25-hour visit to West Germany.

Mr Bush gave a Western twist to two of the Kremlin leader's favourite slogans.

Describing the Berlin Wall as "a monument to the failure of communism", he declared: "It must come down. Bring glasnost to East Berlin."

Speaking of the "common European home", an idea proposed by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and popular among detente-minded West Germans, Mr Bush said it could not be a home if people could not move around freely within it.

"The path of freedom leads to a larger home, a home where West meets East, a democratic home — the commonwealth of free nations," Mr Bush said.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl, back on the best of terms with Mr Bush after several tense weeks when Bonn opposed Washington's plans on short-range nuclear forces, struck the same note.

"We want a European home, but one with many windows and doors that are open for all, including Americans."

Mr Bush also called on Mr Gorbachev to broaden the Helsinki Accords on human rights and political freedom "to promote free elections and political freedom in Eastern Europe" and work with the West to protect the environment.

– Reuter, AP

# Bank says it might aid shares

**HONGKONG Bank would consider buying shares on the Hongkong stock market if the market suffered a massive slump.**

**"It is always possible for the bank to buy local shares if prices drop to low levels," Hongkong Bank general manager Mr Paul Selway-Swift said yesterday.**

**Hongkong Bank's concern would be the welfare of its shareholders in such a situation, he said.**

**During the stock market crash in October 1987, the bank, along with several tycoons, pumped more than $1 billion into local equities in a bid to boost confidence in the market.**

**Mr Selway-Swift spoke as the index shed over 81 points to close at 2,743.87 points yesterday, nearly three percent down from Wednesday's close.**

**The index is about 16 percent below the level just before political unrest in the mainland intensified.**

**"This is a continuing trend but we should expect the market to settle at a median equilibrium," said Mr Christopher Chong, research analyst at James Capel.**

**Most analysts expect the market to remain dull at least in the near-term.**

**However, the unrest in China has not slowed down Henderson Land. Together with three local and Chinese partners, it will proceed with the $1.2 billion development of a huge residential/commercial complex in Panyu, near Guangzhou.**

**"Unless there are unforeseen events, the project would proceed as scheduled said Mr Ben Fok, general manager of Triple Wide, a holding company for the Hongkong partners.**

**"We are taking a long-term view of investments in China and we do not foresee any major changes in the economic situation in the Pearl River Delta in spite of current political events in Beijing," he said.**

■ Details in Business

# Green Paper proposes new plan to control road use

**By Jessie Yim and Jeremy Lau**

AREA pricing was a rational and logical measure to control the use of roads by Hongkong's 324,000-strong vehicle fleet, the Secretary for Transport said yesterday.

Mr Michael Leung was explaining the Green Paper on Hongkong's transport policy up to 2001 at a press conference.

Area pricing is similar to the electronic road pricing system (ERP), rejected because of strong public opinion four years ago.

Mr Leung said area pricing was a reasonable measure, if one looked at the traffic problem in a pure, rational way.

He said the method could control the use of vehicles, especially on busy roads, without restraining people's desire to own cars.

He stressed, however, that area pricing was a long-term measure among many other options proposed to manage traffic.

And the Government had no preconceived ideas on the proposal, he added.

Mr James So, the Commissioner for Transport, said the Transport Department was looking at an electronic area pricing scheme now being experimented in the United Kingdom and other European countries.

The method differred from the ERP which required electronic equipment to be buried under roads. The new method only required motorists to carry electronic plates on windscreens, allowing infra-red wave equipment installed on the road to record movement of vehicles, Mr So said.

Mr Harold Beaton, Director of Highways, said the new technology could be used to collect tunnel tolls.

Mr Leung added there could be more consultation on area pricing depending on public acceptance.

The 45-page Green Paper, tabled in the Legislative Council yesterday, was based on the findings of the second Comprehensive Transport Study.

INSIDE:
■ Special report on the Green Paper: **Page 8 ▶**

There would be four months of consultation on the paper. Transport officials will brief chairmen of the 19 district boards tomorrow morning.

The 159-paragraph document stressed the need to control the number of vehicles.

It said the Government had spent over $38 billion on infrastructure development between 1979-88, yet most urban areas and tunnels were congested during peak hours.

"The total number of vehicles is expected to increase 2.3 times between 1996 and 2001, from 261,000 to 610,000," the Green Paper said.

"Without further measures to restrict ownership or usage, the number of private cars and motorcycles is projected to increase by 152 percent, from 144,000 in 1986 to 363,000 in 2001.

"The number of goods vehicles is expected to increase by 140 percent from 84,000 in 1986 to 202,000 in 2001," the paper said.

The Comprehensive Transport Study, conducted by the Transport Department with private consultants, Wilbur Smith Associates, aims to establish a development strategy for Hongkong's transport policies up to 2001.

A number of ways were proposed to improve traffic management, including:

■ A $29 billion investment in new road and rail links such as Route Three, Western Habour Crossing, a rail link from northwestern New Territories to urban areas, a third cross harbour rail link and an MTR Junk Bay extension;

■ co-ordinating different forms of public transport to reduce vicious competition and improving services;

■ proper land-use to spread traffic demand, better transport management and control of traffic growth through fiscal measures. The chairman of the Tansport Advisory Committee, Miss Maria Tam, said members of the committee would attend district board meetings and exchange views with the Chartered Institute of Transport and academics at universities on measures proposed in the study.

"The committee hopes to listen to views from as many organisations as possible within the four-month consultation period," she said.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14937期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月
2
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北京地区天气预报
白天 晴转多云
风向 北转南
风力 二、三级
夜间 多云转晴
风向 南转北
风力 一、二级
温度 最高 32℃
最低 18℃

人民日报社出版


# 首都举行大会纪念“六一”节

## 李鹏写信向孩子们祝贺节日

## 党和国家领导人参加儿童少年丰富多彩的活动

本报北京6月1日讯 中国儿童少年活动中心今天充满了欢乐的气氛。7500名中外儿童一清早就从首都的四面八方汇聚到这里，庆祝和欢度“六一”。

李铁映、刘澜涛、陈慕华、朱学范、严济慈、雷洁琼、杨成武等，首都从事少儿教育、保健以及文艺科技方面的专家来到影剧厅，向孩子们祝贺节日。

陈慕华同志在大会上讲话，她向小朋友和少先队员们表示了亲切的问候和美好的祝愿，向热心培育儿童少年的园丁们表示了崇高的敬意。之后，她宣读了国务院总理李鹏给小朋友的一封信。

会后，中国儿童少年活动中心艺术团演出了精彩的文艺节目。到时孩子们还兴致勃勃地参加了活动中心为他们准备的画展、书市、游艺、咨询等各类丰富多彩的活动。

新华社北京6月1日电 国务院总理李鹏今天写信给孩子们，热烈庆祝“六一”国际儿童节。全文如下：

亲爱的孩子们，小朋友们：

在“六一”国际儿童节40周年到来之际，我怀着十分高兴的心情，代表工作在中南海里的爷爷、奶奶、伯伯、叔叔、阿姨们，向你们问好，祝你们节日快乐！

小朋友们，我们社会主义祖国正沿着邓小平爷爷开辟的改革开放的道路，向着四个现代化奋力前进，任务是艰巨的，困难是不少的，但我坚信，前景是光明的。你们现在是祖国的花朵，我希望你们能在更好的环境中茁壮成长，长成参天大树，将来成为建设祖国的栋梁。儿童和少年时期，正是小朋友们长身体、长知识的时期。我相信，大家一定能够勤奋学习，刻苦锻炼，养成爱祖国、爱人民、爱科学、爱劳动、爱护公共财物的良好品德，成为有理想、有道德、有文化、有纪律的一代新人，你们要时刻准备着，为了开创我们伟大的社会主义祖国更美好的未来，贡献自己的力量。

新华社北京6月1日电（记者王蔚）阎明复、习仲勋、廖汉生、陈希同等同志今天来到北京游乐园，同2万多首都少年儿童一起共庆“六一”国际儿童节。

龙潭湖畔的北京游乐园，今天充满了节日气氛。各项游艺设施前围满了兴高采烈的孩子。

陈希同代表中共北京市委和市政府祝全市小朋友、少年儿童、少先队员们节日快乐，并向培育他们的老师、父母和关心他们的各界人士表示敬意。

陈希同说，为庆祝“六一”国际儿童节，我们的少先队、

右图：6月1日，首都少年儿童在北京游乐园举行游园联欢，庆祝“六一”国际儿童节。

新华社记者 郑书福摄

为庆祝“六一”儿童节，张家口市南菜园小学学生编辑排演《莉娜戏水》。 单世平摄

## 天安门广场一瞥

## “六一”

本报北京6月1日讯 今天，天安门广场的一些帐篷上挂起“祝小朋友节日快乐”。“大哥哥大姐姐与你共欢乐”等标语。帐篷之间，三五成群的少先队员和跟着家长来的小朋友随处可见。

中央美术学院、中央工艺美术学院的帐篷前，大学生们在一些小朋友们的衣服上留下一幅幅速写作品。一个小女孩高高兴兴提过天津大学一位学生赠送的气球和别的礼品，孩子的父亲请这位学生和他的孩子一起合影。

下午2时左右，广场上的一些大学生纷纷与孩子们联欢并合影留念。旗杆南侧，艺术院校的学生以横幅为道具，为孩子们表演了文艺节目。

一位家长告诉记者，她本想带孩子去中山公园和劳动人民文化宫玩的，遗憾的是这两处今天都没开放。

# 我首季金融形势有所缓和

## 外汇储备总额174亿美元外债总额123亿美元

## 与紧缩目标要求还有差距好转基础不很稳固

本报北京6月1日讯 据金融时报报道，今年头3个月，我国城乡储蓄存款明显上升，货款规模有所控制，国家黄金、外汇储备情况良好。今天由金融时报受权公布的今年一季度国家信贷收支情况和国家黄金、外汇储备等重要金融数字表明，近来全国金融形势出现缓和迹象。

据银行部门的有关统计资料，截至3月底，全国各银行吸收各项存款总额为7520亿元，其中企业存款为2818亿元，城乡储蓄存款额为3490亿元，比去年底增加255.3亿元。流通中的人民币总额2099亿元。从贷款情况看，到3月末，国家银行的贷款总额为19530亿元，比去年同期少增加95亿元。各项贷款中，固定资产贷款为1546亿元，对农业贷款为828亿元，对工业生产和建筑企业贷款为2607亿元，对物资供销和商业企业贷款为4879亿元，对城镇集体企业贷款为640亿元，对个体工商户贷款总额约20亿元。

此外，至5月底，全国农村信用社吸收存款总额为1414亿元，其中农户储蓄存款为1205亿元。农村信用社贷款总额为1021亿元，其中农户贷款为441亿元，乡镇企业贷款为494亿元。统计数字还说明，到3月底，我国在国际金融机构的资产总额为185.2亿元。财政部门向银行的借款为376.46亿元。

今天同时公布的金融情况还有我国黄金外汇储备总额和国家对外借款余额。至3月末，我国黄金储备为1267万盎斯，国家外汇储备总额为174.89亿美元，国家对外借款总额为123.64亿美元。

中国人民银行总行新闻发言人在此间表示，一季度金融形势虽有所缓和，但是与紧缩目标的要求还有差距。金融形势继续好转的基础并不很稳固，发展趋势仍不容乐观。在我国，建设资金短缺将是长期现象，动员和吸收国民储蓄是发展经济、稳定金融的重要环节。人民银行和各专业银行将继续坚持从紧方针，为治理整顿、深化改革而采取的各项经济措施都不改变。

◁●▷ ◁●▷ ◁●▷

## 缺能源 缺原料 缺资金

# 一批大企业经济效益下滑

## 研讨会提出坚持承包制是治愈“三缺症”良药

新华社北京6月1日电 （记者姚军）我国一批大企业（集团）受困于“三缺症”（缺能源、缺原材料、缺资金），后劲不足，前景堪忧。最近在十堰市举行的全国大企业（集团）研讨会提出，目前治愈“三缺症”比较有效的一帖药还是坚持实行和完善承包经营责任制。

据了解，目前我国国营企业特别是一些大企业经济效益迅速下滑。今年一季度，预算内国营工业实现利润下降14%，不少企业亏损额进一步扩大。占统配煤矿1/10产量的大同煤矿由1984年盈利3.06亿元变为1988年亏损8295万元。胜利油田建设资金缺口达5亿元，1989年贷款到期应偿还的本息为14.4亿元，使油田无力购置各种器材。二汽1至4月份利润比去年同期下降了27.9%，设备更新改造、产品开发研制已经受到严重影响。许多企业（集团）的负责人认为，更大的危机将在今后的一段时间表现出来，如不及早重视，后果是严重的。

中国工业经济协会会长吕东在接受记者采访时认为，我国共有大企业2900个，仅占工业企业总数0.24%，工业产值却占总数的30%左右。大企业应当受到扶持，竭泽而渔的做法不足取。他综合大企业（集团）的意见，向中央决策部门提出建议：第一、国家与企业之间的经济关系应以完善承包经营责任制为主。建议国家及早拟定“八五”期间承包方案，以使大企业（集团）有一个长期发展目标和技术改造、开发计划，并通过承包经营责任制，提高企业积累。第二、能源、原材料、资金和交通运输，要确实向大企业（集团）倾斜。对大企业（集团）所需物资，建议实行定点定量不定价的办法，纳入合同协议严格执行。第三、以大企业为依托，采取兼并、参股、控股等多种形式，推进企业集团资产经营一体化，实现紧密型专业化生产、集约化经营，发挥集团整体效能。



全国妇联代表团和文化部代表团

# 慰问戒严部队官兵

新华社北京6月1日电 全国妇联代表团和文化部代表团，今天下午在京郊沙河机场慰问执行首都部分地区戒严任务的解放军官兵。

全国妇联副主席黄启璋在讲话中说，我代表全国妇联名誉主席廖克清、主席陈慕华和全国妇联、北京市妇联，向执行戒严任务的解放军指战员表示亲切慰问。她说，你们发扬了人民子弟兵的光荣传统，在特殊条件下谱写了拥戴爱民的新篇章。你们以自身的模范行动证明，你们是无产阶级专政的坚强柱石，是人民共和国的坚强柱石。全国的母亲、姐妹，为有这样的子弟兵而骄傲。

文化部副部长高占祥在讲话中说，我代表文化部和广大文艺工作者，向执行戒严任务的广大官兵表示慰问和敬意。为了首都的安宁，为了国家的长治久安，你们在党中央、国务院和中央军委的领导下，执行戒严任务，不怕苦，不怕累。你们不愧为人民的子弟兵，不愧为伟大祖国的钢铁长城。我们文艺工作者要向你们学习，坚决贯彻落实党中央的指示，顾全大局，严守纪律，为维护国家的安定团结，为祖国的繁荣富强而努力奋斗。

中央歌舞团、中国儿童少年活动中心少儿艺术团为戒严部队演出了精彩的文艺节目。著名歌唱家马玉涛以全国妇联执委和老战士的双重身份演唱了《马儿啊，你慢点走》和《英雄赞歌》。慰问结束时，台上台下，军民齐声高唱《没有共产党，就没有新中国》。

全国妇联副主席聂力、文化部副部长王济夫、英若诚等，参加了慰问。

## 陕西省人大常委会提前召开会议通过决定

# 撤销魏明生全国人大代表职务

本报西安6月1日电 记者晨隆峰报道：日前，陕西省七届人大常委会提前召开第七次会议，专门就“吃喝专员”魏明生的全国人大代表职务问题进行审议，作出了撤销其第七届全国人大代表职务的决定。

魏明生原是安康行署专员，他在今年初调任省经委副主任之前，曾借“告别”、“辞行”之名，大搞吃请、受礼，耗费公款5336元。

据悉，今年5月17日，原选举单位安康地区紫阳县十一届人大常委会举行第十七次会议，已经罢免了魏明生的省人大代表的职务。

## 外交部发言人说

# 中国改革开放政策不会变

新华社北京六月一日电 外交部发言人李金华今天对中外记者说，中国政府是稳定的，当前的问题会得到妥善解决。他说，中国实行的改革开放政策是不会变的。中国不希望外国在中国的投资受到影响。他说，中国政府目前采取的措施正是为了使改革开放，包括吸引外资的政策能顺利实行。

## 中国希望北约华约

## 削减欧洲常规军备

新华社北京六月一日电 中国外交部发言人今天下午在新闻发布会上评论最近团席的北约首脑会议时说，此次北约首脑会议协调了北约对欧洲常规裁军的立场，并提出了一些建议。中国真诚希望北约和华约两大军事集团能通过认真谈判，大幅度削减欧洲常规军备，以利于欧洲局势进一步缓和。

# 匈党中央就重新安葬纳吉发表公报

## 称纳吉是社会主义改革政策代表人物

新华社布达佩斯6月1日电 匈牙利社会主义工人党中央就重新安葬前政府总理纳吉·伊姆雷发表公报说，纳吉·伊姆雷是1945年以后匈牙利历史上的重要人物，他走过的道路与共产主义运动密不可分。他还是社会主义改革政策的代表人物。

纳吉·伊姆雷，1896年生。早年参加工人运动，并为匈牙利解放事业进行英勇斗争。解放后，他当过政府土地部长，是匈新农业政策的倡导者。1953年7月，他出任政府总理，后受到党的第一书记拉科西的政治迫害。1958年10月在广大群众要求下，他再次出任总理。1958年，他因被指控“推翻民主国家制度”和“叛国”罪被判处死刑。

匈《人民自由报》今天刊载的党中央公报指出，在当时特殊的环境下，纳吉·伊姆雷既要反对斯大林主义对匈牙利的束缚，又要医治民族创伤；既要排除外来的干涉，又要同隐藏在人民起义后面的反革命活动作斗争。在这场斗争中，党和政府的同僚都没有给他以应有的支持。公报说，在这次事件中，纳吉·伊姆雷本人也表现得不够坚定，在判断国际条件和后果方面出现了失误，提出了错误的外交政策。然而，他的名字仍然是与民族独立、自治和多党制的民主社会主义道路联系在一起的。

5月29日举行的匈党中央全会已确定纳吉事件是一个“假造的政治案件”，“纳吉·伊姆雷被处死是非法的”。

匈牙利最高检察院已将纳吉的遗物归还给他的女儿纳吉·伊丽莎白。这些遗物包括：纳吉在被监禁的最后日子里写下的题为《暴风雨的时代》的自传、狱为《思考与回忆》的笔记、一些诗歌和一些信件以及医疗诊断书等。

根据有关部门与被害者的家属达成的协议，纳吉等人将于6月16日重新安葬。

匈牙利社会主义工人党中央委员会于5月31日发表文告，告诫不要使重新安葬纳吉等人成为使国家产生紧张的根源，呼吁全体党员和全国人民采取“负责态度”，使这次安葬活动成为“国家安定的象征”。

# 神圣的天安门广场不容亵渎

新仁

5月30日晨，天安门广场突然冒出一个什么女神像。这是公然违反法律规定、违背民意、蔑视人民神圣情感的行为。首都人民对此表示强烈不满。

天安门广场是我国各族人民向往、景仰的神圣地方。1949年10月1日，面对广场百万群众，毛泽东同志庄严宣告：中国人民从此站起来了。从那以后，天安门广场成为中华人民共和国的象征，成为中国人民革命胜利的象征。每当人们想起天安门广场，就一定会想起中国人民在中国共产党的领导下所进行的艰苦卓绝的革命斗争，就一定会缅怀为共和国的创立而牺牲的无数先烈。庆祝“五一”、“十一”的盛大集会，接待外国元首的欢迎仪式都在天安门广场举行，全国范围乃至世界各国来京的人士都会到天安门广场瞻仰、留影。天安门广场也是对青少年儿童进行革命传统教育的重要场所，幼儿园的孩子都会唱“我爱北京天安门”。天安门广场是属于全国各族人民的。

最近一个时期，属于人民的天安门广场突成了一些人的天下。有些人长期在此静坐，严重损害了天安门广场的形象，严重干扰了天安门广场的正常观光和瞻仰。要求恢复天安门广场正常秩序的呼声越来越高。然而正值此际，一些人竟然不顾人民的感情，违背人民的意愿，在庄严神圣的天安门广场，为所欲为地立起一个什么女神像。这种行为，理所当然地激起广大人民的义愤。

天安门广场上的任何建筑和设施，是按照全国人民的意愿，经过一定的法律程序，得到有关部门的批准而建立的。矗立在广场内的人民英雄纪念碑，是1949年第一届全国政协会议郑重决定建立的，由周恩来同志任筹建委员会主任。毛主席纪念堂，是1976年经中共中央、人大常委会、国务院、中央军委共同决定建立的。为了保证天安门广场的庄严、肃穆、整洁和良好的社会秩序，北京市人民政府有明确的规定：“禁止在天安门广场进行任何形式的有损国家声誉、扰乱公共秩序、妨碍公共安全、有碍市容观瞻的一切活动。”在天安门广场内，凡是未经地摘设施，神圣的天安门广场将会成为什么样子？

女神像的树立，表明一些人目无法纪的无政府主义行为发展到了何等严重的地步。这些人口口声声赋要民主、要法制，可在行动上却一而再、再而三地破坏民主与法制。这也说明，他们要的所谓民主，并不是建立在法制基础上的社会主义民主，而是不要任何纪律、任何秩序的无政府主义。北京秩序的混乱已经持续了一个多月，在党和政府以及广大人民群众的努力下，局势正趋于平稳。而这些人不顾党和政府的劝说，不顾人民群众的反对，执意树起什么女神像，企图使首都平稳的局势又混乱起来，这是广大人民群众绝不愿意看到的。

各界人士已纷纷致电党政，强烈要求有关部门制止树立女神像的违法行为。我们希望有关部门遵循民意，劝说乃至用法律的手段拆除树立在广场上的女神像。

法律程序，未经有关部门批准的任何设施都是违法的。绝不允许任何人以任何理由在广场搞什么赠赠设施。不妨设想，如果人人都可以随心所欲地在广场上搞这搞那，天安门广场将会成为什么样子？

# 道德操行遭到指控

# 美众议长引咎辞职

本报华盛顿5月31日电 记者仓立德报道：美国国会众议院议长、得克萨斯州民主党人吉姆·赖特今天在国会正式宣布，他将于下周二辞去议长职务，并在6月底前放弃议员职务，以平息围绕他的私人经济问题而引起的“愤怒和敌意”。赖特将成为美国有史以来首位因道德操行问题而被迫下台的议长。

66岁的赖特是34年前作为得克萨斯沃思堡选区代表进入众院的。今年4月众院道德委员会全体成员一致指控他在个人经济活动中有69处违反了众院的规定和道德准则。在下午对众院发表的长达1小时的演说中，赖特情绪激动，他逐条反驳了对他的主要指控。他承认自己有“错误”，但否认有任何“失当”行为。他说他的辞职将使国会免于“热战”，以便处理国家的“重要事务”。他还要求国会两党议员放弃“愚蠢的自相残杀”，“使我的离职成为一个开端”，以避免党派政治战争的升级。

此间评论家认为，赖特的去职是民主党近来遭受的一系列政治挫折的高潮。数日前，众院民主党第三号人物，最有希望问鼎民主党领袖的民主党督导托尼·克维罗，也因众院开始调查其个人经济行为而宣布辞职。今日，司法部又宣布调查众院民主党第四号人物威廉·格雷的“非法泄露政治情报”行为。

据悉，赖特辞职将使他免除道德委员会对他的起诉及定罪，其议长职位将由众院多数党（民主党）领袖托玛斯·弗利接任。

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新聞簡報

## 市府昨宣佈七點說明

# 北京加緊新聞封鎖
# 嚴禁記者採訪活動

## 英日兩名記者已遭市公安機關警告

【新華社北京一日電】英國廣播公司駐京記者李志恩、日本讀賣新聞社記者大島則之，在戒嚴期間，違反北京市人民政府令的有關條款向外國記者、港澳台記者作了說明。全文如下：

根據中華人民共和國國務院關於在北京市部分地區戒嚴令，北京市人民政府事辦公室提出申請，經批准，第一號、第二號和第三號令，現在我授權北京市政府令有關條款作如下說明。

一、在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴期間，外國記者、港澳台記者不得違反人民政府有關部門對戒嚴部隊進行採訪、照相、錄像。

二、北京市人民政府令的有關條款向外國記者、港澳台記者作出說明，必須事先向北京市部分地區戒嚴部隊進行採訪，必須事先向北京市人民政府外事辦公室提出申請，經批准後才能進行。

三、北京市人民政府令第二條第二條的第二條和第三號第二條的規定也包括不得在天安門廣場、人民大會堂、周圍、新華門前以及其他公共場所對北京市人民政府令所禁止的活動進行採訪。

記者如要在北京進行採訪活動，必須事先向北京市人民政府外事辦公室提出申請，經批准後才能進行。

四、北京市人民政府令第二條第二條的第二條和第三號第二條的規定也包括不得在天安門廣場、人民大會堂、周圍、新華門前以及其他公共場所對北京市人民政府令所禁止的活動進行採訪的。

五、其他有關規定與北京市人民政府令相抵觸的，以北京市人民政府令為準。

六、違反北京市戒嚴期間，如果他有關規定與北京市人民政府令相抵觸的，以北京市人民政府令為準。

七、對北京市人民政府令的解釋權在北京市人民政府。

港澳台記者不得違反北京市人民政府令的解釋權在北京市人民政府。

在丁維峻說明以後，有記者提問，下面是問答。

問：你們的政府令是否對新聞的審查制度？

丁維峻：你是哪國記者？

答：英國《衛報》。

丁答：我不太清楚。

# 丁維峻談執行戒嚴令
# 聲稱正逐步採取措施

問：戒嚴十幾天了，好像對學生、記者採取什麼措施，在天安門還設起鐵絲網，什麼時候拆掉？

答：我們正在逐步採取措施。

問：我們是否什麼時候再好好消化一下。

答：我剛才的說明已經很清楚了，請問：戒嚴部隊進行採訪活動，要事先向北京市人民政府外事辦公室提出申請，經批准後才能進行。

問：為什麼在戒嚴期間有這些規定？

答：為什麼在戒嚴期間有這些規定，是為了維護北京市的社會秩序，保護人民的生命財產安全。

問：為什麼在戒嚴十幾天後才對政府令進行解釋？

答：我們認為，對政府二、三號令，外國記者是可以明白的，但是有些外國記者還不太清楚，所以有必要加以說明。

問：還要多少時間北京才能恢復正常？

答：我們正在逐步恢復正常。

## 北京兒童慶祝「六一」
## 李鐵映圖明復出席

【據新華社北京一日電】北京七千多名兒童今天聚集在中國兒童少年活動中心，歡度一九八一國際兒童節。

李鵬代表「中南海的爺爺奶奶」致賀信

長期全國傑出貢獻的老領導人到場向孩子們祝賀節日，並觀看了孩子們演出的文藝節目。

李鵬總理代表「中南海的爺爺奶奶」致賀信。

希望孩子們好好學習，時刻準備着，為開創我們偉大的社會主義祖國更美好的未來，貢獻自己的力量。

陳慕華在發言中向在各條戰線從事兒童教育、兒童醫療衛生保健、兒童科技、文化、藝術、體育、兒童生活用品研製和生產等各方面工作的專家、學者、教師、科技人員、工人、廣大家長及所有為兒童事業辛勤工作的人表示感謝。

另據報道，北京市委書記處書記、北京市市長陳希同在會見參加慶祝國際兒童節的中外小朋友時說，要為孩子們創造一個良好的學習和生活環境，使他們在德、智、體、美諸方面都得到健康的發展。

## 黃河防汛線路遭破壞
## 田紀雲要求迅速修復

【新華社北京一日電】《經濟參考》報於五月二十九日報道了黃河防汛線路和水文設施受破壞的消息。田紀雲副總理對此十分關切，立即作了批示，要求立即制止、迅速修復。

據悉，國家防汛總指揮部辦公室已與山東、河南兩省聯繫，並組織力量立即修復，以保證防汛輸通和抗期安全。

## 對北京市府禁令
## 外國記者提抗議

【新華社北京一日電】第一個對北京市人民政府發布的戒嚴令表示抗議的外國記者，是英國廣播公司一名駐北京記者。

這名記者在今天凌晨二時許被公安局人員強行從公寓中帶走，並遭到毆打。

這名記者在被帶走前曾表示，他的採訪已違反五月二十日實施的戒嚴令。

北京市人民政府外事辦公室負責人今天上午就此事向外國記者發出警告。

這名負責人說，外國記者在戒嚴期間採訪活動，必須事先向北京市人民政府外事辦公室提出申請，經批准後才能進行採訪

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

WEN WEI PO

星期五 2 六月 一九八九年

港幣第一四一五六號　每日售十六張紙二角五元




# 不再強調取消四·二六社論
# 學生提出對話四項條件
# 冀以和平方式解決問題
## 要求解嚴撤軍不秋後算賬及取消新聞封鎖

【本報記者報北京一日電】北京高校聯絡總部今日就停止絕食、撤離天安門廣場問題，發出第二號通告，提出對話四項條件，要求與政府對話，以和平方式解決問題。

通告說，為了維護首都的社會秩序，保障人民的生命財產安全，北京市人民政府決定，從六月二日起，在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴。

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一、在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴期間，外國記者、港澳台記者、外國駐華使館人員和其他外國人，在北京市的採訪、拍照、錄像、包括不得約中國公民到外國記者、港澳台記者駐地、賓所、飯店等場所進行採訪活動內容的採訪。

二、北京市人民政府第二號第二條和第三號第二條的規定，也包括不得在天安門廣場、人民大會堂周圍、新華門前以及其它公共場所對北京市人民或政府合所禁止的活動進行採訪、錄相、錄音、攝影。

三、未經北京市人民政府外事辦公室退出申請，經批准後才能進行。

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取消人民日報「四·二六」社論的內容。

聲明又表示，在政府接受前提條件下，他們將採取與政府進行公開與平等的對話。

【本報記者報北京一日電】北京市政府新聞秘書長丁錦峻今日在外交部的新聞發布會上宣讀了北京市人民政府令的七點說明，對在京的港澳台記者及外國記者的採訪進行定額和更全面的限制。

丁錦峻受權就北京市政府根據國務院關於在北京市部分地區實行戒嚴令所發布的第一號、第二號和第三號令的有關條款作如下說明。

美國一個電視記者攝影機拍攝戒嚴部隊士兵在北京天安門華表外門前示威場面時，被一士兵「！了嚴戒」

（真傳社連路）

## 外國及港澳台記者 在京採訪受限更苛
### 當局公布規定 廣場一帶成禁區

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取消人民日報「四·二六」社論的內容。

聲明又表示，在政府接受前提條件下，他們將採取與政府進行公開與平等的對話。

## 北京談當前問題 謂可獲妥善解決
### 並冀外國在華投資不受影響

【新華社北京一日電】外交部發言人李肇星今天對中外記者說，中國政府是穩定的，當前的問題會得到妥善解決。

他說，中國政府歡迎一切有利於改革開放政策的投資，包括吸引外資的政策能順利實行。

李肇星還說，中國政府是講信用的，中國在中國的投資受到法律保護。

他說，中國政府歡迎一切有利於改革開放政策的投資，包括吸引外資的政策能順利實行。

## 軍委慰問部隊 未提及趙紫陽
### 田紀雲職位無變動

【本報記者報北京一日電】今天新華社在報道新放第三總部（總參、總政、總後）負責人看望戒嚴部隊的消息稱，三位負責人「轉達了中央軍委主席鄧小平和各務副主席傾向民對部隊的關懷和慰問」，沒有提到身兼中央軍委第一副主席的趙紫陽。

此外，今日新華社在一則電訊中報道田紀雲副總理指示要求修復黃河防汛設施，證實日前流傳的田紀雲職務變動之說不確。

## 就三名工人日前遭逮 當局否認遭綁架
### 聲稱只屬傳訊

【本報記者報北京一日電】北京市公安局今日答覆學生說，在北京戒嚴期間，公安局可以採取任何行動，包括對認為可疑的人傳訊。

北京市公安局政治部常委主張魏今晨上午十點與三位學生代表會晤，並對學生提出的三項要求作答如下：一、公安局不承認日前對三名工人所採的行動是綁架，只是傳話。因為所傳工人自治會是個非法組織。二、傳話的行動並不違法。三、戒嚴期間，公安局可以作任何行動，包括對任何認為可疑的人傳訊。

張魏承認公安局已拉了十一個「飛車黨」人員，指責正常的法律程序依法處理。

工人自治會代表陳東方被拘地與學生一道進入公安局，公安人員說，原因是工人自治會是非法組織。

張魏承諾公安局在戒嚴期間，對記者採訪特作如下規定：一、嚴禁中外記者利用採訪，進行抵破，煽動性宣傳報道。但是另一回事，那更多是記者

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第九五二九號
夏曆四月廿九號日值上弦 初五 廿五
一九八九年六月 日 星期五
今天天氣：吹東風，多雲有陣午後天晴
最日氣溫：介乎廿三至廿六度之間
預測六張半 零售二元正

# 四系軍隊北京互相傾軋
# 批趙難定案中全會延期

## 北京新聞封鎖升級頒七禁令

（快報特訊）北京市政府昨日公布七項戒嚴令，北京市人民政府發出第一號、第二號及第三號令，採訪的三號公布規定凡違反一項，分別處一至三年以下有期徒刑，或拘役，或管制，或剝奪政治權利，或併處罰金。

一、戒嚴令外記者採訪規則

一、戒嚴令外記者採訪規則

一、戒嚴令外記者採訪規則

# 趙紫陽心臟病發！
## 名字已自軍委領導層剔除

（北京綜電）一九日晚，一架直升機在中國國務院總理趙紫陽的住宅降落，趙紫陽被送往醫院搶救。

（北京綜電）一人民日報一第四號及中國國務院總理趙紫陽的名字，連一步顯示趙已被中共中央軍事委員會主席鄧小平、國家主席楊尚昆、總理李鵬、人大委員長萬里、政協主席李先念、國務委員兼國務院秘書長陳慕華、中共中央軍委副主席楊白冰、軍委副秘書長張震等人，從中共中央軍委領導人名單中剔除。

（北京中通社）

（北京中通社）

（北京中通社）

明報·1989年6月2日 星期五

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

明報

第31年 第149號 每天出報半三張半 $2.00

ABC

「智慧不夠，熱情一過，暴露弱點」

# 有學生領袖貪污腐化 一朝得勢便一意孤行

## 數外省學生夜闖營帳 柴玲封從德險被綁架

## 企圖奪權？受人指使？

【本報記者北京專電】過去一個多月，數以萬計的北京高等學生在中國歷史上首次走向街頭，要求民主和自由，要求政治改革，要求反對官倒和腐敗，要求新聞自由，要求公開報道事實真相，要求政府官員公開財產，要求取消對知識分子的種種不合理的限制，要求增加教育經費，要求改善知識分子的待遇，要求取消對學生運動的鎮壓，要求撤換新華社社長李普和《人民日報》總編輯袁木，要求與學生對話，要求……

【本報記者北京專電】北京學生運動領導人柴玲，昨日晚間在天安門廣場的臨時指揮部上午舉行記者招待會，柴玲及封從德分別在會上講話，表示學生運動將繼續和平地進行下去，並呼籲學生不要採取過激行為，以免給當局鎮壓學生的藉口。

【本報記者北京專電】北京學生運動領導人柴玲及封從德，昨日晚間在天安門廣場的臨時指揮部上午舉行記者招待會，柴玲及封從德分別在會上講話，表示學生運動將繼續和平地進行下去，並呼籲學生不要採取過激行為，以免給當局鎮壓學生的藉口。

【本報記者北京專電】北京市政府發言人丁關根昨日晚間外交部新聞司舉行的記者會上，就有關北京學生運動的問題，發表了一個長達一小時的講話，表示政府對學生運動的基本態度是「理解、關心、支持」，但同時又指責學生運動「被一小撮別有用心的人利用和操縱」，並且「已經發展成為一場反對共產黨領導、反對社會主義制度的政治動亂」。

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【本報北京十六日電話訪問】北京學生運動領導人柴玲今天在天安門廣場的臨時指揮部表示，她和封從德正在商量上一個星期內談話的內容，並準備發表聲明，說明事情的真相，以免學生運動繼續被人利用，給當局鎮壓學生的藉口

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）六月二日　星期五　香港時報　夏曆己巳年四月二十九日　⊙要聞　第一版

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## 今日新聞提要

一、行政院、國民黨中央委員會新任首長交接，刊第一版。
二、趙紫陽、軍委副主席「除名」刊第二版。
三、立法局動態，「基本法」通過新預委會籌備人選見，刊第十六版。
四、中央銀行任總裁避免外匯，仍行緊縮貨幣政策，刊第三版。
五、國家體育場地被逐三十公頃，利華十五版。

## 會晤新聞界說明未來施政重點與方向

# 李撰強調追求政黨政治

# 促進大陸民主自由公平

【台北一日中央社電】行政院長李煥今天強調，施政重點是追求政黨政治的理想境界，促進經濟建設及國際貿易。

李煥於上午十時三十分在行政院大禮堂，向此間新聞界說明未來施政的重點方向。他說，政府當前面臨的問題很多，未來將慎重的工作有：

一、——解決財政金融問題，促進經濟建設及國際貿易。

二、——改善交通流量，改善生態環境，增進國民健康。

三、——加強外交、僑務工作，以貫徹外交休兵加委友好。

四、——保障國民生命財產。

五、——提高國民生活條件。

六、——就學人事凍結，增設國家機關，增強環境保護。

七、——開放大陸工作。

李煥表示，對開放大陸工作，他說，目前我們要以民族為基礎，以文化、倫理、道德為依據，以民意為歸依，以民生為主題，以民權為目標，以民族為最高的理想，來處理大陸問題。

他說，大陸問題的解決，要靠大陸人民的覺醒，要靠大陸人民的力量，要靠大陸人民的抉擇。

他說，我們要以和平、理性、愛心來對待大陸問題，要以和平的方式來解決大陸問題，要以和平的途徑來解決大陸問題。

他說，我們要以和平的途徑來解決大陸問題，是基於下列的認識：

一、大陸人民是我們的骨肉同胞，我們不忍心見到他們再遭受戰爭的痛苦。

二、大陸人民是我們的主人翁，我們不願意見到他們的權益再受到侵害。

三、大陸人民是我們的同志，我們不願意見到他們的理想再受到挫折。

四、大陸人民是我們的朋友，我們不願意見到他們的生活再受到困苦。

五、大陸人民是我們的同胞，我們不願意見到他們的自由再受到剝奪。

李煥說，我們要以和平的途徑來解決大陸問題，是基於下列的信念：

一、和平是人類的共同願望，戰爭是人類的共同災難。

二、和平是解決爭端的最好方法，戰爭是解決爭端的最壞方法。

三、和平是人類的共同理想，戰爭是人類的共同敵人。

四、和平是人類的共同目標，戰爭是人類的共同威脅。

五、和平是人類的共同利益，戰爭是人類的共同損害。

李煥表示，對開放大陸探親問題，我們要以積極、信心的態度來處理，我們要以和平的途徑來解決，我們要以和平的方式來解決，我們要以和平的途徑來解決。

李煥表示，對開放大陸探親問題，是基於下列的信念：

一、探親是人類的共同願望，有其為人類的基本權利，應該受到尊重。

二、探親是中國人的共同願望，有其為中國人的基本權利，應該受到尊重。

三、探親是人類的共同願望，有其為人類的基本權利，應該受到尊重。

四、探親是中國人的共同願望，有其為中國人的基本權利，應該受到尊重。

五、探親是人類的共同願望，有其為人類的基本權利，應該受到尊重

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 151 Price $3.00



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## Hotels plan

THREE former executives of Mandarin Oriental Hotels, including ex-managing director Peter Tyrie, are forming their own international luxury hotels group.

● See Business Post

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 2, 6, 18, 26, 31 and 34.

The extra number was 29.

See Page 2.

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## WEATHER

**Some rain at first. Mainly cloudy during the day. Max temp 26 degrees.**

See Page 2.

# Troops on move after media ban

TROOPS edged closer to student-occupied Tiananmen Square early this morning as the Chinese Government warned foreign journalists against reporting on the six-week-old campaign for democratic reform.

About 300 People's Liberation Army troops marched within a block of the square, while national television showed hundreds of soldiers fast-stepping out of the city railroad station about two kilometres away.

The military show of force was the clearest indication yet that the Government, humiliated when Beijing citizens blocked troops from entering the city after martial law was declared on May 20, was preparing to move against the students.

Student numbers on the square have fallen to less than 10,000, compared with up to 200,000 at the peak of the protests, and Beijing residents for the moment have been subdued by a relentless propaganda campaign and warnings that participants in pro-democracy rallies face pay cuts and other punishments.

Earlier in the day the authorities hardened the martial law restrictions in Beijing by declaring an almost total news blackout on foreign media, even banning interviews with Chinese citizens.

Beijing city spokesman Ding Weijun told reporters they were banned from covering "activities prohibited" in the capital, including events in the square.

In the first sign of the crackdown, a correspondent for the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) was summoned to a police station and given a verbal warning that his coverage had violated part of the martial law decree announced on May 20 for urban Beijing.

Western correspondents said it indicated that the central Government wanted journalists off the streets in the event of the army entering the city centre.

● See Pages 12, 13

The new rules read out by Mr Ding banned "making appointments with Chinese citizens to meet at the offices or residences of foreign journalists, or at hotels or elsewhere for interviews on activities prohibited by martial law decrees".

The prohibitions are more restrictive than those announced on May 20 which banned foreign reporters from carrying out interviews or filming in "government institutions, organisations, schools, factories, mines, enterprises, and neighbourhoods" without approval of the city government.

Violations of the martial law decrees will be "dealt with", Mr Ding said, adding that the city government had the sole right to interpret the rules.

Mr Ding is reportedly a member of a five-man propaganda team formed to tighten media control in Beijing.

The Foreign Correspondents Club of Beijing described the new rules as "a deplorable case of press censorship and harassment" and urged the authorities to rescind them.

Some Western correspondents, including television networks, said they would continue to report on pro-democracy demonstrations in Beijing.

BBC reporter James Miles said he was summoned by police and warned that he had violated martial law regulations.

"You have not been acting rightly. You are to stop such activities. Otherwise you are to accept all of the consequences," a senior police officer said, according to Miles, a fluent Mandarin speaker.

At the same Beijing news conference, Foreign Ministry spokeswoman Li Jinhua said: "China's Government is stable."

"Our policy of reforms and opening to the outside world and attracting foreign investment will not change."

"I can tell you that there have been no changes in the leadership of China's Communist Party, Government, army and People's Congress Standing Committee."

Agencies

# Hunger strike by 2,000 in Viet camp

By FIONA MACMAHON

**COPIES of an article attacking the Government have been found in the Whitehead detention centre where 2,000 boat people went on hunger strike yesterday in protest against the screening policy.**

**The hunger strikers began their protest in the morning when Immigration Department officers arrived in the camp to begin screening the 2,000 who have been in the camp for several months.**

**The protesters erected banners calling for other boat people in the centre to join the strike and to refuse to be interviewed.**

**The banners carried messages in Vietnamese saying the protesters would "rather die than return to Vietnam".**

**The 2,000 Vietnamese housed in huts in Stage I of the centre which holds a total of more than 5,000 boat people – the majority of the rest are in tents – refused their midday meal and would not take any food last night.**

**Correctional Services Department (CSD) staff working at Whitehead said they found photocopies of a magazine article written in Vietnamese which attacked the Government's screening policy.**

**The Assistant Commissioner (Inspectorate and Refugees Unit) for the CSD, Ish Bhagat, said staff were investigating how the literature was smuggled into the camp.**

**Mr Bhagat said he was "disturbed" by the effect the article might have on the boat people.**

**"These kinds of things can create misunderstandings and cause false hopes," he said.**

**The article suggested all the Vietnamese boat people should be accepted for resettlement and that they should not be screened.**

**Mr Bhagat said his staff had arranged a meeting with boat representatives to explain the Hongkong Government's policy and how it was implemented.**

**A spokesman for the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees said the agency was investigating how copies of the article came to be distributed.**

**"If one of our staff is found to be involved they will be sacked," the spokesman said.**

**It was not clear how the copies of the article had come to be distributed within the detention centre which is off-limits to the general public.**

**Mr Bhagat said he was concerned that the protest in the camp might spread to boat people being held in other centres throughout the territory.**

**Although the protesters have refused to take their meals they still have access to dry rations and food which they can buy from a shop run by the CSD within Whitehead.**

**Another 492 boat people arrived yesterday in nine boats. They are being held off Tai Ah Chau Island and are expected to be kept there until Monday.**

**Marine police who intercepted the new arrivals told them they would not be resettled overseas unless they could prove they were genuine refugees.**

**They said many of the new arrivals appeared ignorant of the Hongkong policy.**

**Moves were made yesterday to turn the island into a more permanent reception centre with the building of 10 small tents.**

**The Government says the tents will not be used to house the Vietnamese, but will provide storage space for food and to assist the Port Health Authorities.**

**The 277 who have been held off the island since Tuesday night were moved to the Green Island reception centre after 600 were transferred from there to the tents at Whitehead detention centre.**

**There are now 24,126 boat people in Hongkong, 13,798 of whom arrived this year.**

● See Page 2

P.Y. Tang

Boat people break down on learning that they could not be automatically resettled.

# Councillors move for drastic action

By ANDY HO

**EXECUTIVE and Legislative councillors will today discuss a plan of drastic action to rid Hongkong of its chronic Vietnamese boat people burden in the event that the upcoming Geneva Conference fails to produce any viable solution.**

**The package, prepared by the Council's Security Panel, includes sending a delegation to lobby the British Government to allow Hongkong to amend its first port of asylum policy.**

**The councillors will also press Britain to impose economic sanctions on Vietnam to force Hanoi to agree to accepting its nationals in Hongkong who have been denied refugee status.**

**The councillors believe that under economic pressure Hanoi would step up measures to prevent its people from leaving the country.**

**As a firm gesture to the British and international communities that Hongkong has already done more than its fair share, members of the finance committees of the Legislative Council will also block any further requests for funds to be spent on the boat people.**

**They will demand the Hongkong Government to instruct its New York office to step up propaganda efforts in the US to put across Hongkong's case.**

**The councillors are upset by the US Government's unco-operative attitude in rejecting Hongkong's proposal for mandatory repatriation of those boat people who are classified as illegals.**

**The Omelco members will further demand a comprehensive review on the existing security policies with a view to sending back those non-refugees to Vietnam, even if they are reluctant to go.**

**The councillors will ask the Government to explore the idea of setting up a regional reception centre with neighbouring nations so that all future arrivals could be transferred to that centre.**

**They are willing to help fund such a centre if other Southeast Asian governments agree to hosting the centre.**

**David Wallen reports from London: Hongkong's boat people crisis was discussed during US President George Bush's visit to London yesterday.**

**Both the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, and Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, took the opportunity to stress to Mr Bush and Secretary of State, Mr James Baker, the true nature of the crisis facing the territory during their two hours of talks at 10 Downing Street.**

**They explained the way the exodus had build up of late and why the territory was now forced to use the Soko Islands for the latest influx of people.**

**Afterwards aides said: "They were really rubbing the message home about the acute anxiety in Hongkong over the increased rates of arrivals and they told the Americans about the problems of accommodation."**

**Both Mrs Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey stressed that they hoped a lasting solution to the problem would be found at the Geneva Conference on the boat people.**

# Generals defy President

PRESIDENT Yang Shangkun called a meeting of the heads of China's seven military regions this week but it had to be called off because a few of the generals refused to go to Beijing.

According to diplomatic sources, the meeting was called by Mr Yang, executive vice-chairman of the Communist Party's policy-setting Central Military Commission (CMC), to discuss the political crisis as well as troop movements in relation to the imposition of martial law in Beijing.

It cannot be ascertained which of the seven military leaders refused to heed Mr Yang's call, or the reason behind the apparent rift within the People's Liberation Army (PLA).

However, the incident has prompted speculation about the lack of unity within the military.

The fact that an estimated 200,000 troops have been called into the vicinity of Beijing to enforce martial law has fed rumours that the troops belong to different factions of the PLA.

One widely-circulated theory is that the troops were summoned by patriarch Deng Xiaoping, the CMC chairman, and Mr Yang to put pressure on the officers of the Beijing Military Region who have been reluctant to answer Mr Deng's call to use military force to suppress the student movement.

The failure of Mr Yang to hold the meeting three days ago, however, would suggest a deeper division within the PLA.

It also fuels speculation about whether Mr Deng is in

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 9)


JOYCE

THE WAY WE DRESS TODAY

New World Tower, 16 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong.
FASHION FOR WOMEN AND MEN


# Thatcher and Bush engage in 'happy talk'

LONDON: President George Bush met British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher yesterday to discuss a wide variety of topics and reaffirm the strong ties between the two allies.

Mrs Thatcher, who established a close working relationship with Mr Bush's predecessor in the White House, Mr Ronald Reagan, called the chat at Number 10 Downing Street as "one of the most valuable, happy talks I have had for a very long time".

"We think very much the same way, which isn't surprising. We absolutely have in Mr Bush a President who is staunch and steadfast in everything and yet stretches out the hand of friendship," she said.

Mr Bush added: "I want to assert here the special relationship that existed between the United Kingdom and the United States is continuing and will continue. Only with friends can you take off the gloves and talk from the heart."

The two leaders were happy in the wake of the two-day North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) summit earlier this week which resolved a dispute over short-range nuclear missiles that had threatened to divide the Western alliance.

Mrs Thatcher said she and Mr Bush discussed volatile situations in the Middle East, China, South Africa, Argentina, Central America and Cambodia, along with the flood of boat people fleeing Vietnam.

Mr Bush later had lunch at Buckingham Palace with the Queen and dinner with Mrs Thatcher. He returns home today.

A one-day strike by London Underground train drivers created traffic chaos as hundreds of thousands of extra cars headed into the capital only to find the route for Mr Bush's motorcade sealed off.

Traffic jams up to 16 kilometres long built up on major roads into London. Police urged motorists not to go within 50 kilometres of the capital. The Underground said only a handful of trains were running.

Associated Press

Associated Press

A light moment for George Bush and Margaret Thatcher at Number 10.

# Watch shop man shot in robbery bid

By TOMMY LEWIS

**THE son of the owner of a Kowloon City watch shop was critically wounded last night when he was shot in the head by a gunman while giving chase after an attempted robbery.**

**Cheng Wing-kuen, 31, who was shot in the left side of the head, was unconscious when he was taken to Queen Elizabeth Hospital by his elder brother, Wing-keung, 33.**

**Doctors were fighting to save his life late last night.**

**The shooting occurred shortly before 8.30 pm when a well-dressed man entered the Shui Hing Watch Company at 19 Fuk Lo Tsuen Road and asked to be shown a watch.**

**Seconds later another man, armed with a gun and wearing a white shirt, burst into the shop.**

**But the two men fled empty-handed when the brothers began shouting for help.**

**The brothers gave chase**

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

# Wright steps down urging end to ethics row

From DENNIS WHITELEY in Washington

CALLING on the United States Congress to end the "mindless cannibalism" which has engulfed it in an ethics uproar, Democrat Speaker of the House of Representatives Jim Wright emotionally ended his political career – quitting both as Speaker and his Texas seat.

It is the second major blow in three days for the Democrat Party, which has already seen the House whip quit through similar allegations of unethical behaviour.

Mr Wright's resignation had been expected, but until a few hours before he rose in the House to speak it was unclear whether he would merely step down from the speakership and continue to defend his innocence as a member of the House.

But it is understood that at a meeting of the Texas caucus yesterday he was told bluntly that the House ethics committee would reject his application to have 62 of 69 ethics charges thrown out – and instead lay new counts concerning the US$140,000 (HK$1.09 million) he made on a questionable gas well deal, and his involvement in a Texas nursing home enterprise.

His resignation means the ethics committee no longer has any jurisdiction over him, but his troubles may not yet be over.

Yesterday the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Justice Department were believed to have begun an investigation into his financial dealings, and this will continue despite his resignation. In due course he may have to face criminal proceedings.

Mr Wright talked for just four minutes under an hour – in an address which two of the four national television networks carried live in its entirety – before announcing his resignation.

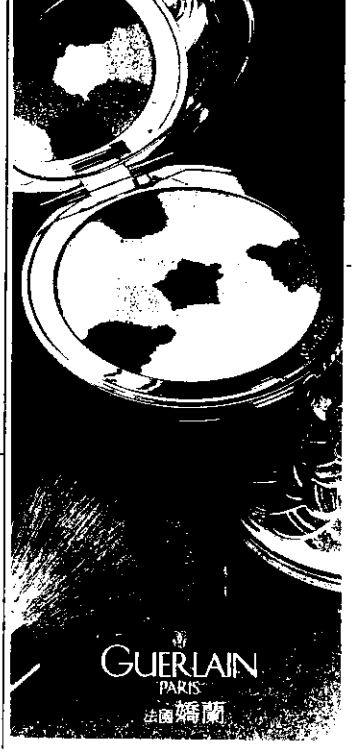
He used the bulk of the time to excuse himself eloquently, to answer charges against him, and most of all to defend his wife Betty.

He also defended the institution of Congress in a speech which had himself, and several members of the House, close to tears. He said it was being wrecked by ethics charges now flowing from Republican to Democrat benches and back again, and called for it to end before irreparable damage was done.

But he also used the forum to demand changes in the way ethics investigations are made, for new rules to be formulated and for a House counsel to be appointed who could give politicians advice that would be legal.

Mr Wright told the Congress that members were quitting because of "ambiguities and confusion" on

(Cont'd on Page 15, Col 1)

Average daily sale last week, 61,961

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Boat people set to fill one camp a week

**By Mark Brickwell**

DETENTION centres for Vietnamese refugees will have to open at the rate of one a week to meet the flood of boat people into the territory.

This assessment, by a senior Security Branch official yesterday, came as Hongkong struggles to cope with the worsening crisis.

"We have got more Vietnamese coming in than we know what to do with. It is a very worrying problem," the official said.

By late last night 492 Vietnamese in nine boats had sailed into Hongkong.

They took the total number of arrivals for the year to 13,428 – two thirds of whom arrived last month.

And the arrival rate is expected to increase this month, compounding the already severe accommodation shortage.

The Government now finds itself in a disturbing dilemma, the Security Branch official said.

The Finance Committee is reluctant to approve spending on new centres but existing alternatives – such as the Four Seasons Estate in Tuen Mun – are too sensitive, politically, to use.

The Security Branch, however, was forced to implement one of the alternatives yesterday when it opened a centre on a near deserted island.

The 492 new arrivals were towed by the marine police to Tai Ah Chau, one of the Soko Islands, where they will await processing.

The island was yesterday upgraded by the Security Branch to a semi-permanent detention centre. It is no longer a temporary mooring place.

The move attracted instant and strong criticism from the United Nations High Commission on Refugees.

The first Vietnamese to be held at Tai Ah Chau – 277 who arrived on Tuesday and Wednesday – were not allowed ashore.

But the British Army yesterday pitched a tent city on the island. Abandoned buildings will also be used to house refugees.

INSIDE:

■ Keep Vietnamese out say angry villagers; yesterday's arrivals: **Page 3 ▶**

■ Vietnam initiatives unheeded: **Page 13 ▶**

"We are not happy about this at all," said UNHCR charge de mission Fazlul Karim.

"We do not like it because the shelter there is questionable and there is no water or electricity supply.

"We hope it is not a long-term solution."

The Government's refugee co-ordinator, Mr Mike Hanson, seemed to dash those hopes yesterday.

"Tai Ah Chau is not an ideal option but we have been forced into a situation where we have to use it," he said.

"Every centre in the territory is full and we have had to find somewhere to put them."

Mr Hanson said indications were that Tai Ah Chau would continue to be used as an overflow centre whenever other camps were full.

A decision on whether to build a permanent detention centre on the island has been deferred until later this month.

A centre would cost upwards of $200 million and the Government is awaiting the results of the Geneva conference on refugees before approving the expenditure.

The 277 Vietnamese who were initially held on the island were moved to the Green Island processing centre yesterday.

The 355 boat people who arrived on Tuesday and had to be held at Marine Police piers for lack of space were also moved there.

Together, the two groups have filled Green Island to capacity again after 600 refugees were processed yesterday.

The 600 were taken to a second tent city pitched on a patch of bulldozed land outside the Whitehead detention centre.

The Government is now considering the purchase of more tents because their stocks are running low and British Army stocks have run out.

The Lo Wu army camp, scheduled to be opened to refugees on Monday, will provide only temporary relief.

"It will hold about 1,000 refugees which means that it will be full by Friday," said the Security Branch official.

"The Vietnamese are arriving so quickly that we will have to open one new centre every week in the coming months," he said.

With international attention focused on the boat people issue in the run up to the United Nations' Geneva conference, Hongkong has been in the spotlight.

The decision to house Vietnamese on Tai Ah Chau has received widespead coverage in the United States and the United Kingdom – not all of it favourable.

But the Chief Secretary, Sir David Ford, said yesterday that more needed to be done to raise international concern about the problem.

"I think that is one of the things that we are going to be looking at in the weeks ahead," he said on his return from a three-week holiday in London.

"I have been closely in touch with the Governor while I have been away and I am anxious to talk to him now that I am back," he said.

■ Soldiers erecting tents on Tai Ah Chau yesterday.

■ US House of Representatives Speaker Jim Wright announces his resignation.

# Embattled Wright quits Speaker post

**WASHINGTON: House of Representatives Speaker Jim Wright, reeling from months of accusations about ethics violation, has announced his resignation from one of the most powerful posts in government.**

**The speaker is the top-ranking member of the majority party in the Lower House of Congress and under the constitution would become president if the president and vice president died or were unable to serve.**

**Because opposition Democrats are in the majority in Congress, the speaker's influence in marshalling votes and legislation can be considerable on national policies.**

**Majority Leader Thomas Foley – the second-ranking Democrat – is in line to succeed Mr Wright as speaker.**

**Mr Wright announced his resignation in an hour-long address to his colleagues in which he continued to defend himself against charges of financial impropriety.**

**The 66-year-old Mr Wright said he hoped his resignation would bring an end to partisan bitterness, and the kind of personal attacks that became common during his political struggle and that of failed defence secretary nominee John Tower.**

**"Let me give you back this job you gave to me as a propitiation for all this season of bad will,"** Mr Wright said near the end of his speech.

The Democratic leadership is disarray with Mr Wright's announcement and an earlier statement from Tony Coelho, the third-ranking Democrat, that he would resign rather than face an ethics investigation into his personal finances.

Mr Wright said he also would resign his congressional seat before the end of June, ending a 34-year career as a representative from Texas.

Mr Wright spoke to a hushed, nearly packed House. His wife Betty and his daughter Virginia watched from the visitors' gallery.

Mrs Wright wept when he announced his decision to resign.

"All of us in both parties must resolve to bring this period of mindless cannibalism to an end. There's been enough of it," Mr Wright declared, asking fellow Democrats not to try to get even with Republicans.

Colleagues gave him a standing ovation.

Mr Wright's move cleared the way for Mr Foley's elevation.

Mr Foley, who has been in the No. 2 post for the past 3-½ years, was the only candidate for the top House position although he did no campaigning for the post prior to Mr Wright's announcement.

Jockeying was intense for the other top party positions, which will turn over both because of the moves by Mr Wright and Mr Coelho.

Mr Coelho said on Saturday he will resign on June 15, his 47th birthday. He has steadfastly insisted he did nothing wrong – aside from some reporting errors – in a bond transaction that has come under scrutiny.

Mr Wright's resignation came after a year-long, US$1.5 million-dollar investigation by the House ethics committee that led to formal charges that Mr Wright violated House rules in 69 instances.

Many of the specific charges involved two main allegations:

■ That he used bulk sales of his book, *Reflections of a Public Man*, to hide contributions from groups to which he had spoken.

■ That he received US$145,000 in benefits, including a no-work job for his wife, from George Mallick, a businessman with an alleged direct interest in legislation before Congress.

In his floor speech, Mr Wright argued forcefully against the charges, contending Mrs Wright had researched investments for the small company owned by the Wrights and the Mallicks and earned her salary and the use of a car and condominium Mr Mallick provided. – AP.

■ Wright's day in court: **Page 10**

# Beijing puts curbs on foreign press

**By Yau Shing-mu** in Beijing

THE Beijing Municipal Government yesterday tightened measures against activities of the Hongkong and foreign press.

Mr Ding Weijun, city government spokesman, also told a news conference that the government was acting to enforce martial law.

Journalists in Beijing believe the ban is being tightened because foreign correspondents have continued to cover events in the capital despite martial law.

Their reports, monitored by Beijing students and residents, are considered by the authorities as "provocative to turmoil".

In a seven-point statement, Mr Ding outlined the following restrictions:

■ Press coverage is subject to approval by the foreign affairs office of the city government.

■ Reporting, photographing and videotaping of activities prohibited by martial law decrees on Tiananmen Square, the vicinity of the Great Hall of the People, Xinhuamen (the main entrance to the party and state headquarters) and other public places are banned. Appointments with Chinese citizens for interviews on banned activities are prohibited.

■ Without approval of the Beijing government no one should report, photograph or videotape troops enforcing martial law.

■ Should there be any contradiction between other relevant regulations and the martial law decrees, the decrees should prevail.

■ Journalists should not acquire by clandestine means information on banned activities.

■ Any violation of the decrees should be dealt with according to their seriousness by relevant departments of the city government.

■ The right of interpretation of the decrees rests with the city government.

The banned activities under the decrees include strikes, demonstrations, sit-ins and hunger strikes.

In the evening a Japanese journalist was slapped by Chinese policemen when he was taking pictures outside the Beijing police headquarters.

Two more students were beaten and injured when they tried to protect the Japanese from further injury.

The journalist was stopped and slapped when he tried to take pictures of a thief who had been caught by students on Tiananmen Square being taken into the nearby police headquarters.

Students said the policemen mistook the Japanese for a Chinese.

After the assault, more than 10,000 people gathered at the entrance which was immediately manned by two columns of policemen.

On the evening television news, troops enforcing martial law were shown marching and directing traffic near the Beijing railway terminus.

Witnesses told *The Hongkong Standard* that about six companies of troops patrolled between 6am and 7am in full gear and helmets but unarmed. They were not seen again during the day.

It was the first appearance of the troops in the city centre since martial law was imposed.

A group of students and intellectuals including a famous composer and singer from Taiwan, Mr Hou Dejian, plan to start a hunger strike to step up the protest.

In Sichuan yesterday, a student died and five were severely injured when a car crashed into them.

The students were hitchhiking from Du Jiangyan city to join a protest in Chengdu.

Meanwhile Mr Andrew To of the Hong Kong Federation of Student Unions said 15 students were arrested in the eastern city of Xuzhou on May 24 when they attempted to block railway traffic.

Mr To also quoted his sources as saying that up to 600 university students in Nanjing had begun what they called a long march to Beijing to "spread the seeds of democracy"

## CHINA TODAY

Four pages of the latest on China's political turmoil and the world's response, plus other news from round the country. **Liftout**

# China jitters drag markets down more

HOME sales are down by 50 percent over the past two weeks, while the stock market finished another bad day yesterday.

Analysts have attributed the steep drop in property sales to jittery buyers and sellers who have put plans on hold since the problems began in China.

"During the past two weeks there were almost no transactions at all," said James Wilburn, chairman of J Wilburn and Associates.

His company's sales are down by 50 percent over the past two weeks, while transactions at Centaline Agencies Co are off 40 percent.

And with banks tightening their lending policies in response to Government warnings of caution, there is concern that the market could tighten even further.

Thomas Lee of Vigers Hongkong property consultants said the Government's statement is "just like adding fuel to the fire."

And with the Hongkong stock market falling again yesterday to a point not much ahead of where it was a year ago, analysts see a long period of consolidation for the next six months.

The index fell another 53.09 points yesterday to finish 2,689.98 points on thin trading.

■ Details in Business

## INSIDE

JOBMARKET

**66 PAGES**

of better jobs for everyone in FRIDAY JOBMARKET, bumper edition of the territory's premier daily employment section.

**Sinclair**

What do people like Sir David Akers-Jones, Maria Tam, Jimmy McGregor and Martin Lee really think about Hongkong's future?

**Kevin Sinclair** meets a man who knows on

**Page 13**

**People**

**Winsome Lane** meets a French winemaker and an American cook and looks at the 10 tonnes of equipment being brought in for the Pavarotti concert

**Page 15**

**Italy**

Trade between Italy and Hongkong is growing steadily. Today, we mark Italian National Day with a three-page special feature

**Business 5,6,7**

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**TELEPHONES**

Editorial 3-7982798
Advertising 3-7982798
Classifieds 3-7998833
Circulation 3-7982798

**WEATHER:** 23°C — 26°C. Some rain at first, mainly cloudy during the day. Details on Page 19

# Mark Six

ONE lucky punter won the first prize of $1,954,111 in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 2, 6, 18, 26, 31 and 34 yesterday. The extra number was 29.

The second prize of $176,047 each had six winners while the third prize of $9,365 each had 242 winning units.

# Mine collapse traps hundreds

MANILA: A landslide sealed a network of tunnels at a gold mine in the southern Philippines, killing at least 13 people and trapping hundreds underground.

The Manila Civil Defence office said in a report on Tuesday's accident on a mountainside in Davao del Norte province that 135 people scrambled out of the mine, and two were rescued, but between 300 and 400 were still underground.

Searchers working with picks, spades and bare hands said they hoped to reach others heard banging for help on tunnel walls. "There are good chances of finding others alive," Mr Lito Lupo, civil defence operations officer in Davao City, said in a telephone interview.

The miners were trapped in 13 tunnels after a wooden doorway collapsed in the landslide, he said.

The landslide also set off a fire which destroyed about 150 miners' shanty huts, making 2,000 people homeless.

The fire began when sparks from a blacksmith shop caused an oil drum to explode.

Major Rodolfo Saunoy of the Paramilitary Constabulary at Davao said 13 people were killed. He said 1,000 miners were feared trapped but the military later reported that many may have escaped before the landslide swamped the tunnels.

Lieutenant Adonis Oropeza, speaking from the military post nearest the accident site on Mount Diwata, said a number of workers fled the tunnels when they felt ground vibrations about three hours before the landslide.

"We can't give an estimate of how many people were inside when the accident occurred," Lt Oropeza said. The tunnels are on the slopes of a 400 metre mountain where thousands of people have flocked in recent years to dig for gold.

The military said it had not been able to establish the exact extent of casualties because of the danger of more landslides. Major Wilfredo Garcia, spokesman for the military regional command in Davao City, said the initial figure of 1,000 feared trapped was based on the number of people normally working in the mine.

"We can't say for sure how many are still inside," Maj Garcia said in a telephone interview.

Police estimate about 350,000 people have migrated to Davao mountainside villages from all over the Philippines in a frenzy for gold, setting up shanty towns and digging hundreds of tunnels into the hillsides.

Lt Col Nelson Estares, Philippine Constabulary provincial commander, said mining officials had declared the Baitie tunnels "danger zones" since last July but mining operations had continued.

The Diwalwal mining area has been frequently hit by cave-ins but most are not reported because miners fear the government will halt operations there. – Reuter, AP

# Wilson to seek abode for some

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, will try to persuade the Foreign Affairs Committee in London to grant British citizenship to "worthy" groups of people in Hongkong.

Britain has said it will not grant individual sections of the community the right of abode.

"The Governor will try to convey the strong feelings of Hongkong people over the nationality issue to committee members," said a senior official.

"And the granting of British nationality to worthy groups will help restore confidence here."

■ Continued Page 2

# Banker hits at second-class status

**By Phil Macdonald**

PARLIAMENT should be given the opportunity to vote on the issue of right of abode in Britain for Hongkong citizens, the deputy chairman of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, Mr Frank Frame, said yesterday.

In a scathing attack on British attitudes towards the territory, Mr Frame, who said he was reflecting his own opinion and not that of the bank, told a Kowloon Rotary Club luncheon that Hongkong people were being treated as "second class citizens," after more than 140 years of loyalty to the crown.

"Can it be right to hand them over, like serfs of a feudal estate, to another country without giving them the opportunity to become full British citizens?" Mr Frame asked.

The only reply of substance Britain had given on the issue of right of abode was that Parliament would not allow it to take place, Mr Frame said.

"The British government has, of course, been absolutely right to point out it can do only what Parliament is prepared to allow it to do," he said.

"But Parliament has not been given the opportunity to vote on this issue – it must surely be right for that opportunity to be given."

Mr Frame said that same Parliament was prepared to legislate to give about 200 million Europeans the right to work in Britain after 1992.

"It is extraordinary that Britain is happy to give 200 million Europeans the right to come to the country when one considers that Britain has had a closer relationship with Hongkong since 1841 than with European countries."

He said Parliament was prepared to allow a huge number of Europeans to work in Britain only because it knew most would not take the opportunity.

"The same would be true of the much smaller number of people in Hongkong – 3.5 million Hongkong people would not move to Britain," he said.

Mr Frame referred to Portugal's attitude towards Macau and the granting of citizenship to 100,000 people.

"What a sad irony there is in the fact that – thanks to the European Community – Macanese people will be able to live in Britain, but most Hongkong people will not. The contrast with Britain's attitude to the Falkland Islanders and Gibraltarians in granting them right of abode is sadder still," he said.

Mr Frame said the argument against right of abode was remarkable because no one could be found to claim Hongkong people were anything but an asset.

But he said his argument was based on Britain's moral obligation rather than the economic advantages to the country.

"There are two classes of British citizen and Hongkong people fall into the second class. There is still time for Britain to prevent this injustice being done," he said.

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报

白天 多云间晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级

夜间 多云间阴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级

温度 最高 30℃ 最低 20℃

人民日报社出版


# 认清动乱的实质和戒严的必要性

中共北京市委宣传部

4月26日《人民日报》社论和5月19日李鹏同志代表党中央、国务院所作的重要讲话，都十分明确地提出，要旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，制止动乱。为此，国务院于5月20日发布了在北京市部分地区实行戒严的命令，派部分军队到北京来和武警部队、公安干警以及广大群众、青年学生一道，维护首都社会治安，恢复首都正常的生产、工作、教学、科研和生活秩序。

但是，不少群众和学生对此还不很理解，思想上还有一些“扣”没有解开。有人认为，既然学生是爱国的，为什么又说发生了动乱；既然学生是爱国的，为什么又要戒严来平息？说到底，还是对这场政治斗争的严重性以及戒严的必要性认识不足。因此，有必要把实际情况向广大群众和青年学生解释清楚。

## 一、为什么说北京发生了严重的动乱？

首先要说的是，党和政府一直对广大青年学生的爱国热情给予了充分的肯定，从来没有说过广大学生是在搞动乱。4月26日《人民日报》社论，李鹏同志代表党中央、国务院所作的讲话，徐向前元帅、聂荣臻元帅的讲话和邓颖超同志的信，陈云同志在中顾委常委会上的讲话，李先念同志在全国政协主席会议上的讲话，彭真同志在部分民主党派负责人座谈会上的讲话，万里同志的书面谈话，都反复地、明确地指出，广大青年学生在推进民主、消除腐败、整治“官倒”、克服官僚主义等方面提出的要求，同党和政府的愿望是一致的，并对促进这些问题的解决起到了积极的作用。这就充分说明，党和政府从来没有说过广大学生在搞动乱。同时，又总是把极少数人制造动乱的阴谋活动，同青年学生的爱国热情严格区别开来。

那么，极少数人制造动乱是早有预谋的。

早在去年年底和今年年初，极少数人就在一些高校内外密谋策划，要借“五四”70周年、建国40周年、法国大革命200周年的时机，煽起学潮，挑起事端。

今年3月初在北大、清华等高校相继发现了一些没有署名的大小字报，直接攻击党的领导，攻击社会主义制度。一份题为《为中国人悲哀》的小字报说，现在的政府是“独裁专制”，号召大家“为自由而战”。一份题为《时代的召唤》的大字报，提出了“社会主义还有没有存在的合理性”和“用什么样的哲学体系去取代马列主义”的问题。在北大“三角地”，还贴出一张《致广大青年学生的一封信》，鼓吹在某位资产阶级自由化的学者的领导下为“民主、自由、人权”而战。在社会上，一些人频繁集会，十分活跃。这位学者称赞这些集会“对当局采取完全抵制、彻底批判的态度”，“火药味很浓”，并且预言，“这种会连续开3次就要上街了”。4月15日胡耀邦同志逝世，有些人认为时机已到，决心大闹一番。

第二，极少数人的政治目的，就是要否定共产党的领导，否定社会主义制度。

署名“南开大学”的《告全国青年学生书》提出：“成立宪法修改委员会，去除宪法中为人民所深恶痛绝的‘原则’和‘坚持’。”原非法组织“人权同盟”负责人任畹町，在天安门前演讲时说：“四项基本原则如果不能从《宪法》中消失……必将高悬于人民利益之上”，他攻击“我国社会表现的虚假的宽松和谐和安定团结，是以对全体人民普遍的高压政策和数百万优秀人才的鲜血、生命以及丧失自由和健康的代价换取的”。贴在北大的一张大字报说：“马克思主义等于乌托邦，毛泽东是一个十足的无赖，不彻底否定毛泽东思想，改革就没有实际意义。”张贴在北京航空航天大学的一篇署名“博士生”的《中国的希望——私有制宣言》，攻击我国的社会主义公有制“超前了历史发展规律”，“束缚生产力的发展”，是“产生官僚主义的土壤”。“贪污腐化的温床”，“集权专制的摇篮”，鼓吹要“早日敲响公有制的丧钟，去迎接共和国的明天”。

极少数人在他们写的文章和大小字报中，不顾十年改革取得巨大成就的事实，把我们的社会主义国家诬蔑为“漆黑一团”，“到了最危机的时候”，“官倒横行，贪污腐化，道德沦丧”，“中国正在死去，人民正在堕落，一切都在死亡”，鼓吹要推翻我国的社会主义制度。

北京航空航天大学有人贴出《告全体同胞书》，要求“取消共产党，实行多党制”，“取消各团体、学校、单位的党支部和政工干部”。有的大字报公开提出，要“取消党派，解除四项原则”。有的大字报攻击中国共产党是“一代奸党”，“它只是关心自己的地位，而不关心国家和民族的前途”。“中共今日正是一个即将溃灭之组织”，甚至诬蔑说，“从历史到现在，共产党所做的一切都是腐败、专制、卖国的。共产党没有一点好处”。有的大字报攻击中国共产党“已丧失了作为所谓无产阶级先进分子所组成的先锋队作用，不过是中国千年封建专制制度的又一批变相的当政者”。有的人公然叫嚷要打倒中国共产党的“专制统治”。有的提出要“邀请国民党回大陆，建立两党政治”。

（下转第二版）

# 国家旅游局发言人发表谈话

# 来华游览活动可正常进行

## 国旅总社总经理说旅游者人身安全未受侵犯

**本报北京6月2日讯** 国家旅游局发言人今天发表谈话说，目前海外来华旅游者人身安全有保障，参观游览活动可以正常进行，不影响旅行社组织旅游者来华。

这位发言人说，今年1季度来华旅游的外国人比去年同期增长10.7%，回来探亲的同胞比去年同期也有大幅度增长。但是，4月中旬以来，有的国家政府和旅行社担心安全得不到保障，劝告本国公民推迟来华旅游，对此我们可以理解。但实际情况是，对4、5月份来华旅游的人，中国的旅行社、饭店等有关部门都正常进行接待，组织游览参观。中国政府5月20日决定北京市部分地区实行戒严后，除北京故宫等少数参观点暂停开放外，也不影响正常游览。

**据新华社北京6月2日电**（记者陈雪荣）中国国际旅行社集团董事长、中国国际旅行社总社总经理王尔康今天在此间对记者说，从4月15日至今，来华旅游者的人身安全没有受到任何侵犯，也没有受到不礼貌或不愉快的遭遇，他们的旅游计划基本正常进行。在此期间，中国国际旅行社没有收到一封投诉信。

王尔康说，这段时间来中国的外国旅游者大多反映过得很愉快。正在中国旅游的美国哈里斯旅行社领队苏林日前在北京对一位外国记者说：“现在来中国旅游没什么妨碍。”但是，王尔康说，不少外国游客对不能参观故宫感到遗憾。

王尔康还说，由于外国游客不了解中国真实的情况，一些国家政府和旅行社劝告本国公民推迟来华旅游，最近确实出现了一些外国旅游团退团的情况。

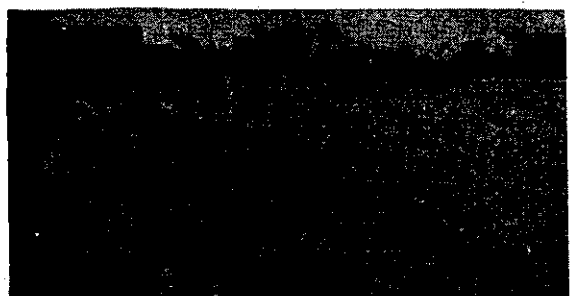
# 农行全力筹集夏粮收购资金

## 避免打“白条”还需各方通力协作

**本报讯** 记者江夏报道：记者从主办农副产品收购信贷业务的中国农业银行总行了解到，农行从4月份即开始通过大力组织存款、压缩一般贷款，为筹集收购资金作准备。到5月中旬为止，农行的储蓄余额比年初增加近90亿元，比去年同期多增加25亿元；对乡镇企业贷款比年初减少4.5亿元，比去年同期减少46亿元；在人民银行的存款达112亿元，比年初增加50多亿元，支付能力进一步增强。

农行在筹集收购资金的过程中遇到一些靠他们自身难以解决的问题，目前面临的主要困难一是部分商业企业挤占、挪用收购资金的情况严重。据对山东等7省的统计，到5月中旬为止，该一些商业企业不合理挤占、挪用的收购资金为18亿元。二是农副产品销货款拖欠情况严重。调查表明，浙江等7省应收回而未收回的农副产品销货款到5月中旬达34亿多元。三是农副产品调销缓慢。全国因农副产品调销缓慢等原因多占用贷款60多亿元。四是应拨补款下达迟。据商业部门反映，到4月底有关部门应补未补商业部门粮棉加价款和政策性亏损50多亿元，比去年同期增加20多亿元。直接减少了农行收购资金来源。

农行总行一位负责同志对记者说，农行将继续全力以赴支持夏季收购。但是收购资金全靠农行一家是包不下来的。因此，呼请各有关部门在各级政府的统一领导下，加强农副产品收购资金管理，分工负责，互相配合。同时希望中央银行在各方面尽了最大努力而资金仍有缺口的情况下，及时帮助通融解决，大家共同努力，确保收购资金供应，杜绝收购打“白条”的现象，解除农民的后顾之忧。



就在湖平原主要产粮区浙江省海宁县，今年22万亩小麦长势好于去年。图为成千多农民正在开镰收割小麦。 新华社记者 徐 邦强

# 戒严部队受伤官兵 大多数已康复出院

**新华社北京6月2日电** 在执行首都部分地区戒严任务中被打伤住院的30多名解放军指战员，除3名因脑震荡、骨折需继续治疗外，其余均于今天下午以前康复出院。

国家教委副主任滕藤、王明达代表国家教委前往解放军304医院，看望即将出院和继续治疗的伤病员。滕藤高度赞扬解放军官兵热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生的高尚品德，赞扬戒严部队为稳定局势、恢复首都正常秩序做出了重大贡献。

# 实施温饱工程遇到困难 贫困地区缺少地膜化肥

**据新华社北京6月2日电**（记者鹿永瑞）记者从农业部获悉，在国家贫困地区实施的“温饱工程”，今年预计只能完成计划面积的62%。

据了解，“温饱工程”指在高寒山区和干旱地区实施的杂交玉米地膜覆盖增产计划，这一计划涉及全国16个省、自治区的375个贫困县，今年的推广任务是748万亩，预计可完成463万亩。

造成计划完成不理想的原因，主要是地膜和配套化肥供应不足。今年全国地膜计划供应量为3万吨，实际只有2万吨，缺口为1万吨；现有的地膜符合质量标准的占60%，价格高达每吨9000元以上。此外，国家专项化肥目前尚未下达，如果误过了6月中旬的追肥期，势必影响增产效果。

# 我外商投资企业激增 近10年兴建1.5万多家

**据新华社大连6月2日电**（记者李小林）中国外商投资企业协会副会长李振威新近在大连一次会议上透露，近10年中我国兴建的外商投资企业已超过1.5万家。

1978年前，我国有外商投资企业20家，截至1988年底，全国累计批准的外商投资企业已有15948家，其中独资企业594家。这些企业共协议外资金额261.6亿美元，实际吸收的外资达121亿美元。

据介绍，近些年来，我国吸收外资的来源日趋广泛，目前，已扩展到40多个国家和地区。特别是近两年来，美国、日本两国投资激增，投资额已占全国协议外资金额的30%以上；台湾厂商来大陆投资的也明显增加，去年协议资金额已达6亿美元。中国银行1988年对沿海地区1607家外商投资企业调查结果表明，经济效益好、外汇收支平衡有余的企业占41.3%；外汇不平衡的仅占8.9%。

继去年吸收外资创历史最高水平之后，今年我国引进外资的势头仍然很好。1至4月协议投资总额就已达45亿美元，比去年同期增加44%。

# 竹下宣布总辞职 宇野出任新首相

**本报东京6月2日电** 记者于青报道：今天，竹下登正式宣布辞去自民党总裁和内阁总辞职。上午举行的自民党国会议员大会上，宇野宗佑被选为自民党第13任总裁。下午先后举行的众院和参院会议上，指名选举结果，宇野宗佑均获得过半数赞成票，当选为日本内阁第75届、第47位内阁总理大臣。

晚8点10分，新内阁官房长官盐川正十郎会见记者，发表了新内阁成员名单：内阁总理大臣宇野宗佑、法务大臣谷川和穗、外务大臣三塚博、大藏大臣村山达雄、文部大臣西冈武夫、厚生大臣小泉纯一郎、农林水产大臣渡之乔久男、通产大臣佩山静六、运输大臣山村新治郎、邮政大臣村冈兼造、劳动大臣堀内光雄、建设大臣野田毅、自治大臣和国家公安委员长坂野重信、内阁官房长官盐川正十郎、总务厅长官池田行彦、北海道开发厅长官和冲绳开发厅长官井上吉夫、防卫厅长官山崎拓、经济企划厅长官越智通雄、科学技术厅长官中村喜四郎、环境厅长官山崎龙男、国土厅长官野中英二。

新内阁成员平均年龄约59岁。入阁的自民党内各派系人数与前内阁几乎没有变化。

## 中国科协举行主席会议拥护中央决策

# 在法制轨道上促进民主建设

**新华社北京6月1日电** 中国科学技术协会消息，5月30日，中国科协在北京举行主席、副主席会议，学习、讨论李鹏、杨尚昆等中央领导同志的重要讲话，就当前制止动乱、稳定局势的大局，进行了认真的座谈。

会议由钱学森主席主持，在京副主席王大珩、朱光亚、吴阶平、张维、钱三强、高镇宁、唐敖庆、袁隆李及中国科协书记处书记高潮、李宝恒、曹令中出席了会议。

与会同志一致认为，首都青年学生出于爱国热情，提出反对“官倒”，惩治腐败和促进民主的要求，这与我们老一代科技工作者的愿望是一致的。但一个月来的事实告诉我们，问题是复杂的，需要冷静、理智地进行科学分析。由于极少数人从中插手，蓄意制造动乱，导致无政府状态和混乱局面，严重地干扰了社会秩序、工作秩序、教学科研秩序和人民群众的生活秩序。在这关键时刻，党中央、国务院采取了重大决策和果断措施，坚决制止动乱，稳定局势，我们坚决拥护，并相信，只要坚持“以事实为根据，以宪法和法律为准绳”统一思想，就一定能维护安定团结的局面，保障改革、开放和社会主义现代化建设事业顺利进行。

许多老科学家谈到，作为一生为科学和民主而奋斗的老同志，我们深感在改革、开放的新时期，一定要在发展经济和科技兴国的同时，努力加强社会主义民主和法制的建设。我国是一个有着长期封建统治和传统影响的国家，建国40年来虽然在各方面取得了很大的成就，但民主与法制的建设仍然非常薄弱，加上工作中的失误，对“官倒”和腐败现象制止不力，已经损害了人民群众投身改革、建设的积极性。党和政府已多次表示，学生提出的合理要求与党和政府的目标是一致的，我们真诚希望各级党、政部门切实改进工作，加强协商对话，建立和完善各种民主政治建设的机制，充分发挥各级人大对政府部门的监督作用，以及各级政协的政治协商作用，并大力加强法制建设，对“官倒”和腐败现象下决心动大手术。这不仅是深化改革的需要，也是增强全民族的凝聚力、坚持四项基本原则的需要。

大家还认为，民主与法制应相互促进，一定要在法制的轨道上促进民主建设。有的老科学家说，“一二·九”时我们也参加过游行请愿，那时候国家遇到帝国主义侵略，政府卑行不抵抗政策，民族处于存亡关头。今天时代不同了，我们要求建设民主政治，应该也完全可能在法制的轨道上进行。采取绝食等方式，是不科学的，只会导致无政府状态。我们饱尝十年动乱之苦，希望广大学生导悟学习时间，尽快返校复课，努力掌握文化科学知识，学会在民主和法制的轨道上建设我们的国家，承担起历史赋予的重任。

与会同志最后谈到，旧中国有许多科学家抱有“科学救国”的良好愿望，但历史证明，只有中国共产党领导全国人民进行革命斗争，才能建立起人民当家作主的新中国。今天我们要建设现代化，实现科技兴国，也必须在中国共产党的领导下，走社会主义的道路，一定要坚持四项基本原则，反对资产阶级自由化。科协组织要发挥纽带桥梁作用，促进协商对话，促进科学决策，在振兴科技教育、推进民主政治建设和加强社会主义精神文明建设中更好地发挥作用。我们深信，党和政府有能力消除腐败现象，社会主义一定能焕发出强大的生命力，我们国家的改革和建设事业一定能办得更好。

## 北京市总工会发表声明

# 要求取缔“工人自治联合会”

**新华社北京6月2日电** 据《北京日报》报道，北京市总工会6月1日发表声明，强烈要求赶快取缔非法组织“工人自治联合会”。声明全文如下：

近日来，社会上一小伙人纠集在一起，盗用本市工人阶级名义，成立所谓“工人自治联合会”的非法组织。他们制造谣言，散发传单，鼓吹推翻人民政府，煽动罢工，冲击公安机关，并声称要建立一个“完全独立”的“自治组织”。这是企图分裂工人阶级队伍，公然破坏正在恢复的首都正常秩序的非法活动，从根本上违背工人阶级的意愿。广大职工和工会干部决不能容忍这种蓄意制造动乱的行为。市总工会严正声明：在社会主义中国，只有按照《中华人民共和国工会法》和《中国工会章程》建立起来的工会组织，才是真正代表工人阶级利益的社会政治团体。上述所谓“工人自治联合会”的筹备和成立都是完全非法的。我们强烈要求政府有关部门立即采取措施，取缔上述非法组织。一个多月来，全市广大职工表现了高度的政治觉悟和主人翁精神，克服重重困难，为维护首都的生产、交通、生活、工作和社会秩序，做出了巨大贡献，不愧是维护安定团结的主力军。市总工会希望广大职工和各级工会干部，提高警惕，明辨是非，坚决维护工人阶级的团结统一，反对任何人盗用工人阶级名义成立任何形式的非法组织，坚守岗位，努力生产和工作，为稳定首都局势作出新的贡献。

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## 新聞簡報

### 國際報業協會致函 抗議北京新聞封鎖

【路透社倫敦二日電】國際報業協會昨日要求中國結束對外國新聞媒介採訪北京學生抗議運動實施的幾乎全面新聞封鎖措施。

國際報業協會民彼得．加利納在致中國最高領導人鄧小平和外交部長錢其琛的信函中說，「我們強烈要求貴國政府毫不拖延地解除這項令人憎惡的禁令，同時撤銷全面封鎖記者採訪學生抗議運動的禁令。」

### 至今晨三時半仍未有軍隊成功進入廣場 天安門廣場的學生情緒高漲，高唱《國際歌》

【本報北京二日電】凌晨，在天安門廣場的學生情緒高漲，高唱《國際歌》。

廣場人數雖以估計，廣場的學生的廣播已呼籲所有學生和記者，大部份人已返回廣場內休息，只餘下少數人堅守廣場。

至今晨三時半仍未有軍隊成功進入廣場，天安門廣場的學生情緒高漲，高唱《國際歌》。

凌晨，在天安門廣場的市民已開始陸續離開廣場，並不准交通清理現場。

今晚十時五十分，在復興門內側三百米處，一輛由武警駕駛的三菱越野吉普車向前跟隨，後面跟隨一輛裝滿武裝軍人的軍車，不讓交通，或武裝在場執行清理現場，不讓交通，或武裝在場執行清理現場，不讓交通，或武裝在場執行清理現場

# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

星期六 3 六月 一九八九年

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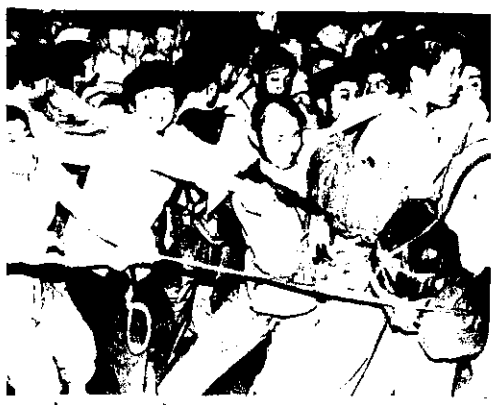

# 逾萬軍隊拂曉推進廣場 十多萬人長湧安街截阻

## 學生激昂高唱國際歌 軍隊退至建國門待命

### 士兵全部僅穿白恤衫綠軍褲並無攜武器

【本報北京三日電】今日凌晨二時，逾萬計的軍隊突然出現在長安街上，每十九人一排自東向西推進，十多萬憲兵自前面開路，並向群衆施放催淚彈，但仍不見效。凌晨三時，軍隊前鋒距離天安門只一公里，而其尾部已開始向後退去。凌晨四時，退至建國門附近。

軍用皮帶和衣服，沒有着見任何武器。他們大約十人一排，前後相連，以至完全佈止。據說，深夜時，有的高唱《國際歌》，有的高呼「反對戒嚴」，但不能去到，受阻於路口的巴士全部載停，作為路障阻擋軍隊，並實施大呼「回去！」「回去！」

在軍隊開動之前，軍人有的面無表情，也有的表示不忍。凌晨三時許，軍人已被民衆衝散，大部分退過建國門，軍隊一部分退過長安街，一部分經過復興門向西撤退。

【本報北京二日電】四名中國知識分子今日下午在天安門廣場看望學生，對學生有感於絕食學生的健康，認爲絕食抗議不足，每隔一段時間，有一批學生進行絕食，使學生運動不斷升級，對抗議組織產生疲勞感，絕食抗議不能達到預期效果，應該採取其他方式。

四名知識分子是：中國社會科學院研究員劉賓雁，北京師範大學教授王若望，中國人民大學教授李洪林，中國社會科學院研究員王若水。

四人在聯名信中說：「我們認爲，絕食抗議不是一種理智的行爲，它不能使學生的要求得到滿足，而且會使學生的身體受到嚴重的損害。」

四人建議學生：「把絕食抗議改爲靜坐抗議，把靜坐抗議改爲遊行抗議，把遊行抗議改爲分散到各個羣衆中去，進行廣泛的宣傳和鼓動工作，爭取羣衆的支持。」

四人還說：「我們認爲，學生運動的主要目的是要求政府實行改革，而不是要推翻政府，因此，學生運動的策略和鬥爭方式，必須有利於實現這個主要目的。」

四人呼籲學生：「要珍惜自己的生命，要珍惜自己的健康，要珍惜自己的前途，要珍惜自己的家庭，要珍惜自己的父母。」

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## 侯德健四人廣場絕食 廿多萬人再聚天安門

【本報北京二日電】四名中國知識分子今日下午在天安門廣場看望學生，對學生有感於絕食學生的健康，認爲絕食抗議不足，每隔一段時間，有一批學生進行絕食，使學生運動不斷升級，對抗議組織產生疲勞感，絕食抗議不能達到預期效果，應該採取其他方式。

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## 阻截軍隊

北京市民今晨在街頭阻截軍隊。

（本報傳真）

## 急駛軍車街頭失控 衝入人羣撞死一人

### 肇事者稱執行任務不關己事

【本報北京二日電】今日深夜十時四十分，在木樨地西長安街，九輛軍用大吉普車以時速一百四十公里的速度飛馳而過，當時他被此車撞倒，立即上前救起而被衝倒，其中一輛軍車沒有停下，繼續向前疾駛。

四名知識分子侯德健、劉賓雁、王若望、王若水。

絕食

## 羅幹警告黨員 遊行將受處置

【本報記者組北京】北京戒嚴期間，凡黨員幹部上街遊行者均以違紀論處，黨紀處置。非黨員幹部的基本權利，並且作出選舉的基本權利，並且作出選舉的基本權利，並且作出選舉

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# 萬軍齊衝天安門 三人死撞車軍門天安門軍民首度肉搏

# 十萬群衆死戰拒不犯

## 凡違反戒嚴令 李鵬下令嚴懲

(快報採訪組北京報道)戴萬名解放軍今晨發便服有利刀及防毒面具從三路開入天安門廣場採取行動，截以十萬計學生及市民得到消息後，立即趕來阻截，雙方在東三環木樨地發生衝突，群眾向軍隊投石，情況混亂，至今晨三時，最少已有三人在軍隊入城事件中死亡，另有多人受傷。

據本報記者目睹，今晨北京時間二時，一隊數以萬人的解放軍全部穿著白色衫及綠色褲，帶有包及大背，由東單方面沿長安街往西天安門廣場，以數十人一排慢步推向天安門，軍隊在北京飯店外遇到數萬名群眾的封鎖，雙方初時僵持，軍隊被阻不能前進，群眾指揮軍隊高喊：「回去！」企圖阻止軍隊開入天安門廣場，軍民互相推擠，繼而有人向軍隊擲石，但仍然不能阻止軍隊前進。

今晨二時半，軍隊方向入城至離三開至王府井大街，再次遇到數千名群眾，雙方又發生衝突，部分群眾與軍隊互毆，多人受傷，在兵義路南長安街交接，群眾將軍隊截住，並搶去軍隊一部裝甲車，將車頭燒毀，車身塗滿標語，其中一輛裝甲車在軍事博物館附近，以高速撞死三名路人，死者包括一名老人及一名女子，軍隊武器被群眾搶走。

截至今晨四時，軍隊已開至王府井大街，再長安大街坐下，與群眾對峙，人數有八至十萬人，群眾方面亦有相等人數。

群眾的情緒，目睹裝甲車及士兵被燒毀，以及死傷者，均極為憤怒。

由於群眾阻擋軍隊前進，東單方面大批的軍隊被困至晚上九時半，部分軍隊開始向後退，群眾則高呼叫好，並高喊：「打倒李鵬下台」、「打倒楊尚昆」、「打倒楊白冰」、「胡錦濤，一定要保衛天安門」。

北京時間凌晨三時四十分，東郊解放軍在日壇井口的東三環入口處側翻退，軍民他們開始，群眾並向軍隊投擲石塊，軍隊被迫開槍，但無法看出他們是否擊中群眾。

長安街兩旦天安門廣場已經有數萬名群眾聚集，不斷高呼「李鵬下台」、「楊尚昆下台」等口號。部分學生更在天安門廣場豎立指揮車中心前的「民主女神」像，以象徵「自由之神」。

截至今晨四時半，軍隊仍未能開入廣場的消息傳出後，數千名市民、學生、職員及記者趕往增援，軍隊被迫停止前進，雙方在木樨地一帶僵持。

(快報採訪組北京報道)截至今晨四時半，已證實有多人死亡，其中包括一名女子及一名老人，另有多人受傷。

(快報採訪組北京報道)戒嚴部隊今晨開入天安門廣場後，即向聚集在廣場的群眾發動攻擊，並開槍射擊，造成多人死傷，其中一輛裝甲車在軍事博物館附近，以高速撞死三名路人，死者包括一名老人及一名女子，軍隊武器被群眾搶去，已證實的有防毒面具、刀、木棍及槍。

今晨四時，長安街近北京飯店一帶集結了百名未被反時裝的士兵坐在路旁，他們要求學生的手法，用便用一級一級傳，各部門意見的做法。但他們相信，最後政府終必會與學生交手。

在北大校園安全一年級的樓梯，現時是北大學生自治組織委會的主席，亦是廣場指揮部的副總指揮王丹表示，只要有學生自治組織委會的存在，廣場就不會撤退。

王丹說：「我們不能一開始就要求勝利，只是一步一步往前走，走上了高台，發現了危險，也不能退下來，只能繼續往前走。

學生領袖如何在何時退離，對學運會造成很大的影響。楊澤說：「我們要堅持下去，不能半途而廢。」

(快報消息)中國社會科學院法學研究所研究員兼教授楊振亞表示，他認為，學生的訴求，大致是合理的，但採取的手法，則值得商榷。

他說：「學生的愛國熱情，我們是理解的，但我們不贊成學生的手法，因為這樣會造成社會的動亂，而動亂的結果，最受害的是人民。」

楊振亞說

明報·1989年6月3日 星期六

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

明報

ABC

# 軍隊向天安門挺進 廿萬軍民對峙

## 入城軍隊帶備籐鞭

【本報北京專訊】北京時間三時四十五分報道：據今晨被派往天安門廣場的解放軍表示，他們是被到命令，要在今晨北京時間三點正在天安門廣場集合，以便行動。

今後，從外圍多小時，進入北京市中心。

不過，當北京市民發覺軍隊逼城之後，立即從家中跑到街上，超過十萬名市民築成厚厚的人牆堵住軍隊的去路，雙方互相以身體推碰一段時間後，軍隊見時半，軍人退至距天安門廣場二公里的王府井對開之長安街坐下。

今晨三時半，軍人退至距天安門廣場二公里的王府井對開之長安街坐下。

最新開往軍人，雙天對峙。

解放軍撤退之後，沿途盯見路上布滿軍人携帶的艇槍鋼盔和食鈎。

在昨晚十時許開始，市民及學生已在天安門廣場發現部分裝甲車人亮入廣場。

今晨二時許長安街近天安門廣場一段，市民倒列成梁形的解放軍對峙着，雙方僵持不下。市民大聲說：「誰害你們？還不是人民？」但只聽從其言命令的解放軍沒有表點反應。

昨晚已有消息說解放軍會於今晨二時進天安門廣場驅趕學生，而大家亦知這廣場四周已集結了許多軍隊，但由於「謠來了」的故事已聽得太多，所以學生和市民都沒有作任何準備。但是，昨晚的天安門廣場如往日一樣平靜。

然而，昨晚近十時，目擊者看見一輛裝載的武警車沿復興門外大街以極速一百公里的時速由西向東行走時，突然失去控制翻向路旁的一棵大樹撞倒三輛車，車上坐的十輛子彈地不起，警車翻而折入機動車道，打了個翻頭再衝上行人道，期間先後撞倒三人，其中傷者學院的女教師頭骨破裂，即場死亡。

當時市民見狀，馬上拾開三輛軍將傷者救出送院，其後市民上前與車內

## 配備背囊未携武器

【本報北京專訊】北京時間今晨二時三刻消息：萬多名解放軍，配備背囊，水壺近萬名軍裝開訊，正分從東西兩台沿長安街向天安門廣場推進，期間，軍隊高呼反對生身體攻擊或鎮壓。

雙方只是說生身體攻擊或鎮壓。

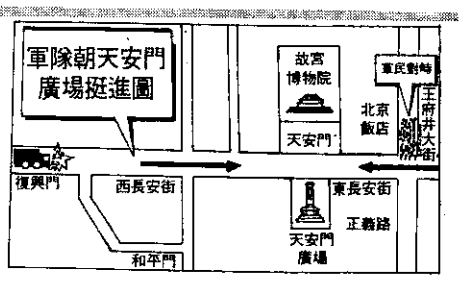
據悉：沿長安街開西推進大安門的解放軍，當軍隊在生發現軍隊推進時，即有部分更將一輛坦克士的企圖阻截，而有部分更將一輛坦克士的有與軍隊發生衝突，亦沒有出現暴力場面。

至今晨三時，軍民對峙一番後，軍隊似後退。

【本報專訊】總部設在倫敦的國際新聞界長錢其華，組織中國解除新聞封鎖。

國際新聞界保護中國代表全世界的封鎖，編輯北京的學生運動是制關地實新聞被查在前日，北京市政府發言人曾經作出七點說明，重申戒嚴期間對外國及

據載剛自前線撤軍的解放軍昨日在距離天安門廣場兩公里的北京大牛坊附近起步，這是進場第三日有解放軍在北京街頭出現。（美聯社傳真）




## 市民用卡車阻街道

【本報訊】樂聯社二日北京電：上萬軍隊今日凌晨開向天安門廣場，但被學生和阻截道路的支持者攔住。

這些軍隊，顯然是為了對付過去三個星期來，一直佔據着廣場的學生而出動。

他們沿着長安大街開入。但在距廣場以東幾百碼的北京飯店前，被洩備馬路的上千學生和市民阻擋。

市民支持學生之間，現四輛卡車阻塞街道。

軍隊與學生之間，有些推撞，但年青士兵們似乎沒有帶武器，他們只是穿上白色襯衫和綠色軍褲，帶上飯盒。

曾經一度有五十個士兵手牽手地企圖衝開防綫，但他們很快便被推回去。

該宗士兵們退至人行道一旁，靜靜地等候。

廣場的中心仍然平靜，學生的廣播站播出具多首革命的「歌曲頌」。

星期五晚，當台灣投資中國大陸的作曲家侯德榜和另外三個人，在英雄紀念碑絕食，支持學生的民主改革時，有二十萬人聚集廣場。

## 警車衝上行人道 撞倒四人兩死亡

【本報北京專訊】北京時間三時卅分消息：萬多名「人民子弟兵」今晨二時許奉命沿長安街進軍天安門廣場，但途中被數萬市民及學生圍截，雙方推推攘攘，總指揮為流血。

較早前，一輛裝運疏散的警車在復興門外大街撞倒一輛三輪車後衝上人道，先後撞倒四人，至少兩人死亡，一名被撞傷的市民質問司機為何開得那麼快，對方回答說：「沒有你的事，我要趕去執行任務。」


# 雄據有利地點 開展駿業宏圖

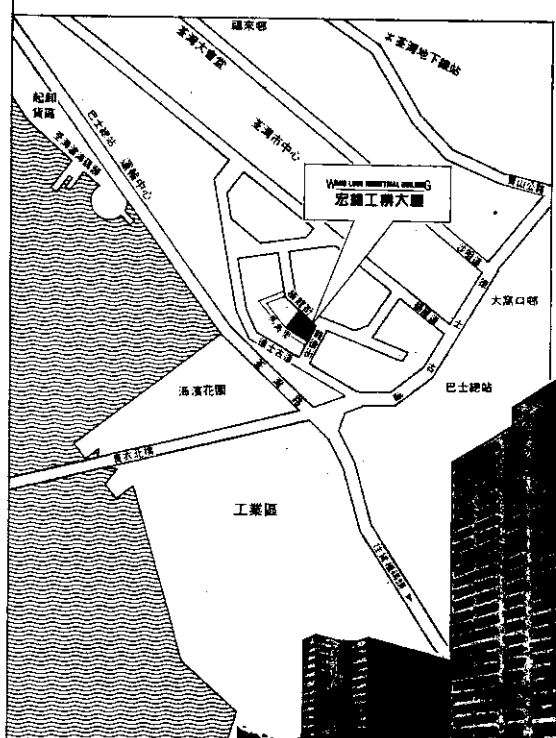
WANG LUNG INDUSTRIAL BUILDING

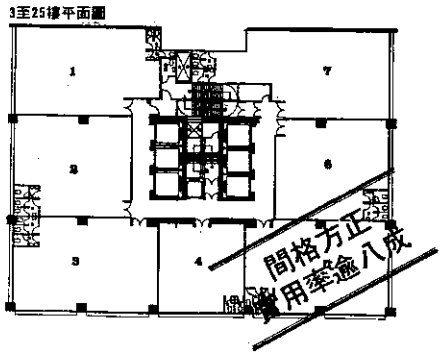
# 宏龍工業大廈

荃灣橫龍街/龍德街/馬角里交界

廠房面積1,279呎至全層萬餘呎　每呎僅售545元起

即供93折　按揭額高達八成




宏龍工業大廈位於荃灣工業區中心，位置佔優。鄰近德士古道與荃灣公路交匯處，道路網四通八達。葵涌貨櫃碼頭及青衣貨櫃倉庫近在咫尺，貨運極為便捷。

宏龍工業大廈樓高26層，矗立於橫龍街、龍德街及馬角里交界，三面單邊，光線充足，區內屋邨林立，人口衆多，工源不乏。

大廈設施齊備，除載重9,900磅重型貨梯一部，並有載重4,400磅貨梯五部及載客電梯一部。地下至二樓停車場，有貨物起卸區及預留公衆卸貨車位，上落貨非常方便。

預期於本年底建成

策劃興建及售樓代理

長江實業地產代理有限公司

香港皇后大道中29號華人行21樓 電話：5-8101818

（地盤售樓處假日照常）

爭取民主的抗議者昨日在天安門廣場為供應絕食民運領袖及其同伴進食四名絕食人士「打氣」。（路透社傳真）

明報·程理部：5-653225 編輯部：5-653111 傳真部：5-653163 5-653164 廣告部：5-653220
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囍 已已年四月三十日 賈結婚、出任 呂開宴、活動

# 萬名解放軍今晨衝向廣場
## 攜木棍及捕人頭箍　羣衆阻截頓起衝突

（本報綜合報道）北京今晨二時卅分前後，數千名解放軍分乘三四人一排、一排的軍車，從長安東街以警衛的步伐小隊向天安門廣場的心地帶，直線駛去，約二時卅分，已被數萬名羣衆包圍，軍車被迫停下來，羣衆爬上車頂，與軍人對話，要求他們不要開槍鎮壓。

數以萬計的羣衆痛斥他們「回去！回去！回住去路，羣衆把軍隊一公里長的車隊截成數段，軍隊被迫停下來，羣衆阻止軍隊前進，軍隊沒有採取行動。

（北京台電）（北京台電）北京今晨二時卅分前後，一路進入北京市中心地帶，直線駛向天安門廣場，已被數萬名羣衆包圍，軍隊被迫停下來，羣衆爬上車頂，與軍人對話，要求他們不要開槍鎮壓。

據悉，在天安門廣場的步兵小隊向天安門廣場的方向推進，軍隊沒有採取行動。

至北京時間二時五十分左右，部分軍隊開始撤退，手持大旗的學生高舉胡耀邦像，與羣衆一起阻截軍隊。軍隊沒有採取行動。

退後，學生將路面的目標者設，在現場可以見到有一些頭破血流的學生被送往附近的醫院。

據在場的目擊者表示，在天安門廣場上已可看見很多穿著便服的軍人。

# 官方策反美示威
## 學生報以諷刺性遊行

●學生舉着「北京日報」編輯部被搗毀、書報被燒毀遊行示威。（美聯社傳真）

●解放軍與市民對峙，有民衆把起重機司公關者一名及卡車駕駛拉出車外。（美聯社傳真）

## 參院通過措辭強硬決議案
# 美國警告北京切勿鎮壓民運

（華盛頓中央社二日電）美國參院周四一致通過措辭強硬的決議案，警告北京當局對反對自由與民主的數以萬計的示威人士進行鎮壓。

參院以八十九票對零票通過這項決議案，修正了原位提案人提出的參院原案。參院的決議案措詞更為強烈，尤其是在可能損害美國與中共關係方面。

參院決議案中說，鎮壓學運領袖和新北京副市長「官方」對和平示威者使用暴力或威脅，將嚴重損害美國的關係。

參院外交關係委員會共和黨籍委員歐德在院會中發表聲明時指出，「中國共產黨」有其自己所應領中央社二日電）美國國務院周四要求新華北京停止外國記者在北京發訪新聞的新規定，反應不僅不火。

國務院發言人在被要求評論北京的新規定時，只重申希望能維持上週末所獲得的發明。

# 知識分子接力絕食
# 促政府學生齊反省
## 首批四人．包括歌星侯德健

【本報訊】北京消息，包括歌星侯德健在內的四位中國知識界人士，昨日下午四時開始在天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑下，展開「接力絕食」，首批十二小時的絕食行動，呼籲中國政府和學生懷方冷靜自我反省，消除對立。

他們的絕食行動昨晚開始，引起了參與的北京民運領袖的注意，但仍未足以令他們放棄自己的絕食行動，呼籲中國政府和學生懷方冷靜自我反省，消除對立。

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# 簽名風波

【本報訊】北京消息，繼日前機位大六委員在院會中發表支援學運之呼籲百餘人簽名後，全國人大常委馬洪又發表聲明，北京四通社會調查所就是該項聲明的執筆者。

北京四通社會調查所研究所的發言人在接受記者訪問時說，該所曾於五月二十三日直接與馬洪談過，該所曾於五月二十三日直接與馬洪談過，該所曾於五月二十三日直接與馬洪談過

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# 香港時報

強化民主政治促進社會安定因應經貿問題

## 國民黨今舉行第二中全會

## 新革失得討檢天三期議

## 今晨共軍入長安街　遭羣衆阻擋迅撤退

## 今日新聞提要

一、中國國民黨第十三屆二中全會今天開幕，詳第二版、第三版。

二、兩岸今再接觸談判越南解民三、我航太工業中長程計劃提出，詳第三版。

四、韋棟小巴現准加會，詳第十五版。

五、河上鄉村民不反對事實改建，鄉民收容中心，詳第十三版。

## 趙紫陽作困獸鬥　部分親信已超生

## 中共「四中全」將公布　趙紫陽七項罪名定讞

## 中共聚衆反對民運　明示美在背後唆擺

## 美參議院警告中共　勿以暴力鎮壓民運

## 李煥院長主持首次院會　勉勵公務人員團結奉獻

## 政院各單位首長　李院長批示慰留

## 北平自治工聯會　中共指爲反革命

## 北京日報弄虛作假　北平學生焚報譴責

## 新華門前靜坐抗議　學生不理中共勸退

## 中共在背後後操縱　學生不理會撤退

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# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 152 Price $3.00


**174**
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for better people

## Inspector for Jademan

FINANCIAL Secretary Piers Jacobs has appointed an independent inspector to investigate the affairs of comic and newspaper publisher Jademan (Holdings).

Marvin Cheung, a partner with accountancy firm Peat Marwick, has been commissioned to compile a special report on the publishing company whose trading has been suspended for more than a month.

Mr Cheung's probe is separate to the investigation being carried out by the Commercial Crime Bureau into the affairs of the publishing company's chairman, Tony Wong Chun-loong and a number of his associates.

So far 11 people associated with the Jademan group have been questioned by CCB officials and all of them are now on bail, though no charges have been laid.

● See Business Post

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## WEATHER

Mainly cloudy with some isolated showers.
28 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Beijing venue for $195m Tyson fight: claim

Mike Tyson

A SEATTLE lawyer claims he has secured agreement in China for a US$25 million (HK$195 million) fight between world heavyweight boxing champion Mike Tyson and former champion George Foreman.

The bout would be staged in November in Beijing, the venue of next year's Asian Games.

Bill Wheeler, who claims to be promoting the Tyson-Foreman match despite having no prior experience as a promoter, predicted the fight would gross US$100 million (HK$780 million).

China has not staged a professional bout before.

Mr Wheeler claims he became involved in the proposal through contacts he made while representing American construction companies in China.

United Press International, which reported the claims last night, said it had not been able to confirm the deal with Beijing officials.

Neither Tyson nor Foreman has formally agreed to the fight and the three major boxing authorities will not sanction a title bout between a champion and a boxer who is not ranked among the top 10 fighters in a division.

According to Bill Cayton, Tyson's manager, Foreman is the only opponent in which the Chinese are interested.

Mr Cayton confirmed he had reached a preliminary agreement to have Tyson fight Foreman in China, but "the final decision if the fight is to take place is Mike Tyson's".

The fight would hinge, among other things, on Foreman's remaining undefeated in his comeback bid and beating Tyrell Biggs in a bout scheduled for August.

"It would depend on George Foreman winning these next two fights," Mr Cayton said. "If he fails to win these next two, the deal is off."

But Mr Cayton cautioned that negotiations for the Forgman fight are far from complete.

"I will recommend the fight," he said. "The terms and conditions are superb. It's a huge payday, similar to what he made against Michael Spinks."

Tyson made about US$21 million (HK$163.8 million) for fighting Spinks last June.

Mr Cayton said he had not yet spoken to Tyson or his adviser, Don King, about the proposed China fight.

Foreman, 41, improved to 18-0 since returning to the ring last year by stopping Bert Cooper on Wednesday night in Phoenix. Cooper did not answer the bell for the third round.

Foreman, who was retired for 10 years, improved his lifetime record to 63-2 with 59 knockouts.

# Hunger strikers seek to revive student protests

FOUR intellectuals yesterday attempted to resurrect Beijing's fading student movement by staging a hunger strike in Tiananmen Square.

The four were musician Hou Dejian, literary theorist Dr Liu Xiaobo, social scientist Zhou Tuo and journalist Gao Xin.

"We are fasting to protest against martial law," said the manifesto of the hunger-strikers. "We want to use peaceful means to speed up the democratic process of China."

Calling on Prime Minister Li Peng to resign, the manifesto said China should build a political system with mass participation and Western-style checks and balances: "We would rather have 10 devils who check and balance each other than an angel who was absolute power."

The hunger strike began at 4 pm yesterday and would last 72 hours.

"After that, four other intellectuals will take our place," said Hou, a Taiwan-born folk musician who defected to the mainland in the early 1980s.

Hou, who is a household name in China, started the strike with a rendition of the folk song *Heir To The Dragon*.

An estimated 100,000 students, workers and other Beijing residents who were in the square clapped and sang along with him.

While the students ended their hunger strike shortly before the declaration of martial law on May 20, Hou's party hoped their action would prod more Beijing citizens to extend their support to the students.

In the past few days, the number of students occupying Tiananmen Square has dwindled to a few thousand. And the support of Beijing residents for campus activism has apparently lapsed.

In Nanjing, about 1,000 student set out yesterday on a 1,000-km march north to join the demonstration in Tiananmen Square. They plan to arrive in the capital by the end of this month.

"Parents saw them off with tears in their eyes ... I don't believe the authorities will let them make it," said a Western student in the city.

Students made a bonfire of copies of yesterday's edition of the official *Beijing Daily* to express their anger over increased state-orchestrated condemnation of their six-week-long democratic movement.

"Rip it up and burn it," students crammed into a narrow lane outside the newspaper's offices chanted as they threw dozens of copies into a bonfire and tossed wadded newspapers into its compound.

(Cont'd on Page 10 Col 7)

**STUDENT leaders from five secondary schools spent about $2,100 to organise a rally at Victoria Park yesterday in support of the Chinese pro-democracy movement – and only about 30 students turned up.**

**However, another 100 people in the park joined the students and organisers managed to raise $1,800 towards the expenses.**

**Organiser Gloria Lo Wing-yan said local interest in the student movement had faded.**

**"The approach of school examinations has also contributed to the dismal turnout," she said.**

# Inquest fails to solve gases riddle

By LINDY COURSE

AN inquest into the death of Mrs Shirley Boyde has failed to determine why the wrong gas got into a container while she was under anaesthetic during a minor operation.

The inquest's three-man jury found only that Mrs Boyde, 55, died of a wrong supply of gas to Canossa Hospital.

Coroner Hugh Sinclair ruled that no verdict could be framed so as to appear to determine civil liability, but Mrs Boyde's family is taking legal advice.

In a 12-point recommendation to prevent sihilar deaths, the jury said the gas supplier, Hongkong Oxygen and Acetylene Company, should form a working party, assisted by external consultants, to review its safety systems and procedures.

The managing director of Hongkong Oxygen Company, Mr Alf Butler, said yesterday he was disappointed that after more than four months "we are no wiser as to how this tragedy really occurred".

"All this time and effort has not really determined how the nitrogen got into the container," he said.

Internal investigations by the company would resume in an effort to determine exactly how nitrogen came to be in the oxygen cylinder, he said.

Mr Butler said he needed time to consider the 10 recommendations concerning his company so he could discuss them with his board and senior management.

He said he expected to make a further statement some time next week.

"I would like this opportunity to pass on my condolences, again, to Professor Boyde (her husband) and his family on behalf of both my company and my wife and I."

Professor Tom Boyde said he thought the verdict was absolutely correct and the recommendations were excellent.

He said he may wish to add a few recommendations himself, but he had no quarrel with the jury's findings.

Mrs Boyde was undergoing minor foot surgery under general anaesthetic on January 14 when the container supplied by Hongkong Oxygen and filled with pure nitrogen was connected to the central oxygen supply.

Her doctors did not realise what was wrong for 50 minutes after she suffered cardiac arrest from what is now known to be oxygen deprivation.

The inquest confirmed that the medical cause of death was cerebral anoxia, deprivation of oxygen to the brain.

Although Mrs Boyde's heart stopped beating three days later, the jury accepted the testimony of Professor Teik Oh, head of the Department of Anaesthesia at the Chinese University and an expert in brain stem death, that Mrs Boyde legally died on January 14.

The jury's other two recommendations were aimed at improving medical standards in Hongkong.

They urged the Government to speed up the establishment of an Academy of Medicine so specialist registration, training and continuing education for medical practitioners could be centrally regulated.

The jury also recommended that monitoring devices, oxygen analysers and pulse oximeters, should be used by all hospitals for every operation involving general anaesthetic.

They heard evidence during the five-week inquiry that using these could have saved Mrs Boyde's life.

On the coroner's decision that the jury could not consider a verdict that indicated that Mrs Boyde's situation had been aggravated by lack of care, Professor Boyde said he thought from the beginning that the medical team was faced with a near-impossible situation.

He said it would have taken a superstar to do any better, unless monitoring equipment had been used.

The family would be taking legal advice on whether

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 7)

Managing Director of Hongkong Oxygen, Mr Alf Butler with his wife, Diane.

Professor Tom Boyde and daughter Emma after yesterday's verdict.

# Uno picks younger, all-male cabinet

TOKYO: Sosuke Uno yesterday became the 18th postwar prime minister of Japan, naming a younger cabinet than the Government of predecessor Noboru Takeshita, who was forced to step down over the Recruit scandal.

Mr Uno, the 66-year-old former Foreign Minister, vowed to clean up the Japanese political system and appointed a cabinet that included five members of the previous government.

He became premier after both upper and lower houses of parliament approved the choice, and despite a last-minute challenge from within his party.

The official swearing-in of the cabinet in the presence of Emperor Akihito is scheduled today.

Newly-appointed Chief Cabinet Secretary Masajuro Shiokawa announced the cabinet list. Four ministers from Takeshita's cabinet kept their posts and a fifth was moved to a new job.

The 21-member cabinet, like its predecessor all-male, is younger with an average age of 59.5 years compared with 65.5.

Finance Minister Tatsuo

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 7)


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## 3,300 more boat people join strike

PROTESTS by Vietnamese boat people spread yesterday with more than 5,000 taking part in a hunger strike to show their opposition to the Government's screening program to determine their status as refugees or illegal immigrants.

The protests caused the Government to keep about 1,000 new arrivals on the Soko Islands overnight without shelter.

About 3,300 boat people at the Whitehead detention centre near Sha Tin yesterday joined 2,000 others at the same centre on the hunger strike and refused to participate in the screening process.

A Government spokesman said 5,900 boat people were being held at Whitehead, 600 of whom were housed in tents.

The spokesman said it had been planned to move some of the 1,000 new arrivals off the Soko Islands but this was "not immediately possible" as a result of the protest at Whitehead.

# Councillors agree to block Viet funds

By ANDY HO

EXECUTIVE and Legislative Councillors have agreed to vote down all future requests from the Government for funds for the Vietnamese boat people in Hongkong, should the international Geneva conference fail to produce any concrete solutions.

Councillors will also ask the Hongkong Government to press London to allow the territory to drop its policy of first asylum.

The hard-line approach was adopted by councillors during their bi-weekly meeting yesterday as options and patience ran out.

Funding requests by Goverament, including those for Vietnamese boat people, have to be endorsed by the Legislative Council's Finance Committee.

By withholding funds, legislators want the Government to step up pressure on both Whitehall and the international community in solving the boat people crisis.

However, the councillors failed to endorse other proposed actions, including sending a delegation to London to lobby the British House of Commons in allowing Hongkong to abandon its port of first asylum policy.

Legislator Mr Hui Yin-fat said the measures were about the only ones that councillors could take unilaterally without needing the support of the international community.

Mr Hui said: "We will ask our Governor and those attending the Geneva Conference to help push for mandatory repatriation of those boat people screened out as non-refugees.

"We will also ask Western countries to honour their promise to resettle Vietnamese refugees from Hongkong.

"If we fail in either or both, a great majority of the councillors agreed that we should block any further votes of fund – not even a cent – for the Government to spend on the boat people."

Mr Hui said his colleagues had yet to discuss details on whether the blockage of funds should be confined to future arrivals or extended to cover those Vietnamese already in Hongkong.

The numbers were swelled yesterday with the arrival of 649 boat people bringing the total number of refugees and boat people to more than 38,700.

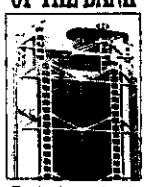
Councillors have yet to decide on whether the proposed veto should apply to both genuine refugees and those screened out as illegal immigrants.

"We will have to work out the nitty-gritty of how to implement the funding sanction after it is clear that the Geneva conference has failed to realise our two demands," said Mr Hui.

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)

## Saturday Review

THE BUILDING OF THE BANK



Exclusive extracts from major new book

LEADING THE POWER PLAY

Big week for Gorbachev, Bush

VICE CHANGES ITS GRIP

Police push prostitutes into new tactics

Hong Kong
Matsuzakaya


# Ho likely to invest in Macau Jockey Club

From ROBIN PARKE in Macau

BUSINESS magnate Stanley Ho looks certain to take a 20 per cent stake in the Macau Jockey Club (MJC), which is still pushing ahead for an opening date in September.

Discussions with Mr Ho, who has also revitalised the Macau Candirome, have been going on for some time and the necessary documents should be signed shortly.

The Royal Hongkong Jockey Club was advised some months ago of the talks between the club and Mr Ho.

The link-up of Mr Ho with the Taipa island track's Taiwanese owners, headed by chairman Tseng Hsiao-tsun, is of vital significance to the future of the company and the sport in Macau.

With Mr Ho's involvement, any operation must have a formidable chance of doing well.

With summer racing ruled out, the viability of the multi-million-dollar project looked uncertain, with hopes now pinned on live telecasts to Taiwan where the club has already signed up 6,000 members.

Government approval has been sought for the telecasts and negotiations centred on existing legislation which gives the now privately-owned television station, TdM, sole rights to visual signals.

It was necessary for the MJC to arrive at a suitable arrangement with TdM and the participation of Mr Ho, who is also a shareholder in the TV station, should resolve the matter.

Macau's 344 racehorses were flown into Hongkong this week from four countries.

Melbourne and Auckland sent 112 racehorses each, 60 were flown in from Shannon in Ireland, and another 60 came from Stansted in Britain.

The horses were transported by Instone Air Services in seven specially outfitted Boeing 747 freighters, some of which were chartered from the United States-based Flying Tigers and Cathay Pacific.

Average daily sale last week, 61,961

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## INSIDE

better jobs for everyone in JOB-MARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition on Friday.

Four broadsheet pages of news from Canada in CANADA TODAY, one of our series of exclusive liftouts that also look weekly at China, America, Australia and Britain

**Liftout**

The Hongkong Standard makes an important contribution to English literacy with the PALS page. PALS – Partners in Achieving Literacy Skills – appears in our EDUCATION liftout Monday to Friday featuring material specially designed to improve and maintain literacy levels. This includes material supplied by the BBC World Service, discussion of language problems by textbook authors, puzzles and quizzes designed to develop language skills, and articles to encourage leisure reading. PALS is entertaining and educational. Make sure you read it.

**WEATHER:** 24°C – 28°C. Mainly cloudy with some isolated showers. Details on Page 19

# US threatens plan to send home Viets

HONGKONG will be fighting an uphill battle at the coming international conference in Geneva to press for mandatory repatriation of Vietnamese boat people following Britain's failure to persuade the United States to support the proposal.

President George Bush refused to back the plan when he met Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher at No 10 Downing Street on Thursday.

The decision by Omelco members yesterday to block any further request for funds to accommodate new arrivals, if the Geneva conference fails to produce a solution, has put even more pressure on the Hongkong delegation to achieve its objectives.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, will lead the delegation to the two-day conference which starts on June 13.

Meanwhile the pressure on the Government continues with tide of boat people continued with another 585 arrivals yesterday.

Councillors may also ask Britain to scrap the policy of first asylum in Hongkong.

During the 1¾ hour meeting, Mrs Thatcher told Mr Bush that Hongkong was facing a "very serious problem" because of the latest influx of Vietnamese.

But she failed to persuade the President to support a policy of enforced repatriation.

The United States has been the strongest opponent to such a policy and Washington's stand could sink hopes of such a policy being adopted.

The boat people question was again raised at plenary session of talks when Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe and US Secretary of State James Baker joined the Prime Minister and the President.

Mr Baker said afterwards that he and the President had rejected British "last resort" demands for the boat people to be sent back to Vietnam against their will.

Mrs Thatcher believes it is essential to stop the flood of people leaving Vietnam and seeking refuge in Hongkong which she says is "at bursting point".

Mr Baker made it clear, however, that the United States still supported the right of "first asylum" and freedom of choice for refugees.

He said that those fleeing from Vietnam were political refugees and stressed that, although there would be further discussions at the conference, the American position had not changed.

In a radio interview later Sir Geoffrey said that logic called for Britain to repatriate the "thousands of Vietnamese boat people pouring into Hongkong".

"Well this I think is the logic of the position. They come from Vietnam, there is no room for them, no place for them in Hongkong," Sir Geoffrey said.

He said Britain wanted a wider understanding of the huge scale of the problem and of the need for international support in tackling the "formidable" obstacles.

Sir Geoffrey said until a couple of years ago the number of Vietnamese boat people in Hongkong had been gradually going down. The inflow had dropped almost to a trickle, and the numbers were down to about 6,000 people.

"The latest figure is now 37,000 and they are coming in at something like 700 or 800 a day. Plainly, it is simply not possible for a country the size of Hongkong to accommodate that," he said.

"A minority of these people are no doubt refugees for whom it will be necessary to try and find continuing arrangements on that basis.

"But the great majority are so-called economic migrants whose place should be in their own country, in Vietnam, because they simply cannot expect a country like Hongkong to receive them on this scale."

Meanwhile, there were signs in Hanoi that Vietnam might eventually agree to accepting all its people back from Hongkong.

Diplomatic sources in the capital said the Vietnamese government would come around to mandatory repatriation after the Geneva conference.

A British source said he was "cautiously optimistic" about that possibility.

However, senior Hongkong Government officials do not hold too high a hope for the coming conference.

They are taking a more pragmatic approach in trying to achieve its objectives – that is to get all those involved in agreeing to a package that would include mandatory repatriation.

They do not expect a major breakthrough at the conference and feel there is a long way to go.

At the Omelco in-house meeting yesterday, the majority of councillors determined to reject further applications for funds if the Geneva conference did not produce satisfactory results.

Legislators had previously suggested the same tactic but the Government managed to get the money as the council was split.

The councillors' move was seen as a last ditch effort to put pressure on the British delegation to the Geneva conference.

Legislator Mr Hui Yin-fat said no member at the meeting objected to the proposal although it was not put to a vote.

The 46 unofficial Legislative Councillors constitute the Finance Committee, which has the power to block Government spending on boat people.

Mr Hui said the Government should look to Britain if it could not receive money from Hongkong.

But Britain's ambassador to Hanoi, Mr Emrys Davies, said in Hongkong yesterday that Vietnamese officials, particularly the low-ranking ones, were responsible for allowing the recent spate of boat people arriving here.

After a two-day visit he said the Vietnamese authorities had arrested 700 people so far this year, including junior government officials, for accepting bribes or aiding people to leave the country.

"There is undoubtly a tremendous amount of corruption," he said.

However, he added the Vietnamese government was very concerned about the situation, and wanted to do something about it.

■ Cut to spending on Viets gain support; Hunger strike numbers swell; Australia supports resettlement plans; Camp row angers members: **Page 5 ▶**

NICK WILSON

**Showing a human touch**

A TWO-million-year-old man learns the art of grooming from Ms Josephine Mak, assistant curator at Hongkong's Museum of History. She is preparing the *Neanderthal* exhibit for his role in the museum's *The Human Story* which opens on July 1.

The show looks back into the dark shadows of history to illuminate life and progress of humans over the past 15 billion years.

It features humanoid figures of cave men, skulls of various creatures, a model of an ancient king's head, a traditional Chinese theatrical mask, even a piece of real moon rock. There is also an exhibit of the future.

The Hongkong museum learnt of the travelling exhibition in 1986 and has since been planning to bring it here. So far it has been seen in France and Britain, though exhibits come from all over the world.

## Uno names young team

**TOKYO: Sousuke Uno became the 18th postwar prime minister of Japan yesterday, naming a younger Cabinet than the government of his predecessor.**

**Mr Uno vowed to clean up the Japanese political system and appointed a Cabinet that included five members of the previous government.**

■ Details: **Page 7**

# Paper gives lift to Hu, Zhao

**By Wu Zhong and Priscilla Leung**

THE Communist Party newspaper *People's Daily* has published a long article praising the late party general secretary Hu Yaobang for his efforts to rehabilitate veteran leaders and others wronged in the past.

It reminds party hardliners now campaigning for the downfall of Mr Hu's successor, Zhao Ziyang, of Mr Hu's – and by implication Mr Zhao's – role in their rehabilitation after the Cultural Revolution.

It says Mr Hu, dumped two years ago after a wave of student demonstrations, "relieved the Chinese people of their spiritual burden and prepared China for the Four Modernisations."

The article comes at a time when a rumour is spreading in Beijing that paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping regards as the biggest mistake of his life the use of Mr Hu and Mr Zhao as his right-hand men.

It also comes at a time when Mr Zhao is being attacked for the same reasons as those used to force Mr Hu to step down.

The article describes how Mr Hu made every effort to rehabilitate the so-called "Traitor Group" associated with former State President Liu Shaoqi, an accusation approved by Mao Zedong himself.

Members of this group were mostly high-ranking party and state officials – some of whom are now among the party old guard.

It is common knowledge that these people played a key role in Mr Hu's downfall and are now prominent in the campaign against Mr Zhao.

The *People's Daily* article appears to be a message that the use of Hu Yaobang was not a mistake and without Mr Hu's efforts, many of the party old guard now might still have been suppressed.

It also carries a clear implication that Mr Zhao, who worked closely with Mr Hu over the past decade, has also made his contribution, that it is ridiculous to denounce him as head of an "anti-party" clique and that any wrong verdict on the embattled leader will be corrected, sooner or later.

The article said that after becoming the head of the party Organisation Department in 1977, Mr Hu had spent a lot of energy to rectify injustice including cases of the intellectuals who had been wrongly labelled as rightists in the 1950s.

Veteran leaders he is credited with having helped include Mr Bo Yibo, Mr Liu Lantao, Mr An Ziwen and others, labelled counter-revolutionary by the Gang of Four.

Mr Bo, vice-chairman of the party Central Advisory Commission, is said to be vehemently critical of Mr Hu's liberal attitude. Mr Liu is a member of the Standing Committee of the Central Advisory Commission.

■ Hu's fung-shui **Page 14**

# China 'to pay $25m' for fight

**NEW YORK: The Chinese government has agreed to pay US$25 million (HK$195 million) to host a fight between heavyweight champion Mike Tyson and former champion George Foreman, Tyson's manager and a lawyer said yesterday.**

**If approved by the fighters and the three major boxing authorities the bout would be staged in Beijing in November.**

**According to Mr Bill Cayton, Tyson's manager, Foreman, 41, is the only opponent in which the Chinese are interested.**

**The fight would hinge, among other things, on Foreman's remaining undefeated in his comeback bid.**

**Mr Bill Wheeler, the Seattle lawyer who is promoting the match, predicted it would grosa US$100 million and be seen by half a billion people in China. Details regarding the size of the purse have yet to be worked out.** – UPI

# Army flexes muscle as martial law stepped up

**By Tammy Tam in Beijing**

PEOPLE'S Liberation Army soldiers marched through the centre of Beijing again yesterday, indicating Chinese authorities were intensifying their commitment to martial law.

At the same time, the Beijing Municipal Government announced it was planning to organise a 800,000-strong pro-government demonstration in the next few days, sources said.

An official of a Beijing municipal organisation, who refused to be named, said the city government had instructed all major government units, enterprises, schools and service units to prepare to take to the streets in the next three days.

Marches supporting Premier Mr Li Peng, who declared martial law on May 20, have been staged in Beijing suburbs during the past few days, but participants appeared bored and said they were ordered to attend.

"The vice-mayor of Beijing, Mr Zhang Baifa, is in charge of the whole plan," the official said.

"The government has asked us to create our own slogans according to three principles – first to support the martial law; second to support the Li Peng government and third to get back the Tiananmen Square.

"It has been announced that each participant will be rewarded 10 yuan (HK$20)."

Another government official accused the Beijing administration of violating martial law by organising such demonstrations.

Witnesses said several hundred soldiers in uniform ran near the Great Hall of the People next to the Tiananmen Square, where about 10,000 students have been staging a sit-in protest since May 13 in defiance of martial law.

More than 1,000 PLA troops also appeared in front of the Beijing railway station yesterday in a show of force intended for students on Tiananmen Square two kilometres away.

The helmeted troops emerged from the station, jogged a few kilometres and then returned to the station, where they are camped. They did not approach the square.

About 200,000 soldiers are apparently positioned on the city's outskirts.

The official *Beijing Daily* confirmed the military's show of strength on Thursday, saying that a general led a platoon on an early morning run.

The newspaper said, passers-by shouted: "The people of Beijing welcome you with open arms" and the general thanked them "for their warm welcome".

The *People's Daily* carried several photographs showing the activities of troops around Beijing. It reported that the troops were prepared for a long siege.

One photograph showed wooden beams being delivered for the construction of "temporary barracks".

The army is also occupying other official media organisations, including the state radio, the Xinhua News Agency and the *People's Daily*.

Many people have ridiculed the call for pro-government demonstrations. Hundreds of journalists from the *Beijing Daily* yesterday marched behind a banner which said: "We don't want the 10 yuan."

The official said people were told that "everybody should clearly show their stand to keep in line with the party".

"Whoever refused to go will not be granted the monthly bonus," he added.

Many people who marched after the imposition of martial law were now being asked to join the pro-government demonstration so to clear their "bad records", he said.

Many pro-government posters began to appear in Beijing's main streets yesterday while those put up by students were torn down.

Outraged students yesterday burned copies of the *Beijing Daily* to express anger over increased state-orchestrated condemnation of their six-week-long democratic struggle.

"Rip it up and burn it," students chanted as they threw dozens of copies onto a bonfire.

■ Where Zhao went wrong **Page 8**

■ Signs of split in PLA **Page 9**

## Penalties on tapes lowered

**THE European Economic Community is about to impose definitive duties ranging from 4.9 to 15.8 percent on Hongkong video cassette tape manufacturers accused of "dumping".**

**The levies represent a considerable decline from the provisional measures announced in December last year.**

**Magnetic Enterprises will be levied 15.8 percent, down from 20.5 percent, Swire Magnetics will pay 4.9 percent, down from 11.3 percent, while Acme Cassette Manufacturing, Casin and Yee Kneng will each be levied 9.3 percent.**

**The EEC is acting acted against a number of manufacturers and exporters from Hongkong.**

**Others involved export small-screen colour television sets, photo albums, audio tapes, silicon metal and denim.**

**■ The appointment, by Financial Secretary Mr Piers Jacobs of Mr Marvin Cheung as head of a team investigating the affairs of Jademan (Holdings) has come as a surprise, though it is the second such appointment for Mr Cheung, partner in accounting firm Peat Marwick.**

■ Details in **Business**

## Tiddles 6, piranhas 0

**A RAINBOW trout called Tiddles that took on a flock of ferocious piranhas and won is the hero of a British aquarium.**

**Tiddles leaped from his tank at the Tropiquarium at Watchet, near London, and when confronted by the feared flesh-tearing fish, promptly ate six of them before being rescued and put in another tank.**

**Aquarium director Stephen Smith said the truculent trout jumped out of his own tank after a fight with other trout and accidentally splashed in with the piranhas. "We started with 17 piranhas and now there are just 11," he said.** - UPI

## Your World on Sunday

**■ Dashing good looks and outstanding talent have combined to make Mel Gibson one of Hollywood's hottest properties. But in our profile Lyn Hirschberg discovers that success has not gone to Gibson's head.**

**■ We also have a special report on the British satirical magazine Private Eye which may have published its last libel.**

**■ In the Arts, Vernon Ram, previews the Spanish Ballet which makes a Hongkong debut on Tuesday and interviews Sotheby's jewellery expert, Lisa Hubbard.**

**■ On the travel front Stephanie Kirkby takes a journey through Japan's past and discovers that despite its advances in the field of technology Japan still offers tourists a taste of history if they are prepared to look for it.**

**■ And our motoring correspondent test drives the new Peugeot MI 16.**

**■ This and lots more *Your World on Sunday*, in *The Sunday Standard*. Make sure of your copy today.**

# Four start new hunger strike in Tiananmen

A POP singer from Taiwan and three mainland intellectuals started a 72-hour hunger strike in Tiananmen Square yesterday.

Many more are expected to take part in the fresh fasting which will bring the month-long pro-democracy student demonstration to a new level.

The four hunger-strikers are pop singer Mr Hou Dejian who returned to the mainland from Taiwan several years ago, Beijing Normal University lecturer Mr Liu Xiaobo, chief of the planning department of Stone Computer Corporation Mr Zhou Duo and former chief editor of Beijing Normal Univeristy Weekly and a Communist Party member Mr Gao Xin

About 200,000 people gathered at the square, many of them attracted by the chance to see Mr Hou, who returned to Beijing two days ago after attending a big pro-democracy concert in Hongkong.

Unlike the other three Mr Hou will only fast for 48 hours fast because he wants to finish a song he wrote for the new hunger strike.

The four will stay in a tent on the foot of the Memorial Monument of the People's Heroes.

Around the monument were two big banners which read: "Please read our declaration. This is what a small handful of people look like – we fast, we protest, we appeal and we regret"

Mr Zhou said that their hunger strike would be different from that of the students: "We do not fast to petition but to protest".

Despite interest expressed by more than one thousand people yesterday, the students do not plan another hunger strike yet.

Student leader Wang Dan said they did not think a second fast would be very helpful.

In another development, a Hongkong pro-democracy organisation is holding discussions about management of the huge donation from Hongkong.

Mr Lee Cheuk-yan, a spokesman of the Hongkong Alliance in support of the Beijing Democratic Movement, told a press conference that the $30 million raised by the Hongkong Federation of Students (HKFS), Chinese University and the alliance would be pooled to promote the democratic movement in China. A sum of $1.2 million will go to the General Command Office of Tiananmen Square $60,000 each to the Autonomous Students Unions of the nine major institutes in Beijing and $260,000 to the Beijing Students' Autonomous Association.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14939期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月 4 星期日 已巳年五月初一

北京地区天气预报 白天 阴有小阵雨转多云 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 30℃ 最低 20℃

人民日报社出版


## 就人类环境问题
# 李鹏发表电视讲话

**新华社北京6月5日电** 国务院总理李鹏今天就人类环境问题发表电视讲话，全文如下：

女士们、先生们、朋友们：

在纪念“六五”世界环境日的前夕，我十分高兴地接受国际“共同未来中心”执行主任林德纳先生的邀请，就我们共同关心的全球环境问题谈点看法。

在经济和社会发展过程中，世界各国都产生程度不同的环境问题。现在，有些环境问题，如酸雨、臭氧层破坏、“温室效应”等，已开始越出国家的界线而成为地区性的、甚至是全球性的问题。这是自然界向人类发出的警告。引起了许多国家和人民的忧虑。中国政府和人民对此也十分关切。

中国是个拥有11亿人口的发展中国家，人均资源并不丰富，环境压力很大。我们清楚地认识到。环境资源条件对于经济持续发展具有十分重要的意义。为此，我国政府已将环境保护列为一项基本国策，确定了环境与经济、社会协调发展的方针，制定和实行了一系列保护环境的法规、政策和措施，正在为改善我国的环境状况进行不懈的努力。

全球气候变暖是人类面临的挑战，阻止这种趋势的发展，需靠众多国家乃至全球的共同努力。值得高兴的是：无论是发达国家还是发展中国家，在这一方面的认识已越来越接近。中国，作为世界大家庭的一员，将始终不渝地履行自己的义务，但是，我认为，世界上发达的国家对环境问题应负有更大的责任并承担更多的义务。我相信，世界各国的政治家、科学家和人民大众为了人类共同的未来，通过国际间的广泛合作，会找到有效地防止全球环境恶化的途径。人类的前景是光明的。

谢谢大家。

# 戒严部队指挥部紧急通告

**新华社北京6月3日电** 中国人民解放军戒严部队指挥部紧急通告

中国人民解放军奉命在北京市部分地区执行戒严任务，履行制止动乱，维护首都社会安宁的神圣使命，得到了各级政府和广大人民群众的支持。但是，近日来，极少数人制造谣言，恶意丑化、攻击戒严部队，用极其恶劣的手段，挑拨人民群众和戒严部队之间的关系，煽动一些人堵砸军车、抢夺武器，殴打干部战士，盘查、围攻军人，阻拦戒严部队的行动，蓄意制造事端，扩大动乱。极少数人的这种严重的违法行为，引起了广大人民群众和部队官兵的极大愤慨，已经到了忍无可忍的地步。

我们郑重宣告：任何人不得以任何借口非法拦截军车，阻拦、围攻解放军，妨碍戒严部队执行勤务。军队行动时间、方式、着装均属军务，任何人不得干预。我们坚决执行国务院戒严令和北京市政府一、二、三号令，如果有人不听劝告，一意孤行，以身试法，戒严部队、公安干警和武警部队有权采取一切手段，强行处置，一切后果由组织者、肇事者负责。希望北京市的广大人民群众严守戒严令的规定，支持军队制止动乱、维护安定团结的行动。

中国人民解放军戒严部队指挥部

一九八九年六月三日

## 就部队进城执勤受阻
# 戒严部队指挥部发言人发表谈话

**新华社北京6月3日电** 中国人民解放军戒严部队指挥部发言人称，今天，部分戒严部队按照国务院发布的戒严令，奉命进驻执勤点，在开进途中，受到一些不明真相的学生和群众的拦阻，部队官兵表现了极大的克制态度。

戒严部队指挥部发言人说，部队进到市区的一些交通路口时，极少数人制造谣言，煽动一些人设置路障，阻止部队前进。有的人还砸军车，抢夺武器；有的人呼喊煽动性的口号，对干部战士围攻、侮辱、谩骂；还有极少数不法分子在部队行进队伍中扔玻璃瓶和砖头石块，许多干部战士被打伤。他们的这种行为，严重阻碍了戒严部队的行动，干扰了戒严令的实施，造成了严重后果。在整个过程中，戒严部队的干部战士表现了极大的忍耐和克制，避免了与群众发生冲突，用事实戳穿了极少数人散布的“军队进城是镇压群众”的谣言。

戒严部队指挥部发言人指出，戒严部队进入执勤点执勤，是为了履行戒严令赋予的制止动乱、维护首都治安和社会秩序的神圣职责。希望广大市民和学生不要轻信极少数人制造的谣言，不要被极少数别有用心的人所利用，要积极协助部队完成执行戒严的任务。同时，要警惕有人借题发挥，造谣惑众，制造事端。

# 孙巨同志的一封信

明明是戒严后规定了中山公园和劳动人民文化宫暂停开放，文字的作者却有意借一位“家长”之口影射戒严令，煽动和发泄对戒严令的不满。

**编者按：** 这是孙巨同志写给中共中央有关部门负责同志的一封信，现刊登如下。

我们是一批普通共产党员。看了今天（6月2日）人民日报头版上花边新闻《“六一”天安门广场一瞥》十分气愤！

“一瞥”与人民日报的“戒严第×日”同出一辙，前后呼应：在“第×日”被迫停止后再现其阴魂，这又是一篇用“春秋笔法”颠倒黑白、混淆是非、顽固站在中央决策对立面，继续给动乱制造者们撑展行气，给北京市人民政府戒严令抹黑的恶毒文字。

请看：明明是一些人公然违抗市政府的规定和戒严令，继续占据广场，把具有共和国象征的神圣广场变成了乱糟糟、臭烘烘的“病灶”，严重破坏了北京市容，干扰了市民正常生活秩序，使得天真可爱的儿童六一节都不能来天安门广场举行正常活动；而文字的作者却列有用心描绘了一幅在天安门的学生同小朋友和谐相处，授受礼品，“共欢乐”甚至“合影留念”的“感人”景象。

明明是戒严部队进入执勤点执勤，是为了履行戒严令赋予的制止动乱、维护首都治安和社会秩序的神圣职责。希望广大市民和学生不要轻信极少数人制造的谣言，不要被极少数别有用心的人所利用，要积极协助部队完成执行戒严的任务。同时，要警惕有人借题发挥，造谣惑众，制造事端。

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文字特别提到中央美术学院的帐篷如何如何。谁人不知，正是中央美院的极少数人，最近明目张胆强奸民意，践踏法律，非法坐将了那个不伦不类的女神像。这些人俩成了你们心目中的“最可爱的人”？

我们要问文字的作者和批准文字出笼的先生：你们还想把动乱的罪恶种子播进孩子们幼小的心灵中吗？你们认为聚集坐在天安门前的那些人是共和国的英雄还是违犯共和国法律、法规的人？你们是水平不高而给平息动乱出难题，还是别有用心，坚持“对抗到底”的错误立场？

人民日报是党中央办的报纸，不是人民日报的某些先生们想怎么办就怎么办的报纸。无论如何，不能拿党中央机关报的崇高形象为反党反社会主义的动乱助长气焰！

——批共产党员 执笔人 孙 巨

1989、6、2

# 人大常委会会议能否如期召开？

## 人大常委会办公厅新闻发言人就此问题发表谈话

**新华社北京6月3日电** 全国人大常委会办公厅新闻发言人今天就全国人大常委会第八次会议能否如期召开问题，以答记者问发表谈话。

这位发言人说，七届全国人大常委会第八次会议原定于6月20日左右在北京举行，将讨论人民群众普遍关心的几个问题，以营造政府改进工作。为了开好这次会议，全国人大常委会和国务院的有关部门积极进行了各项准备工作。

他说，要开好这次会议，必须有一个安定和有秩序的环境。众所周知，人民大会堂是全国人大常委会举行会议的地方。现在北京市和外地来京的一些人，在天安门广场搭帐篷、设灵堂，影响交通，妨碍公务，使人大常委会会议的召开受到干扰。为了保证会议顺利进行，必须尽快恢复天安门广场的正常秩序。

他说，人大常委会会议是全国人民代表大会闭会期间国家最高权力机关的重要会议，是国家政治生活中的大事。为了开好这次会议，必须在会前和会期内，对广场的秩序问题作出妥善的处理。

他说，鉴于目前的情况，人大常委会会议不宜在6月20日左右召开，会期也不宜过长。

# 北京这一夜

**本报6月4日凌晨5时讯** 解放军报6月4日社论说：“自6月3日凌晨开始，首都发生了严重的反革命暴乱。”

3日22时左右，军事博物馆一带响起枪声，戒严部队进城。

从午夜到凌晨，友谊医院、阜外医院、北京市急救中心、铁路医院、复兴医院、协和医院和广安门医院等不断给本报来电话告知收治人员的伤亡情况。

到截稿时止，戒严部队已突进天安门广场。

## 北京市公安局负责人介绍
# 一辆被围困的武器装备车安全转移

**新华社北京6月3日电** 据北京市公安局负责人介绍，今天下午2时许，部分公安干警和武警战士将被围困在六部口的一辆武器装备车安全转移。

据这位负责人说，今天凌晨，一辆载武器装备的军车行至西城区六部口时，被一些人拦阻围困。少数暴徒抢占军车，侮辱、谩骂解放军战士，企图夺取枪支，并将车内的部分武器装备散置车顶，借以煽动群众，使围观的群众越来越多。北京市有关部门的同志向围观群众劝说解释，均无效果。

这位负责人说，为了维护首都的治安秩序，避免部队武器装备被抢劫，北京市于下午二时许出动了部分公安干警和武警战士。他们通过广播向围观的群众宣传：人民解放军是保卫国家利益、保护人民利益的，不是镇压群众、学生的，堵截军车、抢劫军队枪支是违法的，应立即停止，否则一切后果自负。但是，一些人不但不听劝阻，反而向公安干警和武警战士投掷砖头、汽水瓶。公安干警和武警战士在安全受到威胁时，迫不得已施放了催泪弹。在一些学生和群众的协助下，把这辆武器装备车安全转移。

今天，北京市政府发言人说，阻拦解放军进城的行为是错误的。少数暴徒蓄意殴打、侮辱战士，抢劫武器，是严重违法行为，公安干警和武警施放催泪弹。是在抢救弹药可能被抢劫，疯导人群无效，执行任务受到暴力干扰的危急情况下，迫不得已采取的。

北京市政府发言人指出，今天下午，有上千人冲进某建筑工地，抢走了钢筋和跨头，一些人围攻中南海，冲击人民大会堂，少数被绑架的战士至今下落不明。种种迹象表明，极少数暴徒正企图制造更严重的事端，希望全市人民保持冷静。不听信谣言，不传播谣言，不要上街围观，积极协助戒严部队、武警和公安干警恢复和维护全市的正常秩序。

# 洪学智刘华清秦基伟郭林祥分别看望执行戒严任务官兵

**新华社北京6月5日电** 中央军委副秘书长洪学智、刘华清和国防部长秦基伟在昨天和今天，分别代表军委主席邓小平、副主席杨尚昆，到戒严部队驻地看望戒严部队指战员，转达邓主席、杨副主席对戒严部队的关怀和慰问，勉励大家为制止动乱、维护首都的正常秩序作出新的贡献。

洪学智、刘华清、秦基伟等领导同志深入到部队营营帐篷，与干部战士促膝谈心，仔细了解干部战士执勤、学习、生活和思想情况。他们还来到哥放灶旁边，亲切询问干部战士的伙食。他们对戒严部队指战员们坚决执行党中央、国务院，中央军委命令的高度政治觉悟和艰苦风行、吃苦耐劳、严守纪律、爱护人民的优良作风给予了高度赞扬。今天，秦基伟对某部指战员们说，你们奉中央军委的命令来到首都北京，执行戒严任务。十多天来，你们在执行戒严任务中，克服了重重困难，做了大量有益的工作。你们热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生，以你们的实际行动赢得了首都人民的理解、支持和信赖。事实再一次证明，中国人民解放军是全心全意为人民服务的军队。我们来自人民，为了人民，我们的部队是听党的话的，是有很高政治觉悟的，是经得起任何考验的。执行戒严任务，政策性很强，要求很高。希望同志们坚定不移地完成党和人民赋予的光荣任务。昨天，洪学智在看望北京军区执行戒严任务的某部指战员时说，你们在维护首都秩序、制止动乱中发挥了重要作用。他指出，极少数人制造动乱的目的，就是要否定党的领导，否定社会主义制度。这是绝对不能允许的。刘华清在同指战员交谈时说，你们在开进过程中，受到阻拦，不少干部战士被不法分子打伤，你们经受住了考验，表现很好。你们用模范行动顶住了极少数别有用心的人制造的谣言，赢得了广大群众的理解和支持。他勉励干部战士认真学习中央领导同志的重要讲话，进一步提高觉悟，严守纪律，积极宣传群众，圆满完成戒严任务。

陪同秦基伟看望戒严部队的还有副总参谋长徐信。

**新华社北京6月5日电** 中央军委纪委书记兼总政治部副主任郭林祥，近日代表总政治部、军委纪委领导和机关全体同志看望了执行戒严任务的某部指战员。

郭林祥来到部队驻地，深入到部队营房的仓库、地下室，与干部战士促膝交谈。他表扬了戒严部队坚决执行党中央、国务院的决定和中央军委的命令，以及严守纪律和吃苦耐劳的精神，希望全体官兵大力发扬我军的优良传统和作风，充分发挥我军既是战斗队、又是工作队的作用，严格地执行政策纪律，深入细致地做好对周围群众的宣传工作，完成好戒严任务，为制止动乱，维护首都的社会秩序做出贡献。

# 三人死亡一人受伤
## 返回部队途中发生重大车祸
## 借用完毕的一辆武警吉普车
## 中央电视台发布新闻

**新华社北京6月3日电** 中央电视台今天下午举行记者招待会，发布新闻如下：

6月2日晚10时55分，中央电视台建国四十年摄制组借用完毕的一辆三菱吉普车返回部队途中发生重大车祸，造成3人死亡1人受伤。

为庆祝建国四十周年，中央电视台计划摄制一部大型系列片。这个摄制组从去年7月起向武警北京总队五支队借用三菱吉普车一辆，车号31WJ—1525，驾驶员陈福玉。此车与摄制组一起工作11个月，曾到10余个省市拍片。完成拍摄任务后，与部队商定返回。

6月2日下午，摄制组向他赠送纪念品，并将工作交接完毕。晚上10时半，摄制组四位同志以及两位招待所服务员一起送他上车，陆车携带他个人生活物品返回东郊驻地。行前同志们叮嘱他路上注意安全。

此车由西往东行到木樨地以东时，由于速度快，加之前面洒水车刚洒过水，车轮打滑，冲向右侧，司机急向左打轮，没有打过来，在失控情况下撞倒南侧隔离墩，通过慢车道，翻至南侧马路边上，把当时正常行驶的四名群众撞伤，其中三人因抢救无效死亡，司机陈福玉被西城公安分局拘留。

## 北京市公安局负责人介绍
# 一辆被围困的武器装备车安全转移

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# 反厄尔尼诺现象正处在强盛时期

**本报国太平洋专电** 执行中美海洋与大气相互作用合作研究任务的中方首席科学家王宗山，5月30日在国家海洋局向阳红14号远洋科学考察船上披露：从本航次获得的大量第一手资料综合分析表明，热带西太平洋目前正处于较强的反厄尔尼诺时期。

王宗山说，在厄尔尼诺形成期间，通常是东太平洋变暖，海水温度升高，西太平洋相对较冷，海水温度偏低，与此相反的则称为反厄尔尼诺现象。自1986——1987年爆发影响全球气候的厄尔尼诺之后，经过一段时间的动力调整和孕育，到去年10至11月，西太平洋即开始出现了较明显的暖水堆积，高于29度的海水已占据东经162度以西和北纬7—14度一线以南的30—85米深的广大海域。可以推断，热带西太平洋目前正处在较强的反厄尔尼诺时期，它为未来再次爆发新的厄尔尼诺现象准备了一定的条件。王宗山认为反厄尔尼诺现象的出现，可能会给我国的气候带来较好的征兆。

（吴 进）

# 不会有大范围灾害性天气
## 北方小麦产区在收割期间

**新华社北京6月3日电**（记者赵鹏）进入6月，我国北方小麦产区渐次开镰。国家气象部门今天告知：6月份北方麦区不致有大范围灾害性天气，气温接近常年略偏低。

国家气象科学研究院农业气象研究所专家介绍说，去秋以来，我国北方麦区气候温暖；降水适宜，没有出现大范围灾害天气，小麦长势明显好于去年。5月下旬，正值小麦灌浆成熟期，大部分麦区平均气温较常年同期偏高，降水量较常年同期偏少。华北部分地区出现了短期干热风天气和短时大风，致使部分小麦倒伏。但北方大部地区气候适于小麦灌浆和成熟，主要麦区小麦长势良好。据对麦区卫星遥感初步预测，在收割期间若无重大灾害，预计今年小麦总产量明显高于去年。

据中央气象台对6月份天气趋势的分析，北方麦区月内降水量较常年同期略为偏少，尚不致有大范围连阴雨天气，但局部地区仍可能出现雷雨、大风、冰雹灾害。

## 《解放军报》6月4日社论
# 坚决拥护党中央决策 坚决镇压反革命暴乱

自六月三日凌晨开始，首都发生了严重的反革命暴乱。一伙暗藏关下不轨的罗徒，蓄意制造谣言，煽动一些人非法进京，围攻、殴打、侮辱军人，打死打伤我干部战士，砸烧军车，抢劫武器弹药，并冲击中南海，冲击人民大会堂，抢劫商店，焚烧大楼。发生在首都的这起骇人听闻的暴乱，是建国以来从未有过的，是一个时期以来极少数人阴谋制造动乱的恶性发展，是他们反对中国共产党的领导、反对社会主义制度罪恶企图的集中暴露。为了捍卫伟大的中华人民共和国、捍卫神圣的宪法，捍卫庄严的首都，党中央、国务院、中央军委迅速作出镇压反革命暴乱的决策，我戒严部队和首都公安干警、武警部队一起，采取果断措施，以一往无前、勇敢无畏的精神，迅速平息了这场暴乱。这是在制止动乱，维护首都和全国安定团结的斗争中所取得的一个伟大胜利。

我军一些部队奉命进入北京部分地区执行戒严任务，半个月来为制止动乱、维护首都社会秩序，做了大量艰苦细致的工作。他们以全心全意为人民服务，做威武之师、文明之师的实际行动，进步赢得了首都各界人民包括青年学生的理解和支持。但是，一伙罗徒不甘心他们的失败，到处煽风点火，采用种种卑劣手法制造事端，扩大动乱，已经到了令人无法容忍的地步。不对这伙以身试法的暴徒给予严惩，就没有什么法制可言，没有什么社会秩序可言，没有什么安定团结的局面可言！面对暴徒的反动气焰，戒严部队广大干部战士牢记党和人民的重托，发扬听党主席偏爱的“五种革命精神”，在党和国家的命运面临严重威胁的关头，又一次立下了历史功绩。他们的行动有力地证明，我们这支军队在关键时刻是过得硬、信得过的，不愧是人民利益的坚强保卫者，是无产阶级专政的坚强柱石！

我军戒严部队进入城区后，将坚决按照国务院戒严令和北京市人民政府令执行勤务。毫无疑问，我们将一如既往地坚持热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生，为保卫好首都的重要目标，为维护首都的生产、学习、工作和生活秩序，为保护人民的生命财产安全而竭尽全力。对那些继续策划暴乱，挑起治安，进行打、砸、抢、烧的不法之徒，将协助公安干警和武警部队给予严惩，决不手软！我们希望西至旧颐和园大市民和青年学生一定会积极协助部队干部战士完成戒严任务，使首都的正常秩序尽快得到恢复。

戒严部队全体干部战士同志们，首都人民瞩望着我们，全国人民期待着我们！让我们以更加饱满的政治热情，以更加昂扬的斗志，执行政策，严守纪律，团结广大人民群众和青年学生，完成好党治赋予我军保卫人民和平劳动的神圣使命！

# 大公報

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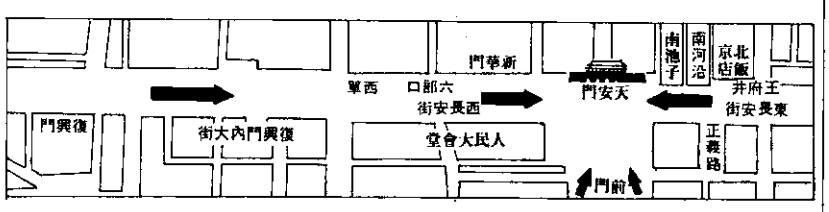


天安門廣場位置圖，箭頭為戒嚴部隊進抵之方向。

# 北京局勢惡化 市區徹夜槍聲不絕
# 軍隊遭開槍遭開入廣場 千逾數人傷死衆民塲廣領佔隊軍

## 建國以來罕見血染天安門慘案

## 軍隊遭開槍遭開入廣場 放催淚氣橡膠彈驅人羣

### 多人受傷用木頭車三輪車搶救送醫院

【本報北京四日晚第三時半電話】中國人民解放軍戒嚴部隊今晨以鐵腕手段和猛烈的火力，戰勝手無寸鐵的學生和羣衆，造成了天安門廣場，把人民從逆人民廣場上驅趕出去。

在北京時間二時開始，天安門廣場傳來槍聲並夾雜着火藥味，二時半之後，槍聲越來越頻密，甚至有機關槍聲。同一時間，數以萬計的羣衆從天安門撤退，向東面逃跑。

在廣場外，平均兩分鐘有一輛救護車開入天安門廣場。

今晨三時十五分，天安門廣場傳來兩密集槍聲，估計發射了百多發子彈，不久之後，北京飯店附近就發現有中流彈受傷的市民，最少有十多人。

到凌晨三時二十分，長安街上情況混亂，戒嚴部隊在控制天安門廣場後，士兵分別從東、西方向前進，擴大封鎖線，原先聚集在長安街上的數以萬計羣衆隨着撤退。

【本報北京四日晚第三時半電話】戒嚴部隊今天凌晨向手無寸鐵的北京市民開槍，殺害大量平民。

據記者在長安街所見，即使在街上停留的市民，軍隊也向他們開槍，很多人血洗於面，受傷逃起。

解放軍十兵以實彈步槍和催淚瓦斯爆炸彈，數萬全副武裝入市區的市民及學生，從在陸通西單路一帶向平行推進的方法向市中心天安門廣場前進，沿途遇有阻擾就開槍射擊，路旁被擊傷的市民訴說他不幸中的萬衆。

在天安門廣場，無法統計。北京電視台被天亮地在凌晨二時四十五分播出了一條戒嚴部隊今天凌晨向手無寸鐵的北京市民開槍，殺害大量平民的消息，全市目前有五十八家醫院開放，搶救受傷的市民。

則新聞，稱在解放軍天安門廣場以西的復興門廣場以西的復興門大街上，有多人血洗於面，受傷逃起。

至今不知生死下落。

在長安街沿線，被士兵追打的市民大

一輛裝甲運兵車開往天安門廣場時衝進被擲載的士兵和市民人羣中，造成一人死亡

（美聯社）

解放軍是期日凌晨進入了天安門廣場。士兵於凌晨二時二十分進入廣場，開始用催淚彈驅散人羣。

當軍隊進入廣場時，數以萬計留在那裏的示威者拔足逃跑，或是躺在行車輛開，他們邊逃邊高呼「法西斯」和「痛歌」。

【美聯社北京三日電】中國軍隊星期六晚開槍，軍隊接近天安門廣場造成大批人受傷。至少有一人被殺。

數千配備步槍的士兵向天安門廣場東面進發，他們向天空上空發射曳光彈，廣場上有二十萬爭取民主的學生和他們的支持者。市民被曳光彈和橡膠子彈打中，有些市民出示了實彈彈殼。

【路透社北京四日電】軍隊星期天凌晨衝進北京市中心，沿途殺死市民，並且包圍天安門廣場，向廣場開火，而在廣場的示威者則携帶在人民英雄紀念碑周圍。

最少已証實有八人死亡，但來自北京市周圍的醫院的報告顯示死亡數字會繼續上升。

當紅色的曳光彈在頭上升起，廣場周圍的人羣發出驚叫聲，向東面逃跑。

軍隊步進廣場時，不斷開槍。他們首先向示威者頭頂射擊，但將後踏前步向手無寸鐵人民開火。

在人民英雄紀念碑附近，一些工人企圖向前進的士兵投擲汽油彈，但學生保護不要用暴力。

在廣場邊緣，有兩架裝甲運兵車着火焚燬。而在廣場北側的軍隊城內也傳出槍聲。

【新華社北京三日電】中國人民解放軍戒嚴部隊指揮部緊急通告

當前北京的事態發展已十分嚴峻，極少數人製造謠言，惡意煽化，攻擊戒嚴部隊，用極其惡劣的手段，挑撥人民軍隊和戒嚴部隊之間的關係，煽動一些人增援軍事暴亂武器，動打砸搶部戰士，襲擊、圍攻軍人，阻礙戒嚴部隊的行動，蓄意製造事端，擴大動亂。極少數人的這種嚴重的違法行為，引起了廣大人民羣衆和部隊官兵的極大憤慨，已經到了忍無可忍的地步。

我們鄭重宣告，任何人不得以任何借口非法調動軍車，阻攔、圍攻解放軍，妨礙戒嚴部隊執行勤務，軍隊行動時間、方式，嚴格屬軍務，任何人不得干預。我們堅決執行戒嚴令和北京市政府一、二、三號令，如果有人不聽勸告，一意孤行，以身試法，戒嚴部隊有權採取一切手段，堅決予以還擊。一切後果由組織者、煽動者負責。希望北京市的廣大人民羣衆嚴守戒嚴令的規定，支持軍隊制止動亂，維護首都社會秩序的神聖使命，得到了各級政府和廣大人民羣衆的支持。但是，近日來，極少數人製造謠言，惡意煽化，攻擊戒嚴部隊，用極其惡劣的手段，挑撥人民羣衆和戒嚴部隊之間的關係，煽動一些人增援軍事暴亂武器，動打砸搶部戰士，襲擊、圍攻軍人，阻礙戒嚴部隊的行動，蓄意製造事端，擴大動亂。極少數人的這種嚴重的違法行為，引起了廣大人民羣衆和部隊官兵的極大憤慨，已經到了忍無可忍的地步。

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## 歷史將永遠記住這一天

## 市民目睹慘狀嚎啕痛哭

## 數十醫院開放救死扶傷

### 市民滿腹疑問：究竟誰是人民的罪人

【本報北京四日晚第三時半電話】戒嚴部隊今天凌晨向手無寸鐵的北京市民開槍，殺害大量平民的消息，全市目前有五十八家醫院開放，搶救受傷的市民。

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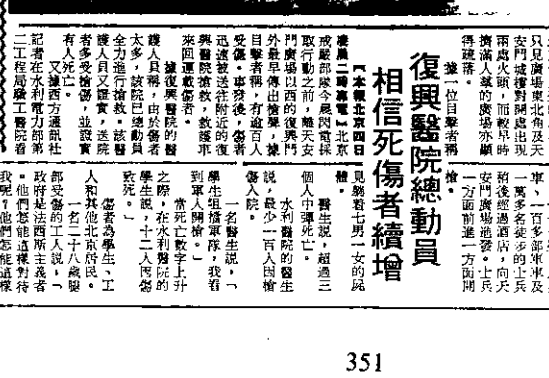

## 戒嚴部隊指揮部通告

### 聲言強行處置肇事者

### 採取一切手段排除任何阻擋

【新華社北京三日電】北京市人民政府、戒嚴部隊指揮部緊急通告

當前北京的事態發展已十分嚴峻，極少數人製造謠言，惡意煽化，攻擊戒嚴部隊，用極其惡劣的手段，挑撥人民軍隊和戒嚴部隊之間的關係，煽動一些人增援軍事暴亂武器，動打砸搶部戰士，襲擊、圍攻軍人，阻礙戒嚴部隊的行動，蓄意製造事端，擴大動亂。極少數人的這種嚴重的違法行為，引起了廣大人民羣衆和部隊官兵的極大憤慨，已經到了忍無可忍的地步。

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六月三日凌晨，部分解放軍戒嚴部隊奉命入城，保衛重要目標。由於極少數人造謠煽惑，挑動一些不明真相的人在市內多處路口設置障礙，使部分入城部隊受阻，解放軍戰士保持了極大的克制，在混亂中，一些暴徒，流氓，地痞，打砸搶分子乘機擴大事態，他們公然毆打、傷害、搶劫解放軍戰士，不但打傷一些戰士，毀壞一些軍車，甚至

至發展到非法扣留軍車，搶劫軍用物資，武器，嚴重破壞了交通運輸。這種公然違反戒嚴令的無法無天行徑，引起了廣大市民的憤慨，強烈要求有力地制止這些暴亂分子的猖獗活動，恢復社會秩序，保障人民生命財產安全。

為了維護首都的社會秩序，保障廣大市民的安全，北京市人民政府、戒嚴部隊指揮部決不能置之不理。為此，全體市民嚴肅地告警：凡是在北京市內參與暴亂，煽惑、製造事端，破壞社會秩序的人，必須立即停止一切違法犯罪活動，對於已經犯罪的人，只要悔過自新，坦白交代，仍可從寬處理；對於堅持犯罪活動，拒不投案自首，繼續進行破壞活動的人，一經查出，必將嚴懲不貸。

北京市人民政府

戒嚴部隊指揮部

一九八九年六月三日

【新華社北京三日電】北京市人民政府、戒嚴部隊指揮部通告：

一、解放軍奉命到北京執行戒嚴任務，是為了制止動亂，維護首都安定，恢復正常秩序，完全是保護人民羣衆利益，決不是針對廣大羣衆和學生的。廣大市民對此已經越來越理解，許多界人士和羣衆積極支持解放軍部隊執行戒嚴任務。

二、在通過關係到國家和民族前途命運的嚴重政治鬥爭中，解放軍部隊一定要按計劃執行戒嚴任務，任何人不得阻擾。如遇阻擾，戒嚴部隊將採取多種自衛措施和一切手段予以排除。

三、全市人民要顧全大局，堅守崗位，遵守戒嚴令的規定，支持軍隊制止動亂，維護首都安定，恢復正常秩序，堅決不要圍觀，不要傳播謠言。

四、對於打、砸、搶、燒、破壞治安等一切違法犯罪活動，對於拒不投案自首，繼續進行破壞活動的人，一經查出，必將嚴懲不貸。

## 警察進入北京飯店 沒收記者菲林影帶

【本報北京三日晚電】北京市公安局的警察今晚分收繳所有拍照人士（尤其是外國人）港澳同胞）的菲林和錄影帶。據各警察指揮在北京飯店內的美國和香港記者的菲林及錄影帶沒收，整度攪擾，他們守在飯店門口，進來的人只要有相機，他們就强迫你交出菲林，企圖將軍隊進行鎮壓的事實封鎖。當晚他們繼續理時，他們就繼續

## 坦克車裝甲車開路 外電稱運兵車溜百

### 受傷工人憤怒譴責血腥鎮壓暴行

【本報北京四日晚第三時半電話】中國人民解放軍戒嚴部隊今晨以鐵腕手段和猛烈的火力，戰勝手無寸鐵的學生和羣衆，造成了天安門廣場，把人民從逆人民廣場上驅趕出去。

在北京時間二時開始，天安門廣場傳來槍聲並夾雜着火藥味，二時半之後，槍聲越來越頻密，甚至有機關槍聲。同一時間，數以萬計的羣衆從天安門撤退，向東面逃跑。

在廣場外，平均兩分鐘有一輛救護車開入天安門廣場。

今晨三時十五分，天安門廣場傳來兩密集槍聲，估計發射了百多發子彈，不久之後，北京飯店附近就發現有中流彈受傷的市民，最少有十多人。

到凌晨三時二十分，長安街上情況混亂，戒嚴部隊在控制天安門廣場後，士兵分別從東、西方向前進，擴大封鎖線，原先聚集在長安街上的數以萬計羣衆隨着撤退。

【本報北京四日晚第三時半電話】戒嚴部隊今天凌晨向手無寸鐵的北京市民開槍，殺害大量平民的消息，全市目前有五十八家醫院開放，搶救受傷的市民。

則新聞，稱在解放軍天安門廣場以西的復興門大街上，有多人血洗於面，受傷逃起。

至今不知生死下落。

在長安街沿線，被士兵追打的市民大







## 復興醫院總動員 相信死傷者續增

【本報北京四日晚電】北京復興二醫院電話，見躺着七男二女的屍體。醫生說，超過三個人中彈死亡。

水利醫院的醫生說，最少一百人因槍傷入院。

一名醫生說：「我看到軍人開槍。」

常死亡數字上升之際，在水利醫院的學生說，十二人丙傷死亡。」

傷者為學生、工人和其他北京市民。有一名二十八歲婦女說：「我剛從完最後一口飯，我們都在今夜死亡。」

軍隊步進廣場時，不斷開槍。他們首先向示威者頭頂射擊，但將後踏前步向手無寸鐵人民開火。

在人民英雄紀念碑附近，一些工人企圖向前進的士兵投擲汽油彈，但學生保護不要用暴力。

在廣場邊緣，有兩架裝甲運兵車着火焚燬。而在廣場北側的軍隊城內也傳出槍聲。

【新華社北京三日電】北京市人民政府、戒嚴部隊指揮部通告

當前北京的事態發展已十分嚴峻，極少數人製造謠言，惡意煽化，攻擊戒嚴部隊，用極其惡劣的手段，挑撥人民軍隊和戒嚴部隊之間的關係，煽動一些人增援軍事暴亂武器，動打砸搶部戰士，襲擊、圍攻軍人，阻礙戒嚴部隊的行動，蓄意製造事端，擴大動亂。極少數人的這種嚴重的違法行為，引起了廣大人民羣衆和部隊官兵的極大憤慨，已經到了忍無可忍的地步。

我們鄭重宣告，任何人不得以任何借口非法調動軍車，阻攔、圍攻解放軍，妨礙戒嚴部隊執行勤務，軍隊行動時間、方式，嚴格屬軍務，任何人不得干預。我們堅決執行戒嚴令和北京市政府一、二、三號令，如果有人不聽勸告，一意孤行，以身試法，戒嚴部隊有權採取一切手段，堅決予以還擊。一切後果由組織者、煽動者負責。希望北京市的廣大人民羣衆嚴

## 京電報大樓 掛牌停辦公

【本報北京三日電】北京電報大樓門外今日下午掛上「暫停辦公」的牌子。

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

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建國四十周年 京華竟現大慘劇

# 壩廣門安天進强射掃槍亂警軍
# 街安長里十染血衆民百數都首

## 五千學生市民聚紀念碑
## 冀與軍方談判安全撤退
### 昨晚至今晨至少卅五人死二百多人傷

【本報北京四日凌晨四時廿分電】解放四十年來，中國軍隊昨晚十時起第一次在首都用槍射殺羣衆。至截稿時爲止，已知有至少三十五人死亡，逾二百人受傷。市內五十多家醫院全部開放救傷。

數以萬計的全副武裝的軍人昨晚從多路向天安門廣場推進，沿途開槍，並用催淚彈向在西長安街、複興門外等處設置的市民路障進攻，遭到市民的頑强抵抗。雙方在街頭展開了激烈的巷戰，情況非常混亂。天安門廣場上，大批市民四散逃走，但約五千名學生及市民則組織起來，用汽車、公共汽車、卡車和三名軍人逃出，被市民圍毆致傷後，拾到紀念碑，及後，學生決定堅守廣場，以手持木棍、鐵棒，決心死守紀念碑一帶。此外，廣場還有一輛軍用裝甲車失控後倒後，以軍方談判，以便使學生能夠平安撤退避免傷亡。在學生一再向軍方呼籲，要求談判，雙方進行談判之後，裝甲車依然橫衝直衝，已有七人被壓死，凌晨四時廿五分，當局突然全部撤城，並傳出幾十下槍聲，學生一直在播放的全國廣播歌已然停聽。

凌晨三時十五分，在天安門廣場的學人突然向北京飯店方向轉射了百餘發實彈，圍聚在飯店前的人羣中當場有人中彈倒地，救送出醫院。在北京飯店門前，軍警亦已開始動作，強行拆掉在飯店出入的中外記者的非林。消息稱，稍後還可能有軍警到記者房間搜查。

凌晨二時四十五分，中央電視台突然播出一段戒嚴部隊的通告，警告市民必須留在家中，否則無法保證自己的安全，如有不聽勸告者，後果必須自負。

另方面，由天安門廣場上官方的喇叭也宣布這是一場反革命暴亂，必須堅決打擊。與此同時，大批救護車及軍警已在三輛路、帶戒備。大批軍車及軍車增援去路，軍人更向大學生發射橡皮子彈，並向天場警告，令學生無法前行。

凌晨一時，曾有說，號稱裝出，至一時半，天安門廣場的喇叭機車已停在廣場，待命，人們把心，這是有關方面不惜流血打算强行清場後用的

在大學林立的海淀區，大批軍人更向大學生發射橡皮子彈，並向天場警告，令學生無法前行。

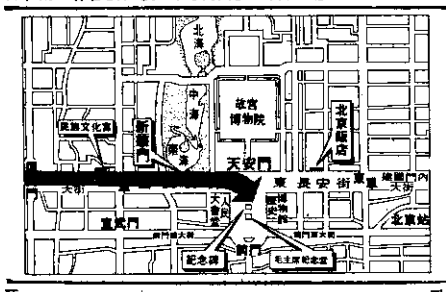
### 施放瓦斯 北京軍警於三日下午第一次使用催淚瓦斯，圖為戒嚴軍車的部份市民。（中新社北京傳真）

## 軍警昨午放催淚彈 揮舞長棍毆驅市民受傷
### 下午三處衝突中約近百市民

【本報記者國北京三日電】北京公安警察、武裝警察和戒嚴部隊今日下午在新華門、西單前次動用催淚瓦斯、膠質子彈、警棍、長棍毆擊學生、工人和市民，造成不完全統計，近百名市民在中間的組織中受傷。事發於今午北京時間二點十分，當時，已有兩架大型運送戒嚴軍用物資的旅遊大巴在西長安街六部口（近新華門約七百公尺）被學生及市民攔截，車上還有大批機關槍、衝鋒槍、剎刀、六七式步槍手槍彈、槍榴彈、子彈、小型裸炮機、防彈面具、鋼盔等裝備，數千市民正圍觀這些武器，另一方面，也有近千市民正圍觀在新華門前，觀看學生在那裏驅逐的軍用物資。

【本報記者國北京三日電】今午在大會堂西側也發生了零星的衝突事件，最少有五、六名軍裝先後被打死。

突然，六部口警起喊叫，警告周圍的人羣迅速離開，前衛兵已手持警棍，衝入群中，就行動而言，士兵已亮出防暴刀的步槍，新華門前衛兵已手持警棍，衝入群中，就行動而言，士兵已亮出防暴刀的步槍，新華門前衛兵已手持警棍，衝入群中，就行動而言，士兵已動用槍托、皮帶，警棍毆打市民致血流滿面，此外還




## 不顧人命清除路障
## 兩裝甲車瘋狂衝撞
### 運兵車亦擅翻一人輾斃

【本報記者國北京四日電】今日凌晨四日凌晨三時十五分，兩輛裝甲車在西長安街一帶橫衝直撞，不顧人命清除路障，其中一輛由西向東駛來，在木樨地一帶，將一名學生輾斃，另一輛裝甲車則駛向天安門廣場。

目擊者說，兩輛裝甲車由北京市政府開出天安門廣場時，企圖清除路障，其中一輛裝甲車駛過路口，不顧一切橫衝直撞，將一名學生輾斃，另一輛裝甲車則駛向天安門廣場。

### 死者 圖為一幕北京市民在一名男子的屍體旁邊高喊抗暴政府的暴行。（美聯社傳真）

## 請懸崖勒馬
### 李子誦

北京人民都說不可，港澳同胞，台灣同胞都說不可，全球炎黃子孫都說不可，政府當局也口口聲聲說，成嚴部隊只是維持，然而，昨天事前，成嚴部隊真人穿着便服，却突然進城，造成天安門廣場一時血跡街頭。事發於今午北京時間二點十分，當時，已有兩架大型運送戒嚴軍用物資的旅遊大巴在西長安街六部口（近新華門約七百公尺）被學生及市民攔截，車上還有大批機關槍、衝鋒槍、剎刀、六七式步槍手槍彈、槍榴彈、子彈、小型裸炮機、防彈面具、鋼盔等裝備，數千市民正圍觀這些武器，另一方面，也有近千市民正圍觀在新華門前，觀看學生在那裏驅逐的軍用物資。

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武力鎮壓學生運動，全面實施戒嚴，北京人民都說不可，港澳同胞，台灣同胞都說不可，全球炎黃子孫都說不可，政府當局也口口聲聲說，成嚴部隊只是維持，然而，昨天事前，首都戒嚴部隊真人穿着便服，却突然進城，造成天安門廣場一時血跡街頭。

事發於今午北京時間二點十分，當時，已有兩架大型運送戒嚴軍用物資的旅遊大巴在西長安街六部口（近新華門約七百公尺）被學生及市民攔截，車上還有大批機關槍、衝鋒槍、剎刀、六七式步槍手槍彈、槍榴彈、子彈、小型裸炮機、防彈面具、鋼盔等裝備，數千市民正圍觀這些武器，另一方面，也有近千市民正圍觀在新華門前，觀看學生在那裏驅逐的軍用物資。

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一、全球炎黃子孫都說不可，並取消戒嚴，撤退駐城軍隊；

二、立即對天安門學生切實保證，絕不秋後算帳，並撤換李鵬；

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## 昨前往北京郊區 秦基偉看望官兵
### 轉達鄧小平楊尚昆問候

【中新社北京三日電】中共中央政治局委員、國務委員兼國防部長秦基偉上將，今天上午去北京郊區看望戒嚴部隊官兵。秦基偉帶去鄧小平、楊尚昆對部隊的問候。他希望部隊堅持光榮傳統，協同公安幹部武警部隊做好戒嚴工作，為軍隊爭光，為穩定局勢再立新功。

隨秦同行的還有副總參謀長徐信上將。

## 五千學生市民聚紀念碑
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數以萬計的全副武裝的軍人昨晚從多路向天安門廣場推進，沿途開槍，並用催淚彈向在西長安街、複興門外等處設置的市民路障進攻，遭到市民的頑强抵抗。雙方在街頭展開了激烈的巷戰，情況非常混亂。天安門廣場上，大批市民四散逃走，但約五千名學生及市民則組織起來，用汽車、公共汽車、卡車和三名軍人逃出，被市民圍毆致傷後，拾到紀念碑，及後，學生決定堅守廣場，以手持木棍、鐵棒，決心死守紀念碑一帶。此外，廣場還有一輛軍用裝甲車失控後倒後，以軍方談判，以便使學生能夠平安撤退避免傷亡。在學生一再向軍方呼籲，要求談判，雙方進行談判之後，裝甲車依然橫衝直衝，已有七人被壓死，凌晨四時廿五分，當局突然全部撤城，並傳出幾十下槍聲，學生一直在播放的全國廣播歌已然停聽。

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## 軍警昨午放催淚彈 揮舞長棍毆驅市民受傷
### 下午三處衝突中約近百市民

【本報記者國北京三日電】北京公安警察、武裝警察和戒嚴部隊今日下午在新華門、西單前次動用催淚瓦斯、膠質子彈、警棍、長棍毆擊學生、工人和市民，造成不完全統計，近百名市民在中間的組織中受傷。事發於今午北京時間二點十分，當時，已有兩架大型運送戒嚴軍用物資的旅遊大巴在西長安街六部口（近新華門約七百公尺）被學生及市民攔截，車上還有大批機關槍、衝鋒槍、剎刀、六七式步槍手槍彈、槍榴彈、子彈、小型裸炮機、防彈面具、鋼盔等裝備，數千市民正圍觀這些武器，另一方面，也有近千市民正圍觀在新華門前，觀看學生在那裏驅逐的軍用物資。

突然，六部口警起喊叫，警告周圍的人羣迅速離開，前衛兵已手持警棍，衝入群中，就行動而言，士兵已動用槍托、皮帶，警棍毆打市民致血流滿面，此外還有近百市民受傷。

## 當局決定强硬行動 下達命令不顧傷亡
### 原擬昨晨清場隨後作慶祝遊行

【本報訊】北京消息，三日凌晨二時許，終於在天安門附近出現的萬餘軍人，而行動前局部已開始。六人傷亡。有人遇難，當局的打算是昨日凌晨三時全部完成對天安門廣場的包圍，隨即强行清場，三時許，已清理出天安門廣場，就立即召開由北京市政府組成的慶祝大會，慶祝人民手中。

在此之後兩、三日，當局將舉行大規模的慶祝遊行，但此次遊行的組織者，不准學生參與，而在三日凌晨六北京隊伍前列，則有關當局人士，因此，三日凌晨六北京隊伍前列，則有關當局人士，因此，三日凌晨六北京隊伍前列，則有關當局人士，因此，

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# 今晨四時半消息

# 學生願撤出 軍隊不聞問

## 裝甲車橫行・火海處處・傷亡枕藉

# 重兵源源來 廣場成鬼域

## 群衆築血肉長城堵截 至少卅五人死三百傷

### 共軍控制廣場・群衆退至長安街

今晨四時四十五分，二百多輛裝甲車及軍用卡車開入天安門廣場，最後內衛便衣部隊亦開抵，完全控制了廣場。

今晨四時四十五分，記者在北京飯店樓頂天安門廣場傳來四響槍聲。

（快報北京特訊）

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（快報北京特訊）

軍隊進場行一名學生夜晚目睹裝甲車輛駛過，由市民拍攝留影。（本報記者攝）

北京戒嚴部隊今晨四時開始行動，已全面控制天安門廣場。

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（本報北京特訊）

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# 百數傷死壓鎮血流
# 今晨北京變成戰場

●上：在廣場中被實彈傷倒的青年。下：這是天安門廣場前一月大火的焦點。（CNN傳真）

## 軍隊向堵阻羣衆開火
## 今晨攻入天安門廣場

【本報訊】北京今晨電：據最後統計，約六百名解放軍一連向天安門前，由南向北推進抵達人民大會堂東門石階，聚集的羣衆則在軍隊兩側約二百公尺追隨，一些人向軍隊行列投擲石塊及玻璃樽。

廣場上學生開設出路障，表示為發現大規模屠殺而準備。廣場已完全改變面貌，數輛武力抵抗，呼籲學生向總指揮部交槍投降及武器，又說人民解放軍是人民的子弟兵，希望能小心處理今次事件。

兩此同時，廣場中央豎立着自由女神銅像的地方，出現火光，顯示有人放火燒毀這座用發泡膠及石膏造成的塑像。

目擊者說：坦克的解放軍除了不斷向天空開放威嚇彈外，未有使用其他形式的武力行動，他們抵達大會堂東門石階外便停下來，不再推進。

## 鳴槍開路・焚女神像
## 學生呼籲・交還武器

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## 軍械彈藥車
## 落於羣衆手

（本報綜合報道）北京昨午發動鎮壓後，大批裝備的軍隊開進市區，及以雷厲風行的手段，清場驅散他們行動的羣衆，據不完全的統計，最少有一百多名學生和羣衆受傷。

下午的衝突主要集中在三處地點，包括在距華生飯店的新華門附近，相對的人民大會堂西門外，與及軍委所在地附近。

由昨日凌晨開始的軍隊清場行動，至昨日凌晨四時許，已基本結束，據稱，軍隊在清場行動中，共有五名士兵受傷。

目擊者表示，軍隊在清場行動中，曾使用催淚彈及橡膠子彈，但未有使用實彈。

## 軍心有問題

（北京三日電）中國解放軍會於兩次衝突後改變行動及圍困入北京天安門的部隊心態及士氣，軍事分析家對於解放軍這次行動大胆的行動表示驚訝。

## 秦基偉出場

（北京三日電）中共中央政治局委員、國務院副總理兼國防部長秦基偉上將今天上午去北京西郊軍區機關參加軍委擴大會議，聽取和討論了軍委副主席楊尚昆關於當前政治風波的講話。

## 軍隊通告 暴力鎮壓預告！

（本報綜合報道）北京中央電視台今中午播出一項由解放軍發出的通告，警告市民勿再參加反動暴亂，否則將採取嚴厲措施。

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## 北京數小時不敷用

【本報訊】北京消息：在經過三日的鎮壓行動後，北京市今晨已基本恢復平靜，但仍有零星的槍聲。

## 長沙學生示威
## 南京亦有響應

（香港法新社三日電）湖北省武漢市的學生今天舉行示威，抗議北京的鎮壓行動。

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## 廣場喧囂有辱清聽
## 人大常委開會無期

（新華社北京六月三日電）全國人大常委會辦公廳新聞發言人今天就全國人大常委會第八次會議原定於六月二十日在北京舉行，經過進一步協商，決定延期舉行。

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## 清場行動
## 老鄧主意

（北京合衆電國際社）據國內某位中國高級機構流傳內部文件引述鄧小平講話稱：一切必須務求天安門廣場內靜坐學生，和平撤離。

## 廣場兩方官
## 聲把門學生

（中國通訊社北京六月三日電）據當局反覆廣播勸告北京各學生，盡快離開天安門廣場，以免發生流血事件。

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中國局勢繼續在發展·本報今日中午出號外

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# 中共血腥鎮壓羣衆 軍隊開槍死傷三千

## 廣場今晨情況慘烈 軍隊亂槍掃射 北京屍橫遍野 已知最少死四十六人

【本報專訊】解放軍於北京時間凌晨二時二十分衝入天安門廣場，向羣衆發射步槍和機槍以驅散仍留在廣場的學生及羣衆。結果在半小時內，將廣場上的學生及羣衆清場，完成所謂「清理天安門廣場」的任務。在今日凌晨二時，解放軍從北京西北向朝天安門推進，沿途向人羣開槍掃射，以致路經和圍北京火車站一帶的民衆傷亡慘重。

據北京時間凌晨零時二十分，第一輛運兵裝甲車駛上西面長安大街，隨後大批裝甲車、軍車及步兵亦從東面、西面開入廣場，並開始向廣場上的學生及羣衆開槍。

不過，軍方未料到的是，且時廣場上的學生及羣衆並未即時退出廣場，而是繼續向軍方投擲石塊及燃燒瓶，以阻止軍隊前進。

而在今日凌晨四時，解放軍已控制廣場，並將廣場上的學生及羣衆驅散。

據目擊者說，解放軍在驅散廣場羣衆時，曾向天空開槍，以恐嚇羣衆，但其後即向羣衆開槍，並以機槍掃射。

高速出西向東駛往天安門廣場，對沿途的羣衆開槍掃射，又不理會羣衆的用身體阻擋。

據目擊者說，解放軍在凌晨二時許開始向廣場推進時，已有不少羣衆在廣場中心一帶的紀念碑上聚集，準備在解放軍抵達時，以身體阻擋解放軍的推進。

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據北京市民說：「人民的軍隊已變成一支法西斯軍隊，用槍指向自己的人民。」

至北京時間凌晨二時半，復興醫院已有十二人死亡，另有六人傷危，連同協和醫院死兩人，三人，上述兩地共有大多的傷患。

此外，天安門廣場有三名學生當場中槍死亡（依前可證是國軍人以機關槍的暴行下屠殺）。

據消息說，向人民開槍的是北京軍區二野、三野、四野的學生代表。

據一些受傷的軍人說，他們會服從命令，但後退繼續。

## 本報緊急呼籲

我北京最新局勢對抗，本報現即向全港同業作出下列呼籲：北京政府應尊重新聞自由，保障所有駐京記者安全。

## 社評

# 民之所欲 民之所惡

大批軍隊最集在天安門廣場四周，軍警為了平息學生的運動，發射了數十枚催淚彈，當局部開始著手拆卸新聞，又不斷向人民發出警告，稱槍走拿起武器者，格殺勿論，如果局面進一步惡化，決非不能想像的之舉。

雖然，當局不願當用武力鎮壓的手段來解決問題，和平地解決問題，有人寄望於六月二日人民代表大會開會，可以通過國家的最高權力機關來解決，根據憲法，這本來是最合理合法的途徑。但如當局當真以決心實行憲法來解決問題，人大常務委員會應該要求決定，在人大開會期間，人大常務委員會的最高權力機關，既可以聽取國務院和中央軍事委員會的工作報告，又可以通過安排協商，和全國性團體的負責人，舉行座談會，交換意見，然而中共領導人一切大事都是先在會中討論，最後通過，而不是在會中討論，最後決定，如果最高當局決定有此舉行，即使有人大代表認為大多數的同意，人大會議根本不會舉行，即使舉行了，在軍隊與羣衆的重重包圍之下，又怎能真正表達人大代表的意志，反映人民的意願？

人大能夠根據自己的良知，良心而作出合理、合法的決定嗎？

當局的有關機關，相信在北京最高當局能不能運用中國三千多年來的政治智慧，解開這個困局，中華民族有史多的民族，所以至今仍能維繫不墜，是中華世界自身具有一套解決問題的智慧，當局處理事態的智慧，實在是要緊的。

孟子說：「得其心，斯得民矣；得其民，斯得天下矣。得其心有道：所欲，與之聚之；所惡，勿施爾也。」要統治整個國家（當時的天下），道理很簡單，人民所要的，給他們；他們所反對的，不要施行。

在今日國事艱難的緊急關頭，提出二三十年前古人的話來討論，似乎迂腐而不切實際，但歷史只是人類生活的理論，以及人類生活的理論，是歷史的理論，今日仍是天下治亂的理論，不但行樂燒分子，殺人、放火、搶劫、強姦、販毒、走私、賭博、嫖妓、拐騙、偷竊和武裝暴動

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## 今日新聞提要

一、中國國民黨二中全會開幕，李主席致詞，利第一版，全文刊第三版。其他二中全會新聞刊第三版。

二、共軍開入天安門，刊第一版，圖片專輯刊第十三版。

三、中共指趙紫陽與自由浪學人串連，刊第二版。

四、跑馬地馬會有「黑色大靜坐」，抗議中共血腥殘暴，刊第十六版。

# 中國只有一個一統必且而個

## 誓爲大陸同胞爭民主後盾

### 李主席在國民黨二中全會開幕禮指出會議兴影響深遠

### 蕭昌樂認爲大陸民主運動持續發展足以沖垮中共政權

【本報台北着方電三日電】陳雲海內外關目的中國國民黨第十三屆中央委員會第二次全體會議，中央評議委員第二次會議，今天上午在台北陽明山中山樓舉行隆重的開會典禮。

李主席登臨主席臺時，全體出列席黨員起立致熱烈歡迎。李主席致詞時，數度為掌聲所打斷。

李主席今天身着深色西服，神采奕奕。全場時數度為李主席熱烈掌聲。

他首先指出，這次會議的召開，必將產生深遠的影響。

「中國只有一個，而且必將統一；中華民國外交政策的最終目的，在謀國家主權的完整。」李主席開項嚴正的宣告，已更明確地告訴世人。

然而，李主席也指出，一對於當前我們一致對外法在大陸有效行使治權的現況，我們應該有面對的勇氣，唯有如此，我們才能因時制宜，因地制宜，提出務實的方案，以創機造勢，展佈新局，達成理想中的最後目的。」

李主席堅信，「經由我們不懈的努力，國際間終將了解，中華民國在復興基地臺灣的意義與影響，許多國家亦將逐漸調整，唯有調整其短視的「中國政策」，才是互蒙互利，促進國際長久和平的有效作法。」

最近，大陸民間要求民主自由的呼聲已形成一股澎湃的怒潮，席捲了大陸各地。李主席強調，「這是我們基步開放的大陸政策所能預見的必然結果」。

然而，他指出，面對大陸同胞的普遍期盼，中共政權又一次選下了「僵和」、「開放」，赤燄燄地露出共產專政猙獰的面目與暴力的本質。

鑑於中共政權一再又一次的血腥暴行，任何一個有良知、有血性的人，都應該放棄其對中共政權的最後一絲期望，而與中國的大多數同胞一樣，堅決反對。

李主席最後說，「全文另有聲明」結束後，並當即宣讀全體出列席黨員宣讀遵守紀律，正式展開這項承先啓後的歷史性會議。

【台北三日中央社電】「大陸爭民主運動的持續發展，將足以沖垮中共政權！」中國國民黨大陸工作會主任蕭昌樂今天在中央評議委員會第二次全體會議中說。

蕭昌樂在中國國民黨十三屆二中全會的第三次大會上，提出大陸工作日趨報告。

他表示，中共領導一部小平、一個趙紫陽的爭民主運動，聯同海內外有志之士，以實際行動，要求中共實行「四項」——反專制、反獨裁、反貧困、反鎮壓，「四反」——開放黨禁、開放報禁、開放民選，開放私有的門爭，組使中共實行政治革新，放棄「四項堅持」，從而選上大陸同胞向民主、均富、統一的新中國邁進。「蕭昌樂分析報告大陸情勢的關鍵，利第二版）

中國國民黨第十三屆二中全會昨在陽明山中山樓揭幕。（中央社傳眞）

# 從晨到午衝突不斷
# 共軍對民衆施鞭棒
## 市民還以石塊木頭脫鞋擲擲

【本報綜合報導】駐於天安門的第三次戒嚴任務的部隊內一些士兵，昨天凌晨在東城前門一帶再次與市民發生衝突。

據目擊者說，昨天凌晨三時許，一輛載滿士兵的軍車，駛近前門一帶時，被市民發現，車上士兵被迫下車，並被市民毆打。

【本報華盛頓三日法新社電】美國參議員克萊本人今天表示，他對中共軍隊鎮壓北京天安門學生表示憤慨，並譴責中共使用武力對付民運學生的做法。

他說，中共決定向人民用武實屬不幸。

# 貝克評中共動武
# 認係人民不幸事

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# 我在敵後佈建組織
## 遍及各省市各階層

【台北三日中央社電】執政黨中央大陸工作會主任委員蕭昌樂今天透露，執政黨黨部在大陸所佈建的組織，隨着工作環境情勢的變化，組織基礎不斷的從多發展，今天基個組織已能滿遍及陸多省市及縣市地區。

他說，組織成員包括青年學生、文教人士、工農軍警和中共幹部等各階層人士在內。

蕭昌樂雖然沒有明指上述組織的詳情，但他表示，我敵後同志為了達行組織所交付的任務，無所畏懼不怕面對敵人，進行艱苦鬥爭，其中創造了許多可歌可泣的事蹟，甚至奉獻了寶貴的生命。

蕭昌樂今天在執政黨第十三屆二中全會，提出「眼與實面的大陸工作報告」。

# 北平各高校大小字報
## 主張請國民黨回大陸

### 張列表達反共思想不滿獨裁專制

【本報華盛頓三日電】中共學校裏的好多大小字報，張列表達了反共思想，包括主張「請國民黨回大陸」。

一篇文章透露，北平大學校園的好多大小字報，張列表達了反共思想，包括主張「請國民黨回大陸」。

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# 共軍開殺戒 攻佔廣場
## 羣衆力阻 二百多死傷

### 坦克裝甲車開路 不斷放鎗射催淚彈

【本報華盛頓三日電】今晨大批共軍攻佔天安門廣場之前，開槍及發射催淚彈，驅散和平請願的學生及市民，雙方展開正面衝突，已造成二百多人死傷。

今日凌晨，記者從「北京飯店」高處看見有三部坦克車衝過東長安街路口。

槍聲大作，天安門廣場內民衆，在北平時間一時多，由西向東逃竄。

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三部逐入天安門廣場的坦克車，發現有二十八人被輾死。

一名親睹工人用一塊石頭擲向士兵後說：「工人站起來了，我們要保衛我們的城市和人民，免被法西斯分子迫害。」

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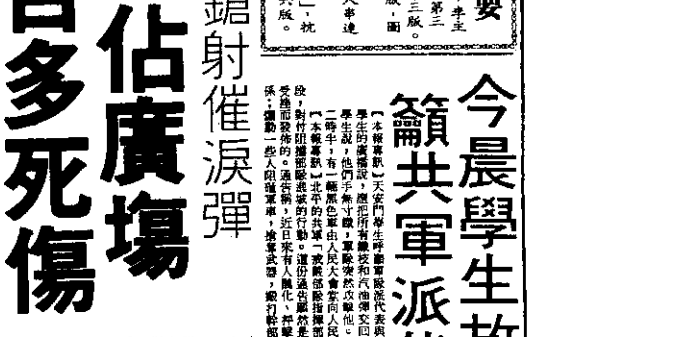

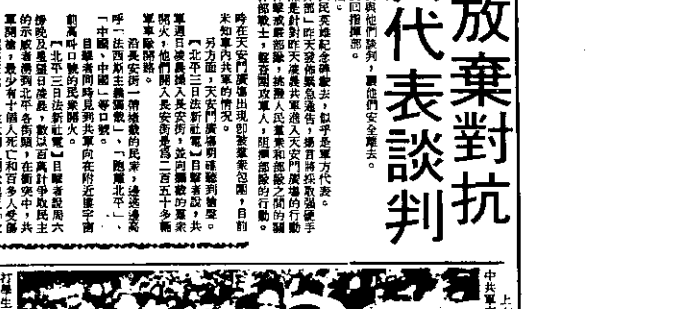

上、約五千名市民和學生，周末在北平被民衆組織了去路，一名少女首當其衝，慘被中共軍門「視慣」。下，在閱來清晨，中共軍在前往天安門廣場路，受到北平市民的攔阻，一些市民，甚至退役軍人，組織

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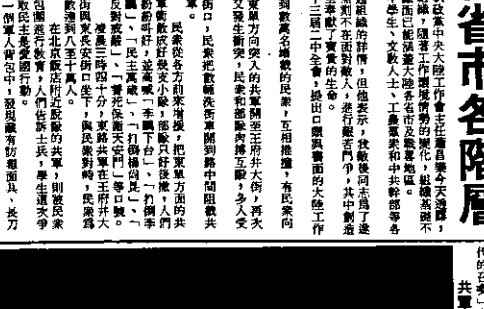
天安門廣場附近街道圖。

# 曾聲援民運恐遭過害
# 大公文匯新華社職員
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## 小啓

本報今日稿擠，版面有調動。「新華版」及「文滙天地」移列第十四版，第十三版全版刊登星島日報廣告，謹此對讀者諸君表示歉意。

6 AM EDITION

South China
# Sunday Morning Post

8-PAGE BEIJING SPECIAL

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● Angry protesters lynch soldiers

● 1,000 attack Great Hall of the People

● Army uses trucks to smash barricades

● Bush 'deeply deplores' attack

# BEIJING BLOODBATH: 57 KILLED BY TROOPS

AT least 57 people were bayonetted or shot to death and hundreds more wounded in Beijing early today as tens of thousands of soldiers smashed their way into Tiananmen Square to crush the student protest.

At dawn tanks rolled into the square crushing the students' flimsy tents and shooting pro-democracy demonstrators, witnesses said. Machine-gun fire raked the square.

Two Western reporters were wounded as the army cleared the square.

The attack capped seven hours of a bloody attack aimed at retaking the square from protesters who held it for more than three weeks in a bid for political reform.

Explosions could be heard in the distance.

Several soldiers were lynched by the crowds and left for dead on the roads leading to the square as hundreds of thousands of students and residents fought back fiercely.

"I have just had my last cigarette. Tonight we are going to die," said a crying worker huddled in the masses at the Monument to the People's Heroes as red flares soared overhead and gunfire resounded around the square.

Witnesses said most of the dead were students. The troops, in full battle gear and armed with rifles, marched a line abreast down Changan Avenue, Beijing's main artery, shortly before midnight, firing volleys at regular intervals to open the way for columns of trucks.

The troops walked into the square, firing as they moved, at first firing over the heads of protesters but later lowering their aim.

Some workers around the square tried to hurl petrol bombs at the advancing soldiers, but students urged nonviolence.

Tens of thousands of students and workers crouched between the monument and the makeshift Statue of Liberty erected by the students five days ago.

Two armoured personnel carriers burned brightly on the edge of the square.

It was the first time troops had opened fire on demonstrators in seven weeks of pro-democracy unrest.

A Beijing government spokesman said more than 1,000 people rushed to a construction site to seize steel bars and bricks, that some people attacked the government residence of Zhongnanhai near Tiananmen Square, and the Great Hall of the People, the official New China News Agency (NCNA) reported.

The military convoys converged on the square from four directions. Repeatedly they fired flares into the sky and teargas into the crowd.

The area immediately northwest of Tiananmen was littered with abandoned and burning military vehicles.

Five kilometres from the square, witnesses saw a light armoured vehicle plough at speed into the crowd to force its way through, leaving at least four injured.

The crowds fought back fiercely and witnesses said they saw soldiers lynched by the crowds and left for dead on the road.

Helmeted troops advanced behind construction vehicles which swept aside barricades of buses placed across the roads by demonstrators.

An armoured troop transport destroyed by the demonstrators was burning on the north side of the square near the portrait of Chairman Mao Tse-tung.

In some areas troops appeared to hold the upper hand, in others frenzied mobs attacked troops, and in still other sections near the square residents peacefully halted the flow of armoured trucks.

The first blood was shed in Fuxingmenwai, about four kilometres west of Tiananmen Square as large crowds confronted troops marching eastward at about 11 pm local time.

Scores of the wounded, mostly students, were rushed to nearby Fuxingmenwai Hospital. The hospital was hard pressed to attend to the wounded.

In a desperate voice, a nurse at the hospital, told Hongkong inquirers that "scores of people" had been admitted with "gunshot wounds". The condition of many of these people was critical, she said.

A male nurse, answering the call, also confirmed several deaths in the hospital, almost all from gunshot wounds. He said the hospital was liaising with other hospitals for assistance.

A doctor from the Fuxing Hospital in western Beijing, where troops began firing on street people, said the hospital had taken in 15 dead and so many wounded they had to be put in garages.

A second doctor from another hospital near the clashes said he had handled 12 dead. One soldier was run over by an armored personnel carrier rushing toward the square and a Swedish visitor, Tom Hansson, said he saw three people shot dead south of the square.

Five people were seen with blood pouring out of their mouths near the western entrance to the square.

Shortly before 1 am, two armoured trucks loaded with fully armed troops raced across Tiananmen at breakneck speeds, smashing through barriers and roadblocks. Human barriers gave way to the trucks as they bore down on them. The second truck fired tear gas canisters and flares that lit up the square.

Demonstrators ran for cover along Changan Avenue leading to the square, shouting "Fascist dogs", "Get out of Beijing" and "China, China" as they fled.

Witnesses also saw troops firing at windows where protesters were shouting defiant slogans. The soldiers advanced behind construction vehicles which swept aside barricades of buses placed in their path by protesters.

Eyewitness, CNN reporter, Tom Mintier, described the carnage: "A few minutes ago there was a large barrage of firing... there are not enough ambulances... buses are being used to take the wounded away... a part of the crowd in the square is still holding... but the crowd has dwindled considerably.

"I would say by about 75 per cent... everyone has moved for cover... they now realise that the army is moving forward and while the army are not advancing to take territory, they are trying to disperse the people from the streets and get them away from the square.

"It appears right now that the army has the situation on their side."

Troops reached the west side of the square by 2 am behind a barrage of gunfire and teargas.

An hour earlier another contingent of troops armed with rifles had advanced up the east side of the square.

By 3.30 am armed troops and riot police had completely surrounded Tiananmen, boxing off several thousand students and supporters concentrated around a monument to revolutionary heroes in the center. A half hour later, lights were turned out, and the square was cloaked in darkness.

"You have to give up all hope," students broadcast over their loudspeaker at the monument. "You have to give your life to the movement." Students sang the Internationale.

A 10 m high "Goddess of Democracy," a replica of the Statue of Liberty set up by students last week that the government called an insult to the nation, was still standing.

● Continued Page 2

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Massive local protest plan – Page 3

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Day of blood and wrath; –Page 23

Armed men warn HK reporters – Page 24

Reuter

☐ The bodies of protesters killed in last night's assault are placed in rows in a back room at a Beijing hospital.

Associated Press

☐ A student throws debris before an advancing tank in a vain attempt to halt its progress through Tiananmen Square.

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## WEATHER

RAIN

**Today will continue to be cloudy with some scattered showers. Maximum temperature will be around 27 degrees.**

# Bush says he deeply deplores decision to use force

WASHINGTON: President George Bush, apparently moved by reports of violence from China, said he "deeply deplored" the Beijing Government's decision to use force against student demonstrators.

In a formal statement issued by the White House early this morning Hongkong time, Mr Bush urged the Chinese Government to return to the use of non-violent means to deal with the student uprising that has rocked Beijing for the past seven weeks.

"It is clear the Chinese Government has chosen to use force against Chinese citizens who are making a peaceful statement in favour of democracy," the statement said. "I deeply deplore the decision to use force against peaceful demonstrators and the consequent loss of life.".

Chinese troops moved into Beijing's Tiananmen Square, focal point of the student demonstrations for democracy, late last night. Reports indicated at least 42 people were killed and scores wounded in the subsequent fighting.

"We have been urging and continue to urge non-violent restraint and dialogue," Mr Bush added. "Tragically another course has been chosen. Again, I urge a return to non-violent means for dealing with the current situation.

"The United States and the People's Republic of China over the past two decades have built up through great efforts by both sides a constructive relationship, beneficial to both countries," said mr Bush, who once served as US ambassador to China.

"I hope China will rapidly return to the path of political and economic reform and conditions of stability so that this relationship, so important to both our peoples, can continue its growth," Bush said.

A White House official said the president decided to issue the statement after receiving more reports on growing violence in the Chinese capital. Mr Bush had remained silent for most of yesterday, leaving it to Secretary of State James Baker to make the first formal comment on the troop movements in Beijing.

Speaking on CNN's *Newsmaker Saturday* program in Washington, Mr Baker noted the situation in China had turned "ugly and chaotic" and said the United States was urging Beijing to use restraint in responding to the student demonstrations.

"I think the Chinese Government knows the position of the United States Government," Mr Baker said. "You know, the army of China calls itself the 'Army of the People'. And we think it would be unfortunate, indeed, if the 'Army of the People' were used to suppress the people."

Although Mr Baker indicated the United States preferred not to meddle in China's internal affairs, he said: "I think the messages we have sent, however, have been received in the spirit in which they have been sent. We've not, in effect, been told to mind your own business."

Mr Baker also said the State Department had been in touch with the US Embassy in China, which reported the situation was "quite chaotic now".

"There is shooting going on. To some extent that shooting appears to be aimed up in the air, although we do have some preliminary reports of casualties."

He noted the United States had been unable to confirm any casualties.

Mr Baker said US embassy staff and other US nationals in the Chinese capital had been warned to stay away from Tiananmen Square. A State Department advisory urging Americans not to travel to China was still in effect, he added.

Mr Bush also was briefed in Kennebunkport on the developments in China by Deputy National Security Adviser Robert Gates.

The White House expressed caution about suggestions that arms sales to the Chinese Government be limited in response to the crackdown.

"I don't think we should sit here today ... within hours of the first really significant use of force (against a peaceful demonstration by the students) ... and try and hypothesise about what that will mean," Mr Baker said.

"I think we'll have to see what happens. We're not sure what course this will take, even now," the secretary said.

But on Capitol Hill, Senator Jesse Helms of North Carolina, the ranking Republican on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said he would attempt to end the sharing of US military and technology with China.

"I find little surprise that the Chinese communists are acting as communists always do," he said in a statement yesterday. "The violence in Beijing is deplorable and all of us have hoped and prayed that it would not happen. But it has happened.

"I will begin working with my colleagues to ensure that, as a first response against this brutality, all US military co-operation and sharing of technology with the communist government of China must be terminated immediately," Mr Helms said.

*United Press International*

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**Voices from the Third Reich** — 13


# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

June 4, 1989 Subscriber's copy/Not for sale


# Soldiers open fire on crowds

**From Cheung Po-ling and Tammy Tam in Beijing**

AT least 10 people were killed and hundreds were injured when troops opened fire on thousands of pro-democracy students in western Beijing late last night.

It was the first time troops have opened fire on demonstrators in seven weeks of student-led unrest which has brought the centre of the Chinese capital to a standstill.

Witnesses said several rounds of automatic gunfire were heard, causing panic among the crowds of demonstrators who fell back to the Fuxingmenwai district, about five kilometres to the west of Tiananamen Square.

Most of the victims were admitted to Fuxingmenwai hospital where teams of doctors carried out emergency surgery.

As news of the shootings swept the capital armoured cars began to move into the city centre.

Earlier in the day tens of thousands of demonstrators had gathered in the western districts to block military convoys which had began moving into the city early yesterday.

Observers said many of the troops appeared to be older and more experienced than the young recruits used in an unsuccessful attempt to clear the demonstrators early yesterday morning.

As news filtered out of the capital witnesses said many of the new troops could be seen carrying sub machine guns.

Sporadic gunfire and the wail of sirens were heard late last night and early in the morning several kilometres to the west of the square, witnesses said, and in Tiananmen itself students broadcast a report over their loudspeakers that one protester had been killed.

And earlier in the day, martial law enforcement troops and armed police, for the first time, yesterday used tear gas and plastic bullets against protesting students and Beijing residents. Violent confrontation between soldiers and crowds were witnessed in several places.

Around two o'clock in the afternoon, 800 riot policemen used tear gas on demonstrators around a bus full of military weapons in the Xidan area west to Tiananmen Square. The bus was captured by the masses in the pre-dawn actions to prevent troops from entering the city.

Trying to recapture the army weapons, the police charged the tens of thousands of demonstrators milling around the bus full of machine guns and AK-47's, some of which protestors had displayed on the roof of the vehicle to make an "exhibition of fascism", they said.

The authorities issued loudspeaker warnings that stealing army equipment was against the law. Then shortly after a broadcast saying "The PLA will never suppress the people," the riot police charged.

According to the eyewitnesses, the policemen who launched the attack came from the nearby headquarters of the government and Chinese Communist Party.

They said that the demonstrators had been rapidly forced to retreat by the police charge amid chaotic scenes. The riot police, armed with truncheons and knives, took back the weapons and left, heading the north, about 30 minutes later.

The area was quickly filled with tens of thousands of marching students and supporters, many with cloths over their mouths because of the stench of the tear gas.

The bus had been seized by pro-democracy protestors during the night while tens of thousands of soldiers attempted to march on central Tiananmen Square. The unarmed troops were pushed back by enormous crowds of Beijing residents.

It was learned that the tear gas was imported from Japan.

Early in afternoon, police also threw tear gas to the crowd in front of Xinhuamen, the main entrance to the party and state headquarters Zhongnanhai. Soldiers also used plastic bullets to disperse the crowd who had gathered there for more than a month.

"Our government imported foreign tear gas to suppress people? The police even beat women and children, how can a people's government issue such an order?" an angry citizen said.

Many children, with tears in their eyes because of the gas, were weeping while their parents and the mass rushed to the soldiers in front of Xinhuamen.

"You are the army of the people and you are fed by people, how could you beat people in this way," they kept shouting to the expressionless soldiers, some weeping quietly.

Outside Zhongnanhai,

Cont'd Page 5, Column 4

**A BLACK sit-in to protest the Chinese Government's bloody crackdown will be held at the Happy Valley racecourse this afternoon. The All Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Democratic Movement, the organiser of the sit-in, is expecting massive support for the sit-in which starts at 2 pm.**

**"We request people to wear dark clothes or white (the Chinese colour for mourning) at the sit-in to show their indignation over the suppression in Beijing'," said Mr Lau Chin-shek, a spokesman of the alliance.**

**A fast relay called the "Black Marathon Fast" will start at 8 pm in front of Xinhua immediately after the sit-in. The Alliance further appealed to all families, shops, schools, and offices to hang black protest banners and posters outside their premises from today.**

■ A woman demostrator is manhandled by PLA soldiers as thousands of protesters block almost 5,000 soldiers from entering Tiananmen Square yesterday.

# White Paper sounds alarm on growing dangers of pollution

A THIRD of Hongkong's population is exposed daily to killer fumes belched out by factories and motor vehicles, a Government White Paper shows.

The White Paper on pollution will be released tomorrow, World Environment Day.

Prepared by the Environmental Protection Department, it reports that up to two million people are exposed to unacceptable levels of sulphur and nitrogen dioxide daily.

And three million people are exposed to high levels of these pollutants, it says.

Dr Robert Keen, a principal lecturer in environmental studies at Hongkong Polytechnic, said last night air pollution was the most serious of all pollution.

"The beaches are seriously polluted, but people do not have to go to beaches. They cannot stop breathing," he said.

And on the eve of World Environment Day, the Governor, Sir David Wilson, appealed for co-operation and support of the community to help protect the environment.

The people who compiled the White Paper say the only effective way to cope is to impose more stringent controls on the use of fuel which generates the pollution.

Amendments to the Air Pollution control Ordinance will be neccessary, according to the paper.

In particular, amendment of the existing regulations to provide a ban on the use of industrial oil with a sulphur content greater than 0.5 percent by weight should receive priority and regulations should be ready by next year, it says.

The existing regulations only prohibit industries in Fanling, Sha Tin, Junk Bay, Port Shelter and Tai Po using fuels with a sulphur content of more than one percent.

The White Paper suggests heavy penalties for factory owners who fail to reduce emissions.

At present, those who fail to observe abatement notices face a fine of $5,000 if the pollutant affects health or the safety of aircraft and another $5,000 in other cases.

The owner is also liable to a further fine of $100 for every 15 minutes the nuisance continues.

The paper acknowledges the inadequacy of the control of dark smoke emission and suggests the limit be tightened in 1990.

With regard to motor vehicles, the Government intends to introduce the most stringent international emission standards in force.

The paper calls for the phasing out of leaded petrol and for new regulations to ensure more effective control of vehicle exhausts.

It also proposes the territory become an air control zone this fiscal year.

Dr Keen said the Government had admitted air pollution was serious, particularly in industrial areas such as Kwun Tong, Tsuen Wan and Kwai Chung.

Both sulphur dioxide and nitrogen dioxide were poisonous because they attacked people's chests, he said.

A former member of the Environmental Protection Advisory Committee, Dr Cheung Chi-piu, said nitrogen dioxide gas was deadly.

According to a monograph series published by the American Chemical Society, an inhalation of 100 parts per million of the gas was dangerous, even after a short exposure, he said.

An inhalation of 200 parts per million might be fatal, Dr Cheung said.

He said sulphur dioxide could dissolve in body fluids to form either sulphuric acid or sulphurous acid which destroy human cells.

Sir David said environmental protection was not simply something for the Government; it needed everybody to co-operate and that was where World Environment Day came in.

Continued Page 2, Col 8

# Mystery as refugee eight go to hospital

AT least eight refugees from the Whitehead Detention Centre were admitted to the Prince Of Wales Hospital yesterday with an unidentified fever.

According to casualty staff, adults and children were being treated for a mystery illness.

But refugee co-ordinator Mike Hanson denied there had been an outbreak of fever at the centre.

"There are always eight or nine in the sick bay with the usual complaints every day," he said.

A casualty department spokesman said at least eight patients arrived and were waiting to see the doctor.

A doctor said he had examined two children out of the group and was keeping one of them in hospital to see a specialist.

He said the children had been given a series of tests, chest X-rays and medication.

The doctor said he was unable to say what the illness was and whether or not it was infectious.

"I have asked the patient's mothers if we can give details of the illness and they have refused to give out the information," he said.

"I can't say if it's an infectious illness but I don't think it's contagious.

"At this stage we are taking precautions but I can't reveal confidential information on any of our patients."

He said he was unable to estimate how many refugees were in the waiting room but said, "we got a lot coming in".

A Correctional Services Department officer at the alerted the *Sunday Standard*.

As an ambulance drove past the entrance to the camp she pointed at the ambulance and, before a fellow-officer could silence her, said: "They have a fever. Some have been taken to hospital."

The centre's second-in-command, Mr G S Dillon, denied there was a fever

Cont'd Page 2, Column 1

# Talks urged on US troop pull-out from S Korea

THE debate over reducing United States military forces overseas has widened with a key member of the Senate Armed Services Committee urging the Bush administration to open talks with South Korea for a phased withdrawal of American soldiers.

Senator Carl Levin, who chairs the sub-committee on conventional forces and alliance defence, has also advocated negotiating with the Japanese to get them to assume costs of stationing US troops in their country and part of the cost of basing American forces in South Korea and the Philippines.

In Europe, Senator Levin added, the US should defer its contribution to building a US$877 million (about HK$6.84 billion) airbase in Crotone, Italy, for F-16 fighters of the 401st Tactical Wing until after the 6-12 month period President George Bush has set aside to reach a conventional arms control agreement with the Soviets.

"Our allies are on their feet, they are strong enough to do a lot more for mutual defence, and they are healthy enough to be competing with us economically," he said.

"We also have a somewhat less threatening Soviet Union.

"Those two changes in the world atmosphere should have an effect on our military deployments.

"The changes that we make have to be carefully managed. They've got to be cautious, they've got to be balanced, they've got to be mutual, but they've got to come."

He said he would introduce amendments to the Defence Authorisation Bill to encourage "burden sharing" negotiations in Asia and to place a moratorium on the base in Italy, partly because of the president's willingness to reduce forward defences in response to changes in Soviet military posture.

His proposals represent another sign this year of increasing dissatisfaction among Democrats and Republicans over rising US defence spending abroad, huge foreign trade deficits and mounting demands by some allies for more military aid in exchange for the right to base US forces in their territories.

Secretary of Defence Dick Cheney asked Republicans to help him fight moves to stop the base in Crotone.

He argued that a "premature" response to Soviet initiatives would undermine US bargaining at talks in Vienna.

General Louis Menetrey, commander of US Forces-Korea, has warned against cutting troops in South Korea, saying the threat of a North Korean attack "remains significant".

– Baltimore Sun

# Ivory trade in crisis over ban

**HONGKONG'S ivory industry faces immediate collapse and massive losses as Europe moves to ban ivory products.**

**An international outcry against the slaughter of elephants is pushing the trade to extinction.**

**In the wake of the expected European ban, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher is expected to outlaw the industry in Hongkong.**

**Traders in the industry which employs more than a thousand skilled carvers fear they will be left with stockpiles and nowhere to sell it.**

See Page 4.

# Chan beats world's best

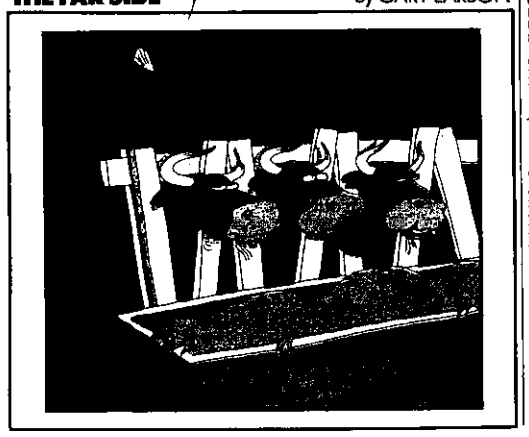
**HONGKONG table tennis champion Chan Tan-lui yesterday beat world champion Qiao Hong to take the women's title in the Japan Open.**

The 20-year-old Chinese born paddler collected US$10,000 in the biggest victory of her career.

**Chan, who had lost to Qiao in the team event on Friday, defeated the tournament's top seed 3-1.**

● Full report – back page

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON



# Call for calm on eve of historic Polish election

WARSAW: The government and Solidarity have both been trying to cool the heated pre-election atmosphere as Poland prepared for today's historic poll which will allow the opposition into parliament for the first time in 40 years.

Solidarity leader Lech Walesa called on his free trade union to be patient despite allegations that government agents had tried to interfere with the union's poster campaign.

"On both sides pre-election demagoguery is causing us too much disorder. The elections will end and we'll have to solve Poland's problems with the set-up which we get," Walesa said in an eve-of-poll television interview.

Polish leader General Wojciech Jaruzelski, in a broadcast on Friday evening to the country's 27 million voters, also criticised both government and opposition for excesses in their pre-election rhetoric.

He proposed that a "broad coalition" be created after the two-stage elections on June 4 and 18 to grapple with Poland's pressing problems, including a $39 billion foreign debt and inflation rising towards 100 per cent.

Solidarity and the government agreed after talks in April that the opposition would stand for 161 of the 460 seats in the Sejm (lower house), with the rest decided by internal contests in the ruling Communist Party.

All parties can compete for the 100 seats in the less powerful Senate (upper house). Solidarity election rallies were continuing up to the last minute on Saturday, but the government seemed to be relying on its domination of television and radio coverage.

An optimal result would give the government enough power in parliament to rule, and the opposition enough to vet its actions, he suggested.

The poll is the first of its kind in Eastern Europe since communist regimes took over the area after World War Two.

The unprecedented nature of the election has made it unclear when results will be known, but candidates expected early returns by Monday, with complete first round results possibly by Tuesday afternoon.

On the eve of the vote, many Poles were sceptical about whether it would change anything. A 25-year-old Warsaw Polytechnic student said: "I'm planning to vote for Solidarity. If there's even the smallest chance of diminishing the influence of those in power, then we should give it a try." But a 24-year-old lorry driver said he would not vote: "It'll make no difference who gets in. Once they get in they'll start travelling to the West and living it up. Faces change, but the situation doesn't improve.

● See Page 11

# Chemists to study drug test procedures

THE Royal Hongkong Jockey Club will fly two racing chemists to Cologne, West Germany, later this month to become accredited in testing for banned substances in athletes.

The trip is part of a feasibility study designed to address Hongkong's stand on drugs and sport.

The study is jointly organised by the Jockey Club, the Jubilee Sports Centre and the Amateur Sports Federation and Olympic Committee.

David Leung and Kenneth Yiu, assistant racing chemists at the Jockey Club's Sha Tin lab, will leave on June 17 for one week to learn testing procedures for athletes.

The Sha Tin lab is equipped to test for banned substances in horses.

"The chemists are going to Cologne to learn the procedures – not just to observe," said Howard Wells, chief executive of the JSC and one of the architects of the study.

"These chemists know what they're doing with horses and what they're going to do is come back and tell us about the problems with testing of athletes and tell us the kind of expertise we will require for testing," he added.

The study will run up to the 1990 Asian Games in September at which time a decision will be made on the avenue Hongkong should pursue.

Wells said Hongkong can pursue one of three options depending on the findings over the next year.

The territory may decide either to ignore testing, to test through other labs, or to set up a facility in Hongkong.

Discussions between the territory's sports authorities over the drug testing issue had preceded the Seoul Olympics, but took on an urgency following the Ben Johnson scandal.

Another factor which will influence the final decision about testing according to Wells is the new Sports Development Board.

● Testing time – Page 18

# Your World on Sunday

WITH the first Test between England and Australia about to get underway, former Daily Telegraph editor Bill Deedes argues that something more important than the Ashes is at stake this summer ... the saivaging of cricket's reputation as a "lovely game for civilised people."

And while on cricket, we have an interview with the outgoing president of the Marylebone Cricket Club (MCC) and former commander of the British Forces in Hongkong, Lord Bramall.

Our profile this week is Mel Gibson whose good looks and outstanding talent have combined to make him the hottest property in Hollywood.

Has the curse of Gnome finally hit home? Is Private Eye, the British satirical magazine which has become an institution, about to go under? Peter Hillmore reports.

On the arts, Vernon Ram previews the Spanish National Ballet which makes its debut in Hongkong on Tuesday.

Plus all our other regular features:

Winsome Lane's fashion, books, travel, motoring, food and wine plus diversions.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14840期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月 5 星期一 己巳年五月初二

北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 32℃ 最低 19℃

人民日报社出版


## 中共中央、国务院

# 告全体共产党员和全国人民书

全体共产党员、全国各族人民：

目前，首都北京形势严峻。一个多月来，极少数别有用心的人，蓄意制造动乱。从6月3日凌晨起，这种动乱已经发展成为一场骇人听闻的反革命暴乱。

极少数暴乱分子煽动一些不明真相的人，制造了种种暴行。他们拦截戒严部队进驻市区和天安门广场执行戒严任务；破坏、焚烧军车和公用车100余辆；辱骂、殴打和绑架干部战士和武警官兵、公安干警；抢夺枪支弹药和其他军用设备，冲击中南海、人民大会堂、中央广播电视大楼，公安机关等首脑要害部门，抢劫商店和烧毁警察岗楼。他们还惨无人道地杀害几十名解放军战士和武警战士，甚至把被他们残害的战士尸体悬挂于立交桥栏杆上。他们进行暴乱的目的，就是要否定党的领导，否定社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国。他们公然喊出“拿起武器，推翻政府”的口号，公然叫嚣“要杀死四千七百万共产党党徒”。这次反革命暴乱的策划者和组织者，主要是极少数长期顽固坚持资产阶级自由化立场、敌视治明谋的人，同海外、国外敌对势力相勾结的人。向非法组织提供党和国家核心机密的人。出面制造打、砸、抢、烧等种种暴行的，主要是一些没有改造好的刑满释放分子，一些政治性的流氓团伙，四人帮的残渣余孽和其他社会渣滓。总之，他们是一伙对共产党和社会主义制度有刻骨仇恨的反动分子。众所周知，一个多月来，政府对极少数人蒙蔽群众制造的动乱一再采取忍让、克制的态度。但是极少数人以为政府软弱可欺，变本加厉进行活动，终于发动了反革命暴乱。

面对这种严重局面，中国人民解放军戒严部队在忍无可忍的情况下，采取果断的措施，坚决平息这场暴乱。为避免误伤好人，从3日下午开始一再发出紧急通告，劝说广大学生和市民不要妨碍戒严部队执行任务。在平息过程中，戒严部队又尽了最大努力避免流血。但是极少数暴徒蓄若阴谋，对戒严部队发动疯狂袭击，在这种情况下，发生了一些伤亡，其中多数是解放军和武警战士。这是我们很不愿意看到的。但是，不这样做，暴乱就不能平息，那就要发生更多更大的流血事件。几千万先烈用生命换来的人民共和国就可能被颠覆，社会主义建设和10年改革的成果就可能毁于一旦，全国就可能笼罩在一片白色恐怖之中。因此，果断地平息这场暴乱，完全是正义的行动，是符合首都人民和全国人民的愿望和根本利益的。

依靠人民解放军戒严部队的官兵和武警官兵、公安干警的英勇斗争，依靠广大人民群众和青年学生的积极配合和支持，我们已经取得了平息暴乱的第一步胜利。但是必须清醒地看到，反革命暴乱还未完全平息，极少数暴乱分子是绝不会甘心失败的。他们还会伺机反扑，制造种种事端。全党同志和全国人民，务必提高警惕，擦亮眼睛，团结一致，同他们进行坚决的斗争，保卫革命、建设和改革的成果。只要他们胆敢继续捣乱下去，我们就同他们斗争到底。我们有马克思主义的指导，有强大的人民民主专政，有几千万共产党员，有几百万忠于党忠于人民的解放军，有广大工人、农民、知识分子、各民主党派和各界爱国人士的大力支持，我们完全有力量有信心彻底战胜他们，彻底平息这场暴乱。

全体共产党员、广大人民群众和各界爱国人士，一定要响应党和政府的号召，明辨是非，顾全大局，迅速行动起来，挺身而出与制造暴乱的极少数人作坚决的斗争，而不要做任何亲痛仇快的事情。要相信党和政府有能力制止暴乱，共产党员要处处以身作则，起模范带头作用。广大干部职工要坚守岗位，搞好生产，保障供给，积极维护社会治安和社会正常秩序。各级党政组织，要加强正面疏导和思想政治工作，耐心教育青年学生和广大群众，不要轻信和传播谣言，不要进行任何形式的串联，为稳定局势创造安定和良好的社会环境而斗争，同心同德把建设和改革继续推向前进。

中共中央
国务院
1989年6月5日
（新华社发）

## 总参谋部 总政治部 总后勤部

# 致戒严部队的慰问信

亲爱的执行戒严任务的全体解放军官兵、公安干警和武装警察同志们：

你们辛苦了！首先让我们代表全军官兵热烈祝贺你们在平息北京发生的严重反革命暴乱、恢复天安门广场的庄严面貌和首都正常秩序的斗争中取得的重大胜利！你们为保卫共和国、保卫我们伟大祖国的首都创立了不朽的历史功勋！党感谢你们！全国人民感谢你们！

几天来，首都的局势日趋恶化，极少数人蓄意制造的动乱，演化成一场严重的反革命暴乱。他们断绝交通，焚烧楼房，砸烧军车，抢夺武器，肆意绑架、殴打、杀害我戒严部队官兵。反党、反社会主义的气焰极为嚣张。在这危急关头，为了保卫首都人民生命财产，保卫党和社会主义制度，你们坚决执行中央军委的命令，坚决执行神圣的戒严任务。开进途中，在遭到暴徒们疯狂的围攻辱骂、惨无人道的殴打、非法绑架的情况下，你们牢记党和人民的重托，紧紧依靠北京市广大人民群众和青年学生，发扬不怕艰难困苦、不怕流血牺牲的英勇无畏精神，采取坚决果断的措施，狠狠打击了制造暴乱的一伙歹徒的反革命气焰。你们用自己的忠诚和热血，使天安门广场恢复了庄严面貌，保卫了首都，保卫了革命前辈创立的人民共和国，保卫了十年改革的成果。你们不愧为忠于党，忠于人民的伟大军队，不愧为保卫社会主义现代化建设事业的忠诚卫士，不愧为人民民主专政的坚强柱石。我们谨向在这次斗争中作出杰出贡献的全体官兵致以亲切的慰问！向光荣负伤的同志们致以崇高的敬意！向英勇献身的革命烈士表示深切的悼念。

同志们，这场斗争是长期的，复杂的。进驻执勤点，恢复天安门广场的秩序，这只是夺取的初步胜利，今后的任务更加艰巨。希望你们反复深入学习中央领导同志的重要讲话和国务院的戒严令，进一步认清这场斗争的性质和意义，坚定地把平息反革命暴乱、制止社会动乱的斗争进行到底。希望你们保持高度政治警惕性，坚守岗位，忠于职责，随时准备打击一小撮暴徒的反扑，巩固和发展胜利成果。希望你们把“热爱首都、热爱首都人民、热爱青年学生”的活动，深入扎实地开展下去，紧紧地团结广大人民群众和青年学生，最大限度地孤立和打击一小撮暴徒。希望你们加强组织纪律性，坚决执行命令，听从指挥，严格遵守三大纪律八项注意，爱护首都的一草一木，以铁的纪律，严整的军容，向首都和全国人民展示我军威武之师、文明之师的精神风貌。希望你们继续发扬吃苦耐劳、不怕困难、连续突击的革命精神，始终保持高昂的斗志，圆满地完成党和人民赋予的光荣任务。

向为履行宪法赋予的神圣职责而英勇奋斗的伟大的人民战士致敬！

向为保卫祖国、保卫人民和平劳动而不懈努力的光荣的人民战士致敬！

中国人民解放军总参谋部
总政治部
总后勤部
1989年6月4日
（新华社发）

## 戒严部队指挥部发言人称

# 戒严部队平息反革命暴乱进驻天安门广场

**新华社北京6月4日电** 戒严部队指挥部发言人称：从昨天开始，北京的事态急转直下。近一个多月来极少数人制造的动乱，已发展成为一场反革命暴乱。戒严部队在首都工人和市民的配合下，采取坚决措施平息这场暴乱。今晨五时左右，戒严部队进驻天安门广场，广场上的学生和其他人同时撤走。

昨天凌晨，部分解放军戒严部队奉命入城进驻一些重点保卫目标。在极少数人煽动下，一些不明真相的人在各处设置路障，统一部分入城部队暂时受阻。暴徒们公然袭击、殴打、绑架解放军指战员。在六部口，一伙暴徒拦截了一辆解放军运送武器装备的汽车，并企图抢劫武器弹药。为了保护武器弹药不致落入暴徒之手，下午二时，北京市公安干警、武警在部分学生的配合下，驱散了暴徒，夺回了这辆汽车和武器装备。随后暴徒们又纠集一些人冲击或围堵中南海新华门和西门以及人民大会堂。一些暴徒陆续入一处工地，抢走大量钢筋和砖石，准备制造更大的暴乱。入夜，他们四出煽动不明真相的人围堵各路入城的戒严部队。暴徒们用砖头、石块和凶器打伤数百名解放军指战员、武警战士、公安干警和维护秩序的群众。在民族文化宫门口的一名战士和建国门桥上一名战士被暴徒们活活打死。一名战士被暴徒残害后，尸体被挂在阜成门立交桥的栏杆上。崇文区的工人和群众纠集起来，在营救被打伤的战士时，遭到从前门饭店附近窜出的一群暴徒的袭击。武警1支队1辆救护车拉了8名受伤的战士送往人民医院门口时，被一伙暴徒拦住。当场被打死一位战士，暴徒还叫嚷要把其余7名战士一个个打死。有4名受伤的战士在医院急救后，要被护车在东单被一伙暴徒拦截，其中2名战士被绑架至今下落不明。在前门一家自行车行门前，有3名解放军战士被打伤，暴徒们竟叫嚷：“谁敢救他们就打死谁！”在府右街，暴徒们拦住一辆北京吉普，车上的一名解放军军官被暴徒们割光衣服肆意侮辱。在翠微路附近，一辆军车被暴徒们烧毁。十几名战士被烧伤，一辆消防指挥车也被砸毁。还有一伙暴徒疯抢西单的一个商店，见东西就抢，见人就打，前往驱散暴徒的武警战士有几十人被打伤。一群暴徒甚至越过栏杆，冲进广播电影电视部院内，烧毁汽车1辆，砸毁汽车7辆。据初步统计，暴徒们昨晚共烧毁、砸毁军车31辆、警车23辆、救甲车2辆、公共电汽车31辆，人民的生命财产受到严重的威胁。

在天安门广场上，非法组织“高自联”和“工自联”向广场上一些人发了菜刀、匕首、铁链等凶器，并通过他们策划的喇叭，公然鼓噪人们“拿起武器推翻政府”。还有人继续发表煽动性反动演说。气焰十分嚣张。

在这种情况下，为了恢复伟大祖国首都的工作、生产、生活秩序，保卫广大人民群众的生命财产安全，戒严部队奉命连夜从四面八方的郊区入城，采取强制措施平息暴乱。在有些地段发生了冲突。

今天凌晨一时半，北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部发出紧急通告：“首都今晚发生了严重的反革命暴乱。暴徒们蓄狂袭击解放军指战员，抢军火，烧军车，设路障，绑架解放军官兵，妄图颠覆中华人民共和国，推翻社会主义制度。人民解放军今日来保持了高度克制，现在必须坚决反击反革命暴乱。首都公民要遵守戒严令规定，并同解放军密切配合，坚决捍卫宪法，保卫伟大的社会主义祖国和首都的安全。凡在天安门广场的公民和学生，应立即离开，以保证戒严部队执行任务。凡不听劝告的，将无法保证其安全，一切后果完全由自己负责。”广场上反复播放紧急通告后，大批围观群众迅速离开。但仍有一部分人盘据在广场南端人民英雄纪念碑一带。

凌晨4时半，广场上广播了戒严部队指挥部的通知：现在开始清场，同意同学们撤离广场的呼吁。随后，广播了北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部关于迅速恢复天安门广场正常秩序的通告。通告说：“天安门广场是我们伟大祖国首都北京的中心，是我国举行政治性集会和迎宾活动的重要场所，是新中国的象征。但是，现在天安门广场已经成了极少数人制造动乱、传播谣言的市场。为了尽快恢复天安门广场的正常秩序，根据首都和全国人民的共同愿望和北京市人民政府关于在北京市部分地区实行戒严的第一号令，决定立即对天安门广场执行清场。

“一、凡在广场上的所有人员，听到广播必须立即撤离现场。

“二、如果有人违抗和拒不执行此通告，仍继续滞留广场，戒严部队有权采取一切手段予以强行处置。

“三、清场后，天安门广场由戒严部队严格管理。

“四、希望一切有爱国之心，不愿意国家动乱的广大学生和群众，要积极配合戒严部队执行好清场任务。”

约五时左右，广场上的学生开始撤离，戒严部队同时进驻天安门广场。到五时半，整个过程结束。

从3日凌晨到4日凌晨，暴徒们的种种暴行，只是这次反革命暴乱活动的一部分。但从中已足以看出，他们是何等猖獗，何等残忍，何等暴虐！他们用自己的罪恶事实，把他们的所谓“爱国精神”、所谓“促进民主”、所谓“热爱自由”、所谓“保护人权”、所谓“和平请愿”等等一切伪装，全部拆穿了，彻底撕光了。广大学生和人民群众，充分看清了他们的丑恶面目和反动本质。

面对暴徒们的疯狂袭击和破坏，人民解放军戒严部队的指战员和武警战士、公安干警同志，严守纪律，团结一致，大义凛然，为了捍卫首都的安宁和祖国的尊严，捍卫中国共产党的领导和社会主义制度，捍卫革命、建设和改革的成果，捍卫广大工人、农民、知识分子和其他一切社会公民的生命安全和根本利益，他们发扬不怕疲劳、不怕流血牺牲的精神，正在胜利地粉碎这场反革命暴乱！他们的英勇行动和光荣功绩，受到广大学生和广大市民群众的热情赞颂和大力支持，他们不愧为党领导下的人民子弟兵，不愧为我们社会主义人民共和国的坚强柱石和钢铁长城。

# 陈希同同志的广播讲话

北京市全体共产党员、共青团员、全体市民同志们：

从6月3日凌晨开始，一小撮暴徒在我们伟大祖国首都北京，挑起了一场严重的反革命暴乱。为了保卫社会主义制度，保卫人民政权，保卫人民生命财产的安全，在党中央、国务院、中央军委的果断决策下，人民解放军戒严部队和首都公安干警、武警部队一起，以勇敢无畏的精神，一举粉碎了这场反革命暴乱。这是我们在制止动乱、维护安定团结、粉碎反革命阴谋的斗争中取得的一个初步的胜利。

现在，天安门广场清场工作基本结束，戒严部队已大体就位。但是，到目前为止，这场反革命暴乱还没有完全平息，局势相当严峻，首都仍处于危急之中，为此，我代表北京市委、北京市政府向全市共产党员、共青团员和全体市民发出紧急呼吁：

要求你们立即行动起来，在关键时刻挺身而出，与戒严部队、公安干警和武警部队密切协作，坚决彻底地平息这场反革命暴乱。

从6月3日凌晨开始，一伙喷发天下不乱的反革命暴徒，利用武警车辆的交通事故大做文章，他们挑动一些人非法设置路障，抢劫部队的武器装备，毁坏和焚烧军车，拦阻增援戒严部队就位；他们肆意围攻、殴打和绑架戒严部队和武警部队的官兵，打死打伤1000多名解放军人员；他们丧心病狂地多次冲击中南海，冲击人民大会堂等要害部门，抢劫商店和大楼。尤其令人发指的是，极少数暴徒竟然剃光解放军烈士的衣服，暴尸街头，挂在立交桥栏杆上，甚至灭绝人性地用汽油把战士烧死。有些战士受伤送往医院途中，被暴徒截住，竟把伤员活活打死。在这一群暴徒中，有许多就是没有改造好的刑满释放分子，流氓团伙以及外地流窜来京的作案分子。发生在首都的这起骇人听闻的反革命暴乱，是建国以来从未有过的，是一个多月来极少数极少数人阴谋制造动乱的恶性发展，是他们反对党的领导，敌视社会主义制度和人民政权罪恶企图的集中暴露。

在这起反革命暴乱中，极少数挑动者和策划者已经十分明确地提出了他们的政治口号和组织纲领。他们狂妄地叫嚣“要把四千六百万党徒全部消灭干净”，要颠覆经全国人民代表大会选举产生的人民政府。在这种极端严重的紧要关头，党和政府忍无可忍，已经没有什么选择可言，只能采取非常措施，坚决粉碎这起反革命暴乱。除此之外，别无选择。如果有人还要坚持顽固立场，不思改悔，继续策划和制造暴乱，人民政府和戒严部队必将继续采取果断措施，坚决打击，严惩不贷。

北京市全体共产党员，共青团员同志们，党和人民考验我们的时候到了，在这场尖锐激烈的斗争中，我们必须旗帜鲜明，立场坚定，不怕牺牲，坚决捍卫共产党的领导，坚决捍卫社会主义制度和人民政权，坚决捍卫社会主义革命和建设的伟大成果。

在这里，我再次向全体市民发出紧急呼吁：希望你们不要听信和传播谣言，积极配合和协助戒严部队执行任务，为迅速平息反革命暴乱，恢复正常秩序作出应有的努力；

希望你们以实际行动，保卫国家机关、工厂、商店、学校、医院等单位不受暴徒的侵害，并坚守工作岗位，忠于职守；

希望你们教育好子女，做好亲属的工作，不要听信和传播谣言，不要上当受骗，不要参与不利于平息反革命暴乱的活动，防止造成不必要的损失。

出现反革命暴乱，也是迷反绝大多数爱国学生意愿的。希望大学生们珍惜宝贵时间，尽快回校复课，以实际行动反对反革命暴乱。

我们还要正告那些至今仍执迷不悟的暴乱分子，你们必须尽快停止暴乱行动，如果一意孤行，负隅顽抗，必将受到严惩驾罚，希望你们迷白自首，悔过自新，争取人民的宽大处理。

（新华社发）

# 李鹏向日本新任首相宇野致电祝贺

## 万里电贺日众议院新任议长田村元

**新华社北京6月4日电** 国务院总理李鹏6月3日致电日本新任首相宇野宗佑，对他就任日本首相表示祝贺。贺电电文如下：

欣闻阁下荣任日本国内阁总理大臣，我谨代表中国政府，并以我个人名义，向阁下表示衷心的祝贺。

在中日联合声明和中日和平友好条约的基础上，进一步发展中日两国长期稳定的睦邻友好关系，不仅符合两国人民的共同愿望，也有利于亚洲和世界的和平与发展。我衷心期待阁下在任期间中日友好关系能够继续得到健康、顺畅的发展。

祝阁下工作顺利，身体健康。

**新华社北京6月4日电** 人大常委会委员长万里6月3日致电日本国会众议院新任议长田村元，向他表示了祝贺。

万里委员长在贺电中祝中日两国、两国人民和两国议会之间的友好合作关系不断取得新的发展。

## 制订措施 明确规定

# 甘肃物价涨势开始回落

**新华社兰州6月2日电** （记者玉丁）甘肃省第二季度物价上涨趋势开始回落，4月份物价上涨指数比3月份降低了1.3%。

甘肃省政府从今年元月份起，每月召开一次常务会议或省长办公会，专门研究物价工作，制定措施。省政府明文规定，19种人民生活必需品和服务收费不准涨价。有的地市还增加了不涨价商品品种，并做了补充规定。白银市政府规定，不准国营单位将火柴、白糖、食盐等8种商品批发给个体商贩，否则将严肃查处。天水市还对日用塑料制品等19种放开商品实行差率控制。省政府要求计经委要像对计划生产、销售化肥一样，对19种商品生产所需原材料供应的调拨、供应进行安排，以保证措施实施。

# 重庆蔬菜市场淡季不淡

**据新华社重庆6月2日电** （记者向虎）蔬菜春淡期，在公共汽车上、农贸市场里，到处可以听到人们对换季蔬菜供应较为满意的议论。

据了解，重庆市场今年蔬菜供应淡季不淡，主要是市政府今年采取了不同往年的政策，其中包括：规定经营部门亏损不封顶，经营中造成的亏损由市、区两级财政负担，消除了经营部门的后顾之忧；增加和完善了蔬菜基地的订购任务，新增四个市管大路品种，保证了换季中有主力品种压阵，补种了萬笋和6000亩遗生小白菜，制订了相应的保护收购价，同时根据市场的变化，及时调整收购价格。

据重庆市二商局介绍，今年四五月市郊八区蔬菜社会上市量达6305万公斤，比去年同期增加9.5%，人均日供应量达474克。

# 戒严部队指挥部发言人发表谈话

**新华社北京6月4日电** 人民解放军戒严部队指挥部发言人6月4日6时发表谈话说，根据国务院戒严令和北京市政府令，为制止日趋发展的动乱，尽快恢复首都秩序，执行北京部分地区戒严任务的人民解放军官兵，于6月3日奉命进驻包括天安门广场在内的各个执勤位置。这一消息于当晚通过电视台、广播电台等新闻媒介作了报道，戒严部队诚恳希望广大人民群众支持和协助部队这一行动。然而，在部队开进和执行军务中，一小撮丧心病狂的歹徒和暴乱分子，置法律和戒严令于不顾，把部队官兵的耐心劝阻视为软弱可欺，毫无忌惮地砸毁军用汽车上百辆，烧毁31辆，有数名年轻的战士被活活烧死。他们抢截枪支弹药，冲击广播电影电视部大院，烧毁了停放在院内的一辆汽车，并砸坏了7辆汽车。他们冲击人民大会堂，砸坏人民大会堂的门窗。他们用各种暴力手段，绑架和杀伤部队官兵和公安干警，打伤千余名执行军务的指战员。尤其令人愤慨的是，他们用各种卑劣手段阻止军队和地方医务人员抢救被他们打伤的部队官兵，不准将伤员抬上救护车，不准送往医院，蛮横拦阻、砸毁载有负伤人员的救护车。残酷的事实表明，他们是一伙惨无人性的暴徒，在我们的首都制造了一场反革命暴乱。

为了维护已经受到威胁的人民的生命财产，为了国家和民族的根本利益，根据国务院戒严令，执行戒严任务的部队在忍无可忍的情况下，被迫依法采取了坚决的措施，严惩一小撮反革命暴徒，并正在清理一个多月来被极少数别有用心的人作为制造谣言和各种非法活动基地的天安门广场。戒严部队所采取的这些措施，是完全符合法律的，是迫不得已的。

作为担负保卫祖国和保卫人民和平劳动神圣职责的人民解放军，将坚定不移地执行国务院戒严令。我们严正警告一小撮制造暴乱的反革命暴乱分子，必须悬崖勒马，停止一切违反戒严令和扰得军务的违法活动，否则，我们将依法严厉打击。

# 内蒙古优先发展民族教育事业

## 牧区儿童入学率达96.6%

**据新华社呼和浩特6月4日电** （新华社通讯员魏咏虹）内蒙古自治区近年来根据《民族区域自治法》，采取积极措施，优先、重点发展民族教育事业。

在发展民族教育中，自治区首先改善牧区基础教育和办学条件。1986年、1987年，自治区每年拿出400万元，加上各级政府的拨款，用来发展民族教育，使全区16个边境牧区旗县的80所苏木（乡）中心校实现了《民族区域自治法》提出的“寄宿为主、助学金为主、公办民族小学和民族中学”的要求。去年和今年，自治区又拿出2000万元，逐步解决内地牧区和半农半牧区350所苏木中心校的基础教育问题。现在，牧区8至12岁的儿童入学率达到96.0%。

调整民族中等教育结构，加快了民族职业技术教育的步伐。今年与1983年比，少数民族农职业中学增加了37所，少数民族职业中学在校生增加了10.7倍。少数民族高中在校生与职业高中在校生的比例为1∶0.47。各类少数民族职业技术教育为培养有一技之长的少数民族人才奠定了基础，也为少数民族学生就业开辟了新的渠道。

过去，全区高等院校蒙古语授课专业只有师范类。近年来，增加了农牧、林业、财经等类。从1987年开始，每年有12所自治区直属中专开办民族班。这些都为蒙古语授课的初高中毕业生创造了连贯的继续升学的机会。同时，调整了与协作省区交换招生政策，增加蒙古语授课毕业生出区外上大学的比例。今年，全区又将有百余名蒙古语授课毕业生赴区外大专院校上学。目前，自治区每万人口中蒙古族普通高等学校在校生为24.8人。

# 北京血腥鎮壓行動持續 憤公起激萬逾數人亡傷

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## 坦克輾穿梭長安街 槍聲卜卜掃射兩旁

【本報北京四日專電】今天晚上，天安門廣場兩旁的軍隊，仍是頻頻地向着接近廣場的市民猛烈掃射。晚上九時許，一批憤怒的市民在長安街北京飯店門外繞了一部公共汽車，又在馬路上架設路障，人們叫喊着「民主萬歲」、「團結萬歲」的口號，指斥成都部隊貪婪，為「暴徒」。十時半，十四輛裝甲車和坦克由廣場期東沿長安街駛來，百多名市民紛紛走避，裝甲車上兵向上空及兩旁開槍，槍聲響徹夜空，從北京飯店所見，附近沒有人受傷。

坦克和裝甲車向東前進了一段路後，又駛回天安門廣場旁，沿途的路障都被撤開。

午夜，在廣場附近頻頻傳出街路槍聲，上午由今日早上至下午，在廣場附近頻頻傳出街路槍聲，上午市民開槍，上午有人受傷，而下午槍聲較多，一隊部隊向廣場的人羣掃射。

【法新社北京四日電】醫院人士說，星期天晚上，大約一小時便聽到槍聲，令人驚慄。

【法新社北京四日電】北京大學生領袖王丹宣布，學生領袖王丹宣布來自北京各大學校門口。

【本報北京五日電】據清華大學學生自治聯合會委員胡亂放置了二十一具屍體，所有受害者均是於昨晚被屠殺的。一名位不成熟的老人說：「這真是惡魔，他們竟殺害老人。」

星期日在北京北面的西郊門，大約有十五輛軍車着火焚燒，市中心天安門廣場現時駐有約一萬軍隊，其他地方一般沒有軍隊，但有裝甲車通過。

【本報上海四日電】上海交通大學學生自治聯合會的同學聲稱，在這次北京發生的軍隊鎮壓民衆和學生的事件中，北京大學有一百五十多名學生和教職員工失踪，其中證實已死亡者有十多名學生。

據北大同學說，四日北京大學生及有

戒嚴部隊直昇機升機、坦克佔領天安門廣場排，後場廣排勢（本報北京傳真）

## 港百萬人靜坐遊行 怒責北京血腥暴行

詳情列入版

## 人民軍隊豈能殺人民

——木樨地市民目睹軍警開槍記

靈宇

【本報北京四日專電】今天晚上，北京市民在木樨地一帶，目睹軍警開槍射擊，人羣驚慌逃避，情景慘不忍睹。

木樨地是北京市西郊的一個交通要衝，位於西長安街的延長線上，東連天安門廣場，西通八寶山革命公墓，南接豐臺區，北臨玉泉路。

今天下午，木樨地一帶的氣氛已經相當緊張，人羣不斷聚集，議論紛紛，不少人在傳說，軍隊已經開始向市民開槍，有人已經被打死。

我是下午四時左右到達木樨地的。當時，我看到一輛滿載士兵的軍車，從西長安街駛來，車上的士兵，有的手持衝鋒槍，有的手持步槍，有的則拿着手槍，車上還架着機槍。車隊在木樨地路口停了下來，車上的士兵，紛紛跳下車來，在路口設置了路障。

路障是用公共汽車、電車、無軌電車、小轎車、卡車、摩托車、自行車、三輪車、公共廁所的鐵皮圍板、鐵絲網、鐵欄杆、木板、磚頭、水泥管等物品設置的。

路障設置完畢後，士兵們便在路障後面，用槍口對着路口，嚴陣以待。

路口的人羣，越聚越多，人們紛紛指着士兵的槍口，大聲地喊着：「你們為甚麼開槍？」「你們為甚麼開槍打人？」

士兵們沒有回答，只是用槍口對着人羣。

人羣中有人喊着：「我們是和平請願，你們為甚麼開槍？」

士兵們仍然沒有回答，只是用槍口對着人羣。

人羣中有人喊着：「

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

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# 血洗北京死傷人萬逾傳數人

# 軍警闖大學區學生領袖狂遭搜捕

## 強烈譴責法西斯血腥暴行 向北京死難愛國同胞致哀

香港 文匯報 全體同人

周日早上，一些死難學生的屍體以橫放在天安門廣場的紀念碑前。（美聯社傳真）

## 昨天竟日槍聲未斷 交通斷絕商店關閉

### 逾十萬軍隊入城 國際航班尚保持正常

【本報北京五日晚最新時電】近今為止，距離軍隊開始血洗長安街及天安門廣場的行動已超過了三十個小時，北京城內，依然是槍聲不絕，裝甲運兵車、坦克開動轟鳴，大學林立的海淀區通宵中斷，即連在過去三十個小時內，進入北京城區的軍隊已達十萬，打死的軍隊傷亡分數是二十七萬，三十八萬及六十五萬。在他們槍口下及履帶前倒下的軍生和市民，難以計數。初步情息是已有逾千人死亡，傷者則無法計算。

由昨天起，北京的火車停開，商店關門，市內公共交通全部斷絕。機場方面除了國際航班尚保持正常之外，國內航班都被迫停了飛機。全市各個醫院，醫務人員均在全力搶救有大規模的調動，動機不明。據目擊者稱，今晨一時，多達七十四輛的坦克由東向西駛過長安街，然並無在天安門廣場停留，一路有零星的槍聲響起。據悉，這批坦克是自使館區駛來。

### 北京血腥屠城事 多國政府均譴責

【本報訊】美國總統布什、英國首相撒切爾夫人、日本政府、澳洲總理、西德政府、蘇聯政府均已就北京的軍隊鎮壓學生事件表示過強烈不滿。（詳情請看國際版）

### 大批坦克 深夜調動

【本報北京五日電】進入京城的軍隊昨晚至今晨依然繼續不斷。今晨一時，多達七十四輛的坦克由東向西駛過長安街，然並無在天安門廣場停留，一路有零星的槍聲響起。據悉，這批坦克是自使館區駛來。

### 數千醫生晝夜不停搶救 醫院走廊躺滿傷者

外電報道死者千四百受傷逾萬人

【法新社北京四日電】經過一晚和一整血腥鎮壓後一千四百多人死亡和一萬人受傷後，軍隊和裝甲車星期日晚繼續在北京街道巡邏，零星的自動武器槍聲仍可聽聞。很多人救援甲車襲擊。

軍隊昨晚在天安門廣場攻擊數十萬學生及支持者後，醫院血迹斑斑的走廊躺滿了傷者，外科醫生晝夜不停搶救。

國家電視台承認有平民死亡，但否認發生「大屠殺」，而看見報道軍隊屠殺。報道稱，「軍隊開入北京市時，一些人受傷，其中有人死亡。」

【本報記者報北京四日電】今天北京協和醫院兩千多名醫務人員全部投入了搶救軍隊的傷後的傷亡者。

截至今午為止，送入該院後不治身亡的已達逾十人，重傷者則有四五百人之多。幾乎所有的醫務人員都是連哭帶搶救傷員，因為傷者的情景太慘了。

【法新社北京四日電】目擊者說，星期六，北京大學學生親眼看見軍車輾過一名學生親眼看見軍車輾過一名學生後，用機槍掃射他的屍體。

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### 北大大字報怒斥法西斯

北大大字報一些新大字報寫道，「打倒法西斯政府！」另一些大字報「教促學生，「流熱血」，為被軍隊槍殺的死難工人和學生報仇。目擊者說，大批人聚集在大學校門新設的演音器周圍，聽取學生電台直新實播流血慘劇的報道。

### 哀悼北京雞胞 本報兩項行動

下半旗掛黑紗 全日誌哀

決定採取以下行動：

一、本報報上下半旗，門上掛黑紗，以示對死難同胞的哀悼。

二、本報今日暨翌一天，所得款項全部撥捐中國紅十字會，用於救援此次鎮壓事件中受傷的學生和市民。

本報今日將掛出下列輓聯：

哀哀無告冤魂學生民主雞胞慘遭屠戮
慷慨就義一腔青年熱血為國為民灑遍神州

【本報訊】本報員工對中國政府屠殺北京愛國學生和市民的暴行極為悲憤，昨晚自知這群，我們一直以我們的理智和智慧影響和動員群衆，在這緊急關頭，我們以有更嚴峻的責任，對死難青年最好的紀念，不是流更多的血，而是取得最後的勝利和和平的勝利，為民主必勝，為民主消滅的死難同胞的哀悼。

【本報訊】北京大學自治會今日下午一時四十分發出緊急呼籲，要求各國同胞知和平手段對抗李鵬集團。

自治會呼籲表示，法西斯式的殘酷屠殺已令全國人民忍無可忍，鮮血不能白流，門爭不能停止。但是同學們，我們的戰鬥，我們的犧牲已經足夠換取我們的權利，且力量不可估量，我們必須馬上做的是把血案的真相大白於天下，號召全市全相。

自然，也有些軍人，中還能夠有一線冷靜在知此血腥的殺戮之。在安貞橋，市民們拍敵，他們的末日指日可待。我們決有一支武裝力量，面對兩個兩良的現代軍隊，我們手無寸鐵，但是和平鬥爭是人民的權利，我們的犧牲已經足夠換取人民的覺醒，我們的犧牲是把血案的真相大白於天下，號召全市全

### 北大自治會呼籲 全國作和平抗爭

高自聯倡市民三罷及提走存款

會今日發出三項呼籲：

一、呼籲城市各界人民實行三罷，即工罷課罷市。

二、呼籲全體人民堅決行提取所存款項。

三、以各種方式向全國人民宣傳事實真

### 士兵嗜血成性

小孩自家中天台觀望亦遭射擊 一老翁走近軍警即太陽穴開花

北京的街頭，處處有名士兵舉人安民的農民，任何人只要圖靠在是被重型軍事機關的痕跡，就立即有被不加警告射死的危險，部份晚，被氣憤的士兵不斷向街頭的平民開區，或屋部開見人就槍擊，甚至是開機關槍。

【本報北京四日電】目擊者非死即殘

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【本報北京四日電】今日凌晨，在天安門廣場給食的侯德健等人出面與部隊談判，發次請學生撤退，但就在學生和市民向東交民巷和西長安街物館方向跑去的時候，坦克就向手無寸鐵且在撤退的平民橫衝直撞，十一位清華大學的學生手抱手試圖撲往坦克，保護同學們撤退，當場就有七個同學被死在坦克履帶下。

在現場六神，即當局宣布勝利完成清理天安門廣場之後不到三十分鐘，這裏就已經遭到了四十餘具屍體

用的是特製強力子彈，射入人體後爆炸，無法取出。因此如果是四肢受傷，傷者就必須截肢，如果是身體四肢以外的部分中彈，醫務人員所能做的是要司能使傷者的生命延長一天甚至幾小時。

【美聯社北京四日電】已在北京街頭建立的一個居民區，所設防的胡同內實施地抽查婦女的婦女搏射，許多人倒在路邊，槍聲，居民又湧出來，兩星期生一天是「法西斯分子」，這是可以感到人們對街上有數以十萬的軍隊，還是可以感到人們前一天晚上的屠殺的極大情怒，數以千計的人返回西單交叉路口，設置路障，並築起軍事及巨士。

人們用大卡車阻擋公路時，另一些人又用數以的工人說，「屠殺生前，我們對當局還抱一切希望，現在切都變了。」

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### 市民昨仍向晚傍士兵冒死居民掃射上街

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### 學聯中大代表 在京均告安全

【本報北京四日電】據京京的學聯代表表示，他們所有的團員都已轉移上海均告安全，健康狀況良好。

較早時候，曾有三名學聯代表於今晨的血腥鎮壓後失蹤，學聯的其他代表四處找尋，至中午時份終於知這三名同學聯繫上。

此外，京京的香港中文大學的學生亦已互相取得聯繫，她於中五名同學的街的安居，不時可聽到窗前劇過的尖厲子彈聲。

### 廣場學生準備撤退 坦克衝入人羣亂輾

士兵向市民掃射 警察揮棒狂打

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就後神轉頭再次衝鋒，當場就有七個同學被死在坦克履帶下。

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【本報北京四日電】

快報
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五三二號
夏曆五月初二年日宣騰士版行
一九八九年六月
今天天氣：吹東南風，有雨，氣溫攝氏二十三度至二十八度之間
是日氣溫：介乎廿三度至三十度之間
每份八張 零售二元正
THE EKPRESS NEWS
EXPRESS

## 六大城市屯重兵・十萬大軍逼上海

# 屠城集團密謀全國軍管

## 血洗京城逾二萬人死傷 兇殘暴行加深中共分歧
### 南郊部分軍隊曾兵變欲制止屠殺

（快報消息）李鵬集團在取得中共黨、政、軍各利益集團的支援後，指派原林彪系統的五十四軍，以血腥手段鎮壓北京的市民和學生，佔計六月四日一天內，北京市民約傷亡已超過二萬人，而六月四日凌晨，部署於南郊出現小量軍隊暗殺的情形，而李鵬集團開始向全國各地發出已指令各重點部隊開往各主要城市，其中有京區已進出十萬大軍，準備隨時進入上海彈壓可能出現的抗暴活動，必要時實施全面軍管。

據來自北京的消息指出，李鵬集團現不斷一切地被壓五十四軍進入北京城，以武力血腥鎮壓北京的學生與市民，已引起中共內部的分裂進一步擴大，估計昨天傷亡的北京市民，已超過二萬人以上，其中在天安門廣場，由於部隊的殘忍屠殺，造成多個連隊，被激憤的群眾包圍而全軍覆沒，目前北京市內，已有三千人以上，北京其他各區與市郊的傷亡，更是無法計算。

消息來源表示，李鵬集團以中共軍委名義發出命令後，各大軍區，除廣州軍區外，均已表示支持，而在西藏人民大會堂的一支軍隊，亦已表現擁護，唯獨成都軍區，對中共軍委及鄧李集團的命令，採消極抵抗態度，並呼籲不得再使用武力鎮壓，目前北京市內，已有三個軍團的兵力，駐紮在天安門廣場，由於部隊殘忍屠殺學生，並開槍射擊，造成重大傷亡，已產生極大的仇恨情緒，而當天晚上，在北京市市區，發生極大的街頭巷戰，部分軍隊被繳械，現時仍有軍隊在抵抗，現時的北京市，已引起中共內部的分裂進一步擴大，估計昨天傷亡的北京市民，已超過二萬人以上，其中在天安門廣場，由於部隊的殘忍屠殺，造成多個連隊，被激憤的群眾包圍而全軍覆沒，目前北京市內，已有三千人以上，北京其他各區與市郊的傷亡，更是無法計算。

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人車壓碎星期六凌晨，中共軍隊出動坦克車壓死天安門廣場上的學生，坦克與向學生、逼人和自行車一併壓死壓碎。

### 快語 把悲憤化爲積極力量

香港人目前最需要的是冷靜，不可意氣用事，相信大陸各處必然掀起罷工、罷市及罷課的浪潮，作爲對這次血腥鎮壓的抗議！

我們可以在感情上，有種種激動，可以表現多種途徑，激發我們的悲情，我們的激憤。

但理智告訴我們，際此重大關頭，我們必須保持冷靜，應用我們清醒的頭腦，化民族動員爲群和。

北京大屠殺，較諸南京大屠殺還殘酷百倍！

我們絕非有意於當年的日軍，而是我們必須接受戰爭這個殘酷的現實。

但我們絕對不能接受人民解放軍用在戰爭中慣用的機槍子彈，冷血地射殺自己的同胞，用坦克及鐵甲車輾壓我們手無寸鐵的學子和民！

在非戰爭狀態，亦非內戰的情況底下，中共政權派遣坦克戰甲，手提機槍的「人民解放軍」來誅殲自己的「人民」，這種暴政，不是比建略者更殘忍嗎？

我們昨天已發出警告，即使李鵬集團能夠達到血洗天安門的目的，其所付出的代價，必然是巨大的。全球華人對共產專心死亡，已經成爲事實，

制中共政權，例如提倡中資銀行的存款，引起擠提；國際有切斷中共血管的可能，但亦有挑動香港社會不安的危險，損害利害，便不值得這樣做。

因爲一旦香港動亂，則失去一個支援大陸學生取民主自由的最重要基地！

至於李柱銘先生等發起的罷課罷市及絕食，本市最清楚，因爲在香港進行「三罷」比在內地進行「三罷」，其效果相差甚大。

但李氏所發起的「三罷」，即「有限度性質」，不包括公務員及金融界，作爲一種抗議手段，仍是可能受支持的。

自紅十字會捐血及遞名種種運支持內地民主人士，是絕對的做法，但要實際打擊中共政權，我們可以向全球發出呼籲，要求他們抵制一切有關中共政權的貿易，停止各項投資項目，特別是中國的銀行，絕不能再給中共政權以任何貸款，即中共的經濟命脈，必受重大打擊，港人不再使用中國銀行，若支持中共政權的話，則

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# 今晨北京・大屠殺未停止

## 羣衆冒死燒車・大搜捕貪夜進行

（本報綜合報道）裝有機關槍的坦克車所日晚在北京市中心橫衝直撞，顯示實力，製造恐怖，不單出動了裝甲車在長安街向羣衆開槍，更出動了兩架直升機在空中盤旋，掃射手無寸鐵的羣衆，造成更多傷亡。今日零時剛過的北京時間，又有消息指出，軍隊在長安街一帶，已經開始進行大搜捕，逮捕所謂參與暴動的人士。

今日零時剛過的北京時間，一列裝載着大批軍隊的火車，從北京東站駛出，沿途開了十多次槍，其後又折返天安門之後，向東面方向駛去。北京戒嚴部隊昨日全面控制了北京市中心後，向羣衆開槍，製造恐怖，執行戒嚴任務時，有平民傷亡，但否認有三千人被殺。

北京電訊台剛剛報告，播出最新消息稱，軍隊在天安門已全面控制局勢，並下令疏散羣衆，再次重申，在昨日零時以前，凡在街上的人，必須立即回家，否則格殺勿論。

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## 羣衆死亡估達四五千

## 市民在家中亦被射殺

據該訊息指出，周日的天安門廣場慘劇有一千四百人死亡，一萬人受傷，但北京市民則認爲有四、五千人死亡，總數可能超過一萬人。

另外，一份北京的報告，播出最新消息稱，軍隊在天安門已全面控制局勢，並下令疏散羣衆，再次重申，在昨日零時以前，凡在街上的人，必須立即回家，否則格殺勿論。

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到街上設起路障，阻礙軍車前進，軍隊一律開槍射擊。

另外，一個外國人目擊西單某處有裝甲車輛被燒毀，車內有多人被燒死。

亡逾過一萬人，傷者九萬多人受傷。

於昨晚九時三十分，有九架坦克車及十四架運兵車，由安門廣場沿長安街東進，開了十多次槍，其後又折返天安門之後，向東面方向駛去，執行戒嚴任務時，有平民傷亡，但否認有三千人被生。

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## 京城中心成死市

## 整日槍聲未停歇

【本報訊】北京消息：周日的天安門廣場慘劇有一千四百人死亡，一萬人受傷，但北京市民則認爲有四、五千人死亡，總數可能超過一萬人受傷。

另據一位在北京的香港商人表示，人民大會堂門外昨晚有大批人羣聚集，但有人看見解放軍開出一輛裝甲車輛，車上有人發現有人開槍射擊，而人羣即時四散逃走，有人被擊中倒地，但

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# 軍心不穩一個師抗命
## 中共當前方針：「捨北京保全國」
### 慘不忍睹　學生民運遍佈四個城鎮的軍事鎮壓的真相終於公開於世

【本報北京專訊】據北京可靠消息，鄧小平目前通過一項重要決策，決定「捨北京保全國」，全面收縮兵力，集中力量鞏固中南海的安全，以確保中共政權的存在。

北京戒嚴部隊今日凌晨二時廿五分開始，有一隊八十多輛的坦克車和裝甲車，從北京西郊的木樨地，沿長安街向東開進，目的是要打通一條通往天安門廣場的道路

# 中共竟日屠殺萬多同胞
# 北平市民無懼繼續抗暴

香港時報
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## 今日新聞提要

一、北平同胞反對鎮壓學生運動的最新消息，刊第一版
二、李總統代表赴紐約參加同胞追悼中國國民黨對大陸局勢看法，刊第二版
三、太陸省市民衆上街，刊第二版
四、香港市民衛生、新華社、刊第十三版
五、香港市民衛生、新華社、刊第十三版
六、血洗天安門屠殺刊第十三版
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八、港人示威團體與大陸民運組織，刊第六版

## 李總統悲憤指出中共是所有中國人的恥辱
## 我誓結合一切反共力量
## 推翻屠殺人民中共暴政

李總統發表先輝先生四五年上月午日在席出

【本報駐台北特派員十一時卅分電】李總統蔣經國陽明山中山樓發表大義嚴正聲明，表示：共軍在北平天安門廣場血腥屠殺，手無寸鐵的學生和民衆，是中國人的恥辱，是中國歷史上最大的罪惡，我們要誓結全國軍民，推翻屠殺人民的中共暴政，完成國父的遺教，實現三民主義的統一中國。

【本報駐台北特派員十一時卅分電】李總統蔣經國先生今天上午十一時卅分，於陽明山中山樓三樓國際會議廳，接見了駐韓國大使館前大使沈昌煥，駐日本大使館前大使陳質平，駐美國大使館前大使胡志強，駐菲律賓大使館前大使張超等，以及國防部參謀總長郝柏村，外交部長錢復，國家安全會議秘書長蔣緯國，國防部副參謀總長劉和鼎，總統府秘書長張祖詒，國家安全局局長王昇，總統府國策顧問倪文亞，總統府資政黃少谷，行政院副院長李煥，國防部總政治部主任宋長志，國防部副總政治部主任王多年，國防部副總政治部主任王昇，國防部副總政治部主任王多年，國防部副總政治部主任王昇，國防部副總政治部主任王多年，國防部副總政治部主任王昇

# South China Morning Post ★★

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# 1,400 feared dead, 10,000 hurt

## Troops fire wildly at crowds outside top Beijing hotel

● THE death toll in the People's Liberation Army's brutal drive to end the pro-democracy demonstration in Beijing is at least 1,400 people killed and 10,000 wounded, hospital sources said.

The Chinese Government last night claimed about 1,000 soldiers had been wounded in clashes with what it termed "hooligans" and that scores of troops had died, some burnt in their vehicles and at least one lynched on a light pole.

● IN one of the most horrifying confrontations, foreigners watched soldiers firing repeated volleys from automatic weapons into crowds of residents who had gathered in front of the Beijing Hotel, a few hundred metres from Tiananmen Square, at about 10.30 am. In one salvo, at least 30 civilians died.

● TANKS with machine-guns blazing continued to patrol central Beijing in a show of force last night but hundreds of thousands of residents defied orders to remain indoors and gathered in streets leading to Tiananmen Square.

● PROTESTS flared in at least eight other major cities when news of the assault reached students and residents.

● IN its first official statement since the bloody crackdown, the Government branded the student-led movement as a "counter-revolutionary rebellion" trying to overthrow the Government and the socialist system.

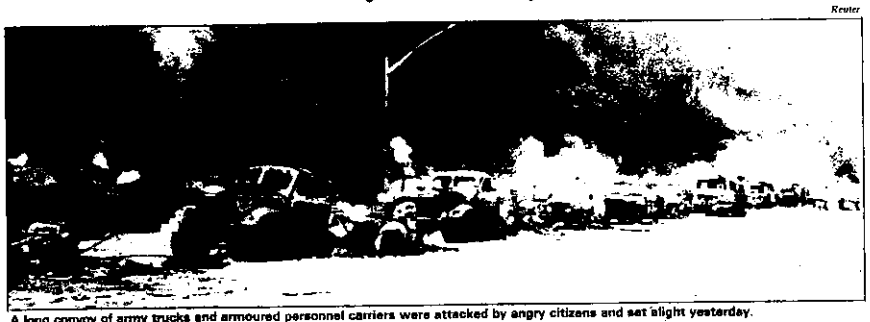
It stressed that the troops' "half-hour operation" had been "totally legal" within the provisions of the martial law declared by Prime Minister Li Peng on May 20 to deal with a crowd of frenzied thugs.

● THE operation, however, was deplored through the world, with most leaders expressing shock and disbelief at the level of force used in the bloody suppression.

● MORE than 200,000 angry and shocked citizens of Hongkong and Macau took to the streets in mourning for those killed.

Organisers of a rally at the Happy Valley racecourse and a march through Central called on local residents to stage territory-wide class boycotts, a general strike and business suspension on Wednesday.

Reuter



A long convoy of army trucks and armoured personnel carriers were attacked by angry citizens and set alight yesterday.

## Residents defy gunfire

From Correspondents in Beijing

ANGRY and defiant residents returned to their barricades last night in an attempt to keep troops out of the centre of the capital, where a violent charge to clear Tiananmen Square the previous night left a trail of corpses.

Troops continued to rake unarmed residents with automatic rifle fire.

Late last night, about 100 troops charged into a residential area just north of the square, shooting into narrow alleyways as hysterical women clutched their babies and people fell to the pavement.

After the attack, residents came out again and taunted the soldiers with cries of "fascist".

Beijing mayor Chen Xitong had earlier issued an emergency call for residents to stay indoors and "not to listen to rumours".

"Parents should stop their children from going out to streets ... to avoid unnecessary losses." Mr Chen was quoted by state-run Central China Television as saying in a statement broadcast around 11.30 pm.


INSIDE

P2,3: Eyewitnesses
P4-6: More pictures
P7-9: HK reacts
P24: Editorial


However, hundreds of thousands of people were in the streets, and the anger over the previous night's carnage was palpable.

Thousands returned to the Xidan intersection two kilometres west of the square to re-erect street barriers and set fire to military vehicles and buses.

Witnesses said 10 tanks and 16 armoured troop carriers thundered eastwards from the square along the city's Changan Avenue for three kilometres to Beijing's main embassy district and then returned.

The purpose of the sortie was unknown but there were persistent rumours that troops were instructed to enter some university campuses.

Students at Beijing University in the northwest quarter of the city fired volleys of machine-gun fire into the air from an armoured vehicle captured from troops during yesterday morning's onslaught.

They drove the carrier to the neighbouring People's University campus, with more than a dozen students riding on top.

The group then backed it into the main gate, guns pointing outwards, amid cheers from a large crowd gathered outside the campus.

Students wore black armbands and put up posters condemning the Chinese Government as "fascist", witnesses said.

There were persistent rumours that the popular student leader, 21-year-old Wu'erkaixi of Beijing Teachers' University, was killed when troops shot their way into Tiananmen Square about 3 am yesterday.

However, this could not be confirmed. There was a

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

## 'My heart is bleeding, they killed my people'

Associated Press

A group of students on bicycles died when they were run down by tanks charging towards Tiananmen Square.

THE trauma of slaughter showed on the faces of hundreds of Beijing citizens waiting outside emergency clinics at city hospitals yesterday.

"I was lucky," said a middle-aged man outside the Sino-Japanese Friendship Hospital in northeast Beijing, his arm in a sling after being smashed by a bullet.

"Six came with me here in the ambulance.

"Four are dead, including a child and two girl students. All of us were shot about two this morning when we went outside our homes in Nanheyuan close to Tiananmen Square to see what was going on," he said.

"What can I say? Who is happy today?" said a middle-aged woman who stood on the footpath with her husband and toddler as two young men, their faces lined with grief, sat silently beside a nearby tree.

"We would all go to support the students. The workers would all go out and support the students, but the soldiers are beating everyone, killing everybody. Who would dare to go out now? We are all scared," she said.

Her husband said, "We heard about the shootings from other people. We are all angry. We are all disgusted. The people are angry."

A crowd gathered around one Beijing resident who sat on his bicycle relating his account of the mayhem.

"I saw soldiers aim their rifles and open fire at the crowd. In five minutes, people littered the ground. I ran, then I crouched on the ground and crawled away," said the man in his 20s.

"I am angry," he shouted. "My heart is bleeding. They have killed my people. Everyone else who saw it wept."

A man in the crowd bowed his head and turned away, his eyes red and wet with brimming tears. "We all feel the same way," he said.

"A girl in the crowd heard that her younger brother had been killed, and lost her composure and ran toward the soldiers," a teacher from Beijing Foreign Languages Institute said.

"We tried to stop her, but the troops opened fire.

"They shot her seven times, even as she was crawling," said the teacher, who was treated for a grazed ankle at Beijing Union Medical College Hospital.

The scene in the hospital's overloaded surgical department was chaotic.

Patients were lying on dusty hallway floors on filthy mattresses caked with dried blood, some with intravenous drips dangling from makeshift stands, their clothes torn, bandages hastily applied to bullet wounds.

Several patients displayed their x-rays, some showing bullets still lodged in place.

"A four-year-old girl was killed by a bullet as she held her mother's hand," said a doctor at the hospital, a few blocks from the square.

A nurse told of a young worker bicycling to work in

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 8)

## Official says Deng has cancer

SENIOR leader Deng Xiaoping gave the orders for the bloody military invasion of Beijing from a hospital where he is being treated for prostate cancer, Chinese officials said last night.

The officials said Mr Deng's condition is serious. He has long been rumoured to have prostate problems.

The officials, people in the office of former President Li Xiannian, said Mr Deng gave the orders a day before troops moved in.

The sources said he was angry, saying he had not been properly informed about the student movement.

Deng, 84, heads the Central Military Commission, his only public post after resigning from most of his official offices in 1987.

## MPs say scrap the handover

From DAVID WALLEN in London

BRITISH Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher last night said she was "deeply shocked" at the horror of events in Tiananmen Square, while some members of parliament, expressing the same shock, suggested that the handover of Hongkong to China should not now go ahead.

Mrs Thatcher who was at her country residence of Chequers for the weekend was kept constantly up to date on the situation in Beijing by the Foreign Office.

A spokesman for 10 Downing Street said: "She is watching events with great concern."

Meanwhile, Chinese students marched through the centre of London last night, and Soho Chinatown was draped in banners denouncing the Chinese authorities. Overnight a vigil was held outside the Chinese Embassy and a protest letter was handed in.

Mrs Thatcher, in a statement, said: "We are all deeply shocked at the news from Beijing and appalled by the indiscriminate shooting of unarmed people."

"It is a reminder that, despite some recent easing of

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)

## Party man quits over bloodshed

A HONGKONG member of the Chinese Communist Party, Mr He Mingsi, has renounced his membership in protest at the bloodshed in Beijing.

Mr He, a former deputy secretary-general of the local branch of the New China News Agency (NCNA), made a statement published in the left-wing *Wen Wei Pao, Ta Kung Pao, Ming Pao* and *Hongkong Economic Journal*.

In his statement, Mr He said: "I can't accept the bloody truth that the Chinese authorities have used force to suppress the people.

"This is in total contravention with the goal of the party," he said.

Mr He who retired from the NCNA several years ago could not be reached for comment.

Earlier estimates have put the total number of local members of the CCP at 4,000.

## General strike called for Wednesday

A girl weeps after signing the book of condolence at yesterday's rally in Hongkong.

By ANDY HO

A GENERAL strike has been called for Wednesday to condemn the bloodshed in Beijing as Hongkong yesterday recoiled with shock, horror and indignation at the Chinese authorities' atrocity.

Hundreds of thousands of aggrieved residents joined in rallies yesterday to mourn the dead of the June 4 tragedy, demanding the dismissal of all Chinese party, Government and army leaders responsible for the crackdown.

The Hongkong coalition in support of the Beijing students yesterday called for a general strike, except for essential services including banking and Government.

Employees of vital services were urged to wear black armbands when they go to work on Wednesday. Major education institutions are ready to respond with a territory-wide class boycott on the same day.

"This a general call. We will ask all shops to close their doors, all factories to strike and all schools to cancel classes," said legislator Szeto Wah.

Organisers of yesterday's rally at Happy Valley put the turnout at more than half-a-million. Police Hongkong Island Regional Commander John Clemence, however, declined to give an official estimate.

Legislator Martin Lee Chu-ming condemned the Beijing action.

"I believe it (the crackdown) is the work by a group of very old men who want to cling to their power and are prepared to sacrifice thousands and millions of lives. I think they have gone mad."

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, expressed "horror and anger" at the bloodshed, but stopped short of condemning the Beijing authorities.

"There is a very real sense in the community of horror and of anger at what has been happening," he said, appealing for calm.

"It is a time for sad and sober reflections for all of us here," Sir David said.

The Government ad-

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 8)

## Bank of China drained of ready cash

THE Bank of China's automatic cash machines were drained of cash last night after local residents were told to boycott Chinese banks, goods and tours to the mainland.

Pamphlets calling for the boycott were distributed at yesterday's mass rally and in Central. A similar call was made in Macau.

No identification of the author was given but the pamphlet was signed by two fingerprints.

Residents were asked to withdraw all their money from Chinese banks as foreign cash would be used as a source to purchase arms.

The letter claimed probably 20 per cent of the bullets which killed the students and other people yesterday were purchased from Hongkong's investments. "Do you want to be used?" the pamphlet asked.

Yesterday, Monetary Affairs Secretary David Nendick and Commissioner for Securities and Futures Robert Owen urged stock market investors not to panic when the Hongkong market opens today.

Mr Nendick said: "I think that during unsettled times, the most sensible thing is to either stay in the market if one is already there or to wait if one is not there.

"I don't think this is the sort of time when people can get the best value when they come to sell stocks. It is an uncertain period and it's best for the small investors to leave it to the professionals."

Hongkong Stock Exchange chief executive Francis Yuen said yesterday he expected the market, which shed nearly 20 per cent of its value over the past two weeks, to face "tremendous selling pressure" this morning.

"I expect many people, mainly fund managers, would like to get rid of Hongkong stocks," he said.

Added one broker: "The stock market will drop like a stone."

Mr Owen said: "I would suggest people do not make any precipitate moves, and wait to see how events evolve further."

Both he and Mr Nendick appeared to rule out closing the stock and futures markets today, although they said they were unable to guarantee it.

Mr Owen said trading in both markets had been orderly in the past three weeks.

● See Business Post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WEATHER

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Max temp
30 degrees.
See Page 2.


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# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, JUNE 5 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# CITY OF THE DEAD

■ The anguish shows on the face of a Hongkong demonstrator.

- 'Reign of terror' in China's capital
- Student leaders go into hiding
- Hospitals crammed with casualties
- Mass arrests are now expected

## Up to 2,500 killed in carnage at Tiananmen

**By our China Desk**

THE bloodstained Chinese capital of Beijing was a dead city early this morning, almost deserted except for the threatening presence of more than 20 armoured vehicles and tanks which rumbled regularly through Tiananmen Square.

Despite the military presence and the death toll – estimated at 1,500 to 2,500 – a small number of reckless, angry people gathered to express their defiance.

Eyewitnesses this morning counted nine tanks and 14 armoured personnel vehicles patrolling the East Changan Avenue, which leads to Tiananmen Square. Soldiers inside the vehicles sprayed the almost deserted square with small arms fire.

Hospital sources reported that, as well as the deaths, at least 10,000 people have been wounded during the military operation designed to clear the city of the pro-democracy demonstrators.

Casualty figures have been collected from doctors at Beijing hospitals, filled to overflowing, where the wounded lay in blood-smeared corridors as surgical teams operate around the clock.

Most of the dead and wounded were shot during People's Liberation Army attacks early yesterday. They were part of a crowd estimated to have reached one million, who had been holding out for seven weeks in the city's central Tiananmen Square.

Others were crushed to death under the tracks of armoured vehicles.

Among the injured were two Hongkong student activists, Miss Lee Lan-kuk and Mr Chan Ching-wah, who were being treated in Tongren Hospital. They were not shot.

A reign of terror is believed to have been launched by authorities with the bloody and vicious crackdown on the student-led mass movement.

It was learned later Qinghua University and Beijing Aeronautics Institute had been surrounded by troops.

Student leaders and intellectuals fear reprisals and persecution. Though many were psychologically prepared for imprisonment, the brutality of the army action shocked them because they said the authorities were no longer prepared to talk with reason and concern for human life.

"That means anything can happen to us," a student said.

According to reliable sources, prominent student leaders, Mr Wang Dan, Miss Chai Ling, Mr Feng Congde and Mr Wu'er Kaixi are now hiding.

They expected mass arrests to take place later this morning.

At the north side of the party headquarters, Zhongnanhai, several army trucks were set on fire by the people in retaliation.

The ruling Chinese Communist Party virtually declared war on the people yesterday by launching such brutal suppression of the pro-democracy movement.

In the daytime, Beijing residents, disheartened and feeling betrayed by the brutality of the army's action, recklessly took to the street to challenge tanks and armed soldiers.

Other major cities, including Shanghai, Wuhan, Tianjin, Changsha, Xian, Qingdao and Guangzhou witnessed outbursts of protest as the tragic news of the horror in Beijing spread across the nation.

The events shocked Chinese in Hongkong, Macau, Taiwan, the United States, Europe, Japan and Australia. World leaders, including the United States President Mr George Bush, and British Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher deplored the bloody crackdown.

On the other hand, Beijing's official media justified the "clearance of the Tiananmen Square" as a move to end a "counter-revolutionary revolt".

In its main news China Central Television (CCTV) quoted the Martial Law Headquarters as warning: "Any further destructive acts will be severely dealt with according to the law."

CCTV defended the "serious measures" taken by troops as legal and necessary. It reported more than 1,000 casualties among soldiers, including dozens of deaths, and said "some remained in a coma in hospitals."

It also reported deaths among civilians but gave no figures.

"While the troops were on their way into the city, some people along the way were injured, among them were some who died."

The lengthy broadcast added that some of the dead soldiers were "burned alive, one beyond recognition ... by ruffians," and continued "some people who were present were also killed."

The report said one soldier's body was hung on a lamppost.

It stressed that the troops' clamp-down on the rioters and their takeover of central Tiananmen Square, in what it described as an half-hour operation overnight, had been "totally legal".

It also said dozens of military and public transport vehicles had been burned or turned over by "ruffians" who also robbed soldiers of their rifles and other military equipment.

CCTV said what it called the ruffians killed, beat up, and kidnapped soldiers. At least two injured soldiers had been kidnapped as rioters attacked them with bricks, stones and "murderous weapons".

It said people who refused to leave overnight were seen handing out "knives and iron chains ... and shouting: 'Let's take up the weapons and topple the government'."

Hours after troops shot their way into Tiananmen Square on Sunday, leaving a trail of dead and wounded, officials in Beijing admitted civilians had been killed but said reports of mass slaughter were merely rumours.

Official newscasts showed armoured vehicles crunching over the rubble of the Statue of Democracy that had helped rally pro-democracy forces in the square.

A Western reporter who ventured around the capital saw several burnt-out military vehicles and a jeep with bullet holes. One diplomat who passed through Tongxian town, 20 kilometres east of Beijing said he saw a tank and several buses burnt-out.

■ Continued Page 6

■ Bodies of protesters lie amid their crushed bicycles after an armoured vehicle ran them down.

INSIDE:

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- Survivors tell of carnage: Page 3 ▶
- World reacts with outrage: Page 4 ▶
- Blood-soaked timetable of terror: Page 5 ▶
- Omelco blasts use of violence: Page 6 ▶
- Basic Law man slams Beijing: Page 7 ▶
- Market braces for wild ride: Page 8 ▶
- Troops claim a great victory: Page 9 ▶

## Still confident says Thatcher

PRIME Minister Margaret Thatcher said last night that Whitehall was shocked and appalled by the Beijing massacre.

She said Britain shared Hongkong's anxiety about the implications of the tragedy.

But Mrs Thatcher said she remained confident that the Chinese Government would fulfil its obligations under the Joint Declaration.

And she gave an assurance that the British Government would continue to stand by its commitment to a secure future for Hongkong.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, also expressed his shock at the events in Beijing.

"There is a very real sense of horror and of anger at what has been happening," Sir David said.

"But despite these very strong emotions that people have, they have been reacting here with dignity and in an orderly fashion and I feel confident that in the days to come it will be the same.

"It is a time for sad and sober reflection," he said.

Mrs Thatcher said that the British Government had been closely monitoring the situation in China.

"We are all deeply shocked by the news from Peking, and appaled by the indiscriminate shooting of unarmed people," she said.

"It is a reminder that despite the recent easing of East-West tensions a very great gulf remains between the democratic and communist societies.

"We view these events in Peking with particular concern because of our responsibility for Hongkong and our obligation, which we share with the Chinese Government under the Joint Declaration, to safeguard Hongkong's future stability and prosperity," she said.

Mrs Thather was readsing in London from a statement prepared by the Foreign Office.

"I understand the deep anxiety presently felt by the people in Hongkong and admire their steadfastness in the face of these latest tragic events," she said.

"Britain will continue to stand by its commitment to a secure future for Hongkong.

"And we are confident that the Chinese government will continue to abide by their obligations under the 1984 agreement," she said.

Mrs Thatcher's remarks were echoed by her Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe.

"This is something we are shocked by," he said.

"But we do believe that the Chinese Government will continue to understand they certainly should do so - the importance of fulfilling its own commitments under that agreement (the Joint Declaration)" he said.

Sir Geoffrey's confidence, however, was not shared by Mr Richard Margolis, a former adviser to the Governor.

Mr Margolis said yesterday that negotiations with China on the implimentation of the Joint Declaration should be suspended.

"My own view is that we cannot continue to sit down and discuss the nuts and bolts that have to be put into place during the rest of the transition period with the representatives of those who have just perpetrated the massacre we have seen in the streets of Peking," he told BBC radio.

"In the end, everything relies on the credibility of one of the two parties who are the guarantors of those safeguards.

"And until the credibility of one of those two parties is restored, there doesn't seem to be too much point in arguing about words on a piece of paper," Mr Margolis said.

■ Mrs Thatcher ... shocked but confident.

■ Sir David Wilson ... a sense of horror.

## How the world reacted

**LONDON**

**The Foreign Office must condemn what has happened in Beijing in the strongest possible terms**
**– Labour Party spokesman George Foulkes**

**NEW YORK**

**The blood shall be said in blood; How can the government kill? Those are my brothers and sisters being murdered**
**– speakers at a protest rally**

**WASHINGTON**

**It is clear the Chinese Government has chosen to use force against Chinese citizens who were making a peaceful statement in favour of democracy**
**– US President George Bush**

**NEW DELHI**

**They have decided to deal with the peaceful movement of the people with force**
**– Dalai Lama's chief spokesman Tashi Wangdi.**

**SYDNEY**

**It makes you ashamed to be Chinese and to have a government that kills people like that**
**– Simon Yung, Australian Chinese**

**HONGKONG:**

**The Beijing regime is going to disregard everything. They are not going to consider economic factors**
**– Director of the Centre of Asian Studies at the University of Hongkong, Prof Edward Chen**

**This is a very, very sad scenario. What happened has made it the darkest day in the contemporary history of China**
**– Dr Joseph Cheng**

**BEAT THE NEWS BLACKOUT: Turn to PAGE 9 for a Chinese-language summary of events in China that you can fax to your relatives and friends on the mainland.**

# Angry alliance calls for strike

HUNDREDS of thousands of people poured into the Happy Valley Racecourse and on to the streets yesterday to express outrage and sorrow at the Beijing massacre.

The rally organisers, The All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-Democracy Movement, called for a general strike on Wednesday.

They suggested that all shops, schools and businesses, with the exception of Government essential services and the banking sector be closed.

The alliance said a series of territory-wide demonstrations would be organised for that day so people wanting to demonstrate would not have to travel to the Happy Valley Racecourse.

An alliance spokesman, Mr Cheung Man-kwong, told yesterday's rally that Wednesday should be set aside as a day of mourning.

He urged workers to wear black armbands on Wednesday.

He said the alliance would ask those on the Basic Law Drafting and Consultative Committees and the deputies to the National People's Congress to resign because they should not serve such an "oppressive" regime.

The alliance also asked all Hongkong-based Chinese firms and organisations to declare their opposition to the Li Peng government.

Mr Cheung also stressed that any action taken now and in the future, should not jeopardise Hongkong's social and economic order.

He joined other speakers in opposing any radical action because they felt Hongkong's strength lay in its prosperity and stability.

**Among developments:**

■ **The Joint Publishing Company, a leading pro-Beijing organisation, said that it would go on strike on Wednesday.**

■ **A call was made by 40 educators representing all Hongkong education organisations and schools to support the strike call.**

**Yesterday's sit-in started at about noon.**

**Most protesters were either black or white in response to the organisers' call for those**

■ Continued Page 2

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## INSIDE

### The environment

It's World Environment Day, and we mark it with a special report on Hongkong's pollution problems and what people think should be done to solve them

Page 15

### Britain

Four pages of news from Britain in our exclusive weekly liftout, BRITAIN TODAY

Liftout

### Disaster

At least 650 people have died after a gas pipeline exploded near a crowded train on the Trans-Siberian railway

Page 10

## Ayatollah Khomeini dies

NICOSIA, Cyprus: Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, founder of Iran's Islamic Republic, has died, Teheran's official media reported yesterday. He was 86.

The official Islamic Republic News Agency, monitored in Nicosia, said Khomeini died on Saturday and his funeral would be held today.

Hundreds of thousands of Iranians converged on Khomeini's residence in the north Teheran suburb of Jamaran to display their feelings after the announcement of his death.

A 40-day mourning was declared by Prime Minister Hussein Musavi's Cabinet.

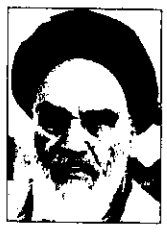
Teheran television and radio reported on Saturday evening that his condition had deteriorated because of an unspecified "complication."

Khomeini left no designated successor and observers are fearing an intense power struggle.

The Iranian Army and the powerful Revolutionary Guards have militia pledged their allegiance Parliament Speaker Hojatoeslam Ali Akbar Hasemi Rafsanjani.

– AP, AFP

■ Report, reactions Page 14



■ Khomeini... no designated successor

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14341期（代号1—1）

1989年6月6日 星期二 己巳年五月初三

北京地区天气预报：白天 多云转阴有小雨 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 阴有小雨转多云；夜间 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 28℃ 最低 19℃

人民日报社出版


### 保证市场供给　满足生活需要

## 天津大力增产日用小商品

本报讯　据《天津日报》报道，为保证市场供给，满足人们对日用小商品的需求，天津市二轻局领导深入基层办实事，在资金、外汇、原材料紧缺的形势下，全局日用小商品生产稳步增长，到5月下旬，工业总产值比去年同期增长3%，新产品和市场紧俏产品的产量也大幅度增长。

为搞好生产物资供应，这个局把主要原材料、能源和贷款放在保重点、保市场上。生产处加强生产调度，一方面组织好市民急需的耐用商品和日用小商品，如按扣、打火机、缝衣针、学生用具和精粗制品、农膜等的生产。另一方面组织好出口产品的生产。局物资供应公司对因原材料价格问题造成微利亏损企业实行灵活的扶贫办法，一季度拿出4000吨议转平的原材料扶持了10个公司45个亏损企业。

进入5月份，为更好地保证市民生活的正常需要，这个局动员职工认清形势。目前，广大职工思想稳定，出勤率高，都以实际行动抓紧生产市场急需产品。电冰箱工业公司生产的可耐、冰峰牌电冰箱月产达4万多台。天洋洗衣机5月份生产5.4万台，创引进设备以来的最高水平，皮鞋、乐器、餐具、测量仪器等5月的产量也都超过4月水平。　赵玉兰　张泽凯

### 遏制贪污受贿　致力肃贪倡廉

## 广州检察机关查结举报案四百多件

本报讯　据《广州日报》报道，广州市检察机关成立举报室一年来，努力处理公民的举报，在肃贪倡廉、消除腐败现象方面起了积极作用。

去年六月一日，广州市各级检察机关在全国大城市检察院中率先建立经济犯罪举报室，为群众监督国家机关工作人员开辟了一条重要的渠道。

据统计，全市检察机关一年来收到公民举报违法犯罪的线索共二千一百六十二件，其中涉嫌贪污受贿等二千一百四十一件，涉及万元以上重大线索三百三十七条，总金额一千七百五十六万多元，港币一百六十多万元。检察机关近一年可侦查的案件，有百分之七十是公民举报提供的。某单位工作人员张玛云，与社会上不法分子勾结，利用职权，采取十分猖獗的手段，非法倒卖六十多人办理"农转非"的户口，每个索款二千五百元至六千五百元，三年来共索贿受贿二十多万元。越秀区检察院收到群众的举报后，立即开展侦查，终于把张牧法逮捕。近日已向法院起诉。

举报室的建立，增加了检察机关工作的活力和透明度，检察机关及时表彰举报有功人员，严肃惩处打击报复者，保护了公民检举揭发的合法权利，有力地支持公民对贪污受贿行为进行斗争。现在，举报信件和电话中，匿名的越来越少，敢讲真名实姓的越来越多。群众说，"检察院壮了我们的胆子，正气压了邪气。"

广州市检察机关坚持把反对贪污受贿的斗争列为打击经济犯罪的第一位工作，抓好对公民举报材料的清化、查处，突出重点，迅速侦破大案。去年底，群众举报了市房管局一些中层领导干部乘改建小马站住宅区之机索贿受贿、越秀区检察院正副检察长带领办案人员，反复以上重大线索三百三十七条，总金额一千七百五十六万多元，港币一百六十多万元。检察机关近一年可侦查的案件，有百分之七十是公民举报提供的。某单位工作人员张玛云，与社会上不法分子勾结，利用职权，采取十分猖獗的手段，非法倒卖六十多人办理"农转非"的户口，每个索款二千五百元至六千五百元，三年来共索贿受贿二十多万元。越秀区检察院收到群众的举报后，立即开展侦查，终于把张牧法逮捕，近日已向法院起诉。

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### 挂牌服务　接受监督

## 磐石县坚持公开办事

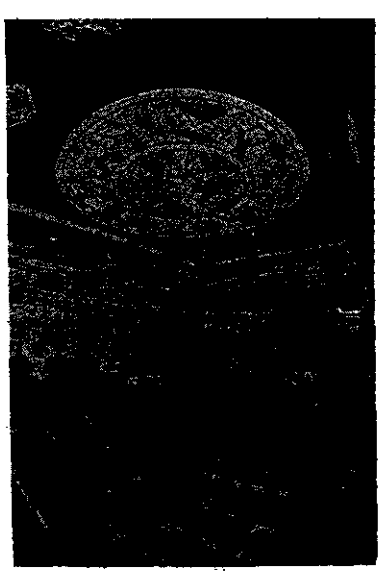
### 群众评价：机关廉洁，办事公道

**新华社长春8月5日电**　吉林省磐石县委和县政府所属部、局公开办事制度，广泛接受监督。群众的评价是：机关廉洁，办事公道。

磐石县各部门采取各种形式公开以下四方面的办事内容。一是公布本部门内设机构的职责范围，干部的姓名、职务，公职人员执法、管理所依据的条款、办事的程序和为群众办事的最终结果，经常与群众接触的管理、监督人员一律实行挂牌服务；二是针对管理上、体制上的漏洞及薄弱环节而建立的规章制度；三是便民服务措施；四是奖惩的有关规定。

在坚持公开办事的同时，磐石县进一步疏通和拓宽了监督渠道。各部门内部都有监督系统，并且普遍设立了举报箱、监督电话。在群众中聘请了监督员，部门领导定期接待来访群众。有的部门还定期请服务对象对本部门工作予以讲评。

磐石县实行公开办事制度半年来，已取得明显效果。群众增强了参政议政意识，敢于维护自己的正当利益，也敢于举报问题，机关的廉政建设也有所加强。一位农民给县计量局写信，反映县物资局下属一家商店卖出的水泥不足量，县计量局查实后，没收了这家商店的非法收入，处以罚款，并且责令他们把少付给农民的两吨水泥送到农民家里。县卫生局接到举报电话，反映县医院少数医务人员故意给病人多开好药，自己从中分一部分。局长立即去县医院查处，责令院长到举报人工作单位向举报人赔礼道歉，退还多开的药的现款。县医院还扣发了当事人的月奖金，责令他们在全院职工大会上公开检查。县税务局公开办事制度以来，先后接到群众举报偷漏税案52件，都已全部查处，共补缴税款10万元。



由中国建筑总公司于10年前在香港成立的中国海外建筑工程有限公司经过艰苦创业，现已成为拥有资产总值23亿港元，1000余名员工，年营业额超过10亿港元的大型建筑企业。

这家公司遵循"守约、保质、薄利、重义"的方针，以"为香港居民提供优良服务和优质产品"为宗旨，在这块世界建筑业竞争激烈的地方建立了信誉，为雪缘香港作出了贡献。

图为该公司承建的"屯门市广场"中的商场内景。　新华社记者　周家国摄

### 三百五十二所炕头小学喜迁新居

## 宁武结束「黑屋土炕泥娃娃」历史

本报讯　据《山西日报》报道，"六一"前夕，宁武县前石湖小学响起一阵热烈的鞭炮声，近30名师生兴高彩烈地搬进了明亮的新校舍。至此，宁武县的352所炕耙小学结束了"黑屋土炕泥娃娃"的历史。

宁武县地处晋西北山区，沟深坡陡，自然条件恶劣，文化、经济一直很落后。全县460所中小学大部分分布在深山僻壤之中，办学条件十分简陋。十一届三中全会以来，该县把兴学育人作为治穷致富的基础来抓，从1983年至1988年，县财政累计投资1686.7万元用于改善办学条件，占财政总支出的22.57%；从1983年至1988年6年时间社会集资总额达451万多元，共新建中小学238所。

### 树清廉之风　刹高估冒算

## 沭阳建行核减基建资金二百多万

本报讯　沭阳县建设银行认真执行国家压缩基建投资规模的有关政策，树清廉之风，严把基建投资审查关，1988年以来共核减基建资金225.16万元。

近几年来，随着改革开放的不断深入，沭阳的经济建设有了长足的发展，全县各种基建工程明显增多，但是，一些建筑企业为追求本单位的经济效益，置国家利益于不顾，在工程造价上高估冒算，有的施工企业为达到目的还变着法儿请客送礼、托人说情，一度扰乱了正常的基建秩序，加大了国家的资金耗费。为扭转这种状况，沭阳建行首先教育党员群众以党和国家利益为重，树立清正廉洁新风，建立了抵制不正之风的一整套规章制度。如做到"四不"，即，不收馈赠、不赴宴席、不卡顾客、不要礼品。同时，成立由行长挂帅的基建工程资金预算审查的专门班子，按国家有关政策，健全各种严密的审查制度、标准。并且改变过去审查工作中的一般性审查为重点审查和全面审查。

去年8月，县一家建筑企业承接了县邮电大楼的建筑工程，上报建行的造价为119万元，建行经过科学测算审查，核减了14万元，占原造价的11.8%。去年春节，县三个建筑企业为使上报的基建工程造价指标顺利过关，悄悄塞给基行业务科王寅武1400元，被王寅武当场退回。后来这三个企业又托县有关部门领导前来说情，也被行长王士顿拒绝，并按国家规定核减了这三个企业原工程造价高估冒算的资金30万元。据统计，三年来沭阳建行共审查基建投资项目55份，价值2405.65万元，核减资金225.16万元，占原价值的9.35%，定案准确率达100%。　（沈　根）

### 就欧共体取消欧中混委会谈判和高级磋商事

## 我国代表团深表遗憾

**本报在鲁尔8月5日电**　记者鹏巍报道，今天中午，前来参加第十届中国—欧共体混委会委员会谈判的中国代表团，对欧共体当日发的新闻公报亚曲实事实相，表示极大愤慨。对委员会主席取消5日的混委会谈判和6日的高级磋商，深表遗憾。

我国代表团认为，本届混委会是双方去年10月间一致商定的，现在单方面中止，由此引起的损害双边关系的后果应完全由欧共体委员会负责。

我国代表团重申，自实行开放和改革政策以来，我国的经济和外贸体制已发生了深刻变化，中国政府十分重视同欧共体发展长期稳定的贸易和经济合作关系。中国将一如既往地坚持执行开放和改革政策。

### 胡平谈商业部门廉政建设

## 评奖创优不能染上腐败风

本报讯　据《中国商报》报道，商业部长胡平日前说，搞好廉政建设既要进行思想教育，也要建立有关制度，决不能把腐败作风带进评奖创优和新产品鉴定活动中。

在商业部召开的一次会上，胡平分析了商业系统廉政建设的情况，他指出，目前社会上搞的一些评奖创优和新产品鉴定活动，本来是好事，但是有的把腐败作风带进去，变成用金钱买金牌，这是一种弄虚作假、欺骗百姓的不道德行为，比宴请吃喝的影响还要坏。我们必须坚决地反对这种倾向，提倡实事求是，提倡艰苦奋斗，胡平指出，今后，未经批准不准购买进口车，在旅游旺季不要到旅游点开会；必要的宴请要按国家规定执行。

胡平强调，商业部机关的廉政建设要从自身的实际情况出发。从转变职能上看，廉政同业务工作、同商业改革都有直接关系。大量的商品是通过我们的工作流向全国的，如果部机关不廉洁，就必然会给流通领域带来混乱。他指出，要让下面做到的，我们自己首先要做到。领导干部如果违反规定，该查的一定要查，该处理的一定要处理。

### 当好后勤

今年3月组建的山东潍坊市潍城区生产资料公司，建立以农为本的工作制度，组成农资进情调查小组，有针对性地开展承销业务，满足了该区的农资需求，为庄稼人当好后勤。

新闻摄影比赛

张路田摄

### 满足空中侦察通讯指挥需要

## 我国直升机科研有较大发展

本报讯　据《科技日报》记者日前从航空工业部门获悉，过去我国起步较晚，处于薄弱状况的直升机工业今后将会有较大发展。目前，直九飞机已交付国内用户使用。直八飞机也将在近期内交付使用。

由于历史上的原因，我国直升机工业相对其他飞机工业起步晚十几年，机型的研制一直处于上上下下的不稳定状态，技术基础和各种试验设施也比较薄弱，生产能力与我国国防和经济建设对直升机的需求很不适应。

为了引入竞争机制，逐步将分散的直升机科研生产力量整合成从科研、生产到经营配套成龙的统一体，去年10月国家批准成立了中国直升机技术开发实业公司。据专家分析介绍，成立该公司可使我国直升机的科研费用效率提高20%左右。

目前，我国已交付和正要交付用户使用的有两种机型。直八直升机是由昌河飞机制造厂与中国直升机设计研究所共同研制的单旋翼带尾桨式大型直升机，其最大起飞重量13吨，可广泛用于病员救护、外挂运输、搜索救援等；直九直升机是哈尔滨飞机制造公司引进法国宇航公司技术专利生产的一种具有80年代先进水平的轻型双发多用途快速直升机，其巡航速度高、有效载荷大，可广泛用于人员运输、海上巡逻、护林防火、空中摄影等。

据权威人士透露，今后我国的直升机工业可望得到较大发展。其中起飞总重为二吨的轻型直升机的研制已在今年初由国家批准立项，它的研制将充分考虑军、民两方面的要求，满足空中侦察、通信指挥以及护林、探测、追捕等各种用途的需要。直八、直九的改型机及其它机型的研制也正在方案论证和预研之中。

### 在专家会议选举中获压倒多数票

## 哈梅内伊任伊朗新领袖

**新华社德黑兰8月4日电**　据伊朗官方通讯社报道，负责选择伊朗最高领导人的专家会议4日选举哈梅内伊总统为伊朗新领袖，接替3日晚去世的伊朗宗教领袖霍梅尼。

哈梅内伊在专家会议的选举中获压倒多数票。

根据伊朗现行政体，领袖为国家最高领导人。

哈梅内伊1939年出生在伊朗东北部圣城马什哈德的一个宗教世家。1962年起，他开始了反对伊朗前王朝的政治生涯，曾7次遭逮捕。1981年，他出任伊朗总统。

# 北京盛傳兩軍支衝突 全國掀起抗議鎮壓潮怒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## 新聞簡報

## 北京全城幾陷癱瘓 商店停業交通停頓

### 糧店出現人龍牛奶麵包短缺 城外仍駐重兵數百坦克停在路旁

【本報訊】北京五日消息：由於軍隊的全面介入，北京的正常秩序遭到破壞，全市公共交通中斷，全城幾乎癱瘓。

除糧油食品店和蔬菜副食品店照常營業外，所有的商業、服務業、郵電通訊設施均告停業。糧店門前都出現採購的民龍，牛奶、麵包短缺。據悉，國務院今天上午召集各部門、直屬局領導開會，部署恢復市區正常服務和秩序。一般估計，這不易實現。

今天，大街上沒有公共汽車和出租汽車，前往單位上班的幾少數市民只好步行或騎自行車。昨夜外籍人士和港澳同胞乘飛機離開中國。些飯店的服務設施（如郵電、兌換外幣、餐廳、酒巴）停止營業，國際長途一度很難打通。

北京市公安局、衛生局大搜已被軍隊接管，樓內還傳出士兵的歌聲。火車站也見不到解放軍勤務人員，只見大批荷槍實彈的「解放軍」士兵，前幾天駕駛大卡車宣傳的「解放軍勤務員」已撤走。

## 鎮壓民衆 軍內意見分歧

### 南郊傳有軍隊駁火 有消息說卅八軍與廿七軍不和

外電稱全國內戰威脅一觸即發

【本報訊】北京五日消息：此間未經證實的消息說傳，南郊地區發生軍隊衝突事件。惟名稱迭衆說紛紜，軍隊內部對血腥鎮壓軍衆有不同看法，衝突疑點頗此有較大，互相射擊，情況十分混亂。

【美聯社北京五日電】越來越多的報道說，北京市郊發生了軍隊間的衝突。

一位可靠的中國軍方消息人士說，在北京市南面的南苑空軍基地一帶，軍事部隊間星期一爆發了戰鬥。他說，他無法提供詳情，但戰鬥是嚴烈的。

該空軍基地禁區附近的居民說，他們看見戰機不停地起飛和降落，但未見過或聽到附近有戰鬥。

【本報訊】據昨晚從北京飛抵港的一名商人說，據他所知的確實消息，在北京西城區一個機關宿舍點，四日突然來了二十多名軍裝士兵，對「當兵的」，只要見一個，就抓來打。

【本報訊】昨（五）日早上，住在北京飯店前面阻止一隊坦克前往支援鎮壓的港客透露，在北京東城區內所一發現兩批軍隊在街上名返抵此間的港客透露，在北京東城區內所一發現兩批軍隊在街上

【本報訊】據一個從北京飛抵香港的商人說，他所知的確實消息，在北京西城區一個機關宿舍點，四日突然來了二十多名軍裝士兵，對「當兵的」，只要見一個，就抓來打。

【本報訊】昨（五）日早上，住在北京飯店前面阻止一隊坦克前往支援鎮壓

# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

中華人民共和國成立記認為第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

6 六月 一八六號

港幣捌毫一四五七號

今日出兩張 價二元


## 覺醒隊部嚴戒分部使實事的血

# 絕不聲之炮槍 火交隊軍郊京
# 重嚴歧分內軍 命抗死冒兵官

## 南苑機場一帶軍隊互攻 廣場上坦克炮口突轉向

### 部分戒嚴部隊曾棄坦克槍械集體離去

【本報北京五日電】北京西郊及南郊今日爆發了激烈的槍戰，據傳雙方以上的指揮來源證實，兩大火的雙方均為軍人，開被雙方之間，已出現了「馬鞍」。

消息說明，兩火的武器包括裝甲機械及小炮，雙方的傷亡未能證實。消息說明，駐場軍隊之中，情緒最為對立的是駐扎南苑機場的三十八軍和二十八軍。二十八軍前日晚由西向東入城，十七營團軍在二十多輛坦克車掩護下，在南苑地區一帶不再前進。

一部當晚的直升機被擊落，上空，濃煙沖天高漲，「中央軍委命令你們執行命令！」但軍隊依然不前將一些軍車燒毀。

### 軍隊開入八所高校 勒令學生不准離去

#### 士兵北大開槍阻攔學生闖警界線

坦克由北京西郊向南開來，經過古城地區時，由於坦克裝甲車太重，壓壞了路面的三十八軍。是下令一軍之後監視，但即使如此，三十八軍依然是人被大軍中最數被的部隊之一。消息說明，有關方面未將打算逮捕之三十人。

消息並透露，當日八軍打開時，率先人在天安門廣場直接開城，但最終還是不敢。主要是來自四川的軍人，這支部隊戰鬥力十五軍又實施三十八軍之後監視，但即使如此，三十八軍依然是人被大軍中最數被的部隊之一。消息說明，當日

在天安門廣場直接開城，但最終還是不敢。主要是來自四川的軍人，這支部隊戰鬥力十五軍又實施三十八軍之後監視，但即使如此，三十八軍依然是人被大軍中最數被的部隊之一。消息說明，當日

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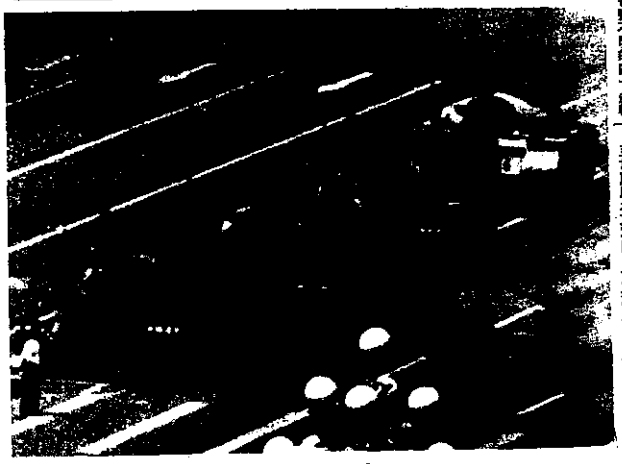

冒死圍力阻坦克

在，去圍部東街大安區京北當朝克坦隊一，午上一第區並他，阻擋面前的克坦在走身挺子男名一，面前店衝克北京北。追前鎮戰克坦，開拉人追被子男名該被其，後隊止停隊部求前，喊呼大聲（真得社聯供）

今日下午，這批軍人後被，行經一條小地區時，由於坦克裝備，消息說明，軍隊過境行駛，有一輛坦克與前面的坦克相撞而停下，不願參與當局平民的士兵由坦克上跳下，自己放火燒坦克燒毀。

至於當晨北京軍區

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### 軍隊魔手伸向醫院 竟令不准治療學生

#### 日內接管 並勒令各院交出傷者

【本報訊】北京消息：當局已於四日向北京全市各大醫院下達命令，將在三天之內，對這些參與民運人士的傷者，進行全面的清查。

這就方面表示，當局的命令這項命令是醫院交出在軍隊血腥鎮壓中受傷人民的傷者的學生，尤其是在天安門廣場上受傷的學生。

一位不願透露姓名的醫生向記者表示，這種威脅人性的命令，以救死扶傷為職責的醫護人員是無論如何也不會執行的。他透露，醫院正千方百計將在廣場上受傷的學生作轉移，至於轉移到何處，他說為了保護學生們的安全，不能透露。

另一項有待證實的消息透露，當局下令即日起，不准各醫院再進行各項手術，例外其目的，就是為斷絕對受傷民眾的治療，其心可謂何其毒也。

### 三名學生領袖 實已經全安

#### 王丹則可能已遇難 柴玲下落不明

【本報北京五日電】據北京高等院校學生向本報證實，學生領袖柴玲、封從德、王丹則可能已遇難犧牲。

一些當天晚上在天安門廣場逃出的學生表示，在撤離途中，有人目睹王丹中槍倒下，柴玲則可能已遇難犧牲。

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至於當晨北京軍區

### 西方軍分內軍 重嚴中像想比稱

#### 坦克昨仍橫街直撞 軍隊續殺平民

【本報北京五日電】北京市人民政府今日發出緊急通告，要求市民勿開槍推毀士兵發狂行兇。

【本報北京五日電】今天，北京城裏仍處於緊張狀態。在北京部分地區的軍民對峙中，軍隊繼續向手無寸鐵的平民開槍，造成大批傷亡。

今晨，數十輛坦克和裝甲車在天安門廣場附近橫行，似在為更多的鎮壓人市中心開路。當坦克駛過北京飯店附近時，坦克上的士兵以亂槍向路旁人亂掃射。

### 傷亡人數超過三萬

#### 已知死者最少五千 傷者近三萬 醫院殮房慘狀令人慘不忍睹

【本報北京五日電】據北京今為止在各醫院所能收到的數字顯示，軍隊今次血洗天安門廣場及長安街，市民死亡人數最少在三千以上，傷者近三萬人。

消息說明，北京的重武、天壇、協和、京文、積水潭、復興、北京等各大醫院都有大量屍體，而火葬場已經超負荷運轉。

【本報北京五日電】北京各大醫院的停屍房已經滿了死難者的屍體，其停屍數量已多到要堆在一塊，醫院呼籲死難者家屬盡快領回，因天氣炎熱，屍體已不能再放過久。

許多死難者家屬高分悲憤，不少人一聽出屍體，立即要求領走，而不理會領取者是否有能力處理。現場所見，一位老大爺單車車包裹的屍體拉出醫院，由於路面凹凸不平，屍體多次被拋下車，其於傷不忍卒睹，但老大爺和那位婦女收緊牙關，滴眼淚火，一次又一次地將屍體抬上平板車，在路人的幫助下拉走。

### 北京目前形勢惡化 各國紛自京撤僑

#### 大部份本港在京留學生今返港

【本報北京五日電】大批滯京駐京人員已於今天分乘兩班民航班機及專機離京。外國使館亦紛紛撤僑。

目前仍有一些滯京駐京人員留在北京，明天民航將有兩班客機飛港。其時駐華航空公司則宣布明天將有最後一班機自北京飛港。英國使館今天曾通知一些英資港駐京公司，如本古等的人員，在陳情今天晚上有去機場乘機離京。

【本報北京五日電】據駐北京的日本商界人士指出，日本自內部有消息說，前來上海，接回駐北京的館員家人。日本僑民，情況來看說，此舉是預先做好的包機到京，並是記載。一些商人曾數度使館要求撤離，但北未得到具體答覆。

加拿大使館將於明天進行撤離。

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### 現今誰掌中央 地方表示迷惑

#### 對有關鎮壓命令拒執行

【本報訊】據悉，日前北京的當權者向全國各省市下達了一道命令，即可視為一道軍事命令，即可視為一道軍事命令，即可視為一道軍事

快報
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五三三號
夏曆五月初三平日宜搏舍鈑垣
一九八九年六月 ◆ 日・星期二
今天天氣：吹東南風，早上有驟雨，午後天晴
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每份七大張 零售二元正

# 鄧小平傳遭毒死
# 共軍已爆發內戰

## 不少老弱婦孺藏匿家中亦難倖免
## 屠城部隊血洗海淀區校園
## 逾三萬學生市民慘遭殘殺

（快報消息）陷入戰狂的李鵬屠城集團，已下令執行武力鎮壓的屠城部隊，攻入北京高等學院校舍中地的海淀區，以血腥、屠殺手段，對居住在該區內的愛國學生、醫務人員和市民，進行慘無人道的大規模屠殺，死傷人數已超過三萬人，其中包括幾千小學和幼稚園的學生在內。

一位居住於北京海淀區的北京市民，在電話中向本報記者表示，昨天凱嚴的情況極為恐怖，主要的屠殺對象是學生和市民，據這點目擊的高等院校、中學教師人士指出，軍隊在海淀區內的高等院校、中學教師人士指出，軍隊在海淀區內的高等院校、中學教師人士指出，軍隊在海淀區內

# 東方日報

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星期二　6　六月　一九五一年六月五日　第三〇一九號

零售　每張十大元　訂閱全年一百二十元


# 攻進晨今軍八卅
# 火還區市兵城屠
# 中戰激在仍晨今

## 內戰爆發

## 使館區深夜傳槍聲　廣東軍營救趙紫陽

（本報綜合報道）傳趙陸會願示，由解運至中共高層權力鬥爭，前晚突被解除職務，是解放軍已駐進京城，而過去二時，三十八軍正全面武裝開進京城，兩日一直執行屠殺任務的二十七軍，則在天安門廣場，及安街、北京多個主要路口布好陣勢，「開戰」。

西方外交人士對本報報導三十八軍與第三十八軍開駐於北京附近，許多家人搬往北京市，在二十七軍的兩日屠殺行動中，三十八軍實兵的家屬很多被殺。加以二十七軍的子法強烈，於公於私，三十八軍都要進行「血債血償」。

消息說：安徽部隊可能是第三十八軍與第三十九軍，特手對二十七軍。昨日晚向是傷家已遷離中南海的住戶全數撤離。北京便衣隊西城發大作，據說趙紫陽被身於此，另一說是學生領袖被捕。另外，今晨有消息說廣東省支援作戰軍隊開進北京和保衛趙紫陽。

## 南郊發生戰鬥　多架飛機升降

一位外交人士說，據未經證實消息表示，北京市郊有軍隊開戰。

日擊者說，一小隊一小隊的士兵徒步在路旁佔據位置，該附近有很多外交人員居住。外交人士認為該區的警員已撤出。

西方外交人士引述中國人士的話說，可以避見軍隊及裝甲車由天津西北方面移動，前往北京。軍隊的動機不明。

約一百架軍機及裝甲車駛經有些軍隊集體在北京西面，而市民周一把這些事實證明最少有部分軍隊採取被動的反抗行動。

西方情報人士說，根據軍隊由東面向北京集結。

政府在兵安街重重里設軍形成防衛圈，派士兵把守，使運著朝往中南海的方向。

天安門廣場有二十架戰鬥機在作伴防，機口都對準朝向長安街的方向。

上述人士說，他們相信三十八軍的士兵正向市中心移動。

另有未證實的消息表示，北京市衛戍部市郊

●郵電部院體（美聯社傳真）。中，滿地屍體。

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## 軍人續向羣衆槍擊　騎單車者慘遭圍毆

【本報訊】綜合外電消息：雖然軍隊開進北京，昨天依然有不少市民在街頭上拆F軍隊設下的障礙物，並築起新的路障。當軍隊向他們開火時，羣衆便逃入附近的橫街小巷。死傷人數不詳。

昨日北京時間早上十時，有大約五十名軍人在廣場東北角的一個路口，向集結有大約三十人的羣衆開火，未知有多少人死傷，但目擊者說，軍隊在開火後，曾用一輛裝甲車在羣衆中橫衝直撞。

另外據悉新成立的「北京市衛戍區」，一個總指揮部，已於昨日下午一時半在天安門廣場對面的原國防部大樓內成立。

消息說，該部隊的成立，已得到中央人民政府中央委員會的批准。

## 京廣鐵路炸毀　長沙段難通過

【本報訊】一項未經證實的消息透露，京廣鐵路株洲的一段已被炸斷，以致該路昨晚七時京定從廣州開往北京的快車不能開出。

本報昨日曾多次嘗試與廣州總站路局查詢上述消息，但一直聯絡不上。

【本報訊】一項未經證實消息透露：北京城內於昨日上午發生解放軍二十七師軍人，在昨日晉港時間早上十一時半左右，在長安大街與十七路軍發火。

消息說，戰鬥一直持續至下午，但是否已有結果，則不得而知。

目擊者說，在北京西北的四十二座住宅區內，有不少軍人被殺。

## 南苑激烈槍戰終成功起飛　萬里趙紫陽王芳長子　聯袂乘軍機南逃廣東

【本報訊】據本報北京消息：萬里、趙紫陽及北京市長彭真三人的兒子，昨晨在三十八軍的掩護下，於南苑機場激烈槍戰後，搶到兩架飛機起飛。

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## 賀龍之子抗中央

一名四方事家分析說，「就真的坦克不是他們所說的武器的」，這反映出他們增心軍隊內部會發生衝突。

消息說，估計十萬名解放軍已進駐北京。

消息說，在北京北的四十二座住宅區內，有不少軍人被殺。

部分正向市六軍會進發的軍隊，已有相當一部分在昨晨早上，在前門火車站附近，與十七軍發生激烈巷戰。

另據悉，北京昨日已有數以百計的坦克、裝甲車和軍車駛進城內，增援一批在長安街、天安門廣場和西單一帶的軍隊。

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## 廿七軍強行開進　總參部隊遭繳械

【本報訊】一名市民昨午致電本報表示，聞開始單行拍照進行示威。

北京政府在昨日突然決定，其中一名學生團體要求停止一切示威遊行，否則將採取行動。

消息說，昨日晚間，有大約二千名學生，在北京西北部的一個地點，與軍隊發生衝突，有多人被殺。

## 軍隊火車增援　兩軍今晨駁火

中國人士說，政府上月曾成嚴後，人民解放軍內部意見分裂。駐守北京的三十八軍據報曾一度拒絕開進北京。

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外交人士說，由於周一步調亂，令人感到中國領導人恐怕會發生政變。

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### 學生民主長征隊受阻返寧

（香港法新社五日電）部分南京市民經電話聯絡後，已發起一項非正式罷工，以抗議昨日軍隊在北京市中心布滿戰車的情況。

據悉，住在北京東站附近的居民曾見晚上有多列火車駛進北京，可能是軍隊增援。

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他表示不能透露詳情，不過戰鬥十分激烈。

「名剛至北京開機的喜客昨日對本報表示，他昨日乘計程車與北京機場途中，聽到砲聲隆隆，在市郊空軍基地附近，看見一架噴射機墜地焚燒。

上午十一時許，有一批身穿白色上衣及另一批身穿綠色軍服的軍隊在機場內發生搏鬥，上午十一時許，有一批身穿白色上衣及另一批身穿綠色軍服的軍隊在機場內發生搏鬥，

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【本報訊】鄧小平的行蹤引發了猜測，有人說，昨日九時許，一度說「鄧小平死了」，但未有人證實。

另外，人士表示：據他所知，鄧小平也已被軟禁，目前的北京城的警察，其實最大「鬥爭」是維持民。

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（法新電）周二凌晨，正當部隊在軍事演習開始的時候，北京天安門廣場的燈便全部熄掉了。

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## 中南海不尋常鏡頭　後殿路開克坦　京離人要送護

【本報訊】北京消息：昨晨，圍門方向沿英安街駛向天安門，當中並不多有一坐轎入中南海方向。

另外，軍隊駐紮在人羣多的長安街沿線，二千名市民聚集在一起，議論紛紛，目前北京市民仍知道仁人數。

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## 傷死人萬六壓鎮大川四

## 進推郊四向隊軍　嚴戒能可亦州廣

【本報訊】廣州消息：在廣州的美國人士，昨晨已獲悉，廣州市當局已下令，要他們在今晨九時半前，到指定地點集合，以便遷往香港。

消息說，有很多在廣州的美國人士，已於昨晨前往指定地點集合。

## 市民搶購煤油　上海交通癱瘓

【本報訊】一名市民致電本報表示，昨晨，上海有大批軍隊，開往市內各處。

## 學生臥軌抗議　東北有出殯遊行

（香港法新社五日電）現時在廣州的美國人士，已於昨晚全部取消，其中包括駐華大使館人員。

## 張眼說瞎話・何喜之有？　中央稱「平亂」成功

【本報訊】北京消息：北京市人民政府，昨日發表公告，宣稱「平亂」成功。

公告說：「北京市人民政府，為了保衛人民的和平生活，保衛人民的生產建設，保衛人民的革命秩序，鎮壓反革命的破壞陰謀，在人民解放軍的協助下，已經取得了決定的勝利。

但是必須清醒看到，反革命暴亂還沒有完全消滅，殘餘分子還不甘心失敗，還會伺機反撲。

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## 南苑激烈槍戰終成功起飛　萬里趙紫陽王芳長子　聯袂乘軍機南逃廣東

【本報訊】據本報北京消息：萬里、趙紫陽及北京市長彭真三人的兒子，昨晨在三十八軍的掩護下，於南苑機場激烈槍戰後，搶到兩架飛機起飛。

據悉，最後兩架機成功自南苑機場起飛。

消息說，三位領導人的兒子，在他們的父親遭軟禁之前已經飛，一個離開北京，直至昨晨十時，時機成熟，才從深圳邊境進入香港。

和王芳的兒子，在他們的父親遭軟禁之前已經飛，一個離身在北京，直至昨晨十時，時機成熟，才從深圳邊境進入香港。

## 英法使館　特別安排　接走僑生

【本報訊】綜合外電報道：北京國際機場除解放軍昨日駐生內。

他表示不能透露詳情，不過戰鬥十分激烈。

「名剛至北京開機的喜客昨日對本報表示，他昨日乘計程車與北京機場途中，聽到砲聲隆隆，在市郊空軍基地附近，看見一架噴射機墜地焚燒。

上午十一時許，有一批身穿白色上衣及另一批身穿綠色軍服的軍隊在機場內發生搏鬥，

## 同仁九醫生被殺　離醫院找血漿救人

### 機槍掃射下一男體似蜂窩

【本報訊】北京消息：軍隊暴行一來，北京人心惶惶，當軍隊開始向羣衆開火時，一批抗議出外救護傷者的醫生，最後有九名醫生被擊斃。

有大約五百名軍隊開進當方醫院，並在中庭架起機槍，向羣衆掃射。

## 學生臥軌抗議　東北有出殯遊行

（香港法新社五日電）現時在廣州的美國人士，已於昨晚全部取消，其中包括駐華大使館人員。

## 張眼說瞎話・何喜之有？　中央稱「平亂」成功

【本報訊】北京消息：北京市人民政府，昨日發表公告，宣稱「平亂」成功。

公告說：「北京市人民政府，為了保衛人民的和平生活，保衛人民的生產建設，保衛人民的革命秩序，鎮壓反革命的破壞陰謀，在人民解放軍的協助下，已經取得了決定的勝利。

但是必須清醒看到，反革命暴亂還沒有完全消滅，殘餘分子還不甘心失敗，還會伺機反撲。

## 今晨天安門　街燈全熄掉

（法新電）周二凌晨，正當部隊在軍事演習開始的時候，北京天安門廣場的燈便全部熄掉了。

目擊者說，在凌晨三時半，天安門廣場的燈光突然熄滅，不知道是否成的一種形式，還是有組織安排的活動。

## 鄧小平死了？另傳已遭軟禁

【本報訊】鄧小平的行蹤引發了猜測，有人說，昨日九時許，一度說「鄧小平死了」，但未有人證實。

另外，人士表示：據他所知，鄧小平也已被軟禁，目前的北京城的警察，其實最大「鬥爭」是維持民。

## 賀龍之子抗中央

一名四方事家分析說，「就真的坦克不是他們所說的武器的」，這反映出他們增心軍隊內部會發生衝突。

消息說，估計十萬名解放軍已進駐北京。

消息說，在北的四十二座住宅區內，有不少軍人被殺。

部分正向市六軍會進發的軍隊，已有相當一部分在昨晨早上，在前門火車站附近，與十七軍發生激烈巷戰。

另據悉，北京昨日已有數以百計的坦克、裝甲車和軍車駛進城內，增援一批在長安街、天安門廣場和西單一帶的軍隊。

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# 李鵬中槍

## 北京兵變 互相開火

## 四路大軍圍攻二十七軍

## 誓爲死難人民討還血債

### 年青武警軍官家仇國恨 人民大會堂內射鵬身亡

【本報北京專訊】據今晨一批從北京西郊一帶，日下午在北京西郊一帶，三十八軍、十五軍、十七軍開始向屬駐民眾和學生的二十七軍進攻，爲人民討還血債。

據悉，昨日的戰鬥主要是在西苑機場附近，不久前曾有二師來自武衛的坦克部隊參戰，但據說該坦克師部隊現已被解除武裝，而該坦克師的官兵，均被拘禁。

另據目擊者稱，六月四日上午十時，曾有一架軍方直升機在天安門廣場上空盤旋，並要求四人民英雄紀念碑下的學生離開，否則將予以武力驅散。

【本報北京專訊】據一名剛從北京逃抵香港的人士透露，李鵬當局因擔心軍隊兵變，只給其總參部隊二十七軍和六十三軍部下知悉，但還沒有消息人士又表示，如果北京軍區要反抗，就要先過他們這一關。

【本報北京專訊】北京市民人士透露，李鵬曾指使軍隊不惜一切代價平息北京的動亂，並且強調鄧小平一切高內幕，而且還出現了一個調話……一九七七年三月，華國鋒在中央工作會議上說：「……發生了天安門事件，鄧小平是在十一屆三中全會中所得到平反的。

鄧小平在講話中說：「華國鋒說我是在三中全會上平反的，他自己說平反的。」

【本報北京專訊】一位退役軍官周良前日因拒絕執行鎮壓學生的命令，已被判死刑。北京軍區一位司令員出面保他，但他仍被處決。

# 中共軍政激烈鬥爭
# 大陸將要爆發內戰

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二、美國特立事件，刊第二版。
三、李主席與公關華人實力支持大陸，刊第三版。
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五、北京市各界人士敬悼胡耀邦，刊第五、六版。
六、廣大市民響應罷工、罷市、罷課，刊第十五版。
九、十一三版。
七、北京市昨天情況，刊第十一版。
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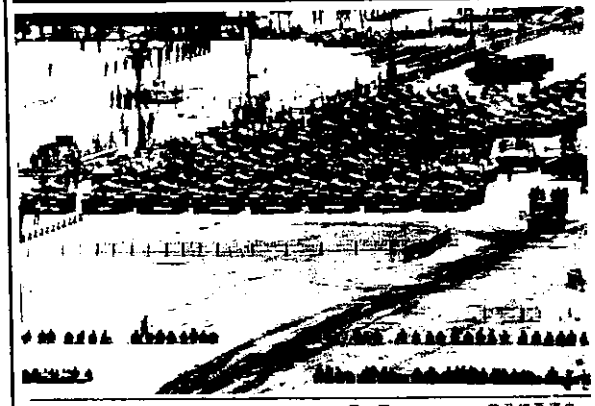

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## 二中全會致電慰問大陸地區同志

## 共軍成都揮屠刀
## 民衆死傷百多人

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## 王丹昨日傷重殉難

## 各國駐平「使館」
## 採措施護僑民

## 六輛坦克摸黑護送
## 中南海高幹紛逃命

# South China Morning Post

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## Hongkong unionist arrested trying to flee Beijing

Lee Cheuk-yan

By S.Y.WAI

HONGKONG unionist Lee Cheuk-yan, who last week helped carry some of the $2 million delivered to Beijing protesters, was last night arrested by mainland police just as he was about to board a special Hongkong Government-chartered flight.

He was taken from the 125-seat Dragonair Boeing 737 by two uniformed security officials, who said his Home Visit Permit had not been properly inspected.

The other 126 Hongkong residents, businessmen, journalists and students who were fleeing the Chinese capital were already on board and arrived at Kai Tak shortly after midnight.

Mr Lee is the first Hongkong resident arrested under martial law provisions.

The Hongkong Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movement in China fears that he might become another Lau Shan-ching, a Hongkong resident arrested in 1982 and serving a 10-year sentence for "counter-revolutionary" activities.

Alliance members, informed of the arrest by a Dragonair pilot, last night marched to Government House demanding that the Governor, Sir David Wilson, and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, help him.

Alliance leader and Legislative Councillor Szeto Wah secured a meeting with Sir David late last night on the arrest.

Eleven legislators, including Mr Szeto, had joined the urgent meeting with the Governor by midnight.

The British Embassy in Beijing said early today that it had lodged an inquiry with the Chinese Foreign Minister and was "taking this up as a matter of urgency".

A Government spokesman said: "We have been in touch with the embassy who know Mr Lee well and have great respect for his efforts to organise and assist other Hongkong people to get to the chartered plane this evening."

"As yet we have no confirmation that he has been detained, or by whom," the spokesman said.

Mr Lee, who is in his early 30s, has been an activist for political reform and labour protection since he graduated from the University of Hongkong in civil engineering in the 1970s.

He is chairman of the Cloth Making Industry Workers' General Union and executive secretary of the Christian Industrial Committee and was heading a five-member delegation of the alliance to take $2 million to the mainland protesters.

The captain of the Dragonair craft, Ian Stanley, said on arriving in Kai Tak early today that Mr Lee had gone through immigration procedures and was stopped short of the plane by four uniformed officials.

"He tried to board the aircraft but they tried to stop him from boarding ... and said it was necessary for him to go back to the immigration.

"There was no violence at all. The passengers were very shocked and desperately waiting for him. We did stay there for 15 minutes to wait for him to get the permission to board," Mr Stanley said.

Mr Stanley said Chinese officials told him that Mr Lee was having problems with his passport.

Meanwhile, three Hongkong reporters who returned home on an earlier flight last night complained that the British Embassy had not helped them as had been promised.

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 1)

## Bush suspends all military sales to China

From Correspondents in Beijing

UNITED States President George Bush yesterday condemned the Chinese crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators and said he was ordering an immediate suspension of government military sales and commercial export of weapons.

"We deplore the decision to use force," Mr Bush told a hastily convened news conference.

He called on Chinese authorities "to avoid violence and to return to their previous policy of restraint".

Mr Bush said "I do not want to see a total break in this relationship" with China.

Nonetheless, in announcing sanctions that included a freeze in contacts between US and Chinese military officials, he said: "We cannot condone the violent attacks and cannot ignore the consequences for our relationship with China."

The Defence Department was unable to provide immediately the value of undelivered weaponry that would be affected by the suspension announced by Mr Bush.

Lieutenant-Colonel Rick Oborn, a Pentagon spokesman, said four projects were still listed as "continuing", but that some of the older transactions were probably near completion.

The four transactions included a US$98 million sale of technology and assistance in October 1985 to build an artillery ammunition plant; the sale of 55 avionics kits to modernise the electronic systems on Chinese F-8 jet fighters, worth US$550 million; the sale of four MK-46 torpedoes in February 1986, valued at US$8 million, and the sale in January 1987 of artillery-locating radar sets worth US$62 million.

Colonel Oborn said the Pentagon did not have any statistics available on on-going commercial transactions.

The US-Chinese relationship has blossomed on economic, military and political fronts since formal diplomatic relations were established in 1979.

Since that time, the United States has sold more than US$748 million in arms to China, most recently a US$100 million deal in which Beijing purchased six Chinook CH-47D helicopters.

The US has also offered China more than 13 million tonnes of subsidised wheat since 1987. It was not clear whether outstanding subsidies were jeopardised by Mr Bush's moves.

After reading a statement from the White House briefing room, Mr Bush answered questions and said he would not withdraw the US ambassador from Beijing, as some have proposed.

Mr Bush, a former US envoy to China, said he also would order US officials to give a "sympathetic review" to any request by Chinese students for an extension of their stay in the US and would offer assistance through the international Red Cross.

Mr Bush said demonstrators swept from China's Tiananmen Square by military forces at the weekend were "advocating basic human rights, including freedom of expression, freedom of the press and freedom of association".

He added: "Throughout the world we stand with those who seek greater freedom and democracy."

Mr Bush said he was attempting to forge a careful response to the situation in China, and had rejected advice from some who recommended the withdrawal of the US ambassador.

He said the ambassador had been active in monitoring events in Beijing and provided an important resource for the US.

"I don't want to see a total break in this relationship and I will not encourage a total break," he said. "When you see these kids struggling for democracy and freedom, this would be a bad time for the United States to withdraw."

Until yesterday's press conference, Mr Bush had little to say on China as he wound up a weekend of rest and relaxation at his vacation home on the Maine coast after a four-nation European visit and a NATO summit.

Former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, who helped forge the first US ties with China during President Richard Nixon's term, also advised that the president "can't afford emotional outbursts" in the present situation.

Before Mr Bush announced the suspension of arms sales, Dr Kissinger warned that imposing economic sanctions would

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Reports of clash with rival troops

From Correspondents in Beijing

TANKS and troops guarding Beijing's main Changan Avenue last night took up combat positions amid unconfirmed accounts of clashes between Army units south of the capital.

Twenty tanks and 15 truckloads of soldiers took up fighting positions facing east along the avenue at the major Jianguomenwai intersection, diplomats and witnesses said.

A witness said small groups of foot soldiers took up positions along the road close to a compound where many foreign diplomats live.

Staff from several embassies have evacuated apartments nearby, diplomats said.

Western diplomats quoted Chinese sources as saying troops and armoured vehicles were seen moving northwest towards Beijing from the city of Tianjin. The reason for the troop movement was unclear.

A reliable Chinese military source said there was fighting between military groups around the Nanyuan military air base south of the city earlier in the day. He said he could not give details, but the fighting was serious.

There were also reports of clashes between army units in at least one other major city – Shenyang in northeast China. Troop deployment in at least six other major cities, including Shanghai, Chengdu, Nanjing, Wuhan, Xian and Guangzhou, was also reported. Tension was high in Shanghai while in Chengdu, troops were said to have fired on unruly mobs.

In Guangzhou, barricades have been put up and sources said preparations "are now in hand for the institution of martial law" should the case be necessary.

The troop movement in Beijing came as soldiers continued to gun down indiscriminately residents who ventured into Tiananmen Square and elsewhere, as ambulances took casualties to the already congested hospitals.

The latest death toll was about 4,000, reliable sources reported, and the number of wounded totalled some 20,000.

Meanwhile the American and other embassy compounds began providing shelter for foreign students at Chinese universities, where public security officers, assisted by troops began a systematic roundup of student leaders.

An American Embassy official said about 20 of the 400 to 500 US students and teachers took up an offer to relocate at hotels near the embassy. The embassy had not advised an evacuation of Beijing itself by the 1,500 Americans living there although travellers have been warned to avoid China.

Mr Gregson Edwards of the Australian Embassy said 21 Australian, three New Zealand and one Fijian student had moved into embassy residences. The Canadian and British embassies also provided refuge for students.

"Sporadic shooting continues," said a British Embassy official. "We are advising British nationals, including Hongkong residents, in areas where there are military units, particularly Tiananmen Square, to carefully consider their personal safety".

The capital's 3,000 Japanese residents and 370 Japanese travellers have not been told to leave but they have been advised to move if they feel threatened, an embassy official said.

"But don't move alone, travel with others," he said.

The French, Swiss, Canadian, Hungarian, Yugoslav, Italian and Portuguese embassies have also taken measures to safeguard their nationals in Beijing.

The event that gripped the populace of the capital was the reported clash between two rival army units in the southern outskirts of Beijing.

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

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Associated Press

A single Beijing resident halts the progress of a convoy along Changan Avenue. The man pleaded with soldiers to halt the violence, but was pulled clear by friends, and the tanks continued on their way.

## Thousands make run on Chinese banks

By JACQUELINE LEE and CHARLES LEWIS

**THOUSANDS of people swarmed into Chinese banks across the territory yesterday to empty their accounts, either in protest against the Beijing killings or because they fear their money may not be retrieved later.**

**The Government appealed for calm and warned of possible damage to Hongkong's economy should any bank go bust.**

**Many customers of Chinese banks deposited their freshly withdrawn money into the Hongkong Bank and the Standard Chartered Bank, from where cash was drafted to meet the increased demand at the Chinese banks.**

**Both banks and the Hang Seng Bank registered hundreds more new accounts and deposits yesterday.**

**Secretary for Monetary Affairs David Nendick urged the public to stop the run on the banks.**

**"We must recognise that if we do have a substantial run on any bank in our banking system, it's going to cause problems to the whole system.**

**"Also it will create the wrong image to the outside world about our international financial centre," he said.**

**"I can fully understand the sentiment which has given rise to this sort of gesture ... I do think we have perhaps a better and more responsible way of reacting to the present circumstances rather than withdrawing deposits from a bank," Mr Nendick said.**

**He explained that if a bank found that it had to repay depositors, people who had borrowed from the bank might be pressed to repay their loans.**

**"It affects the whole community if you have a run on a bank or a group of banks."**

**A leader of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movement in China, Mr Szeto Wah, also urged the public to cease withdrawing money from Chinese banks.**

**The call for the boycott was not made by the Alliance but came in pamphlets distributed at a mass rally in Central on Sunday. It said foreign cash would be used in China as a source to buy arms.**

**Banks affected by the boycott yesterday included the Bank of China, China and South Sea Bank, China State Bank, Po Sang Bank and the Kincheng Banking Corporation.**

**Bank managers reported up to 10 times more withdrawals than normal days but said they were able to meet customers' demands.**

**One of the largest queues was at the China and South Sea Bank in Aberdeen, where depositors started to queue up about two hours before the bank was due to open.**

**Most of the depositors who queued up to withdraw their money were housewives and elderly people who said they did not want to**

(Cont'd on Page 8, Col 8)

HONGKONG'S stock market plunged nearly 22 per cent yesterday as investors rushed to dump shares in the wake of the weekend bloodshed in Beijing, prompting predictions that financial confidence in the territory could take months to mend.

Panic selling by local punters and institutions wiped about HK$130 billion off the value of Hongkong shares and sent the key barometer, the Hang Seng index, nose-diving 582 points to close at 2,093.61.

It was the Hongkong market's second heaviest one day fall since 1949 and the biggest loss since the October 1987 crash, leaving the index languishing almost 40 per cent below its level before the political crisis in China erupted in early May.

Frenzied scenes gripped the trading floor of the Hongkong exchange from the opening bell, as dealers frantically fielded calls from investors unloading stock in reaction to the brutal military crackdown.

The Hang Seng index plummeted a massive 590 points in the morning session, and only recovered some ground after the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank intervened to support the market in the afternoon.

● See Business Post

## Governor seeks meeting with Howe

From DAVID WALLEN in London and DAPHNE CHENG

**THE Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, last night told the Beijing regime that the planned autumn trip to China by the Prince and Princess of Wales was "unthinkable" unless circumstances altered remarkably.**

**His statement came during a 25-minute meeting with the Chinese charge d'affaires in London, Dr Song Mingjiang.**

**The charge d'affaires was summoned to the Foreign Office to hear what Sir Geoffrey described as Britain's "shock and outrage" at what have been happening in Beijing in recent days.**

**But Sir Geoffrey said Britain was not considering sanctions against China and the present was no time for "hasty, long ranging snap decisions".**

**The royal couple had planned to visit China from November 1 to 6 before going on the Hongkong for two days.**

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, is trying to arrange an urgent meeting this week with British Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, on the twin crises for Hongkong following the bloody crackdown in China and the arrival of thousands of Vietnamese boat people.

Sir David postponed until tomorrow a trip to London because of the weekend bloodshed in Beijing.

Yesterday, he met the head of China's de facto embassy, Mr Xu Jiatun, to whom he expressed the full extent of revulsion felt locally over the use of violence against citizens in Beijing.

Sir David also asked for the co-operation of Chinese authorities in ensuring the safety of Hongkong people in the capital, a statement said.

Sir David was scheduled to appear tomorrow before the House of Commons Foreign Affairs Committee (FAC) inquiry into Hongkong.

He has postponed the session until June 15 to allow time for him to meet British ministers and officials in London.

He was trying to arrange a meeting with Sir Geoffrey, but sources said nothing had been decided.

Sir Geoffrey faced the anger of a number of Conservative rank and file MPs yesterday, who accused him of making excuses for the Chinese Government over the massacre in Beijing.

He and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher will face demands in parliament today to end the "shameful muted response" to the slaughter and to break off diplomatic relations with China.

Some Tory MPs are planning to table a motion designed to convince the Government that Britain must register its protest and horror in a far more effective way than has been done so far.

Sir Nicholas Fairbairn, a Conservative MP, said: "Here we are flaunting our friendship with China and making the most limited condemnation about this most blood-curdling atrocity."

"This would never occur in South Africa, yet they, an advanced weapon democracy, we abhor and China we hardly condemn for the worst brutality since Russia invaded Czechoslovakia. It

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 7)

## Over 1,100 boat people sail into HK

ANOTHER 1,103 boat people sailed into Hongkong in 20 boats yesterday – the highest single figure in one day since 1979.

It takes the arrivals in the first five days of June to 3,091 and in the past eight days to 5,697, an average of more than 700 a day.

More than 2,000 of the arrivals in the last five days are being held on the Soko Islands with scant shelter, but most of the Vietnamese are being detained off Tai Ah Chau in the boats they arrived in, while some have been allowed ashore.

● Report: Page 9

## Solidarity set to sweep polls

WARSAW: Solidarity appears to have scored a resounding victory for a new Senate in Poland's first democratic elections since World War II and possibly even ousted top communist officials in the existing parliament.

The early returns tabulated by the Solidarity Citizens Committee represented a small number of the more than 16 million votes cast on Sunday. A final official count was not expected until tomorrow.

Voters selected candidates for the existing 460-member Sejm and a new 100-member Senate, as agreed to in reforms worked out by the Government and Solidarity-led opposition in talks earlier this year.

A majority of Sejm seats were reserved for candidates from the ruling communist party and its allies, but the remainder and all 100 Senate seats were open to opposition candidates.

None of the early unofficial returns showed communist candidates winning races for the Senate, raising the possibility of a Solidarity sweep in the first freely elected legislative chamber in the East bloc.

The state-controlled media reported no voting results, only turnout figures.

In Gdansk, Solidarity leader Lech Walesa was taking a cautious approach.

"It's too early (for) congratulations, and we don't have complete information yet," he told reporters who cornered him outside the rectory of St Brygida's Church, a Solidarity stronghold.

In Warsaw, Solidarity supporters cheered and at least one onlooker broke into joyous tears as partial results were posted in campaign headquarter windows, showing the Solidarity slate drawing between 65 per cent and 75 per cent of the votes across the board.

With 159 of 1,253 voting stations in Warsaw reporting, Solidarity candidates for the three Senate seats from the city led easily. The Solidarity tallies showed all had obtained more than 70 per cent of the valid votes cast.

The numbers were similar in races for the Sejm.

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Hot with sunny periods
Max temp 32 degrees.
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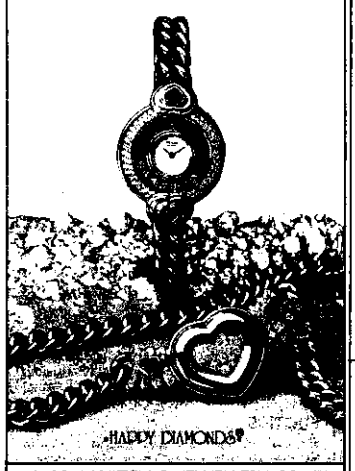

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Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 4

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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, JUNE 6 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# THE CHAOS SPREADS

- Deng said to have died of cancer
- Slaughter of protesters in Chengdu
- Army groups battle at Beijing air base
- Student leaders rumoured shot dead

## Killing escalates as army units take sides

**By our China Desk**

BEIJING: Heavily-armed troops fired at each other and at unarmed civilians yesterday as the Chinese capital descended into chaos amid doubts over who was in control of China.

Adding to the confusion were unconfirmed reports that paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping was dead.

The army also moved into other cities. In Chengdu, capital of Sichuan province, as many as 400 people were reportedly killed by troops.

In Shanghai, Nanjing and Xian, troops took up positions and warned citizens to stay indoors.

In Beijing, student leaders Wu'er Kaixi and Wang Dan were shot dead by troops, according to student sources. This could not be confirmed.

Hongkong television last night quoted a Japanese source as saying Mr Deng was dead. A Taiwanese intelligence source also reported the paramount leader had died.

On Sunday it had been reported that Mr Deng was suffering from prostate cancer and receiving hospital treatment.

It is widely thought by China-watchers the country could degenerate into chaos if sections of the People's Liberation Army take each other on after Mr Deng's death.

A source told *The Hongkong Standard* that now only Chinese President Mr Yang Shangkun, who is also the permanent vice-chairman of the party Central Military Commission, has access to Mr Deng.

Quoting a "reliable Chinese military source" Associated Press said there was fighting between army groups around the Nanyuan military air base south of the city yesterday.

The source could not give details, except to say the fighting was serious.

Artillery shelling also was heard in a far northwest suburb of the city. Asked about the rumours of soldiers fighting soldiers, one Western diplomat said: "It's more than that. There is solid evidence." He would not elaborate.

Eyewitnesses also told *The Hongkong Standard* that in the morning at Gongzufeng, a western suburb, there was a bitter firefight involving the 27th Corps and 38th Corps.

It was said the troops of the 38th Corps which had been closing in on Tiananmen Square stopped and got down from their trucks and tanks to tell crowds they came to protect the people's lives.

Later they exchanged fire with the troops of the 27th Corps which came to execute the martial law order to crush the unarmed civilians.

The two corps are the elite forces of China but loyal to different military leaders. The 27th Corps' commander is a nephew of President Yang and is loyal to him, while the 38th Corps was formerly under the command of the current Defence Minister Mr Qin Jiwei.

Chinese sources said the People's Liberation Army was deeply split over the May 20 government decision to declare martial law and send troops into Beijing.

The 38th Corps, based around Beijing, reportedly refused to advance against the city.

The source said the 38th Corps had been ordered to take over from the 27th Corps responsible for the carnage of the past few days. It was not clear whether the army was willing to obey the order.

A United States embassy official said soldiers fired indiscriminately when a convoy of 50 to 100 military trucks hurtled down a normally quiet street flanked by a park and numerous foreign embassies.

About 30 tanks took up strategic positions in the evening at an intersection outside an apartment complex for diplomats. It is not known which factions these troops belong to.

Last night the army tightened its grip on the capital, using tanks and armoured personnel carriers to secure a strategic intersection that leads to Tiananmen Square.

Twelve tanks, their turret machine-guns manned, were seen taking up positions on the Jianguomen overpass and on access ramps linking it to the Second Ring Road, which encircles the capital.

Unlike the regular firing in the morning, no shots were heard as the tanks and about 10 armoured vehicles joined an estimated 600 infantrymen and their convoy.

Cyclists were able to pass the show of force by taking a separate lane on a lower level of the overpass.

But the presence of the tanks and troops meant civilian vehicles no longer had free access to the heart of Beijing, nor could they move along the Second Ring Road to other parts of the city.

The action could be witnessed from high-rise buildings inside the Jianguomenwei diplomatic compound, northeast of the intersection.

Tiananmen Square, focal point of a bloodbath that began late on Saturday when troops firing indiscriminately burst into the city centre, is four kilometres from Jianguomen.

Another column of tanks and infantrymen was seen heading out of the vast plaza early yesterday evening but its destination was not known.

Thirty-two tanks took up position outside the Beijing Hotel, some 500 metres east of Tiananmen Square.

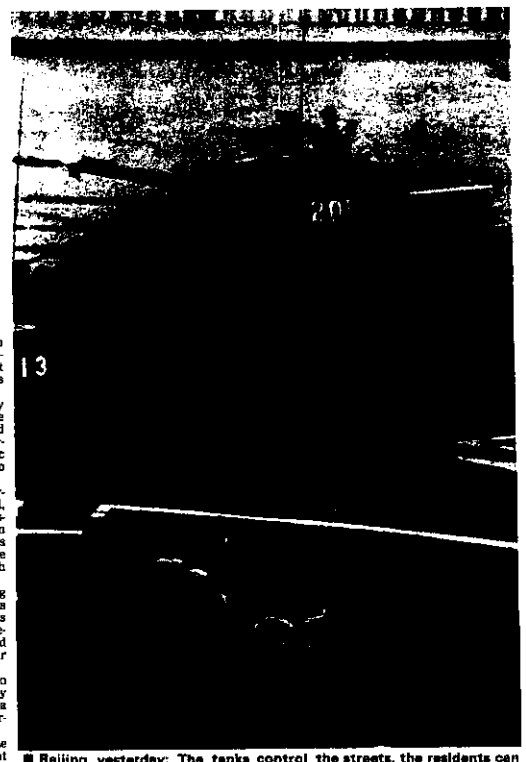
The assault on the city centre left at least 1,500 people dead and 10,000 wounded according to hospital sources.

The central government continued to ignore the appalling civilian casualties and praised the military assaults on unarmed people as a "patriotic effort to put down rioters trying to overthrow the communist system".

The US and other embassies began providing shelter for foreign students at Chinese universities. A US embassy official said about 20 of the 450 American students and teachers in Beijing moved nearer the embassy.

Across China, there were demonstrations in many cities, with thousands blocking public transport in Shanghai and cutting a vital south-north railway line at Wuhan for the second day, witnesses said.

REUTER



■ Beijing yesterday: The tanks control the streets, the residents can only watch.

## Democracy leader snatched off plane

ABOUT 40 people, including two Legislative Council members, last night stormed the Governor's residence after the reported detention of a Hongkong pro-democracy leader by Chinese authorities.

They wanted the Governor, Sir David Wilson, to press the British Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, to start efforts to secure the release of Mr Lee Chuek-yan, a key official of the new alliance set up to organise activities in response to China's situation.

Mr Lee was said to have been snatched from a chartered plane sent to evacuate Hongkong people from Beijing.

The Hongkong Government yesterday made an 11th-hour bid to arrange evacuation of stranded journalists, students and businessmen on the chartered Dragonair Boeing 737.

Mr Lee was on the plane with more than 100 Hongkong people when he was grabbed, witnesses said.

The protesting group arrived at the Government House soon after they received the report of his abduction and two of them, legislator Szeto Wah and Father Louis Ha, spokesman of Hongkong's Catholic Church, went in to see the Governor.

No reason was given for the snatch of the pro-democracy leader and his whereabouts were a mystery.

According to the All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Pro-democracy Movement, Mr Lee, its representative, was picked from the flight at 11.25 pm Beijing time.

The Alliance is worried as the Chinese authorities are believed to be ready to crack down on the pro-democracy movement, which they condemn as a "counter-revolutionary riot".

Anxious people rushed to Beijing International Airport yesterday morning to buy stand-by air tickets for Hongkong.

About 1,000 Hongkong residents flew back to Hongkong by two regular flights of the Civil Aviation Administration of China and the special flight arranged by Dragonair. The Dragonair flight was arranged by the Government after repeated appeals from the students and the All Hongkong Citizens Alliance.

A Government spokesman said the British Embassy in Beijing was working round the clock to maintain contacts with British nationals and Hongkong people stranded in the Chinese captial.

Any inquiries concerning Hongkong people visiting Beijing may be made through a 24-hour Government hotline.

Miss Yung Wai-ling, a reporter for the pro-Beijing *Ta Kung Pao*, said the Hongkong reporters in Beijing considered themselves to be in grave danger.

"There have been rumours that a civil war between military forces mobilised by different commanders is imminent in Beijing," she said.

"There are also widespread rumours that the security forces will search the rooms in the hotel tonight. We are afraid of an arrest of the reporters."

## Stocks plunge amid run on mainland banks

STOCK prices plunged and depositors made a run on Chinese banks yesterday in response to the military crackdown in Beijing.

The Hang Seng Index fell 581.77 points, 21.75 percent, as investors deserted Hongkong's stock market.

Fears over China's future saw Taiwan's stock market plunge and a slump throughout Asia.

The news brought appeals from the Government for calm.

Secretary for Monetary Affairs, Mr David Nendick, said the stock market will not be closed.

The best thing for investors now in the market "is to stay put, unless they are desperate for money," he said.

Customers of the 13 Chinese banks in the Bank of China group, either furious over the bloodshed in Beijing or afraid of a run on the bank, withdrew millions of dollars.

"I don't mean to hurt the local economy," said customer Mr Chan Pak-chuen as he took his money from the Kincheng Bank. "I just don't want to lose my money overnight."

Financial Secretary Mr Piers Jacobs argued the withdrawals would harm the economy and should stop.

"The China-related banks are an integral part of the Hongkong economy and heavy withdrawals could well have an adverse effect domestically," he warned.

The Government was forced to put $194 million into the interbank market yesterday to support the bank.

Despite the intervention, money market interest rates moved up. Three months money was 11⅛ to 11⅜ percent yesterday, up from 10⅜ to 10⅞ last Friday.

Property consultants said events in Beijing could lead to prices dropping up to 20 percent, especially in the residential sector.

They said the erosion of confidence could cut sales substantially in the coming weeks and trigger lower prices.

Asia Securities group managing director Mr Richard Law said he expected the market to slow down as a result of the worsening political situation across the border. "But I don't really foresee an enormous fallout of prices," he said.

One analyst forecast the market would register zero growth in the second half of the year after a strong performance in the first six months.

## Governor tells Xu of concern

**THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, told China's top representative in Hongkong yesterday how strongly local people feel about recent events on the mainland.**

**In a break with protocol, Sir David "invited" the director of the local branch of Xinhua News Agency, Mr Xu Jiatun, to call on him.**

**Sir David emphasised "the deep concern felt by Hongkong people at recent events in China," a terse statement issued by the Government Information Services said.**

**But sources said Mr Xu gave the Governor a written reply which simply stated the official line.**

**The statement also said Sir David had asked for the co-operation of the Chinese authorities in ensuring the safety of Hongkong people in Beijing.**

**The brief encounter followed a "crisis" meeting among top Government officials at Government House earlier in the day.**

**The main issue was how to help Hongkong people still in Beijing to return safely.**

**The Governor also decided to postpone his trip to London to testify before the Foreign Affairs Committee.**

**Sir David, who was supposed to leave yesterday and to appear before the committee tomorrow, has requested that the hearing be put back a week. He will leave for London tomorrow.**

## THE WORLD

### Pol Pot bows out

Pol Pot resigns his last official post and pledges not to participate in a future Cambodian government.

Page 10

### Solidarity wins

Solidarity emerges the clear winner in the parliamentary elections, soundly beating government-backed candidates.

Page 11

### Iran in mourning

Eight people have died and at least 500 are injured in a crush as wailing Iranians pay a final farewell to Ayatollah Khomeini.

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### America

Four pages of news from the United States in our exclusive weekly liftout, AMERICA TODAY

Business section

## Protest as UN cuts Viet food aid

**By Agnes Lam**

THE Government lodged a protest yesterday after the United Nations High Commission for Refugees in Geneva said it would cease paying for food and relief items for Vietnamese refugees in Hongkong.

If the decision is implemented at the end of this month as planned, Hongkong may have to spend about $20 million more on Vietnamese each year.

Both security officials and Executive and Legislative Councillors believed the decision may be a breach of an agreement, which the UNHCR signed with the Government last September.

Under the agreement, which was aimed at liberalising the closed camps, the United Nations agency is to meet the costs of food and relief items for Vietnamese refugees and boat people in Hongkong.

The Omelco Security Panel was informed at a meeting yesterday by the Government's Refugee Co-ordinator, Mr Mike Hanson, that the UNHCR planned to implement the decision at the end of this month.

At present, the UN body reimburses the Government each year for expenses.

The convener of the Omelco panel, Mrs Rita Fan Hsu Lai-tai, said: "We are unhappy about the UNHCR decision which we believe is not in line with the September agreement."

She also criticised the UNHCR for not fulfilling its refugee care role and deviating from its funding practice established in 1979 when Hongkong became a country of first asylum.

Mr Hanson told the Omelco members that the UNHCR had decided to cease funding because it had run out of funds.

It would rather spend its funds on providing vocational training and other social services for refugees, he said.

However, the head of the UNHCR local office, Mr Faizul Karim, said last night that the date for implementing the decision had not been decided.

He denied that the UN agency was breaking the September agreement and its own policy.

"Our policy is to give assistance to refugees who are unable to support themselves."

Mr Karim said almost all Vietnamese refugees in Hongkong had found jobs after the Government had allowed them to work outside the closed camps in December.

"We have already given them long enough. We have to cut off support for those who can live independently," he said.

Mr Karim said the change was not due to lack of funds within the UNHCR.

Mrs Fan said she did not know whether the Hongkong Government had sought legal advice from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

But she said the Security Branch was waiting for an answer from Geneva to its protest. Panel members have not discussed a course of action if the decision is implemented.

Councillors earlier had warned that they would not approve further funding for the boat people if the Geneva Conference failed to come up with a solution to the problem.

Forward with Hongkong — Established 1949

**The Hongkong Standard**

THIS is a time for unity of purpose; it is a time for firmness of resolve.

We have witnessed events over the past few weeks, over the last few tragic and bloody days, that have inspired in us all feelings of elation, pride, anger and, finally, disgust. It is reported that hundreds, thousands of Beijing residents have been slaughtered in a mindless bout of carnage. Who directed this is a matter of conjecture and rumour. It happened — and the price will be paid.

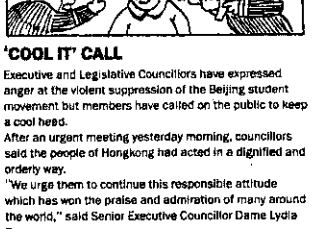
The future of China is in the balance and we in Hongkong can only stand and watch, however fervent our feelings, no matter the height of passion. In the territory itself, we have seen the stock market take a nosedive and a bad case of the jitters set in. The only business that seems to be making profit is the Rumour Factory.

As a community, we have shown over the past few weeks that we can act responsibly, and caringly, finding in ourselves a new sense of belonging. We can justly be proud of that. We must continue to march, to rally, to show to the world that we think of Hongkong as something more than a money machine. It is our home. And in China, we have brothers and sisters.

And no matter the events across the border, it is our duty to act in a responsible and peaceful fashion. It is a time for resolve. It is a time to embrace the spirit of community.

**"It will go down in the annals of China's Communist Party as The Glorious Fourth of June, when the army that was founded for the people turned on the unarmed citizens of Beijing to destroy a peaceful student-led democracy movement**

— a Western journalist who tells how he was beaten up by the People's Liberation Army then advised to say he "fell over".




### 'COOL IT' CALL

Executive and Legislative Councillors have expressed anger at the violent suppression of the Beijing student movement but members have called on the public to keep a cool head.

After an urgent meeting yesterday morning, councillors said the people of Hongkong had acted in a dignified and orderly way.

"We urge them to continue this responsible attitude which has won the praise and admiration of many around the world," said Senior Executive Councillor Dame Lydia Dunn.

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### SANCTIONS

US President Bush imposes trade sanctions on China including arms-sales restrictions, after intense pressure from politicians.

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**They just kicked and kicked her and she died there across the street from me ... we tried to carry her body away but they shot at us**

— A PLA veteran tells how his pride turned to horror in Tiananmen Square

### PROTEST

More protests break out in cities around China as anger at the bloodshed spreads through the country.

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Some rank-and-file legislators in Britain call for the scrapping of the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

Page 2

A general strike is called for tomorrow in Hongkong in protest against the slaughter.

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### REACTION

The attack is described by academics as an "incredible blunder" that will inspire further turmoil, jeopardise the country's hard-won economic gains and doom the ageing leadership.

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### POLITICS

In an open letter to Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, the Hongkong Bar Association calls for direct elections for both legislature and chief executive by 1997.

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### PLUS:

The proud and bloody history of Tiananmen Square, a city heart pumping with patriotism.

Page 17

The Beijing crackdown starkly outlines the crisis facing the world's communist leaders.

Page 14

■ For inquiries about Hongkong people now in Beijing, call the 24-hour Government Hotline: 5-8691313

# Attack an incredible blunder: experts

LOS ANGELES: The attack on unarmed Chinese civilians was an "incredible blunder" that will inspire further turmoil, jeopardise the country's hard-won economic gains and doom the ageing leadership, say US academics.

"The way the Chinese leadership has put down the student movement is an absolute disaster," said Mr Roderick MacFarquhar, a former British Member of Parliament and a Professor of Government at Harvard University.

"The students will become martyrs. The Communist Party will never live this down. And the People's Liberation Army will come to be regarded as the army of the people's oppression."

Although the weekend's violence left the army in command of Beijing's Tiananmen Square and hardliners in control of the party, "China is not a society you can rule purely through force", according to Mr Michael Oksenberg, a professor at the University of Michigan.

"And (senior leader) Deng Xiaoping is about to find that out. The degree of alienation among the people is enormous, as is the contempt for the party."

Mr Robert Scalapino, a professor at the University of California, Berkeley, and director of the Institute of East Asian Studies, called the PLA attack an "incredible blunder" and expressed doubts that either the party or the army has the situation under control.

"China is destined for more turmoil," he said. Noting press reports that some students managed to disarm troops and confiscate their weapons, Mr Scalapino added: "The degree of violence is difficult to predict, but there's great potential. A fuse has been lit that is not going to go out."

The ferocity of the PLA attack stunned him, he said, and may indicate that Mr Deng left it to unit commanders to decide how much force to use.

"When there's indiscriminate firing on civilians, when unit commanders and their troops, who are peasant boys from the provinces, are calling the shots, then it's safe to say the party really has no control," he added.

The risk of further violence is heightened by the combative attitudes of student demonstrators and many Beijing citizens.

After seven weeks of demonstrations, "there's been a qualitative change in the willingness of the Chinese people to stand up for themselves", said Mr Oksenberg, a former member of the National Security Council staff.

"They've been bullied for 40 years, they've been forced to bend with every political wind and accept what their leaders hand down, and now they're saying, 'no more'," he said.

Even political assassination, though rare in Chinese history, cannot be ruled out.

"Students have threatened to kill a top leader for every student who dies," said Mr MacFarquhar, "and though I think there's a good deal of bravado in such statements, there are certainly a lot of weapons available within the populace.

"People say that, for a price, you can buy any kind of gun."

Because university campuses are regarded as hotbeds of dissent, they are particularly vulnerable to future attacks.

"If the army's orders are to root out dissent, the troops may end up storming the campuses" of Beijing University and People's University, said Mr MacFarquhar.

"So much blood has already been shed that there may be very little reluctance to shed more, either on the students' part or the soldiers' part.

"A lot of people could be killed on the campuses, and the rest carted off to labour camps."

China's economic reforms and efforts to attract foreign investment may also be casualties of the battle at Tiananmen Square, at least temporarily.

"Law and order has broken down on the main streets of Beijing. Who is going to put new investment into such a country?" Mr MacFarquhar said.

"For the foreign businessmen who already have joint ventures going, who are already established, the situation may be different. But I think you can forget any new investment for a while."

The damage to the domestic economic reforms will likely depend on what happens to party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, who has reportedly been branded a "counter-revolutionary" and held under house arrest since May 19 with his liberal-minded followers.

"If Mr Zhao is put on trial and there's a systematic uprooting of his supporters, all of whom are identified with the economic reforms and the opening to the West, then the reforms will come to a halt," predicted Professor Richard Baum, of the Faculty of Political Science at the University of California, Los Angeles.

"That would send a chill throughout the economy, in fact, throughout the whole society," he said.

Other academics, however, believe that Mr Deng will never allow the market-oriented economic reforms he instituted a decade ago to be sacrificed.

"The reforms may be put on hold for a while but they won't be scrapped," said Mr Ezra Vogel, a Harvard sociologist who writes about China and Japan.

"Even before this happened, there was widespread acknowledgement that the government was going to have to slow down the reforms in order to tighten up on inflation.

"But, after this, I wouldn't expect major back-tracking. Within a year or two, further reforms should be possible."

Mr Vogel said even Premier Li Peng, the official who declared martial law and earned the enmity of the students, only a few weeks ago was urging the Japanese to invest more heavily in special economic zones along the coast.

"The conservatives may hate what the students have done, they may attack some of the foreign influences in China, but they're unlikely to turn their backs on the rest of the world," he said.

"Some foreign trade deals may collapse because of the violence, but I doubt there will be any major, long-lasting economic impact."

There is more consensus about the political fallout.

"Sending troops into Tiananmen Square was such a disastrous error that it will be extremely difficult for the government to cope with the situation," said Mr Doak Barnett, Professor of Chinese Studies at the Johns Hopkins School of International [illegible] in Washington, DC.

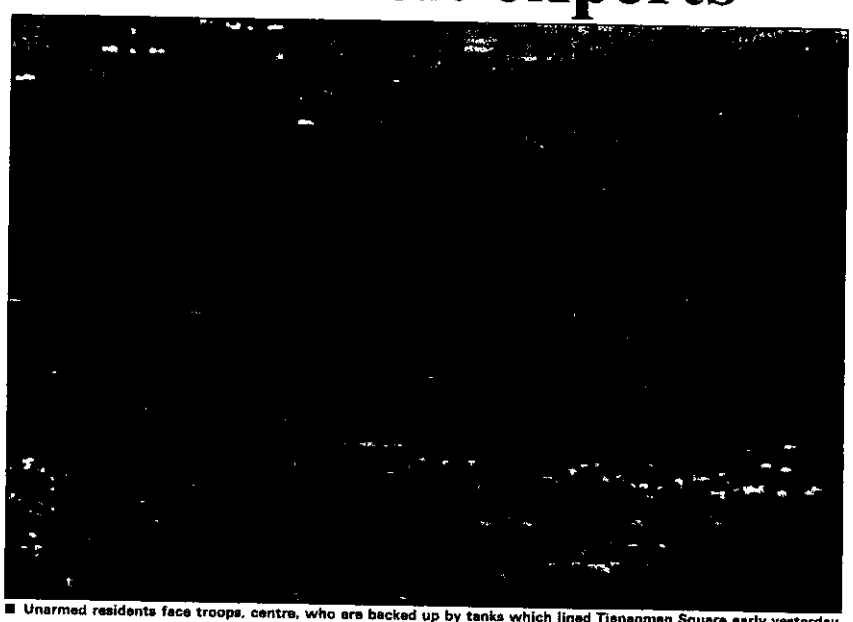
"Mr Deng may survive all this, but his reputation is very badly [illegible]."

Mr Scalapino was more blunt: "This regime is doomed. The only real questions are the timing and method of its demise."

"Mr Deng may still have enough stature to hold everything together for a while and impose his will, but he's an old, sick man. And once he's gone, all kinds of scenarios are possible and most of them spell trouble."

The army attack was "not an act of strength but of desperation", said Mr Oksenberg. "Mr Deng may have thought that everything he had ever worked for the supremacy of the Communist Party, the unity of China, maybe the future of socialism was threatened by a bunch of kids demanding democracy."

– Los Angeles Times



■ Unarmed residents face troops, centre, who are backed up by tanks which lined Tiananmen Square early yesterday.

# Suppression will return to haunt the leadership

**COMMENTARY by Nicholas Kristof** of the New York Times

BEIJING: Whoever wins the power struggle within the Communist Party will find China much tougher to rule after last weekend.

By ordering troops to fire on unarmed crowds, the leadership has created an event that will haunt the government for years.

It is likely to be seen not only as a sign of the party's remoteness from popular opinion, but as a powerful rallying cry for change.

In South Korea, the government suppressed a popular uprising in Kwangju in 1980, killing hundreds, and the incident became an increasing burden on the authorities.

The massacre at Tiananmen Square seems likely to become China's Kwangju, a part of the folklore of resistance that will magnify the shortcomings of the government.

It would have been hard for the Beijing authorities to devise a more comprehensive method of undermining their own support.

The student movement for democracy, until violently crushed, achieved unparalleled support, drawing more than a million people to the streets of the capital and hundreds of thousands more nationwide.

No movement in Chinese history has had such support, a doctor said on Sunday as he took a break from treating students.

In addition, repressing students is a particularly dangerous business in China because of a traditional respect for students and scholars.

Students also have a long record of being in the vanguard of the nation, so repression of students is regarded by many as almost unpatriotic.

A few weeks ago, it would have been hard enough for the Communist Party to regain a moral legitimacy, the mandate of heaven that since imperial days has been the justification for political power.

But now, after troops have killed students, it will be harder for any leader to rebuild that reservoir of goodwill.

It is still far from clear who will succeed Mr Deng Xiaoping. Premier Mr Li Peng has gained some ground, but he is widely regarded as little more than the mouthpiece of several old officials not well-liked because of their perceived hostility toward the programme of economic and political restructuring.

Mr Zhao Ziyang, the Communist Party General-Secretary and Mr Li's rival, has dropped from sight and is believed to have been stripped of his power.

One man often mentioned as a likely replacement for Mr Zhao is Mr Qiao Shi, a politburo member whose attitudes are scarcely known.

The temptation facing a new leader will be to buy support, maybe with subsidies for food or housing.

The risk is that these will simply involve more spending and faster growth of the money supply. That would add to inflationary pressures, which is a cause of political instability.

There are other economic difficulties that will face a next leader, and they are likely to compound the tension between the need for austerity and the need for spending to increase political support.

Strikes seem to be a growing possibility, and they could begin in connection with the killings on Tiananmen Square.

There is a deep fear in the Chinese leadership of industrial strikes – a small strike began in Shanghai on Sunday to show support for the democracy movement.

Foreign investment and tourism are also certain to fall.

Diplomatic difficulties may also become more complex as a result of the suppression of the student demonstrators.

US President George Bush has deplored the use of violence.

If there is further suppression, the Bush administration will be required, for political reasons, to take further action.

China's next leader will also be in a more precarious position because in the past two weeks the army has demonstrated some independence, as have the old Communist Party advisers.

There is a troubling analogy with the early years of Nationalist Party rule over the unified Chinese mainland.

The Nationalists, under Chiang Kai-shek, tried to establish order and became infamous for their harsh treatment of intellectuals and leftists.

The perception the Nationalists were pointlessly cruel became an albatross for the Nationalists, and slowly undermined the public assessment of their right to rule as well as their ability to control strikes and other forms of unrest.

# Massacre leads way out of bondage

**COMMENTARY by William Safire**

WASHINGTON: Undemocratic regimes everywhere are facing the prospect of civil war.

In China, the massacre of students was the death knell of the regime.

The demonstrators' goal was not to wring a few trappings of democracy from the corrupt gerontocracy, but to instill the volatile spirit of freedom in a billion Chinese.

The purpose of the original hunger strike was to create a handful of martyrs around which to rally a movement.

When Mr Deng's regime was unable to get local army units to move against the demonstrators, it appeared the communist leadership's mild reaction was not so much indecisive as it was cunning.

Mr Deng's delayed reaction, however, was not dictated by shrewdness but by the need to organise brutality.

He slipped out of Beijing, met the seven army commanders and "out-Mao'd" Mao by winning the agreement of six to teach the students a bloody lesson.

Communist power comes out of the barrel of a gun.

The Tiananmen massacre established order, all right, but also established a national underground determined to overthrow that order.

Idealism alone is irrepressible, but idealism allayed with a passion for vengeance creates a gun barrel all its own.

Counter-revolution – civil war – is under way and may take years or Mr Deng's death to prevail.

That is why the thousands of bloodied students are the victors of the massacre.

Civil war is also possible in Iran, after the death of the old man who turned back the clock by a millenium.

Or, perhaps, the defeated military and the repressed secular middle class will conspire with exiles to move against the fundamentalists.

A great fault line runs through Iranian society.

Now that the transfixation with a charismatic is past, it's only a question of time before the earthquake.

That brings us to the threat of civil strife in a third country.

The war that may or may not break out in and around the Soviet Union.

The political struggle is already under way and has so far been peaceful.

The civil struggle has been to transfer power from an inefficient party to an anti-ideological leader.

Its success lies in the genius of Mr Mikhail Gorbachev to subject himself to criticism as he makes subjects of his critics.

But how will the new above-party power structure manage the intensified yearning for independence in its European satellites?

How will it handle demands for sovereignty in the illegally-annexed Baltic states?

And how will it later respond to anti-Russian demonstrations sure to come in the vital Ukraine, which would be the beginning of the Soviet disunion?

What we have seen in China this week, and what we are likely to see in Teheran before long, suggests that the Soviet leader will probably revert to totalitarian type.

In the end, he – or the man hastily put in to replace him – will call out the army to teach the demonstrators a brutal lesson, as Mr Deng has just done, as the czars used to do.

We can hope that Mr Gorbachev uses his burgeoning power to set free the nations whose people want freedom, and then returns his own power to his own people.

Maybe – for the first time – freedom will gently evolve.

But history teaches that empires do not break up voluntarily.

Dictators never dictate freedom. totalitarian states do not overthrow themselves.

No outsider wants to sound incendiary, but the sad truth is that the tree of liberty is indeed nourished by patriotic blood.

The thousands of brave young Chinese who were killed this weekend did not, in Lincoln's phrase, die in vain.

Their sacrifice will lead their people out of Communist bondage.

– NYT

# Troops continue slaughter of Beijing citizens

**THE following text is a summary of the events in China. It is designed as a way of beating the news blackout and government information control imposed on the mainland.**

**Fax this copy to your relatives and friends and let them know what is happening in their country.**

**This is published by The Hongkong Standard in association with the Sing Tao Jih Pao as a community service.**

## The Hongkong Standard

# 共軍繼續屠殺北京平民
# 抗暴怒潮蔓延全國各地
## 最新消息請剪寄分發大陸同胞

（本報採訪組北京長途電話報導）消息人士說，進城的軍隊有二十萬人，而羣衆因關截軍隊而死傷慘重的地方有六部口、西單、復興門、天安門及廣衆。他估計，今次血腥鎮壓事件有十萬名市民死亡。其中七成是羣衆，三成是學生。至於軍隊則有一千人死傷，其中死亡士兵已送到八寶山埋葬。不過，據北京紅十字會透露，今次事件有二千六百人死亡，六萬人受傷。

另外，北京長安街昨日雖仍有零散的槍炮聲，但大部分被破壞及奪燬的軍車上，更發現一些留在上膛裝彈狀態的槍枝。

（法新社北京四日電）據傳軍隊已對各大學校園展開血腥鎮壓民運。

（法新社北京四日電）中共大陸各大城市的人民經過一晚空前大屠殺後，軍隊在昨日繼續向天安門廣場及其近郊無寸鐵的示威者亂槍掃射。

部署在歷史博物館前的軍隊，向南安街毫不留情的羣衆開火。羣衆四散躲避後不久又再聚集起來。一名目擊者說：「羣衆似乎具有勇往直前，前仆後繼的精神。」

（路透社北京五日電）中共軍方星期一說，血洗天安門「只是初步勝利」，並預測會對「社會渣滓」作長期鬥爭。

這項警告是在一個異乎新聞節目上發出。而在此之前的一個晚上，目擊者說：長長的坦克、裝甲車和巴士車隊開入北京市中心。

對原本已大羣集結進行增援，原因即時不清楚，有人恐怕下一步行動會是對付首都大學區的示威者。

由戒嚴部隊司令部播出的報道說：「你們用你們的血保護黨和人民，恢復天安門廣場原來的狀態，並且保護過去十年的改革。」

「同志們，這將是長久而艱難的鬥爭，恢復天安門廣場只是初步勝利，在未來會更加困難，但對資產階級自由化的鬥爭必須進行到底。」

（法新社香港四日電）中共大陸各大城市的人民普遍作出反應，許多地方有數以千計的人民上街，譴責北京星期日對要求民主示威者的鎮壓行動。

上海、南京、長沙、武漢、廣州、天津和青島等地都發生示威遊行。

據當地居民打來電話說：南京有十萬多人遊行。各地的居民說：南京、上海、長沙、西安、武漢和廣州，牆上都貼出了大字報，其上寫着紅色大字「血」。

在南京示威者雖然擠滿了市中心的鼓樓廣場，但人群仍從四方八面湧到廣場中來。

南京的一名外國學生說：「這裡的學生們看來都準備戰鬥。」

南京大學校園于星期日清晨擴音器即開始廣播英國廣播公司的英語報導，隨後再用中文翻譯出來。

在長沙，示威者冒着大附打着旗幟遊行到市中心與早已聚集於省政府前面的示威群衆滙合，不少示威者已那裡靜坐了數週之久。

各大學的廣播都實譴責北京軍隊殺人和呼籲人們參加遊行示威。

在武漢，至少有一萬名示威者學行染有象徵紅色鮮血的血布橫幅集會，圍觀者越來越多，他們截停巴士，將關於北京死人消息的傳單貼在汽車的兩側。

居民說：遊行隊伍阻塞了武漢長江大橋，上月，學生曾經佔據長江大橋，但十六日前爲武漢軍隊驅走。

在廣州，中山大學的學生舉行靜坐示威，使一條大道和一度大橋癱瘓交通達數小時。

數以千計的學生遊行到廣東省政府，並且呼籲工人加入遊行隊伍。

# Power grab causes rethink

THE army and a handful of aged revolutionaries have snatched control of the decision-making power from the Communist Party hierarchy, according to several well-known American analysts.

That power shift has forced a rethink on many long-held assumptions about China's future, especially its likely domestic and foreign policies.

"The Communist Party no longer commands the gun," a State Department analyst said on Sunday.

"The gun now commands whatever is left of political power, but who can guess who will obey and who won't?"

Now the issue is whether anyone can truly govern China, he said.

Analysts said the power shift took place "during the two weeks between Premier Li Peng's declaration of martial law in Beijing and this weekend's massacre at Tiananmen Square".

"The party leadership still is divided and struggling between the old guard in the Politburo and the younger, more forward-looking factions in the Central Committee and in upper-middle levels of the party's bureaucracy.

"But the younger men are fighting to win control of a party that no longer holds power.

"The army, which is itself so divided that you may see units start shooting at each other any time, nevertheless holds what little power still exists."

The power shift radically changes China's future policy-making.

"That is already yesterday's question," the State Department analyst said when asked whether the party could govern after the massacre.

"Today's questions about China are much more radical, so far out that I have trouble keeping pace with them, because they are questions you never would have asked three weeks ago," he said.

Mr Michel Oksenberg, former China specialist of the National Security Council, took a similar line.

"The Chinese Communist Party ceased to be a usable instrument to govern China within a few days after martial law," Mr Oksenberg said.

"Beijing, as the national capital, has the highest concentration of party leaders of any city.

"And what happened in Beijing was that the party was at war with the old men who had seized its leadership.

"In that struggle, the PLA (People's Liberation Army), with the concurrence of the old guard, stepped in and took over. The party will now be a long time regaining control."

The analysts said it was little different from a phased military coup.

Today's questions, Mr Oksenberg and the State Department analyst said, are:

■ What will it take to drive out the old men who have seized control?

"Suddenly, the optimistic scenario is the one that calls for coups or assassinations," the State Department analyst said.

"Even a civil war, if it were brief, would be better than continuation of the existing leadership."

■ Can even the 3.2 million-man army maintain order?

It took more than 200,000 men to overcome popular resistance and get far enough into Beijing to carry out the weekend massacre, Mr Oksenberg said.

At the Beijing rate of 200,000 men a city, the army has enough to control no more than 10 large cities, he said.

The State Department analyst said: "You can no longer rule out a possibility that we may have to go through another period, maybe a long period, of an angry, isolated and self-destructive China."

– Los Angeles Times

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转阴有小雨 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴有小雨转多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 26℃ 最低 15℃


## 本报启事

近来由于各种原因，本报每天印报所需纸张供应有困难，印出的报纸也运送不出去，已无库房存放。为此，本报决定从今天起每天改出四个版（一版国内外要闻，二版国内新闻，三版国际新闻，四版综合）。情况正常后即恢复出八个版。这个改变，实属不得已，请读者谅解。

### 李鹏主持总理办公会议

# 听取五月份工业生产情况汇报

## 完成工业总产值1145亿比上月增长0.8%

## 北京天津黑龙江上海等八地区平均日产值下降

**新华社北京6月6日电** 国务院总理李鹏今天上午主持总理办公会议，听取了国务院有关部门关于5月份全国工业生产情况的汇报，副总理姚依林、田纪云及有关负责同志参加了会议。

据有关部门统计，5月份，全国工业生产发展比较平稳，共完成工业总产值1145亿元，比去年同月增长11%，比上月的1135亿元增长0.8%。分地区看，平均日产值比上月下降的有北京、天津、黑龙江、上海、江苏、浙江、海南、云南等八个地区。

在全部工业总产值中，轻工业产值575亿元，增长11.7%，重工业产值570亿元，增长10.4%；全民所有制工业总产值702亿元，增长6.7%，集体所有制工业总产值393亿元，增长15.2%，其中乡办工业总产值189亿元，增长17.3%，增长幅度进一步减缓。

1至5月累计，全国完成工业总产值5193亿元，比去年同期增长11%，其中轻工业增长11.6%，重工业增长10.4%，全民所有制工业增长9.7%，集体所有制工业增长17.8%，乡办工业增长24.1%。

从5月份生产情况看，能源和主要原材料生产继续好转，部分高档耐用消费品生产有所减少。5月份，能源生产总量为8679万吨标准煤，比去年同期增长6.4%，其中原煤产量8839万吨，增长7.1%；发电量493亿度，增长6.9%。主要是水电增长较多，5月份水力发电117亿度，比上月增长23.2%，比去年同月增长16.4%。主要金属材料，如生铁、钢、钢材等生产发展好转，下降幅度缩小，十种有色金属增长8.9%，其中铜增长6.8%，铝增长8.1%。部分高档耐用消费品，如彩色电视机、电冰箱、录音机等的产量均比上月有所减少。而日常基本生活消费品稳定发展，有的出现了上升趋势，如纱、布、纸、合成洗涤剂、日用精铝制品等的生产均比上月增产。

当前，组织工业生产困难较大，主要是原材料、能源、运输、资金紧张，会议研究了应采取的措施。

会议指出，5月份公交生产能够取得较好的成绩，是全国广大职工、知识分子和各级干部克服困难、共同奋斗的结果。

会议针对当前工交生产中存在的问题，提出了相应的解决办法。同时强调指出：近日来，北京平息反革命暴乱的斗争已经取得了第一步胜利。但是，形势仍然很严峻。情况表明，北京发生的暴乱已影响到其他一些城市，挑起暴乱的分子和社会上的反动分子纠合在一起，除了继续在北京疯狂地进行破坏活动以外，他们还向各地大量散布谣言，蛊惑不明真相的群众，在继续制造思想混乱的同时，用各种办法阻塞铁路、公路要道，扬言破坏城市公用设施。煽动罢工、罢市，企图在经济上搞乱全国，使居民无法维持正常的生活，对这些极少数反动分子的罪恶阴谋，我们必须提高警惕，采取坚决果断的措施，充分予以揭露，并发动和依靠广大人民群众坚决同他们的破坏行为作斗争。坚持生产，维护社会正常秩序，保卫和发展我们已经取得的建设成果和改革成果。

## 北京市民的希望

### 尽快保障基本生活用品供应

**本报讯** 近日来，北京市出现交通阻塞，基本生活用品短缺的现象，对此市民十分忧虑，他们希望市政府尽快采取措施，恢复交通，保障市民基本生活用品供应。

今日，记者走访了一些街头，许多商店都关闭，集贸市场的菜贩也比往日大为减少。在少数营业的商店粮店和菜摊前，居民排起了长队，一些适于贮存的商品，如罐头、饼干、粮、油销量猛增。

下午一时许，小庄副食店运来一车鲜奶。未卸车，就被抢售一空。一位抢到10瓶鲜奶的青年人说，他的孩子快断顿了，这点奶也要全楼几家分，有的正准备把孩子送往外地亲戚家。

据北京电视台今晚新闻报道说，许多市民给电视台打电话，纷纷抱怨换不到放化气。市民们希望市政府尽快采取措施，保障基本生活用品的供应，以消除市民的忧虑。

## 敦煌四幅失窃壁画全部查获

**本报兰州6月5日电** 记者张述圣报道，今日傍晚17时，敦煌莫高窟失窃的4幅元代壁画已全部“完璧归赵”。这次追回的是465窟西墙上的3幅壁画。南墙的一幅已于5月27日被展案犯被缉捕归案当天查获。

案犯李清玉、何从德经过12天的政策攻心，已供认了他们合伙盗窃敦煌壁画的全部罪行。根据案犯供述，我公安人员在玉门市东郊公墓区挖出了案犯埋藏在那里的3幅壁画。同时查获的还有案犯用胶带粘走的2幅壁画；从敦煌莫高窟美术库、菩提荫画苑、工艺商店追查的敦煌临摹画37幅。敦煌大画团一本、画笔37只、印有敦煌壁画图案的开乞26件、工艺团扇13把。这些被盗物品分别装在塑料编织袋、塑料筒和塑料板箱里。

敦煌研究院的专家和工作人员高度评价了我公安干警取得的这一重大战果。

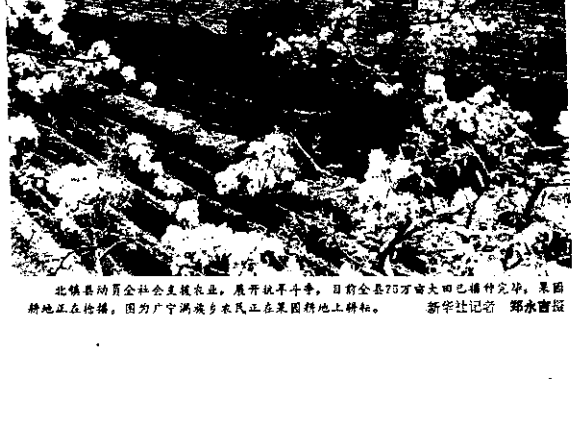
## 戒严部队粉碎一起焚烧汽车暴行

### 28名妄图纵火的歹徒交公安机关处理

**新华社北京6月6日电** 戒严部队指挥部发布消息说：今日凌晨戒严部队某部一举捕获28名妄图焚烧公共汽车的反革命歹徒，交公安机关处理。

据该指挥部宣布，6月5日，一伙反革命歹徒携带汽油、通瓶等作案工具，窜至北京朝阳区和平街北口公共汽车终点站，用8辆大客车堵住附近路口，准备在夜间焚烧停放在那里的28辆公共汽车。他们公然叫嚣：“谁敢来阻止，叫他有来无回！”“要让北京市交通瘫痪！”6日凌晨2点25分，戒严部队某部得知这一情况后，立即组织部队向和平街疾进。3点30分，正当这伙反革命歹徒开始纵火时，解放军突然出现在他们面前，并喝枪示警。歹徒们见状四处逃窜。部队官兵有的追捕歹徒，有的冲上公共汽车，将已经燃烧还未爆炸的汽油瓶取出销毁。28名歹徒被当场抓获。歹徒的暴行被粉碎后，部队官兵又帮助车队把公共汽车转移到安全地带。

陈希同市长给戒严部队打电话，代表北京市委、市政府和全市人民向粉碎这起反革命暴行的某部官兵表示感谢。



北镇县幼育公社全支援农业，展开伏旱十季，日前全县75万亩大田已播种完毕，果园耕地正在松播，图为广宁满族乡农民正在果园耕地上耕松。 新华社记者 郑永喜摄

## 杨尚昆致唁电悼念瞿梅尼病逝

**新华社北京6月5日电** 中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆5日向伊朗新领袖哈梅内伊发出唁电，对瞿梅尼教长病逝表示哀悼。

唁电全文如下：

伊朗伊斯兰共和国领袖、总统

霍贾特伊斯兰·赛义德·阿里·哈梅内伊先生阁下：

惊悉伊朗伊斯兰共和国领袖大阿亚图拉·鲁霍拉·穆萨维·瞿梅尼教长不幸病逝，我谨向阁下表示深切的哀悼，向瞿梅尼教长的家属表示诚挚的慰问。

顺致崇高的敬意。

中华人民共和国主席 杨尚昆

1989年6月5日

党中央、国务院、中央军委收到几个省市自治区4日来电，坚决拥护平息首都反革命暴乱，电文如下：

### 内蒙古自治区

党中央、国务院、中央军委：

正当我们深入学习贯彻《人民日报》4月26日社论及中央领导同志一系列重要讲话，信心百倍地投入当前制止动乱斗争的时刻，我们从广播中收听了中国人民解放军戒严部队迅速平息反革命暴乱，进驻天安门广场的消息。我们坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委为稳定全国局势、保卫首都安全所采取的这一重大决策和果断行动。我们深感中央关于制止动乱和首都部分地区实行戒严的决策十分正确。

忠于党、忠于祖国、忠于人民的人民解放军，在决定国家和民族前途命运的紧要关头，面对一小撮反动气焰十分嚣张、胆敢以身试法的歹徒和暴乱分子，给予了坚决的反击，粉碎了这场反革命暴乱，用鲜血和生命捍卫了人民的政权和宪法的尊严，取得了斗争的决定性胜利。我们的军队不愧为人民利益的坚强保卫者，不愧为无产阶级专政的坚强柱石。

地处祖国北疆的内蒙古各族人民，向戒严部队的全体指战员致以崇高的敬意和亲切的慰问！对在平息反革命暴乱中光荣负伤和献出宝贵生命的解放军同志们深感悲痛！

内蒙古二千万各族人民，坚决支持戒严部队的果断行动，我们将以统一认识、统一步调，努力搞好全区各项工作的实际行动作人民军队的坚强后盾。我们希望并坚信，人民解放军一定能够不负党和人民的重托，继续发扬邓小平主席倡导的“五种革命精神”，再接再厉，夺取平息反革命暴乱、恢复首都正常秩序的全面胜利。

中共内蒙古自治区委员会
内蒙古自治区人大常委会
内蒙古自治区人民政府
内蒙古军区
1989年6月4日

### 四川省

党中央：

6月4日6时30分，我们在收听了中央人民广播电台广播的解放军报社论《坚决拥护党中央决策，坚决镇压反革命暴乱》和首都戒严部队迅速平息反革命暴乱的消息后，杨汝岱同志腹即召开了在家的省委常委紧急会议，进行了座谈讨论，一致认为，党中央、国务院、中央军委采取坚决、果断的决策，迅速平息了首都的反革命暴乱，是完全正确的，表示坚决拥护。

这次发生在首都的严重的反革命暴乱，是建国以来从未有过的，这是一个时期以来，极少数人阴谋制造动乱的恶性发展，是他们反对中国共产党的领导，妄图颠覆中华人民共和国、摧毁社会主义制度罪恶企图的集中暴露，党中央、国务院、中央军委采取坚决镇压反革命暴乱的决策，捍卫了伟大的中华人民共和国，捍卫了神圣的宪法，表达了全国人民的心愿。对英雄的中国人民解放军首都戒严部队和广大公安、武警部队，坚决执行党中央的决策，发扬大无畏精神，迅速平息了这场反革命暴乱，表示敬意。

为稳定四川局势，做好工作，省委采取了以下措施：

（一）立即组织广大干部、党员和群众收听收看有关北京戒严部队采取镇压首都反革命暴乱的新闻报道，提高思想认识，旗帜鲜明地坚决支持党中央的决策，同党中央在思想上和行动上保持高度的一致。

（二）在6月4日上午8时，召开成都地区高等院校党委书记会议，要求各高校的全体师生坚持上课，不得上街游行，更不准串连、散发传单等，违者要予以追究。

（三）6月4日上午8时半，已对成都市人民南路广场进行了清场，将在广场上静坐的几十名学生带离现场，返回学校。

（四）各机关、工矿企业单位，要保持稳定，坚守生产工作岗位，不得上街游行，违者按有关纪律处理。

（五）即电告各市、地、州委，密切注意社会动向，掌握各界反映，及时做好工作，稳定局势。

（六）公安和武警部队，要保持高度警惕，严守岗位，维护好正常的社会秩序，切实保护好重要部门的安全，对借机搞打、砸、抢、烧者，要依法严惩，决不手软。

省委于6月4日下午召开在家常委和省级几大班子的领导同志会议，通报情况，研究进一步稳定局势的措施。

中共四川省委
1989年6月4日

### 上海市

党中央、国务院、中央军委：

党中央、国务院、中央军委作出正确决策，采取果断措施，坚决平息北京发生的反革命暴乱，上海市委于6月4日凌晨分别召开书记办公会议和有区委及委办实干负责同志参加的常委扩大会议，经过认真学习讨论，大家一致表示坚决拥护。

首都戒严部队和公安干警、武警部队，发扬优良传统和作风，严守纪律，吃苦耐劳，爱护人民，迅速平息了这场反革命暴乱，我们谨向全体指战员表示崇高敬意和亲切的慰问。

一个多月来，极少数人蓄意煽动和制造的动乱，越演越烈，发展成骇人听闻的反革命暴乱，实在到了使人忍无可忍的地步。动乱不止，暴乱不平，人民不得安宁，国家不得安定。改革开放、四化建设都将成为泡影，坚决，迅速地平息反革命暴乱，是广大共产党员和每个爱国人民的共同心愿和一致要求。

上海市委、市政府将动员全体共产党员、全市人民共同努力，坚持稳定大局，稳定上海，坚守岗位，坚持生产，维护秩序，用自己的实际行动，拥护党中央的正确决策。支持首都戒严部队和公安干警、武警部队的正义行动。

中共上海市委员会
上海市人民政府

### 新疆维吾尔自治区

中共中央、国务院：

今天清晨，收听《解放军报》6月4日社论和平息首都反革命暴乱的消息后，自治区党委即于上午10时半召开紧急常委会，进行了认真的讨论。全国政协副主席、自治区顾委主任王恩茂，自治区顾委副主任祁果等也参加了今天的会议。

与会同志对一伙喋恶天下不乱的歹徒，在首都煽动严重反革命暴乱的罪行，表示极大的愤慨和强烈的谴责！一致坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委坚决镇压反革命暴乱的英明决策，热烈欢呼戒严部队和首都公安干警、武装部队一起，采取果断措施，迅速平息这场暴乱。为制止动乱，维护首都和全国安定团结取得的这一伟大胜利！

发生在首都的骇人听闻的反革命暴乱，是中华人民共和国成立以来从未有过的，是一个时期以来极少数人阴谋制造动乱的恶性发展，是他们反对中国共产党的领导，反对社会主义制度罪恶企图的集中暴露，党中央、国务院、中央军委采取坚决镇压这场反革命暴乱，完全代表了全党、全军和全国各族人民的根本利益和共同心愿。新疆各级党组织，各级政府，各族人民坚决反对一切动乱，衷心拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委坚决镇压反革命暴乱。

在党和国家的命运面临严重威胁的关头，我们将一如既往，坚定不移地同党中央保持一致，坚决贯彻执行党中央、国务院、中央军委的一切决定，努力做好新疆的工作，坚决制止任何动乱，维护新疆的稳定，为保证改革开放和各项事业的顺利进行而努力奋斗。

中共新疆维吾尔自治区委员会
新疆维吾尔自治区人民政府
1989年6月4日
（新华社发）

## 四省区市致电党中央国务院中央军委

## 高法致电乔石并中央政治局常委

最高人民法院致电乔石同志并中央政治局常委

乔石同志并中央政治局常委：

6月3日首都的事态表明，最近一个时期以来发生的动乱已发展成为严重反革命暴乱。在这一关键时刻，我们对党中央为迅速镇压这场暴乱作出的重大决策表示完全拥护；对国务院和中央军委为执行中央决定而采取的各项措施表示完全支持；对广大解放军官兵、武警和公安干警为平息暴乱而作出的努力表示崇高敬意。今天《解放军报》发表的社论，完全表达了我们的共同意愿。我们希望党中央要继续采取一切必要的果断措施，彻底平息这场暴乱，以保卫宪法，保卫社会主义制度，保卫广大人民群众利益，保卫伟大的中华人民共和国。

最高人民法院
1989年6月4日上午
（新华社发）

## 山东省给党中央国务院的报告

山东省委、省政府学习党中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》向党中央、国务院的报告

中共中央、国务院：

6月3日晚至4日凌晨，北京发生极少数暴徒制造反革命暴乱和人民解放军戒严部队采取果断措施予以平息的消息播放后，省委、省政府负责同志即召开紧急会议，根据事态的发展和我省的情况，研究了防止暴乱、稳定局势的具体措施。6月5日上午，省委召开常委扩大会议，认真收听学习了中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》。省委书记姜春云同志主持会议，省顾委、省纪委、省人大、省政府、省政协的主要负责同志和在济南的中央委员、中顾委委员、中纪委委员参加了会议。大家对北京发生的反革命暴乱，表示极大的愤慨。一致表示，坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委关于平息反革命暴乱的英明决策，并向参加平息反革命暴乱战斗的英勇的解放军指战员、武警部队指战员、公安干警表示亲切的慰问和敬意。这一决策代表了全党全军和全国人民的根本利益，反映了广大人民群众的愿望和要求。具有光荣革命传统的山东380万共产党员和8000万人民，积极响应党中央、国务院的号召，同党中央在政治上、思想上、行动上保持高度一致，紧急动员起来，为保卫党、保卫国家、保卫社会主义，旗帜鲜明地同妄图颠覆党，颠覆社会主义的一小撮反革命分子进行坚决的斗争。我们坚信，在党中央、国务院的正确领导下，全国广大共产党员、人民解放军指战员和人民群众团结战斗，一定能够取得这场斗争的彻底胜利。与会同志表示，一定按照中央的指示精神，主动做好各方面的工作，为平息反革命暴乱、稳定局势，做出应有的贡献，请党中央、国务院放心。

会议研究了我省贯彻中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》的措施，确定立即向各市地县、各部门发出紧急通知，作出具体部署。

一、组织广大党员和干部群众认真学习讨论中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》和其它有关文件、文章，开展强有力的思想政治工作，统一党内外的思想认识和行动。所有党委、党组和支部，都要召开会议，进行学习讨论，领会中央指示精神，密切联系实际，统一认识，表明态度。要充分发挥党组织的核心领导、战斗堡垒作用和党员的先锋模范作用，团结、教育、带领广大群众为反对暴乱、稳定局势而奋斗。

二、积极主动地做好高等院校学生的工作，恢复和维护正常的教学秩序。鉴于部分学生不明事实真相，有抵触情绪，要集中力量做好教育疏导工作，引导他们认清北京极少数暴徒制造反革命暴乱的实质和严重后果，自觉地划清同反革命暴乱的界线，做到不听不信不传播谣言，不上当受骗，不参与危害安定团结的活动，坚持复课学习。对学生的工作，学校的党团组织和行政领导要做，教师、辅导员和学生骨干要做，还要动员学生家长和社会各界共同去做。

三、切实加强重点要害部门和交通要道的安全保卫。要采取行政的、教育的和法制的综合措施，防止坏人聚机破坏捣乱，确保社会安定和交通线路的畅通。同时，要十分重视稳定机关、稳定街道、稳定企事业单位，保持正常的工作秩序、生产秩序和生活秩序。

四、大力做好舆论宣传工作。当前，全省的报纸、电台、电视台等新闻宣传单位，要集中宣传中央、国务院的指示精神，宣传各级各部门各单位贯彻中央、国务院指示的实际行动，宣传广大人民群众要求制止暴乱、稳定局势的强烈呼声，形成强大的舆论。

五、严格区分、正确处理两种不同性质的矛盾。充分认识这场斗争的复杂性，在工作中坚决按党的政策办事，把广大学生的爱国热情同一小撮暴徒制造反革命暴乱严格区别开来。对极少数搞打砸抢烧杀的坏人，要依法坚决打击，决不手软。同时，做好团结教育大多数的工作。在工作中，既要敢抓敢管，大胆负责，又要讲究方式方法，避免激化矛盾。

六、加强对这场斗争的领导。省和各级党政都要把贯彻中央、国务院的指示，制止动乱、平息暴乱、稳定局势，当作头等大事来抓。各级各行各业各单位都要落实领导负责制。要充分发挥各级人大、政府、政协、工青妇等群众团体和民兵组织的作用。同时，要抓好当前的经济工作，确保各项计划指标的胜利实现。

中共山东省委 山东省人民政府
1989年6月5日 （新华社发）

# 大公報
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# 北京調兵頻繁 全城恐慌
# 外僑撤酒店 戒嚴幾成頭臨

## 油旺區凌晨有人羣鬧事 防暴隊施放催淚彈驅散
### 十餘人受傷至今晨三時情況未受控制

【本報訊】油麻地及旺角一帶今晨發生騷動，一批流動分子報道行開事，曾發警警警員，焚燒雜物及圍攻一些中資機構大門，超過二百名防暴隊一出動向暴徒施放了超過十枚催淚彈，約有十人受傷，其中大部分是警員，另外亦有一些法事份子，人羣最多時有千多人，但大部分是圍觀者，真正鬧事的是幾百人。

今晨三時，大部分人已散去，但仍有數百人分散在油麻地及旺角一帶，「防暴隊」在狂打士街及山東街先後施放了數十枚催淚彈驅散聚集人羣，但仍不時有人縱玻璃瓶、燒雜物，用垃圾桶堵塞路障，並放擊一些中資機構的鐵閘。

昨晚九時開始，一羣人先在旺角彌敦道一帶集結遊行，數百人在多部貨車帶領下向尖沙咀方向遊行，途中有不少人加入，人數達到一千人，沿途大聲叫囂，至今晨一時十五分，一隊上街人士有一個玻璃樽擲下，車中其中一輛遊行的私家車，車頭玻璃破碎，車上跳下四名有「紋」身」的男子，當時有一隊警員在場，上前制止，其他人則趁機逃去，大聲叫囂，並包圍警員。

有人帶頭鬧事之下，數百人迅即向前圍攻，警員立即電召上線增援，企圖驅散人羣，但人羣越來越多，最多人時有近千人之數，千多名警員被迫退守在行人路上，與救護車進行車線堆滿人羣。

滋事份子除大聲叫囂外，更用玻璃樽及石塊等擲向警員，有幾名警員受輕傷。

警方派出近二百名防暴隊到場，警方表示不斷用擴音器勸喻圍觀人羣離開，至今晨三時半情況仍未受控制，騷教道被封閉。

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## 卅八軍坦克部署城西 傳廿七軍援兵受阻截

【本報訊】昨晚從北京來飛機返港的旅客稱，昨天華北京前所見，城外的首機場路上和三環路等路段，都有實彈士兵的軍車隊伍源源不斷進城，北京市的朝陽門、東直門兩處的立交橋下面，擠有廿餘輛軍用卡車，而在上述兩處立交橋半徑約五十米範圍內，每隔三米均有一名頭帶鋼盔，配備AK四十七型衝鋒槍的軍人站崗。

旅客說，在東二環路上一列軍兵車見首不見尾，每輛大卡車上都站滿了全副武裝的軍隊，據稱該部隊是在陶北京昨日出現緊急備行動，日本、瑞典、加拿大、英國等駐京人員家屬船隻返港，北京機場增開三班特別班機運送滯留在京港人。

在北京機場候機室裏滯了日本、加拿大、法國等的駐京使館家屬。

【本報訊】北京七日凌晨消息：目擊者說，六日晚上十時，在三十八軍駐防區的羊寺軍事博物館附近的馬路上，見到一百多輛的坦克經已升火，在來回駛動排陣，坦克羣的前進方向直指天安門廣場，這表顯示，坦克羣正準備和二十四軍，原先是對越自衛反擊戰的部隊，後到山西休整。目前，二十七軍的指揮部設在天壇附近，而二十七軍的坦克均停在天安門廣場。

據消息稱，在全國政協任高山西籍來北京途中，遭遇多次截擊，三十八軍等部隊的四在重清場附近，遭遇三十八軍所控制。

據名政委稱，三十八軍已經沒有軍長指揮了，該軍的部以上幹部已為較早前不服從遠京城戒嚴部隊，已全被撤了職。

北京市民的疑慮近來向軍遇發，再次爆發出憤慨。

【路透社北京六日電】目擊者報道，大批軍車開進市中心向東遇發，再次爆發出憤慨。

【美聯社北京六日電】效忠於戒嚴政治派系的士兵星期二晚，一名中國目擊者說，據信效忠於被調下台的中共總書記趙紫陽

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

WEN WEI PO

一九八九年 六月 7 星期二 (五月初四)

號八五六四一第字港
元二售張大二紙出日今

初公頭有報圖文：印承及印督
號九九一至七九一道仔渦灣：址地

(總七)——二二二七五：話電
——三八六二七五：號訪採
二二七五二七五：號告廣

第二版


# 目注堪向動來未 萬卅軍大城圍
# 戰激傳夜深區市 進推東軍八卅

## 藉遊行集結 揮石襲警 衝擊商店
## 數百人今晨旺角鬧事
### 逾千防暴隊出動 曾放催淚彈

【本報訊】今日凌晨在彌敦道發生鬧事事件，有人企圖衝擊一間公司，警方大批防暴警察在現場戒備，驅散滋事分子。

今晨二時，有人「遊行集結」，寫車在彌敦道上現場交通，引致交通大亂，乘亂搭車的人與圍觀者數百人起哄，向五××號的一間公司衝擊，以機器鐵公司鐵閘，有人以玻璃樽石塊等向警員投擲，五名警員受傷。增援警員趕到，滋事分子向銅鑼地方向移動，因怕事件擴大，藍帽子派出大批警員到場，人數達逾千名，分布在旺角基油麻地一帶的彌敦道。

今晨二時三十七分，二十多名滋事分子在寧波街與上海街交界，有人企圖衝擊一間公司，警方大批防暴警察在現場戒備，驅散滋事分子。

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增援警員趕到，滋事分子向銅鑼地方向移動，因怕事件擴大，藍帽子派出大批警員到場，人數達逾千名，分布在旺角基油麻地一帶的彌敦道。

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今晨四時，又有一批叫着「打倒李鵬」的人馬集在亞皆老街，並在地上與警對峙。四時十分，警方已將永星里至太子道一段的彌敦道封閉。此時，有人基至把垃圾桶推至街心，放火燒垃圾，警方於是再發射十枚催淚彈，驅散人羣，在佐敦道、一羣青年放火燒小販檔，警方也施放了催淚彈，新填地街，大批持木棍青年在街頭叫囂。

【本報訊】金港支援愛國民主運動聯委會主張成員司徒華晚間在街頭對記者訪問時指出，今晨在旺角基油麻地一帶的人，有損社會的決定，他譴責此次暴動，有計劃的成分，他認爲事件

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第九五三四號
夏曆五月初四日 星期三
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是日氣溫：十七度至廿七度之間
報份八大張 零售壹元正
EXPRESS

# 卅八軍重佔上風

## 39軍地對地導彈毀27軍裝甲師

# 李鵬傳蒙古避難

## 旺角騷亂

## 李楊集團武漢屯重兵 阻廣東成都兩軍北援

中共七大軍區已紛紛表態，佔壓倒性的軍區均堅決支持趙紫陽的改革派，但手握槍桿集團武裝的南京、瀋陽軍區、及由鄧小平指派負責軍區的三野、四野軍部，控制了北京、南京、上海及交通中樞的武漢軍區，在各軍區進行鎮壓，但戰事主要集中在北京及武漢兩地，其中武漢軍區所屬的三十八軍，在過去幾個星期之內，已經開始向北京城部隊進行鎮壓的準備，在過去三週城部隊已經開始後退。

據悉自駐紮北京的北京軍區所屬的十八軍由於實行抗命令，受到中央軍委的處分，缺乏重要裝備的伏擊，在廣場城部隊被調之初，雖得減慢其開往北京城外，直至清場軍區的卅七軍及卅九軍增援部隊趕至，以後集結完畢，以地對地導彈把北京南郊、豐臺及北京及清場軍區的部隊已重新攻入北京近郊，目前正在西郊及南郊展開激烈的爭奪戰。

一名沙場壯士奉獻警員御走。

### 李楊集團武漢屯重兵 阻廣東成都兩軍北援

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情息來源指出，其中以南郊的本部地點最為慘烈。

三個軍，據有卅四軍的裝甲師，共有卅六輛坦克，並於在內，據悉於北京的戰鬥中，以下軍事動作及部隊調動的概要——

①廣州軍區已表態支持趙紫陽並已派遣部隊開赴北京，但武漢部隊至今仍未開始調動，其中武漢

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# 兇逞兵士迫刑酷軍城屠
# 槍一捱須頸者辜無殺拒

## 根尋鄧小平死訊 消息來源大披露
### ——刊第二版

## 楊系屠城軍城西會戰 趙系廿八軍猛烈攻堅
### 市民出迎卅八軍 責廿七軍係暴徒

【本報訊】北京消息：北京當局對於六血腥鎮壓反共抗暴政府的動，的第二十七軍，指有少數個別仍有人性，拒執軍令的。但這支「屠城軍」所立下軍令，是把令者即場處決刑。

這項刑罰也很殘忍，就是在距令者的頭部開一槍，受刑者不但死，但足以導致終生下身癱瘓。六月四日凌晨的屠城後，第二十七軍有兩名上尉軍官，在天安門廣場執勤時，借機拔槍殺三名學生，被上司逮捕，即場受刑。由學生送往中日友好醫院救治，證有一名醫師及護士被下令向其射去時，他即刻舉槍向軍官古跟人，我是干吉洋人。」圍者勸容。

【本報訊】中央駐東京消息：日本各日新聞報道，日本政府已在天上午度對鎮壓平民的三十六軍司令部所在，現駐有數百輛坦克車，及裝甲車，戒備森嚴，任何人等不得進入。

據報指出這可能是支持李鵬、楊尚昆的軍隊開的攻擊。

據日駐由此事件情況，軍方之間的衝突已擴大至北京市以外的地區。

保定位於北京西南方一八〇公里處。

天安門門樓●外向口地軍七廿第軍放解的上場廣門天安●
（真傳社聯美）

●一個開槍後逃走的市民，越過一部坦克（真傳社通路）

（綜合外電報道）名目擊者表示，悲於中央軍委會副主席楊尚昆的中七軍，五個坦克和機槍支戰。

北京軍區第卅八軍一名士兵表示，他們的部隊在城西受到廿七軍的射擊，一名目擊者說，廿七軍的進攻部射殺了一名小孩和婦女。

廿七軍在周六晚進城屠殺示威者後，已在天安門廣場建立了軍事據點。在廿七軍據點的東面和西面，最對陣容的部隊亦建立了據點。最少四個部隊的解放軍已在主要路口設立據點，準備作戰，位於市中心的廿七軍據點，看來正採取防禦措施。

長安街以東和以西的主要天橋交滙處，都停放了坦克車隊，士兵都很緊張。在東面的路口，約有二十輛坦克和多輛裝甲車。

數百名市民走上街頭，向城西的卅八軍歡呼，並高舉和揮動他們雙手。一名卅八歲的男子說，「廿八軍和卅八軍是人民的軍隊，廿七軍是一羣暴徒。」

北京城有數可聽見槍聲，軍人警告外

## 軍隊鎮壓「反革命」官方稱僅死三百人
### 無懼各國制裁？袁木色厲內荏

（本報綜合報道）中國國務院發言人袁木周二（昨）晚在京舉行「反革命分子」以來，首次公然向全球各國解釋，中國不會懼怕制裁。

他說，過七千人在事件中受傷。

他說，這是政府首次發表死亡數字，亦是最高數字。

日本首相吉田茂周六晚在國會說，他對中共軍隊鎮壓事件感到震驚。

北京中央電視台播出袁木在國務院反政

（綜合外電報道）居於北京的外國人對於週末航空公司恢復飛離北京的機票，同時，各國領事館也開始將其國民撤走。

●加拿大領事館正安排撤離事宜。

●蘇聯大使館亦已開始撤走家屬。

●澳洲亦已宣布進行疏散急撤僑計劃，他們亦撤走領事館人員。

●歐洲大陸各國亦開始撤走領事館人員。

●日本各公司，其中包括貿易行，銀行，

## 北京飯店被軍管
### 遇記者格殺勿論
### 一台灣記者堅留現場作歷史見證

【本報訊】北京飯店位於北京市中心的北京飯店，中共高層記者團已下令，對仍停留在該處的外記者一律格殺勿論」。

北京飯店遍天安門廣場，一直是採訪今次學運新聞的據點，在飯店內有北京官員現身發號施令，指揮軍隊鎮壓事件及採訪報道。

北京中央電視台播出真相，在國務院及政

●時距開槍後不足一分鐘，被擊者的屍體已被人拖走，地上留有血跡。（真傳社通路）

## 成都戒嚴死傷枕藉
### 各地掀起抗暴行動
### 滬杭寧設障拒軍 蘭州全市罷工

【本報訊】中國全國各地掀起了反抗暴政的行動。

●上海市今日全市罷課，罷業在各主要交通道口要設路障，停放多部公共汽車，阻止軍隊入城。

廣州軍方正計劃封閉當局大學的校門，以防學生進入市區。

消息稱，廣州軍方已經在學生宿舍四週部署了武裝士兵，嚴禁學生離校。

廣州當局大學校園現時空無一人，但仍有少數學生留在校內，但學生仍然堅持上訴進行絕食。

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●南京一名教師昨日表示，市民已經在路障上築上「血」和「三千人死亡」的字樣。

市民說軍隊已在南京周圍及南京入市區。

●杭州有人民解放軍，車輛開往市內遊行，人人手持支持者正在集會的人民市場。

●據報，全市各交通機關，主要幹線被破壞，路軌遭拆毀。

電影院和錦江飯館的大堂已在臺

●一名學生在廣州的電話中表示，廣州市民對軍隊的暴行表示憤怒，他表示民主運動實現時，才成功。（路透社傳真）

●一名學生在廣州的電話中表示，廣州市民對軍隊的暴行表示憤怒，他表示民主運動實現時，才成功。（路透社傳真）

【本報訊】北京消息：北京當局對於六血腥鎮壓反共抗暴政府的動，的第二十七軍，指有少數個別仍有人性，拒執軍令者的。但這支「屠城軍」所立下軍令，是把令者即場處決刑。

這項刑罰也很殘忍，就是在距令者的頭部開一槍，受刑者不但死，但足以導致終生下身癱瘓。六月四日凌晨的屠城後，第二十七軍有兩名上尉軍官，在天安門廣場執勤時，借機拔槍殺三名學生，被上司逮捕，即場受刑。由學生送往中日友好醫院救治，證有一名醫師及護士被下令向其射去時，他即刻舉槍向軍官古跟人，我是干吉洋人。」圍者勸容。

【本報訊】中央駐東京消息：日本各日新聞報道，日本政府已在天上午度對鎮壓平民的三十六軍司令部所在，現駐有數百輛坦克車，及裝甲車，戒備森嚴，任何人等不得進入。

據報指出這可能是支持李鵬、楊尚昆的軍隊開的攻擊。

據日駐由此事件情況，軍方之間的衝突已擴大至北京市以外的地區。

保定位於北京西南方一八〇公里處。

## 北京高校十室九空
### 國際學校月底關閉
### 人民大學高懸學生遭坦克輾斃照片

【本報訊】綜合外電報道：北京大學校園現時空無一人，不少學生已經離開，而校園內的氣氛亦非常緊張。報紙報道，北京人民大學已在校園內豎立了兩塊告示牌，其中一塊告示牌上寫有「為中共屠殺人民者立碑」，而另一塊告示牌則寫有「為中共屠殺人民者立碑」，是追悼事件中死難者。

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## 中央電視台報道
### 川滬新蒙支持鎮壓

【本報訊】據新華社消息：中央電視台昨日報道，四川、新疆、內蒙、四川等四個地方政府中央軍委會，國慶節堅決支持中共中央軍委會，國慶節堅決支持中共中央軍委會，國慶節堅決支持中共

明報·1989年6月7日 星期三

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

# 明報

第31年 第19號
今天出紙十八大張 $2.00

香港政府指定刊登布關
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# 中央軍委誰當家？

## 楊尚昆大調嫡系部隊進京

## 衆將領不甘吃虧 遣兵應變

## 屠城廿七軍腹背受敵

## 今晨市中心猛烈炮戰

【本報北京專訊】至昨日止，仍有大批軍隊從外地增援入北京，據消息人士透露，由趙紫陽向鄧小平、江澤民、李鵬、喬石、姚依林等人，近日在成都軍區副政委劉振興大批自己的嫡系部隊增援北京，當中包括第二十七軍、第二十八軍等部隊，以增加己方的實力。

按照中共的規定，各大軍區進駐首都一個團的警衛部隊，如果要調動超過一個團以上規模的部隊，主席團自然必須要有軍委主席簽署命令，即調只能是三大軍種的司令員，主席簽署命令，即調只能是三大軍種的司令員，主席簽署命令，即調只能是三大軍種的司令員，

# 50萬軍駐市郊 平將爆大戰
# 保定有射擊 四部隊北上

油旺騷亂 16版

香港時報
第一四五三零號
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## 今日新聞提要

一、共軍戰鬥延至北平以外，刊第一版。

二、鄧小平盛傳死亡，刊第一版。

三、法國、瑞士制裁中共，刊第二版。

四、立法院通過呼籲各國制裁中共，刊第三版。

五、支聯會呼籲和平進行「三罷行動」，刊第十六版。

## 申討中共屠殺人民 痛悼大陸殉難同胞

香港時報全體同人

## 卅八軍供民衆武器對抗廿七軍
## 廣州天津部隊北移支持趙紫陽
## 北平東面夜爆槍戰天安門廣場部隊調動

【專訊】據六日路透社電】柴玲鵬訪問官員在周二說，約有三十五萬名共軍，駐在北平市外圍。

一名國防部官員，在接受訪問時說，共軍以不同的姿態近及進入北平市區圍。

一名不願透露身份的官員說，「這是很重要一晚上預得的最新情報所估計的。」他雖然拒絕透露此估計的來源，但軍事觀察員，則被認定地指出來全球性地收集偵察資料。

美國國家情報公司，在提供軍事的新聞報導說，這些資料，是由衛星及監視機構蒐集所得供的。該報告又說，五角大樓的情報官員並無獨家見解的引用。

一名外交人士說，大陸中最一些軍隊被派開曾發出戰鬥務民，總已民解所有柴國人員開中國大陸。」

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【本報綜合報導】北平共軍大打一場的情勢，始在星期一晚間，已經接近高潮。

# South China Morning Post ★★

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 156 Price $3.00


# UK imposes sanctions on Beijing

From DAVID WALLEN in London and FANNY WONG

BRITAIN last night announced a package of sanctions against China, as Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher expressed her "utter revulsion and outrage" over the massacre of students in Beijing.

Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe told the House of Commons that all arms sales to China had been banned and all high level military contact with the mainland had been suspended.

Promising to do everything possible to "enhance the security of Hongkong", Sir Geoffrey said he was planning to visit Hongkong and Beijing as soon as possible.

Sir Geoffrey denounced the Chinese Government's "merciless" suppression of the pro-democracy demonstrators and made clear that the UK Government was considering banning further exports to China.

Pressed by the opposition to cancel all exports, particularly vehicles which could be used to suppress the civilian population, Sir Geoffrey said: "Obviously, all these questions must remain under consideration."

One British arms company has a deal to build armoured personnel carriers for the Chinese authorities.

Mrs Thatcher earlier expressed Britain's most forthright condemnation yet of the Chinese Government.

Mrs Thatcher told a hushed House of Commons, just returned from the Spring recess, that "normal business" with the Chinese authorities clearly could not continue.

As she spoke in the House of Commons, her counterpart in Paris, Prime Minister Michel Rocard, told the National Assembly that France was freezing all relations with China.

But Rocard aides said France was not severing diplomatic relations with China.

France's move was the strongest punitive action so far by a major power against China and Mr Rocard implied that further measures could be agreed by the 12-nation European Community (EC).

"The member states of the Community are at this moment co-ordinating their position regarding China," he said during a parliamentary debate.

The crisis in China dominated the question time exchanges in the packed House of Commons.

Mrs Thatcher promised urgent action to see what could be done to reassure Hongkong people in the run-up to 1997.

But she stressed there could be no question of allowing all 3½ million Hongkong Chinese with British Dependent Territory Citizens passports the right to live in the UK.

Instead, she indicated that provisions within the British Nationality Act allowing certain Hongkong citizens to settle in Britain would in future be applied "more flexibly".

She did not enlarge on what this meant.

While a measure of agreement united both sides of the Commons, Liberal Democrat leader Paddy Ashdown, a former Hongkong resident, attacked what he described as Mrs Thatcher's "muted response" to the slaughter.

To Conservative jeers, he claimed her refusal to accept moral responsibility for British passport holders in Hongkong after 1997 would be viewed by many as a "matter of dishonour".

Conservative MP

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)

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**Page 8:** Prices up
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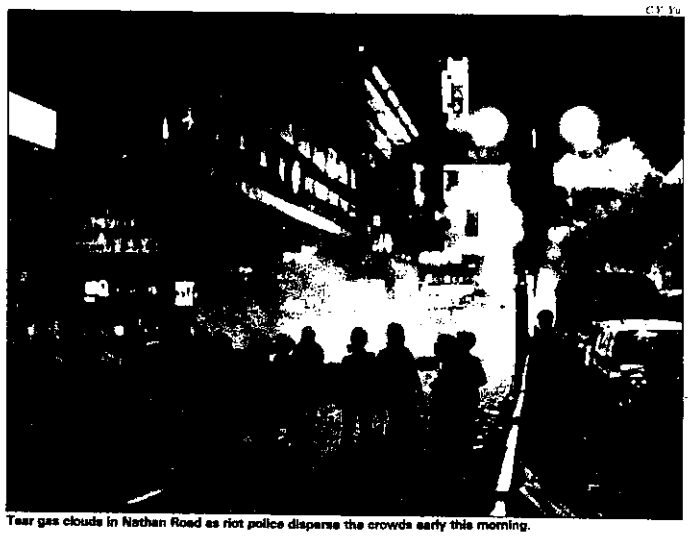

C.Y. Yu

Tear gas clouds in Nathan Road as riot police disperse the crowds early this morning.

# Police fire tear gas at rioters

By TOMMY LEWIS

**POLICE early today fired tear gas into a crowd of several thousand protesters who rioted at Yau Ma Tei during a pro-democracy demonstration.**

**Five policemen and several of the protesters were slightly injured in the confrontation.**

**Four young men were arrested.**

**About 120 riot police equipped with helmets, batons and shields, fired tear gas canisters and then charged the crowd when bottles and other projectiles were hurled at the police lines.**

**Many in the crowd were young men and included several women.**

**The ugly confrontation developed when a peaceful go-slow protest drive by several hundred vehicles around the streets of Kowloon got out of hand.**

**It began at about 1.30 am when one of the cars stopped outside the Po Shing Building at 556 Nathan Road.**

**A bottle dropped down from the building and smashed the rear window of the vehicle.**

**The occupants, several young men, alighted from the car and attempted to enter the building.**

**When they found the main gates of the building locked they kicked at the gates and used a dustbin as a battering ram.**

Plainclothes detectives question protesters who took part in the slow-drive.

Several patrolling policemen who saw the incident arrested the men.

The occupants of other vehicles taking part in the go-slow drive also alighted and surrounded the police officers after the arrested men claimed they were being pushed by the officers.

The crowd then surrounded the policemen who took refuge inside an adjacent building. Part of the crowd began throwing bottles and other objects at the building.

Police reinforcements arrived at the scene and ordered the crowd to disperse but they were also pelted with bottles and other projectiles.

Helmeted riot police, armed with tear gas guns, arrived and took up positions at several road junctions. Bottles were also thrown at them from surrounding buildings.

A number of vehicles plastered with pro-democracy slogans attempted to drive into the police lines.

Crowds also formed in the Yau Ma Tei area and were moving towards the confrontation at Mongkok.

The riot police formed two groups and ordered the crowds to disperse.

When their orders were ignored and bottles continued to be thrown at them, police fired volleys of tear gas and charged from two directions.

As the tear gas canisters exploded in their midst, the crowds turned and began retreating.

Police continued to charge as the protesters ran into back streets. Some of them set fire to rubbish bins as they retreated.

By 3 am police managed to clear the crowds down to Argyle Street and to Ningpo Street in Yau Ma Tei. They also cordoned off a large section of Nathan Road.

At 4 am today several hundred people were still milling in the area and the riot police were standing by.

# Mass support for 24-hour strike action

By ESME LAU and JOHN TANG

A WIDE spectrum of the community will today go on strike for up to 24 hours as Hongkong mourns the victims of the weekend massacre in Beijing.

Hundreds of thousands of people are expected to join five mass rallies at Victoria Park, Army Park in Boundary Street, Kwai Fong Park, Sha Tin Central Park and Tuen Mun Park starting at 2 pm.

Hundreds of trade unions and staff groups will also hold memorial services to pay tribute to the Beijing victims.

However, postal, banking, telephone and medical services will not be disrupted.

The public bus companies, MTR and KCRC have pledged to provide normal service as far as possible. But the Government advised the public to monitor radio announcements today on possible traffic congestions.

Organisations responding to the general strike, called by the Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movement in China, are taking various forms of action.

- Sincere, Wing On and Shui Hing department stores; Circle K and Cafe de Coral will close their shops for 30 minutes between 1 pm to 2 pm.
- Hongkong International, Sea Land and Modern container terminals will be closed for an hour from 11 am.
- The Hongkong Container Tractor Owners Association, representing 60 per cent of the 6,000-odd tractors, will stop service for 24 hours from 8 am.
- More than 200 New Territories taxi drivers will stage a strike at Tuen Mun from 10 am to noon.
- Several hundred minibus and coaches will start a go-slow demonstration at 7 pm.
- Buses in Kowloon will be parked outside the Kowloon Bay fire station and buses on the island will be in Tong Shui Road, North Point.
- Most members of the United Hongkong Island Motor Car Driving Instructors Association will stop giving lessons.
- Road driving tests will be cancelled due to unpredictable traffic conditions though written tests will be unaffected.
- Oxfam Hongkong will close its office and shops.
- The Mark Six Dragon Boat Snowball lottery draw to celebrate the Dragon Boat Festival, scheduled for tonight, is postponed to Friday.
- The Dairy Farm Group, however, announced that its subsidiaries, including the Wellcome supermarkets and the 7-Eleven chain shops, will remain open throughout the day.
- The Spanish National Ballet in the 1989 Cartier Master Series is cancelled.
- The Hongkong Bullion Dealers Club will suspend trading for 15 minutes from 2.30 pm.
- Accountants will observe a three-minute silence at 10 am.
- The Hongkong Computer Society's information technology will stop work for 15 minutes from 11 am.
- Electronic media workers will march from Broadcast Drive to the Waterloo Road office of the New China News Agency.
- The local French community will hold a rally at the Hopewell Centre at 3 pm to show their solidarity with Hongkong people.
- The Hongkong Council of Social Service, the Hongkong Social Workers Association and the Hongkong Social Workers' General Union will organise an hour of mourning from noon to 1 pm at the auditorium of the Duke of Windsor Social Service Building for the social welfare sector.
- The Central and West-

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 1)

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## WEATHER

Hot with sunny periods
Max temp
31 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Business staff join exodus of foreigners

THE staff of international businesses, including some of Hongkong's biggest companies, are streaming out of Beijing as part of a hectic exodus of foreigners.

Over the past few days, International Business Machines, Boeing, Dow Chemicals and Corning Glass have arranged to move their staff to Hongkong, and Kentucky Fried Chicken closed its three Beijing restaurants to protect its mainland employees.

Hongkong retailer Dairy Farm is pulling its staff out but the company says it has no intention of cancelling its investments there.

And A. S. Watson, of Mr Li Ka-shing's Hutchison Whampoa group, yesterday shut down its shop in Beijing's luxurious new Palace Hotel after just two months of operation.

Plans for other outlets in the mainland are also being held up by the political uncertainty in the country.

Watson's managing director Ian Wade said last month that the group's regional expansion would call for six more Watson's stores and eight Park'N Shop outlets in various cities in China – including Beijing, Shanghai and Guangdong – in two years.

Dairy Farm managing director Owen Price said yesterday that the company's mainland business, which includes an ice cream factory in Guangzhou, would now be manned by its Chinese joint venture partners.

"Dairy Farm staff in Guangzhou will be coming out this afternoon (yesterday). We are trying to arrange flights for two more staff who are in Beijing," he said.

The Guangzhou factory is still open although business has been affected by the troubles, Mr Price said. "The factory is not operating as well as possible. There are barricades in the streets nearby", he added.

As another indication of how the events in the mainland can affect Hongkong

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

# Exams still on despite class boycott

BY VIOLA LEE and TERRY LEUNG

ORAL English examinations for about 7,000 Form Five students scheduled for today have been postponed because of the memorial services.

But all the overseas examinations and the Hongkong Advanced Level chemistry practical examination conducted by the Hongkong Examinations Authority will go ahead as planned.

Schools under the English Schools Foundation and several international schools have reminded Form Five and Form Six students to attend the General Certificate of Education (GCE) and General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) examinations.

The University of Hongkong will also hold its examinations today as scheduled.

But several post-secondary institutions – including Baptist College, the Hongkong Polytechnic and Lingnan College – have postponed examinations scheduled for today to allow students to attend memorial activities.

Most secondary and post-secondary schools in the territory are prepared for a class boycott and for teachers and senior students to participate in demonstrations in response to the call by the Professional Teachers' Union.

Most primary and some secondary schools will hold special assemblies to discuss the latest developments in China.

In response to the expected disruption in the school bus services, the Education Department announced that parents should decide whether to send their children to school.

An Education Department spokesman added that teachers and students wishing to participate in the boycott should seek the approval of their principals.

Primary and secondary schools under the umbrella of the English Schools Foundation (ESF) will remain open.

Chief executive of the ESF, Mr Maurice Millard, said yesterday because the ESF was a public organisation, its schools would be following the official line.

He said that due to the

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 2)

# 27th Army ready for rivals

From Correspondents in Beijing

HEAVY artillery fire reverberated in the western outskirts of Beijing yesterday as tanks and troops of the 27th Army close to President Yang Shangkun stood guard in east Beijing against a possible onslaught from rival armies heading towards the capital.

Rumours of clashes between elements of the 27th Army and four rival corps, the 15th, the 16th, the 28th and the 38th, persisted throughout the day.

Along with the 38th, the 28th – also from Hebei – is reported to be entering the city. An army from Shenyang in northeastern China, apparently the 64th Army, also is said to be in the area and is thought to have links with disgraced party chief Zhao Ziyang.

The skirmishes reported between soldiers of the 28th and 38th with men of the 27th are possibly a prelude to a major battle to drive the 27th out of the capital and end one of the worst crises in communist China's 40-year history.

**THE China Central Television yesterday afternoon denied a Taiwan television broadcast earlier in the day that the senior leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, had died.**

**CCTV said the rumour, which has been widely heard in Beijing and reported in Hongkong and Taiwan newspapers, was untrue.**

**Despite the denial, Hongkong's mass-circulation *Oriental Daily* came out in the evening with an extra edition, relating the Taipei television report and giving full details on Mr Deng's biography.**

**Quoting the three Taipei TV stations, the *Oriental Daily* said a doctor at Beijing's No 301 General Hospital disclosed that Mr Deng died at 9.31 am Beijing time yesterday.**

**CHINA'S leading dissident, physicist Fang Lizhi, has sought refuge in the United States Embassy in Beijing, a White House official said early today.**

**The official said Mr Fang went to the US diplomatic mission on Monday "for his own safety", but had not requested political asylum.**

**In an interview with the French daily *Le Figaro* last month, Mr Fang had expressed support for the pro-democracy student movement in his homeland.**

**During his visit to Beijing last February, US President George Bush invited Mr Fang to attend a dinner at an hotel. But Chinese security forces had barred the physicist from entry.**

So far each corps has shown mainly tanks and armoured personnel carriers, but the groups are also equipped with anti-aircraft and artillery regiments.

Factional fighting has a long tradition in Chinese history, going back to the warlords who constantly sought military advantages over their neighbours.

Sporadic clashes between soldiers and small groups of civilians were reported in and near Tiananmen Square, where thousands of students and residents were massacred on Saturday.

Early this morning, witnesses reported fresh outbreaks of gunfire in the eastern suburbs as a large military convoy left the centre of the city heading to the east.

They said troops guarding Tiananmen Square fired bursts of gunfire just as the convoy headed out along Changan Avenue.

The convoy of 40 army trucks was led by three tanks and two armoured personnel carriers (APCs), with two more APCs bringing up the rear.

Soon afterwards, witnesses reported sustained small-arms fire somewhere between the Beijing Hotel and the Jianguomenwai diplomatic compound, perhaps originating from near the Beijing railway station.

As the convoy passed the diplomatic compound, a foreign witness reported soldiers on board were firing their guns into the air every 30 seconds or so.

Many cities were also embroiled in civil strife and fighting was reported in Chengdu, the provincial capital of Sichuan in southwest China, claiming some 400 lives. Unconfirmed reports claimed that martial law was in force.

Tension was high in Guangzhou, though life went on as normal. Some pro-democracy students were manning two bridges while some troops were reported to have been stationed on the northeast outskirts of the city. Train services between Shenzhen and Guangzhou were cancelled for some time.

An inaugural flight of Malaysian Airlines System from Kuala Lumpur was turned back at White Cloud airport, its passengers refused landing. The airliner crew said they were told that martial law was in force but local officials denied it.

Unrest was also reported in Shanghai, Wuhan, Shenyang and Lanzhou.

Only four of the country's 30 administrative regions have voiced support for the bloody suppression of the pro-democracy student movement in the capital.

The state-run China Central Television reported that Shanghai, Sichuan, Inner Mongolia and Xinjiang have sent telegrams to the party Central Committee, the State Council and the Central Military Commis-

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 4)


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Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 6

Average daily sale last week 61,111

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# THE BEIJING AIRLIFT

## Hundreds flee as civil war looms

NATIONS around the world were making emergency plans yesterday to evacuate thousands of their citizens from strife-torn Beijing.

Three emergency flights were arranged yesterday to bring back hundreds of Hongkong people stranded in the capital.

Evacuees who arrived in the territory last night said Beijing was on the verge of civil war.

A Great Wall Hotel staff member Mr Mike Wong said last night some diplomats had moved to hotels with foreign investment.

The West German Embassy was sheltered in the Great Wall Hotel, despite a food shortage, Mr Wong said.

"They thought the Great Wall Hotel was safer than the embassy areas, even the hotel faced a food and water shortage," he said.

Other embassies were sending cars to universities to take their students to the airport.

Meanwhile Japan, Australia, The Philippines, Canada and South Korea have all either arranged evacuation facilities for their nationals in China or have advised them to leave urgently.

Japan has asked for special flights to help its 3,000 Beijing-based citizens escape. The Foreign Ministry said about 3,000 Japanese nationals lived in Beijing and so many wanted to leave that all outbound flights to Tokyo were full.

Australia laid on a special midnight flight by its national carrier, Qantas.

The Philippines government says it is "putting the finishing touches" to an evacuation plan for its 300 workers and students from Beijing but has no special plans for another 3,500-odd in other parts of China.

In Canada, External Affairs Minister Joe Clark said his department was ready to mount an emergency air evacuation of about 300 Canadians from Beijing if violence in China continued to spread.

Speaking in the House of Commons, Mr Clark depicted China as approaching civil war and said he had issued orders that Canadians in the Chinese capital be urged to leave the country immediately.

The Seoul government has advised an estimated 100 South Koreans – including journalists and businessmen – to leave China as soon as possible.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, said yesterday the Government had been in touch with the British Embassy in Beijing which was trying to maintain contact with Hongkong people.

But he admitted difficulties as "it is so confused in Beijing".

But residents returning from China yesterday criticised the British Embassy for not offering them help. Passengers interviewed at Kai Tak airport said embassy staff gave them telephone numbers of airline offices only.

The British Foreign Office yesterday vehemently denied its embassy in Beijing had not given sufficient help to Hongkong citizens.

Five Hongkong students studying in Beijing University had to ride bicycles to the airport, a Miss So said.

"They did not have enough money to buy air tickets and were seeking financial help from other passengers.

"From what they told me, there are at least 10 students remaining who did not dare ride bicycles to the airport.

"Other embassies are sending cars to take their students to the airport but nothing has been offered by the British Embassy," Miss So also said they had tried to phone the British Embassy who refused to give any help.

"The next day when we phoned to them, they even cut off the line," she said.

The British Foreign Office defended its embassy.

"There are no grounds for complaints," said a Foreign Office spokesman in London.

"They have been running themselves ragged assisting people whether they were from the UK or Hongkong.

The Foreign Office spokesman said dozens of Hongkong people had rung the embassy requesting information.

"You get a few who complain and that makes news," he said.

The spokesman was particularly critical of a group of Hongkong journalists and other citizens who called the embassy on Saturday night and again early Sunday morning requesting refuge.

The group said they first requested a car be sent to the Beijing Hotel to pick them up and take them to the embassy.

They later asked to be given refuge if they made their own way to the embassy. They claim an embassy official refused.

"There was no question of them being refused refuge," the spokesman said.

"They were given same advice – to stay in their hotel.

"It was during the height of the shooting they wanted to come to the embassy.

"Nobody else called the embassy asking to come in a car and pick them up.

"And if anyone else did, they would have got the same advice."

INSIDE:


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- Army clashes confirmed: Page 3 ▶
- Party loses faith: Page 4 ▶
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■ Miss So arrives home from Beijing yesterday with reports of Hongkong students cycling to the airport to escape the chaos.

## Standoff as Deng death talk grows

THE Chinese military appears close to a full-scale showdown in Beijing as rumours of paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping's death spread.

Rumours about Mr Deng's death have been so persistent that China's state television was moved to make a denial yesterday.

The rumours have added confusion to who is in control of China, which is on the verge of civil war.

The news of Mr Deng's apparent death came several days after reports that he was being treated in hospital for prostate cancer.

On Monday news services in Beijing, Hongkong, Tokyo, Taipei and Washington reported the news of his death, quoting different sources.

The reports appeared to have been confirmed yesterday when Taiwan's three television networks quoted a hospital source in Beijing as saying Mr Deng had died at 9 am yesterday.

The reports said a doctor at the 301 General Hospital in Beijing confirmed Mr Deng's death, and a brother of the doctor had told *China Spring* magazine in New York of the news.

The mass-circulation *Oriental Daily* in Hongkong published an extra edition yesterday afternoon on Mr Deng's death, quoting the Taiwan reports.

The news was then channelled back to several mainland cities, where it spread rapidly by word of mouth.

By evening China Central Television (CCTV) officially denied the reports in its main broadcast, describing them as "pure rumour".

"This afternoon, reports by Taiwan television quoted so-called reliable sources as saying in its noon broadcast that Deng Xiaoping has died. This is pure rumour....their aim is to confuse the people and create chaos," the broadcaster said.

Our own sources in Beijing said Mr Deng was

probably very ill, but had not died.

The fact that he had not been seen in public since his meeting with visiting Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev on May 16 provided grounds for the rumours that he had died.

Meanwhile military factions are preparing for a major confrontation with troops and tanks from different commands snapping up strategic positions in Beijing.

And on the political front, four local governments took the lead swearing allegiance to hardliners in the Communist Party, led by President Yang Shangkun and Premier Li Peng.

The wide split between the Communist Party and military leaders is seen as a direct result of the bloody crackdown of prodemocracy student movement on Sunday.

In-fighting has been witnessed over the past two days between the 27th Corps, which is loyal to President Yang, and the 38th Corps, under the influence of Defence Minister Qin Jiwei.

What is not known is the scale of the clashes.

A witness said soldiers of the 28th Corps, believed to be loyal to ousted Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang, exchanged tank and small arms fire yesterday afternoon in western Beijing with the 27th Corps.

A soldier of the Beijing-based 38th Corps said it was fired on by the 27th Army.

Witnesses also said shots from the 27th Corps killed a small boy and slightly injured a girl.

The 27th Corps invaded central Beijing at the weekend and retook control of Tiananmen Square from student demonstrators and has been fortifying its positions since.

There are believed to be between 60 and 100 tanks, plus 500 troops already on full alert.

Troops and tanks from rival armies were positioned around the western and eastern flanks of the 27th Corps last night.

Hundreds of people cheered soldiers of the 38th Corps on the west side of Beijing, offering the troops cigarettes and shaking their hands.

"The 28th and 38th are the people's armies, the 27th Corps is a bunch of bandits," said one man.

Some troops reluctant to open fire on defiant protesters abandoned their armoured vehicles and tanks and allowed the people to burn them.

Heavy explosions which Western experts said resembled artillery fire were heard in the west of Beijing.

About a dozen explosions were heard, but it was impossible to pinpoint their exact locations.

But they were distinctly audible in the Jianguomenwai district where 20 tanks and some 1,000 troops had been in position since late Monday.

Bursts of gunfire rang out in Beijing yesterday morning as reports spread of a battle between military factions over the bloody crackdown at the weekend.

A Chinese source reported seeing seven wounded soldiers lying on a street in the southeast part of the capital, apparent victims of a gun battle.

■ Continued Page 2

**WEATHER:** 27°C — 31°C. Hot with sunny periods. Details on Page 23.

## HK shoppers clear shelves in panic spree

HONGKONG shoppers went on a panic buying spree yesterday in response to the unrest in China.

Strong demand for basic foodstuffs pushed up prices at most markets by about 30 percent.

And supermarkets reported a 50 percent rise in sales caused by fear that food supplies from the mainland would stop.

Shelves were cleared of staple items, including rice, cooking oil, eggs and tinned meat.

The Government cautioned against stockpiling yesterday.

"There is no shortage of food in the territory," an official statement said.

"There is no cause for people to buy more food than is necessary." Panic buying began yesterday morning after rumours that Chinese authorities were stopping trucks from Hongkong at Shenzen.

Drivers said they were not being allowed past the frontier zone, making it impossible for most to pick up supplies.

Because of the rumours, the Security Branch issued a statement advising drivers not to enter China.

The statement was broadcast in mid-morning by several radio stations and sent shoppers flocking to stores.

The border liaison group requested a special meeting with its Chinese counterparts to discuss the matter.

"The Chinese told us that everything was normal," said Frontier District Police Commander, Mr Mike Watson. "The second border line has not been closed.

"We have an arrangement where we will be notified in advance if any changes are made to border policy.

"No advance notice has been given and none is expected in the near future," Mr Watson said.

Security Branch then issued a second statement, retracting their earlier warning.

Mr Watson said that truck drivers remained uneasy about the border situation.

"The volume of traffic across the border has been way down today," he said.

Drivers may have been afraid that they would not be allowed to re-enter Hongkong from China, Mr Watson said.

This was denied yesterday by an official from the Shenzen Municipal People's Government.

Mr Zhen Fan, of the Information Service Department, said the border was open and was expected to remain so.

Assurances that the border was open did not stop panic buying.

"Business was about 50 percent up on normal," said Mr Alexis Cavriloff, group general manager of Dairy Farm, the owner of Welcome supermarkets.

Mr Bill Grimsey, Park 'n Shop managing director, also said that yesterday had been a boom day for business. Both supermarket chains, however, said that they had large stocks of foodstuffs and were not in danger of running out.

## Britain bans arms sales

**BRITAIN has banned all arms sales to China.**

**Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe announced in the House of Commons yesterday that high-level military contacts had also been suspended.**

**He made it clear the Government was also considering banning further exports to China.**

**Pressed by the Opposition to cancel all exports, particularly vehicles that could be used to suppress the population, Sir Geoffrey said: "Obviously all these things must remain under consideration."**

**He was speaking shortly after Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher had expressed "utter revulsion" at the slaughter in Beijing and declared that "normal business" with China clearly could not continue. Mrs Thatcher promised urgent action "to see what can be done" to provide Hongkong people with assurances.**

**But she told the House of Commons there was still no question of allowing all 3.5 million people with British Dependent Territory Citizens' passports to settle in Britain and insisted that arrangements for an orderly transition in 1997 must continue.**

**Mrs Thatcher indicated instead that provisions in the British Nationality Act allowing certain Hongkong citizens to settle in Britain would in future be applied "more flexibly".**

**She did not go into detail.**

**Earlier, Sir Geoffrey Howe had also said there was no question of Britain abrogating the agreement with China.**

## Tension grips Shanghai

TENSION is mounting in Shanghai and other major Chinese cities paralysed by unrest triggered off by the news of the Sunday mass slaughter in Beijing.

Clashes between troops and people have been reported in Chengdu, Lanzhou and Xian where students and citizens were reportedly shot dead or wounded.

Residents in Shanghai, Chengdu, Wuhan, Xian, Nanjing, Hangzhou, Lanzhou and Xiamen set up barricades to block roads against an anticipated military advance, witnesses said.

Panic-buying was also reported in most cities, including the country's wealthiest cities, Shenzhen and Guangzhou in the south.

People rushed to banks to withdraw cash in view of rumours that martial law would spread to the whole country.

Witnesses said the chaos in the cities were similar to the scene in Beijing on the eve of the massacre.

Shanghai, the largest city in China, was totally paralysed by barricades set up by the people trying to prevent troops entering the city.

Shanghai sources told *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday that about 100,000 troops were sent to the outskirt of the city for a military suppression of the month-long student unrest sparked off by the Beijing student movement.

A group of students counted 41 tanks being unloaded at Wusong port, northeast of Shanghai. Troops were also positioned at Longhua, a southwest Shanghai suburb.

There were rumours that the government had decided to use troops to suppress the student movement in Shanghai, the second largest after Beijing, within 48 hours.

But the Shanghai government denied reports that tanks were poised on the outside of city. An official said tanks being unloaded at the port were for export.

"Students and residents have blocked 264 main traffic intersections in the city by using 664 buses and trucks. We also blocked tracks on the railway line leading to the docks," said a student activist who did not want to be named.

But the Shanghai Municipal Government yesterday warned residents that "anyone causing disturbances would be dealt with severely".

The activist told *The Hongkong Standard* the Shanghai people were well-informed of the massacre in Beijing by reading photocopies of various Hongkong newspapers and listening to the Voice of America and British Broadcasting Corporation reports.

He said more than 50 percent of the three million workers defied official warnings and went on strike in protest of the Beijing bloodshed while the others could not go to work because of the traffic breakdown.

"People gathered in large groups to exchange information and students continued to demonstrate to condemn the killing this morning," he said.

"Majority of the 300,000 university students in Shanghai launched a grand propaganda campaign to spread the news of the Beijing violence.

"People are outraged by what has happened in Beijing. They also rushed to the banks to withdraw cash which forced all state banks to close doors on Sunday.

"Anticipating Shanghai will become the second Beijing, people go panic buying for grain and oil."

Posters have gone up all over the city, calling for revenge.

Shanghai sources said police were absent from the streets, reminiscent of the scene in Beijing before the military crackdown.

The source said the absence of police was unusual. They (fear the authorities might be encouraging

■ Continued Page 2

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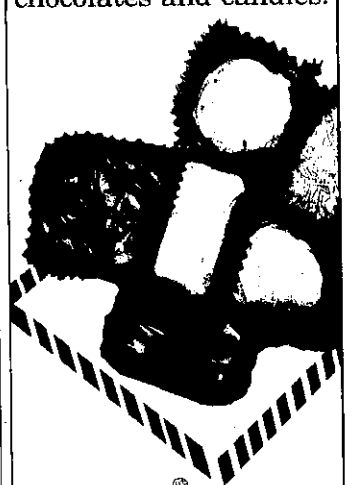

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## Millions in a frenzy as Khomeini is buried

TEHERAN: The body of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini was buried yesterday after millions of hysterical mourners threw the funeral ceremony into wild confusion.

The burial, hours late, took place with Revolutionary Guards battling to hold back frenzied Iranians beating themselves in anguish.

"Oh stars stop shining, oh rivers stop flowing," a distraught Iranian television commentator declared as the Ayatollah's corpse was taken from an aluminium casket and placed in a shallow earth grave.

The tumultuous ceremony, shown live on Iranian television, reached its climax as a helicopter dubbed the Horse of Death by the sobbing newscaster bore the corpse of the 86-year-old Islamic revolutionary leader to the grave hewn in the hard earth of the Behesht-e Zahra cemetery in south Teheran.

A cannon marked the final moment on earth of the fiery leader who died on Saturday of a heart attack after 10 turbulent years at the head of a nation of 50 million people.

The first attempt to bury Khomeini failed when mourners carried away with grief tore the white shroud from his body, toppling the half-naked corpse onto the ground.

A helicopter whisked it away and several hours later after Revolutionary Guards ringed the burial site it returned for a final effort before dark fell.

One of the biggest crowds in history – put by the Iranian news agency IRNA at 10 million – packed the capital and in the frenzy the religious leaders faced a race against time to bury their leader in daylight as required by Shi'ite law.

Hosed by jets of water from firetrucks, the crowds of mourners packing the sun-baked cemetery kept up their chants and beating their heads and chests.

Six times, helicopters landed near the grave to test whether the crowd would break through the rings of Revolutionary Guards.

Finally, after Khomeini's son Ahmad and Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani arrived in two separate helicopters, the Horse of Death bearing the body, landed at 4.30 pm (9.00 pm HK time).

The door of the helicopter slid back and a gleaming metal casket was eased out to eager clamouring

■ Continued Page 12

## THE WORLD

### Ethnic unrest

Up to 50 people are dead as the Soviet Central Asian Republic of Uzbekistan is rocked by ethnic unrest.

Page 13

### Poland

The Polish Communist Party hints at a grand coalition with Solidarity after the union's stunning success.

Page 13

### Australia

Four pages of news from Australia in our exclusive weekly liftout, AUSTRALIA TODAY

Liftout

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14843期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月8日 星期四 己巳年五月初五

北京地区天气预报 白天 阴转多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 多云间晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 26℃ 最低 16℃

人民日报社出版


## 国务院发出公告

# 坚决制止冲击铁路 确保运输安全畅通

国务院关于坚决制止冲击铁路确保铁路运输安全畅通的公告

最近，一些城市和地区相继发生冲击铁路、拦截列车、破坏铁路设施等严重威胁铁路运输安全畅通的恶性事件，给国民经济、人民生活和社会秩序带来重大损失和影响。为确保铁路运输安全畅通，促进经济发展，便利人民生活。维护社会安定，特公告如下：

一、各级人民政府和公安、铁路部门，要把保障铁路运输安全畅通作为一项重要任务。由领导同志亲自负责，组织足够力量，确保铁路运输畅通无阻。

二、任何人不得以任何借口冲击铁路车站，破坏铁路设施，在线路上设置障碍，以及阻扰强行拦截列车等。一旦发生上述中断铁路运输或威胁铁路运输安全的违法犯罪情况，各级人民政府、公安部门和武警部队，可采取一切必要手段予以排除，并依法惩处。

三、各地武警部队要抽调适当警力，加强铁路重点部位的保卫工作，帮助铁路部门维护好车站治安秩序。对带头闹事和进行破坏的，要坚决予以打击，绝不手软。

四、铁路运输部门的职工要坚守岗位，尽职尽责，严格纪律。坚决制止无票乘车，确保铁路运输安全畅通。

以上各点，各地要迅速广为宣传，坚决贯彻执行。

中华人民共和国国务院

1989年6月7日

（新华社发）

## 上海发生烧毁旅客列车严重事件

### 近百名公安消防干警和武警被打伤

**新华社上海6月7日电**（记者陈毛弟、冯泰珍）一伙犯罪分子乘上海市昨晚发生一起铁路交通事故之际，蓄意制造了一场烧毁旅客列车、袭击公安消防干警和武警战士的严重骚乱。

昨晚8时43分，一台蒸汽机车从上海站上行至光新路道口时，被一伙人阻挠，引起大批人涌入道口围观。两分钟后，从北京开往上海的161次客车距光新路道口100米处，司机突然发现前方有人，立即紧急制动，由于行驶列车巨大的惯性滑动，造成6人死亡、6人受伤。这些死伤者中，至今没有发现大学生。

事故发生后，一小撮早已聚集在道口附近的歹徒乘机蜂拥而上，把机车司团团围住，我暴徒将火车司机拖下殴打成伤。奋勇抢救伤员的公安干警受到歹徒的基奉谩骂和殴打。歹徒们用石块掷公安干警、砸机车、袭击旅客的同时，叫嚷“把火车烧掉”。几名歹徒用稻草、衣服和火油，纵火焚烧列车。当公安消防干警赶赴现场扑救时，歹徒们用石块袭击消防战士和消防车，用尖刀捅破消防水龙带，将几十斤重的石块压在水龙带上，用石块击坏水龙带接头，造成消防水带十多次断水，严重贻误了救火时机，致使包括邮政车在内的9节车厢被烧毁，邮政车中的953袋和30捆邮件，除11袋被一些学生抢下外，其余全部烧毁。由于这起骚乱，造成沪宁、沪杭铁路中断，到发稿时也未通车。

这伙歹徒在骚乱中极端仇视全力抢救伤员和国家财产的公安消防干警和武警战士，致使近100名公安消防干警和武警战士挨打受伤，一位在现场指挥的公安分局副局长被打成重伤。几名歹徒甚至丧心病狂地把一名正在灭火的消防战士，硬塞到正在燃烧的车厢轮子下。一大批消防器材被歹徒们严重破坏和丢弃，6辆公安摩托车被烧毁，一座交通岗亭被推倒砸坏。有的歹徒置充“大学生”，在事故现场煽动不明真相的群众围攻铁路员工和公安干警。

在公安消防干警抢救伤员和灭火时，在场的许多群众包括大学生在内，一起参加抢救和灭火。

据上海公安机关介绍，已被抓获的11名犯罪分子中没有1名是大学生。其中一些人曾因违法犯罪受到公安机关的处罚。

## 一支戒严部队经过建国门 遭到来自外交公寓的枪击

### 官兵一人死亡三人受伤

**新华社北京6月7日电** 据北京戒严部队指挥部新闻处告：今日上午10时左右，当我一支戒严部队自东向西开进，经建国门立交桥附近时，遭到来自建国门外外交公寓和路南楼上两个方向的枪击，造成我官兵亡一人、伤三人。该支部队被迫回击，并一度包围了外交公寓等建筑物，随即迅速撤离。

戒严部队要求在京中外人士严格遵守戒严部队指挥部所发布的各项有关规定。在此情况下戒严部队将负责保护他们的安全。

## 方励之到美驻华使馆“避难”

### 有关人士称提供这种庇护是干涉中国内政

**新华社北京6月7日电** 据“美国之音”和国际合众社今天报道，方励之已于本月5日去美国驻华使馆“避难”，“要求”保护他的安全。但未申请“政治避难”，这是美国白宫发言人菲茨沃特本月6日对记者宣布的。

此间有关方面人士称，方励之近年来经常通过美国和其他外国记者发表攻击社会主义制度、谩骂党和政府的讲话。方励之的情况，美国方面是清楚的，在当前情况下，美国驻华使馆对方励之这种人提供庇护，这是对中国内政的干涉。

## 中纪委发出通知

# 严明党纪维护党的团结统一

中纪委关于严明党的纪律维护党的团结统一的通知

最近，在我们伟大祖国的首都发生了一场以推翻中国共产党的领导，推翻社会主义制度和颠覆人民共和国为目的的反革命暴乱。我人民解放军戒严部队奉命采取果断措施，粉碎了极少数人制造的这场暴乱，取得了初步胜利。事实表明，党中央、国务院、中央军委的决策是完全正确的。必须看到，这场惩治斗争面临的情况极其复杂，极少数人继续制造、散布谣言，蛊惑人心，挑拨人民群众与戒严部队、武警官兵和公安干警的关系，进行打砸抢烧的破坏活动，局势依然十分严峻。各级党组织和全体共产党员，必须充分认识这场斗争的艰巨性和复杂性，旗帜鲜明地站在斗争的前列，为彻底平息反革命暴乱，维护安定团结的大局，保卫革命、建设和改革的成果作出贡献，为此，中央纪委要求各级党组织和全体共产党员：

一、在这场政治斗争中，要严格遵守政治纪律，坚定地在政治上和行动上与党中央保持一致。认真学习、坚决贯彻执行党中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》以及关于平息暴乱、稳定大局的各项指示、号令，不听信谣言，不传播谣言。维护党的团结统一，充分发挥党组织的战斗堡垒作用和共产党员的先锋模范作用，组织和团结广大人民群众同蓄意制造动乱的极少数人和反革命暴乱分子进行坚决的斗争。

二、要带头坚守工作岗位，维护正常的生产、工作、生活秩序。党的组织要加强对党员的教育和管理，共产党员要自觉遵守党的纪律，模范地执行国家的法律法令，同一切破坏生产、破坏工作和社会秩序的违法行为作斗争。

三、要大力支持和配合人民解放军、武警部队和公安干警履行宪法和法律赋予的神圣职责，为他们执行任务提供方便，创造条件。

四、要严明党的纪律，严厉惩处在反革命暴乱中猖打砸抢烧的共产党员，对那些策划、组织和领导暴乱活动的共产党员，一经查实，一律开除党籍。触犯刑律的由司法机关依法严惩。

五、各级纪检机关和全体纪检干部，要在这场尖锐的政治斗争中，站稳立场，明辨是非，经受住考验，充分发挥职能作用，以高度的政治责任感和坚强的党性原则，坚决维护和严肃执行党的纪律。要认真负责地受理人民群众的检举控告，继续严肃查处党内违纪案件，清除腐败分子，纯洁党的组织，用实际行动维护党的领导，捍卫社会主义现代化事业。

中央纪律检查委员会

一九八九年六月七日 （新华社发）

党中央、国务院、中央军委收到福建、江西两省和最高人民检察院党组的电函，表示坚决贯彻中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》。

## 福建省

党中央、国务院、中央军委：

6月5日上午，党中央、国务院发表了《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，省委迅速召集省里的领导同志进行收听学习，并要求各地市、省直各部门组织认真学习。8日上午，省委常委又召开扩大会议，省顾委、省人大、省政府、省军区、省政协、省纪委的领导和有关部门负责同志参加，继续学习讨论。大家一致认为，首都发生的反革命暴乱的目的，就是要否定党的领导，否定社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国，一致拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委平息这场暴乱的果断决策，向这次斗争中作出杰出贡献的人民解放军全体官兵表示敬意和敬意！

我们在认真学习党中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》的基础上，从福建实际出发，研究部署了当前工作。提出了六条贯彻意见，要求全省广大党员、干部和人民群众，坚决响应党和政府的号召，坚定地执行党中央、国务院的部署，坚定不移与党中央保持一致。我们决心以实际行动维护福建的安定团结，稳定福建的局势，就是保卫改革开放的成果，为稳定全国局势作贡献。全省上下要团结一致，同心同德，继续把建设和改革不断推向前进。

中共福建省委

福建省人民政府

一九八九年六月六日

## 江西省

党中央、国务院、中央军委：

6月4日，当我们获知戒严部队迅速平息北京发生的反革命暴乱的消息后，省委立即召开常委会议进行了认真的讨论。晚上，召开了省直和南昌市党员负责干部会议，根据中央精神，对如何做好江西的工作，进行了部署。5日，省委、省政府等几套班子的负责同志又认真学习了《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，并分析当前形势，进一步研究了稳定江西、维护大局的具体措施，同时，以省委、省政府文件下发全省各地贯彻落实。

大家一致认为，极少数别有用心的人蓄意制造的动乱，已经发展成为一场骇人听闻的反革命暴乱。解放军戒严部队果断地平息这场暴乱。完全是正义的行动，是符合首都人民和全国人民的愿望和根本利益的。一致表示，坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委的重大决策。坚决支持首都戒严部队依法履行捍卫人民共和国和首都的神圣使命，并对英雄的中国人民解放军首都戒严部队和广大公安、武警部队表示敬意。大家表示，坚决响应党中央、国务院的号召，擦亮眼睛，团结一致，迅速行动起来，与制造暴乱的极少数人进行坚决的斗争，保卫革命、建设和改革的成果。十分珍惜和全力维护我省方定团结的政治局面，努力做好各方面的工作，稳定江西、维护大局。并采取了以下措施：

一、立即组织全体共产党员、广大人民群众和各界爱国人士，认真地学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，进一步学习李鹏、杨尚昆等中央领导同志和老一辈无产阶级革命家关于反对和制止动乱、维护稳定的一系列重要讲话，学习《解放军报》6月4日的社论。务必使《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》家喻户晓，人人皆知。通过学习，真正把大家的思想认识统一到中央的精神上来，坚信党中央、国务院的正确领导，坚信党和政府有能力制止暴乱，稳定全国大局。坚定不移地在政治上同党中央保持一致，明辨是非，顾全大局，迅速行动起来，挺身而出与制造暴乱的极少数人作坚决的斗争，而不做任何亲痛仇快的事情。

二、把所有的党员、干部和各方面的骨干动员起来，旗帜鲜明、深入细致地做好思想政治工作。无论是机关、工厂、学校、商店、街道，都要把工作做深做细，耐心教育青年学生和广大群众不轻信和传播谣言，不进行任何形式的串联，坚决抵制极少数别有用心的人的挑拨和煽动。共产党员要处处以身作则，起模范带头作用，每个党员、干部和群众不仅自己要积极维护安定团结，而且要教育自己的子女、亲属不做有损于安定团结的事。各级党政组织要支持骨干理直气壮地开展工作，充分发挥骨干的作用。各级各单位在工作中既要态度鲜明，又要坚持正面疏导，注意方法。

三、采取坚决措施，维护各方面的正常秩序。教育广大干部、职工坚守岗位，搞好生产，保障供给。积极维护社会正常秩序。学校要加强管理，按照正常的教学计划和要求组织教学活动，坚决揭露和抵制极少数人策划的“空校”阴谋。严正警告那些挑起事端，破坏正常秩序的幕后策划者和组织者，如不听劝告，一意孤行，后果自负。

四、提高警惕，加强安全保卫工作，积极维护社会治安。教育广大干部和群众大力支持公安干警和武警战士，切实做好首脑机关、要害部位和工厂、商店的安全保卫工作，维护好城市的交通秩序和社会治安，严防不法分子乘机破坏。严禁强行冲击车站、冲击铁路，严禁冲击机关、工厂、学校、商店。决不允许成立非法组织，一经发现，坚决取缔。依法严禁张贴大小字报、散发各种煽动性的传单，发表各种煽动性演讲。对于呼喊反击、遭驾党和国家领导人的反动口号、张贴反动标语的，要旗帜鲜明地予以反对。对于那些搞打、砸、抢、烧的要依法严惩，决不手软。

我们坚信，在党中央、国务院的正确领导下，富有光荣革命传统的江西人民是有觉悟的，是顾全大局的，一定能为稳定江西、维护大局作出应有的贡献。

中共江西省委

江西省人民政府

一九八九年六月六日

## 最高人民检察院

党中央：

《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》发布后，最高人民检察院党组立即召开党组扩大会，一致表示，坚决拥护党中央为迅速平息反革命暴乱而作出的果断决策，向参加这次平息暴乱的解放军全体官兵、武警部队、公安干警表示崇高敬意。在决定党和国家前途命运的关键时刻，我们一定立场坚定、旗帜鲜明地同党中央保持一致。积极支持戒严部队执行戒严任务和平息暴乱而进行的各项工作。

与此同时，高检院于6月5日向各省、自治区、直辖市人民检察院和军事检察院发出紧急通知，严肃地向各级检察机关和全体检察人员提出要求：（一）要认真学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，充分认识这场反革命暴乱的严重性和危害性，充分认识这场斗争从极少数人制造的动乱逐步发展为反革命暴乱的演变过程，站稳立场，旗帜鲜明地同党中央保持一致，在这场尖锐激烈的阶级斗争中经受锻炼和考验。（二）严格履行法律职责，与公安、法院等部门紧密配合，运用法律手段严惩反革命暴乱分子和打砸抢烧等各种严重刑事犯罪分子，为迅速平息这场严重的反革命暴乱，恢复正常社会秩序做出应有的贡献。（三）要继续抓紧查处贪污、受贿犯罪案件，促进廉政建设。（四）要提高警惕，坚守岗位，严守纪律，密切注视社会动向，加强机关保卫、保密工作，严防坏人冲击检察机关。

特此报告

中共最高人民检察院党组

一九八九年六月六日

（新华社发）

## 我外交部发言人表示极大遗憾 布什总统对中国局势进行指责

**新华社北京6月7日电** 中国外交部发言人今天就美国总统布什最近对中国局势进行“指责”表示“极大的遗憾”。外交部发言人的谈话全文如下：

6月5日，美国总统布什发表声明，对中国当前的局势进行指责，并宣布中止一切中美政府间军售和商业性武器出口，中断中美两国军事领导人之间的互访活动。对于美国政府的这一举动，中国政府不能不表示极大的遗憾。

我们曾多次说过，中国目前发生的事情，完全是中国的内政。中国政府是稳定的，并完全有能力平息目前在北京发生的暴乱。希望一切同我国保持友好关系的国家、组织和人士不要以任何方式进行干涉。美国政府公然对纯属中国的内部事务横加指责，并单方面采取损害两国关系的行动，对中国政府施加压力。这是我们绝对不能接受的。

中国政府将继续坚持改革、开放政策和独立自主的和平外交政策。这两项基本政策是不会改变的。任何以这种或那种手段来向中国政府施加压力的企图，都是不明智的，也是短视的。我们希望美国方面能以中美关系大局为重，从两国关系的长远利益出发，不要做任何不利于两国关系的事情。

**新华社北京6月7日电** 国务院发言人袁木6月6日下午在中南海举行记者招待会，揭露首都反革命暴乱的事实真相，内容如下：

**袁木**：今天举行一个国内记者招待会，主要是因为从6月3日凌晨以来，在首都发生了一场骇人听闻的、蓄谋已久的反革命暴乱。这件事引起了国内国外舆论的密切关注，所以国务院委托我请来了戒严部队某部政治部主任张工，北京市委秘书长贺立本，北京市政府副秘书长丁雄俊，给大家提供这方面的有关情况。我们可以先讲一讲，大家有什么问题再问。我先讲几点：

第一点，现在的局势。总的来看，6月3日凌晨极少数暴徒策动的一场反革命暴乱，在人民解放军的英勇奋斗下面，暴乱者的阴谋没有完全得逞，粉碎暴乱取得了初步的胜利，或者说第一步的胜利。现在暴乱还没有完全平息，首都的局势仍然是相当严峻的。

第二点，暴乱发生之后，社会各界包括舆论界，对伤亡情况都很关心。国务院也很关心这件事，因此，让有关方面尽可能去调查了解，但是由于局势还不稳，秩序还相当混乱，许多正常渠道还没有恢复，所以统计数字还不完全，经再三核实的不完全统计，情况是这样的，

解放军官兵受伤5000多人；

地方上（包括为非作歹的暴徒、围观的不明真相的群众）共伤2000多人；

死亡情况，军队和地方加在一起的初步统计数字是近300人，其中包括部队的战士，包括罪有应得的歹徒，也包括误伤的群众。

除此之外，军队方面到目前为止还有400名官兵失踪，生死不明，等待来局势稳定下来，有些可能生还，有些可能牺牲了。

大体情况就是这样。对这个数字，我已经再三说过不是很准确，但是有一个数字相对来说比较准确。是经过向各个大学了解的，就是到现在为止北京各个大学死亡的大学生28名。我预计随着事件的发展、局势的进一步稳定，各方面情况了解了，可能这些数字还会有变化。这是大家关心的问题，首先给同志们通报一下。

再一点是关于天安门清理过程中的情况。这件事等会儿请张工同志来介绍，因为他当时在场，还有一段录相大家也可以看一下。大体的情况是，用原来占领天安门广场的学生的形象语言，他们基本上是和平撤离的。

**张工**：或者说自动撤离。

**袁木**：自动撤离、和平撤离，学生自己提出来是和平撤离，后来双方达成了协议。具体情况张工同志可以讲一讲。

## 国务院发言人袁木举行记者招待会

# 揭露反革命暴乱真相

再一点，国务院认为，现在首都形势还很严峻，稳定全局，进一步恢复秩序，这是关系到首都的大局。首都有一千几百万人，如果局势进一步恶化，秩序不能恢复，就会给极少数暴徒、歹徒有可乘之机。据现在已经了解到的情况，他们还在进行各种各样的活动，打、砸、抢、烧、杀都有，公共汽车继续受到烧毁，路障还继续在筑，特别严重的是他们现在还要切断水源、切断电源，进一步把交通搞瘫痪，他们都还有这个计划，而且在一些地方还在进行着破坏活动。如果这个情况不改变，首都1000多万人民的生活无法保证。现在已经面临着市场供应严重短缺的问题，特别是日常的副食品、蔬菜的供应已经相当困难，如果烧的煤气也没有了，液化气也没有了，用电再发生困难，交通再进一步瘫痪，这个局面就更加严峻了。我们希望全首都人民都能和解放军同志、武警部队、公安干警一起，为迅速恢复正常的秩序来共同努力。有同志建议现在可以提一个口号：大家来保卫人民生活、保卫社会安全。现在人民生活秩序如果再不能够迅速恢复正常，群众的利益就更难保护了。再向远一点说，如果再乱，乱得更严重，原来就对社会主义、对我们国家怀有种种仇恨的这些歹徒们的阴谋得逞，中华人民共和国被颠覆，问题就更严重了。解放军同志、武警部队指战员、公安干警、广大人民群众之间本来就没有根本的利害冲突，利益应该是一致的。希望我们的舆论机构无论如何从这个大局出发，千方百计地使我们这种内部的矛盾不要再激化，大家都来共同地维护社会秩序。这样，为非作歹的、打砸抢烧杀的犯罪行为也容易暴露，也容易得到处置，违法分子也容易得到处理，整个秩序也可以得到维护。我们对暴乱的幕后组织者、策动者不能手软，因为他和我们之间的矛盾是敌对的矛盾，这个问题不明确、不进一步地解决，也就不能保护绝大多数人民的利益。广大群众，包括广大的青年学生，从学潮开始以来，都表示拥护共产党、拥护社会主义。我们这个国家没有共产党的领导，不走社会主义道路，是没有出路的。这一点，全国绝大多数人民的认识是一致的，因此我在这里呼吁：通过我们的舆论界尽可能地、更多地传递这样的信息，以消除各种误解，缓和各种不同程度的矛盾。人民之间，人民和军队之间，人民和武警部队指战员、公安干警之间，无论如何应该团结起来。为了使目前的局面得到改变，希望广大市民在混乱的情况下不要再到街上围观，上班坚守岗位，下班就回家，不要在街上过多停留。这并不是为了限制人民的自由。或产本来是为了恢复正常秩序。因为在目前这么一个状况下，如果这些真正得到遵守，可能会比较快地把局面稳定下来。不稳定，很多事情都很难办，我们的治理整顿、深化改革以及国家的建设都谈不到。现在把局势稳定下来，在各自的岗位上，各人都能做出一份贡献，这是非常重要的一件事情。（下转第二版）

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# 北京城內籠罩着氣氛異常的大型坦克車隊

## 漏赴各地火車中斷 廣州客車亦難北上

### 粵省內火車正常旅客枯候南下班車

**火車事故** 路人及圍觀者晨期三在上海西北觀看一列遭毀壞的列車，道列》報道造成六死六傷。 車由北京往上海撞倒一輛坐在路軌上休憩的農民，據稱「解放日報」（路透社）

【本報訊】廣州通往省外的各線火車六日開始暫停停駛，廣州火車站內省外各線的售票窗口掛牌辦理退票。據悉，五日開出的北上列車現尚停留在衡陽附近。

廣州與省內韶關、佛山、肇慶、深圳等地之間的客運列車和廣九直通車照常運行。【中新社廣州六月七日電】廣州火車站從五日起停止發售東向、西向開往珲石以北的客車，而往南的各地大客車、包括開往廣州、韶關、肇慶、佛山、深圳、汕頭、湛江等快北上的旅客，人人聯心似箭，但仅出現暗潮。目前韶關的運深線、廣九線、京九線部分車次已開始減少。

【新華社北京七日電】到來自廣州列外外交方向的信息，造成我首長已一人傷三人。戒嚴部隊要求在北京市外人士嚴格遵守戒嚴部隊指揮部發布的各項有關規定，並一度包圍了外交公寓等建築物，隨即退至使館區內。

【本報訊】北京七日晨，近日在北京街頭出現的軍隊，傳有不同的番軍，作用為維持秩序

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

WEN WEI PO

8 六月 一九八九年

星期四

今日出紙三大張 零售一元二角

一九八九年六月八日 星期四 第一四六五九號

明公開有限報業：印刷及印書

號九九一至七九一道仔灣海香：址地

（總七）一二二二七五：話電

一三八六二七五：號訪採

二二七五二七五：號告廣

重印版


# 靜平轉暫勢局減稍聲槍京北
# 行進緊加正賬算後秋者權當

## 凡參與「暴亂」黨員 中紀委聲稱將嚴懲

### 曹思源嚴家其等三知識分子失蹤

【本報北京七日電】消息來源透露，經過一段時間的混亂和軍事鎮壓後，北京今日已出現相對平靜的局面，槍聲明顯減少，迹象顯示，北京現在的當權者已暫時控制局勢。與此同時，亦傳出了「開始抓人」的消息。此間的知情人士透露，「秋後算賬」會加緊進行。

昨日較早時候，仍傳出三十八軍和二十七軍在北京南郊兩處機場附近發生武裝衝突，雙方爭持不下的消息。到了今日上午，二十七軍在將大批坦克車撤離現場後，由戒嚴部隊司令部宣佈撤銷內圍警戒線，而在的廣場採訪「平靜的廣場」。及後，大批坦克又有條不紊地返回廣場。然而迄今未見大批軍隊全面控制。

軍方發言人張工證向記者表明，二十七軍並沒與三十八軍發生武裝衝突。他甚至說，他們已入去營。

四時半至五時半的天安門情場行動中，「並沒有在廣場一帶殺過一個人。」

## 建國門外使館區發生 軍隊受狙擊一死三傷

### 士兵封鎖該區 搜查後捕一中國人

不久，一批軍車和軍隊又經過東長安街「九一」路站一樣，駐紮前門東街。這支軍隊則向北離開市區。他們沿途高叫口號，「保衛祖國」，「保衛北京」。

今日，中央電視台又三番四次地報道說，木昨日在記者招待會上的談話，就法與首已加緊「秋後算賬」，抗人人罪。至目前為止，已知有三名知識界人士失蹤，包括著名學者嚴家其和協助組織五十七名全國人大常委聯名要求召開常委緊急會議的一批人。

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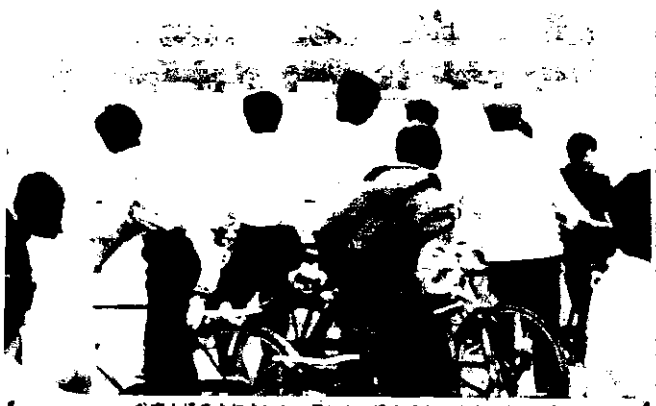

北京市民昨日進堂天安門廣場，大批軍人和坦克仍在廣場內布防。（美聯社傳真）

## 上海酒店 租客大減

【本報上海七日電】此間酒店業人士透露，各涉外酒店租房率已值百分之三十左右，且仍呈下跌趨勢。近年新建的某大的外商某字樣大廈「聯誼大廈」的許多高字間亦已人去樓空。

曹開一開一時天安門廣場，現已龍見到最嚴的士兵和軍車，廣場內被兩批裝甲車清洗過。（新中國傳真）

## 昨藉故進入外交公寓 當局已有名單搜捕有關人士

【本報北京七日電】日前京木在國內新聞記者招待會上的講話，引起此間各界人士的極大憤慨，有一家醫院的一位不願透露姓名的人士說，北京所在的地區內，有武裝的軍隊部隊在執行任務，並強行通過人工北京天安門，廣場告急，人民大會堂四側已經戒嚴，西側的南門仍對遊人開放，但不少武裝士兵在這個地段大約都集結待命。

「這些都是該死的，幸虧這不是在國境內外呀！有的士兵被市民圍了一個多小時，使向東撤退，市民報以掌聲和歡呼聲。

這支沒有武裝的隊伍是從其他的方向過來的，並強行通過了天安門廣場。歷史博物館已經遭入了軍隊，北京飯店西側的南門仍對遊人開放。

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運載武器的汽車，顯然，大批軍隊實際上已經開天安門廣場包圍起來了。這段時間，朝陽門外一帶的天際，六月三日的槍聲和火光，仍有的北京人士指責軍隊「濫用武力」，「濫殺無辜」，「血洗北京」。

## 屠城四十八小時實錄

### 本報北京採訪組

六月三日零時，大批部隊均已接獲迅速進入北京城的命令，一幕人間慘劇，就在精心策劃之下拉開帷幕。

六月三日凌晨實施四點鐘為止，北京市處處發生學生、市民與解放軍人、軍車人城的情況。最大規模的，是從部隊進城，發生在凌晨五點鐘左右，分兩路進入北京：一路從西直門進城，一路從東直門進城。

在「六．四」大血案前後的四十八小時裏，本報北京記者組目睹耳聞了一幕又一幕驚心動魄的事件和場面。作為歷史的見證，作為新聞工作者，我們雖抑心中的悲憤之情，我們有責任將這一切如實地記錄下來，讓一切善良的人們記住，並由千萬手鑄下的血寫下的歷史！

永遠不會寬恕這次屠殺的策劃者，歷史也永遠不會忘記我們民族精英的冤魂。

### 鮮血寫下的歷史

六月四日凌晨，在人民共和國首都的中心，在這世界最大的廣場，槍聲驟然響起，成百上千的青年學生倒在血泊之中，全球矚目的天安門廣場，共和國建國四十周年的一頁頓然染上了一個巨大的腥紅血點，歷史就此沉重的血的代價！

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### 屠城後首次允許 北京記者入內 廣場多遍洗刷難掩罪證

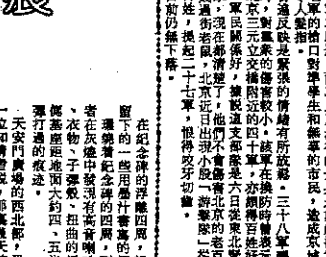
#### 紀念碑畔猶見血蹟彈痕

【中新社北京七日電】二十三名北京記者今天上午被允許進入處於戒嚴狀態的天安門廣場。

包括新華社、中新社、中央電視台等在內的八家傳播機構的記者，中央電視台等在內的八家傳播機構的記者，他們是在戒嚴指揮部的指揮官及中共中央宣傳部的官員陪同下進入廣場的。這是自六月四日後北京發生暴亂以來，首次許可新聞記者進入廣場。

記者們乘坐的汽車從六部口駛入天安門廣場，目前，遠於廣場西側的六部口地區尚於戒嚴的戒嚴狀態。幾名士兵在長安街上，用六個垃圾筒築成路障工事，一部份士兵把槍架在一起，坐在道路北側的便行道上休息。

在六部口至新華門的二十多輛坦克和裝甲車，其中在六部口的南北路口各停放著兩輛坦克對外的坦克，在六部口南側路口的一塊牌子上寫著「可以直行或向左行」。因為向右行便可進入天安門廣場。少量解放車的車來見到這塊牌子後，迅速通過路口，而士兵們則站在坦克上，持槍警戒。



天安門廣場清場時燒毀的帳篷，自行車等仍堆積在紀念碑一側。

新華門前沒有一個行人。近百輛解放軍的裝甲車，兩輛被燒燬的裝甲車仍然橫在路上。

廣場的解放軍士兵仍然佔領在內的八家傳播機構的新聞機關，他們是在戒嚴指揮部的指揮官及中共中央宣傳部的官員陪同下進入廣場的。這是自六月四日後北京發生暴亂以來，首次許可新聞記者進入廣場。

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在紀念碑的浮雕四周，記者可以看到學生們最後留下的一些用墨汁書寫的標語。

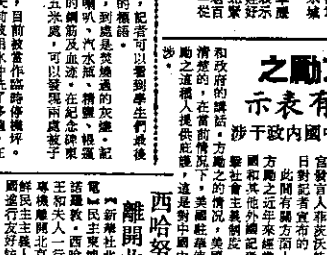
環繞著紀念碑的四周，到處是焚燒過的灰燼。記者在灰燼中發現有被燒焦的音響喇叭，汽水瓶，棉被，衣物，子彈殼，扭曲的鋼筋及血迹。在紀念碑東側基座地面大約四、五米處，可以發現兩處被子彈打過的痕迹。

天安門廣場的西北部，目前被當作臨時停機坪。一位知情者說，那裏幾天前被用水沖洗了多遍。在不到一個小時的時間內，記者發現大約三、四架直升飛機降落在那裏，大批的壓縮乾糧和瓶裝罐頭被如下車堆放在廣場上，不時有士兵從人民大會堂出來領取食品。廣場的停機坪不許記者涉足。

一位在紀念碑上站過的士兵說，他們晚上住在人民大會堂和歷史博物館，公安部大院為士兵們提供了住宿。

在天安門的兩側及歷史博物館北面，停放著許多坦克，裝甲車和軍車，一些車上蓋著綠色的軍用帆布。

記者們從上午九時四十分開始參觀，十時五十五分結束。今天北京天陰，多個時，廣場上偶爾有濛濛細雨。



## 北京日益不安全 美駐華外交官撤眷

### 多國僑民刻正等待專機離京城

【合衆國際社、美聯社北京七日電】美駐北京大使館也給計劃使用專機去菲律賓的美國僑民發出了離京通知。

除了美國使館家眷外，英國、加拿大、菲律賓、瑞士和西德的大使館也正在安排撤離僑民。

法國、意大利和蘇聯的外交官說，他們沒有計劃撤僑，但西歐的外交官說，許多國家已決定撤離僑民。

他說，在北京的美國大使館有一百八十人，其中大約有一百廿五名說漢語的外交官員，而另外有六十人已經離開。他說，在中國其他地區的美國人還有一千人。

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## 美庇方護之勵之 京當局已有表示 對中國內政干涉

【新華社北京六日電】據「美國之音」和國際合衆社今天報道，方勵之已於本月五日去美國駐華使館「避難」。

方勵之近年來經常通過美國和其他外國記者發表攻擊社會主義制度、鼓吹資產階級自由化和反對政治避難」，這是美國自己發言人菲茨伏特本月六日對記者宣布的。

此間有關方面人士稱，方勵之近年來經常通過美國和其他外國記者發表攻擊社會主義制度、鼓吹資產階級自由化和反對政治避難」，這是美國自己發言人菲茨伏特本月六日對記者宣布的。

此間有關方面人士稱，方勵之的行為是違反中國法律的，他在北京市的住處已經被搜查，他的一些書籍和材料已經被沒收。

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## 中國高層難以接觸 美國務院稱不知誰在領導中國

### 高院向蕃石表態 總書記職位惹猜測

【路透社華盛頓六日電】一位國務院發言人說，非茨伏特說，由於美國國務院無法向中國高層領導人接觸，推測這些領導人已經離開了首都。非茨伏特說，他「不知道」現在誰在領導中國政府，也無從判斷這些領導人被離北京的意義。

【本報北京七日電】當石是否已在代行中共總書記職務引起此間頗多猜測，引起猜測的主要原因是，國內頻多傳媒今日報道了最高人民法院四日的表態電，是致電石中共政治局常委的，有關人士分析，在政治局常委中，當石雖是負責政法系統的，高級法院向他致電不算太越軌奇，但是亦不排除含有某種暗示的可能。

## 布什發表指責聲明 北京表示極大遺憾 謂任何施加壓力企圖均不明智

【新華社北京七日電】中國外交部發言人就美國總統布什的聲明發表談話，全文如下：

六月五日，美國總統布什發表聲明，對中國當前的局勢進行指責，並宣布中止一切中美軍事合作和商業性武器出口，中斷中美兩國高層互訪活動，對於美國政府的這一舉動，中國政府不能不表示極大的遺憾。

我們曾多次說過，中國目前發生的事情和商業性武器出口，中斷中美兩國高層互訪活動，對於美國政府的這一舉動，中國政府不能不表示極大的遺憾。

我們曾多次說過，中國目前發生的事情完全是中國的內政，中國政府是有堅定的決心和能力平息目前在北京發生的暴亂，希望一切同我國保持友好關係的國家不要對我們的事幹什麼呀？有的北美更是南盟隊伍中推着士兵的手，不讓他們前進。

### 天安門廣場已告急了

這批士兵看上去也是被蒙在鼓裏的，他們的平均年齡在十八、九歲的年紀，一個個非常純潔，衣服也都很整齊，臉上染得健康而紅潤，他們每人都揹着背包，一雙雙黑黑的眼睛，顯得十分機警。此外，除了每人一支衝鋒槍，還配備有手槍。

這支隊伍在這個地段大約集結了很長時間，很多人上了軍車，車上裝有無線電話。

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這支隊伍

快報
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五三五號
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今天天氣：吹東風，天晴，天氣炎熱
是日氣溫：介乎廿七至卅二度之間
筒份七大張 零售二元正
EXPRESS

# 建國門激戰後廿七軍殘兵棄守
# 卅八軍進駐天安門

## 圍城三路大軍縮窄包圍網
## 屠城部隊主力已遭殲滅
## 要脅殺人毀古蹟作討價

美國全國廣播公司報道，卅八軍已於昨晚十時在沒有抵抗的情況下進駐天安門廣場，原有的廿七軍則撤出廣場。

卅八軍進駐天安門廣場，顯示國防部最高當局已重新控制北京市，樂善保一向被視為趙紫陽的支持者。

美國駐北京使館發言人羅福謙(Jim Lilley)今晨確認，在天安門廣場以西四公里的建國門一帶發生激烈槍戰，持續一段長時間，美國領事館亦遭流彈擊中，相機槍戰停止，大部分沒有配備武器的卅八軍由建國門沿長安街開入天安門廣場，而原駐在廣場的廿七軍則由另一個方向撤走。

一般認為，卅八軍開入天安門廣場時，兩支軍隊並無發生衝突，記者形容兩軍是和平「換防」。

美國情報機構基在兩軍「換防」前，部分指揮官曾發生激烈爭執。

兇手示衆！北京屠城部隊一員將放置無辜學生的已士示衆，旁邊的說明指出他在死前開設了四名市民。(路透社相片)

(快報消息)經過一天的激戰後，李鵬集團的屠城部隊廿七軍，基本上已經打八、卅八軍及卅九軍擊潰，佔領了總部的廿六軍，亦隨之於廿四軍後撤，但廿七軍部全面退守市中心的天安門廣場，以全北京市的民意和歷史文物為要脅，導致圍攻部隊不敢展開正面進攻，令北京地區的戰事陷入膠着狀態。

據家自北京的消息來源透露，自增援的卅九軍成功擊破廿七軍的裝甲部隊後，戰鬥集中於市內的卅八、廿八及卅九軍，就全方向向廿六及廿七軍發開攻擊。於北京西南部進行激烈的巷戰，經過三晝夜後，已於廿六、廿七軍之間的主力部隊取得連繫，廿六軍作昨天黎明已從北面撤出北京城，只留下廿七軍殘部作後衛部隊，與卅八及卅九軍的部隊，已開始收緊包圍圈，只留下北面的一個缺口，讓廿七軍可從這個缺口撤出北京。

消息來源表示，目前廿七軍傷亡約十三分一的兵員及二十多輛坦克，但仍有重砲等裝備，相對於圍攻的部隊來說，其實力可說並不足道，原先廿七軍亦有增援以其子弟兵的運輸裝備，在北面約卅里地，但卅八軍亦有增援，並包圍建國門的天安門廣場，並已開始向廿七軍發動總攻擊。

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(快報消息)據一名曾參與屠城的士兵稱，行動中保持高度作戰狀態，(美聯社)

(快報消息)中國外交部昨日發表聲明，反駁美國政府的干涉內政，重申中國政府有權決定及有能力恢復北京的秩序，表示北京近期發生的事件純是中國的內政，並對布殊的制裁行動表示十分遺憾。中國希望美國以尊重事實和客觀的態度來對待北京的事態發展，重申中國不會改變改革開放政策。

(快報消息)據合外交官稱，中國領導層中的強硬派領導人，包括鄧小平、楊尚昆、李鵬及姚依林，已經取得軍隊的支持，並已控制了局面。

(快報消息)對於美國政府的制裁，中共表示「堅決反對」，並說會採取必要的措施。

(快報消息)對於外國傳媒在中國的採訪活動，中國外交部發言人表示，中國政府一貫堅持不干涉外國傳媒的採訪活動，但外國傳媒亦應遵守中國的法律，不要歪曲中國政府及人民的情緒。

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# 戮殺停未敗失圍突軍城屠
# 戰巷烈激開展心市在派兩

東方日報
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## 解放軍搜尋狙擊手 包圍使館區四小時

### 美國陸戰隊保護外交官眷屬離開

【本報訊】北京消息：解放軍在天安門廣場的第二十七軍，十多輛裝甲車、坦克車和士兵，昨日天安門東西兩側撤去，但未久又進回，消息人士認為情況顯示第二十七軍欲「保衛」，但未敢開回。

消息人士說：第二十七軍主力指揮官及政治部高層人員，昨日仍在天安門廣場，視察行動，顯示該軍仍未能完全控制局面。

【本報訊】北京消息

第31年　第20號
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# 鄧小平醫療小組遭扣押北京

## 政治局委員中李楊圈套被軟禁北京

【本報專訊】接近北京權力核心的人士昨日向本報記者表示，大部分政治局委員均中了楊尚昆及李鵬的圈套，目前均被「軟禁」在北京，成為李楊集團的政治人質。

據了解，政治局委員於在六月初召開政治局會議的通知，放此，大部分政治局委員在十七軍血洗北京城前夕（六月三日）最在首都。

還沒政治局會議之中，趙紫陽及中共中央書記處書記胡啓立，現已落入楊尚昆陰謀的中央軍事圈手中，趙的親信均表示無法與他聯絡。

據悉，由上海被調北京參加政治局會議的上海市委書記江澤民，也未能返回。

了解情況的人士表示，他們已成為李楊集團的政治人質。

【本報專訊】北京消息人士透露，李鵬、姚依林、胡啓立、宋平、喬石、李瑞環、李錫銘、秦基偉、以及一名候補委員丁關根。

這批政治局委員之中，趙紫陽及中共中央書記處書記胡啓立，尚見亦不能與被中央軍事圈軟禁的中央領導人聯絡。

對楊尚昆等人的軟禁，目前外界尚未知悉。

消息人士指出，目前政治局委員中，趙紫陽及胡啓立兩人的處境最為困難，因為他們在中央書記處的職務，使他們有機會與中央軍事圈的人士接觸，因此，他們的軟禁措施最為嚴密。

消息人士透露，政治局委員中，胡啓立的妻子現在美國探親，而胡啓立的兒子胡耀邦的女兒胡德華，則在北京大學讀書。

消息人士說，胡德華曾經在六月三日晚上，親眼看到中央軍事圈的人士，在北京大學內，對學生進行鎮壓

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HONG KONG TIMES
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# 共軍火併實情明顯

# 屠城廿七軍向東退

## 空降乾糧天安門廣場補給顯出現困難

## 多個擁趙軍隊開入北京

## 民衆咸盼打退李楊集團

## 李主席指示應掌握情勢

## 賀定國家長遠發展基礎

### 中常委認爲亡共在共復國機會到了

### 大陸盛傳 空軍叛變

### 鄭心雄透露已在查證中

### 中共駐澳洲「大使」張再尋求政治庇護

### 北平民衆抗暴怒火熾烈

### 有武裝組織打城市游擊

### 倘共軍退出「政府機關」危在旦夕

### 政府對兩岸變化作壞打算好準備

### 國軍重點防衛台海

### 現不介入共軍戰鬥

### 大陸工作會報通過

### 三點方案支持民運

### 突破新聞封鎖緊急援助民運人士

### 北平外交公寓 共軍包圍抓人

### 抵死

### 今日新聞提要

### 中國國民黨大陸工作會獲得情報

### 鄧小平在上海療養

### 共軍六四大屠殺事前注射興奮劑

### 中共駐上海總領事館

### 中共駐子彈小平自前在上海療養中

### 天安門廣場血跡斑斑

### 中共屠刀遺痕處處

### 大陸記者首訪戰場

### 顏驚猶聲火砲煙硝

（本報華府訊）據中新社七日報導：二十三名北京記者上午被美許從這人應於被解放軍

# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 | HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1989 | Vol. XLV No. 157 | Price $3.00


# Soldiers riddle diplomatic compound with gunfire

TROOPS riddled a diplomatic compound in Beijing with gunfire yesterday as military convoys rumbled through the city, sending more foreigners fleeing the capital in fear of open urban warfare.

Some of the troops shouted: "Foreigners get out! Foreigners get out!" as they strafed one of the buildings, according to a Western diplomat on the scene.

Meanwhile, the Chinese Communist Party has said it will expel all of its members who played leading roles in the "counter-revolutionary chaos".

In a statement to all 47 million party members, the Central Disciplinary Comm ittee called for "severe punishment" for those members who took part in the "chaos".

"Those proven to have organised and led the chaos should be expelled from the party," it added.

Individuals who broke Chinese laws during the "chaos" – an apparent reference to student-led pro-democracy unrest – will be dealt with by judicial authorities, said the statement, carried on state-run television.

At least a dozen other Chinese cities were wracked by demonstrations in protest against the weekend massacre of hundreds and perhaps thousands of unarmed Beijing citizens by the military.

Six people manning a barricade on train tracks near Shanghai station died on Tuesday night when they were hit by a train, newspapers reported.

In Beijing, three people were killed and two others wounded when troops opened fire, adding to a death toll in four days of military occupation that could reach into the thousands.

The 27th Army, vilified by residents in the capital as the "butchers of Beijing", went on a mini-rampage – spraying with machine-guns – a compound housing foreign diplomats and reporters, and a nearby office block.

A clearer picture emerged from accounts by witnesses and official sources of how the 27th Army, with guns blazing, crashed through civilian barricades and through lines of reluctant troops sent in before them to end the occupation of Tiananmen Square by thousands of students on Sunday.

"They had orders that nobody be spared and children and young girls were slaughtered as mercilessly as the many wounded soldiers from other units," a diplomat said.

Troops under separate orders to evacuate thousands of students safely from the square were also mown down as dawn broke on Sunday.

Crack paratroopers of the 15th Airborne Army, led several thousands of people to safety to the south of the square before the 27th Army thundered in from the north.

Western diplomats quoted them as saying that tanks and armoured troop carriers had crushed bodies in Tiananmen Square and then incinerated them with flame-throwers.

How many people died last weekend will probably never be known. Estimates by diplomats range up to around 7,000.

The political situation also grew more confusing with an official media report indicating the rising fortunes of the party leader in charge of the country's security apparatus, Mr Qiao Shi.

Thousands of soldiers, travelling east by truck convoy, left Tiananmen Square in central Beijing in the morning chanting "We love the people. We love the capital. Down with corruption" before opening fire.

They appeared to belong to the 27th Army, responsible for the slaughter of students and citizens during the offensive which began last Saturday to clear the city centre of pro-democracy demonstrators. Several other armies, including its rival 38th, are reportedly in Beijing to fight the 27th Army.

Although most firing appeared to be warning shots into the air, dozens of bullets struck windows facing the street in a compound for diplomats and other foreign residents about four kilometres east of Tiananmen Square.

US Marines immediately began evacuating Americans from the compound to the US Embas-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 8)

# Governor urges right of abode

By WONG JOON SAN and DAVID WALLEN in London

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, will appeal to Britain to grant the right of abode to 3.25 million Hongkong citizens when he meets Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher this week.

Sir David will press the British Government for a change of policy, even though Mrs Thatcher repeated yesterday that there is no question that Britain would allow so many Hongkong people to settle in Britain.

He will argue that if the British, indeed the Hongkong Government, is going to continue to be held in any respect, then it must move fast and go beyond expressing "flexibility" over the interpretation of the Nationality Act as proposed by Mrs Thatcher and Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe in the House of Commons on Tuesday.

Although there is considerable sympathy for the Governor's argument within the Foreign Office, he is likely to meet strong resistance from the Home Office. There is still little support for a major change on immigration among MPs, even amongst the opposition Labour Party.

Backbench Tory MPs met on Tuesday night to discuss the issue and made it clear that they wanted to see no more than a few thousand Hongkong citizens allowed into the UK.

But Sir David will stress just how much the position in Hongkong has changed for the worse since last weekend.

He will hold a breakfast meeting with Sir Geoffrey today and then meet informally with members of the Foreign Affairs Select Committee before briefing shadow Foreign Secretary Gerald Kaufman and Labour's Foreign Affairs spokesman George Foulkes.

He has cancelled his attendance at a Dragon Boat dinner at a top London hotel tonight and has also pulled out of a press conference due to be held on Friday morning. The conference, on the refugees, will now be taken by Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes.

Liberal Democratic Party leader Paddy Ashdown is due to arrive in Hongkong today, accompanied by his party's Home Affairs spokesman, Mr Robert MacLennan.

"We shall be meeting a variety of our contacts in Hongkong including leaders of the business community," Mr Ashdown said.

Mr Kaufman and Mr Foulkes are due to arrive on Saturday to meet business leaders and Legco and Exco members, hopefully including Dame Lydia Dunn.

Mr Foulkes said: "We shall be looking to see how there can be a speedy implementation of democracy in Hongkong."

It is understood Sir Geoffrey has still not finalised his intentions to visit the territory. Officials are trying to work out just what he can offer the people of Hongkong before they organised a timetable.

Yesterday, Mrs Thatcher said she believed the British Government's greater flexibility on the nationality issue would be an "insurance policy" which would convince Hongkong citizens to stay in the territory.

"We are looking at maximum flexibility under our passport laws," she said. "We hope that influential people will stay there, and people with high skills if they know they can have a kind of possibility of coming to Britain".

Mrs Thatcher said she did not know what sort of numbers were involved.

Yesterday, Mr Ashdown wrote to the Prime Minister asking her to deny reports that under the "flexible" plan, only Hongkong's rich citizens would be protected by Britain after 1997.

Sir David's meeting with the two British leaders will be among the most important held by any Governor, on an issue of great sensitivity to both Hongkong and the United Kingdom.

Speaking at Kai Tak airport before leaving for London, the Governor gave no public hint of his new resolve on nationality.

"It is a difficult time in Hongkong and it is a time I think we need to have support from Britain and one of the issues I want to talk on is the question of nationality."

The other pressing issue for the Governor is to win support for the forced repatriation of Vietnamese boat people.

Sir David will impress on Mrs Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey the depth of feeling in Hongkong about the need to resolve the crisis which has left 41,550 Vietnamese refugees and boat people stranded in Hongkong.

Sir David will appear before the Foreign Affairs Committee on Monday before travelling to Geneva.

He is scheduled to return to Hongkong next Thursday.

Sir David Wilson

Margaret Thatcher

## Post's 6-point plan for HK

**IN a special editorial comment today, the *South China Morning Post* presents its program for a six-point plan of action to safeguard Hongkong. Turn to Page 14 for our view on what needs to be done by the British and Hongkong Governments to give people in the territory more say in determining their future.**

Angry crowds set alight a passenger train in Shanghai after it rammed and killed as many as 40 protesters.

Reuter

The burnt-out remains of the train in daylight.

# Train set alight after killing 40

By GEOFFREY CROTHALL and agencies

UP TO 40 people died when an express train ploughed through a human barricade on the outskirts of Shanghai, according to a *Wen Wei Po* reporter who witnessed the incident.

Students and citizens have been manning barricades at every major road and rail intersection in Shanghai since Sunday to prevent the military from entering and to cause maximum disruption to the city's communications.

Shanghai's official *Liberation Daily* reported yesterday that six people had died and six were injured when the express from Beijing hit the blockade on Guangxin Road, in the northwest of the city, sharply contradicting the *Wen Wei Po* report which claimed eight dead immediately and about 30 others sustaining fatal injuries.

The dead and injured were ferried by residents to several hospitals.

According to *Wen Wei Po*, police and security officials arrived at the barricade shortly before the train was due to arrive, urging the students and citizens to leave, giving rise to speculation that train drivers were under orders not to stop at the human blockades which have crippled China's rail system over the past few days.

Immediately after the crash, an angry crowd surrounded the train and set it alight, destroying at least eight carriages. The fate of the passengers on board is not known, but they are believed to have escaped unharmed.

# High toll feared in jet crash

PARAMARIBO: A Surinamese DC-8 airliner carrying 182 passengers and crew crashed yesterday while trying to land at Paramaribo airport, with up to 169 people feared dead.

Military sources said the passengers included the commander of the Surinamese army, General Lew Yean Tai, who was reported missing.

The passengers also included Anthon Nesty, the Surinamese swimmer who won a gold medal at the Seoul Olympics, and several Dutch football players of Surinamese descent, the agency said.

It was not immediately known if they were among the casualties.

The official Surinam News Agency had placed the death toll at 120, but hospital sources said only 13 survivors had been found.

The Surinam Airways airliner had taken off from Amsterdam on a non-stop flight to Paramaribo and crashed nine kilometres from the airport, the agency said.

Initial reports said the jet hit a tree while attempting an emergency landing after twice unsuccessfully trying to touch down in thick fog in the former Dutch colony on the northern coast of South America.

The plane split into pieces in a grassy area, and wet terrain from recent rains was hampering rescue efforts, the agency said.

Agence France Presse

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## WEATHER

Sunny and hot.
Max temp
32 degrees.
See Page 8.


PIAGET

Ref. No. 15958 3/34

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伯爵錶

Piaget Showrooms and Service Centres

Hong Kong
Shop 15 A & B, Edinburgh Tower, The Landmark, Central, Hong Kong. Tel: 5-222339, 5-244685
Shop B,S,A, Peninsula Hotel, Basement Central Wing, Kowloon. Tel: 3-3111123, 3-3113988

Singapore
#02-26/27, Hilton International Singapore, 581 Orchard Road, Singapore 0923. Tel 7328055
#01-01, Mandarin Hotel Shopping Arcade, Singapore 0923. Tel: 7326831

Malaysia
Shangri-La Hotel 1/F, Shopping Arcade, 10 Jalan P. Ramlee 50250, Kuala Lumpur, West Malaysia. Tel: 2487078


# Infiltration of mainland provocateurs 'unfounded'

By CHARLES LEWIS

**THE Government moved yesterday to dispel rumours that provocateurs from the mainland had infiltrated the pro-democracy movement and were attempting to destabilise the territory.**

**The rumour, spread through anonymous fax messages and posters, claimed that as many as 3,000 people from the mainland infiltrated the territory.**

**Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes issued assurances that the Government was monitoring the situation and was confident any unlawful activities by political factions would be quickly brought to notice.**

**No activities by provocateurs had occurred in the territory and speculation was "unfounded", Mr Barnes said.**

**The faxes were dismissed as "hoax messages" and there was no truth in the rumour that disturbances were planned outside the New China News Agency in Happy Valley or in Central, the Government spokesman said.**

**The rumours emerged as Hongkong held a day-long strike in support of China's democracy movement but marches and rallies were called off following a clash between police and troublemakers in Yau Ma Tei early yesterday.**

**A number of offices in Central closed early yesterday to allow staff to get home ahead of a repeat of the disturbances.**

**The fax messages and posters, which were distributed throughout the territory, called on the public to take precautions against the provocateurs.**

**The faxes appear to have been re-transmitted by recipients into other offices in the territory, although many seem to have originated in Macau.**

**The fax says: "Informed sources have disclosed that the communist Government has sent a group of about 3,000 from Shenzhen to Hongkong to join processions and to start disturbances to damage Hongkong's pro-democratic movement's image."**

**A Hongkong-based mainland official described as "nonsense" the suggestion that Beijing had sent in-**

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## INSIDE


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**Page 3:** Morning shots
**Page 4:** Foreigners flee
**Page 5:** World reaction
**Page 6:** Day of mourning
**Page 7:** Riot fears


# Students missing after massacre

By S.Y. WAI

HONGKONG students yesterday petitioned the Governor, Sir David Wilson, asking him to help find at least 10 Hongkong and Macau colleagues in Beijing who have been missing since the bloody massacre on Sunday.

With tears in their eyes they complained about the indifference of the British Embassy in Beijing and appealed to other embassies to help ensure the safety of the students.

The Hongkong and Macau Student Association in Beijing has lost track of the students, some of whom were believed to be in Tiananmen Square when the massacre took place.

They include four men and one woman from Hongkong and five men from Macau. Six of them study at Beijing University, one each at Qing Hua University, the Central Academy of Fine Arts, the Aeronautical Engineering Institute, People's University and the rest at the Foreign Languages Institute.

Petitioning the Governor were four Hongkong students and one Macau student who managed to flee the capital on Monday and Tuesday.

All five declined to be named, fearing that there would be reprisals from the Chinese Government when they returned to Beijing to continue their studies later.

Enclosed with the petition was a list of the missing, their Beijing addresses and when and where they were last seen.

One woman petitioner who returned to Hongkong on Monday said she had contacted the British Embassy which offered little assistance.

"They didn't even pro-

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 1)

# Foreigner tells how he gave refuge to leaders

By JENNIFER COOKE

AUSTRALIAN Chris Street told last night how he had given refuge to 15 Beijing student leaders on the night of the Tiananmen Square massacre.

On his arrival at Kai Tak last night, Mr Street, who teaches English at the Foreign Language Institute in Beijing, told how his students had brought the leaders to his apartment for shelter.

He said they had left the next morning either to go underground or to "get on with organising".

"One student said he saw a girl hanging on to the leg of a soldier pleading for her life. The soldier killed her," said 36-year-old Mr Street, from Hobart, Tasmania.

He said he had heard several unconfirmed reports from students that the soldiers responsible for the slaughter were on amphetamines, having been told they were being given a measles vaccination.

Mr Street said that his grateful students, unable to buy him a traditional gift before his abrupt evacuation yesterday, presented him with a white headband daubed with a cross written in the blood of those injured or killed in the massacre.

He said he and his colleagues had provided a lifeline to the students, relaying information from shortwave radio broadcasts, the Australian Embassy and other Chinese people.

Mr Street said he had been told that the announcer from Radio Beijing who had broadcast that innocent students had been killed had been shot dead by troops an hour later.

Mr Street said some of his students had planned to fly to Australian in August as visiting scholars.

"I don't think I will ever see them again," he said.

●See Page 7



Chris Street at Kai Tak airport last night.

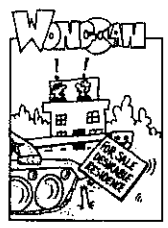
Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 5

Average daily sale last week 61,111

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## Credit rating may be affected




**CONTINUED unrest in China could hurt Hongkong's credit rating, which is used for both medium and long-term borrowing in the international capital markets.**

**The US rating agency Standard and Poor's said investor confidence, which had traditionally underpinned the economic well-being of Hongkong, could be seriously eroded in reaction to events in China.**

**That would have "negative credit quality ramifications" for Hongkong over the medium term, it reported.**

**Secretary for Monetary Affairs David Nendick stressed the agency had nevertheless affirmed its rating for Hongkong.**

**Another US rating agency, Moody's Investor Service, has said it has no intention to change Hongkong's rating, Mr Nendick added.**

**China's troubles, and the US ban on the export of military equipment; could hit the proposed launch in China next April of Asiasat, a Hongkong-based telecommunications satellite.**

**The joint venture includes both the Hutchison group of Hongkong and the mainland's China International Trust and Investment Corporation.**

**The US Westar 6 communications satellite is intended to be used for domestic telecommunications by China and possibly Thailand and Pakistan.**

**"The satellite is not due to be delivered before the end of the year at the earliest," said Hutchison Whampoa's managing director Simon Murray.**

**"Hopefully the climate in China will be better by then so we are not talking about the end of the deal."**

**In the stock market, prices rebounded sharply yesterday on reports Chinese troops responsible for the Tiananmen massacre were leaving Beijing.**

**The Hang Seng index surged 74.95 points or 3.49 percent to 2,224.66 on higher turnover of $2.3 billion, up $311 million from Tuesday.**

**South China Securities' director, Howard Gorges said: "The market is betting on the possibility the good guys are going to beat the bad guys."**

**In the property market, developers postponed the sale of residential projects – including a $1.3 billion luxury complex at the Red Hill Peninsula.**

**Red Hill was to be put on the market this month by four joint-venture partners – Allied Properties, Sino, Chinachem and AsiaSec Properties.**

**AsiaSec Properties group managing director, Richard Law, said yesterday the marketing of the project would be pushed back to August, September or October.**

■ Details: Business

# Hardliner Qiao starts purge

**By Tommy Tam and agencies**

THE Chinese Communist Party yesterday launched a purge of all its members connected with or blamed for the pro-democracy movement.

It will be headed by hardliner Mr Qiao Shi, who appears to have taken over from ousted reformer Mr Zhao Ziyang as Communist Party chief.

The party said it will expel all members who played leading roles in what it called "counter-revolutionary chaos".

In a statement to its 47 million party members, the central disciplinary committee called for "severe punishment" for those members who took part in the "chaos."

"Those proven to have organised and led the chaos should be expelled from the party," it added.

Individuals who broke Chinese laws during the "chaos" – an apparent reference to student-led pro-democracy unrest – will be dealt with by judicial authorities, claimed the statement, carried on state-run television.

The central disciplinary committee is headed by Mr Qiao, a member of the Politburo standing committee alongside four others, including Premier Li Peng.

■ In China – tension grows in the provinces as the Beijing standoff continues; comment, analysis, background: **Pages 2-5** ▶

■ In Hongkong – the pace of industry slows for a day as workers mourn: **Page 7** ▶

■ PLUS – Readers Forum, a special page for you to have your say: **Page 9** ▶

The statement came after the official Radio Beijing had strongly hinted that Mr Qiao, a hardline member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo of the Chinese Communist Party, had taken control of the party while party General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang had apparently been sacked in the power struggle.

The radio yesterday morning broadcast that the Supreme People's Court sent a telegram to "Comrade Qiao Shi and the Standing Committee of the Politburo to express support for the actions to suppress counter-revolutionary riots".

It is believed as a sign 65-year-old Mr Qiao, who is widely known as the head of "China's KGB", has replaced reformist Mr Zhao Ziyang as party general secretary.

Meanwhile, White House spokesman Mr Marlin Fitzwater said yesterday the US State Department had been unable to contact top Chinese leaders and he presumed they had left Beijing for military bases around the city.

Taiwan's Central News Agency reported yesterday that paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping was not dead as earlier reported and was in Shanghai, apparently for medical treatment.

Quoting the head of the Kuomintang's Mainland Affairs Department, the party-run news agency said Mr Qiao had been made the Communist Party head.

Informed sources in Beijing told *The Hongkong Standard* earlier that Mr Li took the position as acting general secretary of the party after Mr Zhao was purged early last month. But the Politburo decided not to make public Mr Li's new assignment.

"It is not proper for the same man to be the premier and the party head at the same time according to the practice of separating party functions from government ones. But more important is that Li Peng was not the right person and some hardliners sensed Li could only be in power for a short time," said a Beijing source.

Mr Zhang Junsheng, a vice-director of the Hongkong branch of Xinhua News Agency, said yesterday he had no knowledge of Mr Qiao being made the party chief.

According to Beijing sources, Mr Qiao, apparently the final choice, has been very active in handling the month-long student movement and he was the one who decided to launch the massacre at the weekend.

Mr Qiao on June 2 and June 3 chaired two special meetings of the party's Central Committee in which he suggested tough measures be taken to suppress the students.

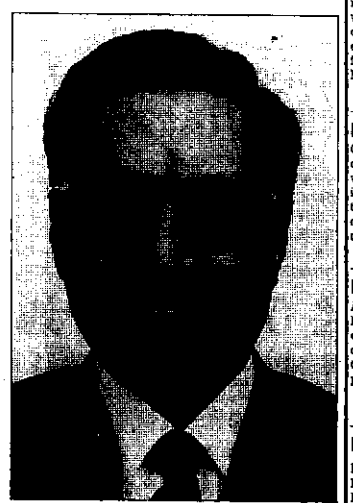
"Although it was Qiao who made the decision, it was Li Peng delivered the order. Qiao is a very smart guy, he would stay behind the scenes until the very last moment," said the source.

Mr Qiao also made a speech shortly after the imposition of martial law in Beijing, urging party members to support the Central Committee's decision.

Mr Qiao's speech was passed to all the organisations under the direct leadership of the Central Committee.

Usually only important speeches by a party leader is relayed to the Central Committee organisations.

■ Qiao profile **Page 2**



■ Secret service chief Mr Qiao Shi, said to have taken Mr Zhao Ziyang's position as Communist Party General Secretary.

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**Refugees**
Hongkong will press for immediate mandatory repatriation of non-refugee Vietnamese within weeks of the coming Geneva Conference, says the Secretary for Security, Geoffrey Barnes
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**Environment**
Officials say they are confident they can deal with pollution problems in Tolo Harbour even though there has been only a slight improvement in water quality
**Page 10**

**Disaster**
A Suriname Airways jetliner carrying 182 passengers and crew crashes near the capital's international airport, killing 169 people.
**Page 12**

**Iran's pledge**
Iran's new leader Ali Khamenei vows to keep Iran on a revolutionary path followed by Ayatollah Khomeini.
**Page 12**

**Poland**
Solidarity leader Lech Walesa has called for a new round of reform talks with the Polish government after his free trade union movement triumphed over the ruling Communist Party in parliamentary elections.
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**WEATHER: 27°C – 32°C. Sunny and hot. Details on Page 21**

# Police alert over fear of fresh trouble

**By Mark Brickwell and Yusuf Karamdin**

POLICE were on full alert last night to prevent further rioting in the territory.

More than 1,000 extra policemen were on standby amid fears of a repeat of yesterday morning's violence in Mong Kok.

No trouble had been reported by late last night but police were closely monitoring a number of small protests.

Police were checking ID cards of people in the Mong Kok area and making a note of licence plates on vehicles sporting banners, posters and stickers.

Many of the convenience stores in the area were closed as were hawkers in Temple Street.

Security Branch officials met with senior police officers yesterday to discuss the four hour riot in Nathan Road.

Five police officers and 19 people were injured during the disturbance which only ended after tear gas was used to disperse crowds. None of them were seriously hurt. A total of 15 people were arrested.

Security officials announced a package of measures to prevent further trouble, including the increased police presence and requests for protest organisers to give them more information about their plans.

A Security Branch officer said they were concerned about the climate of fear the riots had generated, which could be exploited by unruly elements.

Police fears were proved yesterday when a number of commercial offices and the Xinhua News Agency in Happy Valley received hoax bomb threats or warnings that they would be attacked by rioters.

Several offices in Central were evacuated after the warnings, contained in fax messages and supposedly sent by police.

INSIDE:

■ Editorial: **Page 3** ▶

■ Politicians condemn violence: **Page 7** ▶

Security officers have denied claims, contained in widely distributed fax messages, that the riot was started by mainland agents loyal to Chinese Premier Li Peng.

"(The riot) was the work of opportunistic youths and local street gangs," stressed Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes.

This assessment was reiterated by senior police and by the Governor, Sir David Wilson.

"I think it was a great pity that a group of street gangs and hooligans marred what up until now had been a superb record," Sir David said last night.

"Hongkong people had expressed their feelings over a great period without any trouble.

Police commander of the Kowloon region, Mr Eddie Hui Ki-on, said: "I believe that the culprits were not connected with the mainstream of people who have been demonstrating in support of the Beijing students."

When asked if the troublemakers were politically-motivated, Mr Hui said: "I cannot comment on their political motives, but I'm sure they were out to commit crimes."

He said police have not ruled out that triads may have been involved.

■ Dependents of embassy staff in Beijing prepare to flee the turmoil. The US, Japan, Britain and Canada are bringing home their nationals.

# Envoys' homes under fire

CHINESE troops riddled a diplomatic compound with gunfire yesterday as military convoys rumbled through Beijing, sending more foreigners fleeing the city in fear of civil war.

The United States Embassy immediately ordered the evacuation of dependents of diplomatic staff and special US flights were scheduled for today and the weekend, though diplomats were remaining at their posts.

Japan, Canada and Britain are also arranging flights to carry their nationals back home.

More than 2,000 foreigners jammed the Capital Airport yesterday frantically trying to leave.

Intelligence reports indicate 3,000 people were probably killed in the military attack on unarmed protesters on Tiananmen Square and its vicinity, a US official said in Washington.

The official said the death toll could go even higher.

But he added intelligence reports warned that "hard evidence" about the number of dead was difficult to obtain due to the confused situation.

The martial law command in Beijing said sniping at a military convoy forced troops to open fire on diplomatic apartments, which were later surrounded and searched. The compound is four kilometres east of Tiananmen Square.

Residents include Japanese businessmen and Pakistani and Egyptian diplomats.

However, some believed that the firing and search was a warning to foreigners against watching military operations and offers of protection for Chinese citizens.

In a statement carried on state television, it said a convoy moving west was "attacked" by shots from the Jianguomenwei diplomatic compound and from a nearby office building.

One soldier was killed and three wounded, it said.

"The convoy was forced to fire back, and for a while it surrounded the diplomatic compound... but it soon retreated from the scene," it said.

The convoy was headed by a vehicle in which rode an officer carrying a megaphone and ordering residents to "get away from windows and balconies".

Bursts of assault rifle fire followed immediately.

The soldiers left about an hour later, and there were no immediate reports of injuries. One Chinese man the soldiers said was a sniper was dragged off, a diplomat said.

Many compound apartments command views of a strategic bridge where troops took up defensive positions behind trees, curbs and trucks.

The authorities in the compound had officially warned residents on Monday that troops were under orders to "shoot on sight" and without warning in case any cameras or binoculars were seen pointing out of the apartments in Jianguomenwai.

Most occupants, shaken by the experience, reacted by packing their bags and moving into their embassies or hotels.

Meanwhile, tanks and soldiers of the 27th have taken up positions at major city intersections and appeared to be preparing to defend themselves from an attack launched from outside the city.

Western satellite pictures indicated that about 300,000 troops were surrounding Beijing – equivalent to nearly one-tenth of the Chinese People's Liberation Army.

Several skirmishes between rival armies have been reported. Though no major clashes, it has already raised fears of a major battle for control of the city.

A journalist said the commander of the 38th army was arrested for refusing to obey President Yang Shangkun's orders to use force. ■ – Agencies

## Taiwan to open mail links with mainland

**TAIPEI: While many countries in the world are imposing sanctions on China, Taiwan is to open direct mail and telecommunications links with the mainland after a 38-year ban to counter a news blackout.**

**Communications Minister Chang Chien-pang said technical arrangements would be completed in three days to allow Taiwan residents to place telephone calls to 80 Chinese cities through direct dial and international operators.**

**Mr Lee Huan, Taiwan's new Prime Minister, called an emergency cabinet meeting Monday night to discuss the current situation in mainland China and make relevant policies. Lifting the ban on direct communications is believed to be one of the measures approved.**

**Meanwhile, Vice Economic Minister Wang Chien-shien said Taiwan would consider imposing trade sanctions against the mainland and boycott the World Trade Centre conference scheduled in Beijing for September.**

**He did not elaborate.**

**The Chinese Taipei Olympic Committee also announced the cancellation of planned participation in a regional boxing match and archery game in Beijing scheduled later this month.**

**On Tuesday, China Central Television (CCTV) singled out Taiwan's three television networks for reporting that paramount leader Deng Xiaoping had died.**

**CCTV said the news of the leader's death was "pure rumour ... and their aim is to confuse the people and create chaos."**

**Observers said the statement by CCTV served as a warning to Taipei that it should not get involved in the mainland's internal affairs.**

## Wilson leaves

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, left last night for an nine-day trip to London and Geneva.

In London today he will discuss Hongkong's future with Britain's Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, and Foriegn Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe.

He will ask for help from Britain in combating fears caused by the unrest in China.

"This is a difficult time for Hongkong and it is a time when we need support from Britain," Sir David said last night.

"We want to know that we have got British backing for maintaining the freedoms and the way of life that mean so much to the people of Hongkong," he said.

On Monday, Sir David will appear again before the Foreign Affairs Committee inquiring into the implementation of the Joint Declaration.

Sir David will be quizzed on the issue of nationality but he said he had not changed his opinions since the outbreak of violence in Beijing.

"I have not changed my approach at all," he said.

After the hearing Sir David will fly to Geneva to attend the United Nations Conference on Indochinese Refugees.

There, in tandem with members of the British delegation, he will call on Vietnam to accept back all boat people who have not been classified as refugees.

## Accept old passports plea by UK

**LONDON: Britain is asking other countries to admit travellers on out-of-date British passports because of a huge backlog of applications at strike-hit offices.**

**Home Secretary Douglas Hurd said on Tuesday that foreign countries are being asked to accept expired passports or the British Visitors Passports, currently recognised in Western Europe and a few other countries.**

**Mr Hurd did not name the countries approached, but officials said they include the United States.**

**The backing of applications had reached half a million.** – Reuter

# Students seek help from Britain for missing colleagues

**By Ma Miu-wah**

BRITAIN is being urged to help find at least 11 students from Hongkong and Macau said by fellow students to be missing in strife-torn Beijing.

The returned students are worried about the safety of their colleagues as several took part in the pro-democracy movement.

The Hongkong and Macau Student Association of Beijing yesterday passed a list of the missing students to Government House.

Also on the list are their Beijing addresses and last known whereabouts.

It is hoped the information can help the British Embassy establish contact.

Student organisers said they would also consider appealing to other embassies.

"It was the Japanese embassy who helped us out," said a Beijing Institute of Physical Culture student who managed to return to Hongkong two days ago.

"As there were some Japanese students leaving, their embassy sent a car to our college to collect us.

"They were really very good, they even offered financial help to us."

All of the 11 students back from Beijing said they had sought help from the British Embassy without success.

"We phoned in from morning until night but the line was either unanswered or the lines were busy," the student said.

A woman student said the embassy denied her help.

"Once when I called at 2.40 in the afternoon of June 5, the operator told me that the staff had already gone off duty," she said.

Deputy Political Adviser Mr Stephen Bradley yesterday countered accusations levelled at the British Embassy.

The embassy staff were working round the clock to ensure the safety of Hongkong people in Beijing, he said.

Seven of the missing students were seen in Beijing after the June 4 massacre in which 3,000 people died, according to American intelligence sources.

Even though students of the association decided on May 21 they should distance themselves from the student movement, many of the missing ones are believed to have continued their involvement.

They learnt that security officials were sent on to the campuses on June 1 and 2 to check details of the students engaged in the movement.

Some were reported to have taken part in hunger strikes and other pro-democracy activities.

Some had helped block armoured vehicles before the massacre in the Chinese capital.

It is not known whether any were in Tiananmen Square on the morning of the massacre.

Of the missing 10 males and one female, six are from Hongkong.

Macau authorities yesterday said they knew of only six Macau students who had been studying in Beijing. Three returned to Macau on Tuesday and the three others are safe in the Portuguese Embassy, they said.

A tearful pregnant woman last night showed reporters a bullet she had picked up near her Beijing home after the massacre on Sunday morning.

"It is a real bullet, not plastic like the Chinese government says it used," said Ms Tsang, one of the passengers who returned from the Chinese capital last night.

The bullet was wrapped inside a piece of tissue and placed in her hand luggage.

Ms Tsang, who is six months pregnant, lives with her husband in Hongkong, but went to Beijing to visit her mother.

"I decided to return to Hongkong only yesterday because I was very reluctant to leave my mother and other relatives there," she said.

Ms Tsang said she had stayed near the military base and had heard non-stop gunfire on Sunday and Monday.

She picked up the bullet near her home and decided to bring it back to Hongkong.

"I want to show you that the authorities are not telling the truth when they say they are using plastic bullets. They are all real and explode inside people's bodies," said Ms Tsang, who refused to give her full name.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

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人民日报社出版


# 李鹏王震看望戒严部队官兵

## 高度赞扬大家坚决执行命令完成任务勉励再接再厉乘胜前进

**新华社北京6月8日电** 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：6月8日上午，中共中央政治局常委、国务院总理李鹏，国家副主席王震看望了执行戒严任务的某部官兵，高度赞扬大家坚决执行命令，完成任务，勉励大家再接再厉，乘胜前进。

李鹏、王震听取了部队负责同志关于部队执行戒严任务的工作情况汇报。李鹏代表党中央、国务院向戒严部队官兵表示慰问。希望大家继续努力，为保卫首都的安定、保卫首都的正常秩序而努力奋斗。

王震在讲话中赞扬部队官兵不愧为人民群众的忠诚卫士、人民民主专政的坚强柱石。他说，党和政府感谢你们，全国各族人民感谢你们。他希望大家对一小撮反革命暴徒要继续严厉打击，对广大人民群众的生命财产，要继续满腔热情、竭尽全力予以保护，为捍卫立国之本的四项基本原则，为推进改革和建设，再立新功。

## 北京市人民政府 戒严部队指挥部 又发出三个通告

△ 不得设置路障破坏车辆违者将被当场处置
△ 非法组织高自联工自联头头必须投案自首
△ 全市公民应向公安机关检举揭发暴乱分子

1989年6月8日
（新华社发）

**新华社北京6月8日电** 北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部今天发布第11号通告说，“为了严厉打击反革命暴乱分子，广泛发动和依靠群众揭发检举反革命暴乱分子的犯罪活动，北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部决定，在市、区设立举报电话。全市每个公民都有权利、有义务，随时通过举报电话或直接向公安机关检举揭发暴乱分子。”

“通告”中列举了市、区举报电话的号码。

北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部通告（第9号）

根据广大市民关于恢复交通秩序的强烈要求，市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部特通告如下：

一、任何人不得在道路上设置各种障碍。

二、任何人不得拦截、破坏各种车辆。

三、任何人不得破坏各种交通设施。

四、任何人不得围攻、阻挠公安干警维护交通秩序执行公务。

五、凡违反上述规定者，所有执勤人员有权当场进行处置。

1989年6月8日
（新华社发）

北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部通告（第10号）

“北京市高校学生自治联合会”（即“高自联”）、“北京工人自治联合会”（即“工自联”），是未经依法登记的非法组织，必须立即自动解散。

“高自联”、“工自联”两个非法组织的成员，必须立即停止一切非法活动。

“高自联”的头头、“工自联”的头头是在首都骚动和组织这次反革命暴乱的重要分子。自本通告发布之日起，以上两种人必须立即到所在地区的公安机关投案自首，争取宽大处理。对拒不投案自首者，将依法缉拿归案，从严惩处。

1989年6月8日
（新华社发）

**新华社北京6月8日电** 北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部今天发布第11号通告说，“为了严厉打击反革命暴乱分子，广泛发动和依靠群众揭发检举反革命暴乱分子的犯罪活动，北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部决定，在市、区设立举报电话。全市每个公民都有权利、有义务，随时通过举报电话或直接向公安机关检举揭发暴乱分子。”

“通告”中列举了市、区举报电话的号码。

# 军民一起清除长安街路障垃圾

## 天安门广场基本清扫干净很快可恢复通行

**新华社北京6月8日电** 记者今天上午在首都长安街上见到，戒严部队在地方的配合下，与公安、环卫等部门的人员一起清除路障，打扫垃圾，争取尽快全面恢复长安街的交通。

目前，长安街的许多路段行人和自行车已经可以通行，但个别地段因被烧毁的车辆较多，一时难以清除。在西单十字路口，有十多辆烧毁的电汽车和军车盘错在一起。记者见到九个名解放军战士正将一辆被烧的汽车推到路旁，还有一辆地方上的载重汽车在战士的帮助下用钢丝绳将一部烧坏的大客车拉到路边。马路上还有一队队的战士，手持扫帚、铁锹在打扫路面的垃圾。

在复兴门立交桥头，戒严部队某部政治部主任对记者说，6月4日以来这个地区有三股暴徒活动。他们已抓获两股，另有一股劫持了6名战士不知去向，现正在追捕中。

天安门广场基本清扫干净，一些环卫工人正在那里用汽车清运垃圾。记者在金水桥旁，问戒严部队某部一位负责人天安门广场什么时候能恢复通行，这位负责人说，他们正在努力。他认为，在市民的协助下，天安门广场很快就可以恢复通行。

## 戒严部队组织车队为北京市民运粮

昨天为粮店共运粮二十七万多公斤

**新华社北京6月8日电** 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：今天下午开始，北京市许多街头出现了一个个悬挂“解放军为民运粮”红幅的车队。这是戒严部队为帮助解决北京人民生活急需组织的运粮车队。

由于近期北京市内交通受阻，一些粮店存粮紧张，戒严部队指挥部获悉后，主动向市政府请求任务，组织车队，帮助运粮。今天，戒严部队挑好车、好驾驶员，由干部带队武装押车，共组织出动了69台车，500余名官兵，组成了15个车队，为粮店共运粮27.6万公斤。

粮库、粮店职工对戒严部队派车为市民运粮表示欢迎，看到车队，纷纷鼓掌。一粮库职工高兴地说：“我们四天发不出粮食，全市人民很着急，我们也着急。你们来帮助把粮运出去，我们就放心了。”许多职工给运粮官兵递汽水、西红柿、黄瓜等，表示感谢。他们还说，戒严部队执行任务和做法都处在革命暴徒的过程中，说你了一些群众，有些人一时思想弯子转不过来，慢慢会转过来的。

戒严部队官兵表示，为民运粮是我们应该做的，我们要不断用实际行动，更好地为人民服务。

戒严部队指挥部介绍，今天仅仅是第一次，以后还要继续组织车队为首都市民运粮。

# 国家教委发出通告

## 要求高校和教育行政部门的所有人员努力稳定局势恢复各类学校正常秩序

国家教育委员会通告

各省、自治区、直辖市及计划单列市教委、高教局、教育厅（局），委属高等学校：

鉴于目前首都和全国一些地方所发生的情况，国家教育委员会向全国所有高等学校师生员工、各教育行政部门和社会各界郑重通告，

1、高校和教育行政部门所有共产党员、干部和师生员工都要认真学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，为稳定局势、恢复和稳定各级各类学校正常秩序而作出努力。

2、高校广大师生员工应保持冷静、清醒和理智，遵守宪法、法制和当地人民政府有关规定，协助学校维护校内秩序，保护学校财产。

3、各高等学校应尽最大努力创造条件恢复正常教学秩序，在条件具备的情况下尽快实现复课，教职员工要坚守岗位，克尽职守，为尽快复课作出努力。

4、高等学校复课以后，应严格学籍管理制度，保证教学质量，尽量弥补学生弥补已经造成的学业损失。

5、高等学校的招生和毕业生分配遵循工作应力争按计划如期进行。对毕业班中达不到要求的结业生，按有关规定国家不负责分配工作，应限期离校。

6、对在学生中继续进行煽动、组织外出串联、阻挠学校恢复正常秩序的极少数人，应予揭露，对他们破坏正常教学秩序、危害社会安定的活动，应采取措施予以坚决制止，对经教育不改者，应按法律和校纪规定进行处理，不能姑息。

7、社会各界和学生家长，本着对国家负责、对学生负责的精神，稳全大局，帮助高校恢复正常教学秩序，已经做了不少工作，国家教委对此表示感谢，并希望社会各方面继续协助学校做好这项工作。

8、北京地区因发生反革命暴乱，部分高等学校一时不能恢复正常秩序，有关事项将另行通知。其他地方的个别高校如遇特殊情况，要作变通处理时，须经主管部门同意后，报请所在省（市、自治区）教育行政部门批准，并报国家教委备案。

国家教育委员会
1989年6月8日（新华社发）

# 李卓人承认接触非法组织

## 经公安机关教育后已离京返港

**新华社北京6月8日电** 香港居民李卓人步披，经公安机关谈话教育后已离京返港。李卓人在北京部分地区戒严期间，于5月31日自港来京，住在北京饭店西五楼，当晚即与在天安门广场的“市高联”、“外高联”、“广场指挥部”等非法组织联系。6月3日发生反革命暴乱后，李在6月4日匆忙离开北京饭店，5日准备登机返港。7时45分，在北京饭店西五楼随所内发现被扔掉的人民币79999元及敌动学潮的宣传品和写有通知海外记者造谣“香港学生5月5日晚在首都机场找到李卓人谈话了解。李认为上述钱物可能是香港来京其他人士扔的。李自称是香港成衣工会总干事，来京目的是找北京的“市高联”、“外高联”、“广场指挥部”，准备提供援助。6月3日政府宣布发生了反革命暴乱之后，他即停止了活动。他证实陈清华、李兰荫已离京返港。他在接受公安机关教育后，承认在戒严期间与这些反革命动乱暴乱的非法组织接触并准备进行经济援助是错误的。公安部门对其所带款项暂予扣留，已让其离京返港。

# 就美使馆给予方励之等所谓“保护”事 我外交部提出严重抗议

**新华社北京6月8日电** 中国外交部副部长朱启祯今天约见美国驻华大使李洁明，就美国驻华大使馆给予方励之和李淑娴所谓“保护”事，提出了严重抗议。

朱副部长说，据我们获悉，方励之和李淑娴已进入美国驻华使馆寻求所谓“保护”。美国驻华使馆已给予庇护。本月6日白宫发言人菲茨沃特证实了此事。这一行动是违反国际法的，同时也是违反中国有关法律的。众所周知，方励之和李淑娴一贯反对社会主义制度，反对中国政府和中国共产党的领导，美国使馆的行动是对中国内政的粗暴干涉。对此，我们表示极大的遗憾并提出严重抗议，我们将密切注视事态的发展。

**新华社北京6月8日电** 党中央、国务院、中央军委、解放军总政治部收到北京、沈阳、济南、南京、广州、成都、兰州军区党委的电函，表示坚决贯彻中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》。

## 北京军区

党中央、国务院、中央军委：

中共中央、国务院发出的《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，给了我们深刻的教育，极大地鼓舞了部队的士气。一个多月来，我们北京军区党委、机关和执行戒严任务的全体干部战士，亲眼目睹了极少数别有用心的人在首都蓄意制造的动乱，并实际地看到了由动乱发展成为反革命暴乱的大量事实，从而激起了无比的义愤。一致表示，坚决拥护党中央的英明决策和果断措施。

我区戒严部队一定坚决贯彻执行党中央、国务院、中央军委的指示和规定，注意区分两类不同性质的矛盾，把广大群众和青年学生同极少数反革命暴乱分子严格区别开来。对极少数穷凶极恶的反革命暴乱分子要坚决打击，对广大人民群众和青年学生要坚决保护。我们要在部队中继续深入地开展“热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生”的教育，全心全意地维护人民群众的根本利益，以实际行动展示我军“威武之师、文明之师”的良好形象。

平息反革命暴乱的斗争是复杂的、艰巨的，我们决心紧密地团结在党中央、国务院和中央军委的周围，同兄弟单位、武警部队、公安干警紧密团结，共同奋斗，在首都各级党政机关和广大人民群众的大力支持下，坚决地彻底地平息这场反革命暴乱，为保卫党中央、保卫社会主义的人民共和国做出应有的贡献，不获全胜，决不收兵。

中共北京军区委员会
1989年6月7日

## 沈阳军区

中共中央、中央军委：

6月4日以来，我们军区党委常委、机关和所属部队反复认真学习了党中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，学习了《解放军报》6月4日社论。大家认为，在关系到党和国家前途命运的紧急关头，党中央、国务院、中央军委作出坚决镇压反革命暴乱的重大决策，非常及时，非常必要，代表了全党全军全国人民的根本利益，我们坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委这一重大决策，全力支持戒严部队镇压反革命暴乱的果断行动，愤怒声讨极少数人制造反革命暴乱的罪行。

大家历数一小撮暴徒冲击党和国家首脑要害部门，肆意打、砸、抢、烧、杀，残害我军官兵的一桩桩令人发指的暴行，感到无比愤慨。同志们说，事实说明，这是有组织有预谋向党发起的猖狂进攻，是一起敌人听闻的极其严重的反革命暴乱事件，其目的就是要推翻共产党和共和国政府，用反革命非法政治组织取而代之，如不及时采取果断措施，数千万先烈用鲜血和生命换来的人民江山将毁于一旦，整个中华民族将沦为黑暗的统治。因此，党中央、国务院、中央军委迅速采取果断措施平息这场暴乱，这是捍卫伟大的中国共产党、捍卫中华人民共和国、捍卫神圣的宪法、捍卫庄严的首都的正义行动，全区官兵受到极大鼓舞。

大家清醒地看到，对反革命暴乱的镇压虽然取得了初步胜利；但斗争是复杂的、艰巨的，我们要把镇压反革命暴乱的教育，作为压倒一切的头等大事，深入学习党中央、国务院、中央军委关于制止反革命暴乱的一系列指示，继续声讨一小撮极人制造反革命暴乱的严重罪行，揭露和批判反革命政治谬言，统一思想，坚定信心，在思想上、政治上、行动上与党中央保持一致。要坚守工作岗位，切实履行职责，加强组织纪律性，严格管理部队，保持部队的高度集中和统一。要加强军内军外团结，紧紧依靠地方政府和广大人民群众，揭露和打击一小撮坏人的阴谋和破坏活动，以坚定的立场，有效的措施和行动，为彻底平息暴乱、维护安定团结，经受考验，做出贡献。

大家表示，我们是人民的子弟兵，永远忠于党、忠于人民。在此关键时刻决不辜负党和人民的重托，一定要圆满完成党中央、国务院和中央军委交给我们的任务。

中共沈阳军区委员会
1989年6月6日

## 济南军区

总政办公厅：

6月5日上午，济南军区党委常委认真收听了中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，学习了6月4日《解放军报》社论和北京市市长陈希同同志的广播讲话。大家一致拥护党中央、国务院和中央军委作出的镇压反革命暴乱的英明决策，对一小撮暴徒在北京制造骇人听闻的反革命暴乱表示极大的愤慨，对在平息反革命暴乱中取得重大胜利的我英勇戒严部队、武警部队和公安干警，表示崇高的敬意，对光荣负伤的指战员表示亲切的慰问，对英勇献身的烈士表示深切的哀悼！

学习讨论中，常委同志认为，从6月3日凌晨到6月4日凌晨，丧心病狂的暴徒用打、砸、抢、烧、杀的暴行，把他们所谓的“爱国”和“民主”的假面具撕得精光，使达动妄图否定党的领导，否定社会主义制度，颠覆人民共和国的反革命暴乱的实质，昭然若揭，大白天下。惊心动魄的斗争，使我们愈加认识到《人民日报》“四·二六”社论精神的正确，更加感到党中央、国务院、中央军委在这场斗争中采取的一系列决策的正确。在党和国家命运面临严重威胁的紧要关头，如果不采取断然措施，坚决平息这场反革命暴乱，不仅无法捍卫首都的安宁和祖国的尊严，捍卫党的领导和社会主义制度，而且广大人民群众的生命安全也将受到严重威胁。在这场你死我活的斗争中，我人民解放军履行宪法赋予的神圣职责，和武警部队、公安干警一起，对一伙反革命歹徒奋起反击，完全符合全国各族人民的根本利益。目前，尽管极少数人还是执迷不悟，制造事端，但事实终究会戳穿谎言，正义终究会战胜邪恶。在党中央、国务院和中央军委的正确领导下，在广大人民群众的支持下，我们一定能够取得这场斗争的彻底胜利。大家表示，坚决响应党中央的号召，挺身而出，带领全区部队为平息暴乱、稳定局势作出应有的贡献，让党中央、国务院、中央军委放心！

为保证全区部队认真履行职责，坚决完成任务，军区党委要求各部队做到：一、立即组织部队认真学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，把干部战士的思想统一到中央精神上来，保证全区部队同党中央保持高度一致，立场坚定、旗帜鲜明地支持党中央的决策。二、充分发挥广大党员在斗争中的先锋模范作用，各级党组织都要对所属党员严肃认真地进行一次党性党纪和党的观念的教育，引导大家自觉按照党的要求规范自己的言行，与党同心同德，站在斗争的前列，努力完成党和人民赋予的各项任务，经受住这场严峻斗争的考验。三、各级领导要坚守岗位，忠于职守，严格纪律，保持部队的集中统一和稳定。四、密切注视社会动向，冷静、稳妥地处理可能遇到的各种情况。对一小撮歹徒的蛊惑行径要坚决予以揭露，并协助地方政府予以打击。五、坚持正常的战备、训练、工作、生活秩序，统筹安排各项工作，既保证部队制止动乱、稳定局势任务的圆满完成，又保证以军事训练为中心的各项工作的顺利进行，以实际行动为夺取这场斗争的彻底胜利贡献全部力量。

中共济南军区委员会
1989年6月7日

## 南京军区

中共中央、国务院、中央军委：

6月4日和5日，军区党委常委认真学习中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》以及《解放军报》6月4日社论，一致认为，在首都发生骇人听闻的反革命暴乱、事关党和国家前途命运的紧要关头，党中央、国务院、中央军委采取果断措施，平息反革命暴乱，非常及时，十分正确，对广大人民群众是极大鼓舞，对极少数别有用心的人是威慑、瓦解。一致表示，坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委的重大决策。共代表全区指战员，向在平息这场暴乱中作出贡献的被戒部队全体官兵和公安干警、武警部队指战员表示崇高的敬意和亲切的慰问！

在首都发生的反革命暴乱中，极少数暴乱分子煽动一些不明真相的人砸毁焚烧军车，抢夺枪支弹药，冲击国家首脑要害部门，惨无人道地杀害解放军战士。他们的暴行彻底践踏宪法，严重威胁首都人民生命财产的安全。这是一个时期以来，极少数人别有用心制造动乱的恶性发展，是他们反对中国共产党的领导，反对社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国罪恶企图的集中暴露。迅速平息这场反革命暴乱，捍卫了伟大的中华人民共和国，捍卫了改革开放的成果，符合全国人民的愿望和根本利益。动乱不止，暴乱不平，人民不得安宁，国家不得安宁，实现四化、振兴中华将成为泡影。我们一定立场坚定，旗帜鲜明，把这场严峻的斗争进行到底。

平息反革命暴乱虽然取得第一步胜利，但首都的形势仍很严峻。我们坚信，在党中央、国务院、中央军委领导下，完全能够彻底平息反革命暴乱。我们一定紧急行动起来，响应党中央、国务院和中央军委的号召，组织全区部队认真学习党中央、国务院和中央军委的一系列重要指示，擦亮眼睛，明辨是非，坚定立场，增强信心，在思想上、行动上和党中央保持一致。迅速做好制止动乱、平息暴乱的各项准备工作，坚决听从党中央、国务院、中央军委的指挥，坚守岗位，严守纪律，履行职责，努力完成赋予的各项任务。主动加强与地方党委、政府的联系，积极协助地方做好广大工人、学生和城市居民的工作，最大限度地孤立和打击极少数别谋制造暴乱的坏人。充分发挥党团组织的作用，发挥共产党员、各级干部的模范带头作用。努力做好京南沿海的战备工作，落实各项战备制度和措施，加强军警民联防，随时准备粉碎敌人的袭扰和破坏活动。我们一定带领全区部队，以高昂的斗志，为制止动乱、平息暴乱作出贡献。

中共南京军区委员会
1989年6月7日

## 广州军区

中央军委、总政治部：

6月6日，我戒严部队在忍无可忍的情况下，采取果断行动，一举平息了发生在北京的一场严重的反革命暴乱，胜利地保卫了伟大社会主义祖国的首都，用鲜血和生命捍卫了人民政权。消息传来，军区党委常委立即进行了学习讨论，大家对极少数人阴谋策划并唆使一些歹徒在首都制造反革命暴乱的罪恶行径表示极大愤慨，对党中央、国务院、中央军委为平息暴乱所采取的英明决策表示坚决拥护，对在这场斗争中做出重大贡献的戒严部队表示崇高敬意。

连日来，一小撮对党、对国家、对军队怀有刻骨仇恨的反动分子，公然提出“拿起武器，推翻现政府，打倒共产党”的反革命行动纲领。他们与国内外敌对势力紧密勾结，占据天安门广场，冲击党和国家首脑机关，烧毁房、抢商店，并惨无人道地杀害我战士，残绝我军车，抢夺我武器，无恶不作，无法无天，完全暴露了他们打着要求“民主自由”旗号，推翻共产党，颠覆社会主义制度的狰狞面目。对这伙反革命暴徒如不坚决镇压，党无宁日，国无宁日。平息这场反革命暴乱，是捍卫人民政权和宪法尊严的正义之举，是符合全国人民根本利益的正义之举。

我军区部队地处祖国南大门，肩负着保卫祖国边海防安全，保卫改革开放胜利成果的光荣使命，并负有协助地方维护社会治安、保护人民生命财产安全的重责。我们军区党委一致表示，在大是大非斗争面前立场坚定，旗帜鲜明，一如既往地团结在党中央、中央军委的周围，保持部队的高度集中统一，切实做好应付可能出现的各种复杂情况的准备，落实好各项战备措施，严防国内外敌人的破坏和骚扰。保证做到中央军委一声令下，立即出动，为保卫祖国，保卫人民的和平劳动作出贡献。我们坚信，在党中央的正确领导下，一定能取得这场斗争的彻底胜利。

中共广州军区委员会
1989年6月7日

## 成都军区

总政治部办公厅：

连日来，我们竞委常委认真学习了中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》、三总部致戒严部队慰问信、《解放军报》6月4日社论，收听收看了北京平息反革命暴乱的广播、电视，联系北京面临的严峻形势展开讨论，深刻认识到当前由极少数人蓄意制造的动乱，已经发展成为一场骇人听闻的严重的反革命暴乱。这场暴乱的纲领、口号、行动都充分表明，其目的就是要从根本上推翻中国共产党的领导，推翻社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国。不平息这场暴乱，几千万先烈用生命和鲜血换来的人民共和国就可能被颠覆，社会主义建设和十年改革的成果就可能被毁于一旦，全国就可能笼罩在一片白色恐怖之中。党中央、国务院、中央军委采取坚决果断的措施，平息这场反革命暴乱，非常及时，非常正确。我们坚决拥护党中央、国务院和中央军委的英明决策，坚决支持戒严部队采取的革命行动。一致表示坚信党中央的领导，坚决服从中央军委的统一指挥，领导全区部队在这场斗争中经受住考验，为党和人民的利益作出新贡献，用鲜血直至生命保卫党中央、国务院、中央军委，保卫中华人民共和国。

我们决心以实际行动努力做好以下几项工作：

一、始终抓好用党中央、中央军委的指示精神统一部队的思想认识，教育广大官兵进一步认清这场斗争的性质，明确我军的历史使命，坚定信心，站稳立场，向按严部队学习，不怕艰难困苦，不怕流血牺牲，同制造反革命暴乱的极少数人作坚决的斗争。

二、要利用一切宣传舆论工具，向广大群众宣传党中央、国务院、中央军委的英明决策，揭露暴徒们的种种罪行和罪恶目的，明辨是非，激励斗志，增强信心，团结战斗。

三、严格纪律，严格管理，保证部队正常的学习、训练、工作、生活秩序。随时提高警惕，加强戒备，让党中央、国务院、中央军委放心！让全国人民放心！

（下转第二版）

# 坚决拥护中央平息首都反革命暴乱

## 七军区两省中央国家机关分别致电函

# 大公報
Ta Kung Pao
342 Hennessy Road, Hong Kong



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## 戒嚴部隊街上站崗坦克減少
# 京副食品店漸復業
# 公共交通仍然中斷
### 採購糧食長龍出現　部分報紙已停印

【本報訊】北京八日消息：北京居民今日感到連日緊張、混亂的局面已稍有緩和，部分路障及堆在馬路上的燒毀車輛已開始清理，估計公共交通將於一、兩天內逐漸恢復。

一位住在安定門的居民說，今日副食品商店關門的多了，儲菜時間也延長了，但供應顯然仍不正常。一些店主說，現在實的都是存貨，如果商品繼續混亂，貨源不繼，東西賣光之後就沒有料可賣的了。

今天，憑票買肉，憑證購買食糖的規定已經取消，但居民仍盡量購買。

一些居民只敢白天出外買菜，下午以後就不敢出門。他們一方面害怕軍隊開槍，另方面也害怕有壞人乘機搶劫。

一位住在東四民安街各主要路段和東點保護單位，記者今天上午路過復興門立交橋時，發現昨天停在這裏的坦克、裝甲車已撤走，機槍停着二十多輛軍用大型車，荷槍實彈、精神緊張的數十名士兵在立交橋的四個路口站崗放哨。

今天市中心沒有聽見槍聲，也未見直接傷亡的報導。

後就不敢出門。他們一方面害怕軍隊開槍，另方面也害怕有壞人乘機搶劫。

一些主要街道上，燒毀的汽車、軍車已被清理到路旁。下午四點，數十名頭戴鋼盔的士兵，在木牌地搬頭用竹掃帚打掃地面的碼塊和碎玻璃，被焚燒的幾十輛運兵裝甲車，已用坦克車拉至軍事博物館門口。

市中心和重兵把守地段的大多數商店今天未開門營業。雖長安大街附近些的副食品店、水果蔬菜店門前排起長長的隊伍，都在等待供應食物。

巴倫說，他們然後從高幹子弟、被拘捕人士、被打傷的同學開始，一個一個地查。

到一間工廠，路上，他被一拳打倒。

他們被四輛下三十分鐘，於後續釋，但勞村和餘部帶都被收收了。

七、遭槍已火化，十七名受傷在醫院十二人死亡。但據傳聞「學生自治聯合委員會」的學生將一學生死亡人數也較官方公佈的為多，而失蹤學生人數最為百人左右。

而北大失蹤的學生也百人左右，目前有四、五十名學生受傷，在醫院接受治療。

對中央電視台八日晚間新聞播所說血，留校的同學開始組織，並要求自治會」是非法組織，並要有關成員自首，留校的同學們了解「很反感和厭惡它」，同學指責方新聞導員基天說謊話和偽話。

生四日醒部中情往院軍事部部長張教授八日又急救輸血，留校的同學開始組織，並要求自治會」是非法組織，並要有關成員自首，留校的同學們了解「很反感和厭惡它」，同學指責方新聞導員基天說謊話和偽話。

【本報訊】北京消息：機械人上八日視都的安定、保衛首都的正常秩序而努力奮鬥。

王震在講話中讚揚部隊官兵為北京的安定、保衛首都的正常秩序而努力奮鬥。

【本報訊】北京八日消息：六月八日上午，中共中央政治局常委、國家副主席王震在接見部隊指揮部新調來的領導幹部時說，不怕為人民基業的忠誠而犧牲，人民軍隊是為人民服務的，是為人民的利益而戰鬥的

文匯報
WEN WEI PO
星期五 9 六月 一九八九年
經中華人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號
香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物
一九八九年六月九日 星期五 五月初六 第一九〇六四號
元二書半張九紙出日各

# 上海局勢嚴峻市長籲穩定大局
# 管軍行實不證保國愛生學定肯

## 市中心昨無槍聲 軍隊已換防
## 復興門坦克已撤走
## 商店多數未復營業

**糧店限額供應 銀行出現擠提 市民搶購副食品**

【本報北京八日電】今日北京市中心已稍平靜。據判斷駐在這裏的軍隊已換防，由廣南開來的二十集團軍已經取代了廿七集團軍，同時，軍隊已開始了清除路障的工作。

天安門廣場仍未開放。今天成屬指揮部又起爆了一批內地記者到廣場參觀。記者們看到了許多彈痕，並向兩同的軍官詢問為何部隊要向平民開槍，但軍官答稱他們轄下的部隊入京後未開一槍，在天安門附近的正義路，居民們向據稱是剛從山東調來的軍隊表示歡迎。

今天市中心沒有聽見槍聲，也沒有看見坦克車。人們可以通過通往東交民巷的兩個紅牆大院的兩個小門，從天門廣場走去，可以看到武裝的軍人。

在長安街電報大樓附近，士兵和平民在清理街道上的路障和障礙物。大批軍人和約六十輛軍車開往廣場。

市內沒有公共汽車。

天安門廣場仍由軍隊警戒。

衛在北京東交民巷的南面出口，戴着紅臂章的武裝士兵。

則在人民大會堂排列成縱隊。附近的一間電影院已被當作軍營，在街道上，肩扛着輕機槍的軍人在巡邏。

興門立交橋上駐守着大批軍人和約六十輛軍車。行人說這是廿七軍的士兵。

天安門廣場仍由軍隊警戒。十五輛坦克守衛着北京飯店。

一輛裝甲運兵車駐守在中南海大院西南方的路上。但是平民和其他車輛可以通過。

多外國記者昨天在這個北京飯店和拍攝天安門廣場的事物，並目睹了裝甲運兵車駛過。

凌晨軍隊衝過飯店院內停車場搜捕從廣場逃來的學生。

有些外國人想進入北京飯店，他們被告知飯店已經空無一人，不再接受旅客。餐廳和商店都已關閉。

（路透社北京八日電）

## 昨在電視發表講話稱
## 朱鎔基談北京事件
## 歷史眞相終將大白
### 滬寧線中斷五十小時後昨晚通車

【本報上海九日發最急電】上海市長朱鎔基昨日晚依向全體市民保證：「上海市政府沒有考慮過要在這個中間最大的工業城市使用軍隊，宣行，軍管，或『戒嚴』。」

朱鎔基昨晚發表了電視講話，人們注意到，他在北京已出現血腥鎮壓的情況之下，依然肯定了學生是在上海搞「動亂」，「暴亂」，他並強調，「在北京發生的事情是歷史，歷史是沒有任何人能夠隨意的。」

他在電視講話中承認，上海的形勢已經到了緊急關頭，過去——在晚上滬寧路障，第一、第三天二萬多人，一天出動了六千餘人，第二天三萬六千人。

金部經濟幾乎都消除了，這就保證了生活必需品和工業原料的運輸，他說。

如果沒有這三天的夜間遊行，上海早已斷糧，蔬菜供應也將大減。

朱市長在講話中對部分學生的舉動發出了警告。他稱一千一百萬上海市民，再也不能容忍社會這樣下去了。他又說，對於光新道口鐵火焚燒列車，破壞公安機構，破壞各種車輛，破壞各種交通設置，阻撓交通幹警維持秩序、執行公務的人員，所有執動人員有權當場強行逮捕。

第十一號通告宣布「北京市高自聯」和「北京市工自聯」是非法組織，必須立即自動解散，「高自聯」和「工自聯」的頭頭必須立即到公安機關投案自首，否則將依法通緝。從嚴懲處。

「工自聯」的頭頭必須立即到公安機關投案自首，否則將依法通緝。從嚴懲處。

第十一號通告宣布，北京將在各城區分設事務站，負責登記和管理進京人員。

## 外商電視廣告
### 上海明顯減少

【本報上海八日電】目前的國內局勢不僅已對大宗的對外商務造成困擾，即使在一些細微之處亦已隨處可見。在上海廣播電視系統，外商廣告已明顯減少。

## 京兩自治組織首腦
## 當局稱決絕對拿嚴懲
### 並宣布兩組織非法必須立即解散

【中新社北京八日電】北京市人民政府和戒嚴部隊指揮部今天連續發布了第九、第十和第十一號三個通告。

第九號通告說，如有在道路上設置路障、攔截、破壞各種車輛、破壞各種交通設置、圍攻、阻撓交通幹警維持秩序、執行公務的人員，所有執動人員有權當場強行逮捕。

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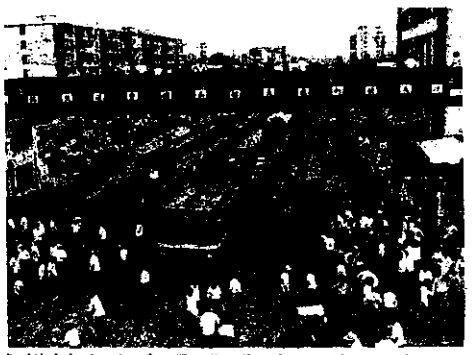
第十一號通告宣布，北京將在各城區分設事務站，負責登記和管理進京人員。



國際上海火車站一連串鐵路線是最繁忙的一條線。在這裏，據說有六個以上的旅客被軋死。（美聯社攝）

上海市政管委市宣委大樓前站崗，所在的中山東路。（路透社傳真）

## 俱以黨委名義
## 七大軍區表態
## 行文互有不同

【本報北京八日電】中國七大軍區以黨委名義同時向當局表態支持鎮壓「反革命暴亂」，但在用語上各軍區黨委有微妙上的不同，而且，各軍區黨委都有給中共中央、國務院和中央軍委的報告，亦有給中共中央、國務院和中央軍委的決定，在行文中，北京軍區表示要為保衛黨中央作貢獻，不獲全勝，決不收兵，南州軍區則表示堅信在黨中央正確領導下，一定能取得這次鬥爭的徹底勝利。

亦有根據法治程序，依法予以執行。

【本報上海八日電】今晚廿二時，由上海開往滬寧的二五二次客快車安全通過光新路道口，中斷行車五十個小時的滬寧線恢復通車。

上海鐵路局局長王管理說，光新路道口的開、關、通，係由專人操作，道口兩端設有紅綠燈，並有柵欄，過往車輛須聽從指揮，通行正常。

## 因中國局勢問題
## 錢其琛推遲訪美

【美聯社華盛頓七日電】白宮宣布，中國外長錢其琛已推遲原定星期一遊行的對華盛頓訪問。

星期三早上離開墨西哥飛往亞太國家首次訪問。

國駐華大使李潔明說，中國外交部通知美國駐華大使李潔明說，錢其琛推遲訪美的原因與華府說的中國局勢問題。

## 看望戒嚴部隊某部官兵
## 李鵬王震昨日露面
### 保護措施異乎尋常對官兵明顯有戒心

【新華社北京八日電】北京部隊指揮部新聞處消息：六月八日上午，中共中央政治局常委、國務院總理李鵬，國家副主席王震等，到戒嚴任務的某部官兵，高度贊揚大家堅決執行命令，完成任務，勉勵大家再接再厲，樂觀前進。

李鵬、王震等到部隊駐地看望官兵時，異乎尋常的保護措施，顯示出對官兵的關懷和對人民的警惕。

李鵬是在同一時間，新華門內也突然衝出約三百名軍人，同樣是手持電警棒和松口組的人牆，衝出來後見人便打，結果新華門內的記者和市民一直打退到東交民巷的中心地外。

隨，與此同時，一大批手持電警棒、木棍的軍人及武警衝入人羣，揮棒便打，入羣紛紛向長安街東西奔走，一時間，街上遊蕩大量的棍棒、鋼盔、小型報紙等散落一地。

六月三日情況不同，學生們分別在新華門、西單、六部口等地方展示軍隊殘殺的物證。西單示威學生還把武器的大型鋼盔送給士兵，學生將軍內的機關槍和松口組的三輪摩托

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)六月九日・星期五・夏曆己巳年五月初六日

快報

臺印及承印：快報有限公司
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EXPRESS

# 卅八軍要求懲處廿七軍

# 老人幫施緩兵計未答覆

## 英撥六千萬元助港建船民營 詳情刊第四版

## 為平民憤撤屠城部隊 保守派仍控制北京

（快報消息）李鵬領導的廿七軍，雖已撤出北京城，但其李鵬領導的廿七軍，雖已撤出北京城，但其李鵬領導的廿七軍，雖已撤出北京城，但其

約領導人勢力，仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。而廿七軍約領導人勢力，仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。而廿七軍約領導人勢力，仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。而廿七軍

的撤出，目的只是緩和市民及戒嚴部隊的不滿情緒，以爭取戰鬥部隊的撤出，目的只是緩和市民及戒嚴部隊的不滿情緒，以爭取戰鬥部隊的撤出，目的只是緩和市民及戒嚴部隊的不滿情緒，以爭取戰鬥部隊

的合作與支援。的合作與支援。的合作與支援。

來自北京的消息指出，卅八及卅九軍雖然以屠城的實力，把廿七軍逼來自北京的消息指出，卅八及卅九軍雖然以屠城的實力，把廿七軍逼來自北京的消息指出，卅八及卅九軍雖然以屠城的實力，把廿七軍逼

出城外，但廿七軍仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。出城外，但廿七軍仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。出城外，但廿七軍仍然控制著北京城，並與戒嚴部隊對峙。

大量城郊部隊進城，但迄今仍未取得北京城的控制權，保守派的老人幫仍透大量城郊部隊進城，但迄今仍未取得北京城的控制權，保守派的老人幫仍透大量城郊部隊進城，但迄今仍未取得北京城的控制權，保守派的老人幫仍透

過其控制的其他部隊，有足夠實力圍困廿七軍，把廿七軍逼入絕境。過其控制的其他部隊，有足夠實力圍困廿七軍，把廿七軍逼入絕境。過其控制的其他部隊，有足夠實力圍困廿七軍，把廿七軍逼入絕境。

軍不僅與北京城失去供應的威脅，亦使與城郊部隊之間的聯繫，被迫接軍不僅與北京城失去供應的威脅，亦使與城郊部隊之間的聯繫，被迫接軍不僅與北京城失去供應的威脅，亦使與城郊部隊之間的聯繫，被迫接

其談判條件，藉以其他部隊保守威的部隊，與廿七軍換防，使廿七軍可從其談判條件，藉以其他部隊保守威的部隊，與廿七軍換防，使廿七軍可從其談判條件，藉以其他部隊保守威的部隊，與廿七軍換防，使廿七軍可從

容撤出北京城。容撤出北京城。容撤出北京城。

消息來源透露，面對實質陷入內戰邊緣的危機，最主要是因為廿七軍的消息來源透露，面對實質陷入內戰邊緣的危機，最主要是因為廿七軍的消息來源透露，面對實質陷入內戰邊緣的危機，最主要是因為廿七軍的

冷血屠殺行為，引起首都絕大部份市民的不滿，特別是北京軍區的部冷血屠殺行為，引起首都絕大部份市民的不滿，特別是北京軍區的部冷血屠殺行為，引起首都絕大部份市民的不滿，特別是北京軍區的部

隊，而李鵬是國務院總理，負責指揮全國軍隊，因此廿七軍的行動，隊，而李鵬是國務院總理，負責指揮全國軍隊，因此廿七軍的行動，隊，而李鵬是國務院總理，負責指揮全國軍隊，因此廿七軍的行動，

對李鵬是不利的。對李鵬是不利的。對李鵬是不利的。

消息來源強調，支持李鵬軍團的老人幫，面對軍隊全面分裂的危機，把消息來源強調，支持李鵬軍團的老人幫，面對軍隊全面分裂的危機，把消息來源強調，支持李鵬軍團的老人幫，面對軍隊全面分裂的危機，把

問題歸咎於人民抗暴行為，並全力向卅八及卅九軍的特派團施壓，問題歸咎於人民抗暴行為，並全力向卅八及卅九軍的特派團施壓，問題歸咎於人民抗暴行為，並全力向卅八及卅九軍的特派團施壓，

強調要藉全面收拾殘局的堅強利益，不能把首都地區變為戰場，並由一些強調要藉全面收拾殘局的堅強利益，不能把首都地區變為戰場，並由一些強調要藉全面收拾殘局的堅強利益，不能把首都地區變為戰場，並由一些

上中立的老人幫領袖，與廿七軍換防駐入北京市中心，事後才以軍法處分廿七軍的特別上中立的老人幫領袖，與廿七軍換防駐入北京市中心，事後才以軍法處分廿七軍的特別上中立的老人幫領袖，與廿七軍換防駐入北京市中心，事後才以軍法處分廿七軍的特別

行動，而卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋則一笑置之。行動，而卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋則一笑置之。行動，而卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋則一笑置之。

消息來源表示，卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋，普遍均持消息來源表示，卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋，普遍均持消息來源表示，卅八及卅九軍的官兵，對老人幫的解釋，普遍均持

懷疑態度，認為這不過是緩兵之計，部分卅八軍的官兵，更把撤退的廿七懷疑態度，認為這不過是緩兵之計，部分卅八軍的官兵，更把撤退的廿七懷疑態度，認為這不過是緩兵之計，部分卅八軍的官兵，更把撤退的廿七

軍指揮，視作一種對手投降的表現。軍指揮，視作一種對手投降的表現。軍指揮，視作一種對手投降的表現。

撤出北京昨日的戒嚴部隊仍將佈站點的士兵。（美聯社）

## 武警毆打三英記者 手槍指頭強逼跪地

（快報消息）英國廣播公司記者及兩名攝影記者在北京採訪時被公安人員毆打，並用手槍指著其中一人的頭部，逼令他們跪地。三人指被逼跪地後被毆。

英國廣播公司發言人說，記者已確認兩名攝影記者於周三晚，在北京西郊拍攝一些市民在焚燬的坦克旁的情形，被六名武裝警及一批便衣公安干涉，部分器材被故意毀壞。

巴頓說，公安人員用槍指著攝影記者頭部的舉動，令他們感到極為震驚。著一群市民面前對他們拳打腳踢，稍後將他們帶往一工廠內，扣留卅分鐘後始放開，而錄下沒有損毀的攝影器材及錄影帶則未被沒收。

巴頓說，在成員今下採訪理論上是違法的，記者在北京採訪時都會遇到障礙。

## 快語

### 北京局勢 似靜未靜

北京的政情與軍情，仍一片混亂。昨天京城的「氣氛」，是六四發動以來，比較「平靜」一的一天。假設已是表面的情況，實際上仍充滿緊張。

「戒嚴指揮部」有如下戰略：

㈠ 誘死仍多動，王震先把中央電視台，八及二十軍一舉拿下。

㈡ 廿七軍雖已撤出廣場，由六十三、六十三、六十三軍「掩護」，把北京城的坦克車清走，但不能全部撤出，否則無法控制局面。

㈢ 英聯社引述美官方消息，指卅小平非但未死，且仍在幕後指揮一切。

㈣ 外圍仍加速搬調。

㈤ 指揮部及正人自治聯盟不但非法，且「升級」為反革命組織。

李鵬、王震等人的電視，是「為了完成部隊首長的一個願望」。在港人看來，當然滿不是這麼一回事。

在港人看來，當然滿不是這麼一回事。

在港人看來，當然滿不是這麼一回事。

# 東方日報

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代售大報報攤：五五八三七一五 印刷及印務：承印

星期五 一九八九年八十七個月中 六月 9 日六初月五甲己巳 第二十一年一千一百卅七號

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零售每張 元二 訂報大張 二十紙


# 北京重兵重重布陣 各省要塞大施壓鎮

北京一名基督徒職工在聖誕節當天向他的同事傳教（真情社提供）

## 有何玄虛？

（綜合外電報道）有目擊者及外交官員說，中國共產黨內部的拉鋸戰，似已達到一個妥協的階段，他們似有意制止國家流血的內戰。

在星期四發展，北京軍隊在坦克及裝甲車的護送下離開天安門廣場，到我的昌北京郊外的軍營，仍未見有組織的軍隊回頭，亦未見有人給予命令，撤離天安門廣場。

據大量補給品到達人民解放軍北京衛戍區的報導，有人認為這是一個信號，表示軍隊不會再次進攻。

## 調入六十三軍 奉命槍不上膛

當局調派軍隊進入北京市區時，一名解放軍官告訴手提擴音器喊話：「戒嚴部隊指揮部命令，廣場只准通過，不許停留，快走！」說罷以前，任何人想要往這條路走，立刻會遭槍殺。

除了駐守天安門廣場的軍隊仍以坦克車、裝甲車實施高度警戒外，前日開到廣場西面的六十三軍、南方的二十軍及方的三十九軍，都只配備輕武器。

新近入北京城的部隊，以增把、鐵鍬，路戒部隊實施鎮壓時，留在街上的殘骸，昨日

## 蒙古兇兵肆虐成都 刀刺女性下體 數百人死亡

【本報訊】一名昨晚剛從成都回來的旅客告訴本報表示：這兩日，軍方和警察已對外宣布死亡人數約數百人，現時成都電台每小時播出一次戒嚴令，並要求市民不准聚集。

成都仍有軍隊駐守，包括三個步兵師、一個坦克師、一個裝甲師和一個高炮師，多有坦克一千輛，裝甲運兵車一千二百多輛。

他說，那小夥子動用其他軍區的兵力鎮壓追北京軍區執行任務，但決心死守校園

## 軍隊進駐大學區 搜捕行動難避免

（北京法新社六日電）成都部隊與四川省政府昨晚開始進駐北京的大學區搜索，這項行動是鎮壓天安門廣場學生民運後的最大規模行動。

這些目擊者說，這項行動是鎮壓天安門廣場學生民運後的最大規模行動。

## 北京糧食限售

（北京電）北京市已實行糧食限售，每人每月只能買糧票四十斤，重要原因是，電視播映後，市民銀行人搶少人，人人搶購糧食，電視上行人搶少人，人人搶購糧食，電視播映後，市民銀行人搶少人，人人搶購糧食，電視播映後，市民銀行人搶少人，人人搶購糧食，電視播映後，市民銀

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# 日報章獲可靠消息 證實李鵬確曾中槍

特派本報新聞特約採訪員 綠蕾 報道

【本報北京九日電話】北京可靠消息頃悉：

一、李鵬總理在鎮壓反革命暴亂中，曾親自指揮軍隊，並在六月三日晚間，在北京市內遭到槍擊。

二、李鵬總理在槍擊後，已轉移到中南海治療。

三、李鵬總理目前傷勢嚴重，但生命已無危險。

四、李鵬總理在中南海治療期間，仍繼續指揮軍隊鎮壓反革命暴亂。

五、李鵬總理在中南海治療期間，曾多次召開中共中央政治局會議，研究鎮壓反革命暴亂的問題。

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# 專程對付叛軍兩支部隊 進駐國防大學中央黨校

## 27及38軍撤離京城改由39軍進駐

# 屠城後螢光幕上首次亮相 李鵬王震勞軍片段有疑點

【本報專訊】北京中央電視台昨晚的新聞聯播中，以頭條新聞報道了李鵬、王震昨晨十時許在北京市內慰問解放軍部隊的消息。但是，在這條新聞中，出現了多處疑點。

有關李鵬、王震昨晨十時許在北京市內慰問解放軍部隊的消息，中央電視台、新華社、北京人民廣播電台等新聞單位，均沒有報道。

中央電視台、新華社在播發這條新聞時，均強調是根據指揮北京戒嚴部隊的新聞機構發出的消息。

有關李鵬、王震昨晨慰問解放軍部隊的消息，中央電視台播出的畫面，是在北京市內的某個地點拍攝的。畫面顯示，有一輛軍車駛來，車上下來一位軍官，向車內的兩位領導人敬禮。

根據這段文字說明，李鵬、王震在慰問部隊時，曾與部隊官兵親切交談。但電視畫面顯示，只有李鵬一人曾與官兵說話，而且說話時間很短，僅僅兩三分鐘。畫面上沒有出現王震與官兵說話的鏡頭。

電視畫面顯示，李鵬、王震在慰問部隊時，曾與部隊官兵合影留念。但電視畫面顯示，只有李鵬一人曾與官兵合影，而王震沒有與官兵合影。

電視畫面顯示，李鵬、王震在慰問部隊時，曾與部隊官兵一起看望戒嚴部隊。但電視畫面顯示，只有李鵬一人曾見官兵並與官兵講話，而王震沒有與官兵講話

# 北平恐怖氣氛升高
# 中共大捕民運分子

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二、李華人歸港，刊第十六版。
三、中共、美國關係緊張，刊第二版。
四、鄧玉娟被判大陸局勢態度，刊第三版。
五、支中共抗暴殺同胞暴行，今年端午飛蝗失色，刊第十五版。

## 北高聯工聯會被指為非法組織
## 包遵信被捕嚴家其劉曉波失蹤
## 學生領袖轉入地下活動　清大自組護校隊抗軍管

【本報綜合報導】中共昨日發出訊號，已開始全面逮捕北京高聯、工聯會的領導人。大陸和西方消息人士說，保安部隊部將大逮捕。中共電視台昨晚四公佈了事態嚴重性和其他民運分子的名單。

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【本報綜合報導】北京市

# South China Morning Post ★★

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# Li Peng re-emerges to praise 'hard-working' troops

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINESE Prime Minister Li Peng yesterday appeared in public for the first time since the bloody crackdown in Tiananmen Square last Saturday and Sunday, cheering on the troops with a rousing speech.

"You've worked hard, comrades," he told hundreds of soldiers, many of them elements of the 27th Army, in the Great Hall of the People.

He urged them "to continue working hard to protect the capital's safety and order".

They cheered and applauded as he shouted a series of slogans to them.

Significantly, he was accompanied by Vice-President Wang Zhen, yet another hard-liner advocating severe measures to suppress the "turmoil", and a high-ranking military officer.

As Mr Li spoke, the Martial Law Enforcement Headquarters issued a new regulation making it illegal to put up barricades in the streets and disrupt traffic.

The people of Beijing pushed buses, trucks, road dividers and other objects into the streets in their futile efforts to stop the troops from entering the city.

The Beijing Government and the People's Liberation Army also declared illegal the two unofficial unions – the Autonomous Student Union of Beijing Universities and the Workers' Autonomous Union – and ordered their executive officers to surrender themselves for investigation.

The Government yesterday broadcast telephone numbers for people to report the whereabouts of students and loudspeakers in the area where most of the city's universities are situated said martial law forces were to arrive soon.

The message, repeated several times, said the army would be coming to "re-establish order" and it urged everyone to stay indoors to avoid "accidents," the witnesses said.

At least one student movement leader was reported detained.

He is Liu Xiaobo, a doctoral student at Beijing Normal University who became a movement leader in late April after he returned from an American visit.

China has lodged a strong protest against the United States Embassy for harbouring dissident scientist Professor Fang Lizhi and his wife.

"The action of the US Embassy constitutes a wanton interference in China's internal affairs. We hereby express our profound regret and lodge a strong protest and will closely follow developments," Vice-Foreign Minister Zhu Qizhen told US Ambassador James Lilley.

The city itself was gradually returning to normality. The 27th Army, which suppressed the crowd early last Sunday and had been stationed at Tiananmen Square, withdrew from the square yesterday and was replaced by elements of three army groups.

Many shops have reopened although there was still a shortage in food supplies. Normal traffic had resumed and most people have gone back to work.

The official New China News Agency said many people were hoarding food and some were sending their babies to relatives outside Beijing because they could not find food for them. Long lines formed outside grocery stores.

The small international community continued its exodus, with several countries putting on more flights to ferry the foreign residents out of the country.

The item that dominated the news yesterday was Mr Li's public appearance.

China Central Television showed him, dressed in an austere Mao suit, talking to the soldiers in a striding voice: "On behalf of the party Central Committee and State Council, I pay greetings to you all," he said.

"I hope you will continue to fight hard to protect the safety of the capital and the normal functioning of the capital."

Mr Li ordered martial

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 8)

# Beijing braces for police raids this weekend

By DAVID CHEN

CHINESE authorities are preparing a weekend series of raids on "counter-revolutionaries" throughout Beijing as a follow-up move to last Sunday's bloody suppression of the student movement in Tiananmen Square, it was reliably learned yesterday.

The raids are to be carried out by the People's Armed Police (PAP), under the direction of "party policeman" Qiao Shi.

Sources said the raids would be as ruthless as the mowing down of defenceless crowds at Tiananmen Square last Sunday morning, and several tens of thousands of "counter-revolutionaries" are expected to be taken into custody."

The tough action was indicated in a statement issued by the party's Central Disciplinary Committee, headed by Mr Qiao, calling for "severe punishment" for those taking part in the "turmoil and chaos" at Tiananmen Square.

Beijing student leaders have gone underground to escape arrest.

Members of the Autoonomous Students Union of Beijing Universities, which played a key role in organising the rallies and the occupation of Tiananmen Square, can no longer be found on campus, their friends said.

Sources say that student leaders have temporarily gone into hidirig with trusted friends and relatives in Beijing. Others have left the capital for safe havens in the countryside.

Raids and house-to-house searches for those on a long Government blacklist are expected to take place either early tomorrow morning or on Sunday morning and may last for two days.

The PAP would be armed with conventional weapons – rifles, automatics and tear-gas canisters.

The PAP, which comprises about 500,000 men throughout the country, is under the direct control of Mr Qiao. Its commander is General Li Lianxiu, a career officer, and its political commissar is Mr Wang Fang, concurrently Minister of Public Security, who won fame during the Cultural Revolution when he held Wenzhou, a city in the southeast Zhejiang province, against besieging troops for nearly six months before giving in.

The PAP is a para-military force, equipped with the best modern weaponry, in-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 5)

# Thatcher gives hint on nationality

From *Post* Correspondent DAVID WALLEN in London

BRITISH Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher last night indicated that the Government may be prepared to alter the Nationality Act over the Hongkong issue.

When questioned in the House of Commons about the handling of Hongkong, Mrs Thatcher stressed that the Government was prepared to be flexible because of the crisis in the territory brought on by last weekend's massacre in Beijing.

She told MPs: "We will be looking at this in the next few days and we will come to the House if we need extra powers."

She said this in response to a question from controversial Tory MP, Mrs Edwina Currie.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, was later meeting Mrs Thatcher in London to press for the right of entry to Britain for the 3.25 million Hongkong people who hold or are entitled to British passports.

He was outlining the need for Hongkong citizens to have an insurance policy for the future. Sir David said they needed reassurance from the United Kingdom.

"I would like to see a great deal more done for the British Hongkong passport holders.

"I would like to see a very great deal of flexibility as it is a time of great anxiety in Hongkong: it is a time when we do need help and assistance, and a boost for people's morale," he added.

He said he was looking to the British Government to provide a right of entry – a concept which takes the Hongkong Government's position on the nationality issue close to the "place of last resort" proposal which has been put forward by some British politicians.

Sir David said: "A right to enter means an ability to stay but it is different from saying you should have a continuous UK-style passport.

"If people have that sort of assurance I do believe that the number of people who would actually want to leave would be quite small."

Hongkong Government sources said Sir David was asking the Government for the 1.25 million Hongkong British passport holders and the other two million entitled to them to be given the assurance that after 1997 they would at least be able to take shelter in the UK in an emergency.

Details of where they would go from there are still unclear.

"I am talking about an arrangement whereby people feel they can stay in Hongkong. They are very anxious about their future. Before 1962 they had a right of entry into the UK."

He stressed that most people wanted to stay on in Hongkong saying "it is a superb place to live"

But people wanted to stay in the territory knowing that if things went wrong there was a possibility of leaving.

"If they don't know that, then a large number of people will seek the insurance by actually leaving to go to Canada, the States or Australia," he said.

He said that although people were greatly concerned about what was happening in China, they were also concerned about maintaining order in Hongkong.

The institutions of the territory had held firm, he stressed.

Apart from looking for an assurance from Britain as the mother country, Hongkong is looking for support from around the world.

"It is a very very resilient place but they do look for support in times of trouble."

Shortly after arriving in London, Sir David began talks over breakfast with Sir Geoffrey Howe and Minister with responsibility for Hongkong, Lord Glenarthur, at the Foreign Secretary's official London residence.

He then held more meetings with the House of Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee members before moving on to the Foreign Office to detail more of his proposals.

Later, he met the Labour Party delegation which is due to arrive in Hongkong tomorrow, shadow foreign

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# Detained unionist arrives in tears

By CHRIS YEUNG

**UNIONIST Lee Cheuk-yan, who had been detained in Beijing since Monday, broke into tears as he returned to the territory last night after signing a confession that he had violated martial law.**

**He also handed over to the Chinese authorities more than $2 million intended for pro-democracy student demonstrators.**

**In his confession, Mr Lee admitted it was "wrong" for him to meet student leaders in the capital and at Tiananmen Square and promised he would never organise "any activities" in Beijing.**

**Mr Lee was reunited with his wife, Elizabeth Tang Yin-ngor, who flew in from London shortly before his arrival, and other family members at an emotional gathering at Kai Tak.**

**It was a tearful and hero's welcome from more than 600 friends and supporters for Mr Lee as his Cathay Pacific flight arrived shortly before 9 pm.**

**They sang patriotic songs such as *Brave Chinese* and repeatedly cheered and chanted, "Welcome Lee Cheuk-yan".**

**Asked if they would go back, they replied with a resounding "No" simultaneously, although Mr Lee said he was told he would be welcome to return.**

**The 32-year-old unionist said: "I was really scared since the very beginning (of the detention.) Everything including death penalty came into my mind. But still I'm not sure now under what category I've been classified."**

**The Hongkong Government said in a statement that Mr Lee was released following repeated representations made on his behalf by it and the British Embassy in Beijing.**

**Mr Lee was taken away by public security officials on Monday night as he was about to board a special flight chartered by the Hongkong Government to bring back 126 local residents in the face of growing unrest in Beijing.**

**He was heading a five-member delegation of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Patriotic Demo-**

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 7)

C.Y. Yu

Lee Cheuk-yan and his wife Elizabeth Tang Yin-ngor reunited last night.

# Arms seized from mainland pair

By CHARLES LEWIS

FIVE men, including three Hongkong residents and two Chinese passport holders were arrested at Kai Tak airport yesterday, when a dismanlled West German-made automatic pistol, which fires a burst of gas and 35 rounds of its tear-gas ammunition were discovered in luggage.

The mainlanders are reported to be businessmen from Beijing.

The pistol and ammunition were detected during routine X-ray screening of hand luggage before passengers board flights.

The items were found concealed among clothes inside a bag carried by one of the men.

Following the seizure, three Hongkong residents who saw the pair off at the airport were also detained.

Police last night released all five men on bail and ordered them to report to investigating officers today.

A police source said that the gun could not fire live ammunition but only a burst of tear-gas usually for personal defence purposes.

In Hongkong, possession of these guns and ammunition is an offence under the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance.

A police source said one of the Chinese businessmen, aged 39, said he had bought the pistol and ammunition while on a European tour recently.

He dismantled the pistol and brought it into Hongkong with the ammunition about a week ago but was not detected by customs officers as incoming luggages

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 7)

# 10 charged after riots

TEN people arrested by police in connection with the disturbances in Yau Ma Tei and Mongkok early on Wednesday were charged yesterday.

Police said the five arrested in Yau Ma Tei, one of them a 14-year-old boy, were charged with disorderly conduct and resisting arrest. They will appear in South Kowloon Court today.

The remaining five, aged between 20 and 29, were arrested in Mongkok.

One was charged with furious driving while the four others with rioting.

They will appear in North Kowloon Court.

All live in Hongkong.

Meanwhile, police said a 16-year-old youth and a 20-year-old man arrested in Tsim Sha Tsui on the same day were released on police bail of $1,000 each pending legal advice.

# Talks suspended on Asian Games loan

A JAPANESE bank in Hongkong has suspended talks on a US$40 million (HK$312 million) loan to finance the construction of a stadium for the 1990 Asian Games in Beijing due to the political turmoil in China.

An official at Hokkaido Takushoku Bank, one of Japan's 13 commercial banks, said the talks were suspended by its Hongkong subsidiary, Takugin Asia Limited.

Banking sources said preparations for the Games, due to take place in September next year, might not finish in time should the chaos in China continue.

In Hongkong, a leading sport official said a meeting should be held soon by the Games organisers to decide if they are to go ahead in the Chinese capital.

Mr Ramon Young Chun-sheung, secretary-general of the Amateur Sports Federation and Olympic Committee of Hongkong (ASF and OC), said: "As far as Hongkong's participation is concerned it is too early to make a decision, but we should monitor the situation in China, and by July or August, the Olympic Council of Asia should meet to discuss the situation."

However, Mr Hu Fa-kuang, chairman of the Council for Recreation and Sport, was more cautious.

He said: "Under the present situation, one should not make hasty and emotional decisions."

"If things settle down in China, I see no reason why the Asian Games should not go ahead. A lot of things will happen during the next few months and we should wait and see."

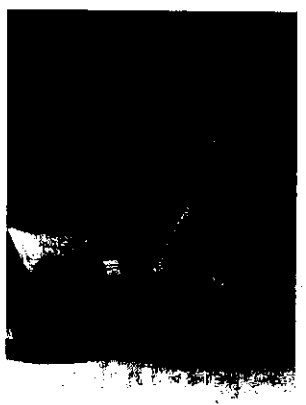
And ASF and OC president Arnaldo de Oliveira Sales, added: "The Asian Games are still far away. It is too early to say anything."

Meanwhile, the president of the Japanese Olympic Committee, Mr Katsuji Shibata, hinted yesterday that Japan could host the Games instead, adding that

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)


BALLY

ACCESSORIES



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# Emergency typhoon plan to house Soko boat people

By SIMON MACKLIN

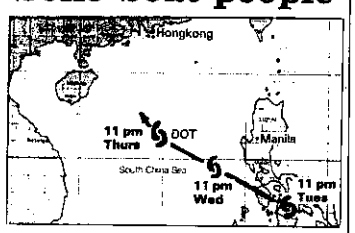
MARINE Police will decide this morning whether to move more than 2,700 Vietnamese boat people from the Soko Islands to a drug centre on a nearby island if Typhoon Dot draws closer to Hongkong.

The Royal Observatory said last night the typhoon was centred about 650 kilometres south of Hongkong and was expected to move northwest at about 20 kilometres an hour across the South China Sea towards western Guangdong.

Earlier in the day the number one signal was raised as the tropical storm intensified to a typhoon with winds near the centre of about 120 kilometres.

Contingency plans for evacuating the boat people from Tai Ah Chau in the Soko Island group include using army landing craft to take some of the Vietnamese to a drug addiction treatment centre on nearby Shek Kwu Chau Island where they would be housed in dining halls.

Marine Police say a few thousand boat people could




be temporarily housed at Shek Kwu Chau while others would have to be taken to Shek Pik prison on Lantau Island and housed in dining halls there.

It is intended the boat people would be kept separate from the inmates of the two institutions and would be moved back to the Soko Islands after the typhoon had left the territory.

Government refugee coordinator Michael Hanson said the Government always considered back-up plans to house the boat people in case of typhoons before using a new site.

"We always have to have a back-up before we use any of these sites which are vulnerable to the weather. It's a question of finding two sites rather than one," he said.

"I think we have the present situation under control but it does demonstrate the limitation of using tents. We really can't go on much longer like this."

"We are at the very limit of what we can handle in case of a typhoon at the moment – I don't really know what we would do if these sort of arrivals continue," he said.

A further 368 Vietnam-

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

# Iran leader offers help on hostages

TEHERAN: Iran's parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani yesterday offered to help secure the release of Americans held hostage in Lebanon.

But Mr Rafsanjani linked his offer to United States' help in tracing Iranian nationals believed held by Christian militiamen in Lebanon.

"If the Americans who have more influence than us on the Falangists (in Lebanon) take action in securing the release of our hostages, then they can expect our help (in securing the release of their hostages)," the Iranian news agency IRNA quoted Mr Rafsanjani as saying.

A White House spokesman last night dismissed Mr Rafsanjani's promise to work for the release of the Americans.

"We have heard statements from Rafsanjani before," said White House press secretary Marlin Fitzwater.

"The fact remains American hostages are being held" in Lebanon whose release could be helped by Iran.

Mr Rafsanjani made his offer in response to an appeal from President George Bush for help in obtaining the safe release of 17 Western hostages, including nine Americans, in Lebanon.

It was the first statement from the Iranian Government on the hostages since the death last Saturday of Iran's supreme leader, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeiny.

Mr Rafsanjani, who in the past has favoured closer relations between Islamic Iran and the West, is widely

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## Britain asked to bend Hongkong's way

By Antony Cheesewright

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, yesterday appealed to the British Government to exercise "a very great deal of flexibility" towards the holders of British Dependent Territory Citizens passports.

During a working breakfast with Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe in London, he is believed to have called for "a significant number" to be given the right of abode in the United Kingdom.

Sir Geoffrey said after the meeting: "I emphasised, of course, the extent to which we understand the deep anxiety of the people of Hongkong ... the extent to which we remain committed to our full duty to the administration of Hongkong and to the security of the territory."

Asked about speeding up the process of democracy in Hongkong, Sir Geoffrey replied:

"That is obviously a topic that has been discussed briefly in the short time we have had, and it is plainly on the agenda.

"But it is not a matter on which I would want to offer any conclusions at this stage."

On arrival in Britain, Sir David ruled out any prospect of the Sino-British Joint Declaration on Hongkong being renegotiated.

He said: "You can't put back history."

Sir David is in London to lobby both the Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and the Foreign Secretary on behalf of the people of Hongkong.

The Governor said one of the things he would be talking about would be the question of nationality.

"I would like to see a great deal more done for the British passport holders," he said.

"That is one of the things that could be done which would be of great help," Sir David said.

He described how the mood in Hongkong had gone from great anxiety and anger about what had happened in China to a realisation by the people that they too, were Chinese.

This, he said, had led to a great deal of sympathy with what the protesting students in Beijing were aiming at, as well as a feeling of real horror about what had happened in the capital.

Sir David then went on to describe the way in which people in Hongkong had reacted.

Quite without precedent, he said, there had been huge numbers of people out on the streets demonstrating their sorrow and anger about what had happened.

"There were half a million people on two occasions – in total order, total dignity. It was a very, very impressive performance," Sir David said.

■ Sir Geoffrey and Sir David after breakfast.

## UN staff may be evacuated to HK

THE United Nations has formally asked the Hongkong Government to allow the entry of all UN personnel – including representatives from East Bloc countries – who may be evacuated from Beijing.

Last night the Government confirmed it had received such a request.

It said two-week visas had been issued to a group of UN personnel who had arrived here from the Chinese capital on Wednesday night.

The UN is thinking of evacuating its China-based staff to Hongkong.

Staff and their families have assembled at a Beijing hotel while the UN evaluates the security situation.

The world organisation is keeping a close watch on the situation in China, said UN security co-ordinator Mr Anan Cofi in New York.

If it was felt the unrest endangered the UN contingent it would be evacuated to Hongkong, Mr Cofi said.

He said arrangements had been made to charter an airliner for that purpose.

The 253-strong international contingent would be flown to Hongkong if it was deemed necessary to leave Beijing, he said.

"But I must stress that no decision to evacuate has been made yet," Mr Cofi added.

The UN is understood to have received approval from Britain for the evacuation plan.

Although some of the contingent are from East Bloc countries, UN officials expect they will be allowed into the territory.

"We would expect sympathetic consideration to be given to any request to evacuate to Hongkong," said a UN spokesman in Geneva.

The UN spokesman said any evacuation from Beijing would only be temporary.

# Li pays tribute to massacre troops

By our China Desk

PREMIER Li Peng made his first public appearance since the Beijing massacre yesterday, amid evidence that the leadership was still in chaos and the central government's chain of command was breaking down.

Mr Li, accompanied by Vice-president General Wang Zhen, visited martial law troops in the morning and urged them to "continue to fight hard to protect the safety of the capital and the normal functioning of the capital".

The visit was shown on the evening news of China Central Television.

Meanwhile a US government official said paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping was still alive and in control, despite reports he had died of cancer.

Yet many local authorities have failed to respond to a call for support for the armed crackdown on "counter-revolutionary riots".

The civil strife has spread from Beijing to at least 12 provincial cities where traffic was blocked by protesters.

Visiting the soldiers in Beijing, Mr Li praised them on behalf of the party and the government.

"Comrades, you've worked very hard," Mr Li said. "On behalf of the party central committee and State Council, I pay tribute to you all."

■ Mr Li Peng on Chinese TV last night.

Although the CCTV did not identify the location, it seemed to be the Great Hall of the People, widely believed to be the command headquarters of the martial law operation.

The television did not identify whether the soldiers pictured with Mr Li were those who outraged the world by slaughtering peaceful protesters at the weekend.

Soldiers were seen cheering and applauding Mr Li and Gen Wang, who "highly praised the troops' firm execution of the orders from the Central Committee, State Council and Central Military Commission."

The soldiers were also thanked for suppressing "turmoil" in the capital, the television said.

White House spokesman, Mr Marlin Fitzwater, said yesterday the US government "does not know who is running the Chinese government."

But Chinese sources told *The Hongkong Standard* the power struggle among different factions in the top party leadership was still far from conclusive.

Analysts said Mr Li's public appearance could be understood to be a response to the American statement.

Meanwhile an anonymous official of the White House yesterday said the US officials believed Mr Deng Xiaoping "is still alive... and still running the show."

Chinese sources in Beijing yesterday told *The Hongkong Standard* the party and government organs had been "confused and shocked by the unprecedented military violence in the capital."

So far, only Shanghai, Sichuan, Gansu, Inner Mongolia and Xinjiang had declared their support for the party central's decision on the military suppression while other provinces remained silent.

An official in Shenzhen, who declined to be named, said the local authorities in the south had been shocked by the incredible central decision to slaughter the Beijing protesters.

Traffic in Shanghai, Chengdu, Wuhan, Nanjing, Harbin, Xian, Guangzhou and Changsha was partially restored to order after most of the barricades set up by protesters in the past four days had been removed. But train services remained disrupted.

The official *People's Daily* printed a stern warning against disruption of train services and called on railway departments "to ensure the safety and normal operation of China's railways."

A student activist in Shanghai, China's largest city, told *The Hongkong Standard* municipal authorities had removed barricades in some areas and made several arrests.

In southwestern Chengdu, witnesses said the situation had not improved even after martial law was reportedly declared on Sunday, when troops were called in to suppress protesters who looted shops and set fire to hotel and government buildings leaving 300 dead and over 1,000 injured.

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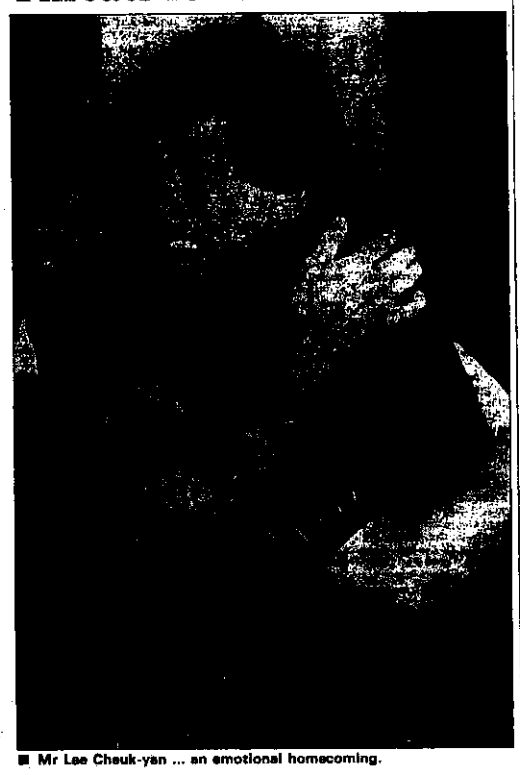
- PLA families fear revenge: Page 2 ▶
- Army jockeying for position, not civil war: Page 2 ▶
- Officials denounce bloodbath as rumours; Butchers of Beijing replaced; Student recalls horror in the square: Page 3 ▶
- Ford praises spirit in face of adversity: Page 6 ▶
- Readers' forum: Page 7 ▶
- British Embassy staff arrive safe and sound: Page 8 ▶

## Threats follow Lee home



■ Mr Lee Cheuk-yan ... an emotional homecoming.

By Ma Miu-wah

THE Chinese authorities seized $1 million in local donations for the Chinese pro-democracy movement, but the man who took it to Beijing, Mr Lee Cheuk-yan returned safely to Hongkong last night after three days of harassment.

A happy Mr Lee burst into tears several times at Kai Tak Airport where he was greeted by his family and a crowd of 500 excited well-wishers.

The representative of the All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-democracy Movement, was taken off a Hongkong-bound plane by Beijing customs officials three nights ago.

They said he did not have the right stamp on his home-visit permit.

In the following three days he was interviewed six times by security officials who demanded detailed information about why he was in Beijing, what he did and who he met while there.

The security officials provided another excuse for holding him up.

They claimed to have found 78,999 Renmenbi (about HK$180,000) in a packet in his hotel room. Attached to the packet was a piece of paper with his name written on it, he said.

"In order to be responsible to you and to find out whether the money is yours, we have to hold you up," Mr Lee quoted the officials as saying.

"But I saw the paper. The wrong Chinese character was used for my name," he said, adding that he still did not know the authorities' motives for holding him.

"Maybe I was the target. Maybe the target was someone else ... or they had some other reasons," he said.

The officials then said he would be let go after he provided all the information they wanted.

He was made to sign a "confession" admitting he had been wrong to establish contacts with the Autonomous Federation of the Beijing University Students because it had been declared illegal.

Mr Lee was also made to promise he would not continue "any activities" in Beijing "thereafter".

Security officials told him the $1 million donation had to be held and examined before a decision would be made on what to do with it.

"I was frightened throughout the three days and nights," Mr Lee said last night.

"All sorts of ideas about how they would treat me flashed through my mind."

"I am really very happy, but at the same time, I am very worried about the Beijing students and citizens who are still caught in the traumatic horror of the city."

Mr Lee said no one guarded him while he was kept at his hotel. The security staff were polite and he was not harmed physically.

He was allowed to go after he signed the "confession" yesterday morning.

Staff from the British embassy in Beijing accompanied him to the airport and left only after he was safely on the plane.

Mrs Elizabeth Lee, who arrived in Hongkong from the United Kingdom yesterday, was overjoyed to see her husband.

"Until I actually see him with my own eyes, I will not believe he has been allowed to leave Beijing," she said before her husband arrived.

## Shadow cast over Sino-US relations

A SHADOW has been cast over relations between China and the United States as their differences widen over the Chinese military's bloody suppression of dissent and the ensuing threat to Americans in Beijing.

US officials have mounted a wide-ranging effort – using spy satellites, embassy intelligence resources and interviews with Americans leaving China – in an attempt to determine what is going on in the strife-torn nation.

But so far the chaos enveloping China has defied simple answers.

Yesterday a Continental Airlines flight chartered by the US State Department to evacuate foreign citizens from Beijing was turned back because officials said it entered Chinese air space ahead of schedule.

The flight refuelled and was allowed to land after returning on time.

The White House announced that Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen had postponed a visit to Washington that was supposed to have started on Monday. Mr Qian has been in Latin America. He left Mexico on a flight to Cuba early on Wednesday.

Spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said the Foreign Ministry in Beijing informed US Ambassador James Lilley on Wednesday "that the reason for the postponement was simply the situation in China."

The incidents followed a diplomatic row over the refuge given leading Chinese dissident Professor Fang Lizhi by the US embassy a day earlier. Beijing accused Washington of "interfering in China's internal affairs."

Mr Fitzwater said the US embassy in Beijing gave "temporary refuge" to Prof Fang because "he was fearful of his safety."

A Chinese government statement read over state radio in Beijing on Wednesday said, "the offering of protection to people like Fang Lizhi under the present circumstances constitutes an interference in China's internal affairs."

Mr Fitzwater said no prior arrangements had been made to shelter Prof Fang, who appeared at the embassy with his wife, Li Shuxian, and son. "It's my understanding he just arrived," Mr Fitzwater said.

State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said the US had not "officially responded to the Chinese on our having him in our embassy."

Bush administration officials declined to discuss details of the Fang case further, citing the sensitivity of the issue to Chinese authorities and the possible risks to Fang's well-being.

The US government has ordered the evacuation from China of all 258 US diplomatic dependents and non-essential personnel and urged all other Americans "to leave at once."

"The situation in Beijing, and in China, is volatile, uncertain and increasingly dangerous," Ms Tutwiler said.

Therefore, she said, Secretary of State James Baker and Mr Lilley "are strongly urging all American citizens to leave China."

US diplomats will remain in China for the time being and help Americans leave the country, Ms Tutwiler said.

She said that fewer than 1,000 Americans were believed to remain in Beijing, where thousands of demonstrators were killed during the weekend.

The evacuation plan was executed after Chinese soldiers surrounded an apartment complex for US diplomats and prevented them from leaving, according to Mr Evans Gerakas, a US spokesman said.

Ms Tutwiler said the US government had no evidence that any threats had been made directly against American citizens or other foreigners. However, the US ambassador has protested to Chinese Vice-Foreign Minister Zhu Qinshen over several instances of shooting that broke windows in the apartments of US government employees.

Although most firing appeared to be warning shots into the air, dozens of bullets struck windows facing the street in a compound for diplomats and other foreign residents about four kilometres east of Tiananmen Square.

The US embassy's chief of security said bullets flew through the window into a room where his two children were watching television.

Continental Airlines said it might continue evacuation flights through the weekend. The Japanese Transport Ministry said China had asked all foreign aircraft to obtain prior approval before entering its airspace.

## China flag theories up the pole

By Cheung Po-ling

FOR the second time in a week, curiosity was aroused when the Chinese national flag failed to make an appearance on the Xinhua News Agency building in Happy Valley yesterday.

But an agency spokesman said there was nothing political behind the flag's absence.

"No flag would be hung on a public holiday," the spokesman said.

"The absence of a flag doesn't have anything to do with the power struggle in the top level government.

"It is our practice that we don't hoist the flags during holidays such as Sunday and public holiday," he said.

The flag was also not hoisted on Tuesday. It reappeared the following day.

The spokesman said the flag was missing on Tuesday because the pole was damaged.

"After the pole was repaired, we hung the flag again on Wednesday," he explained.

## Gun find halts trip

TWO men bound for Beijing were detained at Kai Tak yesterday after parts of a gun were found in their luggage.

The gun, a converted starting pistol, was found dismantled and stored in the luggage of the men as they were about to board a CAAC flight.

One of the men was from Hongkong and the other from Beijing.

They were detained with three local businessmen who had gone to the airport to farewell them.

A police spokesman said the five were aged between 30 and 50.

He said police spotted the two men acting suspiciously about 20 minutes before they were to board the 10.50 am flight to Beijing, and a luggage search found the weapon and ammunition.

## Iran offers to help free US hostages

TEHERAN: Iran's Parliamentary Speaker Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani yesterday offered to help release US hostages in Lebanon.

But Mr Rafsanjani linked his offer to American help in tracing Iranians believed held by Christian militiamen in Lebanon.

The Iranian news agency quoted Mr Rafsanjani as saying: "If the Americans who have more influence than us on the Falangists take action in securing the release of our hostages, then they can expect our help (in securing the release of their hostages)."

Mr Rafsanjani was responding to a appeal from US President George Bush for help in securing the release of 17 Western hostages, including nine Americans.

It was the first statement from the Iranian government on the hostages since the death of Iran's supreme leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

Mr Rafsanjani also announced he would be a candidate in Iran's presidential elections in August and stressed the executive powers of the post would be strengthened.

He said Iran had left the way open for Britain to restore relations broken by the Iranian parliament in March.

Teheran has charged London is supporting British author Salman Rushdie, whose novel *The Satanic Verses* it condemns as blasphemous. Khomeini issued a religious decree in February ordering Moslems to kill Rushdie.

In London, British newspapers reported that Iranian leaders had set conditions to drop the death threat.

Kalim Siddiqui, the director of London's Moslem Institute, said Mr Rushdie should withdraw his novel and give proceeds to a fund for victims of religious riots in India and Pakistan, according to reports in *The Times* and *Daily Express*.

"Iran has no intention of killing Mr Rushdie. It will not withdraw the death threat, but is prepared to let the matter drop," Mr Siddiqui was quoted as saying.

But when asked whether the death threat against Mr Rushdie still stood, Mr Rafsanjani replied: "No one will say anything against the Imam's (Khomeini's) view."

Mr Rafsanjani, according to reports carried by the Iranian news agency, is now linking a restoration of ties to London's willingness to condemn the book. – Reuter

## WORLD

### Bhutto plea

Pakistan Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto calls for continued US support for the Afghan rebels.

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### Surinam

Surinam begins a week of mourning for the 169 people killed in Wednesday's air crash.

Page 10

### Soviet unrest

The Soviet news agency Tass admits the situation in Uzbekistan is out of control.

Page 11

## POWs in Viet camp: monk

TOKYO: Five or six American POWs were sighted by a Japanese Buddhist monk detained for 14 years in re-education camps in Vietnam before he was freed last January, a Japanese news report said yesterday.

Ganshin Yoshida, 65, now in a Sapporo hospital being treated for ailments resulting from his detention at a camp in Vietnam, told Kyodo News Service on Wednesday there were "five or six" American prisoners of war at the camp at the time of his release.

The location of the camp was not disclosed.

Mr Yoshida told Kyodo he did not know what the living conditions of the POWs were like because they lived in a separate building from him.

Mr Yoshida, formerly a city councilman on Japan's northernmost main island of Hokkaido, became a monk in 1966 and emigrated to Vietnam, where he set up a temple in Saigon, now called Ho Chi Minh City.

Mr Yoshida was granted citizenship in 1973 by the former South Vietnamese government, but arrested in 1975 following the takeover of Vietnam by communist forces and detained without trial in re-education camps and jails.

In an interview with Kyodo, Mr Yoshida's eldest daughter, Keiko Takatsuka, 37, said her father told her he spent the last seven years in a Hanoi prison, where the POWs spoke English and called him "Jap."

Other Vietnamese political prisoners held at the same detention quarters called the POWs "American," she told Kyodo.

Kyodo quoted Mr Yoshida as saying: "I heard all of them were beaten and tortured as I was ... Vietnamese never killed us (foreigners) but treated us very badly."

– AP, Reuter

# 人民日报

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北京地区天气预报
白天 多云间晴 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级
夜间 多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 28℃ 最低 18℃

人民日报社出版


## 国务院昨天发出公告

# 坚决制止破坏经济秩序 确保工业生产正常进行

国务院关于坚决制止破坏经济秩序确保工业生产正常进行的公告

近日来，北京平息反革命暴乱的斗争已取得了初步胜利。但是，极少数暴乱分子和别有用心的坏人不甘心他们的失败，到处制造和散布谣言，蛊惑群众，煽动一些学生到工厂演讲，甚至堵塞工厂大门，阻止工人上班，切断工厂交通，煽动工人罢工，使生产无法正常进行，企图通过搞垮经济来搞乱全国，进而达到推翻共产党的领导和社会主义制度的目的。对极少数反动分子的这一罪恶阴谋，必须提高警惕，采取果断措施，充分予以揭露，并发动和依靠广大职工群众，对他们的破坏行为作坚决的斗争。为了维护正常的经济秩序，确保工业生产的正常进行，特公告如下：

一、各级人民政府和工业生产主管部门，要把保障工业生产的正常进行作为一项重要任务，采取切实有力的措施抓紧抓好。要依靠广大职工群众，充分发挥各级工会组织的作用，维护工厂的生产秩序，确保工业生产的正常进行。

二、任何人不得以任何借口围困厂矿企业，破坏交通秩序，阻止工人上班。对于极少数坏人煽动破坏生产的行为，要予以充分揭露，并依法惩处；

三、各地公安部门和武警部队，要加强对重要企业的保卫工作；要抽调适当力量，协助生产企业维护好治安秩序。对破坏生产的极少数坏人，要坚决打击，绝不手软。

四、工人阶级是工业生产的主力军，要发扬主人翁的精神，克服困难，坚守岗位，搞好生产。对于破坏生产秩序的任何演说、串联活动，都要坚决予以批驳和阻止。必要时，可组织"护厂队"，保卫工厂和工人的劳动成果，维护工厂的正常生产秩序。

五、各级领导要认真组织广大职工学习中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，做好思想政治工作，使广大职工认识到，搞好本职工作和生产，是维护国家安定和职工切身利益的实际行动，要团结一致，同心同德，努力创造良好的经济秩序和生产环境。

以上各点，各地要广为宣传，坚决贯彻执行。

中华人民共和国国务院

一九八九年六月九日（新华社发）

# 邓小平接见戒严部队军以上干部

## 邓小平神采奕奕，精神饱满，同大家合影后作重要讲话

杨尚昆、李鹏、乔石、姚依林、万里、李先念、彭真、王震、薄一波等参加

△这场风波的到来是不以人们的意志为转移的。极少数人搞反革命暴乱的目的就是要打倒共产党，推翻社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国，建立一个资产阶级共和国。

△人民解放军、武警和公安干警在平息反革命暴乱中经受了考验，证明是合格的。这充分表明，我们军队永远是国家的捍卫者，社会主义制度的捍卫者，人民利益的捍卫者。

△党的十一届三中全会以来制订的路线、方针、政策是正确的，一个中心、两个基本点，即坚持四项基本原则，又实行改革开放，都是对的，要坚定不移地干下去。

6月9日下午，邓小平主席和中央领导同志在中南海怀仁堂接见北京戒严部队各部队负责人。　解放军画报社记者摄（新华社发）

新华社北京6月9日电　中央军委主席邓小平今天下午在中南海怀仁堂接见了首都戒严部队军以上干部，对在平息首都反革命暴乱中牺牲的烈士表示沉痛哀悼，对受伤的解放军官兵、武警官兵和公安干警表示亲切慰问，对执行戒严任务的全体同志致以亲切问候。

杨尚昆、李鹏、乔石、姚依林、万里、李先念、彭真、王震、薄一波等，以及中央军委的其他领导同志参加了接见。陈云同志没有到会，他向戒严部队表示崇高的敬意，向在平息暴乱中死难的烈士表示深深的哀悼。

邓小平同志神采奕奕，精神饱满，同大家合影后作了重要讲话。他首先提议，为在平息反革命暴乱中牺牲的烈士默哀。全体到会同志肃立默哀。

邓小平说，这场风波的到来是不以人们的意志为转移的。极少数人先是搞动乱，后来进一步发展到反革命暴乱。他们的目的就是要打倒共产党，推翻社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国，建立一个资产阶级共和国。在平息这场反革命暴乱中，人民解放军、武警和公安干警表现了很高的觉悟，经受了考验。我们部队的干部战士在生命危险面前，没有忘记人民，没有忘记党的教导，没有忘记国家的利益。我们的军队不愧是人民子弟兵，国家的钢铁长城。经过这次考验，证明是合格的。这充分表明，我们军队永远是国家的捍卫者，社会主义制度的捍卫者，人民利益的捍卫者。

邓小平说，这次事件促使我们很冷静地考虑过去，也考虑一下未来，使我们事业的步子前进得更稳更好，甚至更快；使我们的失误纠正得更快；使我们的长处发扬得更好。党的十一届三中全会以来制订的路线、方针、政策是正确的，一个中心、两个基本点，即坚持四项基本原则，又实行改革开放，都是对的，要坚定不移地干下去。基本的路线，基本的方针政策不变。但是，要认真总结经验，那些搞得对的就坚持；那些失误要纠正，不足的要加把劲。总之，要总结现在，着眼未来。

## 王震看望戒严部队并发表重要讲话

# 继续严厉打击一小撮反革命暴徒 竭尽全力保护人民群众生命财产

新华社北京6月9日电　国家副主席王震6月8日在看望戒严部队时，向数千名官兵作了重要讲话。

王震说："中国人民解放军戒严部队广大官兵和首都公安干警、武警部队同志们：你们发扬英勇无畏、不怕牺牲的革命精神，坚决执行党中央、国务院、中央军委的英明决策，已经取得了平息首都发生的严重反革命暴乱的初步胜利。我代表党中央、国务院、中央军委和全国各族人民，代表中华人民共和国主席杨尚昆，向你们表示亲切的慰问，并致以崇高的敬礼！你们的高昂斗志，我将向军委主席邓小平报告。"

王震说："你们英勇捍卫了几千万革命先烈流血牺牲创建的中华人民共和国，捍卫了神圣的宪法，捍卫了十年改革开放的成果，捍卫了庄严的首都。你们不愧为人民群众的忠诚卫士，不愧为人民民主专政的坚强柱石。党和政府感谢你们，全国各族人民感谢你们。你们为伟大的中华民族，为社会主义现代化建设事业历史性的巨大功勋，将永远铭刻在中华人民共和国的光辉史册里。"

王震说："同志们，首都发生的严重反革命暴乱还没有完全平息，我殷切希望你们再接再厉，乘胜前进。对一小撮反革命暴徒要继续严厉打击，绝不手软。对广大人民群众的生命财产，要继续满腔热忱、竭尽全力予以保护。为捍卫立国之本的四项基本原则，为推进建设和改革的宏伟大业再立新功。"

王震副主席在讲话结束时，带领戒严部队官兵高呼口号："中国共产党万岁！中华人民共和国万岁！人民解放军万岁！"

戒严部队官兵群情振奋，不断振臂高呼：坚决保卫党中央！坚决保卫人民共和国！坚决平息反革命暴乱！坚决完成戒严任务！

# 北京发生反革命暴乱的事实真相

中共北京市委宣传部（一九八九年六月五日）

6月3日、4日，首都北京在经历了一个多月的动乱之后，发生了一场骇人听闻的反革命暴乱。依靠人民解放军戒严部队的官兵和武警官兵、公安干警的英勇斗争，依靠广大人民的配合和支持，已经取得了平息暴乱的初步胜利。但是，这场反革命暴乱现在还没有完全平息。极少数暴乱分子还在那里阴谋策划，制造谣言，蛊惑人心，进行反扑。他们利用抢来的枪支弹药，打黑枪、烧汽车、砸岗亭、冲击商店和公共场所，企图垂死挣扎。目前，社会上有种种传闻，许多群众对事实真相还不够了解，思想上和感情上都有些问题没有解决。因此，有必要把这场反革命暴乱的真相向群众讲清楚，使大家明了事情的来龙去脉，认清平息这场暴乱的必要性和紧迫性，积极投入斗争，为稳定首都局势做贡献。

一、有的同志提出，前几天动乱的局势已有所缓和，戒严部队还有必要进城吗？

应当明确，执行国务院戒严令，完成首都部分地区的戒严任务，部队必须进城。事实上，从5月20日发布戒严令之日起，戒严部队每天都在按照预定部署，采取不同方式向城里开进，到达指定部位。正是因为戒严部队的陆续进驻和各方面的艰苦努力，动乱的局势才开始向着缓和的方向发展。但是，必须尖锐指出，极少数人制造动乱的活动一天也没有停止，推翻共产党领导的目标丝毫也没有改变。

他们声称，已经内定了"新政府"的成员，准备了要镇压的干部名单，继续在天安门广场静坐，不断制造事端，可以达到"指挥现政府，建立新政府"的目的。

他们积极组织力量，纠集流氓地痞，网罗对共产党和社会主义制度有刻骨仇恨的人，拼凑所谓"飞虎队"、"义勇军"、"敢死队"，扬言要"砍杀"党和国家领导人，要用"或打巴士底狱的方式"夺取政权。

他们用海外反动政治势力援助的资金和物资，准备长期占据天安门广场，开办了"民主大学"，声称这是"新时期的黄埔军校"。

他们在人民英雄纪念碑前竖起了一个什么女神像，原来叫"自由女神"，后来又改名为"民主之神"，要用美国的自由民主来作为他们的精神支柱。

他们说，"要用广场的斗争，来支持全国的斗争"，采取极其恶劣的手段，威胁青年学生，不许撤离广场，甚至扬言，"谁要撤就干掉谁"。

他们生怕青年学生静坐请愿的行动难以坚持，又动员搞5000人的"知识分子大绝食"，但号召不起来，结果搞了一个仅4人参加的48小时至72小时的绝食刚剧。

他们散发煽动反革命武装暴乱的传单，鼓吹"星星之火，可以燎原"，叫嚷要组成"武装力量"，"团结包括台湾国民党在内的各种力量"，"不惜抛头颅，洒热血，旗帜鲜明地反对共产党和它的政府"。

所有这些说明，极少数人有计划、有预谋制造的动乱，绝不像善良的人们想象的那样正在趋向平息，而是改头换面，继续在那里同我们作拼死的斗争。

他们深知，戒严部队一旦全部到位，广大群众进一步动员和组织起来，他们的阴谋就将落空。于是，伺机挑起事端，使动乱激化。

6月1日，我公安机关收审了非法组织"工自联"的几个头头，他们就借机煽动一些人，包围和冲击了北京市公安局，市委、市政府机关和公安部。

6月2日晚，中央电视台借用了10个月的武警部队的一辆吉普车，在返回原单位途中，由于车速过快，路面有水打滑，造成翻车事故，撞死3人，重伤1人，没有一个是学生。这本来是一起交通事故。有关部门已在处理。但是，极少数人却有意把它同戒严部队按计划进城的行动联系起来，大造谣言，说是戒严部队的开道车故意轧死学生。鼓动不明真相的人，要抢夺尸体，举行抬棺大游行。一时间，人心浮动，气氛很为紧张。经过这两天的煽动和鼓噪，暴乱的火就这样点了起来。（下转第二版）

## 代表邓小平和杨尚昆

# 洪学智刘华清秦基伟看望受伤官兵

新华社北京6月9日电　中央军委副秘书长洪学智、刘华清和国防部长秦基伟，今天上午代表中央军委主席邓小平、副主席杨尚昆，到北京的几家军队医院看望在平息首都反革命暴乱中负伤的解放军和武警部队官兵。

这些伤员都是在6月3日夜间和6月4日被暴乱分子用砖头、石块、木棒击伤的，有的是被歹徒用抢夺的枪支击伤的。

洪学智对伤员们说，军委邓主席、杨副主席对大家很关心，委派我们来看望大家。你们以平息首都反革命暴乱的实际行动，保卫了党中央，保卫了首都，保卫了人民共和国。你们负伤是光荣的，党和人民永远不会忘记你们的功勋。他勉励大家安心养伤，祝大家早日痊愈。

伤员们表示，感谢军委领导的关怀，争取早日伤愈出院，继续执行政府赋予的戒严任务。

## 十二名大学生表示：

# 反思起来我们无限内疚

新华社北京6月9日电　戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：今晚9时，一个自报姓名叫杨光的，代表政法大学12名同学打电话给解放军总政治部值班室。他说：刚才从电视上看到军委邓主席身体健康，思维敏捷，我们非常高兴，倍受鼓舞，更加坚定了平息反革命暴乱的信心。前一段我们的爱国热情被一小撮别有用心的人利用了，动乱中又被一批社会渣子钻了空子，给我们的国家带来了无法弥补的损失，反思起来我们无限内疚，我们要以爱国的实际行动补罪，并立即复课，刻苦学习，把丢失的时间补回来。

我们祝愿中央领导同志健康，在平息暴乱之后认真总结经验教训，克服工作中存在的失误，解决各种问题，把治理整顿指向前进，把祖国建设得更好，再不能出现这样令人痛心的现象。

希望在可能的情况下，把我们的意见转达给中央领导和戒严部队指挥部新闻处。

## 北京市人民政府戒严部队指挥部

# 发出第12号通告

北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部通告（第12号）

在首都发生的反革命暴乱中，一些反革命暴乱分子到处张贴、散发反革命标语、传单、大字报、小字报，不断制造谣言，煽动暴乱，手段恶毒，危害很大。为此，北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部特通告如下：

一、反革命暴乱标语、传单、大字报、小字报的策划、制定、印刷和组织张贴、散发者，必须立即停止犯罪活动，到公安机关自首投案，争取宽大处理。对拒不自首者，将依法严惩。

二、受人唆使张贴、散发反革命暴乱标语、传单、大字报、小字报者，必须立即停止活动，向所在单位或街道办事处坦白交待，并交出尚未张贴、散发的标语、传单。

三、立即清除一切残留的反革命暴乱标语、传单、大字报、小字报。对阻碍清除者，解放军、武警和执勤干警予以强行处置。

四、望市民们提高警惕，不信谣，不围看，不散布，发现张贴、散发者，立即检举揭发并有权当场制止，将犯罪分子扭送公安机关。

1989年6月9日

（新华社发）

# 首都粮肉菜供应趋正常

## 公共电汽车线路已开通145条

据新华社北京6月9日电　记者今天在首都街头采访时看到，一直坚持开门营业的粮店、菜店、副食店内，粮食、肉、蛋、菜以及其它主要副食品的供应已基本恢复正常。

据北京市政府有关负责同志介绍，首都1075家粮店今天均无脱销现象，群众抢购粮食的势头已趋下降。由于解放军的大力协助，运进粮店的粮食已大于销售的粮食。蔬菜品种繁多。总销量已达200万公斤，接近平日的供应水平。猪肉、鲜蛋、鲜奶的供应也比前几天有大幅度增加。

在首都市场上，商品供应日趋好转，但商店普遍的情况是开门较晚，关门较早。

据新华社北京6月9日电　（记者潘善荣）今晨7点多钟，穿越北京市中心的1、4、52、57路公共汽车，经过天安门前，又开始在东西长安街上行驶。据统计，截至下午2点，全市已有145条公共电汽车线路开通。

# "美国之音"造谣可耻

## 一个6月4日凌晨天安门广场目击者的来信

我是一名高校的教师。前几天听了"美国之音"的广播，我感到非常气愤。"美国之音"不顾新闻职业道德，制造了种种谣言，去欺骗不明真相的群众。特别是制造了"军队在广场上用机枪打死3000多人，还用坦克车来回轧死许多人的谣言。作为一名目击者，6月3日夜，我一直在天安门广场，解放军在整个清场过程中，从未向广场上的人群开枪。6月4日凌晨4时左右，侯德健等几人与部队的同志进行了接触，部队同意他们撤出广场。侯德健等回来以后，在场的学生就是否撤离进行了表决，同意撤的喊"撤离"，不同意的喊"坚持"，谁的声音大，就按谁的意见办。结果，主张撤离的呼声占了上风。最后，在场的学生打着旗帜有组织地从东南角缓缓撤出。

作为一名教师，我不希望无辜的学生被人利用作为实现自己目的的工具，特别是利用学生的单纯和热情就更可恶。我也不希望局势更加恶化，我希望能在理智、冷静的条件下妥善地解决问题。而"美国之音"的不负责任的谎言，只会煽起更大的对抗和仇恨，我不知道他们到底是什么居心！我相信每一位希望社会安宁、关心祖国前途的人都不会容忍这种欺骗，事实将会揭穿他们的谎言。

北京高校一青年教师

1989年6月6日

（新华社发）

## 日本首相宇野宗佑承认

# 军国主义者发动侵华战争

新华社东京6月9日电　日本新首相宇野宗佑今天在参议院全体会议上说，日中战争是"军国主义者发动的侵略战争"。

宇野是在答复日本共产党议员内藤功关于这一问题的质询时表明这一态度的。

他在讲话中援引了日中联合声明及日中和平友好条约的有关条文，"对过去的战争表示反省"。

这是宇野6月3日就任首相后第一次对中日关系的历史发表见解。

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# 懷仁堂內接見戒嚴部隊高幹

## 鄧小平昨在京露面

### 說要冷靜考慮過去考慮一下未來
### 楊尚昆李鵬喬石李先念及彭眞等在場

【新華社北京九日電】中共軍委主席鄧小平今天下午在中南海懷仁堂接見了首都戒嚴部隊軍以上幹部，對在平息首都反革命暴亂中模範的執行戒嚴任務的全體同志致以親切問候。

楊尚昆、李鵬、姚依林、宋平、李先念、彭眞、王震、薄一波等，以及中央軍委的領導同志參加了接見。陳官同志沒有到會，他向戒嚴部隊表示深深的哀悼。

鄧小平同志神采奕奕，精神飽滿，同大家合影後作了簡要講話。他首先提議，為在平息反革命暴亂中犧牲的烈士默哀。全體到會同志肅立默哀。

鄧小平說，這場風波的到來是不以人們的意志為轉移的。極少數人先是煽動亂，後來進一步發展到反革命暴亂，他們的目的就是要打倒共產黨，推翻社會主義制度，期望中華人民共和國，建立一個資產階級共和國。在平息這場反革命暴亂中，人民解放軍、武警和公安幹警表現了很高的覺悟，經受了考驗。我們部隊的幹部戰士在生命危險面前，沒有忘記人民，沒有忘記國家的利益，我們的軍隊不愧是人民子弟兵，國家的鋼鐵。

鄧小平說，我們的同志在平息反革命暴亂中犧牲了，我們感到悲痛。我們的烈士是為了保衛社會主義祖國而光榮犧牲的，他們的名字將永遠載入史冊，人民將永遠懷念他們。

鄧小平說，這次動亂的根源，是資產階級自由化泛濫的結果。

鄧小平說，這次動亂的發生，我們黨的領導有責任，我們的工作有缺點，有錯誤。

鄧小平說，我們的國家還很窮，還很不發達，我們的人民還很不富裕，我們的社會主義制度還很不完善，還有許多缺點，還有許多需要解決的問題。

鄧小平說，我們的改革開放政策不變，我們的經濟發展戰略不變，我們的對外開放政策不變。

鄧小平說，我們的國家是安定團結的，我們的人民是熱愛和平的，我們的軍隊是英雄的軍隊，我們的國家是有希望的。

鄧小平說，我們的國家一定會繼續前進。

鄧小平說，我們的同志和人民遭受了暫時的損失，我們一定要幫助他們恢復和發展生產，使他們的生活逐步得到改善。

鄧小平說，我們的同志和人民蒙受了不白之冤，我們一定要為他們恢復名譽，恢復政治待遇，恢復原來的工作。

鄧小平說，我們的同志和人民在這次動亂中受到了經濟

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

一九八九年 六月 10 星期六 六月八十 七初月五十 巳己

港字第一四六六一號

今日出紙七張半售二元


# 「士烈」有中軍謂但 害殺遭衆民言諱

# 「亂暴」息平稱聲 面露昨平小鄧

# 「變不後今」說據 策政放開革改

## 日取消十餘經濟團訪華

## 歐四國凍結對華關係

## 澳總理痛悼中國學生

### 布什指出中國學生生命與中美關係同樣重要

【本報訊】據日本時事社電，歐洲四個中立國奧地利、瑞士、瑞典和芬蘭，八日在維也納召開副外長級會議，會上一致同意立即凍結在外交方面與中國的接觸。

【路透社東京九日電】外務省發言人星期五說，日本已取消所有到中國的愛助代表團，因為日本在中國沒有足夠的人手去執行援助項目。發言人說，大約有十四個代表團受到影響。

日本在中國有一百一十六名同愛助有關的項目要去，此時此刻，更多人上街，更多人搬運物資，為什麼要用這些對付人民的開路者開門，為什麼要開門？在首場時間六月四日零時十五分，前門突然衝「九九三」走向頤和園，今晚一定會出事了。但是，任何人都已經意識到，今晚一定會出事了。但這一點相信眼前的現實，當機者竟用機關槍的戰車，來對付請願的平民！駐甲車頂端有一架類似重機槍的物體直接瞄向有包裹，全速在筆直的大街上庄嚴前進，並在每隔一段的路口，橫放著兩輛裝甲車，形成一個個路障，但是，還是有人衝過去，把路障推開，繼續前進。

在這種情況下，許多人被迫下車，步行前進，但是，任何人都已經意識到，今晚一定會出事了。但這一點相信眼前的現實，當機者竟用機關槍的戰車，來對付請願的平民！駐甲車頂端有一架類似重機槍的物體直接瞄向有包裹，全速在筆直的大街上庄嚴前進，並在每隔一段的路口，橫放著兩輛裝甲車，形成一個個路障，但是，還是有人衝過去，把路障推開，繼續前進。

人們隨過來之後，立即衝入橫放的裝甲車，並爬到車頂，高舉雙手，表示投降，或者，全部人的衝鋒在裝甲車頂上，與裝甲車內的士兵，展開肉搏戰，用拳頭、腳踢、鮮血濺了一地，車上的士兵頭部被擊破，腦漿、鮮血濺了一地，車上的其他士兵便在地上，跳起身來就口大罵，大叫「害子太野了！」

士兵也被當場棍覓

人們隨過來之後，立即衝入橫放的裝甲車，並爬到車頂，高舉雙手，表示投降，或者，全部人的衝鋒在裝甲車頂上，與裝甲車內的士兵，展開肉搏戰，用拳頭、腳踢

快報
EXPRESS
今晨驚人消息
港島四屍一地
牆上留字一慘
今晨驚人消息
港島四屍一地
牆上留字一奇
天安門軍隊又調動
40輛坦克城東駛去
爭取民主信心不死
廣場倖存學生南下滬
籌建全國性反抗組織
緊縮經濟封鎖新聞
全力壓止民運蔓延
鄧小平必然遺臭萬年
肯定戒嚴部隊「平亂」有功
鄧小平久違了你好
軍隊包圍社會科學院
「秋前算賬」揭開幔幕
方勵之夫婦尋求庇護迴響
北京各使館接通告
嚴禁干預中國內政
唔啱撤走計劃重新考慮
賀維下月初訪港
美駐北京總領事
滙豐總經理談血腥影響
中央軍委發布命令
人民日報刻意報導
中央軍委支持中共軍方團結支持
趙紫陽受傷
趙系要員探望
鄧小平西山會議四大決定
整肅全國不惜第三次撂憲

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## 鄧小平西山會議四大決定

## 整肅全國不惜第三次撂憲

鄧小平 六月九日下午，在中南海接見北京戒嚴部隊各部隊負責人。

## 緊縮經濟封鎖新聞 全力壓止民運蔓延

西山會議確定方案提要

在一六四」大屠殺後，由於被鎮壓的群眾的憤怒，鄧小平及老人幫在西山召開政治局擴大會議，商定今後各種問題的對策，並調全國的大軍進行動員訂領略，要點如下——

①暴生運期間表現失控，部隊未能堅決鎮壓的單位，如北京軍區第二十軍，要加強思想教育，及早調整。

②必須加強黨對宣傳輿論的控制，不惜以緊縮經濟發展速度為代價，堅決控制貨幣發行量，以防止通貨膨脹的再次發生。

③鎮壓反革命動亂，就如鄧小平曾經說過的：「我們不能不流血，不流血不能解決問題。」必要時取斷首都地區與外界的交通，全面實施軍事管制，必要時調不少於九個月。

④把矛頭指向「七大區」的反革命勢力，進行大規模的輿論攻勢，揭露其陰謀，孤立其中堅分子，分化瓦解。

⑤在一九九零年之前，不進行政治改革，不搞西方的三權分立，不搞多黨制，不搞私有化，堅持社會主義道路，堅持四項基本原則，堅持黨的領導，堅持公有制為主體，堅持共同富裕的原則，堅持計劃經濟為主，市場調節為輔的原則。

⑥把趙紫陽「七大區」的反革命勢力，進行大規模的輿論攻勢，揭露其陰謀，孤立其中堅分子，分化瓦解。

⑦在一九九零年之前，不進行政治改革，不搞西方的三權分立，不搞多黨制，不搞私有化，堅持社會主義道路，堅持四項基本原則，堅持黨的領導，堅持公有制為主體，堅持共同富裕的原則，堅持計劃經濟為主，市場調節為輔的原則。

⑧把趙紫陽「七大區」的反革命勢力，進行大規模的輿論攻勢，揭露其陰謀，孤立其中堅分子，分化瓦解。

⑨在一九九零年之前，不進行政治改革，不搞西方的三權分立，不搞多黨制，不搞私有化，堅持社會主義道路，堅持四項基本原則，堅持黨的領導，堅持公有制為主體，堅持共同富裕的原則，堅持計劃經濟為主，市場調節為輔的原則。

⑩把趙紫陽「七大區」的反革命勢力，進行大規模的輿論攻勢，揭露其陰謀，孤立其中堅分子，分化瓦解。

（快報消息）綜合外電報道：鄧小平在手術室與老人幫緊急商討後，已決定中共軍事力的部署，由於部隊的動員，及軍隊的調動，必須通過電話傳達，故此，中國的所謂「情報干部」，及駐外大使館人員，均要撤回國內，接受「審查」。

北京的消息來源透露，在「六四」大屠殺後，解放軍內部證實出現分裂，部隊之間發生激烈的武裝衝突事件，有不少是參加這次學運的北京高校學生，而廿七軍在執行戒嚴令時，違反在進行鎮壓期間的共識，不會使用武力逮行鎮壓行動，因此，引發大批學生及教師子弟，在廿七軍駐地圍攻，現場廿七軍官兵被迫還擊，造成流血衝突，現場廿七軍已被全部繳械，並在鄧及老人幫的支持下，增加到四百五十萬的水平，又允許軍方擁有核武，足以抵禦美國的相關威脅，更直接的是各軍區的軍隊，特別是北京軍區的軍隊，都有相同的憤怒，他們的子弟兵在天安門廣場被殺，軍隊的榮譽受到嚴重的侮辱，所以有充足的理由，要求嚴懲凶手，並要求軍隊的裝備，必須有所改善，更應有社會主義的軍隊，不應該成為鎮壓人民的工具，因此，軍隊的士氣，在這次事件後，已降到最低點，軍隊的戰鬥力，已經不如以前，軍隊的動員，已經不能如期進行，軍隊的調動，已經不能隨心所欲，軍隊的指揮，已經不能統一，軍隊的紀律，已經不能維持，軍隊的團結，已經不能保持，軍隊的忠誠，已經不能信賴，軍隊的榮譽，已經不能維護，軍隊的尊嚴，已經不能恢復，軍隊的信心，已經不能重建，軍隊的希望，已經不能實現，軍隊的未來，已經不能預測，軍隊的命運，已經不能掌握，軍隊的歷史，已經不能改寫，軍隊的責任，已經不能推卸，軍隊的義務，已經不能履行

# 東方日報

銷量讀者全港最多　廣告效力公認最大

香港政府特許刊登法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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星期六　六月　10　日七月五年已巳　第百五千一十二號　每份加五毫　元二售零　張六九紙出

【本報訊】新華社據塔斯社華盛頓電：美國務卿艾奇遜在參議院外交委員會秘密會議中，曾說：「美國不能容忍中國共產黨人在聯合國中代表中國。」

【本報訊】新華社據塔斯社東京電：日本共產黨中央委員會機關報「赤旗報」，最近發表題為「美國帝國主義者的新侵略計劃」的社論，指出美國正在準備新的侵略戰爭，並且已經開始了侵略戰爭的準備工作。

【本報訊】新華社據塔斯社倫敦電：英國工黨左翼議員史特勞斯，最近在下議院發言，要求英國政府承認中華人民共和國。

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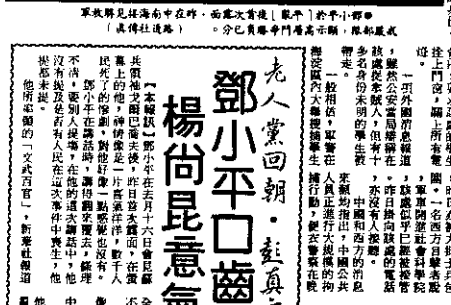
# 息喘暫鬥權派兩 腕鐵調強面露鄧

軍隊開足裝備向中南海進發中（路透社電）



●鄧小平（左）於中南海西花廳次首接（路透社電）見毛澤東（右）。分已負責華門場面示圖，

## 北京民衆組織攫武器 市內狙擊殺死數百人

【本報訊】據塔斯社北京電：「人民在悲憤重重，不少人在等待武器，有人告訴我，還說天，北京市內的狙擊手

【本報訊】中國大陸的局勢經天安門廣場的大屠殺後第六日，據是當權派正明朗化，中共中央軍委會主席鄧小平昨日再次在大陸的電視上露面，率領中共軍委等人，接見解放軍部隊幹部大會的幹部。中國的中共軍隊台，即日晚上，北京時間晚上七時）在新聞事播中，以前所未見的影片，報道最近，據是在昨午三時在中南海舉行

會議舉行。

會見中，鄧小平提議「為在平息反革命暴亂中犧牲的烈士（指解放軍和武警）默哀」。全體到會者進行默哀致哀。

報道說，接見時鄧小平說，「與前時的政策部隊官僚主義腐敗，是我們黨內的嚴重危險，首先我們對在這場鬥爭中犧牲的解放軍指戰員和公安幹警同志們表示衷心的悼念。」

他表示：「這次我們的指戰員包括解放軍和公安武警（李鵬提他的軍隊）他們是一支最堅強的軍隊，他們是一支最可愛的軍隊，他們是一支最偉大的軍隊。」

他並表示：「我們要永遠記住這個教訓，永遠不忘階級鬥爭，不忘人民的軍隊必須時刻保持警惕。」

鄧小平說：「（中國共產）第十一屆三中全會以來制定的路線方針政策是正確的，一個動亂和暴亂不能改變我們的路線方針政策，不能改變我們的改革開放政策，不能改變我們的現代化建設的部署。」

他說：「我們的國家不能亂，一亂就不得了，就不能搞建設，就不能實現現代化。」

鄧小平說：「（中國共產）第十一屆三中全會以來制定的路線方針政策是正確的，一個動亂和暴亂不能改變我們的路線方針政策，不能改變我們的改革開放政策，不能改變我們的現代化建設的部署

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## 鄧小平定策　李楊奉命執行

## 會見軍隊就學生事件表態
## 鄧小平終於公開露面了
### 趙紫陽胡啓立未見出席　楊尚昆被攙顯出中央

## 港人有望移居英國
### 港督要求全體英相只允部分　英報說倫敦準備收容廿五萬港人

## 賀維外相下月來訪　評估屠城對港影響

## 「春天還會遠嗎？」

## 啓事

月來中國新聞數量激增，本報爲滿足讀者需求，每日印數大幅增加。爲免出紙延誤，只得暫時壓縮其他版面，直至中國局勢漸趨穩定，方可恢復正常，敬希讀者垂注。

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二、中共地區國軍登陸大陸東南海岸，刊第一版。
三、中共愛多國經濟制裁，刊第二版。
四、立法局議員就貴英國國籍法打擊港人信心，刊第十六版。
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# 鄧小平亮相 讚揚屠城軍共

# 衆頭目現身 獨不見趙與胡

## 老鄧指民運是反革命動亂
## 極少數人圖建資產階級國
### 精神似幾好說話顯吃力暗示將修改路綫方針政策

【本報綜合報導】鄧小平星期五下午會見已到京的有包括在內的三位政治局委員，他們是：胡啓立、姚依林和李瑞環。鄧小平在會見時，與他一同露面

# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 159 Price $3.00


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## Sales gap even wider

NEW figures issued in London have reaffirmed the dominant position of the *South China Morning Post* in the English-language newspaper market in Hongkong.

The newspaper commands a 72,835 advantage in daily sales over its nearest competitor, according to the latest official figures from the Audit Bureau of Circulations.

Having now completed its audit of the two English-language newspapers in the territory for the July-December period last year, the ABC figures also reveal that the gap between the *South China Morning Post* and the other newspaper has widened by a further 6,034 daily.

The figures show that, in the six-month audit period, sales of the *Post* rose by 10,950 over the same period the previous year to a record 101,058. This compared to 28,223 daily sales for the other newspaper.

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WEATHER

Cloudy with some showers. Max temp 30 degrees. See Page 8.

# Deng appears in public to prove he is in charge

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINA'S paramount leader, Mr Deng Xiaoping, yesterday appeared in public for the first time in weeks, indicating he was fully in charge of the military's suppression of pro-democracy demonstrators.

In a show of unity, Mr Deng was seen on evening television with other top leaders who survived the power struggle of recent weeks as they congratulated generals in charge of martial law.

His hands shaking, Mr Deng spoke forcefully on the need to crack down on what he called were "counter-revolutionary" attempts to overthrow the Communist Party and negate socialism.

He accused the "rebels" of trying to dump the socialist Government and establish a capitalist state, repeating the charge that initial unrest had been directed by a "very small handful" within the party.

"The turmoil arose out of the instigation of a small minority of people," Mr Deng said.

"It then evolved into a counter-revolutionary disturbance whose goal is to topple the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), to negate socialism and to establish a capitalist country."

At the same time, Mr Deng sought to reassure the jittery public as well as foreign investors that China's open-door policy would remain unchanged.

"The party and Government will continue to implement the policy of the 3rd plenum of the 11th Central Committee – the four cardinal principles (of Marxism and CCP leadership) and reform and the open door policy," he said.

"Our basic line and goals remain unchanged."

His emphasis on the four cardinal principles indicated that the patriarch would take a hard line on any moves towards political reform that millions of demonstrators demanded.

Clearly in charge as he chaired the meeting convened in the Communist Party headquarters at Zhongnanhai at 3 pm yesterday, Mr Deng was flanked by President Yang Shangkun and Prime Minister Li Peng.

Conspicuously absent were Communist Party General-Secretary Zhao Ziyang and Politburo leader Hu Qili, who are believed to have been stripped of their power.

The prominent billing given to the meeting is expected to scotch rumours that Mr Deng was incapacitated through illness or that he was in sharp conflict with Mr Yang over supreme leadership of China.

Analysts note, however, that Mr Deng's speech was slurred. At one point, he had to be prompted by Premier Li.

Also appearing was Mr Wan Li, chairman of the National People's Congress, a moderate who students had hoped would stand up to Mr Deng's insistence that force be used to crush the pro-democracy movement.

Politburo members Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Yao Yilin were seen, but there was no indication that either one of them might assume the mantle of party leadership should Mr Zhao be formally replaced.

Ageing leaders of the Central Advisory Commission – Mr Peng Zhen, Mr Bo Yibo, Mr Wang Zhen and Mr Li Xiannian, who are believed to have played an important role in the power struggle of recent weeks – also appeared.

Conservative party elder Mr Chen Yun, who has been ill, was not present, but he sent a telegram of support to the army.

Mr Deng had only kind words for the soldiers who have been shooting directly at unarmed civilians in the streets of Beijing all week long.

"The majority of armed forces involved in this struggle showed high political consciousness. In the moment of danger, they did not forget the party's education and the country," said Mr Deng, who last appeared when he met Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev on May 16.

In a lengthy report on the gathering, the New China News Agency (NCNA) said Mr Deng also extended his regards to those commanders and servicemen who were injured "in the operation from the Liberation Army and Armed Police Forces and Public Security personnel as well as to all the servicemen on imposing martial law in Beijing".

Analysts said it was interesting to note that the NCNA had called the military the "Liberation Army" and not the "People's Liberation Army".

Mr Deng said: "This disturbance is independent of man's will. A very small number of people first staged turmoil, which virtually developed into a counter-revolutionary rebellion.

"They are attempting to overthrow the Communist Party, topple the socialist system and subvert the People's Republic of China

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

**INSIDE**


**Page 2:** US warning
**Page 3:** Hard-liners rule
**Page 4:** Cities tense
**Page 5:** Drafting stops
**Page 6:** Emigration plan

Supreme leader Deng Xiaoping, flanked by former president Li Xiannian, congratulates military officers.

## Beijing authorities air Lee's confession

CHINESE authorities yesterday claimed that Mr Lee Cheuk-yan, the Hongkong pro-democracy lobbyist who was detained in Beijing, had confessed to supporting "counter-revolutionary organisations".

Mr Lee, a senior official in the Christian Industrial Committee, was allowed to return to Hongkong on Thursday after he was "educated" by police in the mainland capital, Radio Beijing said.

"He admitted that it was wrong for him to have contacted and tried to offer financial help to illegal, counter-revolutionary organisations conspiring to cause chaos under martial law," the state-run radio said.

The confession came after Mr Lee was stopped from taking a Hongkong-bound flight at Beijing airport on Monday.

The report, which also made the front page of the *People's Daily* yesterday, said Beijing police had "temporarily confiscated the cash he carried" – some 79,999 yuan – "found abandoned in his hotel room toilet".

It also claimed that police had seized propaganda material from the room "advocating student unrest and containing rumours that two Hongkong students had been arrested in Beijing".

Mr Lee is also a leading member of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of Patriotic Democratic Movement in China, which was managing the distribution in China of millions of dollars in donations from Hongkong people.

He said on Thursday upon his return to Hongkong that he was detained since Monday by police, whom he said had confiscated more than $2 million in cash destined for students.

Mr Lee said tearfully his confession statement was made under instructions from police who "taught me how to write it properly".

He described his interrogators as polite and said they assured him of his safety.

"They said they would decide later what to do with the money," he added.

The Alliance will now rethink its use of the funds left in Hongkong and also try to get the money back from the authorities in Beijing.

An alliance member, Lau Chin-shek said yesterday: "There will be some problems now if we deliver cash in person to Beijing. It's difficult to say what the future plan will be. We'll have to discuss the matter again.

"The student movement in Beijing is now of a different nature. I'm not sure whether the whole alliance itself will also be considered as counter-revolutionary.

"But we're not afraid. We've made it clearly that we cut our ties with the Chinese Government," he said.

Roman Catholic priests slowly circle this huge black cross placed in the middle of the Hongkong Stadium for a special mass last night to commemorate those killed in Beijing.

See also Page 6.

## Britain reviews Gurkha pull-out from Hongkong

THE British Government is to reconsider its military commitment to the territory in light of disturbances in China while Hongkong might grant refugee status to people fleeing from Chinese authorities, it was announced yesterday.

The Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, said in London a screening system had been set up involving security forces at the border to handle possible asylum seekers fleeing from the current crisis.

Also in London, Armed Forces Minister Archie Hamilton said plans to pull out Gurkha troops from Hongkong would have to be looked at again in the light of the turmoil.

Details of a long-running inquiry into the Gurkhas' future were finalised only last night. It concluded that the Nepalese soldiers would be deployed mainly in Britain.

Mr Barnes said plans for the screening of people seeking to cross the border were drawn up at the beginning of the week and he understood the new procedures had already been implemented.

He said people fleeing from China seeking asylum would now be "dealt with in an appropriate way".

"They will be treated as asylum seekers and not automatically sent back. There will be a type of screening carried out by security forces on the border."

Mr Barnes said the onus would still be on Chinese people entering Hongkong to prove that they were seeking asylum from the current events.

He said he had asked last Saturday for the new arrangements to be set up by the army, police and immigration officials.

Several meetings were held and he said he believed the procedures were now in force and working.

"Meanwhile illegal immigrants from China are being sent back in the normal way," he said.

Principal Assistant Secretary for Security, Mr Kim Salkeld, said last night there was no change in the Government's policy towards illegal immigrants from China and there was no new screening system.

"There's no change, we'll send back all illegal immigrants," Mr Salkeld said.

He stressed that mainland people who tried to come to Hongkong illegally would be sent back if they had no good reason to flee.

"If they had good reason to do so, that they were political refugees from China, we would consider their claims on a case by case basis," Mr Salkeld said.

Deputy Political Adviser Stephen Bradley, however,

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 4)

## Foreign Secretary set for July visit

From DAVID WALLEN in London

FOREIGN Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe will visit the territory at the beginning of July by which time the British Goveroment is expected to have announced a package of measures to increase confidence among the people of Hongkong.

No precise dates for the visit have been fixed nor has the length of the trip yet been decided but it is not expected Sir Geoffrey will visit Beijing while in the region.

Observers in London said it seemed clear Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher was preparing to allow substantially more Hongkong Chinese into Britain.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, yesterday continued his talks with the British authorities on the nationality issue, again spending most of the day in discussions at the Foreign Office.

Sir David held 90 minutes of talks at 10 Downing Street with Mrs Thatcher on Thursday evening during which he is believed to have presented proposals for relaxed British Nationality laws to allow Hongkong people better access to the UK.

Speaking to reporters after that meeting, he said he had been offered "a great deal more than tea and sympathy".

Surprisingly Chancellor Nigel Lawson was called into the Downing Street meeting. Senior UK Government sources said later this was so that the "financial implications" of the situation could be considered.

Both Home and Foreign Office officials are looking at several provisions still and there already seems to be a general consensus that the firm rules governing the right of entry of former

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 8)


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# UK will accept a further quota of refugees – Barnes

From DAVID WALLEN in London

BRITAIN will announce at next week's refugee conference in Geneva that it will accept a further quota of Vietnamese, Hongkong's Secretary for Security Geoffrey Barnes said in London yesterday.

He also made clear that despite strong calls in the territory for the first asylum policy to be scrapped, the Government would continue to shelter all new arrivals.

"We are not going to suspend first asylum, we are not considering it at all," Mr Barnes said before leaving for the United Nations conference on the Indochinese refugees.

"Even if it is demanded of us I can't see that it is the sort of thing that we would entertain because I don't believe it is 'the answer,'" he said.

**BOAT people being accommodated on the remote Soko Islands, off Lantau, and on ferries near Stonecutters Island, have been moved to safer quarters after strong winds associated with Typhoon Dot hit the territory yesterday. Moving thousands of boat people was a major operation. See Page 9**

**In *Saturday Review* today, Shane Green examines the chance of next week's Geneva conference producing a solution to the territory's Vietnamese refugee problem.**

The British Government had been "very supportive" in assisting the Hongkong Government deal with the continuing influx, he said.

"I believe with some certainty that there will be another quota announced next week in Geneva," he said.

Earlier this year, the British Government announced it would offer 1,000 resettlement places to Vietnamese refugees in Hongkong over the next two years.

This was an increase over the previous British quota announced in May 1987 under which the UK authorities undertook to offer resettlement places to only 468 Vietnamese refugees in Hongkong over a two-year period.

Mr Barnes said, in the long term, if the conference failed to find real solutions the Hongkong Government would try to persuade China to take the refugees back to their home country across its land border with Vietnam.

But he admitted that recent events in China "do not make it very likely that we will be able to obtain very much in the way of an agreement with the Chinese".

Mr Barnes said repatriation would still depend on acceptance by the Hanoi authorities.

"Don't get the idea of people being dragged of or handcuffed and taken on to planes and boats and returned to Vietnam."

Mr Barnes said that even with future mandatory repatriation, those being returned to Vietnam would have to be sent back in a "dignified manner".

He said the Vietnamese authorities had given an assurance that the same conditions that applied to those returning voluntarily would apply for those being forcibly repatriated.

On the prospect of Brit-

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 5)

## Typhoon Signal 3 hoisted

THE No 3 strong wind signal was hoisted at 7 pm yesterday as Typhoon Dot moves closer to Hongkong and might threaten the territory.

At 11 pm Typhoon Dot was centred about 600 kilometres south-southwest of Hongkong and is forecast to move west-northwest at about 16 knots towards Hainan Island.

An Observatory spokesman said there would be strong easterly winds in Hongkong overnight. On its present track, the centre of Dot will reach Hainan Island this morning and it would not be necessary to hoist higher signals.

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 9, 20, 27, 31, 37, and 39. The extra number was 33.

See Page 8.


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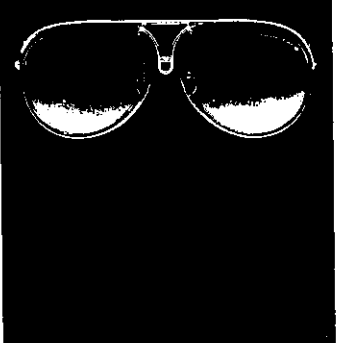

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Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 6

Average daily sale last week 61,111

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Deng returns in firm command

**By our China Desk**

SENIOR Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping appeared on state television yesterday after 24 days out of public view to praise the generals whose troops took part in the Beijing crackdown.

Meeting army generals with him were Premier Li Peng, State President Yang Shangkun and other hardline leaders, who seemed to have formed a new lineup of leadership.

Mr Deng said China could not adopt "bourgeois democracy", but pledged to continue reforms and the open-door policy.

His appearance came as calm began to return to the capital and troops cleared the debris of violence from the streets.

All seven military areas of the People's Liberation Army have now expressed full support for the crackdown, an indication that Mr Deng is firmly in control of the military.

The meeting, at the Zhongnanhai headquarters of the Communist Party and government in central Beijing apparently was designed to dispel rumours that Mr Deng might have died or fallen seriously ill.

He had not been seen since he met the visiting Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev on May 16.

Mr Deng, who looked old and worn and spoke haltingly, nevertheless smiled broadly and shook hands with martial law commanders.

The place of honour at his right hand was taken by Mr Li Peng, the hardline premier who became the focus for resentment over the slaughter in Tiananmen Square.

A television commentator said Mr Deng praised troops for suppressing "counter-revolutionaries trying to overthrow the Communist Party".

"We cannot adopt bourgeois democracy in our country," he said. "It is correct to stick to the four cardinal principles, and it is correct to stick to the reform and open-door policy. The party line adopted (10 years ago) is correct," added Mr Deng.

Also present were the leading members of the party old guard including Mr Yang Shangkun, state president; Mr Wang Zhen, vice president; Mr Li Xiannian, chairman of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference; Mr Peng Zhen, former chairman of the National People's Congress and Mr Bo Yibo, vice-chairman of the Communist party Central Advisory Commission (CAC). CAC director Mr Chen Yun did not show up but was said to have sent his greetings to the troops.

Defence Minister Qin Jiwei was missing, but a China News Service report said that General Qin yesterday went to hospitals to express, on behalf of Mr Deng and Mr Yang, sympathy and solicitude to wounded soldiers and armed policemen.

Also present at the meeting were Mr Qiao Shi and Mr Yao Yilin, both members of the Standing Committee of the five-man Politburo of the party.

Absent were the other two members of the Politburo's Standing Committee, party General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang – widely believed to have been ousted for opposing the military crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators – and Mr Hu Qili who may also have been sacked. But NPC chairman Mr Wan Li, previously considered a Zhao ally, was present, smiling.

The reappearance of Mr Deng underlined his continuing control of the country and his leading role in last weekend's brutal suppression of pro-democracy demonstrations in Beijing, analysts said.

The showing of the new lineup may mean that a party meeting will be held soon to rubber-stamp the sacking of general secretary Mr Zhao and a new leadership.

Mr Deng's appearance alongside Premier Li and Mr Yang, the two men believed to have masterminded the military suppression, seemed to confirm previous speculation that the paramount leader had given authorisation for the attack. At Mr Deng's suggestion, the leaders stood in silence for a few moments in memory of the soldiers killed during the weekend assault on central Beijing which crushed the pro-democracy protests.

The authorities say nearly 300 people are known to have been killed during the clashes in and around Tiananmen Square, most of them soldiers and only 23 of them students.

Witnesses of the carnage on Saturday night and early Sunday, when troops firing heavy machine guns and backed by tanks took on a sea of unarmed protesters, say hundreds, perhaps thousands, of civilians were killed.

Order was gradually returning to parts of the city yesterday, and there were no big clashes between the military and masses.

Unidentified army units opened fire near two foreign hotels and a column of 10 tanks was seen moving towards the city centre past a big foreign compound early in the morning.

China's media maintained a stream of attacks against "counter-revloutionary elements" and ordering leaders of the student and workers unions to turn themselves in.

INSIDE:

■ HK students tighten security after incidents. Readers' forum — Page 2 ▶
■ Crisis hits tourism — Page 3 ▶
■ Bush sets terms. Students steeled for crackdown on campuses, Shanghai's masses mourn — Page 4 ▶
■ Residents tour battle sites. Army shows a smiling face — Page 6 ▶
■ Distraught news readers keep emotion reined: — Page 7 ▶
■ Lo Chi-kin's comment. — Page 14 ▶

## The new lineup

IN

**Deng Xiaoping, 85**
Chairman of the party and State Military Commission, pictured as he appeared on Chinese television yesterday

**Li Peng**
**61**
Premier

**Yang Shangkun**
**82**
State President; permanent vice-chairman Central Military Commission

**Qiao Shi**
**65**
Member of the Standing Committee of the party Politburo

**Yao Yilin**
**72**
Member of the Standing Committee of the party Politburo and vice-premier

**Wan Li**
**73**
Chairman of the Standing Committee of the party Politburo and vice-premier

**Wang Zhen**
**81**
Vice state president

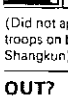
**Li Xiannian**
**80**
Chairman of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference

**Peng Zhen**
**86**
Former chairman of National People's Congress

**Bo Yibo**
**81**
Vice chairman of the party Central Advisory Commission

**Chen Yun**
**84**
Chairman of the party Central Advisory Commission

(Did not appear yesterday but sent a letter of condolence for the dead soldiers of the martial law troops and armed police)



**Qin Jiwei**
**75**
Member of the party Politburo and Defence Minister

(Did not appear yesterday but visited martial law troops on behalf of Deng Xiaoping and Yang Shangkun)

OUT?

**Zhao Ziyang**
**70**
Party General Secretary, no appearance

**Tian Jiyun**
**60**
Member of the party Politburo and vice premier; no appearance

**Hu Qili**
**60**
Member of the Standing Committee of the party Politburo; no appearance

# Passports for all say legislators

LEGISLATORS warned yesterday that extending full British nationality to only some British nationals born in Hongkong would damage the local community's cohesiveness.

They unanimously felt only applying flexibility to the application of the existing British Nationality Act is no longer adequate at this point.

Legislators were apparently referring to reports in the *Daily Mail* and other British newspapers yesterday that about 250,000 Hongkong people would be given the right of abode.

The reports said the beneficiaries would include present and former civil servants, ex-servicemen and businessmen.

Legislators said extending the right of abode only to some British nationals born in Hongkong was "divisive and not conducive to the cohesiveness and confidence of Hongkong."

They agreed in an in-house meeting yesterday to urge the British government to extend the right of abode to all British Dependent Territory Citizens (BDTC) passports holders in Hongkong.

Senior Legislative Councillor Mr Allen Lee, announcing the legislators' statement of a united stand, said that Britain had a fundamental duty to extend the right of abode to all BDTC passports holders.

"We believe that the British government also has a moral responsibility towards the entire population by ensuring a safe and secured future for them," he said.

Legislators agreed that democracy was equally important to Hongkong, Mr Lee said, but that was not an alternative to the right of abode.

Mr Lee said legislators were disappointed by Whitehall's stated position on the nationality issue.

A British government statement said yesterday "the Prime Minister did not see any realistic prospect of granting right of abode to all 3.25 million British nationals in Hongkong."

"But she and her colleagues are working urgently to see what extra flexibility could be introduced into the existing arrangements," the Downing Street statement said.

Meanwhile, another British newspaper, *The Independent*, reported yesterday that the British government had delayed until next week a decision whether to increase the number of Hongkong people granted the right to live in Britain.

It said Thursday's Cabinet meeting discussed the commitment given by Mrs Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, that they would seek to be more flexible in interpreting immigration rules.

But ministers left entirely open any questions of the types and numbers of extra people who might be allowed right of abode there.

Mrs Thatcher had told the House of Commons that the British government was "very deeply concerned" about the effects of continuing violence in China "and the natural feelings" of Hongkong's people.

Ministers would be "considering that very carefully over the next few days," she said.

She added that they would be willing to take "extra powers" if needed.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, met Mrs Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey Howe yesterday for 90 minutes.

Sir David said he had conveyed the "very strong feelings" of Hongkong residents' on the question of the right of abode in the United Kingdom.

The Governor said he told Mrs Thatcher that it would do "an immense amount of good in Hongkong" if those with British passports could be granted right of entry.

He said right of entry meant that the people concerned were free to travel to and work in the UK for a certain number of years before they could secure full citizenship.

"The Prime Minister said, as she said in the House of Commons, that to do this for all the people who potentially might come was a matter of great difficulty, but the ministers were looking urgently at the question of trying to introduce flexibility into the existing arrangements," added Sir David.

INSIDE:

■ Migrants surge for Singapore. — Page 3 ▶
■ Editorial: — Page 14 ▶

# Howe to visit territory

FOREIGN Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe is to visit Hongkong next month.

He wants to discuss "the implications of recent developments in China for the people of Hongkong and the handling of the enormous burdens placed on Hongkong by the arrival of Vietnamese boat people", said a Foreign Office spokesman.

A detailed itinerary has not yet been released but it is understood his visit will not include a trip to Beijing.

It was not known whether he would meet any Chinese government representatives while he was in Hongkong or how long he would stay.

"Details of the visit have not yet been worked out, but there are no plans for him to go anywhere else," the spokesman said.

"The visit will take place against the background of the government's commitment to the continuing stability, security and prosperity of Hongkong."

A visit by Sir Geoffrey has been widely expected as a response to the Beijing massacre and to allay the fears Hongkong people have of what the future holds.

# Hawke weeps at slaughter

**THE Australian Prime Minister, Mr Bob Hawke, broke down and wept at a memorial service in Canberra yesterday for the massacred Beijing students.**

**It was the third time in his career that he had wept in public.**

**In an emotionally fraught 45-minute ceremony, attended by about 2,000 people and held in the Great Hall at Parliament House, Mr Hawke strained to hold back tears as he read a graphic account of the incidents that took place in Tiananmen Square last Saturday and Sunday.**

**The eyewitness account, sent to him by the Australian Embassy in Beijing, presented in horrific detail the actions of the PLA over those two days.**

**The Prime Minister's voice quavered as he read the account of how armoured personnel carriers and tanks "ran backwards and forwards over the bodies of the slain until they were reduced to pulp".**

**"We watched in horror the unyielding forces of repression brutally killing the vision of youth," he said.**

**"This is the saddest and most compelling duty I have had to perform as Prime Minister," he said, expressing shock and grief at the amount of force used by the PLA in Tiananmen Square.**

**"To crush the spirit and body of youth is to crush the very future of China itself," he said.**

**He later embraced a tearful Chinese student, Mr Jin Zhefei, who had laid a wreath honouring the students who had died.**

**On the wreath were the words, in Chinese: "Democracy will last forever" and "We swear to get even with the national traitors".**

**Mr Jin said: "We will never forget the martyrs who were slaughtered. We will carry on where they left off."**

**After the service, Mr Jin and other Chinese students held talks with the Prime Minister in his Parliament House office.**

**About one-third of those who attended the ceremony were Chinese, both students and residents.**

**Memorial services were held in state capitals all over the country.**

■ Bob Hawke ... saddest and most compelling duty.

# 'Hostile' HK paid rioters says China

**By Fan Cheuk-wan**

HONGKONG was accused on Chinese television yesterday of providing funds that helped pay people to take part in "counter-revolutionary revolt" in Beijing.

Funds from the United States were used in the same way, said the report, which also described both Hongkong and the US as "hostile foreign forces".

It was the first time Hongkong had been named by the official media for involvement in the protests.

The evening newscast of Beijing Television on Thursday said that a political committee member of the martial law troops alleged "a handful of conspirators" had used "illegal" funds from Hongkong and the United States to pay rioters for taking part in the violence.

"Between the evening of June 3 and early June 4 morning, a handful of conspirators paid several thousand yuan for each rioter who burnt a vehicle, kidnapped a soldier and grabbed a gun," the committee member was quoted as saying.

"The conspirators instigated the rioters to assault, loot and set fire so that the counter-revolutionary revolt went beyond control.

"The conspirators obtained their funds from Hongkong and the United States.

"The whole people must realise the truth of the revolt and must firmly cut the relations with these overseas hostile forces."

Hongkong residents donated more than $20 million to help the democratic movement which has since been deemed by the Chinese Government to be a "counter-revolutionary revolt" aimed at overthrowing the leadership of the Communist Party, the socialist system and the People's Republic of China.

The mass-circulated *United Daily News* in Taiwan yesterday quoted a military officer on duty on Tiananmen Square as saying the martial law troops had been informed that "the actual behind-the-scenes director of the revolt was the United States".

Foreign forces, especially the United States and Hongkong, had "exploited the patriotic sentiment of the students to create turmoil," he said.

## Born to be wild

LONDON: The first raven to be hatched at the Tower of London in more than 300 years made its public debut yesterday.

Legend has it that if the ravens leave the fortified tower, the British kingdom will be destroyed.

"Royalty, the fortress and England are safe," said John Wilmington, Keeper of the Queen's Ravens at the tower. Reuter

## Mark Six

EIGHT lucky punters won $2,874,340 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 9, 20, 27, 31, 37 and 39. The extra number was 33.

The second prize of $139,017 each had 29 winners while the third prize of $85,552 each had 993 winning units.

## TODAY

### Tennis

Michael Chang, 17, becomes the youngest player ever to enter the final of the French Open tennis tournament.

Back Page

### No vote

South Korean President Roh Tae Woo rules out a promised mid-term vote of confidence in his government.

Page 10

### Uno query

Japanese Prime Minister Sousuke Uno refuses to respond to a question in Parliament about a news report claiming he kept a highly paid geisha as his mistress.

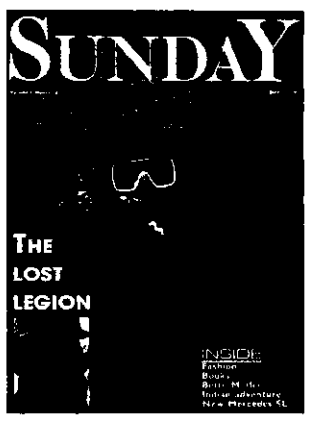
Page 11

### Fung Shui

Fung Shui Lo tells how the Four Pillars of destiny and luck foretold the rise, fall and death of former Communist Party General Secretary Hu Yaobang

Page 16

## TOMORROW




**FOUNDED by a battle-scarred colonel to wage war in Morocco, then mobilised by Franco during the Civil War, the Spanish Foreign Legion remains as tough a fighting force as ever. A special report.**

**Also we have an interview with Simon Murray, a former French Foreign Legionnaire.**

**There is a special report on the ozone layer and how Hongkong's part in saving it.**

**Our profile this week is of Bette Midler who scraped past a breakdown before she finally put booze, men and showbiz in their place.**

**In the books section Conor Cruise O'Brien reviews John le Carre's latest spy thriller *The Russia House*.**

**While our restaurant critic Barry Grindrod takes Hongkong's leading food and wine writer, Kevin Sinclair out to lunch.**

**All this plus more with *The Sunday Standard*.**

# Top debt agency to review Hongkong's credit rating

HONGKONG's international credit rating is at risk of being downgraded for the first time.

Moody's Investor Service, one of two leading US-based rating agencies has decided to make a formal review of the credit ratings assigned to the territory and to China.

To be affected by Moody's review is an estimated US$5.1 billion ($39.78 billion) worth of both Chinese and Hongkong long-term debts.

Last week, the other leading US rating agency, Standard and Poor, affirmed Hongkong's and China's ratings but stressed the "vulnerability" of China to meet its obligations as a result of the turmoil.

Moody's are reviewing:

■ The A3 long-term ratings on the bonds of China, Bank of China, and China International Trust and Investment Corp.

■ The A2 long-term foreign currency and Prime-1 short-term ratings of Mass Transit Railway Corporation and Prime-1 ratings of Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp for short-term bank deposits and commercial paper.

■ The A2 long-term and Prime-1 short-term sovereign-ceiling ratings for Hongkong bank deposits and the Aa2 long-term rating on the Hongkong dollar-denominated debt of the MTR.

Moody's has established an A2 rating ceiling for foreign currency denominated securities issued by Hongkong entities.

The Hongkong government itself has not issued any foreign currency debt.

The agency said: "The sovereign-ceiling ratings for Hongkong are being reviewed because of the close linkages between events in China and the prospects for economic and political stability in Hongkong."

It added also that it was reviewing whether its existing rating of China "adequately reflects the risks posed by the political upheaval in that country".

A lower rating would make overseas bond issues by a big corporation like the MTR less attractive, forcing it to offer a higher interest rate.

MTR finance director Roger Moss said yesterday that any move that would result in the downgrading of Hongkong's or the MTR's rating would certainly be regretted.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14946期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月 11 星期日 己巳年五月初八

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# 号召各级团组织共青团员行动起来 保卫革命建设和改革成果维护稳定

各级团组织和共青团员们：

北京发生的反革命暴乱，经过解放军戒严部队、武警部队和公安干警的坚决斗争已经取得了初步胜利。但是，目前北京和一些城市的形势仍然很严峻，稳定局势、确保城市安全已经成为关系国家前途和人民群众根本利益的首要任务。因此，共青团中央号召各级团组织和全体共青团员要在党和政府的领导下，积极行动起来，为保卫革命、建设和改革成果，保卫城市安全，维护社会稳定，保障人民生活做出积极贡献。

一、全体共青团员要认真学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，坚决贯彻中央稳定局势的各项指示和号令，认清这场斗争的性质和当前的严峻形势，经受锻炼和考验，坚决同党中央保持一致，与党和人民同心同德，为创造安定良好的社会环境而奋斗。

二、要旗帜鲜明地同危害国家和人民生命财产安全的打、砸、抢、烧等不法行为作坚决斗争。自觉遵纪守法，不信谣、不传谣，不做任何有损于国家和人民利益的事。

三、要发扬国家主人翁精神，坚守生产、工作和学习岗位，忠于职守，努力完成任务，保障生产，保证生活，在恢复和维护正常的经济秩序、社会生活秩序和教学秩序中发挥共青团员的模范带头作用。

四、各级共青团组织和团干部，要采取多种有效方式，配合党政及有关部门积极正面疏导，做好思想工作，稳定情绪，维护大局。要积极沟通渠道，促进党和政府与青年学生之间的理解和信任，密切军民关系，团结和组织广大团员青年，坚定不移地坚持四项基本原则，为推进改革开放，捍卫社会主义现代化建设事业贡献力量。

共青团中央

1989年6月10日

（新华社发）

# 戒严部队指挥部学习邓小平重要讲话 决心夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利

新华社北京6月10日电 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：戒严部队指挥部认真学习中央军委主席邓小平在接见戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话，决心再接再厉，夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利。

大家在讨论中说，邓小平同志高瞻远瞩，深刻精辟地分析了这场反革命暴乱发生的原因和实质，对戒严部队完成任务给予了高度评价，对今后军队建设和国家的改革、建设指明了方向，这对于全党全军和全国人民统一思想，团结奋斗，夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利，具有极其重大的深远的意义。

大家谈到，这场反革命暴乱的发生不是偶然的，这是国际大气候与中国当前存在的思潮相结合的一种政治逆流。迟早总是要发生的，是不以人们的意志为转移的。邓小平同志在这个关系到党和国家生死存亡的历史关头，以敏锐的洞察力和伟大气魄，及时准确地指明了这场斗争的性质。党中央果断地作出了坚决反对动乱、平息反革命暴乱的英明决策，挽救了党，挽救了国家，维护了全国人民的根本利益。一个多月的实践充分证明，邓小平同志对这场斗争性质的判断是完全正确的。邓小平同志不仅是全军的最高统帅，而且是我们国家建设和改革的总设计师。沿着党中央指引的方向前进，军队有希望，党有希望，我国的建设和改革有希望。

大家还谈到，邓小平同志以深厚的感情对戒严部队平息反革命暴乱给予了高度评价，这对戒严部队和全军指战员是极大的教育、鼓励和鞭策。在过去的几天中，戒严部队以自己的实际行动已经向党和人民交了一份合格的答卷，表明我们这支军队不愧是党领导下的人民军队，不愧为人民子弟兵；不愧为保卫人民民主专政的坚强柱石。同时大家深感责任重大，一致表示要认真总结经验教训，要善始善终，一鼓作气地夺取全胜。大家说，我们坚信，广大的人民群众是拥护党、走社会主义道路、热爱人民子弟兵的。暴乱分子、民族败类是极少数的。这几天的实践已充分证明了这一点。在人民群众的支持下，我们一定能把这份答卷写得更好。

大家认为，当前平息暴乱已经取得了重大胜利，但下一步的任务仍很艰巨。邓小平同志的讲话，既是对戒严部队的嘉奖令，又是动员令。大家表示，一定坚决执行国务院戒严令，充分发挥保卫队、宣传队、服务队的作用，与武警、公安干警和广大人民群众密切配合，继续稳、准、狠地打击一小撮反革命暴乱分子，积极做好宣传群众的工作，努力为首都人民群众办好事、办实事，同首都广大人民群众团结在一起，夺取平息反革命暴乱、恢复首都正常秩序的彻底胜利，努力为党和人民作出更大的贡献，让全国人民高兴，让党中央放心。

# 李鹏电贺雷日科夫任苏部长会议主席

新华社北京6月10日电 中华人民共和国国务院总理李鹏6月9日打电报给尼·伊·雷日科夫，对他再次被任命为苏联部长会议主席表示衷心祝贺。电报全文如下：

苏联部长会议主席

尼·伊·雷日科夫同志：

在您被任命为苏联部长会议主席之际，谨表示衷心的祝贺，祝您在这一重要的岗位上不断取得成就。

祝苏维埃国家繁荣昌盛，人民幸福。

祝中苏两国之间的关系不断发展和加强。

中华人民共和国国务院总理 李鹏

1989年6月9日于北京

# 北京抓获反革命暴乱暴徒四百多人

## “高自联”“工自联”有些头目也被缉拿归案

新华社北京6月10日电 据北京市公安部门今天介绍：到今天，公安干警在戒严部队和广大群众的积极协助下，已抓获400多名在反革命暴乱中参与打砸抢烧杀的暴徒。“高自联”和“工自联”的有些头目也被缉拿归案。一些潜逃外地的暴徒也纷纷落网。

在这些被抓获的暴徒中，有砸烧军车和公共电汽车、抢夺军用物资、毒打戒严部队官兵、冲击打砸国家机关和进行其他破坏活动的暴徒。“高自联”常委、秘书长郑海峰，在与一伙暴徒准备烧毁装甲车时，被战士当场抓获。

6月3日晚，暴徒庞金杰在陶然亭路口见一支戒严部队徒步向北行进，便从地上拣起一根军用武装带，拉打战士，并将一名被他打伤的战士拽出队伍，伙同一群歹徒再度进行毒打。这名身负重伤的战士头部被缝合60多针，至今尚未脱险。专程从河北满车来京参与暴乱的歹徒路中超，6月4日晚在木樨地从一辆军用卡车上拿下油桶，先后焚烧了多辆军用卡车和装甲车。6日傍晚，他企图重施暴行时，被执勤战士抓获。6月6日晚，暴徒王连喜在西单路口焚烧了一辆被用做路障的无轨电车，当他狂笑逃路时，被群众和公安人员抓获。

# 北京市人民政府 戒严部队指挥部 发出第13号通告

北京市人民政府 戒严部队指挥部通告（第13号）

为了严厉打击反革命暴乱分子，北京市人民政府和戒严部队指挥部特通告于下：

一、凡在首都发生的这场反革命暴乱中，砸抢烧军车、警车、公共电汽车和其他民用车辆者，或阴谋策划、组织唆使以及为这种暴行提供条件者，自本通告发布之日起，必须立即到所在地区的公安机关投案自首，争取从宽处理。对拒不投案自首者，将依法缉拿归案，从严惩处。

二、望市民们通过举报电话或直接向公安机关揭发检举上述犯罪分子。

1989年6月10日

（新华社发）

北京市座落大厦是首都主要的几家大商场之一，在关门停业几天之后，于6月10日下午3时重新开门营业，为市民的生活提供了方便。

本报记者 沈 进摄

# 首都正在恢复正常秩序

本报北京6月10日讯 今天是北京平息反革命暴乱的第七天，一周来笼罩着首都的紧张气氛逐渐缓和，社会秩序趋于正常。

记者上午在采访中看到，冷清几天的北京街道重又人来人往，骑自行车上下班的职工明显见多；在大北窑、呼家楼等三环路主要路口，都有戒严部队在值勤或巡逻，还有一些解放军战士和武警战士在群众的协助下清理街道两旁的杂物和垃圾；在通往城里的一条条大道上，运粮运菜的车辆络绎不绝，不时有贴着“为民运粮车”字样的军车驶过。

据了解，全市170条公共电汽车线路中已有166条恢复运营，今天投入运营的车辆比昨天明显增多，为上下班的乘客提供了方便。在9路公共汽车站，记者看到候车的乘客秩序井然。

在王府井大街，大部分商店恢复营业。记者看到恢复营业后的百货大楼和东安市场内货物充足，顾客神情自在地挑选商品，售货员热情待客。开门的银行营业部、储蓄所业务繁忙。城近郊区的粮店、菜店、副食商店基本上都已开门营业。

随着公共交通的恢复，邮政工人已开始投递信件，环卫工人上街清运垃圾，工厂的出勤率逐日提高。市教育局已发通知，要求全市所有中小学最迟于12日正常上课。

记者还了解到，近几天的民航航班和火车运行都基本正常。一位从天津来的乘客对记者说：“在天津听到很多关于北京的谣传，心情比较紧张。出站一看，景象与往常相似，坐车也很方便，心里踏实多了。”

# 一位目击者谈六月四日凌晨天安门广场清场情况

《北京日报》按：这份材料是根据一位机关干部的来访录音整理的。为保护被采访人的安全，文中隐略了被采访人的姓名和单位。

问：听说您在6月3日夜里到6月4日早晨这一段时间一直在天安门广场，从您的位置看到了天安门广场发生的全部事情。现在外头传说，那天夜里天安门广场伤了解放军，伤害了很多的学生。事实情况到底怎么样？我们想请您介绍一下。

首先我要问您一个问题，您是几点钟到您的商店的？

答：我是一家商店的，在天安门广场东侧路。那天听说有情况，我是在4号楼最1点50分左右到了天安门广场。

问：天安门广场在1点半的时候，据说部队已经开始管戒了。那您这个时候怎么能进来呢？

答：当时部队戒严是在东西长安街上，没有过长安街的中轴线，我从南边过来，没有受到任何阻拦。

问：您能不能说明一下，进场以后您看到的一些情况？

答：当我进场以后，我看到当时的情况比较乱。但不像我没来之前想象的那么乱。因为我来的时候有很多的围观群众，在广场上，在纪念碑周围，有一些大学生围着互相争吵是否撤离的问题。至于戒严部队那个时候在长安街中轴线以北、天安门城楼前，没有进入广场范围内。

问：大学生们争论撤还是不撤的过程您能不能说一下？

答：当时一部分大学生说，我觉得我们应该理智，现在政府已经进入军队，我们应理智一些撤走。还有一部分大学生说，我们在这里坚持这么长时间，反正已经来了，走嘛对我们来说不大合适，我们觉得还是应该呆在这个地方坚持到底。

问：是什么时候广播叫学生撤离广场的？

答：天安门广场1点50分已经广播了，几乎是每一遍用5分钟的时间，不间断地广播了2个多小时，从1点50分一直广播到3点55分左右。

问：到3点55分左右的时候，您看广场上还有没有学生？

答：在3点50分的时候，广场上的学生还是比较多的，围观群众也比较多，已经达到比较高潮的时期，就是争论到底是否撤离。

问：最后他们的结论是撤还是不撤？

答：在3点59分以后到4点钟的时候，这段时间，在人民大会堂上戒严指挥部又重新反复念了《通告》以后，广场的灯关闭了。这时广场上哗然，认为部队马上就要采取行动，有一部分围观群众，从广场的东南角往外边跑。当时部队并没有行动。

问：学生这时是不是也开始跑了？

答：学生当时没有往外跑。在4点20分左右，他们还是争论，一直没有争论出结果，后来就在广播上去争论，争论以后呢。当时去参加绝食的叫侯德健的说：“我发表一个个人意见”，说“我认为我们已经取得了胜利，我们没有必要在这个地方再留守。我认为我们应该理智，应该撤离。”

问：学生听到这个以后，是不是就开始整队撤离广场了呢？

答：学生听到以后，有两种反应，一种就是准备撤离，人数比较多。另外一个就是还有一部分是想坚持。一部分围观群众已经认为撤离是合理。还有一部分说坚持这么长时间，为什么要撤？也有两种反应。

问：您怎么能够这么清楚听到他们的这些不同意见？

答：因为当时我在广场，就在纪念碑底下。因为将近一两个月的时间，我几乎天天在商店值班，我也愿意把这个问题搞清楚，看看到底这个问题是怎么解决的。

问：学生是什么时候开始撤离广场的？

答：大约是在4点40分左右到4点55分左右，学生逐步撤起队来，在学生准备撤离的时候，他们当时无法表决意见，当时我听到部分学生在骂“高自联”的，就说他们到这个时候找不到人了。以后，不知是哪个学校的学生在广播里说，我们现在也无法再开什么紧急会议了，咱们现在表决一下，表决方式就是我数1、2、3，主张撤离的就喊“撤离”，愿意留守的就喊“留守”，根据人的多少，少数服从多数，反复说了几遍后，他就喊1、2、3。喊完1、2、3后，喊撤离的比喊留守的声音多得多，于是学生就准备从广场的东南角撤离。这时，在人民大会堂戒严部队指挥部的喇叭里马上给予了回答，说同意学生马上撤离，部队不采取什么行动，以后学生就五人一排，打着各校的旗子开始向外撤离。

问：在撤离过程中，您看到解放军对学生有没有什么行动？

答：在学生撤离的过程中，解放军没有采取任何行动。撤离时，部队从天安门逐步往广场这边南移，学生也逐步南移。部队和装甲车距群众和学生最近的也有十几米，最远的有五六十米。

问：这时装甲车上没有开枪吧？

答：没有开枪，部队也没有开枪。

问：学生在撤离后，广场上还有很多帐篷，据你所见还有没有留下不走的学生？

答：当时在广场外面有个别的学生，也是不愿意走，少数学生由于长期在这个地方，身体状况极差，换句话说他们几乎不能自制，坐在那儿呆呆地看，戒严部队的战士把这些学生拽起来，集中在纪念堂的正门前。在检查了每个帐篷后，装甲车才开过来，我亲眼看着帐篷里没有人。

问：是不是说装甲车开过来之前，战士们把每个帐篷都检查之后，确信里面没有留下学生，才把装甲车开过来的？

答：是这样的。

问：那就是说根本没有装甲车轧学生或是战士开枪打学生的事，是不是这样？

答：完全是这样的。

问：那以后有人说天安门广场起了火，这个你能不能说一下是怎么回事？

答：至于天安门广场起了火这个问题，是在学生撤离之前，一些围观群众和个别学生把他们穿的那些捐赠来的棉袄。还有看见明明就是新毛毯，第一次使用路就了的那种毛毯，还有新的棉被，他们用火点着了，点着以后，他们扔到路障上，觉得能够防止装甲车开过来，火烧到第二天凌晨以后，部队也没有扑灭它，因为当时广场垃圾很多，一起都烧了，我估计就是这样。

问：这个现象您看到了没有：就是部队来烧东西您看到了没有？

答：当时广场减严了，我看到着的火是围观群众和学生点的，或严部队是否烧我没看到。

问：戒严部队最后清场，学生全部撤离完大体上是什么时间？

答：大体是在4点50—5点30左右。

问：这个过程中，天安门广场响了枪没有？

答：没有响枪。

问：当天夜里，天安门广场是不是整夜都没有响枪？

答：那不是，东长安街1点50以前12点以后有枪声。

问：广场上响过枪没有？

答：广场上没有响枪。

问：有人说广场上5点30以后响起了枪声，您当时在现场，您看到这个情况吗？

答：6点钟左右，学生已经离开广场，戒严部队已经到了前门大街，广场上已经没有人了。有枪声也是事实，是广场外面一个楼房，有人说上面有人持武器朝戒严部队开枪，那是在戒严部队行动之前，有人在那边打枪。这时部队准备往这边查，楼上有围观的人，部队朝令他们下去，他们不下去，部队朝天上放枪，示意让他们离开。

问：那就是说这个枪声是从广场外的楼里向广场射出的子弹，部队进入广场以后，部队派出战士搜索这座楼，是不是这样？

答：是这么回事。

问：我再问您一个问题，就是装甲车、部队把学生赶出广场这个过程中，学生们有什么表示没有？

答：在部队清场的过程中，装甲车和群众、学生距离有50米的，有10米的；在这个时候，有部分围观群众，往装甲车上扔瓶子和砖头。

问：再想问您一个问题，就是解放军在清场过程中，您作为当时的一个目击者，或者说是一个旁观者，部队对您本人是怎么个态度？

答：在群众撤离和学生撤离的过程中，我是随着群众一起往外走的。当时我离装甲车也就只有10米远。清场完了以后，我就在我们单位门口站住了。群众就继续往南走，我回到了我们单位，戒严部队就开始搜索，搜索的时候，戒严部队发现我们所在的地方有带武器的，有一个战士作为戒备，枪口对着我瞄了一个多小时。

问：这一个多小时，您在干什么？

答：这一个多小时，我就在我们门口这个地方坐着，看看部队如何清场，我在抽烟。

问：您跟这个战士讲话了没有？

答：当时没有讲。

问：那天夜里过了以后，我听说有一些人打电话问您当时天安门广场情况，您是怎么回答的？

答：那天过了以后，6点多钟、7点多钟，开始有认识我的人和我单位的同事，还有一些外地人打长途来，因为他们知道我们这个单位是在天安门广场东侧路。问天安门广场只不地发生了流血事件，说血是不是有一寸多厚？当时我说，没有这种情况，确实在清场这个过程中，也就是说在1点50—5点30分的过程中，没有出现流血事件，也没有出现枪声。他们打电话问情况的就怀疑，说：“是不是你旁边有解放军拿枪对着你，不让你说？”我说根本不存在这个问题。

问：最近两天情况怎么样？因为您现在还在这个商店，而且周围全是部队。您能不能讲一下最近两天的情况？

答：从6月4日上午10点多钟开始起，我们就开始部分营业了，当然这个部分营业只是对首都戒严部队。战士们都是严守纪律的，对我们这个地方的同志，值夜班的老同志，都是比较尊重的，特别是戒严指挥部的首长，他几次到我们这来询问：“我们的战士有没有不守纪律？如果有这种情况，你不要有任何顾虑，报告我们，我们会严加处置的。”

问：天安门广场其他商店目前开门没有？

答：天安门广场在纪念堂的南门，有两个商亭，向战士出售香烟和部分饮料，广场的东侧往北的历史博物馆那边，也有向战士出售香烟的，其他的就没有什么营业的了。

问：您这两天一直在商店里边，您看战士生活得怎样？

答：在戒严的这段时间里头，到今天为止是7号了，有些部队是从6月3日进来的，由于他们进来的时候受阻，部分军需车被烧毁，所以说很多战士进来以后，食品非常的少，而且也没有水。他们经常到我们门市部来要自来水喝。他们吃的干粮都是压缩饼干，就说半斤一袋的压缩饼干吧，四块，其中一块，甚至要四个人吃一天。至于睡觉啊，他们只是在地上铺一个雨衣，也没有被子，头枕着钢盔在水泥地上睡的觉。

问：那就是说，他们生活很艰苦的，但是据您观察有没有违反纪律的情况？

答：绝对没有违反纪律的情况。因为我们自己带着饭吃，战士到我们这来买东西，看见我们有吃的，很羡慕，希望我们帮助他们一下。我们看到战士生活得很艰苦，而且已经疲惫不堪了，在前天下午的时候，我们帮助一部分战士买了几百袋方便面和一些榨菜。

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# 大公報

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# 首都市面氣氛基本穩定　京滬各地又捕五百人

【新華社北京十日電】據北京市公安部門今天介紹，現已抓獲四百多名在反革命暴亂中參與打砸搶燒殺的暴徒。「高自聯」和「工自聯」的有些頭目已被抓拿歸案。一些情況外地的暴徒也紛紛投案。在這些被抓獲的暴徒中，有酒後駕車和公共汽車、擔架隊的暴徒，有打砸醫院藥店的暴徒，有偷盜搶劫的暴徒，有造謠煽動的暴徒，在其一伙暴徒準備燒毀坦克車時，被執法官當場抓獲。

## 指爲「參與打砸搶燒殺的暴徒」

## 京滬速捕五百餘人

### 包括「高自聯」「工自聯」負責人多名

【新華社上海十一日電】上海市人民政府九日依法取締煽動暴亂、擾亂社會秩序的非法組織「上海工人自治聯合會」以來，連續採取行動，已將該會的一些骨幹分子和積極參加打砸搶燒殺的暴徒逮捕。

根據人民群眾來信來電的揭發和初步查實，由魏盛祖、王鈞根、王紅等人策劃成立的「上海工人自治聯合會」，煽動、糾集一些社會上的流氓、地痞、無業人員和不明真相的群眾，進行打砸搶燒殺的暴亂活動。

九月十五日，該會頭頭已被上海公安機關抓獲。

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【新華社上海十一日電】一些被煽動的群眾，在這些被抓獲的暴徒中，有酒後駕車和公共汽車、擔架隊的暴徒，有打砸醫院藥店的暴徒，有偷盜搶劫的暴徒，有造謠煽動的暴徒，在其一伙暴徒準備燒毀坦克車時，被執法官當場抓獲。

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一名外交官員說，「我們也受到警告，不要用汽車作為步行方向，破壞經濟的正常運行。」

【美聯社上海十日電】約二百名學生遭捕，而爭取民主的學生已接到有關他們未來行動的「威脅」警告。上海官方新聞屋期六說，在過去數天，有一百三十人由於涉及「散播謠言，煽動破壞通訊」而被警方拘留。

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【新華社北京十日電】據新華社報道，上海、武漢等地人民檢察院和公安機關分別批准逮捕和收審了製造騷亂暴徒事件的罪犯及為非作歹的歹徒。

上海公安機關查明，徐國明、彭家民、裘迎春等十名犯罪分子，在六月六日光新路蟠溪路道口交通事故發生後，經機造謠惑衆，製造事端，他們糾集同一批歹徒砸烈士車車廂，縱火焚燒九張加在軍隊威信下慢慢不安百姓的第上。

驀然，北京一千萬居民中有更多人躺在街上巡邏。

星期五夜間，一支裝甲部隊——八十三輛坦克和二十九輛裝甲運兵車駛向北京市郊。這支車隊繼去，多少減輕了北京市中心天安門廣場的水泥地板的沉重事實壓力。

一位北京工人說：「人們為裝出很緊張，堆起路障，有六萬多人參與了。」

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# 動行捕搜模規大開展警軍滬京
# 人多百四拘認承字數布公方官

## 北京廣設截查路障
## 大學區內靜寂可怖
### 高自聯工自聯部份首腦先後被捕

【本報北京十一日電】北京公安部與軍管今日繼續行大搜捕的搜捕行動，初步已知有四百多人被捕，包括若干學生和工人現柏。

晚間的捕搜行動由昨晚十時開始一直進行至今日凌晨。北京市內到處設有檢查路障，幾乎每一個主要路口都有軍管戰車和武裝士兵把守，等待公安或軍管的車前來帶走。目擊者稱，他們在三環路的一個立交橋上發現不少軍車，旁邊有軍管看管着不少將在地上的人，似是等着被帶走的「可疑人物」。

在海淀大學區一帶，也是一片靜寂恐怖。多家大學大門緊閉，裏面已是空空如也，只有最後一些學生在收拾行裝，準備離校，與此同時，便衣在搜監離校內各人，而軍隊則未進入校內。

## 滬工自聯九首腦被捕
### 數百學生往警局示威
### 從昨晨起靜坐 要求在四十八小時內放人

【新華社北京十日電】據北京市公安部門今天介紹，現已抓獲四百多名在反革命暴亂中參與打砸搶燒殺的暴徒。「高自聯」的有些頭目也被境本騷亂的武裝暴徒劫持逃外地的暴徒也紛紛落網。

在這些被抓獲的暴徒中，有使用軍車和公共汽車，搶奪軍用物資、毆打或殺害執行任務官兵、衝擊打砸國家機關和進行其他破壞活動的暴徒。「高自聯」自稱「常委」、「勤務員」的暴徒北京市公安部門今天介紹，現已抓獲四百多名在反革命暴亂中參與打砸搶燒殺的暴徒。「高自聯」的有些頭目也被境本騷亂的武裝暴徒劫持逃外地的暴徒。一些潛逃外地的暴徒也紛紛落網。

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【新華社北京十日電】據北京市公安部門今天介紹，現已抓獲四百多名在反革命暴亂中參與打砸搶燒殺的暴徒。「高自聯

# 快報

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# 美將宣布制裁中共新措施

# 日本料鄧未必能穩住局勢

## 上海九名工人領袖被捕

## 學生大義凜然求「換人」

## 公安「揚威」聲稱破「愛國義勇軍」組織

（快報消息）上海市人民政府採取行動，拘捕了九名「上海工人自治聯合會」的領導人物，並形容他們煽動罷課，策劃搞串連和推翻上海市人民政府。

另外，上海公安機關指出，他們已向一批少年犯發放槍械，並要求以自己為敢被捕。

在六月六日新路線通訊中，他們以同一批少年犯群眾舉行了一次「反通訊」，推翻交通部長，阻打公安車隊，並打傷公安人員。

上海市人民檢察院分別對「阻擾破壞火車」、「製造工具、交通設備罪」、「打擊政府」、「煽惑他人犯罪」、「破壞交通和社會秩序」、「侮辱國家機關」、「煽動反動口號」、「組織反動組織」、「破壞鐵路」、「破壞交通工具」、「交通設備罪」、「妨害公務」等十項罪名，對他們提出起訴。

拘捕行動是在昨日凌晨展開的，被捕的九名工人領袖，包括：

龔勇軍，男，四十歲，被捕地點：上海工人自治聯合會

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# 明報

# 楊尚昆領導「六一小組」 對付萬人黑名單不手軟

【本報北京十日電】英國駐華大使館武官沃爾士昨日抵港，他會見兩局的官原籍具後通報，英國政府可能會修改庇護人團國中國的危機時以獲得居留權，同時英國政府正考慮一些新措施，包括聯絡一些歐洲國家，加拿大或美國，給予個人居留權。

布力古宣布，要英國在北京三百多萬香港居民中，給予一些特別待遇，會十分困難，但他將透英首相撒切爾夫人能不排除可以修改現行入境法，甚至打破立新法例，使港人移居英國有更大彈性。

布力古又稱另一位保守黨議員，以及兩名工黨議員將於明天，聯取港人在中國制裁學生民主運動的切身問題的最新意見。

兩位保守黨議員批評政局官席，他們認為英國必須立法局官席議員要求國家會面，要求中國政府在六四事件中，對英國人的態度作出解釋。

布力古又稱，英國有義務為港人安排，如果中國在一九九七年後違反中英聯合聲明，英國有責任採取行動。

【本報訊】北京四百萬市民連日來，每日由總部高層官員發出的指令，以及各種小道消息，令人感到不勝驚訝。

例如，有關部門要求各單位，在六月四日安排人員，在天安門廣場附近的臨安大街，各領取紅圍巾一條，以便識別。

另一方面，中國知識分子的命運，在六四事件後，也面臨空前的危機。據悉，北京市工人自治聯會的一些負責人，已經被捕，其中包括京城最早組織工人組織的「北京工人自治聯會」的負責人王丹，在一個月前已經被捕。

此外，北京市高校自治聯會的一些負責人，包括北京大學的封從德，北京師範大學的王超華，以及北京政法學院的王維佳，也在最近被捕。

北京市公安局在逮捕這些人士後，並沒有公開宣布，而是採取秘密逮捕的方式，使中共的地理，變得更為恐怖

# 中共拘捕四百多人 大清算序幕已揭開

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總機五一七二一七三一四

## 今日新聞提要

一、天安門民運總指揮柴玲控訴中共殺戮同胞，全文刊第十六版。
二、中共各地大捕民運人士，刊第一版。
三、有看抒聲中共狄後算賬，刊第二版。
四、李怡與陳文鴻現大陸將陷入黑暗期，刊第十四版。
五、李煥說政府追求民主政治實踐，刊第三版。

## 學生領袖郭海豐證實陷魔掌 上海工聯九名成員已遭逮捕

## 羅織打砸搶罪名誣指偷竊彈藥燒卡車散播謠言

【北平十日路透社電】中共星期六晚，逮捕出動機槍警察監視。但有部分被逮已遇出北平，該報導稱總共逮捕四百人，銀行一還銀拍大會員已經開幕。

【本報華府十日電】據上海調民說，在進行國慶「反政府動亂」中，最少有一百三十人被逮。另一方面，爭取民主的學生示威遊行則繼續進行

EIGHT PAGES OF COLOUR COMICS

South China
# Sunday Morning Post

INSIDE IN COLOUR asia magazine

Vol. XLV No. 160 | HONGKONG, SUNDAY, JUNE 11, 1989 | Tel: 5-852222 | Price $3.00

# Crackdown starts: 400 held

## Students call off plans for more street protests

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINESE authorities yesterday intensified their suppression of dissidents with the arrest of more than 400 people in country-wide swoops.

Faced with the display of hard-line resolve from a leadership showing an increasingly united front behind Deng Xiaoping, fearful student leaders said they were abandoning plans to challenge the nation's leaders.

State television announced the arrests and showed one detainee being interrogated at gunpoint. Others were dragged into police stations with their heads bowed.

"In order to protect Beijing, martial law troops have arrested more than 400 ruffians, some of whom were caught hiding out in Hebei Province, Tianjin and Shanghai," the official Beijing People's Broadcasting said.

The widely expected arrests were made a week after troops crushed pro-democracy demonstrations in Tiananmen Square in Beijing with a loss of life estimated to be in the thousands.

Analysts said more arrests were likely and there would be massive purges within the party to weed out reformist sympathisers of deposed Communist Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

The television report said the suspects had been arrested on charges that included violence against security personnel, torching buses and military vehicles, looting, spreading rumours and inciting unrest.

Radio and newspaper reports in Shanghai, where tens of thousands of students demonstrated on Friday to mourn those killed in Beijing, said more than 130 people had been taken into custody.

The reports said those arrested included leaders of the independent students and workers unions that sprang up during the largest anti-government demonstrations since the founding of communist China in 1949.

Student leader Guo Haifeng, described as secretary-in-chief of the Beijing independent student union, was reported to have been arrested.

Earlier in the day a student leader in Shanghai said nine labour activists had been seized for forming an illegal union.

No new protests were reported yesterday in Shanghai after authorities warned students to abandon attempts at illegal gatherings, and "not to go any further down this dangerous road".

Among those held in Beijing were 12 arrested in the university district in the northwest, though none were students. Police were quoted as saying they had gone to a campus and arrested robbery suspects.

"Some had knives, others had bullets on them," one policeman said. Television showed film of confiscated items including a paperback book bearing the photograph of Polish labour leader Lech Walesa.

In Beijing the government worked hard to place a mask of normality on the face of a population held firmly in the military's grip. Although increasing numbers of Beijing's 10 million residents took to the streets on bicycles and boarded battle-scarred buses to head to work and to markets, traffic was quieter than normal and commuters warily watched the armed troops patrolling the capital.

Beijing's mayor, Chen Xitong, called for an immediate full restoration of production and work to recover the losses caused by the "counter-revolutionary rebellion".

Mr Chen said: "Wherever we find people who loot, beat and burn, we will exercise the dictatorship of the proletariat against them." This is a communist euphemism for stern punishment.

Last night tanks and armoured troop carriers moved out of Beijing at high speed. More than 70 tanks left Tiananmen Square and diplomats said it was possible the army had completely withdrawn its armoured units from central Beijing.

Other provincial cities, however, were still clearly in the grip of major disturbances. A broadcast from the ancient city of Xian, in the northwest, talked of a "very grim" situation there, after all roads were blocked for more than four days by demonstrators, public transport paralysed and some factories forced to close.

On Friday, hard-line unity was emphasised by the televised reappearance of Deng Xiaoping, who had not been seen in public for more than three weeks.

Mr Deng was flanked by President Yang Shangkun and Premier Li Peng, blamed by many Chinese for ordering the military advance into Beijing.

Mr Deng declared China's economic reform and open-door policy would continue.

Yesterday front-page photographs in official newspapers had the new order standing with Mr Deng, the supreme leader of the armed forces in his capacity as chairman of the Military Commission of the Chinese Communist Party's Central Committee.

First in line were Defence Minister Qin Jiwei, the heads of the three branches of the People's Liberation Army, the chief of General Staff Headquarters Chi Haotian, the director of the General Political Department Yang Baibing, the head of the General Logistics Department, Cho Nam Qi, and the generals commanding the main army corps.

The message, according to analysts, could not have been clearer: rifts within the army have been forgotten, at least for the time being.

However, a diplomatic rift between Washington and Beijing continued as state radio criticised the country's leading dissident, Fang Lizhi, for taking refuge in the US Embassy this week.

In other developments yesterday:

- Scores of foreigners joined a US Embassy convoy sent from Beijing to Shanghai to evacuate the city. The convoy took 89 people back to Beijing airport. The evacuees were primarily students, teachers, tourists and oil field workers. Thousands of foreigners have already left Beijing.
- China yesterday expelled the first Western journalist since the unrest broke out in April. British television producer Peter Newport of Independent Television News (ITN) was ordered to leave on charges of carrying out activities incompatible with his visa status.
- The World Bank announced it is reviewing whether or not to go forward with several hundred million dollars in loans to China.
- The official *People's Daily*, quoting a letter from an unidentified teacher who allegedly witnessed the events, accused the US Government-backed Voice of America of being irresponsible in reporting that 3,000 people died in the massacre.

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plus

**8-PAGE CHINA SPECIAL**


Reuter

□ Students try to burst through police lines during a protest yesterday in Shanghai over the arrest of nine workers.

## Swoop in Shanghai nets 130

AT least 130 people have been arrested in Shanghai in a crackdown on anti-government unrest, while pro-democracy students received a "stern" warning on their future conduct, residents said yesterday.

Shanghai's official press revealed yesterday that 130 people had been detained by police over the past few days for activities ranging from "the spreading of rumours, damaging transportation and disruption of communications".

It was unclear whether the figures included the nine founding members of an independent trade union, who were yesterday reported as arrested for advocating the "overthrow" of the government.

Independent trade unions and students' unions have been branded as illegal by the city government.

The nine founding members of the Shanghai Autonomous Workers' Union were accused in the *Shanghai Liberation Daily* of "spreading rumours, distributing leaflets, instigating strikes and advocating the overthrow of the government".

They were also accused of "infiltrating ... crowds of students and shouting reactionary slogans."

The 130 people were detained after unrest in Shanghai following the weekend massacre in Beijing.

Residents, students and workers threw up barricades on access roads into the city last week in an attempt to block troops from entering, witnesses said.

One woman was detained for distributing "counter-revolutionary" propaganda which described the "Beijing massacre", according to the press reports.

Meanwhile, several hundred students protested on behalf of the arrested leaders of the banned workers' union outside the public security offices in Shanghai, witnesses said.

The banner-waving students chanted "release our brothers" and "long live unity", they said.

The nine workers formed their union on Friday along the lines of a similar workers' union set up in Beijing on May 19.

● Continued Page 2

# Passport plan for key officials

By DAVID CONNETT

PASSPORTS for key public servants look certain to form a cornerstone of Mrs Thatcher's "more flexible" approach to the thorny question of nationality.

Downing Street sources indicated last night that Mrs Thatcher was anxious to secure the loyalty of key public sector workers by offering them full British passports with a right of abode.

Despite the fact that such a move has already been attacked as "divisive" it is believed Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe will announce the move as part of the package of measures Whitehall hopes will help allay fears of Hongkong people in the wake of the Beijing massacre.

Such a move is favoured by Downing Street because it would not require a change in the law. The 1981 Immigration Amendment Act already contains a clause which allows the government to grant right of abode to Crown servants.

Other measures Mr Howe will announce when he arrives in Hongkong next month include a speeding up of the democracy program as a "matter of priority" according to Downing Street sources last night.

But the full package will not be known for some time as the British parliamentary recess is approaching. As one senior source said: "There simply isn't the pressure of Tory MPs pushing at the gates to get it done quickly."

Some British government officials are worried that Mrs Thatcher's promise of more flexibility might give false hope to Hongkong's 3.2 million Dependent Territory Passport holders.

"The fact remains that allowing 3.2 million Hongkong Chinese into Britain was politically unacceptable last week and remains so this week. What happened in Beijing was a terrible tragedy, but it doesn't alter the fact we cannot allow all those people into the country," said a senior government source.

The policy of issuing passports to groups of selected people will almost certainly prove controversial.

Dame Lydia Dunn, Executive Councillor, yesterday told reporters Britain had a moral obligation to seek a home of last resort for all Hongkong people. She said it would be unacceptable and divisive to grant the right of abode only to certain categories of people in the territory.

"We think it would be a disservice to the community at this time when there's such unity to separate the community into the haves and have-nots which is essentially what that kind of proposal is about.

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### WEATHER

SUNNY PERIODS

Today will be cloudy with sunny periods. Maximum temperature will be around 31 degrees.

# MP anger at policy on Hongkong

By DAVID CONNETT

PADDY Ashdown, the leader of the British Social and Liberal Democrat party launched yet another outspoken attack on the British Government's treatment of Hongkong yesterday.

He said there was deep, universal dismay and a growing sense of anger at Britain's stance and he warned that failure by Britain to make the correct decisions would greatly increase the Hongkong Government's difficulties and seriously damage Britain's standing in the Pacific area.

Speaking at a press conference yesterday, Mr Ashdown said the massacre in Beijing presented Hongkong and the UK with a "key, but limited, window of opportunity".

"If this is now seized, there is a real prospect of making important progress towards resolving Hongkong's future. If it is lost then the consequences could be both damaging and long term," he said.

He warned Britain's "inability to face up to her responsibilities has led to a considerable decline in investment from Hongkong and other Pacific nations in the UK".

He said it was too early to be certain whether Hongkong had genuinely come of age in the last week but "what is certain is the massacre in Beijing has produced a sense of cohesion, identity and political interest in Hongkong which the UK will be extremely foolish to ignore".

The cohesion was impressive he said, but warned it could vanish. "It must be built on quickly if it is not to dissolve under the natural concerns and fears of a very uncertain future. This would not only be tragic, it could be disastrous," he said.

The question of nationality and the pace of democratisation could not be traded off against each other by Mrs Thatcher's government, he added.

His party's policy on nationality remained unchanged he said. They wanted a clear right of abode in Britain for all British Dependent Territory Citizen passport holders.

There were also practical ways Britain could help the people of Hongkong if right of abode was not granted.

"One might be to allow people the right of re-admission to the UK. Another to establish an international agreement amongst Western free democracies to provide a refuge of last resort. We believe there would be a reasonable prospect of interest in this proposal, if only Britain would take a lead," he said.

On the question of democracy, he said it was essential to speed things up. "Hongkong is now clearly ready to take more the decisions about its own destiny into its own hands."

He said the Ortelco proposal for full elections by the year 2003 was a "starting point, but I hope that it will be possible to proceed faster."

A target of a 50 per cent elected Legislative Council should be aimed for by 1991 and a wholly elected one by 1995.

"We also think there is a case for strengthening the international position of Hongkong. It would be wholly inappropriate for Hongkong to have any sort of independent status in the world community, but we believe the Hongkong elements of British delegations to international bodies should be made up of people from Hongkong representative bodies."

**OUTSPOKEN campaigner Jack Edwards yesterday dismissed comments made by visiting MPs on the destiny of Hongkong people as hollow words uttered by vote-seeking politicians.**

**After watching Britain's Shadow Foreign Secretary Mr Gerald Kaufman giving an interview to a TV news crew Mr Edwards, a former prisoner of war, said: "He was giving the usual waffle of a visiting MP. He is typical of all MPs. They come here for 48 hours, mumble sweet nothings and go away again. Emotions are running high and it's a waste of time talking to politicians.**

**"I don't think anything will come of all their visits this week. They're more concerned with votes than with anything else."**

**Mr Edwards received a round of spontaneous applause from a Chinese crowd gathered near the Cenotaph yesterday after speaking to British TV reporters, then led the gathering in a Chinese pro-democracy, pro-freedom chant.**

## HK copy of goddess for Victoria Park

**HONGKONG's replica of the Goddess of Democracy in Tiananmen Square is to be installed in Victoria Park on Friday.**

**The decision was jointly arrived at by the All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-Democracy Movement, and representatives of the artists who have worked on the 10-metre high statue.**

**Alliance spokesman Mr Lau Chin-shek said he anticipated no problems with the police, as they had not objected to two previous notices that the statue would be erected last Wednesday and today.**

**Initial plans were for the statue to be installed in Victoria Park last Wednesday, but they were postponed to today due to reports of disturbances, which also resulted in the Alliance calling off mass rallies it had planned for the same day.**

# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

June 11, 1989 Subscriber's copy only/Not for sale


# Thatcher to review law on passports

**By Tim Metcalfe and Penny Mote**

BRITISH Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher has promised an "urgent review" of nationality laws which could permit many more Hongkong Chinese a bolthole to the United Kingdom if the going gets rough after 1997.

Reports last night from London hinted that she has struck a secret deal with Governor Sir David Wilson granting preferential treatment to 180,000 civil servants and another 50,000 retired civil servants and top businessmen.

But 10 Downing Street refused to confirm or deny this.

Section 4 (5) of the British Nationality Act of 1981 empowers the government to grant citizenship for services to the Crown.

About 800 of the 180,000 Hongkong Government employees have applied for passports under section 4 (5). Only four of the applicants have succeeded.

However, Mrs Thatcher is definitely re-considering Hongkong's nationality plight in the wake of China's hardline crushing of its student democracy movement.

The Governor has managed to convince her that the "insurance policy" of right of abode in Britain will help restore Hongkong's shattered confidence.

Sir Peter Blaker, Chairman of the British Hongkong Parliamentry Group, who is on a fact finding mission to the territory, said: "The Prime Minister has mentioned it may be necessary to make changes to the legislation.

"There is scope within the existing law for a certain amount of flexibility but she clearly has not excluded new legislation," he said.

But it was unlikely, he said, that all 3.25 million Hongkong citizens would be offered right of abode in the UK.

"I find that very difficult to visualise."

Sir Peter described immigration as "just about the most sensitive topic in British politics."

"It's the most pressing topic. The most important one in political terms in present times," he said.

Sir Peter admitted the question of certain categories being eligible had been one consideration discussed by the government.

Only two weeks ago, Britain discounted all prospects of changes to Britain's Nationality Act.

The Minister with Special Responsibilities for Immigration, Mr Timothy Renton, did predict that right of abode may eventually be granted to civil servants.

Citizenship applications from civil servants would be considered by the Home Office on advice from the Governor.

They are usually considered on the basis of length of service, links with the UK and indications that the civil servant had directly benefitted Britain.

Now diplomatic channels are buzzing with claims that a deal has been reached granting right of abode to all of Hongkong's civil servants, as well as those who have already retired.

A spokesman at 10 Downing Street would only say: "The Prime Minister is urgently looking at the question for all the people of Hongkong, but nothing has been decided yet."

Security Secretary Geoffrey Barnes added from London: "The ball is very much in the British government's court."

He said the source of reports published in British newspapers yesterday was a mystery.

"I don't know where they could have got this information from ... certainly not from the Governor or me."

Sir David is urging an emergency escape as insurance for the 3.2 million

Cont'd Page 3, Column 1

■ This photograph, taken by a Chinese photographer last Sunday morning and released yesterday, shows troops beating a student to death on Chang An Avenue near Tiananmen Square.

# 400 dissidents arrested as purge begins

**From correspondents in Beijing**

CHINA'S hardliners led by Deng Xiaoping yesterday launched a major purge of dissidents and intellectuals.

Reports from Beijing said more than 400 people had been arrested and more were expected in what many fear is the start of nationwide reprisals.

One of those arrested was Gua Haifeng, a Beijing University student who was secretary of the United Association of Beijing Universities, the independent student group that led seven weeks of pro-democracy demonstrations which were put down last weekend when tanks and troops rolled into Tiananmen Square and turned their guns on demonstrators.

Announcing the arrest in its main evening news, state television said other prominent worker and student leaders were among those arrested.

It described those arrested as "ruffians" and said they were responsible for attacks on troops, destroying military vehicles, stealing weapons, spreading rumours and inciting violence.

In Shanghai nine founder members of a new independent workers' union were arrested overnight. Foreign residents in Beijing said they saw plainclothes security men detaining people – some at gun point.

Troops also surrounded the Academy of Social Sciences in Beijing, a prestigious think-tank, many of whose members are closely linked with reformists in the leadership including party chief Zhao Ziyang who has been pushed aside.

Thousands of students involved in the pro-democracy demonstrations have left the capital and many of the movement's leaders have gone into hiding.

China's best-known dissident, physicist Fang Lizhi, who has taken shelter in the US embassy in Beijing, was yesterday branded a "traitor".

Throughout the day Chinese radio and television broadcast comments by an unidentified writer who branded Professor Fang a "traitor" and urged that he not be allowed to leave the country.

Fang and his wife, Li Shuxian, fearing for their safety, fled to the US embassy last Sunday.

"We are very angry. Such a traitor cannot be allowed to escape ... he is not a patriot," the

Cont'd Page 3, Column 2

## INSIDE

### Your World on Sunday

**The Lost Legion**

Founded by a battle-scarred colonel to wage war in Morocco, then mobilised by Franco during the Civil War, the Spanish Foreign Legion remains as tough a fighting force as ever. Plus an interview with Hutchison Whampoa managing director Simon Murray about his time in the French Foreign Legion.

**Bette Midler**

A profile of the gutsy singer and actress who scraped past a breakdown before she finally put booze, men and showbiz in their place.

**John le Carré**

Conor Cruise O'Brien reviews John le Carre's latest spy thriller *The Russia House*.

**Ozone layer**

How Hongkong is playing a part in saving the ozone layer.

**Plus**

Restaurant critic Barry Grindrod takes Hongkong's leading food and wine writer, Kevin Sinclair out to lunch.

**In Today's Paper**


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# War veteran lashes visiting MPs

TWO British MPs were heckled by outspoken war veteran Jack Edwards yesterday as they visited the Cenotaph.

Labour's shadow foreign affairs secretary Gerald Kaufman and foreign affairs spokesman George Foulkes went the Cenotaph to pay respects to the victims of the Beijing massacre last weekend when an emotional Mr Edwards started shouting at them.

"You come here for five minutes and off again," Mr Edwards said.

"We live here. What we want is not sweet words, we want action. We've had enough sweet words from visiting MPs."

Mr Foulkes and Mr Kaufman then calmly tried to explain the motives behind their two-day fact-finding mission.

■ Jack Edwards, left, makes a point to MP George Foulkes at the Cenotaph yesterday.

"What we're saying is what kind of action is in the best interests for the future stability and prosperity of Hongkong," Mr Foulkes said.

Mr Edwards said his concern lay not with himself but with the local population.

"I'm angry with the government. I've got a British passport in my back pocket. Where's your sense of justice?" he said.

As the two MPs made their way towards the Legco building to meet Dame Lydia Dunn, Mr Edwards rallied a crowd chanting in Chinese:

"Long live freedom. Long live democracy. Down with Li Peng."

Earlier Mr Kaufman said the two were here to learn what Hongkong people wanted from the British parliament.

Mr Kaufman said he would be looking at the rights of abode and entry issues in the context of overall immigration law.

# British TV journalist ordered out

**BRITISH television producer Peter Newport was expelled from China yesterday on charges of carrying out activities incompatible with his visa status.**

**Mr Newport, who works for Britain's Independent Television News (ITN), was arrested on Saturday while filming a demonstration outside the Public Security Building in Shanghai, China's biggest city.**

**The newsman said he had entered China on a tourist visa and had signed a statement during questioning by police admitting he was working**

Cont'd Page 3, Column 2

# Territory resilient in crisis, says bank chief

**By Florence Pang**

HONGKONG and Shanghai Bank chairman Mr William Purves said yesterday he believed Hongkong would continue to thrive despite recent events in China.

Speaking on his return from a meeting of the International Monetary Conference in Madrid, Mr Purves said he had been horrified by events and by the number of deaths.

"The violent outcome of the demonstrations is all the more regrettable coming as it does after a decade of great economic progress in China," he said.

"We can only hope that a way will be found for China to continue its march towards prosperity without calamitous political consequences.

"People in Hongkong, and the territory's many friends around the world, have naturally been wondering what consequences the crisis in China will have for Hongkong. My answer is that Hongkong has seen worse crises than this.

"It has gone through wars and revolutions, and has bounced back every time, thanks to its resilience and its pragmatic people.

"I believe that Hongkong will continue to thrive, but we must keep cool heads and not falter."


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PM014


# Taxman eyes president's home

KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine: President George Bush doesn't know it yet, but this town's tax assessor wants to pay him a visit.

Mr Donald Hemphill, Kennebunkport's municipal assessor, said he wants to get inside Mr Bush's seaside home for a tour.

The result will undoubtedly be a higher tax bill for the president.

Mr Hemphill said he is in the middle of revaluing all the property in Kennebunkport, and the Bush estate is high on his list.

Mr Hemphill said Mr Bush's 26-room house was last valued in 1982, when the value was set at US$391,000 (HK$6.95 million).

In 1988, Mr Bush paid US$17,600 (HK$137,280) in property taxes on the house, which occupies almost three hectares of prime property.

Real estate people have estimated its value about US$3 million (HK$23.4 million).

"God knows what, the house is really worth. Property values went crazy around 1986," Mr Hemphill said.

Whatever Mr Hemphill's new valuation is, Bush can certainly expect a healthy increase in his property taxes for 1989.

"He will just have to brace himself when he gets the bill," Mr Hemphill said. "I think he is ready for it. If he isn't, he just doesn't read the newspapers."

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON

"He bit the Godfather."

# Beer banned in Kenya

**NAIROBI: Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi has banned the brewing and drinking of all traditional beer in Kenya.**

**"I am not prepared to lead a drunken nation," state radio quoted Mr Moi as saying. "From today, June 10, all brewing and drinking of traditional beer, even during traditional ceremonies, must cease."**

**The church-going, teetotaller Mr Moi was addressing a fund-raising meeting in Kericho, headquarters of tea-growing region in western Kenya, 264 kilometres from the capital, Nairobi.**

**In Kenya, various brands of traditional beer are made mainly at home from fermented honey, sugarcane, coconut, and grains like corn, millet and sorghum.**

# Sanchez sinks Steffi Graf

**PARIS: Seventh seed Arantxa Sanchez of Spain upset world number one Steffi Graf of West Germany to win the women's singles at the French Open yesterday.**

**The 17-year-old Sanchez won 7-6 (8-6) 3-6 7-5 in an incredible match which lasted almost three hours to replace Graf as the youngest-ever winner of the title.**

Full story back page

# Surviving boy missing as mass murder search starts

**By Jeremy Lau**

POLICE are looking for a middle-aged man and an eight-year old boy, the sole survivor of a family of five found dead in a flat in Western early yesterday.

The man, described as fat and in his mid-50s, is believed to have information about the deaths, which were discovered on the fifth floor of a building at No 26 Belcher's Street.

The case has been classified as homicide.

Police found handwritten Chinese characters on the wall of the flat, alleging that a relative of the murdered family had destroyed the lives of another family by pushing drugs in Wong Tai Sin.

The deaths were discovered by an uncle and cousin of the mother, 40-year-old Yeung Wai-yi, at about 1.20 am after they had been unable to contact her by telephone.

The two men discovered the wooden door of the flat half open and the iron grille unlocked.

They found the father, Tse Yuen-fong, 50, lying in a pool of blood, covered with a cotton quilt in the sitting room.

The mother was found in the kitchen, her 20-year-old son Wai-man on the balcony and her 14-year-old daughter, Nga-wing in the bathroom.

The eight-year-old youngest son of the family was missing. Police officers found a blood-stained knife at the scene.

■ A policeman removes evidence from the dead family's flat in Belcher Street yesterday.

All the bodies were moved to Victoria Public Mortuary at about 9 am.

The slain family was believed to have lived with a middle-aged man for more than 10 years.

The man was said to be the godfather of the three children and had helped raise the youngest two.

The father had recently indicated he would move his family to another district and had been scolded for planning to abandon the godfather of his children.

A neighbour said the Tse family were all good people. "They greeted us whenever they met us in the corridor," she said.

She said she did not believe the family were victims of retaliation and the Chinese characters on the wall were an attempt to conceal the real motive for the killings.

# 人民日报

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1989年6月12日 星期一 已巳年五月初九 北京地区天气预报 白天 阴间多云有小雨 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴有雨 风向 偏南 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 27℃ 最低 18℃

人民日报社出版


武警总部党委学习贯彻邓小平重要讲话

## 决心为彻底平息反革命暴乱作新贡献

**新华社北京6月11日电** 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：武警总部党委和机关干部战士认真学习军委主席邓小平同志接见戒严部队军以上干部的重要讲话，采取有力措施，决心为彻底平息这场暴乱作出新的贡献。

9日晚上和10日上午，武警总部分别召开了由总部机关司、政、后部门以上领导和北京总队领导参加的党委扩大会议和机关干部战士大会，司令员李连秀、政治委员张秀夫传达了邓小平同志接见戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话，并组织认真讨论。

为了贯彻落实邓小平同志关于彻底平息暴乱的指示，武警总部党委要求武警部队与人民解放军和公安干警紧密配合，加强以下几方面的工作：

组织广大官兵认真学习邓小平同志的重要讲话，加强部队的思想政治工作，进一步统一思想，坚定信念、立场坚定，旗帜鲜明地同少数暴徒和坏分子斗争到底。

要坚决执行国务院关于坚决制止冲击铁路确保铁路运输安全畅通的通告，圆满完成《通告》赋予武警部队的任务，确保桥梁、隧道、涵洞的绝对安全，并抽调兵力维持车站秩序，制止拦车、破坏铁路设施的活动。

各级领导机关和干部，要进一步转变作风，打破常规，搞好组织指挥。要关心部队，爱护部队，想方设法搞好部队生活。让干部战士吃好睡好，精力充沛，始终保持旺盛的斗志。

## 首都出现拥军爱民新热潮

### 戒严部队某部在首都街头文明执勤

**新华社北京六月十日电** 连日来，在首都北京街头出现了许多军爱民和民拥军的动人情景，为人民共和国的史册增添了军民鱼水情的新篇章。

据有关部门的不完全统计，从八日到今天的三天时间里，戒严部队为首都居民出动三百一十八辆汽车，运送粮食二百二十三万多公斤，武警部队也在今天出动十辆汽车，为首都人民运送食盐一百三十六吨，与此同时，数以千万计的慰问信和二百元人民币交到某戒严部队官兵手里时，老泪纵横，感激万千地说："是咱们的子弟兵保卫了共和国首都和人民的安全。"

北新桥冷饮店经理李到某戒严部队的三十多名官兵日夜守卫在北新桥路口，心里十分感激，便自己掏钱，买了四十杯牛奶和四条香烟，送给戒严官兵。

驻地，看望戒严部队的官兵，他们送去了二千公斤鹿菜和香烟等。海淀区民政局和饭庄的职工，加班加点，包了供一千人吃的饺子。送给部队官兵。

双榆树小区一名离休干部天归二人又到居委会，请区政府转交给戒严部队一百元钱。家住青龙桥街道的一位退休女工拿出自己仅存的五百元钱交给有关部门，以表示对死伤子弟兵亲属的一点心意。

连日来，人们在许多交通要道上看到，戒严部队官兵中有的头上和脚上带有伤，还在那里清除暴徒毁坏的各种车辆和设置的路障，据有关部门介绍，目前今天，海淀区区委、区政府主要领导来到解放军戒严部队的官兵，他们说去了二千公斤鹿菜和香烟等。海淀区民政局和饭庄的职工，加班加点，包了供一千人吃的饺子。送给部队官兵。

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**新华社北京六月十一日电** 今天，记者在北京街头看见戒严部队某部官兵义务执勤的生产部队某部门的不完全统计，从八日到今天的三天时间里，戒严部队为首都居民出动三百一十八辆汽车，运送粮食二百二十三万多公斤，武警部队也在今天出动十辆汽车，为首都人民运送食盐一百三十六吨。与此同时，数以千万计的慰问信和二百元人民币交到某戒严部队官兵手里时，老泪纵横，感激万千地说："是咱们的子弟兵保卫了共和国首都和人民的安全。"

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学的一位离休教师将一封洋溢着对人民子弟兵热爱之情的慰问信和二百元人民币交到某戒严部队官兵手里时，老泪纵横，感激万千地说："是咱们的子弟兵保卫了共和国首都和人民的安全。"

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## 克服困难坚持生产保障供给 坚决制止破坏经济秩序活动

### 全总致信全国职工和工会干部

本报讯 中华全国总工会致全国职工和工会干部的信，全文如下：

全国职工同志们、各级工会干部同志们：

在党中央、国务院、中央军委的果断决策下，人民解放军戒严部队和武警、公安干警，一举粉碎了发生在首都的反革命暴乱，取得了这场斗争的初步胜利。首都的社会秩序和人民的正常生活正在迅速得到恢复。我们谨向为制止动乱、维护安定团结、粉碎反革命阴谋而英勇战斗的人民战士表示崇高的敬意和亲切的慰问！在制止动乱、平息反革命暴乱中，首都和全国广大职工在极端困难的条件下，排除种种障碍，坚守岗位，坚持生产和工作，保证了城市供电、供水、供气和人民生活供应，为稳定大局、稳定经济、尽快恢复城市人民的正常生活，进行了英勇劳动，做出了巨大贡献，记到了关键作用。事实再一次表明，在关系国家命运和前途的紧要关头，我国工人阶级表现了高度的觉悟，显示了伟大的力量，它无愧为国家的领导阶级，是我国社会主义制度的坚强支柱。在这里，我们向全国广大职工表示崇高的敬意和深切的感谢！

当前的形势仍然相当严峻。极少数暴乱分子和别有用心的坏人不甘心他们的失败，仍在制造和散布谣言，蛊惑群众，冲击铁路，切断交通，煽动罢工，实图通过搞垮经济来搞乱全国，进而达到推翻共产党的领导和社会主义制度的目的。全国职工和工会干部一定要坚决响应《中共中央、国务院致全体共产党员和全国人民书》的号召，旗帜鲜明地反对动乱，反对反革命暴乱，一定要按照国务院发出的确保铁路运输安全畅通和确保工业生产正常进行的公告精神，紧急动员起来，行动起来，坚决制止破坏经济秩序的活动，彻底粉碎极少数反动分子的阴谋。

我们要克服种种困难，排除种种干扰，坚守岗位，坚持生产，保障供给，维护正常的生产秩序和工作秩序，维护自己的劳动权利，维护人民的正常生活。

我们要组织起来，护厂、护店、护路，保护好生产关键部位，保证铁路、邮电和城市公用事业的正常运行。配合政府和公安部门维护社会治安，与破坏生产、制造事端的极少数坏人作坚决的斗争。

我们要坚决揭露和挫败极少数人煽动罢工的阴谋。对于破坏生产秩序的任何演说、串联，都要坚决予以批驳和阻止。要向青年学生讲明，工人不做工，农民不种地，人民靠什么生活？国家有什么前途？四化有什么希望！？要求他们不要去做那些亲者痛仇者快的事情。

我们要与所谓"自治工会"等非法组织进行坚决斗争。他们公然提出的纲领是：工厂罢工，商店罢市，搞瘫城市，推翻政府。其反革命目的已经暴露无遗。要检举揭发这些非法组织的反动头目，打击其嚣张气焰，让他们彻底的目的彻底破灭！

我们要把职工队伍最紧密地团结起来，把工人、农民、学生、知识分子等各界人民最广泛地团结起来，明辨是非，晓全大局，严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾，同极少数暴乱分子和别有用心的坏人作坚决的斗争。

中国工会是中国共产党领导下的工人阶级群众组织，是我国的重要社会政治团体，是职工利益的代表者和维护者。在当前这场严重的政治斗争中，各级工会组织和广大工会干部，一定要旗帜鲜明，立场坚定，在政治上、行动上与党中央保持一致。一定要更好地发挥工会在维护社会安定、推动经济发展中的积极作用。一定要坚定不移地按照中国工会十一大确定的方针任务，履行工会的社会职能，推进工会改革。在当前形势下，工会工作者更应当深入到职工群众中去，悉心体察他们的情绪，作好疏导思想和化解矛盾的工作，通过正常的民主渠道，充分反映职工群众的正当愿望和合理要求，在民主和法制的轨道上，推动这些问题的妥善解决。

全国职工团结起来，全体工会干部行动起来，同心同德，坚守岗位，恪尽职守，坚定不移地贯彻执行"以经济建设为中心，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放"的总方针，为四化大业的成功，为祖国的繁荣和人民的幸福，作出更大的贡献！

中华全国总工会 1989年6月10日

### 理解

6月10日上午，北京市铁路纠察总队接到报告，在丰台区发现一伙暴徒正在破坏京广铁路线。总队领导立即派出两名干部，乘一辆吉普车，前往现场制止。

两名干部乘车来到现场，发现一伙暴徒正在拆卸铁轨上的螺丝帽，准备破坏铁路线。两名干部下车后，立即对暴徒进行劝阻，并说明自己的身份。暴徒们见状，一哄而散，逃进了附近的玉米地。

两名干部追进玉米地，发现一个暴徒正在地里挖坑，准备埋炸药。两名干部立即将其抓获，并缴获了炸药。

两名干部将抓获的暴徒带回总队，经过审讯，这个暴徒交代了他们破坏铁路线的罪行。

两名干部的行为，得到了广大群众的赞扬。

（新闻摄影比赛 吉普车记者 程玉扬摄）

## 公安机关通缉方励之、李淑娴

**新华社北京6月11日电** 据来自北京市公安局的消息，方励之，李淑娴因反革命宣传煽动罪，业经检察部门批准逮捕，公安机关已发出通缉令。

方励之（中国科学院北京天文台研究员）、李淑娴（北京大学副教授）二人在这次动乱前后及反革命暴乱前采取各种方式，不断宣传煽动，并进行幕后策划、联络。反革命暴乱发生后，方、李二人畏罪逃入美国驻华使馆。6月10日，经北京市人民检察院分院批准逮捕方励之、李淑娴。

李淑娴系海淀区人民代表大会代表，根据《中华人民共和国地方各级人民代表大会和地方各级人民政府组织法》第30条规定，已经海淀区人大常委会许可，可以逮捕。

## 北京逮捕13名反革命暴乱分子

**新华社北京6月11日电** 据北京市公安部门提供的消息，6月10日，经北京市人民检察院分院批准，路中枢、张文奎、王连喜等13名在反革命暴乱期间打、砸、抢、烧的犯罪分子被公安机关依法逮捕。

放火犯路中枢、张文奎、王连喜、宋吉奎、祖建军、林昭荣、陈坚、王汉武8人，6月3日至6月6日在北京发生的反革命暴乱中，分别在西单、崇文门十字路口、右安门朱大桥和公主坟一带，丧心病狂地焚烧军车、公共电汽车，甚至连救护车也不放过，给国家财产造成重大损失。

抢劫犯罗红军、龚传昌、崔振国、孙彦财四人，在反革命暴乱期间，肆意进行抢劫活动。仅罗红军一人就抢得军牌大衣、军装、士兵证等80余件物品。暴徒获会杰残酷殴打残害解放军战士。

这些穷凶极恶的反革命暴徒很快被公安机关、戒严部队和群众抓获。

目前，公安机关正依法对他们进行审理。

## 《美国之音》的不光采行径

### ——《北京日报》评论员（一九八九年六月十二日）

4月中旬以来，对中国首都北京发生的动乱和反革命暴乱，《美国之音》表现了异乎寻常的热心。每天用三种节目，花十多个小时，进行喋喋不休的报道。可惜的是，人们只要稍加辨析，就发现，《美国之音》的报道，实在经不住检验。且把那些捕风捉影、煽动、攻击、中伤的言论放在一边，暂且不论，仅就偷听谈吉、道听途说这一条来说，真可说达到了登峰造极、令人叫绝的地步。对一个一向标榜"客观公正报道"、"恪守新闻道德"的官方传播机构来说，这种表演，是太不光采了。

北京学潮暴发之初，4月18日和19日，在极少数人的煽动下，确实发生部分学生冲击党中央、国务院所在地——新华门的事件。20日凌晨，治安警察在多数学生已经离去之后，将少数坚持不走的学生强行带上汽车，送回北京大学，没有拘捕一个人。而当天《美国之音》却造谣说："星期四上午公安人员逮捕了大约二三百名在中南海正门静坐示威的学生"，后来又说"有300人被拘留"。国内立即有人呼应，编造了所谓"4·20惨案"的谣言，很学期介绍。

5月12日，《美国之音》报道说："苏联领导人戈尔巴乔夫访问北京的时候，对于向北大学生讲话表示了兴趣。但中国政府拒绝了这种做法。"这纯粹是子虚乌有的捏造。我什么都知道，在中苏双方共同商定的戈尔巴乔夫访华日程中，根本就没有这项安排。

5月20日，国务院宣布北京部分地区实行戒严，但执行戒严任务的部队主要还停留在北京郊区。而《美国之音》却在当天的广播中造谣说："中国军队乘坐装甲车，封锁了天安门广场。"这样的免空报道，其手法也实在是太拙劣了。

这一段时间，《美国之音》特别热衷于"报道"我国领导层的一些动向，尤其是军队领导层的动向。5月23日，它播对赛雅之口说什么，"现在有100多个将领联名反对这种错误决定（即戒严）；有很多省份和一些军师都明确表示，他们不承认李鹏政权，甚至称其为伪政权"。这是明目张胆地捏造事实，挑拨离间。实际上，全国各省市和各大军区都已先后致电党中央、国务院，表明了对中央决策的坚决拥护和支持。

就在当天，《美国之音》还广播了一条消息，也是借刘宾雁的口说，"参加天安门广场游行示威的人数，我相信早已超过了1000万"，还是天大的笑话。北京总共只有1000万人口，其中有300多万农民。即使城市人口中，也有几百万老人和娃娃，怎么可能都到天安门去游行呢？他们的这一报道，如果不是无知，都就是别有用心。

（下转第二版）

## 首都星期天街景速写

**本报北京6月11日讯** 首都市民今天在平和安然的氛围中，度过了平息反革命暴乱后的第一个星期天。

记者在王府井、西单、东四等繁华闹市区，看到大小商店基本上开门营业，前来购买物品的顾客明显增多。一位推着小童车的年轻母亲对记者说，她一直想给孩子买双鞋，前几天秩序不正常，没敢上街，今天总算买上了。

星期日的集贸市场和一些国营菜店，显得兴旺与繁忙。带刺的黄瓜、鲜嫩的豆角、紫黑发亮的茄子、透红的西红柿等一些时令蔬菜，摆满货架。尽管选购的人多，但未见有排长队，也看不到有抢购的现象。

前几天一些不大出门的个体摊贩，又纷纷出现在首都的街头；居民区不时响起收废品的吆喝声，烤羊肉串的烟气和香味又在空气中弥漫。

一度冷寒的东大桥街头公园，又恢复往常的气氛：退休的老工人三一群五一伙在打扑克，下象棋，围观的人也很多。绿荫丛中的椅子上，坐着老年夫妇和一些谈情说爱的年轻人。一位阿姨带着几个儿童，荡秋千、玩摇蹙……

在大街上，人们对从身边走过的持枪战士，不再有惊恐不安的神色。戒严部队的战士，不顾疲劳，警惕地巡逻在首都各个保卫目标。

朝鲜《劳动新闻》发表评论员文章

## 批评美国干涉中国内政

**新华社平壤6月11日电** 朝鲜《劳动新闻》今天发表一篇评论员文章，批评美国干涉中国内政。

文章说，美国总统布什歪曲最近在中国发生的事件，并宣布了对中国的"制裁措施"。这是露骨的干涉中国内政的行为，是把自己的意愿强加于人的行为。

文章说，不管在哪个国家发生了什么样的事情，都是应该由那个国家自己解决的内部问题，其他国家都没有必要去干预。不管在中国发生了什么事情，都与远隔重洋的美国毫不相干。美国必须立即停止干涉别国内政。

民德人民议院就中国事态发表声明

## 北京发生的事件纯属中国内部事务

### 反对任何外国的干涉

**新华社柏林6月10日电** 民主德国人民议院8日通过了《人民议院关于中国目前局势的声明》，认为北京发生的事件，纯属中国内部事务，反对任何外国的干涉。

声明说："人民议院代表认为，在当前的形势下，中华人民共和国党和国家领导坚持用政治办法解决内部问题的努力，由于一些反对宪法分子的血腥的武力暴乱而无法实现。因此，人民政权才不得不使用武装力量来重建秩序和安全。在这一过程中也出现了伤亡。"

声明还说："人民议院认为北京发生的事件纯属中华人民共和国的内政，反对任何外国对中国内政的干涉。民主德国最高人民代表机构代表表示坚信，中华人民共和国党和国家领导，同人民紧密联系在一起，正在采取有助于澄清问题和使兄弟的中国人民沿着40年前自己选择的社会主义道路继续前进的步骤。"

## 首钢职工一直坚持正常生产

**新华社北京6月11日电** （记者刘遵泉）6月3日首都发生反革命暴乱以来，首都钢铁公司18万职工一直坚持生产正常进行。

首钢是我国最早实行承包制的大型工业企业，每天创利达500多万元。6月3日反革命暴乱发生后，首钢的正常生产决序受到严重威胁。

面对这种情况，首钢党委及时组织广大职工统一思想，坚定地在政治上与党中央保持一致，工作上坚守岗位。首钢地处距北京市中心20多公里的石景山，有1万多名职工住在城里。为了克服交通困难，按时出勤，他们骑车或步行十几里赶来上班，保证了生产设备正常运转。

## 贵溪冶炼厂年年完成国家供货计划 抚顺矿务局今年头五个月原煤增产

**新华社沈阳6月11日电** 抚顺矿务局8万多名煤炭职工，克服困难，坚守岗位，以实际行动稳定大局，头5个月增产原煤18万多吨。

**新华社南昌6月11日电** （记者徐金鹏）贵溪冶炼厂干部职工齐心协力增加生产，年年确保完成国家供货计划，表现出高度的自强意识和责任感。

## 经群众举报

## 造谣惑众者肖斌在大连就擒

**新华社北京6月11日电** 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：6月10日晚，中央电视台新闻联播中播放的《清理天安门广场纪实》中，那个造谣惑众，煽动暴乱的人，经群众举报，已于当日晚9时20分在大连市就擒。

据大连市公安局中山区分局提供的消息说，此人名叫肖斌，现年42岁，是原大连第四橡胶厂供销科副科长，现受聘大连星海铝窗厂任业务员。

据电视录像提供的证据表明，6月5日，肖斌就天安门广场清场情况当众绘声绘色地造谣说："我看见了。用坦克车、用装甲车压，压成肉浆，还用枪打，用雪橇打，打昏了再打一枪，有的没死，补一枪，还有的用刺刀挑，太凶残了。没有见过。现在好多人在想办法，只要他们（指戒严部队官兵）出来一个，是单挑，就杀死他。"他还伸出两个手指比划着说："现在死了将近2万多，死了两万多。"广播里说的"都是假的、假的"。

肖斌是6月8日返回大连的。10日晚9时，肖斌正在市劳动服务公司办公楼前的个体商摊上买烟，并继续进行反革命煽动，造谣说："解放军在天安门广场打死了两万多人"，"广场的血有这么厚"，"部队的子弹带炸子，一打一个洞。用棍子打倒后再补枪"。

两位女市民经过这里时，发现刚才在中央电视台上播出的那个造谣者与肖斌非常相似，便跟踪监视，见他进了"北方楼"宾馆，立即在路上拦截警车到附近派出所报了案。公安干警迅速赶到宾馆察验，肖斌开始不承认在北京的所作所为，经公安干警播放电视录相，才承认。

目前，大连市公安局中山区分局正在对肖斌依法审查。

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# 北京緊張局勢升級 日本和西方國家紛紛採取行動

## 日透露停止十四項在華援建項目 共市外長今舉行會議商北京事態

【美聯社東京十一日電】日本報紙《東京新聞》星期天報道，日本不願恢復向中國提供官方發展援助，除非共產黨政府要為上星期武裝鎮壓北京爭取民主的示威事件負責。

《東京新聞》引述名字不詳的政府人士的話報道，日本政府對中國現代化計劃的合作政策的原則仍然不變，但「從人道主義觀點來說，日本不能答忍武裝鎮壓行動，導致死傷數千人的悲劇。」

這家報紙引述他們的話說：「日本國民的情緒和世界輿論，不贊成日本政府在中國方面對此事負責之前，恢復向中國提供的官方發展援助。」

該報未有詳細地說明中國必須採取什麼行動，才能使日本政府認為已經停止。這些項目，是日本保留從一九八八年開始六年內向中國提供的四千七百億日元（三十三億五千萬美元）的中國十四個項目的一部分。

《東京新聞》說，日本已經推選一個原定本月訪問中國的中國方面對此事負責之前，恢復向中國提供的官方發展援助。」

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報道，日本提供借貸建設工程實際上已經停止，其他方面感到滿意。

因為星期天假期的關係，未能找到政府官員出來對這一報道作出評論。

【美聯社東京十一日電】「日本國民的情緒和世界輿論，不贊成日本政府在技術合作代表團的行動，導致死傷數千人的悲劇。」

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## 北京軍警六小時內再捕近百人

# 大規模搜捕昨擴及全國
# 當局通緝六名學生領袖

### 強調南逃學運首腦有槍各地軍警可射殺

【本報北京十一日電】當局對「反革命暴亂分子」的搜捕已在北京加緊進行，而且有迹象顯示，這一行動已擴展至多個城市。外間盛傳官方列舉了一份通緝首名單，但名單內人數多少則未能證實。此外，國家公安部已正式向全國公安機關發出對學運領袖的通緝令銳，一伙窮兇極惡的策劃反革命暴亂的首犯正持槍械清逃，要求不惜一切將他們繩拿歸案。當局並公佈了一些圖片，其中一張圖片是一輛小型輕型貨車，通緝令說該車有六個學運頭頭，要設有效辦法將他們一一逮捕。

消息人士說，由於通緝令說明通緝對象正持槍械潛逃，因此各地軍警在執行通緝中是可以無須請示而立即開槍將之射殺。

北京公安機關昨出動六百人，在六小時的突擊搜查中，分別在十五處地方拘捕了七十四人，其中一些被指是「自由民主宣傳隊」的成員，在搜查過程中，發現「反革命」傳單、文件及標語等。據官方稱，被捕者包括那批及「反革命」分子。

息稱，民運分子任曉輝在早前成門查出博物館附近的民居三面截查「可疑人物」，這出動公安車輛四周堵截，當時氣氛十分緊張。

北京的一些知識分子說，他們不停地互相打電話，看看自己的朋友是否仍然安全，恐慌之中。

北京電台今天報道，當局曾動員八千人清洗在街頭的「反革命」標語。

電台說，北京八個區在過去兩天曾動員包括公安人員在內的八千人清除含有「反革命」及傳單、它說，街頭上九千張大字報已被清洗。

中共電視台今天宣布，北京已實行全面戒嚴，並動員軍隊進入市區維持秩序，確保今年生產計劃的完成。

北京市經委主任閻承武在記者會上透露，五月份全市工業總產值雖比前減少十六億多元，但比原計劃減少三億餘元。六月份的頭七天，全市工業產值近四億元。

## 武漢石家莊均捕人
## 京知識界人心惶恐

### 穗暨南大學校長呼籲港澳生返校稱將無事

市民們說，他們發現，逮人除了要出示臨時工作證外，還要證明所攜衣物無可疑物品，有消息稱，民運分子任曉輝已於昨晚被六名便衣警察逮捕。

目擊者稱，軍隊曾在今日凌晨逮走一批市民，其中一張圖片是一輛小型輕型貨車，通緝令說該車有六個學生領袖，要設有效辦法將他們一一逮捕。

中國軍隊和坦克星期日守衛北京人民大會堂附近的街道。（美聯社傳真）

## 六北京工業產值減四億
## 初市面漸趨平靜

【新華社北京十一日電】北京市的創業街和和平街及傳單，內容的大字報已被清洗。它說，街頭市面正常。在王府井大街，大部分商店恢復營業，商店基本上都已開門營業，郵政、銀行、副食店、菜店、藥店、修理部門營業，郵政工人已開始投遞信件，張貼公告說，此亦為城市各階層人士的意向表達場所。

在昨日封閉的工業系統會議上，北京市市委書記李錫銘同志要求工業企業迅速恢復正常生產秩序，確保今年生產計劃的完成。

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## 八千人清除含有「反革命」內容的大字報及傳單

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## 罪名為「反革命宣傳煽動」
## 方勵之李淑嫻夫婦
## 北京正式下令通緝

### 美表示正常情況下不會交出持不同政見者

【新華社北京十一日電】方勵之、李淑嫻因反革命宣傳煽動罪，業經檢察部門批准逮捕。公安機關已發出通緝令。

方勵之（中國科學院北京天文台研究員）、李淑嫻（北京大學副教授）二人在這次動亂前後及反革命暴亂前採取各種方式，不斷製傳煽動，並進行幕後策劃、聯絡、反革命集團生後，方、李二人仍肥逃入美國駐華使館。六月十日，經北京市人民檢察院分院批准逮捕方勵之、李淑嫻。

李淑嫻係北京市人民代表大會代表，根據《中華人民共和國地方各級人民代表大會和地方各級人民政府組織法》第三十條規定，已經海淀區人大常委會許可，可以逮捕。

【路透社華盛頓十一日電】美國國務院對北京警方下令逮捕異見人士表示關注。在正常情況下，美國不會交出有被殺害危險的持不同政見者。國務院發言人說，有關方面一旦提出有效證據，證明方勵之的立場即抵制天安門廣場的暴亂分子，美國不會交出方勵之。

發言人說，「我們非常強烈地支持人權，言論自由和表達自由。」

## 香港傳入消息
## 大陸欲禁絕

### 長沙傳真機傳有已有人看守

【本報三藩市十一日電】中國駐舊金山總領事館官員昨天表示，總領事館已經收到中國國內位外交官員的警告，他們宣布脫離三藩市總領事館，堅決站在人民一邊，譴責外華人採取暴力鎮壓行動。

中國駐舊金山總領事館官員昨天表示，總領事館已經收到中國國內位外交官員的警告，他們宣布脫離三藩市總領事館，堅決站在人民一邊，譴責外華人採取暴力鎮壓行動。

## 任職三藩市總領館
## 中國駐美兩外交官宣布脫離李楊集團

【本報三藩市十一日電】中國駐舊金山總領事館官員昨天表示，總領事館已經收到中國國內位外交官員的警告，他們宣布脫離三藩市總領事館，堅決站在人民一邊，譴責外華人採取暴力鎮壓行動。

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## 京外交界展望政局
## 咸信中國會續開放

### 認爲打蘇聯牌可能是虛張聲勢

【據路透社北京十一日電】由於中國鎮壓民運而引致的中美關係持兩面看的政策。

中國已表現出對華盛頓的不悅，一名亞洲外交官說，「我相信華盛頓求中國能夠會投向次好及駕三好的，即使是蘇聯。

一名西方外交官評論說，我們不能排除中國在軍事上轉向蘇聯的可能性，但其中可能有相當的成份，甚至在一定程度上是自欺欺人的做法，蘇聯能向他們提供些什麼？西方一名東歐外交官員說，中國已經通過貸款及投資與西方一名東歐外交官員說，中國已經通過貸款及投資與西方建結在一起，她亦需要這些貸款及投資來維續其十年開放改革的計劃。

指戒嚴部隊官兵）出來一個，是單挑，就殺死他。」

市勞動服務公司辦公樓前的圍觀商業人士表示，他們擔心，如果軍事行動持續下去，將會嚴重影響經濟。

【本報訊】香港政府發言人表示，英國駐北京大使及英國駐上海總領事已正式向當局提出查詢。

## 北京雙雄有名

天安門天安門廣場清場後的現場，北京在現出。上頭街京北京雙雄。

## 姚勇戰據稱為滬高自聯首腦
## 復旦一港生被扣

### 昨在滬登機前被截　英總領館往交涉未果

【本報上海十一日電】由香港抵來上海駐滬領事館人員陪同居民姚勇馳，今日在虹橋機場被扣留。此消息稱，姚勇馳在機場時曾有英國人員陪同，所持機票是今日下午三點十分起飛的五〇九航班飛機。

【本報訊】香港政府發言人表示，英國駐北京大使及英國駐上海總領事已正式向有關當局提出查詢。

姚勇馳是香港人，曾在香港參加聲援北京學生運動，並組織香港學生到邊境機場，姚在北京大使及英國駐上海總領事已正式向有關當局提出查詢。

## 加入擁護屠城行列
## 十省市區表態

### 包括粵浙鄂甘青津等

【中新社北京十一日電】四省、市、自治區、遵自來紛紛致電中共中央、國務院、中央軍委，表示堅決擁護平息首都反革命暴亂。

發來電報的有：青海省、黑龍江省、山西省、湖北省、廣東省、貴州省、天津市、浙江省、遼寧省、甘肅省、吉林省、寧夏回族自治區、中共軍委張震將軍、中共中央總書記江澤民、國務院、中央軍委楊尚昆主席、國務院李鵬總理、全國人大常委會委員長萬里、全國政協主席李先念、全國人大常委會副委員長王任重、副總理兼文化部長李鐵映、副總理兼外交部長錢其琛、國務委員兼公安部長王芳、國務委員兼國家計委主任邹家華、國務委員兼國家經委主任陳慕華、國務委員兼國家科委主任宋健、國務委員兼國家體委主任李夢華、國務委員兼國家計劃生育委員會主任彭佩雲、國務委員兼國家教委主任李鐵映

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五三九號
夏曆五月初九收日宜祭祀祖網
一九八九年六月十二日·星期一
今天天氣：吹南至東南風，天晴，天氣炎熱
是日氣溫：介乎廿七至三十一度之間
每份五大張 零售二元正


## 暴政已失民心　工人怠工洩憤
## 若仍死不認錯　日本取消援助
# 中共經濟內憂外患

（美聯社東京十一日電）周日、日本各報章發表社論，評論中國大陸政局。

## 文革黑暗時代

《朝日新聞》說，鄧小平宣稱學生和群眾運動為「反革命動亂」，並且只哀悼在鎮壓期間喪生的軍人和公安人員。但全世界皆知道軍隊進槍掃射時婦孺同遭不幸。

中共當局開始大舉逮捕學生領袖，較早時人大委員長萬里保証當局不會秋後算帳對付學生，這樣算不算食言？

軍方設立專線電話呼籲人民舉報秘密資料，中國倒退至人民害怕錯入檢舉的文革黑暗時代。武力不能解決一切，我們不願見到中國大陸倒退至文革時期的鎖國時代，而希望中共領導層正視全世界對目前大陸局勢的看法。

《華爾街日報》說，中共強硬派當權者暴力鎮壓群眾，人民對共產黨已灰心，這件事件改變了全世界對鄧小平的看法。中共對外關係漸上冷水，目前的形勢影響了經濟建設。鄧小平政府遭受重創，目前的局勢之下根本沒有「勝利者」。

《每日新聞》周五晚上鄧小平得意慣常笑容在電視上亮相，令人驚解。為甚麼鄧小平身為最高領導人，身體健康之下容許出現大屠殺惹來起全世界圍責？進一步鎮壓民主運動會損害中共在國際間的地位。

《日本產經新聞》說，即使西方國家保持對中國大陸的經濟關係，私人方面經濟交流和直接投資也會大幅減少，但缺乏西方的合作，中國大陸無法推行經濟改革。

## 經濟雪上加霜

（快報消息）中國通訊社昨日發表評論文章，表示國內大規模的罷工風已因局勢明朗而不大可能出現，但已經存在的意工現象卻完全有可能加劇，將會令大陸經濟雪上加霜。

評論稱，指罵大陸經濟的更大原因，恐怕還是企業效益，而企業效益很大程度上又與勞動者是否有工作熱忱有關。目前大陸局勢雖已基本明朗，但引起公眾普遍不滿的官僚主義和腐敗現象並未清除，總工可能發生。

由於受交通、能源、原材料和資金四方面的制約，以及其近兩個月的動盪局勢影響，今年前五個月，中國大陸的經濟已出現了「滑坡」。

評論稱，雖上個月在山東召開的「全國教育工作會議」選定，能源和原材料生產已出現最重下降，其中煤炭欠產欠缺最為嚴重，「假格在成倍上漲，已成為制約國民經濟發展的重要因素。」會議還透露，鋼鐵、金屬和化工產品的「國家訂貨合同完成率嚴重以較大幅度下降。」很明顯，有些上半年欠產、欠缺的惡果，會在下半年較明顯地暴露出來。

今年頭五個月，大陸的財政收入、外貿出口都出現了滑坡，而與此同時，物價、財政支出、外貿進口、消費需求卻高居不下。有關資料顯示：大陸首季財政支出比去年同期增加達百分之十六點三，而同期的財政收入增加不足百分之五。

今年的預算案中，「企業虧損補貼」為五百二十一億元（比文、數、科、衛四方面獲支補貼五百一十三億元還有多），此項補貼歷年執行結果總是突破預算數，今年的虧損狀況，更可能超過預算數。《經濟日報》近期傾月來，已多次敲響要正視虧損、（特別是大、中型國營企業）的積聚重大的問題。」

今年糧食棄收成很可能好過去年，但估到糧民生產總值七成以上的工業生產不景氣，資家已注定了全年經濟形勢的嚴峻局面。

**審訊**　中央電視台一個學生被審訊鏡頭，大陸民運份子最時時代鏡頭。

## 官方糖衣毒藥

（快報消息）中國官方通訊社近日不斷發報在中國投資或設廠完全可以放心的消息，該等報道均未有提及國內的政治不安局面，一位經濟分析家認為這是「六四」鎮壓後，中國恐怕外商投資會縮走而作出相應宣傳攻勢。

中新社昨日報道，中國大陸沿海經濟發展戰略會否發生變化，這是在福建投資無疑的客商目前普遍關注的問題。據本月八日中共福建省委常委盧大會傳出的信息：福建作為全國綜合改革試驗區之一，改革、開放政策不變，將繼續鼓勵發展「三資」企業，保護合同的履行，保護外商的合法權益。

報道稱，福建省今年頭五個月經濟穩定發展，春耕獲得大幅度增長，工業效益繼續增高，外貿出口繼續增長。福建省領導部門表示，要繼續改善投資環境，以優惠政策、優質服務加快吸引外資步伐，以可見的經濟利益，增強對外商的吸引力。

新華社昨日報道，廣東珠海市市長梁廣大日前在全市有關部門負責人參加的研究經濟發展問題會上說，在任何情況下，特區的改革開放政策不會變，外商在珠海的利益和安全絕對有保證。

梁廣大說，安定團結的局面是經濟特區發展的重要條件。為了搞好投資環境，最近珠海要重視計劃建設九洲口、鐵路、能源基地。珠海市堅決履行與外商簽訂的合同，堅守信譽；外商參與的企業生產正常進行，進出口產品一如既往受到法律的保護。

珠海市洪北海關關長楊榮華也在會上再次申明：海關絕對不會封關。海關將根據市政府的經濟發展戰略的需要，積極配合，做好工作。

## 日技術團取消訪問
## 14項建設計劃停工

（美聯社東京十一日電）日本經濟企劃廳今日報道，除非中共政府對北京市學生的示威者一事承擔責任，否則日本不會恢復官方對中共的發展援助。

「東京新聞」引述未被指名的政府消息人士說，日本政府原定本月內訪問中國大陸的政策是絕不變的，但「基於人道觀點，日本無法堅忍導致數千人民被殺害報復的武裝鎮壓。」（日本新聞）指出，日本已取消一技術合作代表團訪問中國大陸。

報紙報道，中國大陸十四項建設計劃已停工，日本曾提高貸款額以發展這些計劃，日本承諾為中國大陸十六項建設計劃借貸四千三百億日元（三十三點五億美元），借貸由一九八四年開始，分六年提供，停工的計劃是該十六項計劃中的十四項。

報紙說，沒有跡象顯示歐判何時會開始，一九九零至九五年，中國大陸的終止元欠債是八千一百億日元（五十七億八千萬美元）。另外，一百億日元（七千一百萬美元）是指作為進出口中心，就中心乃為環境保護而設。

## 美國之音
## 頻道被干擾
## 記者採訪
## 十日前通知

（快報消息）據美國之音外交部記者團透露，自從中國大陸實施戒嚴令以來，美國之音的頻道一直受到干擾。

另外，上海一名居民又向本報指出，收聽外國電台如美國之音等的頻道，前晚開始受到干擾。

星期二中國官方電視台播放的新聞節目中，曾經出現一對疑似美國之音的記者，在天安門廣場採訪的鏡頭。

另外，四川地區都有電視轉播毛澤東故鄉韶山的會議實況，但上海地區卻沒有轉播。

（快報消息）據外交部官方消息人士表示，美國政府不負責生命安全，拒絕西方記者在當地採訪民運。

另外，上海一名居民又向本報指出，收聽外國電台如美國之音等的頻道，前晚開始受到干擾。

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## 學生領袖尋求庇護
## 美大使館肯定協助
## 發言人強調仍未考慮撤離

（快報消息）雖然中國政府對美國大使館的方針不斷表示，他們仍然堅決不會讓學生領袖在使館尋求庇護，但美國駐華大使館發言人在接受電話中表示，他們暫時仍未考慮撤離，而且拒絕透露會否接受學生領袖尋求庇護。

美國駐華大使館發言人在接受電話中表示，他們暫時仍未考慮撤離，而且拒絕透露會否接受學生領袖尋求庇護。

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## 學生呼籲
## 杯葛亞運

（快報消息）綜合外媒昨晚報道，毛澤東故鄉韶山，西南部貴州的省會貴陽，湖南省會長沙一名學生，昨仍有示威。

## 粉飾太平！
## 八千人當「義工」
## 協助清洗大字報

（快報消息）中國駐三藩市領事館兩名官員周六晚在三藩市一項抗議北京大屠殺事件的集會，突然公開宣布變節，而不再支持本國政府。兩正向美國要求政治庇護。

這兩名外交官分別為廿六歲的周曙及廿七歲的周曙明及廿五歲的張利民。前者是中國駐三藩市總領事館副領事，後者是文化工作人員。兩人到場參加集會之前，曾在三藩市政府前面一項爆破會上作出上述宣布，立即轉場在場群眾歡呼和拍掌。

今次兩名官員選擇兩小時，五千人參加，曾在過華埠示威集會的地點宣布，應是有計劃而為。

當局對兩名官員的舉動，表示「重視」及「關注」，並表示支持兩人的決定。

張利民說：「我促使我們加入抗議行動，因為我們是為外交官，應為人民服務，但我們看到政府不是為人民服務，我們不能再為政府工作。」

張利民說：「我曾得現在中國，中國民族覺醒，我要為現在中國行事情上做選擇。」

張利民說：「現在是我們為無辜自由的學生及所有人，因為我們希望支持他們。我不相特性命，但我不知道他們是否會遭害我的家人。中共現政權的脆弱只是暫時性，我認為最後我們是屬於人民的。」

美國駐三藩市總領事館發言人表示，他並無聽聞此事，因此一無所知。

他說，在獲悉大屠殺之後，心情非常沉重，難過，同情，遺憾和上帝的祝福他們過來主自由的勇氣，勝利最終是屬於人民的。對個人的後果，他們考慮不多，他所關心的只是在大陸的家人。其中一人在場對新聞說：「我們理解為何你們在北京天安門廣場並沒有任何人受傷死亡，為什麼成千因為我們是外交官，但我們在此不準備行使這些事情，因為我們是中國人，也是人。」

## 高校聯領袖發動遊行參加絕食
## 復旦大學香港留學生
## 挑勇戰擬離開被扣留

（快報消息）天安門廣場絕食行動，於九日返抵上海。教學前，他曾向駐上海英國總領事館簡他云謝。館料在機場被公安拘留。當時他正收拾行李，預備乘搭英國航空公司的班機離開。

其中一人在場對新聞說：「我們理解為何你們在北京天安門廣場並沒有任何人受傷死亡，為什麼成千因為我們是外交官，但我們在此不準備行使這些事情，因為我們是中國人，也是人。」

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**被捕**　杭州海公安局扣留的香港學生杭

## 布力克晤兩局議員時透露
## 彈性處理長期居留
## 賀維訪港公佈細則

（快報消息）英國駐香港事務小組主席布力克勛爵士昨與立法局議員會時，獲悉外相韋慈旦大學政治學生領袖，就組織被中國政府非法組織。

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## 列入黑名單超過百萬人
## 「加緊抓捕」七百人陷囹圄

（快報消息）綜合外電報道：天安門廣場上的軍事鎮壓雖然已經大幅減少，但是，中國當局正加緊在全國各地搜捕民運分子。目前已拘捕了七百人，列入黑名單者更可能超過一百萬。而現時也開始學習前中共在懷仁堡的講話。

北京人民廣播電台說，六百名公安人員於本月八日在「包場」時六小時的「動亂」，並於北京十五處地方拘捕七十四人。

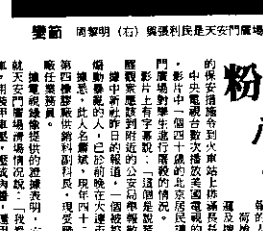
報道補稱，被捕者包括學生、暴徒、反革命份子，其中部分人是屬於一個名為「自由民主宣傳隊」的成員。

報道中，大量「反革命」資料，包括錄音、文件、錄像帶等，被公安沒收。

但報道沒說明，被捕者包括在上周六所拘捕的四百名非法學生及遊人組織指揮在內。

另外，中國中央電視台昨日亦報道在石家莊拘捕了十九名市民，他們曾於斷電期間「反資產階級自由化」，以標語等隱喻對中共政治庇護。

然凡事都有重要，到了目前這個地步，「總書記」和「李家堂」的混合體已經不敵，鄧小平手中已把無所位重的砝碼足以制衡，這座政治天平很難輕易地再平衡了。



**變節**　周黎明（右）與張利民是天安門廣場屠殺事件後首批要求政治庇護的中國官員。

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# 代交須件信澳港接人穗 生港威示加參捕拘海上

## 挑戰美國 通緝方勵之夫婦
### 華府反應強硬·任晚町已被逮捕

（本報綜合報道）據新華社昨天報道，中國國務院發出通緝令，要求方勵之、李淑嫻夫婦，將其赴美的全文如下：

「方勵之、李淑嫻因反革命宣傳煽動罪，業經檢察院批准逮捕，公安機關已發出通緝令。

方勵之（中國科學院北京天文台研究員）、李淑嫻（北京大學副教授）二人在逃亡美國前後反革命暴亂期間參與外和港澳反動組織，並進行了極其惡毒的反革命宣傳煽動，並逃匿在美國駐華使館。六月十日，經北京市人民檢察院分院批准逮捕方勵之、李淑嫻。

方各級人民代表大會和地方各級人民政府組織法》第三十條規定，已經海淀區人大常委會許可，可以逮捕。

（本報綜合報道）一名就讀於上海復旦大學的客座研究學生晚前被捕，據稱，他是上海虹橋機場教公安人員拘捕一幕的目擊者。

●在三落市支持學生的人群中，舉起拳頭的人（右）

## 英領館人員陪赴機場 港生登機前被警拘捕

（本報綜合報道）一名就讀於上海復旦大學的客座研究學生晚前被捕，據稱，他是上海虹橋機場教公安人員拘捕一幕的目擊者。

●在三落市支持學生的人群中，舉起拳頭的人（右）

## 廣州調查市民「海外關係」

【本報訊】有消息稱，廣州市民收到指示，在北京舉辦的下屆亞運會開幕前後，要調查所謂屬於自己的海外關係。

通訊的「本報」記者向廣州的下屬機構，獲告知自從鄧小平發表南巡講話和「十四條」，或向這些機構發出長途電話和傳真，要向屬於自己的海外關係的人員調查，並要求他們在北京舉辦亞運會期間，不要回國。

他說：目前本港多個團體發起「一人一信」運動，向北京領導人表達對六四事件的強烈不滿，並要求釋放被囚禁的人士。

另一方面，西安當局亦發出指示，要求黨紀教育外地傳真而來的材料，均要交給當局處理。

## 廣場軍隊大撤 只剩小量應景

（北京法新社十二日電）據目擊者周日稱，在天安門廣場駐守的大部分軍人和物資已在週末開始撤離。

新聞處證實，天安門廣場駐軍的大部分軍人和物資已在週末開始撤離。

目擊者周日稱，在天安門廣場駐守的大部分軍人和物資已在週末開始撤離。

其他軍隊則在廣場西面的人民大會堂及東面革命歷史博物館內歸隊。只有十餘部軍車在人民英雄紀念碑附近，周日早上，十數名軍人開始拆除在天安門的臨時帳篷，顯示撤軍已可能不久便會向公眾開放。

## 抗議北京血腥鎮壓 駐三藩市兩外交官 聯袂向美尋求庇護

【本報訊】自六月四日北京當局血腥鎮壓和平請願人士後，全球各地人士均紛紛表示抗議，並譴責中共政權的殘暴行為。

現在，駐三藩市兩名中國外交官已向美國政府尋求庇護，並表示不願回國。

這兩名中國外交官分別是三藩市中國總領事館的副總領事和一名男子。據悉，兩人已向美國政府尋求庇護，並表示不願回國。

而現年二十五歲的張利民則說：「我曾在中共民航總局一位領導人的辦公室內目睹北京當局血腥鎮壓和平請願人士的情況。我們每一個有良心的中國人，都感到憤慨。我們現在決定留在美國，並向美國政府尋求庇護。」

張利民（左）和周黎明（右）

## 破反動組織

上海市當局日前曾發出通告，規定所有上海市高校學生百分明會的組織，要到公安局登記，該通知令有一名男子，據悉是一位姓周的學生領會發出通告，規定所有上海市高校學生百分明會的組織，要到公安局登記，該通知令有一名男子，據悉是一位姓周的學生領會發出通告，規定所有上海市高校學生百分明會的組織，要到公安局登記，該通知令有一名男子，據悉是一位姓周的學生領

## 昆明教師抗議屠殺發動罷教！

【本報訊】一張署名爲「昆明地區愛國教師」的傳單流傳至本報，號召「昆明教、職員工，我們剝無遺憾」的標語發動罷教，抗議屠殺學生，並將原定舉行的「慶祝六一兒童節」及「工治學」等活動無限期取消。

## 軍隊穿梭外僑區

北京政府宣布學取更大鼓治自由的「高校學校園出入口站崗的守衛，嚴格包括工人及學生在內，有十人被捕，他們全部說謊。

## 拘逾百市民工人

上海公安當局日來大舉搜捕參與愛國民主運動的工人和市民，人數超過一百三十人，包括日前被拘禁的九名工人領袖。

據悉官方不斷指民學生自治聯會，非法組織，上海復旦大學的學生組織自治聯會，非法組織，上海復旦大學的學生組織自治聯會，非法組織，上海復旦大學的學生組織

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# 軍事部署防變或作演習
# 鄧小平策略變質成屠殺

【本報專訊】北京一位消息靈通人士昨日指出，六月四日發生的對學生及羣衆所作的血腥大鎮壓，使鄧小平一朝變成「千古罪人」，可能成爲中國歷史上最大的劊子手。

自今年三月人大、政協會議期間發生三十三位著名知識分子簽名倡導「重新評估」各大高等院校的學生積極十分不滿，社會上對於通貨膨脹等經濟問題的看法，不但未有解決，反而更加惡化，中央高層的權力鬥爭亦日趨激烈，鄧小平本人的威望亦大不如前。

軍事方面的部署中央軍委一個秘密的小組負責，最後由鄧小平批准，動員軍隊進入北京市區鎮壓學生及羣衆。

據悉，由於是屠殺羣衆，因此在動員軍隊進入北京市區時，曾遭到部份軍隊的抗命，甚至有軍隊與學生及羣衆並肩作戰，以抵抗鎮壓。

## 引蛇出洞十二字眞言
## 立場不變·態度緩和·積極取証

據悉鄧小平決定採取「引蛇出洞十二字眞言」，即「立場不變，態度緩和，積極取証」，並先後策動「一場學生運動」及「一場羣衆運動」，以達到「一網打盡」的目的。

自四月二十七日北京學生大遊行之後，鄧小平即指示，要「立場不變，態度緩和，積極取証」，並指出「一定要在這兩場運動中，把暗藏的反革命分子統統揪出來」。

## 堵塞屠城眞相回流
## 大陸扣查十萬信件
## 並監視傳眞機影印機使用

【本報專訊】中國當局為防止「反革命」消息傳入大陸，已採取多項措施，堵塞屠城眞相回流，並監視傳眞機及影印機的使用。

北京電台昨日報說，北京人口普查登記員，在進行人口普查時，發現一些人的住址寫有「天安門廣場」字樣，或「學生運動」字樣，已將有關資料上報。

北京大學一位教授表示，他的信件多遭干擾，或被拆閱，或遺失，或延誤。

## 當局指其爲高聯會頭領
## 港人姚勇戰遭滬扣留
## 家人飛往營救　港英查詢情況

【本報專訊】在上海偵查及收集證據的港人姚勇戰，又被上海市人民政府於六月十日發出的通告指定，前往飛機場，但被中國三名穿着便衣的人士帶走，並被扣留。

姚勇戰是香港民主運動的積極份子，曾參加「支援中國民主運動聯合會」，並擔任該會的「高聯」領導人。

## 自由會成員在機場被捕

「反革命」組織

## 「有良知的中國人應在這時站起來」
# 中國兩外交官變節
# 尋求政庇獲美保護

【本報專訊】北京市公安局昨晚發出通緝令，通緝在天安門廣場上步步緊逼軍隊的「反革命暴徒」。

通緝令共有二十一名，其中十六名是學生領袖，五名是工人。

通緝令指控這二十一名人士「煽動、組織、領導反革命暴亂，殺害解放軍戰士和燒毀車輛，嚴重破壞社會秩序」。

通緝令要求「任何單位和個人發現上述罪犯的下落，必須立即報告公安機關，並協助將其逮捕歸案」。

通緝令又說，另一名身份不明、自由會一成員的男子亦在被通緝之列，「自由會一成員」的身份不明，但通緝令指他「積極參與組織反革命暴亂」。

## 社評

### 四面楚歌　萬方多難

鄧小平為首的中共領導集團，在鎮壓學生和羣衆的運動中，已經完全喪失了人心，成為全國人民的公敵。

## 耳聞不如目見…

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# HK student leader held in Shanghai

From Correspondents in Shanghai

A HONGKONG resident, who is a leader of an independent student union in China, was detained at Shanghai airport yesterday for not registering his name as a member of an illegal organisation and carrying "banned material", the state-run television said.

Mr Yao Yongzhan, who was studying at Shanghai's Fudan University, had been taken to the airport by members of a foreign consulate, the television said, without identifying the mission involved.

He was said by residents to have been arrested by Public Security Bureau officials as he was preparing to board a Civil Aviation Administration of China (CAAC) flight to Hongkong.

City authorities had issued a statement on Saturday calling on leaders of the Autonomous Union of Shanghai Universities and Colleges to register their names with the Public Security Bureau and disband the illegal organisation.

Students from Hongkong and Macau were arrested in Guangzhou last week during protests against the massacre of demonstrators in Beijing, a Chinese official told a Thai diplomat.

Mr Wichai Vanasin, Thailand's consul in Guangzhou, reported to Bangkok that in a meeting with foreign diplomats last Thursday, the vice-governor of China's Guangdong province said a number of protesters had been arrested at a mass gathering in the city.

Those detained were from Hongkong or Macau, or were criminals, the consul quoted the Chinese official as saying.

Mr Wichai's report did not say how many were arrested.

Mr Jete Sucharitkul, spokesman for Thailand's Foreign Ministry, said the vice-governor also told the diplomats that local authorities were in full control of Guangdong.

Mr Wichai reported that the official said there were no plans to declare martial law in Guangdong or to close the border with Hongkong, as had been rumoured.

The Chinese official said there had been no further confrontation between students and the authorities, and the 110,000 students in Guangzhou were attending classes as normal, the consul added.

Mr Jete said he could not provide any independent confirmation of the reported arrests.

Executives of the Hongkong Federation of Students, the Chinese University Student Union and the University of Hongkong Student Union said last night they were not aware of any arrests in Guangzhou.

Nor did they know anyone named Yao Yongzhan.

The student leaders said they had not sent any representatives to China since the June 4 massacre and those who were in Beijing during the suppression had already returned to Hongkong.

Shanghai authorities claimed Mr Yao was a leader of the illegal student union and as such had failed to register his name as required.

They said he was carrying "banned material", but did not disclose what the material was.

Two student leaders in Shanghai said yesterday the independent union, formed at the height of the democracy movement quashed by troops in Beijing last week, had been disbanded.

They added that they would go into hiding and not respond to the authorities' call to register.

"It's all over," one was quoted as saying, adding that members of the pro-de-

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 5)

**INSIDE**


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**Page 4:** Economy hurt
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**Page 7:** Air talks off
**Page 20:** Editorial

Two people captured by the People's Liberation Army after the recent student demonstrations in Beijing are handcuffed to trees. This photograph was taken from a Chinese television broadcast.

## Warrant for arrest of dissident Fang

CHINA has issued a warrant for the arrest of leading dissident Fang Lizhi and his wife, Li Shuxian, who are sheltering in the United States Embassy in Beijing.

The New China News Agency said the couple are charged with "committing crimes of counter-revolutionary propaganda and instigation before and during the recent turmoil and before the counter-revolutionary rebellion".

The US State Department said last night it would not normally hand over dissidents in danger of being killed.

"Whenever we have a person we feel is in imminent danger of death, we would give them shelter in the embassy," a State Department spokeswoman said.

She could not say whether the US Embassy had received an order from Beijing police demanding it turn over Mr Fang.

When asked the US Government's position on sheltering Mr Fang, she said: "We very strongly support human rights, freedom of speech and freedom of expression."

The official news agency said the Public Security Department in Beijing had issued a "wanted circular" for their arrest after approval from the Beijing Municipal People's Prosecutor's Office on Saturday.

Mr Fang and Ms Li took refuge at the US Embassy a week ago, fearing for their safety in the wake of the bloody crackdown on the democracy movement in Beijing on June 4.

China intensified its criticism yesterday of Mr Fang and the US, as security forces continued their nationwide wave of arrests of dissidents and leaders of outlawed independent student and trade unions.

State-run television read a series of letters allegedly written by citizens nationwide who condemned Mr Fang as a traitor and demanded he be handed over to the Chinese Government.

"His statements and actions have brought great suffering to the nation," one letter said. It claimed Mr Fang and his wife had "created turmoil" and sought to overthrow the socialist system.

"If they are not sentenced, it will be difficult to calm the popular indignation" the letter said.

The US State Department announced last Tuesday in Washington that Mr Fang and Ms Li had taken refuge in the American Embassy for their safety.

It gave no details of how they arrived or exactly when, but said they had been there at least since last Monday.

The Chinese Foreign Ministry called in US Ambassador James Lilley last Thursday and lodged a "strong protest", saying the US action violated international and Chinese laws.

Mr Fang, 53, an astrophysicist, is China's best-known dissident. He has condemned Marxism as a failure and called on intellectuals to pressure the commu-

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

## Chang, 17 rewrites tennis records

AMERICAN teenager Michael Chang rewrote the record books and produced one of the biggest sporting upsets in years in Paris yesterday when he won the French Open title with a five sets victory over Stefan Edberg.

Chang, who was 17 last February, won HK$2.3 million.

He also became the youngest winner of the world's supreme clay-court title, the youngest winner of a Grand Slam tournament and the first American to win in Paris since Tony Trabert's 1955 triumph.

In an error-strewn match, stretched over 3½ hours on the Roland Garros centre-court, Chang scored a remarkable 6-1, 3-6, 4-6, 6-4, 6-2 victory over the 23-year-old Wimbledon champion.

The 15th-seeded American, who put out world number-one Ivan Lendl on his way to the final showing a maturity well beyond his years, came back into a match he was losing to notch up the biggest win of his life.

Following an emotional awards ceremony, Chang said: "I'm absolutely thrilled. It was a great match.

Michael Chang

"After the third set and I was down a break, I was in real trouble.

"I just got a few lucky breaks and I just kept going. At the end we were both so tired.

"This is really a dream come true. I didn't believe at all I could win coming into this tournament.

"Particulary I'd like to thank the Lord Jesus Christ, because without him I'd be nothing.

"God bless everyone, especially those in China."

Chang also paid tribute to his parents and thanked his mother, Betty, for feeding him so well.

● Report: Page 32


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**WEATHER**

Sunny periods.
Max temp 31 degrees.
See Page 8.

# Alliance plans legal battle over right of abode issue

By FIONA MACMAHON

LEGAL action against the British Government is being considered by the New Hongkong Alliance in a bid to force the UK to give all territory British subjects the full rights of British citizenship.

However, legal experts question the validity of such action and believe that any legal challenge will result in a long and protracted battle that might reap no rewards.

The honorary secretary of the fledgling New Hongkong Alliance, Mr Lo Tak-shing, said yesterday that the alliance wanted the British Government to restore full rights of UK citizenship to the British subjects of Hongkong.

In a statement issued yesterday the alliance said it was seeking expert advice to commence legal action against the British Government.

The statement argued that the purpose of any action would be "to reclaim for the British subjects of Hongkong the full rights of British citizenship including the right of abode in the United Kingdom which had been unlawfully taken away by the British Government".

Everyone born in Hongkong before 1962 had the right of abode in the United Kingdom.

But the Commonwealth Immigrants Act 1962 reviewed this position and ruled that only citizens of

T.S. Lo

the United Kingdom and its colonies born in Britain or holding full British passports were entitled to enter and reside in the UK, thereby excluding the majority of Hongkong British passport holders.

The Home Office in Britain said last night that the whole position of immigration from Hongkong was under review.

But it was impossible to comment on possible legal action against the UK Government on immigration until more information was available on what point of law the alliance was trying to raise.

Mr Lo, the solicitor who shocked Hongkong's hierarchy with his resignation from the Executive and Legislative Councils over Britain's attitude towards nationality in 1985, said yesterday that the alliance was sick of Hongkong grovelling to London and felt that the court of law was the best way for Hongkong to regain its rights.

The alliance had sought legal opinion on its action and had been told it had a possible case.

However, Mr Lo conceded it was likely to be a long, drawn out battle that would probably only be resolved if the case was taken to the European Court of Human Rights after British jurisdiction has been exhausted.

But Mr Lo defended the stand the alliance has taken arguing that "it is absolutely important for the people of

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)

## HK visit by royals in doubt

From DAVID WALLEN in London

GOVERNOR Sir David Wilson's private meeting with a senior aide to the Prince and Princess of Wales was called off at the last minute raising question marks over the future of their visit to the territory.

According to royal sources, Sir David had been due to meet Mr David Wright, the deputy private secretary to the prince and princess, on Friday to discuss the future of the royal visit to the territory this autumn, even though the associated trip into China has now been called off.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are believed to be keen to go ahead with the visit to Hongkong and were ready to make their views known to the Governor via Mr Wright.

But there was speculation last night that the Government may have been behind the meeting being called off.

## MPs offer plan to restore confidence

By JAMIE ALLEN and VIOLA LEE

TWO Tory MPs returned to Britain last night with a four-point plan for the British Government to help restore local confidence in the future of Hongkong.

Sir Peter Blaker, chairman of the Anglo-Hongkong Parliamentary Group, said before leaving that the plan included "new ways of looking at the problem of nationality"; moving forward on a Bill of Rights for Hongkong; a faster progress towards direct elections; and bringing about the compulsory repatriation of boat people to Vietnam.

Sir Peter did not elaborate on exactly what new ideas the British Government was considering about the Nationality Act, but said they were working a "package which they expect will be acceptable to parliament".

It is expected the Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, will announce these measures when he arrives in the territory next month.

Sir Peter said "the UK will continue to be responsible for Hongkong until 1997", and reaffirmed his Government's faith in the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

"It is a valid treaty, recognised by the United Nations and which we expect the Chinese to respect," he said.

Mr Hal Miller, conservative MP who was accompanying Sir Peter, said from his discussions with local people it was quite clear that extending the right of abode to just one category of peo-

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 3)


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# Geneva refugee conference poised for all-night sessions

From SIMON MACKLIN in Geneva

EXTRA funds had been made available to the organisers of the international conference on Indochinese refugees scheduled to begin in Geneva tomorrow morning, to allow the meeting to run all night if no progress is made, United Nations officials said yesterday.

The Governor, Sir David Wilson, is expected to arrive in Switzerland today along with senior officials from other countries attending the conference.

Vietnamese Foreign Minister Nguyen Co Thach, who is also Deputy Prime Minister, is scheduled to arrive this afternoon and is expected to put up tough opposition to proposals for mandatory repatriation presented by Hongkong and ASEAN (Association of Southeast Asian Nations).

Vietnam had proposed that a junior official attend the conference but Western diplomats said they believed Hanoi was prepared to be more flexible if somebody as senior as Mr Thach was to attend the meeting.

"If Thach is coming he is certainly coming with a lot of power in his pocket," one diplomat said.

Delegates from many countries were locked in private discussions in hotels around Geneva yesterday and different sides established their positions ahead of the conference opening.

The United States together with the UK and other resettlement countries are expected to announce increases in the number of refugees who will be offered resettlement.

The increase will be intended as an attempt to finally clear the backlog of those Vietnamese with refugee status waiting to be resettled.

It is anticipated that once this backlog has been clear, resettlement places offered by Western nations will be severely reduced.

Conflict is anticipated on the future of those boat people screened out as non-refugees.

UN officials said it was impossible for the conference to extend beyond the two days scheduled because the senior government officials who are expected to attend all have tight schedules.

One official revealed, however, that interpreters and secretariat staff were on standby in case the conference continued through the night tomorrow.

"If that appears to be the only way of making any progress then that is what we would do, we have budgeted for that," the UN official said.

Officials attending the conference are expected to take advantage of the top-level meeting to exchange views on developments in China.

● See also Page 12

**Governor Sir David Wilson spent most of the weekend with his family in Oxford. Today he appears before the Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee where he will once again make clear his position on the nationality issue, and give an assessment of the current atmosphere in the territory following recent events in China.**

**Later in the day he flies to Geneva.**

**The Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, is due to appear at the conference tomorrow and then return to answer questions from the Foreign Affairs Committee on Wednesday.**

From DAVID WALLEN in London

**THE British Government will announce this week that it will double the quota of Vietnamese refugees it will take from Hongkong and accept around 1,000 more.**

**The move is being seen as a small sweetener from the United Kingdom's point of view and will be announced at the Geneva conference but it seems certain to be viewed with contempt in Hongkong.**

**Britain announced in December that it would take 1,000 refugees over two years, on top of a smaller quota just completed.**

## Pollution document 'diluted'

HONGKONG'S White Paper on pollution was substantially watered down from earlier drafts, the *South China Morning Post* has learned.

Originally written by the Environmental Protection Department (EPD), the nine-chapter paper was later edited by the Environment Division of the Lands and Works Branch, the body responsible for environmental policy in Hongkong.

However, target dates were dropped from certain chapters, specific policies removed and the wording in certain parts has become more vague.

● Report: Page 9

## First birthday

**TODAY is the first birthday of *Keeping Posted*, Hongkong's most up-to-date and best-read diary column.**

**On Page 10 today, its editor Simon Beck takes a look back at some of the exclusives and highlights of the first 12 months.**

Karl Lagerfeld
MONTRES

Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 4

Average daily sale last week 63,819

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, JUNE 12, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Purge: the net tightens

- Mass arrests threaten thousands
- Detainees face death penalty
- Warrant out for dissident Fang
- Raids sweep provincial cities

A WAVE of arrests has swept China as the government moves against dissidents, activists and supporters of the pro-democracy movement.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of dissident Prof Fang Lizhi, who took refuge in the US embassy last week during the military clampdown. Mass arrests have spread from Beijing to other cities as hardline rulers move to consolidate their control.

Beijing authorities said on Saturday that 400 people had been arrested. Yesterday, China Central Television (CCTV) said at least 86 people were arrested in the capital, without specifying whether they were included in the 400 already announced.

Another 130 people were arrested in Shanghai on charges of hooliganism and rumour-mongering, according to official press reports.

CCTV showed suspects being arrested for allegedly setting up road blocks and burning vehicles in Harbin, Shanghai, Wuhan, Nanjing and Lanzhou.

Detainees were shown under guard by heavily armed soldiers. Their heads were shaved and their hands tied behind their backs.

INSIDE:
- Last flicker of student power: Page 2 ▶
- Soviets set to fill friendship gap: Page 3 ▶
- War on truth: Page 4 ▶
- Keep away from students, warning: Page 5 ▶
- Asylum plea: Page 6 ▶
- Readers' Forum: Page 7 ▶
- Editorial: Page 12 ▶

State news networks said a Shanghai group called the "China Youth Democratic Party" and a Beijing organisation called the "Free Democratic Propaganda Unit" were uncovered and their members arrested.

Suspects endangered in the purge number in the thousands, including students, members of illegal trade unions, Communist party members accused of supporting of "bourgeois liberalism" – or Western ideas – and ordinary citizens who supported pro-democracy demonstrations crushed by troops in last week's massacre.

Beijing has accused those arrested of "counter-revolutionary" activities, the most serious accusation in China's lexicon of political charges.

It has labelled the massive and largely non-violent civil opposition to martial law a "counter-revolutionary rebellion," a crime which carries a sentence of not less than 10 years' imprisonment, life imprisonment or death, the state radio said.

University campuses are largely deserted, with most of the students either in hiding or keeping a low profile to avoid suspicion. Guards have been posted at the entrance to campuses to check identity papers, and troops patrol areas reserved for foreigners.

CCTV said seven of the 86 arrests announced yesterday were for such crimes as stealing weapons and ammunition, setting fire to army vehicles, or assaulting soldiers following the military action in Tiananmen Sqaure.

In a separate report, it said a member of an illegal trade union, identified as Yang Fuqian, was detained for attacking a Public Security official.

Shanghai radio, monitored by the BBC, said a group called the "China Youth Democratic Party," had hoped to emerge as a national force opposed to communist rule, and had tried to recruit university students.

It said seven members had been detained, including party chairman Mr Weng Zhangming.

It said the group established a programme in October 1986 which aimed to overthrow China's communist government.

The report said Mr Weng told a secret meeting last month the Chinese Communist Party was "no good today" and that an opposition party should be set up. It said Mr Weng and others had participated in student-led anti-government demonstrations on May 17.

"They indulged in provocations and trouble-making, openly shouting for the overthrow of the people's government," the report said, describing group members as "the idlers of society."

The state media have repeatedly urged people to inform on dissidents. A telephone hotline has been set up.

Among those arrested in Beijing were Guo Haifeng, secretary-general of the Workers' Autonomous Union.

CCTV said 19 youths had been detained in Shijiazhung, Hebei province, for attacking troops with stones last Tuesday.

In Wuhan, capital of Hubei province, 23 people were arrested, with other detentions reported in Chengdu.

■ Continued Page 2

■ TOP SECURITY: Tanks and PLA soldiers stand guard at the Gate of Heavenly Peace in Beijing yesterday.

## Move to enforce news blackout

CHINESE authorities are clamping down on efforts to break the country's news blackout.

Hongkong students, overseas Chinese and some foreign governments have been sending news of the bloody suppression of the pro-democracy movement to mainland residents.

Chinese people have sometimes known less about events in their own region than have people half a world away.

Hongkong groups have been breaking the blackout by sending messages by telephone, fax and by mail.

But tough measures announced by officials in Xian city, in northwest China, have denounced the distribution of "reactionary slogans" and "inflammatory propaganda".

According to Shanxi radio, a government notice in Xian said those possessing "reactionary" leaflets, photographs, and printed matter should turn the material, and themselves, in to local security forces.

People should denounce anyone who made or possessed such materials or who posted them on walls, it added.

The All Hongkong Citizens Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-democracy Movement said it would stop the media blitz if it found receivers were getting into trouble.

The secretary of the Hongkong Federation of Student Unions, Mr To Kwan-hang, said the federation had called off its campaign a few days ago as they doubted its effectiveness.

People contacted in Chinese provinces by telephone from Hongkong said they knew little of what was going on in their homeland.

A telephone operator in the city of Wuhan said: "I don't know anything. I live close to work and walk to my job. You are so far away and you know more than me."

In Shanghai, China's biggest city, people said they obtained news of the turmoil only from fax messages from overseas, the Voice of America and the British Broadcasting Corporation.

"No one seemed to know what was the truth," said a Briton who arrived in Hongkong, one of thousands of foreigners who fled Beijing after the June 4 army assault.

Some Hongkong residents said they had heard of Chinese police standing by fax machines and confiscating news reports.

The full range of modern communications has been used to tell mainlanders about the bloody crackdown.

Some techniques are more unorthodox: the Taiwanese government has begun floating balloons carrying newspapers, cassettes, radios, food and medicine across the water to China.

# HK student is seized from consulate staff

A STUDENT from Hongkong was detained while trying to fly out of Shanghai yesterday for not surrendering to the authorities and for carrying banned material.

British Consulate officials, who were accompanying the student, attempted to find out the reasons for his detention but their inquiries were ignored.

"A member of the consulate staff was told that it was entirely an internal affair," a spokesman for the British Foreign Office in London said.

A Hongkong Government spokesman said last night that both the British Consulate and the Government were negotiating with the Shanghai authorities.

They would like to know whether the student, whose name in Putonghua is Yao Yongzhan, was detained, and if so, why.

Mr Yao is a first year student in economics at Fudan University. His whereabouts are unknown.

Spokesman of the All Hongkong Citizens' Alliance in Suppport of the Chinese Patriotic Pro-democracy Movement Mr Szeto Wah said the group would try to help Mr Yao's family.

The Government spokesman said Mr Yao had asked for cash from the British Consulate.

The consulate then provided the flight ticket for him and its staff yesterday brought him to the airport.

He was arrested by Public Security Bureau officials as he was about to board a Civil Aviation Administration of China flight to Hongkong.

Shanghai radio reported on Sunday, "Yan... failed to register himself at a public security organ in line with provisions of the June 10 notice issued by the Shanghai Municipal People's Government.

"Because he was carrying some restricted articles with him he has been detained, according to law, by airport security personnel."

A Foreign Ministry official in Beijing yesterday said Mr Yao was now being investigated for violating regulations.

Mr Szeto said he had contacted Mr Yao's family yesterday.

He said it would appear that the present case was a bit more complicated than the one involving Lee Chuk-yan because the detention was first announced through the state-owned media, hinting that the decision was taken by more than one government department.

Although the case is different, Mr Szeto promised that they would give the same support to Mr Yao.

Mr Lee, a representative of the alliance, was detained by authorities in Beijing last week for three days. He was released after signing a written confession of his involvement with illegal student unions.

# We won't lie, say defecting envoys

TWO officials at the Chinese consulate in San Francisco were seeking political asylum in the United States after announcing their defections at a rally, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) said.

Vice Consul for Culture Mr Zhou Limin, 28, and staff member Mr Zhang Limin, 26, announced their defections on Saturday at a gathering in San Francisco of 5,000 people dedicated to the memories of student-led demonstrators killed on June 5 in Beijing.

The pair were the first Chinese to seek political asylum since Beijing launched a mass arrest of activists who were involved in the pro-democracy movement and survived the massacre.

The Hongkong Government has also reiterated the policy of granting asylum to Chinese people facing persecution. Apparently the policy may also cover state officials serving in Hongkong.

But the Government declined to reveal how many mainlanders had approached the authorities to seek refuge.

Legislative Councillor Mr Szeto Wah urged the Government to extend the asylum to employees of pro-China organisations in Hongkong, many of whom have voiced strong opposition to Li Peng administration over the armed crackdown.

The US embassy in Beijing would continue to provide temporary refuge for Chinese who want to escape from persecution, the US ambassador said.

At present, leading dissident Prof Fang Lizhi and his wife are still staying in the US embassy.

FBI spokesman Mr Chuck Latting said the two defectors told the bureau ANY dissidents fearing persecution would not be granted political asylum by the United States if they sought refuge in Hongkong, a spokesman for the American Consulate General in Hongkong said yesterday.

He said that political asylum could be granted only in the territories of the United States.

"The Consulate General is not empowered to grant political asylum to anybody," he emphasised.

He said if anybody approached the consulate, it would refer the case to the Hongkong Government and the United Nations High Commission for Refugees.

If the UNHCR considered the person to be a bona fide refugee, they would negotiate with foreign countries to settle that person, he said.

The spokesman declined to give any figures related to people who had approached the consulate seeking political asylum due to the crackdown.

■ Zhang Limin, left and Zhou Limin announcing their defection at a pro-democracy rally in San Francisco.

they wanted political asylum, then denounced their own government before the crowd.

The requests were being forwarded to the Immigration and Naturalisation Service, Mr Latting said. He refused to say where the two men now were. An official at the consulate refused to comment.

"We are supposed to tell you that no one was injured or killed. Why? Because we are diplomats. But we won't fake it here," one of the men told 5,000 people gathered in front of San Francisco City Hall on Saturday night.

"Before we are diplomats, we are also Chinese and we are human beings."

The announcement amazed and delighted the crowd, which had gathered to protest against the Chinese army's massacre of thousands of pro-democracy demonstrators in Beijing.

Chinese authorities have begun arresting hundreds of workers and students they accuse of organising the movement and three-week occupation of the square.

The two men were then taken to the nearby offices of the FBI. They had called the FBI before the rally, said Mr KK Woo, one of the rally organisers.

A spokesman at the Chinese consulate said he had not heard about the men's statements and had no information.

The defections were announced in Chinese and English at the rally, where a largely Asian crowd, including some crying and many wearing black arm bands, carried candles and makeshift banners reading "Their blood, our tears."

The crowd cheered when the announcement was made, Mr Woo said.

"I just didn't know how to express my emotions. I hope more diplomats will open their eyes and realise the communist government is a brutal government," said Mr Woo, producer of a local Chinese radio show called *Chinese Today*.

One of the them, who was not identified, told a local television station he decided immediately after the massacre in Tiananmen Square to renounce his government.

"We ... want to encourage the students and all the people who love freedom. We want to support them," he told station KTVU of Oakland. "I think their (government) victory is only temporary. The people will win."

The US Ambassador to China said his embassy had received anonymous phone calls from Chinese demanding that he turn over to Chinese authorities Prof Fang Li Zhi.

The ambassador, Mr James Lilley, said that when the embassy had asked callers to identify themselves, so that the embassy could report to Washington the names and positions of Chinese who were calling about Prof Fang, the callers refused to identify themselves and hung up.

Mr Lilley said these calls, in addition to the official complaint he received earlier last week about Prof Fang from the Chinese government, had convinced him that the Beijing government was very upset about the protection the US was giving Prof Fang.

Last February, Chinese authorities kept Prof Fang out of a dinner given for President George Bush when Mr Bush was visiting Beijing, even though the White House had invited Prof Fang to the dinner.

Mr Lilley also said in the interview that the US planned to keep its embassy open in Beijing. He said it was crucial that the US and China maintained diplomatic relations.

He said the US considered the current tension between the two countries "an aberration" in a relationship that had been progressing well."

– Agencies

# Boat people likely to be forced back

LONDON: Most boat people who flee Vietnam could face compulsory repatriation starting early next year, according to official sources in London.

The scheme is likely to be approved in principle at a conference in Geneva starting tomorrow of the countries mainly responsible for receiving and resettling thousands of Vietnamese during the past decade.

Britain is also expected to announce this week that it will be accepting a further quota of 1,000 Vietnamese refugees for permanent resettlement, having settled some 14,500 since 1979.

Officials say they expect the Geneva conference to agree to a scheme, similar to Hongkong's screening policy, to be adopted in neighbouring South East Asian countries, to determine whether arriving boat people are economic migrants or true refugees.

Attempts would then be made to encourage the voluntary repatriation of those in the first category.

A review of the voluntary scheme's effectiveness would be set for October, so that if, as expected, the offer attracted few takers, alternative procedures – the official euphemism for forced repatriation – could be adopted.

The main objections to compulsory repatriation have come until recently from the United States and Vietnam, both of which are to be represented in Geneva.

However, officials say both governments have now accepted a pre-conference draft agreement which allows for the mandatory return of non-refugee emigrants.

INSIDE:
- City of tents springs up in Sek Kong: Page 8 ▶
- Little hope for relief in Geneva: Page 13 ▶

Britain and Hongkong have been in the forefront of calls for a harder line on the emigrants.

Hongkong's secretary for security Mr Geoffrey Barnes said in London before leaving for Geneva that he hoped mandatory repatriation would begin as soon as possible.

More than 9,000 boat people arrived in Hongkong last month alone, bringing the total within the territory to 43,000.

Since Hongkong began screening its own arrivals a year ago as an attempted deterrent, more than 90 percent of new arrivals have been denied refugee status.

Mr Barnes said that, though the pressure on Hongkong was now approaching intolerable levels, new arrivals would not be pushed back into the sea – a development feared by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees which helps fund the territory's camps.

Hongkong would not, said Mr Barnes, wish "to associate itself with the ending of first asylum if that meant death for the people pushed off in the boats".

Though the Geneva conference may attempt to relieve that pressure by finding a South East Asian country willing to provide a central "holding tank" for migrants awaiting repatriation, officials are sceptical of finding one.

Hongkong also hopes to reduce its own incoming flow by persuading China not to give help to boat people en route.

It believes that most of its arrivals "hop" along the Chinese coastline before reaching Hongkong, and that some cross the land border between Vietnam and China in order to buy a boat at a Chinese port.

A Chinese delegation is expected to attend the Geneva conference, but officials say they cannot judge what effect the recent turmoil in that country may have upon its willingness or ability to cooperate.

– The Independent

## TODAY

**People**

Kevin Sinclair talks to John Clemence, the outgoing policeman in charge of Hongkong Island.

Page 15

**Britain**

Our weekly digest of news from the United Kingdom.

Lifeout

WEATHER: 27°C — 31°C. Sunny periods. Details on Page 19

# Boxer undeterred by killing

SOUTHFIELD, Michigan: Boxer Thomas Hearns will go ahead with his world title fight in Las Vegas tomorrow despite the fatal shooting of a woman in his home yesterday.

Hearns' brother Henry was at the police station, but Southfield police officer Gary Conat refused to say if he was among six people being questioned.

The woman, whose name was not released, was shot once in the head, Mr Conat said. She was in her 20s and was known to the Hearns family, he said.

Detectives found a gun they believed was used in the killing, Mr Conat said.

Hearns was in Las Vegas where he is to meet Sugar Ray Leonard tomorrow in a scheduled 12-round fight for Leonard's World Boxing Council super middleweight title.

"He's going forward with the fight and he says it won't affect him in the least," promoter Bob Arum said in Las Vegas.

"He did assure me that the fight would go on and he said it wouldn't affect his performance. Incidents are incidents and they're unfortunate, but we're all professionals here.

"Is he concerned about his brother? He probably is, but he says he doesn't want to think about it, and he won't.

"As he says, he'll block it out of his mind until he knocks Ray Leonard out Monday night."

Arum said three people in Hearns' entourage left Las Vegas for Detroit, including his younger brother, John Hearns, who is a student at the University of Nevada-Las Vegas. His mother, Lois Hearns, will remain in Las Vegas for the fight.

Arum said, "it has been made clear to me that the (dead) woman herself has absolutely no connection with Thomas."

Asked how he knew that since he didn't know the victim's name, he said, "They apparently know who she is."

Prentiss Byrd, chief assistant to Emmanuel Stewart, Hearns' manager, quoted the former world champion as saying, "I've got to do what I've got to do. A lot of people worked to make this fight happen."

The Leonard-Hearns fight is a rematch of their classic September 16, 1981, when the two boxers in their prime put on brilliant performances. Leonard, 33, is a 3-1 favourite to win.

– AP

■ Leonard tipped to win Page 19

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14948期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月13日 星期二 己巳年五月初十

北京地区天气预报：白天 多云转阴有雷阵雨 风向 偏南风 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴有雨转多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 25℃ 最低 18℃

人民日报社出版


## 聂帅写信慰问戒严部队全体官兵

### 向死难烈士表示深切的哀悼

新华社北京6月12日电　戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：6月11日，德高望重的聂荣臻元帅给戒严部队全体官兵写来一封慰问信，表达了他对人民子弟兵的深切厚爱，对戒严部队全体官兵的亲切慰问，对死难烈士的沉痛悼念。全文如下：

亲爱的戒严部队的全体官兵同志们：

你们好！你们辛苦了！

最近几天的形势明显好转，一些不明真相的群众对我们的党、政府和军队的态度也有了明显的变化。前天，小平同志亲切接见了戒严部队军以上干部，可以说是对平息反革命暴乱取得初步胜利的检阅，在全党、全军和全国人民中起到了极大的鼓舞作用，给国内外敌人以沉重的打击。

这次戒严部队进城，坚决地执行军委命令，克服重重困难，不怕牺牲，英勇奋战，给一小撮暴徒以致命打击，取得了辉煌胜利。同时也做到了热爱首都，热爱首都人民，热爱青年学生。事实证明，我军不愧是人民的军队，不愧是人民民主专政的柱石，不愧是人民为钢铁长城！为此，我向你们表示诚挚的问候，并向死难烈士表示深切的哀悼，向他们的家属表示亲切慰问。

谨此顺致

敬礼！

聂荣臻

1989年6月11日

## 解放军三总部和各大单位

# 传达学习邓小平同志重要讲话 为彻底平息反革命暴乱而奋斗

新华社北京6月12日电　人民解放军各总部、各大单位认真传达学习中央军委主席邓小平在接见戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话，表示要坚决听党的话，忠于人民，为取得制止动乱和平息反革命暴乱、稳定局势的彻底胜利而奋斗。

连日来，总参谋部、总政治部、总后勤部、北京军区，沈阳军区、济南军区、南京军区、广州军区、成都军区、兰州军区、空军、海军、第二炮兵、国防科工委、国防大学、军事科学院等单位党委分别召开了党委会、机关干部大会，认真传达、学习邓小平同志的讲话。通过学习讨论，大家对首都反革命暴乱的实质及其根源、老一辈无产阶级革命家在党和国家生死存亡的关键时刻所起的决定性作用、我军在保卫祖国和巩固人民民主专政中的重要作用等问题有了深刻的认识。许多同志说，在平息反革命暴乱取得初步胜利的时候，邓主席亲切接见戒严部队的领导同志并作重要讲话，这对于统一全党、全军和全国人民的思想，粉碎少数阴谋分子的反革命谣言，从根本上稳定当前的局势，将产生不可估量的作用。有的老同志说，邓主席是我们党和国家真正的掌舵人，特别是党的十一届三中全会以来，在每一个关键时刻，都是他给我们指明了方向。在这次党和国家命运处于危险的紧要关头，又是他挺身而出，以无产阶级革命家的雄伟气魄和胆略，率领全党、全军和全国人民粉碎了这场反革命暴乱，挽救了社会主义事业，保住了10年改革的成果。

在学习讨论中，大家进一步明确了这场斗争的性质。许多同志说，邓主席对这场斗争的性质讲得非常透彻。极少数人要民主、反腐败只是个陪衬，其实质是要推翻共产党，否定社会主义制度，颠覆我们的国家。这场暴乱是有组织、有预谋的，既有国内的原因，又有国际的因素。暴乱的发生是不以人们意志为转移的。邓主席对这场反革命暴乱的性质和根源作了精辟的分析，使我们更加深刻地认识到这场斗争的必然性、复杂性和长期性。一些单位的党委通过学习，认识到总结经验教训的重要性。他们说，邓主席曾语重心长地指出，要认真总结10年改革的经验教训，要发挥我们党的政治优势。但是由于种种原因，这一正确的指示，并没有得到贯彻落实。这场反革命暴乱是搞资产阶级自由化产生的恶果。我们党的一条教训就是，在改革开放新形势下，思想教育削弱了，艰苦创业精神削弱了，没有持之以恒地坚持四项基本原则。这一失误的教训极其深刻，值得永远记取，并应坚决予以纠正。

还有一些单位经过学习讨论，在以下几个方面加深了思想认识，一是进一步明确了发生这场反革命暴乱的必然性。这次事件促使我们冷静地考虑过去，考虑未来，总结经验教训，将使我们今后的步子走得更稳、更好、更快。二是进一步明确了这场暴乱的实质和危害。党中央、国务院、中央军委采取果断措施平息暴乱，非常英明，非常正确。三是进一步明确了老一辈无产阶级革命家在平息这场暴乱中所起的重要作用。四是进一步明确了军队在这场斗争中的重大责任。

邓小平同志的讲话，使各单位党委和广大指战员受到巨大鼓舞和鞭策。许多同志说邓主席对部队在这次平息反革命暴乱中所表现出的忠于党，忠于人民，听从指挥，严守纪律，不怕艰苦牺牲，忠于职守的行动给予很高评价，这是党和人民对部队的鼓舞和鞭策。我们是人民军队，就要时刻紧密团结在党中央周围，捍卫党的利益、人民的利益，保卫人民的劳动成果，维护社会的安定。人民解放军是党缔造的钢铁长城，我们任何时候都不允许有人企图打倒共产党，推翻社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国。事实已经证明，我们的党完全有力量领导全党、全军、全国人民排除前进道路上的一切阻力，保证党的十一届三中全会以来制订的正确路线方针政策坚持不断地贯彻下去，把国家建设得更稳定繁荣。

广大指战员表示，这次平息反革命暴乱的斗争虽然取得初步胜利，但是今后的任务仍然是艰巨复杂的，不能有松动思想，还要保持高度的警惕。要保证在任何严峻的情况下，在思想上、政治上、行动上坚决同党中央保持一致。通过这次镇压反革命暴乱的锻炼和考验，部队要更好地热爱人民群众，履行职责，严厉打击一小撮暴徒，以临武之师、文明之师的形象，以更有效的措施和行动，为彻底平息暴乱，维护安定团结做出贡献。

## 赞扬子弟兵为党为国为民立新功

### 宋任穷等慰问戒严部队官兵武警官兵和公安干警

新华社北京6月12日电　中共中央顾问委员会副主任宋任穷和中顾委部分常委，今天上午来到天安门内院慰问首都部分戒严部队官兵、武警官兵和公安干警。

宋任穷说，我和中顾委的一些老同志来看望大家，心情很激动很高兴。首先，我们代表中顾委向你们并通过你们向所有参加这次平息反革命暴乱的解放军指战员、武警指战员和公安干警，表示亲切的问候和崇高的敬意。同时，向所有在这次平息暴乱的斗争中光荣牺牲的烈士们表示沉痛的悼念，并向他们的亲属致以诚挚的慰问。

宋任穷说，在制止动乱和平息暴乱中，你们服从命令，听从指挥，严守纪律，团结一致，英勇反击反革命暴徒，表现出了很高的政治觉悟和无私无畏的革命精神。在粉碎暴乱后，你们又不顾疲劳，发扬连续作战的作风，克服种种困难，立即投入排除路障、清扫街道，为老百姓送送粮食和生活用品、宣传群众、维持社会秩序等工作中去。总之，你们为维护首都的安定，为保卫用几千万革命先烈的鲜血换来的社会主义的中华人民共和国，保卫各族人民的根本利益，保卫革命、建设和改革的成果，保卫中国共产党的领导，立下了新的伟大功绩。党和政府感谢你们，全国人民感谢你们，我们这些奋斗了半个多世纪的老战士、老同志感谢你们。你们用自己的行动充分表明：你们经受住了严峻的考验，不愧为先荣的人民子弟兵，不愧为人民民主专政的坚强柱石，不愧为捍卫社会主义祖国的钢铁长城。你们的正义之举，正在受到首都越来越多的市民和学生的理解和热情支持，并必将激励各族人民为建设四化，振兴中华而努力奋斗。

宋任穷说，反革命暴乱尚未完全平息，斗争还须继续进行。极少数暴徒及其幕后的组织者和指挥者，他们制造动乱和暴乱的目的，就是妄图推翻中国共产党的领导，推翻社会主义制度，以资产阶级共和国代替社会主义的人民共和国。因此，人民同他们的斗争，是一场严重的政治斗争。他们的阴谋虽已败露，但还会继续施展，直至彻底失败。他们是不会连背这个逆流的。希望你们继续保持高度警惕，在各族人民和有关部门的支持与配合下，依法严厉打击极少数坏人，继续深入进行热爱首都人民的教育，竭尽全力保护广大群众的生命、财产安全，为彻底平息暴乱、全面稳定局势再立新功。

宋任穷最后说，6月9日，邓小平同志同戒严部队军以上干部的讲话极为重要，不仅深刻阐述了当前这场斗争的性质和我们的方针，而且为我们认识和总结过去、思考和开辟未来进一步指明了方向。让我们大家共同以这个讲话的精神为指导，统一思想，统一行动；坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，发扬艰苦奋斗、廉洁奉公、励精图治、自强不息的革命创业精神，为把我国建设成为富强、民主、文明的社会主义现代化国家继续奋勇前进！

北京军区政委刘振华上将在讲话中说，今天，中央顾问委员会的20位老首长、老领导，专程来看望执行戒严任务的部队、武警和公安干警，这是对我们的亲切关怀和巨大鼓舞。

他说，刚才，宋任穷同志的讲话，表达了中顾委的老前辈，对我们的热情关怀和殷切希望。我们一定要充分认识这场斗争的严重性和复杂性，平息暴乱的斗争还没有结束，要保持清醒的头脑。 （下转第三版）

## 乔石姚依林田纪云等领导人到医院看望和慰问受伤官兵

新华社北京6月12日电　中共中央政治局常委乔石、中共中央政治局委员宋平、中共中央书记处书记阎明复。中共中央书记处候补书记温家宝和中央机关部分领导同志今天看望了首都戒严部队、武警部队官兵和公安干警。他们还到解放军三〇五医院看望了在平息首都反革命暴乱中负伤的解放军和武警部队官兵。

乔石在向首都戒严部队、武警部队官兵和公安干警讲话时说，我代表党中央和中央机关来看望大家，慰问大家。你们在这次平息北京反革命暴乱的斗争中作出了巨大贡献。你们为了人民的利益、共和国的利益，为了保卫首都，勇敢战斗，不怕牺牲的精神值得学习。希望驻京戒严部队继续完成党中央、国务院交给的各项任务，为圆满完成恢复首都社会秩序，作出新的贡献。

乔石勉励负伤的解放军和武警部队官兵安心养伤，争取早日恢复健康。

新华社北京6月12日电　中共中央政治局常委、国务院副总理姚依林，国务委员兼财政部长王丙乾，国务委员兼机电部长邹家华，今天上午前往解放军304医院，看望在平息首都反革命暴乱中负伤的戒严部队官兵。

姚依林在病床前同每个伤员握手，详细询问伤情。他对伤员们说：你们在平息首都反革命暴乱中为国家、人民和我们党建立了很大功勋，以实际行动保卫了党中央，保卫了首都，保卫了人民共和国。我们非常感谢你们。希望你们安心养伤，早日痊愈。

姚依林一行还慰问了为救治伤员付出辛劳的医护人员。

随同姚依林到医院看望伤员的还有：地矿部长朱训、航空航天部长林宗棠、冶金部长袁心维、轻工部长曾宪林、纺织部长吴文英、交通部长钱永昌、邮电部长杨泰芳、林业部长高德占、商业部长胡平、解放军总后勤部副部长宗顺贵等。

新华社北京6月12日电　国务院副总理田纪云，国务委员李贵鲜、陈俊生，全国政协副主席、国家民委主任司马义·艾买提，今天下午代表国务院和李鹏总理，到武警总医院看望在执行北京部分地区戒严任务中负伤的武警部队官兵。

这些伤员都是在6月3日至6月11日被暴乱分子用各种凶器致伤的，有1名伤员生命垂危，正在全力抢救中。

田纪云副总理对伤员们说，国务院领导同志和李鹏总理对大家很关心，委派我们来慰问大家，武警广大官兵在平息首都反革命暴乱中，英勇顽强，无私无畏，为保卫社会主义制度，保卫伟大祖国的首都，保卫人民的利益，作出了重大贡献。在这里，让我们向光荣牺牲的武警战士表示沉痛哀悼，向受伤的同志表示亲切慰问，希望你们早日恢复健康，重返岗位。全国人民都不会忘记你们的功勋。

一起慰问负伤武警官兵的还有武警部队司令员李连秀、武警部队政委张秀夫、实全部部长贾春旺、司法部部长蔡诚、物资部部长柳随年。人事部部长赵东宛、广播电影电视部部长艾知生。

6月12日，中顾委副主任宋任穷等到天安门内院慰问首都部分戒严部队官兵、武警部队官兵和公安干警。　新华社记者　王敏德摄

## 北京市人民政府戒严部队指挥部发出第14号通告

北京市人民政府戒严部队指挥部通告（第14号）

“北京市民自治联合会”、“首都知识界联合会”、“首都各界爱国维宪联席会”、“外地赴京高校自治联合会”，是未经依法登记的非法组织，必须立即自动解散；其成员必须立即停止一切非法活动。

上述非法组织，参与了在首都发生的动乱和反革命暴乱。这些非法组织的头头，必须立即到所在地区的公安机关登记、投案自首，争取宽大处理。对拒不登记、投案自首者，将依法缉拿归案，从严惩处。

1989年6月12日

（新华社发）

## 公安部发出通告

# 维护首都和全国正常社会秩序 坚决镇压反革命暴乱制止动乱

中华人民共和国公安部关于坚决镇压反革命暴乱、制止社会动乱的通告

为坚决镇压北京发生的反革命暴乱，制止其他一些城市发生的严重社会动乱，维护首都和全国的正常社会秩序，保护国家利益和人民群众生命财产的安全，保卫改革开放和社会主义现代化建设事业，特通告如下：

一、取缔一切煽动和制造社会动乱及反革命暴乱的非法组织。

北京市人民政府、戒严部队指挥部通告（第10号）已宣布“北京市高校学生自治联合会”和“北京工人自治联合会”为非法组织，责令他们必须立即自动解散，其成员必须立即停止一切非法活动；这两个非法组织的头头必须立即到所在地区公安机关投案自首，争取宽大处理。对拒不投案自首者，将依法缉拿归案，从严惩处。

全国其他发生动乱和骚乱的城市，凡是煽动、制造动乱、骚乱的非法组织，当地公安机关均应报请人民政府批准，予以明令取缔，责令他们立即解散组织，停止一切非法活动，其头头要在指定的期限内到当地公安机关登记，拒不登记并继续进行活动的，依法从严惩处；对一般成员，除触犯刑律的依法追究刑事责任外，可以不予追究。

二、对包庇、窝藏非法组织头头及暴乱活动首要分子的，当地公安机关应当依法追究刑事责任。

三、对于在首都反革命暴乱中被抢夺或抢劫到的枪支、弹药、军用和警用器械、装备，以及非法组织印制的煽动、蛊惑性宣传品，公安机关应予收缴，藏有上述物品的，要立即将所藏物品送交当地公安机关；隐匿不交的，依法从严处理。

四、非法组织成员逃到外地继续进行串联、煽动、制造动乱或其他违法犯罪活动的，当地公安机关一经发现，可立即依法拘捕。

五、聚众冲击党政机关和广播电台、电视台等重要部门，聚众堵塞交通或者破坏交通秩序，致使铁路运输和道路交通中断，制造城市瘫痪的，对其首要分子，必须依法拘捕，从严惩处。

六、各地如发生聚众骚乱事件，公安机关和武警部队要采取坚决果断措施，强制驱散；对参与骚乱、搞打砸抢烧杀的分子及其他刑事犯罪分子，当地公安机关可以当场拘捕。

七、人民警察执行职务遇有拒捕、暴乱、袭击、抢夺枪支或其他以暴力破坏社会治安、不听制止的紧急情况，应当依据有关条例、规定使用武器进行自卫和制止犯罪活动。

八、广大群众要积极揭发检举反革命暴徒和进行打砸抢烧杀活动的犯罪分子以及其他刑事犯罪分子，支持和协助公安机关及公安干警、武警指战员依法执行公务，共同维护社会秩序。

1989年6月12日（新华社发）

## 国务院通知各地各有关部门

# 抓紧搞好夏收 保证做好收购

新华社北京6月12日电　国务院6月9日向各地各有关部门发出《关于抓紧搞好夏收、保证做好夏季粮油收购工作的通知》。

《通知》说：目前夏粮产区从南向北已经进入夏收、夏种大忙季节，为了切实搞好夏收，保证做好夏季粮油和其它农副产品收购工作，特再作如下通知：

一、抓紧搞好夏收、夏打、夏种生产。今年夏粮长势喜人，从全国来看增产已成定局。夏收在即，希望地方各级人民政府组织有关部门密切配合，动员广大干部和群众优先保证夏收、夏打、夏种所需的电力、机械设备和其它物资，不失时机地打好“三夏”这一仗。其它方面的需要都要为“三夏”让路。

二、千方百计保证夏季粮油收购所需资金，避免出现收购农副产品“打白条”现象。各级人民政府要坚决贯彻5月22日国务院的电报通知精神，地方人民政府负责人要切实负起责任，加强领导，组织银行、商业（粮食）、财政等有关部门层层研究落实，想方设法筹措资金，集中用于粮油等农副产品收购。要充分认识到，如果在夏季收购中再出现“打白条”现象，将会严重影响农民发展生产特别是种粮的积极性，也直接影响秋季农业生产，对国民经济全局极为不利。各级银行、审计、工商管理和监察部门要主动配合，凡是发现有“打白条”现象的地方，要认真查明原因，迅速设法解决。对那些收购资金解决好的地方要进行表扬。

三、进一步做好宣传教育工作。各级政府和有关部门要广泛、深入进行宣传和教育工作。要使农民理解，合同定购既是经济合同，也是国家任务，完成合同定购是农民应尽的义务，必须保证完成，为国家多作贡献。

## 北京一知识分子致函《北京日报》

# 揭穿美国电视新闻的谣言

新华社北京6月12日电　北京市海淀区一位中年知识分子6月9日给《北京日报》写信，揭穿美国电视新闻的一个谣言。信件全文如下：

编辑同志：6月7日晚，我的一位亲戚从美国打回一个长途电话，心急火燎地询问北京大学的情况。他说，他从美国电视新闻中得知，戒严部队已经开进北京大学，打死150多人。他很担心。正巧，我邻居的孩子也在北大上学，刚才去过北大，根本没有解放军开进高校打死100多人的事。我向他说明了情况。

我真不懂，美国的新闻单位为什么如此公开造谣，煽惑观众，蛊乱视听？他们不是口口声声说新闻要真实要自由吗？难道编造谎言就是他们所标榜的“新闻真实”？信口胡言就是他们自诩的“新闻自由”？他们这样干，到底是何居心？我希望能登我的一角，予以公开揭露，也好让他们曝曝光，让人们看看他们的造谣公司，到底干了些什么勾当。

本市海淀区一中年知识分子

6月9日

## 了解北京暴乱真相 看到生活秩序恢复

# 一在京日商表示和中方合作到底

### 实用事实说服日本公司不从中国撤离

新华社北京6月12日电　据北京市有关部门提供的消息：一位在北京投资数亿日元的日本商社的社长6月8日到达北京，当晚，这位社长把中央电视台播放的有关北京发生暴乱真相的录相片连看了三遍。第二日，他请中方代表陪他乘车从大北窑、建国门、东单、王府井南口、南池子转了一圈，拍摄了一些交通恢复、生活秩序恢复的场景。他说：“我要用事实和见闻来宣传，说服日本公司不从中国撤离。”

这位社长随后召集这个事务所全体人员开会，要求这些工作人员稳定情绪，坚持在北京工作，不要撤回日本。而且，他还说服其它有关的日本商社不要撤离。他说，困难时才能考验人，应当和中方合作到底。

对于在北京发生的反革命暴乱，这位外宾说：“我虽然是日本人，但对北京发生这样的事情我也是非常痛心的。”他说：“许多人指责邓小平，这是没有道理的。没有邓小平就没有开放的中国，也不会有现在这样迅速发展的经济。”他还说：对于事件的真相，要向国外进行正面宣传，不能都是西方的东西，在日本，自己的录相、照片很多，中国也应该这样。

# 大公報

Ta Kung Pao

342 Hennessy Road, Hong Kong

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## 北京政局續引起國際反應

# 歐共體共議會長外交代表昨示
# 係關常正持維國中與難

## 西歐加拿大將延長中國留學生簽證

【路透社盧森堡十二日電】歐洲共同體各外長星期二日電】歐洲共同體各外長星期一同意，由於中國的事力鎮壓，歐共體不可能與中國維持正常關係。

在盧森堡的會議上，各外長同意可能延長歐共體各國的中國留學生的簽證，但除了已宣佈的派駐與中國的高層接觸之外，沒有採取進一步的制裁措施。

一位代表西班牙的發言人說，十二個國家都認為在現時的情況下維持正常關係是不可行的。西班牙是歐共體現時在歐主席國。

他們對制裁問題，清除異己和逮捕人權等事表示關注。他們解釋手段表示贊成，但認為必須停止這種壓手段。」

由於歐共體十二國政府已於上周發出聯合聲明譴責武力鎮壓民主運動，各國外長星期一決定不採發表正式聲明。

但發言人說，各政府首腦可能會在六月二十六至二十七日的馬德里歐共體會上再次討論中國問題，並且可能發表一份新的宣言。

他說，各外長追隨了歐共體行政委員會上周一取消與中國貿易部長會面的決定。各外長同意勸喻中國政府回到改革的道路上，並且譴責鎮壓措施自由。

【路透社新加坡十二日電】貿易官員星期一說，在中國發生的動亂，已迫使在中國的新加坡公司，凍結價值百萬美元計的工程項目並疏散他們的人員。

新加坡上星期要求其在中國擔任無現成技術人員的約五百名僑民離開，並敦促他們應在期勢恢復正常後才可回去。

新加坡公司已在約二百項目中投資了近十億美元，這些項目包括有一酒店、雜貨石油和天然氣勘探、電子設備製造、銀行以及房地產新加坡是在中國的第四大投資國，僅次於香港地區、美國和日本。

【路透社悉尼十二日電】澳大利亞政府及商界領袖星期一說，在北京發生了六月四日屠殺反政府示威者的事件後，澳大利亞與中國間迅速發展中的貿易關係，已處於危險邊緣。

他們說，每年二十多億澳元（十五億美元）的貿易額，以及二十四個以上的澳中合資企業可能受到影響。

【路透社悉尼十二日電】澳大利亞政府星期一說，在中國進行軍事鎮壓後，已暫時中止與中國的軍事關係。

一名官員說：「命令的生效日期追溯至上星期四，缺令未包括化學品或民用的件集。

【路透社新加坡十二日電】有關官員說，瑞士政府星期二日宣佈中斷出所有軍火。

這些官員說：「命令的生效日期追溯至上星期四，缺令未包括化學品或民用的件集。

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## 澳商界談中澳關係
## 現正處於危險邊緣

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## 瑞士禁軍火軍銷中國
## 星洲凍結華在程工

【路透社盧森堡十二日電】瑞士政府星期一說，在中國發生的動亂，已迫使在中國的新加坡公司，凍結價值百萬美元計的工程項目並疏散他們的人員。

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【路透社星期一報道說，國防研究所副所長已要求中度尼西亞政府保證，澳大利亞與北京恢復外交關係之前，先緊箍使在中國的軍事發展。

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瑞士聯邦經濟事務部發言人說，該決定於星期一生效。

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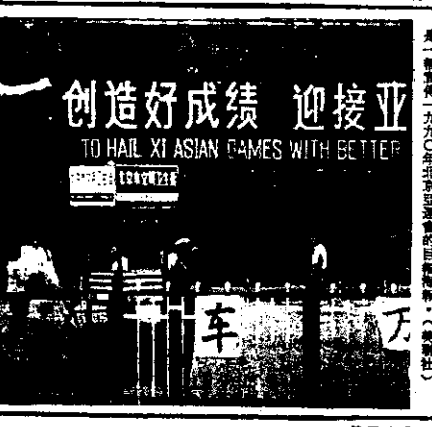


# 公安部八點通告顯示
## 取締一切「非法組織」警察可用武器

【中新社北京十二日電】中國公安部今天發佈關於「嚴決制裁反革命暴亂，制止社會動亂」的通告，該項通告全文如下：

為堅決鎮壓北京發生的反革命暴亂，制止社會動亂，維護首都和全國的正常社會秩序，保護國家利益和人民群眾生命財產的安全，保衛改革開放和社會主義現代化建設的順利進行，特通告如下：

一、取締一切煽動和組織社會動亂及反革命暴亂的非法組織。

北京市人民政府、戒嚴部隊指揮部通告（第十號）已宣佈「北京市高校學生自治聯合會」和「北京工人自治聯合會」為非法組織，責令他們必須立即自動解散，其成員必須立即自動停止一切非法活動，並限期向所在地區公安機關投案自首，聽候處理。對拒不投案自首者，將依法緝拿歸案，從嚴懲處。

全國其他發生動亂和暴亂的城市，凡是煽動、組織動亂、暴亂的非法組織，當地公安機關均應報請人民政府批准，予以明令取締，責令他們立即解散組織，停止一切非法活動，其頭目要在指定的期限內到當地公安機關登記，拒不登記並繼續進行活動的，依法從嚴懲處；對一般成員，除觸犯刑律的依法追究刑事責任外，可以不予追究。

二、對包庇、窩藏非法組織頭目及暴亂活動首要分子的，當地公安機關應當依法追究刑事責任。

三、對於在首都反革命暴亂中被搶奪或被搶到的槍械、彈藥、軍用和警用裝備、車輛，以及非法組織用來的煽動、蠱惑性宣傳品等反革命物資，當地公安機關應當依法收繳。

北京衛戍區　天安門廣場附近一個被燒焦的汽車

星期一上午，衛戍區軍人在北京國防部大門前發現一個被燒焦的汽車，車內有兩具燒焦的屍體。（路透社傳真照片）

是一輛官樣一九九〇年北京亞運會的巨幅海報。（美聯社）

# 各地暗搞「清查運動」
# 幹部民衆人心惶惶

## 穩深火車增軍人檢查　出境者嚴被檢查

【本報訊】據十二日內地來客透露，

【本報訊】據最新消息，港督衛奕信昨（十二）日在會見來訪的英聯合國駐聯合國大使柯利爾時表示，由於中國大陸近期發生的動亂，有人提出與香港中英聯合會聯繫，重新開展會務，但他強調，目前時機不成熟。

衛奕信昨日出席英國下議院外交事務委員會舉行的聽證會時，分別就中英聯合會聯繫法是否有意思，因為中英聯合會明白是一份非常好的文獻，他的想法與多位英國議員一樣，表示贊同，或者進一步採取一些行動，以使港人增加對聯合會的信心。

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衛奕信指出，過去幾個月中國內部發生的變動，中國在信守國際協議方面是值得讚賞的，而一九八四年中英簽署的聯合聲明，保證了香港在一九九七年後五十年內社會制度和生活方式不變。

他強調，中英兩國政府均有責任確保這一點。

衛奕信表示，九七年後香港人能否享有高度自治，主要視乎中國政府在未來一段時間內的表現，而非取決於一九九七年之後的情況。

他說：「我們現在要做的，是確保在未來十年內，香港人對中國政府有信心，而不是在一九九七年後才開始。」

他說，中英兩國政府在一九八四年簽署聯合聲明時，已經考慮到香港人對中國政府的信心問題，因此在聯合聲明內作出了一些保障，例如香港現時選上的兩屆，即使到了一九九七年後，仍可連任兩屆，為期十年。

衛奕信說，近期有人提出修改聯合聲明的主張，他表示現時沒有這個需要，因為沒有證據顯示聯合聲明的內容不合時宜。

衛奕信又說，他認為中英兩國政府均有責任確保聯合聲明的條文得以貫徹執行，而不是只有中國政府才有責任。

衛奕信指出，過去幾個月中，中英兩國政府已就聯合聲明的執行情況，基本法的草擬，越南難民等問題，四度舉行磋商的會議。

衛奕信又說，由於中國政府的變化，港人目前最需要的只是一種保證，即使到了九七之後，絕大部分持英國護照的港人均不會真正移居英國。如果

# 喬石等昨率領衆官
# 看望部隊亦作表態

## 北京報道參與的一批部長名單
## 中顧委宋任窮姬鵬飛等亦作同樣舉動

【中新社北京十二日電】今天，大批元帥、化工部長等仲裁行的國家領導人分別來到戒嚴部隊駐京部隊和首都衛戍區機關，看望慰問執行戒嚴任務的官兵和公安幹警。

喬石、宋平、劉華清、姚依林、王丙乾、鄧家貴等地親部長、部長等來到解放軍總參謀部、總政治部、總後勤部、空軍、海軍、第二炮兵、武警部隊和北京衛戍區機關，看望慰問正在執行戒嚴任務的官兵和公安幹警。

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# 田紀雲會見蘇大使
## 中蘇經貿第四次例會召開在即

【新華社北京十二日電】國務院副總理田紀雲今天會見了蘇聯駐華大使格羅德斯基。同他進行了友好的談話。

會見時，雙方就即將舉行的中蘇經濟、貿易、科技合作協員會第四次例會的有關問題和其他共同關心的問題交換了意見。

# 中國駐澳一外交官
## 要求准在澳洲居留

【美聯社堪培拉十二日電】澳大利亞外交部星期一說，一名中國外交官已要求准許他在澳大利亞居留，政府官員正在考慮其申請。

去年駐外交官是專求政治庇護，即是謀求離開其祖國。

外交部發言人拒透露該外交官員來自堪培拉中國大使館，還是在墨爾本或悉尼的中國領事館。

澳大使館及駐墨爾本領事館的人員在討論此事，駐悉尼領事館則無人答覆查詢電話。

# 英外次會見中國代辦
## 稱不能如常磋商港事

## 宋明江否認中國大使館恫嚇留學生

【本報記者費雯報導】中國駐倫敦大使館臨時代辦宋明江否認中國大使館恫嚇留學生，並已經在北京向英國外交部提出嚴正交涉。

英國外交部次官戴維·肯爾今日上午會見了宋明江，並表示英國政府對有關中國留學生的報導感到關注，並已經在北京向英國外交部提出嚴正交涉。

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# 西安取締七個組織
## 還重佈取締「高自聯」又破獲「自由社」等

【法新社北京十二日電】中央電視台今天下午，同濟大學、化工學院等高校的「高自聯」等組織的頭頭被正法。

據上海公安機關介紹，組織區發戶籍出市管理辦法，八六年就展組織反革命集團，書寫了所謂「總綱」、「告全國書」、「告世界書」、「告全國書」和「告世界書」等反動傳單，煽動中國共產黨高校已經等手清理校園，清除學潮期間張貼的「總綱」、「告全國書」、「告世界書」等反動傳單。

【新華社上海十二日電】上海市公安機關六月十日發佈通告，成立「衛戍區和首都治安聯合指揮部」，並即日起開始行使職權。

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# 南京街頭有軍隊
## 執槍步過校園前

【法新社香港十二日電】在南京，二十人一隊的解放軍手執步自動步槍，軍裝綁腿，星期一列隊通過市區，經過所有的大學校園。

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# 昨出席英下院外委會聆訊
# 港督稱須維護中英聲明
# 可採行動增加港人信心

## 建議港人持英證件可有權赴英入境

【本報訊】倫敦消息：港督新委信昨（十二）日在會見來訪的英聯合國駐聯合國大使柯利爾時表示，由於中國大陸近期發生的動亂，有人提出與香港中英聯合會聯繫，重新開展會務，但他強調，目前時機不成熟。

港督衛奕信昨日出席英國下議院外交事務委員會舉行的聽證會時，分別就中英聯合會聯繫法是否有意思，因為中英聯合會明白是一份非常好的文獻，他的想法與多位英國議員一樣，表示贊同，或者進一步採取一些行動，以使港人增加對聯合會的信心。

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衛奕信指出，過去幾個月中，中英兩國政府已就聯合聲明的執行情況，基本法的草擬，越南難民等問題，四度舉行磋商的會議。

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衛奕信又說，由於中國政府的變化，港人目前最需要的只是一種保證，即使到了九七之後，絕大部分持英國護照的港人均不會真正移居英國。如果

# 英國一名記者
## 又在北京被扣

【法新社倫敦十二日電】英國廣播公司星期一說，一個英國記者在北京被拘留，被控煽動暴亂成員。

星期天在北京被拘留的英國記者名叫朱利·戴維斯，是一個英國廣播公司的攝影組成員。

這是一個星期前軍隊鎮壓學生運動後，英國記者在北京被拘留的第二次被拘留。英國廣播公司說，朱利·戴維斯是在第二次被拘留。

巴倫說，朱利·戴維斯是在第二次被拘留。

# 被傳在京中槍身亡
# 關山月電報平安

## 近日一直在穗沒回到京

【本報訊】廣州著名畫家關山月與著名畫家趙少昂、黃新波、楊之光、方人定、尹瘦石、黃永玉、王玉珏、王肇民、陳金章、陳永錦、陳衍寧、陳煥鏘、陳煥彬、陳煥彬、陳煥彬

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局軟關第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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# 北京黨政大員官批大亮相
# 面肅整縮欲者權當示顯

◇圖人　兩名青年（中央）同一在北京火車站附近被武裝士兵押走。（法新社傳真）

## 抗議當局暴力鎮壓學運
## 共市暫停與華接觸
## 世銀押後貸款北京
### 正檢討中國動亂是否會危及銀行融資項目

【路透社倫敦華十二日電】歐洲共同體外長開一表示，與中國保持正常關係是不可能的，並同意武拳力鎮壓民主運動舉件。向北京提出抗議，部長們在歐洲會議上同意，盡一切可能為在共同體國家學習的中國人延長簽證。

西班牙外長奧多溫斯說，「我們對目前中國的局勢及已採取的鎮壓措施感到關注。」

【本報北京十二日電】多位被除為是一向贊同趙紫陽的共治，經濟改革思路的中共高層官員，包括中共中央書記處候補書記、中共中央辦公廳主任溫家寶，以及國務委員、前國務院秘書長陳慕華等，於今日集體辭職，顯示當權者有意將今次鎮壓「反革命暴亂」後在中共高層所引發的人事動盪，縮小到較小範圍。

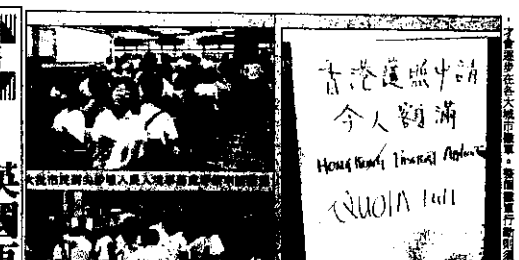
上述三人今日的先後或前後，是以前從未有過的。

相，是以前從未有過的。

隊或機關，看望執行戒嚴部隊的官兵和傷員的形式出現的，與來越多的出現，更令他們一起出現的，這是有關趙紫陽和李鵬人對當權者今次動用軍和十多個部的部長反映出抗議，部長們在廣場會場上表示，反對在廣場會場上表示，反對在廣場會場上表示，反對

快報
EXPRESS
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五四〇號
夏曆五月初十開日宣出行香港
一九八九年六月◆日 星期二
今晚天晴，吹南風，早上有陣雨，午後天晴
氣溫：介乎廿七至三十一度之間
零售二元正

# 鄧小平急於開中常會 重用喬石制衡老人幫




## 快語

## 英國再無理由卸責

血洗天安門引起港人公憤，最近使館人員及其家人被迫離境，一香港市民前往北京瓦加壓力，股市上升，總算鎮以平息。但昨天本港政府不斷加壓力，要求英國政府明確和保證對港人的責任，一方面強調對香港人的支持，保持繁榮的信力，而不會自亂陣腳。

然而由於港人已對中共失望，移民之走潮遍布全球，本地人細腳冷神，人心惶惶，一方面強調對

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# 北京特工遣隊作戰 捕搜大持主穗抵

兵士一上一下：頭制發主京北中北仍軍放解，同時忙警的地上裝時：上圖。●坐兵運甲裝輛一的上場廣門安天兵先部王

（真情往聯共）

## 美政府聲言不容拘捕方勵之

【本報訊】美國國務院發言人周一稱：「我們曾經獲得關安全最嚴厲的方勵之及李淑嫻夫婦。

# 深圳邊防滿布軍警 嚴防民運領袖逃港

## 官方將採三方式嚴厲鎮壓 知識分子

【本報北京十二日電訊】據可靠消息，北京當局對「反革命暴亂」的鎮壓，已開始進入全面逮捕階段。大批軍隊已開進北京市區，大規模的搜捕行動，已展開。

【本報深圳十二日電話】深圳邊防部隊已全面進入戒備狀態，深圳市內各主要路口，已增設警哨，加強檢查，以防止民運領袖潛逃。

深圳邊防部隊昨日下午在沙頭角邊境地區加強戒備，並在沙頭角通往鹽田的主要路口，設置了多個檢查站，嚴密檢查過往車輛。

此外，深圳市公安局昨日亦在市內各主要路口，設置了多個檢查站，嚴密檢查過往車輛。

## 美聯社發表屠城前訪問記

# 方勵之談論中國前景 老人幫下台才有轉機

中國著名科學家方勵之教授現正被當局通緝，但他表示，他不會逃離中國，並願在中國繼續為爭取民主而奮鬥。

方勵之的妻子李淑嫻教授昨日（六月十日）對美聯社駐北京記者作了一次罕有的訪問，談及丈夫的情況。

以下是訪問的內容：

問：方勵之現在的情況如何？

答：他現在很安全，我們已經知道他的藏身之處。

問：他是否有可能被捕？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會逃離中國？

答：他不會逃離中國，他要留在中國繼續為爭取民主而奮鬥。

問：方勵之是否會尋求政治庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求外國使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求美國使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求英國使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求法國使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求日本使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求加拿大使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求澳洲使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求新西蘭使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求瑞士使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求奧地利使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求荷蘭使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求比利時使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求瑞典使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求挪威使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求丹麥使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求芬蘭使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求冰島使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求愛爾蘭使館的庇護？

答：我們認為這是有可能的，但我們不知道。

問：方勵之是否會尋求葡萄牙使館的庇護？

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# Governor in new plea to Britain

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, last night made an impassioned plea to the Foreign Affairs Committee (FAC) that the British Government had to demonstrate "an act of political will" in dealing with the nationality issue.

Sir David repeated his appeal for 3.2 million residents over the right to live in Britain as "an insurance policy" against political uncertainties after 1997.

He said in the worst case, Britain would have a "very strong moral obligation" to the people of Hongkong.

Labour MP Michael Welsh asked what the Governor felt Britain should do if the Chinese 27th Army – responsible for the massacre in Tiananmen Square – was to march across the New Territories.

The Governor said: "If there is that sort of Armageddon scenario, then I suggest that Britain does have a very strong moral obligation to the people of Hongkong."

But Sir David also said that he would like to see Britain's obligations "widely shared" around the international community.

He said the granting of the right of abode or sanctuary for Hongkong British passport holders would be the best assurance for the people that their future would be secure.


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**Editorial – Page 22**


The tone of Sir David's appeal to the FAC last night was in marked contrast to the more detached delivery during his first appearance before that committee in April.

The events in China over recent days and the ensuing confidence crisis in Hongkong prompted Sir David to intensify his personal campaign to win over British public and political opinion.

"We are meeting now in the shadow of the appalling events of June 4. They have had a marked effect on Hongkong," he said.

But he pointed out China had held to its international agreements during earlier periods of clampdown and turmoil and its rulers had done nothing so far in contravention of the Sino-British Joint Declaration.

"What happened in Beijing on June 4 was watched in Hongkong with what I can only describe as total horror ... There can be no doubt that it has shaken confidence in Hongkong," he said.

He said the crackdown had served to draw people of different political views together in a demand for greater safeguards in future.

He said the effective administration of Hongkong between now and 1997 depended significantly on Britain fulfilling its moral obligations to the territory.

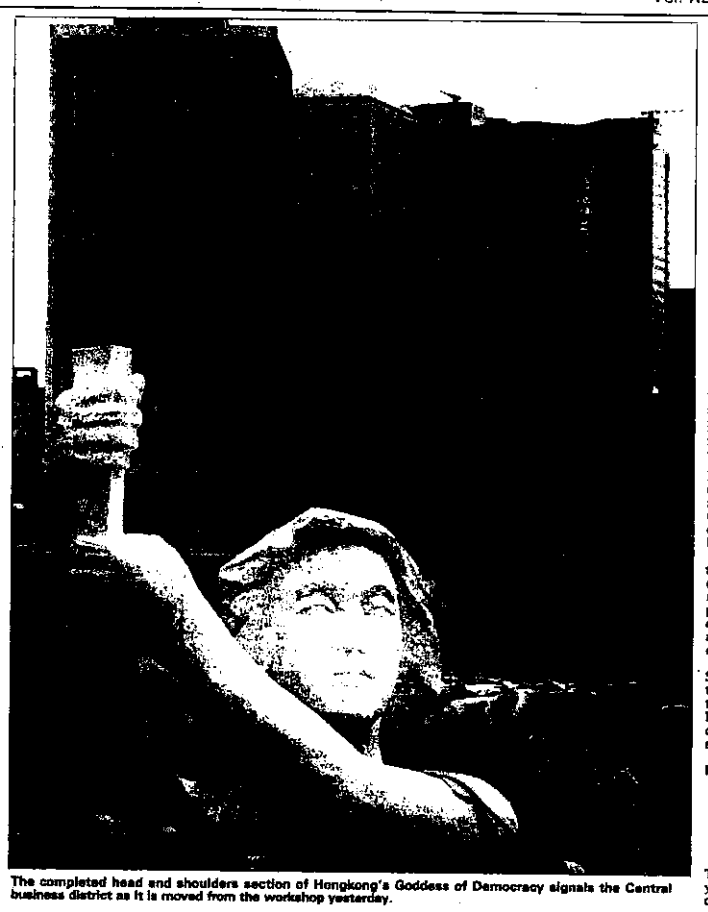
Sir David conveyed this theme to the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, last Thursday.

Mrs Thatcher, however, rejected his plea, offering instead a more flexible application of the British Nationality Act, notably clause 4(5) promising automatic citizenship for a few who had rendered exemplary service to the Crown.

He told the FAC that if the UK Government felt it could not ease nationality restrictions for certain categories of Hongkong citizens, he would hope for "maximum generosity at the moment, while people take the time to look for something much wider".

Sir David made it clear he was not looking for just the right of abode in the UK for groups within Hongkong such as Crown Servants, Indians or war widows. He saw

(Cont'd on Page 5, Col 1)



The completed head and shoulders section of Hongkong's Goddess of Democracy signals the Central business district as it is moved from the workshop yesterday.

# London 'gravely concerned' for missing student

By CHRIS YEUNG and S.Y. WAI

BRITAIN has expressed grave concern over the detention of Hongkong student Yao Yongzhan by public security officials in Shanghai, and warned any maltreatment of Hongkong Chinese on the mainland would severely damage public confidence in the territory.

The Hongkong Government also said yesterday it had made a formal request to the Chinese authorities seeking permission for British consulate staff in Shanghai and a family member of Mr Yao to contact him.

The Foreign Office in London said last night: "We urged that Mr Yao Yongzhan (Yiu Yung-chin in Cantonese) should be immediately returned to Hongkong."

Mr Yao, 19, was arrested at Shanghai airport on Sunday for not registering his name as a member of an illegal student organisation and carrying "banned material", according to Shanghai officials.

He was studying at Shanghai's Fudan University and was said to be one of the leaders of the now outlawed Autonomous Union of Shanghai Universities and Colleges.

He was arrested by Public Security Bureau officials as he was preparing to board a Civil Aviation Administration of China flight to Hongkong.

Yesterday, both the British and Hongkong governments sought details about Mr Yao's detention through different channels but little was known last night.

These included the New China News Agency office in Hongkong, the British Embassy in Beijing and the British consul-general in Shanghai, Mr Iain Orr.

Mr Orr yesterday told British journalists in Shanghai that Mr Yao arrived at the British Consulate early on Sunday morning asking for assistance in getting to Hongkong as soon as possible.

"As with other foreign nationals, the consulate agreed to advance Mr Yao, who was travelling on a Hongkong ID card, the money for a plane ticket after he signed an undertaking to repay the money at a later date."

Mr Orr said neither he nor his staff were aware that Mr Yao was a student leader or had been involved in the pro-democracy movement.

As far as they were concerned he was simply a first-year economics student at Fudan University.

Staff from the consulate accompanied Mr Yao and

(Cont'd on Page 7, Col 4)

# More seats likely for direct polls in 1991

By ANDY HO

THE Hongkong Government is believed to be reconsidering its pace of democratic reform and could allocate between 20 and 30 seats for the first direct elections to the Legislative Council in 1991.

This would be up to three times the number of seats to be directly elected under the Government's present formula contained in the White Paper on political reform set out last year.

Should this plan be adopted, it would mean that between 36 and 54 per cent of the legislature's 56 seats would be decided by universal suffrage, compared with the less than 20 per cent or 10 seats currently planned.

The shift in Government thinking is believed to have been prompted by the overwhelming support for speedier democratisation for Hongkong both locally and overseas.

Although the Government is still some way from formulating any definite proposals, indications are that it is prepared to review the timetable for change in the wake of the upheaval in China.

The Government move is almost certain to receive the general support of the Executive Council, which is ready to endorse any move for quicker democratisation provided that there is widespread community backing.

"There is a case to move faster, to get people more involved in the political process at an earlier stage," said a source close to the Executive Council.

The Government, however, wants to wait until a clear consensus emerges in the community before it revises its timetable.

It is understood that the Government will not conduct another political review similar to the 1987 Green Paper consultative exercise on political reform.

A decision on a speedier timetable for 1991 could be reached next year, although there will almost certainly be pressure on the authorities to make a commitment as quickly as possible.

The mood for faster change to keep pace with heightened political interest in Hongkong is reflected by members of the territory's highest policy and law-making bodies, the Office of the Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils (Omelco).

They have endorsed a political model for the entire legislature and the chief executive to be elected by universal franchise no later than 2003.

Omelco's model advocating that at least half of the legislature be directly elected by 1997 is meant as a basis for compromise among various political groups.

If this model is adopted, officials concede that they will have little choice but to open up more seats to direct election in 1991 so that the pace of change will be as smooth as possible.

The question that remains is whether the territory can reach a consensus on the pace at which the number of directly elected seats should proceed.

Appointed legislator Ronald Arculli, who called for a review on the 1988 White Paper during a recent Legco debate on the Basic Law, yesterday welcomed the shift of Government thinking as a step in the right direction.

He said the Government should have introduced universal suffrage to the legislature last year.

Mr Arculli proposed that Legco be expanded from 56 to 60 seats by 1991, of which a third should be set aside for district-based direct elections.

"Another 20 seats should go to the functional constituencies and the two municipal councils, while the remainder reserved for the appointed members including top Government officials," he said.

Another councillor, Dr Leong Che-hung, also demanded more seats for direct elections by 1991.

"It would be desirable to have a 100 per cent directly elected legislature by 1995. In preparation, we should start off with 50 per cent in 1991," said Dr Leong.

# UK warns Beijing on 1997 pact

**THE British Government last night warned China that it expected Beijing to fulfil its obligation for the handover of Hongkong under the Joint Declaration.**

**The warning came at a 25-minute meeting between the Deputy Undersecretary at the Foreign Office, Mr David Gillmore and the Chinese *charge d'affaires*, Dr Song Mingjiang.**

**Dr Song requested the meeting to ask for clarification of the statement made by Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe last Tuesday that events in Beijing must affect the prospect and procedures for implementation of the Joint Declaration.**

**Mr Gillmore said that Sir Geoffrey's statement reflected the "continuing sense of deep and widespread outrage in this country at the use of violence against unarmed civilians".**

**He added that it was too early to assess the full implications of "these tragic developments" for bilateral relations between Britain and China.**

**Much would depend on the future course of events.**

**The British Government expected China to fulfil its obligation under the Joint Declaration, to which Britain remained committed.**

**Mr Gillmore told Dr Song that confidence in Hongkong had been severely shaken.**

**He said there had been a major impact on the climate of opinions in the territory and people would not understand if business was conducted as if nothing had happened.**

# Campaign against Fang intensifies

THE Chinese Government yesterday whipped up a campaign to cast astrophysicist Fang Lizhi as the ringleader of the democracy movement, charging that he walked on the "dead bodies and blood" of soldiers as he took refuge in the United States Embassy.

It also issued a warning to the US mission for harbouring Mr Fang and his wife, Li Shuxian, in defiance of a warrant for their arrest on charges they organised the movement in a conspiracy to topple the communist leadership and the socialist system.

"Ladies and gentlemen in the embassy, pay great attention to this. Do not let temperatures get too high and reach the roasting point," warned a front page commentary in the state-run *Beijing Evening News*.

The commentary did not elaborate and there has been no reaction from the US mission since the article was published. The embassy has refused to comment on Mr Fang's fate.

A State Department spokesman in Washington said there were no plans to accede to Chinese demands for the surrender of the pair, who took pains to remain aloof from weeks of nationwide student-led demonstrations for greater liberty, a free press and an end to rampant official corruption.

National state television reported more than 66 new arrests in a nationwide hunt for anti-government activists launched after troops backed by tanks swept into Beijing to crush the peaceful student-led democracy movement and enforce martial law.

China Central Television (CCTV) said in its main evening news program that 25 of them were caught with the help of informants.

Another 10 people belonging to a group called

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

# Hi-tech sanctions expected

From DENNIS WHITELEY in Washington

PRESIDENT George Bush is expected to announce this week more sanctions against China by cutting off high-technology products and extending the temporary ban on military supplies to cover "the foreseeable future".

Resumption of military supplies is expected to be made conditional on release of hundreds of pro-democracy student activists.

Mr Bush has so far remained quiet on his plans to emphasise Washington's distaste at continuing trouble in China.

The flow of technology, desperately needed by China for its modernisation drive, only began to increase last year after a series of American official visits to Beijing.

In part Mr Bush is still smarting from the humiliation following Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping's continual refusal to answer his telephone calls, despite the President's patent defence of him in his nationally televised press conference last week.

Only hours after Mr Bush had publicly defended Mr Deng, refusing to join those who claimed he was behind the military crackdown and the massacre of students in Tiananmen Square, Mr Deng appeared in telecasts congratulating the army and plainly in charge.

The US Ambassador to Beijing, Mr James Lilley, confirmed that the White House has not been able to get any messages through to the Chinese leadership although he cast doubt on Mr Bush's claim to have placed

James Lilley

a direct phone call to Mr Deng.

He said his understanding was that Mr Bush had approached the Chinese Embassy in Washington to place the call for him and had been rebuffed, with the embassy saying only that it would pass on any message.

According to Mr Lilley that message was for a phone call, but no reply had been received.

The White House has declined to comment on Mr Deng's reappearance, or his refusal to talk to Mr Bush but is pointing out that the Chinese leader has also not answered calls from Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Mr Bush and his National Security Adviser, General Brent Scowcroft, along with other senior figures in the administration are believed to have ordered a full review of new sanctions against China which can be announced this week.

The measures, however, will stop short of cutting off diplomatic ties or economic and banking links.

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 7)

# Geneva plan to help Hongkong

From SIMON MACKLIN in Geneva

VIETNAMESE boat people screened out as non-refugees are expected to be given, at most, six months to volunteer to return home before the international community considers the option of forced repatriation, United Nations documents show.

The UN conference on Indochinese refugees, which convenes today in Geneva, is expected to agree to a comprehensive plan to solve the crisis facing Hongkong and the region, including intensive measures designed to persuade boat people to return home.

The Comprehensive Plan of Action (CPA), expected to be accepted by 45 or so countries attending the conference, is designed to solve the problem which has developed since 1975.

Details of the plan include:

- Intensive "counselling" by UN and consulate staff to persuade those without refugee status to volunteer for repatriation.
- Guarantee from about 21 countries to provide resettlement places for more than 55,000 Vietnamese with refugee status, of which more than 14,000 are now accommodated in Hongkong.
- An intensive information campaign within Vietnam to dissuade others from leaving.

But a memo from UN Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, to be issued to all delegates, indicates that stiffer measures might need to be adopted if this plan does not work.

The memo notes that Hongkong and the countries of first asylum have called for an assessment of progress in solving the refugee crisis within four months.

It is noted that the first asylum countries have called for the adoption of "additional measures", including mandatory repatriation of those determined not to be refugees.

UN officials say a steering committee might meet as early as this Thursday to consider the adoption of further measures in case the CPA does not work.

But under the proposals expected to be adopted at the conference, all new arrivals will now be briefed by staff of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) and representatives from other agencies within one week of their arrival at ports of first asylum.

The new arrivals will be told they have limited chances of resettlement.

It is intended within their first month of arrival that all boat people will be seen individually or as a family by a "counsellor" advising them to consider returning home.

Those whose refugee status is rejected after screening will face the prospect of being bombarded with information by the UNHCR and other agencies designed to encourage them to volunteer for repatriation.

UN documents describing the process say "voluntary repatriation will be presented as the only reason-

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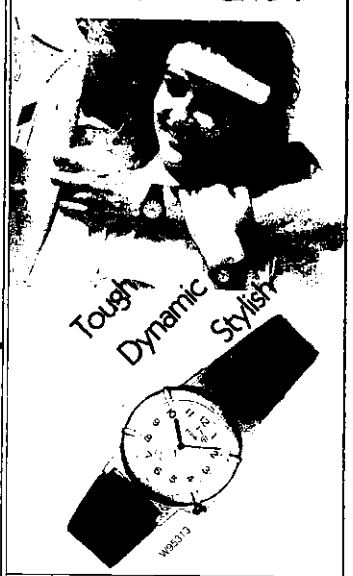


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FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

## Governor makes strong plea for de facto abode

By Stanley Leung

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, has made a strong plea for Britain to grant right of entry to British passport holders in Hongkong.

Testifying before the Foreign Affairs Select Committee last night, Sir David said Britain had a moral obligation to do so.

Sir David began giving evidence in a hearing being broadcast live to Hongkong and witnessed by a House of Commons committee room packed with Chinese students and the press.

He spoke in sombre tones of the shadow the "appalling events" in China had cast over the territory he administers.

Sir David said he did not argue directly for right of abode because this would be contrary to the Sino-British Joint Declaration, but the objective of his argument was to allow Hongkong people to stay.

Right of entry, he agreed, could in effect mean right of abode.

He also urged a more relaxed application of Section 4(5) of the existing nationality law under which Hongkong people could be granted full citizenship.

He pleaded for "maximum generosity" in the application, asking that details of how this could be done to be worked out later by experts.

Sir David reiterated that very few Hongkong people would actually want to leave the territory.

All they wanted, he said, was an assurance that they would have somewhere to go to if things went very wrong.

He said the kind of "insurance" people were getting now forced them to leave because they had to go to the country whose passport they were trying to obtain.

The Governor was asked whether he thought Britain could be expected to take in all 3.25 million passport holders in an "Armageddon" situation.

Even in that situation, he replied, Britain had a moral obligation.

"If the Armagedon scenario did take place, I suggest Britain does have a very strong moral obligation," he said.

He rejected a suggestion from a committee member that Hongkong people be granted right of entry but that the British government retain the power to impose a quota.

Sir David said there would be "difficulty" with such a system because people would not know how long it was going to be in force.

Imposing a quota could actually spur people to move out because they would not know whether their right would be taken away in the future.

He agreed that in the case of a "worst scenario" that the international community could also share in helping Hongkong.

"If that can be more widely shared, I don't think there is anything wrong on our end," he said, adding that if such a situation did occur, "there could well be a wider international interest".

Asked whether those who came to or were born in Hongkong after 1962 – when Britain took away the automatic right of abode from Hongkong British passport holders – should know they did not have that right, Sir David said people did not look at it "from a rational way like that."

He said the vast majority of people in this category had been born here, and promised to provide figures to support his statement.

Sir David acknowledged that right of entry was in effect the same as right of abode because it entailed potentially right of settlement and eventually nationality.

Told that by granting this right, Britain must be prepared to take in the bulk of people from Hongkong if the "worst came to the very worst", Sir David said if that was the case, "there is very strong moral obligation" for Britain to do so. In such a case that moral obligation would apply regardless of what Britain did now.

Sir David was giving evidence to the committee for the second time.

## Demand to keep PLA out of city

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, has said he expects the British side of the Joint Liaison Group to oppose the stationing of Chinese troops in urban Hongkong after 1997.

Sir David, speaking before the Foreign Affairs Select Committee in London, said the subject of the Chinese military should be treated with "intense sensitivity".

He said the Beijing massacre had made Hongkong residents fearful of what could happen when Chinese troops were stationed in the territory after the 1997 handover.

"I think the people of Hongkong look with great concern, in the light of recent events, to the prospect of a significant number of troops being stationed in the Central area."

Sir David's words seemed to rule out the possibility that the HMS Tamar naval base will be handed to the People's Liberation Army.

He said it had not yet been decided how many units of the PLA would be stationed in Hongkong.

"The Chinese have said however their presence would be smaller than that of the British garrison," Sir David said.

The British garrison is about 9,000 strong.

Sir David said both the size and location of the PLA in Hongkong would be discussed by the Joint Liaison Group at its next meeting.

The spectre of the June 4 massacre loomed large over yesterday's hearing in Westminster's Grand Committee room.

"We are meeting now in the shadow of appalling events," said Sir David.

He acknowledged that the massacre had shaken people's faith. "There can be no doubt that it has more people questioning the arrangements for their future."

But he stressed that Hongkong's institutions, especially its financial institutions, had withstood the unrest in China.

He said that one reason for this was the confidence that China would meet its obligations under the Joint Declaration.

"We look forward to them honouring that and Britain has a clear commitment to make sure that those obligations are honoured," he said.

Sir David said another reason for the confidence was that Omelco members seemed close to agreement on the future electoral system.

"As a result of the events in China, there has been a coming together of political opinion in Hongkong, which is of great significance."

But, he said, there was a clear need for sensitivity and support from Britain.

"These events are happening within eight years of a change in sovereignty and that does make a difference from the previous catastrophes."

He said there had to be an element of Hongkong control over whether PLA troops were ever used to impose order.

Sir David said the forces could be used under two articles in the Joint Declaration: if the Hongkong administration asked for help in restoring order; or if China declared either a state of turmoil in the special administrative region or a state of war.

## Police raids net key dissidents

SECRET police swoops continued across a frightened Beijing yesterday with informants being widely used to help authorities smash pro-democracy groups.

Official figures on state television admitted another 44 people were arrested in the capital for participating in "counter-revolutionary" activities.

China Central Television (CCTV) said in its main evening news programme that 25 of them were caught with the help of informants.

Another 10 people belonging to a group called "Commando Task Force" were arrested and several accused of helping students and workers flee the capital, CCTV said.

The task force was in the forefront of activities on Tiananmen Square last week, when thousands of pro-democracy protesters held sit-ins, the officially controlled station said.

Among workers and students arrested in Beijing was Mr Ren Wanding, a well-known human rights activist, friends of the dissident said.

Plain-clothes police seized Mr Ren, an accountant, from his home on Saturday evening and confiscated his essays.

Mr Ren was jailed from 1979 to 1983 after playing a prominent role in the Beijing Spring democracy movement of the late 1970s.

The authorities in Shanghai have arrested an alleged "counter-revolutionary" who drew up plans for a "Great Freedom Kingdom" in China, *The People's Daily* said yesterday.

The Communist Party mouthpiece said Mr Li Zhiguo was arrested by the Public Security Bureau in Shanghai after setting up a "Freedom Society" and writing letters to students urging them to "struggle against the corrupt (communist Chinese) government to the end".

On Saturday, CCTV reported that more than 400 had been arrested since a military crackdown began on June 3, and on Sunday, it said 86 had been detained. CCTV also reported at least another 38 arrested in other Chinese cities for participating in "counter-revolutionary" activities. Most of them had criminal records, the TV alleged.

In Tianjin, near Beijing, four members of the "Commando Task Force" were arrested at the railway station after fleeing Beijing on Monday.

In the central city of Wuhan "a batch of criminals" was arrested for blocking the Yangtze River Bridge. The television showed three of them "confessing their crimes".

In eastern Nanjing, three members of illegal student and labour groups were detained for calling for a general strike.

In southern Changsha, 31 people were held for storming a railway station and attacking a train.

In Xuzhou, in coastal Jiangsu province, three people who participated in "rioting" in Beijing were arrested, CCTV said.

At the same time, the government is launching a campaign in all major cities threatening to punish all those who took part in demonstrations.

And the government announced yesterday a ban on all student and worker groups that spearheaded the pro-democracy movement, and demanded that all their leaders surrender to authorities.

"All illegal organisations which incite or create social disturbances and counter-revolutionary rebellion are banned," the Ministry of Public Security announced in a notice read on Beijing Radio.

In the meantime CCTV reported Mr Yao Yilin and Mr Tian Jiyun, both vice premiers, made separate visits to hospitals in the capital where soldiers were being treated for injuries sustained in the June 3-4 clampdown.

Beijing also yesterday stepped up its attack on the Voice of America (VOA) – a major source of independent information from outside China for most of the Chinese – claiming in a widely disseminated commentary that the US shortwave service was inciting unrest in China.

"Since mid-April, VOA has shown special enthusiasm for the turmoil and counter-revolutionary rebellion in the Chinese capital," the *Beijing Daily* said. – Agencies

INSIDE:

- Pro-Beijing papers fall out of favour; Aftermath of the Xinhua sit-in: Page 5 ▶
- Taipei ready to help; What the crackdown means for China's foreign policy: Page 6 ▶
- Overseas students fear reprisals on return; Fang Lizhi interview: Page 7 ▶
- Beijing cloaks its defiance in calm; Brazen massacre an insight to the future: Page 8 ▶
- Fang, Walesa, Sakharov ... the dissident heroes of the 20th century: Page 12 ▶

## Zhao ally emerges to meet diplomat

**BEIJING: Chinese Vice-Premier Tian Jiyun, considered to be an ally of the Communist Party chief, Zhao Ziyang, met the Soviet ambassador yesterday in his first public appearance since the Beijing trouble began.**

**Mr Tian, 60, who was missing from the line-up of leaders who appeared with paramount leader Deng Xiaoping on Friday, had what the Xinhua news agency described as "a friendly talk" with Ambassador O A Troyanoski.**

**Mr Tian's appearance in apparent favour with the government leaves only Mr Zhao, 70, and another ally, party Politburo Standing Committee member Mr Hu Qili, 60, unaccounted for.**

**Mr Zhao is now generally held to be in disgrace for his sympathies for the pro-democracy protesters.**

**Mr Tian is responsible for economic matters, particularly agriculture.**

**Xinhua said he and the Soviet diplomat exchanged views on a coming meeting of the Sino-Soviet committee for economic, trade and scientific cooperation and other "issues of common interest".**

**Unlike a number of Western nations which have frozen relations with or adopted sanctions, Moscow has reacted cautiously to the Beijing crackdown.**

**It called the violence an "internal" problem and said "attempts at external pressure ... will only fan passions and in no way contribute to the situation".**

**China and the Soviet Union formally agreed to resume normal relations after a 30-year rift when Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev visited Beijing in mid-May.**

■ Refugees' children at the San Yick Centre yesterday.

## Chinese envoy seeks asylum in Australia

CANBERRA: A Chinese embassy official has asked for political asylum in Australia, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

He denied Australian television reports that the Chinese Ambassador had defected but declined to identity the official.

Later, it was reported that the diplomat was in fact a vice-consul.

"A Chinese official has sought to stay in Australia. The application is under consideration," said the ministry spokesman.

"It is not the ambassador as reported by some television reports."

The Australian Associated Press news agency reported that a vice-consul at China's consulate in Sydney, Dong Qi, was believed to be the official requesting asylum.

The agency quoted a spokesman for the consulate as saying that Mrs Dong left the consulate on Friday and had not returned.

"We have already asked the Australian departments concerned in finding out her whereabouts and we hope she can come back," the spokesman said, refusing to discuss the matter further. China has about 30 embassy staff in Australia and more than 10,000 students.

The Canberra government has said the students' visas would be extended until the situation in China improved and that any application to stay would be considered sympathetically.

Australia evacuated most of its staff and their families from its Beijing embassy and Shanghai consulate after the massacre in Tiananmen Square on June 4.

Foreign Ministry officials said there was no plan to suspend or break formal relations with Beijing.

Meanwhile Chinese support groups in California predicted that the defection on Saturday of two diplomats from the Chinese consulate in San Fransisco would lead to further requests for asylum.

"We are encouraging this sort of thing to happen and expect more people to come out of this consulate to freedom," said Mr Steve Lu, general co-ordinator of the San Francisco, Support Democracy in China group.

The two defectors, identified as a vice-consul for cultural affairs, Mr Zhou Limin, 25, and acting consul for overseas affairs, Mr Zhang Limin, 26, told an emotional crowd of 5,000 people outside City Hall that they had decided to defect after the Beijing government began a propaganda campaign claiming that no one died in last Sunday's army crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators.

"We are supposed to tell you that no one was injured or killed. Why? Because we are diplomats. But we won't fake it here. Before we are diplomats, we are Chinese and we are human beings," one of the diplomats told the crowd.

Immigration authorities must now decide whether to grant the two men political asylum.

Agents from the Federal Bureau of Investigation referred the matter to the US Immigration and Naturalisation Service.

Regional INS director David Ilchert, said the two had yet to file asylum requests but would give no other information. – Agencies

## Market on the upsurge

**THE market was 171.63 points up yesterday on news the climate in China was stabilising.**

**The Hang Seng Index shot up 7.58 percent to 2,440.21.**

**Director of South China Securities, Mr Howard Gorges, said: "There are uncertainties but at least civil war has been averted."**

**Yesterday, a US$100 million fixed rate bond issue to Guangdong International Trust and Investment Corporation has been put on hold by a Japanese firm.**

■ Details: Business

## South Viets plead for entry to 'hell' camp

MORE than 200 refugees from South Vietnam queued outside the San Yick Refugee Centre last night, asking to be allowed into the camp which has been branded notorious.

They vowed not to return to the Tuen Mun Refugee Centre which they said had been taken over by the North Vietnamese.

An assault on Sunday night in the Tuen Mun camp is believed to have triggered the flight of the southerners.

The police confirmed that a South Vietnamese was attacked by three North Vietnamese at Tuen Mun.

The unidentified victim spent the night at the Princess Margaret Hospital and was discharged yesterday. Police are still trying to find the culprits.

Officials spent the day trying to persuade the refugees to return to Tuen Mun and apply formally for transfers.

It is understood that Security Branch officials do not object to the transfer in principle, but want to examine the possibility of fire hazards posed by an increase in the number of refugees at San Yick.

A total of 2,480 refugees, all South Vietnamese, are at San Yick which was once criticised by international communities because 4,000-plus refugees were crammed into it.

The population of the Tuen Mun centre is about 4,700 – 4,000 from North Vietnam and the balance from the south.

Clutching their belongings, the 200 refugees, many of them children, left Tuen Mun early yesterday morning and began gathering outside San Yick at 9 am.

They said they had fled because they feared further attacks.

Mr Phan Xuan Anh said: "People from North Vietnam threatened us with long knives and robbed us of all our money. They came at night wearing black masks."

Mr Truong Binh said: "We will not go back. Already one person has been hurt and sent to the hospital."

There have been constant reports of conflict between North and South Vietnamese at Tuen Mun despite efforts by Correctional Services staff to maintain harmony.

The Government abandoned the policy of separating the two groups when the soaring influx posed accommodation problems.

Mr Ish Bhagat, assistant commissioner of the Inspectorate and Refugee Unit of the Correctional Services Department, said the refugees' complaints were nothing new.

"I am please to see that people want to go to San Yick which was once branded as notorious," Mr Bhagat said.

But he stressed the refugees should first return to the Tuen Mun centre and apply for transfers.

INSIDE:

- Screening policy criticised; Tent city ready for Viets; Convincing Hanoi to change; Push is for repatriation: Page 3 ▶
- Editorial: Page 12 ▶

## Student's fate out of Britain's hands

By Ma Miu-wah

BECAUSE he does not have a British passport, it might prove difficult for the British consul to help the Hongkong student detained in Shanghai.

The Government Information Service in Hongkong last night confirmed Mr Yao Zhongshan, 19, has the Document of Identity (DI) but not a British passport.

The document is held by those who are not born in Hongkong and who have lived here for less than seven years.

As far as the Government is concerned, Mr Yao's nationality is Chinese.

The British consulate in Shanghai would help Mr Yao because he is a Hongkong resident, a Government spokesman said.

But it was not clear whether he could be afforded the same protection as a British passport holder in the same circumstances.

In a hastily arranged press conference yesterday, the British Consul General in Shanghai Mr Ian Orr said Mr Yao was travelling on a Hongkong Document of Identity for visa purposes and a Chinese travel document for overseas compatriots.

"Is he eligible for a British passport? We don't know," he said.

"The question of people's nationalities is a complicated one and that is something (which) would be referred to the Hongkong Government."

Shanghai's state-run television said two days ago Mr Yao had been detained for not reporting to the authorities about his alleged activities in a banned student union in Shanghai and for carrying banned material.

Shanghai radio said Mr Yao was the leader of the banned Autonomous Union of Shanghai College Students.

The British Government yesterday asked the Chinese authorities to "immediately return (Mr Yao) to Hongkong".

"Any maltreatment (of Mr Yao) by the Chinese authorities would have the most damaging impact on confidence in Hongkong," a British Foreign Office statement said yesterday.

Despite the concerted efforts of Hongkong and British governments, by yesterday the Chinese authorities still had not replied to repeated requests for information about Mr Yao's whereabouts.

The Public Security Bureau in Shanghai yesterday told *The Hongkong Standard* that Mr Yao was under "interrogation and investigation".

Asked where the student was and whether he had been charged, the official said: "There is nothing to tell so far."

Mr Yao is the first Hongkong student known to have been detained for his involvement in the pro-democracy movement, but there are unconfirmed reports of other Hongkong students being detained in Guangdong.

More than 20 student representatives yesterday petitioned Xinhua News Agency for information about Mr Yao, a first-year student at Fudan University studying economics and management.

Some students at Hongkong University last night appealed to Britain to make a "great effort" to protect Mr Yao.

## Chang eyes local tourney

**NEWLY crowned French Open tennis champion Michael Chang is looking forward to playing in Hongkong.**

**In an exclusive telephone interview Chang's mother, Betty, said from Paris: "We would love to come back to Hongkong. The Hongkong Open is already in the back of Michael's mind. It's like playing in front of your own people."**

**Last year the 17-year-old American-Chinese made his first appearance in the Marlboro Hongkong Championships where he lost to Stefan Edberg, the man he beat in Sunday's sensational final.**

■ Details: Back Page

## 'Sir Ron' visits Britain

LONDON: Former US President Ronald Reagan has begun a visit to Britain amid rumours that Queen Elizabeth may award him a knighthood and the right to call himself "Sir Ron".

US Ambassador Henry Catto and former British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym met Mr Reagan, 78, and his wife Nancy at London's Heathrow airport, airport officials said.

Highlights of the four-day private visit will include dinner at 10 Downing Street today with Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, a friend and close ally during his two-term presidency.

He will visit Buckingham Palace for lunch with Queen Elizabeth tomorrow. Speculation is running high that she may award him a knighthood, an honour rarely bestowed on foreigners, although there are a number of illustrious precedents. Some Conservative members of Parliament have urged Mrs Thatcher to recommend Mr Reagan for the award.

Caspar Weinberger, who served Mr Reagan for six years as defence secretary, received a knighthood from Queen Elizabeth last year. Previous recipients include former US President Dwight Eisenhower.

Royalty expert Harold Brooks-Baker said that Mr Reagan would be allowed to use the title "Sir" if honoured by the Queen.

Mr Reagan is due to leave on Thursday for Paris, where he will be honoured by the French Academy of Moral and Political Science. – Reuter

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北京地区天气预报 白天 阴转晴 风向 南转北 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴 风向 偏北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 27℃ 最低 16℃

人民日报社出版


# 徐帅写信慰问戒严部队全体官兵

## 称赞他们不愧是威武之师正义之师文明之师

**新华社北京6月13日电** 戒严部队指挥部新闻处消息：深受人们爱戴和敬重的徐向前元帅，今天写信慰问戒严部队全体官兵，对戒严部队的历史功绩给予了高度评价，向牺牲的烈士表示沉痛的哀悼，向伤病员表示亲切的慰问，向全体官兵表示崇高的敬意。信件全文如下：

戒严部队全体官兵：

亲爱的同志们，你们好，你们辛苦了！

党中央、国务院、中央军委采取英明果断的决策，一举平息了在北京发生的反革命暴乱。在平息暴乱的特殊战斗中，你们表现了忠于党、忠于祖国和人民的高度政治觉悟，表现了不怕流血牺牲的英勇奋斗精神。你们以鲜血和生命捍卫了党的领导，捍卫了人民共和国，捍卫了社会主义制度。对你们的历史功绩，邓小平同志在接见戒严部队军以上干部的讲话中作了充分肯定，我表示完全拥护。

作为一名老战士，看到这支军队保持和发扬了老红军的光荣传统，我感到由衷的高兴。你们不愧是威武之师、正义之师、文明之师。你们手中虽然有武器，但为了不误伤群众，保持了极大的克制，甚至不惜牺牲自己的生命。这种舍生忘死的高贵品质，只有人民的军队才能做得到。

我年纪大了，身体不好，不能和你们一起参加战斗，也不能去看望你们，谨以此信，向牺牲的烈士表示沉痛的哀悼，向伤病员同志们表示亲切的慰问，向戒严部队全体官兵表示崇高的敬意！

平息暴乱取得了初步的、决定性的胜利，今后还有大量的工作要做。希望你们牢记我军全心全意为人民服务的宗旨，谦虚谨慎，团结一致，以更高的标准，更严格的要求，夺取新的胜利，作出新的贡献！

徐向前

1989、6、13

◁•▷ ◁•▷ ◁•▷

# 李锡铭 陈希同等 代表首都人民慰问戒严部队

## 吴学谦宋健王芳等看望受伤官兵

**新华社北京6月13日电** 中共中央政治局委员、中共北京市委书记李锡铭，国务委员、北京市市长陈希同等领导同志，12日下午代表1000多万首都人民慰问了戒严部队官兵，高度赞颂了戒严官兵在平息北京反革命暴乱中立下的历史性功勋，并给这些戒严官兵送去了慰问品。

下午两时，李锡铭、陈希同等领导同志分乘两辆中型面包车来到戒严部队驻地时，与官兵代表一一握手致意，表示深切慰问。李锡铭、陈希同说：当人民共和国的首都和首都人民的生命财产受到严重威胁的关键时刻，是英勇的中国人民解放军一举粉碎了暴徒们的暴行，挽救了党和人民，捍卫了人民共和国的安全，捍卫了社会主义制度。中国人民解放军所立下的这一历史性的功勋，将永远载入中国历史的史册。

中国人民解放军总政治部副主任周文元受杨白冰主任之托，陪同李锡铭、陈希同等领导同志到戒严部队驻地进行了慰问。他们所到之处，洋溢着军爱民、民拥军的热烈气氛。济南军区副司令员国辉、副政委曹克生，北京军区司令员周衣冰、政委刘振华，沈阳军区副司令员朱敦法，空军某部副军长左印生，副政委田增昌等同志在讲话中一致指出，平息北京反革命暴乱，是中央、中央军委和国务院英明决策的结果，是首都各界人民全力支持部队的结果。这是全党、全军和全国人民共同立下的功劳。同时，这些戒严部队的指战员还表示要继续同首都广大人民共同战斗，不获全胜，决不收兵。

参加慰问活动的还有中共北京市委、中共北京市顺委、市人民政府、市人大、市政协、市纪委，以及市总工会、团市委和市妇联的负责同志。

据悉，中共北京市委、北京市人民政府6月12日还给戒严部队全体官兵和北京市公安干警、保卫干部发了慰问信。

**据新华社北京6月13日电** 最高人民法院院长任建新日前到戒严部队某部驻地看望并慰问了全体官兵。

任建新说，你们不愧为人民的子弟兵，人民民主专政的坚强柱石。希望你们再接再厉，为进一步恢复首都的正常秩序做出新的贡献。

**新华社北京6月13日电** 中共中央政治局委员、国务院副总理吴学谦，国务委员、国家科委主任宋健，国务委员、公安部部长王芳和国务院一些部委的负责人，今天下午前往北京军区总医院，看望了在执行戒严任务中受伤的解放军官兵和公安干警。

吴学谦代表国务院和李鹏总理向受伤的解放军官兵和公安干警表示慰问。他说，你们在这次平息暴乱、稳定首都的局势中立下了大功，我们衷心地感谢你们，希望你们安心养伤，早日恢复健康，为保卫我们伟大的社会主义祖国，为保卫人民的利益作出新的更大的贡献。

吴学谦等关切地询问了伤员的病情和治疗情况，并向日夜抢救伤员的医护人员表示慰问。

随设部部长林汉雄、能源部部长黄毅诚、铁道部部长李森茂、水利部部长钱正英、经贸部部长郑拓彬、审计署审计长吕培俭、国家计划生育委员会主任彭佩云和北京军区副司令员李来柱、副政委陈培民等，一起看望了受伤的戒严部队官兵和公安干警。

## 中共中央国务院召开各部门负责人会议

# 传达邓小平同志的重要讲话 强调把思想统一到讲话上来

## 李鹏姚依林分别作重要讲话要求做好六个方面工作

**新华社北京6月13日电** 中共中央、国务院今天上午在中南海召开各部门负责人会议，传达邓小平同志6月9日接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的讲话。

会议由中共中央政治局常委、国务院总理李鹏主持，中共中央政治局常委乔石传达邓小平同志的讲话。

出席会议的有姚依林、田纪云、李铁映、吴学谦、宋平、秦基伟、丁关根、阎明复、温家宝、姬鹏飞、彭冲、倪志福、陈慕华、王丙乾、宋健、王芳、李贵鲜、陈希同、陈俊生、任建新、刘复之、胡绳、司马义·艾买提等。

在传达完邓小平同志讲话后，李鹏、姚依林分别作了重要讲话。

中共中央、国务院在北京中南海召开各部门负责人会议。李鹏同志在会上发表重要讲话。 新华社记者 齐映魂摄

李鹏说，邓小平同志的重要讲话，深刻地分析了这场反革命暴乱产生的原因、性质和我们采取的措施的正确性，深刻地阐述了党的十一届三中全会以来我们党制订的路线、方针和政策的正确性。党中央、国务院要求各部门领导带头，组织党员和群众，结合本单位实际情况，结合自己的思想，认真学习邓小平同志的这一重要讲话，消除模糊认识，把大家的思想统一到讲话上来。

李鹏说，反对这场反革命暴乱，是关系到我们党和国家生死存亡的一场斗争。从4月15日到现在，近两个月时间里，事态不断地发展，先由学潮发展到动乱，最后发展到反革命暴乱。党中央在每个时期都经过仔细分析，采取了相应的正确的政策。到了5月中旬，北京已处于无政府状态，并且蔓延到外地一些大城市。如果对首都的部分地区不采取戒严措施，不派军队，这场有可能蔓延到全国的反革命暴乱就不可能平息。在平息这场暴乱中，我们的军队做出了巨大的贡献，他们不愧为人民的子弟兵，不愧为党和社会主义的坚强捍卫者。我们应该向他们表示敬意，向在这次平息反革命暴乱中光荣牺牲的指战员默哀。

李鹏说，6月4日，在党中央的领导下，在中央军委的指挥下，人民解放军、武装警察部队和公安干警，对天安门广场进行了清场，这标志着平息这场反革命暴乱取得了初步胜利。现在摆在我们面前的任务是恢复正常秩序，严厉打击反革命暴乱分子。现在，首都的交通秩序、社会秩序和生活秩序已经开始恢复，生产也逐步在全面恢复。就全国来说，局势正在逐步地稳定。我们中国共产党的领导地位是坚强的，我们的人民解放军是团结的。我们的人民政府是能够有效地行使职能的，我们是能把这场主要发生在首都北京的反革命暴乱完全平息下去的。

李鹏要求中央和国务院各部门在最后平息这场反革命暴乱中，继续贯彻中央的部署，坚守岗位，做好本部门的工作。国务院各部委要继续贯彻在七届全国人大二次会议通过的政府工作报告中提出的各项任务，努力完成今年治理经济环境、整顿经济秩序、全面深化改革的任务。

李鹏在讲话中要求各部门当前要做好6个方面的工作：

一是继续稳定物价。今年以来稳定物价的工作总的说是有成效的，2月份以后几个月的物价上涨幅度基本与去年同期持平，到5月份还有所下降。但是，稳定物价工作仍然十分艰巨，在这方面我们不能有丝毫的松懈。

二是争取今年农业有个好收成，夏粮总产有可能达到或超过1988年历史最高水平。各部门和全国各级政府要积极组织好夏季粮油的收获和收购工作。今年以来金融形势基本上是好的，城乡储蓄增加，货币回笼好于去年。各级政府和金融单位，要在收购资金上作好准备，力争打白条的现象不再发生。

三是要继续压缩基本建设投资，严格控制消费基金增长，开展双增双节运动，做好增收节支工作。1到5月份，全国的生产没有出现大的滑坡现象，但生产结构不合理状况还没有明显改善，国营大企业生产增长的慢，集体企业增长的过快。今后还要继续调整生产结构，把资金重点用在能源、交通、原材料和保障市场需求的产品上。6月份由于发生了反革命暴乱，生产受到了损失。各部门和企业要组织广大职工发扬主人翁精神，把损失夺回来。对农业生产一定要继续抓紧，努力安排好农业生产资料的供应工作。汛期快到了，各级地方政府要加强防汛工作。要千方百计争取今年农业有个好收成。这场暴乱彻底平息后，要采取切实措施，克服我们工作上的失误。我们要认真地、实事求是地清除在党的机体上、在政府的工作上存在的腐败和官僚主义现象。做好这些工作，不能敷衍、不能表面化，要切切实实，让人民切身感到我们的政府是为人民服务的政府。

四是借此机会，向舆论界的同志提点要求。在平息这次动乱和反革命暴乱的斗争中，首都舆论界配合党的政策做了大量工作，特别是有几家报纸、电台、电视台，态度坚定，旗帜鲜明，起到了很好的作用。但是，由于党中央的少数同志在新闻工作的指导上有错误，离开了党的立场，致使一些新闻单位在平息这场动乱和暴乱中作了错误的舆论导向。应当说，这是长期以来资产阶级自由化思潮泛滥的结果。舆论导向是一件非常重要的事情。我们恳切地要求舆论界迅速地站到党和人民的立场上来，加倍努力工作，宣传中央的方针，进一步揭露反革命暴乱分子的罪行，鼓舞人民的斗志，为争取平息这场暴乱的彻底胜利做出应有的贡献。

五是在外交方面，我们要坚持独立自主的和平外交政策。我们的对外开放政策是不会改变的。国际上有少数国家借我国平息反革命暴乱之机，制造各种谣言，掀起了一股反华浪潮，向我们施加压力。我们要正告他们已经站起来的中国人民是不会屈服于这种压力的。谣言是不会长久的，事实终将大白于天下。我们希望一切愿意与中国保持和发展友好关系的国家把眼光放远一点，切不要在这个时候做出伤害中国人民感情的事。

六是特别要强调坚持党的十一届三中全会以来的路线、方针、政策，即以经济建设为中心，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放。这次反革命暴乱的教训是深刻的，要很好地反思。重要的一点是在相当长的时间里，放松了精神文明的建设，放松了思想政治工作，我们要采取措施予以纠正。

姚依林同志讲话说，邓小平同志的讲话是纲领性的文件，要以此统一我们全党、全国人民的思想。我们要认真学习，领导要带头。这是我们搞好今后工作的根本。我们要非常清醒地认识到，我们不能建立一个资产阶级共和国，否则我们的国家将只能成为一个资产阶级的附庸国，就会丧失独立性。

中共中央各直属单位、国务院各部委和各直属机构的负责人，出席了今天的会议。

# 中国内政不容干涉

本报评论员

方励之、李淑嫻是在最近北京发生的反革命暴乱中进行大肆煽动和幕后策划的重要人物。反革命暴乱失败后，他们一头钻进了美国驻华大使馆"避难"去了。美国国务院已公开承认的方、李二人提供了所谓"保护"。在这一事件中，所谓"民主斗士"究竟是个什么样的人，美国某些人究竟扮演了什么角色，现在已昭然若揭。这一切不能不引起中国人民极大的义愤。广大人民群众要求刚拿、公审方、李二人。我公安机关也已对方、李发出了通缉令。

众所周知，方励之、李淑嫻二人一直反对社会主义制度，反对中国政府和中国共产党的领导。近年来，他们经常通过西方记者，发表攻击社会主义制度，诬蔑中国共产党和政府的言论，到了非无忌惮的地步。方、李散布了一些离奇古怪的谬言，公开宣布"马列主义已经死亡"，要求"放弃四项基本原则"，说什么"失败的出路就是资本主义"，甚至要中国领导人下台。国外一些敌视中国的人，千方百计地为这种人大捧特捧，把他们封为什么"民主斗士"。他们这样做，无非是梦想通过方励之等人把中国搞乱，取消共产党的领导，颠覆中国的社会主义制度。方、李以为有了外国靠山，就胆地敢攻击中国实行资本主义制度。现在他们这种原形毕露全国已彻底地被中国人民粉碎了。

多年来，中国同美国之间的关系有了平稳的发展，双方进行了正常的经济、贸易和文化往来，这对中美双方都是有利的。但是，与此同时，我们决不应该忘记，在美国总有少数人一直仇视共产主义，千方百计用他们的资产阶级意识形态和资产阶级政治制度影响一部分中国人，以达到在中国建立资产阶级共和国的目的。可以说，这次在北京发生的动乱和反革命暴乱就是长期以来这种资产阶级自由化思想泛滥的结果。在这次事件中，美国某些官员提出，特别是"美国之音"，极尽推波助澜之能事。当中国政府平息反革命暴乱之后，他们又迫不急待地公然进一步护大事态，甚至希望中国爆发一场"内战"。近日来，美国又单方面采取有损两国关系的行动，这是我们绝对不能接受的。

美国驻华大使馆给予方励之、李淑嫻以所谓"保护"，企图干涉中国司法机关对他们依法缉拿审判惩处，是对中国主权的侵犯，是与公认的国际法准则不相符的。

必须指出，中国目前发生的事件完全是中国的内政，中国政府是稳定的。我们将继续坚持改革、开放政策和独立自主的和平外交政策。任何人企图以这种或那种手段来向中国政府施加压力，都是不明智的，也是做梦的，到头来对于他们自己也没有什么好处。中国一贯重视发展同美国的关系。我们希望美国方面能以中美关系大局为重，从中美两国关系的长远利益出发，停止干涉中国内政的行动，不要做任何损害两国关系的事情。

# 一些城市接连发生严重事件说明了什么？

郭玉冰

近几天，与北京发生反革命暴乱的同时，上海、广州、武汉、成都、贵阳、哈尔滨、兰州等一些大城市，接连发生暴徒冲击执法机关、破坏交通、焚烧商店、抢劫财物、侮辱妇女、残害无辜的严重事件。在国家财产和正常秩序受到破坏、人民面临危难的关键时刻，武警、公安干警及时采取果断措施，在人民群众的积极配合和支持下，给予暴徒严厉打击，迅速制止了动乱。

这一连串严重事件的发生，说明了什么呢？

它说明，在我国，阶级斗争在一定范围内继续存在，极少数仇恨共产党、仇恨社会主义制度的反动分子，从来没有放弃他们的政治目标，所谓"让世界充满爱"至多只是天真的幻想。他们上勾下连，内外串通，或进入核心部门、占居重要位置，或从海外反对势力取得支持，呼朋引类，招风唤雨，进行长期的思想舆论、组织的准备。出面制造打砸抢烧等种种暴行的，主要是一些没有改造好的刑满释放人员，一些政治性的流氓团伙，"四人帮"的残渣余孽和其他社会痼瘤。这是动乱的前台人物和社会基础。在对他们进行坚决打击的同时，切不可放过躲在后面的策划者、组织者。

它还说明，解剖、取消思想政治工作和共产党领导的种种舆论种种措施，糟蹋社会主义和马克思主义、盲目崇拜西方资本主义的种种宣传，不能不导致极大的思想混乱、无政府状态，搞政治阴谋的人，目的就是利用动乱和暴乱，分裂我们的党，颠覆社会主义的中华人民共和国。这是阶级斗争的规律决定的，是不以人们的意志为转移的，恐怕也为满怀真诚的爱国热情和善良愿望而步世未深的青年学生始料所不及。

它又说明，我们必须坚持十一届三中全会路线，坚持正确的东西，纠正错误的东西，从历史悲喜剧的客观进程中科学地总结丰富的经验和引出教训。我们已经取得胜利，这是因为我们有老一代无产阶级革命家掌舵，有英雄的人民军队，有广大人民群众的支持和信任。只要永远深深地在人民中扎根，只要全心全意地为人民服务，社会主义现代化建设的宏伟目标，一定可以实现。

耸人听闻的种种暴行，使人们不得不冷静地想一想：为什么动乱的策划者和组织者要否定最早指出动乱实质的人民日报4·26社论，反对以维护首都秩序为己任的部队到北京实行戒严。是中国不存在动乱吗？是北京没有发生反革命暴乱吗？当然不是。明明是他们在制造动乱，却又不准别人指出是动乱，以便更加放手地去制造动乱；明明是动乱局势已严重恶化，却又反对解放军实行戒严，以便让局势发展到非得由他们出来收拾的地步。这充分表明，他们这样做，决不是出于对青年学生爱国热情的关怀和民主愿望的支持，而恰恰暴露了他们阴谋政治的手段和不可告人的目的。

有一种糊涂观念，认为部队不进北京城区也许不会发生暴乱。事实上，是先有动乱尔后才有戒严，先有反革命暴乱尔后才有部队进北京城区。尽管政府和戒严部队对极少数人蓄意制造的动乱一再忍让，极端克制，以至我们的战士为了稳准狠地打击暴乱分子和保护群众不得不付出流血牺牲的代价，并夹使他们有终生的悔恨。他们以为政府和戒严部队软弱可欺，于是变本加厉，得寸进尺，不可一世。你宣布戒严也罢，未宣布戒严也罢，他们都要出来捣乱。北京情况如此，上海、广州、武汉、成都的情况又何尝不是如此？这是他们本性决定的，是任何人无法改变的。

面对他们的进攻，我们别无选择，别无退路，唯一的办法就是坚决还击，履行我国宪法赋予我们的"中国人民对敌视和破坏我国社会主义制度的国内外的敌对势力和敌对分子，必须进行斗争"的神圣职责。

善良的人们，务必提高警惕，擦亮眼睛，同极少数反动分子进行坚决的斗争！

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新聞簡報

# 日內瓦難民會議昨開幕
## 港督說港香認承的負擔已屆不能容忍
## 步地忍容能不港香認承的負擔已屆說督港
## 返遣然當行實須說督港
## 賀維聯合國秘書長提議訂立新規定阻止船民

【本報訊】日內瓦消息：印支難民國際會議昨（十三）日在日內瓦開幕，越南外長阮維祯在開幕前表示，當然遣返越南難民並不可行。

會議有來自超過七十個國家的代表出席，首先在會議致辭的是聯合國秘書長德瓦利亞爾，然後通過接受吉隆坡會議訂出的綜合難民政策，議程之內容，並不包括討論當然遣返。

在會議進行期間，數百名已移民外國的越南商人，在會場外示威，抗議越南和遣返船民。他們揮起用各種語文寫成的標額，又打出越南統一前南越的旗號，開始靜坐，有十八人更絕食抗議，遠東抗議行動維持兩日，會議結束後便回動離去。

【本報訊】日內瓦消息：港督衛奕信昨（十三）日在日內瓦印支難民國際會議上，提出多項建議，並指出救助越南人離開越南，是極為人道的做法，他能為在不安全的木船上大海浮沉，是極為人道的做法，他能為「當然遣返」是唯一的人道方法，解決越人問題。

他說，有人認為將越南人當然遣返的路線是不人道的，但環境理，均是所他們遣返原因造成，他表示遣返非法人境者程序當然要受到默察，保障他們不會受到不良的待遇。

他說，真正不人道的，是令越南人帶有可到西方國家定居的幻想，令他們乘不安全的木船浮沉大海；或被拘禁在營中，久久也不能得到安置。

他表示，雖當然遣返政策不單是香港政府的看法，更是多個在本港工作的自願團體的看法，當然遣返是處理越人問題的唯一人道方法。

衛奕信表示他希望與今次會議成立的監察委員會合作，初步訂立當然遣返措施，他希望這些工作能立刻進行。

衛奕信是十二日抵達日內瓦的，他向記者表示，將與越南舉行緊急會議，解決滯港越人問題。

他說，預料英國外相賀維將與越南外長舉行會議，他自己亦希望能與越南外長見面。

他又表示，港府正設法為真正的難民找尋收容國家，阻止大量船民從越南湧出，幫助那些可以往其他國家的越南人士循合法和有秩序的途徑離開越南，另外非常重要的一點，是安排經過證實為非真正難民的越南船民返回原居地。

衛奕信表示希望各國首先能了解香港所面對的問題。

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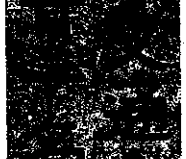
# 「決不是對付學生」言猶在耳
## 包括王丹吾爾開希劉剛柴玲等，被指在京煽動組織「反革命暴亂」

王丹近照


吾爾開希近照

【本報訊】北京十三日消息：國務院公安部今天通令全國緝捕二十一名北京高校學生領袖的「反革命暴亂」組織者。

公安部通令全國緝捕二十一名北京高校學生領袖的消息後，感到驚訝。他們認為，「決不是對付學生」言猶在耳，此次通緝之一名學生王丹，對付學生的對外開放政策是不會改變的。我們要堅持這個政策，我們要採取措施予以糾正。

天還令全國，緝捕首參與煽動行動的二十一名北京高校學生領袖名單中。

據新華社十三日消息，「公安部今天向各省、自治區、直轄市公安局、軍管市公安局、局、鐵道、交通、民航公安局發出緝捕反革命暴亂中非法組織者王丹等二十一名學生自治聯合會（「高自聯」）和首都高校學生自治聯合會（「高自聯」）的通知。

通知說，在北京煽動、組織反革命暴亂、現決定對王丹等二十一名學生（名單附後）實行通緝。

通知又說，現將被通緝令轉發於後，請各省、自治區、直轄市公安機關、鐵路、民航、交通公安機關和公安邊防口岸立即布置堵截，嚴防外逃。對上述通緝的高自聯人員，一經發現，立即拘留，並即報告北京市公安局。

通緝名單：

（一）王丹，男，二十四歲，吉林人，北京大學歷史系學生，身高一七三米左右，方臉，絡腮鬍，戴角框長近視眼鏡，東北口音。

（二）吾爾開希（原名：吳爾開希），男，一九六八年二月十七日生，維吾爾族，新疆維吾爾自治區人，北京師範大學中文系學生，身高一七四米左右，尖下巴，戴無框眼鏡，講話帶有維吾爾口音。

（三）劉剛，男，北京口音，學音沙啞。

（四）柴玲，女，一九六六年四月十日生，漢族，山東省日照市人，北京師範大學心理系八六級學生，身高一七〇米左右，方臉，絡腮鬍，戴角框長近視眼鏡，東北口音。

（五）馬傑爾，男，一九六七年十月生，漢族，陝西省榆林人，清華大學五八級學生，身高一七六米，瘦長臉，尖下巴，加重口音。

（六）王丹，男，一九六八年二月生，漢族，河南省商丘人，北京大學歷史系八七級學生，身高一七一米，身材瘦長，皮膚較黑，瓜子臉，留寸頭，單眼皮，面部皮膚稍黑，河南口音，偏音較重。

（七）熊焰，男，一九六七年十月生，漢族，北京人，北京師範大學心理系八七級學生，身高一七一米，身材瘦長，皮膚較黑，長方臉型，小眼睛，又名梁兆二），男，一九六九年五月十一日生，四川省蓬溪縣人，北京師範大學心理系八七級學生，身高一七一米，身材瘦長，皮膚較黑，長方臉型，小眼睛，高鼻梁，嘴唇較厚，會講普通話。

（下轉第二版）

# 廣東經濟備受打擊
## 北京局勢動盪信譽下降

梁志

【本報訊】據新華社十三日消息，今天在中南海召開的各部門負責人會議，李鵬指出，當前的緊迫任務是：「平息動亂，恢復正常秩序，保衛社會主義國家的政權。」

會議強調，要堅決依靠人民群眾，首先在會議致辭的是聯合國秘書長德瓦利亞爾，然後通過接受吉隆坡會議訂出的綜合難民政策，議程之內容，並不包括討論當然遣返。

在會議進行期間，數百名已移民外國的越南商人士，在會場外示威，抗議越南和遣返船民。他們揮起用各種語文寫成的標額，又打出越南統一前南越的旗號，開始靜坐，有十八人更絕食抗議，遠東抗議行動維持兩日，會議結束後便回動離去。

【本報訊】日內瓦消息：港督衛奕信昨（十三）日在日內瓦印支難民國際會議上，提出多項建議，並指出救助越南人離開越南，是極為人道的做法，他能為在不安全的木船上大海浮沉，是極為人道的做法，他能為「當然遣返」是唯一的人道方法，解決越人問題。

他說，有人認為將越南人當然遣返的路線是不人道的，但環境理，均是所他們遣返原因造成，他表示遣返非法人境者程序當然要受到默察，保障他們不會受到不良的待遇。

他說，真正不人道的，是令越南人帶有可到西方國家定居的幻想，令他們乘不安全的木船浮沉大海；或被拘禁在營中，久久也不能得到安置。

他表示，雖當然遣返政策不單是香港政府的看法，更是多個在本港工作的自願團體的看法，當然遣返是處理越人問題的唯一人道方法。

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# 中央召開各部門會議
## 鄧小平講話
## 姚依林田紀雲等出席
## 要求消除模糊認識統一思想

【本報訊】據新華社十三日消息，今天上午，中共中央、國務院和中央軍委在北京召開了各部門負責人會議，傳達鄧小平、李鵬、楊尚昆、姚依林、田紀雲、李錫銘、宋平、吳學謙、宋平、胡啓立、喬石、溫家寶、閻明復、流家寶、閻明復、張震、王震、王兆國、王丙乾、宋健、王芳、李貴鮮、陳慕華、王兆國、王丙乾、宋健、王芳、李貴鮮、陳慕華、

會議由中共中央政治局常委、國務院總理李鵬主持，中共中央政治局常委趙紫陽、姚依林出席會議。

出席會議的有：政治局委員、候補委員、中央書記處書記、國務委員、國務院秘書長、軍委秘書長、軍委副秘書長、軍委各部門負責人、各大軍區司令員、政委、副司令員、政委、副政委、北京衛戍區負責人、北京市負責人、中央各部門負責人、各人民團體負責人、各民主黨派負責人、無黨派人士代表、中央國家機關

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期三 14 六月 一九八九年 五月初八 一十月五年七己 門

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## 李鵬傳通話講平小鄧

# 會開官高政黨集召京北

# 論輿制控想思制箝强加

## 學生組織領袖被通緝

北京通緝十一名學生組織領袖，其中四名為（右上）王丹，（右下）吾爾開希，（左上）柴玲及封從德。

## 21學生領袖被通緝

### 北京通令各口岸嚴防外逃

### 全國搜捕首參與民運人士 迄已捕近千人

【本報北京十三日電】中國公安部今天向全國再發北京市公安局所發通緝令，通緝北京市學生組織「高自聯」領袖和首都分子二十一人，被指在逃的廿一人中，王丹排第一位，第二位是吾爾開希，柴玲及封從德分別是第四及第十三位，廿一人包括十九男二女，除柴玲外，另一名女性是王超華。

中央電視台今晚在新聞聯播節目中播放了通緝名冊中各人的個人資料，包括姓名、年齡、籍貫及被通緝原因。

地公安機關對這二十一名在逃的學生領袖和骨幹要查堵、嚴防外逃，一經發現立即拘留並告北京市公安局。該通緝令說，「非法組織」北京市高校學生自治聯合會（「高自聯」）在北京煽動、組織反革命暴亂，違犯了九十九人，其中包括天津的學生與工人組織領袖。

【本報北京十三日電】中共領導人今日發出了要在全國範圍內加緊思想管制和新聞管制的最新訊號，李鵬是在中共中央及國務院各部門負責人會議上，傳達了上述訊號的，他在講話中，特別指責了內地傳媒界「在一度遭動亂和暴亂中作了錯誤的輿論導向」，並警告傳媒必須迅速改變這一立場，「加倍努力地工作，宣傳中央的方針」。

此外，李鵬在講話「指示」，斷定「在相當長的時間裏」，已到「要不要堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的問題」，李鵬實令首即的任務，是要「由各部門領導帶頭，組織廣大黨員和幹部，結合本單位實際情況，結合自己的思想」，踐真學習鄧小平六月九日在接見戒嚴部隊軍以上幹部時的講話，「清除動亂的思想根源」。

李鵬在提到「黨中央的少數同志在新聞工作的指導上有錯誤」這句話，即為在此時刻提「同志」，再次反映出當權者至少在日前仍強烈堅持這種定高層幹部，縮小打擊面的企圖。

此外，李鵬在講話中承認中共當權派的做法遭到了世界上許多國家的反對，有一股「反革命暴亂」，他發言不會是原原本本這種說法。

【本報訊】北京中央電視台昨晚在新聞聯播節目中，引述八個全國人大工作人員來信，批評香港人在北京成都期間，到天安門廣場煽動、是「破壞法律行為」。

中央電視台引述的這封信說，「我國根據一國兩制的原則，容許港人七年後保持資本主義制度五十年不變，香港人在香港發表某些主張，那是他們自己的事，但是香港人來到內地，就必須尊重內地的法律，遵守中國的法律，這是天經地義的。」

信說：「我們堅決支持、參與願意中華人民共和國政府和推翻社會主義制度的非法活動，是中國法律所不能容許的。」

## 港人支持学運 北京指稱違法違變

### 仍仍提前七九後五年十年不

主義制度五十年不變，香港人在香港發表某些主張，那是他們自己的事，但是香港人來到內地，就必須尊重內地的法律，遵守中國的法律，這是天經地義的。

共和國政府和推翻社會主義制度的非法活動，是中國法律所不能容許的。」

## 既云對外開放不會變 又誣海外掀反華浪潮

### 要求全民統一思想 警告傳媒須改變立場

【本報北京十三日電】中共領導人今日發出了要在全國範圍內加緊思想管制和新聞管制的最新訊號，李鵬是在中共中央及國務院各部門負責人會議上，傳達了上述訊號的，他在講話中，特別指責了內地傳媒界「在一度遭動亂和暴亂中作了錯誤的輿論導向」，並警告傳媒必須迅速改變這一立場，「加倍努力地工作，宣傳中央的方針」。

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此間熟悉中國歷史的西方機構家指出，李鵬的講話中提及的「在相當長的時間裏」，即為中國人民包括中國領導人本身所正式批判、引述八個全國人大工作人員來信，批評香港人在北京成都期間，到天安門廣場煽動、是「破壞法律行為」。

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## 北京即景

兵車昨天坐在一幅寫有「歡迎」的大標語下面休息。（法新社傳真）

## 函李鵬促停止鎮壓

## 澳總理遞抗議信

### 墨取消楊尚昆訪問 加召回大使

【路透社倫敦電】澳洲總理霍克昨天在一封自動步槍的士兵手持自動步槍的士兵，在天安門廣場戒嚴部隊的一名士兵，在天安門廣場戒嚴部隊的一名士兵，在天安門廣場戒嚴部隊的一名

快報
督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五四一號
夏曆五月十一閉日星期星期塔
一九八九年六月十四日·星期三
今天天氣：吹南至西南風，天色大致晴朗
是日氣溫：介乎廿七至三十度之間
港份六張 零售二元正
EXPRESS

# 北京考慮撤換許家屯

# 繼任人周南呼聲最高

(快報消息) 中共對學生的愛國民主運動採取血腥鎮壓的手段，雖然受到全球華人及大部分國家的譴責，但中共卻以行政手段迫使內地的地區的地方機構支持其暴行，連帶香港中資機構的高層負責人，亦已被軍隊在內部表態，支持中共中央所作北京大屠殺的決定。此外，北京方面亦傳來，新華社香港分社社長許家屯，將會被調回國的消息，而可能的繼任人選，包括外交部副外長周南在內。

來自北京的可靠消息來源透露，鄧李楊血腥屠殺集團，對於本身的暴行，已採取強制性的措施，要求各省市及機關公開表態，支持其所謂中共中央鎮壓反革命暴亂的決定。這種強制性行動，正蔓延至包括香港在內的駐外機構。同時中共亦對新華社香港分社在這次事件的表現，專款香港與中共領導層出現很明顯的對立情況，感到極為不滿，認為香港分社未能有效地向港人解釋這等事件的始末，現正考慮更換香港分社的領導人，以加強對香港的統戰工作，扭轉港人因這次北京大屠殺對中共所產生的惡劣印象。

消息來源指出，新華社香港分社社長許家屯，中共方面早已有計劃調其退休回國。許氏在五月十九日接見在新華社香港分社外圍食的香港大學學生，對北京的學生運動抱有定的態度，更進一步確定中共領導層調其返國的決心。而今次香港所出現支持北京學運的活動中，領中機構甚不多全部參與，北京大屠殺後更團得徹烈，使中共在香港營多年的勢力，幾不多一夜間變為孤獨支相向，鄧李楊集團認為許家屯負有不可推卸的責任。許家屯在五月十九日後曾返回北京述職，曾與李鵬會面，解釋香港的情形，所提出的意見都未為李鵬所重視。

消息來源強調，有關撤換許家屯的決定，迄今仍未能作出，最主要的原因有兩點，一是很難估計港人的反應；第二是許家屯與本港各界，早已建立密切的關係，撤任的人選很難找尋，亦是其中一個重要問題。但自北京大屠殺發生後，第一點考慮因素，由於中港關係已陷於近十多年來的低潮，已毋須再予以重視，唯一需要考慮的，只有撤任人選的問題。現時鄧李楊集團，已基本上決定幾個可能權任人選，其中與外長周南，由於一直參與中英香港前途談判，及中英聯絡小組與基本法草委的工作，與港督衛奕信及本港各界，均有密切的關係，接掌新華社香港分社長的可能性亦最高。

## 中共要港中資表態

本港部分中資機構的負責人，亦向本報記者証實，鄧李楊集團要求本港中資機構表態的傳達，亦已於兩天前在本港中資機構高層作內部傳閱，所以內地當局要香港的傳真及高級的本港中資機構負責人，均須簽署一份聲明書，無論作支持中共中央的鎮壓決定。現時有大部分駐港中資機構的高級負責人，均已簽署有關的聲明書，不過對於已表態的中、下級僱員，還有觀中的新聞界，均未有接獲通傳達，亦不會要求他們簽署聲明書，公開支持中共血腥屠殺的決策命令。而截至昨天為止，已有大部分屬中資機構及的高級職員及國內派港人員，已簽署聲明或在內部表態，支持中共中央鎮壓反革命暴亂的決定。

## 英國道義在民間

### 賀維大堆理由反對港人移英

### 座談會數十觀衆舉手表不滿

(快報消息) 英國外相賀維爵士周一晚在電視上強調，英國不會開三百二十五萬港人移居英國，否則就會令英國少數民族倒增，因而令社會動盪不安，不過他同時亦表示，英國政府已準備好，容納一個合理數目的英籍人，對於部分擁有英國居留權、但未有英國護照的香港人，則大部分會獲同意申請入籍。

賀維出席了一個名為「香港——道義所在」的英、港兩地同時舉行的座談會，座談會在倫敦和香港兩地舉行，賀維在倫敦出現在電視上，而香港則有數百名市民聚集在一間酒店內觀看賀維的講話。

賀維出席座談會後，曾接受電視訪問，他表示，英國政府一向堅持，香港人有移居英國的權利，但英國政府亦同時表明，香港人只能在一個合理的數目內移居英國，因為英國不能容納三百二十五萬港人移居英國，否則會令英國少數民族倒增，因而令社會動盪不安，不過他同時亦表示，英國政府已準備好，容納一個合理數目的英籍人，對於部分擁有英國居留權、但未有英國護照的香港人，則大部分會獲同意申請入籍。

賀維出席

# 北京警告港人勿赴內地攪動

## 料北京將師伊朗故智　發動羣衆包圍美使館

【本報訊】統台報道：美國駐華大使李潔明據悉六四之後，他預計在使館門外將會出現一些反北京的美國大使館舉動，被使館方所制止。

前日曾經傳出使館門外已經出現類似情況，但其後未有發生，但使館人員已開始武裝防衛。

據悉美國政府所派出的武裝人員，已開始駐守美國大使館之天臺，並設有機槍陣地。

美國政府方面人士透露，美國政府現時擔心中國會像伊朗當年的做法，發動羣衆包圍美國大使館，甚至攻打使館，強行把方勵之夫婦帶走。

（武裝排伊會衆國際赴十三日電）中國學心分子方勵之夫婦帶走。

## 因有一國兩制　在港可以放言

【本報訊】北京中共中央政治局委員兼中聯辦主任魯平在出席中華人民共和國政府和港澳同胞會主辦慶祝國慶酒會上發表講話，他說：「一國兩制」的構想是在「一國」的前提下，港人可以放言高論，但絕不容許有人利用香港的地位，進行危害國家的活動。

魯平在講話中說：「一國兩制」的構想是在「一國」的前提下，港人可以放言高論，但絕不容許有人利用香港的地位，進行危害國家的活動。

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## 鄧楊之友　美商哈默　中止訪華　撤離部屬

【本報訊】被中方視為重要友人之美國西方石油公司總裁哈默教授，已確定今年到訪中國訪問的計劃，由於北京發生軍事衝突，西方石油公司已開始撤離部屬。

哈默教授是美國企業中在中國投資最大的一個，現在投資已達一億美元，去年西方石油公司在山西省的安太煤礦開採權，是中國對外開放以來，第一個外資獨資經營的煤礦。

西方石油公司在山西省的投資，已打下了良好基礎，現在該公司在山西省的煤礦，每年已可生產一百萬噸煤，其中有一半供出口。

哈默教授曾多次表示，他對中國的投資感到滿意，並表示會繼續擴大投資。

哈默教授曾於今年四月訪問中國，並與中國領導人會晤，當時他曾表示，今年內將再次訪問中國，並與中國領導人會晤，商討擴大投資問題。

## 海外爭加遊行　父母受到株連

【本報訊】美國一名六歲被綁架性在四川成都自殺，因大陸「四大」的壓力，因為電話已已。

（多倫多加通訊）多倫多華人社團二十九日舉行「打倒鄧小平」遊行，參加者約二千人，遊行隊伍從多倫多市中心出發，經過中國駐多倫多總領事館，高呼「打倒鄧小平」的口號，並將鄧小平的畫像燒毀。

最後才決心實行的。

一百萬人上街遊行的高潮，外地也有很多人來京參加。中央

還有一個很重要的原因，就是中央領導人在五月三日晚上和

## 成都鎮壓　死傷過千

【本報訊】台灣報紙今日報道，成都在五月四日發生的「反革命暴亂」事件，死傷人數超過一千人。

他們表示，到六月四日，在成都的學生說，他們參加了遊行，但並沒有參加「反革命暴亂」。

## 戒嚴部隊續駐北京　撤走須俟安渡十一

【本報訊】台北消息：北京的戒嚴令已計劃分兩批撤走，第一批將於十月一日開始撤走，第二批將於十一月一日撤走。

消息透露，北京戒嚴部隊撤走後，北京政府將會加強北京治安，以防止反革命暴亂再次發生。

## 醜化吾爾開希　因與港學生共飯

中央電視台昨晚播出的新聞節目中，出現了吾爾開希的影片，這是六月二十九日，吾爾開希在天安門廣場的講話。

## 誰是核心領導，趙紫陽？鄧小平？

李鵬同志：

最近，中央連續幾個會議，都沒有人提出誰是核心領導的問題，這是好的。

我在五月十九日的講話中特別強調了兩點：一個是要加強黨的領導，一個是要加強黨的核心領導。

我們的國家大，人口多，情況複雜，沒有一個核心領導是不行的。

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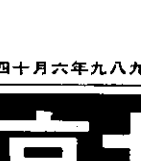


●胡耀邦

## 關於「講話要點」的說明

由四月十五日胡耀邦追悼會開始，北京學生所開展的一次波瀾壯闊愛國民主運動，被北京當權派以最血腥的手段鎮壓下去了。

在普天下的壓迫下，北京當權派正加緊在全國各地進行反革命暴亂的準備工作，企圖在十月一日國慶節前後，製造一個大規模的動亂，以達到其篡奪黨和國家領導權的目的。

為了達到這個目的，北京當權派採取了一系列的措施，其中最重要的一條，就是在全國各地進行反革命暴亂的輿論準備。

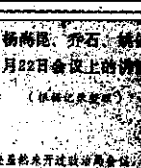
## 再退就把中國送給他們了

●楊尚昆

楊尚昆同志：

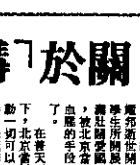
一句很重要的話：第陽同志，你五月四日在「四行」的那篇談話是一個轉折點。

## 誤錯論社六二、四認承鄧要趙



●趙紫陽

## 衆羣壓鎮要隊軍說沒本根



●董石

董石同志：

## 懸圖緝拿廿一學生領袖

【本報訊】新華社昨天播出：中國公安部昨日向全國公安局發出緝拿北京市公安局通緝令的通知，共緝拿廿一名北京高校學生自治聯合會的部分領導和骨幹分子，並促各地公安機關迅速查明下列各人的下落，予以逮捕，歸案法辦：

（一）王丹，男，廿四歲，北京大學歷史系學生，身高一點七三公尺左右，矮胖，戴眼鏡，北京口音，喉音沙啞。

（二）吾爾開希，男，廿四歲，維吾爾族，新疆維吾爾自治區伊寧人，北京師範學院八八級學生，身高一點七四公尺，留小鬍鬚，戴眼鏡，說話帶維吾爾口音。

（三）劉剛，男，廿八歲，吉林省延邊市人，原北京大學物理系研究生，現無業，身高一點六五公尺左右，方臉，戴近視眼鏡，說話有湖南口音。

（四）柴玲，女，一九六六年四月二十五日生，滿族，山東省日照市人，北京師範大學心理系八六級研究生，身高一點五六公尺，圓臉，單眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚白。

（五）馬捷，男，一九六七年十月五日生，滿族，陝西省吳堡縣人，清華大學物理系八五級學生，身高一點六四公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較白。

（六）封從德，男，一九六六年四月五日生，滿族，北京師範大學心理系八六級研究生，身高一點七四公尺，圓臉，單眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚白。

（七）盛雪，女，河南省新安縣人，北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點六四公尺，方臉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（八）王丕謀，男，蒙族，一九六八年十月生，家住內蒙古自治區烏蘭察布盟集寧市，現在北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（九）王超華，男，一九六六年十月生，家住內蒙古自治區烏蘭察布盟集寧市，現在北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（十）周勇軍，男，一九六四年十月生，北京人，北京大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（十一）王丹，男，一九六六年十月生，四川省重慶人，北京大學八六級學生，身高一點七四公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（十二）王丕謀，男，一九六七年十月生，內蒙古自治區烏蘭察布盟集寧市人，北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

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（十四）王丹，女，北京人，北京大學歷史系學生，身高一點六二公尺左右，瘦，短髮，戴眼鏡，說話聲音較低。

（十五）王丹，男，一九六六年四月生，北京大學物理系研究生，身高一點七四公尺左右，瘦，短髮，戴眼鏡，說話聲音較低。

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## 關於「講話要點」的說明

李鵬、楊尚昆、許石、姚依林同志：

在5月22日會議上的講話要點，

（根據記錄整理）

李鵬同志，

最近，中央並沒有開過政治局會議，但是要不要開會，

過，几年所有的老同志都參加了研究，最後決定，

日社論是正確的，當前最重要的是穩定一切，

。分部本都經作原的作文部內這作文稿內這

## 誰是核心領導，趙紫陽？鄧小平？

●姚依林

李鵬同志：

內基位老同志一致意見不能這，但同意要戴格區分開來不同同志的，他在工作中也有不少失誤。他在五四大講話中特別強調了兩點：一個是要加強黨的領導，一個是要加強黨的核心領導。

我們的國家大，人口多，情況複雜，沒有一個核心領導是不行的。

我們不希望黨內分裂，非常需要能夠團結一致，如果是這樣，不同意見，大家還可以討論成一致，也是這件事不同。

我在談話中，有些同志從朝鮮回來後，發表了五月四日在「四行」的講話，這講話不代表一個人，是他自己的講話。這講話不代表任何人，而且最後經過，宣傳報紙不少人做過以後，任何一個有組織的報紙，他說所要經過集體的，不是個人的。

我們的講話，他們說不代表任何人，而且最後經過，宣傳報紙不少人做過以後，任何一個有組織的報紙，他說所要經過集體的，不是個人的。

## 問題出在「五四」講詞上面

我們不希望黨內分裂，非常需要能夠團結一致，如果是這樣，不同意見，大家還可以討論成一致，也是這件事不同。

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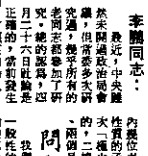
## 再退就把中國送給他們了



●楊尚昆

楊尚昆同志：

一句很重要的話：第陽同志，你五月四日在「四行」的那篇談話是一個轉折點。

## 誤錯論社六二、四認承鄧要趙



●趙紫陽

## 衆羣壓鎮要隊軍說沒本根



●董石

董石同志：

## 懸圖緝拿廿一學生領袖

【本報訊】新華社昨天播出：中國公安部昨日向全國公安局發出緝拿北京市公安局通緝令的通知，共緝拿廿一名北京高校學生自治聯合會的部分領導和骨幹分子，並促各地公安機關迅速查明下列各人的下落，予以逮捕，歸案法辦：

（一）王丹，男，廿四歲，北京大學歷史系學生，身高一點七三公尺左右，矮胖，戴眼鏡，說話聲音較低。

（二）吾爾開希，男，廿四歲，維吾爾族，新疆維吾爾自治區伊寧人，北京師範學院八八級學生，身高一點七四公尺，留小鬍鬚，戴眼鏡，說話帶維吾爾口音。

（三）劉剛，男，廿八歲，吉林省延邊市人，原北京大學物理系研究生，現無業，身高一點六五公尺左右，方臉，戴近視眼鏡，說話有湖南口音。

（四）柴玲，女，一九六六年四月二十五日生，滿族，山東省日照市人，北京師範大學心理系八六級研究生，身高一點五六公尺，圓臉，單眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚白。

（五）馬捷，男，一九六七年十月五日生，滿族，陝西省吳堡縣人，清華大學物理系八五級學生，身高一點六四公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較白。

（六）封從德，男，一九六六年四月五日生，滿族，北京人，北京師範大學心理系八六級研究生，身高一點七四公尺，圓臉，單眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚白。

（七）盛雪，女，河南省新安縣人，北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點六四公尺，方臉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（八）王丕謀，男，蒙族，一九六八年十月生，家住內蒙古自治區烏蘭察布盟集寧市，現在北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（九）王超華，男，一九六六年十月生，家住內蒙古自治區烏蘭察布盟集寧市，現在北京師範大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（十）周勇軍，男，一九六四年十月生，北京人，北京大學八六級學生，身高一點七二公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

（十一）王丹，男，一九六六年四月生，四川省重慶人，北京大學八六級學生，身高一點七四公尺，方臉，濃眉，雙眼皮，高顴骨，短髮，皮膚較黑。

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MING PAO DAILY NEWS
明報

# 趙紫陽智囊團絕處逢生
# 李鵬楊尚昆放過體改所

【本報專訊】北京中央電視台昨日首次就「一個兩制」一個極少人支援中的學運行動，指出本港一位著名教授「六點」名單，一些經濟體制改革研究所的「六十人小組」的「基層」名單，一些經濟體制改革研究所的「六十人小組」的「基層」名單，一些經濟體制改革研究所的「六十人小組」的「基層

香港時報
HONG KONG TIMES
第一四五三七號
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今日新聞提要
一、中共通過二十一位學生領袖名單，打擊北京學運，利用外圍組織煽動，製造混亂，第一版。
二、李鵬頒大慶獎狀，利第三版。
三、國民黨重視香港情勢，利第十六版。
四、英外相會中不會堪香港三百五十萬人利共調，利第十六版。
五、加拿大召回駐北平「大使」，利第二版。
六、中共利美國德克薩斯州，利第十四版。
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# 中共對付民運分子三招

# 勞改・獄投・槍殺

## 廿一學生領袖逃過槍砲 中共下令追緝格殺勿論

### 誣指學生有槍藉以槍殺 邊防加強堵截民運人士

圖右起：王丹、吾爾開希、柴玲都在中共通緝之列。（如有學生領袖照片刑登六版）

【本報綜合報導】中共「中央電視台」「首都新聞」播出「要求全大陸的解放軍立即停止進入已戒嚴地區的學生領袖名單」，共廿一名學生領袖名單，其中包括王丹、柴玲、吾爾開希、封從德、王超華、王軍濤、張伯笠、周鋒鎖、李祿、王維林、張智清、劉剛、李海東、高新、張伯笠、王丹、封從德、王超華、王軍濤、周鋒鎖、吾爾開希、柴玲、李祿、王維林、張智清、劉剛、李海東、高新。

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中共發出通緝令理實，這些學生領袖逃過了六月四日的北平大屠殺。

同時中共的通緝人員也開始搜捕，防止方勵之的逃出大陸，方勵之現躲身於美國大使館。

在中共電視台上共播放了被通緝的二十一個學生領袖照片，北平戒台只播了二十一人的姓名，其中有著名的學生領袖：北大學生王丹、北師大學生吾爾開希和柴玲。

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# They must go back—Howe

From SIMON MACKLIN in Geneva

BRITISH Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, last night gave a stark warning Hongkong would end its policy of first asylum unless immediate negotiations are started for the mandatory repatriation of Vietnamese boat people.

Sir Geoffrey said the United Kingdom was prepared to back the forcible return of boat people to Vietnam and warned Hongkong was "at the end of its tether".

In the strongest speech of the first day of the United Nations conference on the Indo-Chinese refugee problems in Geneva, Sir Geoffrey said a comprehensive plan drafted by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees was not sufficient to solve the crisis.

"The scale of the problem is such it poses a serious threat to Hongkong's stability and all this at a time when events in China are, for quite other reasons, causing the greatest anxiety in Hongkong.

"Local patience is exhausted. Hongkong is now at the end of its tether," he told delegates from about 40 countries.

He called on the Vietnamese authorities to begin immediate discussion for mandatory repatriation.

"Hongkong will simply be unable any longer to cope with the continuous onslaught of arrivals," he said.

"I have to warn that Hongkong will simply be unable any longer to maintain the policy of first asylum," he said.

"The future of Vietnamese people does not lie in the cramped conditions of camps in overcrowded places like Hongkong, with no hope of eventual settlement. The future of Vietnamese people must lie in Vietnam."

Sir Geoffrey said that of Hongkong's Vietnamese population of well over 40,000, fewer than 150 had so far returned voluntarily.

The United States Deputy Secretary of State, Mr Lawrence Eagleburger, told the conference return trips by boat people must be voluntary "and not the result of intolerable conditions of detention".

And the Vietnamese Deputy Prime Minister, Mr Nguyen Co Thach, spoke against forced repatriation, saying: "We strongly reject any form of coercion; this is a violation of human rights and could lead to unforeseen consequences."

The call for immediate discussions on methods of mandatory repatriation were backed by both Canadian and Australian delegates as well as countries of first asylum.

In the meantime, resettlement countries were urged to take in some 150,000 Vietnamese and Laotians languishing in detention camps before the introduction of screening.

Delegates pledged to the conference that they would offer homes to most of those in the region accepted as refugees to clear the backlog.

Hongkong has 14,000 Vietnamese classified as refugees, having arrived before the introduction of screening on June 16 last year.

Britain has offered to take an additional 1,000 from Hongkong on top of an existing commitment of 1,000 over two years.

Australia over three years will take up to 11,000 from the region, while Canada proposed to take an additional 1,000 over the next 12 months.

The US said it was committed to resettling 22,000 from the region over three years.

France will take 4,400 while other countries such as Austria and Switzerland made smaller commitments in line with figures recommended by the UNHCR.

Earlier, the Thai Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Siddhi Savetsila, told the conference the Comprehensive Plan of Action (CPA) brought to Geneva from the earlier meeting in Kuala Lumpur was worthless without mandatory repatriation.

"We hope those concerned will come to realise that this is the only realistic and humane alternative," he said.

Apart from promoting resettlement of those with refugee status and screening

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 1)

● PAGE 9: Sek Kong row
● PAGE 23: Full text of Howe speech

**JAPAN yesterday announced that it would donate $85.8 million to a special program for Vietnamese refugees in Hongkong and first asylum nations.**

**The Japanese contribution will cover about a third of the entire project, launched by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to handle the influx of boat people.**

**Britain has pledged $72 million to the fund, part of which will be used to build a camp at Pillar Point.**

**Japan's parliamentary vice-minister of foreign affairs, Mr Naoki Tanaka, said in Geneva the influx to Hongkong and Malaysia was "a cause for grave concern".**

**Japan would also accept 1,000 refugees from Hongkong and Southeast Asia over the next three years, he said.**

**Japan accepted 25 refugees from Hongkong last year and 23 in 1987.**

**Mr Tanaka indicated that if the influx of Vietnamese refugees continues, Tokyo may be prepared to support compulsory repatriation.**

**Tokyo's consul-general in Hongkong, Mr Yukio Satoh, last night said his Government particularly wanted to do something for Hongkong now.**

**"I am very glad this policy comes at a time when Hongkong people are looking for signs of confidence in their future," he said. "They are looking for positive support from foreign governments."**

## Jademan chief, sister charged

POLICE yesterday charged the chairman of Jademan (Holdings), Tony Wong Chun-loong, 39, and his sister Patricia Wong, 27, following lengthy investigations by officers of the Commercial Crime Bureau.

They were jointly charged with conspiracy to commit false accounting in the first few months of 1989.

Wong was granted bail of $500,000 in cash and $500,000 in surety and his sister placed on a cash bail of $100,000. They will appear in Central Court today.

Since the Commercial Crime Bureau's inquiry in Jademan began, 11 people suspected to be associated with the group have been detained and released on bail.

Earlier this month, the Government had appointed Mr Marvin Cheung, a partner with the accounting firm Peat Marwick, to conduct the investigation into the affairs of the company.

Meanwhile, the company withdrew an announcement yesterday about the cancellation of the proposed sale of *Tin Tin Daily News* to Eternal Victory and Silver Venture, both headed by Stanislaus Tsao, executive director and senior vice-president of the Lai Sun group.

Jademan – now under the management of a panel of three independent directors – had submitted drafts of the announcement to the stock exchange and Securities Commissioner for approval.

A provisional agreement was entered on March 28 to buy Jademan's 70 per cent interests in the daily newspaper and its 100 per cent stake in Tin Tin Colour Printing for $168 million.

A deposit of $5 million was paid and a further $11.8 million was to be lodged on signing of a formal agreement, with the balance due in September.

The deal was to be conditional on approval by Jademan shareholders and acquisition of Tin Tin's publication rights from Tin Tin Yat Pao International.

Trading of Jademan shares has been suspended since April 20.

It is understood that the stock exchange has held weekly meetings with the Jademan board, consisting of directors Joseph Tong Tang, Francis Chan Tsenam and David Ki Man-kit and its financial adviser, Anglo Chinese Corporate Finance.

## May rain 2½ times average

MAY'S rainfall of 771 mm was the fourth highest for the month and more than 2½ times the average figure of 298.1 mm, according to figures released yesterday.

A total of 115.2 mm fell in May last year.

So far this year 1,047.4 mm has fallen – an increase of 87 per cent over the average of 561.1 mm and the ninth highest recorded for the period

Hongkong's reservoirs were 54 per cent full yesterday, holding 316.225 million cubic metres, more than double the figure of 154.397 million cubic metres for the same time last year, when the territory's reservoirs were only 26.3 per cent full.

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### WEATHER

Mainly fine and hot.
Max temp 30 degrees.
See Page 8.

# 21 student leaders on wanted list

From Correspondents in Beijing

CHINA yesterday broadcast a wanted list of top student leaders of the pro-democracy movement who have fled underground, and urged citizens to turn them in to police.

Publication of the list indicated that top student leaders had escaped the security dragnet after the bloody military attack on pro-democracy demonstrators in Tiananmen Square on June 4.

Those named were to be arrested immediately, the Government said yesterday, even though it had announced before the crackdown that leaders of the pro-democracy movement would not be punished.

Border guards, meanwhile, went on alert throughout the country to prevent an escape by Professor Fang Lizhi, and his wife, Li Shuxian, the dissident couple hiding inside the US Embassy to avoid arrest.

Twenty-one students were pictured on nationwide television and their names were read on Beijing Radio.

At the top of the list were Wang Dan, of Beijing University and Wu'erkaixi and Ms Chai Ling, of Beijing Normal University.

"Wu'erkaixi is one of the big heads of the organisation. He spoke all over to fan the flames of the movement," the television broadcast said.

TV also showed a videotape taken by a hidden camera of Wu'erkaixi eating at a "certain high-class hotel" with his girlfriend on May 29 and showed him speaking through a megaphone at pro-democracy rallies.

"From this we can clearly see the ugly face of the student union leaders," the announcer said.

Authorities announced new arrests in the crackdown on dissent, bringing the confirmed total to nearly 820.

The Hongkong Government said it was checking reports that a Hongkong man had been arrested in southern China for posting "counter-revolutionary" slogans and photocopies of newspapers.

"We are waiting for information from the British Embassy in Beijing on the report," about the arrest of Guo Wenshen, a government spokesman said.

Beijing radio reported earlier in the day that Mr Guo, 23, was arrested on Sunday after entering Shaoquan city in Guangdong province a day earlier.

Shaoquan is near Guangdong's border with Hunan Province.

Prime Minister Li Peng yesterday demanded that

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 6)

### INSIDE


**Page 2:** Innocent flees
**Page 4:** Students abroad
**Page 5:** More democracy
**Page 6:** Missing student


Associated Press

This jumbo from Hongkong flies into Beijing almost empty following a massive drop in tourism to China. See Page 6.

# Democracy in China will prevail: Reagan

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE Chinese students of Tiananmen Square had released the spirit of democracy and it could not be called back, former President Ronald Reagan said last night.

"The Chinese Government has learned something very elemental, you can't massacre an ideal. You cannot run tanks over hope, you cannot riddle the people's unity with bullets," he told an audience in London on his first speaking engagement outside the United States since standing down from the presidency.

Mr Reagan is in Britain for three days during which he is expected to be presented with a knighthood when he dines with the Queen at Buckingham Palace today.

His comments came amid an international backlash against China over the massacre of unarmed civilians.

Canada is recalling its ambassador to China for consultations to protest against the military crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators, External Affairs Minister Joe Clark said yesterday.

Mr Clark said Ambassador Earl Drake will be brought back to Ottawa by the end of the week to take part in discussions on what the Canadian Government can do to influence events in China.

He said the Government is working with other countries to see how to "encourage the Chinese Government to respect the whole democratic process that has been shown through the demonstrations by the students and other people in China".

Mr Clark said consultations were continuing with other countries on what action might be taken through the United Nations to influence events in China.

In the current crisis, Canada has frozen about US$50 million (HK$390 million) in development projects in China and promises to extend visas for 4,500 Chinese students in Canada. It also cancelled all diplomatic visits and banned military trade with the country.

In Australia, government sources said Prime Minister Bob Hawke had urged his Chinese counterpart, Mr Li Peng, to stop the violence and repression in China in the wake of the Beijing massacre.

In a letter delivered through the Australian Embassy in Beijing, Mr Hawke called on Chinese authorities to end the violence against innocent civilians and not to repress intellectuals, students, teachers and

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 7)

# Ashdown rebuked by PM in Commons

By DAVID WALLEN
Post Correspondent, London

DEMOCRAT leader Paddy Ashdown was rebuked by the Prime Minister and ordered by the Speaker in the Commons to withdraw a charge of "dishonour" over Hongkong last night as tensions over the future of the territory boiled over.

The row erupted at Commons question time as Mr Ashdown sought further assurances for the people of Hongkong, which he visited at the end of last week.

Mrs Thatcher told him scornfully "you don't have a monopoly of strong feeling on this matter. Throughout the House, we feel equally shocked and appalled as you do. Just because you have been to Hongkong and find it easy to say things, you have no responsibility whatsoever, it doesn't mean that you feel any more strongly than we do".

There were angry scenes and loud Tory demands for him to withdraw, as MPs claimed Mr Ashdown had been heard to describe the Prime Minister's conduct towards the territory as "dishonourable".

He was howled down by the Tories as he sought three times to explain his remarks to the Speaker before finally withdrawing any charge of dishonour against the Prime Minister.

"I was referring to her policy, not to the Right Honourable Lady," he explained.

During the furious exchanges Mrs Thatcher renewed her pledge to seek "more flexibility" in the arrangements for Hongkong citizens but she stressed "particularly for those who have worked in the British Government".

Mr Ashdown urged her to "consider the plight of young Chinese students, hiding for their lives in Beijing, waiting for the knock on the door that takes them to jail or before the firing squad for their faith in democracy".

## Asian Games 'will go ahead'

CHINA said yesterday the Asian Games will go ahead in Beijing next year as planned.

The official New China News Agency said the president of the Chinese Olympic Committee, Mr He Zhenliang, gave the assurance in a telex to the Olympic Council of Asia.

Mr He told Council president Sheik Fahad al-Sabah that the situation in China was stabilising after the military crackdown in the capital.

"Public life has returned to normal, everything is in good order and the COC is working normally," the Chinese official added.

Mr He said the Asian handball championships would be held in Beijing as scheduled in August.

President of the Hongkong Amateur Sports Federation and Olympic Committee, Mr A. de O. Sales, said yesterday sports associations would have to decide for themselves whether or not they want to send athletes to the Asian Games.

Speaking after a meeting of the ASF & OC council yesterday, Mr Sales said the territory should be represented at the Beijing Games because "Hongkong is part of China".

He said the decision on whether Hongkong should take part in the Beijing Games should rest directly on the sports association and not on the ASF & OC and he hoped the associations would give it serious thought.

No sport association has so far made any

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)

## Dame Lydia first in My Hongkong

**DURING his stay in London earlier this week, the Governor, Sir David Wilson, said there was no place in the world to compare with Hongkong.**

**So what is it that is so special about this town?**

**As the territory faces one of the most challenging periods in its history, community leaders put in it their own words.**

**First in the series, Dame Lydia Dunn, writes on Page 7 today.**

# Top civil servants' pay rise trimmed to 14.5pc

By WONG JOON SAN

HONGKONG's top civil servants yesterday received pay increases that were substantially lower than recommended by a Government-appointed pay review body.

About 1,000 directorate civil servants received only 14.5 per cent salary adjustments despite recommendations for increases ranging from 25 to 50 per cent by the Ross Committee.

The committee, which was appointed by the Governor, Sir David Wilson, was set up to study salaries in the private sector and to come up with equitable increases for the highest officials.

It is understood that the recommendations for an average increase of 35 per cent were not accepted by the Government because of feared hostile public reaction and as it could also trigger another pay spiral.

Secretary for the Civil Service, Mr Harnam Grewal, while declining to reveal details of the recommendations, described reports about the Ross Committee's salary proposals as "speculations".

The 14.5 per cent increase approved was the most common pay increase in 1988-89 established by the private sector survey on remuneration of senior management commissioned by the Standing Committee on Directorate Salaries and Conditions of Service, he said.

"The civil servants could get the increase in their July pay package," he added.

The pay increase of 14.5 per cent offered to the 1,000 directors was similar to an average of 14.1 per cent pay increase given to about 180,000 civil servants in the non-directorate service.

Civil servants in the upper salary grades were given 13.43 per cent increases while the middle and lower grades were given 14.81 per cent increases with effect from April 1.

Upper salary grade civil servants receive $18,000 to $35,890 a month, the middle grade from $5,700 to $17,999 and the lower grade below $5,700.

The package of salary increases for all civil servants, including the subvented sector, involved a Government expenditure of $3.9 billion, Mr Grewal said.

The Executive Council yesterday approved 14.5 per cent salary adjustments for directorate officers, officers on directorate equivalent salaries in the disciplined services and the Judiciary.

Mr Grewal admitted that the staff associations were not happy with the increases.

He said they had contended that in any pay adjustment, factors such as recruitment and retention

(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 9)


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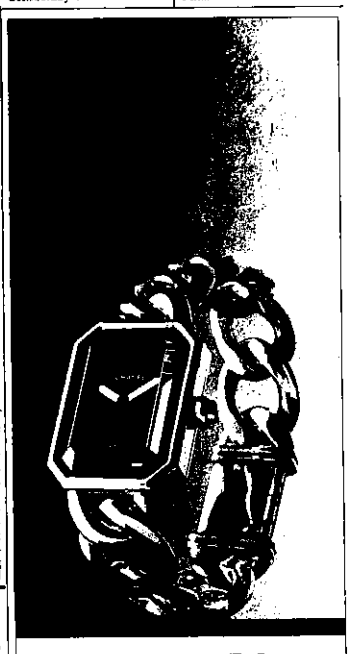
Shop B1,5A, Peninsula Hotel, Basement Central Wing, Kowloon. Tel: 3-3111122, 3-3118988

Singapore
#02-26/27, Hilton International Singapore, 581 Orchard Road, Singapore 0923. Tel: 7326855
#01-01, Mandarin Hotel Shopping Arcade, Singapore 0923. Tel: 7326851

Malaysia
Shangri-La Hotel 1-F Shopping Arcade, 20 Jalan P. Ramlee 50250, Kuala Lumpur, West Malaysia. Tel: 2307078



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Fax a friend, relative in China — Page 10

Average daily sale last week 63,819

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# Asia backs repatriation

By Mark Brickwell and Pamela Ngai in Geneva

HONGKONG won resounding support for its stand on the Vietnamese boat people problem at the opening of the international conference on Indochinese refugees in Geneva yesterday.

The Philippines offered to host a regional holding centre for refugees awaiting resettlement – including those from Hongkong.

Resettlement countries also made fresh pledges which would see a large part of the 52,000 refugees cleared in three years.

An offer of $88 million came from Japan to help the UNHCR's programme to repatriate boat people.

Forced repatriation won support from all the Asian countries.

Even the United States, which has opposed the idea, seemed to have given way, saying the country would "accept the principle that asylum seekers who are found not to be refugees should be the responsibility of their country origin".

But Vietnam and the United Nations stand firm in opposing the idea.

The Vietnam delegate made no attempt to hide the fact that financial assistance was the prerequisite for its co-operation.

Geneva Conference - a special report: Page 5

The country asked for an end to "hostile policies" and an extension of co-operation on the basis of "reciprocal interests".

Vietnam had agreed in general terms to the plan on condition it received US$1,000 for each refugee returned, delegates said.

Britain will consider paying upwards of US$43 million as part of a plan to solve Hongkong's boat people problem.

The British Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, and Hongkong Governor, Sir David Wilson, are to meet the Vietnamese Vice Prime Minister, Mr Nguyen Co Thach, this morning.

Both men would ask Vietnam to accept the forced return of boat people found not to be genuine refugees, said members of the Hongkong and British delegations.

The delegates said details would be thrashed out during the third round of bilateral talks between Britain and Vietnam.

The talks are expected to take place in Hanoi within next two months.

Sir David yesterday estimated Hongkong's boat people problem had cost US$120 million in the past five years, of which US$84 million was spent last year.

"Introduction should not be delayed (as proposed under a UN plan) until after October 1989, in the hope that voluntary repatriation can still be given a chance," Sir David said.

"Hongkong cannot wait for relief from its crushing problem until October.

"Our community has become increasingly unwilling to tolerate the arrival of a never ending flood of people from Vietnam.

"And all this comes against a background where every day some 30 to 40 people, who unlike those from Vietnam, often have relatives in Hongkong, have to be returned to China because they have come into the territory illegally and we have no room for them."

Sir David said four things should come out of the conference. They were:

- Vietnam should put an end to clandestine departures.
- Resettlement countries must increase both the numbers of refugees they accepted and the speed with which they did so.
- A regional processing centre, such as that proposed by the Philippines should be established.
- Mandatory repatriation should be instituted.

Sir David said without forced repatriation Hongkong would have to abandon its policy of providing a port of first asylum to Vietnamese boat people.

## INSIDE TODAY

Is the Governor more feline than bulldog? How are he, and Hongkong's predicament, viewed in Britain in the light of developments in China?

Page 15

## OPENERS

**Jack Spackman**, in the United States, looks at the band of lawyers working overtime to secure the rights of a man accused of murdering his wife and two of his children, and wonders who's footing the bill

Page 2

A recession looms, and a row brews over a beauty contest with a big difference, dubbed the Princess of Whales quest. It's all happening Down Under in AUSTRALIA TODAY

Liftout

Better jobs for everyone, every day.

## Mark Six

THREE lucky punters won $629,802 each in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 2, 5, 13, 15, 17 and 19 yesterday. The extra number was 31.

The second prize of $145,900 each had seven winners while the third prize of $5,927 each had 370.5 winning units.

# HK accused of subversion

By our China Desk

HONGKONG people who provided aid to the pro-democracy student movement in China were yesterday accused for the first time of taking part in "illegal activities aimed at subverting the Chinese government."

The accusation, which was broadcast by the state television last night, was directed at a visit and provision of funds to protesting students in Beijing.

It came amid reports that another Hongkong person had been detained in China, and followed another television broadcast which depicted student leader Wu'er Kaixi allegedly having a luxurious dinner with Hongkong journalists during the Tiananmen Square hunger strike.

This broadcast, showing film taken by surveillance cameras in the Beijing Hotel, was the first indication that the activities of Hongkong people had been closely monitored by the security forces.

In a news bulletin, China Central Television quoted a letter from eight anonymous "members of staff of the National People Congress".

It said the visit of Mr Lee Cheuk-yan, a leader of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Pro-democracy Movement in China, in Beijing was subversive.

Mr Lee, who was detained for three days in Beijing, has claimed the Chinese authorities took $1 million raised in Hongkong which he took to Beijing to help the students.

The television item said the "illegal activities" resulted from long-term contempt of Chinese law by Hongkong people.

Late last month, Mr Lee and three other representatives visited protesting students in the capital and provided aid.

He was detained by the police on June 5 and set free three days later after writing a letter of confession.

CCTV said: "Our government in accordance with the principle of *One Country, Two Systems*, allows Hongkong to keep its capitalist system for 50 years unchanged.

"Hongkong people are free to express their views in their own territory.

"But if travelling in the mainland, they should respect and observe Chinese law.

"Recently some Hongkong people came to the mainland, encouraging, supporting and participating in illegal activities aimed at subverting the government of the People's Republic of China and overthrowing the socialist system.

"These acts are forbidden by law."

Radio Beijing yesterday reported that a Hongkong man had been detained in Guangdong accused of putting up "counter-revolutionary" posters and distributing "counter-revolutionary" newspaper clippings from Hongkong.

The unidentified man is the second Hongkong resident to be held in China since the massive purge of democratic activists began. A Hongkong student studying in Shanghai was seized by security guards last week as he was about to board a Hongkong-bound flight.

The radio report said the man was detained in Shaoguan city, Guangdong, but gave no further details.

The newspaper clippings he was distributing were said to include the left-wing *Wen Wei Po* – branded "anti-party and counter-revolutionary" because of its opposition to the Beijing crackdown and support for the student movement – and the *Oriental Daily News*.

An official of the Shaoguan Public Security BureaU denied that any Hongkong resident had been detained.

The Hongkong Alliance in Support of Chinese Patriotic Pro-Democracy Movement said it had not received any details about the detainee but would try to investigate further and see what help, if any, was needed.

In the film on the Beijing Hotel dinner, the commentator said it showed Wu'er Kaixi having "luxurious" meals with people said to be Hongkong and Macau journalists while other students fasted.

Journalists who saw the film in Hongkong did not recognise any colleagues, They said the dining partners were in fact student activists from Hongkong.

And a Hongkong student leader said it was shot 10 days after the hunger strike ended.

INSIDE:

- People have no confidence; Law debate postponed; State Council toes tough party line; warrants for 21: Pages 6, 7 ▶
- Beijing envoys called to talks on Fang's fate: Page 8 ▶
- Readers forum: Page 10 ▶

# Dragnet out for student leaders

**BEIJING - The Public Security Bureau yesterday issued nationwide arrest warrants against 21 pro-democracy student activists, including Wu'er Kaixi, Wang Dan and Chai Ling, Chinese television reported.**

**Wu'er Kaixi, 23, a Uygur national and a educational psychology student in Beijing Normal University, is one of the most prominent student leaders.**

**He was a founding leader of the now outlawed Autonomous Student Union of Beijing Universities (ASUBU) and took a lead in breaking down police barricades police in the April 27 demonstration, first large-scale protest of the 36-day student movement.**

**He was also an organizer of the hunger strike that began on May 13.**

**Wang Dan, 21, son of an intellectual family and a history student at Beijing university, is also a leading figure throughout the student movement.**

**He was elected as a leader of the ASUBU, organised demonstrations and took a lead in the hunger strike.**

**Chai Ling, 23, a graduate student in children psychology at Beijing Normal University, initiated the hunger strike and later became commander-in-chief for the defence of Tiananmen Square after the imposition of martial law on May 20.**

**The bureau called on public security offices in every province and region including rail, port and air authorities and border controls to be on the lookout for the 21 suspects to prevent them from leaving the country.**

**The detailed descriptions of the students, including their vital statistics and accents, were carried on China Central Television (CCTV)'s main evening newscast.**

**The group of 21, who spearheaded 50 days of pro-democracy unrest, were accused of inciting and organizing "counter-revolutionary turmoil," including sit-ins and hunger strikes.**

**"Wu'er Kaixi is one of the big heads of the organisation. He spoke all over to fan the flames of the movement," the television broadcast said.**

**After the Tiananmen bloodbath, some student leaders said Wu'er Kaixi and Wang Dan had been killed. The arrest orders may indicate that the authorities believe they survived and have gone underground.**

■ Continued Page 8

■ The quota full sign greets a mother and her baby queuing to apply for a British passport at the Immigration Department in Tsim Sha Tsui yesterday.

# Hundreds rush for passports

THE Immigration Department in Hongkong is being swamped with applications for British passports in the wake of the Beijing massacre.

The number of applications has become so large, the department has been forced to set a daily quota.

Applicants can choose between a British Dependent Territories Citizen (BDTC) or a British National Overseas (BNO) passport.

The passport rush comes amid belief that the British government will relax its immigration laws to allow some Hongkong British passport holders the right of abode in Britain.

In response to the demand for passports, the department has set up a quota of 630 applications a day. It took the step last week when the rush started.

An estimated 3.25 million Hongkong people are eligible for BDTC passports, but they are not entitled to settle in the UK.

During the first 10 days of this month 9,336 people applied for British passports.

During the whole of May there were only 21,970 applications. That figure, though small compared with this month's, will eventually be 15 percent higher than for May last year.

A more flexible application of immigration laws is being urged by the majority of Hongkong people and some British MPs as a form of political insurance.

# Canada recalls ambassador

OTTAWA: Canada is recalling its ambassador to China for consultations to protest against the military crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators.

External Affairs Minister Joe Clark said Ambassador Earl Drake will be brought back to Ottawa by the end of this week to take part in discussions on what the Canadian government can do to influence events in China.

The minister said the government is working with other countries to see how to "encourage the Chinese government to respect the whole democratic process that has been shown through the demonstrations by the students and other people in China".

Mr Clark told the House of Commons on Monday the recall decision was made after consulting Chinese community leaders who have been demanding the government break off ties with Beijing to protest against the killing of protesters in Tiananmen Square.

Mr Clark, who has strongly condemned actions by the Chinese military, said the ambassador would return to China after a "period of consultations".

Opposition parties demanded the government also work through the United Nations to bring international pressure on the Chinese government.

Mr Clark said consultations were continuing with other countries on what action might be taken through the UN to influence events in China.

"It is important the United Nations be effective in actions that it takes," Mr Clark said. – Reuter

# Moscow, Bonn to work for united Europe

BONN: The Soviet Union and West Germany pledged yesterday to turn their military machines into defensive forces and work for a more united and democratic Europe.

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and German Chancellor Helmut Kohl issued the pledge in a six-page document meant as a guidepost for bilateral relations into the 21st century.

"War can no longer be a tool of politics," said the document, the first of its kind that Moscow has signed with a Western country.

"Security policies and military planning can only aim to reduce and abolish any threat of war and to secure peace with fewer weapons," the declaration said.

It also stressed the importance of human rights and self-determination for all countries in Europe.

Mr Gorbachev and Mr Kohl signed the declaration after the Soviet leader, on his first official visit to West Germany, made a triumphant appearance on Bonn's main square.

Chanting "Gorby, Gorby", thousands of residents packed the square for a view of the man who opinion polls say is the West Germans' favourite politician.

"With this new political document, we are advancing to a new level in our relations," Mr Gorbachev told journalists after the short signing ceremony.

The document, which German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher called a "milestone", pledged the two sides to respect human rights, expand economic cooperation, work together in fighting pollution and boost bilateral contacts through school, sports and cultural exchanges.

It also expressed Soviet and West German support for a series of concrete disarmament measures including:

- A 50 percent cut in Soviet and US strategic nuclear weapons;
- A balance in conventional forces in Europe at lower than current levels;
- A worldwide and verifiable chemical weapons ban as soon as possible;
- A verifiable nuclear test ban as soon as possible; and
- Further confidence-building measures.

The declaration also pledged both sides to work to overcome the post-war division of Europe without upsetting the superpower balance on the continent.

"They are determined to work together on ways of reaching this goal through construction of a Europe of peace and cooperation – a European peace order or a common European home – in which the US and Canada also have their place," it said.

As if to reassure allies concerned at their increasingly close relations, the two leaders added: "This policy takes (our) bilateral treaties and alliance responsibilities into consideration. It is not directed against anyone."

Mr Gorbachev told a small group of reporters later that time should decide the question of German reunification. In the past Moscow has expressed fierce opposition to the idea.

But he said one must start by recognising reality – an apparent reference to the post-war division of Germany into two states allied with opposing military blocs.

A reporter asked Mr Gorbachev under what conditions he could imagine German reunification.

"Let time decide. I think that the world is changing and changing for the better, and it is opening possibilities for better contacts between all states," the Soviet leader said. – Reuter

■ Mr Gorbachev ... the only hope?

## Take risks says Reagan

LONDON: Former US President Ronald Reagan urged the West yesterday to take risks with Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, saying he was "the Soviets' best and probably only hope to turn things around".

Mr Reagan said: "I believe we should take the risk that the Soviets are serious in their efforts to reach genuine arms reductions.

"I support President Bush's proposal to keep pressure on the Soviets to make good on their calls to reduce arms." – AP

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# Jademan chief on conspiracy charge

**COMICS king Tony Wong Chun-loong has been charged by police with conspiracy to commit false accounting.**

**He will appear in Central Magistracy today.**

**The 39-year-old chairman of Jademan Holdings was charged together a 27-year-old woman.**

**Officers from the Commercial Crime Bureau began investigating Jademan Holdings late last year.**

**The investigation became known when trading of Jademan shares on the stock exchange were suspended in mid-April after it was disclosed that bureau officers were loking into the affairs of Wong and his associates.**

**Wong was placed on police bail of $500,000 after being detained by the bureau on April 26.**

**Trading in the company's shares has remained suspended since.**

**In a surprise move, Financial Secretary Piers Jacobs appointed an investigating team to look into the affairs of Jademan.**

# Civil service not happy with pay rise

By Yeung Wai-man and Wilson Wong

CIVIL service unions are disappointed with the pay rise endorsed by the Executive Council.

However, if the Legislative Council's Finance Committee approves, it will be effective next month retroactive to April.

And it will set the Government budget back by some $3.9 billion a year.

The unions cannot do much about it except protest to the Civil Service Branch to be put on record.

According to yesterday's Exco decision, the increase for civil servants will be as follows:

- 4.5 percent for directorate and judicial staff whose monthly salaries are above $39,890;
- 3.4 percent for senior officials whose salaries range between $18,000 and $35,890; and
- 4.8 percent for both middle and lower-ranking staff whose salaries range from $5,700 to $17,999 and below $5,700.

The pay rise for directorate staff officers only reflects the annual increase and there will be further adjustment later this year after the Ross Committee completes its major review on directorates' responsibilities.

Modal Scale One staff, disciplined forces and civil servants of general grades also expressed dissatisfaction after their meeting with Civil Service Branch officials.

The representatives said the increment was difficult to accept.

"The Government has neglected many factors besides recruitment and staff retention difficulties," said Mr Wong Hyo.

Mr Wong is spokesman for the Senior Civil Service Council – which includes expatriates and local senior and middle-ranking officers.

The Secretary for the Civil Service, Mr Harnam Grewal, said the factors raised by the staff side should not be considered in this pay adjustment.

For example, the staff side referred to recruitment and retention difficulties, but that would be considered by the Standing Commission on Civil Service Salaries and Conditions of Services in a separate review, Mr Grewal said.

"The commission needs two years to finish the report," he said.

The council's representatives found the approved percentage very difficult to accept and they would write to the Government today to express their dissatisfaction, Mr Wong said.

In Macau yesterday, civil servants also reacted with disappointment to an 8.3 percent pay rise passed by the Legislative Assembly.

However, there has been some talk of further restructuring later in the year which would give increases of between 11.8 percent and 30 percent.

# 人民日报

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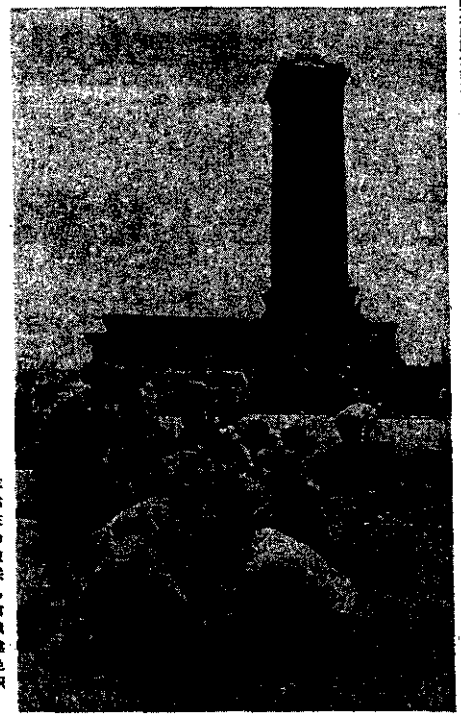
## 人民英雄纪念碑恢复原貌

新华社北京六月十六日电 （记者潘革平）在动乱和暴乱中被污损的人民英雄纪念碑，经过戒严部队官兵和北京市有关单位职工的精心洗刷，今天已恢复庄严的原貌。

今天下午，记者在人民英雄纪念碑看到，前些日子在纪念碑四周的大理石碑基、汉白玉栏杆及柱子等处用黑墨水、油漆、颜料等书写的许多反革命标语、诗词、漫画，以及纵火烧物时被熏黑的地方，已被北京市建筑一、北京市环卫局的职工洗刷干净。纪念碑正面被弄倒的两根旗杆，以及四周被毁坏的路灯线路，也由北京市第五建筑工程公司、北京供电局路灯队的职工修复，被火烧后炸裂的近四十条纪念碑台阶条石，也已修补好，但还需用新的花岗岩条石来更换。在动乱和反革命暴乱期间，纪念碑四周的二千七百平方米的草坪和一百七十五米长的松柏绿篱，被全部毁坏和捣毁。从昨天上午开始，戒严部队某部官兵和北京市园林局的职工，在原草坪上翻地、挖坑，重新铺了草坪，种松柏绿篱。今天上午，戒严部队某军军长傅崇耀、军政治部主任李栋恒、师长张作礼、政委季文和北京市副市长张百发等领导，也来到这里植草坪，种绿篱。傅崇耀指挥全部人民的心的地方。我们或是动员全国人民、全世界人民和北京市人民一起，精心地将它的原貌恢复过来。之后，傅崇耀、张百发等在浮雕前合影留念。



国为园林工人和部队官兵一起重新种植草坪。 本报记者 王景仁摄

### 首都著名科学家在学习座谈中认为

## 邓小平讲话表达人民共同心愿

### 谴责方励之的罪恶行径

**本报北京6月16日电** 记者王京春报道：中国科协今天组织部分在京著名科学家与有关人士钱学森、钱三强、王大珩、朱光亚、唐敖庆、吴传钧、吴阶平、张维、庄逢甘、高镇宁等，学习、座谈邓小平同志在接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话。与会同志认为，这一讲话深刻阐明了这场反革命暴乱发生的原因和实质，指明了今后国家改革和建设的前进方向，完全表达了我国900多万科技工作者的心愿。

与会同志非常赞同邓小平同志提出的对十年改革开放的成绩要充分估计够的意见。他们认为，社会主义应当代表发达的生产力和先进的生产关系，必然是在改革和开放中前进的社会。当今的世界是开放的信息化的世界，改革开放应当是我们的总方针。建国以后的一段时间里，由于外国禁运封锁和主观指导思想上“左”的影响，使我们继续承受了鸦片战争一个半世纪以来实行闭关锁国政策的苦头。党的十一届三中全会以来，我国的社会主义现代化建设在十年改革开放中取得了重大的成果。现在，全球性的科学技术革命浪潮正在迅猛发展，需要我们更好地推进改革开放的政策。这些科学家坚信，经过这场风波，坚持四项基本原则与坚持改革开放这两个基本点一定能够更好地协调和促进，党和政府在领导改革和建设上一定会更加成熟和坚强，我们的改革开放的步子将一定还得更稳、更快。

与会同志希望在彻底平息反革命暴乱之后，党和政府能够很好地总结经验，吸取教训，在国家各种重大决策上更好地听取各阶层人民的意见，建立对话渠道，健全民主与法制，消除腐败现象，把广大人民群众的积极性最大限度地调动起来，把工作做得更好。

与会者在发言中还谴责了方励之的卖国行径。许多同志指出，方励之是祖国的叛徒。竟然扬言要从国外引进“总理”。在这次北京发生动乱直至反革命暴乱的过程中，他和窜于李淑娴与“高自联”的某些头头联系密切。反革命暴乱失败之后，他们夫妇一头扎进美国大使馆请求保护。彻底暴露了实质触犯的反动嘴脸。与会科学家建议中国自然辩证法研究会要免他在该会中担任的副理事长职务，并开除他的会籍。

### 全国青联领导人学习邓小平同志重要讲话

## 各族青年要自觉维护安定团结

**新华社北京6月16日电** 全国青联6月14日召开在京的主席、副主席会议，认真学习邓小平同志接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话。大家一致认为，小平同志的重要讲话深刻分析了这场反革命暴乱产生的原因、性质和中央采取的措施的正确性，深刻阐述了党的十一届三中全会以来我们党制订的路线、方针和政策的正确性。大家表示坚决拥护。

与会同志在谈到两个月来在北京发生的从学潮到动乱，到反革命暴乱的过程，认为动乱不止，暴乱不平，人民不得安宁，国家不得安定，改革和四化建设就难以顺利进行。大家对戒严部队、武警部队和公安干警为保卫人民共和国、捍卫人民利益的英勇行为给予了高度的赞扬，对反革命暴徒的罪行表示了极大的愤慨，并希望有关部门以事实为依据，以法律为准绳，予以严惩。

大家认为，中国的改革和建设是长期艰巨的过程，必须在中国共产党的领导下，按照中国的国情，靠全国人民特别是青年一代用自己的奋斗去实现。在当前的形势下，更需要广大青年克服重重困难，在各自的岗位上，发扬艰苦创业精神，踏踏实实做好本职工作，与党和人民一道，坚持“一个中心，两个基本点”，为中国社会主义现代化事业的发展作出努力。

大家说，全国青联作为我国各族各界青年的爱国群众团体，当前，应充分发挥联系青年的桥梁纽带作用，紧密团结广大中青年知识分子和各族各界青年，明辨是非，顾全大局，区分两类不同性质的矛盾，向极少数暴乱分子和剥有用心的坏人作坚决的斗争。要关心了解广大青年的思想情绪，通过正常的民主渠道，充分反映青年的正当愿望和合理要求，积极组织和促进对话，增强理解和信任，维护安定团结和社会稳定，推进经济和各项事业的发展。

大家号召，一切有爱国之心，不愿意看到中国动乱，希望中华振兴的各族各界青年，应以理智代替感情，以高度的爱国热情，支持和拥护党和政府的正确决策，以实际行动，自觉维护安定团结的大局，为治理经济环境、整顿经济秩序、全面深化改革，为中华民族的繁荣和进步作出新的贡献。

## 继续严格控制新开工项目

### 四类项目允许年底前开工

### 国务院清理项目领导小组和国家计委发出通知

**本报北京6月16日电** 记者鲁敏报道：国务院清理固定资产投资项目领导小组、国家计划委员会最近经国务院批准联合发出通知，要求继续严格控制新开工项目，除4类项目允许在6月至12月底前开工外，其他项目一律不得开工。这4类项目是：

——必须新开工的农业、林业、水利、气象、教育、化肥、出口创汇项目以及1988年底前已签订合同的涉外生产性项目和住宅项目；

——经国务院批准今年开工的大中型、限额以上项目；

——必须今年开工的煤炭、小水电、黄金建设项目和为保证交通运输安全以及经劳动部门核定的危房改造和安全生产项目；

——为维持企业正常生产，利用企业自有资金而且不搞房屋土建工程的限额以下技术改造项目。

《通知》强调，上述允许开工的项目，必须严格按照国清字（1989）1号文件规定的审批权限进行审批，未经有批准权单位审批的一律不得新开工。经过批准新开工的项目投资，必须纳入今年投资计划“笼子”内，在当核指标内安排不下的项目不得开工。

### 中国核工业总公司总经理强调

## 核电对外开放合作交流不变

## 秦山大亚湾电站将如期建成

**本报北京6月16日电** 记者鲁铮军报道：正在建设中的浙江秦山核电站和广东大亚湾核电站未受北京发生的暴乱和外地一些骚乱事件的影响，各项工作正常进行。在大亚湾核电站工作的来自法、英、美等国的816名专家和178户眷属，未有一人一户提离现场。中国核工业总公司总经理兼核心组向本报记者强调，中国积极、适当地发展核电的方针不变；核电对外开放、合作交流不变；本世纪内争取建成600万千瓦核电站的总目标不变。根据邓小平同志最近重要讲话精神，我们还想争取多发展一点。已经在建的大亚湾和秦山核电站的建设不变。这两座核电站将坚持安全第一、质量第一的方针，如期建成。

与香港合资，规模为两台90万千瓦发电机组的大亚湾核电站，预定于1992年10月第一台机组发电，9个月后第二台机组发电。这座大型压水堆核电站全部设备和设计均由国外提供和承担。其中，核岛设计和设备供应由法国法马通公司负责；常规岛设计和设备供应由英国通用电器公司负责；整个工程服务由法国电力公司负责。按预定计划，第一台机组的反应堆安全壳将于9月封顶。

在北京动乱和暴乱期间，地处深圳的大亚湾核电站也一度受到波及，由于广东核电合营有限公司领导妥善疏导和耐心解释，大亚湾周边形势保持稳定，大亚湾工地5000名中方建设者坚守岗位，生产秩序正常，图纸设计及各项工程建设如期进行。800多位外国专家和他们的夫人及子女，未有一人撤离。原来一度担心的预定6月19日在深圳召开的中、法、英等国专家的协调会，也未受北京暴乱的影响，将按期召开。目前，几十名法、英核电专家已来到签证，即将从国内启程抵深。

秦山核电站今年1至5月，已完成全年基建计划的45%，为达座电站施工4号以来最好的时期。主要工程方面，由上海锅炉厂制造的第一台高17米，直径近4米，重210吨的蒸发器，已于5月2日安装就位；由于上海发生的严重骚乱事件，第二台蒸发器交货比预期晚了一个星期，秦山核电站职工力争7月初如期安装就位。按照预定计划，秦山核电站第一期工程90万千瓦发电机组将于明年12月建成发电。二期工程中的60万千瓦机组的中外合作谈判，也未受国内动乱的影响。有关商谈将于6月份继续进行。

### 国家科委负责人表示

## 对外科技合作与交流政策不变

### 希望各国以长远的眼光看待同中国科技界合作

**新华社北京6月16日电** 国家科委副主任朱丽兰今天在接受记者采访时说，中国对外科技合作与交流的政策不会变。希望一切愿意同中国保持和发展科技合作与交流的国家和组织，能以长远的眼光看待同中国科技界的合作，珍惜这些年建立起来的科技合作与交流关系。

朱丽兰说，最近在我国北京发生反革命暴乱和一些城市发生动乱期间，一些外国科技专家坚持留在中国，继续同中国同行开展科技合作和交流，他们对中国的国内形势作出了正确的判断。我代表国家科委，感谢他们同中国科技界的友谊和合作精神。

她说，在我国平息北京发生的反革命暴乱期间，也有少数国家中止了同我国的一些科技合作和交流往来，撤回他们在华工作的科技专家。她认为这是一种暂时的现象。国际科技合作与交流从来都是互利的。它不仅是我国政府和我国广大科技人员的愿望，也是各国政府和各国科技人员的共同愿望。

朱丽兰介绍说，自从中国共产党十一届三中全会以来，我国在独立自主的和平外交政策和改革开放方针指引下，同世界各国的科技合作关系和交流往来有了很大发展，已经形成了一个多层次、多渠道、多形式的国际科技合作局面。在平等互利的基础上，我国已经同世界上108个国家和地区开展了官方、民间、双边、多边的科技合作和交流。中国科技界十分珍惜十年来取得的这一成果，并将继续在发展国际科技合作事业中做出自己的贡献。她强调，改革开放的方针是中国的一项长期政策，我们一定要继续坚持并且更好地贯彻执行。我们将继续认真执行与外国政府部门已经达成的科技合作与交流的计划和项目；我国在国内外举办的科技交流活动，除因客观条件暂时有困难的，经协商暂时推迟外，其他项目都将按计划进行；我们要继续进行各种民间和多边的国际科技合作项目和学术交流活动；要认真做好为执行合作计划来华的外国科技专家和学者的接待工作，使他们完成预定任务，他们的安全是有保障的。

### 张百发会见中德合资企业德方人员时表示

## 为燕莎工程建设开绿灯

### 赞扬专家们坚守岗位坚持工作

**本报北京6月16日讯** 记者顾世贵报道：北京市常务副市长张百发，今天下午在国宾宾馆会见中德合资企业北京燕莎中心有限公司德方专家和工程技术人员时，赞扬他们在北京发生暴乱期间能够坚守岗位，坚持工作。德方驻京特派代表施特里克先生则感谢北京对他们的招待。他说，我们留在北京工作，是我们对合作项目很有兴趣，感到与中方合作得很好。他表示，要坚持干下去。

这个项目是由北京与联邦德国汉莎公司共同承担的。张百发在介绍了北京发生暴乱的情况后告诉客人们，这几天北京交通秩序恢复得比较好，搬走的专家有些又陆续回来了。他保证，燕莎工程不很按计划执行，而且要提前，一切都可开绿灯。

市外经委主任张明还就进一步改善投资环境发表了意见。他说，原来外商投资企业所需要的物资供应，没有纳入国家计划。我们现在准备找一个渠道来解决；原来外商投资企业的产品进出没有纳入国家计划，我们现在准备纳入市里计划；除此，还准备进一步简化手续，提高办事效率。

### 首都高校代表慰问子弟兵

## 张国基等看望戒严部队

### 代表全国侨联和归侨、侨眷

**新华社北京6月16日电** 全国侨联主席张国基，副主席庄明理、庄炎林、黄军军，顾问张楚琨等，今天下午代表全国侨联和广大归侨、侨眷，看望、慰问戒严部队某部官兵。

张国基说，我们广大归侨、侨眷坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委的英明决策。目前，一小撮坏人还不甘心失败，国外通传还很多。我们要通过广大归侨、侨眷积极地向海外亲友写信，告诉他们平息反革命暴乱的真相，揭露谣言，解除他们的疑虑。

戒严部队某部官兵表示，决不辜负人民的期望，一定要把平息反革命暴乱的斗争进行到底。

**本报北京6月16日讯** 连日来，首都高等学校领导、教职员工和学生代表纷纷前往戒严部队驻地，慰问为平息首都反革命暴乱立下不朽功勋的解放军指战员、武警官兵及广大公安干警。

6月10日，北京理工大学校领导率工作人员，慰问了在北京发生暴乱期间守护弹药库的北京军区某部指战员。6月12日，北京80多所高校的领导，一同慰问了驻在北京体育师范学院的某戒严部队，受到广大指战员的欢迎。

位于学院路上的北京航空航天大学的师生，主动为在该路段执勤的某军炮团战士送早饭。6月12日，校领导又带领教职员工慰问了这个部队的干部战士，并为他们送去折叠凳，供战士在执勤休息时使用。

6月14日，北京大学、北京师范大学、中国人民大学三所高校的党政领导率校内各部门的代表40余人，前往驻扎在首都体育馆的戒严部队某部慰问。

此外，清华大学、北京外国语学院、北京师范学院、中央民族学院、北方交通大学、北京医科大学、北京科技大学等校的领导和师生代表，也分别慰问了戒严部队指战员和武警官兵。

### 北大一学生给北京日报写信

## 揭露方励之李淑娴操纵王丹搞动乱

**新华社北京6月16日电** 今天在北京出版的北京日报刊登了北京大学一学生写给这家报纸编辑部的一封信，全文如下：

北京日报编辑部：

我是一名大学生，昨天在电视中看了在贵文门被害烈士做国葬情况的报道，内心受到强烈震撼。回想近两个月来的事情，内心无限的愧疚。中国的群众太善良，中国的军人太善良，中国的绝大多数学生也太善良。为了不让善良的人们再做无谓的牺牲，经过痛苦的抉择，我决心将王丹的情况告诉你们，让大家别再“善良”下去了。

我原本不认识王丹，只听说他学习成绩很差，“从国政系踢进一年到了历史系。但他很有来头，每周三下午在校内“高万提所”做下办民主沙龙，已经坚持一年有余了，每期由方励之、李淑娴出题目，主要是介绍方励之等的观点，还请过美国大使洛德夫妇来演讲。小有名气。因此，很感结识他。可惜一直没有机会。4月18日凌晨，我在人民大会堂前静坐请愿时，才第一次和他直接接触。当时，我们从北大走到天安门，已经很累了，又在大会堂前坐了很长时间，队伍只有100多人了，很想回校。他出面和另一个人劝大家坚持并两次出去打电话，回来后向大家传达李淑娴的意见。记得一次他说，传达李淑娴老师两点指示：一要坚持，现在李老师已在北大三角地贴出大字报号召声援，北大队伍马上就到。二是要求人大负责人接请愿书，通过合法手段实现目的。当时对他的印象挺好，挺拥戴。随后，我就跟他接近起来。

随着和王丹的接近，逐步发现他并不像有些人传说的那样好。如：4月20日凌晨，我们冲击新华门时，他鼓励我们应该勇敢，可是需要一来他就跑了。当时，新华门前并没有人被打，可他编让说是“血案”。说北师大郭同东是被警车轧死的。我告诉他，我亲眼所见没有血案，再说连郭同东的男朋友都证明是105路电车轧的，为什么还说谎呢？他说，这是动员群众的需要。他还说“你太傻冒了。”“为什么我们提为在清除精神污染和反资产阶级自由化中受迫害的知识分子平反时，李淑娴老师让把知识分子改为公民呢？这是斗争艺术。”4月26日，我们都被人民日报社论惊呆了，王丹又急急忙忙从李淑娴老师那儿回来说，我们要改变斗争策略，动员群众和他们干。他急急忙忙参加会，会上订下了改变口号的决定。5月4日游行回校后，很多同学想复课了，王丹坚决不同意。他提出要于5月13日绝食。我问他为什么？他说：这时候正好可以借戈尔巴乔夫访华压他们。我心里对此很不满意。为什么要用学人压国人呢？这样做是变相吗？5月13日绝食开始后，社会各界都很同情学生。但我发现5月15日下午王丹陪一个领导来到广场时仍然十分精神。大声讲话，一点不疲倦。后来才听说他虽然在绝食声明上签了字，但因斗争需要还不断进餐，晚上也另有地方住宿。王丹的保镖说是在前门饭店包了单间。经我后来打听，此事确实。

随着事态的发展，王丹的地位逐步提高。我要见他十分不易。只有一次，准得的机会挨说了一阵。我问他怎么收场。他说不怕，只要同学放了方励之老师那样大的名气，他们就不敢动了。我问他最终目的是什么？他说最低目标让他们承认“高自联”合法，给方励之平反，民间办报。最高目标是建立“多元政体”，实现“精英政治”。我问官倒还反不反？他说那是小事。随后就坐着包租的小汽车走了。

6月3日凌晨，部队还没来，王丹见势不好与另外三个人先从天安门广场溜了。他给了保镖每人1000元，然后乘一辆黑色牌照的轿车跑了。有同学看见他随身带了一个提包，装着数万元钱。

当然，虽然王丹算是个风云人物，但我还是觉得他只是个小角色。每次发言都是事先准备的。没准备时就显得语无伦次了。虽然他在香格里拉饭店专门举行过一次记者招待会，声明与方励之、李淑娴没关系，但我看还是关系很密切。也许是有人利用他，也许是他利用了别人，都很难说。但在近两个月的事件中绝不是像人们想的那么简单。不幸的是，善良的人们总是把十分复杂的事情看得过于简单了。但愿善良的人们能从王丹的真面目中得到点启示。

请原谅由于环境的不允许，我暂不署名。

89.6.14

### 戈尔巴乔夫表示

## 苏联不会放弃社会主义制度

**新华社莫斯科6月15日电** 苏联领导人戈尔巴乔夫今天表示，苏联不会放弃社会主义制度。

戈尔巴乔夫在西柏林多特蒙德市的一次讲话中说，苏联人民的命运在任何时候都是与社会主义的优越性紧密相联的。他指出，在历史的纪元中，社会主义刚刚处在“开始阶段”，它还没有获得“以正确方法发挥其潜力”的可能性。他强调，苏联将朝着更完善的社会主义前进；而不是脱离社会主义，即使有人想脱离社会主义逆流，苏联人民也不会答应。

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## 美國記者稱為「出奇的聲明」

### 說是「支持動亂」暗示趙紫陽命運堪虞

【新華社北京十六日電】國務院發言人袁木今天下午在此間發表關於記者提出的有關戒嚴部隊昨晚北京反革命暴亂，中國的對外關係等問題。

袁木的談話內容原原本本的發表。

（本報訊：ZB）巴電夫，為該台主播。

CBS訪問袁木的記者潘姆·布蘇科，曾在前年訪問趙紫陽及戈爾巴

【本報訊】據亞洲電視十六日報道，

【新華社北京十六日電】據有關部門提供的消息，今天上午十四家外國新聞機構駐京記者三十多人在北京市政府外辦的安排下，到天安門廣場現場採訪。解放軍戒嚴部隊某部政治部主任李之賽等接待了他們，並在人民大會堂向各國記者介紹了平息反革命暴亂的情況和天安門廣場清場的經過，並回答了記者提出的問題。之後記者們在廣場上進行了拍照、採訪。

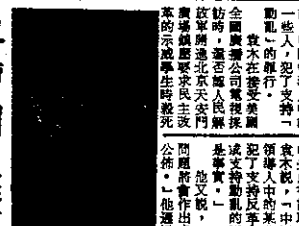
【本報訊】據本港亞洲電視十六日晚報道，北京戒嚴部隊某部政治部主任李之賽十六日在記者會上說，戒嚴部隊因為受到暴徒的攻擊，所以曾經開槍，但軍隊只是向天開槍，目標不是人羣，受傷者可能只是被流彈擊中。

李之賽說，在忍無可忍的情況下，為保護調大官兵的生命和裝備的安全，部隊有節制地對空鳴槍，以示警告。但絕對沒有向人羣射擊，更沒有向老人、婦女和兒童開槍，當然也不能排除有的人被流彈誤傷。

李之賽說，「開始我們並不想採取這種手段，但是極少數人，也就是說這些製造反革命暴亂的份子，他們視政府軟弱可欺，他們變本加厲，煽動一直發展到反革命的暴亂。」

李之賽又說，「裝甲車通過之前，我們部隊一槍沒了報警，確認裏面沒有人，才開過去，所以根本沒有接生壓死戰士事件時說的事件，從未在北京地區內發生過。」

李之賽未澄清其前後矛盾的說法。



袁木近照

正面回答。

袁木首先提及有關解放軍入京城的情況。他說，在天安門廣場清場時，沒有任何一個人被殺。袁木在接受美國全國廣播公司電視採訪時，重申駐北京天安門廣場戒嚴部隊堅決支持人民解放軍的正義制度。

袁木又提及學者方勵之，他說，中國當局已發出了通緝令，當局將會依法來處理。

袁木又說，中國政府已完全控制了整個局勢。

袁木說，個別領導人支持反革命動亂，和接中國政府將對外公開通告事。

【法新社華盛頓十六日電】中國政府發言人星期五在回答有關中共總書記前中國國會及監禁前總統命運的問題時說，中國領導人中的一些人，犯了支持「動亂」的錯行。

袁木在回答關於趙紫陽是否已被解除中共中央總書記職務時，袁木說：「中國有很多領導人中的某些人，犯了支持動亂的錯誤，這是事實。」

他又說，「這些問題將會作出適當的決定公佈。」他還強調說，



解放軍戰士星期五清理天安門廣場及人民英雄紀念碑。當局已經把廣場封閉，現正修補經克及槍彈造成的破壞。（路透社）

## 科爾和三塚博談話 抨擊北京鎮壓學生

### 里根及印度總理對北京事態表關注

【法新社波恩十六日電】西德總理科爾星期五在這裏向議會發表聲明，指出當前中國國會及監禁前

【法新社東京十六日電】日本首相竹下登今天在國會答覆社會黨議員質詢時說，他對中國發生的鎮壓學生運動感到「非常遺憾」。

竹下登說：「我們已發出一連串的通諭，要求中國當局採取適當的措施，以和平的方式解決這個問題。」

竹下登說，他對中國發生的事件感到「非常遺憾」，並說日本政府已經採取了「適當的措施」。

【法新社東京十六日電】日本外務省今天表示，日本對美國全國廣播公司記者報導，軍隊在北京天安門廣場鎮壓學生領導的示威時，「感到非常震驚」。

外務省發言人渡邊美智雄說：「我們對此感到非常震驚。」

【路透社華盛頓十六日電】美國前總統雷根今天說，他對中國發生的鎮壓學生運動感到「非常遺憾」。

雷根在一項聲明中說：「我們對此感到非常遺憾。」

他說，「在那過程中，沒有人比我更為此感到遺憾。」

【路透社渡邊美華十六日電】加拿大政府星期五譴責，有一批中國外交官員和職員違反安全門警衛的意願，要求庇護。

加拿大傳媒報道，有兩名中國外交官已在美國尋求庇護，並已獲得批准。

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【路透社華盛頓

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# 昨接受美全國廣播公司訪問
# 袁木暗示趙紫陽犯錯
# 中共人事變動快揭曉
## 政府發言人稱個別高層領導支持動亂及反革命份子

【法新社華盛頓十六日電】中國政府的一個發言人昨晚表示，有個別中國領導人由於支持「動亂」而犯錯。他是在回答有關共產黨高層領導人的會議的問題時說的。

袁木在接受美國全國廣播公司電視網採訪時，這樣說。

他說：「我們已經發出了警告。」

他說，「沒有因此而發生的暴亂，軍隊和解放軍沒有壓死任何一個人。」

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袁木告訴該廣播公司，在六月三—四日軍隊開進天安門時，「沒有一個人死亡。」

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# 袁木又有驚人之言
# 屠城鏡頭全屬特技

## 抓人之聲遍大陸 柴玲據說在澳洲

（綜合外電報導）中共消息人仕透露部小平已下令嚴密追捕。

對有。消息人仕估計，將有近萬人被捕。而著名學生領袖王丹、柴玲及百內左右的連少方將仍在北京。

中共電視台昨日說，現在二十五歲北京電影學院女導演作班學生，其少方已同公安局自首。她是自第二官方公布通緝二十一名學生名單後，第四個自首的。

或嚴部隊指揮部前開槍作報導，在北京息戒門天安門事件中，

## 深圳海關嚴查香港貨車 防止偷運「荔枝」與「柴」

（快報消息）中國政府大學獲悉近日有大批人員被通往香港的關口都加強控制。除現時往關的通道外，文錦渡關卡的檢查近日亦大幅度加緊，並因而導致來往中港兩地的貨車司機，要苦候四至五小時才能通關。

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本港初步發生，某輛從深圳往香港的貨車都必須接受當局嚴查，而在廣州駛來香港的貨車，亦幾乎每兩輛就有一輛遭到檢查。

該項司機表示，通往中方指關只能多額份攜帶。

香港方面的意圖，出現很長的車龍，一些在早上十一時進入車道，要到下午三時才能通關。而昨日的情況更嚴，運入內地的車運亦出現嚴

（快報消息）曾擔任北京高校自治聯會常委及對話代表團召集人的一位學生領袖，已成功逃到美國政治庇護。

該位不能透露姓名的學生領袖日前出席記者招待會成立儀式時發表講話，他說：「我所以能夠逃出，是因受到北大一些師長、公安局、警察、海關的神中支援，所以現在我的朋友，同學，許多人現在被捕，我的思想很複雜，我的良心很不安，是經過，現今中共駐外國的外交官紛紛變節，要求政治庇護的人數來數多，更足以說明整個政府不得人心，政治形勢的惡劣，令促使越來越多領導人物，包括我在內，毅然決然選擇出國加入流亡行列。」

（快報消息）北京當局正積極展開攻擊方勵之天綱，以在群眾中建立其反革命形象，公安局亦對方氏夫婦發出了通緝令，不過，美國加州伯克萊大學則表現一年前對方勵之的態度，希望能訪問伯克萊加州大學在職四登出的邀請信中，重提八年五月對兩人的邀請，該封由兩位博士生代表簽署的邀請信說，五十三歲的方勵之還該校邀請在一九八九年

## 北高聯一領袖 成功抵達美國

（快報消息）北京高校自治聯合會常委及對話代表團召集人的一位學生領袖，已成功逃到美國政治庇護。

他在接受記者訪問時說：「我所以能夠逃出，是因受到北大一些師長、公安局、警察、海關的神中支援，所以現在我的朋友，同學，許多人現在被捕，我的思想很複雜，我的良心很不安，是經過一百六十五天的考慮，才決定出國，我的家人現在被捕。

他說，北京高校自治聯合會現有許多有組織有領導的人，但是沒有神自見解的人，沒有能夠領導全局的人，此點希望

## 柏克萊大學捋中共虎鬚 邀方勵之赴美講學 北京輿論群起圍攻方氏

（快報消息）北京當局正積極展開攻擊方勵之天綱，以在群眾中建立其反革命形象，公安局亦對方氏夫婦發出了通緝令，不過，美國加州伯克萊大學則表現一年前對方勵之的態度，希望能訪問伯克萊加州大學在職四登出的邀請信中，重提八年五月對兩人的邀請，該封由兩位博士生代表簽署的邀請信說，五十三歲的方勵之還該校邀請在一九八九—九

## 槍桿鎮壓下局勢漸趨穩定 下月中召開11屆四中全會

（快報消息）據可靠消息指出，中共中央軍事委員會擴大會議（簡稱軍委擴大會議）已決定在七月中旬召開，會議的主要議題是討論軍隊在鎮壓北京學生運動中的表現，以及軍隊的整頓問題。

（快報消息）據悉，中共在鄧小平的支持下，正在全國推動學習解放軍的運動，以確定軍隊在鎮壓學生運動中的表現，並全面整頓全國各地的軍隊

# 英允大陸留居延客

# 駐加人員人多變節

## 十二名學生商人向丹麥求庇護

## 將領承認軍隊殺平民 溜了嘴旋又否認此說

（北京美聯社十六日電）解放軍一名將領周五承認，「我們士兵開槍射殺了平民」，但其後又否認。

這名將領李鐵映對人民日報社記者說，「我們士兵是開槍射殺了平民」，但其後又否認。

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他

明報·1989年6月17日 星期六

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

明報

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# 「這場風波早來好過遲來」

## 鄧小平接見戒嚴部隊軍官時說

## 集體變節增至九名

## 近代最大一次 使館已加強保安

## 中國駐加外交人員

## 下周二全面減息半厘

近十六月首次·未來利率難測

## 吾爾開希：「我們必須面對現實」

## 中國民主發展可能倒退

## 建立一個制衡政治力量

## 聯絡小組英方將提議 97後解放軍不駐市區

## 韶關被扣港人郭文深 任職護衛極關心國事

父母爲內地幹部 已向公安部求情

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### 下一階段的最大危機

## 尋求政庇者品流複雜 顯示或有假冒政治犯

港府以個別方式低調處理

## 喚起京市民共識與響應

## 沒有提到政改及趙胡

中華民國七十八年（一九八九）六月十七日　星期六　香港時報　夏曆己巳年五月十四日　◎要聞　第十五版

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## 今日新聞提要

一、華僑人大會開幕，利第一版。
二、港督談越南船民問題，利第十六版。
三、中共駐加拿大人員大談投奔自由，利第二版。
四、大陸各城市學生活在恐懼中，利第二版。
五、國民黨員多人就逮意向談名，利第三版。
六、美國會擬定制裁中共措施，利第十四版。
七、香港銀行減息半度，利第四版。

## 近代最大一次「外交官」集體逃亡事件

# 中共九名駐加「外交人員」尋求政治庇護六人獲准

【據大皇十六日路透社電】加拿大政府星期五證實一批中共「外交人員及職員」正謀求投奔自由。

外交部發言人說，該批中國大陸外交人員已經向加拿大當局表示，他們不希望返回中國。

他並表示，政府不能評論有多少人投奔自由及其確實姓名，因為恐怕他們在加拿大及在中國大陸的親屬會受到報復。他說，「我們不希望危害他們家人的安全」。

【本報綜合報導】據加拿大廣播公司（CBC）最新報導，中共駐加拿大「外交人員」集體投奔自由的人數已經增九人。該電台報導，其中七人為中共駐溫哥華「大使館」工作人員，其他二人為中共駐多倫多「總領事館」人員。該電台報導的報導表示，六名中共駐加「外交人員」於十五日晚求政治庇護達近二週之久。

魏透亡的事件，無疑是近代最大的一次外交官集體叛逃事件。中共駐加「大使館」已加強「安全措施」，嚴密防範駐溫哥華中工作人員與外人的接觸。

消息可靠人士指出，中共駐加拿大「大使館」兩名人員中，一人是名作家，在週四下午投奔自由。

加拿大外交部既不證實，也不否認以上報導。

中共駐溫哥華「大使館」拒絕評論此事。

大多數觀察家預測，將有更多中共人員在加拿大投奔自由。如拿大政府已宣布，願意庇護香港同胞中國大陸居民安全受到威脅的中國大陸人士。

據認更多中共人員投奔自由的力量有兩個：第一，鄧小平和趙紫陽政權以「人民解放軍」鎮壓人民已招致天安門學生——包括四千至四名留學生——政治庇護以保障他們的安全。

中共駐加拿大「外交人員」其中十五名已要求政治庇護，其餘四名已返回中國大陸。他已設法與中共駐加拿大「大使館」一名中共外交部新聞官員談話。

【本報綜合報導】中共駐加拿大「外交人員」集體叛逃事件，震驚全球。

中共駐加拿大「外交人員」集體投奔自由的人數已經增九人，其中七人為中共駐溫哥華「大使館」工作人員，其他二人為中共駐多倫多「總領事館」人員。

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【紐約十六日中共此電】「北京國際貿易中心」駐紐約總經理、京國際貿易中心主席劉希賢昨日出席記者招待會時說，中共不會因為這次事件而改變對外開放政策。

劉希賢說，「在我們的經營活動中，我們從來沒有遇到任何地方當局的干擾」。

劉希賢的發言，是在美國國務卿貝克三度表示「反共不變」，並重申「人權」是美國對中共政策的「基石」之後，中共駐紐約官員首次公開表態

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**120** PAGES TODAY with **76** pages of Classified including **74 pages** of better jobs.

## Jockey Club names riders

YOUNG American rider Julio Pezua and veteran Australian Peter Cook will ride in Hongkong next season.

The Royal Hongkong Jockey Club announced yesterday that Pezua, the soaring star of American racing, would be retained by trainer Lam Hung-fie, while dual Melbourne Cup-winning jockey Cook would link up with Bruce Hutchison.

● Report: Page 22

## Holes-in-one

FOUR players scored holes-in-one on the par-three sixth hole at the US Open golf championship yesterday – breaking the tournament record in a span of just two hours.

● Report: Page 22

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## WEATHER

Fine and hot.
Max temp 31 degrees.
See Page 6.

# Survey finds 66 per cent want improved nationality rights

By BERNARD FONG

BRITAIN can bolster Hongkong's confidence in its future by either granting the right of abode to residents or by securing for them a sanctuary of last resort.

The belief that the United Kingdom holds the key to confidence is strongly reflected in an opinion poll conducted by Inrasia Pacific Ltd exclusively for the *South China Morning Post*.

Two out of three – 66 per cent – of local residents believe Britain could restore confidence in Hongkong by giving nationality rights to local British passport holders, or helping them to be resettled in other European or Commonwealth countries.

"The message of this poll is clear. People want the right of escape from Hongkong after 1997, or sooner, by British overseas passport holders being granted right of abode in the UK," said Inrasia managing director, David Bottomley.

**# POST POLL**

In the first poll to measure local confidence in the wake of the June 4 massacre at Tiananmen Square, 610 respondents were randomly surveyed by telephone. The poll was also taken in response to an editorial in the *Post* on June 8 in which a six-point plan was put forward to boost confidence in Hongkong.

Mr Bottomley said the China crisis had aroused a new sense of awareness in Hongkong people who are now concerned about the need for safeguards for the future.

"People have now such a high level of interest in political matters that they endeavour to understand the implications of all the questions and to answer them very seriously. That was particularly so with older people who in the past often gave 'no opinion' answers. That was not the case in this poll," he said.

Besides asking people to respond to a set questionnaire, respondents were invited to suggest ways in which confidence might be restored.

The majority felt the onus was on Britain to fulfil its obligations to the people of Hongkong by either opening its doors to local residents or convincing other countries to arrange a safe exit in case of an emergency.

A third of the respondents said the United Nations General Assembly should be asked to debate the Basic Law and to monitor its implementation after 1997.

"They strongly support the idea of a window to the world being set up through the United Nations General Assembly discussing the draft Basic Law and, after 1997, having a monitoring role in the application of the Basic Law," Mr Bottomley explained.

"They support greater opportunities for Hongkong people to discuss and vote on matters relating to their own future and to having people's rights put into Hongkong law before 1997."

Eighteen per cent expressed support for a referendum on major points within the Basic Law, whose consultative exercise had been suspended in the wake of the Tiananmen Square incident.

A similar number said it was imperative that Legislative Councillors and representatives of the Hongkong public be privy to the secretive work of the Sino-British Joint Liaison Group, established in 1985 to put into effect principles enshrined in the Joint Declaration.

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 7)

# Deng blames rebellion on the West

By WILLY WO-LAP LAM

SENIOR Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping has blamed the West for the "counter-revolutionary rebellion" that has erupted in China.

In an editorial yesterday, the *People's Daily* revealed the contents of a speech made by Mr Deng when he honoured troops enforcing martial law in Beijing on June 9.

"The storm will come sooner or later," Mr Deng was quoted as saying.

"This is determined by the major international (political) climate and China's own minor climate.

"Once this thing (rebellion) has erupted, it becomes very clear," Mr Deng added.

"They (the foreign-instigated counter-revolutionaries) have two slogans – 'down with the Communist party' and 'overturn the socialist system'.

"Their goal is to establish a totally Westernised republic."

Analysts say that Mr Deng is homing in on the West for being the fountainhead of "bourgeois liberalism," the Chinese Communist Party's (CCP) codewords for "Westernised" ideas about freedom and democracy.

According to Chinese sources, the top leadership, in internal meetings, has decried the role of the United States and other Western countries in giving aid to the student protesters with the purpose of imposing Western values and institutions on socialist China.

In the editorial, entitled "A Programmed Document for Unifying the Thoughts of the Entire Party", the *People's Daily* noted that there are "anti-Chinese and anti-communist" propaganda movements on the international scene, and that "various (foreign-based) rumours have a market inside China".

If the tide of bourgeois liberalism spreads, it said, "China will once again degenerate into a vassal of imperialism".

The editorial was broadcast over Chinese TV and radio yesterday.

Analysts say that Mr Deng's statement and the *People's Daily* editorial do not augur well for the development of cultural and political ties between China and the West.

"Beijing still wants to do business with the West," said a Western diplomat in the capital.

"However, the CCP will take stern measures to prevent what its ideologues call cultural and spiritual contamination from capitalistic societies.

"Relations between China and the West will be curtailed in the foreseeable future."

Observers in Beijing note that Mr Deng's outburst against the "major international climate" and against a

(Cont'd on Page 3, Col 1)

Sir Piers Jacobs relaxes at home.

# It's arise Sir Piers Jacobs

By JAMIE ALLEN

FINANCIAL Secretary Piers Jacobs is one of two Hongkong knights in the Queen's Birthday Honours list published today.

He becomes a Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (KBE).

Sir Piers was the Government official at the centre of the controversy surrounding the closure of the Hongkong Stock Exchange after the Black Monday crash in October 1987.

He has since presided over the restructuring of the territory's equity markets.

Sir Piers, 56, is married and has one child.

He has been Financial Secretary since 1986, delivering successive massive surpluses well above his predictions.

He joined the Hongkong Civil Service in 1962 as a legal assistant in the Registrar General's Department.

Hongkong's second knighthood was awarded to Horace Kadoorie, 86, who was named a Knight Bachelor in the Queen's diplomatic and overseas list.

Sir Horace is a member of one of Hongkong's oldest families and brother of Lord Kadoorie.

He is a director of some of Hongkong's largest hongs.

He was awarded the knighthood in recognition of his work with the British Gurkhas in Nepal, having donated millions of dollars to them over the years.

Sir Horace was born in London in 1902 and was educated in Shanghai and England.

Three senior civil servants and one prominent local businessman were named Commanders of the British Empire (CBE).

The Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, has had to deal with Hongkong's worsening refugee crisis for the past two years.

He was formerly head of the Independent Commis-

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 1)

# A knighthood for Professor Higgins

VETERAN British actor Rex Harrison has been knighted in this year's Queen's Birthday Honours List.

Sir Rex, 81, began acting in 1924 and won a Hollywood Oscar for his best-known role as Professor Henry Higgins in the 1964 movie *My Fair Lady*.

One of the most prestigious awards went to disabled astronomy professor Stephen Hawking, who was made a Companion of Honour (CH).

There are only 65 Companions of Honour, including former Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau, author Graham Greene and naturalist Sir Peter Scott.

It was the second honour in two days for Hawking, author of the best-selling *A Brief History of Time*, who is confined to a wheelchair because of motor neurone disease.

On Thursday, Hawking received an honorary doctorate at Cambridge University in a ceremony at which UN Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar was also honoured.

Actor Ian Holm, 58, was made a Commander of the British Empire (CBE). The veteran Shakespeare performer won a best supporting actor Oscar in the 1984 film *Chariots of Fire*.

Bestowing more than 900 awards for meritorious service in all walks of life, the Queen also conferred Orders of the British Empire (OBE) on author Penelope Lively and cricketer Freddie Trueman.

# Guangdong sealed to foil escape to HK

From DAVID WALLEN in London

CHINESE authorities have "sealed the border" with Hongkong a long way from the territory inside Guangdong province to stop pro-democracy student leaders escaping arrest, Western intelligence sources believe.

While Chinese illegal immigrants are still crossing the border, the real measures against dissidents are being taken much farther away and not by the People's Liberation Army but by the People's Armed Police (PAP).

"They are making checks throughout Guangdong," the sources said yesterday.

"There are a lot of high visibility patrols of the PAP and they are very competent but we do not know how many students, if any, they have stopped on their way to Hongkong."

They believe, however, that many of the student leaders are already dead and say there is evidence that some tried to strike a deal with the troops in Tiananmen Square in the final stages of the massacre.

"We believe they were presented with a safe passage deal following negotiations but were then just shot dead," said the source.

It became clear yesterday that Western intelligence agencies closely monitored the build-up of troops around Beijing from the beginning of martial law to the massacre.

The best Western estimate now is that about 150,000 troops were moved to camps, mainly based on military airfields, around the Chinese capital some days before the massacre. They were from a variety of units from around the country.

The sources believe that while they were kept in the camps the troops were denied all access to television.

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 9)

# Goddess will stay – group

**LOCAL activists are determined that the statue of the Goddess of Democracy will remain in Victoria Park for a month, despite an Urban Council ruling that it be removed after eight days.**

**Mr Cheung Man-kwong, a leader of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Patriotic Democracy Movement in China, said yesterday they would not remove the statue.**

**The Urban Services Department (USD) Assistant Director in charge of leisure operations, Mr Duncan Pescod, said the alliance had earlier agreed to the Urban Council's decision to allow the statue to remain at the park from tomorrow until 9 am on June 26.**

**"I personally met the alliance chairman, Mr Szeto Wah, explaining to him the council's decision. He signed and returned a letter of agreement.**

**"Mr Szeto also signed a personal undertaking which guarantees the statue will be removed after eight days," Mr Pescod said.**

**But Mr Cheung said Mr Szeto was dissatisfied over the council's failure to meet the request of the alliance.**

**"We may or may not apply for a day-to-day permission from the council."**

**Urban vice-chairman, Mr Stephen Lau Mau-lung, said that "unless there is any new ground, I can't see why the application should be reconsidered".**

# Thai police raid HK forex firms

From ALAN BOYD in Bangkok

THAI police have raided five Hongkong firms and say they are probing several others in a continuing investigation into illegal foreign exchange and futures trading.

At least 13 firms, mostly with Hongkong links, have been singled out in the crackdown, which began with the arrests of four businessmen last week.

One of those detained, Luen Tsun-wa, 42, has been charged with violating Thai foreign exchange laws. The others, all Thais, were said to be either officials or customers in Luen's firm, Yuen Chow Enterprises.

Warrants have been issued for the arrests of seven others connected with Yuen Chow. Police named them as Hu Chin-ming, the company president, Cha Ching-ming, the managing director, Fong Lai-han, Yek Lee-chun, Yang Chong-an, Wu Chi-seng and Li Yi-soon.

Three Thais are also being sought.

A police spokesman said Hongkong authorities had been asked to help find them.

However, Hongkong police spokesman Robert Yiu said he could not comment on individual cases.

Investigators this week questioned officials at four other Hongkong firms, Pan Asia Capital, Falcon Associates, Top Worth Enterprises and Pacific Futures Consultants. They said action would be taken against them, but did not elaborate.

When contacted, employees at Yuen Chow and Top Worth said they did not know anything about the investigations. The other three companies are not listed in the telephone directory.

The investigation is one of the biggest conducted in Thailand and follows mounting concern over the

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 9)

# Wong resigns as Jademan chief

By MONICA KO

TONY Wong Chun-loong has resigned as the chairman and as member of the board of directors of Jademan (Holdings).

But he will maintain a service contract with the comics publishing company.

Joseph Tong Tang has been appointed acting chairman.

Mr Wong voluntarily tendered his resignation this week although the stock exchange had not asked him to do so.

Accounting firm Deloitte Haskins and Sells has been appointed to work with Mr Wong Tan and Tong on a financial review of the company's affairs.

"As soon as the report is ready, a proposal of some sort must be put forward to shareholders, or at least a circular setting out the recent events and covering a proposal about the *Tin Tin (Daily News)* related interests and other matters," said Christopher Howe of Anglo Chinese Finance, which is advising Jademan.

Anglo Chinese had previously submitted a draft to the stock exchange regarding the company's re-organisation plan and the cancellation of the *Tin Tin* sale, but the stock exchange considered the terms of the restructuring inappropriate and not in the interest of minority shareholders.

Trading in Jademan shares has been suspended since April in the wake of the Commercial Crime Bureau investigation into the affairs of Mr Wong and his associates.

Following the withdrawal of the Lai Sun Group's Stanislaus Tsao, several parties, including TVE and Indosuez Asia have expressed interest in buying Jademan's 70 per cent holding in *Tin Tin Daily News*.

Businessman Ho Sai-chu, who, together with his wife, controls 30 per cent of *Tin Tin Daily News*, said yesterday several bids had been made for Jademan's stake in the newspaper.

He said offers had also been made for his stake, but these had been rejected.

Anthony Lo Kai-yiu, a spokesman for Indosuez Asia, confirmed that the company had made an offer for the Jademan stake on behalf of a client but had not received any response.

Tony Wong and his sister Patricia Wong Hiu-ling are on bail after being charged on Thursday with conspiracy to commit false accounting in the first few months this year.

## Saturday Review

**WILL THE DOOR STAY OPEN?**

China's leaders want business as usual

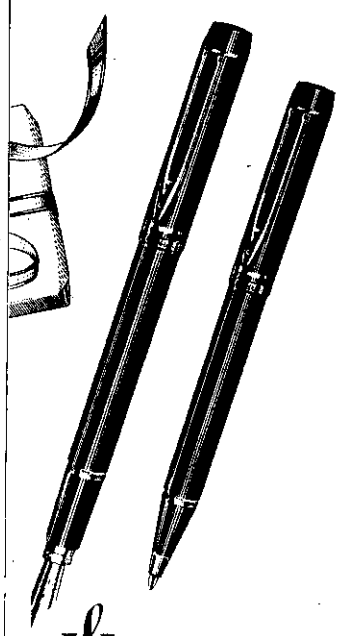
**WAR VICTIM FINDS HOPE**

Lifting the mask of tragedy from one of the survivors

**US TURNED ON**

Americans crave for the real thing on TV


LE MAN 100



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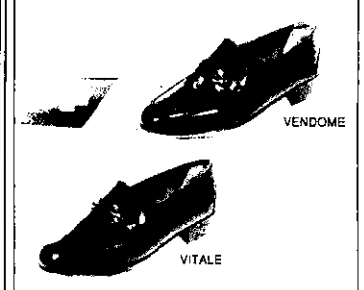


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# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

■ The Kopechnes at the time of the tragedy ... "angry".

## Kopechnes break silence to tell of their bitterness

AFTER 20 years of silence, the parents of Mary Jo Kopechne say the only satisfaction they received in the aftermath of their daughter's drowning is that the tragedy kept Senator Edward Kennedy from becoming president.

In an interview with *Ladies' Home Journal* magazine, Joseph Kopechne, 76, and his wife Gwen, 71, described their bitterness and continuing grief over their daughter's death July 19, 1969.

Mary Jo was killed when Kennedy's car in which she was riding plunged off a bridge between the Massachussets holiday islands of Chappaquiddick and Martha's Vineyard after a late-night party with Kennedy campaign workers.

The Kopechnes said they got little emotional support from Senator Kennedy and sat in frustrated silence as Mary Jo's name was dragged through the mud. Joseph Kopechne said at the couple's home in Pennsylvania that the only satisfaction he and his wife have is that "Mary Jo's death kept the senator from becoming president."

Kennedy did not report the accident to police for nine hours leading to widespread suspicion that he and the 28-year-old blonde were having an affair that would hurt his political career if it became public knowledge.

Kennedy pleaded guilty to a misdemeanour charge of leaving the scene of an accident and was given a suspended sentence. His driver's licence was suspended for a year.

Mrs Kopechne expressed resentment that "nothing decent" was reported about her daughter at the time, and the four other unmarried women campaign workers at the party did nothing to explain her daughter's presence in Kennedy's car. "I'm angry at every one of those girls," she said. "They should try to explain. Somebody is hiding something. I think all of them were shut up. I think there was a big cover-up and that everybody was paid off. The hearing, the inquest – it was all a farce.

"The Kennedys had the upper hand, and it's been that way ever since."

The Kopechnes never went to court over their daughter's death and accepted a $90,904 settlement from Kennedy. They also received $50,000 from an insurance company.

Part of the money went to build the house they now live in with such mementoes of Mary Jo as her portrait, her favourite stuffed animals and an autographed picture of former president John Kennedy, for whom she worked in his 1960 campaign.

Miss Kopechne admired President Kennedy and his brother, Attorney General Robert Kennedy, but did not have the same respect for Senator Kennedy.

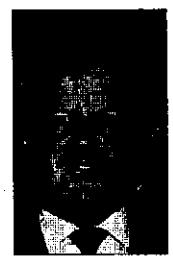
"She said he was just a good politician. Period," her father said.

The Kopechnes said their daughter had at one time considered becoming a nun. At the time of her death, she was hoping to marry a boyfriend in the Foreign Service.

They said she would not have been unfaithful to him because, the mother explained, "She wasn't a fickle girl."

The Kopechnes met the senator twice at his request to discuss the accident, but Mrs Kopechne described the meetings as "ridiculous".

"I want him to tell me what happened," she said. "Can't he relieve us of this? There must be something he could tell me that would lift this heavy burden from my heart."



■ Senator Kennedy ... misdemeanour.

## INSIDE

Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition on Friday

**OPENERS**

In OPENERS today, **Kevin Cowherd** launches an impassioned attack on the insufferable people who have quit eating like pigs and can't stop talking about it

Page 2

With the international dragon boat races on today, we publish a special colour supplement on Pages 6 and 7 of our Business Section, while **Louise Renew** finds out what motivates the paddlers on

Page 14

**Armsden**

**Alan Armsden** hands over CURRENT EVENTS today to a man who argues that the words, "I can't help myself" are the new obscenity

Page 13

**WEATHER:** 27°C — 31°C. Fine and hot. Details on Page 19.

# Power group starts global exit campaign

**By Leung Sze-man**

BUSINESS tycoons and professional bodies are to launch a global campaign to secure an exit route for Hongkong people and safeguard prosperity and stability.

A core group of nine businessmen was formed yesterday and nine professional bodies will be invited to join the cause.

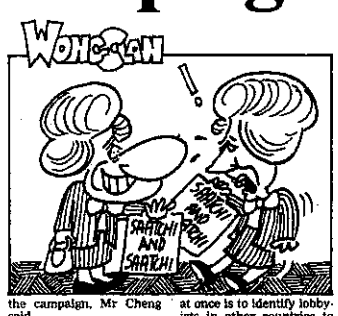
The campaign is expected to cost hundreds of millions of dollars, a large part of which will be spent on hiring overseas lobbyists to drive home the message around the world.

Co-ordinated by publishing tycoon Mr Albert Cheng, the eight other core members include Stock Exchange Chief Executive, Mr Francis Yuen Tin-fan, DHL chairman, Mr Chung Po-yang, Giordano's Chief Executive Officer, Mr Jimmy Lai, industrialist, Mr Lo Pu-cheung, and Chairman of the Bar Association, Mr Robert Tang.

Mr Cheng said there would be no problem in generating enough funds to launch the campaign.

"Mapping out an effective strategy is our key concern," he said, adding that the campaign was absolutely apolitical and purely for the benefit of Hongkong.

Saatchi and Saatchi in London, publicists for the Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, have been approached to handle the campaign, Mr Cheng said.




Managing Director of the local office of Saatchi and Saatchi, Mr Robert Fletcher, said the business was still at the proposal stage.

Mr Fletcher said an account director in London, Mr Peter Watkins, had been approached by the group and was working out details.

"We have expert consultants specialising in Government and Parliament relationships," a manager of the advertising company said.

Mr Cheng said the group would start preparing a master plan early next week to determine direction, and action would immediately follow.

"One task we need to do at once is to identify lobbyists in other countries to carry out our project," he said.

An invitation is being sent to nine professional bodies, including engineers, architects, planners, lawyers, accountants, doctors and dentists.

The objectives of the campaign include pressing the British government to grant all the 3.25 million British Dependent Territory Citizens the right of abode in the UK; an assurance for holders of Certificates of Identity; securing a democratic and elected government after 1997 and uniting all people here to support the campaign.

Mr Cheng said the group would continue recruiting high-calibre professionals and businessmen.

## Governor glum on abode for half of HK

THE Governor said yesterday he held out little hope of Britain helping Hongkong people who do not hold British passports.

A total of 3.5 million Hongkong people hold British passports.

He said he felt the outlook looked bleak for non-British passport holders after talks on the right of abode issue with British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

"I see the first obligation for Britain as being towards those who hold British passports of the various kinds," he said.

He said he would try to get "the maximum of generosity and the maximum of flexibility" from the British government.

"The message I gave was a message to Britain, and that message was that if Britain would give a right of entry to British passport holders of all sorts in Hongkong ... that would do an immense amount of good," he said.

"The number who would wish to go would be very small, and nothing like the large numbers that have been thrown around."

He admitted he was not encouraged by discussions he had with Mrs Thatcher but promised his Government would not relax its stance on the abode issue.

Senior Executive Councillor, Dame Lydia Dunn, will continue the case for abode when she visits Britain next week.

Sir David was speaking after returning from Europe, where he again appeared before the Foreign Affairs Select Committee and attended the Geneva Conference on refugees.

Asked what he would do to restore confidence here in the wake of the crisis in China, he said: "There's work to be done by China, by Britain, and by the Hongkong Government and community."

He was more guarded about continued support for the democracy movement in China.

"My concern is that in Hongkong people should obey the laws of Hongkong. It's plain commonsense if you're somewhere else you should obey the laws of that other place," he said.

On the question of the Vietnamese boat people, he said he hoped a very clear message would go back to Vietnam, such as: "Don't leave Vietnam in a small leaky boat because you're not going to get to North America. "You're going to end up in a camp and then you're going to go back to Vietnam."

He expressed disappointment at the attitude of the United States and other countries who opposed forced repatriation.

"There are large sections of the international community who simply will not face facts" he said.

■ Piers Jacobs at home last night ... "pleased and honoured"

## Piers Jacobs gets knighthood

**FINANCIAL Secretary Piers Jacobs has been given a knighthood in the Queen's Birthday honours.**

**Mr Jacobs, who topped the list with his KBE, said last night he was "very pleased and honoured" and should extend his thanks to his colleagues in the Government that had supported him.**

**He said he would continue to work for the future of Hongkong, particularly in this difficult time, when people were haunted by the tragedy in Beijing.**

**Mr Jacobs was the only Hongkong knight in the 1989 list. There were no Dames.**

**Legislative councillors Mr Stephen Cheong Kam-chuen, one of the four prominent figures awarded a CBE, said he would continue to work for the future of Hongkong regardless of any formal recognition of his contribution to the territory.**

**"Even I had not been honoured, I would have still worked hard for the stability and prosperity of Hongkong," said Mr Cheong, who was awarded an OBE in 1984.**

**He said he did not plan any celebration because people had a lot of other things to do in the wake of the Beijing tragedy.**

**He said that only when the economic success of Hongkong was safeguarded could the territory become a stronghold to support the democratic movement in China.**

**Mr Arthur Garcia, former judge and Hongkong's first Ombudsman, said he thought his CBE was recognition of his years on the Bench rather than his present job.**

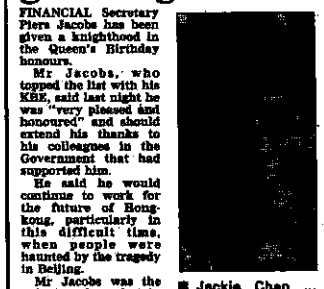
**Security Secretary Geoffrey Barnes and Mr Peter Tsao Kwang-yung, Secretary for Administrative Services and Information, also received CBEs.**

**The 63 names on the honours list also included six OBEs, including the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, Mr Anthony Au-Yeung Fu, and Legislative Councillor Mr Chan Ying-lun.**

**Kung-fu star Jackie Chan got an MBE.**

**■ In the British list, veteran British actor Rex Harrison, 81, received a knighthood and the disabled astronomy professor, Stephen Hawking, became one of only 65 people to hold the prestigious Companion of Honour award.**

■ Full list Page 5



■ Jackie Chan ... MBE

# Zhao facing tough action, official hints

SOME members of China's hierarchy supported the "counter-revolutionary" rebellion, a State Council spokesman said during an interview with American broadcasting network, NBC, yesterday.

He said those leaders who supported "counter-revolutionary activities and political turmoil" would be dealt with later.

The spokesman, Mr Yuan Mu, who is close to hardline Premier Li Peng, sidestepped a question on whether Communist Party General Secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang, who opposed martial law, had been sacked.

Judging by Mr Yuan's comments, Mr Zhao and his close associates, including Mr Hu Qili, a member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo, may face more serious charges than expected.

Earlier reports suggested that the reformist leaders might stand lesser charges such as "splitting the party".

In the interview with the NBC, Mr Yuan was asked whether the government planned to invade the US Embassy and arrest dissident Fang Lizhi, whom the government has accused of inciting the rebellion.

He replied that Mr Fang must be brought to justice.

"But we will deal with him according to legal procedures," he said.

Mr Yuan insisted that no one died when martial law troops cleared Tiananmen Square of thousands of pro-democracy protesters on June 4.

He said that when the troops marched into the square "to protect order in the capital...no casualty resulted from the clearing of Tiananmen Square; not one (person) died on Tiananmen Square.

"And the military vehicles and armoured vehicles didn't crush any single person."

The interviewer called the statement astonishing, citing accounts of the massacre by neutral observers from third countries and many journalists.

But Mr Yuan stuck by his story.

"The development of modern technology can enable people to turn out even longer films to distort the truth of the matter," he said.

He said a few "counter-revolutionaries" who got mixed up with the students had chanted slogans calling for the overthrow of the government.

In the early stages of the demonstration the same "counter-revolutionaries" had wanted more democracy and freedom, he said.

### More defect

**SIX Chinese diplomats have sought political asylum in Canada. In Australia, 15,000 Chinese have had their visas extended and may be able to stay permanently. In Washington, the Bush administration says it wants to maintain ties with China, even if it must work with officials who ordered the military assault.**

■ Page 9

# Interest rates slide as markets stabilise

**By Doreen Cheung of our Business Desk**

INTEREST rates fell by 0.5 percent yesterday, reversing a climb that has been steadily pushing up the cost of borrowing since February 1988.

The Hongkong Association of Banks agreed to lower its trend-setting prime rate to 11 percent from a peak of 11.5 percent.

Hang Seng Bank announced last night it would lower the interest rate on new Housing Instalment Loans to 12.25 percent.

Analysts doubted that such a small reduction would affect the stock market or the property market.

The prime rate has climbed steadily since last February, when it stood at six percent. It peaked at 11.5 percent in March before finally retreating yesterday.

The United States prime rate fell to 11 percent last week but the local rate did not follow immediately because of the turmoil in China.

Paul Selway-Swift, chairman of the Hongkong Association of Banks, explained that the move followed the drop in the Hongkong interbank rate, the rate at which banks lend to each other.

That key rate has been falling all week, dropping to 10.375 percent yesterday from last Friday's high of 11.875 percent.

David Nendick, Secretary for Monetary Affairs, said: "There are signs that market activities returned to normal so local rates should fall in line with US rates."

He said the events in China had reduced inflationary pressure in Hongkong by reducing demand for goods, labour and property.

There has been concern that any drop in local interest rates would provoke an outflow of funds to locations that offered higher rates. But Mr Nendick pointed out that the Hongkong dollar "remains on the strong side" of its peg to the US dollar, which does not indicate any outflow of funds.

The decrease in the interest rates was not seen as a stimulus to the bearish stock market.

Barring Yates, director at First Pacific Securities said: "The effect will be very little. The market has already absorbed the news as there was widespread speculations of a fall in interest rates.

"The market reacted by going up in the afternoon. And no further effect will be observed next Tuesday, the effective date of decrease in interest rates.

"The market would only get real support if the interest rates went two to three percent. Of course, this is unlikely to happen because there would be an outflow of funds with such a significant drop in interest rates," he said.

## HK lifted protest — Beijing

MONEY and supplies from Hongkong kept the Beijing democratic movement alive when it started to lose momentum late last month, an arrested protester was yesterday quoted by an official newspaper as saying.

It was the third time Hongkong had been named by Chinese official media this week for involvment in the seven-week democratic movement which was suppressed by troops on June 4.

The report was understood to be part of the propaganda campaign against Hongkong for supporting the democratic movement, branded a "counter-revolutionary rebellion" by Beijing.

The official *Beijing Evening Post* quoted a member of the pro-democracy "Daredevil Squad", Mr Zhang Jianzhong, 27, who said supplies from Hongkong and the United States revived the democratic movement when it began to die down late last month.

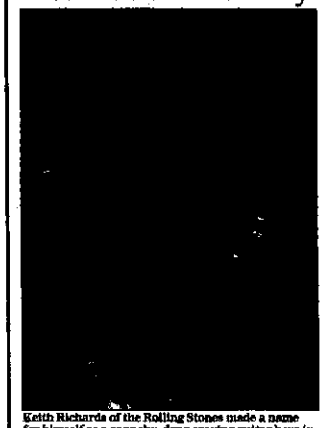
Mr Zhang was arrested for involvement in killing a soldier and hanging his charred body from a public bus on June 5.

The report also said Mr Zhang accused student leaders of pocketing funds.

"I saw some of them taking three bundles of 100 yuan (HK$210) notes," he reportedly said.

Hongkong people donated more than $20 million.

## Your World on Sunday



Keith Richards of the Rolling Stones made a name for himself as a raunchy, drug craving guitar hero in the 60s.

Now that he's in his mid-40s, Richard's image has changed as Bob Spitz found when he interviewed the hard-man of rock recently.

And in a special report we examine the Colombian city of Medellin said to be the cocaine capital of the world. It is home for drug czar Pablo Escobar, the man many in Colombia see as a future president who has promised to clear the country's foreign debt from his own pocket.

In the famous picture of General Douglas MacArthur's triumphant return to the Philippines in 1944, one man wears neither helmet or hat. He is radio reporter Bill Dunn, one of only a handful of correspondents who covered the Pacific War. Guy Sears, a former CBS correspondent, reviews Dunn's memoirs *Pacific Microphone*.

Arts Editor Vernon Ram interviews Andrew Baxter, the principal male dancer with the Hongkong Ballet, who plans to leave the company.

PLUS: Barry Grindrod's restaurant review, cooking, travel, Winsome Lane's fashion, Motoring, and our comprehensive television and radio guide.

All this and more tomorrow in *The Sunday Standard*.

## A matter of honour...

WELLINGTON: A woman MP, enraged by the antics of French rugby players who cavorted with a bare-breasted woman in a hotel dining room, has declared that the honour of New Zealand women depends on the All Blacks beating France in their first test today.

Liz Tennet, MP for Wellington, issed a public statement denouncing the incident as "degrading and insulting to women".

"I hope the All Blacks thrash the French side in the test – the honour of New Zealand women now depends on it," she said.

Members of the touring side were seen fondling the topless woman in a Christchurch hotel restaurant on Wednesday.

## Poindexter to subpoena Bush, Reagan

WASHINGTON: Attorneys for former White House aide John Poindexter said yesterday they plan to subpoena President George Bush and former President Ronald Reagan at his Iran-Contra trial.

The disclosure, made at a pre-trial hearing, raised the prospect of new problems for Mr Bush and Mr Reagan, both of whom have been trying to put the Iran-Contra scandal behind them.

Meanwhile, Iran-Contra prosecutor Mr Lawrence Walsh said he will drop part of the case against Poindexter.

Mr Walsh said the government is reducing the size of its case to avoid the kinds of protracted discussions over the use of classified material that delayed the trial of Oliver North, a former aide to Poindexter.

At a hearing in US District Court, defence attorney Mr Richard Beckler said Poindexter intends to subpoena Mr Bush and Mr Reagan.

The former White House official "had substantial contact with both of these individuals throughout this offence as outlined in the indictment," Mr Beckler told Judge Harold Greene.

But associate prosecutor Mr Christian Mixter contended that after the charges are narrowed against Poindexter, "there would be no reason to involve these individuals" in the trial. – Reuter, AP

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14952期（代号1—1）

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夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 33℃ 最低 19℃

人民日报社出版


# 中共中央召开党外人士座谈会

## 乔石代表中共中央感谢大家的发言和提出的一些很好建议
## 与会同志坚决拥护平息首都反革命暴乱英明决策和邓小平同志重要讲话

中共中央在京召开党外人士座谈会。中央政治局常委乔石讲话。　新华社记者　刘少山摄

**新华社北京6月17日电**　中共中央今天下午在中南海怀仁堂召开党外人士座谈会，邀请各民主党派中央、全国工商联领导同志和无党派人士，讨论邓小平同志在接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的讲话和中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，同时听取了党外同志对当前工作的意见和建议。

会议由中共中央政治局常委乔石主持。

民革中央主席朱学范、民盟中央主席费孝通、民建中央主席孙起孟、无党派人士程思远、民进中央主席雷洁琼、农工党中央副主席方荣欣、致公党中央副主席杨纪珂、九三学社中央副主席孙承佩、台盟中央主席团主席蔡子民、全国工商联副主席孙孚凌，先后在会上发了言。

座谈中，各民主党派中央、全国工商联、无党派人士一致表示，坚决拥护中共中央平息首都反革命暴乱的英明决策和邓小平同志的重要讲话。大家认为，小平同志的讲话高瞻远瞩，精辟地阐述了这场反革命暴乱的性质，根源，深刻地总结了过去，展望了未来，指明了我国改革和建设的方向，是一个纲领性的文件。到会同志向在平息首都反革命暴乱中作出巨大贡献的人民解放军戒严部队、武警指战员和公安干警表示崇高的敬意，向死难烈士表示深切的哀悼，向在十分困难的条件下坚持工作和生产的广大干部和职工表示由衷的感谢。

与会同志学习了小平同志的重要讲话，深刻认识到极少数人策划这场反革命暴乱的目的是要打倒中国共产党，推翻社会主义制度，颠覆中华人民共和国，建立一个完全西方式的资产阶级共和国。大家一致认为，没有共产党，就没有新中国，不坚持社会主义道路，中国就没有出路。各民主党派、工商联一贯坚持依靠共产党的领导，致力于社会主义事业，在当前这场严肃的政治斗争中，将一如既往地同中国共产党站在一起，风雨同舟，患难与共，继续坚持四项基本原则，旗帜鲜明地同任何否定共产党的领导、否定社会主义制度、颠覆人民共和国的阴谋活动进行坚决的斗争，在建设有中国特色的社会主义事业中发挥积极作用。

与会同志表示，在关系到国家和民族前途命运的关键时刻，各民主党派、工商联要协助中国共产党和政府，为彻底平息反革命暴乱，为维护安定团结的政治局面而努力。各民主党派要求全体成员认真学习中共中央、国务院《告全体共产党员和全国人民书》，学习邓小平同志的重要讲话，明辨是非，统一认识，坚守岗位，做好本职工作，并向所联系的群众和海外各界人士多做解释，阐明事实真相，以实际行动为稳定大局和挽回因暴乱造成的损失作出贡献。

座谈会上，与会人士还诚恳地向中国共产党和政府的工作提出了建议。他们一致认为，在平息首都这场反革命暴乱的斗争中，要坚持以事实为根据，以宪法、法律为准绳，注意严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾，对极少数暴乱分子及其幕后策划者，要严惩不贷；对广大不明真相的群众和有一些过激言行的学生，要多做深入细致的思想政治工作，帮助他们提高觉悟。大家相信，政府和人民一致重视的整治"官倒"、消除腐败等问题，一定能够在民主和法制的轨道上得到切实有效的解决。

到会同志对邓小平同志再次强调中国共产党十三大概括的"一个中心、两个基本点"的思想深表拥护。小平同志讲话中明确指出，我们的一些基本提法，从发展战略到方针政策，包括改革开放，都是对的，要坚定不移地干下去。大家表示要坚决贯彻这一精神，继续坚持各项经济政策和知识分子政策，不断巩固和发展最广泛的爱国统一战线。民主党派、全国工商联和无党派人士，决心更紧密地团结在中国共产党周围，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，加强精神文明建设，继续推进社会主义民主政治和社会主义法制建设，完善发展中国共产党领导的多党合作制度，调动一切积极因素，振奋精神，增强信心，为振兴中华、统一祖国，为夺取我国的社会主义现代化建设事业的更大胜利而奋斗。

乔石代表中共中央对与会同志的发言和他们在发言中提出的一些很好的建议表示感谢。他说，这样的座谈会充分体现了中国共产党领导的多党合作制度的优越性，充分体现了各民主党派与中国共产党同舟共济和肝胆相照、荣辱与共的精神。

乔石说，由于北京从学潮发展到动乱、以至反革命暴乱，时间较长，也比较复杂，因此人们有这样那样的想法、提问，是很自然的，可以通过对事实的进一步了解，通过对小平同志讲话的学习加以解决，取得一致的认识。

乔石说，现在，从北京到全国，总的形势趋于稳定。小平同志的讲话对稳定人心，稳定全国，起到了重要的作用。希望各民主党派、全国工商联和无党派人士为进一步稳定局势多做工作。

乔石说，今后，我们要共同努力，进一步加强社会主义民主与法制建设，其中包括完善、发展人民代表大会制度、共产党领导的多党合作制度和政治协商制度；继续扎扎实实地解决好人民群众普遍关心的问题；继续开展同社会各界多层次、多渠道的协商对话，以改进党和政府的工作，把有中国特色的社会主义现代化建设搞得更好。

出席今天座谈会的还有：中共中央书记处书记阎明复、全国人大常委会副委员长习仲勋、全国政协副主席王任重，民主党派中央、全国工商联主要负责人，无党派人士代表包武、郑南园、侯镇如、彭清源、李德骥、高天、叶笃义、陶大镛、冯之浚、孙晓村、万国权、冯梅云、黄大能、白大华、陈舜礼、葛志成、施正、章师明、田光涛、黄鼎臣、陆慕树、严济慈、徐采栋、郝治纯、陈明昭、吴克泰、陈仲丽、荣毅仁、黄凌尘、古耕虹；有关部门负责人袁木、宋德敏、李定、万绍芬、武连元、宋健、张声作等。

## 袁木接受美全国广播公司记者采访

### 指出绝大多数人民拥护共产党领导和国家不希望发生颠覆是最基本事实

**新华社北京6月17日电**　国务院发言人袁木昨天下午在国际俱乐部接受了美国全国广播公司节目主持人汤姆·布罗考的电视采访。

采访进行了45分钟左右。一些中外记者旁听了采访。

问：袁木先生，谢谢您接受我的采访。现在整个世界都非常想了解天安门事件的真相，请问是邓小平主席下令选军的吗？

答：解放军进驻天安门广场是执行戒严任务，为了维护首都的秩序。在对天安门广场的清理中，没有发生任何的伤亡，没有打死一个人，解放军的军车也没有轧死一个人。现在国外舆论中有所谓血洗天安门，轧死多少多少人这样的说法，这是不正确的。当时占领天安门广场的学生是排着队、打着旗和平撤离的，或者说自动撤离的。

问：我在您所讲的这番话中发现一些令我震惊的东西，这就是，我们几百尺长的胶片，可以表明，工人、学生被枪杀，无辜的旁观者也遭到枪杀，而且不但是来自我们西方国家的记者，还有一些中立国家的观察家，整个世界的人民包括中国人都看到人们站在很近的距离被解放军枪杀了。您怎么能够说，您和中央领导人却不相信有人受伤呢？

答：我没有说在整个镇压反革命暴乱事件中没有发生伤亡。我刚才只是说，解放军在清理天安门广场过程中没有发生打死人的事情。至于在整个镇压反革命暴乱过程中，有一些歹徒被打死，也有一部分看热闹、围观的群众遭到误伤，解放军本身也遭到很大伤亡。关于这个伤亡的情况，我已经在前不久举行的记者招待会上代表国务院宣布过了。在这个事件中，解放军有6000多人受伤，围观的群众和歹徒受伤的有2000多人。死亡的数字大体上300人，包括解放军，以及歹徒和少数围观的群众。

现在有些国外的报道说中国在镇压反革命暴乱的过程中，有成千上万的人死亡，甚至说多少万多少万人死亡，是不确切的，是歪曲、夸大的。我觉得国外有些报道之所以不正确，重要的一个原因，是他们对首不久在北京发生的事情的性质没有弄清楚。这件事情是一小撮要推翻共产党的领导，推翻社会主义制度的暴徒策动的一场反革命暴乱，人民解放军是镇压暴乱。在镇压的过程中，由于好人坏人混在一起，解放军采取了克制的、克制的态度。在一达城的时候，并没有开枪，因为怕误伤群众，所以解放军的伤亡特别大。如果解放军一达城就开枪，他们不会有这么大的伤亡，他们的武器他们全都交给抢走那么多，我们的军车、坦克也不会被烧毁几百辆。这是常识范围内的事。当然，在镇压暴徒的过程中，由于围观的群众较多，也误伤了一些人，对这一点我们也感到不安。首先，我们要对在镇压反革命暴乱中牺牲的人民解放军烈士表示沉痛的哀悼，他们为人民，为捍卫我们的人民共和国立了功。

我还认为，在世界上任何一个主权国家，当这个国家有一部分人要颠覆他们的国家时，这个国家的政府对这些人实行镇压，这完全是这个国家主权范围内的事，是这个国家的内政，任何国家都无权干涉。

问：袁木先生，尽管我对您很尊重，但我还是想对您所提出的这些前提表示质疑。首先，许多外国的观察家，包括训练有素的西方记者，他们都看到成百乃至成千的年轻学生和无辜的旁观者被杀被伤。当然，他们也看到一些士兵受到伤亡，但其数量远远比不上示威游行者。此外，您刚才说，示威游行是由少数流氓和歹徒挑动起来的。那么您认为这是不是对中国千百万人民的侮辱呢？因为过去这段时间，成百万的教师、商店的售货员、工人，甚至记者都参加了示威游行。他们要求更多的民主，要求减少领导层中的腐败现象。

答：首先我要纠正你的一个概念，我一直在讲我们镇压的是反革命暴乱。我们对从4月中旬开始的一部分学生的示威游行从来是这样看的。第一，他们在学潮中提出希望党和政府整治腐败、整治官倒、推进民主、深化改革这样的愿望是好的，是同党和政府的目标一致的。但是，学潮被躲在背后策动动乱以至于反革命暴乱的坏人所利用了。我们从来不认为广大学生是暴徒，但是也有一部分暴徒混在学生中间，这是事实。至于你刚才说到，成千成百甚至于更多的人死亡，我已经跟你说了接近实际的比较准确的数字，我希望你不要听信那些夸大的说法。

学生进行示威游行，这样的方式我们也不禁成，因为我们对于示威游行有法律的规定。我国宪法赋予公民游行示威的权利。同时，为了使别人的自由权利不受到示威游行的人的妨碍，交通秩序得到维持，我们也有对示威游行的法规性的管理条例，北京市人大常委会就有这样的规定。学生不遵守这样的规定，我们是不赞成的。

最重要的一点是，混在学生游行示威队伍中的极少数反革命暴徒，他们已经提出了要推翻共产党的领导，要颠覆社会主义人民共和国的纲领和口号。这是他们要达到的实现暴乱的目的，对这种目的，我们是绝不能让它得逞的。这同学生在学潮初期提出的某些要求，比如你所说的多一点"民主"和"自由"，完全是根本不同的两回事。

问：你们现在定下了一个反革命分子，也就是说中华民族的叛徒，那就是著名的执不同政见者方励之先生。他现在已经由美国大使馆给予了庇护。那么，你们是否准备冲进大使馆将他抓起来。

答：我们的公安部门已经对方励之发出了通缉令，他触犯了中国的刑律，犯的是反革命煽动罪。我们知道他已经躲进了美国大使馆，我们密切地注视这个事态的发展，我们希望美国政府慎重地处理这个问题。

（下转第二版）

## 中纪委常委和机关党员干部开展学习讨论

# 用邓小平同志重要讲话统一思想

### 人大党组离法离检召开党员干部会传达学习讲话

**新华社北京6月17日电**　中央纪委常委和机关全体党员干部，近几天认真学习讨论邓小平同志接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话，感到深受教育和鼓舞。

6月13日下午和次日上午，中央纪委副书记陈作霖分别召开常委扩大会议和机关党员、干部大会，传达小平同志的重要讲话，要求机关各厅室党组织和行政负责人认真组织好这次学习，用小平同志的重要讲话统一大家的思想，指导开展彻底平息反革命暴乱斗争中的党的纪律检查工作。

中央纪委常委一致认为，小平同志的重要讲话言简意赅，高瞻深邃，对发生这场反革命暴乱的必然性、实质和根源，对党中央、国务院平息反革命暴乱采取的重大决策，对老一辈革命家和人民解放军在这场斗争中起的重大作用以及党的十一届三中全会制定的路线、方针、政策和党的十三大概括的"一个中心、两个基本点"等几个重大问题，都作了精辟地分析、深刻地阐述和充分地肯定。这对于统一全党、全军和全国人民的思想，同心同德进行四化建设，都将起重大指导作用。

常委们还认为，小平同志在平息反革命暴乱后及时肯定党的十一届三中全会制定的路线、方针、政策和提出的战略目标，重申党的十三大概括的"一个中心、两个基本点"，这是十分必要的，对于坚定全党、全国人民的信心，继续搞好改革开放，齐心协力地为实现党的基本路线而奋斗，有着极其重要的意义。

机关党员干部通过学习讨论，都不同程度地加深了认识。绝大多数同志进一步认清了形势，明辨了是非，纷纷表示要站稳立场，坚定地同党中央保持高度一致。坚决同极少数暴乱分子进行斗争。

**新华社北京6月17日电**　全国人大党组、最高人民法院、最高人民检察院近日分别召开党员干部会，传达、学习邓小平同志在接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话，认为这个讲话表达了全国人民的心愿。

14日上午，全国人大党组召开在京党员人大常委会委员和专门委员会委员以及人大机关全体党员干部会，受万里同志委托，彭冲同志主持会议并讲了话。他说，小平同志在党和国家命运处于严峻时刻作的这个重要讲话，深刻地阐明了这场斗争的性质，是从动乱发展成为反革命暴乱，有着极其重要的意义。

彭冲说，小平同志指出，在政治体制改革方面，有一点可以肯定，就是我们要坚持实行人民代表大会制度，而不是西方式的三权鼎立制度。这一点非常重要。我们在人大工作的共产党员和全体干部，一定要在党中央的领导下，维护宪法和法律的尊严，为发展社会主义民主、健全社会主义法制，为建设完善人民代表大会制度，努力工作，作出新的贡献。

（下转第三版）

## 八个民主党派全国工商联负责人到医院看望首都戒严部队伤病员

**新华社北京6月17日电**　今天上午，8个民主党派和全国工商联负责人来到北京卫戍区医院，看望住在这里的首都戒严部队伤病员，向他们致以亲切的慰问。

中国国民党革命委员会、中国民主同盟、中国民主建国会、中国民主促进会、中国农工民主党、中国致公党、九三学社、台湾同胞同盟和中华全国工商业联合会负责人，听取了医院关于伤员的情况介绍，并向伤病员们赠送了鲜花。这所医院从6月3日以来发扬救死扶伤的高尚精神，全力以赴，共救治了170多名伤病员，在医护人员的紧急抢救和精心治疗下，伤员恢复健康较快，无一人因伤病死亡。

到医院慰问的民主党派和全国工商联负责人有彭清源、冯之浚、万国权、葛志成、方荣欣、陆慕树、徐采栋、潘渊静、黄凌尘等。

民革中央副主席彭清源代表8个民主党派中央和全国工商联全体同志向伤病员们宣读了慰问信，赞扬他们为保卫党中央、保卫社会主义制度、保卫人民共和国，保卫首都立下了丰功伟绩。他说，你们在危急关头，没有忘记党的教导，没有忘记人民，没有忘记国家利益。你们的行动表明，中国人民解放军是人民的子弟兵，是热爱人民、保卫人民的仁义之师。你们是祖国的优秀儿女，你们的功绩将永远铭记在我们心中！

### 捷共领导人列纳尔特接见我驻捷大使时说

## 相信中国根据国情继续改革

**新华社布拉格6月18日电**　捷共中央主席团委员、中央书记列纳尔特受捷共中央总书记雅克什委托，18日接见了中国驻捷大使王行达。

接见时，列纳尔特重申了雅克什在刚刚结束的捷共14中全会上就中国当前形势所阐述的立场。他对中国首都在平息反革命暴乱后局势趋于平静和安定表示十分高兴。他说，相信中国人民在中国共产党的领导下，能够顺利解决当前局势中存在的问题，继续根据中国的国情进行改革，使社会主义得到进一步发展。

列纳尔特表示，捷克斯洛伐克将同中国进一步全面发展友好合作关系。

## 我外交部发言人深表遗憾
## 英国单方面推迟中英会议

**本报北京6月17日讯**　中国外交部发言人今天对英国政府单方面宣布推迟中英联合联络小组第十三次会议深表遗憾。

这位发言人是在回答记者提出的有关问题时作此表示的。

他说，根据中英联合声明附件二第九款的规定，联合联络小组每年至少举行3次会议。今年只举行过一次会议，即第十二次会议，在这次会议上，双方共同商定今年7月18日至21日在伦敦举行第十三次会议。

外交部发言人说，现在英国政府单方面宣布推迟中英联合联络小组第十三次会议，中止联合联络小组的正常工作。对英国政府的这一不负责任的举动，我们深表遗憾。由此可能引起的一切后果，只能由英国政府承担。我们保留进一步评论的权利。

他说，我们希望英国政府能以中英关系的大局为重，从有利于香港的繁荣和稳定出发，认真执行联合声明的规定，遵守中英双方关于联合联络小组工作的协议。

## 新加坡一些公司的职员陆续返回中国恢复工作

**据新华社新加坡6月17日电**　新加坡贸易发展局6月17日发表声明说，在中国最近发生动乱的高峰时期，从中国撤出的一些新加坡公司的职员已经开始返回中国，并恢复工作。

声明说，贸易发展局最近同在中国投资和有贸易联系的新加坡大公司会晤后了解到，它们之中，没有一家改变对中国的投资承诺。许多公司决定着手恢复在中国的业务。

声明说，根据新加坡驻北京和上海商务代表处的报告，这两个市的业务已恢复正常。

另据新加坡报纸今天报道，目前正在日本进行友好访问的新加坡第一副总理兼国防部长吴作栋6月15日在接受日本《朝日新闻》记者采访时说，尽管北京最近发生动乱，新加坡仍将继续加强同中国的民间经济联系。

## 严惩反革命暴乱中打砸抢烧罪犯

## 北京判处八名严重刑事犯死刑

**新华社北京6月17日电**　今天，北京市中级人民法院公开判处一批在北京发生的反革命暴乱期间进行打砸抢烧的严重刑事犯罪分子。放火犯林昭宏、陈坚、祖聪军、王连福、王汉武、张文喜，抢劫犯罗红军、庞成祖被处死刑，剥夺政治权利终身。

北京市回民医院工人林昭宏，曾因流氓行为被强制劳动三年，在北京发生反革命暴乱期间，于一九八九年六月五日晚席卷一时许窜到已被严重的北京市丰台区右安门大桥附近，将被严重破坏的运输车放火烧毁，并抢走车上的军衣七件。案发后，曾受分子，抢劫犯罗红军是北京市公共汽车总公司的售票员，曾因殴打他人被行政拘留。一九八九年六月四日上午八时许，罗红军窃得军用手枪三把和已实行戒严的北京复武区右安门大桥附近，跳上一辆进城支援的解放军戒严部队装有军用物资的军车，将汽车上的军衣、军被及压缩饼干等物资往车下乱扔，向围堵军车的人狂喊乱叫，煽动群众抢劫军用物资，并手持菜刀在汽车上乱砍乱刺。在罗犯的煽动下，大量军用物资被抢到一空。罗犯趁机将军车上装载的军用帐篷、蚊帐、雨衣、军服、军帽等用故布袋、方便面、压缩饼干、录音磁带等物品抢走。河北省新乐县农民班金杰，在北京做台阿工期间，赶上北京发生反革命暴乱之机，于一九八九年六月三日晚八时许，窜至已实行戒严的复武区陶然亭游泳场西门附近，见执行进严任务的中国人民解放军五二四〇八部队的部分官兵正在行进，即伙同一些暴徒追赶战士进行骚扰和围打。班金杰向战士投掷砖头，并手持一条武装皮带，紧随部队用皮带铁头向多名战士的头部、脸部、胸部、背部等处凶狠抽打。班犯又伙同一伙暴徒围住战士后将被战士丢弃在地的右下颌骨骨折。班犯还伙同一伙暴徒将解放军战士强按在地，用武装带铁头部狠抽这位战士的胸、背部。

这批罪犯中有的是本市农民、工人和无业人员，有的是外地流窜犯或农民，其中有多人因各种违法行为被处理过，或因犯罪潜逃来京。他们在反革命暴乱中，猖狂放火焚烧军车和公共汽车，穷凶极恶地特别是行动，我警执行或严任务的部队官兵，殴众为首抢劫军用物资。他们共烧毁军车和公共汽车六辆，打伤解放军官兵多人，抢走大量军用物资，犯罪气焰极为嚣张，情节和后果特别严重，危害极大。

为了严厉镇压反革命暴乱中的严重刑事犯罪分子，北京市中级人民法院一审判处上述八名罪犯死刑。林昭宏等罪犯不服，向北京市高级人民法院提出上诉。

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## 英國政府單方面宣佈 中英小組會議推遲 中國外交部發言人今天對英國政府單方面宣佈推遲中英聯合聯絡小組第十三次會議原定七月十八日在倫敦舉行

【新華社北京十七日電】中國外交部發言人今天對英國政府單方面宣佈推遲中英聯合聯絡小組第十三次會議深表遺憾。

這位發言人是在回答記者提出的有關問題時作此表示的。

他說，根據中英聯合聲明附件二第九款的規定，聯合聯絡小組每年至少舉行三次會議。今年只舉行過一次會議，在這次會議上，雙方共同商定今年七月十八日至二十一日在倫敦舉行第十三次會議。

外交部發言人說，現在英國政府單方面宣佈推遲中英聯合聯絡小組的正常工作，對英國政府的這一不負責任的舉動，我們深表遺憾，由此可能引起的一切後果，只能由英國政府承擔。我們保留這一步評論的權利。

他說，我們希望英國政府能以中英關係的大局為重，遵守中英雙方關於聯合聯絡小組工作的協議。

【本報訊】中英聯合聯絡小組英方駐港事務參贊馬少方今天下午在中南海懷仁堂向中國外交部發言人提出的「關於英國政府單方面宣佈推遲中英聯合聯絡小組第十三次會議」聲明，表示：

作已經以正常通行，問題已暫時擱置。現正討論的多項主要，他又透露，小組一方的小組人事將有「已接近退休日期」人士離職。

會議若延期數月，英、美，因政務司屬本傳統，將由部位的安全保護，加強交通管理，為完全恢復社會正常秩序，奪取勝利而努力。

他說，我們支持香港政府為打擊暴力犯罪和維護社會治安所採取的一切有效措施，並且支持香港政府為打擊暴力犯罪和維護社會治安所採取的一切有效措施，並且支持香港政府為打擊暴力犯罪和維護社會治安所採取的一切有效措施。

他說，我們

# 文匯報 WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

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## 應召出席中共中央座談會

# 民主黨派人士昨進言

## 促請政府切實有效整治官倒清除腐敗

## 平亂應以法律爲準繩

【本報訊】北京消息：對於北京發生全國範圍內進行大搜捕的秋後算賬做法，中國八大民主黨派和工商聯向中共中央明確提出：「要堅持以非暴力和憲法爲準繩，特別注意區分策劃不同性質的矛盾」。

包括民革、民盟、民建、農工黨、致公黨、九三學社、台盟在內的八大民主黨派和無黨派人士今天到中南海出席了中共中央召開的黨外人士座談會，在會上，他們除了提出上述關於最後問題的原則意見外，還要求中共中央對「不明真相」的羣衆和「有一些過激言行」的學生應作爲內部矛盾處理。此外，他們亦強烈要求當局切實有效地整治官倒及清除腐敗。

今天的座談會由喬石主持，新華社的報道並分別概括了各民主黨派人士的發言。

多次提到「喬石代表中共中央」，此間觀察家表示，這是決定性的表態。

【新華社北京十七日電】中共中央今天下午在中南海懷仁堂召開黨外人士座談會，傳達中共中央、全國人大常委會、國務院關於北京動亂問題的決策和鄧小平同志的重要講話。

（下轉二版）

出席座談會的中共中央政治局委員有：喬石、李瑞環、宋平、姚依林、胡啓立、李鵬、丁關根、王兆國、烏蘭夫、王震、萬里、鄧穎超、楊尚昆、江澤民。

出席座談會的黨外人士有：全國政協副主席孫起孟、無黨派人士陳叔通、農工黨中央副主席方克夫、致公黨中央副主席楊漢奎、九三學社中央副主席吳階平、台盟中央副主席王昆侖、全國工商聯副主席孫孚凌、朱學範、民盟中央主席費孝通、民建中央主席孟昭浩、無黨派人士陳慕華、民進中央主席雷潔瓊、全國政協副秘書長彭冲、中共中央統戰部部長閻明復、中共中央書記處書記溫家寶。

會議由中共中央政治局委員胡錦濤、宋平、姚依林、胡啓立、李鵬、丁關根、王兆國、烏蘭夫、王震、萬里、鄧穎超、楊尚昆、江澤民等中央領導同志和無黨派人士，合影留念。

## 指曾燒軍車及殘害士兵

# 北京判八人死刑

## 新華社稱：非法組織「成員續自首

【本報訊】北京消息：過中的戒嚴部隊官兵，昨日下午在北京市區發生的暴亂中，連續遭到嚴重的暴力襲擊，死傷慘重。

原北京市固邑縣人林昭榮，六月五日虔誠一名戰士打成右殘廢，並擔任北京市人大常委會副秘書長，在右安門大橋附近被暴徒毆打致死。此前，他曾因要流氓、日痞骨折，昏倒在地。

【新華社北京十七日電】據北京市人民檢察院今天宣佈：對在北京發生的反革命暴亂中，犯有放火、殺人、搶劫、縱火燒燬車輛等嚴重罪行的劉曉波、王丹、吾爾開希、封從德、周鋒鏢、王超華、李海峰、方政等八名首要分子，依法提起公訴。

檢察院指控，這八名首要分子在這次反革命暴亂中，糾集、煽動、組織、指揮一批暴徒，打砸搶燒，殺害解放軍戰士和無辜羣衆，燒燬車輛一千二百餘輛，嚴重破壞社會主義國家的政治制度和社會秩序，犯有流氓罪、故意殺人罪、故意毀壞財物罪、放火罪、劫持交通工具罪、組織反動組織罪、煽動反革命宣傳罪等多種罪行，其中劉曉波、王丹、吾爾開希、封從德、周鋒鏢、王超華、李海峰等六人還犯有反革命宣傳罪。

檢察院指控，這八名首要分子在這次反革命暴亂中，糾集、煽動、組織、指揮一批暴徒，打砸搶燒，殺害解放軍戰士和無辜羣衆，燒燬車輛一千二百餘輛，嚴重破壞社會主義國家的政治制度和社會秩序，犯有流氓罪、故意殺人罪、故意毀壞財物罪、放火罪、劫持交通工具罪、組織反動組織罪、煽動反革命宣傳罪等多種罪行，其中劉曉波、王丹、吾爾開希、封從德、周鋒鏢、王超華、李海峰、方政等八名首要分子

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# 是否鄧下令進軍天安門

# 袁木問非所答不作澄清

## 袁木接受美電視訪問全文
## 說仍有「暴亂者」被判死刑

（新華社北京六月十七日電）國務院發言人袁木昨天下午在國際俱樂部接受了美國廣播公司節目主持人喬姆・布朗考的電視訪問。採訪進行了四十五分鐘左右。一些中外記者旁聽了採訪。

問：袁木先生，現在中國仍有很多人在問，六四鎮壓生死人數的確切數字。您能否告訴我們，您知道的確切數字？

答：我們的公安部門已經對死亡人數作了統計。我們知道他們絕大多數人是在動亂和暴亂中死的。

問：您說的「動亂和暴亂」是指什麼？

答：動亂是指一九八九年四月下旬至六月三日期間發生的嚴重違反憲法和法律的行為。暴亂是指六月四日發生的嚴重破壞社會秩序的行為。

問：您說的「絕大多數」是多少？

答：我們的公安部門已經對死亡人數作了統計。我們知道他們絕大多數人是在動亂和暴亂中死的。

問：袁木先生，現在中國仍有很多人在問，六四鎮壓生死人數的確切數字。您能否告訴我們，您知道的確切數字？

答：如果說確實，我們現在還沒有。我們現在還沒有統計。

問：您說沒有，是不是沒有確切的數字？

答：我們的公安部門已經對死亡人數作了統計。我們知道他們絕大多數人是在動亂和暴亂中死的。

問：袁木先生，現在中國仍有很多人在問，六四鎮壓生死人數的確切數字。您能否告訴我們，您知道的確切數字？趙紫陽先生是不是被軟禁了？

答：趙紫陽同志沒有被軟禁。他現在仍然享有中國公民的一切權利。

問：袁木先生，現在中國仍有很多人在問，六四鎮壓生死人數的確切數字。您能否告訴我們，您知道的確切數字？趙紫陽先生是不是被軟禁了？鄧小平先生是不是已經逝世了？

答：鄧小平先生還健在。

問：袁木先生，現在中國仍有很多人在問，六四鎮壓生死人數的確切數字。您能否告訴我們，您知道的確切數字？趙紫陽先生是不是被軟禁了？鄧小平先生是不是已經逝世了？

答：我們的公安部門已經對死亡人數作了統計。我們知道他們絕大多數人是在動亂和暴亂中死的

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## 動亂全未息・危機仍潛伏

## 北京軍隊遭擊槍

## 長沙14萬人上街

（北京新華社十七日電）成都軍區指揮部新聞處消息：今天凌晨二點，在西南交通大學發生一起搶劫軍械事件，兩名沙市出席首屆人民代表大會的美籍教師塞巴和妻子白妮在長沙市內一間大學的家中，被兩名武裝暴徒殺死。

報告，凌晨二點四十分，一輛東風二四零型卡車由北往南行駛，當卡車行至西直門立交橋北引橋處時，數輛裝有武裝軍人的軍車突然停車，卡車在不停車，從哨兵身旁衝過，而過。哨兵對天鳴槍示警，車照衝不誤，突然兩哨兵舉槍射擊，駕駛室內駕駛員負傷，哨兵遂舉槍，兩名暴徒跳車逃。

報導說，駕駛室內負傷的駕駛員，是北京軍區某部的一名軍人。

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## 於軍隊入北京時縱火 七男一女齊被判死刑

（北京法新社十七日電）北京中央電視台報道，北京人民法院周六判處七男一女共四名暴徒死刑，其中兩名被判處死刑，立即執行。

這是自從五月廿日實施戒嚴令以來北京首次判處死刑，上海人民法院周四判處三名男子死刑，其他兩名被判處無期徒刑。

報道稱，這七名男女被告於六月三日至四日期間被捕，他們在軍隊進入北京時縱火燒車，攻擊軍隊及破壞公共財物。

報道稱，八人分別為工人、農民及無業人士，八人在審判中承認，年齡大多為三十多歲左右。報道並沒有詳細報道被判死刑男子女子資料，但表示公安人員早已掌握其中大部分人士資料，而另外被告則仍逍遙法外。

上海三名被判死刑男子主犯未下，據中央電視台報道，當局已知會三人可以上訴，而據官方資料，已從軍隊縱火以來，全國已逮一千人被捕。

（路透社傳真）

## 北大學生領袖 楊濤被逮

中國國務院發言人袁木周六在北京接受美國全國廣播公司訪問時稱，少數人出於作出挑撥離間等陰謀，所以會被逮捕或驅逐。

袁木指出，三名被捕者涉嫌於六月三日至四日參與私刻戒嚴部隊死三名軍人，並煽惑罷課。

另外學生領袖陳樸生被捕。

據北京中央電視台報道，十九歲北京大學學生楊濤，周四晚在廣州市一間賓館被捕，以及其他領袖，包括王丹、吾爾開希及柴玲。

據北京中央電視台報道，由六月五日至六日，一共有一百零九名參加反革命動亂的人士被捕。

## 戒嚴部隊又發通告 加強鎮壓擴大株連

【本報訊】據新華社消息：北京市人民政府、武警、軍隊等部門，為了維護首都秩序，保障戒嚴部隊順利執行任務，根據國務院和中央軍委的決定，從六月十七日晚開始通告：凡破壞交通設施，煽動、組織、策劃、實施反革命暴亂，堅決頑抗拒捕者首惡分子，一律嚴懲不貸。

通告說，凡在北京市內

# 北京對港採取安撫

## 表示不擬整肅中資機構
## 權威人士傳達中央意旨安定人心

【本報專訊】據消息人士透露，基於前者在大陸的經濟投資中仍然佔有相當重要的位置，北京當局至今不欲對香港採取任何制裁或報復的措施，而是採取較為溫和、有別於國內的做法，以避免香港出現動盪的局面。

消息人士表示，一名北京經濟權威人士，日前告訴了外界有關北京當局將對香港此次在支持國內民主運動中表現出的強烈情緒進行報復的傳言，作出強調，至目前為止，中國領導層並未有考慮過對香港採取任何制裁或報復的行動。

據悉，該權威人士在近日舉辦的中資機構負責人座談會上，曾經對該行動的中資機構的領導人指稱，安定人心，消息人士稱，局面能夠穩定的中資機構的中資機構，進行收拾殘局，該權威人士強調，中央並不擬對香港的中資機構進行整肅，包括調派內地五萬名幹部到香港等，也沒有講過有相當的中資機構負責人，對於香港的經濟前景，表現出樂觀的情緒，認為香港在九七年後，仍然可以繼續保持其經濟的繁榮和穩定。

消息人士還說，北京當局對香港的政策，是以「一國兩制」為基礎，而不是以「兩制」為基礎，強調香港的資本主義制度，在九七年後，仍然可以繼續保持五十年不變。

## 指毆打官兵放火燒軍車

# 北京八男女判死 其中無一是學生

【本報專訊】據中國官方電視昨日播出八名不知名人士的相片，指他們放火焚燒軍方運兵裝甲車，法庭已判處他們死刑。（路透社傳真相片）

## 判死

## 社評

### 地域中心　收容船民

為期兩天的日內瓦國際難民會議已於上周三結束，雖然本港沒有成功達到令當局感到滿意的目標，但在其他方面倘算取得不錯的成績，例如得到當局的了解及同情，與越南政府進行談商及安排日後營運船隻的問題等，進展相當順利，未必能在限期內順利解決越南船民問題的長遠方法。

日內瓦會議上的一個意外之喜，是菲律賓政府表示願意在菲律賓設立地域性的難民收容中心，暫時收容港澳及東南亞地域各地的印支難民，包括滯港的越南難民。菲律賓政府只提出了兩個條件，一是難民必須在三年內全部獲得安置，一是難民中心的費用必須全部由國際難民專員公署負擔。

菲律賓政府的建議立即獲得日本代表支持，而港督衛奕信爵士亦為此表示歡迎，並指雖若能安置，對本港會有很大的幫助，因為大批船民湧進，對本港會有不良影響，但絕對不用擔心香港人會反對。

一個合乎人道、尊嚴之解決船民問題的新策略，已經呼之欲出，香港人對於在集體收容中心一定保持滿意的態度，相信問題不難解決。

地域性難民中心設在菲律賓，其實是很合理的選擇，菲律賓由無數大小島嶼組成，有一千島之國之稱，不難找到一個適合的島嶼興作收容難民營用，既可確保居住環境不致過於擁擠，又不致令到保安問題造成困擾，由於菲律賓與香港一樣，是人口稠密的地方，對於難民的處理，亦有相當的經驗，相信菲律賓政府及其他國家絕對不用擔心香港人把「爬山虎」抛下出去便把事件解決。

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三結束，雖然本港沒有成功達到令當局感到滿意的目標，但在其他方面倘算取得不錯的成績，例如得到當局的了解及同情，與越南政府進行談商及安排日後營運船隻的問題等，進展相當順利，未必能在限期內順利解決越南船民問題的長遠方法。

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## 英推遲聯絡組會議
## 北京指爲不負責任
### 讀所引起後果概由英政府承擔

【本報專訊】據於中國近期生產的一種英製步槍小組會議，原訂於下月十六日在倫敦舉行，英國政府已通知中國會局，要方代表有關事宜。

英國外交部發言人昨日表示，英國政府為中國近期發生的事件，英國政府為中國近期發生的事件，英國政府為中國近期發生的事件

香港時報
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# 中共駐歐美澳加人員 最少已有廿人投奔自由

## 駐華府「三等秘書」要求政治庇護

【北京十七日路透社電】一名外交官員今天說，至少有二十名中共駐歐美澳加外交官員，在六四北京大屠殺事件發生後，向西方國家和日本要求政治庇護。消息人士說，他們擔心回國後會遭到清算。

消息人士說，在美國、加拿大、澳洲、英國、比利時和日本的中共外交官（包括大使），都有人採取種種行動。

消息人士說，在美國西方政府官員的協助下，中共駐華府「三等秘書」要求政治庇護。

中共「外交部」拒絕即時對此事作出證實。西方外交界人士說，北京仍未開始整肅「政府各部官員」。

【本報駐台記者方燁十七日電】中華民國外交部官員今天表示，對於政府中共籍職員，及留學生使館那些要求政治庇護一名西方外交界人士說：「我認為消息可靠」，「我到過很多使館，有一名是「外交官」，他們學生和政府的智囊班子，相信應全現時動盪上，在北京仍未開始整肅「政府各部官員」。

【華盛頓十六日路透社電】一有機新聞網透社電）「有機新聞網」今天報導，有一名中共駐美外交官員，要求政治庇護。

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EIGHT PAGES OF COLOUR COMICS

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□ Hongkong's Political Advisor Mr Dick Clift

## Britain shrugs off China attack over JLG meeting

By JOHN TANG and agencies

A BRITISH representative of the Sino-British Joint Liaison Group (JLG) last night dismissed as irrelevant criticism by China of Britain's postponement of a JLG session in protest at the violent suppression of the pro-democracy movement.

China yesterday said that Britain would be "held responsible for all possible consequences" extending from postponement of the meeting scheduled to be held in London next month.

"We express our deep regret over this irresponsible action taken by the British Government," the Foreign Ministry said in a statement issued in Beijing.

In shrugging off the criticism, Mr Doug Martin, one of the six members of the British team, asked: "What can the consequences be?"

Given the current political situation in China, the postponement should not be seen as the only factor affecting on-going discussions about the implementation of the Sino-British Joint Declaration, he said.

"Our government believes that at this stage, any discussion between the British and Chinese teams of the JLG will not be productive," said Mr Martin, who has been with the JLG Hongkong office since last year.

"We have notified them that the meeting, to be held in a few weeks time, has to be put off. And now you hear what they have to respond."

Asked if the Chinese statement would signify a deterioration of Sino-British relationships, Mr Martin would only say: "The British Government is obviously upset by the tragic events that happened in China recently."

Mr Martin said there was no immediate plan to set another date for the session, although the Joint Declaration stipulated that the JLG should meet three times a year to work out details for implementing the agreement.

Another British team member, Mr Dick Clift, political adviser to the Hongkong Government, last night said he had nothing to add to a statement made on Wednesday by British Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, who said Britain deemed it inappropriate to continue the JLG talks at the moment.

Britain's Foreign Office has said it remains committed to handing Hongkong over to Chinese rule in 1997 but could not conduct normal business "as if nothing had happened" in Beijing.

"The British Government will be held responsible for all the possible consequences arising" from the unilateral postponement, China's Foreign Ministry said. "We reserve the right to make further comments."

The statement also said China hoped the British Government would be "setting store by the overall interests of Sino-British relations and ... implement in earnest the stipulations of the Sino-British joint declaration".

● The British Embassy in Beijing cancelled yesterday's garden party to mark the Queen's Birthday.

Chinese leaders have attended the function in previous years. Beijing diplomats speculated that the decision to call off this year's event was to ensure that British officials did not have to shake hands with men who ordered the army crackdown.

# Eight to die for attacks on soldiers

From Correspondents in Beijing

EIGHT people were sentenced to death in Beijing yesterday for beating soldiers and burning vehicles during the bloody crackdown against pro-democracy demonstrators earlier this month.

Two men were also captured after they fired shots at soldiers guarding a bridge, and four Western reporters left China after being expelled for violating martial law.

The eight sentenced to die, identified as workers, peasants and unemployed local residents, included one woman. State-run evening television news showed them appearing before the Beijing People's Intermediate Court for sentencing.

They were the first to be condemned to die for trying to stop the People's Liberation Army's crackdown against the democracy protesters in Tiananmen Square on June 4, an offensive that left some 3,000 dead, according to Chinese witnesses and Western intelligence estimates.

On Thursday three men in Shanghai were sentenced to death for inciting protests and setting fire to a train.

Two "ruffians" shot at soldiers, injuring one, after they refused orders to stop and soldiers fired warning shots, the New China News Agency said.

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Spectrum: Six-page Special report

The gunmen fled but were captured and turned over to public security authorities. State television also announced the arrest of a fifth student activist from a wanted list of 21 accused of leading the recent "counter-revolutionary rebellion".

It said Yang Tao, a 19-year-old history student at Beijing University, had been captured in Lanzhou, in the northwest.

The 21 students and three alleged leaders of illegal autonomous workers' federations have been the target of a nationwide manhunt which has seen thousands of people arrested.

The Government also issued another martial law order, directing people with guns, broadcasting or videotaping equipment to hand them over to public security officials.

John Pomfret of Associated Press and Alan Pessin of the US Government-run Voice of America, both resident correspondents in Beijing, arrived in Hongkong yesterday after being told on Wednesday to leave in 72 hours.

They had been accused by police of violating martial law regulations prohibiting foreign reporters from covering the political upheaval.

Vernon Mann and John Elphinstone, both of Britain's Independent Television News, were given 24 hours on Friday to depart and arrived at Kai Tak yesterday. They were accused of violating their visa status.

Earlier yesterday a top Government spokesman was quoted as saying that "certain individuals in the top Chinese leadership are guilty of supporting the counter-revolutionary ... turmoil".

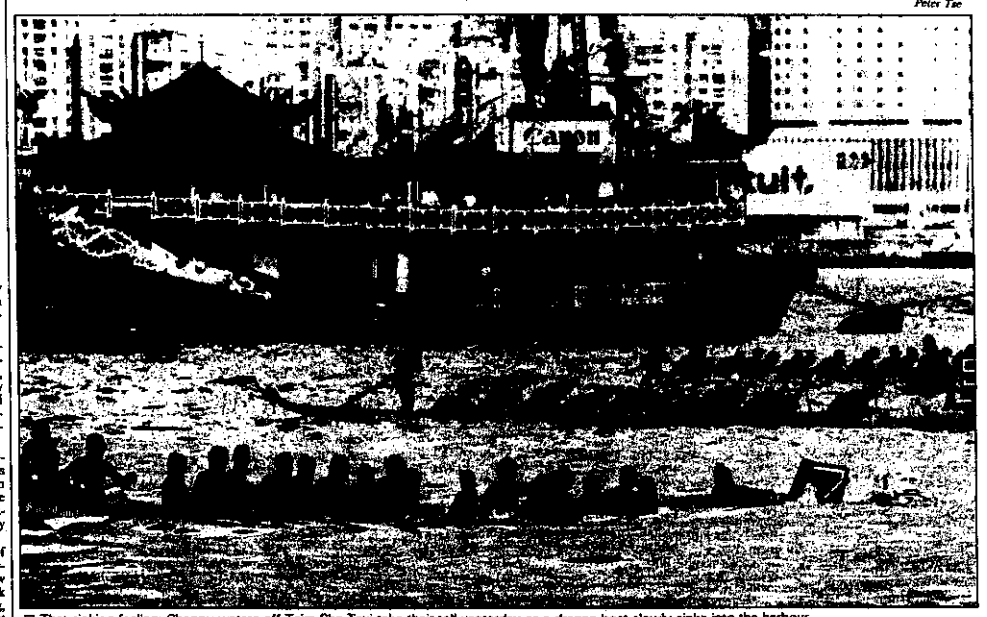
Mr Yuan Mu, spokesman of the State Council was answering a question in an interview with the American network NBC about Mr Zhao Ziyang, China's reformist Communist Party chief, who expressed sympathy with the protesting students.

Mr Yuan's comments appeared to strengthen the view that Mr Zhao, who has not been seen since he spoke emotionally to student hunger strikers on May 19, would be officially ousted from his post and purged from the party.

China's top trade official was quoted yesterday as urging foreign governments to resume aid and loans to China that had been cut off in protest over Beijing's violent suppression of the democracy movement.

● Continued Page 2

Peter Tse



□ That sinking feeling: Choppy waters off Tsim Sha Tsui take their toll yesterday as a dragon boat slowly sinks into the harbour.

## Dragon champs face tougher test today

By XANDER MELLISH

LONG-TIME International Dragon Boat champions Shun De progressed with ease through yesterday's heats but face tough competition from athletic Westerners for their crown today.

The Guangdong fishing village men's team paddled through choppy water to post a time of 2.37.17 for the 640-metre championship course, well above their 2.27.45 record set in 1985.

Meanwhile, an Indonesian men's team finished the course in 2.35.5 and the US Dragon Boat Association team won their heat by an impressive margin in a time missed by faulty equipment.

Hongkong champions Sai Kung also qualified for the men's semi-finals, as did British contenders the Kingston Royals and Wey Kayaks.

Shun De's brilliantly disciplined ladies' team showed off its skill in the Phoenix race, finishing with a time of 2.57.84, only slightly behind the 2.57.75 time posted by female paddlers from False Creek, Vancouver.

Both teams qualified for today's ladies' final, along with teams from the UK and Australia and a local team from China Merchants Holdings.

But rough water, ruffled by winds of up to 14 kmh, delayed the race on several occasions as boats drifted out of formation at the starting line.

Several dragon boats sank as the wind sent water over their sides.

"It was nasty out there," said Alan Bennett, a paddler for the Kingston Royals. "We couldn't put a full crew out. It would have just been too heavy."

The Royals team scored its 2.43.70 time on the power of only 18 paddlers, instead of the allowed 20.

More than 20 teams from 12 countries turned up yesterday to race in the big wooden boats and several teams included medallists from international canoe, rowing or kayak competitions.

Meanwhile, a series of charity heats involving local companies raised $1 million for the Community Chest.

Today's races get under way on the East Tsim Sha Tsui waterfront at 10.55 am, although top contenders will begin their appearances about two hours later. The first international finals are set for 2.55 pm.

# New round of boat people talks

By KATHY GRIFFIN

HONGKONG officials will travel to Hanoi a week from tomorrow to begin bilateral talks on the forced repatriation of Vietnamese boat people.

Security Secretary Mr Geoffrey Barnes said yesterday he would make the trip accompanied by the government's political adviser, Mr Richard Clift, in the hope of getting an early agreement on forced returns.

"We have made it clear we are not interested in talking about voluntary repatriation but repatriation on a non-voluntary basis," he said.

"This (visit) is quite a firm intention unless there is any last-minute change of plans from Vietnam which we don't expect."

Mr Barnes was speaking on his return to Hongkong from visits to London and Geneva, where he attended an international conference on refugees last week at which Vietnam repeated its objections to forced returns.

However, Foreign Minister and Vice-President Nguyen Co Thach also indicated his country might reconsider if economic aid was involved.

Mr Barnes said Hongkong was willing to meet this condition but he did not name a price.

"We have to develop this further and look into this," he said.

"Hongkong doesn't link (aid) per capita. We would give material assistance – building materials, seeds, tools, and some pocket money to cover immediate needs. All the details haven't been worked out and we have to talk about it among ourselves and with the United Kingdom."

He pointed out a precedence for aid was set when the 143 boat people who flew home earlier this year were given about US$300 (about HK$2,340) each by the United Nations

□ Security Secretary Mr Geoffrey Barnes

High Commissioner for Refugees in "re-integration" assistance.

Vietnam referred only to such help when it talked of economic aid and had insisted it was not begging, he added.

Mr Barnes' and Mr Clift's visit follows an invitation by Mr Thach on Tuesday, the first day of the two-day conference, for bilateral talks on the possibility of mandatory repatriation.

Mr Thach made no firm promises that Vietnam was ready to accept forced returns but Mr Barnes was encouraged by statements made on Thursday during the first meeting of a steering committee which will oversee the plan of action adopted by the conference.

"In what was clearly a prepared statement, Vietnam said they were fully prepared to talk about any of the plan's contents with any country and they were prepared to hold bilateral talks with any of the participating countries," he said.

"They also said they were prepared to take this matter seriously and what they wanted now was action and not words.

"I think that was quite an important statement from Vietnam and gives us some hope for the future."

The plan calls for resettlement of all Vietnamese who arrived in first-asylum countries before screening was introduced, in Hongkong's case June 16, 1988.

Those screened in will also be resettled but those screened out will be held in detention until they can be returned to Vietnam.

Mr Barnes said a timetable on returns had been worked out, but it was not good enough for Hongkong and this was why the territory was pursuing bilateral talks.

● Continued Page 4

## Governor had last word

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, overruled Security Branch officials in deciding not to let refugees move into the Four Seasons housing estate in Tsuen Wan last month, a government source has revealed.

Sir David took the unusual step in the wake of vigorous protests from the district board and residents over the proposal, the source said.

The Tsuen Wan decision went against all advice and left frustrated Security Branch officials scrambling for other ways to cope with the chronic influx of boat people.

Refugees were crammed into already over-crowded camps so 4,100 places could be made available at Shamshuipo for new arrivals, who were then being held on ferries.

Academic Dr Leonard Davis said the reversal might have encouraged Yuen Long residents, who are staging a march today to protest against a proposed detention centre in the district.

"The people surrounding the Four Seasons were successful, they won the day," he said.

"Having seen one victory achieved, maybe they felt they could do the same."

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WEATHER

HOT AND SUNNY

Today will be mainly fine with isolated showers. Maximum temperature will be about 31 degrees.

● Colour weather map: P6

# Five dead in Berlin plane crash

FIVE people were killed when an East German airliner carrying 113 crashed into a field after the pilot tried to abort take-off from East Berlin's international airport, the East German news agency reported last night.

The official news agency said at least 13 people were seriously injured as the jet broke up and burst into flames, but the fate of several others was not immediately known. Other reports said 30 people were seriously hurt.

At least five people were killed, the news agency said. At least 50 of the 113 people aboard escaped the flaming Ilyushin-62 by sliding down emergency chutes.

Hours after the 8.30 am crash, emergency teams sifted through the scorched wreckage searching for more possible victims in the remains of the East German Interflug airline jet.

The news agency said the pilot of the Moscow-bound jet tried to abort the take-off from East Berlin's Schoenefeld airport for technical reasons. But the plane raced off the runway into an open field, where it overturned several times, broke up and burst into flames.

"The plane accelerated very quickly, we felt the front part lifting off," said passenger Mrs Renate Lazer. "Suddenly the plane braked, became slower. Strong vibrations and a jerk followed. The machine broke apart just in front of our seats."

The news agency said investigators had found the aircraft's black box and were listening to the recording to help determine the cause of the crash.

Italian, Soviet, Nepalese and East German nationals were among the 103 passengers aboard along with 10 crew members, according to the news agency.

Mrs Lazer's husband Ingolf, an East German engineer, reportedly saved a baby from the burning wreckage by scrambling through a hole in the fuselage.

"There was no panic," he said. "We tried calmly to pull out people around us."

His wife added, "One of the two pilots, whose head was bleeding profusely, also saved people."

The agency quoted Mrs Veronika Vonstein as saying her husband grabbed their 10-month old baby and rushed out of the flames.

"We had the greatest luck of all," she said at an airport hall where survivors were being treated for shock and minor injuries. "The evacuation was very fast."

The agency said fire trucks and emergency vehicles arrived at the scene within four minutes of the crash.

*United Press International*

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# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

18 June, 1989 Subscriber's copy/Not for sale


# Deng steps up attacks on territory

By Tammy Tam and agencies

CHINA'S Paramount Leader Deng Xiaoping has intensified his verbal attack on Hongkong for supporting the pro-democracy movement.

"I was told a million people paraded in Hongkong. Do not be scared. Compared to a billion people, a million is nothing," Mr Deng was quoted as saying.

"By 1997, Hongkong will be returned to us anyway, and it will be prosperous," Mr Deng added in a report in *Huaqiao Ribao*, a Chinese-language newspaper published in New York.

The paper said Mr Deng made his remarks during a speech given to a group of senior army officers in Beijing shortly after units of the People's Liberation Army slaughtered pro-democracy protesters in Tiananmen Square.

China's official media has been highly critical of Hongkong's involvement in the democratic movement.

The official *People's Daily* recently accused Hongkong of "directly meddling" in Beijing's political "turmoil" and contributing to the outbreak of the "rebellion".

Sources in Beijing last night told *The Sunday Standard* that Mr Deng, in a speech to officers and later delivered to party members, accused Hongkong, with the United States, of helping to create an international atmosphere under which Chinese students began their month-long movement.

So far, two Hongkong people have been detained by police in China for their involvement.

In another development, Beijing voiced its regret yesterday on what it called Britain's irresponsible action of calling off a meeting of the Joint Liaison Group which was to be held next month.

It was the first major setback in the implementation of the Joint Declaration since it was signed in 1984.

"The British government will be held responsible for all the possible consequences," a spokesman of the Chinese Foreign Ministry warned.

Meanwhile, Chinese Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, who has not been seen since May 19, has been accused by Mr Deng as having "wild ambitions"

State Council spokesman Yuan Mu hinted on Friday that the party would meet soon to approve Mr Zhao's dismissal.

He said in an interview with NBC television which was broadcast on China Central Television on Friday that "it is true that a certain individual in the top leadership made the mistake of supporting the turmoil," apparently referring to Zhao.

Yuan hinted that the party's central committee would meet soon to approve Zhao's dismissal and appoint a successor.

"The problem will be dealt with and made public soon," he said.

More China news – Pages 3 and 5

BOWLES CHAN

■ The champion Shun De dragon boat team from Guangdong province breeze their way into today's finals.

## Mainland coach supports hardliners

THE coach of China's all conquering Shun De dragon boat team from Guangdong province, said yesterday he did not believe there had been any Beijing massacre.

Speaking on the opening day of the Hongkong International Dragon Boat Festival, Mr Zheng Jiarun said the Chinese people trusted the People's Liberation Army (PLA) not to hurt their own people.

The people in Shun De generally supported China's current policy of suppressing "counter-revolutionary" activity, he said.

Mr Zheng, who, along with his team of farmers was the centre of press attention yesterday, was well prepared for his ordeal.

Speaking confidently, he said some households in Shun De were able to receive Hongkong radio and television broadcasts about the unrest, but he and his countrymen preferred to believe China Central Television's version of events.

Mr Zheng said in the early stages of the pro-democracy movement in Beijing, Shun De residents supported the movement and hoped it could improve China's prosperity.

However, the meaning of the movement had gradually changed and the protesters had later created turmoil in the mainland.

"I am sure all the Chinese people, including the students, want China to be good but to continue our open-door policy the Government must restore order in the cities.

"Only a place without disturbance could carry on with its normal productivity which is the basic requirement to the road of a good economy. We are glad that all cities including Beijing have returned to normal," he said.

On the question of whether it was right for the Government to send troops to Tiananmen Square, he said it was a matter for the Government to decide.

The Shun De men's team have won the international event for the past four years, and the women's team for the past three. Predictably they moved into today's finals yesterday.

## INSIDE

### Your World on Sunday

**Keith Richards**
The Rolling Stones' guitarist made a name for himself as a raunchy, drug-craving rock star but now he's in his 40s Richard's image has changed as Bob Spitz finds out.

**Cocaine town**
The Colombian city of Medellin is home for drug baron, Pablo Escobar, the man many in Colombia see as a future president and who has promised to clear the country's foreign debt of US$15 million from his own pocket.

**Pacific voice**
Former CBS correspondent Guy Searls reviews the memoirs of radio reporter Bill Dunn, who was alongside General Douglas MacArthur when he returned triumphantly to the Philippines in 1944.

**Plus**
Barry Grindrod's restaurant review, cooking, travel, motoring, Winsome Lane's fashion, Vernon Ram on the arts, and our comprehensive television and radio guide.

## Eight sentenced to death in Beijing for burning vehicles

BEIJING: Seven men and one woman were sentenced to death by a Beijing court yesterday for setting fire to vehicles during the army crackdown on pro-democracy protesters on June 3-4, state television said.

The death sentences were the first to be handed down in Beijing since martial law was imposed on May 20. Three men were sentenced to death in Shanghai on Thursday for setting fire to a train.

The eight condemned to death in Beijing were convicted of "burning buses" and military vehicles, attacking martial-law troops and "stealing" unspecified material, the report said.

It said among the eight were "peasants, workers and unemployed". They were shown at their trial and appeared to be mostly in their 30s.

The television gave no details on the woman who was sentenced to death, but said some of the eight "were already known to police" and others were from outside the capital.

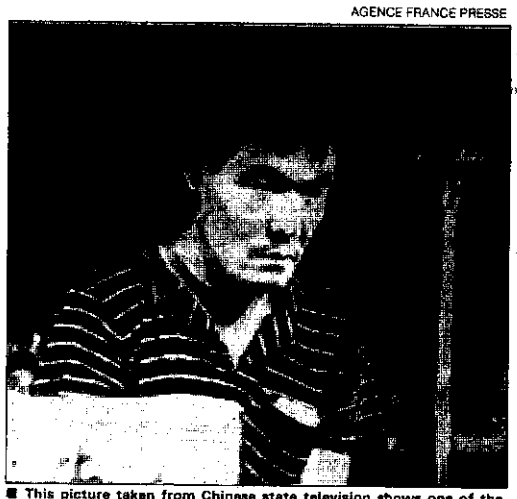
It said they could still appeal against their sentences.

In China, criminals are traditionally executed with a bullet to the back of the head immediately after they are sentenced. Clemency is very rare.

Chinese government spokesman Yuan Mu said in an interview with NBC broadcast yesterday that "a small number" of people would be "duly punished because of their heinous crimes."

He cited three people arrested for allegedly taking part in the lynching of three soldiers whose bodies were burned by demonstrators.

AGENCE FRANCE PRESSE



■ This picture taken from Chinese state television shows one of the eight people sentenced to death by a Beijing court yesterday.

## Troubles jeopardise royal visit

**THIS year's visit to Hongkong by Prince Charles and Princess Diana has been thrown into jeopardy.**

**It was planned as part of the royal couple's tour of China.**

**But the crisis in Beijing has now prompted a review of the entire trip.**

**A final decision on whether to press ahead solely with their Hongkong visit is now anxiously awaited.**

**The only hope of it going ahead is if the Prince and Princess of Wales decide to help boost the territory's flagging confidence.**

**The Governor's private secretary Richard Leeks revealed last night: "They are unlikely to visit China now and the two visits are plainly linked."**

**Governor Sir David Wilson is also understood to have advised a postponement of the Hongkong visit.**

## Open-door policy will stay Guangdong tells investors

GUANGZHOU: Guangdong province has promised that its welcome for foreign investors will not change, whatever happens to the leadership in Beijing, but foreign businessmen and diplomats are unsure.

"Our reform and open-door policy will not change," Vice-Governor Yu Fei told 50 representatives of more than 30 firms with foreign investment in Guangdong.

"These policies have brought fast growth and great improvement in living standards. We will make them better," he said.

The representative of a US chemical firm said: "We have confidence in Guangdong where our factory makes a world class product. But the power struggle in Beijing is not finished. Maybe all the deals we have done with Guangdong will be cancelled and the power taken back by Beijing.

"Our attitude is wait and see and no new investment for the moment."

The representative of a major Japanese trading house said it would not go ahead with any new investment until the situation became clearer.

Official figures published in Friday's *Nanfang Daily* show foreign investment in Guangdong in the first five months of US$1.1 billion, more than double the equivalent period last year.

Exports by firms with foreign investment were US$500 million, up 81 percent.

Lou Yuhua, general manager of Guangdong Foreign Investment Service Centre, denied there would be any change in policy.

"The open-door and reform are national policies and do not depend on any individual," Mr Lou said, puffing an imported cigarette.

"It is also in line with the development of the world economy."

He said the policy predated the arrival of Zhao Ziyang as premier and would outlast him if he loses or has already lost his post as Communist Party chief.

Mr Zhao, who spent much of his professional life in Guangdong, was behind the reform policies which brought prosperity to the province.

"Mr Zhao is finished," said a Western diplomat.

"His fall may bring the downfall of those associated with him, including those in Guangdong.

"The new leaders do not want to move to the market economy Mr Zhao envisioned.

"Many provinces are jealous of Guangdong's wealth and privileges. The new leaders may listen to them."

China's financial future – Pages 16,17

## Berlin aircraft blaze claims 5

EAST BERLIN: At least five people were killed and 13 others badly injured yesterday when a Soviet-built airliner belonging to the East German carrier Interflug caught fire on take-off at East Berlin's Schoenefeld airport.

The Moscow-bound Ilyushin-62 aircraft, carrying 103 passengers and a crew of 10, ran off the runway and into a field before breaking into several pieces and bursting into flames, the East German news agency ADN reported.

Most of the passengers managed to escape from the burning aircraft down emergency chutes.

The cause of the accident is unknown.

ADN said many passengers owed their lives to the fact that fuel in the right wing tanks failed to catch fire.

Guenther Diethard, an Interflug safety expert said the aircraft was entirely destroyed by the blaze.

Renate Lazer, a woman passenger on the way to spend her holidays in the Ural mountains, told ADN "there was no panic" after the accident "and everyone tried to help save their neighbours. I even saw a pilot, with his head covered in blood, trying to rescue people."

## Live bomb a fright for worker

**A BUILDING worker had a narrow escape at Sham Shui Po yesterday when he dug up a bomb later certified as an "active military device".**

**The bomb was unearthed about 2 pm by Mr Ho Kam-chuen, who was operating a dredger at a building site next to Sham Shui Po pier.**

**Mr Ho, 30, said a strange object was found in a load he had dredged up.**

**"My experience told me immediately that it could be dangerous and I immediately called the police who confirmed my fears," he said.**

**Mr Ho said he had found a bomb while working at another building site only few months ago.**

**But this was the first time he had dug up a live bomb.**

**The 50 kilogramme bomb is believed to have been dropped by the US airforce during World War II, according to police ballistics officer, Mr Robert Holland.**

**Mr Holland said the bomb was still live although it had been buried for decades.**

**The bomb was later disposed of in the open sea off the territory's southernmost Po Toi Islands by Marine Police.**

## Soviets admit to 1957 nuclear plant explosion

MOSCOW: Ending a 32-year cover-up, the Soviet Union has acknowledged that a nuclear waste explosion in 1957 forced the evacuation of more than 10,000 people and left hundreds of square miles of territory uninhabitable for many years.

Knocking one more episode off the once-long list of Soviet secrets, an obscure official gave details of the disaster at a news conference in Chelyabinsk, 100 kilometres from the accident site in the Ural mountains.

Mr Boris Nikipelov, the first deputy minister for machine-building, said that a container holding radioactive waste from a nuclear weapons factory exploded in September 1957, the official news agency Tass reported.

It left a trail of contamination about 10 kilometres wide and 100 kilometres long, Mr Nikipelov said.

He said, according to Tass, that there were "no casualties."

The radioactivity released totalled 2 million curies, or 25 times less than the 50 million curies which were released in the April 1986 accident at the nuclear power plant in Chernobyl in the Ukraine, according to the report.

Mr Nikipelov made the disclosure as part of a public debate over the construction of a nuclear power plant near the accident site in the southern Urals.

He said that officials hope to take advantage of the presence in the area of specialists in radiation and nuclear power as a result of continuing research and monitoring of the disaster site.

In addition, he said, a new reactor would make it possible to evaporate contaminated water supplies in the area.

News of the Ural disaster appears likely to intensify the already heated battle over the future of nuclear power in the Soviet Union.

The accident has long been the subject of research and speculation in the West, most notably in Zhores Medvedev's 1979 book, *Nuclear Disaster in the Urals*.

Mr Medvedev, a Soviet-born biologist, was stripped of his citizenship in 1973 and lives in England.

His detective work, which was sceptically received by some Western scientists, seems to have been very much on target in describing the nature, site and scale of the accident, which cost more than US$300 million in clean-up bills.

Mr Medvedev had concluded that such an accident must have claimed human casualties.

Mr Medvedev pointed to the awarding of a Lenin Prize to a deputy minister of health who had developed a method of treating radiation sickness as providing indirect evidence that the accident had taken place.

He also quoted the testimony of Soviet emigres who had lived in the area and recalled hearing of hundreds or thousands of people hospitalised with radiation sickness after the accident.

Mr Medvedev got much of his information from CIA documents on the disaster, obtained through the US Freedom of Information Act.

The CIA had received extensive information on the accident shortly after it occurred.

But it had declined to disclose it publicly because of potential danger to its sources in the Soviet Union.

– Washington Post

## Hongkong plans repatriation talks

By Jeremy Lau

HONGKONG is to try and strike a private deal with Hanoi over the repatriation of Vietnamese boat people.

Security Secretary Geoffrey Barnes announced yesterday that bilateral talks will be held in Hanoi next week.

The June 26 meeting of political advisers from the two governments was fixed following last week's International Conference on Indochinese refugees in Geneva.

"What they want now is action not words," the Security Secretary said on his return to Hongkong.

"I think this gives some hope for the future. Our aim with Vietnam will be to get something going as soon as we can."

Mr Barnes said he expected the Hanoi meeting to result in "more action".

After the Geneva conference, at which Vietnam rejected enforced repatriation, Hanoi nevertheless agreed to hold bilateral talks on any suggestion to solve the boat people with any involved country.

Mr Barnes will be joined in Hanoi by the Government's political adviser, Mr Richard Clift.

The Hongkong Government's ultimate goal is to resettle or repatriate all refugees and non-refugees stranded here, he said.

The international community will meet to discuss alternatives to voluntary repatriation in October, but he said: "We can't wait for that. We've got to get on with the task ourselves.

"We've made this quite clear to everybody and Vietnam understands it."

Yesterday, 386 boat people arrived, bringing the total number of arrivals this year to 20,344.

See Comment Page 12

## Slow moving post

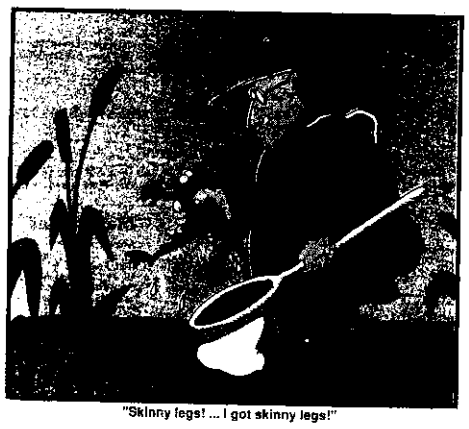
LONDON: Staff at the Mount Pleasant postal sorting office in London first became suspicious when a brown paper parcel started to move.

Packages don't move quickly through the post office at the best of times, but this one was frisky.

An X-ray revealed a deadly gila monster wrapped in a sock.

An investigation led to an address in Hampshire and to Peter Cooke, a salesman, who admitted he had sent rattlesnakes and poisonous lizards through the post on a US trip.

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON



"Skinny legs! ... I got skinny legs!"

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14954期（代号1—1）

1989年6月19日 星期一 己巳年五月十六

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴转多云 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 32℃ 最低 19℃

人民日报社出版


### 崔国政刘国庚李国瑞在平息反革命暴乱中英勇牺牲

# 杨尚昆会见三位烈士亲属

## 说我们的军队不愧为人民的子弟兵人民民主专政的柱石

新华社北京6月18日电　国家主席、中央军委副主席杨尚昆，今天下午在会见平息首都反革命暴乱中英勇牺牲的崔国政、刘国庚、李国瑞三位烈士的亲属时说，三位同志为保卫党中央、保卫首都，保卫人民共和国而献身，这是你们三个家庭的光荣，也是我们全军的光荣。

杨尚昆代表中央军委、代表邓小平主席向三位烈士的亲属表示亲切慰问，对三位烈士的牺牲表示沉痛哀悼。

下午4时，三位烈士的六位亲属来到中央军委的会议室里，杨尚昆和他们一一握手，并向他们介绍了参加会见的共产智、刘华清、秦基伟、迟浩田、杨白冰、赵南起等军委领导同志。

杨尚昆接着讲话。他说，我们代表军委和邓小平主席感谢你们三位烈士的亲属，感谢你们为国家、为人民培养了这样的好战士、好儿子。你们三家出了三个英雄，是你们三家的光荣，是解放军的光荣，是国家的光荣。三位烈士的名字都有一个“国”字，他们都是爱国新人。

杨尚昆说，平息这样一场反革命暴乱，免不了要付出一些代价，应该说付出的代价不小，对你们三家来说更不小。我们的战士为什么挨打，你们的亲人为什么惨遭杀害，是因为指战员们怕伤害市民和青年学生。三位牺牲的同志，还有其他的烈士，其正是为保卫人民、维护首都的社会秩序而来的。他们都是在严格执行勉受人民这个宗旨下牺牲的。他们牺牲得很英勇，这表明我们的军队不愧为人民的子弟兵，不愧为人民民主专政的柱石。近几天，北京街头对死难烈士的悼念活动非常感人。这些活动完全是自发的，这说明广大人民群众对党中央、国务院、中央军委关于平息反革命暴乱的决策是坚决拥护的，也说明人民群众是不会忘记这些为人民利益而牺牲的坚强战士的。

杨尚昆副主席在向烈士亲属介绍北京平息反革命暴乱的情况时说，一段时期，北京乱得不得了。如果不采取果断措施，后果将不堪设想。他勉励烈士亲属说，要永远记住，共产党不能推翻，人民共和国不能推翻。他说，我深信，有广大人民、广大党员的支持，有解放军的捍卫，我们中国共产党和中华人民共和国是绝不会被推翻的。杨尚昆还一一询问了三位烈士亲属生活、工作和身体情况，勉励他们化悲痛为力量，节哀、保重。

崔国政烈士的母亲高桂琴握着杨尚昆副主席的手说，平息首都的反革命暴乱，保住了人民的江山，这是党的英明决策。我代表全家向党中央、国务院、中央军委，向邓主席表示感谢。她请杨尚昆副主席向邓小平主席问好，并望他保重身体。

刘国庚烈士的父亲刘志荣，是一位为建立新中国而战斗过的老战士、二等甲级残废军人。他向杨尚昆等中央军委领导同志说，我儿子为国为民而死，死得其所，死得光荣。我感到自豪。李国瑞的二哥李国威代表他生病的母亲向邓小平主席、杨尚昆副主席问好，并表示希望让他的小弟李国忠继承李国瑞的遗志，参军入伍，为捍卫党和人民的利益继续战斗。

参加会见三位烈士亲属的，还有烈士生前所在部队和家乡政府的领导同志。会见结束时，杨尚昆等军委领导同志同烈士亲属合影留念。

国家主席、中央军委副主席杨尚昆在北京会见崔国政烈士的母亲高桂琴。　新华社记者　吴幽辉摄

国家主席、中央军委副主席杨尚昆在北京会见刘国庚烈士的父亲刘志荣。　新华社记者　吴幽辉摄

# 外贸出口保持好势头

## 出口下降局面基本扭转

本报讯　我国出口下降局面已基本扭转。5月份全国出口额达85亿美元，比去年同期增长7.8%；进口额31.7亿美元，比去年同期增长11.9%。

虽然自4月中旬以后出现了动乱，但经广大干部和职工的共同努力，今年1至5月份，全国累计出口达356.4亿美元，与去年同期基本持平，达到了平均每日出口1亿美元的奋斗目标，全国进口累计达140.1亿美元，比去年同期增长14.5%。全国省市区到用外资工作也取得较大进展。头4个月全国利用外资协议金额为45.8亿美元，比去年增长47.5%。新批准举办外资投资企业2001个。

### 现金回笼增加　储蓄稳步增长

# 货币金融形势进一步好转

本报北京6月17日讯　中国人民银行总行负责人今天下午在北京发表谈话指出，今年头5个月我国货币金融形势进一步好转，现金回笼大量增加，城乡储蓄存款稳步增长，夏季农副产品收购将不会出现打“白条”现象。

今年1月至5月，全国现金净回笼97亿元，比去年同期多回笼109亿元。头5个月全国银行和信用社增加储蓄存款527亿元，比去年同期多增加231亿元。6月上旬曾一度下降的储蓄存款，现在已重新回升。

现在是夏季农副产品收购旺季。中国人民银行负责人对此表示，今年各专业银行广开渠道筹集资金。到目前为止，夏季粮油等主要农副产品收购资金已经基本落实。5月底，各专业银行在中央银行的存款准备金已达418亿元，足够保证夏季收购的资金需要。今年夏季农副产品收购不会因为资金不足出现打“白条”现象。

中国人民银行负责人强调，全国货币金融形势的进一步好转和稳定，将有利于社会经济的稳步发展。人民银行和各专业银行将继续贯彻紧缩方针，同时注意调整信贷结构。对此，我们是有信心的。

（张健东）

# 水路公路运输创佳绩

## 外贸货物吞吐量完成过半

本报讯　今年5月以来，全国交通系统职工排除动乱影响，坚守岗位，严守纪律，保持水路公路运输畅通。1至6月上旬，江海港口完成吞吐量总计2.55亿吨，为年计划的48.1%，其中外贸货物吞吐量提前完成上半年计划，为年计划的51%。5月份水运货运量完成2091万吨，超月计划19%，比去年同期增长5%，其中粮食运输创历史最好水平。公路部门完成旅客周转量166.7亿人公里，货物周转量85.2亿吨公里。和去年同期相当。

# 我国对外发射服务进展顺利

本报北京6月18日讯　记者张何平报道：从航空航天工业部获悉，由航空航天部万源工业公司承担的对外发射服务工程的各项任务进展顺利。

万源工业公司研制的长征二号捆绑火箭，将用于发射澳大利亚奥塞特公司的通信卫星；长征三号火箭将用于发射亚洲卫星公司的通信卫星。目前，在全国各有关地区、部门的大力支持和协同下，这两型火箭的研制生产正按预定计划进行。其中，有的正在进行组合装配，开展总装前的检查工作；有的正在进行各项加工生产和各种大型地面试验。

最近，在北京发生动乱和反革命暴乱的情况下，万源工业公司的广大工程技术人员和职工，克服困难，坚守岗位，日以继夜地工作，保证了国家重点工程任务的顺利进行。他们满怀信心地表示：决不会让对外发射服务工程在我们这里搞点，要以实际行动为国争光。

# 相信中国开放政策不会改变

## ——一些外商对在华投资有信心

据新华社北京6月18日电　综合本社记者发来的报道，最近一些外商表示对在中国投资有信心。

本社记者纪静如从杭州发来的报道说，前些日子曾要求推迟来杭进行商务活动或延缓开具信证的有些海外客商，近几天又来电订购商品、要求报价；有的客商还来杭签订新的购货合同或汇来预付款。

杭州市粮油土畜产进出口公司从6月5日至7日收到了联邦德国、马来西亚和香港等地的客商寄来的4份信用证及汇款，要求发去扇茹片、羽毛、酒、紫砂壶等总值31.55万美元的商品。几天来，这家进出口公司商务活动渐趋正常。

本社记者夏儒阳从上海发来的报道说，一度冷清的上海外国投资工作委员会的办公室，现在又重新热闹起来。6月13日上午，当记者到达里听取工作人员李关良介绍外商投资情况时，经常被前来联系业务的人打断。不少外商表示相信中国对外开放的方针不会变，而且有能力渡过当前的难关。有的外商明确表示，上海仍然是他们理想的投资场所。最近荷兰光纤公司决定与上海合资成立“上海爱得恩通信设备有限公司”，并在沪举行了签字仪式。加拿大汉德尔顿的输工程有限公司老板姚诚来沪洽谈轮胎翻新合资项目，中途被公司董事会调回，让他取消向上海投资。但他据理力争，董事会只好作出决定，以他个人财产作抵押向上海投资。姚诚在最近的来信中说明了这些情况，表示他的愿望一定会很快实现。中途离沪的美国万象联合公司代表，最近也来信称赞上海对合资的诚意，他们表示不久便来护整洽谈生意。联邦德国、澳大利亚、美国、日本等已经在上海投资办了合资企业的几家大公司，目前还直接向朱焰基市长表示，继续向上海投资。

据本社驻深圳记者何广怀报道，这段时间，在深圳的69多家日资企业没有一家把人员撤走。一些日本客商表示，他们没有动摇对深圳的投资信心。此间经济界人士指出，日本目前已成为深圳最重要的外资来源之一，地产、电子、机械、食品、印刷、化工、渔业、服装等行业均有日商涉及，大部分日资企业都取得了良好的经济效益。日本精工集团实地调查后认为，在深圳投资办厂的综合成本要比日本同类厂低1/3，而且，中国劳动力素质相当好。

—◁●▷—　　—◁●▷—

# 北京又抓获一些暴徒和不法分子

新华社北京6月17日电　近日，在反革命暴乱中打砸抢烧的一些暴徒和进行反革命煽动的不法分子，先后被公安机关抓获归案。

被抓获的暴徒白俊勇，男，61岁，自1956年以来曾因流氓、杀人未遂等罪行先后多次被劳动教养、判刑。6月4日，白犯自以为报复政府的时机已到，便拿到木棒地游荡到，用军营市、槽被先后能砸或严部队的独甲车两辆，并抢得军用服装、皮带等军用物品带回家中，同时还在现场造谣惑众，散布反革命言论。

由石景山公安分局抓获的案犯衡毅军，是北京科技大学分校矿冶系87级学生，6月3日晚11时，当戒严部队行进到石景山区老山受阻时，他穿过极塞地用石块猛砸被堵截的军车，后用汽油点燃棉丝将12辆军车烧毁。

案犯衡恩森，是北京市第六建筑公司工人，6月4日早8时许，见几辆军车停在老山马路中间，就扯着嗓子高喊：“城里的军车都烧了，这些车还留着它干什么！”一连喊了四五遍，大肆进行反革命煽动。之后，几个暴徒便将这些军车烧毁。

经群众检举，由公安机关抓获的犯罪分子吴比元，女，46岁，中科院半导体研究所实验师。吴自6月3日以来，先后在西单、六部口一带造谣、传谣，进行煽动，并于6月6日聚集一伙人冲砸交通中队，说是面对有防暴警察。她还造谣说军车不是被烧的，是军队自己烧的，并在西单路口对一些正在推车设置路障的人说，你们不能横放，要竖着放，这样军车才撞不翻。当一些暴徒烧车被不着时，她又大喊，铁皮点不着，枯被上才能烧着呢。

目前，对以上案犯都在进一步审查中。

# 首都少数民族代表慰问部队

## 向各族人民的忠诚卫士致敬

新华社北京6月17日电　首都少数民族慰问团今天慰问了执行戒严任务的亲人解放军。慰问团向戒严部队赠送的锦旗上写着“各族人民的忠诚卫士”。

首都少数民族慰问团由几十个民族的120多位知名人士和代表组成。今天下午，国家民委主任司马义·艾买提带领慰问团来到天坛公园时，受到了驻扎在这里的戒严部队某部宫兵的热烈欢迎。部队领导向慰问团介绍了执勤情况。

慰问团把一条条洁白的哈达、一顶顶新疆花帽、一个个象征吉祥、幸福的绣球，一杯杯醇香的美酒，一支支动听的歌，献给部队官兵。祈年殿广场掌声雷动，“向戒严部队致敬”“军民一家人”的欢呼声响成了一片。

在热烈的掌声中国家民委副主任赵延年代表慰问团宣读了慰问信。他说，我们社会主义祖国的武装力量是民族生存的可靠后盾，实现祖国“四化”大业，坚强柱石。让我们紧密地团结在党中央周围，一手并肩，坚决贯彻邓小平同志6月9日的重要讲话精神，以经济建设为中心，坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，为维护祖国统一和增强各族人民的大团结，为建设富裕、民主、文明的社会主义现代化强国而努力奋斗。

戒严部队某部政委王玉发代表部队全体官兵向慰问团表示热烈欢迎和衷心感谢。他说，在这场政治斗争中，全国各族人民是我们的坚强后盾，是我们取得胜利的精神支柱。各族人民的心同子弟兵的心连在一起了。他表示，要认真学习邓主席的重要讲话，同各族人民紧密团结在一起夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利。

参加慰问的有伍精华、江家福、卓加、陈欣、张竹、包玉山、海杰、田富达、秦仓、安士伟、沙之源、赵书、白音等，国家民委机关各司、厅、室的负责同志和中央民族学院、中央民族歌舞团、民族文化宫、民族翻译局、民族出版社、《民族团结》杂志社、《民族画报》、北京市民委等首都和来自全国部分地区的少数民族代表。

中央民族歌舞团的文艺工作者和中央民族学院音乐舞蹈系的学员们为部队演出了精彩的文艺节目。

# 水利部抓紧防汛抗洪

## 黄河首次洪峰安全下泻

本报讯　水利部切实抓紧抓实当前的防汛抗洪工作，确保大江大河和重要城市的防汛安全，保证今年的农业丰收，为稳定局势做贡献。

目前，我国各大江河进入了汛期。为了做好今年的防汛工作，从5月11日起，国家防汛总指挥部提前一个月开始24小时昼夜值班，保证汛期正常的指挥调度。6月6日至7日，淮河上游发生了今年第一次洪峰，经过几天几夜的指挥和调度，已安全下泻。现在，各项防汛物资、器材已储备完毕，应急的车辆和油料及预拨的3000万元应急工程经费已提前一个半月陆续下达。

（丁　拿）

# 总结经验教育好下一代

## 国家教委十八位老干部座谈提出

本报讯　中共中央政治局委员、国务委员、国家教委主任李铁映6月18日上午与原教育部副部级以上的18位老干部一起，来到首都戒严部队某部驻地，看望、慰问了为平息反革命暴乱作出贡献的解放军指战员。

原中纪委委员、教育部副部长杨意龙代表老干部们向戒严部队指战员表达了内心的感激之情。他说，在党中央、国务院、中央军委的领导下，人民解放军、武装警察和公安干警，一举粉碎了反革命暴乱。党、政府、人民是感谢的，人民是永远不会忘的。

原教育部副部长、党组书记、老教育家董纯才激动地朗诵了他赠给戒严部队指战员的一首诗《雄师颂》：长征precedes风，伏虎九字红，驱妖清毒雾，青史写新功。但有雄师在，江山百世彦。

参加慰问戒严部队的老同志还有张承先、杨海波、郭明秋、臧伯平、张文松、黄辛白等。国家教委副主任朱开轩也参加了慰问。

最后，在李铁映的指挥下，在场的800余名解放军指战员与老同志们一起共唱歌曲《没有共产党就没有新中国》。慰问在宏亮的歌声和热烈的掌声中结束。

慰问结束后，李铁映同志又与这些老同志进行座谈。座谈中，这些老同志一致表示坚决拥护党中央、国务院、中央军委平息首都反革命暴乱的英明决策和邓小平同志的重要讲话。同时提出，要原则进行反思，认真总结经验教训，切实加强思想政治教育，坚持社会主义教育阵地，教育好我们的下一代。

# 《美国之音》继续造谣

新华社北京6月17日电　此间有关人士指出，《美国之音》今天偷梁换柱，继续散布所谓解放军“血洗”天安门广场的谎言，攻击中国。《美国之音》还公然对上海判处3名纵火焚烧列车的歹徒死刑横加指责。

《美国之音》在今天的广播中说：“中国政府企图使人相信：在军队6月3日晚上开进北京的时候，没有一个人被打死。”

有关人士指出，《美国之音》又在制造谎言。中国政府从来没有说过在平息6月3日至4日北京发生的反革命暴乱中没有死一个人。国务院发言人宣布早在6月5日的记者招待会上就已公布了平息暴乱中的伤亡情况，并说经过核实，在死亡的近800人中包括解放军官兵、罪有应得的一小撮歹徒和少数误伤的市民和学生。至于天安门广场的情况，出席记者招待会的戒严部队某部政治主任张工曾介绍说，在清理天安门广场的过程中，没有一人被打死，学生是比较有组织地打着旗从广场的东南角离开了广场。

中国的新闻机构已多次播放了当时天安门广场清场的实况录像和目击者的谈话来证实事态和死工的介绍。

但《美国之音》以及其他西方和港台新闻机构却无视这一事实，无中生有地散布谎言说，解放军“血洗”了天安门广场，并打死了1400人至3000人。他们还声称有现场录像。有关人士说，既然如此，《美国之音》等为什么不把你们的当天天安门广场现场录像拿出来证明你们所散布的伤人听闻的数字不是谎言呢？

有关人士指出，《美国之音》今天抛出了一个所谓“刚从中国回到美国”的克莱斯·大卫的美国留学生的谈话，想来证实自己的谎言。这位16岁的在北师大留学的美国学生说什么“一个当自由报纸《美国之音》把这位美国青年道听途说的谣言说成是“亲眼看到了北京天安门广场发生的事情”，未免太不实事求是了。

上海市中级人民法院16日依法判处3名放火焚烧9节列车车厢、6辆警用摩托车和900袋邮件、殴打公安消防人员的歹徒死刑。对于这些证据确凿、在现场抓获的歹徒，作为美国政府喉舌的《美国之音》，今天却援引白宫发言人菲茨沃特的话，把他们说成是“运用基本人权的人”，认为对他们判处死刑“是可悲的”。

此间有关人士指出，焚烧列车和邮件在《美国之音》和白宫发言人的心目中竟然成了“运用基本人权”，真是太荒唐了！如果美国的法律认为这些暴行是什么“基本人权”，那你们就尽管在美国去“运用”吧，这在中国是丝毫也行不通的。

### 毛里塔尼亚政府表示

# 希望中国政局稳定

新华社努瓦克肖特6月17日电　毛里塔尼亚政府军事委员会成员、卫生和社会事务部长恩迪亚耶·卡内今天在这里说，毛里塔尼亚对中国政府平息了一场反革命暴乱表示高兴，并希望中国政局稳定。

卡内部长是在接见中国驻毛里塔尼亚大使柳白时作出上述表示的。他说，他的国家将站在中国一边，支持中国政府。毛政府对中国最近发生的事件感关注又担心。主要是担心中国出现无政府状态，经济发展受到阻碍。他相信中国能够不断进步。在此之前，毛政国军委会成员、装备部长迪耶格·奥马尔·哈罗纳和新闻部长穆斯塔法·乌尔德·阿贝达拉赫曼在会见柳白大使时也表示，毛里塔尼亚从国家元首塔亚主席到普通公民都希望中国稳定。他们还表示不大相信西方新闻媒介对中国局势的报道，并相信中国政府和人民能够找到解决自己问题的方法，实现自己的奋斗目标。

# 四十个非洲国家呼吁发展经济要保护环境

新华社坎帕拉6月17日电　非洲环境与持久发展部长会议17日在这里闭幕时通过了一项宣言，呼吁在努力发展经济的同时，立刻采取行动保护非洲环境。

宣言说，与会的40个非洲国家部长们识到了环境保护对于非洲大陆经济和社会发展，及对于非洲人民及其子孙后代生存而极端重要性，在决策在所有的经济发展计划中考虑环境因素。

# 大公報

Ta Kung Pao

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## 新聞簡報

# 中國加强管制公民出境
# 持護照者須再領出境證

## 明起實施　外電稱爲防民運人士外逃

【合衆國際社北京十八日電】中國當局在一項試圖進一步抑壓不同政見者及遏阻那些曾參與民主運動人士的行動中，宣佈對希望離境的中國人實施新規例。

國家電台星期日宣佈新的規例，宣佈先前發出的出境許可證無效，所有護照持有人出境需要取得公安局新的許可證。

電台說，新的護照須領取特別出發通行證，此舉顯然在於防止批評者逃離中國。

【本報香港十八日電】請外國簽證之前本來已經很難獲得的中國簽證，現在變得更加困難。

據中國官員稱，中國駐外使館人員將要求申請人提供邀請函，以使他們離開中國。

新的護照規例，世界銀行官員表示不會受到政治問題影響。

世界銀行間的合作將是幫助中國發展農業計劃。

會局宣佈初步日期在一星期後，目前中國大使館尚未確定宣佈該項日期。

【法新社廣盧第十八日電】盧盧駐中國留學生，大使館將對聚眾政治底牌的學生採取强硬立場。

中國大使館星期六發表聲明說，最近因北京事件在此間示威的學生不會喪失他們獲得國家經費的危險，任何人若須擔心他們返國後自己的前途。

但聲明補稱，「我們希望不會發生任何學生要求採取政治性的事件，倘若有這種事件發生，我們將無法進一步評論。」

【路透社華盛頓十八日電】民主黨衆議院領袖托馬斯·弗利星期天說，中國政府企圖否認北京天安門廣場發生大規模屠殺的說法是一個「最惡人心的謊言」。

弗利在全國廣播公司電視台新聞節目上說：「我們作為一個國家，對於鎮壓和對於殺的人死刑，弗利是說中國政府為該事件而感到羞恥與憤怒」。

弗利說，他認為第二號總統繼任人。

美國官員估計單單在鎮壓期間有三千至四千人死亡。中國將西方有關屠殺的說法是一個「最惡人心的謊言」。

弗利在全國廣播公司電視台新聞節目上說：「我們作為一個國家，對於鎮壓和對於殺的人死刑，弗利是說中國政府為該事件而感到羞恥與憤怒」。

弗利說，他認為第二號總統繼任人。

## 中國駐惠靈頓使館勸學生勿尋求庇護

### 否則將會採取「理虧嚴」處置

【本報香港十八日電】中國駐紐西蘭惠靈頓大使館，已向該國中國留學生發出警告，若他們尋求政治庇護，將會採取「理虧嚴」處置。

使館發言人說，使館將對聚眾政治底牌的學生採取强硬立場。

中國大使館星期六發表聲明說，最近因北京事件在此間示威的學生不會喪失他們獲得國家經費的危險，任何人若須擔心他們返國後自己的前途。

但聲明補稱，「我們希望不會發生任何學生要求採取政治性的事件，倘若有這種事件發生，我們將無法進一步評論。」

## 在粵省投資外商
## 部分停進料生產

### 寶安負責人致力穩定客商信心

【中新社廣州十八日電】廣東省對外經貿委一位官員對本社記者說，近一個多月以來，廣東的外商投資企業，運作基本正常。一些外商撤資或觀望，但涉及面不大。

這位官員介紹說，近一段時間以來，在粵投資的外商中，一些合資合作企業，部分外方技術人員和管理者暫時離開，這些外商，大多數正在觀望之中，但撤離廣東的外商投資企業人員，並不是很大面積的，且各方面正在做工作，歡迎這些客商繼續合作。

這位官員分析說，中外經貿人士及粵商都認為，港澳與廣東的經濟已密不可分，廣東經濟的發展，對港澳經濟有相當重要的影響，港澳客商多選擇廣東為投資地。因此，

## 軍博館外開公審會

### 約二十人被扣手銬在會上示衆

【美聯社北京十八日電】名列國慶期日報道，在北京市西區軍事博物館門外看來正在進行公審，大約二十名被綁上手銬的犯人，在大批士兵和市民面前進行示衆。

公安警察坐在一排椅子上，面對數十個犯人。則垂下頭。稍後，犯人被押上警車離去。警未知悉他們被控的罪名。附近一個地下鐵路站入口已遭破壞，街上佈滿玻璃碎片，警未知悉被毀事件與犯人被公審有否關連。

## 大街上公審

犯罪分子大會，星期四早上在北京軍事博物館門外舉行。海淀區是北京多所高等學府的地區。（美聯社）

## 世銀對華貸款談判
## 北京證實暫時延擱

### 涉及款項近三億美元

### 中國官員稱理解世銀需時間評估政局

【路透社北京十八日電】北京一名高級財政官員表示，中國政府武力鎮壓北京民主運動後，世界銀行已把北京的辦事處關閉，並停止貸款予中國。

這位官員說，世銀駐中國的常駐辦事處一直照常辦公，「而且，自六月五日以來，我們一直與這裏的世銀常駐辦事處的職員討論商業問題。」

世銀理事會於六月八日決定擱置就借款給中國作出決定，計劃中貸出的款項達二億三千萬美元，目的是幫助中國發展農業。

【本報香港十八日電】世界銀行原定六月十四日討論兩項總數二億三千萬美元左右貸款項目，旨在幫助中國的一個動工計劃和訓練計劃。但是，鑑於中國的局勢，世界銀行已決定暫停洽談這兩項貸款項目。

據悉，世銀一位副行長今（十）日在首都發生時，有人開槍射擊。

【法新社廣盧第十八日電】北京駐華使館人員今日表示，中國大使館將於星期一恢復正常辦公。

【路透社華盛頓十八日電】國務院今日表示，中國人對美國在北京的使館人員的攻擊，「令人髮指」，並要求中國政府採取行動，以保護美國人的生命財產。

國務院發言人鮑徹說：「我們對中國政府的要求，是要它採取行動，以保護美國人的生命財產。」

鮑徹說，美國駐北京使館人員的安全，「令人髮指」。

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## 鄂渝榕等地領導人
## 紛會外商重申開放

【中新社武漢十八日電】「我國政府已多次聲明，中國改革開放政策必須堅決貫徹執行，改革開放的政策不會改變，外商投資企業的合法權益一定受到保護，這一點是肯定的。」湖北省省長郭樹言今天不厭其煩地向外商投資者一再保證。

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【路透社北京十八日電】中國官員已經進行一次秘密接觸的運動，以說服北京的學生結束他們的絕食抗議。

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【法新社福州十八日電】福州市人民政府今日宣佈，市長陳光世對參加絕食抗議的學生採取同情的態度。

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## 拘捕行動續展開
## 又有十人昨被抓

【美聯社北京十八日電】官方新聞社今日報道，北京市郊去年十月一次大規模的逮捕行動後，又有十人昨日被捕。

【美聯社北京十八日電】官方新聞社今日報道，北京市郊去年十月一次大規模的逮捕行動後，又有十人昨日被捕。

## 中國投資代表團
## 訪問澳洲被取消

【法新社墨爾本十八日電】澳洲一家公司星期日宣布，一個由該公司組織的由三十名中國代表組成的投資代表團，已取消了訪問行程。

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## 北京政治氣候窺測

### 《華盛頓郵報》通訊社　約翰·伯吉斯

現在，民主運動起碼是在全面退卻之中。學生領袖都在逃亡。軍隊控制了北京，且向外擴展，事實證明，逃離緝捕和「反革命宣傳品」。

郊區，電視都播映出那些不實訊息的人，被扣上手銬腳鐐，帶他們開始新的一天。

北京一個店員說：「如果沒有那些壞分子，事生們就會好過一些。」

另外一些中國人聽不相信政府的宣傳，

## 三個其口乃求生之道

對那些沒有看上電視，聽到電台報道實況，主運動報道的人，上層的情況從另一些途徑

## 互相猜疑真相出現

政府開始重拾它的猜疑網絡。在民主進行期間，人們幾乎忘掉了有這麼個東西存在，政府這股以官方說法維持，讓人向警方檢舉

## 分析新政治氣候

在北京，仍然有很多分析家說，他們認為中國政府不會完全回復到文化大革命時那種瘋狂的程度。

雖然中國人沒有這項憲法的自由，他們自由，他們可以挑自己愛的衣服，交自己愛交的朋友，工資是按什麼就計什麼。

而且，中國政府似乎認識到，要繼續十年成功發展所賴的經濟政策，中國必須與其他國家保持友好關係，保持一個開明的人民受到良好教育。

因此，某些中國人認為，這次鎮壓和由此產生的公衆情緒，不會發展到過去那麼嚴重。

在國營電視台上播完又播，這是政府要中國市民相信沒有大屠殺的努力之一。中國的官方傳媒都不報道平民的死亡。

北京一個店員說：「如果沒有那些壞分子，事生們就會好過一些。」

另外一些中國人聽不相信政府的宣傳，

## 楊尚昆等軍委要員
## 慰問喪生士兵家屬

【中新社北京十八日電】今天下午四時，楊尚昆、洪學智、劉振清、秦基偉、遲浩田、楊白冰、姚依林等軍委領導人會見了平息北京暴亂中英勇犧牲的劉廣庆、程維政、李國強烈士的家屬。

楊尚昆代表軍委主席鄧小平向烈士家屬表示深切的慰問。三位烈士是解放軍的光榮，全國人民的光榮，是你們家屬的光榮，希望你們化悲痛為力量。

## 會集教倫僑華英旅
## 哀悼北京被殺學生

### 藝人爲遇難曲撰會輓出唱《黃民怒》

【本報記者黃金新倫敦十八日電】在倫敦的華僑，部分僑領，以及此間華商專業人士今日下午在倫敦華埠舉行追悼會，沉痛悼念六月四日慘遭屠殺的北京學生，這是中國開始變化以來，首次由當地華僑發動，組織的公開悼念活動。

參與者來自國華僑民族情感，位於倫敦中華兒女英魂的祭壇，從中午時分起，英國僑團、華人商號、紛紛上花圈，花團錦簇，布滿一地，前往憑弔祭者絡繹不絕。其中許多是從外地到倫敦唁人街購物的華人，一家大小，在祭壇前上香，鞠躬，對遇難者致哀。

追悼會於下午二時開始，許多僑領華人街中心的兩座石獅子，今日成為哀悼黑領帶，臂纏黑紗，戴花，儀式莊嚴肅穆。

倫敦共和協會會長陳光大會主致悼詞，悼民主愛國英魂，斥責政府暴戾，老華僑廖鴻基代表與會者默哀致哀示，這是英國華僑在平集一次與這樣性質的追悼會

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙頭　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

星期一　19　六　一九八九年　月　日　星期六　十七月五日己巳

港第一第字一四一七〇號

今日分張六大紙出二張半

一九八九年六月十九日　（己巳年五月十七日）　星期一

文匯報

重要新聞　一版—二版


## 嚴防異己外逃　明起實施新規定

# 內地加强管制公民出境

## 凡出國者須經雙重審查

### 獲外國簽證者要再向公安局領出境證

【合衆國際社北京十八日電】中國當局周日宣布對公民出國旅遊作出新的嚴格規定，從而使不同政見者更難躲避全國搜捕行動。

政府宣布了中國人出國的新規定，這些措施旨在幫助保安部隊找出逃亡的民主運動活動分子和鎮壓不同政見者。

國家電台評論報道的新規定，取消以前簽發的出境通行證，並要求目前擁有人到公安局領取新通行證。

電台稱，新護照將於出境通行證一起簽發。出境通行證使持有人有資格獲外國簽證，獲得簽證後，持有人必須再到公安局要求第二份出境許可證。這些規定將在最短二年內生效。

## 文錦渡深圳加强邊檢

## 外逃者近有人被捕

### 當局不允透露是否包括學生領袖

【本報記者羅湖專電】旅客的檢查工作，並一票人在接受本報記者電話查詢時透露，加強檢查措施是根據公安部日前發出的關於深圳邊防檢查站負人士。

深圳邊防檢查站負責人士表示，目前防止外逃人員和攜帶的貨幣的檢查及對出境

北京海淀區周日上午在中華博物館外面舉行「反革命分子」公審大會，一名市民斷肖像經過戒備森嚴的會場。（美聯社傳真）

外逃的通知作出的。

據悉，在文錦渡口檢查，在文錦渡客運站抓獲一些企圖外逃的人士。

要防「暴亂分子」

要嚴防「暴亂分子」外逃的通知作出的。

據悉，在文錦渡口檢查，在文錦渡客運站抓獲一些企圖外逃的人士。

閘被拘者中是否有學生或工人領袖時，他則表示暫時不便透露。

記者亦日在羅湖的聯檢大樓所見，暫時仍未發現有對出境旅客作搜身檢查的現象，大樓內沙未見有持槍軍人，而可能因為最近旅客較少關係，出入境通道基本保持順暢，未見有阻滯現象。

另一方面，記者在文錦渡口站到了一些香港回機，攜貨現時每輛返港的貨車均要被重新檢查，一般要檢查一、兩分鐘，而滿載貨物的則可能長達十分鐘左右，但港關方面的檢查程序則和以前一樣，邊檢加强檢查的項目，包括「六四」前後入境的人士，尤其是學生，此其是學生，此其是學生，此

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# 鄧政權兇殘虛偽卑鄙
# 劉寶雁批只有兩年命

## 預測民運前景樂觀 但強調社會主義不變

（快報消息）兩度被中共開除出黨，有「良心作家」之稱的旅美人民日報記者劉賓雁，昨在華府舉行的一個記者會上，大膽預測以鄧小平為首的中國共產黨領導層，發動了屠殺學生的六四大屠殺，是外歷史所罕見，較毛澤東時代更不如，只是在目前環境，相信兩年內這政權會倒台。

不過，他仍然認為中國目前的政治制度，只會準行較史太林、毛澤東更反社主、更自由的社會主義模式，西方的資本主義社會是不符合中國的情勢的。

劉賓雁預測四個多月前組織學運的北京學生領袖王丹等人，將會在兩年內可以獲成心願。

他預料這個政權推不了二兩年便垮掉，是因為除了中共當權分裂嚴重之外，如就最客觀是否有一個反當權團一事推了一個月也仍未定案，說明中共內矛盾激化，分崩於上、下層，以至權力的核心。除了這些因素之外，還因為鄧小平在四個堅持的四、五位最高領導人，已是逼七十或八十歲，「相信就算是他們那天用氣功，最好的還只能活九十歲，因為他們做夢也想不到人民。」

劉賓雁指出，今次在前線實施鎮壓的學潮，在一九四九年代表開國的政權，是「同舟共濟」的革命同志，都是經過戰爭的考驗，他們是不會內鬥的。

他指出，今次在前線實施鎮壓的學潮，在一九四九年代表開國的政權，是「同舟共濟」的革命同志，都是經過戰爭的考驗，他們是不會內鬥的。

劉賓雁預測：六四天安門大屠殺，恐怕是中國歷史上、甚至世界人類歷史上罕見。

他認為六四大屠殺，是中國共產黨領導層的一個歷史性的理解，雖然很多青年的中國人對共產黨黑暗面，多少仍有有一點希望，至少對鄧小平個人，但現在一切都已過去。

## 比四人幫更兇殘

他稱兇殘，只是中國人的看法，如中國共其他社會主義國家的思想控制更嚴，但中國人思想有很多變化，仍把它當作最革命思想。且經歷了文革這樣大的一個鍛鍊，仍把它當作最先進革命思想。

就是毛澤東五十年代發動的政治運動，也表明「一個不殺、大部不抓」，但鄧小平卻來個屠殺，與歷史作對比，毛澤東還有過錯誤，但鄧小平卻是比四人幫更兇殘。

他說：「打倒四人幫有萬歲，如今才知『鄧小平集團比四人幫更凶殘。』

在血腥鎮壓之下，劉賓雁以為可能會有些人因為懼怕而不明真相，令這場民主運動暫時沉寂下來，但他堅信在中國人已從政治的意識時代，進入一個比較成熟的時期。「四九年以來，最偏狹的時代已經過去了，兩個堅持的四項原則，已經不能成為中國人的思想束縛，中國人已經有了自己的原子彈戒……，而是一個創造歷史的人物，但也可能不會實上就是一個安分

# 東方日報

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# 北京發改新出境證
# 嚴防民運分子潛逃

## 婦交出方勵之夫 速勿干政美國告警

（本報北京十八日電）中國官方報章周日報道，一些外國政府已停止向華貸款，世界銀行北京辦事處新任代表的消息，「停止貸款的含義是對中國有關新借款的拒絕。」

（新華社電）引述與外借款部門負責人員，「停止貸款的含義是對中國有關新借款的拒絕。」

（本報訊）據北京可靠消息，中國官方為應付今年的一項龐大財政開支，已決定增發人民幣三十八億元，以

明報·1989年6月19日 星期一

MING PAO DAILY NEWS

第31年·第31號
今天出紙六大張 $2.00

明報

# 北京收緊出國規定 出境許可証全作廢

## 防民運領袖潛逃 抗拒西方太平門

【本報本市訊】中國著名報告文學作家劉賓雁昨日表示，相信北京現時實施的戒嚴令只會維持一段時期，不會長期實施，因為戒嚴令只會令中國人民更加團結，而不會令人民屈服。

劉賓雁指出，北京大學生在六四事件中的表現，已令中國人民對學生的前途寄予厚望，相信學生的民主運動，最終必會取得勝利。

劉賓雁昨日在接受本報記者訪問時，就中國目前的政治形勢發表了他的看法。

劉賓雁指出，中國人民在這次學生運動中，已經看到了學生的團結和勇敢，令人民對學生的前途寄予厚望，相信學生的民主運動，最終必會取得勝利。

劉賓雁指出，雖然

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HONG KONG TIMES
中華民國臺灣地區政府新聞局局版臺業字第一四五二號登記為第二類報紙
中華郵政臺灣臺北第三四四號執照登記為第二類新聞紙
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元二角零售

# 各界發起港人救港運動
# 爭取97前建立民主政府
## 百萬人簽名支持促英廷履行責任

港人教援」簽名運動發起人之一盧

「港人教援」簽名運動發起人記者會。

【本報訊】「港人教援」簽名運動發起人之一盧瑞華醫生昨日表示，最快今晚或明日早上，發動中環、銅鑼灣、旺角及九龍塘等地的簽名站，展開為期兩星期的簽名運動，要求英國政府履行對港人的責任，讓港人有權選擇自己的前途。

盧瑞華表示，簽名運動的目標是收集一百萬個市民的簽名，以證明港人對香港前途的關心，並成立一個有廣泛代表性的組織，與英國政府談判。

盧瑞華說，「港人教援」簽名運動，要求英國政府實施加對香港的承諾，包括在九七前給予港人英國國民（海外）護照，及確保港人有權選舉自己的政府

# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 168 Price $3.00


## Hijacked airliner crashes

NICOSIA: An unknown number of gunmen seized an Afghan airliner yesterday and the plane crashed after "a clash" with the pilot, the official Iranian news agency reported.

It said the Soviet-built Antonov AN-26 airliner crashed near the city of Zabol in eastern Iran, near the Afghan border.

Early reports said there were 36 passengers aboard the 40-seat, short-haul aircraft. The civilian version of the plane, originally designed as a military transport, normally carries a crew of five or six.

The Prime Minister, Mr Hussein Musavi, sent his deputy premier for political affairs, Mr Alireza Moayyeri, to investigate the incident.

It was reported that 22 people, including the pilot, were rescued.

Associated Press

## Customs seize $20m ivory haul

CUSTOMS officers seized 448 ivory tusks weighing 3,743 kgs together with 1,200 kms of ivory products valued at $20 million at Kai Tak airport yesterday.

The ivory consignment was discovered during a check of goods in the Hongkong Air Cargo Terminal.

The confiscated goods were packed into eight consignments which had been declared as watches for export.

A customs spokesman said it was believed the ivory was to be smuggled to Japan.

Nobody had been arrested but investigations were continuing, he said.

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## WEATHER

Mainly fine at first. Cloudy with showers later. Max temp 30 degrees.

See Page 2.

# Dissident predicts early collapse of Deng regime

Chinese dissident Liu Binyan yesterday.

By WILLY WO-LAP LAM and TERRY LEUNG

CHINA'S Government led by senior leader Deng Xiaoping had "outdone Chairman Mao Tsetung in cruelty and terror" and the regime would collapse within two years, a prominent Chinese dissident said in Hongkong yesterday.

"The reactionary clique that is leading the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) has used brute force to squash the democracy movement at Tiananmen Square," Liu Binyan said.

"But there will be thousand upon thousand of Tiananmen Squares in the months to come."

He said yesterday that Mr Deng's clique was "cruel, duplicitous, and ruthless".

"It will use whatever means to achieve its selfish goals."

However, Liu predicted that the "reactionary cabal" will not last more than two years.

He said that after the Tiananmen massacre, the "credibility and trust enjoyed by the Deng regime is 30 times less than that during Mao's reign, while the level of popular resistance it faces is more than 10 times that during the Mao era."

He said the most likely way in which the regime would be toppled is by a "palace coup".

Liu, 62, a former investigative reporter at the *People's Daily*, the mouthpiece of the Chinese Communist Party, arrived on Saturday as the guest of the Hongkong Journalists' Association and the Foreign Correspondents' Club.

After a week of speeches, press conferences and journalism workshops, he will return to Harvard University, where he was a Nieman Fellow in Journalism during the last academic year.

Liu was expelled from the party in January 1987 for "spreading bourgeois liberalisation" and for allegedly instigating the student demonstrations of December 1986.

Although he has been out of the country for more than a year, Chinese sources say that he is high on the hit list of the Martial Law Command of Beijing and would face certain arrest if he returned to China.

Some of Liu's friends have asked the Hongkong police to give him protection during his stay.

"While Liu has not joined any anti-CCP political organisation in the US, he has actively spoken out against military repression by the Chinese Government," a Western diplomat in Hongkong said.

"Beijing is likely to be extremely unhappy over the fact that the British and Hongkong Governments have allowed him to come here and indirectly provided him with a forum to denounce the regime."

Liu said he believed the student movement had succeeded in galvanising a people who have long been dissatisfied with the corruption of the party and Government.

"The student movement in Beijing is a success. It is the first time in 40 years that the people stood up together to fearlessly denounce the regime," he said.

Liu said the democracy movement had helped the opposition train a new generation of leaders.

The student activists had gone underground, and were in the process of organising workers and farmers.

"One should not confine one's view to Tiananmen Square or to student activists," Liu said.

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 4)

# Survey finds one in six will leave

By BERNARD FONG

A MAJORITY of the people in Hongkong expect by 1997 to be in possession of a passport which will give them an escape route from Hongkong, an opinion poll published today reveals.

But only one out of six, however, said he or she would be using it to quit the territory.

This is still substantially higher than expert predictions that about 350,000 people would leave the territory over the next eight years.

Fifty-eight per cent of 620 respondents in an exclusive poll conducted for the *South China Morning Post* within a week of the massacre at Tiananmen Square said they expected to acquire foreign passports within the next eight years.

The figure suggests that up to three million Hongkong residents believe they are eligible for emigration.

The telephone poll was conducted by Inrasia Pacific between June 6 and 9.

The findings indicated that only 42 per cent of the Hongkong people said they were resigned to the fact that they had scant or no chance of emigrating.

## # POST POLL

These people were then asked whether they would use full British passports with right of abode in the United Kingdom should these be given.

Only four per cent said they would exercise that option, confirming the claim by the Hongkong Government that only a small minority would settle in the UK short of a disaster.


**INSIDE**

**Page 8:** Save HK bid
**Page 7:** Feng alert
**Page 10:** Editorial


Mr David Bottomley, managing director of Inrasia, said the poll proved that the expressed fear by British politicians that right of abode for Hongkong residents would trigger a massive influx of immigrants into the UK had been exaggerated.

While the granting of full British citizenship to Hongkong British passport holders would boost confidence, it was unlikely to prompt an exodus to the UK, Mr Bottomley said.

The Hongkong Government and the Office of the Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils are currently pressing the British Government to confer right of abode to 3.25 million local holders or people who are eligible for the British Dependent Territory Citizens passports.

The survey found that 15 per cent said they were likely to leave Hongkong by 1997. Prior to the Tiananmen Square incident 11 per cent said they would like to leave.

"Considering the high level of Hongkong emotions over the student massacre, it is not nearly as big an increase as might have been expected. The majority of Hongkong do not want to leave," Mr Bottomley said.

Only seven per cent said it was likely that Britain would accept them as immigrants, corroborating the impression that the UK did not rate highly as a potential new home to the people of Hongkong.

Fifteen per cent of the respondents regarded Australia as their first choice while 14 per cent gave the nod to Canada and 10 per cent to the United States.

Other preferred destinations included Switzerland, Taiwan, Singapore, Japan and New Zealand.

A group of mourners maintain a vigil under the Goddess of Democracy in Victoria Park. See Page 6.

## Lack of firemen causing alarm

By TOMMY LEWIS

THE Fire Services Department might have to suspend expansion programs throughout the territory if its recruitment targets are not met, a leading officer warned yesterday.

The Chief Fire Officer (Headquarters), Mr Raymond Johnston, said that owing to a shortage of experienced officers, the department might not be able to fully man its new stations round-the-clock unless the situation changes by the next financial year.

The department has to fill 98 vacancies for station officers, 376 for firemen, six for ambulance officers and 332 for ambulancemen before March 31 next year.

Even if all jobs could be filled, it would take some time for these officers to become operational, while they gain experience.

He said his department has numerous plans for future expansion, especially in the new towns being built.

But due to the manpower shortage, these would have to be suspended.

Mr Johnston said the department has drawn up plans to "size down" the number of officers in the Fire Protection Bureau, specialising in inspection and administration work.

This would mean that officers who carried out fire safety inspections in schools, restaurants and entertainment establishments before permits are issued, may be transferred to divisional fire stations to take up daily operations.

"The cut in the bureau's manpower would mean there will be greater delays in making the inspections and preparing reports which will cause further delays in schools and businesses starting operations," Mr Johnston said.

Official statistics showed that 66 senior officers, ranging from a deputy chief fire officer to station officer, had asked for their Certificate of Service, known as GF7, to enable them to emigrate to Canada and Australia.

People wishing to emigrate to the United States do not need this certificate.

Figures also showed that since January 1 last year, 17 of these officers had already left the department by either resigning or taking early retirement.

The majority went to Canada.

(Cont'd on Page 4, Col 8)


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LOUIS VUITTON
MALLETIER A PARIS
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# Student who defied tanks feared dead

**THE Chinese student who became an international symbol of bravery when he stood defiantly in front of a column of battle tanks near Tiananmen Square is feared to have been executed.**

**The student, named as Wang Weilin, 19, son of a Beijing factory worker, was arrested by secret police, London's *Sunday Express* reported yesterday.**

**Tens of millions of television viewers around the world saw the unarmed Wang confront 20 battle tanks the day after the Tiananmen Square massacre, yelling: "Go back. Turn around. Stop killing my people."**

**The newspaper said Wang was arrested in a street about three kilometres from where he brought the tanks to a standstill.**

**He was charged with being a "counter-revolutionary, a traitor and a political hooligan" and "attempting to subvert members of the People's Liberation Army".**

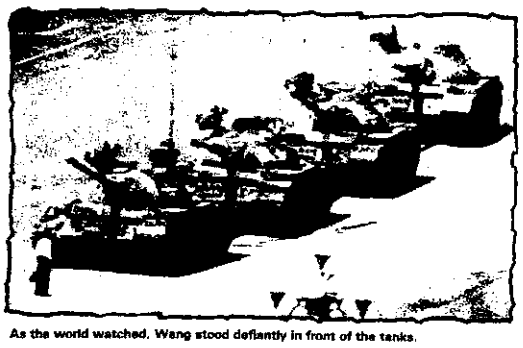
**Wang's friends had spotted him in a line-up of "dissidents" paraded on state television during the propaganda campaign against pro-democracy supporters.**

**Wang's head had been shaved, usually done in China only after a prisoner has been convicted and condemned.**

**One of Wang's friends said: "We fear he has been killed. He is the one person the authorities could never bring before a People's Court.**

**"He's a hero. If Wang was publicly executed, he would become a martyr and there would be a world outcry."**

**And the tank column commander who halted his tanks – sparing Wang's life – was said to have been demoted and rebuked by the Chinese authorities for being "guilty of bringing disgrace and worldwide loss of face to the People's Army".**



As the world watched, Wang stood defiantly in front of the tanks.

**The tank commander manoeuvred his tank to the right when he saw the white-shirted Wang, carrying a bag full of school books, standing defiantly in the way.**

**Wang stepped forward to confront the tank.**

**The tank commander responded by zigzagging his 36-tonne vehicle to the left.**

**He then climbed on to the turret and shouted at the soldiers inside to turn back.**

**When he climbed off, the first tank moved off – but Wang jumped in front of it.**

**The commander stopped his tank and emerged for a moment to order Wang to move. The teenager then rode his bicycle about 120 metres to a traffic policeman's dais and faced the tanks again.**

**When machine-guns opened fire, the crowd watching Wang ran off.**

**He stayed until four friends hauled him to safety.**

# Marcos undergoes another operation

HONOLULU: Former Philippine President Ferdinand Marcos has undergone an emergency operation to stop bleeding from a gastric ulcer and is in critical condition, a hospital spokesman said.

Marcos, 71, already suffering from kidney, lung and heart failure, was said after the 90-minute operation at the St Francis Medical Centre to be conscious but not fully alert.

"Mr Marcos' condition is very serious," spokesman Eugene Tiwanak said.

"Given the current condition of Mr Marcos and his kidneys, whenever you have something additional to that it really worsens his prognosis."

Marcos' wife, Imelda, went to the hospital after the operation to visit her husband in an intensive care unit.

Immigration officials at the weekend served Mrs Marcos with an order banning her from leaving Oahu. The travel ban requires her to request permission from the Honolulu immigration director in writing 48 hours before taking a trip.

The request must include the purpose of the travel, itinerary, all means of transport, who is providing it, its registration number, the crew's identities, and the number and identities of those in the travelling party.

The ban, similar to one issued for her husband 18 months ago, was issued because immigration officials "have reason to believe that you intend to depart in a manner which would be prejudicial to the interests of the US".

Marcos has been in the hospital for more than four months.

Nurses noticed on Saturday that Marcos was bleeding from his mouth. After it was found the blood was coming from a gastric ulcer, surgery was ordered.

Marcos underwent an operation on May 30 to drain an abscess on his pancreas and to reduce a fever.

He is linked to a respirator and he continues to have his blood cleansed on a kidney machine four times a week.

Marcos and his wife have been charged with stealing money and defrauding New York banks and Mrs Marcos accused US prosecutors on Thursday of hounding her husband on his death bed – "ready for the final kill".

Mrs Marcos was referring to a civil racketeering suit filed by federal prosecutors in New York so legal action could proceed if Marcos died.

Reuter

## Indonesia takes title

THE Indonesian men's team and the Canadian women's team yesterday unseated the seemingly invincible Shun De rowers of Guangdong in the International Dragon Boat races off Tsim Sha Tsui East.

Indonesia, which had won the Singapore championship last weekend, finished two seconds ahead of Shun De, winners for the previous four years.

More than 20 teams from countries including the US, Britain, Australia, New Zealand, Taiwan and the Philippines took part.

● Report: Page 3

Average daily sale last week 63,819

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE

# China reeling as lenders do an about-turn

By Yau Shing-mu

CHINA conceded yesterday that it was struggling to attract foreign funds.

The state news agency, Xinhua, quoting government officials, said some foreign governments had stopped issuing loans to China and the World Bank had suspended talks on new credits.

The moves are a severe setback to the government's attempt to convince the world that it is business as usual in China after the crackdown on students and the roundup of dissidents.

Xinhua quoted a senior official as condemning what he described as a "hasty decision" by foreign lenders.

"It will bring harm not only to China but also to lending countries," the agency quoted Mr Liu Zhicheng, director of the Foreign Financing Administration of the Ministry of the Foreign Economic Relations and Trade, as saying.

In a separate dispatch, Xinhua said the World Bank had postponed talks on a US$60 million (about HK$4.7 billion) agricultural loan originally scheduled for June 6.

The bank had also suspended negotiations on two loans totalling US$230 million for a power project and a training programme, the agency said.

But it quoted Mr Luo Qing, deputy director of the Finance Ministry's World Bank department as dismissing rumours that the bank had closed its Beijing office and decided to stop granting China new loans altogether.

"It is understandable that the World Bank has postponed consideration on approving new loans to China at the moment," he said.

"The bank needs to gain an understanding of the situation in the country so as to make its own judgment."

INSIDE:
■ Security chief set to replace Zhao
■ Bush blasts CIA for China blunder: **Page 7 ▶**
■ Open door just a rumour
■ Major shift in Asian relations: **Page 8 ▶**

So far in the year ending June 30, China had received US$2.1 billion in loan commitments, a 24 percent increase over a year earlier, Mr Luo said.

Loans for seven projects were still to be approved by the bank, he said.

Eight World Bank missions were in China doing feasibility studies on potential projects when riots broke out in Beijing on June 3, he said.

Mr Liu said some foreign governments had told China they would continue economic cooperation and provide loans.

"China's open policy will not be changed, but instead will be improved. The ministry (of foreign economic relations and trade) will continue to develop economic and trade relations with foreign countries," Xinhua quoted him as saying.

Mr Liu did not specify which countries had stopped issuing loans, but said they did so because they "believed in rumours in some Western news media that thousands of innocent Beijing citizens were killed in the social unrest early this month", the agency said.

Western intelligence sources said about 3,000 people were killed when the army crushed prodemocracy protests in Beijing, but the Chinese government has put the death toll below 300.

"Truth will always win over lies, and through our efforts I expect the situation will be reversed," Mr Liu said.

Uncertainty in the future Chinese business environment is a legacy of the massacre in Tiananmen Square. To arrest the falling confidence of foreign investors, the Chinese news media has been emphasising that the economic reform programmes will not be changed.

For instance, the general manager of the China Nuclear Industrial Corporation, Mr Jiang Xinxiong, told the *People's Daily* at the weekend that the country would continue to open up further to the outside world.

However, 83 members of the US Congress yesterday sent a letter to President George Bush urging an end to all US nuclear cooperation with China until the political situation is "significantly improved".

The letter, organised by Democrat Edward Markey, and Republican Gerald Solomon, asked Mr Bush to revoke a 1985 agreement allowing US firms to sell China some of their most sensitive nuclear technologies.

Meanwhile, the president of the Bank of China, Mr Wang Deyan, said he does not believe his bank will lose its credit with foreign banks.

The bank, which handles foreign exchange transactions and already enjoys high international prestige, had never lost its credit, even in the decade-long Cultural Revolution, he said.

Foreign banks are reportedly hesitant to accept letters of credit issued by the bank.

# Airport staff in radiation scare

IVAN HO

■ A safety-suited fireman (right) supervises while cargo workers suspected of being contaminated shower in the open.

By Mark Brickwell and Yusuf Kasamdin

TWELVE cargo handlers underwent decontamination procedures after a radiation scare at Kai Tak yesterday.

They were among 23 Hongkong Air Cargo staff who handled a damaged can containing two bottles of radioactive Thallium-120.

The can was found to be dented after it arrived from London on Cathay Pacific passenger flight CX250 at 2.36 pm.

Tests by two physicists from the Radiation Health Unit showed the bottles were intact and no radiation had leaked.

Cathay Pacific was last night contacting passengers who had been on the Boeing 747 flight to tell them not to worry.

"Passengers who may have been on the flight have no need to be concerned," said spokesman, Mr David Bell.

The Thallium-120 was part of a regular consignment to a local medical company, he said.

Thallium-120 is injected into patients to help diagnose serious illnesses.

It is radioactive isotope of Thallium, a toxic blue-grey metal that is used to make rat poisons and hair removers.

Cargo handlers discovered the consignment was damaged at 4.57 pm and immediately notified the Fire Services Department.

Five fire engines, an ambulance and a mobile command unit were sent to cargo terminal parking space 45, where the consignment had been unloaded.

The area was cordoned off by firemen wearing bright orange radiation-proof suits.

Fire crews were placed on standby and hoses were unravelled as a precautionary measure.

"We could not do much as we did not know exactly what we were dealing with," said fire services spokesman, Mr Robert Yip.

Fire crews identified 23 cargo handlers as having handled the can.

"We set up a three stage decontamination procedure for them," Mr Yip said.

"At the first stage they were told to strip down to their underwear.

"At the second stage they given showers from a hose unit we assembled outdoors.

"And at the third stage they were given new clothes and told to wait for tests by the Radiation Health Unit."

The operation was called off shortly after 6.15 pm when physicists had examined the can and found no radiation leaks. Twelve workers had been through the decontamination procedure.

"They advised us that it was safe to stop decontamination," said Mr Yip.

"Then they checked all 23 workers with Geiger counters and found no evidence of contamination.

"It was a double security measure but in a case like this it is better to take every precaution," he said.

The physicists, Dr Cheng Kit-men and Dr Poon Ching-bong, spent about 30 minutes examining the can.

"They assessed the situation and found that there was no problem," said Mr Ben Fu, a Medical and Health Department spokesman.

Mr Fu said the physicists had found that each bottle contained about 12 millicuries of Thallium-120.

"They said that although the outside of the can had been damaged the protective lead lining was intact.

"This meant that even if the bottles had broken, and they did not, there would have been no leak."

Mr Fu said the physicists had taken the bottles to the Radiation Health Unit for further examination and handling.

It would probably be delivered to the medical company today, he said.

Mr Yip said: "We are treating the operation as the result of a false alarm with good intent."

"Actually it was a good exercise - we don't get too much practice at this sort of thing."

INSIDE TODAY

Is the Iron Lady losing her grip? Once unthinkable, it is coming near reality after poll setbacks in the European parliamentary elections and arguments over the economy. A full round-up on the elections and the economy is in BRITAIN TODAY
Liftout

OPENERS

An innocent man dies, and a policeman is guilty. Or is he? **Kan Martinus** asks whether killing these days is just the law of the jungle
**Page 2**

**Science**

It takes more than green fingers and fertile soil to grow plants these days. Find out about the mass of sophisticated techniques now available to grow plants anywhere in the world, regardless of soil fertility
**Page 15**

**Sinclair**

**Kevin Sinclair** meets a man with a "sometimes very rough nature" whose job it is to see that Hongkong runs smoothly
**Page 14**

Better jobs for everyone, every day, in the territory's premier employment section

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WEATHER: 26°C — 30°C. Mainly fine at first becoming cloudy with showers later. Details on Page 19

■ Mr Liu Binyan ... forced to stay in US.

# Dissident exiled by blacklist

**CHINESE writer and journalist Mr Liu Binyan said in Hongkong yesterday that he would be forced to stay in the United States, where he has been on a lecture tour, following the June 4 massacre in Beijing.**

**Mr Liu, expelled from the Communist Party in 1987 for reporting on government corruption, said he had originally planned to return to China by June 20 but could not do so because he was one of the dissidents blacklisted by the Communist Party.**

**"I still want to go back to China and exert my influence there, though I can only say 50 percent of what I want to," he said.**

**"I would like the Chinese citizens to be able to read my articles."**

**As China's only leading dissident still able to talk freely, he said he would try to speak for his colleagues, including astrophysicist Fang Lizhi.**

**He praised Mr Fang as the bravest dissident in China and said his flight to the United States Embassy in Beijing, where he is still taking refuge, must have been a last resort.**

■ Continued **Page 8**

# Six more student leaders arrested

BEIJING: Six student leaders were among 11 people arrested yesterday as Chinese authorities continued their relentless hunt for dissidents.

China Central Television (CCTV) said six leaders of the outlawed Autonomous Union of Beijing Universities and Colleges were among those held.

The six arrested students were not on a list of 21 student leaders most wanted by the authorities for instigating "counter-revolutionary rebellion."

Also detained were four members of the illegal Autonomous Beijing Worker's Union and a leader of Beijing Resident's Autonomous Federation who voluntarily surrendered, the television said.

The suspects had admitted their "crimes," the television said.

So far, five of the 21 student leaders on the blacklist have either been arrested or surrendered.

Two students, Li Xiuping and Yang Zhiwei, were detained in Baoding, the television said yesterday.

Ms Li and Mr Yang, who represented students outside Beijing, joined leading members of the banned student union in failed talks with the State Council at the height of the prodemocracy movement.

Another four student leaders were arrested in Zhangjiakou while Mr Wan Xinjin, a political science teacher, gave himself up in Shandong Province. He is said to be a top leader of the Beijing Resident Autonomous Federation.

Meanwhile, President Yang Shankun met relatives of three slain soldiers yesterday, CCTV reported.

Mr Yang extended senior leader Deng Xiaoping's condolences to their families.

■ A soldier was shot by "ruffians" who refused to stop at a highway checkpoint yesterday, the Xinhua News Agency said.

The agency said guards tried to pull over a trailer truck but the driver instead drove away.

When the guards opened fire, the pair inside the vehicle returned the fire, hitting one of the guards in the head and thigh, Xinhua said.

Two people in the truck were later arrested.

REUTER

■ Legislators Szeto Wah (left) and Martin Lee clasp hands beneath a replica of Tiananmen Square's "Goddess of Democracy", unveiled in Victoria Park yesterday.

# Opponents join forces in democracy drive

IN a rare show of unity, conservatives and liberals joined forces yesterday to launch a signature campaign to press for democracy and human rights, and right of abode in Britain.

Legislative councillors Mr Allen Lee Peng-fei and Mr Stephen Cheong Kam-chuen were among the 46 campaign supporters, along with leading liberals Mr Szeto Wah and Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming.

Mr Cheong is one of the founders of the conservative political group Hongkong Foundation. Mr Allen Lee, as Senior Legislative Councillor, seldom shows close affiliation to any political groups.

The campaign is known as Hongkong People Saving Hongkong. In addition to granting right of abode, the British Government will be urged to step up the pace of democratisation and enact a bill of rights for Hongkong as soon as possible.

Mr Allen Lee said Hongkong people should unite to stabilise the community.

He said conservatives and liberals agreed that something needed to be done to strengthen people's confidence.

He said the three areas – nationality, democratisation and a bill of rights – were the essential elements to ensuring stability.

But he said he felt that staging further demonstrations would not remedy the situation.

Both London and Beijing had suffered major setbacks in efforts to implement the Joint Declaration, he said.

"It's time for the Hongkong people to think over what they are going to do.

"For instance, we should work harder to strive for a more democratic system in Hongkong."

Campaign supporters include lawyers, district board members, pressure group leaders and unionists. They plan to send a delegation to present the proposals to British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

At a press conference yesterday, Dr Choi Yuen-wan said the bloody suppression of dissent in China had undermined confidence in Hongkong, damaging its stability and prosperity.

The campaign aimed to "unite all the people of Hongkong and to encourage them to stay here and continue to work out a future," he said.

He said Britain must establish a fully democratic government in Hongkong before 1997 to protect stability and autonomy.

Mr Szeto said: "The introduction of only 10 popularly elected seats in the Legislative Council is not enough to meet our demands."

But the campaign has yet to map out a detailed timetable of democratisation.

Mr Szeto said members would press for the right of abode in Britain for all Hongkong people even though the chances of success appeared slim.

He said he hoped the campaign would produce a consensus among Hongkong people over the future of the territory, which was generally absent during the 1988 direct election debate and the Basic Law drafting process.

■ Editorial **Page 12**

# Afghan jet crashes after hijack bid

NICOSIA: An Afghan plane with 36 people aboard crashed in southeast Iran yesterday after a struggle between the pilot and unidentified hijackers, the Iranian news agency IRNA said.

It said 26 people including the pilot were known to have survived.

There was no word on the fate of the others aboard the Soviet-made Antonov-26.

IRNA said injured passengers told Iranian officials the aircraft crashed "after a clash between its hijackers and the pilot, who lost control of the plane".

The twin-engined plane came down at 12.30 pm (5 pm HK time) at Zabol on the Iran-Afghanistan border 1,100 kilometres southeast of Teheran and 900 kilometres southwest of Kabul.

It was not known where the plane took off and where it was headed but the location of the crash made it seem likely that the hijackers diverted it to Iran.

Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi sent his political deputy Mr Alireza Moayyeri to investigate the crash.

Before leaving Teheran Mr Moayyeri told IRNA that 26 people had been rescued from the plane four hours after the crash.

Mr Moayyeri declined further comment on the incident "until the matter has been fully investigated," IRNA said.

The agency earlier said 23 people were being treated in hospital including the pilot, identified as Mirvis Paktia.

The Antonov An-26 is primarily a military transport and has been supplied to the Afghan Air Force.

The civilian version of the plane can carry up to 40 passengers and a crew of five.

Iran supported Shi'ite Moslem guerillas who fought the Soviet Army in Afghanistan for nine years until the Soviets withdrew earlier this year.

Teheran now backs the Mujahedeen rebels' war against the Marxist government in Kabul.

– AP, Reuter

# Update on glass slipper

LONDON: **The Fairy Godmother in *Cinderella* might not have approved, but revellers at an Oxford college's opulent summer ball next week may be surprised to find their £100 (HK$1,170) double ticket entitles them to a free pair of condoms.**

**Guests at the Queen's College ball next Friday are expected to consume £1 million (HK$12 million) worth of champagne and food.**

**The condoms will be provided by a British rubber goods company.**

# Two set for abode battle

TWO senior legislators leaving for London tonight have vowed to tackle Whitehall head on in the battle for right of abode for Hongkong's 3.25 million British passport holders.

Dame Lydia Dunn and Mr Allen Lee Peng-fei are travelling to Britain as representatives of Office of Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils (Omelco), which unanimously endorsed the trip.

The pair are expecting to meet Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher and Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe during their five-day visit. Omelco's public relations adviser Mr Ross Clark will join them in London and establish a temporary office to help promote the granting of right of abode to Hongkong people to the British press and public.

Mr Lee said they would also like to meet influential MPs, including leaders of the British-Hongkong Parliamentary Group.

The delegation will present a paper, to be released today, to the British government.

Mr Lee said he was aware that Whitehall would not find it easy to significantly relax its nationality policy.

But he said he and Dame Lydia had agreed they would not respond to any suggestion to grant the right of abode to certain sectors only.

"It is up to the British Government to grant the right to people in Hongkong. We could not offend them by refusing the offer, but our clear goal is to fight for the 3.25 million people as a whole," he said.

■ Take the public to task **Page 13**

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14957期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月 22 星期四 己巳年五月十九

北京地区天气预报 白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级 夜间 晴转多云 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 34℃ 最低 22℃

人民日报社出版


## 李鹏会见巴基斯坦客人时强调

# 中国不会屈服于外来压力

## 将继续在和平共处五项原则基础上同各国发展关系

**本报北京6月21日讯** 国务院总理李鹏今天下午在中南海紫光阁会见正在北京参加中巴副外长磋商的巴基斯坦外交秘书胡马云·汗时表示：我们的改革开放政策不会改变，我们的独立自主的和平外交政策不会改变；我们将继续在和平共处五项原则的基础上同各国发展友好关系，这一点也不会改变。他说，我对中国的前途持乐观态度。

会见开始时，胡马云首先转达了贝·布托总理对李鹏总理的热烈问候。他说，贝·布托总理期待着李鹏总理前往巴基斯坦进行访问。李鹏总理也问候了贝·布托总理，并表示他将愉快地按照双方商定的日期访问巴基斯坦。

李鹏向客人介绍了当前中国国内的情况时说，“冰冻三尺，非一日之寒”。北京最近发生的从学潮到动乱，从动乱到暴乱的事件，有着深刻的国内和国际背景。关键是国内和国外都有人不喜欢我们的社会主义制度和共产党的领导。而在中国这样一个有11亿人口的发展中大国，人们认定只有在共产党的领导下走社会主义道路才能真正摆脱贫困和落后。

李鹏说，我们严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾。对一小部分触犯刑律的犯罪分子，我们将宪法按照法律和法律程序办事。对大多数参加过游行、示威、静坐和绝食的人，即使是有过过激的言行，我们也将采取宽厚的态度，妥善处理。

李鹏说，中国政府是稳定的，完全有能力制止平息暴乱，稳定局势。事实上现在北京已基本上恢复正常，全国的形势也是稳定的。

李鹏接着说，“疾风知劲草，路遥知马力”。在中国遇到暂时困难的时刻，谁是真朋友，谁是假朋友，就看的很清楚了。他说，经过长期斗争站立起来的中国人民是不会屈服于任何外来压力的。现在有些国家在外交上、经济上对中国施加压力，干涉中国的内政，这是目光短浅、不明智的表现。我们相信，一旦了解了事情的真相，许多人是会改变他们的看法的。

宾主双方还就阿富汗、柬埔寨等国际问题交换了看法。

李鹏总理在北京中南海紫光阁会见巴基斯坦外交部外交秘书胡马云·汗。 新华社记者 胥志成摄

# 统计局公布五月份经济情况

## 物价涨势有所回落 奖金支出增加较快 工业速度略有减少 投资规模有所缩小

**新华社北京6月21日电** 据国家统计局提供的统计资料，5月份，经济领域克服种种困难，治理整顿工作进一步展开。国民经济发展的主要特点如下：

### 工业速度略减 结构继续趋好

5月份，各地区、各部门贯彻国务院控制速度、调整结构的措施取得初步成效，全国完成工业总产值1146亿元，比去年同月增长11.1%。平均日产值比上月仅增长0.9%，低于往年一般增长3个百分点的幅度。由于加强宏观调控，全民所有制工业保持稳定发展趋势，集体所有制工业特别是乡办工业发展进一步减缓。主要产品产量中，能源、原材料、基本生活消费品生产稳步回升。

1至5月，全国累计完成工业总产值5265亿元，比去年同期增长11.2%。其中，轻工业产值2649亿元，增长11.8%；重工业产值2556亿元，增长10.7%，均低于去年同期的增幅。

### 投资规模缩小 结构仍不合理

5月份，全民所有制单位完成固定资产投资137亿元，比去年同月下降13.9%，是今年以来压缩投资最多的一个月。1至5月，完成投资442亿元，比去年同期下降7.1%。在固定资产投资中，生产性建设降幅大于非生产性建设。能源工业投资增长15%，所占比重由19.4%上升到24%。原材料工业、运输邮电、轻纺工业、农业等投资有不同程度下降，比重有所降低。前5个月投资虽有压缩，但与计划压缩28.8%的要求仍相距甚远。

### 商品销售减缓 物价涨势回落

随着前几个月物价涨势的减弱，消费者购买心理较为平稳。5月份，社会商品零售总额677亿元，比去年同月增长17.2%，是今年以来增幅最小的一个月。1至5月，社会商品零售总额3454亿元，比去年同期增长20.2%。

5月份，由于主要副食品价格较平稳并有所回落，35个大中城市职工生活费用价格总指数比去年同月上涨25.2%，比上月下降0.4%。1至5月平均比去年同期上涨28.5%，比前4个月涨幅低一个百分点。但受原材料涨价影响，日用工业品价格继续上涨，成为物价居高不下的一个重要因素。

### 出口增势低缓 进口增势仍猛

5月份，根据海关统计，出口额44.3亿美元，仅比去年同月增长0.8%；进口额53.1亿美元，增长21.1%。1至5月，出口额比去年同期增长4.7%；进口额增长24.4%。进出口相抵，进大于出46.4亿美元，比去年同期扩大38.4亿美元。

### 存贷差有所缩小 货币回笼较好

由于各级金融机构采取多种方式大力组织存款，严格控制贷款发放，使存款增加大于贷款增加。5月末，银行和信用社各项存款余额比年初增加569亿元。这主要是居民储蓄增加，月末余额达4329亿元，比年初增加527亿元，比去年同期多增加181亿元。5月末，各项贷款比年初增加254亿元，比去年同期少增加283亿元。

现金收入增长快于支出增长，货币回笼增加。5月份，银行现金收入比去年同月增长39%，快于支出增长24.1%的幅度。现金收支相抵，净回笼货币31.8亿元。1至5月，累计净回笼货币比去年同期多109.7亿元。

### 集团消费有降 奖金增加较快

随着各级政府加强对集团消费的控制，今年以来社会集团购买力有所控制。5月份，社会集团购买的消费品仅比去年同月增长12.1%，是今年以来增幅最低的一个月。1至5月增长13.4%，但与计划缩减20%的要求仍相距甚远，特别是企业事业单位控制仍偏松，5月份银行行政企业管理费支出比去年同月增长27.1%，前5个月累计增长31.8%，需要严加控制。

5月份，职工工资总额比去年同月增长23.5%。其中，奖金增长48.8%，应当引起各方面重视。

## 陕西省政府党组学习邓小平讲话时强调

# 改革开放不动摇 既定政策不改变

**本报西安6月21日电** 记者孟西安报道：20日，陕西省省长侯宗宾主持召开政府党组扩大会议，认真学习邓小平同志的讲话，冷静地回顾总结前一段陕西经济工作的经验教训，进一步坚定了改革开放和治理整顿的信心，明确宣布本省去年以来贯彻和制定的几项重大决策不做改变、继续执行。

针对当前社会上一些同志犹豫观望的状况，省长侯宗宾及几位副省长表示，凡是被实践证明能够促进生产力发展、能够调动人们积极性的改革措施要继续坚持，毫不动摇。为了保持政策的连续性，他们提出了“四个不变”：实行对外开放的总方针不变；贯彻治理整顿的总部署不变，执行陕西“重点发展关中，积极开发陕南陕北”和“教育奠基、科技兴陕”的经济布局和战略方针不变；为深化改革而采取的重要政策和措施不变。

为了继续贯彻执行改革、开放和治理整顿的方针和部署，省政府强调当前要着重抓好对暂时离陕的外国投资者，专家的宣传解释工作，争取他们早日返回；对回来的，要热情欢迎，搞好接待，要保证他们的安全；对各国旅游老客户要主动联系，消除他们的不安心理，欢迎他们来陕旅游；同时要进一步调整经济结构，贯彻有保有压方针，继续实行向农业、能源、交通、原材料等基础产业的倾斜政策以及向50个税利大户、46种重点产品倾斜的政策，继续做好13户试点改革的企业试点，搞活大中型企业，促使全省经济沿着改革开放的道路继续稳步前进。

# 新疆局势稳定生产持续发展
# 吉林市场繁荣人民生活安定

**本报乌鲁木齐6月21日电** 记者曾坤报道：前一阵子，在由北京发端并且波及到全国许多城市的动乱中，新疆局势始终稳定，生产和人民生活没有出现滑坡和不正常现象。

据悉，5月份以来，包括6月初北京发生反革命暴乱期间，新疆没有一个工厂停工停产，没有一个商店关门停业，新疆十几所大专院校，几千所中小学，除了5月中旬有二、三天时间乌鲁木齐等地几所大中专的部分学生上街游行之外，始终保持了正常的教学秩序。没有一所大学停过课。全市所有营业性舞厅、所有影院也都照常营业。

进入5月以来，全区工业生产持续稳定增长，特别是新疆三大支柱产业之一的纺织业，产量利润比去年同期都有增长。外贸出口也比去年同期有较大增长幅度。全区畜牧业获得丰收，幼畜成活率比去年同期提高2.74%，越冬后的畜群膘情普遍好于往年。夏粮总产量可望比去年提高二成左右。

**本报讯** 记者李宝达报道：吉林省从抓好生产入手提高有效供给，市场稳定繁荣，人民生活安定。今年1至5月，全省国营商业系统商品零售总额比去年同期增长19.6%，零售物价指数除3月略有上升外，其他几个月均比去年12月份略有下降。

群众生活关系重大的肉、菜、豆制品等副食品，收购和供应形势都比较好。生猪收购好于往年，到6月10日，长春、吉林、四平等8个主要城市蔬菜上市量达1.4亿多公斤，比去年同期增15.1%。由于气候偏高，雨水调和，同时利用塑料大棚蔬菜最速生菜，小白菜、早豆角、油菜等蔬菜比往年提前10多天上市。据省蔬菜公司对12个主要品种统计，今年头5个月价格下降的有8个。大豆腐、干豆腐能满足供应，小品种每天都有10个以上。

日用工业品货源充足，火柴、肥皂、洗衣粉等基本做到了不脱销，不断档。

# 美一些企业恢复在华业务

## 称中国局势开始稳定

**新华社北京6月21日电** 美联社发自纽约的报道说，一些美国企业正在慢慢地恢复它们在中国的业务。

一些美国公司说，越来越多的雇佣中国籍劳动者稳定，它们的大多数雇员都已返回中国工作，它们的许多经营业务都已恢复。

总部设在洛杉矶的西方石油公司的一位官员说，该公司已告诉其北京雇员，他们可以返回中国了。

亚特兰大波特曼海外投资公司副董事长罗宾逊说，该公司承建上海最高建筑物——总投资1.75亿美元的商业综合大厦的工程已接近完工，目前大多数专家已返回上海。

# 外国商会在华活动有章可循
# 国务院发布暂行管理规定

**新华社北京6月21日电** 国务院总理李鹏6月14日签署国务院第36号令，发布《外国商会管理暂行规定》（全文见明日第四版），这一《暂行规定》将从7月1日起实施。

暂行规定明确表明，外国商会是指外国在中国境内的商业机构及人员按照规定在中国境内成立，不从事任何商业活动的非营利性团体。外国商会的活动应以促进其会员同中国发展贸易和经济技术交往为宗旨，为其会员在研究和讨论促进国际贸易和经济技术交往方面提供便利。外国商会必须遵守中华人民共和国法律、法规的规定，不得损害中国的国家安全和社会公共利益。

成立外国商会，应向中国国际商会提出书面申请，并报送经贸部审查同意，由民政部核准登记并签发登记证书后才为成立。外国商会必须接受中国有关主管机关的监督。凡外国商会违反《暂行规定》的，登记管理机关有权予以警告、罚款、限期停止活动、撤销登记、明令取缔的处罚。

## 姚依林会见世界银行官员时说

# 现在中国局势是稳定的

## 可以顺利履行同国外签订的协定合同

**新华社北京6月21日电** （记者梅国强）国务院副总理姚依林今天在会见世界银行高级官员时强调，中国的改革开放政策不会改变，将会继续执行下去。

在1个多小时的会见中，姚依林同世界银行中国局局长沙希德·伯基就双边友好合作交换了意见。

姚依林说：“你在这个时候来华实地了解中国的情况，这对双方的合作是有益的。”

他表示，现在中国的局势是稳定的。中国完全可以顺利地履行同世界银行及有关国家签订的协定和合同。

姚依林指出，中国同世界银行进行了很好的、富有成效的合作，希望这种合作关系今后能更好地发展下去。他还表示欢迎愿意到中国来投资的外国商人能续来华开展业务。

# 四川清理公司不罚款了事

## 强调对中饱私囊者要严肃处理

**本报成都6月21日电** 记者罗茂城报道，四川省省长张皓若、副省长谢世杰在听取省政府清理整顿公司工作汇报后说，对严重违纪违法的公司，不能光没收、罚款了事，还应进一步查清企业公司的领导有没有中饱私囊、以权谋私等问题，按照政策法律严肃处理。

四川省半年多来在清理整顿工作中取得了很大成绩。全省已有73%的公司作了撤并、脱钩处理，已有2300余名党政机关干部辞去在公司所兼职务，占兼职人数的67%。此外，还查出一批违纪金额达百万元以上的公司。但是，在清理整顿公司中，也存在一些厅局的主要领导不够重视，查处案件抓得不紧，执行政策不坚决等问题。

针对上述问题，张皓若、谢世杰说，整顿经济秩序、整治流通领域的腐败现象，符合广大人民群众的要求，各级政府和有关负责人一要态度坚决，二要抓紧清查，三要及时处理。

## 国务院发出通知

# 7月1日发行保值公债

**新华社北京6月21日电** 国务院最近发出关于发行1989年保值公债的通知，全文如下：

为了贯彻治理经济环境、整顿经济秩序、全面深化改革的方针，进一步调整经济结构，筹集经济建设所需的资金，国务院决定发行1989年保值公债，现通知如下：

一、1989年保值公债发行总额为120亿元，发行对象为城乡职工、居民、个体工商业户、各种基金会、保险公司以及有条件的某些公司。债券偿还期限为三年，年利率随人民银行规定的三年定期储蓄存款利率浮动，加保值贴补率，外加一个百分点。

二、1989年保值公债利息自购买之日起计算，期满3年一次还本付息。不计复利，未到期不兑付，逾期未领取不加计利息。公民个人购买1989年保值公债的利息收入，免征个人收入调节税。

三、1989年保值公债以人民币为计算单位，票面额分别为20元、50元和100元三种。保值公债不记名，不挂失，可以向银行抵押，可以在国家指定的场所转让。

四、1989年保值公债自1989年7月1日开始发行，同年12月31日结束。

五、1989年保值公债的发行任务分配到各省、自治区、直辖市及计划单列市人民政府，各级政府要完成分配的推销任务。推销后剩余部分，由各级政府用地方财政预算外资金认购。各级人民政府要组织各专业银行和财政、邮政等部门多渠道办理推销工作，财政部按推销的数额，拨付推销经费。

六、保值公债由财政部负责还本付息，各经办单位办理兑付。

发行120亿元保值公债是一项重要的工作，各级人民政府和国务院有关部门要切实加强组织领导，并会同各级宣传部门和工、青、妇等群众组织共同作好宣传动员工作，确保发行任务的顺利完成。

# 江西重开粮食市场

## 仍有关卡农民希望渠道更加畅通 成交活跃各地粮价普遍趋向合理

**本报记者李月华报道：** 从今年4月1日起，江西各地集贸粮食市场重又开放。粮食成交活跃。截至5月25日止，粮食部门已收购议价粮1亿公斤。

据全省28个重点粮油市场4月份的统计，大米每百公斤191.93元，上升1.6%，籼稻每百公斤85.92元，上升0.79%。粮价略有上升的原因是，目前正值青黄不接，农户有惜售思想，一些粮贩非法进行倒卖活动，粮食部门怕粮食外流，提高了收购价格。但销往外省的粮价稳中有降。一向控制甚严的边界粮食市场，目前分外活跃。

江西为我国主要产米区之一，去年粮食减产2.5亿公斤，议购部分比往年减少7500万公斤。为保证不省群众用粮和助止粮贩套购，从去年7月底完成定购任务后，江西即关闭了粮食市场。今年青黄不接之际，粮食集贸市场重新开放，使粮食可以自由交流，缺粮地区的供需矛盾有所缓和，外出购粮的缺粮户纷纷返回家乡就地购买，一些工商部门的用粮有了买处，农民卖出议价粮后手头有了活钱。江西粮食市场粮价随行就市，但不得超过每公斤2元的最高限价。粮食主产区的议购价格稍升，缺粮区粮价却下跌。大米出每公斤1.4元降到1.36元。经粮食部门审批后，集市粮食也可运销外省。仅5月头25天就销往福建、广州、云南、上海等省市5000万公斤。

据记者到过的一些产粮县反映，粮食市场开放程度不够，一些地方农户在完成定购和议转平任务后，仍不能进行跨县买卖，边界处仍设有种种关卡。大多数农民希望今后在完成国家定购任务后，有更多的买卖自由。

# 山西一公司私分巨额“回扣”

## 两负责人分别被逮捕拘留

**新华社太原6月21日电** 集体私分6.7万元“回扣”款的山西有色金属工业公司经理郝立昌、副经理文宇辉最近分别被依法逮捕和拘留。

经查，1988年7、8月间，太原市北郊区晋华机械配件厂向这家公司购买电解铜时，公司副经理文宇辉向对方提出，每吨电解铜为1.45万元，其中3500元要付现金，不开发票。这个公司两次卖给对方电解铜7.1吨，共收不开发票的现金3.85万元，不上帐交给公司出纳员保存。8月31日，郝立昌和文宇辉宣布，将这笔巨款作为公司人员购买电冰箱的补助款分给大家，结果全公司13名职工有12人每人分得现金3210元，郝立昌和文宇辉也各得一份。

1988年6月，广东省湛江市冶金有色金属公司与这家公司联系购买电解铜。郝立昌向对方提出以电解铜串换13台日产原装18英寸彩电，然后以每吨9200元的价格卖给对方电解铜7.1吨，对方将13台单价3850元的日产彩电以1400元售给山西省有色金属工业公司，该公司从中索贿折价2.925万元。郝立昌和文宇辉两人将彩电和发票（3850元）分给公司职工，每台彩电只实收现金1400元，每个职工实得款2250元。

案发后，这家公司职工已将所得“回扣”款全部退出。

通讯一直比较落后的福建龙岩地区，今年5月份开通了具有国际先进水平的程控电话，长途电话开始步入数字自动交换时期。现在可自动拨发世界上163个国家和地区长话。图为具有国际先进水平的程控机房。

新闻摄影比赛

崔 岩摄

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## 新聞簡報

# 昨在立法局會議發表聲明
# 港督力促維持香港繁榮
# 強調聯合聲明乃是基石

## 期望中英雙方有所行動恢復港人前途信心

【本報訊】據港府新聞處消息，港督衛奕信昨日在立法局會議席上宣讀聲明，強調香港必須在聯合聲明的基礎上繼續發展，他強調，聯合聲明始終是香港前途的「最基本」而且是唯一實際的基石。

港督說，大家必須承認近期事件動搖了市民對有關香港前途安排的信心，但他指出，「我們亦要承認其他事實，『聯合聲明』始終是香港前途的基石——有關到原定時間表近日被迫中斷，因此應將其延長，並把一些未決的工作已暫時停頓時說，負責未來工作的人士，肯定了聲明的基礎上繼續發展。他強調，聯合聲明的前途安排的信心，但他指出，「我們亦要承認其他事實，『聯合聲明』始終是香港前途的基石——最基本」而且是唯一實際的基石。

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港督說，近期的一九九七年將會是香港前途的轉捩點，這是歷史使然的。我們的前途與中國息息相關。」

港督說，「聯合聲明」表示日期押後，「基本法」至可能比以前更為實際。」

港督說，「全面保證香港特別行政區享有高度自治權及維護基本人權。」

港督表示，雖然目前的事件令人感到不安，但現在也應該「要有前瞻性的眼光」。他說，「要使香港前途的信心，我們期望中國和英國方面有所行動，要有一個發展中大國，人民認定只有在共產黨的領導下，走社會主義道路，才能真正擺脫貧困和落後。

李鵬總理今天說，中國堅持改革開放的基本國策不會改變，我們將繼續在和平共處五項原則的基礎上，平外交政策不會改變。我們將繼續在和平共處五項原則的基礎上，同各國發展關係。這一點也不會改變。我們的前途將繼續穩定。」

會見時，胡馬雷轉達了巴基斯坦總理貝娜齊爾布托對李鵬的熱烈問候，他說，布托總理期待著李鵬總理也能夠在適當時候，訪問巴基斯坦，布托總理將於十月訪問巴基斯坦，並表示他將愉快地按照雙方商定的日期訪問巴基斯坦。

# 重申致力建設香港
# 勿做損及穩定事情

【新華社北京二十一日電】國務院總理李鵬在今天說，中國堅持改革開放的基本國策不會改變，人民認定只有在共產黨的領導下，走社會主義道路，才能真正擺脫貧困和落後。

李鵬總理是今天下午在中南海紫光閣會見正在北京參加中巴副外長磋商的巴基斯坦外交秘書的時候說這番話的。

李鵬向客人介紹中國當前國內時說，「冰凍三尺，非一日之寒」，北京最近發生的由學潮到動亂，由動亂到暴亂的事件，有複雜的國內和國際背景。關鍵是，國內和國外都有人不喜歡我們的社會主義制度和共產黨的領導，而在中國這樣一個有十一億人口的發展中大國，人民認定只有在共產黨的領導下，走社會主義道路，才能真正擺脫貧困和落後。

李鵬說，我們嚴格區分兩類不同性質的矛盾。對一小部分觸犯刑律的犯罪分子，我們將完全按照法律和法律程序辦事，對大多數參加過遊行、示威、靜坐和絕食的人，即使有過激的言行，我們也將採取寬厚的態度，妥善處理。

他說，中國政府是穩定的，完全有能力徹底平息暴亂，前途將繼續光明。

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李鵬說，「疾風知勁草，路遙知馬力」，在中國遇到暫時困難的時刻，誰是真朋友，誰是假朋友，就看得很清楚了。他說，經過長期鬥爭站起來了的中國人民是不會屈服於任何外來壓力的。現在，有些國家在外交上、經濟上對中國施加壓力，干涉中國的內政，道是旦光燄後，不明智的表現。「我們相信，一旦了解了事情的真相，許多人是會改變他們的看法的。」

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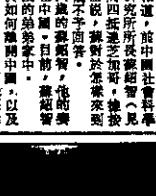
# 李鵬會見會鵬李
# 人客國巴見會鵬李
# 勢局前當國中及談

## 承認遇到困難又稱不會屈服於外來勢力
## 聲言將寬厚對待參加遊行示威者

# 蘇紹智抵達芝加哥

## 對如何抵美一概不予回答
## 對中國的局勢亦不作評論



【本報訊】據新華社二十一日電】蘇紹智的丈夫、前中國社會科學院原副院長思想研究所所長蘇紹智（見圖）已在上周四抵達芝加哥，接受美國之音的採訪。

蘇紹智的丈夫說，蘇對於怎樣來到美國一事，一概不予回答。

現年六十六歲的蘇紹智，自前年年底離開中國，目前是住在其堂侄孫的弟弟家中。

蘇紹智對於如何離開中國，以及抵達芝加哥後的活動，都不作評論。不過，接近消息人士說，蘇紹智是經過曲折的飛行路線才來到芝加哥的。

這位接近蘇紹智的人士說，蘇將在芝加哥的逗留期間，會見一些老朋友，並接受媒體的採訪。

# 南通社報道
# 北京《人民日報》社長總編輯易人

【本報訊】據南斯拉夫通訊社二十日報道北京的報道，中共機關報《人民日報》的領導人事已經更迭，原社長兼總編輯李仁及總編輯譯文瑞已被解除職務。新任社長為中共中央黨校第一副校長高狄，總編輯為部準庫（人民解放軍總政宣傳部長）。

# 北京事件後又開殺戒
# 上海昨處決三名工人
# 國際即作出強烈反應

## 歐美提出譴責 法國將檢討對華關係

【新華社上海二十一日電】在上海光新路橋跨道口最高處的一根電線桿上，今天被上海市中級人民法院依法處決。

六月六日晚至七日凌晨，徐國明等三犯先後在上海光新路橋跨道口，槍殺正在執行任務的一名交通警察，搶走他的自行車，並在逃跑時，連續開槍，打死一名騎車路過的青年工人，打傷一名騎車的女青年。

徐國明等三犯殺人後，被上海人民法院逮捕。

六月十四日，上海市中級人民法院公開審理了徐國明等三犯的殺人罪行。

另據了解，上海市中級法院於六月十九日公開審理了在光新路橋跨道口最嚴重的一起殺人案件。依法判處四三名犯上訴，維持原判。

【新華社上海二十一日電】中國駐美國大使館一名職員與他在中國駐日本領事館工作的妻子同時向西方尋求庇護。

【法新社東京二十一日電】外交界人士今日表示，當局現正研究所謂採取「人道」考慮，允許一名中國駐日本領事館人員及其妻子在日本尋求庇護。

這些人士說，二十九歲的丁（音譯）與其妻子還在結婚後，於上星期駕車離開東京，到西海岸某處去。

他的二十七歲妻子馬曉霞（譯音）也於六月十四日要求日本當局庇護，並要求美國給予政治庇護。

# 東德一中國官員
# 往西德尋求庇護
## 其妻已在日本尋求庇護

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星期三說

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

WEN WEI PO

22 六月 一九八九年 星期四

港字第一四七七號 今日出紙九張半 每份二元


## 內地新聞界整肅行動開始！

# 人民日報領導層被改組

## 新聞學雜誌遭勒令停刊

## 軍人出任報社總編輯 錢李仁譚文瑞均已被撤職

【本報訊】北京消息：當局對新聞界的整肅已於最近開始，首當其衝的是《人民日報》與新華社。據《人民日報》總編輯王若水、總經理鄧力群、總政治部宣傳部部長鄧仁華為總編輯。

此外，原《人民日報》總編輯、總政治部宣傳部部長鄧仁華為總編輯。

此外，北京《新聞學》雜誌出版總署發出的文件指出，鑒於該份雜誌對一九八九年第一期發表有對「動亂」起推動作用的文章，違反了北京市人民政府第一號及第三號戒嚴令，決定即日停刊。

據悉，原《新聞學》雜誌主編李秀石、副主編王強華、編輯部主任王維洛、編輯部副主任王軍濤、編輯部副主任王維洛、編輯部副主任王軍濤、編輯部副主任王維洛、編輯部副主任王軍濤、編輯部副

中華民國七十八年(一九八九)六月廿二日・星期四・夏曆五月廿九日己巳年

# 快報

EXPRESS

督印及承印：快報有限公司
第九五四九號
夏曆五月十九日星期四
一九八九年六月廿二日
今天天氣：吹東至東南風，多雲，有陣雨
是日氣溫：介乎廿五至卅度
每份六大張 零售二元正

# 世人曰不可殺偏要殺
# 中共極刑震撼西方

## 三千羣衆面前槍斃 濟南17人又判死刑

〔快報消息〕在西方各國元首呼籲中國不要對被捕的民運份子執行死刑後，在上海被捕的三人昨日在三千群眾面前被槍決。另外，山東濟南兩人有十七人被判死刑。

西方多國元首在聽到上海三名民運份子被槍決後，均表示中共這種做法是難以接受的不正常做法。

在上海被槍決的三人是徐國明、卞鼎榮和嚴雪榮，於上周被上海中級人民法院就定在一場反政府暴亂中，煽動了一列火車，蓄意傷害最高人民法院判刑，上訴市高級人民法院駁回了他們的上訴。

根據上海市最高人民法院發言人的宣稱，在宣佈最高人民法院判決時表示，對於上述三人的罪行，根本沒有法律上的理由，減緩對他們的處刑。

槍決地點就是在上海西北部郊區青浦，當局在三千人面前公開槍決三人，子彈由後腦射入。據說這是中國一貫以來處決犯人的做法。

三名上海工人，年齡介乎廿五至三十歲，他們被指在六月四日放火燒毀一列火車，該火車曾擠死六名在鐵軌上靜坐示威者。

另外，早些時候聲稱，西方國家的領袖，包括各國總統布殊、西德總理柯爾、都曾向中國當局提出救求，敦促對上述三人及其他八名被判死刑的人士的判決。

在上海三人被槍決的消息傳出後，鄧華博士在回應記者查詢時說：「我們希望這些事情不再發生。」

但是據以色列電台報導，中國當局不顧各方的呼籲，仍然決定將上述三人及其他八名被判死刑的人士的判決，付諸實施。

另外，早些時候聲稱，

# 北京青年冒死外逃

# 一批男女機場被捕

（北京廿一日電）一批在北京市民反革命暴亂中，被解放軍鎮壓後，企圖偷渡香港的男女青年，昨日（廿一日）在廣州白雲機場被捕。

（路透社傳真）

●一名北京市民在機場大安門廣場時，被解放軍鎮壓後，企圖偷渡香港的男女青年，昨日（廿一日）在廣州白雲機場被捕。（路透社傳真）

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【本報訊】綜合外電報道：對於十八名乘木船抵達屯門的中國「船民」，香港政府昨日出現混亂。辛地警署署長陳民生證實上述數字船民在警署上均表示來自中國，其中七名「船民」在馬屈役前配衛表示，昨晚已被送回中國。

非法偷渡出境的中國「船民」，香港政府昨日出現混亂。辛地警署署長陳民生證實上述數字船民在警署上均表示來自中國，其中七名「船民」在馬屈役前配衛表示，昨晚已被送回中國。

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## 逃亡抵菲十八男女 如證實非政治難民 將被強制遣返大陸

辛地警署署長陳民生證實上述數字船民在警署上均表示來自中國，其中七名「船民」在馬屈役前配衛表示，昨晚已被送回中國。

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## 集體判死・接踵而至

## 對參加示威絕食者 李鵬謂採寬厚處理

## 北京指美使館違法

## 在美參加聲援民運 喬石之女無話可說

## 全國學生奉命 進行思想教育

## 學運背後「黑手」加上「台特」一份

## 蘇紹智逃抵美國

## 報道學運專書 北京官方搶閘

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## 麟子心中苦！

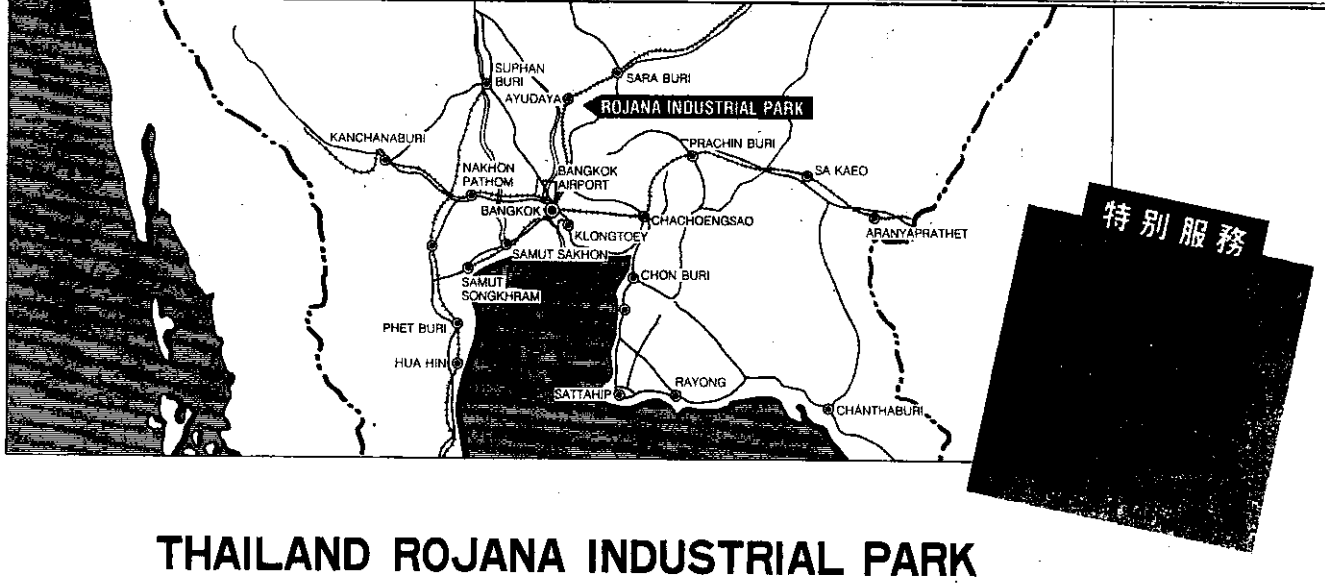
## 方勵之兒子奔走救雙親

## 丁丁秋耘仍活動 穗學生

## 馬夫妻分隔萬里 靈犀一點通

## 節變日向一 西德求助逃往


# THAILAND ROJANA INDUSTRIAL PARK
# 曼谷北部工業團地之開發及分割轉讓




特別服務

第一工程共1,130,000平方公尺已經售完，現在開始出售第二工程面積830,000平方公尺，凡購買第一及第二工程地段者可以自本月起開始建築工場。

由於國際化之趨勢，外商來泰國投資有與日俱增之勢形成工業區用地缺乏狀態。

據此，敝公司（伊藤萬）與泰國之ROJANA INDUSTRIAL PARK公司共同投資開發工業區，並於去年六月廿九日獲泰國促進投資委員會批准扶助投資。

該工業區位於曼谷北部大城府扁泰縣洛乍納路，離曼谷市區六十九公里，離曼谷國際機場四十三公里，如從曼谷出發，沿高速公路一小時十分鐘車程即可抵達本工業區。

工業區總面積約為1,960,000平方公尺，區內地面開發工程計劃係由日本對發展工業區既有熟練又具豐富經驗之間組建築公司總圖設計，精心規劃建設，估計可於今年（1989）年七月份完成，區內設備完全符合國際標準，設備包括高級柏油路，電力為24KV，3FAT供電、工業用水800/m³/時供應，污水處理中央淨化設施，電話線路400線，員工宿舍、保安制度、醫院、銀行，以及幼稚園和初級學校。

本工業區特色是設立在第三區，依泰國促進投資委員會政策是區區所能將工業投資分散到內地，給避免屬用工作機會大量集中於都市內，為了支持此政策，乃給予特惠條件和權益以最高優待鼓勵廠商在這第三區設廠而一般工資均比任何曼谷地區低廉，且勞力供應充沛。

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MING PAO DAILY NEWS
ABC
明報

# 喬石李鵬覲見鄧總書記

## 楊李力主處死嚴家其

【本報專訊】北京消息：趙紫陽出任中共總書記之後首次會見港澳團，昨日下午在人民大會堂會見香港知名人士，包括查良鏞、金庸、倪匡、蔡瀾、胡菊人、羅孚、潘耀明、陸鏗、黃霑、黃仁逵、劉以鬯、鍾玲玲、張君默、張敬、張健、張健生、張健華、張健飛、張健雄、張健鵬、張健鵬、張健鵬

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# South China Morning Post ★★

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# Western leaders condemn executions in Shanghai

From Correspondents in Beijing and London

THE public execution yesterday of three men in Shanghai on charges of setting fire to a train that had run over six demonstrators during the pro-democracy movement drew swift condemnation from Britain, Australia and leading European countries.

Authorities in Shanghai ignored pleas for clemency from the United States and the 12 nations of the European Community and shot the three, in turn in the back of the head, immediately after the Higher People's Court denied their appeals.

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke last night expressed revulsion at the executions, which took place in front of 3,000 people.

Mrs Thatcher said she was "utterly appalled" and called on the Chinese authorities "not to persecute those who are merely trying to have better arrangements for democracy".

"The punishment is totally out of proportion to the crime," she added.

"It shows the depths of what has happened in China – something we hoped would never happen and still can't quite believe. They are repressing anyone who wants to enlarge human relations."

Mr Hawke, who is visiting London, said he and Mrs Thatcher were "at one in expressing a sense of almost immeasurable tragedy at what has happened in China and is further compounded by the executions".

"That sort of action is out of all sort of relevance to what those people were involved in."

The West German Government, the first to send its ambassador in Beijing to appeal for clemency for the three men in Shanghai, said it was "profoundly upset".

West German Government spokesman Hans Klein said: "The executions, carried out without regard for world opinion, signify a dangerous relapse into the era of cynical totalitarianism in China in the years before 1978."

President George Bush refused to comment on yesterday's executions, which took place hours after the White House also asked for the death sentences to be commuted.


**Pages 11, 12:** More reports, pictures
**Page 22:** Editorial


However, Secretary of State James Baker said the US deeply regrets that the executions had gone forward.

But Mr Baker, speaking at the White House, added: "The US is not contemplating any additional action at this time."

Mr Bush had earlier ordered more sanctions against China in another retaliatory step against "the wave of violence and reprisals by the Chinese authorities against those who have called for democracy".

He indicated that the US would use its influence to block US$1.4 billion (HK$10.92 billion) in loans from the World Bank and the International Development Bank (see separate report).

China's Ambassador to the United States, Mr Han Xu, in a heated meeting with members of Congress, said the turmoil in China was an internal matter and foreign countries should not interfere.

More than a dozen members of Congress went to the Chinese Embassy and asked that executions be blocked and that judicial decisions be reviewed.

In Paris, France's governing Socialist Party said it "condemned" the executions and expressed its "indignation".

These are the men executed in Shanghai yesterday afternoon as soon as their appeals were dismissed.

The party's national secretary Henri Emmanuelli said "the execution in cold blood of these men increases the horror by several degrees".

The party "salutes with emotion the memory of the victims and reaffirms its solidarity with all those who in China are seeking a peaceful resolution to the country's crisis".

Foreign Minister Roland Dumas said France would re-examine its relations with China following the "atrocious" executions.

Paris would also ask European Community leaders at their Madrid summit next week to consider what measures to take, he said.

In Madrid, Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez said the executions "demonstrate the brutality of the Chinese Government, of this repression against an unarmed people, and of these savage purges".

Dutch Foreign Minister Hans Van den Broek, noting appeals for clemency had been ignored, said: "This new, sad development can only lead to a further deterioration of relations."

Swedish Prime Minister Ingvar Carisson said the executions "show that the suppression of opposition is continuing with the use of the most crude methods".

Mr Carisson said others were sitting in prison condemned to death.

"We appeal to the Chinese Government not to carry out these executions."

Seven men and one woman are on death row in Beijing, convicted of violent acts between the June 3 and 6 period, just before and just after troops with tanks swept in to crush the demonstration in Tiananmen Square.

Officials in the northeast city of Jinan, in Shandong province, also held a mass trial for 45 people accused of taking part in protests there, and sentenced an unspecified number to death.

The report said they were guilty of "seriously endangering public order".

Chinese Prime Minister Li Peng said yesterday that China would "strictly differentiate between two types of contradiction" – contradiction between the people and their enemies, and contradiction within the people.

"China will handle the small minority of criminals who have infringed upon the criminal code entirely according to the law and legal procedures," Mr Li said.

"It will adopt a tolerant attitude to adequately handle the large majority of people who took part in demonstrations, sit-ins and hunger strikes – including those who have said and done radical things."


(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 7)


# Taiwan to offer special package on immigration

TAIWAN is considering an immigration package which would help residents of Hongkong and Macau settle in the island republic or in a third country before the two territories revert to Chinese rule, an official said yesterday.

The Government official said the package would simplify entry and exit procedures for residents from both territories.

The Hongkong and Macau Committee under Taiwan's Executive Yuan (cabinet) would also help maintain the status of the two territories after the hand-over, the official said, but did not elaborate.

The Philippines also announced yesterday it was considering relaxing immigration laws to attract investors from the territory seeking to emigrate before 1997.

Other Southeast Asian countries such as Thailand and Singapore have seen a surge of interest from jittery locals.

However, the belief that Britain is about to grant more Hongkong residents the right of abode is behind a surge in the number of applications for British Dependent Territory Citizen (BDTC) passports.

Applications have nearly doubled for the first half of June and shows no sign of abating.

Between June 1 and 15, the Immigration Department received 15,146 applications for BDTC passports compared with 8,610 for the same period last year.

An Immigration Department spokesman said yesterday a daily quota of 650 applications for BDTC passports has been reached since the beginning of June 4, when anxiety was triggered in the aftermath of the Tiananmen massacre.

Taiwan's proposal was made in response to the support shown by residents of Hongkong and Macau for the pro-democracy movement in China, the official said.

He said the package was also aimed at countering China's "one country, two systems" policy which it does not trust Beijing to uphold.

The policy, agreed upon under the terms of the 1984 Sino-British Joint Declaration on the future of Hongkong, would give the territory considerable autonomy over its internal affairs for 50 years after 1997 and provides for the continued implementation of the territory's legal system.

Taipei wants to help secure legislation to ensure autonomy, freedom of the press and freedom of speech and association in the two territories before the hand-over. It opposes the stationing of Chinese Army units in either territory.

By safeguarding the two territories, Taiwan would be able to spread democratic ideology to China, the official said.

Philippine Immigration Commissioner Miriam Santiago said yesterday she would recommend to President Corazon Aquino that naturalisation laws be relaxed to make it easier for Hongkong investors to get a Philippine passport.

At present, the country's laws require a person to live there for 10 years before becoming eligible for a passport. Another provision in the laws makes it impossible for Chinese citizens (including Hongkong people) to get a Philippine passport.

Hongkong people usually enter under a Special Investors' Residency Visa, which allows the investor, his spouse and minors to reside in the country for as long as his investment does


(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 9)


## Young talent recognised

SEVEN of Hongkong's leading young businessmen each received one of the territory's top business accolades when they were honoured at the Young Industrialist Awards last night


(See Page 3).


Today's *South China Morning Post* also includes an eight-page special report on the awards, including profiles of all the winners and a look at the prospects for Hongkong industry.

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## WEATHER

Mainly cloudy with some showers
Max temp 29 degrees.

See Page 2.


# No escape route for all, says Glenarthur

By ANDY HO and BERNARD FONG

LORD Glenarthur, the British minister with special responsibility for Hongkong, failed to provide any hints during a House of Lords debate last night as to how Britain would apply more flexibility in granting Hongkong people right of abode.

He also rejected the call for immediate international support for finding an escape route for Hongkong people.

"I do not believe that this would be a viable way forward in the present circumstances. It would be unrealistic to make a commitment of the order of magnitude to accommodate the entire population of Hongkong," he said.

However, Lord Glenarthur pledged to liaise with European Community partners and members of the Commonwealth on the implications of the future of Hongkong.

"If the worst came to worst and the future became untenable, the British Government would clearly be under a very strong moral obligation to act.

"If at some time in the future, people had to flee Hongkong in great numbers to flee disaster we would do everything we could to help and I'm sure any future government would mobilise international effort," he said.

*THE Times* of London yesterday called for the British Government to take action to regain the trust of the Hongkong people. In a hard-hitting editorial, it said the question of immigration was far less likely to become acute if this was achieved. "Honour and interest," said *The Times* "go hand in hand".


● Full text: Page 23


Lord Glenarthur was replying for the Government after a 2½-hour debate during which members of the House of Lords acknowledged Britain's moral obligations to Hongkong.

Until now, Lord Glenarthur has remained silent on the nationality issue, presumably out of deference to the Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary who have both ruled out the right of abode for 3.25 million Hongkong British citizens.

Despite a crippling transport strike, 17 speakers turned out for yesterday's debate, including old Hongkong hands such as former Governor Lord MacLehose, Lord Cledwyn, Baroness Young and former Commander, British Forces, Lord Bramall.

Noticeably absent was Lord Wyatt of Weeford who led the call, during a nationality debate in March, for Britain to grant right of abode to 3.25 million people in the territory entitled to Hongkong British passports.

Much of the debate, attended by 40 peers, focused on uncertainty about right of abode, nationality, the burden of boat people, and the pace of democracy.

It was attended by visiting legislators Dame Lydia Dunn and Allen Lee Peng-fei, who watched attentively from the gallery.

Also present was the new Hongkong Commissioner in London, Mr John Yaxley, and several other Hongkong officials. The gallery was packed with members of the Chinese community.

The debate was opened by Baroness Ewart-Biggs who expressed, as did the other speakers, sympathy for Hongkong people and the anxiety caused by the Tiananmen Square massacre and the ensuing purge.

But the Labour Baroness said it would not be prudent for the British Government to act rashly in response to the clamour from Hongkong for changes to the Nationality Act.

The Baroness admitted that Britain had a moral responsibility for the people of Hongkong who had been offered no alternative other than absorption by China. "What is to be done? The Government faces a dilemma. But we believe most strongly that the Government should take action to restore confidence in the colony.

"If this is not done quickly, Hongkong will become more precarious, possibly even ungovernable," she said.

But she refused to commit her party to the call for right of abode to the 3.25 million Hongkong people eligible for British overseas passports.

Lord MacLehose said he backed the call for Britain to grant citizenship to all its passport holders.


(Cont'd on Page 9, Col 8)

Allen Lee

Stephen Cheong

# Cracks appear in campaign to save territory's future

By JOHN TANG

**IN a surprise move, Senior Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei and Councillor Stephen Cheong Kam-chuen have withdrawn from the territory-wide Hongkong People Saving Hongkong campaign, signalling a rift within the four-day-old movement.**

**Their decision to bow out of the campaign has dampened hopes that political groups were prepared to bury their differences and work together in rebuilding the territory's shattered confidence.**

**Speaking on behalf of Mr Lee, who is in London, Mr Cheong said a disagreement had arisen over a newspaper advertisement campaign planned for this week.**

**The advertisement advocates democracy in China which Mr Cheong felt was tantamount to interference in mainland affairs.**

**"We cannot agree to that," said Mr Cheong. "Both Mr Lee and I feel that this statement will have a very bad impact on the 'one country, two systems' principle".**

**Mr Cheong felt that under the unique "one country, two systems" policy where China has promised not to interfere in Hongkong affairs, the same should apply to Hongkong's approach to Chinese matters.**

**"Under the policy, China cannot intervene in Hongkong affairs, so Hongkong should not intervene with China," he said.**

**Intervention in Chinese affairs by Hongkong people would provide an excuse for the mainland Government to interfere with territory affairs in future, he said.**

**Mr Cheong said he was not involved in drafting the text of the announcement, but was only notified of its contents early yesterday.**

**He said he had requested other campaign leaders, including fellow legislators Szeto Wah and Dr Leong Che-hung to consider withdrawing the statement from the advertisement but the request was turned down.**

**However, Mr Cheong was quick to deny suggestions that the withdrawal would enlarge the rift between liberal and conservative camps within the group.**

**Campaign leader Mr Szeto yesterday declined to comment but said a press conference would be held today to clarify the matter.**

# Bush to block loans to China

From BRYAN BOSWELL in Washington and agencies

PRESIDENT George Bush, responding to charges that he is being too lenient on senior Chinese leader Deng Xiaoping, ordered new sanctions against China including a ban on high-level contacts and a block on loans from international aid agencies.

American Secretary of State James Baker also said Mr Bush would do all he could to persuade agencies such as the World Bank to stop loans to China – a move which could cost the Chinese Government nearly US$1.5 billion (HK$11.7 billion) in the next six months.

Mr Bush's move – which was far less than expected – came against a background of mounting criticism of his silence, launched by both Democrats and Republicans in the Congress who say he should be doing more.

They joined a march of protesters through the streets of the capital to the Chinese Embassy, saying that not only was Mr Bush being ineffective in his own reactions to Beijing – but the Chinese regime was openly rebuffing him.

New Hampshire Republican Gordon Humphrey described the President as "pathetically weak" and caring more about commercial relations with China than with human rights.

The new sanctions were disclosed by Mr Baker when he went to Capitol Hill to talk to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee about Moscow and Eastern Europe.

White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater later said that all high-level exchanges of government officials were being suspended immediately "in response to the wave of violence and reprisals by the Chinese authorities against those who have called for democracy".

"The United States has supported the legitimate democratic aspirations for freedom of peoples throughout the world," he said.

"The United States will continue to voice its concern and its support for these aspirations."

In addition to the ban on exchanges, the White House said President Bush would also seek to postpone consideration of new loans to China by international financial institutions.

US influence is usually such that if it opposes loans, they are not made.

Administration officials


(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 7)


# Governor urges delay in Basic Law

By ANDY HO

THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, yesterday issued a rallying call for Hongkong people to work together in rebuilding the territory's shaken confidence, and urged Beijing to delay further the promulgation of the Basic Law.

In a rare move, the Governor made his appeal in an unscheduled statement at the start of yesterday's Legislative Council sitting.

"We must turn our minds and devote our energies to building up Hongkong, maintaining our economic prosperity and doing nothing to damage the stability of the territory," he said. "Whilst we should not forget what has happened in China, we must look to our own future".

Refuting suggestions that the Sino-British Joint Declaration should be renegotiated, he underlined his support for a treaty which he helped draft in 1984.

"The Joint Declaration remains the best – indeed the only – realistic foundation stone for Hongkong's future. A future as part of China, but a distinctive part with its own freedoms, way of life and free market economy preserved.

"History has given us the date 1997 as a point of change in Hongkong's destiny. Our future is inextricably bound up with China," he said.

It was the first time in five years that a Governor had exercised his role as president of the council in such a way. The last time was in 1984 when the late Governor, Sir Edward Youde, presented the 1984 White Paper on political reform.

It was also the first substantive statement on the effects of events in China on the territory since his return from London last week, where he was unable to convince the British Government to grant the right of abode to the territory's 3.25 million British subjects.

In a message aimed at Beijing, Sir David appealed for the Basic Law drafting process to be delayed.

"Work on the Basic Law is at present in suspense. Those responsible for future work will surely recognise that the process of consultation and promulgation should be prolonged to take account of the recent enforced disruption of the original timetable," said Sir David.

The Governor's 10-paragraph comment came days after the deputy director of the Chinese State Council's Hongkong and Macau Affairs Office, Mr Li Hou, said no decision had been made on whether to put off the Basic Law process.

However, the Hongkong-based Basic Law Consultative Committee has already suspended its public consultation exercise on the mini-constitution indefinitely.


(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 6)

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE


## Pull your weight Wilson tells HK

THE Governor Sir David Wilson yesterday called on Hongkong people to "move on from the sense of shock produced by recent events" in China and help shape their own futures.

In a special speech delivered before the Legislative Council, Sir David said that though China and Britain may play a large part in restoring confidence in Hongkong, the people here also had a role to fulfill.

"To restore confidence in Hongkong's future we look for action from China and from Britain.

"But we must also, and essentially, look to ourselves," he said.

He said Hongkong had survived many kinds of adversity in the past. "We must again turn our minds and devote our energies to building up Hongkong: maintaining our economic prosperity and doing nothing to damage the stability of the territory.

"Whilst we should not forget what has happened in China we should look towards our own future," he said.

He appealed to the public to throw their weight behind the Sino-British Joint Declaration which remains "the best foundation stone for Hongkong's future".

Sir David strongly hinted that the Joint Declaration – a diplomatic agreement signed by China and Britain in 1984 – should not be amended.

"The Joint Declaration remains the best – indeed the only – realistic foundation stone for Hongkong's future, a future as part of China, but a distinctive part with its own freedoms, way of life and free market economy preserved," he said.

"We must build on the foundation of the Joint Declaration."

Sir David also said that both the consultation and promulgation of the Basic Law should be prolonged "to take account of the recent enforced disruption of the original timetable.

"The Hongkong people should scrutinise the Basic Law draft to ensure that it provides the best safeguards for basic human rights and a high degree of autonomy as promised in the Hongkong pact, he said.

The Governor added that the pace of political reforms would be speeded up over the next few years.

Omelco has reached consensus on the shape and speed of post-1997 political development in the territory, he said.

This would be a significant political development if Omelco's proposals were accepted by various political groupings, he said.

The Governor said the administration was working hard on the best option to pursue a Bill of Rights to safeguard the existing freedoms.

He repeated that he had told the British government that Hongkong people should be given a right of entry to the United Kingdom and that if they were granted this right, only a few people would make use of it.

The British ministers, however, maintained that it was impossible for Parliament to grant this right to Hongkong people but instead "they are examining urgently what greater flexibility could be introduced to existing arrangements".

■ Legco reports Page 7

# Lords urge passport rethink

LONDON: Impassioned pleas for a radical rethink of Britain's attitude to nationality were made in last night's House of Lords debate on Hongkong's future.

And a former commander of British Forces in Hongkong urged that the Joint Declaration with China be changed to bar the People's Liberation Army from the territory after 1997.

Speakers from both sides of the House called for sympathetic consideration of nationality requests from the people of Hongkong.

Their calls ranged from ones for greater flexibility in the application of British nationality laws to unrestricted right of entry for all Hongkong residents.

All speakers noted that the situation had changed dramatically since the Tiananmen massacre in Beijing on June 4.

Britain could no longer continue to adhere to its old policy towards Hongkong, they said. Lord Willoughby de Broke, in his maiden speech, called for several hundred thousand more British passports to be given to Hongkong.

"Appalling as the events were in China, they should not have come as a surprise," he said.

"There was already a dress rehearsal in Tibet for the brutality in Tiananmen Square. If the mask had slipped in Tibet, it has now been ripped away and the face of totalitarian oppression has been exposed.

"This is the power that we are going to hand Hongkong over to. People need assurance that if the worst comes to the worst they have somewhere to go.

"What is needed now is to restore confidence in Hongkong. We need speedier progress towards democratic government, yes, a Bill of Rights, yes.

Lord Willoughby said that passports should not be given to all British citizens in Hongkong but to those at risk.

The Opposition's foreign affairs spokesman, Baroness Ewart-Biggs, said Hongkong was the last British major colony and added: "We demand assurances from the government that they will genuinely do everything within their power to safeguard Hongkong interests in the interim period up to 1997 in order to bring Britain's long history as a colonial power to an honourable close.

"We believe very strongly that the government's first priority is to take action to restore confidence in the colony. If it is not done quickly, the position in Hongkong will become more and more precarious, even ungovernable.

The Labour baroness called on the government to "reiterate Britain's unequivocal condemnation" of events in China and "thereby ensure that the colony is left in no doubt of Britain's views of the Beijing Government."

She asked the government to define the word "flexibility" used by the Prime Minister on June 8 about Britain's attitude towards the holders of British Dependent Territory Citizen passports.

Mrs Thatcher had said that the government would have to see if it could get "increasing flexibility" over the present rules.

The government will only allow serving and former Crown servants and those with £150,000 capital to apply for the right of abode in Britain.

Lord Bramall, former Commander British Forces in Hongkong, said there was a need to add to the Joint Declaration.

"No one in their senses could imagine that we could commit, without more adequate guarantees in the Basic Law and individual right than we have at the moment, over five million people to the tender mercies we saw perpetrated in Tiananmen Square," he said.

"We have a considerable job to do to convince Hongkong the arrangements that are being made will provide adequate safeguards."

But Lord Bramall said the Tiananmen massacre may have strengthened Britain's negotiating position.

"The Chinese government, instead of basking in praise of the international community, is generally condemned. It will therefore need friends to help it solve its accumulated problems."

Lord Bramall said one of the first things to be negotiated would be keeping out the People's Liberation Army.

"After seeing how the PLA dealt with peaceful protests and free speech, nothing could be more guaranteed to destroy confidence and morale in Hongkong and deter international investments than the prospect of Chinese troops being stationed in Hongkong itself."


INSIDE:

■ Thatcher's plan riles councillors; Manila, Guam seek HK money: Page 3 ▶

■ China must play by the rules: Page 15 ▶



INSIDE

OPENERS

What have Michael Jackson's eyes and Eddie Fisher's nose in common? Not what they used to have, as Jack Spackman reports in OPENERS on Page 2

InfoTech

The chances of putting a US-built communications satellite into service over Asia are getting better. The full story is in INFOTECH, our weekly roundup of the latest in high technology Liftout

**Cold peace**

As the US-Soviet Cold War fades into history, a Cold Peace is emerging between the US and Japan, with economic policy replacing foreign policy as the crunch point Page 14

**Sport**

The Hongkong Football Association has heralded its new tough approach to violence by expelling Second Division side Lung Moon from the league after a series of disciplinary misdemeanours on the field. Back Page

**The world**

We bring you the world with the exclusive services of *The New York Times*, *Washington Post* and *Los Angeles Times* PLUS five weekly liftouts focusing on events in Britain (Monday), America (Tuesday), Australia (Wednesday), China (Friday) and Canada (Saturday).

Jobmarket

Better jobs for everyone every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section

**Television**

For previews and details of what's on the box tonight, turn to Page 17

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WEATHER: 26°C — 29°C. Mainly cloudy with some showers. Details on Page 21

# Trio shot in first round of executions

By Tammy Tam and agencies

THE first three pro-democracy demonstrators sentenced to death were executed yesterday for "counter-revolutionary rebellion" in Shanghai before 3,000 people.

The executions sparked immediate revulsion from world leaders.

Prime ministers Margaret Thatcher and Bob Hawke said in London the executions were unwarranted.

In a separate statement, the British Foreign Office said it "deplored" the executions despite an appeal for clemency by the 12-nation European Economic Community on June 17.

The United States issued a similar appeal.

In Paris, France's governing Socialist Party said it "condemned" the executions.

In Madrid, Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez said the executions "demonstrate the brutality of the Chinese government, of this repression against an unarmed people, and of these savage purges".

But in Washington, President George Bush refused to comment on the executions.

The three men, Xu Guoming, Yan Xuerong and Bian Hanwu, each received a single shot to the back of the neck. They were convicted of setting fire to a train on June 6 after it ran through a barricade set up by pro-democracy protesters and killed six people.

In China, Premier Li Peng said yesterday the authorities would deal leniently with those who took part in pro-democracy protests.

"We will make a strict distinction ... and act completely in accordance with the law against a small minority of criminals," he said.

"Toward the vast majority of those who have joined demonstrations, sit-ins, and hunger strikes ... we will take a lenient attitude," Mr Li told Pakistani Foreign Secretary Humayun Khan, China Central Television (CCTV) reported in its main evening news.

Seventeen more were sentenced to death yesterday in Jinan.

Eight others in Beijing had previously been sentenced to death.

An expert on Chinese law condemned the public executions, saying it "was against the law".

"According to Article 155 of the Criminal Procedure Law of China, 'execution of sentences of death shall be publicly announced but shall not take place in public view'," said Mr Chang Hsin, of the Chinese University.

"Now that the three men were executed in public, the People's Court itself is violating laws."

But a Shanghai Supreme People's Court spokesman said the sentence and execution were based on law.

"They are in accordance with Article 110 of the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China," he said.

"Article 110 stipulates that 'whoever sabotages means of transportation, transportation equipment ... causing serious consequences, is to be sentenced to not less than 10 years of fixed-term imprisonment, life imprisonment or death'."

The appeals of Xu, Yan and Bian were rejected by a Shanghai appeals court on Tuesday.

"The facts verified in the original judgment are clear, the evidence is conclusive and the conviction and sentences are appropriate. There is no reason to pardon them because their crimes are especially serious," the court spokesman said.

The United Nations and Western leaders had appealed to Chinese authorities to spare the 11 people sentenced to death.

The court spokesman said yesterday: "We would not allow foreign interference when making decisions. The executions are our domestic affairs and we have made all the sentences according to the laws of the People's Republic of China. No foreign force has the right to interfere in our own affairs."

In another development, four people allegedly involved in "counter-revolutionary" activities were detained at Beijing airport yesterday when they were boarding an Air China flight to Paris.

■ Xu Guoming (left) Yan Xuerong and Bian Hanwu ... a single shot to the back of the neck.

# Bush suspends China loans, top-level contact

PRESIDENT George Bush, responding to congressional pressure for a stronger US reaction to events in China, yesterday ordered an end to all high-level official contacts with Beijing, and suspended indefinitely at least US$1.4 billion in development loans to China.

In Tokyo, a senior official said Japan had no immediate plans to impose sanctions on China.

President Bush barred US officials, with the rank of assistant secretary and above, from taking part in exchange programmes with China, according to a White House statement.

The measures did not affect routine communications between the US Embassy and China.

The United States will also ask international financial institutions to postpone new loans to China, the White House said.

The US government has already suspended all weapons deliveries – private and governmental – to China and suspended visits of military officials after an army crackdown in Beijing on June 4.

"This action is being taken in response to the wave of violence and reprisals by the Chinese authorities against those who have called for democracy," the White House said.

The decision came after the administration had earlier appealed to Chinese leaders to show clemency towards the 11 persons so far condemned to death in Beijing and in Shanghai and to pardon more than 1,800 individuals arrested up to now.

A similar message was delivered directly to Chinese ambassador Han Xu at the State Department on Monday night, the spokesman said.

The White House said it hoped the "current tragedy in China be brought to a peaceful end and that dialogue (would) replace the atmosphere of suspicion and reprisal."

Secretary of State James Baker said he had asked President Bush to suspend all exchanges of high-level officials.

Congress has been consistently critical of Mr Bush's policy towards China and has called for stronger action.

Representative John LaFalce, a Democrat from New York, introduced a resolution in the House of Representatives to ask the president to instruct US directors at the Asian Development Banks and World Bank to vote down loans to China.

And in the Senate, Frank Murkowski, a Republican from Alaska, said the White House was "tip-toeing through the tulip bed with China" while New Hampshire's Gordon Humphrey, also a Republican, said the US reaction was "pathetically weak."

Meanwhile, Japanese Chief Cabinet Secretary Misajuro Shiokawa said Japan had no immediate plans to impose sanctions against China.

In Beijing, the visiting Pakistani foreign secretary yesterday extended Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's "warm greetings" to Chinese Premier Li Peng, state television reported.

Mr Li told Foreign Secretary Humayun Khan that he would go through with a scheduled visit to Pakistan, China Central Television (CCTV) reported in its main evening news programme.

"In times of temporary hardship, one can see who one's real friends and who one's fake friends are," Mr Li was quoted as saying.


INSIDE:

■ Manila offers refuge to 18: Purge urged on Western influences: Page 10 ▶

■ Evidence fails to uphold death toll; Repression can't last: Page 11 ▶


# Cheong, Lee pull out of new campaign

By Ong Hock Chuan

THE unprecedented truce between conservative and liberal camps ended yesterday, just three days after it began.

Senior Legislator Mr Allen Lee Peng-fei and legislator Mr Stephen Cheong Kam-chuen yesterday disassociated themselves from the Hongkong People Saving Hongkong Campaign which was launched on Sunday.

When Mr Lee and Mr Cheong stepped forward to support the campaign, aimed at rebuilding the confidence of local people in the wake of the Beijing massacre, it was hailed as the first time liberal and conservative leaders had managed to join forces to pursue a common goal.

The tenuous accord collapsed over a clause in a yet-to-be-announced declaration which stated that confidence would not return to Hongkong until there was a Chinese government which abided with the principles of democracy, freedom and the rule of law.

Mr Cheong said the the clause could also be interpreted by some people to mean that Hongkong people wanted to interfere in China's domestic affairs by dictating what sort of government it should have.

He said the offices of liberal leaders Mr Szeto Wah and Mr Martin Lee Chu-ming – both key figures in the campaign – had told him it was impossible to change the paragraph.

"So I informed them that Mr Allen Lee and I had to pull out.

"Mr Allen Lee is on a lobbying mission in London with Senior Executive Council Member Dame Lydia Dunn, seeking right of abode for Hongkong British passport holders.

"The basic principle of one country two systems is that we don't want to interfere in China's affairs and we don't want it to interfere in ours," Mr Cheong said.

"If we subscribe to this (clause) then there is no point in doing what we are doing," he said, referring to Dame Lydia Dunn and Mr Lee's lobbying efforts and Omelco's support.

Mr Cheong said he and Mr Lee had agreed to join the campaign at the invitation of Mr Martin Lee.

On this basis, Mr Cheong said he agreed to join the campaign but he also asked for a full text of the organisation's aims.

"The full text was sent to me this morning. I saw it and disagreed with it.

"Being a democratic person I sought to have it discussed and changed," he said adding that he had spoken to Mr Szeto but Mr Lee was in America.

When told this was not possible, he said he and Mr Lee would have to pull out. The group intends to start a signature campaign on June 25 to press Britain to grant right of abode to Hongkong citizens and to speed up democratic reform.

The group also counts as its members Bar Association chairman, Mr Robert Tang, director of the Christian Industrial Committee, Mr Lau Chin-sek and the leaders of three liberal pressure groups – the Association for Democracy and People's Livelihood, the Hongkong Affairs Society and Meeting Point.

■ Liberal quits Alliance Page 6

■ Allen Lee ... lobbying London.

■ Stephen Cheong ... no link.

## US allows flag-burning

WASHINGTON: The Supreme Court yesterday ruled that burning of the American flag is protected by the First Amendment of the constitution.

The justices, voting 5-4, ruled that flag-burning was a form of expression protected by the constitution's guarantee of free speech.

But the ruling might permit states to outlaw flag burning in some cases. For example, a flag-burning that led to a riot could still be illegal.

# Foresight needed: Jacobs

AS Hongkong enters the 1990s, more talented young industrialists with foresight, energy and innovation will be needed, according to Financial Secretary Sir Piers Jacobs.

He said he was confident there was no shortage of young manufacturers with these qualities, judging from the outcome of last night's winners of the Most Outstanding Young Industrialists of 1989.

Seven industrialists involved in different manufacturing sectors, from aircraft engineering to knitting, from pharmaceuticals to electrical products, were honoured this year.

"This year's award winners will prove a shining example to other young people and will lead others to consider the existing and changing future in manufacturing," he said.

However, it's difficult to predict what effect recent events in China will have on the trend to move labour-intensive processes across the border, Sir Piers said, adding "it's too early to judge the potential for negative impact."

It was clear, however, that manufacturers could not afford to do nothing, although they were bound to be more cautious.

He warned that competitors from around the region were working hard to increase their market share at the expense of Hongkong.

■ Full report Business

■ Mr Charles Chan ... we must be positive.

# Confidence the key in crisis

ONE of Hongkong's seven most outstanding young industrialists of 1989 said that despite the recent turmoil in China, "it's not the end of the world and we should calm down".

"Worry cannot help us. We need to be more positive," said Mr Charles Chan, chairman and managing director of Continental Holdings Ltd.

Mr Chan's comments came following the slump in public confidence in Hongkong's future in the wake of the military crackdown in Beijing.

Mr Chan, a native of Guangdong who has lived in the territory for 30 years, said having confidence is the key to solving problems.

"Regaining confidence takes time, but it needs to be done in time of crisis," he said.

Hongkong has enjoyed tremendous industrial and commercial growth in the last century and, Mr Chan said, there shouldn't be any reason that the growth should not continue if people work together.

"Regardless of what happened, things should become clearer in the coming year.

"We should wait and see," he said.

Established in 1975 Continental Holdings, with three shops, is engaged mainly in the design, manufacture and marketing of fine jewellery.

It is a leading jewellery exporter from Hongkong and last year began a joint manufacturing venture with Hongkong and China firms in Guangdong.

# 人民日报

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1989年6月23日 星期五 己巳年五月二十 北京地区天气预报 白天 晴转阴傍晚有小雷阵雨 风向 偏南 风力 二、三级 夜间 阴间小雨 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级 温度 最高 32℃ 最低 20℃

人民日报社出版


## 姬鹏飞代表政府郑重声明

# 中国政府对港澳方针不变

## 希望港澳同胞为繁荣祖国作出更大贡献

**新华社北京6月22日电** 国务院港澳办公室主任姬鹏飞今晚向中央电视台记者发表谈话，代表中国政府郑重声明，中国政府按照“一国两制”构想所制定的关于香港、澳门问题的一系列方针政策不会改变。

姬鹏飞谈话的全文如下：

记者：姬鹏飞主任，最近北京平息了反革命暴乱后，有些人很关心我国政府会不会改变关于香港、澳门问题的方针政策，您能否就这个问题说点看法？

姬鹏飞：对于最近北京平息反革命暴乱的事件，海内外和港澳各界人士非常关心。有些人对于我国政府是否会继续贯彻执行关于香港、澳门问题的方针政策，是否会继续遵守中英、中葡联合声明，产生了一些疑虑。对此，我代表中国政府郑重声明：中国政府按照“一国两制”构想所制定的关于香港、澳门问题的一系列方针政策是不会改变的。中英关于香港问题的联合声明和中葡关于澳门问题的联合声明是庄严的国际协议；中国政府将始终不渝地信守这两个声明，并履行我们在这两个声明中所承担的各项义务。我们希望中英、中葡在香港、澳门问题上早已开始的合作能够保持和发展，中英联合联络小组、中英土地委员会，以及中葡联合联络小组、中葡土地小组，应该按照定计划继续进行工作。关于香港特别行政区基本法（草案）征求意见的工作，可将时间适当延长。我们希望尽快排除困难使这项工作能够继续进行。希望香港、澳门两地的起草委员、咨询委员和全体港澳同胞本着对香港、澳门负责，对国家负责的精神，为完成起草基本法这一历史使命而努力。

北京发生的反革命暴乱是由学潮、动乱逐步发展起来的。在这过程中，港澳同胞以不同的方式表达过各种各样的看法。由于不了解或不完全了解整个事件的真实情况，产生了某些误会，是可以理解的。在这里，我也要指出，港澳某些人到内地做了一些国家宪法和法律不允许的事，在实际上对内地的动乱起了推波助澜的作用。无论在过渡时期或在港澳回归祖国之后，内地与港澳实行的是两种不同的社会、经济制度，中央人民政府决不会改变港澳地区的资本主义制度，不会把社会主义的政策推行到港澳地区，港澳地区也不应该干预或企图改变内地的社会主义制度，更不能允许有人利用港澳作为颠覆中央人民政府的基地；内地的人去港澳必须遵守港澳的法律，港澳同胞回到内地也必须遵守国家的宪法和法律。到内地从事反对共产党领导、反对社会主义和危害内地安定团结的活动，不仅是内地法律所不容许，违背全国人民的愿望和利益，结果也必将损害港澳地区的稳定繁荣，也是违背广大港澳同胞的愿望和利益的。

长期以来，广大港澳同胞和爱国人士，关心内地的四化建设，为祖国的繁荣富强作出了很多贡献，我们是不会忘记的。我们衷心希望港澳同胞，不管有过什么样的误解，都能继续发扬爱祖国、爱香港、爱澳门的优良传统，密切同内地的交往，关心内地的开放改革，贯彻执行中英、中葡联合声明，为祖国的繁荣昌盛，为港澳的稳定繁荣而作出更大的贡献。

## 田纪云会见英国客人时说

# 中国将进一步发展对外贸易

## 一些国家在贷款上卡中国是短视之举

**新华社北京6月22日电** 国务院副总理田纪云今天说，中国将不会缩小而会进一步发展与外国的经济交往和贸易往来。

田纪云今天下午在中南海会见英国英之杰集团中国有限公司总裁爱灵顿子爵时说，中国政府平息反革命暴乱一事并不意味着中国会改变自己的政策，也不表明中国政府是不稳定的。

他说，正相反，邓小平主席已经说过，十一届三中全会以来的路线和政策，尤其是改革开放的政策，是不会改变的。

田纪云说，中国政府注意到，一些外国政府对中国政府平息反革命暴乱不理解，在少数国家带领下掀起了反华浪潮，一些外国专家、技术人员和商人离开了中国。田纪云表示，他相信，随着局势的安定和环境的改善，那些离开中国的人会回来的。

他说，一些国家在贷款上卡中国，这是短视的，不能持久，对它们自己也不利。

他说，中国市场有巨大的潜力。谁丢掉这个市场，将来会后悔的。中国这个市场，这个国家不来，那个国家就会来。在中国是有买卖可做，有钱可赚的。

他说，中国政府将尽一切努力保证外国专家、技术人员和商人的安全，并继续改善投资环境。

他说，中国今年的贸易进出口情况比较好。出口保持去年的水平，进口有所增加。外汇储备足够，银行支付能力是好的。他说，在平息反革命暴乱之后，中国社会将更加安定，投资环境将得到改善。从长远看，中外贸易将会更加发展。

英国英之杰集团与中国有25年的业务关系。在过去的10年内，双方的业务额达20亿英元，进出口基本平衡。

爱灵顿子爵说，他这次来华，是为了表示英之杰集团对华贸易的信心，同时也对中国政府遇到的困难表示理解和同情，对中国政府克服困难抱有信心。

在谈到外国贷款时，爱灵顿子爵说，他相信，并不是所有外国政府都把贷款撤走。如果大家坐下来好好思考一下就会发现，撤走贷款将不利于贷款者，也不利于中国人民。

他认为，国际上对中国局势的报道不一定准确和全面。正因为这样，他才到中国来了解情况。

田纪云副总理对爱灵顿子爵的“有远见，有战略眼光的态度”表示赞赏，对他进一步发展对华贸易的行动表示感谢。

## 外交部发言人说

# 中外经济合作将会继续发展

## 外交公寓枪击事件中公寓里无人伤亡

**新华社北京六月二十二日电** 外交部发言人李金华今天说，现在北京局势已恢复正常，一些外商已表示将来华继续洽谈生意，也有一些外国公司决定继续在中国投资。

李金华说，中国将坚持改革开放政策，继续发展同外国的经济技术合作。希望外国人出于全方面的考虑，暂时离开中国，这是可以理解的。

李金华说，中国将坚持改革开放政策，继续发展同外国的经济技术合作。希望外国人出于全方面的考虑，暂时离开中国，这是可以理解的。

地在下午的新闻发布会上答记者问时说，在北京发生暴乱的情况下，一些在华外国人出于安全方面的考虑，暂时离开中国，这是可以理解的。

李金华说，中国将坚持改革开放政策，继续发展同外国的经济技术合作。希望外国人出于全方面的考虑，暂时离开中国，这是可以理解的。

李金华答道，中国人民解放军被严都队是在受到来自外交公寓的枪弹袭击时进行还击的。对这一事件，中国政府做了迅速的处理。在这一过程中，公寓中无人伤亡。

另有记者问，本月七日或严部队向建国门外外交公寓开枪，损害家具及其他设备，中国方面是否准备为此表示歉意？

李金华答道，中国人民解放军被严部队是在受到来自外交公寓的枪弹袭击时进行还击的。对这一事件，中国政府做了迅速的处理。在这一过程中，公寓中无人伤亡。

## 外交部发言人表示

# 坚决反对美干涉我内政

## 希望美方不要做不利于双方关系的事

**新华社北京6月22日电** 中国外交部发言人今天在这里说，中国政府坚决反对美国政府干涉中国内政、对中国施加压力。

发言人李金华是在新闻发布会上回答美联社记者有关美国宣布中止同中国高级官员的接触的问题时作上述表示的。

李金华在回答这一问题时还说，中国方面希望保持和发展中美关系，但这需要双方互相尊重，加强理解。任何一方都不应该做损害两国关系的事情。

她说：“我们认为，只有遵循中美之间的三个联合公报以及和平共处五项原则，中美关系才能继续得到发展。”

李金华说，中国政府最近平息反革命暴乱，是为了恢复社会秩序的稳定，保障国家和人民的安全，使经济建设和改革开放得以顺利进行。这是中国的内政，任何外国都不应该干涉。

她说，外国人对中国当前发生的事情如果一时看不清楚，可以多作一些观察，采取冷静和慎重的态度，不要匆忙做出结论。她指出，有的国家想用敌对政治或经济手段向中国施加压力，这是不明智的，也是徒劳的。

李金华说：“中国人民从不屈服于外来压力。我们希望他们把眼光放远一些，从维护双方关系的大局出发，不要做伤害中国人民感情的事情，也不要做不利于双方关系的事情。”

她重申：中国的改革开放政策不会改变，中国独立自主的和平外交政策也不会改变。

当一名外国记者要求她提供证据，证实有些外国人支持最近在北京所发生的暴乱时，李金华说：“确实有外国势力和外来势力，在北京的反革命暴乱中同国内的非法组织进行密切接触，进行煽动和挑唆，乃至向他们提供各种支持。”

## 美悍然宣布对我实行新“制裁”措施

**新华社华盛顿6月20日电** 美国白宫发言人菲茨沃特20日在一份书面声明中宣布有什么统已指示美国政府对中国采取新的“制裁”措施，试图进一步在政治和经济上对中国施加压力。

菲茨沃特说：“总统今天指示美国政府停止参加与中华人民共和国政府官员的所有高层接触。”他还说：“除禁止接触外，美国将寻求国际金融机构推迟考虑向中国提供新的贷款。”

在中国平息在北京发生的反革命暴乱后，美国总统布什6月5日就宣布对中国采取5项“制裁”措施，包括暂停武器出售和中、美军事领导人之间的互访等。

## 应人大常委会邀请

# 玻利维亚国会代表团将访华

**新华社北京6月22日电** 外交部发言人今天在此间宣布，应全国人大常委会的邀请，由参议长西罗·洪堡·巴雷罗和众议长瓦尔特·索里亚诺·莱亚·普拉萨联合率领的玻利维亚国会代表团，将于6月26日至7月5日对中国进行友好访问。

这位发言人还宣布，应外交部长钱其琛的邀请，圣多美和普林西比外交部长卡洛斯·达格拉萨将于6月25日至30日对中国进行友好访问。

## 插手动乱　造谣煽动

# 一批台湾国民党特务落网

## 有些特务分子向国家安全机关自首

**新华社北京6月22日电** 国家安全部消息：各地国家安全机关经过严密侦查，破获了一批自4月中旬以来插手北京等地学潮和动乱的台湾国民党特务案件，缴获了大量特务活动的罪证。

台湾国民党特务机关一直在通过各种渠道，使用各种手段，煽动大陆的所谓“自由民主运动”，阴谋制造社会动乱，颠覆中华人民共和国的人民民主政权。自从北京等地出现学潮和动乱后，台湾国民党特务机关在加紧对大陆进行遥控煽动、蛊惑人心的反革命宣传的同时，指使潜伏在大陆的特务分子直接插手动乱，扩大事态，以图使大陆的这场所谓“民主运动”扩大为全面的“反共抗暴运动”。他们还布置潜伏特务密切注视和搜集动乱情况，报送境外特务单位。

台湾国民党潜伏待务的这些反革命活动始终被我国家安全机关侦破，有些插手动乱的台湾国民党特务已向我国家安全机关投案自首。现将破获的部分台湾国民党特务案件公布于后：

北京市国家安全局于5月19日、5月27日依法拘留了台湾国民党特务王长洪、钱荣勉和梁强。

特务王长洪，男，现年38岁，原是北京市某工厂干部。1988年在境外被台湾国民党“大陆工作会”发展。参加了特务组织。北京发生动乱后，台湾特务机关委任王长洪为“省级特派员”，指示他回到北京搜集动乱情况，秘密筹组“北京工作委员会”。王长洪于4月27日回到北京后，即发展北京市某工厂干部钱荣勉为特务，并向台湾特务机关密报国内动乱情况。他还多次在天安门广场散布谣言，煽动动乱，并混入绝食的学生中挑唆说“政府真没有人性，这样的政府还要他干什么！”造谣说“西安民警打死了几十个学生”。王长洪还向台湾特务机关报告说“当前要将工作之重点放在工运上”，妄图煽动罢工，进一步扩大动乱。破案后，查获了王长洪与台湾特务机关进行联络用的密码等罪证。

（下转第二版）

## 社论

# 旗帜鲜明地坚持四项基本原则

取得平息反革命暴乱的决定性胜利之后，全党、全军、全国人民都在认真学习邓小平同志在接见首都戒严部队军以上干部时的重要讲话。通过结合这场斗争实际的学习、讨论，大家越来越清楚地看到：旗帜鲜明地坚持四项基本原则是何等的重要。

早在1979年，邓小平同志就明确提出了坚持四项基本原则，即坚持社会主义道路，坚持人民民主专政，坚持共产党的领导，坚持马列主义、毛泽东思想，并指出：“这是实现四个现代化的根本前提。”但是，长期以来，这四项基本原则没有被一贯地坚持，没有把它作为基本思想来教育人民，教育学生，教育全体干部和共产党员。它常常只是被当作一种“标准语言”引用在文件上，甚至被一些人视为“套话”、“空话”。一时间，“坚持社会主义道路”没有方向，坚持人民民主专政”没有对象”等等模糊认识和讽刺挖苦之词，流行于街坊，资产阶级自由化思潮则乘机泛滥。这次动乱和反革命暴乱的发生，就是这种泛滥的恶果。因此，邓小平同志一针见血地指出：“这次事件的性质，就是资产阶级自由化和四个坚持的对立。”血的教训使我们认识到，在中国，要搞现代化，就要旗帜鲜明地坚持四项基本原则。

坚持四项基本原则，首先必须坚持社会主义道路。只有社会主义能够救中国，这是我国近百年来的历史，尤其是新中国成立以后革命和建设的成就证明了的。坚持社会主义制度，是广大劳动人民利益的根本保证。我们搞改革，无论是经济体制改革还是政治体制改革，都是为了使社会主义制度能够更好地自我完善和发展，更充分地显释社会主义制度的优越性，而不是改变社会主义制度。改革开放，是沿着社会主义道路前进的改革开放，不是离开社会主义道路。而在这场反革命暴乱中，极少数搞动乱暴乱的阴谋分子，却是打着“改革”的幌子，企图推翻社会主义制度。他们心目中的“改革”，是要用西方资本主义国家的模式来改造我们几千万革命先烈用鲜血换来的社会主义制度。他们在这场暴乱中提出的“平日敲响公有制的丧钟”、“推翻社会主义制度”等等，就说明了这一点。对于这种根改革之名否定社会主义道路的罪恶阴谋，必须坚决予以揭露。还必须看到，现在国际上有一股潮流，企图使社会主义国家放弃社会主义道路，量体纳入国际垄断资本的统治，纳入资本主义的轨道。我们要坚决顶住这股潮流，不然的话，社会主义的中国就要重新沦为国际资本主义的附庸。这是每一个有爱国之心的人都不能容忍的历史的倒退。

平息这场反革命暴乱的斗争还教育了我们，决不可以放下人民民主专政这个有力的武器。党的十一届三中全会果断地停止使用“以阶级斗争为纲”的口号，决定把全党工作的重点转移到经济建设上来，这是完全正确的，但是，阶级斗争还没有停息，我们还不能高枕无忧。在党的十一届六中全会通过的关于建国以来党的若干历史问题的决议中指出：“在剥削阶级作为阶级消灭以后，阶级斗争已经不是主要矛盾。由于国内的因素和国际的影响，阶级斗争还将在一定范围内长期存在，在某种条件下还有可能激化。”这是一个很有现实意义的科学论断。这次北京发生的从学潮到动乱，从动乱到暴乱的事件，就有着深刻的国内和国际背景，是阶级斗争存在和激化的一个典型表现。几年来，在一些人头脑当中，阶级斗争的观念完全消失了，他们对于全党工作重点转移之后阶级斗争还在一定范围内存在这个事实，失去了起码的警觉。有的人甚至对于在新形势下还要坚持人民民主专政这个原则觉得刺耳。这场反革命暴乱给了我们一个十分严重的教训。实践告诉我们，在新的历史条件下，仍然存在着特殊形式的阶级斗争。我们要遵循邓小平同志的指示，研究在一定范围内阶级斗争的新的特点，总结在改革开放的条件下坚持人民民主专政的新的经验，坚定不移地贯彻执行对人民实行民主、对敌人实行专政的原则，坚定不移地严格区别两类不同性质的矛盾，坚定不移地按照法律和法律程序办事，同极少数坚持与社会主义为敌的人进行有效的斗争。

没有中国共产党就没有新中国，这是被无数事实证明了的历史结论。建设现代化必须坚持共产党的领导。因为谁都不能否认，没有中国共产党的领导，就不可能推翻三座大山，建立一个统一、独立和强大的人民共和国，也不可能使中国人民获得解放，逐步走上富裕的道路。这是个基本事实。不可否认，在领导现代化的事业中，党在工作指导上有过偏差和失误，党内确实存在着某些腐败现象，对这些问题，党中央是清醒的，是欢迎人民群众对党的工作中的缺点提出批评的，是愿意诚心诚意地纠正种种失误和缺点的，包括欢迎很尖锐的批评，支持揭发腐败现象，惩治腐败分子。这一点有目共睹。但是极少数坚持与人民为敌的人，趁机鼓噪对中国共产党的仇恨，污损党的形象，说什么“共产党垮透了”，冒意煽动盲目推翻中国共产党的反革命暴乱。对于他们的险恶用心，我们一定要有清醒的认识。历史和现实都表明，在中国，如果没有中国共产党的领导，就不可能有国家前途和民族的希望，什么改革、开放，什么现代化建设，都将变成一句空话，中国人民只能饱受动乱之苦。另一方面，中国共产党是先进的马克思主义的政党，我们的党完全有能力有勇气纠正自己的优势，纠正工作上的偏差和失误，消除各种消极现象，不断地把中国的革命和建设事业推向前进。过去的历史证明了这一点。党的失误，包括“文化大革命”那样严重的错误，不都是中国共产党自己领导全党和全国人民纠正的吗？今后的历史也必将会证明这一点。一切愚蠢地中国的事情办好的人都应该有这样的共识。

马列主义、毛泽东思想是指导我们思想的理论基础，是我们取得革命和建设胜利的思想保证。国内外阶级敌人仇视、畏惧马列主义、毛泽东思想，是因为用马列主义、毛泽东思想武装起来的中国共产党和中国人民不可战胜，他们反对马列主义、毛泽东思想，是为了解除中国共产党和中国人民的思想武装。党的十一届三中全会以后，我们已经抛弃了过去一个时期里那种以形式主义、实用主义对待马列主义、毛泽东思想的态度，强调要掌握它的基本原理和科学体系，强调要根据中国的情况坚持和发展马克思主义，赋予马列主义、毛泽东思想以蓬勃的活力。可是，几年来，资产阶级自由化思潮泛滥，一会这个“主义”，一会那个“思想”，掀起一股诋毁马列主义、毛泽东思想的浊浪，在思想界、理论界造成很大的混乱，严重毒害了一些青年的思想，在一段时间里，马列主义、毛泽东思想在中国似乎可以抛弃了。暴乱从反面给人们上了深刻的一课，使我们认识到，马列主义、毛泽东思想永远也不能丢掉，任何其他“主义”、“思想”都不能代替它。当然，坚持马列主义、毛泽东思想，并不是要做过去那样唯文唯字，搞教条主义，更不是僵化保守，而是要使我们的立场更加坚定，方向更加明确，使我们的思想更加活跃、更加解放，更加实事求是地去解决中国改革和建设中的各种问题。

平息反革命暴乱之后，痛定思痛，教训深刻。巨大的代价使人民越来越清楚地认识到，党的十三大制定的“一个中心、两个基本点”的路线是完全正确的。两个基本点，即四个坚持和改革开放，两者缺一不可，一软一硬也不行，两点必须相联，两点必须并重，达到互相促进，相辅相成。旗帜鲜明地坚持四项基本原则，重在教育。四项基本原则的宣传和教育，要做得生动、实际，用确凿的科学的道理，用历史的和现实的、正面的和反面的事实，来说服人。如果不结合实际，只凭干巴巴的说教，是不会有好效果的。现在，有了暴乱这个活生生的反面教材，暴徒的凶残，敌人的险恶，血与火，伤与死，人民历历在目，看到了放松坚持四项基本原则就是这样的结果。这为我们提供了一个紧密联系实际进行思想教育工作的大好时机，只要从立场上、态度上、行动上真正重视了，进行坚持四项基本原则教育的工作一定会大有成效，关键在于全党的努力。

## 第十一届亚运会组委会四次会议透露

# 亚运会筹备进展顺利

## 争取邀请所有成员国到会

**本报北京6月22日讯** 记者李北大报道：在首都平息暴乱的同时，第十一届亚运会工程改建和新建的场馆中有15个完工。1478名体育健儿挥汗在运动场上，备战亚运会。组委会主席陈希同等四位第十一届亚运会组委会官员今天在组委会第四次全委会上，透露了亚运会筹备最新消息。

今天距亚运会开幕还有456天。亚运会集资目标是6亿元，现在集资额刚达3.68亿元。在这种情况下，国务院同意发行第十一届亚运会基金奖券，并决定从国家财政预算中增拨1.5亿元。此外，还由国家财政分期解决亚运会筹办和举办经费1.97亿元。亚运会经费已得到保障。

不久前在印度尼西亚召开亚奥理事会，批准了北京亚运会设27个项目（308个小项）。

第十一届亚运会组委会执行主席伍绍祖在会上强调，我们争取邀请亚奥理事会所有成员国前来参加亚运会。会上，还宣布了亚运会组委会新调整的领导机构人员名单。

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## 姬鵬飛代表政府作鄭重聲明

# 中國信守中英中葡協議
# 對港澳一系列政策不變

### 並囑港澳同胞回到內地應遵守當地法律

【新華社北京二十二日電】國務院港澳辦公室主任姬鵬飛今晚向中央電視台記者發表談話，代表中國政府鄭重聲明：中國政府按照「一國兩制」構想所制定的關於香港、澳門問題的一系列方針政策不會改變。

姬鵬飛談話的全文如下：

記者：姬鵬飛主任，最近北京平息了反革命暴亂後，有些人很關心我國政府會不會改變關於香港、澳門問題的方針政策，您能否就這個問題談點看法？

姬鵬飛：對於最近北京平息反革命暴亂的事件，海內外和港澳各界人士非常關心。政府是否會繼續實施制定的關於香港、澳門問題的一系列方針政策，是人們關心的問題的關鍵。我們希望他們能回到自己的崗位，他們的家人和朋友也希望他們回來。我們相信有關國家遇行了援助，希望他們予以協助，受害最深有關事項。

問：李鵬昨天在會見由斯坦客人時說，中國的時勢關鍵是一些外國人對中國抱有敵意，中國政府能否提供證據，使明外部企圖推翻共產黨、推翻共產主義制度、推翻社會主義的暴亂？

答：我願意告訴你，動亂有外國勢力，外來的勢力在北京的反革命暴亂之中同中國的非法組織進行過相當多的支持。

問：李總理說的這話肯定是有根據的。

答：據我所知，在北京動亂期間，有許多外交人員和外商離開了北京，許多與外商簽訂的合同被取消，許多投資者採取觀望態度。

答：在北京發生暴亂情況下，有一部分在中國的外國人士出於安全的考慮，暫時離開了中國，是可以理解的。現在北京的局勢已經恢復正常了，有一些外商已表示明中國來洽談投資，也有一些外國公司也已決定繼續在中國投資。中國的態度是：我們準備堅持改革開放政策，繼續發展同外國的經濟技術合作，我們希望外國繼續發展同中國的合作，這對雙方都是有利的。

問：在三個星期前，也就是在解放軍鎮壓了北京的暴亂之前，北京市政府的發言人宣布了記者採訪的有關規定。你剛才說，北京的局勢已恢復正常，為什麼這項規定還不取消？

答：關於北京市政府的問題，好像由他們來回答更好。我個人認為，形勢越正常，但戒嚴令還在執行。（下轉第二版）

## 北京事件以來第一次
## 外交部新聞發布會
## 回答外國記者問題

### 事態及涉外公交外及消取時何令嚴戒

行煽動和挑唆，乃至向他們提供各種支持。

問：李鵬總理昨天同巴基斯坦外交官員談話時說，中國總理昨天同巴基斯坦外交官員談話時說，中國總理昨天同巴基斯坦外交官員談話時說，中國

# 文匯報

WEN WEI PO

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

星期五　23　六月　一九八九年

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一九八九年六月廿三日　星期五　（已巳年五月十二）

文匯報




## 認為港澳同胞有誤會可以理解

## 姬鵬飛稱港澳政策不變

## 冀基本法詮釋繼續進行

### 聲言不允有人用港澳作顛覆中央基地

【本報訊】中國國務院港澳辦主任姬鵬飛昨日代表中國政府鄭重聲明，中國政府按照「一國兩制」構想所制定的關於香港、澳門問題的一系列方針政策是不會改變的。姬鵬飛昨日是對中央電視台記者就答記者問上述表示的，這也是在「六四事件」後，中國高層官員在正式場合第一次談及港澳政策。

姬鵬飛說，中英關於香港問題的聯合聲明是莊嚴的國際協議，中國政府將始終不渝地信守這項聲明，並隨行政權在這兩個地區的各項政策，我們希望中英聯合聯絡小組、中英土地委員會以及中葡聯合聯絡小組，應該按照它的職權進行工作，可將時間適當延長，我們希望盡快排除困難使這項工作能夠繼續進行。

姬鵬飛還強調，解釋在過渡時期或在港澳回歸祖國之後，內地與港澳發生的是兩種不同的社會、經濟制度，中央人民政府決不會改變港澳原有的資本主義制度，會把社會主義的政策推行港澳地區；港澳地區也不應該干預或企圖改變內地的社會主義制度，更不能允許有人利用香港作為顛覆中央人民政府的基地，內地的人去港澳必須遵守港澳的法律，港澳同胞回內地也必須遵守國家的法律，港澳同胞回內地也必須進守國家的法律，港澳同胞回內地也必須進守國家的法律，港澳同胞回內地也必須進

# 姬鵬飛謂一國兩制不變

# 警告港澳勿作顛覆基地

◎姬鵬飛昨在記招中，強調「一國兩制不變」。

姬鵬飛在記招中強調，英及中、葡兩國前途問題的解決，必須尊重香港人的意願，中國政府做出不違信守主張的決定，因為解決問題的基礎，是中英兩國政府的共同意願。

姬鵬飛承認香港有英資機構及華資機構，但強調，香港的繁榮，是香港人的心血所創造的，中國政府絕不會容許有人破壞香港的繁榮。

姬鵬飛在記招中，又再次強調，中國政府堅決不干預香港事務，香港人士可以放心

# 血債賬上多一筆　索命冤魂添七縷

（綜合北京廿二日電）北京當局今早處決七名被指參與北京反革命暴亂中打砸搶劫的罪犯，此舉及稍早內因民運事件被處決的人增至廿七人。林昭案等人，在六月十日被北京市中級人民法院判處死刑後均不服原判，向市高級人民法院提出上訴，今晨被執行槍決。（見頁二）

# 傅民運學生逃抵金門被遣返

## 台北否認有此事・軍方高度警戒中

【本報訊】據亞洲華爾街日報報道，國府駐金門的中級軍官對此發表不滿，認為這有違台北當局支持大陸民運的表現，因此部分軍官在金門守軍最近實施戒嚴期間，曾秘密與中共軍官會晤，討論此事，希望能引起公衆注意。

【本報記者在金馬報道中心電】台北當局在六四學潮後的動作，似乎在明確地表示，希望大陸學生「不要來搗亂」，台灣方面部分科系的教師，也因部分學生參與「六四」血腥鎮壓之後，曾有逃離大陸之舉，而對此採取嚴厲的態度，並宣稱大陸學生「不要來搗亂」，台灣當局為此特別成立「大陸學生輔導小組」，負責輔導大陸學生來台後的生活問題，並要求他們「不要參與政治活動」。

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據報記者在金馬報道中指出，台北當局在六四學潮後的動作，似乎在明確地表示，希望大陸學生「不要來搗亂」，台灣方面部分科系的教師，也因部分學生參與「六四」血腥鎮壓之後，曾有逃離大陸之舉，而對此採取嚴厲的態度，並宣稱大陸學生「不要來搗亂」，台灣當局為此特別成立「大陸學生輔導小組」，負責輔導大陸學生來台後的生活問題，並要求他們「不要參與政治活動」。

台灣當局為防止大陸學生來台後「不要參與政治活動」，甚至不惜動用警力，強行將大陸學生與台灣學生隔離，並遣返回大陸

MING PAO DAILY NEWS
第31年　第35號
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明報

# 北京屠城後最新民意調查
# 香港人信心大跌

【本報專訊】一項最新的民意調查顯示，縱使中國在發生了戒嚴武力清場，及中國共產黨自己都造成了極嚴重的傷害，對中國以仁先院教百人，受傷無數，數千人死亡，引起，決不是軍隊駐紮在市區之外而發動的數字。軍民十分融洽，大批學生和軍隊中的軍人舉槍對峙，軍民全天談話，全是和平請願，要求政改，要求對話，要求對學生運動上新道德標準，要求對學生運動上新道德標準，要求對學生運動上新道德標準

# 香港時報

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## 今日新聞提要

一、中共再精決廿四民運分子，刊第一版。

二、政府再發嚴正聲明譴責，刊第一版。

三、北平上海銀行擠提，刊第二版。

四、港支聯明抗議中共屠殺同胞，刊第十六版。

五、住宅樓宇加租計算法修訂，刊第十五版。


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## 英紹西班牙促加強制裁呼聲日漲

## 繼續蒙蔽民智！鄧內部提指示 收緊留學政策

## 針對中共暴行籲世界各國聲討制裁

## 我政府再發表嚴正聲明

## 爭全體中國人民主自由

## 控告散播謠言及煽動推翻共產黨

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## Strike action delays report

INDUSTRIAL action by air traffic controllers in Sydney has caused the postponement of the Asian Connection, an eight-page special report on the property markets in Asia and Australia that was due to be published today.

The *South China Morning Post* hopes to publish this special report tomorrow.

## Bond looks to HK property

AUSTRALIAN Alan Bond is considering transforming his Hongkong-listed vehicle, Bond Corp International Ltd, into a specialist property company as part of a major overhaul of his debt-laden empire.

● See Business Post

## MARK SIX

THE numbers drawn in yesterday's Mark Six were: 4, 7, 25, 28, 40 and 42.

The extra number was 29.

See Page 2.

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## WEATHER

Cloudy with scattered showers.
Max temp 29 degrees.
See Page 2.

RAIN

# Seven more executed as 13 Taiwan 'agents' arrested

CHINA yesterday carried out seven more executions and announced the arrest of 13 people claimed to be Taiwan agents, two of them in Guangdong and another said to have been a mainland businessman recruited in Hongkong five years ago.

The Chinese Government bluntly told the world not to interfere in its campaign against dissent, following a wave of protest over the first executions in Shanghai on Tuesday.

Yesterday's executions were the first in Beijing and brought to 27 the number put to death this week as the Chinese authorities moved to deter any repeat of the pro-democracy protests it crushed on June 4 with massive military force.

None was students, according to official reports of the proceedings.

A poster board outside the Beijing High Court is filled with small white notices of arrests, the condemned ranging in age from 18 to 33.

A large red check, signifying execution, was marked on seven of the notices, with the word "proclaimed". The posters later were ripped down by soldiers.

The fate of the eighth person condemned to death in Beijing, a woman named Wang Lianxi, was unclear. The official media never have identified any of those convicted so far as female.

The Government yesterday launched what promised to be a major new propaganda theme, broadcasting secret police videotapes showing alleged Taiwan spies encouraging anti-government demonstrators.

For the first time in the present political crisis, the worst in 40 years of communist rule in China, Beijing has clearly alleged involvement by its Nationalist archenemies in Taipei.

Previously it has pointed the finger at "counter-revolutionaries" on the mainland and "reactionaries" in the United States, Canada, Hongkong and Macau.

State television showed a succession of film clips, some clearly taken surreptitiously at the height of the student movement in the capital, showing men identified as Kuomintang (Nationalist) special agents.

One man, Wang Changhong, 38, was shown applauding demonstrators, apparently exhorting them to greater efforts. Each time the film would freeze to show his face, highlighted with a coloured circle.

The State Security Ministry said Wang "spread rumours at Tiananmen Square time and again, instigating students to overthrow the government and attempted to incite workers to strike".

Three agents were reported detained in Beijing, five in Shanghai, two in Guangzhou, and one each in the northeast military centre of Shenyang and in the northwestern province of Ningxia.

The two held in Guangzhou were named as Zhang Yi, 25, and Wi Jidong, 23.

A 13th man was named by national radio and television as Ou Zongyou, a businessman allegedly recruited in Hongkong by Taiwan's military intelligence bureau in 1984.

He was arrested in Guiyang, southern China.

The reports said Ou spread rumours, slandered the Chinese Communist Party, collected banned publications and took pictures of anti-state demonstrations during the recent "counter-revolutionary rebellion".

Ou was the first alleged spy to be arrested in connection with the student-led demonstrations.

A statement from the State Security Ministry said "secret codes, confidential letters and special tools for agent activities like invisible ink" were seized during the arrests.

China made it clear yesterday that it did not care what other countries said about its handling of the current crisis and the death sentences being carried out.

"It is unwise and futile

(Cont'd on Page 14, Col 7)

# British MPs want report by next week

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE Foreign Affairs Committee is rushing to bring out its Hongkong report next week so that its recommendations on how to restore confidence before 1997 are made public before the Foreign Secretary arrives in the territory next weekend.

The British Government is still undecided on just what steps should be taken, and Sir Geoffrey may well have little to offer during his brief visit, from July 2 to 4.

Most of the members of the committee spent yesterday working with chairman David Howell on the conclusions of the report, which seems likely to stop well short of recommending immediate full right of abode for all 3.25 million Hongkong British passport holders.

A spokesman for the committee said last night: "Certainly we would like to have the report out before Sir Geoffrey visits Hongkong. But a lot depends on the printers and whether or not they can get the work done in time."

Just how far the Government will go in responding to the recommendations remains to be seen. The committee had originally planned to bring out its report some time in mid-July.

By publishing it next week, they may well be giving the Government time to make its formal reply to their recommendations before the parliamentary recess, the date of which is yet to be fixed, but which is likely to be at the end of July or early August.

There are known to be differences of opinion within the committee on how far it should go in its recommendations for confidence-boosting measures, and Mr Howell is trying to create a unified view.

But it seems certain that the MPs will go well beyond any moves being considered by the Government.

● See also pages 8-14
● Editorial – Page 26

The report will certainly make recommendations on the categories of people who should be given the right of abode in the UK, including Crown servants and other groups.

But the MPs have expressed their fears about confidence in the administration of the territory up to 1997 unless the Government comes up with an across-the-board insurance policy.

The select committee is understood to be keen on a suggestion by former Jardine Matheson taipan Henry Keswick that the rights of the people of Hongkong should be linked to the Chinese Government adhering rigidly to the wording of the 1984 Joint Declaration.

In the event of China breaking the spirit or letter of the pact, then some sort of right of entry into Britain should be brought into play.

A lot of the difficulty lies in defining just what would be seen as a breach of the Declaration.

There are indications too that the committee will ask the British Government to push for some sort of international guarantee for Hongkong, even though Sir Geoffrey said recently this was a non-starter.

The report also seems likely to recommend a Bill of Rights as well as a structure to avoid the chief executive being decided by Beijing after 1997.

The MPs have not been impressed by the statements of either Governor Sir David Wilson or Sir Geoffrey on progress towards democracy in the territory.

When both appeared before the committee last week they talked merely in terms of ensuring "continuity" for the administration rather than coming up with any firm proposals for what number of Legislative Council seats should be directly elected and by when.

Sir Geoffrey today meets the Senior Executive Councillor, Dame Lydia Dunn, and the Senior Legislative Councillor, Mr Allan Lee Peng-fei, who are in London to press Hongkong people's wish for Britain to offer them a safety net after 1997.

They also meet Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher today.

**LEGISLATION was introduced in the United States Congress yesterday to name a small plot of land opposite the Chinese Embassy in Washington as "Tiananmen Square Memorial Park".**

**Congress passed legislation paying a similar tribute to dissident Andrei Sakharov by naming a street next to the Soviet Embassy in his honour.**

**The land near the Chinese mission, which belongs to the National Park Service, is known only as 303A and 303B.**

Oliver Tsang

Sir David Wilson clambers through the huge statue of Buddha on Lantau Island.

**THE Governor, Sir David Wilson, yesterday called on Hongkong people to continue with their campaign to restore full British nationality rights for the territory's 3.25 million British Dependent Territory Citizens.**

**"I've not got the response that I would like to get. We are going on pressing our point of view.**

**"At the very least and to start with, I hope to receive a very generous response from the British Government when exercising what Whithall calls greater flexibility in granting passports to Hongkong British citizens," he said during a whirlwind tour of Lamma and Lantau islands.**

Sir David discusses progress on the statue with Abbot Chi Wai and Island District Officer Jonathan Ng.

# Thatcher warns sanctions could endanger HK

From DAVID WALLEN in London

THE British Prime Minister, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, last night ruled out economic sanctions against China warning they could precipitate a very dangerous situation for Hongkong, "causing panic" in the territory.

But she disclosed that Britain was still considering further measures against China, in addition to the ban on arms sales and high-level visits.

Her comments in the House of Commons came as Britain condemned the latest round of executions in Beijing.

"We are appalled by the executions and condemn them," a Foreign Office spokesman said.

"Once again we call upon the Chinese authorities not to persecute those who have campaigned for their democratic rights."

Labour Party leader, Mr Neil Kinnock, challenged Mrs Thatcher to back her words of condemnation with further action.

He urged Mrs Thatcher to call on the European Community at the Madrid European summit next week to impose sanctions on China.

But Mrs Thatcher replied: "I was among the first to condemn the killing and the executions and the other results that have followed from the latest policies of the Chinese Government."

Labour MPs jeered as she added: "I think it would be much too precipitate to do what you propose, particularly as many of us are very anxious indeed not to precipitate a situation which could cause great panic in Hongkong."

Mr Kinnock pressed home his attack saying: "Wouldn't it be wrong for this democracy and other democracies of the European Community to leave those young people in China with nothing but their own courage to sustain them?"

Mrs Thatcher said: "We are responsible now and right up until 1997 for the five million and more people in Hongkong. I think what you propose could precipitate a very dangerous position."

Conservative MP Robert Banks urged Mrs Thatcher to involve the Commonwealth in giving citizenship rights to Hongkong people.

"Knowing of your deep concern and sympathy for people of Hongkong would you agree we can make and initiative by going to the Commonwealth and asking them to provide rights of abode for all the people of Hongkong on the basis that each Commonwealth country took a quota if it became necessary?" he asked.

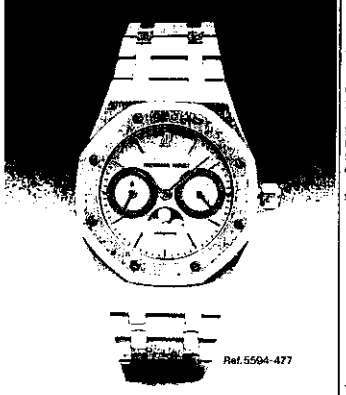
Mrs Thatcher had an eye to Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke watching proceedings from a VIP gallery when she said such matters would, of course, be raised at the Commonwealth conference in Kuala Lumpur in October.

"But I do not think it will be easy to get the result you seek, any more than it has been easy to secure other results with other refugees, although they have been very good in taking genuine refugees from Vietnam. It would be a very considerable step for the Commonwealth."

She said Australia and Canada had been particularly active in taking in entrepreneurs from Hongkong.


AP
Audemars Piguet

Royal Oak



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# Only 6 per cent say they would go to UK – survey

By BERNARD FONG

TWO thirds of Hongkong people plan to stay in the territory even if they are granted right of abode in Britain.

Only six per cent say they would live in the United Kingdom, while 18 per cent would leave for another country.

These are the findings of a Survey Research Hongkong poll on the nationality issue, co-sponsored by the *South China Morning Post* and conducted over the past three days.

The survey was done in concert with the RTHK public affairs program *Monthly Topical* which explored the issue of nationality with a panel of guests, a studio audience, telephone callers and street interviews.

The finding that only a small number of people wish to settle in Britain, even if they have right of abode there, is consistent with a claim by the Office of the Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils that the restoration of full British citizenship for 3.25 million Hongkong residents would be regarded here as "an insurance policy".

Senior Executive Councillor, Dame Lydia Dunn, and Senior Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei, will meet Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher this afternoon in London during which they are expected to raise the point that giving right of abode to Hongkong people would not become a burden for the UK.

Mrs Thatcher has offered greater flexibility in the application of the British Nationality Act, but has so far declined to go any further.

The restoration of nationality for the 1½ million who possess British passports and the 1.75 million eligible for the document, would substantially raise confidence in Hongkong, according to SRH.

The poll reveals that, without the benefit of right of abode, 47 per cent of the 1,000 respondents expressed little or no confidence in the territory. With citizenship, however, only 23 per cent were pessimistic.

Asked what Hongkong people should do in response to the political crisis in China, 84 per cent said they agreed with the notion of striving for right of abode in the UK.

Eighty-three per cent said they should seek speedier political reforms in Hong-

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 6)

# Crucial meeting of cadres under way

By DAVID CHEN

MORE than 300 senior cadres of the Chinese Communist Party yesterday began a crucial two-day plenary session in Beijing's Great Hall of the People to discuss and pass a series of resolutions, following the pro-democracy student movement in Beijing and elsewhere in the country.

Reliable sources said the session, the fourth of the party Central Committee, is also being attended by members of the party Central Advisory Committee and Central Discipline Inspection Committee.

The director of the Hongkong branch of the New China News Agency, Mr Xu Jiatun, who is a member of the Central Advisory Committee, flew to Beijing last week for the series of party meetings and the senior vice-director, Mr Zheng Hua, who is an alternate member of the Central Committee, left for the capital two days ago.

A major item on the agenda will be a decision on the fate of party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang and another Politburo Standing Committee member, Mr Hu Qili.

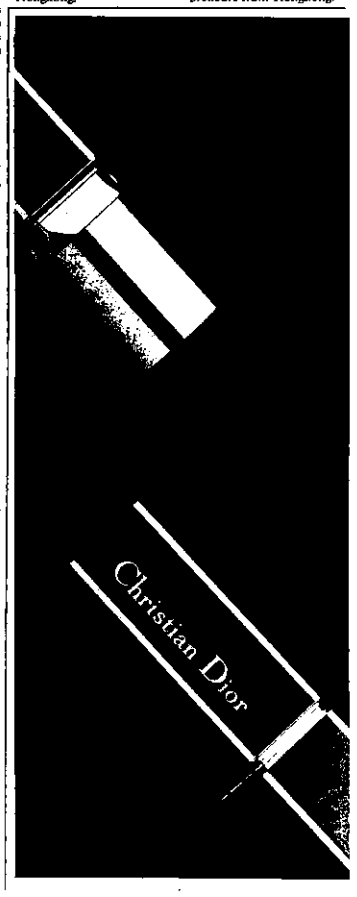
The two disappeared from public view on May 19, the day before Prime Minister Li Peng declared martial law in the major cities.

A communique is expected from the meeting either tonight or tomorrow.

The session was also to debate the new policy line the party and the country will follow.

Until a few days ago, there were still differences of

(Cont'd on Page 11, Col 1)



# Civil servants resigning in record numbers

By FANNY WONG

A TOTAL of 10,979 civil servants left the Government last financial year and some senior officials predict the rate of departure, already at a four-year high, will jump following the Beijing massacre.

According to statistics provided by the Civil Service Branch, 7,268 of the 10,979 had resigned, an increase of about 80 per cent over the previous year and 1.4 times over 1986-87.

The Government lost 7,385 employees last year and 5,047 in 1986-87.

In an unexpected move, the Chief Secretary, Sir David Ford, last week wrote to the 185,000 civil servants appealing for a commitment to the territory's future.

"I know that you must all be deeply concerned (about the recent bloodshed in Beijing)," Sir David said.

"But this makes it all the more necessary for us, as civil servants, to work towards ensuring a stable, and prosperous Hongkong both up to and beyond 1997."

Principal Assistant Secretary for Civil Service, Mr Roger Garcia, said the branch asked officers, except those on Model Scale One, temporary terms and probation, their reasons for leaving.

The number of higher ranking and more permanent officers who had resigned to emigrate rose from 273 in 1987-88 to 560 last year.

Those who resigned to join the private sector increased from 359 to 670.

However, the departure of administrative officers was not serious.

Assistant Secretary for Civil Service, Mr Maximus Li Kai-man, said only 23 administrative officers had left, half of them resigning.

He said the branch had examined the pattern of administrative officers' departure over the past four years but had been unable to establish any trend.

Mr Garcia said the increase in people's departure was largely due to a tight labour market.

"There are a lot of job opportunities available for people we recruit," he said.

Mr Garcia said the Government recruited mainly younger people or fresh graduates who tended to leave soon after joining.

He said the branch was still looking at the figures for the past two months but he did not think the trend would change much.

However, other senior officials expected more departures because the Beijing massacre had badly shaken the confidence of civil servants, especially local officers.

They expected more officers to seek early retirement and more expatriate officers to join the private sector.

Some officers who previously had confidence in the territories' future said they would consider emigrating.

An official said: "Although a Bill of Rights and full democracy are important, it is more important to get a fire exit.

Another official said: "Earlier, I was quite prepared to work for the future, but today I'm undecided."

# The Hongkong Standard

英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE


# Commons report to back acceleration towards full democracy

■ Mrs Thatcher... nothing to offer yet.

By Antony Cheesewright in London

THE House of Commons Foreign Affairs Select Committee is set to embarrass the British government by publishing its report on Hongkong on the eve of Sir Geoffrey Howe's visit to the territory.

The report – which Conservative chairman Mr David Howell, MP, now intends to produce by the end of next week – stops short of recommending the right of abode in Britain for all 3.25 million British passport holders.

But it will put forward radical confidence-building measures that go well beyond what the prime minister and foreign secretary have been willing to consider. The committee is expected to urge an acceleration towards full democracy in Hongkong – with at least half the legislature being directly elected before 1997.

It will also propose the introduction of safeguards to ensure that the first chief executive of the new special administrative region is not chosen by Beijing.

Both constitutional changes have been strongly canvassed by Senior Executive and Legislative Council members Dame Lydia Dunn and Mr Allen Lee during their lobbying campaign in London this week.

When Dame Lydia and Mr Lee see Mrs Thatcher today they will warn her that the foreign secretary faces a "terrible reception" if he arrives in Hongkong without concrete proposals.

But the government has still not agreed what it can offer in the way of passport proposals and other confidence-building measures.

For Mrs Thatcher, Hongkong is shaping up as one of the most difficult foreign policy decisions she has ever faced. If Sir Geoffrey, who leaves for Hongkong on July 3, is greeted by hostile demonstrations it would signal to the world, and more importantly to Beijing, that Britain is in danger of losing control.

Dame Lydia said yesterday: "People in Hongkong feel as British as someone from Manchester. But we don't want to leave Hongkong. It is our home.

"With the change to Chinese sovereignty the people of Hongkong need to be assured that if things go badly wrong, then there is an alternative; that they're not locked into Hongkong without a home of last resort."

She said Britain had the power to give its citizens in Hongkong the assurance they needed.

"Before 1969, when the Immigration Act was passed, we had that right of entry."

## Bid to discredit local media

CHINA'S central authorities have ordered Guangdong media to launch an attack on Hongkong media in a bid to erode its influence on mainland Chinese.

And, in a related move, hardline Premier Li Peng vowed he would win back control of Hongkong's left-wing newspapers, especially *Wen Wei Po* and *Ta Kung Pao*, an informed source told *The Hongkong Standard* yesterday.

Mr Li accused five Hongkong pro-Beijing newspapers of becoming "counter-revolutionary and anti-party" during a five-day special meeting of the State Council.

The prime target of the attack was *Wen Wei Po* which denounced Mr Li and president Yang Shangkun for their orders to launch the bloody suppression of students.

*Wen Wei Po's* director Mr Lee Tze-chung has publicly denounced the Communist Party and Chinese authorities are likely to force him to resign, sources said.

Meanwhile, mainlanders who have access to Hongkong newspapers, television and radio are about to face a barrage of propaganda denouncing the territory's media.

Spearheading the attack is the newly-established propaganda guiding group of the party Central Committee, headed by State Council spokesman Mr Yuan Mu.

"Mr Yuan Mu last week instructed us to firmly refute rumours spread by Hongkong media ... he especially asked media in neighbouring Guangdong to launch a counter-rumour campaign," said a source.

"He said Guangdong was the province most influenced by Hongkong media. If Guangdong media do not attack those Hongkong rumours, they would have very bad influence on people."

Two major official newspapers in Guangdong this week published letters from readers accusing Hongkong media of playing a "very ugly role in spreading political rumours" and carrying "unfair, biased and irresponsible" reports.

A letter in *Nanfang Daily* complained some Hongkong reports mentioned only that "the Chinese government suppressed students by force without even mentioning that some rioters burned army trucks and killed the soldiers".

It was written by Lu Wen of the propaganda department of Zhongshan Medical University.

The letter said "biased" reports were carried under the pretext of press freedom, "but press freedom cannot be separated from journalists' ethics".

Another letter, in *Guangzhou Daily*, accused Hongkong media of spreading "many kinds of rumours".

Various media bosses in Guangdong have also been ordered to organise political studies for journalists twice a week.

A journalist based in the province said: "Our unit has not organised any kind of political meeting for us for a long time. We have been asked to study carefully Deng Xiaoping's June 9 speech."

In what might be a related move, Beijing sources said some journalists from *China Youth Daily* had been detained and other Beijing-based journalists had been missing "for days".

# Mind your own business Ji tells HK

By Stanley Leung

HONGKONG people have been given a clear warning not to use the territory as a base to subvert the Chinese government – and a pledge that in return Beijing will stick to its promise not to impose communism here.

The official warning came from China's most senior official in charge of Hongkong affairs, Mr Ji Pengfei.

In an official statement issued on state television, Mr Ji warned against any attempts by Hongkong people to undermine the communist regime of China.

He also strongly criticised "a few people" in Hongkong and Macau for involvement in China's pro-democracy movement.

"There are a few people from Hongkong and Macau who do not understand enough about the situation, having gone against the Chinese constitution, and thus having actually helped promote turmoil in China," Mr Ji said.

Mr Ji's stern warning followed similar accusations of Hongkong people being involved in the "counter-revolutionary rebellion" in China on state television and the *People's Daily* over the last few days.

China Central Television said last week that the visit to Beijing of Mr Lee Cheuk-yan – a leader of the Hongkong Alliance in Support of the Chinese Patriotic and Democratic Movement – was subversive.

But Mr Ji, director of the State Council's Hongkong and Macau Affairs Office, pledged China's policies on Hongkong and Macau would not change despite the political turmoil in China.


INSIDE:
■ US keeps ties open; More flee mainland: Page 8 ▶
■ Dragnet draws tighter: Page 9 ▶


This is thought to be aimed at reassuring the community here, facing a serious crisis of confidence.

Mr Ji gave an assurance China would never go back on its policy of "one country, two systems", under which the territories would enjoy a high degree of autonomy after China regained sovereignty.

Interviewed on the state television, he said he was giving a "solemn statement on behalf of the Chinese government". "The serious policy of the 'one country, two systems' will never change," he said.

He also stressed that the agreements signed between China and the British and Portuguese Governments were "solemn international agreements. The Chinese government will always abide by these two agreements."

The people of China would not accept it if Hongkong and Macau people "came to take part in a movement against the Communist Party leadership and socialism, and one harmful to the mainland's stability." These activities, which would not be permitted by mainland law, would also damage the prosperity and stability of Hongkong and Macau.

"The Central Committee will absolutely not change the capitalist system and will not bring the communist system to Hongkong and Macau," Mr Ji said.

The Chinese minister, who had extended open support for the imposition of martial law in Beijing, also announced that the consultation of the Basic Law would be extended for some time, but did not elaborate.

Mr Ji – whose scheduled visit to Hongkong and Macau as Basic Law Drafting Committee chairman was cancelled early this month because of the turmoil – also tried to play down the impact the Beijing massacre might have on Hongkong.

On Wednesday, the Governor Sir David Wilson also called for the postponement of the promulgation of the Basic Law in a speech to the Legislative Council.

Mr Ji further said he hoped the work of the Sino-British Joint Liaison Group and Land Commission could continue as scheduled. The Chinese Foreign Ministry criticised Britain last week for unilaterally postponing the forthcoming JLG meeting scheduled for July 18 in London.

Mr Ji reminded Hongkong people they should obey the mainland constitution and laws while in China. In turn, mainlanders would have to abide by the laws of the territory while in Hongkong.

NICK WILSON

■ Soldier bear ... loved no longer

## Where have all the soldier bears gone?

**NO ONE wants to cuddle Teddy Bears dressed as People's Liberation Army soldiers any more ... and it has cost the operators of one chain of shops a considerable amount of money.**

**Before the Tiananmen crackdown the uniformed bears, offered alongside dolls bearing Hongkong passports and similar stuffed souvenirs of Hongkong sold well to tourists.**

**Today, however, their cuteness quotient appears to be zero, and one blue-rinsed American matron told a shop manager so in no uncertain terms.**

**John Damron, owner of the Startram chain of shops, has with-**

**drawn his entire stock of the soldier bears and replaced them with bears dressed as Star Ferry sailors.**

■ Winsome Lane reports

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# Seven more protesters shot dead

BEIJING: Seven men condemned to death were executed here yesterday, bringing to 10 the number of executions related to a military crackdown on pro-democracy protests.

And another 17 "common criminals" were also put to death on Wednesday in Jinan, capital of Shangdong province, for "crimes seriously disrupting social order".

The seven were shot through the back of the neck after their appeals against sentence passed on Saturday were rejected.

The executions took place amid a chorus of international protests over the public executions in Shanghai on Wednesday of three men for "counter-revolutionary rebellion".

China, however, bluntly told US President George Bush and other world leaders to mind their own business.

"It is unwise and futile for some foreign countries to try to exert pressure on China through political and economic means," a Foreign Ministry spokeswoman told foreign correspondents in Beijing yesterday.

"The Chinese people never yield to any external pressure," said spokeswoman Li Jinhua.

"The suppression of the rebellion which took place recently by the Chinese government ... is China's internal affair and no foreign government should interfere," she said.

The Foreign Ministry spokeswoman said China would not change its policy of reform, nor would it change its independent foreign policy of peace.

Meanwhile, press reports from Japan and Taiwan said the Chinese Communist Party Central Committee was to hold a plenary session within one or two days to discuss the fate of General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

The reports said the session would also decide replacements to the five-member Politburo Standing Committee. Beside Mr Zhao, another member Mr Hu Qili was also believed to have been disgraced.

A Xinhua News Agency report of the executions in Beijing made no mention of an eighth person, a woman, also condemned to die.

The Beijing seven were condemned to death for setting fire to military vehicles, stealing military equipment and attacking People's Liberation Army soldiers during the "counter revolutionary rebellion".

The seven executed were Lin Zhaorong, Zhang Wenkui, Chen Jian, Zhu Jianjun, Wang Hanwen, Luo Hongjun and Ban Huijie.

The three who died in Shanghai on Wednesday were executed for burning a train which ran over and killed six people during a demonstration of some 5,000 in the eastern port city on June 4.

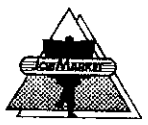
Six others were sentenced to jail terms for involvement in the same demonstration, two for life and four for between five and 12 years, Xinhua said.

Official sources said 1,700 people had been arrested in the army crackdown on protesters.

Many students, workers and ordinary people who took part in the 10-week mass protest movement have gone underground to escape arrest according to reliable sources.

– Agencies

## INSIDE

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### Crime

Canada, mecca for many Hongkong emigrants, is regarded as a safe haven by a much more sinister class of people ... American criminals

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Kevin Sinclair is at first nonplussed then enchanted by an Italian custom of dunking rock-hard biscuits into fine wine

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# Key dissident smuggled into Hongkong

By Tammy Tam of our China Desk

A LEADING Chinese dissident Mr Yan Jiaqi, deeply involved in the recent pro-democracy movement, and his wife Gao Gao, have been smuggled into Hongkong on their way to the US.

The couple, together with several student leaders, entered the territory via Guangdong. They are staying with friends here.

They are believed to be planning to leave for Europe, and then the US within days, sources said.

"They came here through the same way as Mr Su Shaozhi, who fled to the United States sometime ago," said an informed source who refused to give details on their escape. "That is for the sake of their safety."

Mr Su, a leading theorist on Marxism, has been regarded by the party hardliners as an active advocate of democracy. He was the first Chinese dissident intellectual able to escape from the mainland.

Chinese authorities have repeatedly accused Hongkong people of trying to turn the territory into a counter-revolutionary base by helping the movement and its activists.

In an open seminar yesterday, leading dissident journalist Mr Liu Binyan said Mr Yan had left the mainland and was safe.

"He is now perhaps in an even safer place than me," Mr Liu joked.

"The Chinese Communist Party cannot stand what he did and would execute him and his wife. Their situation is very dangerous but from what I know, he has not been arrested so far." Chinese authorities have tightened procedures for people leaving the country in a bid to catch dissidents fleeing the country. Several people were arrested at Beijing airport attempting to board a Paris-bound flight on Wednesday for allegedly taking part in "counter-revolutionary" activities.

■ Mr Yan Jiaqi ... hiding in HK.

Mr Yan, former director of the Research Institute of Politics in the Chinese Academy of Social Science, supported the student-led pro-democracy demonstrations in Beijing.

Together with several prominent intellectuals, he drafted the critical May 17 Manifesto at the height of the pro-democracy movement which condemned senior leader Mr Deng Xiaoping as "an old and muddle-minded last emperor and dictator".

And just one day before the crackdown on students in Tiananmen on June 4, Mr Yan was made president of the symbolic University of Democracy/ Tiananmen University by students who decided to turn the square into a school for promoting democracy.

The next day, Mr Yan reportedly disappeared. When telephoned by reporters for comment, his wife Gao Gao couldn't help crying when saying that Mr Yan had been taken away by some unidentified people.

The couple are authors of a book entitled *Ten Years History of China's Cultural Revolution.*

## China blames Taiwan spies for stirring unrest

**CHINESE state television named 13 alleged Taiwan special agents yesterday and said they stirred up unrest in Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou.**

**The evening news bulletin showed police film of some alleged agents encouraging pro-democracy demonstrators in Beijing's Tiananmen Square. It said four were detained.**

**It was the first time in the present political crisis that Beijing had clearly alleged involvement by its Nationalist arch-enemies.**

**Previously it had blamed "counter-revolutionaries" within China and "reactionaries" in the US, Canada, Hongkong and Macau.**

**Ever since the defeated Kuomintang forces fled to Taiwan in 1949, leaving the mainland in the hands of the communists, both governments had unearthed alleged spies from the rival regime at times of internal crisis.**

**In Taipei, government spokesman Shaw Yu-ming yesterday criticised as "barbarous" the recent executions on pro-democracy activists in China and urged the world to impose effective sanctions on Beijing.**

**Mr Shaw, director of the Government Information Office, said he admired the countries, international organisations and people throughout the world that had extended support to the pro-democracy demonstrators on the mainland.** – Agencies

# Families fly to NZ after airline crew die in car crash

By Paul Harrington

RELATIVES of four Hongkong residents killed in a head-on car crash near Auckland on Wednesday are being flown to New Zealand by Cathay Pacific today.

Airline spokesman Karina Leung identified the deceased, who were all Cathay pacific cabin crew, as: Mr Kenneth Lau Ming-fai, Mr Ivan Chan Yui-ching, Mr Kenneth Sau Wing-fai, and Miss Cindy Wong Wai-yee.

The four, all in their twenties, were on a short stop-over in the country.

The accident occured when the car they were in collided with an oncoming logging truck south of the central North Island town of Te Kuiti.

The local Tokoroa police said the four Cathay Pacific staff were travelling on State Highway 30, near Barryville, at 3.50 pm on Wednesday, local time when the accident happened.

Three of the victims died instantly and the fourth was pronounced dead nearly three hours later after special lifting equipment was moved in from the Hamilton fire department, 120 kilometres away, to prise the vehicle from the truck. The driver of the logging truck escaped with minor injuries.

Constable Mike French of the Tokoroa police, who was at the scene of the accident, said the fatal crash occured when their rental car ran out of control and one side of the car peeled off as they skidded under the truck.

The car had apparently crossed to the wrong side of the road at the end of a long straight and at the beginning of a bend.

The four had flown to Auckland on Monday and were due back early next week.

They had been driving to Rotorua unaware that four friends travelling behind in another car had been involved in a separate accident earlier the same day. The four Hongkong women involved in the earlier accident were treated for minor injuries at Te Kuiti hospital after their car ran out of control and they ran into a ditch near Waitomo, at 1.20 pm, two-and-a-half hours before the fatal crash.

The women were first taken to a nearby motel where they tried to telephone ahead to tell their friends they would not arrive in the spa resort of Rotorua that night.

Cathay Pacific expressed its deep regret at the deaths. The airline's public relations manager, Mr David Bell, said the company would follow the requests of the bereaved families concerning the bodies.

## Survivor of murdered family found

AN eight-year-old boy who went missing after his family was found murdered two weeks ago, has been staying with strangers in Macau.

Police brought the boy back to Hongkong yesterday.

The boy, Tse Wai-kuen, was found by Macau police on Tuesday staying in a flat occupied by the family of a man who was a neighbour of the murdered family.

The Macau Immigration Department confirmed the boy arrived in the enclave on June 9, a day before Hongkong police discovered the murder victims in Western.

Macau police said the boy was taken to the enclave by the neighbour.

Wai-kuen's parents and his elder brother and sister were found slashed to death in their flat in Belcher's Street.

Police then began searching for the boy.

Macau police said Wai-kuen had been staying in the flat of the neighbour's father in a housing estate in the northern part of the enclave since last Friday.

He has been placed under the care of the Social Welfare Department. The 50-year-old neighbour has not been found and police think he may be in China.

The case is being investigated by both the Macau Judicial and Hongkong police.

## Mark Six

ONE punter won $2,049,994 in the Mark Six lottery which drew numbers 4, 7, 25, 28, 40 and 42. The extra number was 29.

The second prize of $184,685 each had six winners while the third prize of $14,257 each had 167 winning units.

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO 第14860期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月 25 星期日 己巳年五月廿二

北京地区天气预报
白天 晴间多云 风向 北转南 风力 二、三级
夜间 晴 风向 南转北 风力 一、二级
温度 最高 33℃ 最低 21℃

人民日报社出版

中共十三届四中全会在京召开。左起：宋平、乔石、江泽民、李鹏、杨尚昆、李瑞环。 新华社记者 王新庆摄

# 党的十三届中央委员会召开第四次全会

## 审议通过李鹏代表政治局提出的关于赵紫阳所犯错误的报告

## 选举江泽民为中央委员会总书记

### 增选江泽民宋平李瑞环为政治局常委 增补李瑞环丁关根为书记处书记

### 撤销赵紫阳的总书记、政治局常委、政治局委员、中央委员和军委第一副主席职务

### 免去胡启立的政治局常委、政治局委员、书记处书记职务 免去芮杏文阎明复的书记处书记职务

### 全会之前，中央政治局举行了扩大会议，为四中全会的召开作了必要准备

**新华社北京6月24日电** 中国共产党第十三届中央委员会第四次全体会议公报

（1989年6月24日通过）

中国共产党第十三届中央委员会第四次全体会议，1989年6月23日至24日在北京召开。出席这次全会的中央委员170人，候补中央委员106人。列席会议的中央顾问委员会委员184人，中央纪律检查委员会委员68人，有关方面负责同志29人。

全会之前，中央政治局于6月19日至21日举行了扩大会议，为四中全会的召开作了必要的准备。

全会分析了近两个月来全国的政治形势，指出极少数人利用学潮，在北京和一些地方掀起一场有计划、有组织、有预谋的政治动乱，进而在北京发展成了反革命暴乱。他们策动动乱和暴乱的目的，就是要推翻中国共产党的领导，颠覆社会主义的中华人民共和国。在这场严肃的政治斗争中，党中央的决策和采取的一系列重大措施，都是必要的和正确的，得到了全党全国人民的拥护。全会高度评价以邓小平同志为代表的老一辈无产阶级革命家在这场斗争中发挥的重大作用，高度评价在平息首都反革命暴乱中中国人民解放军、武警部队和公安干警作出的巨大贡献。

**全会高度评价以邓小平同志为代表的老一辈无产阶级革命家在这场斗争中发挥的重大作用，高度评价在平息首都反革命暴乱中中国人民解放军、武警部队和公安干警作出的巨大贡献。**

**全会强调，要继续坚决执行党的十一届三中全会以来的路线、方针和政策，继续坚决执行党的十三大确定的“一个中心、两个基本点”的基本路线。四项基本原则是立国之本，必须毫不动摇、始终一贯地加以坚持；改革开放是强国之路，必须坚定不移、一如既往地贯彻执行，绝不回到闭关锁国的老路上去。**

**全会号召：全党、全国各族人民更加紧密地团结在党中央周围，同心同德，艰苦奋斗，克服前进道路上的一切困难，满怀信心地把我国社会主义现代化建设和改革开放事业继续推向前进！**

全会审议并通过了李鹏同志代表中央政治局提出的《关于赵紫阳同志在反党反社会主义的动乱中所犯错误的报告》。会议认为，赵紫阳同志在关系党和国家生死存亡的关键时刻犯了支持动乱和分裂党的错误，对动乱的形成和发展负有不可推卸的责任，其错误的性质和造成的后果是极为严重的。他在担任党和国家重要领导职务期间，虽然在改革开放和经济工作方面做了一些有益的工作，但是在指导思想上和实际工作中也有明显失误。特别是他主持中央工作以来，消极对待坚持四项基本原则、反对资产阶级自由化的方针，严重忽视党的建设、精神文明建设和思想政治工作，给党的事业造成了严重的损失。鉴于赵紫阳同志的上述严重错误，全会决定，撤销他的中央委员会总书记、中央政治局常务委员会委员、中央政治局委员、中央委员会委员和中共中央军事委员会第一副主席的职务，对他的问题继续进行审查。

全会对中央领导机构的部分成员进行了必要的调整：选举江泽民同志为中央委员会总书记；增选江泽民、宋平、李瑞环同志为中央政治局常务委员会委员；决定增补李瑞环、丁关根同志为中央书记处书记；免去胡启立同志中央政治局常务委员会委员、中央政治局委员、中央书记处书记的职务，免去芮杏文、阎明复同志中央书记处书记的职务。

全会高度评价邓小平同志接见首都戒严部队军以上干部的重要讲话，一致认为，这个讲话是我们回顾过去，思考未来，统一全党思想认识的纲领性文件。全会强调，要继续坚决执行党的十一届三中全会以来的路线、方针和政策，继续坚决执行党的十三大确定的“一个中心、两个基本点”的基本路线。四项基本原则是立国之本，必须毫不动摇、始终一贯地加以坚持；改革开放是强国之路，必须坚定不移、一如既往地贯彻执行，绝不回到闭关锁国的老路上去。当前，要特别注意抓好四件大事：一是彻底制止动乱、平息反革命暴乱，严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾，进一步稳定全国局势；二是继续搞好治理整顿，更好地坚持改革开放，促进经济持续、稳定、协调地发展；三是认真加强思想政治工作，努力开展爱国主义、社会主义、独立自主、艰苦奋斗的教育，切实反对资产阶级自由化；四是大力加强党的建设，大力加强民主和法制建设，坚决惩治腐败，切实做好几件人民普遍关心的事情，决不辜负人民对党的期望。

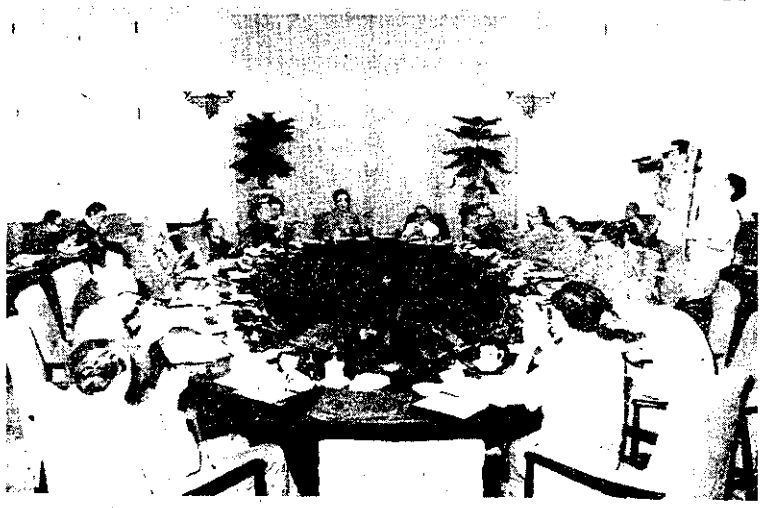
这次全会在我们党的历史发展上是一次非常重要的会议。它不仅对于当前进一步稳定全国局势具有重大作用，而且对于今后保证十一届三中全会以来党的路线、方针、政策的连续性，必将产生深远的影响。

全会重申，我国坚持独立自主的和平外交政策不变，我国将在和平共处五项原则的基础上继续同世界各国发展友好关系，对维护世界和平继续作出贡献。全会相信，我国平息反革命暴乱的正义斗争必将得到世界各国人民的理解，我国人民和世界各国人民的友好关系必将得到继续发展。

全会号召：全党、全国各族人民更加紧密地团结在党中央周围，同心同德，艰苦奋斗，克服前进道路上的一切困难，满怀信心地把我国社会主义现代化建设和改革开放事业继续推向前进！

邓小平同志在政治局扩大会议上发表重要讲话。 杨绍明摄（新华社稿）

江泽民同志在四中全会上讲话。 新华社记者 王新庆摄



中共中央政治局举行扩大会议。 杨绍明摄（新华社稿）

四中全会通过李鹏同志代表中共中央政治局提出的《关于赵紫阳同志在反党反社会主义的动乱中所犯错误的报告》。 新华社记者 王新庆摄

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## 北京軍事戒嚴聲中
## 中共四中全會閉幕

### 會議召開兩天　昨日發表公報
### 趙紫陽被撤銷一切職務
### 江澤民接任中共總書記
#### 政治局書記處改組　胡啟立芮杏文閻明復被除名

【本報訊】北京二十四日消息：中共十三屆四中全會二十四日在北京閉幕。兩天會議發表公報，同時宣佈原上海市委書記江澤民出任中共中央總書記，並改組中共中央政治局常委會和書記處，趙紫陽被撤銷一切職務，胡啟立芮杏文閻明復被除名。

這次四中全會與中共歷次全會不同的，是在北京戒嚴於軍事威脅狀態下舉行，這次全會通過「高度評價以鄧小平同志為代表的老一輩無產階級革命家在這場鬥爭發揮的重大作用」，會議由李鵬代表中央政治局作了「關於趙紫陽同志在反對資產階級自由化和動亂中所犯錯誤的報告」，指趙紫陽犯了「支持動亂和分裂黨的錯誤」。

全會還改組了中央領導機構，政治局成員為：胡啟立被撤銷政治局委員、常委和書記處書記等職務，並撤銷丙杏文、閻明復的書記處書記的職務，保留三人保留中央委員職務。新的中央政治局常委會成員六人：江澤民（新增）、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、宋平（新增）。

新的中央書記處成員六人：江澤民（新增）、李鵬、喬石、姚依林、宋平（新增）、李瑞環（新增）。

全會還改組了中央領導機構的部分成員進行了必要的調整，選舉江澤民同志為中央委員會總書記，增選江澤民、宋平、李瑞環同志為中央政治局常務委員會委員，決定增補李瑞環、丁關根同志為中央書記處書記，免去胡啓立同志中央政治局常務委員會委員、中央書記處書記職務，免去芮杏文、閻明復同志中央書記處書記的職務。全會高度評價鄧小平同志提出有關一些有益的意見，認為這些意見是我們事業繼續前進的重要指針，思考未來，統一全黨思想認識的綱領性文件。全會強調，要堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的有關論述。

全會對中央領導機構的部分成員進行了必要的調整，選舉江澤民同志為中央委員會總書記，增選丁關根同志為中央委員會常務委員，決定增補李瑞環為中央政治局常務委員，決定免去胡啓立同志中央政治局常務委員、中央書記處書記職務，免去芮杏文、閻明復同志中央書記處書記的職務。

全會高度評價鄧小平同志提出有關一些有益的意見，認為這些意見是我們事業繼續前進的重要指針，思考未來，統一全黨思想認識的綱領性文件。全會強調，要堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的有關論述。

全會分析了近兩個月來全國的政治形勢，指出極少數人利用學潮，在北京和一些地方掀起一場有計劃、有組織、有預謀的政治動亂，進而在北京發展成了反革命暴亂。他們策動動亂和暴亂的目的，就是要推翻中國共產黨的領導，顛覆社會主義的中華人民共和國，在這場嚴重的政治鬥爭中，黨中央的決策和採取的一系列重大措施，都是完全必要的和正確的，得到了全黨全國人民的擁護。全會高度評價以鄧小平同志為代表的老一輩無產階級革命家在這場鬥爭中發揮的重大作用。

全會之前，中央政治局於六月九日至二十一日舉行了擴大會議，為四中全會的召開作了必要的準備。

全會審議並通過了李鵬同志代表中央政治局提出的《關於趙紫陽同志在反對反社會動亂和分裂黨的錯誤中的責任問題的報告》。全會認為，趙紫陽同志在國保黨和國家生死存亡的關鍵時刻犯了支持動亂和分裂黨的錯誤，對動亂的形成和發展負有不可推卸的責任，其嚴重的性質和造成的後果是極為嚴重的。他在擔任黨和國家要領導職務期間，雖然在政治上主張四項基本原則，但是在指導思想上和實際工作中也有明顯的右傾，特別是他主持中央工作以來，清醒對待堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的方針，嚴重削弱黨的建設、精神文明建設和思想政治工作，給黨的事業造成了嚴重的損失。鑒於趙紫陽同志的上述嚴重錯誤，全會決定，撤銷他的中央委員會總書記、中央政治局常務委員會委員、中央政治局委員會委員和中央軍事委員會副主席的職務，對他的問題繼續進行審查。

全會決定，選舉江澤民同志為中央委員會總書記，宋平、李瑞環同志為中央政治局常務委員會委員，決定增補李瑞環為中央書記處書記。免去胡啓立同志中央政治局常務委員會委員、中央書記處書記職務。

全會高度評價鄧小平同志提出有關一些有益的意見，認為這些意見是我們事業繼續前進的重要指針，思考未來，統一全黨思想認識的綱領性文件。全會強調，要堅持四項基本原則，反對資產階級自由化的有關論述。

全會決定，撤銷他的中央委員會總書記、中央政治局常務委員會委員、中央軍事委員會副主席的職務，對他的問題繼續進行審查。

全會還改組了中央領導機構的部分成員，選舉江澤民同志為中央委員會總書記，增選丁關根同志為中央委員會常務委員，決定增補李瑞環為中央政治局常務委員，決定免去胡啓立同志中央政治局常務委員、中央書記處書記職務，免去芮杏文、閻明復同志中央書記處書記的職務。

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全會對中央領導機構的部分成員進行了必要的調整

# 文匯報

經中國人民郵政登記認爲第一類新聞紙類 廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

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## 四中全會昨結束 聲聲歌頌鄧小平

# 查審續並職撤罪加遭橫陽紫趙
# 記書總任繼升擢級越獲民澤江

## 中共高層人事大幅變動
## 胡啓立芮杏文閻明復解職
## 宋平李瑞環升政治局常委
## 四中全會前政治局會開擴大會議準備

【新華社北京二十四日電】中國共產黨第十三屆中央委員會第四次全體會議公報（一九八九年六月二十四日通過）

中國共產黨第十三屆中央委員會第四次全體會議，一九八九年六月二十三日至二十四日在北京召開。出席這次全會的中央委員一百七十人，候補中央委員一百零六人，列席會議的中央顧問委員會委員一百八十四人，中央紀律檢查委員會委員六十八人，有關方面負責同志二十九人。

全會之前，中央政治局於六月十九日至二十一日舉行了擴大會議，為四中全會的召開作了必要的準備。

全會審議並通過了李鵬同志代表中央政治局提出的《關於趙紫陽同志在反黨反社會主義的動亂中所犯錯誤的報告》。會議認為，趙紫陽同志在反黨反社會主義的動亂中所犯的錯誤，對動亂的形成和發展負有不可推卸的責任，其錯誤的性質和造成的後果是嚴重的。他在担任黨的總書記期間，在重大問題上堅持了錯誤的觀點，在黨內造成了嚴重的分裂，在組織上和思想上給黨帶來了長期難以消除的危害。

全會分析了近兩個月來全國的政治形勢，指出極少數人利用學潮，在北京和一些地方煽起一場有計劃、有組織、有預謀的政治動亂，遇到在北京發展成了反革命暴亂，他們策動動亂和暴亂的目的，就是要推翻中國共產黨的領導，顛覆社會主義的中華人民共和國。在這場嚴峻的政治鬥爭中，黨中央的決策和採取的一系列重大措施，都是必要的和正確的，得到了全黨全國人民的擁護。全會高度評價鄧小平同志為代表的老一輩無產階級革命家在這場鬥爭中發揮武警部隊和公安幹警作出的巨大貢獻。

全會認為，趙紫陽同志在動亂和暴亂中的錯誤，有組織、有預謀的政治動亂，他們策動動亂和暴亂的目的，在北京發展成了反革命暴亂，他們策動動亂和暴亂的目的，就是要推翻中國共產黨的領導，顛覆社會主義的中華人民共和國。在這場嚴峻的政治鬥爭中，黨中央的決策和採取的一系列重大措施，都是必要的和正確的，得到了全黨全國人民的擁護。全會高度評價鄧小平同志為代表的老一輩無產階級革命家在這場鬥爭中發揮武警部隊和公安幹警作出的巨大貢獻。

全會決定，趙紫陽同志在動亂和暴亂中的錯誤，有組織、有預謀的政治動

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# 新貴登場追殺趙系
# 中共展開全面清黨

## 打擊官倒圖挽人心 人大九月開特別會

**李鵬代表政治局提交報告 黨、國生死存亡時刻 趙紫陽犯上嚴重錯誤**

**高度評價老一輩人物**

（中新社北京六月二十四日電）中國共產黨第十三屆中央委員會第四次全體會議，一九八九年六月二十三日至二十四日在北京召開。出席這次全會的中央委員一百七十八人，候補中央委員一百零六人。列席會議的中央顧問委員會委員共二十九人。有關方面負責同志二十九人。全會之前，中共政治局於六月十九日至二十一日舉行了擴大會議，為中全會的召開作了必要的準備。

全會聽取和討論了中共中央政治局常務委員會受委託向全會作的關於當前政治風波的報告。全會分析了近兩月來全國的政治形勢，指出這場少數人利用學潮，在北京和一些地方發起一場有計劃、有組織、有預謀的政治動亂，實際上在北京發展成了反革命暴亂。他們策動動亂和暴亂的目的，就是要推翻中國共產黨的領導和社會主義的中華人民共和國。在這場鬧劇的政治舞台上，中央的決策和採取的一系列重大措施，都是必要的和正確的，得到了全黨全國人民的擁護。全會高度評價廣大幹部和人民群眾在這場鬥爭中的堅強立場和英勇行為，高度評價在平息暴亂中作出的巨大犧牲。

全會指出，這次動亂和暴亂的發生，有其深刻的國內外原因。國內的原因，主要是我們在改革開放的過程中，對長期形成的僵化的經濟體制和政治體制改革的艱巨性和複雜性缺乏足夠的認識，在指導思想上一度忽視了堅持四項基本原則的重要性，放鬆了思想政治工作，使資產階級自由化思潮泛濫，助長了動亂和暴亂的發生。國外的原因，是國際敵對勢力對我們實行西化、分化的圖謀。

全會認為，在這場鬥爭中，中國人民解放軍忠誠地履行了保衛社會主義國家政權的神聖職責，中國人民武裝警察部隊和廣大公安幹警、國家安全幹部、保衛幹部堅決執行黨中央的決策，為平息暴亂作出了重大貢獻。

全會認為，這次動亂和暴亂的發生，決不是偶然的。十一屆三中全會以來，我們黨在思想戰線上一直存在著資產階級自由化的傾向，這種傾向的發展，嚴重地削弱了黨的領導和社會主義思想教育，助長了腐敗現象的滋生和蔓延，嚴重地損害了黨和人民群眾的關係，嚴重地干擾了改革開放和現代化建設的進程，嚴重地妨礙了社會主義物質文明和精神文明的發展

# 北京揭盅：強硬派掃清趙系

## 升遷

【本報訊】中共正式宣布調出上海市委書記江澤民爲中共總書記，接替被免去全部黨內職務的趙紫陽。這是中共十三屆八〇年代第四次全體會議的結果。江澤民、宋平、李瑞環同爲現中央政治局委員及決定增補常委、政治局候補委員的決定，不到兩星期，中共已連續兩次舉行全會，並決定召開第十三屆全國代表大會。

## 罷黜

另一方面，除了趙紫陽之外，被免職的中共高層官員還包括胡啓立、丙杏文及閻明復三人。胡啓立被免去中央政治局常委、政治局委員及中央書記處書記的職務。丙杏文及閻明復兩人則被免去中央書記處書記的職務。

（本報綜合報道）中國共產黨第十三屆中央委員會第四次全體會議六月廿三至廿四日在北京召開，趙紫陽被撤銷黨內一切職務，上海市委書記江澤民當選爲中央委員會總書記。

主張強力學生對話的趙紫陽，不單失去中央委員會總書記職位，亦被撤銷中央政治局常委及中央書記處書記職務，共同被免職的還有中央委員會第一副主席鄧穎超。

中央委員會第四次全體會議公報說，全會聽取並通過了李鵬同志代表中共中央政治局所作的關於「一個基本點」和「一個基本路線」的報告，決定在反對和平演變的鬥爭中，堅持四項基本原則，堅持改革開放的總方針，堅持「一個中心，兩個基本點」的基本路線不動搖，堅決反對資產階級自由化，堅決反對動亂和暴亂，堅決制止動亂，平息暴亂，保衛社會主義的勝利果實。

全會分析了近兩個月來全國發生的一場嚴重的政治風波，指出這是少數人利用學潮，在北京製造動亂，進而煽動一場反對中國共產黨領導和社會主義制度的政治動亂，是一場有計劃、有組織、有預謀、有綱領的反革命暴亂。

全會認爲，這場動亂和暴亂的發生，有其深刻的國內和國際的社會根源和思想根源。

全會指出，在這場反對社會主義的鬥爭中，黨內的一小撮野心家、陰謀家，利用我們工作中的失誤，利用人民對某些消極現象的不滿，蓄意煽動，製造混亂，篡奪黨和國家的領導權，妄圖把中國引向資本主義的邪路，是對社會主義制度的嚴重威脅

MING PAO DAILY NEWS
明報

# 中共領導層人事變動
## 江澤民宋平李瑞環丁關根獲擢升
## 趙紫陽胡啓立芮杏文閻明復撤職

【本報專訊】昨日結束的四中全會對中共領導層的人事變動作出了重大決定，其中四人獲得提升，另有四人則遭免職。

●江澤民當選為中共總書記，增選為中央政治局常務委員會委員。

●宋平獲增選為政治局常委；李瑞環增選為政治局委員、中央書記處書記。

●丁關根獲增選為中央書記處書記。

●趙紫陽被撤銷總書記、政治局常委、政治局委員、中央委員會委員及中央軍事委員會第一副主席等職務；胡啓立被免去政治局常委、政治局委員、中央書記處書記的職務；

●芮杏文被免去中央書記處書記的職務；

●閻明復被免去中央書記處書記的職務。

趙胡兩閻四人皆免職後，胡耀邦、趙紫陽仍是中央委員會委員。閻明復則仍是全國政協副主席及統戰部部長。

## 江澤民脫穎而出　皆因未參與鎮壓

【本報專訊】香港大學亞洲研究中心研究員陳文鴻教授，上海市委書記、副總理朱鎔基，副總理姚依林等，現任國務院總理李鵬，國務委員兼國務院秘書長陳慕華，國務委員兼國家計委主任邹家華，國務委員兼國家經委主任吳學謙，國務委員兼國家科委主任宋健，國務委員兼國家體委主任李夢華，國務委員兼國家教委主任何東昌，國務委員兼國家民委主任陳光毅，國務委員兼公安部部長王芳，國務委員兼國家安全部部長賈春旺，國務委員兼審計長李鶴鳴，國務委員兼中國人民銀行行長李貴鮮，國務委員兼國務院秘書長羅幹，國務委員兼國務院港澳辦公室主任魯平，國務委員兼國務院外事辦公室主任錢其琛，國務委員兼國務院經濟貿易辦公室主任陳俊生，國務委員兼國務院法制局局長楊景宇，國務委員兼國務院研究室主任王瑞林，國務委員兼國務院體改委主任李鐵映，國務委員兼國務院農業委員會主任陳錦華，國務委員兼國務院生產委員會主任吳階平，國務委員兼國務院外交部部長吳學謙，國務委員兼國務院商業部部長胡平，國務委員兼國務院對外經濟貿易部部長李嵐清，國務委員兼國務院物資部部長丁關根，國務委員兼國務院交通部部長鄭拓彬，國務委員兼國務院鐵道部部長李森茂，國務委員兼國務院郵電部部長吳基傳，國務委員兼國務院廣播電影電視部部長艾知生，國務委員兼國務院新聞出版署署長宋木文，國務委員兼國務院計劃生育委員會主任彭佩雲，國務委員兼國務院環境保護委員會主任曲格平，國務委員兼國務院稅務局局長金鑫，國務委員兼國務院國有資產管理局局長王丙乾，國務委員兼國務院參事室主任閻明復，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王光美，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王昭，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王子平，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王汉斌，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王任重，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王首道，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王恩茂，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王震，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任王鶴壽，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任方毅，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任史良，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任白如冰，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任白雲梯，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任伍修權，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任安子文，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任安平生，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任朱穆之，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任朱學範，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任孙孚凌，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任孙起孟，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任孙越崎，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳大猷，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳天石，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳文藻，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳玉章，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳冷西，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳晗，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳蘊初，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任吳藻溪，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何長工，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何香凝，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何基灃，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何康，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何善周，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任何思敬，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余心清，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余井塘，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余江平，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余志宏，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余叔韶，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余修，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余湛邦，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余錫，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余譜可，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任余鑑，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任谷正綱，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任谷正鼎，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任谷春帆，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任谷鳳翔，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任邹韜奮，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任邹魯風，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙千里，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙文漢，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙可夫，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙孟海，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙梅，國務委員兼國務院參事室副主任沙蕾

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# Sunday Morning Post

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Exclusive

## Nixon on Beijing's 'cruelty'

**FORMER US President Richard Nixon (pictured) speaks out for the first time on China's "brutal suppression of its pro-democracy movement" in an exclusive opinion piece today for the *Sunday Morning Post*.**

**Mr Nixon, the American leader who opened the gates of China to the Western world in his historic visit to Beijing in 1972, says that the Tiananmen Square crackdown was "shockingly cruel and incredibly stupid".**

**The execution of activists and workers "deepened our revulsion, leading even China's friends to question the rationality of a regime that would go forward with such brutality," he says.**

**However he cautions against the Western world hitting back with punitive policies.**

**"If, in our anger, we drive China back into the shadows of the Soviet Union and the oppressive economic system Deng Xiaoping has tried to reform, those who fell in Tiananmen Square will truly have died in vain," he says.**

**Read more about what Nixon says on PAGE 13.**

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**Page 6:** Profiles of the new leaders
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# Party purges Zhao

## Moderate Jiang chosen to replace China's No. 2

ZHAO Ziyang was unceremoniously ousted yesterday as general secretary of the Chinese Communist Party for "supporting" the democracy movement that convulsed China for almost two months, and was replaced by former Shanghai mayor Jiang Zemin.

The purge of the nation's second most powerful leader by the party's Central Committee finally made public the outcome of a bitter internal feud ignited by the largest anti-government protests since communist China was founded in 1949.

But the ageing conservatives who backed paramount leader Deng Xiaoping in the battle to get rid of the moderate Zhao, 71, failed to place one of their own at the head of the Communist Party.

The selection of Jiang, a moderate technocrat and Shanghai party chief, was seen as a compromise engineered by Deng to pacify the ultra-conservatives without turning over power to hardliners like Premier Li Peng or Qiao Shi, head of the nation's shadowy security apparatus.

A highly-placed government official said Jiang's selection indicated Deng remained firmly in control, using the new party boss to balance the leadership.

"This decision leaves people with hope," said the official, who requested anonymity. The choice of Li or Qiao would "have shifted the balance too far to the right," he said.

The moderate compromise was also reflected in the Central Committee's communique announcing the high-level changes when it pointedly said the decade-old "open door" policy strongly identified with Deng and Zhao would continue.

"The policy of reform and opening to the outside world, as the road to lead the country to strength and prosperity, must be implemented as usual in a steadfast manner," the communique said. "The country must not return to the old closed-door path."

☐ New Party General Secretary Jiang Zemin.

☐ Ousted Party General Secretary Zhao Ziyang.

But the document blasted Zhao's conciliatory approach to the democracy movement, which was smashed when armour-backed troops stormed toward Beijing's Tiananmen Square on the night of June 3-4 to end a 22-day occupation by university students and enforce martial law.

The brutal military attack ignited a citywide insurrection by tens of thousands of citizens denounced by the government as a "counter-revolutionary rebellion" by "thugs" and "criminals".

Authorities claimed only 300 people, about 100 of them soldiers, were killed in the street clashes, but other estimates place the death toll in the thousands.

"At the critical juncture involving the destiny of the party and state, Zhao Ziyang made the mistake of supporting the turmoils and splitting the party, and he had unshirkable responsibilities for the shaping-up of the turmoils," said the communique issued at the conclusion of a two-day Central Committee meeting.

"The nature and consequences of his mistakes are very serious," the communique said of Zhao, who assumed the top party post in 1987.

It was not the first setback for Zhao who, like Deng, was purged during the tumultuous 1966-76 Cultural Revolution and was paraded through the streets of Guangzhou wearing a dunce's cap.

The text of the communique transmitted by China's official New China News Agency (NCNA) indicated Zhao's troubles might not be over, saying the Central Committee had decided "to look further into his case".

National television broke into regular programming to show footage of the unanimous show-of-hands vote taken by 170 full members and 106 alternate members of the Central Committee in the Great Hall of the People, which was surrounded throughout the day by scores of gun-toting security personnel.

Zhao was not shown at the meeting. While film was aired of the 84-year-old Deng, who appeared healthy despite reports of illness, it was not clear if it was recorded at the session.

Zhao, who reportedly has been under house arrest, was last seen in public in the early hours of May 19, when he made a conciliatory visit to the students occupying Tiananmen Square.

The party posts from which Zhao was dismissed included general secretary of the Central Committee, membership on the Politburo Standing Committee, the Politburo and Central Committee and first vice-presidency of the Military Commission, which oversees the People's Liberation Army, NCNA said.

● Continued Page 8

Reuter

☐ China's senior leader Deng Xiaoping appearing on state television yesterday endorsing the appointment of Jiang Zemin.

## Open-door policy 'still stands'

By CHRIS YEUNG

THE new leadership line-up of the Chinese Communist Party indicates China is determined to continue its open economic policy, according to local political scientist Dr Joseph Cheng.

Dr Cheng, Dean of Arts and Humanities of the Open Learning Institute, said the party's new General Secretary, Mr Jiang Zemin had a good record of economic reforms in Shanghai, where he was the coastal municipality's party chief before he was given the top post in the party.

Among the new six-member Politburo is Mr Li Ruihuan, the party chief of Tianjin, also known for his achievements in luring foreign investments to boost economy.

Dr Cheng said: "(Mr) Jiang has met the needs of the paramount Chinese leader, Deng Xiaoping. He has had some good performances in pursuing economic reforms on one hand, while on the other he is strong in ideological control.

"(Mr) Jiang has been stern in countering the student movement in Shanghai. He was also firm in his decision to close down the liberal newspaper, *World Economic Journal* and sack its editor, Qin Benli, despite strong opposition," he said.

He said the new line-up of the Politburo was also characterised by the inclusion of technocrats whose education level stood at university or above.

Dr Cheng said: "The line-up indicated Deng Xiaoping did not wish to see any regression in economic reforms ... it's the best line-up out of the worst situation now."

Another political commentator, Dr Thomas Chan Manhung, said the fact that Premier Li Peng and Politburo member Mr Qiao Shi failed to get the top party post indicated the party might still be split over the June 4 massacre.

"The stripping of all party posts from Zhao Ziyang was expected. But the fact that Mr Zhao was still subject to further investigations indicated he might face harsher treatment.

"The inconclusive statement on Mr Zhao might also show the party hierarchy was still divided over the seriousness of mistakes he committed," said Dr Chan, researcher at the Hongkong University's Centre for Asian Studies.

# Howe faces abode showdown

From DEAN NELSON in London

BRITAIN and Hongkong are set for a behind-the-scenes clash on the right of abode in the week before Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe arrives in the territory, government sources said yesterday.

They expressed astonishment after Whitehall indicated that Sir Geoffrey would not make an announcement on how many people Britain would be prepared to accept after 1997.

Government sources said the signals indicated the British were backtracking on understandings reached when the Governor, Sir David Wilson, met Prime Minister Mrs Margaret Thatcher two weeks ago.

They say during that meeting it was agreed there would be a substantial improvement in numbers, that Sir Geoffrey would demonstrate commitment to Hongkong, and that he would make an announcement when he arrived in the territory.

It was in that meeting that the Omelco trip to London by Dame Lydia Dunn and Mr Allen Lee was first raised. Their visit to Britain, and the Foreign Secretary's trip to Hongkong would help to determine how flexible Britain could be on the right of abode.

But Whitehall sources yesterday said there would be no announcement during the Foreign Secretary's visit, which begins next Sunday.

"When Sir Geoffrey goes to Hongkong he will not give a figure. These are processes which take time. Things were going ticketyboo, then all of a sudden this happens. When we can see past the horrors of Beijing, we've got to get on with making the future of Hongkong as safe as we possibly can," a Foreign Office insider said.

"But we cannot make hasty snap judgements. The changeover is not for another eight years. We have said 3.25 million is unrealistic and that we will look at flexibility within the rules," he added.

Hongkong Government sources said they were shocked and astonished by the development.

"We have been conned. We are not part of the British Government and there is a divergence. This comes as an acute surprise, astonishment for people at my level. This reversal stands on its head what they said to the Governor in London two weeks ago," a senior government adviser said.

"They have obviously got some kind of game plan and they are keeping Hongkong's spokesmen hanging in the air. We have reason to believe it was the British Government which leaked a figure of 250,000 for the right of abode when the British MPs arrived here last week. They are playing with the territory," he added.

He said the Governor would be in touch with Sir Geoffrey before his arrival next weekend, and hoped to persuade him to change his mind. "The Governor will go bang. He will assess what ammunition he has to fire," said the government source.

Indications from Whitehall

☐ Sir Geoffrey Howe

are that the government is prepared to be flexible in four areas: clauses 14 and 18 of the Basic Law, a faster pace towards full democracy, a bill of rights, and a broader interpretation of Crown servants. These will include those who have worked on government boards.

A spokesman said the British Government was also looking at applications from those who have special skills which are in short supply, such as computer programmers and operators. People of totally independent means and those with

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*Plus*
● The Guide
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● Young Post Club
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WEATHER

Mainly fine
Max temp 30 degrees. SUNNY PERIODS

● Colour weather map: P8

SPORT

## Aussies take control in Lord's Test

**AUSTRALIA took a firm grip on the second cricket Test at Lord's yesterday.**

**With Steve Waugh crashing a brilliant unbeaten 152, the Australians totalled a daunting 528 – a first innings lead of 242 over England.**

**The Australian bowlers then went to work and by the close, England had slumped to 58 for three and were staring defeat in the face.**

**Australia are already 1-0 ahead in the series having easily won the first Test at Leeds earlier this month.**

**Meanwhile, midfield maestro Leslie Santos has been ruled out Hongkong's World Cup soccer tie in Indonesia this evening.**

**Santos has failed to recover from a leg injury and his place will be taken by veteran Happy Valley player Leung Nan-yang.**

● Full reports Page 18

# Arafat offers to end Afghan civil war

PLO chairman Yasser Arafat offered yesterday in Pakistan to mediate a political solution to the civil war in neighbouring Afghanistan.

Mr Arafat had adopted the role of "a man of peace in the area", said Ahmed Abdul Karim Elhih, the self-proclaimed state of Palestine's Consul-General in Pakistan.

Four months ago, the PLO mediated the exchange of two Soviet prisoners for 50 rebel fighters held in Kabul, setting a precedent as a negotiator, Mr Elhih said.

The Kremlin claims 311 Soviet soldiers are missing inside Afghanistan after its nine-year military intervention, which ended last February.

Mr Elhih said Mr Arafat met Afghan rebel leader Mr Bulbadin Hekmatyar's representatives and those of moderate guerilla leader Ahmed Gailani during earlier mediation talks in Tunisia. The PLO chief also met Kabul Government representatives.

Mr Arafat met Mr Hekmatyar who said later his provisional guerilla government would vote on whether to accept the PLO leader's offer.

The US-supported Afghan guerillas, who call themselves Mujahedeen or Islamic holy warriors, have been fighting Kabul's Soviet-backed Marxist Government for the past decade.

A PLO spokesman later said Mr Arafat supported a neutral Afghanistan Government, independent of both the ruling communists or Muslim insurgents.

In the past Mr Hekmatyar and the rebel government's Prime Minister, Rasul Sayyaf, have rejected the neutral government proposal.

Rebel factions based in Pakistan and Iran said the Afghan civil war would continue until the Kabul Government fell. Afghan President Najibullah claims his forces can hold up against rebel attacks.

Guerilla leaders, ranging from Islamic fundamentalists to moderates, have refused to negotiate with Mr Najibullah and his Marxist People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan.

Mr Arafat, who was welcomed at Islamabad's international airport by Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto, last visited Pakistan in March when he laid the cornerstone of a Palestinian embassy and met rebel leaders.

Meanwhile, Mr Arafat told the National Assembly the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip would end only after Israeli troops moved out.

He urged the US to pressure for an international peace conference, with the PLO as equal partners in the discussion. The Israeli Government has refused any dialogue with the PLO.

*Associated Press*

# The Sunday Standard

Forward with Hongkong

25 June, 1989 Subscriber's copy/Not for sale


## Appointment allows the old guard to keep a grip on China

**Analysis by Tammy Tam**

THE surprise appointment of Jiang Zemin as the new General Secretary of the 47-million member Chinese Communist Party (CCP) is seen as an attempt by the old guard to keep the balance of power while giving a signal to the outside world that China intends to stick with its open-door policy.

The Fourth Plenary Session of the Central Committee of CCP, which ended yesterday, officially dismissed party chief Zhao Ziyang who was condemned by the hierarchy for "supporting the counter-revolutionary turmoil and splitting the party".

The choice of the 63-year-old former Shanghai party secretary has taken many observers, both in China and the rest of the world, by surprise.

Nonetheless, it's a natural one, considering his qualities and experience.

Although it might look like Mr Jiang has leap-frogged others, with perhaps better credentials, he may turn out to be another Hua Guofeng, Mao Zedong's hand-picked successor who has no real power but keeps factions in the party apart.

Judging from senior leader Deng Xiaoping's address on June 9 to martial law troops, the successor to Mr Zhao should be a person who agrees with the four cardinal principles – leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, socialism, Marxist-Leninist-Maoist thought and dictatorship of the proletariat – plus the open policy and reforms.

Thus, the Soviet trained technocrat Mr Jiang, with an open-minded image he established through his performance in Shanghai – China's biggest industrial and financial centre – is an ideal choice.

To the old guard conservatives, Mr Jiang has shown that he firmly supports the four principles and illustrated this by strongly backing the crackdown on pro-democracy protestors and strict control of the press over the past few months.

But to foreign investors, he is an active advocate of reform and open-door policy, which they want to encourage. It is a time when China is trying its best to woo foreign investment.

The two men thought to be "hot candidates", Mr Li Peng and Qiao Shi, just don't have that sort of image.

The official Xinhua News Agency reported yesterday that before the Fourth Plenary Session of the Central Committee, the Politburo held a meeting chaired by Deng.

**Continued Page 2, Col 8**

## Deng shows his hand in party purge

**By Tammy Tam**

THE Chinese Communist Party yesterday stripped its reformist general secretary Mr Zhao Ziyang of all his party posts and replaced him with Shanghai party chief Mr Jiang Zemin.

The two-day meeting of the party's Central Committee, which voted Zhao out, also dismissed Hu Qili, long identified with reformers, from the decision-making Politburo Standing Committee.

The meeting, which undoubtedly strengthened the hand of the hardliners in the party hierarchy, nevertheless reiterated China's intention to adhere to the 10-year open door policy and reforms.

The reshuffle also left little doubt that supreme power still lay with paramount leader Mr Deng Xiaoping.

An official statement said Mr Zhao, 70, was sacked for "mistakes of supporting turmoil and splitting the party" over the pro-democracy student unrest crushed by the army in Beijing's Tiananmen Square 21 days ago.

However, the statement said "his case will be further looked into", indicating that Mr Zhao might receive further punishment. Mr Zhao at present keeps his party membership.

The 63-year-old Mr Jiang was made the new party chief, but was not appointed to Mr Zhao's post as the first vice-chairman of the party's Central Military Commission.

■ Jiang Zemin

Mr Zhao's ally, and member of the Standing Committee of the Politburo, Mr Hu Qili, who was in charge of the party's propaganda work, was ousted from the centre of power but remains in the 18-member politburo.

Replacing Mr Zhao and Mr Hu in the Standing Committee are three Politburo members – Tianjin party secretary Mr Li Ruihuan, Director of the Taiwan Affairs Office under the State Council, Mr Ding Guangen and Director of the party's Organisation Department Mr Song Ping – expanding the membership of the committee by one member to six.

Mr Li and Mr Ding were also named to the Central Committee Secretariat. Rui Xingwen who used to be in charge of propaganda work and Yan Mingfu, director of the party's United Front Department, who were identified as reformers, were removed.

The statement of the Central Committee plenary session did not explain on what ground Mr Jiang, who until yesterday was only a member of the Politburo, was made the new party chief.

According to the party constitution, the general secretary has to be elected among the Politburo Standing Committee members.

The plenary session, which analysed the current situation in China, set out four major tasks for the party, which stressed it would keep Mr Deng's open door policy and reforms.

They are:

- To stop the turmoil thoroughly and crack down on counter-revolutionary rebellion.
- To keep on with rectification and insist on the open door policy and reforms so as to promote economic reform.
- To strengthen ideological and political works, and strongly insist on the opposition to bourgeois-liberalisation.
- To strengthen party construction and firmly punish corruption within the party.

The statement of the plenary session said Mr Zhao "obviously erred in guide lines and practical work and took a passive approach to the adherence to the four cardinal principles and opposition to bourgeois-liberalisation."

"Comrade Zhao Ziyang was dismissed as the

**Cont'd Page 2, Column 3**

■ The Union flag flies over Vietnamese boat people hudding for protection round a derelict building on Tai Ah Chau.

## Barnes off for talks

**By Tim Metcalfe**

SECRETARY for Security Mr Geoffrey Barnes last night dismissed speculation that a US$1000-a-head "bounty" for accepting back boat people would be offered to Vietnam.

"That's only speculation on someone's part," he insisted. "I don't know anything about it."

Mr Barnes flies to Vietnam today, accompanied by the Governor's political advisor Mr Richard Clift, to try and strike a deal with Hanoi over repatriation of the boat people, who have exhausted Hongkong's facilities.

A security screen is being drawn over the bilateral talks, which will take place tomorrow with Vietnam's Foreign Minister and Vice President, Nguyen Co Thach.

"The meeting is not to be covered by the media," said Mr Barnes.

"Vietnam was very specific about that. They want to keep these negotiations confidential, but didn't fully explain why."

However, Hongkong's negotiators have made no secret of the fact that they will be talking about enforced repatriation.

**Special report – Page 5**

■ Many Vietnamese remain on their boats. *Pictures: Robert Ng*

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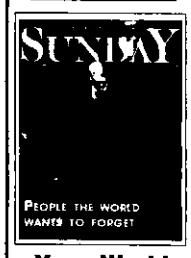


### Your World on Sunday

**Forgotten burden**
Officials from Hongkong and Vietnam are due to meet tomorrow in yet another round of talks to try and solve the plight of the boat people. Today we publish a special report on the people the world wants to forget.

**Indiana Jones**
Harrison Ford's latest Indiana Jones film has just opened here in Hongkong. Is is just good clean fun or sexist machismo garbage?

**Martin Sheen**
We profile Martin Sheen whose latest film, *Da*, is about to be released.

**Woodstock**
Two decades ago an outdoor concert at Woodstock changed the face of contemporary rock for ever.

And while on music we review David Crosby's autobiography *Long Time Gone*.

**Plus**
Upmarket Happy Valley restaurant Amigo is subject of our weekly review and there's cooking and wine, the arts, travel, fashion and our comprehensive TV and radio guide.

**In Today's Paper**

**America**
Twenty-five years after the murder of civil rights campaigners in the southern state of Mississippi, some say little has changed. 11

**Argentina**
With inflation rates of three percent a day, one of the world's greatest food producers is now facing hunger as food prices escalate out of control. 13

**West Germany**
The wave of 'Gorbymania' which swept the country during Mikhail Gorbachev's visit has left a question mark over the nation's continued involvement in NATO. 11

## Neptune's secrets revealed

**By Kathy Sawyer of the Washington Post**

THE Voyager II spacecraft has revealed a 6,200-mile-wide dark spot on Neptune, believed to be a huge hurricane.

Excited scientists suspect the dark spot is a massive, swirling vortex similar to Jupiter's great red spot. In keeping with Neptune's greenish-blue tinges, this one, located in the planet's southern hemisphere, has been dubbed the great blue spot.

Voyager II, the robot probe which left earth 12 years ago and is now 2.7 billion miles away, is still almost 60 million miles from its closest encounter with the planet – expected around midnight on August 24 – which will provide our first good look at Neptune.

It will zoom within 3,000 miles of the plant's north pole, the nearest approach it has made to any of the giant outer planets during its "grand tour." In past years it sent back dramatic pictures of Jupiter, Saturn and Uranus.

**THE FAR SIDE** By GARY LARSON

"These little ones are mice .... These over here are hamsters .... Ooh! This must be a gerbil!"

## Ex-wife got Tyson's best punch: book

**NEW YORK: The best punch Mike Tyson ever threw was not against an opponent, but against former wife Robin Givens in a New York apartment, according to a new biography of the unbeaten world heavyweight champion.**

**Jose Torres, a former confidant of Tyson's, had excerpts of his forthcoming book *Fire and Fear: The Inside Story of Mike Tyson* published in the August issue of Playboy.**

**Torres, who said he based much of the book on 12 hours of tape recorded interviews with the champion, quoted Tyson as saying he once hit Givens hard.**

**"She really offended me and I went BAM," Tyson told Torres.**

**"She flew backwards, hitting every wall in the apartment. That was the best punch I've ever thrown in my life."**

**But Torres also shed some unfavourable light on Givens, who he said tried to take over Tyson's financial affairs after they were married.**

**The book also quotes Tyson as saying he enjoyed abusing women.**

**"I like to hurt women when I make love to them, I like to hear them scream and bleed. It gives me pleasure."**

## Bank executive to stand trial for accepting gifts

A LONG serving executive with the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation was yesterday ordered to stand trial on five counts of accepting an advantage as an agent.

Richard Maxwell Medlycott, 47, who joined the bank in 1960 and was attached to the internal audit department, was charged on Friday by the Independent Commission Against Corruption.

In South Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, Medlycott pleaded not guilty to charges alleging that he accepted gifts in return for making recommendations concerning the provision of banking facilities for three jewellery companies while he was manager of the Kowloon branch of the bank between 1982 and 1983.

The jewellery companies included Lily Jewellery Co, Lily (Regency) Jewellery Co and Collection Jewellery Co.

Magistrate John Townsley remanded Medlycott on bail of $100,000 bail in his own recognisance for trial on August 14 at South Kowloon Magistracy. He was ordered to surrender his passport and not leave Hongkong without the court's permission.

ICAC prosecutor and senior investigator, Mr Michael Bail, alleged that between November 1982 and November 1983, Medlycott accepted two jade-stone carvings, an 18K gold watch, a Hongkong to London return plane ticket, six nights hotel accommodation and a pearl necklace from businessman, Yip Kwok-chol.

Yip was jailed last year for false accounting.

Medlycott was alleged to have accepted the plane ticket, hotel accommodation, car hire and pearl necklace for his wife, Janet Evelyn Medlycott.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporations manager, external affairs, Mr Michael Broadbent, said Medlycott began his career with the bank in 1960 working in the Middle East for a subsidary, the Saudi British Bank.

He returned to the Middle East in 1984 to work for another subsidary, the British Bank of the Middle East, and had recently returned to Hongkong, Mr Broadbent said.

"It is not unusual for executives to be transferred overseas for a few years for attachment to our subsidiaries," Mr Broadbent said.

## Regional conference on AIDS

HONGKONG is this week spearheading the Southeast Asian war on AIDS.

A regional "think-tank" is being hosted with experts from 10 countries joining forces to find ways of stopping the spread of the killer virus.

The gathering is also expected to win Government support in founding a regional information service on AIDS here.

Over 70 delegates will attend the three-day seminar at The Chinese University of Hongkong.

Entitled "AIDS in Southeast Asia and the Pacific Region – Strategies for Prevention and Control", the conference opens on Wednesday and is examining regional incidence, control and prevention of the disease.

Also on the agenda at the seminar, co-sponsored by the Association of Southeast Asian Institutions of Higher Learning, are plans for regional co-operation in the fight against the virus, for which there is no known cure.

"The seminar aims to gain a better understanding of the seriousness and prevalence of AIDS in the region," said a spokesman for the organisers.

This will mean:

- Appraising current action to combat the disease;
- Evaluating its effectiveness;
- Reviewing international co-operation in dealing with AIDS.;
- Examining the role higher education institutions can play in alerting youngsters;
- Taking preliminary steps to make more studies of the problem.

**Deadly sin – Page 4**

## Mid-flight birth forces jet landing

A CATHAY Pacific 747 was forced to make an unscheduled landing at Abu Dhabi when a woman gave birth to a baby boy in mid-flight.

The woman, believed to be from the Philippines, boarded flight CX200 from London in Bahrain and went into labour shortly after take- off on Friday.

Passengers broke into spontaneous applause after the captain announced the woman had given birth in one of the galleys with the assistance of cabin crew and two nurses who were among the passengers.

The woman was left in Abu Dhabi although immigration officials initially refused to let her off the aircraft but said they would accept the baby.

Before landing, the pilot had to jettison 14,000 tonnes of fuel which had been loaded in Bahrain.

## Waugh-time

STEVE Waugh marched to 152 not out, his second unbeaten century in consecutive Test innings, at Lord's yesterday. Australia were all out for 528 at tea and led England by 242 runs after making 252 runs in two sessions.

**Report – Back page**

# 人民日报

RENMIN RIBAO

第14964期 （代号1—1）

1989年6月29日 星期四 己巳年五月廿六

北京地区天气预报 白天 多云转晴 风向 偏北 风力 一二级 夜间 晴 风向 偏北 风力 一二级 温度 最高 31℃ 最低 20℃

人民日报社出版


## 全国政协主席会议决定

# 政协七届七次常委会7月4日召开

## 学习讨论四中全会精神　听取制止动乱平息暴乱报告

**新华社北京6月28日电** 政协全国委员会今天上午在中南海召开第19次主席会议。会议决定：7月4日举行全国政协七届七次常委会，学习、讨论党的十三届四中全会精神，听取关于制止动乱和平息反革命暴乱的报告。

全国政协主席李先念出席会议并讲了话。全国政协副主席王任重主持会议。

与会同志一致拥护党的十三届四中全会精神和各项决定。

李先念说，这次我们平息反革命暴乱，一些国家压我们，在国内，有些人对西方的一切都盲目崇拜，实际上，是要在中国搞资本主义，使中国成为某些外国的附庸。极少数坚持资产阶级自由化的人就是这样的典型。赵紫阳同志实际上是支持他们的。其实，资本主义是靠剥削人民，掠夺殖民地等手段积累资本的。我们是社会主义国家，绝对不能那样干，历史也不允许那样干。我国尽管现在还不发达，但我们要有志气，要有种精神，要强调爱国主义，自力更生，艰苦奋斗的传统不能丢。

李先念说，这次我们平息反革命暴乱，一些国家压我们，在国内，有些人对西方的一切都盲目崇拜，实际上，是要在中国搞资本主义，使中国成为某些外国的附庸。极少数坚持资产阶级自由化的人就是这样的典型。赵紫阳同志实际上是支持他们的。其实，资本主义是靠剥削人民，掠夺殖民地等手段积累资本的。我们是社会主义国家，绝对不能那样干，历史也不允许那样干。我国尽管现在还不发达，但我们要有志气，要有种精神，要强调爱国主义，自力更生，艰苦奋斗的传统不能丢。

李先念指出，我们将继续奉行独立自主的和平外交政策，在和平共处五项原则基础上同世界各国发展友好关系，进行经济、文化交流。政协组织要继续开展人民外交。只要我们坚持四项基本原则，坚持改革开放，就一定能把我们的科学技术和工农业生产搞上去，建设一个强大的社会主义国家。

李先念说，这次学潮虽然被极少数别有用心的人利用了，但我们的工作中也确有一些失误，像"官倒"、腐败现象等问题，都需要我们采取有力措施，扎扎实实地加以解决，以取信于民。

全国政协副主席方毅、胡厥文、钱伟长、孙晓村、司马义·艾买提、侯镜如等也在会上讲了话，他们在讲话中一致同意李先念主席的讲话，并畅谈了各自学习中共十三届四中全会精神的体会。

出席会议的还有全国政协副主席阎明复、谷牧、杨静仁、康克清、马文瑞、胡绳、程思远、钱正英。

## 执行首都戒严任务表现突出

# 一批先进党组织和党员受表彰

**新华社北京6月28日电** "七一"前夕，首都戒严部队表彰了一批在执行戒严任务中表现突出的先进党组织、优秀党务工作者和模范共产党员。

这些先进党组织中，有率领部队不顾暴徒袭击奔赴，率先到达天安门广场，为清场做出积极贡献的某部侦察营党委和"叶挺独立团"三营党委；有不畏艰险，勇往直前，充分发挥战斗堡垒作用的某部侦察一连党支部、某团5连党支部。杨根思生前所在连党支部、某部侦察独甲营党委和被誉为"冲不破稳不乱的英雄群体"的某团二营党委等。

这次受表彰的优秀党务工作者和模范共产党员，在执行戒严任务、平息反革命暴乱的斗争中，政治立场坚定，革命士气高昂。富有牺牲精神，处处起先锋模范作用。他们当中有始终站在斗争第一线，身先士卒，指挥有方的党员领导干部——某师师长黄振甲、某师师长张作礼、某炮兵旅旅长胡广忠；有忍辱负重，带着伤病，机智果敢带领战士出色完成任务的基层党员干部——某部特务连指导员石志、某部侦察连代理排长南中国、某部医师杨惠娅；还有不怕艰难困苦，艰巨任务抢着干，危险时刻冲在前的某团通信连战士江波等一批年轻共产党员。

戒严部队领导机关号召各级党组织和全体共产党员向这些先进集体和个人学习，更加坚定地贯彻执行党中央、中央军委的号令，夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利。

# 中共中央举行党外人士座谈会

## 党外人士座谈发言中表示要一如既往与中共肝胆相照荣辱与共

## 李鹏主持并通报四中全会情况　乔石姚依林宋平李瑞环等出席

## 江泽民就当前社会各界普遍关心问题发表重要讲话

**党的十三届四中全会开得很顺利、很成功。全会明确提出了今后一个时期要抓好的四件大事，我们要共同努力，把这四件事情做好。**

**彻底平息反革命暴乱和制止动乱的工作，既要坚决、抓紧，又要严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾。**

**继续坚持以经济建设为中心，搞好经济工作。**

**继续坚持改革开放。**

**继续坚持共产党领导的多党合作制和政治协商制度，更好地发挥人民政协、各民主党派、各人民团体在国家政治生活中的作用。**

6月28日下午，中共中央在中南海怀仁堂举行党外人士座谈会，通报中共十三届四中全会精神，并就当前国内形势。　新华社记者　王毅自摄

**新华社北京6月28日电** 中共中央总书记江泽民今天说，党的十三届四中全会开得很顺利、很成功。这不仅对于当前进一步稳定全国局势具有重大作用，而且对于今后保证十一届三中全会以来我们党的路线、方针、政策的连续性，必将产生深远的影响。全会明确提出了今后一个时期要抓好的四件大事，我们要共同努力，把这四件事情做好。

中共中央今天下午在中南海怀仁堂召开了党外人士座谈会。中共中央政治局常委江泽民、李鹏、乔石、姚依林、宋平、李瑞环出席座谈会。李鹏同志主持会议并向党外人士通报了中共十三届四中全会的情况。

江泽民同志在座谈会上就当前社会各界普遍关心的问题发表了重要讲话。他说，彻底平息反革命暴乱和制止动乱的工作，既要坚决、抓紧，又要严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾。我们要下决心把那些制造暴乱、动乱的策划者、组织者和幕后指挥者，各种非法组织的骨干分子和进行打、砸、抢、烧、杀等严重危害社会治安的犯罪分子，彻底清查出来，及时依法从严惩处。如果让他们逍遥法外，必将后患无穷，国无宁日，民无宁日。对这些凶残的敌人，连百分之一的原谅都不应有，如果手软，那就会犯历史性的错误。另一方面，在这场斗争中，我们又必须严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾，严格执行政策，严格依法办事。对于一时不明真相，参加过游行、声援、绝食的群众，特别是青年学生，主要是教育问题，要热情帮助他们总结经验、吸取教训，以利于最大限度地争取和团结广大群众，孤立和打击极少数坏人。

我们必须认真开展坚持四项基本原则、反对资产阶级自由化的教育和斗争，并且长期坚持下去，决不走过场或半途而废，反对自由化的斗争，绝不会改变党的知识分子政策，绝不会改变党的"百花齐放、百家争鸣"的方针。

江泽民说，要继续坚持以经济建设为中心，搞好经济工作。当前，各级领导要一手抓彻底平息反革命暴乱和稳定局势的工作，一手抓经济建设。经济要避免滑坡，努力保持一个合理的切实可行的发展速度。经济领域治理整顿和深化改革的各项措施都要继续抓紧落实。对基础工业、交通运输、农业等严重制约经济发展的薄弱环节，都要继续采取得力措施予以加强。要继续重视科技和教育事业。我们务必要继续艰苦奋斗的把经济工作抓紧、抓好，把动乱、暴乱造成的损失夺回来。在这方面，我们要特别注意努力提高经济效益，发挥大中型企业在国民经济中的骨干作用，发挥工人阶级主力军的作用，用经济持续、稳定、协调发展的事实彻底粉碎那些事后策划者、指挥者蓄意复辟的梦想。

江泽民指出，要继续坚持改革开放。改革开放在我国已经实行了十年。我们的国家，我们的工人、农民、知识分子和其它劳动者，都从这个政策中得到了利益。一个受到全国广大人民群众拥护的政策，有什么理由收回去呢？当然，我们的改革开放是坚持社会主义方向的改革开放，同那些顽固搞资产阶级自由化的人所主张的以资本主义化为中心的"改革开放"是迥然不同的。我在这里愿意向在座的同志们、朋友们，也向国内外所有关心中国发展的人们负责地申明：中国改革开放的总方针和总政策决不会变；不仅不会变，而且要更好、更有效地坚持地改革开放，使这一伟大事业能进得更稳、更好甚至更快。不错，经过这次动乱和暴乱，我们确实需要认真总结经验，坚持正确的部分，纠正失误的部分，加强不足的部分，目的是为了把改革开放更好地推向前进！

江泽民强调，要继续坚持共产党领导的多党合作制和政治协商制度，更好地发挥人民政协、各民主党派、各人民团体在国家政治生活中的作用。大家知道，邓小平同志一直主张更好地发挥民主党派成员的参政和监督作用。这是我国政治体制改革的一项重要内容。要继续为民主党派参政议政和实行民主监督进一步提供条件。希望各民主党派继续协助我们党和政府纠正工作中的失误，消除腐败，调动各界人士的社会主义积极性。在这次制止动乱和平息反革命暴乱的过程中，各民主党派成员和无党派民主人士，从总体上来说，是顾全大局的。许多同志、朋友在困难的情况下做了大量工作，对稳定局势起了积极作用。"疾风知劲草，息壤见人心"。在这场斗争中，由于情况相当复杂，事件也有个演变和彻底暴露的过程，有些党外朋友由于一时对情况不够了解，曾经有过这样那样的疑虑和看法，这也是可以理解的。在经过对事实真象的进一步了解和学习了邓小平同志的讲话之后，大家的疑虑逐步消除了，认识逐步统一了，这是十分可喜的。通过这次事件，证明我们党同各民主党派和无党派民主人士的合作关系，基础是牢固的，是经得起考验的，前景也是广阔的。

他说，今后，我们党将继续坚持和扩大爱国统一战线。四中全会公报指出，十一届三中全会以来的路线方针政策不变。这层所说的不变，包括我们的有关统一战线的各项方针不变，"一国两制"的方针不变，对台湾、香港、澳门的方针不变，既定的民族政策、宗教政策、侨务政策也不变。

江泽民最后指出，国内理外对四中全会的反应是好的。北京和各地的形势继续向稳定的方向发展。同时，我们也清醒地看到，党和政府面临的问题和困难还不少，特别是稳定局势、发展经济、惩治腐败以及统一原来认识等任务还相当艰巨。希望在座各位同志、朋友为夺取平息反革命暴乱的彻底胜利，推进改革开放，加强民主和法制建设，继续作出各自应有的贡献。

在座谈会上，民革中央主席朱学范、民盟中央主席费孝通、民建中央主席孙起孟、民进中央主席雷洁琼、农工党中央常务副主席万荣欣（代表卢嘉锡主席）、致公党中央主席堂贡初、九三学社中央常务副主席孙承佩（代表周培源主席）、台盟中央主席团主席蔡子伟、无党派人士胡厥文、全国工商联主席黄炎培、少数民族代表阿沛·阿旺晋美在座谈会上发了言。

他们在发言中认为，中共十三届四中全会开得非常及时，非常成功，具有重大的现实意义和深远的历史影响。他们表示完全拥护江泽民同志为中共中央总书记，完全拥护对赵紫阳同志所犯错误的处理决定，完全拥护全会对中共中央领导机构部分成员进行调整的决定。

他们指出，四中全会明确宣告全国人民要继续坚决执行中共十一届三中全会以来的路线、方针和政策，继续坚决执行中共十三大"一个中心、两个基本点"的基本路线，我们坚决拥护。实践证明，没有共产党，就没有新的中国，不坚持社会主义道路，中国就没有出路。四项基本原则是立国之本，改革开放是强国之路，我们一定要坚持下去。

他们在发言中还谈到，江泽民总书记指出，彻底平息反革命暴乱和制止动乱的工作，既要坚决、抓紧，又要严格区分两类不同性质的矛盾，这是非常正确的。

他们表示，今后将一如既往，坚密团结在中共中央周围，和中国共产党肝胆相照、荣辱与共，齐心协力，为夺取我国社会主义现代化建设事业的更大胜利共同奋斗。

中共中央政治局候补委员、书记处书记丁关根，中共中央书记处候补书记温家宝，中共中央统战部部长阎明复，也出席了座谈会。

出席座谈会的各民主党派中央、全国工商联领导同志和无党派人士、少数民族及宗教界代表人士还有：胡厥文、胡子昂、贾亦斌、侯镜如、彭清源、李敦源、何鲁丽、李维汉、孙越崎、钱伟长、高天、叶笃义、陶大镛、罗通先、马大猷、冯之浚、丁石孙、吴佩平、万国权、冯德云、黄大能、白大华、冯克敬、孙晓村、陈舜礼、葛志成、楚庄、叶至善、梅向明、陈难先、陈益群、姚峻、章师明、田光涛、沈其震、黄果臣、杨纪珂、陆祖树、王宋大、严济慈、徐采栋、郝治屺、陈明绍、赵伟之、王维晶、林盛中、吴克泰、陈仲颐、吴国桢、潘渊静、马仪、叶宝章、经叔平、黄冰生、胡定一、李秩铮。

中共中央统战部负责人李定、万绍芬、武连元、宋毅也出席了座谈会。

## 田纪云会见日本客人时说

# 中国珍视中日友谊及经济关系

**本报北京6月28日讯** 今天下午国务院副总理田纪云在中南海紫光阁会见了日本众议院议员、外务委员会理事、自民党中国研究会会长大石正光。

田副总理说，现在我们可以重申的两点是：一、中国政府有能力控制局势。二、我国的现行路线和政策不会变。将继续进行改革开放。

大石正光对中国发生的事件表示理解。

田副总理感谢大石的友好讲话，他说，中国政府十分珍视中日两国人民的友谊和两国间的经济关系，探信两国绝不会因为某个偶然事件而损坏双方长期建立起来的友好关系。

# 对外友协致信各国对华友好人士团体

## 重申致力发展和增进与各国人民相互了解和友谊

## 期望各国朋友社会团体给以宝贵理解支持和合作

**新华社北京六月二十八日电** 中国人民对外友好协会今天在北京发表了致各国对华友好人士和团体的公开信，公开信全文如下：

亲爱的朋友们：

近一个多月来，尤其是六月四日我解放军戒严部队平息在北京发生的反革命暴乱以来，不少外国朋友和友好组织通过来电、来函或其他形式，向我们表达了他们对中国局势的关心和关切。

我们愿意告诉诸位，最近在我国首都北京发生的是一场由极少数坏人煽动和制造的、旨在否定中国共产党的领导、否定中国的社会主义制度的反革命暴乱。对此，如不采取坚决措施加以制止，由毛泽东、周恩来等老一辈革命家亲手创建的、在长期革命和建设中得到许许多多国际友人和友好组织同情和支持的中国人民的友好协会将一如既往，致力于发展和增进与各国人民的相互了解和友谊，各项对外友好交流计划仍将按计划进行。我们还希望，与我国有结好关系的外国省（州）市继续与中国的对口省（区）市开展互利的经贸、科技、文教和友好往来。

中国有句谚语"患难见知交"。我们最切期望，一切对中国怀有友好情谊和善良愿望的各国朋友和社会团体，在中国遇到暂时困难的时刻，给我们以宝贵的理解、支持和合作，使双方多年来所建立的信任和友好关系得以保持和继续发展，使中国人民与各国人民的友谊更加深厚。

中国人民对外友好协会

一九八九年六月二十八日

# 国家教委部署中小学暑假工作

## 要求广大党员干部和教职工同党中央保持一致

## 向学生进行热爱党热爱祖国热爱解放军等教育

**本报北京6月28日讯** 国家教委办公厅近日发出通知，要求各地安排好中小学暑假工作。

通知强调，各地教育行政部门要在当地党委统一领导和部署下，在基层期间安排一定时间，组织中小学党员干部和教职工学习《中共中央、国务院告全体共产党员和全国人民书》和《中国共产党第十三届中央委员会第四次全体会议公报》，学习邓小平同志接见首都戒严部队军以上干部的重要讲话和关于坚持四项基本原则反对资产阶级自由化的论述。通过学习，使党员干部和广大教职工认清这场政治动乱和反革命暴乱产生的原因和实质。在政治上、行动上同党中央保持一致。

通知指出，国家教委已决定，今秋新学年开学后，要集中一个月，利用思想政治课教学时间，向中学生进行一次形势教育。通知还要求各地教育行政部门和中小学校积极创造条件，开展多种形式的活动，丰富学生的假期生活。要通过活动，向学生进行热爱中国共产党、热爱社会主义祖国、热爱中国人民解放军和驰承、发扬艰苦奋斗光荣传统的教育。

通知还要求各地做好中小学招生、新生入学和在校学生的巩固工作，做好学校安全工作，要做好危房检修工作。

# 我祝贺安哥拉政府与安盟停火

**新华社北京6月28日电** 外交部发言人今天在这里说：中国对安哥拉政府和安盟实行停火表示高兴和祝贺，并高度评价有关非洲国家在推动这一和平进程中发挥的积极作用。

有记者问：你对安哥拉政府和安盟实行停火，在全境停止一切敌对行动有何评论？

发言人说：安哥拉政府和安盟实行停火是安哥拉实现国内和平的重要进展，对南部非洲地区的缓和形势将产生积极影响。我们对此表示高兴和祝贺，并高度评价有关非洲国家在推动这一和平进程中发挥的积极作用。中国政府和人民一向坚决支持安哥拉政府和人民在多斯桑托斯总统领导下为谋求实现国内和平所作的积极努力。我们衷心希望，安哥拉政府和有关各方继续作出努力，以确保安哥拉的和平与稳定。

## 昨與黨外人士座談普遍關心的問題

# 江澤民強調堅決反對自由化 變不策政子分識知稱聲

### 說要徹底清查嚴懲「動亂策劃者」「粉碎翻案」 但又要避免經濟滑坡 重申平亂決定穩定局勢

【新華社北京二十八日電】中共中央總書記江澤民今天說，中共十三屆四中全會開得很順利，很成功。這不僅對於當前進一步穩定全國局勢具有重大作用，而且對於今後保證十一屆三中全會以來的路線，方針，政策的連續性，必然產生深遠的影響。全會明確提出了今後一個時期要抓好的四件事情做好。

中共中央今天下午在中南海懷仁堂召開了黨外人士座談會，中共中央政治局常委江澤民，姚依林，宋平，李瑞環出席座談會。李鵬，喬石，姚依林，宋平，李瑞環出席座談會。李鵬主持會議並向黨外人士通報了中共十三屆四中全會的情況。

江澤民在座談會上就當前社會各界普遍關心的問題發表了重要講話。他說，鄧小平同志反革命暴亂和制止動亂的工作，既緊緊堅決，抓得及時，又掌握得適當，分寸，取得了重大勝利，也出現了一定要堅持下去。他們在會議

# 文匯報

香港政府指定刊登有關法律性質廣告之有效刊物

經中國人民郵政登記認為第一類新聞紙類　廣東郵政管理局執照第三號

WEN WEI PO

星期三　29　六月　一九八九年

今日出紙八大張售二元




## 江澤民談民主黨派政後善策

## 江澤民提出四點與四項重點

率政治局常委晤民主黨派首腦

# 江澤民談民主黨派政後善策

# 難困重嚴對面認承

## 同不所有報公中四與點重作工四提所

## 傅與多位學生領袖安抵美國

## 吾爾開希已逃離大陸

### 有關六四事件講話錄影帶昨在港電視公開

【本報訊】中國著名學運領袖吾爾開希已被證實逃過大陸當局的追捕，另據說他與其餘十一位未遊鳥姓名的學生領袖已經由香港抵達美國。

台灣《中國時報》昨日報導說，吾爾開希和另外兩位未經證實姓名的學生領袖，四天後進入澳門。

新聞媒介的報道說，吾爾開希和另外兩位未經證實姓名的學生領袖，四天後進入澳門。報道中說，他們三人先到廣州市，然後進入澳門。

吾爾開希的講話錄影帶昨日在香港兩間電視台播出，該講話說及六四事件及中國民運前途。（據、晉冒

【本報記者北京二十八日電】新任中共總書記江澤民今日在出席接受香港記者採訪時說，他承認中共高層最近發表首次公開講話，他病說及就一思想方面的嚴峻困難。

江澤民在今日與中共中央政治局常委一道會見各民主黨派負責人，此間人士注意到，江澤民在談及「平亂」時，著重強調，必須嚴格區分兩類不同性質的矛盾，嚴格執行政策，嚴格依法辦事，對於一時不明真相，參加過遊行、絕食的學生，特別是青年學生，主要是教育問題，要做情緒動他們聽結組織，吸收教育，以利於最大限度地爭取和團結廣大青年。

此外，江澤民在談及今次四項工作重點時，其內容與四中全會公報有所不同。四中全會公報所強調的四項重點為①平亂，②搞好經濟，③加強思想政治工作，④加強黨的建設，而江澤民在今日所強調的四項重點，則為①平亂，②搞好經濟建設，③堅持改革開放，④繼續堅持共產黨領導的多黨合作制和政治協商制度，反映出中共高層對國內形勢的判斷，有所緩和。

江澤民並稱，將繼續堅持四項基本原則，堅決反對資產階級自由化，堅持對外開放和對內改革，堅持獨立自主的和平外交政策，堅持發展社會主義的民主政治，堅持社會主義的精神文明建設

# 吾爾開希深信極權政府必倒台

# 號召同胞抬起頭來

# 與其他逃出者籌組聯席會議

# 吾爾開希·嚴家其

# 屠城「滿月」公開露面

·吾爾開希下月將公開露面。

（快報消息）綜合外電報道，吾爾開希及其他學運分子是經由香港的「地下管道」逃離中國及前往西方國家，但據其他的報道稱吾爾希是由北京逃到廣州，再轉往澳門然後經香港往西方國家，亦有一項消息稱他是先逃到海南島，然後再往香港。

至於吾爾開希現在身在何方亦有三個說法，包括英國、法國及美國。究於吾爾開希的錄像片段拍攝的地方，英國全國廣播公司的香港區負責人則表示，該段背景顯開希講話錄像並非由該公司拍攝。

而據透南息稱，該錄像的原製版本仍一位屠於本港地下組織的人士拍得，然組織以爭取中國民主為目的，由海外華人組成，同時亦協助吾爾開希及其餘十幾位學運領袖於星期一經香港逃離大陸。

另一項消息稱，另兩位學生領袖柴玲及封從德則已逃入緬甸駐華大使館尋求庇護。

·吾爾開希下月將公開露面。

希，昨出現在一個電視錄影片段上，指控鄧、楊、姚三人為六四安門大屠殺的幕後主謀，且要清算這個「極權政府」，並重新建立一個有效治制衡、真正民主的政府。

（快報消息）綜北京高校自治聯委會主席、北京學運領袖之一的吾爾開希，昨出現在一個電視錄影片段上，指控鄧、楊、姚三人為六四安門大屠殺的幕後主謀，且要清算這個「極權政府」，並重新建立一個有效治制衡、真正民主的政府。

吾爾開希廿多分鐘的講話全文如下：

各位愛好民主的同胞們，全體中國人：

我是北京學運北高聯的負責人，北京高校自治聯委會主席吾爾開希。我是對大家說。

所謂的偽政府發出的通緝令之中，名所謂的反革命暴徒之一。

我是世界上，在北京，在天安門廣場，最生產什麼一回事，在這個地球上，在這個世界上，在北京，在天安門廣場，最生產什麼一回事情，我想可能我們很多朋友已經知道，也可能還有很多的朋友被這個反動政權，反動政府，他們還不知道多少美國人沉痛的哀悼。

這篇所謂「通」，雖然是一篇直接殺人信心之作，但「綁」的發起人強調這篇非政治化，卻非事實，按照孫中山先生對「政治」的解釋，「政」是眾人之事，「治」就是管理。因此，「綁」的組織從無「治」，雖然有「政」，要求美國政府履行責任，這件事本身便是「眾人之事」，「綁」不能說有政治色彩，其政治立場是爭取自由，其訴治行動是尋求法治的共識，團結，致被團結本港的理定策集。我們以能說，「綁」的發起人，不是「搞政治」，他們沒有政治野心，不會以此作為政治本錢，搜取政治利益。

事實上，「綁」的發起人之中，多是工商界有代表性的精英，若論「綁民」，他們最代表性，最能如今成立行動組織，說明他們對香港有所關懷，對他們對香港有所貢獻，故此他們的組織理應無條件獲得支持。

說究上述說法後，便應即刻撤銷。

「綁」在文如下：

我的組織：共和國的天空出現了一輪黑太陽！

我的共和國啊！我的人民，我的同胞，我的同學，我的親愛的戰友，朋友。在這黑太陽下，在六月一個最沉鬱花的季節，倒下了……

中華的儲口的血，又給在歐亞大陸的土地下，燒染小花依然盛開著。

黑太陽下，屠殺者的大地下，燒染小花依然盛開著。

因為我們這是美國的……朝万仞的高牆光，照出法西斯蒂吳的面孔。

法西斯們這是美國的……朝万仞的高牆光，照出法西斯蒂吳的面孔。

他們是蓄老的，這是命力却是年青的，強健的，「綁」是解不死的，何況，組織一九百六十萬年公公里，都鮮花，總有一天，在一輪紅日下，最燦地開

一九八九年六月十五日凌晨中

開開希

# 台爾開希深信極權政府必倒台

# 號召同胞抬起頭來

# 與其他逃出者籌組聯席會議

# 吾爾開希·嚴家其

# 屠城「滿月」公開露面

·北京高級學生自治聯合會和北京知識界聯合會的領袖吾爾開希，昨在香港舉行記者會，公開露面發表聲明，並已決定與其他逃出者籌組聯席會議，以爭取國際對中國學生運動的支持。

·吾爾開希（左）與其他逃出者籌組聯席會議，以爭取國際對中國學生運動的支持。

（快報消息）綜合外電報道，吾爾開希及其他學運分子是經由香港的「地下管道」逃離中國及前往西方國家，但據其他的報道稱吾爾希是由北京逃到廣州，再轉往澳門然後經香港往西方國家，亦有一項消息稱他是先逃到海南島，然後再往香港。

至於吾爾開希現在身在何方亦有三個說法，包括英國、法國及美國。究於吾爾開希的錄像片段拍攝的地方，英國全國廣播公司的香港區負責人則表示，該段背景顯開希講話錄像並非由該公司拍攝。

而據透南息稱，該錄像的原製版本仍一位屠於本港地下組織的人士拍得，然組織以爭取中國民主為目的，由海外華人組成，同時亦協助吾爾開希及其餘十幾位學運領袖於星期一經香港逃離大陸。

另一項消息稱，另兩位學生領袖柴玲及封從德則已逃入緬甸駐華大使館尋求庇護。

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# 吾爾開希身在何方

## 三種說法各有不同

（快報消息）綜合外電報道，美國全國廣播公司昨日播放北京學生領袖吾爾開希的講話錄像，並表示包括他在內的超過十二位學運人士已逃離中國，經香港前往西方國家，並獲得當地政府庇護。

美國全國廣播公司報道稱，吾爾開希及其他學運分子是經由香港的「地下管道」逃離中國及前往西方國家，但據其他的報道稱吾爾希是由北京逃到廣州，再轉往澳門然後經香港往西方國家，亦有一項消息稱他是先逃到海南島，然後再往香港。

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# 協助重建港人信心之路

## 快語

我們近日來多次指出北京六四屠城使本港出現嚴重信心危機，力主港人要求英國政府履行所負有的道義責任，先爭取三百二十五萬英籍港人有居英權，最終則促請六百萬港人民自己呼籲以行動表明反對這宰立場，且不妨變質背景下，民間和官方組織給於不同級別英方壓力，要求英國政府改變

# 吾爾開希逃亡之謎

## 一行十三衆數次偷渡成功

## 港府美領館據傳曾協助赴美

# 吾爾開希 對當權者的控訴！

興「我是柴玲，我還活着！」二噸，當吾爾開希昨晚是有點累了……聲亮，才二十一歲，就要去國求生，處境在暨南大，在一輛流動廣播車上，舉起擴音器，向聚集在校園內的數千名同學，發出這樣的呼叫。

悲涼。不過，也因為他只有二十一歲，相信吾爾開希有生之年，一定能安全地返回他摯愛的中華大地！

## 射下黑太陽

（本報綜合報導）美聯社昨日報表一份相當詳盡的名單，列出在六四屠城中喪生的學生中國學運領袖吾爾開希在六月十五日的子夜逃離北京的全文如下：

「我的母親，

我的祖國，

共和國的天空出現了一輪黑太陽

我的共和國啊！我的人民，我的同學，我的戰友，我的朋友，在這黑太陽下，在六月這個令人窒息的日子裏，

我想說，我愛你們！

我想說，六月四號，共和國的一個最黑暗的日子，我們的祖國可能將下一個長時期的黑夜，我們的自由將可能被剝奪，我們的人民將可能被迫生活在恐怖之中，

我想說，六月四號，共和國的一個最悲壯的日子，我們的祖國和首都北京，將以數以萬計的手無寸鐵的人民的鮮血，以數以萬計的人民的生命，以數以萬計的人民的熱淚，以數以萬計的人民的憤怒，以數以萬計的人民的呼喊，以數以萬計的人民的不屈不撓的意志，以數以萬計的人民的視死如歸的精神，以數以萬計的人民的大無畏的氣概，以數以萬計的人民的視自由如生命的偉大的愛國主義精神，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的赤誠的熱愛，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的未來的堅定的信念，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的前途的憂慮，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的命運的關心，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的責任感，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的使命感，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的忠誠，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的熱愛，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的無限的熱愛，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的無限的熱愛，以數以萬計的人民的對祖國的無限

明報·1989年6月29日 星期四

MING PAO DAILY NEWS
明報

ABC

# 本報記者重回北京首日見聞

# 吾爾開希等十二人抵美
# 經港期間英美提供協助

## 寫下「告同胞書」並錄影談話作血淚控訴



【本報訊】北京高校學生自治聯合會負責人、民運領袖吾爾開希及北京師範學院學生領袖王丹，連同另一名北京高校學生領袖封從德，以及一名被通緝的北京知識界人士，昨日下午乘坐一架由香港飛往美國的客機抵達美國，並決定在四日內大幅公開他們的「逃亡」經過。

吾爾開希及王丹昨日在機場接受傳媒訪問時，表示他們在逃亡過程中，曾經得到香港人士的幫助，但拒絕透露詳情，以免連累香港的朋友。

吾爾開希在本月十五日透過中國記者，從「地下管道」傳真給香港傳媒一份「告同胞書」，呼籲中國人民繼續爭取民主自由，並控訴中共當局對學運的鎮壓。

吾爾開希在「告同胞書」中說：「我們的生命和不屈的意志，將永遠與你們同在，我們的血將永遠與你們的血流在一起，我們的靈魂將永遠與你們的靈魂交融在一起，為中共高層政治鬥爭所犧牲的千千萬萬的人民，我們將永遠銘記你們的名字，我們將永遠為你們而戰鬥，直到我們的最後一滴血流盡為止。」

吾爾開希在「告同胞書」中，又呼籲中國人民繼續爭取民主自由，他說：「我們的生命和不屈的意志，將永遠與你們同在，我們的血將永遠與你們的血流在一起，我們的靈魂將永遠與你們的靈魂交融在一起，為中共高層政治鬥爭所犧牲的千千萬萬的人民，我們將永遠銘記你們的名字，我們將永遠為你們而戰鬥，直到我們的最後一滴血流盡為止。」

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中華民國七十八年（一九八九）六月二十九日　星期四　香港時報　夏曆己巳年五月二十六日　◎要聞　第一版

# 吾爾開希經港赴美

# 向全世界控訴中共

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# South China Morning Post

General: 5-652222 News: 5-652252 Classified: 5-658822 HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1989 Vol. XLV No. 178 Price $3.00


## ATV gives go-ahead to screen interview

By S.Y.WAI

ASIA Television last night went ahead on screening a 23-minute interview with Chinese student leader Wu'erkaixi.

Earlier yesterday, top management of ATV discussed the wisdom of running the full interview because of concern that his remarks would be seen as merely a "personal political statement".

ATV chief executive officer, Mrs Selina Chow Liang Shuk-yee, and a director, Mr Peter Lam Kin-gauk, were among the executives who attended the meeting.

Neither Mrs Chow nor Mr Lam could be reached for comment late last night.

Members of the news department wanted to extend the 15-minute newscast at 6.15 pm to 29 minutes to include the full interview, provided by a local source.

However, the program carried only a seven-minute excerpt.

But it was broadcast intact in a special news bulletin at 8.30 pm on ATV's Chinese channel.

A group of ATV journalists said this had come about as the result of the persistence of news controller, Pao Wan-lung, who finally managed to get the go-ahead from management.

The interview also appeared on Television Broadcasts (TVB) last night.

TVB obtained the interview through its satellite link with the US National Broadcasting Corporation and ran it intact and in excerpts throughout the night.

The tapes provided to both stations were believed

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 4)

# Fugitives set up democracy group in exile

THE two major organisations which led the pro-democracy movement in Beijing and which were outlawed and crushed by the Chinese authorities have been re-formed in the West.

According to sources close to the democracy movement, members of the banned Autonomous Students Union of Beijing Universities (ASUBU) and the Association of Beijing Intellectuals (ABI) who have successfully escaped the crackdown, have established a Joint Conference to plan action to put pressure on the Chinese Government.

The Joint Conference is headed by Mr Wu'erkaixi, leader of the independent student organisation's rallies and hunger strikes in Tiananmen Square, and Mr Yan Jiaqi, whose association called openly for the dismissal of Prime Minister Li Peng.

Both are believed to have fled to the West through Hongkong with the help of an underground network of student activists.

On July 4, one month after the Tiananmen Square massacre and Independence Day in the United States, Mr Wu'erkaixi and Mr Yan will announce a "Public Statement", which sources say will amount to a manifesto for a pro-democracy movement in exile.

They are expected to outline a network working for democracy in China and define what steps it will take in an attempt to force Beijing to stop its crackdown on intellectuals and dissidents.

A spokesman for the Joint Conference said that since leaving China, Mr Wu'erkaixi has suffered from poor health, having had internal bleeding on a number of occasions.

However, Mr Wu'erkaixi, Mr Yan and others who fled China would like to thank the people of Hongkong and the world for giving them support.

● See also Page 17

"They will not fail to live up to the expectations of the people and they will devote themselves to China's democratisation," the spokesman said.

Mr Wu'erkaixi escaped from China with his girlfriend, Liu Yan, despite a nationwide manhunt in which his picture was posted in airports and train stations.

He was easily the most charismatic of the 21 student leaders accused by the Communist authorities of inciting "counter-revolutionary rebellion" and was seen on television around the world shaking his finger at the Prime Minister, Mr Li Peng, in a meeting before the army cleared Tiananmen Square on June 4.

Student sources in Hongkong said he and two other wanted students had fled through Macau, stayed in Hongkong for a few days and had travelled on to France or Britain.

Student activists yesterday released a videotape they had made of Mr Wu'erkaixi.

At times choking back tears, he made several emotional references to the people killed on June 4, when fighting raged along Changan Street, which runs into Tiananmen Square.

"I don't know how many martyrs' souls remain on Changan Street, may they forever rest in peace.

"The entire crackdown in Beijing claimed tens of thousands of lives . . . this is my conservative estimate," he said.

"Those of us who remain alive, our lives no longer belong to ourselves. The lives of those classmates and countrymen who sacrificed themselves for democracy, for freedom and for our beautiful motherland have dissolved into our own."

He said the pro-democracy movement would go on.

"Since the massacre we have now reached the low point in our history," he said.

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 2)

Wu'erkaixi

## 'A black sun over my motherland'

**THIS is a statement believed written by Wu'erkaixi while he fled China and passed on by a Hongkong student activist who helped him:**

**"My countrymen,**

**"A black sun has appeared in the sky of my motherland and republic. Under this black sun, on a day in June that should have belonged to a season of fresh flowers, my people, my countrymen, my classmates and my beloved comrades-in-arms fell.**

**"Blood from the bullet wounds moistened the tracks of tanks from an army of beasts, painting the earth of the republic.**

**"But under this black sun and in this land of red, bunches of flowers still opened, still in full bloom! My republic will always be beautiful!**

**"But still the cold light flashing from bayonets revealed the stupid cruelty of fascism.**

**"The fascists, pretending a happy appearance or dignity, used their big heels to crush these flowers that had survived a disaster, because they were afraid. They feared these beautiful flowers, they intend to strangle a life. They are aged.**

**"But our life is young, stubborn and uncrushable. What's more, in my motherland of 9.6 million square kilometres these fresh flowers will each day open proudly under a red sky.**

**"Black sun, I'm going to shoot you down!"**

**Wu'erkaixi**
**June 15, 1989**
**On the run**

## Beijing recalls all its envoys

THE Chinese authorities have recalled all their ambassadors to discuss international reaction to the recent Tiananmen Square crackdown and to lay down the Government line to be followed.

At least five ambassadors from Asian, European and African countries have passed through Hongkong on their way back to Beijing in the past few days.

Some of them are staying briefly in the territory before heading for the capital. None could be reached for comment.

The Foreign Ministry in Beijing had no comment on recalling ambassadors, but diplomats in many countries confirmed that all representatives had been instructed to return to Beijing.

A Western diplomat said a meeting of envoys was scheduled for July 7 when they would be briefed on the Government line and "told to go out and sell it".

"They want to go over the line," he said, adding that envoys have already begun arriving in Beijing.

He said the consultations were part of an effort to counter international condemnation of the widespread killing of Beijing civilians who took to the streets on June 3 in a city-wide uprising against troops and tanks dispatched to enforce martial law and end a 22-day occupation by students in Tiananmen Square.

China is "publicly taking poundings in certain countries", he said. "They want to go over the line to regain credibility."

But the spokesman in the Swiss capital denied the recall was connected with "recent events" in China.

"It has been planned for a long time. They will discuss general matters," he said, adding that the ambassador to Switzerland, Mr Cai Fangbo, was due to leave soon.

The embassy in Belgrade said the ambassador to Yugoslavia, Mr Ma Xusheng, was on his way while missions in Spain, the Netherlands, Britain and the Philippines said their ambassadors were already in Beijing.

The ambassador to Australia is due to leave Canberra on Saturday.

He denied that the recall was a diplomatic protest at Australia's strong condemnation of the military crush-

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**WEATHER**

**Hot with sunny periods. Max temp 31 degrees. See Page 2.**

# Lee hits at Britain's lack of urgency in tackling HK crisis

By ANDY HO

SENIOR Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei yesterday denounced as "beyond belief" the British Government's lack of understanding and urgency in helping Hongkong tackle its confidence crisis.

Mr Lee launched his assault on London in an unscheduled statement at yesterday's Legislative Council sitting, four days before the British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe arrives for a fact-finding trip in the wake of the Beijing massacre.

"The response from the British Government was frankly disappointing. The lack of understanding and urgency in dealing with the current confidence crisis in Hongkong is, to say the least, beyond our belief," he said.

Mr Lee told the British Government that political difficulties in Britain should not be used as an excuse to shirk its moral obligation to Hongkong.

"It is up to the British Government to discharge its responsibility. We have left them in no doubt that we are seeking the right of abode for all British subjects and we will continue to do so," he said.

Mr Lee was referring to his experience in London last week when he and Senior Executive Councillor Dame Lydia Dunn went on a lobbying mission, demanding the UK grant full citizenship to its 3.25 million subjects in the territory.

"I want to remind the British Government once again that the British subjects in Hongkong are British. They are people who are born on British soil or who gave up their nationality to swear allegiance to the Queen.

"How can the British Government shirk its responsibility towards its own subjects? How can it honourably face its subjects and the rest of the world?" Mr Lee asked.

The British media, he noted, had responded much more favourably to the plea of Hongkong than the British Government.

Mr Lee's remarks were by far the most candid criticism by the councillors on Britain's failure to offer an escape route for Hongkong residents after the 1997 change over of sovereignty.

He said Hongkong people now had a sense of profound resentment of being betrayed by Britain.

Mr Lee, however, added

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 7)

## Surge in demand for BDTC passports

**HONGKONG people have been urged by the Immigration Department not to apply for Hongkong British passports in a bid to cope with the sudden surge of applicants.**

**The rush to seek British Dependent Territories Citizens (BDTC) passports has continued with more than 23,000 people applying for the travel document so far this month.**

**According to figures released by the Immigration Department, 23,137 people have applied for the BDTC passport since June 1 compared with 18,071 last month.**

**Applications for the BDTC have increased steadily since April, when 15,706 applications were submitted for the passport, which now takes about four weeks to process.**

**The swelling number of applicants – who believe Britain will relax its right of abode criteria for Hongkong – has forced the closure of the re-entry permit issue centre at the department's Sha Tin office. It will now be used to handle passport applications.**

**"If they (the public) have no plans to travel in the immediate future, there is no need to subject themselves to queueing up all morning. This would cause a great deal of inconvenience to people who have a genuine need to travel overseas," he said.**

## Howe tackles Hanoi on forced return

From DAVID WALLEN in London and FIONA MACMAHON

BRITISH Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, was meeting his Vietnamese opposite number Nguyen Co Thach in London early this morning (Hongkong time) to try to win Hanoi's agreement to mandatory repatriation of boat people from the territory.

Sir Geoffrey was expected to make clear that Britain would be prepared to consider an aid package to Vietnam if Hanoi agrees to take its people back – and look after them humanely – along with completing the withdrawal of its troops from Cambodia.

There was speculation among British sources that the Vietnamese might at last be prepared to accept its citizens back. A statement from the Vietnamese ambassador in London, Mr Tran Van Hung, just before the talks began was not optimistic, but this may just have been pre-meeting posturing.

"We consider the measure of forcible repatriation is inappropriate," he said.

"Even though we are in need of the co-operation of Western countries, we should respect the principle of human rights because we would be victims of the criticism of world opinion that we don't respect the freedom of those people to leave the country."

Mr Thach, who is staying in Britain less than 24 hours, began talks with Lord Glenarthur, the Minister with special responsibility for Hongkong, shortly after arriving in London.

The talks continued over lunch at Lancaster House and the pair were then due to be joined by Sir Geoffrey yesterday evening, London time.

Sir Geoffrey, who may still not have much to offer Hongkong on his arrival in the territory at the weekend, is determined to get real movement on the boat people issue now.

Meanwhile, the Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, refused to disclose the contents of his

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)


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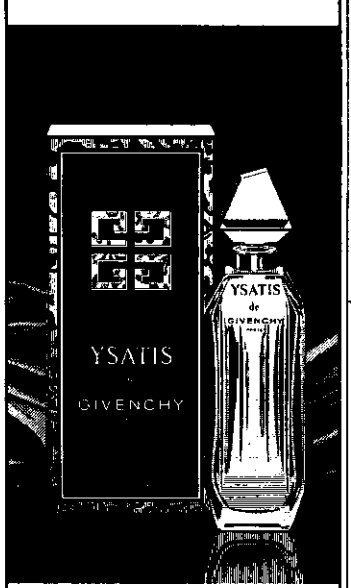


GIVENCHY


## House report may arrive late

BRITISH officials are racing to get the Foreign Affairs Select Committee report on Hongkong to the territory in time for it to coincide with its release in London tomorrow.

A press conference at the House of Commons will be held at noon (7 pm Hongkong time) to announce the committee's findings on the implementation of the Joint Declaration which began in March.

The committee, chaired by Conservative MP David Howell, has brought forward its deadline because of the China crisis and the visit to Hongkong by Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, on Sunday.

Last night the 50-page report was at the printers as clerks, MPs and Her Majesty's Stationery Office in London rushed to meet deadlines so that it can be put on a plane for Hongkong today.

However, there still remains a danger that it will not reach Hongkong in time which could embarrass the British Government after having been strongly criticised for its inflexible approach to the nationality issue.

If the report fails to arrive, it is bound to be regarded as an insult, at a time when local sensitivities are running high over Britain's handling of the Hongkong question.

The report is likely to disappoint Hongkong's 3.25 million British subjects who have been pressing for the right of abode.

Some legislators have urged Britain to offer the right of abode to Hongkong's 5.7 million population.

Instead, the report is believed to recommend an international solution to Hongkong's worries about the 1997 handover to China.

It is also likely to propose that a Bill of Rights and the pace of democratisation be speeded up.

A spokesman for HMSO said last night if the report missed the plane they were looking at ways of faxing it to Hongkong for distribution, even if this means limited numbers of photocopied versions being available.

## Party meets as Uno linked to new sex scandal

LEADERS of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) held an urgent meeting with Prime Minister Sousuke Uno yesterday afternoon to discuss a new sex scandal expected to emerge this week, party sources in Tokyo said.

The talks followed Mr Uno's denial earlier in the day that he had any intention of resigning in the wake of a weekend electoral defeat for his party and revelations of an earlier scandal involving an affair with a geisha.

The respected *Shukan Shincho* reported in its June 29 editions that a former geisha known professionally as Hatsuko said she had been paid 100,000 yen (HK$550) a month for 10 years to be Mr Uno's companion.

*Themis* magazine quoted Mr Uno's former secretary as saying that from 1962 to 1972, Mr Uno paid an unknown sum of money to a Ginza bar hostess, identified only as Ms Y, 50, who became pregnant during the affair.

Bernard Krisher, editor of the gossip magazine *Focus*, said he was called by Mr Uno's office late on Tuesday about a report it will publish this week of Mr Uno's alleged affair with a 16-year-old apprentice geisha.

"His people denied the report, saying he couldn't possibly have been involved since it costs too much," Mr Krisher said.

Government spokesman Masajuro Shiokawa said Mr Uno maintained that the newest reports were false.

"I am completely innocent. I've never done anything contrary to morality," Mr Shiokawa quoted Mr Uno as saying.

However, newspapers claimed yesterday Mr Uno

Sousuke Uno

offered to resign during all-night talks with the party's secretary-general Ryutaro Hashimoto and three other party leaders.

But the reports, quoting members of Mr Uno's staff, said the Prime Minister for only four weeks had been persuaded to stay in office.

Mr Uno described the suggestion that he had offered to resign as ridiculous.

"I am not an irresponsible man. I will stay in office and will carry out political reforms.

"I regret that the scandal, in which I am completely innocent, is whispered about as if it were true," Mr Uno said.

The LDP suffered its first setback under Mr Uno at the weekend by losing an upper house by-election in northern Japan.

Political analysts said a major factor behind the loss was the geisha scandal on which Mr Uno has repeatedly refused to comment since first it came to light some three weeks ago.

Leaders of three opposition parties – the Japan Socialist Party, the Democratic Socialist Party and the Japan Communist Party – vowed yesterday to force Mr Uno to resign, saying he is not qualified for the premiership.

The party is expected to lose heavily in elections to parliament's upper house on July 23 because of voter discontent over a new sales tax, the Recruit political scandal and allegations of sexual misconduct.

Mr Rei Shiratori, a professor of politics at Tokyo University, said he expects Mr Uno to step down after the polls.

Mr Uno is said to have been so shaken by the fresh rumours that he had to be put to bed on Tuesday night by senior party members staying at his residence to discuss the scandal.

"I thought he might have had a nervous breakdown last night," said one aide.

"The whole thing is he

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 7)

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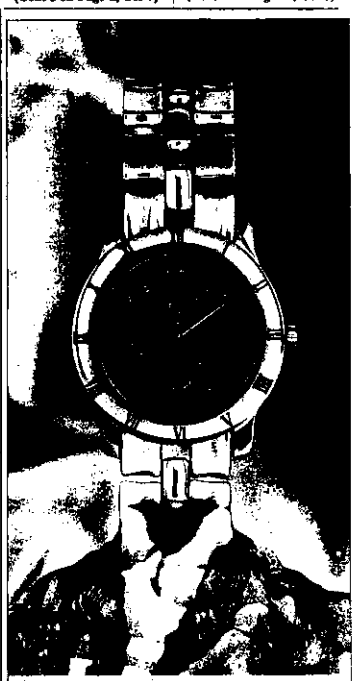
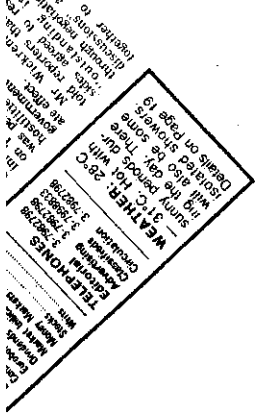


F E N D I

THE LATEST ROMAN MASTERPIECE

FENDI


WEATHER:
sunny periods with
isolated showers
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Ambulance
Fire Brigade
Police
Doctor
Dentist
Hospital
Vet
Taxi
Vicar

# The Hongkong Standard 英文虎報

FORWARD WITH HONGKONG | THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1989 | SUBSCRIBER'S COPY/NOT FOR SALE


## INSIDE

Better jobs for everyone, every day in JOBMARKET, the territory's premier employment section. It's bi-lingual, with a bumper edition tomorrow

US computer firms, desperate to restore microchip production decimated by Japanese competition, have formed a $1billion memory consortium. This and other reports from the world of high-tech in INFOTECH Liftout

## OPENERS

**Kevin Cowherd** muses on the pop, hiss, chugga-chugga-chugga of car repairs on

Page 2

### Refugees

As reaction heats up to plans for a refugee camp in Sai Kung Country Park, correspondents examine the contradictions abound in world response to the boat people problem

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### Sinclair

**Kevin Sinclair** remembers the late Frank Ring, who lived for 30 years on a succession of boats in Tai Tam Bay

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**Denise Marray** meets Tom Norcross, the former Hongkong fencing coach who despite the loss of both legs is dedicated to developing his sport in the territory

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**WEATHER:** 28°C — 31°C. Hot with sunny periods during the day. There will also be some isolated showers. Details on Page 19

# Tiananmen leader flees China

**"What we longed for was peace. How naive we were. We did not expect the brutal actions of the fascists. From the beginning, we had never thought the beasts would be so contemptible.**

– Wu'er Kaixi (Full text of speech: **Page 8**)

**TOMORROW:**

**IN A special 12-page report with *The Hongkong Standard* tomorrow, we reconstruct and analyse the student-led demonstrations and the violence that crushed them. What pressures led to the Beijing confrontation in the spring of '89, and what compelled China's ageing leadership to gamble so much on a military roll of the dice? The answers to these questions – and the likely direction of the reshuffled leadership pack – in our comprehensive special edition TOMORROW.**

■ Latest from China: Page 8

**By Fan Cheuk-wan** of our China Desk

CHAI LING, the leader of protesting students in Tiananmen Square at the time of the crackdown, has been smuggled out of China with her husband.

She is among more than a dozen student leaders – including several on the Chinese Government's wanted list – who have now taken the "underground railroad" via Hongkong to safety.

News of Miss Chai's flight came as Wu'er Kaixi, the student leader whose own escape became known earlier this week, appeared on television to make a strong condemnation of the Chinese authorities.

Mr Wu'er and Professor Yan Jiaqi, another wanted intellectual, will appear in public to make a joint declaration in a Western country next Tuesday, according to a reliable overseas Chinese dissident source.

Mr Wu'er's speech was videotaped by local activists before he left Hongkong on his way to the West.

It was broadcast across the United States yesterday by NBC and in Hongkong by ATV.

Looking pale and ill, Mr Wu'er gave a dramatic account of the military crackdown and urged survivors to dedicate themselves to fighting for a checks-and-balances system in China.

An informed source in Hongkong said Chai Ling, general commander of the Tiananmen Square Command Office, and her husband and deputy commander, Feng Chongde, had arrived in Hongkong about two weeks after the Beijing killings on June 4.

The source refused to reveal the couple's current whereabouts and said they were believed to be on their way to the West.

Other sources said more than a dozen student leaders, most among the 21 wanted by the government, had been smuggled into Hongkong via Guangdong last week in different batches.

Mr Wu'er arrived in Hongkong via Macau last week, heading for the United States through France.

The dissident source said Mr Wu'er, who was in poor health, and Prof Yan would chair a joint press conference next Tuesday, exactly a month after the Beijing crackdown.

Well-informed sources in Hongkong said Mr Wu'er, student of the Beijing Normal University, was accompanied by his girlfriend, Miss Liu Yan, student of the Central Institute for National Minorities, during his escape.

In his television speech, Mr Wu'er harshly criticised paramount Chinese leader Mr Deng Xiaoping, Premier Mr Li Peng and president Mr Yang Shangkun, as "fascists" and "a band of reactionary warlords".

But he said the main objective of the student movement was not to bring down Li Peng but to create in China a system of checks and balances.

In statement written on June 15, during his escape, and made public yesterday, Mr Wu'er said: "A black sun has appeared in the sky of my motherland and republic. Under this black sun ... my people, my countrymen, my classmates and my beloved comrades-in-arms fell.

"The fascists, pretending a happy appearance or dignity, used their big heels to crush these flowers that had survived a disaster, because they were afraid...they intend to strangle a life. They are aged.

"Black sun, I'm going to shoot you down!" he added.

# Howe all set for victory on Viets

**By Antony Cheesewright**

LONDON: Vietnam was polsed last night to agree to take back many of the 32,000 boat people in Hongkong.

In return, Britain will spearhead a massive international aid effort to repair Vietnam's war-ravaged economy.

The dramatic new deal is believed to have been hammered out yesterday during talks in London between Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe and Hanoi's Foreign Minister, Mr Nguyen Co Thach.

It follows Sir Geoffrey's unexpectedly tough stance at the United Nations conference earlier this month in Geneva when he warned that boat people who were not political refugees would have to be returned to Vietnam.

This policy was opposed by the United States and the Soviet Union.

Mr Nguyen yesterday repeated the party line that enforced repatriation would be a violation of human rights. But Sir Geoffrey left him in no doubt this was the price Hanoi must pay for an international effort to revitalise its crumbling infrastructure.

Adding weight to Sir Geoffrey's agrument was a statement by the Oxfam relief agency in support of the British and Hongkong Governments' insistence there is no alternative to enforced repatriation.

The head of Oxfam's Asia aid programme, Ms Tricia Parker, said: "We do not believe that enforced repatriation is avoidable.

"This has been dictated by the number of boat people in Hongkong now, the speed with which they are coming out of Vietnam, and the fact that many of these people are not now being defined as refugees.

"Coupled with the fact that the West is no longer willing to take a large number of refugees, it means there is really no alternative but for many of them to return.

"One of the conditions that would have to be agreed is that the Vietnamese government will accept these people back and agree to treat them humanely."

Tory MP Ivan Lawrence, a member of the Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Select Committee whose report on Hongkong later this week will include recommendations on the boat people, also agreed last night there was no alternative to enforced repatriation.

He said on BBC Radio: "Of course they are offered voluntary repatriation, but nobody wants to go. On the other hand, there is nowhere to keep them in Hongkong."

Meanwhile, Political Adviser Mr Richard Cliff would not give any details about Hongkong Government talks with Vietnamese officials on his return from Hanoi last night.

Mr Cliff went to Hanoi on Sunday with the Secretary for Security Mr Geoffrey Barnes.

# Children in danger for lack of cash

**By Leung Sze-man**

A SHORTAGE of funds has forced the voluntary agency Against Child Abuse to drop more than half its investigations of children in danger.

The agency has been able to pursue only 128 of the 274 cases brought to its attention in the past year.

Six social workers are employed by the Tuen Mun-based agency.

Each worker is set a quota of 15 cases and any cases left over are turned away or referred to other agencies, the Government or even the police.

"This is a very unfavourable arrangement. Tossing fragile individuals from one councillor to another is a traumatic experience for the clients," said agency director Mrs Priscilla Lui.

Her request for two more professional social workers and a driver for the current financial year was turned down by the Community Chest.

The agency has now filed an emergency application for $800,000 from the Chest, its main provider. Mrs Lui said she had not bothered to approach the Government for a subvention.

"The Social Welfare Department rejected our application even before we handed in the form," Mrs Lui said.

Executive director of the Chest Mr Denis Bray said the Government had a definite role to play and should subsidise such a "worthy" cause.

"We have always encouraged agencies to approach the Government for subsidies so that others can also receive our help," he said.

The Chest refused to allocate full funds for the agency's proposed three new staff members, Mr Bray said, because the percentage of expansion asked for was too large.

"It's almost an expansion of 50 percent. But I believe if the agency has an emergency need for funds, we may meet their demand," he said. Director of Social Welfare Mrs Elizabeth Wong said although Against Child Abuse had been rejected once, it could apply again and its request would be considered.

"Personally I think the agency has an important role to play in our community," she said. "But the success of its application depends on priority and whether they can justify the case to the administration."

Mrs Lui said agency staff were stretched to the limit.

"We are all working overtime to man the hot-line complaint service, give professional counselling, carry out investigation into cases and hold large-scale public education projects," she said.

There has been a more than 24 percent increase in hot-line complaints, rising from 374 to 464 in the last financial year.

■ Alert on felling the young Page 6

■ Priscilla Lui ... stretched to the limit.

■ Elizabeth Wong ... an important role.

# Shaken Uno put to bed by elders

**TOKYO: Japan's Prime Minister Sosuke Uno is so shaken by fresh rumours of his involvement in a squalid sex scandal that he had to be put to bed by ruling party elders, a party aide said yesterday.**

**An employee at the premier's residence and a party aide said Mr Uno was put to bed on Tuesday night by senior party members staying there to discuss the scandal.**

**"I thought he might have had a nervous breakdown last night," said the aide.**

**"The whole thing is he freaked out over how he's going to appear overseas at the (Paris) summit next month," he said. "He's afraid those leaders won't even want to shake hands with him."**

**Mr Uno, who has denied reports that he offered to resign on Tuesday but was persuaded not to by Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) elders, is due to attend a summit of the world's seven top industrialised nations in the French capital in July.**

**The public broadcasting network NHK and major newspapers said Mr Uno made the offer after hearing of a magazine story about a new sex scandal.**

**Bernard Krisher, editor of the gossip magazine *Focus*, said he was called by Mr Uno's office on Tuesday night about a report it will publish this week of Mr Uno's alleged affair with a 16-year-old apprentice geisha.**

**"His people denied the report, saying he couldn't possibly have been involved since it costs too much," Mr Krisher said.**

**Mr Uno's personal secretary said he was sure the reports were untrue. But he added: "You have to ask the prime minister himself about these reports."**

***Focus* will also report in the same issue, to be published tomorrow, that a close Uno aide belonged to a prostitution club, Mr Krisher said.**

***Josei Jishin*, a women's magazine, published a story on Tuesday alleging Mr Uno had an affair years ago with a bar hostess and he asked her to have an abortion.**

**Mr Uno's secretary said: "Japan's mass media write all kinds of things. I haven't read it of course, but I'm sure it's not correct."** – Reuter

REUTER

■ Premier Sosuke Uno enters his official residence for an afternoon meeting.

**A few weeks ago, a news magazine reported that Mr Uno had paid about three million yen (about HK$156,000) to keep a 40-year-old geisha for four months.**

**The woman later repeated the allegations on television. Other magazines have published reports of further affairs involving Mr Uno.**

**Questioned in the Diet, or parliament, earlier this month about the geisha charges, Mr Uno declined to comment.**

**"I find it very sad that this is happening to the prime minister," Mr Uno's secretary said. "He's been in office less than a month."**

**Local media said LDP elders talked Mr Uno out of resigning, arguing that it would mean domestic political chaos and a loss of international credibility.**

**Such fears sent Tokyo stock prices plunging yesterday as investors worried that the LDP's 34-year grip on power was unravelling quickly.** – Reuter

# HK policy stays same says Jiang

**By Tammy Tam** and agencies

China's new Communist Party chief Jiang Zemin pledged yesterday that Beijing's policy towards Taiwan, Hongkong and Macau would remain unchanged.

This was the first assurance by the top party leader to the three Chinese communities after the Tiananmen Square crackdown on June 4.

Mr Jiang, named general secretary of the party last Saturday, nevertheless vowed to severely punish those responsible for the student unrest and "counter-revolutionary rebellion".

Those who incited and took part in the "rebellion", including leaders of banned student and workers' unions, would be punished according to law, he told officials from China's small political parties and other approved organisations.

The meeting, reported on the state television's main evening newscast, was chaired by Premier Li Peng.

"However, for those who did not know the truth about the rebellion and joined in the demonstrations, particularly young people, we must help and educate them sincerely," he said.

He said China's economy would remain the focal point of government policy, and that reform and the country's open-door policy would prevail.

China's policy on arts and literature would also remain unchanged, although it would continue to combat "bourgeois liberalisation".

Mr Jiang and Paramount Leader Deng Xiaoping recently told top party and government leaders to continue with of the open-door policy and reforms while cracking down on corruption.

Mr Jiang told a group of senior party officials earlier this week that maintaining stability, continuing with reform and opposing corruption would be major tasks in the coming months, Taiwan, Hongkong and Macau would remain unchanged.

This was the first assurance by the top party leader to the three Chinese communities after the Tiananmen Square crackdown on June 4.

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Mr Jiang told a group of senior party officials earlier this week that maintaining stability, continuing with reform and opposing corruption would be major tasks in the coming months, Chinese sources told the *Hongkong Standard* yesterday.

Mr Jiang's speech, which is being delivered to local party officials, called for party unity.

Mr Deng's speech, which was made shortly before the Fourth Plenary Session of the party Central Committee, stressed the importance of the open-door policy and unity of the new party leadership.

According to local newspaper *Wen Wei Po*, Mr Deng said: "During the turmoil, many slogans were chanted, including, 'Down with Deng Xiaoping', but never 'Down with the reform and open policy'.

"That shows the masses all welcome and support this policy."

Mr Deng also warned against cliques being formed to challenge the leadership of the new party chief.

The warning indicates that the choice of Mr Jiang may not have been acceptable to all.

The 85-year-old Mr Deng called for "no rows within the party in the next two or three years".

He also said that he would retire once the new party leadership established its authority and prestige.

Meanwhile, Vice-Premier Tian Jiyun confirmed yesterday that China's reform and open-door policies would continue.

Mr Tian made the assurances during a meeting with Oishi Masamitsu, member of the Japanese House of Representative, who arrived here on Monday as a guest of the Ministry of Commerce, state television said.

Mr Jiang will be mainly responsible for supervising implementation of the open-door policy and foreign economic affairs.

# Tiger rebels end war with Colombo

COLOMBO: The most powerful Tamil separatist group has formally ended a bitter guerilla war against the Sri Lankan government in a move seen as a boost to Colombo's demand for the withdrawal of Indian troops from the island republic.

Cabinet spokesman Ranil Wickremesinghe said the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE) informed the government on Tuesday night that it was permanently halting hostilities against the government with immediate effect.

Mr Wickremesinghe told reporters that both sides agreed to resolve "outstanding issues through negotiations and discussions" and rally together to get Indian troops out of the island nation.

Political analysts said the latest LTTE announcement would bolster President Ranasinghe Premadasa's demand for India to withdraw some 45,000 troops stationed in his country under a bilateral peace pact.

Mr Premadasa asked New Delhi on June 1 to pull out its troops by July 29, the second anniversary of the Indo-Sri Lanka peace accord which sought to end a bloody Tamil separatist campaign led by the LTTE.

India has rejected the demand saying more autonomy should be given to minority Tamils before the Indian Peace Keeping Force (IPKF) could be taken back from Sri Lanka.

■ Mr Premadasa ... demands Indian troop pullout.

Mr Premadasa has said if New Delhi failed to take back the troops, they would be confined to barracks.

"The LTTE's statement indicates that the group has dropped its demand for a separate state (in the island's northeast) called Eelam. This is a personal victory for Mr Premadasa," a political analyst said.

In a surprise turn of events, the LTTE accepted talks with Mr Premadasa and later said it had full confidence in the president and the government which it had been fighting till Indian troops were sent to the island in 1987.

The Sri Lankan government opened talks with the LTTE on April 26 while the rebel group continued a bush war against the Indian troops.

Mr Wickremesinghe said the LTTE's decision to end hostilities with Sri Lanka was conveyed to the government's main negotiator Shahul Hameed by the group's top political strategist Anton Balasingam.

Mr Wickremesinghe said the government was not insisting on the LTTE surrendering its arms to the government, but was only interested in restoring peace in the region.

■ A bomb exploded in an empty jeep outside a local council meeting, killing three people and seriously wounding at least 20.

Witnesses said the vehicle was torn apart by the blast and part of the council office in Galle, 120 kilometres south of Colombo, caved in.

Police said they suspected the leftist People's Liberation Front was responsible. – AFP, Reuter

# Generous gorilla

**DALLAS, Texas: A man dressed in a gorilla suit gave away more than US$6,000 (more than HK$40,000) in $50 bills during the past two weeks to strangers on the streets of Dallas.**

**The man said he gave the money away just for the thrill of seeing the look on the faces of the people when he handed them the cash.**

**"It's a heck of a lot of fun," the man said.**

**On each of the last two weekends he called a limousine service and rented a car for a few hours.**

**He told the driver where and when to stop. "He's a nut-case all right," the drive said.**

**"But people love it."** Reuter

# Rain halts play again at soggy Wimbledon

LONDON: Rain interrupted play for the second day in succession at the Wimbledon tennis championships yesterday.

Play on the outside courts was suspended in mid-match after less than an hour.

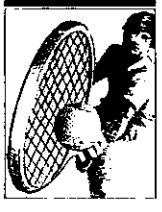
Only two seeds were in action at the time – American Mary-Joe Fernandez, the No 12, and Canada's Helen Kelesi, 13th, both playing first-round matches.

Fernandez, 17, was comfortably leading compatriot Mary Lou Daniels 6-4, 1-1 but Kelesi was having a harder time against another American, Shaun Stafford.

– Kelesi, who has never gone beyond the second round at Wimbledon, was broken in the third game after saving six breakpoints but broke back to level at 1-1, helped by two double faults from Stafford.

■ Report Back Page and Page 18

WIMBLEDON '89



# South China Morning Post

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## ATV gives go-ahead to screen interview

By S.Y.WAI

ASIA Television last night went ahead on screening a 23-minute interview with Chinese student leader Wu'erkaixi.

Earlier yesterday, top management of ATV discussed the wisdom of running the full interview because of concern that his remarks would be seen as merely a "personal political statement".

ATV chief executive officer, Mrs Selina Chow Liang Shuk-yee, and a director, Mr Peter Lam Kin-ngok, were among the executives who attended the meeting.

Neither Mrs Chow nor Mr Lam could be reached for comment late last night.

Members of the news department wanted to extend the 15-minute newscast at 6.15 pm to 29 minutes to include the full interview, provided by a local source.

However, the program carried only a seven-minute excerpt.

But it was broadcast intact in a special news bulletin at 8.30 pm on ATV's Chinese channel.

A group of ATV journalists said this had come about as the result of the persistence of news controller, Pao Wan-lung, who finally managed to get the go-ahead from management.

The interview also appeared on Television Broadcasts (TVB) last night.

TVB obtained the interview through its satellite link with the US National Broadcasting Corporation and ran it intact and in excerpts throughout the night.

The tapes provided to both stations were believed

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 4)

# Fugitives set up democracy group in exile

THE two major organisations which led the pro-democracy movement in Beijing and which were outlawed and crushed by the Chinese authorities have been re-formed in the West.

According to sources close to the democracy movement, members of the banned Autonomous Students Union of Beijing Universities (ASUBU) and the Association of Beijing Intellectuals (ABI) who have successfully escaped the crackdown, have established a Joint Conference to plan action to put pressure on the Chinese Government.

The Joint Conference is headed by Mr Wu'erkaixi, leader of the independent student organisation's rallies and hunger strikes in Tiananmen Square, and Mr Yan Jiaqi, whose association called openly for the dismissal of Prime Minister Li Peng.

Both are believed to have fled to the West through Hongkong with the help of an underground network of student activists.

On July 4, one month after the Tiananmen Square massacre and Independence Day in the United States, Mr Wu'erkaixi and Mr Yan will announce a "Public Statement", which sources say will amount to a manifesto for a pro-democracy movement in exile.

They are expected to outline a network working for democracy in China and define what steps it will take in an attempt to force Beijing to stop its crackdown on intellectuals and dissidents.

A spokesman for the Joint Conference said that since leaving China, Mr Wu'erkaixi has suffered from poor health, having had internal bleeding on a number of occasions.

However, Mr Wu'erkaixi, Mr Yan and others who fled China would like to thank the people of Hongkong and the world for giving them support.

● See also Page 17

"They will not fail to live up to the expectations of the people and they will devote themselves to China's democratisation," the spokesman said.

Mr Wu'erkaixi escaped from China with his girlfriend, Liu Yan, despite a nationwide manhunt in which his picture was posted in airports and train stations.

He was easily the most charismatic of the 21 student leaders accused by the Communist authorities of inciting "counter-revolutionary rebellion" and was seen on television around the world shaking his finger at the Prime Minister, Mr Li Peng, in a meeting before the army cleared Tiananmen Square on June 4.

Student sources in Hongkong said he and two other wanted students had fled through Macau, stayed in Hongkong for a few days and had travelled on to France or Britain.

Student activists yesterday released a videotape they had made of Mr Wu'erkaixi.

At times choking back tears, he made several emotional references to the people killed on June 4, when fighting raged along Changan Street, which runs into Tiananmen Square.

"I don't know how many martyrs' souls remain on Changan Street, may they forever rest in peace.

"The entire crackdown in Beijing claimed tens of thousands of lives . . . this is my conservative estimate," he said.

"Those of us who remain alive, our lives no longer belong to ourselves. The lives of those classmates and countrymen who sacrificed themselves for democracy, for freedom and for our beautiful motherland have dissolved into our own."

He said the pro-democracy movement would go on.

"Since the massacre we have now reached the low point in our history," he said.

(Cont'd on Page 10, Col 2)

Wu'erkaixi

## 'A black sun over my motherland'

**THIS is a statement believed written by Wu'erkaixi while he fled China and passed on by a Hongkong student activist who helped him:**

**"My countrymen,**

**"A black sun has appeared in the sky of my motherland and republic. Under this black sun, on a day in June that should have belonged to a season of fresh flowers, my people, my countrymen, my classmates and my beloved comrades-in-arms fell.**

**"Blood from the bullet wounds moistened the tracks of tanks from an army of beasts, painting the earth of the republic.**

**"But under this black sun and in this land of red, bunches of flowers still opened, still in full bloom! My republic will always be beautiful!**

**"But still the cold light flashing from bayonets revealed the stupid cruelty of fascism.**

**"The fascists, pretending a happy appearance or dignity, used their big heels to crush these flowers that had survived a disaster, because they were afraid. They feared these beautiful flowers, they intend to strangle a life. They are aged.**

**"But our life is young, stubborn and unconshable. What's more, in my motherland of 9.6 million square kilometres these fresh flowers will one day open proudly under a red sky.**

**"Black sun, I'm going to shoot you down!"**

**Wu'erkaixi**
**June 15, 1989**
**On the run**

## Beijing recalls all its envoys

THE Chinese authorities have recalled all their ambassadors to discuss international reaction to the recent Tiananmen Square crackdown and to lay down the Government line to be followed.

At least five ambassadors from Asian, European and African countries have passed through Hongkong on their way back to Beijing in the past few days.

Some of them are staying briefly in the territory before heading for the capital. None could be reached for comment.

The Foreign Ministry in Beijing had no comment on recalling ambassadors, but diplomats in many countries confirmed that all representatives had been instructed to return to Beijing.

A Western diplomat said a meeting of envoys was scheduled for July 7 when they would be briefed on the Government line and "told to go out and sell it".

"They want to go over the line," he said, adding that envoys have already begun arriving in Beijing.

He said the consultations were part of an effort to counter international condemnation of the widespread killing of Beijing civilians who took to the streets on June 3 in a city-wide uprising against troops and tanks dispatched to enforce martial law and end a 22-day occupation by students in Tiananmen Square.

China is "publicly taking poundings in certain countries", he said. "They want to go over the line to regain credibility."

But the spokesman in the Swiss capital denied the recall was connected with "recent events" in China.

"It has been planned for a long time. They will discuss general matters," he said, adding that the ambassador to Switzerland, Mr Cai Fangbo, was due to leave soon.

The embassy in Belgrade said the ambassador to Yugoslavia, Mr Ma Xusheng, was on his way while missions in Spain, the Netherlands, Britain and the Philippines said their ambassadors were already in Beijing.

The ambassador to Australia is due to leave Canberra on Saturday.

He denied that the recall was a diplomatic protest at Australia's strong condemnation of the military crush-

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**WEATHER**

Hot with sunny periods.
Max temp 31 degrees.
See Page 2.

# Lee hits at Britain's lack of urgency in tackling HK crisis

By ANDY HO

SENIOR Legislative Councillor Allen Lee Peng-fei yesterday denounced as "beyond belief" the British Government's lack of understanding and urgency in helping Hongkong tackle its confidence crisis.

Mr Lee launched his assault on London in an unscheduled statement at yesterday's Legislative Council sitting, four days before the British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe arrives for a fact-finding trip in the wake of the Beijing massacre.

"The response from the British Government was frankly disappointing. The lack of understanding and urgency in dealing with the current confidence crisis in Hongkong is, to say the least, beyond our belief," he said.

Mr Lee told the British Government that political difficulties in Britain should not be used as an excuse to shirk its moral obligation to Hongkong.

"It is up to the British Government to discharge its responsibility. We have left them in no doubt that we are seeking the right of abode for all British subjects and we will continue to do so," he said.

Mr Lee was referring to his experience in London last week when he and Senior Executive Councillor Dame Lydia Dunn went on a lobbying mission, demanding the UK grant full citizenship to its 3.25 million subjects in the territory.

"I want to remind the British Government once again that the British subjects in Hongkong are British. They are people who are born on British soil or who gave up their nationality to swear allegiance to the Queen.

"How can the British Government shirk its responsibility towards its own subjects? How can it honourably face its subjects and the rest of the world?" Mr Lee asked.

The British media, he noted, had responded much more favourably to the plea of Hongkong than the British Government.

Mr Lee's remarks were by far the most candid criticism by the councillors on Britain's failure to offer an escape route for Hongkong residents after the 1997 change over of sovereignty.

He said Hongkong people now had a sense of profound resentment of being betrayed by Britain.

Mr Lee, however, added

(Cont'd on Page 6, Col 7)

## Surge in demand for BDTC passports

**HONGKONG people have been urged by the Immigration Department not to apply for Hongkong British passports in a bid to cope with the sudden surge of applicants.**

**The rush to seek British Dependent Territories Citizens (BDTC) passports has continued with more than 23,000 people applying for the travel document so far this month.**

**According to figures released by the Immigration Department, 23,137 people have applied for the BDTC passport since June 1 compared with 18,071 last month.**

**Applications for the BDTC have increased steadily since April, when 15,706 applications were submitted for the passport, which now takes about four weeks to process.**

**The swelling number of applicants – who believe Britain will relax its right of abode criteria for Hongkong – has forced the closure of the re-entry permit issue centre at the department's Sha Tin office. It will now be used to handle passport applications.**

**"If they (the public) have no plans to travel in the immediate future, there is no need to subject themselves to queueing up all morning. This would cause a great deal of inconvenience to people who have a genuine need to travel overseas," he said.**

## Howe tackles Hanoi on forced return

From DAVID WALLEN in London and FIONA MACMAHON

BRITISH Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, was meeting his Vietnamese opposite number Nguyen Co Thach in London early this morning (Hongkong time) to try to win Hanoi's agreement to mandatory repatriation of boat people from the territory.

Sir Geoffrey was expected to make clear that Britain would be prepared to consider an aid package to Vietnam if Hanoi agrees to take its people back – and look after them humanely – along with completing the withdrawal of its troops from Cambodia.

There was speculation among British sources that the Vietnamese might at last be prepared to accept its citizens back. A statement from the Vietnamese ambassador in London, Mr Tran Van Hung, just before the talks began was not optimistic, but this may just have been pre-meeting posturing.

"We consider the measure of forcible repatriation is inappropriate," he said.

"Even though we are in need of the co-operation of Western countries, we should respect the principle of human rights because we would be victims of the criticism of world opinion that we don't respect the freedom of those people to leave the country."

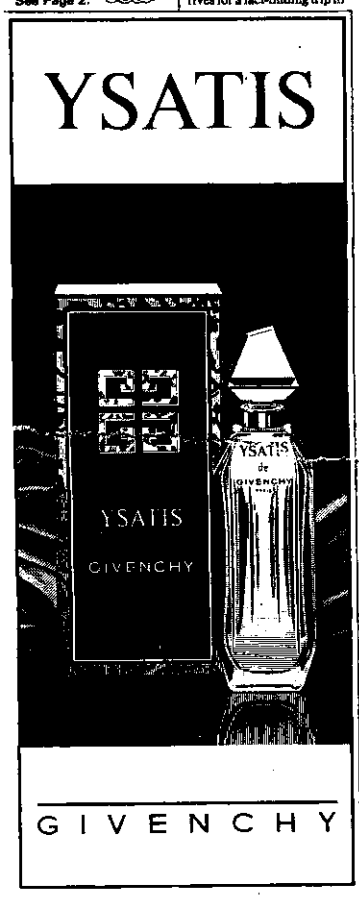
Mr Thach, who is staying in Britain less than 24 hours, began talks with Lord Glenarthur, the Minister with special responsibility for Hongkong, shortly after arriving in London.

The talks continued over lunch at Lancaster House and the pair were then due to be joined by Sir Geoffrey yesterday evening, London time.

Sir Geoffrey, who may still not have much to offer Hongkong on his arrival in the territory at the weekend, is determined to get real movement on the boat people issue now.

Meanwhile, the Secretary for Security, Mr Geoffrey Barnes, refused to disclose the contents of his

(Cont'd on Page 2, Col 7)



## House report may arrive late

BRITISH officials are racing to get the Foreign Affairs Select Committee report on Hongkong to the territory in time for it to coincide with its release in London tomorrow.

A press conference at the House of Commons will be held at noon (7 pm Hongkong time) to announce the committee's findings on the implementation of the Joint Declaration which began in March.

The committee, chaired by Conservative MP David Howell, has brought forward its deadline because of the China crisis and the visit to Hongkong by Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, on Sunday.

Last night the 50-page report was at the printers as clerks, MPs and Her Majesty's Stationery Office in London rushed to meet deadlines so that it can be put on a plane for Hongkong today.

However, there still remains a danger that it will not reach Hongkong in time which could embarrass the British Government after having been strongly criticised for its inflexible approach to the nationality issue.

If the report fails to arrive, it is bound to be regarded as an insult, at a time when local sensitivities are running high over Britain's handling of the Hongkong question.

The report is likely to disappoint Hongkong's 3.25 million British subjects who have been pressing for the right of abode.

Some legislators have urged Britain to offer the right of abode to Hongkong's 5.7 million population.

Instead, the report is believed to recommend an international solution to Hongkong's worries about the 1997 handover to China.

It is also likely to propose that a Bill of Rights and the pace of democratisation be speeded up.

A spokesman for HMSO said last night if the report missed the plane they were looking at ways of faxing it to Hongkong for distribution, even if this means limited numbers of photocopied versions being available.

## Party meets as Uno linked to new sex scandal

LEADERS of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) held an urgent meeting with Prime Minister Sousuke Uno yesterday afternoon to discuss a new sex scandal expected to emerge this week, party sources in Tokyo said.

The talks followed Mr Uno's denial earlier in the day that he had any intention of resigning in the wake of a weekend electoral defeat for his party and revelations of an earlier scandal involving an affair with a geisha.

The respected *Shukan Shincho* reported in its June 29 editions that a former geisha known professionally as Hatsuko said she had been paid 100,000 yen (HK$550) a month for 10 years to be Mr Uno's companion.

*Themis* magazine quoted Mr Uno's former secretary as saying that from 1962 to 1972, Mr Uno paid an unknown sum of money to a Ginza bar hostess, identified only as Ms Y, 50, who became pregnant during the affair.

Bernard Krisher, editor of the gossip magazine *Focus*, said he was called by Mr Uno's office late on Tuesday about a report it will publish this week of Mr Uno's alleged affair with a 16-year-old apprentice geisha.

"His people denied the report, saying he couldn't possibly have been involved since it costs too much," Mr Krisher said.

Government spokesman Masajuro Shiokawa said Mr Uno maintained that the newest reports were false.

"I am completely innocent. I've never done anything contrary to morality," Mr Shiokawa quoted Mr Uno as saying.

However, newspapers claimed yesterday Mr Uno offered to resign during all-night talks with the party's secretary-general Ryutaro Hashimoto and three other party leaders.

Sousuke Uno

But the reports, quoting members of Mr Uno's staff, said the Prime Minister for only four weeks had been persuaded to stay in office.

Mr Uno described the suggestion that he had offered to resign as ridiculous.

"I am not an irresponsible man. I will stay in office and will carry out political reforms.

"I regret that the scandal, in which I am completely innocent, is whispered about as if it were true," Mr Uno said.

The LDP suffered its first setback under Mr Uno at the weekend by losing an upper house by-election in northern Japan.

Political analysts said a major factor behind the loss was the geisha scandal on which Mr Uno has repeatedly refused to comment since first it came to light some three weeks ago.

Leaders of three opposition parties – the Japan Socialist Party, the Democratic Socialist Party and the Japan Communist Party – vowed yesterday to force Mr Uno to resign, saying he is not qualified for the premiership.

The party is expected to lose heavily in elections to parliament's upper house on July 23 because of voter discontent over a new sales tax, the Recruit political scandal and allegations of sexual misconduct.

Mr Rei Shiratori, a professor of politics at Tokyo University, said he expects Mr Uno to step down after the polls.

Mr Uno is said to have been so shaken by the fresh rumours that he had to be put to bed on Tuesday night by senior party members staying at his residence to discuss the scandal.

"I thought he might have had a nervous breakdown last night," said one aide.

"The whole thing is he

(Cont'd on Page 12, Col 7)

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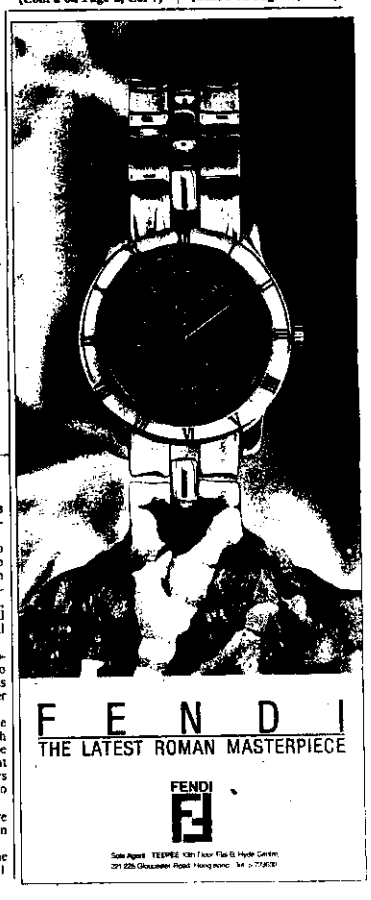

# 附錄

## 八九中國民運大事表

（四月十五日—六月三十日）

# 八九中國民運大事表

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| 4月15日 | 前中國共產黨總書記胡耀邦病逝北京，中共中央訃告予高度評價。北大師生張貼大字報悼念胡耀邦。 |
| 4月16日 | 各大學大字報內容由悼詞轉爲辯論時局，並要求正確評價胡耀邦的歷史功過。羣衆自發往天安門廣場人民英雄紀念碑致送花圈。 |
| 4月17日 | 約數千名北京大學生於深夜爲悼念胡耀邦而遊行至天安門廣場，沿途呼喊：「打倒貪污」、「打倒官僚」、「民主萬歲，自由萬歲！」等口號。上海也有數千學生爲悼念胡耀邦深夜遊行。 |
| 4月18日 | 北京十多所高等院校的學生，於清晨遊行至天安門廣場，向人民英雄紀念碑獻花，五百多名學生在人民大會堂東門外靜坐，向政府提出七點要求：<br>一、公正評價胡耀邦的政績，肯定民主自由寬鬆的觀點。<br>二、徹底否定，清除精神污染與反自由化，並爲這次運動中蒙受不白之冤的人平反。<br>三、要求黨、國家領導人及其子女向全國人民公佈其財產狀況。<br>四、允許民辦報紙，開放報禁。<br>五、增加教育經費，提高知識份子待遇。<br>六、取消北京人大常委會違反黨法的限制遊行「十條」。<br>七、對此次活動作出明確的報導，見黨政機關報。<br>學生的遊行靜坐，吸引了十萬民衆圍觀。北京市委派全國人大代表陳希平（北京市教育局長），劉延東（共青團中央書記）、王世雄三人與靜坐學生見面，接受了請願信。<br>上海亦有數千大學生舉行遊行集會。 |
| 4月19日 | 凌晨，數千學生到中南海新華門外聚集靜坐，要求與領導人對話，並曾三度衝擊新華門，爲警衛所阻，警民發生輕微衝突。北京市人民政府發出通告，不許有人借悼胡爲名，挑起事端。上海、南京、西安、武漢、重慶、昆明等大城市學生紛紛響應，上海市發佈限制悼胡活動的通告。 |
| 4月20日 | 凌晨，公安警察襲擊新華門外集結的學生，三百多名學生被打傷，其中香港記者何澤亦被打傷。五千多名學生遊行抗議。<br>北京學生自治籌委會成立「首都高校學生聯合體籌備組」，發動罷課。<br>香港記協致函香港新華社提出抗議。 |
| 4月21日 | 四十七位中國知識分子（包括嚴家其、李澤厚、包遵信等人）聯名遞交公開信給中共中央、人大常委和國務院。除稱胡耀邦爲「中國當代民主過程的象徵」外，並肯定學生的要求。 |
| 4月22日 | 約十萬名北京高校學生在天安門廣場靜坐，與近萬軍警對峙。學生向當局要求人身安全及瞻仰胡耀邦遺容，結果只被接納第一項。追悼會後，學生要求與領導人對話，派出三名代表提交七項要求，但無人出接。其中兩代表跪在地上十餘分鐘，令學生異常激動，因而發生輕微衝突，幸爲糾察隊所勸。<br>西安、長沙兩地不法分子趁學生悼胡活動，乘機搗亂，恣意破壞。有百多人受傷，至少有廿一人被捕。 |
| 4月23日 | 「北京臨時學生聯合會」呼籲北京各高校即日起無限期罷課，提出三條綱領：全面有效地推進政治體制改革，保證憲法賦予的公民權利自由，以及保證經濟體制改革順利進行。又通過〈兩條臨時決定〉：①通電全國，起而抗議；②罷工、罷市、罷課。<br>〈科技日報〉打破中共建國以來報紙作爲官方喉舌的做法，客觀地報導了四月廿二日學生悼胡的活動。 |

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| | 〈世界經濟導報〉刊載悼胡專輯，因部份內容爲胡耀邦鳴不平，要求作出公正評價，上海市委下令修改內容，但爲總編輯欽本立反對。三十萬份已印妥的〈導報〉被扣起來。 |
| 4月24日 | 北京卅五所大學開始罷課。 |
| 4月25日 | 清華大學拒絕單獨與中共對話，要求整體對話。晚上七時，北京中央電視台播出〈人民日報〉4月26日的社論，將學運定爲動亂，並形容是「一塲有計劃的陰謀」。 |
| 4月26日 | 北京高校臨時學生聯會就4月26日〈人民日報〉社論作出强烈反應，並自行出版〈新聞導報〉和成立「民主之聲廣播電台」。<br>上海市委書記江澤民宣佈〈世界經濟導報〉停業整頓，並派駐工作組接管。 |
| 4月27日 | 約二十萬名學生沒有理會政府的警告，由上午八時開始從北大遊行至天安門廣場，抗議〈人民日報〉社論。逾百萬市民夾道吶喊助威。<br>國務院發言人袁木表示歡迎與學生對話。<br>〈世界經濟導報〉編輯欽本立被上海市委撤職。<br>逾百香港專上學生前往新華社靜坐，撕毀四月廿六日人民日報社論，滴血寫標語，且遞交聲明書，要求中國政府切勿武力鎮壓學生，盡快與學生對話，及客觀報導學生運動。 |
| 4月28日 | 北京市高校學生自治聯合會宣佈成立，議決有條件地與政府對話。對話方案包括：保障學生不受校方或政府迫害；必先公正評價今次學運，徹查4.20事件及澄清新華社的歪曲報導。<br>數百名北京新聞工作者聯名致函上海市委書記江澤民，指其撤消欽本立總編職務是違反新聞條例和十三大倡導的「黨政分家」原則。另嚴家其、蘇紹智、包遵信等人士也聯名致函。<br>天津大學、南開大學六千學生遊行抗議四月廿六日人民日報社論歪曲事實，並聲援北京學生。 |
| 4月29日 | 國務院發言人袁木和國家教育委員會副主任何東昌等與北京高校學生座談。會議由「全國學聯」、「市學聯」召集，部份「北高聯」代表以個人身份應邀參加。吾爾開希要求在會上發表聲明被拒，即宣佈退席。部份同學亦不滿頭話形式而中途退席。袁木在會上轉達李鵬總理的說話，表示人民日報社論並非針對廣大同學。<br>香港逾四十個團體分別發表聯合聲明，支持北京學生運動。 |
| 4月30日 | 北京市委書記李錫銘、副書記汪家鏐、市長陳希同與十六間高校廿九位學生座談，電視台晚上報導座談實況。是次座談，大部份「高自聯」的學生均未被邀請，包括吾爾開希。吾爾開希認爲是政府分化學生的手法，高自聯不承認這次的座談。<br>總書記趙紫陽結束訪問，自北朝鮮返回北京。 |
| 5月1日 | 北高聯舉行記者招待會，發表了「致全國各階層各界人士聲明書」、「告香港同胞書」，呼籲齊心支持學運，並要求政府坦誠、平等、開放對話，決定五・四大遊行，重申「七條」要求。<br>「香港教育工作者聯會」發表聲明，肯定北京學生遊行請願是愛國活動。論政團體「香港政策透視」發表聲明，支持北京學生。「香港專上學生聯會」發起成立「中國民主基金」。 |
| 5月2日 | 北高聯學生代表分別向人大常委會、國務院及中共中央遞交請願書，提出對話的十二項先決條件，若五月三日中午前未獲答覆，將於五月四日示威遊行。<br>參加紀念「五・四」七十週年學術會議的知識分子李洪林、于浩成、嚴家其等廿二人聯署倡議書，支持學運，呼籲中共堅持改革。<br>上海數萬學生遊行，向上海市委和市政府提出四項要求，包括恢復欽本立職務，修改遊行條例，保證不迫害學生和客觀報導這次事件；又發動五・四全市罷課。 |
| 5月3日 | 袁木拒絕北高聯提出的十二點對話先決條件，並認爲有人在學生背後出主意，挑起動亂。<br>趙紫陽在紀念五・四運動七十週年的會議上，首次談學潮，强調穩定的重要性。<br>香港記者協會致函中國當局，抗議江澤民撤除欽本立職務，並支持內地新聞工作者聯名抗 |

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| | 議的行動、學生的言論及新聞自由。 |
| 5月4日 | 北高聯再發動大規模遊行，主題爲：「慶祝五・四，爲民請命」。遊行學生來自北京五十二間高校的七、八萬人，內地其他高校學生及香港中文大學十多位學生。近五百名北京新聞工作者從新華總社出發，與遊行學生滙合。<br>趙紫陽在會見亞銀成員代表團時，表示處理學潮問題要冷靜、理智、克制、有秩序，在民主和法制的軌道上解決問題。<br>在上海，來自復旦、同濟及華東大學的逾萬學生，不理會政府的勸告，上街遊行，並在市政府大樓外靜坐。廣州、南京、西安、杭州、武漢、長沙等地亦有學生遊行爭取民主自由。<br>香港約五千名學生及市民在遮打花園舉行紀念五・四運動七十週年集會，聲援北京學生。 |
| 5月5日 | 卅多間高校的代表經過選舉，選出與政府對話的代表團，要求早日與政府進行對話。<br>北京新聞工作者經過五・四遊行後，各報報導學潮較前開放、大膽。 |
| 5月6日 | 「北京高校學生對話代表團」分向中共中央、人大常委及國務院遞交請願信，要求盡快對話；並提出唯一對話條件是允許記者採訪，並全面眞實的報導對話過程。代表團强調與「北高聯」沒有關係。 |
| 5月7日 | 北京知名人士蘇紹智、方勵之、作家冰心等紛紛發表談話，高度讚揚這次學運所取得的成果。前人民日報社長胡績偉表示上海「世界經濟導報」並不屬於中共機關報，上海市委處理「導報」的方法是違法的。 |
| 5月8日 | 北京高校對話代表團依約到國務院信訪局等候對話時間安排，未獲官方確實答覆。<br>北大學生仍有百分之六十贊成繼續罷課。 |
| 5月9日 | 約卅名北京新聞工作者前往全國新聞工作者協會遞交一封逾千名編輯、記者簽名的請願信，要求對話。約一千名學生在門外聲援。<br>澳門新聞工作者協會致電中華全國新聞工作者協會，表示堅決支持上海、北京同業的要求。 |
| 5月10日 | 北京高校近萬學生騎自行車遊行，沿途呼喊：「新華社，講眞話！」「解除報禁」等口號。 |
| 5月11日 | 「北高聯」決定五月十五日戈爾巴喬夫訪華時舉行大遊行。五百名天津、南開大學的學生騎自行車抵京，支持北京學運。<br>香港一羣社會人士聯名刊登支持學運的聲明啓事。 |
| 5月12日 | 袁木在新聞發佈會上表示高校學生在戈爾巴喬夫訪華期間遊行，政府會繼續採取與前的正確態度和措施，予以妥善解決。 |
| 5月13日 | 北京高校約二千名學生不滿政府有關對話的安排，宣佈在天安門廣場進行無限期絕食。「絕食宣言」是：「我宣誓：爲了促進祖國的民主化過程、爲了國家的繁榮，我自願絕食，堅決服從絕食團紀律，不達目的誓不罷休。」 |
| 5月14日 | 國家教委主任李鐵映、北京市委書記李錫銘、北京市長陳希同前往規勸絕食學生，但無結果。絕食學生增至三千人，聲援及圍觀的學生、市民多達二十萬人。因絕食感不適的十多名學生被送院救治。市民捐款、送水、送藥，表示支持。<br>對話提前於下午四時舉行，政府派出李鐵映和閻明復與學生對話，不少學生不滿離場，後終因未能安排電視直播而中斷對話。<br>部份北大教師促請政府於十五日凌晨答允學生的要求，否則罷教。<br>「香港專上學生聯會」代表抵京，將籌得的十四萬元「中國民主基金」交予北京學生，以表示支持學運。<br>海南省省府秘書劉須欽等與廿五名大學生代表進行對話。江西省省長吳官正與近百記者座談。 |

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| 5 月15日 | 北京公安局下令天安門廣場的學生在凌晨三時離開，並宣佈上午八時半開始實施十二小時廣場戒嚴，但學生仍繼續留在廣場絕食抗議，有一百三十多人不支倒地；八十萬人齊集天安門廣場聲援學生。<br>蘇共總書記戈爾巴喬夫抵達北京，歡迎儀式改在機場舉行。<br>香港專上學聯廿多位學生爲了支援北京學生，亦於新華社門前絕食。 |
| 5 月16日 | 有約三百名絕食學生不支倒地，但聲援學生絕食的仍源源不絕，數十所中學的學生亦表示支持。十間大學的校長聯署公開信，促請政府盡快對話。晚上，五千工人手持工會橫額聲援學生。<br>趙紫陽在與戈爾巴喬夫晤談時，透露中共十三屆一中全會在國家重大事情的決定上是由鄧小平掌舵的秘密。<br>統戰部長閻明復以個人名義到廣場懇請學生暫停絕食。學生雖讚揚他的爲人，但仍繼續爭取各項要求。<br>上海復旦、同濟、上海工業大學的三千多學生上街遊行，支援北京學生。黑龍江省、四川省、江蘇省、湖北省、海南省的首府都發生學生遊行支援北京同學的絕食行動。 |
| 5 月17日 | 趙紫陽於凌晨代表中共中央政治局常委發表書面談話，肯定學運是愛國，呼籲同學停止絕食，並聲言絕不「秋後算賬」。<br>各界聲援學生的遊行人數近二百萬，連中央幹部黨員、解放軍和中新社的編輯記者也有參加。人潮中傳出「要求鄧小平下台」的口號。<br>嚴家其、包遵信、李南友等知識分子發表「五・一七宣言」，痛斥中共當局對學生絕食麻木不仁，並形容鄧小平是一位老朽的獨裁者。<br>全國人大常委會副委員長費孝通動議緊急召開人大常委會，討論解決學運問題，但遭中共中央壓下。<br>上海數以數計的上海高校學生遊行聲援北京學生；數百名新聞工作者亦遊行聲援北京學生。廣州及深圳亦有逾萬學生遊行表示支持。 |
| 5 月18日 | 凌晨時分，中共高層領導人趙紫陽、李鵬、喬石、胡啓立、芮杏文等分別前往協和、同仁醫院看望因絕食接受治療的學生。各領導人均肯定學生的愛國熱情。政治大學十七名學生到新華門前絕水。下午，李鵬、閻明復、李鐵映等在人民大會堂與絕食學生代表吾爾開希等見面；對話沒有實質進行，鬧至不歡而散。百萬人繼續冒雨遊行，聲援學生。<br>海內外十九家新聞機構包括中國新聞社、人民中國雜誌社、香港文滙報、大公報、新晚報、澳門日報、紐約蘋果電視、美洲華僑日報等聯名致函趙紫陽，籲請與學生對話。<br>瀋陽、天津、成都、杭州、浙江及廣東省的廣州、汕頭、梅州、肇慶、中山等地，和青島、石家莊、哈爾濱、南寧、泉州、桂林等亦有遊行示威。 |
| 5 月19日 | 趙紫陽提出辭職，但被拒絕。清晨五時許，李鵬、趙紫陽往天安門廣場探視絕食的學生，趙紫陽發表了廿分鐘的講話，並勸學生停止絕食。<br>天安門絕食和聲援的學生多逾十萬人。支援北京學運的各省、市學生乘火車源源不絕的湧入京城。<br>中國經濟改革研究所、國務院農業中心發展研究所、中新公司國際問題研究所、北京青年經濟學會等四個單位發出緊急聲明，要求立即召開全國人民代表大會特別會議。<br>北高聯宣佈晚上九時起結束絕食，改以靜坐請願。<br>香港新華社社長許家屯於中午到新華社門外慰問香港的絕食學生，勸學生終止此項絕食行動。<br>港人太代表致電中央軍委要求鄧小平緩和北京緊張局勢。<br>「香港教育工作者」聯合在四十八小時募捐得款一百二十萬元，定廿日派人送交北京學生。 |
| 5 月20日 | 零時三十分，中央電視台播出李鵬在「黨政軍機關幹部大會」上的講話，將學運定爲動亂。<br>學生終止本來已宣佈停止絕食的決議，宣佈廣場廿萬人大絕食。<br>李鵬宣佈十時起，在北京東城區、西城區、崇文區、宣武區、石景山區、海淀區、豐台區 |

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| | 、朝陽區以至天安門廣場開始實施戒嚴。市長陳希同頒佈三項戒嚴規定：戒嚴期間，嚴禁遊行、罷課、罷工、請願等活動。外國記者，包括港、澳、台，不得進行採訪活動。<br>執行戒嚴的部隊在坦克車、裝甲車的配合下，乘坐卡車由南、西、北三面入城。<br>北京的民衆沒有理會戒嚴令，在各入城的主要通道架設路障，阻擋軍隊入城。四十五個平民在城西與武警發生衝突而受傷。<br>北京高校學生對話團急電當時在美國訪問的人大委員長萬里回國，召開人大，處理當務之急。<br>四萬香港市民冒着狂風暴雨在維園集會，遊行至新華社，抗議北京政府實施戒嚴及污衊學生的愛國運動。<br>香港文滙報社論開天窗，僅刊出「痛心疾首」四個大字。 |
| 5月21日 | 十萬軍隊圍着北京城，但未能衝破羣衆和學生組成的血肉長城而進入京城。超過一百萬人聚集廣場，防止軍隊進入廣場。二萬多名工人和學生組成「敢死隊」，誓死保衛學生。同時，學生們發布了「告全國人民書」，呼籲人大常委會派代表來直接對話。<br>戒嚴部隊指揮部發布「告北京市民書」，强調軍隊入城是爲了維護首都治安，恢復正常秩序，決不是對付愛國學生。<br>全國人大常委胡績偉、厲以寧等簽名，促人大召開緊急會議。嚴家其、金觀濤等十五名學者發表「保衛憲法宣言」。嚴又與蘇曉康等五名民主人士拍電報給萬里，請其盡速回國，召開人大。<br>香港及外國電視台的衛星轉播因受管制而中斷，長途電話亦遇到干擾。<br>香港爆發有史以來最大規模遊行。百萬市民遊行聲援北京學生，歷時八小時。場面壯觀，秩序井然。同時，在跑馬場的大集會上，宣佈成立「全港市民支援愛國民主運動聯合會」。 |
| 5月22日 | 學生領袖吾爾開希下令廣場的廿萬同學撤向建國門附近的使館區，避免發生流血事件，但大部份學生不同意。「北高聯」決定罷免吾爾開希的主席職務。<br>晚上，由豐台入城的戒嚴部隊與市民和學生發生衝突，雙方用棍棒及磚頭互毆，結果各有廿多人受傷。<br>嚴家其、蘇紹智、包遵信等十名知識分子發表了「我們知識界的誓言」。<br>上海市政府否認會軍管。 |
| 5月23日 | 一百萬學生、幹部、市民不顧戒嚴令，參加遊行。除各學院外，中國社科院、中國科學院等國務院直屬機關以及一些中央直屬機關的幹部也參加了遊行。新華社及中央電視台亦報導了實況。<br>傍晚，終止了的衛星傳播恢復播送新聞。<br>學生絕食團的臨時指揮部選出柴玲爲總指揮。<br>上海百萬人示威，要求罷免李鵬。五百名上海黨員聯名上書中共中央要求收回李鵬講話，以及否定四月二十六日人民日報社論。<br>省港澳五十萬人冒雨在廣州舉行環城大遊行。 |
| 5月24日 | 「保衛天安門廣場指揮部」的成員宣誓就職。<br>約五十名人大常委聯名上書要求召開常委緊急會議。<br>衛星傳送新聞恢復不到廿四小時，又再被中斷。<br>中國七個軍區，除北京軍區外，其餘六個均表示支持楊尚昆和李鵬。<br>「港支聯」發起的「打倒李鵬·羣衆集會」於晚上七時許，在維園舉行，約有十萬市民參加。 |
| 5月25日 | 北京的學生、新聞工作者、工人以至國務院港澳辦研究所、中央電視台等機關幹部共約一百萬人，再次在戒嚴令下遊行示威，高呼：「打倒李鵬，解除戒嚴令！」<br>天安門廣場的指揮部於晚上七時，召集各院校三百名代表討論學運發展的方向，並提出四個方案。<br>李鵬自五月十九日宣佈戒嚴後首次公開露面，在中南海接見外賓，顯示其地位仍穩固。<br>萬里委員長飛抵上海暫住。 |

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| 5 月26日 | 總指揮柴玲宣佈堅守廣場。<br>趙紫陽被整肅的文件已下達至司局一級幹部。北京軍區亦表態支持李、楊的講話。<br>中央顧問委員舉行常務會議，中顧委主任陳雲作了重要講話，與會者一致擁護陳雲支持五月十九日李鵬和楊尚昆的講話。<br>彭眞受中共中央委託，邀請黨外副委員長座談。 |
| 5 月27日 | 學生代表與首都各界聯席會議於晚上召開記者招待會，宣佈在五月三十日撤離廣場，又號召五月廿八日舉行一次「全球華人大遊行」。<br>萬里發表書面談話，稱許學生愛國熱情，並同意李鵬五月十九日的講話。<br>香港歌影視二百多位歌手和藝員在跑馬場舉行十二小時的「民主歌聲獻中華」演唱會，籌得一千三百萬港元，全部用以支持北京的民運。 |
| 5 月28日 | 在北京，「環球華人大遊行」約有十萬學生、市民參加了環市遊行。<br>天安門廣場靜坐的學生重新討論撤離廣場的日期，絕大部份外地進京的學生和部份激進的北京學生堅持靜坐至六月二十日人大常委召開才撤離。<br>上海五萬多學生、民衆冒雨在人民廣場集會，然後在各主要街道遊行。<br>香港有一百五十萬人參加大遊行，澳門亦有五萬人參加。其餘澳洲悉尼有三千華人，洛杉機約一千人，亦參加了大遊行。 |
| 5 月29日 | 「中央美術學院」藝術院校的學生，經多日來塑造了一個民主女神像，於晚上分四部份運往天安門廣場，漏夜裝嵌，引來了十多萬市民圍觀。<br>由戒嚴第一天開始至今，北京市面平靜，人民生活如常，並沒有混亂出現。（綜合人民日報國內版的記載）。 |
| 5 月30日 | 民主女神像豎立在天安門廣場。<br>三名工人領袖先後被公安人員拘捕。<br>人大常委胡績偉發表鄭重聲明，詳述動議召開人大常委緊急會議的經過。<br>以電單車爲參加學運的學生通風報訊的「飛虎隊」，其中十一人被公安人員拘捕。 |
| 5 月31日 | 指揮部整頓廣場環境，拆除臨時營幕，換上香港捐助的新營幕。五千多名學生和工人於傍晚遊行示威到公安局，要求馬上將被捕的三位工人領袖釋放。<br>北京市郊約三千工人、農民和學生在當局的策動下，組織了反學運遊行，高喊：「支持李鵬」的口號，並燒方勵之的人像。<br>人大委員長萬里由上海返抵北京。<br>「港支聯」公佈支持中國民運的籌款已超過二千萬。<br>台灣逾百萬學生冒雨參加「手挽手，心連心」聲援北京學運的集會。 |
| 6 月 1 日 | 柴玲和封從德舉行了記者招待會，聲稱險遭綁架。學生向政府提出對話的四項條件：①解除戒嚴令；②撤回軍隊；③保證不以任何形式向參加是次民主運動的人進行報復；④取消新聞封鎖。<br>北京市政府副秘書長丁維峻公佈戒嚴令期間，港澳台及外國記者在京採訪要遵守市政府的七點說明，並劃定天安門廣場爲禁區。 |
| 6 月 2 日 | 作曲家侯德健、北師大講師劉曉波、原北大講師周舵、〈北師大周報〉前主編高新在紀念碑前開始七十二小時絕食行動。<br>香港支聯赴京代表團團長李卓人與北高聯、外高聯廣場指揮部接觸，商討送捐款事宜。<br>西長安街木樨地有一輛軍用越野吉普車在高速飛馳下失去控制，衝上行人道，撞倒四人，至少兩人當場死亡。<br>軍隊在進城時，遭民衆阻擋。 |
| 6 月 3 日 | 軍隊由西向東推進，被羣衆發覺攔截，使一萬名沒有攜帶武器的青年軍人後撤。民衆又截獲四輛滿載衝鋒槍、手榴彈、步槍和防毒面具等武器的旅遊巴士。超過一百萬市民在長安街一帶架設路障，堵截入城的軍隊。 |

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| | 下午二時，六部口、新華門突然衝出大批公安武警和軍隊向羣衆施放催淚彈和塑膠子彈，木棍、電棒齊下，造成四十多市民受傷。這是鎮壓羣衆的開始。<br>下午三時，從人民大會堂西部湧出逾萬軍人，被民衆包圍，軍隊終撤回人民大會堂。<br>晚上十時，復興門外軍隊向民衆亂槍掃射，死人無數。北京市民組織敢死隊，以身體阻擋坦克車推進，保護在廣場上堅持靜坐的學生。廣場上的民主大學正式開學；副總指揮張能利任校長。<br>傍晚，北京市政府戒嚴部隊指揮部不斷透過電台、電視台發出三項緊急通告，呼籲市民不要上街，軍隊將採取一切手段，排除阻擋。<br>港支聯在深夜就北京血腥鎮壓民運發出緊急號召，呼籲市民參加六月五日「黑色大靜坐」，以抗議北京的暴力鎮壓。 |
| 6月4日 | 凌晨後，戒嚴部隊以坦克、軍車、輕重機槍沿長安大街推進，入駐天安門血腥鎮壓，估計死傷過萬，民主女神像被拆。消息傳到中國各地，立即引發了各大城市的强烈反應，爆發了大遊行。香港數十萬市民舉行「黑色大靜坐」，哀悼死者。 |
| 6月5日 | 軍隊繼續開槍屠殺北京市民，北京陷入一片白色恐怖之中。軍隊亦進駐大學、醫院及北京飯店。<br>由於北京形勢極度惡劣，各國紛紛撤僑。香港亦派出專機，運送滯京的學生、記者和商人返港。港支聯代表團團長李卓人在登機後，被公安人員帶離航機。<br>上海公共交通工具幾全部停頓，全市罷工。<br>「港支聯」定六月七日爲「死難同胞哀悼日」，並發起罷工、罷課、罷市三行動。數以萬計市民前往新華社門前的露天靈堂致哀和簽署弔唁册。新華社部份職工亦在門前向首都死難者默哀。廣東省人大香港區代表通過決議，譴責北京當權者的血腥暴行。<br>「血洗天安門」事件令舉世震驚，多國强烈譴責並呼籲軍事及經濟制裁中國政府。各地華人均有示威遊行，抗議血腥鎮壓。 |
| 6月6日 | 北京仍瀰漫着白色恐怖的氣氛，各國均撤僑。<br>方勵之及其妻子已避進美國大使館。<br>袁木和張恭舉行記者招待會，袁木表示戒嚴部隊受傷五千多人，市民則有二千多，死亡人數約三百人，聲稱大學生只有廿三人死亡。張恭表示部隊入天安門時，沒有打死一名學生和羣衆，更沒有用坦克車、裝甲車壓死或壓傷一個人。<br>高校學生爲避免軍隊入校捕殺，開始「空校」行動。<br>上海公共交通連續第三日癱瘓，令上海全城幾乎被迫罷工。同時由北京南下的火車在車站外輾過正與公安警察糾纏之學生及市民，釀成三、四十人死亡的事故。事後，民衆火燒列車洩憤。<br>成都、南京、武漢、西安、深圳仍有遊行抗議的行動。 |
| 6月7日 | 戒嚴部隊首次安排國內廿三名記者參觀天安門。同時，北京當局指責美國大使館庇護方勵之夫婦是干涉中國內政。<br>香港一小撮滋事分子藉旺角「遊行集會」乘機生事。港支聯取消了六月七日的大遊行，但仍有不少商店響應罷市，部份工廠亦停工。 |
| 6月8日 | 中紀委聲稱將嚴懲參與暴亂的黨員。<br>國務院總理和國家副主席王震探望了執行戒嚴任務的某部官兵。<br>北京市人民政府和戒嚴部隊指揮部連續發布了第九至十一號通告，宣布「北京市高自聯」和「北京市工自聯」是非法組織，並設置熱線電話，讓市民檢舉。中國外交部副部長朱啓禎約見美國大使李潔明，就美國庇護方勵之夫婦事提出嚴重抗議。<br>包遵信被捕。<br>上海市長朱鎔基發表電視講話，肯定學生愛國，保證不實行軍管。<br>李卓人在京經三天的調查，寫了悔過書後獲釋，於晚上九時半返抵香港。 |
| 6月9日 | 七軍區分別致函中央表態，堅決擁護中央平息首都反革命暴亂。鄧小平公開露面，接見戒嚴部隊軍長級以上的官員。 |

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| 6月10日 | 北京市公安部門表示已抓獲四百多名在反革命暴亂中參與打砸搶燒殺的「暴徒」，「高自聯」、「工自聯」的一些頭目也已緝捕歸案。<br>上海公安局拘捕九名「上海工人自治聯合會」負責人，四十多名學生到公安局抗議。<br>香港無線電視台播出柴玲死裏逃生後於六月八日錄下大屠殺經過的錄音帶。 |
| 6月11日 | 國家公安部向全國公安機關發出通緝令，通緝方勵之、李淑嫻夫婦和六名學生領袖。當局扣查十萬份信件，監視傳眞機、映印機的使用，堵塞屠城眞相回流。<br>香港學生姚勇戰在離上海機場時，被查證人員帶走，英領事館雖向上海當局查詢，但無結果。<br>大連工人蕭斌因接受外國電視台訪問時談及屠殺事件，即被指爲造謠，於十日晚上被捕。 |
| 6月12日 | 中國公安部發布「堅決鎭壓反革命暴亂、制止社會動亂通告」，通令全國緝捕「暴亂分子」，並可不依照正常執法程序捕人及使用武器。<br>北京再捕四十四名「反革命分子」。西安捕四十八名民運分子。杭州七名工自聯首腦被扣審查。 |
| 6月13日 | 中國公安部下令全國通緝廿一名學生領袖，並發表他們的名單及資料。北京「工自聯」的工人領袖劉煥文在石家莊被拘。經過連日來全國的大搜捕，民運人士約一千人被捕。<br>中共中央、國務院在中南海召開各部門負責人會議，傳達鄧小平於六月九日接見戒嚴部隊時的講話。 |
| 6月14日 | 公安部發出通緝三名工人領袖的資料。人大副委員長、政協副主席、各民主黨派主要負責人被召到中南海懷仁堂開會。會議中由李鵬傳達了鄧小平六月九日的講話。人大委員長萬里並沒有出席會議。<br>美國兩名記者被指違反戒嚴令而遭驅逐出境。<br>戒嚴部隊再度宣佈「北京市民自治聯合會」、「首都知識界聯合會」、「首都各界維憲聯席會」、「外地赴京高校自治聯合會」均爲非法組織，必須立即自動解散。<br>學生領袖楊濤十二日逃到蘭州，十四日晚被捕。馬少芳於五日逃至廣州，於白雲山自首。另一領袖周峯鎖逃至西安兄長家，被姐姐及姐夫舉報；而熊焱則在往內蒙的火車上被發現而被捕。 |
| 6月15日 | 人民日報刊出一篇名爲「對近期香港某些人一些活動的看法」的文章，指某些香港人士來京直接插手「動亂」，最後釀成「反革命暴亂」。<br>戒嚴部隊將已剪輯了的「新聞片」在中央電視台播放，藉此說明民運是一場「反革命暴亂」。<br>上海判處徐國明、卞漢武、嚴雪瑩三人死刑，指他們於六月六日參加焚燒火車。<br>北京「高自聯」的學生領袖熊煒，在瀋陽開往北京的列車上，由母親交予公安人員。<br>中國駐外地各級使節紛紛尋求政治庇護。 |
| 6月16日 | 袁木在接受美國廣播公司訪問時，曾就該公司所攝得有關戒嚴部隊進入天安門時殘殺學生和市民的數千呎影帶，解釋爲以現代科技捏造及歪曲事實的眞相。<br>戒嚴部隊發言人李元雲在中外記者招待會上，承認軍隊在清理天安門時有開槍；但在談及傷亡數目的問題時，又予盾地表示士兵從沒有開火。 |
| 6月17日 | 北京市中級法院裁定八位市民在六月三日至四日的「暴亂」中毆打士兵、放火燒車的罪名成立，判處死刑。<br>新華社消息指出北京已有一百零九人向公安機關自首，其中包括「工自聯」骨幹成員李江。 |
| 6月18日 | 中國當局頒佈出國的新規定，取消以前的出境簽證，同時新例又訂明在獲得外國使館的簽證後，仍要由公安局覆核及申請新的出境簽證。此舉乃防止民運分子潛逃出國。<br>劉賓雁應邀自美來港訪問，他表示會繼續流放生活。 |

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| | 香港藝術工作者仿製了民主女神像和人民英雄紀念碑，於下午三時在維園舉行揭幕儀式，供市民參觀和哀悼。 |
| 6月19日 | 李鵬、喬石、姚依林等會見首都戒嚴部隊三位烈士的親屬時，聲言會繼續大搜捕行動，以防民運人士「東山再起」。<br>北京當局爲加緊「打擊反革命暴亂」，實行快捕快審，不糾纏細節的審判尺度。<br>世銀擱置二億三千萬美元的貸款。 |
| 6月20日 | 最高人民法院發出「通知」，要求各地法院嚴懲「反革命暴亂分子」。 |
| 6月21日 | 李鵬强調不會屈服於任何外來壓力。<br>中共中央政治局舉行了擴大會議，爲四中全會作好準備。<br>被上海法院裁定罪名成立被判死刑的徐國明、卞漢武和嚴雪瑩，經上訴無效，即被公開槍決。世界多數國家均表示不滿，紛紛譴責中國。 |
| 6月22日 | 港澳辦公室主任姬鵬飛在中央電視台發表言論，强調一國兩制，不允許港、澳成反共的基地，亦不許港澳人士在內地從事反共活動。<br>北京當局發出通緝令，緝拿首都知識界聯合會的七名主要成員。<br>六月十七日被北京中級法院裁定放火燒車的廿四人罪名成立，判處死刑；經上訴無效，即被處決。<br>「港支聯」定七月四日（天安門大屠殺後一個月）爲「全球華人抗議日」。 |
| 6月23日 | 中共十三屆三中全會在京舉行。<br>曾在廣場絕食的劉曉波，被指爲「煽動學潮」，遭拘留審查。<br>人民日報發表社論，要「旗幟鮮明地堅持四項基本原則」，以維持國家安定。 |
| 6月24日 | 四中全會結束。會議期間，李鵬作了「關於趙紫陽同志在反黨反社會主義的動亂中所犯錯誤的報告」，決定撤銷趙紫陽的黨總書記、政治局常委、軍委副主席等一切職務，並對他進行審查。同時，決定提升江澤民爲總書記。<br>「港支聯」於晚上發動萬人集會，往新華社遞交抗議書，反對北京當局秋後算賬。 |
| 6月25日 | 人民日報發表社論，聲稱鬥爭取得勝利。戒嚴軍官亦聲稱對大屠殺無悔。 |
| 6月26日 | 法國呼籲聯合制裁北京政府。 |
| 6月27日 | 北京重申對台方針不變。<br>江澤民反對自由化，聲稱對知識分子政策不變。 |
| 6月28日 | 香港電視台播放吾爾開希講話的錄映帶。 |
| 6月29日 | 人大常委會議在京舉行，重申鄧小平講話乃正確的思想指導。<br>中央政府工作組進駐「四通集團」，以控制其工作方針及路線。<br>美衆議院表決一致通過，對華實施新制裁行動。 |
| 6月30日 | 北京大捕改革派知識分子。<br>陳希同向人大常委作「平息暴亂」報告。<br>趙紫陽最後一項職務在人大常委會被黜。<br>中央宣傳部相繼進駐北京的傳媒機關。<br>民主女神像塑造者之一王書剛安全逃出大陸，在美國重塑女神像。 |

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